COUNTY OF CALDWELL North Carolina

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Prepared by Finance Department



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

<u>Exhibit</u>	Introductory Section:	<u>Page</u>
	Letter of Transmittal	i-v
	GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	vi
	Organizational Chart	vii
	List of Principal Officials	viii
	Financial Section: Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-12
	Basic Financial Statements:	
	Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
А	Statement of Net Position	13
В	Statement of Activities	14-15
	Fund Financial Statements:	
С	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	16
D	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
	in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	17
Е	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,	
	Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
F	General Fund -and Annually Budgeted Major Special Revenue Fund - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	
	Budget and Actual	19-20
G	Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	21

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

<u>Exhibit</u>		<u>Page</u>
Н	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	22
Ι	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	23
J	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund	24
	Notes to the Financial Statements	25-73
<u>Schedule</u>	Required Supplemental Financial Data:	
A-1	Other Post-Employment Benefits - Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Last Two Fiscal Years	74
A-2	Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance - Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability - Last Three Fiscal Years	75
A-3	Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance - Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll - Last Three Fiscal Years	76
A-4	Local Government Employees' Retirement System - Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Last Six Fiscal Years	77
A-5	Local Government Employees' Retirement System - Contributions - Last Six Fiscal Years	78
A-6	Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund - Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Last Six Fiscal Years	79
A-7	Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund - Contributions - Last Six Fiscal Years	80

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Schedule		Page
	Supplementary Information:	
	Major Funds:	
B-1	General Fund -	
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	81-92
B-2	Public Schools Capital Project Fund - Major Fund	
	Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -	
	Budget and Actual	93
В-3	General Capital Project Fund - Major Fund	
	Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -	
	Budget and Actual	94
B-4	Sales Tax Reinvestment Fund - Major Fund	
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
	in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	95
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
C-1	Combining Balance Sheet	96
C-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	
	and Changes in Fund Balances	97
	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
D-1	Combining Balance Sheet	98
D-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	
	and Changes in Fund Balances	99
D-3	Fire Districts Fund -	
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
	in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	100
D-4	Emergency Telephone System Fund -	
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
	in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	101

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

<u>Schedule</u>		<u>Page</u>
	Nonmajor Capital Project Fund:	
E-1	Schools Capital Project Fund - Sales Tax	
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
	in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	102
	Enterprise Funds:	
F-1	Water Fund -	
	Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -	
	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)	103-104
F-2	Water Tanks Capital Project Fund -	
	Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -	
	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)	105
	Agency Funds:	
G-1	Combining Statement of Changes in Assets	
	and Liabilities	106
	Other Schedules:	
H-1	General Fund -	
	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	107
Н-2	Analysis of Current Tax Levy -	
	County-Wide Levy	108-109
I-1	Emergency Telephone System Fund Unspent Balance -	
	PSAP Reconciliation	110
Table		
	Statistical Section:	
1	Net Position by Component, For the Last Ten Fiscal Years	111
2	Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years	112-113
3	Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,	
	Last Ten Fiscal Years	114
4	Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,	
	Last Ten Fiscal Years	115

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

<u>Table</u>		<u>Page</u>
5	Statistical Section (continued): Assessed Value of Taxable Property, Last Ten Fiscal Years	116
6	Property Tax Rate, Direct and Overlapping Governments, Last Ten Fiscal Years	117
7	Principal Property Tax Payers, Current Year and Ten Years Ago	118
8	Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years	119
9	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years	120
10	Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years	121
11	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2019	122
12	Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years	123
13	Demographic and Economic Statistics	124
14	Principal Employers, Current Year and Ten Years Ago	125
15	Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function	126
16	Operating Indicators by Function	127-129
17	Capital Assets Statistics by Function	130
18	Miscellaneous Information	131



INTRODUCTORY SECTION





CALDWELL COUNTY P. O. BOX 2200 LENOIR NC 28645

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

October 25, 2019

The Board of Commissioners County of Caldwell Lenoir, North Carolina

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Caldwell County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Caldwell County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of Caldwell County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of Caldwell County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Caldwell County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Caldwell County's financial statements have been audited by Martin Starnes & Associates, CPA's, PA, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Caldwell County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent

auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that Caldwell County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of Caldwell County was a part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in Caldwell County's Single Audit Report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Caldwell County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Description of the County

Caldwell County is located in scenic western North Carolina, approximately 70 miles northwest of Charlotte, 85 miles southwest of Winston-Salem and 90 miles northeast of Asheville. The altitude of the County ranges from 900 to 5,964 feet above sea level with topography ranging from rolling foothills to high-forested mountains. It has a land area of 471 square miles and an estimated population of 79,594. There are ten incorporated municipalities in Caldwell County. The City of Lenoir and the towns of Cajah's Mountain, Gamewell, Granite Falls, Hudson, Sawmills, and the Village of Cedar Rock are entirely within the County and the City of Lenoir is the largest municipality and serves as the county seat.

Caldwell County, carved from the counties of Burke and Wilkes, was actually formed in January 1841, several weeks after the bill was introduced in the legislature. The bill to establish the county was rejected in 1839 because a faction within the state legislature wished to form two Democratic counties instead of one Whig county. The bill was reintroduced by Representative Elisha P. Miller on November 19, 1840. The bill of 1840 proposed to establish a county from Burke and Wilkes to be named Boone. It was first read and rejected on December 5, 1840. It was read a second time and passed by the casting vote of the Speaker, Robert B. Gilliam on December 14, 1840. There was some confusion over the selection of the name, however, but when Charles Manley, Clerk of the House, suggested to Representative Miller that the county be

named for Dr. Joseph Caldwell, former President of the University of North Carolina and advocator of a public school system and a railroad system stretching from Morehead City through the questioned county to Tennessee, the bill was ratified and signed on January 11, 1841.

The County utilizes the commission/manager form of government. The five-member Board of Commissioners is elected at large on a partisan basis for staggered four-year terms of office. The Board represents the citizens by setting policy and a County manager hired by the Board administers the day-to-day business of government and carries out the policies of the Board.

The County provides its citizens with a wide range of services that include law enforcement, emergency medical services, register of deeds, water, animal control, upkeep of the courthouse and other public buildings, solid waste disposal, public libraries, cultural and recreational activities, health services, social services, general administration and others. This report includes all the County's activities in maintaining these services. The County also provides financial support to certain boards, agencies and commissions to assist their efforts in serving citizens. Among these are the Caldwell County Board of Education, Caldwell Community College, the Caldwell County Economic Development Commission, Foothills Area Programs, and the Western Piedmont Council of Governments.

Economic Conditions and Outlook

The local economy is improving along with that state and national economy. The unemployment rates experienced recently by the county are some of the lowest in over ten years. The local housing market has improved significantly to the point realtors are commenting on a lack of suitable inventory. Several new retail establishments have opened within the county in the last year and several more are planning to open during the coming year. The area is not yet fully recovered from the loss of manufacturing jobs that took place several years ago but appears to be on pace to do so.

Financial Information

The North Carolina Local Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act requires that all money expended by a unit of local government be budgeted. Because of this requirement, the budget is an integral part of a city or county's accounting system and daily operations. The annual budget, together with the various project budgets, forms an operating plan in addition to setting spending limits. For Caldwell County, annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund, some Special Revenue Funds, and Enterprise Operating Fund. Multiyear project budgets are adopted for some Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds and Enterprise Capital Project Funds. Appropriations in the General Fund are made at the department level, and Enterprise and Special Revenue appropriations are made at the fund level. Capital Project appropriations are made at the

object level. For internal accounting purposes, budgetary control is maintained at the line item account level. Purchase orders within any line item are not issued until additional appropriations are made available through budget amendments or transfers. County department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a fund as long as total fund appropriations are not changed. The Board of Commissioners must approve budget amendments that change total fund appropriations or transfer appropriations between funds. Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2019, have been reported as reservations of fund balance.

Financial Policies

The county's financial policy for the fiscal year covered in this report focused on maximizing revenues and minimizing expenditures. The county has made every effort to spend only when absolutely necessary and to maximize other controllable revenue sources. The county has been able to reduce its outstanding debt over the past few years.

Long Term Financial Planning

The county continues to monitor its existing debt and look for savings opportunities. The long held goals of building a new Granite Falls Middle School and a new EMS base are now coming to fruition as both projects are now under construction. The county is looking at building a new animal shelter in the near future and preliminary work is under way for that project.

Other Information

North Carolina state law (G.S. 159-34) requires the county to have an annual independent financial audit. A compliance audit of federal and state financial assistance programs is also required under the federal Single Audit Act of 1984 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. The firm of Martin Starnes & Associates, CPA's, PA, performed both of these audits. The audit contract was awarded to this firm based on their qualifications. The auditor's report on the Basic Financial Statements is included in the Financial Section of this report.

Caldwell County intends to submit this report to the Governmental Finance Officers Association (GFOA) for its Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting program. This program recognized governmental units that publish easily read and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports that conform to program standards. A Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition awarded in the field of governmental financial reporting.

Preparation of this report would not have been possible without the dedicated efforts of the entire staff of the Finance Department and support from the Caldwell County Board of Commissioners.

Respectfully submitted,

n Stan Kiser

County Manager

the ach

Anthony Helton Finance Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

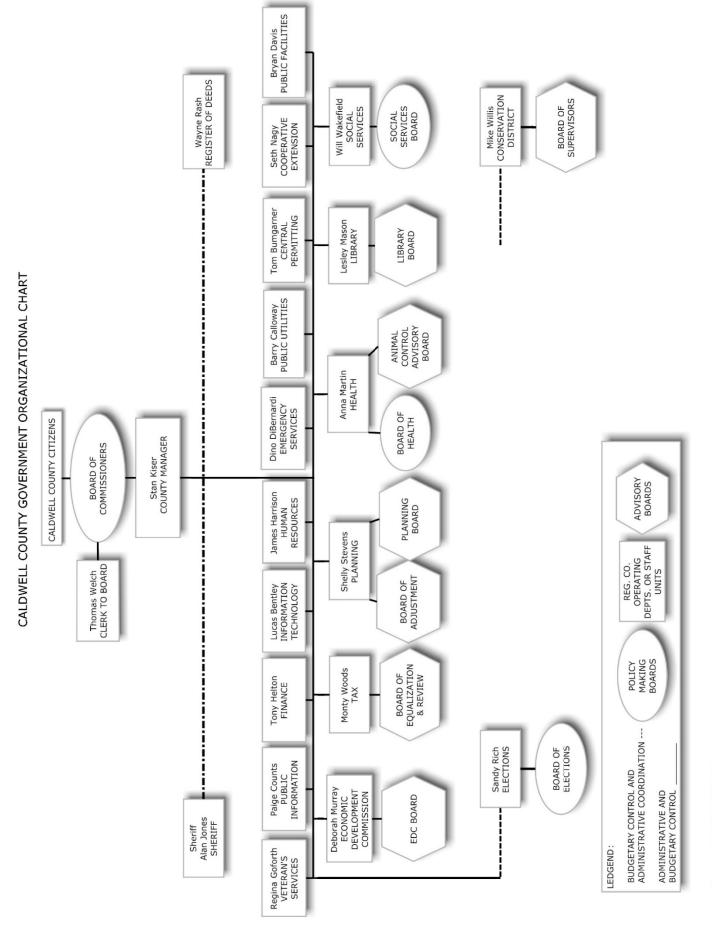
Caldwell County North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Revised 8/03/2019 dwg

Principal Officials

June 30, 2019

Board of Commissioners

Randy T. Church, Chairman

Mike LaBrose, Vice-Chairman

Jeff Branch, Commissioner

Donnie Potter, Commissioner

Robbie Wilkie, Commissioner

Other County Officials

Stan Kiser, County Manager Thomas Welch, Clerk to the Board Alan C. Jones, Sheriff Wayne Rash, Register of Deeds Will Wakefield, DSS Director Anna Martin, Health Director Monty Woods, Tax Administrator Jimmy Harrison, Human Resources Director Lesley Mason, Library Director Tony Helton, Finance Officer Sandra Rich, Director of Elections Barry Calloway, Public Utilities Supervisor Bryan Davis, Facilities Supervisor Tom Bumgarner, Central Permitting Supervisor Shelley Stevens, Planning Director Regina Goforth, Veterans Services Director Dino Dibernardi, Emergency Services Director Kevin Brown, Fire Marshal Vic Misenheimer, Emergency Management Director Lucas Bentley, Information Technology Director Seth Nagy, Cooperative Extension Director

FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Caldwell County Lenoir, North Carolina

Report On the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Caldwell County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Caldwell County, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Sales Tax Reinvestment Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Other Post-Employment Benefits' Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and County Contributions, the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and Schedule of County Contributions, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economical, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Caldwell County, North Carolina's, basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and other information, such as the introductory section and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management, and were derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements; and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 25, 2019 on our consideration of Caldwell County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Caldwell County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Caldwell County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Martin Starnes & associated, CPas, P.a.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A. Hickory, North Carolina October 25, 2019



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Caldwell County, we offer readers of Caldwell County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of financial activities of Caldwell County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Caldwell County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$27,937,797 (net position).
- The government's total net position decreased by \$890,030, due to decreased net position in the governmental activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Caldwell County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$35,102,658.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,901,867.
- The total fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$201,619 as a result of activities that took place during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.
- The General Fund expenditures concluded the year within budget.
- The County successfully complied with all state and federal service mandates as prescribed by law.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Caldwell County's basic financial statements. Caldwell County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Caldwell County's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of Caldwell County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Caldwell County is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned and unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Caldwell County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of Caldwell County include general government, public safety, economic and physical development, environmental, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of Caldwell County include a water operation.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits A and B of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Caldwell County, like other state and local governments, used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Caldwell County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Caldwell County maintains eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, the Sales Tax Reinvestment Fund, and the Public Schools Capital Project Fund, and the General Capital Projects Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other four governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Caldwell County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits C to F of this report.

Proprietary Funds. Caldwell County maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Caldwell County uses enterprise funds to account for its water operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The propriety fund financial statements provide separate information for water operations, which is considered to be a major fund of Caldwell County.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits G to I of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements, because the resources of those funds are not available to support Caldwell County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on Exhibit J of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25 through 73 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning Caldwell County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 74-80 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 81-106 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Caldwell County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$27,937,797 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of Caldwell County's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. Caldwell County used these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Caldwell County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Table 1

Condensed Statements of Net Position

		Government	al A	Activities	Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government			
	June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018 J		Ju	ine 30, 2019	019 June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019			June 30, 2018		
Assets:												
Current and other assets	\$	41,566,553	\$	27,364,784	\$	7,772,656	\$	8,138,477	\$	49,339,209	\$	35,503,261
Capital assets		32,294,235		32,542,417		5,830,768		5,406,248		38,125,003		37,948,665
Total assets		73,860,788		59,907,201		13,603,424		13,544,725		87,464,212		73,451,926
Deferred Outflows												
of Resources		6,916,713	_	4,470,205	_	136,154		82,851		7,052,867		4,553,056
Liabilities:												
Current liabilities		9,482,843		7,462,902		329,014		305,314		9,811,857		7,768,216
Long-term liabilities	_	55,644,273	_	40,634,294	_	232,262		180,681		55,876,535		40,814,975
Total liabilities		65,127,116	_	48,097,196	_	561,276		485,995	_	65,688,392		48,583,191
Deferred Inflows of Resources		875,431		585,013		15,459		8,951		890,890		593,964
Net Position: Net investment in												
capital assets		17,318,673		21,014,795		5,830,768		5,406,248		23,149,441		26,421,043
Restricted net position		6,665,914		6,278,616		-		-		6,665,914		6,278,616
Unrestricted net position		(9,209,633)	_	(11,598,214)	_	7,332,075		7,726,382	_	(1,877,558)	_	(3,871,832)
Total net position	\$	14,774,954	\$	15,695,197	\$	13,162,843	\$	13,132,630	\$	27,937,797	\$	28,827,827

The government's net position decreased by \$890,030 during the current fiscal year. This is a result of the County spending on construction of a new Granite Falls Middle School. Under North Carolina law counties carry the debt for school construction while the asset is held by the school system.

Table 2

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government					
	Jı	ıne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2019	June 30, 2018			ne 30, 2019	Ju	June 30, 2018	
Revenues:													
Program revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	7,155,653	\$	6,732,177	\$	3,672,609	\$	3,630,964	\$	10,828,262	\$	10,363,141	
Operating grants and													
contributions		13,693,278		13,436,087		-		-		13,693,278		13,436,087	
Capital grants and													
contributions		815,486		2,626,358		-		-		815,486		2,626,358	
General revenues:													
Property taxes		48,916,444		46,573,903		-		-		48,916,444		46,573,903	
Local option sales tax		12,197,179		11,444,115		-		-		12,197,179		11,444,115	
Other taxes and licenses		1,335,621		1,089,152		-		-		1,335,621		1,089,152	
Investment earnings	_	370,471		55,941		91,773		16,620		462,244		72,561	
Total revenues		84,484,132		81,957,733		3,764,382		3,647,584		88,248,514		85,605,317	
Expenses:													
Governmental activities:													
General government		7,506,731		6,514,507		-		-		7,506,731		6,514,507	
Public safety		24,761,507		21,793,763		-		-		24,761,507		21,793,763	
Environmental protection		523,614		578,401		-		-		523,614		578,401	
Economic and physical													
development		7,455,800		7,030,709		-		-		7,455,800		7,030,709	
Human services		18,787,491		18,548,252		-		-		18,787,491		18,548,252	
Cultural and recreational		1,228,472		1,550,598		-		-		1,228,472		1,550,598	
Education		24,345,296		22,611,641		-		-		24,345,296		22,611,641	
Interest		895,464		813,953		-		-		895,464		813,953	
Business-type activities:													
Water Fund	_	-		-		3,634,169		3,080,206	_	3,634,169		3,080,206	
Total expenses		85,504,375		79,441,824		3,634,169		3,080,206		89,138,544		82,522,030	
Change in net position													
before transfers		(1,020,243)		2,515,909		130,213		567,378		(890,030)		3,083,287	
Transfers in (out)		100,000		15,725		(100,000)		(15,725)		-		-	
Change in net position	_	(920,243)		2,531,634		30,213		551,653		(890,030)		3,083,287	
enange in net position	-	(, _ , _ , _ , _)		_,				,		(0,0,000)		-,,	
Net Position:													
Beginning net position		15,695,197		14,044,623		13,132,630		12,642,890		28,827,827		26,687,513	
Restatement		-		(881,060)		-		(61,913)		-		(942,973)	
Beginning net position, restated		15,695,197		13,163,563		13,132,630		12,580,977		28,827,827		25,744,540	
Ending net position	\$	14,774,954	\$	15,695,197	\$	13,162,843	\$	13,132,630	\$	27,937,797	\$	28,827,827	

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased Caldwell County's net position by \$920,243. This is primarily due to the County spending on the construction of a new Granite Falls Middle School.

Business-Type Activities. Business-type activities increased Caldwell County's net position by \$30,213. The key elements in this increase are as follows:

• Business-type activities increased the County's net financial position due to the results from operations. The Water Fund typically generates positive cash flows.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Caldwell County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Caldwell County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing Caldwell County's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Caldwell County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$35,102,658, an increase of \$13,120,075 in comparison with the prior year. The largest reason for this increase is that the county borrowed \$12.3 million for the new Granite Falls Middle School and around \$3 million for two new EMS bases. Most of this borrowed money had not been spent as of 06/30/2019. Approximately 5% of this total amount, or \$1,665,277, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Caldwell County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,901,867 while total fund balance reached \$14,092,453. The County's fund balance available, using the calculation method suggested by the Local Government Commission of North Carolina, equaled \$9,785,130, or 13.09%, of expenditures.

The total fund balance of Caldwell County's General Fund increased by \$201,619 during the current fiscal year. This change is statistically break even, which the goal for this year's budget.

The County's Sales Tax Reinvestment Fund is a major special revenue fund set up to promote economic development within the county. The various municipalities located within the county have contributed a portion of their sales tax revenues to this fund. The fund offers job creation based incentives to companies who create jobs within the County and maintain them for one year. In addition, various economic development related grant funds flow through this fund.

The County's Public Schools Capital Project Fund is a major capital project fund. This fund includes the project to renovate / rebuild Granite Falls Middle School. The county borrowed \$12.3 million for this purpose.

The County's General Capital Projects Fund is another major capital project fund. This fund includes the project to construct two new EMS bases to serve the Lenoir area. The county borrowed over \$3 million for this purpose.

Proprietary Funds. Caldwell County's propriety funds provide the same type of information found in government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$7,332,075. The total increase in net position for the Water Fund was \$30,213. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of Caldwell County's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget reflected an increase in appropriation of \$1,608,787. The major changes can be briefly summarized as follows:

- The county decided to spend an additional \$642k during the year on capital outlay.
- Purchase orders from the prior year totaling \$376k were rolled over to the new fiscal year.
- The county had a salary study performed by the MAPS group and implemented its finding effective January 1, 2019. This caused a significant increase in the cost for salaries and benefits.

Other Major Funds' Highlights

The Sales Tax Reinvestment Fund's primary function is to support economic development within Caldwell County. The fund balance in this fund remained relatively stable during the year as revenues and expenditures plus transfers out were almost equal. This reverses a trend where the fund balance had been growing every year.

The Schools Capital Project Fund contained the ongoing construction of the new Granite Falls Middle School. The county borrowed \$12.3 million for this project and will also receive state funding in the amount of \$15 million when combined with the \$300k previously allocated to this project gives a total budget of \$27.6 million. This project will renovate a portion of the old school while removing a portion and rebuild it.

The General Capital Projects Fund contains various fund set aside for various future needs. It also includes the EMS bases project. This project will construct two new EMS bases to service the Lenoir area. The county borrowed a little over \$3 million for this project. When completed the two new bases will provide better coverage and response time than the existing single base located in downtown Lenoir.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. Caldwell County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 amounts to \$38,125,003. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery, and equipment.

The following major projects represent the accomplishments of the elected leadership during this year:

- The County was awarded a state grant of \$15 million for the construction of a new Granite Falls Middle School. The county also borrowed \$12.3 million for this project. The project when completed will replace portions of the school that are over 100 years old and provide a much more modern and effective learning environment.
- The County's tax rate remained unchanged for fiscal year 2017-2018 at 63 cents.
- The County had a salary study prepared by the MAPs group and determined that the county salaries for its staff were no longer competitive with its surrounding peer governments. As a

result the county implemented the findings from the salary study which resulted in significant raises for many staff positions.

Table 3

Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation As of June 30, 2019

		Governmen	tal A	Activities	Business-Type Activities					Total Primary Government				
	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018			
Land	\$	7,944,969	\$	7,618,971	\$	60,181	\$	20,000	\$	8,005,150	\$	7,638,971		
Construction in progress		255,623		111,651		882,830		212,857		1,138,453		324,508		
Buildings		18,109,418		18,745,400		143,833		86,514		18,253,251		18,831,914		
Equipment, furniture, and vehicles Water system		5,984,225		6,066,395		- 4,743,924		- 5,086,877		5,984,225 4,743,924		6,066,395 5,086,877		
Total capital assets, net of depreciation, where applicable	\$	32,294,235	\$	32,542,417	\$	5,830,768	\$	5,406,248	\$	38,125,003	\$	37,948,665		

Additional information on Caldwell County's capital assets can be found in Note 2 beginning on page 41 of this report.

Long-Term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, Caldwell County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$0. The County currently does not have outstanding revenue bonds.

Table 4

General Obligation Bonds Outstanding As of June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total Primary Government			
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		
General obligation bonds	<u> </u>	\$	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>		

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 8% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for Caldwell County is approximately \$515,278,000, which is significantly in excess of Caldwell County's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on Caldwell County's long-term debt can be found in Note 2 beginning on page 64 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Caldwell County continues to maintain a sound financial condition. Caldwell County's fund balance percentage, as calculated by the Local Government Commission, is 12.71% as of June 30, 2019. This is well above the recommended minimum of 8%. Property and sales tax collections exceeded budget for fiscal year 2018-2019. Actual expenditures in the General Fund came in almost \$3 million below the budget.

The budget for fiscal year 2019-2020 maintains the current tax rate of 63 cents per \$100 of tax value. The budget for fiscal year 2019-2020 includes a substantial fund balance appropriation in the General Fund, but we do not anticipate using any of it. The County typically budgets its expenditures at 100% but only spends at 95%. Lapsed salaries and other unspent funds typically generate substantial savings. The County also attempts to be conservative in its revenue estimates and often will collect more than the budget includes. The budget for fiscal year 2018-2019 also included a significant fund balance appropriation but the county's fund balance in the general fund actually increased by a small amount.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Caldwell County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, Caldwell County, P.O. Box 2200, Lenoir, NC 28645.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	I	t	
	Governmental Activities	<u>Primary Governmen</u> Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,801,222	\$ 7,070,779	, ,
Taxes receivable, net	2,438,550	-	2,438,550
Accounts receivable, net	5,102,777	487,307	5,590,084
Due from other governments	640,155	49,761	689,916
Inventories Restricted cash and cash equivalents	70,027 14,400,061	66,845 97,964	136,872 14,498,025
Total current assets	41,452,792	7,772,656	49,225,448
Non-current assets:			
Net pension asset	113,761	-	113,761
Non-depreciable capital assets	8,200,592	943,011	9,143,603
Depreciable capital assets, net	24,093,643	4,887,757	28,981,400
Total non-current assets	32,407,996	5,830,768	38,238,764
Total assets	73,860,788	13,603,424	87,464,212
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	242.074	4.0(1	248.025
OPEB deferrals	243,064 6,673,649	4,961 131,193	248,025 6,804,842
Pension deferrals Total deferred outflows of resources	6,916,713	136,154	7,052,867
Total deferred outflows of resources	0,910,713	150,154	7,052,807
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,585,926	202,835	3,788,761
Accrued interest payable	425,118	-	425,118
Payable from restricted assets: Customer deposits		97,964	97,964
Current portion of long-term liabilities	5,471,799	28,215	5,500,014
Total current liabilities	9,482,843	329,014	9,811,857
	<u>,</u> ,	·	
Long-term liabilities:	0.051.515	1 (0.200	0.410.014
Net pension liability - LGERS	8,251,515	168,399	8,419,914
Total pension liability - LEOSSA Total OPEB liability	1,679,198 2,783,624	- 56,809	1,679,198 2,840,433
Due in more than one year	42,929,936	7,054	42,936,990
Total long-term liabilities	55,644,273	232,262	55,876,535
Total liabilities	65,127,116	561,276	65,688,392
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Prepaid taxes	30,442	-	30,442
OPEB deferrals	527,345	10,762	538,107
Pension deferrals	317,644	4,697	322,341
Total deferred inflows of resources	875,431	15,459	890,890
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	17,318,673	5,830,768	23,149,441
Restricted for:			
Stabilization for state statute	5,447,716	-	5,447,716
Register of Deeds pension plan	142,391	-	142,391
Human services Public safety	161,760 863,657	-	161,760 863,657
Register of Deeds	29,544	-	29,544
Education	20,846	_	20,846
Unrestricted (deficit)	(9,209,633)	7,332,075	(1,877,558)
Total net position	\$ 14,774,954	\$ 13,162,843	<u>\$ 27,937,797</u>

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs: Primary Government:		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		pital nts and ibutions	
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$	7,506,731	\$	2,197,028	\$	-	\$	-	
Public safety		24,761,507		3,441,255		1,779,751		-	
Environmental protection		523,614		1,238,594		-		-	
Economic and physical development		7,455,800		34,135		-		-	
Human services		18,787,491		208,025		11,656,203		-	
Cultural and recreational		1,228,472		36,616		257,324		-	
Education		24,345,296		-		-		815,486	
Interest		895,464		_		-		-	
Total governmental activities		85,504,375		7,155,653		13,693,278		815,486	
Business-Type Activities:									
Water Fund		3,634,169		3,672,609					
Total primary government	\$	89,138,544	\$	10,828,262	\$	13,693,278	\$	815,486	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Net (Expense) I	Reve	nue and Changes	in No	et Position			
	Primary Government								
Functions/Programs:	Go	overnmental Activities	1	Business-Type Activities		Total			
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$	(5,309,703)	\$	-	\$	(5,309,703)			
Public safety		(19,540,501)		-		(19,540,501)			
Environmental protection		714,980		-		714,980			
Economic and physical development		(7,421,665)		-		(7,421,665)			
Human services		(6,923,263)		-		(6,923,263)			
Cultural and recreational		(934,532)		-		(934,532)			
Education		(23,529,810)		-		(23,529,810)			
Interest		(895,464)		-		(895,464)			
Total governmental activities		(63,839,958)		-		(63,839,958)			
Business-Type Activities:									
Water Fund		-		38,440		38,440			
Total primary government		(63,839,958)		38,440		(63,801,518)			
General Revenues:									
Taxes:									
Property taxes, levied for general purpose		48,916,444		-		48,916,444			
Local option sales tax		12,197,179		-		12,197,179			
Other taxes and licenses		1,335,621		-		1,335,621			
Investment earnings		370,471		91,773		462,244			
Total general revenues, excluding transfers		62,819,715		91,773		62,911,488			
Transfers		100,000		(100,000)		-			
Total general revenues and transfers		62,919,715		(8,227)		62,911,488			
Change in net position		(920,243)		30,213		(890,030)			
Net Position:									
Beginning of year - July 1		15,695,197		13,132,630		28,827,827			
End of year - June 30	\$	14,774,954	\$	13,162,843	\$	27,937,797			

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Major Funds											
		Sales Tax Public Schools General General Reinvestment Capital Capital Fund Fund Project Fund Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds			Total					
Assets:		runu		Fund	-	roject Pullu		ojects Fund		T unus		10121
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,483,859	\$	4,455,646	\$	346,770	\$	1,906,008	\$,	\$	18,801,222
Taxes receivable (net)		2,208,714		-		-		- 278,295		229,836 919,772		2,438,550
Accounts receivable (net) Due from other governments		3,904,710 627,802		-		-		278,295		12,198		5,102,777 640,155
Inventories		70,027		-		-		-		-		70,027
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		289,026				11,062,316		3,048,719		-	-	14,400,061
Total assets	\$	18,584,138	\$	4,455,646	\$	11,409,086	\$	5,233,177	\$	1,770,745	\$	41,452,792
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances:												
Liabilities:	\$	1,957,313	¢		\$	1,557,618	¢	31,791	¢	39,204	\$	3,585,926
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Total liabilities	φ	1,957,313	φ		φ	1,557,618	φ	31,791	φ	39,204	φ	3,585,926
							-					
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		2 200 714								220.926		2 429 550
Property taxes receivable Prepaid taxes		2,208,714 30,442		-		-		-		229,836		2,438,550 30,442
Ambulance receivable		295,216				-		-		-		295,216
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	2,534,372		-		-		-		229,836	_	2,764,208
Fund Balances: Non-spendable:												
Inventories		70,027		-		-		-		-		70,027
Restricted:												
Stabilization for state statute		4,237,296		-		-		278,450		931,970		5,447,716
Restricted, all other Committed		480,330		-		11,062,316		3,048,719 1,874,217		595,477		15,186,842 1,874,217
Assigned		6,402,933		4,455,646		-				-		10,858,579
Unassigned		2,901,867		<u> </u>		(1,210,848)		-		(25,742)		1,665,277
Total fund balances		14,092,453		4,455,646		9,851,468		5,201,386		1,501,705		35,102,658
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,												
and fund balances	\$	18,584,138	\$	4,455,646	\$	11,409,086	\$	5,233,177	\$	1,770,745		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:												
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities, are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.												32,294,235
reported in the runds.												52,294,255
Net pension asset												113,761
Net pension liability - LGERS												(8,251,515)
Total pension liability - LEOSSA Total OPEB liability												(1,679,198) (2,783,624)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in a	the fi	inds										6,673,649
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the												243,064
Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds are used to of receivable not expected to be available within 90 days of year-end. T receivables are a component of net position in the Statement of Net P	These	:										2,733,766
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the	ne fui	nds.										(317,644)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the	fund	3.										(527,345)
Long-term liabilities, compensated absences and interest payable are n payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fu		ie and										(48,826,853)
Net position of governmental activities, per Exhibit A											\$	14,774,954

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Major Funds										
		General Fund		ales Tax nvestment Fund	(ic Schools Capital ject Fund	General Capital ojects Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds		Total
Revenues:											
Ad valorem taxes	\$	45,059,775	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,141,264	\$	49,201,039
Local option sales taxes		6,900,475		-		-	1,117,495		3,559,209		11,577,179
Other taxes and licenses		552,603		-		-	-		-		552,603
Unrestricted intergovernmental		858,815		620,000		-	-		-		1,478,815
Restricted intergovernmental		13,604,259		38,025		815,486	-		430,622		14,888,392
Permits and fees		1,051,454		-		-	-		-		1,051,454
Sales and services		5,263,584		-		-	-		-		5,263,584
Investment earnings		217,183		53,639		66,087	26,887		6,675		370,471
Miscellaneous		346,454		-		-	2,423		-		348,877
Total revenues		73,854,602		711,664		881,573	 1,146,805		8,137,770		84,732,414
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government		7,606,776		-		-	-		-		7,606,776
Public safety		18,935,980		-		-	174,856		4,410,171		23,521,007
Environmental protection		512,669		-		-	55,550		-		568,219
Economic and physical development		7,093,888		344,567		-	31,293		-		7,469,748
Human services		18,614,941		-		-	325,998		-		18,940,939
Cultural and recreational		1,351,342		-		-	-		-		1,351,342
Education		18,566,656		-		3,703,004	350,000		1,725,636		24,345,296
Debt service:											
Principal retirement		2,538,666		-		-	-		1,414,991		3,953,657
Interest and fees		465,350		-		-	-		355,214		820,564
Total expenditures		75,686,268		344,567		3,703,004	 937,697		7,906,012	_	88,577,548
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_	(1,831,666)		367,097		(2,821,431)	 209,108		231,758		(3,845,134)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Long-term debt issued		1,457,000		-		12,300,000	3,045,000		-		16,802,000
Transfers from other funds		1,019,276		-		10,000	606,200		-		1,635,476
Transfers to other funds		(506,200)		(350,000)		-	(679,276)		-		(1,535,476)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		63,209		-		-	 -		-		63,209
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,033,285		(350,000)		12,310,000	 2,971,924		-		16,965,209
Net change in fund balances		201,619		17,097		9,488,569	3,181,032		231,758		13,120,075
Fund Balances:											
Beginning of year - July 1		13,890,834		4,438,549		362,899	 2,020,354		1,269,947		21,982,583
End of year - June 30	\$	14,092,453	\$	4,455,646	\$	9,851,468	\$ 5,201,386	\$	1,501,705	\$	35,102,658

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) are different due to the following items:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit D)	\$	13,120,075
Exhibit D reports revenues using a current financial resources basis, which generally means revenue is recognized when collected or is expected to be collected within 90 days of year-end. Exhibit B reports revenues when the earning process is complete, regardless of when it is collected. This measurement difference causes timing of revenue recognition differences for the following revenue types: Property taxes		(284,595)
Expenses related to compensated absences that do not require current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement.		(64,500)
Expenses related to landfill closure and post-closure costs that do not require current financial resources are not reported as expenditures.		50,616
Expenses related to interest expense that do not require current financial resources are not reported as expenditures.		(74,900)
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement. However, in the Statement of Activities, capital outlay is not an expense, rather it is an increase in capital assets.		2,627,889
The sale/disposal of capital assets is reported as a revenue in the governmental funds statement without subtracting the net book value of the capital assets sold.		(26,896)
Depreciation expense allocates the costs of capital assets over their useful lives. It is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds statement.		(2,849,175)
Issuance of debt is reported as revenues in the governmental funds statements. However, in the Statement of Activities, proceeds from the issuance of debt is not a revenue rather it is an increase in liabilities.		(16,802,000)
Pension expense - LEOSSA		(90,252)
Pension expense - LGERS		(438,416)
Pension expense - ROD		(19,297)
OPEB plan expense		(22,449)
Principal repayments and refunding of debt are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement. However, in the Statement of Activities, these transactions are not an expense, rather they are a decrease in liabilities.	_	3,953,657
Change in net position of governmental activities, per Exhibit B	<u>\$</u>	(920,243)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund							
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	riance with inal Budget)ver/Under
Revenues:								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	42,674,201	\$	42,674,200	\$	45,059,775	\$	2,385,575
Local option sales taxes		6,100,000		6,100,000		6,900,475		800,475
Other taxes and licenses		421,000		458,000		552,603		94,603
Unrestricted intergovernmental		567,869		567,869		858,815		290,946
Restricted intergovernmental		13,219,397		13,823,594		13,604,259		(219,335)
Permits and fees		911,000		911,000		1,051,454		140,454
Sales and services		5,393,627		5,393,627		5,263,584		(130,043)
Investment earnings		10,000		10,000		217,183		207,183
Miscellaneous		152,122		284,910		346,454		61,544
Total revenues		69,449,216		70,223,200		73,854,602		3,631,402
Expenditures:								
Current:				0.055.011				551 025
General government		7,667,779		8,377,811		7,606,776		771,035
Public safety		18,667,401		19,541,311		18,935,980		605,331
Environmental protection		637,183		639,386		512,669		126,717
Economic and physical development		7,322,444		7,248,291		7,093,888		154,403
Human services		19,619,639		19,697,190		18,614,941		1,082,249
Cultural and recreational		1,394,814		1,368,092		1,351,342		16,750
Intergovernmental:		10 425 000		10 574 762		10 566 656		0.107
Education		18,435,989		18,574,763		18,566,656		8,107
Contingency Debt service:		170,000		33,867		-		33,867
		2 521 000		2 521 000		2 528 (((((7())
Principal retirement		2,531,900		2,531,900		2,538,666		(6,766)
Interest and fees		461,004		473,644		465,350		8,294
Total expenditures		76,908,153		78,486,255		75,686,268		2,799,987
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(7,458,937)		(8,263,055)		(1,831,666)		6,431,389
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Long-term debt issued		1,557,919		1,557,919		1,457,000		(100,919)
Transfers from other funds		1,019,276		1,019,276		1,019,276		-
Transfers to other funds		(350,000)		(506,200)		(506,200)		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		10,000		25,570		63,209		37,639
Appropriated fund balance		5,221,742		6,166,490		-		(6,166,490)
Total other financing sources (uses)		7,458,937		8,263,055		2,033,285		(6,229,770)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$			201,619	\$	201,619
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year - July 1						13,890,834		
End of year - June 30					\$	14,092,453		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Sales Tax Reinvestment Fund								
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/Under						
Revenues:										
Ad valorem taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -						
Local option sales taxes	-	-	-	-						
Other taxes and licenses	-	-	-	-						
Unrestricted intergovernmental	600,000	600,000	620,000	20,000						
Restricted intergovernmental	-	-	38,025	38,025						
Permits and fees	-	-	-	-						
Sales and services	-	-	-	-						
Investment earnings	-	-	53,639	53,639						
Miscellaneous										
Total revenues	600,000	600,000	711,664	111,664						
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government	-	-	-	-						
Public safety	-	-	-	-						
Environmental protection	-	-	-	-						
Economic and physical development	2,250,000	2,250,000	344,567	1,905,433						
Human services	-	-	-	-						
Cultural and recreational	-	-	-	-						
Intergovernmental:	-	-	-	-						
Education	-	-	-	-						
Contingency	-	-	-	-						
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-						
Interest and fees	-	-	-	-						
Total expenditures	2,250,000	2,250,000	344,567	1,905,433						
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,650,000)	(1,650,000)	367,097	2,017,097						
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Long-term debt issued	-	-	-	-						
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-	-						
Transfers to other funds	(350,000)	(350,000)	(350,000)	-						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-						
Appropriated fund balance	2,000,000	2,000,000		(2,000,000)						
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,650,000	1,650,000	(350,000)	(2,000,000)						
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	17,097	<u>\$ 17,097</u>						
Fund Balance:										
Beginning of year - July 1			4,438,549							
End of year - June 30			\$ 4,455,646							

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2019

	Water Fund
Assets:	
Current assets:	¢ 7,070,770
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable net	\$ 7,070,779 487,307
Due from other governments	49,761
Inventories	66,845
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	97,964
Total current assets	7,772,656
Non-Current Assets:	
Capital assets:	
Non-depreciable capital assets	943,011
Capital assets (net of depreciation)	4,887,757
Total capital assets	5,830,768
Total non-current assets	5,830,768
Total assets	13,603,424
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
OPEB deferrals	4,961
Pension deferrals	131,193
Total deferred outflows of resources	136,154
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	202,835
Amounts payable from restricted assets:	
Customer deposits	97,964
Current portion of compensated absences payable	28,215
Total current liabilities	329,014
Non-current liabilities:	
Compensated absences payable	7,054
Net pension liability Total OPEB liability	168,399 56,809
Total non-current liabilities	232,262
Total liabilities	561,276
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	1.00-
Pension deferrals	4,697
OPEB deferrals Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>10,762</u> 15,459
	15,459
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	5,830,768
Unrestricted	7,332,075
Total net position	\$ 13,162,843

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Water Fund		
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$	3,599,413	
Water taps		53,150	
Other operating revenues		20,046	
Total operating revenues		3,672,609	
Operating Expenses:			
Water operations		3,254,371	
Depreciation		379,798	
Total operating expenses		3,634,169	
Operating income (loss)		38,440	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):			
Investment earnings		91,773	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		91,773	
Income (loss) before transfers		130,213	
Transfer to other funds		(100,000)	
Change in net position		30,213	
Net Position:			
Beginning of year - July 1		13,132,630	
End of year - June 30	\$	13,162,843	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Water Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash received from customers	\$ 3,639,089
Cash paid for goods and services	(2,512,704)
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>(641,462)</u> 484,923
Net easil provided (used) by operating activities	+0+,725
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:	(100,000)
Transfers from (to) other funds	(100,000)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(804,318)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Investment earnings	91,773
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(327,622)
Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
Beginning of year - July 1	7,496,365
End of year - June 30	\$ 7,168,743
End of year - June 50	\$ 7,100,745
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash	
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 38,440
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash	
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	379,798
Change in Assets and Liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(1,555)
(Increase) decrease in inventory and other current assets	71,719
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments	(31,965)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for pensions	(48,541)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for OPEB	(4,762)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	58,754
Increase (decrease) in OPEB	(7,500)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions	(1,265)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for OPEB	7,773
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	21,058
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	1,334
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable	1,635
Total adjustments	446,483
Not and many ideal (and I) has an anothing a still it is	¢ 494.000
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 484,923

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Agency Fu			
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	74,594		
Accounts receivable		17,048		
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	91,642		
Liabilities:				
Miscellaneous liabilities	\$	22,160		
Intergovernmental payable		69,482		
Total liabilities	\$	91,642		

NOTES TO THE FINANICAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Caldwell County, North Carolina, (government) and its component units conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The County, which is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County and its component units, legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable.

The Caldwell County Industrial Facilities and Pollution Control Financing Authority (the "Authority") was created for the purpose of the aiding industrial and manufacturing facilities with financing for pollution control equipment.

The Economic Development Commission of Caldwell County is a commission appointed by the County Commissioners to promote economic development in Caldwell County and its municipalities. The Authority and the Economic Development Commission have no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, they are not presented in the basic financial statements.

Component Unit	Reporting Method	Criteria for Inclusion	Separate Financial Statements
Caldwell County Industrial Facilities and Pollution Control Authority	Discrete	The Authority is governed by a nine-member Board that is appointed by the County Commissioners. They can remove any member with or without cause.	None issued
Economic Development Commission of Caldwell County	Discrete	The Economic Development Commission's Board members are appointed by the County Commissioners. They can remove any member with or without cause.	None issued

NOTES TO THE FINANICAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

B. Basis of Presentation

Measurement Focus – Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed, in whole or in part, by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, sales taxes, federal and state grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for education, human services, public safety, economic and physical development, environmental protection, cultural and recreational projects, and general governmental services.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Sales Tax Reinvestment Fund. This fund accounts for contributions of a portion of sales tax revenues from five municipalities to be used for the common good of the County and its citizens, primarily for economic development purposes.

Public Schools Capital Project Fund. This fund is used to track the costs associated with the renovations of existing schools.

General Capital Projects Fund. This fund is used to track the costs associated with various County projects.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water Fund. This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, and capital improvements to the County's water system.

The County reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Agency Funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others. The County maintains five agency funds: the Social Services Fund, which accounts for monies deposited with the Department of Social Services for the benefit of certain individuals; the Tax Collector Fund, which accounts for ad valorem property taxes that are billed and collected by the County for municipalities within the County; the Inmate Trust Fund, which accounts for monies held for prisoners at the Caldwell County jail; the Fines and Forfeitures Fund, which accounts for various legal fines and forfeitures that the County is required to remit to the Caldwell County Board of Education; and the Deed of Trust Fund, which accounts for the \$5 of each fee collected by the Register of Deeds for registering or filing a deed of trust or mortgage.

Nonmajor Funds. The County maintains four legally budgeted nonmajor funds. The Fire District Fund, Rescue Fund, and the Emergency Telephone System Fund are reported as nonmajor special revenue funds. The Schools Capital Project Fund – Sales Tax is reported as a nonmajor capital project fund.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for the agency funds, which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after yearend, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Since September 1, 2013, the State of North Carolina has been responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. These property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. Motor vehicle property tax revenues are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed by the County for periods prior to September 1, 2013 or those for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the County, are recognized as

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because, generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, the Sales Tax Reinvestment Fund, the Fire Districts Fund, the Rescue Fund, the Emergency Telephone System Special Revenue Fund, the School Capital Project Fund – Sales Tax, and the Water Operations Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Public Schools Capital Project Fund, General Capital Project Fund and the Water Capital Project Fund.

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The annual budget is approved by the Board at the department level. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. The County Manager and/or the Finance Director may make transfers of appropriations within a department.

Their authority is subject to the following limitations:

- Any transfer that results in the creation of additional staff positions requires approval by the Board of Commissioners.
- Any transfer that obligates additional federal, state, or local funds requires approval by the Board of Commissioners.
- Any transfer that results in the initiation of a new program or policy requires approval by the Board of Commissioners.
- Department heads or their designees may adjust line items within departmental budgets subject to the approval of the County Manager or his designee.
- Interdepartmental transfers shall be presented to the Board of Commissioners for recognition prior to the end of the fiscal year.

During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year, or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

E. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant areas where estimates are made are allowance for doubtful accounts and depreciation lives.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows, and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County are made in Board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The County's investments are carried at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered 2a-7 government money market fund, and the NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are considered cash and cash equivalents.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the County before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. The federal asset forfeiture and state controlled substance funds are also classified as restricted assets because their use is restricted for future law enforcement expenditures. The unexpended debt proceeds in the Public Schools and General Capital Project Funds are classified as restricted assets because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the debt was originally issued.

Governmental Activities:	
General Fund:	
Federal Asset Forfeiture funds	\$ 42,479
State Controlled Substance funds	 246,547
Total General Fund	289,026
Public Schools Capital Project Fund:	
Unexpended debt proceeds	11,062,316
General Capital Projects Fund:	
Unexpended debt proceeds	 3,048,719
Total governmental activities	14,400,061
Business-Type Activities:	
Water Fund:	
Customer deposits	 97,964
Total restricted cash	\$ 14,498,025

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with state law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies and collects ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018. As allowed by state law, the County has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes which are paid prior to the due date. In the County's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Inventories

The inventories of the County are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the firstin, first-out method. The County's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures when purchased. The inventory of the County's Enterprise Fund consists of materials and supplies held for consumption or resale. The cost of the inventory carried in the County's Enterprise Fund is recorded as an expense as it is consumed or sold.

Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed assets are reported at historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' life are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings	40 years
Improvements	25 years
Furniture and equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5 years
Computer equipment	5 years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has two items that meet this criteria – pension and OPEB related deferrals.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has several items that meet the criteria for this category – prepaid taxes, property taxes receivable, ambulance receivable, and pension and OPEB related deferrals.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type Statement of Net Position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund-types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the County provide for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave, with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the County's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. Compensated absences of the County have typically been liquidated in the governmental funds and are accounted for on the LIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned. Compensated absences are reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured (i.e., unused reimbursable leave still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement).

The sick leave policy of the County provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since none of the entities have any obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made by the County.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance. This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance. This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization for State Statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Register of Deeds – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds' office.

Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue source for public safety related activities such as police, fire, EMS, and E-911.

Restricted for Human Services (Adoption) – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue source to enhance and expand adoption programs, secure permanent homes for hard to place children, and encourage partnerships between public and private agencies to secure permanency for children; also, to help provide adoption services such as recruitment, pre-adoption training, post placement support, and facilitation of legal procedures.

Restricted for Education – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue source to be used to support public education.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General		iblic Schools Capital		General Capital	Go	Other wernmental
Purpose	 Fund	P	roject Fund	Pr	oject Fund		Funds
Restricted, All Other:							
Register of Deeds	\$ 29,544	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Human Services (Adoption)	161,760		-		-		-
Public safety	289,026		-		3,048,719		574,631
Education	 -		11,062,316		-		20,846
Total	\$ 480,330	\$	11,062,316	\$	3,048,719	\$	595,477

Restricted fund balance at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Restricted fund balance/net position on Exhibit A varies from Exhibit C by the register of deeds pension plan calculation for full accrual purposes of \$142,391 and unspent debt proceeds of \$14,111,035 for a net difference of \$13,968,644 at June 30, 2019.

Committed Fund Balance. The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing board can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for Future Capital Projects – portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board to be used for future capital projects.

Committed fund balance at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	General						
		Capital					
Purpose	Pro	oject Fund					
Future capital projects	\$	1,874,217					

Assigned Fund Balance. Assigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that Caldwell County intends to use for specific purposes. The County's governing body has the authority to assign fund balance.

Subsequent Year's Expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the Manager to make certain modifications utilizing a contingency line item without requiring Board approval.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Assigned for Economic Development – portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board for economic development incentives and projects.

Assigned fund balance at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

				Other		
		General	Governmental			
Purpose		Fund		Funds		
Subsequent year's expenditures	\$	6,402,933	\$	2,000,000		
Economic development		-		2,455,646		
Total	\$	6,402,933	\$	4,455,646		

Unassigned Fund Balance. Unassigned fund balance represents the portion of fund balance that has not been assigned to another fund or is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

Caldwell County has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: debt proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-County funds, and/or County funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and, lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County or when required by grant or other contractual agreements.

The County has not officially adopted a fund balance policy.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 14,092,453
Less:	
Inventories	(70,027)
Stabilization by state statute	 (4,237,296)
Fund balance available for appropriation	\$ 9,785,130

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

The County participates in two cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined, benefit pension plans that are administered by the state: the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Plan (RODSPF) (collectively, the "state-administered defined, benefit pension plans"). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined, benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined, benefit pension plans fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined, benefit pension plans erecognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined, benefit pension plans. Investments for all plans are reported at fair value.

2. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

Deposits

All of the County's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's agents in its name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County, these deposits are considered to be held by its agents in the County's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions. The County relies on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institution. The County analyzes the financial soundness on any other financial institution used by the County. The County complies with the provisions, G.S. 159-31, when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The County does not have a policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2019, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$22,430,404 and a bank balance of \$23,757,874. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$23,507,874 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2019, the County had \$23,747 cash on hand.

\$7.1 .4*

Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the County's investment balances were as follows:

Investment Type	Valuation Measurement Method	Fair Value	Less Than 6 Months	6-12 Months	Maturity	Rating
NC Capital Management Trust - Government Portfolio	Fair Value Level 1	\$ 15,456,812	N/A	N/A	N/A	AAAm
NC Capital Management Trust - Term Portfolio*	Fair Value Level 1	2,533,657	2,533,657		0.11 years	Unrated
Total investments		\$ 17,990,469	\$ 2,533,657	\$ -		

*Because the NC Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it was presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Interest Rate Risk. The County has no formal investment policy regarding interest rate risk.

Credit Risk. The County has no formal policy regarding credit risk, but has internal management procedures that limits the County's investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. The County's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The County's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio is unrated. The Term Portfolio is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. government and agencies, and in high grade money market instruments as permitted under North Carolina General Statutes 159-30 as amended.

Property Tax – Use-Value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the General Statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forest land may be taxed at present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-valuation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years, along with accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Year Levied	Tax	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 1,484,417	\$ 222,663	\$ 1,707,080
2017	1,531,579	153,158	1,684,737
2018	1,552,243	77,612	1,629,855
2019	1,613,685		1,613,685
Total	\$ 6,181,924	\$ 453,433	\$ 6,635,357

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Receivables

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

		Property	Due from Other	
	Accounts	Taxes	Governments	Total
Governmental Activities:				
General property taxes	\$ -	\$ 5,558,814	\$ -	\$ 5,558,814
Allowance for doubtful accounts	-	(3,350,100)	-	(3,350,100)
Fire district taxes	-	549,936	-	549,936
Allowance for doubtful accounts	-	(329,834)	-	(329,834)
Rescue squad taxes	-	42,433	-	42,433
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(32,699)		(32,699)
Total		2,438,550		2,438,550
Ambulance receivables	10,107,798	-	-	10,107,798
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(9,492,436)	-	-	(9,492,436)
Sales tax receivable	2,845,610	-	-	2,845,610
DSS 1571 receivable	845,769	-	-	845,769
Other receivables	796,036	-	356,592	1,152,628
Sales tax refund			283,563	283,563
Total governmental activities	\$ 5,102,777	\$ 2,438,550	\$ 640,155	\$ 8,181,482
Business-Type Activities:				
Water	\$ 802,726	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 802,726
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(315,419)	-	-	(315,419)
Sales tax refund			49,761	49,761
Total business-type activities	\$ 487,307	\$ -	\$ 49,761	\$ 537,068

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Balance									Balance		
	July 1, 2018		Inc	reases	De	Decreases		Transfers		June 30, 2019		
Governmental Activities:												
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:												
Land	\$ 7,6	8,971	\$ 3	25,998	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,944,969		
Construction in progress	11	1,651	1	43,972		-		-		255,623		
Total non-depreciable capital assets	7,73	30,622	4	69,970		-		-		8,200,592		
Depreciable Capital Assets:												
Buildings	32,32	28,616		92,794		-		-		32,421,410		
Equipment and furniture	13,75	50,571	7	22,002		(166,236)		-		14,306,337		
Vehicles	6,30	53,962	1,3	43,123		(254,633)		43,125		7,495,577		
Total depreciable capital assets	52,44	43,149	2,1	57,919		(420,869)		43,125		54,223,324		
Less Accumulated Depreciation:												
Buildings	13,58	33,216	7	28,776		-		-		14,311,992		
Equipment and furniture	9,54	45,675	1,2	206,446		(156,293)		-		10,595,828		
Vehicles	4,50	02,463	9	913,953		(237,680)		43,125		5,221,861		
Total accumulated depreciation	27,63	31,354	\$ 2,8	349,175	\$	(393,973)	\$	43,125		30,129,681		
Total depreciable capital assets, net	24,8	1,795								24,093,643		
Governmental activites												
capital assets, net	\$ 32,54	42,417							\$	32,294,235		

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 324,077
Public safety	2,008,321
Economic and physical development	2,483
Environmental protection	1,403
Human services	437,524
Cultural and recreational	 75,367
Total	\$ 2,849,175

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Balance July 1, 2018			Transfers	Balance June 30, 2019	
Business-Type Activities:						
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Land	\$ 20,000	\$ 40,181	\$-	\$ -	\$ 60,181	
Construction in progress	212,857	669,973	-		882,830	
Total non-depreciable capital assets	232,857	710,154	-	-	943,011	
Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Buildings	113,456	60,407	-	-	173,863	
Water lines	15,662,184	-	-	-	15,662,184	
Water valves	254,907	-	-	-	254,907	
Fire hydrants	485,698	-	-	-	485,698	
Water meters	423,896	-	-	-	423,896	
Other system components	2,754,021	18,346	-	-	2,772,367	
Equipment and vehicles	1,494,310	15,411		(43,125)	1,466,596	
Total depreciable capital assets	21,188,472	94,164	-	(43,125)	21,239,511	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:						
Buildings	26,942	3,088	-	-	30,030	
Water lines	12,451,240	116,169	-	-	12,567,409	
Water valves	234,265	3,716	-	-	237,981	
Fire hydrants	357,631	7,662	-	-	365,293	
Water meters	375,362	5,406	-	-	380,768	
Other system components	1,554,026	63,991	-	-	1,618,017	
Equipment and vehicles	1,015,615	179,766		(43,125)	1,152,256	
Total accumulated depreciation	16,015,081	\$ 379,798	\$ -	\$ (43,125)	16,351,754	
Total depreciable capital assets, net	5,173,391				4,887,757	
Business-type activities						
capital assets, net	\$ 5,406,248				\$ 5,830,768	

Construction Commitments

The County has active construction projects as of June 30, 2019. At year-end, the County's commitments with contractors are as follows:

			1	Remaining
Project	Sp	ent-to-Date	С	ommitment
Granite Falls Middle School	\$	2,877,518	\$	24,422,482
EMS Bases		364,168		2,680,832

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

B. Liabilities

Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Governmental		Business-Type				
	1	Activities	Α	ctivities		Total	
Trade payables	\$	2,486,213	\$	202,835	\$	2,689,048	
Hospitalization reserve		1,099,713		-		1,099,713	
Total	\$	3,585,926	\$	202,835	\$	3,788,761	

Pension Plan Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

The County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Plan Description. Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined, benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed

NOTES TO THE FINANICAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 8.50% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.82% for general employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,866,454 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions. County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a liability of \$8,419,914 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the County's proportion was 0.35492%, which was a decrease of 0.00393% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$2,313,818. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,298,993	\$	43,588
Changes of assumptions		2,234,320		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		1,155,804		-
Changes in proportion and differences between County				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		4,118		191,268
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,866,454		-
Total	\$	6,559,689	\$	234,856

\$1,866,454 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Total
2020	\$ 2,190,317
2021	1,406,097
2022	212,132
2023	649,833
2024	-
Thereafter	 -
Total	\$ 4,458,379

NOTES TO THE FINANICAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increase	3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that very by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period ending January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis.

NOTES TO THE FINANICAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	29.0%	1.4%
Global equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation protection	<u>6.0</u> %	4.0%
Total	<u>100.0</u> %	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2018 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contribution from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease (6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	Increase (8.00%)
County's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability (asset)	\$20,225,368	\$ 8,419,914	<u>\$ (1,444,904)</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. The County administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85% of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2017, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	6
Terminated plan member entitled to,	
but not yet receiving, benefits	-
Active plan members	74
Total	80

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-asyou-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increase	3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Discount rate	3.64 percent

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index.

Deaths After Retirement (Healthy): RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 104% for males and 100% for females.

Deaths Before Retirement: RP-2014 Employee base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015.

Deaths After Retirement (Beneficiary): RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 123% for males and females.

Deaths After Retirement (Disabled): RP-2014 Disabled Retiree base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 103% for males and 99% for females.

Contributions. The County is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and, at present, has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The County paid \$69,823 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a total pension liability of \$1,679,198. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to December 31, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$159,243.

At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	108,055	\$	5,544
Changes of assumptions		63,733		73,438
Benefit payments and plan administrative expense				
made subsequent to the measurement date		36,232		-
Total	\$	208,020	\$	78,982

\$36,232 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Total
2020	\$ 19,388
2021	19,388
2022	19,388
2023	21,564
2024	12,651
Thereafter	 427
Total	\$ 92,806

\$36,232 paid as benefits came due subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANICAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Sensitivity of the County's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.64%, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.64%) or one percentage point higher (4.64%) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%	
	Decrease	Rate	Increase	
	(2.64%)	(3.64%)	(4.64%)	
Total pension liability	\$ 1,819,912	\$ 1,679,198	\$ 1,552,012	

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	 2019
Beginning balance	\$ 1,546,222
Service cost	91,339
Interest on the total pension liability	47,757
Differences between expected and actual experience	
in the measurement of the total pension liability	129,494
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(65,791)
Benefit payments	 (69,823)
Net changes	 132,976
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 1,679,198

Changes of Assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the Municipal Bond Index Rate from 3.16% at December 31, 2017 to 3.64% at December 31, 2018.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

NOTES TO THE FINANICAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined, contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The state's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to 5% of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the Plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$210,759, which consisted of \$176,599 from the County and \$34,160 from the law enforcement officers. No amounts were forfeited.

Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description. The County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a non-contributory, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the members. Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Resisters of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Contributions. Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$5,821 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported an asset of \$113,761 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2018, the County's proportion was 0.68684%, which was an increase of 0.01624% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$25,119. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,003	\$	5,193
Changes of assumptions		5,350		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		18,133		-
Changes in proportion and differences between County				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		6,826		3,310
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		5,821		-
Total	\$	37,133	\$	8,503

NOTES TO THE FINANICAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

\$5,821 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	 Total
2020	\$ 14,454
2021	194
2022	5,344
2023	2,817
2024	-
Thereafter	 -
Total	\$ 22,809

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increase	3.5 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Investment rate of return	3.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are, therefore, not included in the measurement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple-year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2018 is 1.4%.

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2018 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.75%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75%) than the current rate:

	1%		Discount		1%	
	Decrease (2.75%)		Rate (3.75%)		Increase (4.75%)	
County's proportionate share of						
the net pension liability (asset)	\$	89,694	\$	113,761	\$	134,057

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for LGERS and ROD was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of December 31, 2018, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2017. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	ROD	Total
Proportionate share of net pension				
liability (asset)	\$ 8,419,914	\$ 1,679,198	\$ (113,761)	\$ 9,985,351
Proportion of the net pension				
liability (asset)	0.35492%	NA	-0.68684%	
Total pension liability	-	\$ 1,679,198	-	\$ 1,679,198
Pension expense	\$ 2,313,818	\$ 159,243	\$ 25,119	\$ 2,498,180

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

]	LGERS	L	EOSSA	 ROD		Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Differences between expected and							
actual experience	\$ 1	,298,993	\$	108,055	\$ 1,003	\$	1,408,051
Changes of assumptions	2	2,234,320		63,733	5,350	-	2,303,403
Net difference between projected and							
actual earnings on pension plan							
investments	1	,155,804		-	18,133		1,173,937
Changes in proportion and differences							
between County contributions and							
proportionate share of contributions		4,118		-	6,826		10,944
County contributions (LGERS, ROD)							
and benefit payments and administration							
costs (LEOSSA) subsequent to the							
measurement date	1	,866,454		36,232	 5,821		1,908,507
Total	\$ 6	5,559,689	\$	208,020	\$ 37,133	\$ (5,804,842
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Differences between expected and							
actual experience	\$	43,588	\$	5,544	\$ 5,193	\$	54,325
Changes of assumptions		-		73,438	-		73,438
Changes in proportion and differences							
between County contributions and							
proportionate share of contributions		191,268		-	 3,310		194,578
Total	\$	234,856	\$	78,982	\$ 8,503	\$	322,341

Other Post-Employment Benefits – Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. The County (by local ordinance) provides post-employment healthcare benefits to retirees of the County as a single-employer, defined, benefit plan, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and have at least thirty years of creditable service with the County. The County pays 50% of the cost of coverage for these benefits through private insurers until the retiree reaches the age for Medicare eligibility. Also, the County's retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the County's group rates if that dependent was previously covered at the time of retirement. New dependents cannot be added after retirement. The County Commissioners may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the Plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

NOTES TO THE FINANICAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	18
Terminated plan members entitled to, but	
not yet receiving, benefits	-
Active plan members	531
Total	549

Funding Policy. The County pays 50% of the cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits paid to qualified retirees under a County resolution that can be amended by the County Board. The County's members pay the current active employee rate for dependent coverage, if the retiree elects to purchase the coverage. The County has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$2,840,433 was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.50%-7.75%, including wage inflation
Discount rate	3.89 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	Pre-Medicare - 7.25% for 2018 decreasing to
	an ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

NOTES TO THE FINANICAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB
	Liability
Balance at July 1, 2018	\$ 3,215,442
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	163,077
Interest	110,381
Differences between expected and actual experience	(450,313)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	33,594
Benefit payments	(231,748)
Net changes	(375,009)
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 2,840,433

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the Municipal Bond Index Rate from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 – December 31, 2014, adopted by the LGERS Board.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(2.89%)	(3.89%)	(4.89%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 3,112,810	\$ 2,840,433	\$ 2,599,466

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%		1%
	Decrease	Current	Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,551,473	\$ 2,840,433	\$ 3,188,207

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$216,263. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
	Re	sources	Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	8,855	\$	405,146
Changes of assumptions		30,224		132,961
Benefit payments and plan administrative expense				
made subsequent to the measurement date		208,946		-
Total	\$	248,025	\$	538,107

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

\$208,946 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Total
2020	\$ (57,195)
2021	(57,195)
2022	(57,195)
2023	(57,195)
2024	(57,195)
Thereafter	 (213,053)
Total	\$ (499,028)

Other Employment Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits, the County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, stateadministered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump-sum benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 but will not exceed \$50,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs – Landfill Facility

Federal and state laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its Mt. Herman Landfill facility when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$173,647 reported as landfill closure and post-closure care liability at June 30, 2019 represents a cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 100% of the total estimated capacity of the old landfill that is subject to these regulations. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. As actual cost of closure and post-closure are incurred, they will be recognized as expenditures and reductions of the accrued liability.

The County built a new landfill in 1998. Republic Industries operates the landfill in accordance with all regulations and will dispose of all residential waste within the County. All closure and post-closure costs will be assumed by Republic Industries.

The County is required by federal and state laws and regulations to demonstrate financial assurance for the required closure, post-closure, and corrective action. Financial assurance may be demonstrated by one of the several prescribed methods. The County has chosen to use the Local Government Financial Test method. Under this method, the local government must annually satisfy each of four components: 1) show financial health by means of financial rations or bond rating indicators, 2) meet an operating deficit requirement, 3) not be in default on any outstanding general obligation debt or any long-term obligations, and 4) not have outstanding general obligation bonds rated lower than investment grade. The County is in compliance with the four requirements of the Local Government Financial Test.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

Source	Amount	
Pension deferrals	\$	6,804,842
OPEB deferrals		248,025
Total	\$	7,052,867

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

Source		Amount
Taxes receivable, net (General Fund and		
Special Revenue Fund)	\$	2,438,550
Prepaid taxes		30,442
Ambulance receivables, net (General Fund)		295,216
OPEB deferrals		538,107
Pension deferrals		322,341
Total	\$	3,624,656

Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County obtains property coverage through SIA Insurance Services, Inc. equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to a limit of \$51,164,934 for any one occurrence; general, auto, professional, and employment practices liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence; auto physical damage coverage for owned autos at actual cash value; and crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence. The County is insured for its health insurance with the State Health Plan and is fully insured for its workers' compensation insurance with the North Carolina County Commissioners' Association.

The County carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The County does not carry flood insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the County's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Director and Tax Administrator are each covered with a \$50,000 bond. The Register of Deeds and the Sheriff are both covered by a \$10,000 bond. All employees who have access to cash are covered by a blanket bond of \$250,000. This blanket bond also covers the Finance Director, Register of Deeds, Tax Administrator, and Sheriff.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2019, the County was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the County's management and the County Attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position.

Long-Term Obligations

Operating Leases

The County is committed under various operating leases for building space and equipment. These operating leases can be canceled with proper notice. For the year ended June 30, 2019, lease expenditures totaled \$93,930. The following is a schedule of future minimum rental payments required under these leases:

Year Ending		
June 30	A	mount
2020	\$	86,755
2021		45,007
2022		3,425
2023		1,172
Total minimum payments required	\$	136,359

Capital Leases

The County has entered into an agreement to lease certain vehicles. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of its inception.

The lease agreement was executed on August 1, 2014 for the lease of various public safety vehicles and requires five annual payments of \$249,562 plus interest of 1.58%. Under the agreement, titles pass to the County at the end of the lease term.

At June 30, 2019, the County leased vehicles and equipment valued at:

		Ac	cumulate d	Ν	et Book	
Classes of Property	 Cost	De	preciation	Value		
Vehicles	\$ 1,254,401	\$	1,121,199	\$	133,202	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Total
2020	\$ 253,505
Total minimum lease payments	253,505
Less: amount representing interest	 (3,943)
Present value of the minimum lease payments	\$ 249,562

Installment Purchases

As authorized by state law (G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1), the County financed various property and equipment acquisitions by installment purchase.

As authorized by state law (G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1), the County has entered into two installment financing agreements for school renovations and improvements for Caldwell County schools. These installment purchases were issued pursuant to deeds of trust that require legal title remain with the County as long as the debt is outstanding. The County entered into leases with the Board of Education of Caldwell County that transfers the rights and responsibilities for maintenance and insurance of the properties to the Board of Education. These leases call for nominal annual lease payments and contain a bargain purchase option. The lease terms are the same as the installment purchase obligations. Due to the economic substance of these transitions, the capital assets associated with the installment purchase obligations are recorded by the Board of Education.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Installment purchase contracts at June 30, 2019 are comprised of the following:

Serviced by the County's General Fund:

\$676,415 for expansion of the Mental Health Facility, financed for 30 years at 0% interest and due in monthly installments	\$ 647,526
\$5,950,000 financing for the construction of the ASU Center facility on the campus of CCC&TI, due in annual installments of \$326,100 through July 2012; annual payment increases to \$542,568, including interest at 3.5%, through July 2025	3,201,593
\$16,300,000 contract for the Early College facility on the campus of CCC&TI, upgrade to emergency communications system to include new towers, new equipment, renovations to the Courthouse and the County offices building, financed for 20 years at 3.075% interest, due in semi-annual installments (one installment is interest only, the other is principal and interest)	6,863,158
\$12,500,000 for a new facility on the government campus adjacent to the existing Sheriff's Department building to house both the Department of Social Services and the Health Department, financed for 20 years at 3.431% interest, due in semi-annual installments (one installment is interest only, the other is principal and interest)	5,263,158
\$2,971,361 Qualified School Construction Bonds for the addition of new classrooms at Sawmills Elementary School and Hudson Elementary School, financed for 14 years at 2.17% interest, due in annual installments through December 2024	1,188,544
\$2,248,500 for the replacement of HVAC systems at Davenport, Hudson and Gamewell schools; funded by BB&T through the federal stimulus program's QSCB loan program with an effective interest rate of zero; payments due annually through 2025	1,049,300
\$1,280,000 for Caldwell EDC Properties, LLC for purchase of Whisenant property for economic development; financed for 10 years at 4.00% interest, due in annual installments through July 2020; 2/3 is payable by the County and 1/3 is payable by the Town of Granite Falls through an interlocal agreement	192,028
\$1,264,000 59 month financing to purchase capital outlay consisting of vehicles and other equipment. Financed at an interest rate of 1.60% through September of 2022	1,019,000

NOTES TO THE FINANICAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

\$1,457,000 59 month financing to purchase capital outlay consisting of ambulances and other emergency response vehicles. Financed at an interest rate of 2.79% through September of 2023	1,457,000
\$12,300,000 borrowing to renovate and build additions to Granite Falls Middle School. Financed at an interest rate of 3.04% through April 2034	12,300,000
\$3,045,000 borrowing to construct two EMS bases in the city of Lenoir. Financed at an interest rate of 2.83% through June 2034	3,045,000
\$14,500,000 borrowing to construct new middle school to replace the old facility that housed William Lenoir Middle School. Fifteen year term with interest rate	
fixed at 2.81% for the first ten years with a variable rate for the final five with a cap of 9%	 10,472,000
Total serviced by the General Fund	\$ 46,698,307

The County's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$647,526 is secured by a deed of trust on the mental health facility located on Morganton Boulevard. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments, the outstanding principal is due and all leases and rents of residential units are assigned to NCHFA. Upon default, interest on the loan increases to 10% and the lender can enforce its security interest in the mortgaged property, including initiating foreclosure proceedings.

The County's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$3,201,593 is secured by a deed of trust on the building on the campus of the community college referred to as the ASU center. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and accrued interest are due. The lender can enforce its security interest in the mortgaged property, which includes initiating foreclosure proceedings.

The County's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$6,863,158 is secured by a deed of trust on the County's court house building and by the facility on the campus of Caldwell Community College and Technical Institute referred to as the Early College. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and accrued interest are due. The lender can enforce its security interest in the mortgaged properties, which includes initiating foreclosure proceedings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The County's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$5,263,158 is secured by a deed of trust on the county owned building referred to as the Health and Human Services Building located off Morganton Boulevard in Lenoir, NC. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget / appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and accrued interest are due. The lender can enforce its security interest in the mortgaged property, which includes initiating foreclosure proceedings.

The County's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$1,188,544 is secured by a deed of trust on Sawmills Elementary School. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and accrued interest are due. The lender can enforce its security interest in the mortgaged property, which includes initiating foreclosure proceedings.

The County's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$1,049,300 is secured by a deed of trust on Gamewell Middle School. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and accrued interest are due. The lender can enforce its security interest in the mortgaged property, which includes initiating foreclosure proceedings.

The County's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$1,288,041 is secured by a deed of trust on the Whisenant property (vacant land located near Highway 321 off of New Farm Road).

The County's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$1,019,000 is secured by a security interest in various vehicles and equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments, the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, failure to perform any term, condition or covenant for a period of 30 days after written notice, or an attachment, levy or execution is levied on or against any of the vehicles or equipment, the outstanding principal is due. Upon default, interest on the loan increases by 4.00% and the lender can sell, lease or sublease the vehicles and equipment.

The County's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$1,457,000 is secured by a security interest in various vehicles and equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the vehicles and equipment securing the loan and the County will relinquish all rights to the vehicles and equipment.

The County's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$12,300,000 is secured by a deed of trust on Granite Falls Middle School. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments, the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service or the removal of the appropriation from the budget, the outstanding principal and accrued interest are due. The lender can enforce its security interest in the mortgaged property, which includes initiating foreclosure proceedings.

The County's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$3,045,000 is secured by a deed of trust on two emergency medical services buildings. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments, the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

service or the removal of the appropriation from the budget, the outstanding principal and accrued interest are due. Upon default, interest on the loan increases by 4.00% and the lender can enforce its security interest in the mortgaged property, which includes initiating foreclosure proceedings.

The County's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$10,472,000 is secured by a deed of trust on William Lenoir Middle School. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments, the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service or the removal of the appropriation from the budget, the outstanding principal and accrued interest are due. Upon default, interest on the loan increases by 4.00% and the lender can enforce its security interest in the mortgaged property, which includes initiating foreclosure proceedings.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's direct placement installment purchases are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities							
June 30	Principal	Interest						
2020	\$ 4,198,062	\$ 1,095,917						
2021	5,094,252	1,016,540						
2022	5,013,925	899,426						
2023	5,030,725	786,120						
2024	4,782,740	672,651						
2025-2029	16,726,117	3,135,319						
2030-2034	5,505,020	486,543						
2035-2039	115,822	-						
2040-2044	115,822	-						
2045-2049	115,822							
Total	\$ 46,698,307	\$ 8,092,516						

At June 30, 2019, the County had a legal debt margin of approximately \$515,278,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANICAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the County's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

	J	Balance uly 1, 2018	In	icreases	D	ecreases	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2019	Po	urrent rtion of alance
Governmental Activities:										
Notes from direct placements	\$	33,600,402	\$1	6,802,000	\$	3,704,095	\$	46,698,307	\$4	,198,062
Capitalized leases		499,124		-		249,562		249,562		249,562
Compensated absences		1,215,719		2,203,590		2,139,090		1,280,219	1	,024,175
Total OPEB liability		3,151,133		-		367,509		2,783,624		-
Accrued post-closure care		224,263		4,934		55,550		173,647		-
Net pension liability (LGERS)		5,372,587		2,878,928		-		8,251,515		-
Total pension obligation (LEOSSA)	_	1,546,222		268,590	_	135,614		1,679,198		_
Total governmental activities	\$	45,609,450	\$2	2,158,042	\$	6,651,420	\$	61,116,072	\$5	,471,799
Business-Type Activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	33,634	\$	62,430	\$	60,795	\$	35,269	\$	28,215
Total OPEB liability		64,309		-		7,500		56,809		-
Net pension liability (LGERS)		109,645		58,754				168,399		
Total business-type activities	\$	207,588	\$	121,184	\$	68,295	\$	260,477	\$	28,215

Compensated absences and net pension obligation typically have been liquidated in the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund. OPEB typically has been liquidated in the General Fund. Compensated absences are accounted for on a LIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2019 is computed as follows:

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 32,294,235
Less capital debt:	
Gross debt	46,947,869
Less:	
School & EDC debt related to assets to which	
the County does not hold title	(31,972,307)
Net capital debt	14,975,562
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 17,318,673

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Conduit Debt Obligations

The Authority has previously issued industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private businesses for economic development purposes. These bonds were secured by the properties financed, as well as letters of credit, and are payable solely from payments received from the private businesses involved. Ownership of the acquired facilities is in the name of the private business served by the bond issuance. Neither the County, the Authority, the State, nor any political subdivision, thereof, is obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2019, there were no industrial revenue bonds outstanding.

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers in (out) for the year ended June 30, 2019, are summarized below.

From	То	A	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	General Capital Projects Fund	\$	350,000	For EMS base project
General Fund	General Capital Projects Fund		100,000	Animal shelter project architect fees
General Fund	General Capital Projects Fund		56,200	Construction of new inmate release area at jail
General Capital Projects Fund	General Fund		669,276	Use of sales tax article 44*524 funds for additional
				SRO's at County schools
General Capital Projects Fund	Public Schools Capital Project Fund		10,000	Escrow funds for land purchase
Sales Tax Reinvestment Fund	General Fund		350,000	Funding for new EMS base projects debt service
Water Fund	General Capital Projects Fund		100,000	Groundwater monitor funds for old landfill site
Water Fund	Water Tanks Capital Project Fund		200,000	Temple Hill water tank capital project
Water Fund	Water Tanks Capital Project Fund	1	1,400,000	Collettesville water tank capital project
Total		\$3	3,235,476	
		_	, ,	

3. Joint Ventures

The County, in conjunction with the State of North Carolina, the Caldwell County Board of Education, and the Board of Commissioners of Watauga County, participates in a joint venture to operate Caldwell Community College. The County, the Board of Education, and the Governor each appoint four members of the fifteen-member Board of Trustees of the Community College. The Board of Commissioners of Watauga County appoints two members, and the President of the Community College's student government association serves as an ex-officio, non-voting member. The Community College is included as a component unit in the financial statements of the State of North Carolina.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The County has an ongoing statutory responsibility to provide funding for the facilities of the Community College. This responsibility is fulfilled by means of an annual appropriation covering plant operations and maintenance, capital outlay, and some operating expenses. In addition, the County periodically issues general obligation bonds and installment purchase debt to provide financing for new and restructured facilities. As of June 30, 2019, \$6,792,397 of debt issued for this purpose was still outstanding.

The County contributed \$3,518,619 for operating and capital purposes during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. In addition, the County made debt service payments of \$1,039,324 during the fiscal year on installment purchase debt issued for community college capital facilities.

The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the Community College; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in these financial statements. Complete financial statements for the Community College may be obtained at the College's administrative offices on Highway 321, Hudson, North Carolina.

4. Jointly Governed Organizations

The Western Piedmont Council of Governments (the "Council") was established in November 1968 by the County in conjunction with three other counties and twenty-three municipalities. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The Council's financing is derived from voluntary annual dues paid by member governments and from federal and state grants. The County paid dues of \$26,175 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The Region E Development Corporation (the "Corporation") was founded in 1982 by the Commissioners of the four counties of the Unifour Area. It serves as the access point for small businesses to obtain financing under the U.S. Small Business Administration's 504 Loan Program. Six of the twenty-five members of the Corporation are appointed by the Caldwell County Board of Commissioners. The County does not provide any regular appropriation of funds for the Corporation.

Blue Ridge Community Action, Inc. (the "BRCA") is a private, non-profit, tax-exempt organization, which operates various programs providing aid and services to economically disadvantaged, handicapped, and elderly persons. BRCA is supported primarily by federal and state grants and appropriations from local governments. It is governed by a Board of Directors representing the County Commissions of Caldwell County and Burke County, local civic organizations, and communities with a high incidence of poverty. The Caldwell County Board of Commissioners appoints three of the eighteen members of the Board of Directors. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County provided \$13,473 to support the home delivered meals program.

Foothills Regional Airport Authority was established by Caldwell County in conjunction with one other county and two municipalities. Each participating government appoints two members to the authority's governing board. Each government funds the authority in equal amounts. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, Caldwell County contributed \$47,137.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

5. Benefit Payments Issued by the State

The amounts listed below were paid directly to individual recipients by the state from federal and state moneys. County personnel are involved with certain functions, primarily eligibility determinations that cause benefit payments to be issued by the state. These amounts disclose this additional aid to County recipients that do not appear in the basic financial statements because they are not revenues and expenditures of the County.

6. Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State-Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Based upon prior experience, management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Other Post-Employment Benefits Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
- Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability
- Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
- Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)
- Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System Contributions
- Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)
- Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Contributions



OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

Other Post-Employment Benefits		
	 2019	 2018
Service cost	\$ 163,077	\$ 178,535
Interest	110,381	96,162
Differences between expected and actual experience	(450,313)	11,053
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	33,594	(165,955)
Benefit payments	 (231,748)	 (196,737)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(375,009)	(76,942)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 3,215,442	 3,292,384
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 2,840,433	\$ 3,215,442
Covered payroll	\$ 19,511,954	\$ 19,582,380
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	14.56%	16.42%

Notes to the Required Schedules:

Changes of Assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Rate	Fiscal Year
3.89%	2019
3.56%	2018

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance										
		2019		2018		2017				
Beginning balance	\$	1,546,222	\$	1,391,989	\$	1,338,948				
Service cost		91,339		75,166		78,498				
Interest on the total pension liability		47,757		52,578		47,113				
Differences between expected and actual experience										
in the measurement of the total pension liability		129,494		(8,216)		-				
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(65,791)		94,447		(34,077)				
Benefit payments		(69,823)		(59,742)		(38,493)				
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	1,679,198	\$	1,546,222	\$	1,391,989				

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Spec	ial Sepa	ration Allow	anc	e	
		2019		2018	 2017
Total pension liability	\$	1,679,198	\$	1,546,222	\$ 1,391,989
Covered payroll		3,226,682		3,020,106	2,924,773
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		52.04%		51.20%	47.59%

Notes to the Schedules:

Caldwell County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

CALDWELL COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System										
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014				
Caldwell County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.35492%	0.35885%	0.36841%	0.35415%	0.34861%	0.34430%				
Caldwell County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 8,419,914	\$ 5,482,232	\$ 7,818,892	\$ 1,589,402	\$ (2,055,915)	\$ 4,150,137				
Caldwell County's covered payroll	\$ 22,049,890	\$ 21,329,068	\$ 20,958,493	\$ 20,047,230	\$ 19,324,605	\$ 17,879,977				
Caldwell County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	38.19%	25.70%	37.31%	7.93%	(10.64%)	23.21%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%				

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended June 30.

** This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

CALDWELL COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System										
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,866,454	\$ 1,685,322	\$ 1,583,959	\$ 1,426,692	\$ 1,423,076	\$ 1,366,046				
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,866,454	1,685,322	1,583,959	1,426,692	1,423,076	1,366,046				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	\$	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>				
Caldwell County's covered payroll	\$ 23,639,579	\$ 22,049,890	\$ 21,329,068	\$ 20,958,493	\$ 20,047,230	\$ 19,324,605				
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.90%	7.64%	7.43%	6.81%	7.10%	7.07%				

CALDWELL COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund													
	2019			2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
Caldwell County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)		0.68684%		0.67060%		0.75778%		0.72118%		0.76574%		0.68111%	
Caldwell County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$	(113,761)	\$	(114,465)	\$	(141,675)	\$	(167,130)	\$	(173,562)	\$	(145,485)	
Caldwell County's covered payroll	\$	73,271	\$	72,734	\$	71,275	\$	69,845	\$	68,441	\$	66,963	
Caldwell County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		-155.26%		-157.37%		-198.77%		-239.29%		-253.59%		-217.26%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**		153.31%		153.77%		160.17%		197.29%		193.88%		190.50%	

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended June 30.

** This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the ROD plan.

CALDWELL COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund										
		2019		2018		2017		2016	 2015	 2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	5,821	\$	5,878	\$	5,827	\$	6,191	\$ 5,771	\$ 6,252
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		5,821		5,878		5,827		6,191	 5,771	 6,252
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		<u>\$</u>		\$		\$		\$ 	\$
Caldwell County's covered payroll	\$	73,271	\$	73,271	\$	72,734	\$	71,275	\$ 69,845	\$ 68,441
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		7.94%		8.02%		8.01%		8.69%	8.26%	9.13%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.



THE GENERAL FUND

The General Fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with the government that are not required legally or by sound fiscal management to be accounted for in other funds.



	 Final Budget	 Actual	Variance ver/Under
Revenues:			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 42,674,200	\$ 45,059,775	\$ 2,385,575
Local Option Sales Tax:			
Article 39 one percent	2,850,000	3,283,199	433,199
Article 40 one-half of one percent	3,000,000	3,264,155	264,155
Article 42 one-half of one percent	250,000	353,019	103,019
Article 44 one-half of one percent	 -	 102	 102
Total	 6,100,000	 6,900,475	 800,475
Other Taxes and Licenses:			
Real estate transfer tax	165,000	257,011	92,011
Local occupancy tax	130,000	139,971	9,971
Scrap tire tax	118,000	115,330	(2,670)
White goods tax	39,000	33,431	(5,569)
Schedule B licenses	3,000	2,665	(335)
Gross receipts tax	 3,000	 4,195	 1,195
Total	 458,000	 552,603	 94,603
Unrestricted Intergovernmental:			
Payment in lieu of taxes	120,000	130,586	10,586
State hold-harmless reimbursement	-	286,945	286,945
Cable franchise tax	395,000	365,487	(29,513)
Soft cost reimbursement	40,869	41,662	793
EDC occupancy tax	 12,000	 34,135	 22,135
Total	 567,869	 858,815	 290,946
Restricted Intergovernmental:			
Federal and state aid - health	2,608,184	2,544,060	(64,124)
Federal and state aid - social services	9,458,328	9,112,143	(346,185)
Federal and state aid - law enforcement	498,981	525,899	26,918
Federal and state aid - library	135,509	136,805	1,296
Federal and state aid - miscellaneous	505,295	462,122	(43,173)
Federal and state aid - JCPC	211,117	211,117	-
Federal and state aid - ambulance	260,180	443,889	183,709
Federal and state shared - controlled substance	5,000	42,929	37,929
Court facility fees	125,000	108,554	(16,446)
ABC revenue	 16,000	 16,741	 741
Total	 13,823,594	 13,604,259	 (219,335)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Permits and Fees:			
Inspection department	250,000	367,855	117,855
Marriage license	12,000	10,007	(1,993)
Environmental fees	62,000	95,803	33,803
Civil fees	115,000	107,312	(7,688)
Weapons permits	139,000	146,015	7,015
Register of Deeds	330,000	314,069	(15,931)
Miscellaneous	3,000	10,393	7,393
Total	911,000	1,051,454	140,454
Sales and Services:			
Ambulance fees	2,960,623	2,650,856	(309,767)
Animal control	42,000	47,346	5,346
Jail fees	500,000	387,429	(112,571)
Jail commissary	50,000	148,427	98,427
Sheriff collection fees	1,000	1,216	216
Health Department fees	165,000	208,025	43,025
Household fees	675,000	727,590	52,590
Republic host fees	850,000	905,880	55,880
Library fines and fees	15,000	36,616	21,616
Collection fees - special tax districts and towns	15,000	15,223	223
Miscellaneous	120,004	134,976	14,972
Total	5,393,627	5,263,584	(130,043)
Investment Earnings	10,000	217,183	207,183
Miscellaneous:			
Contributions	116,000	120,519	4,519
Other	168,910	225,935	57,025
Total	284,910	346,454	61,544
Total revenues	70,223,200	73,854,602	3,631,402
Expenditures:			
General Government:			
Administration:			
Salaries and benefits	374,738	372,302	
Operating expenditures	204,412	190,207	
Total	579,150	562,509	16,641

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Board of Elections:	Duuget	Actual	Over/Onder
Salaries and benefits	180,244	181,089	
Operating expenditures	215,214	169,799	
Capital outlay	194,729	184,618	
Total	590,187	535,506	54,681
Register of Deeds: Salaries and benefits	366,628	361,675	
Operating expenditures	145,900	118,462	
Total	512,528	480,137	32,391
10(a)		+00,157	52,571
Finance:			
Salaries and benefits	396,451	396,439	
Operating expenditures	87,094	76,379	
Capital outlay	38,000	25,548	
Total	521,545	498,366	23,179
Information Services:			
Salaries and benefits	493,135	493,152	
Operating expenditures	515,002	446,691	
Capital outlay	287,123	215,698	
Total	1,295,260	1,155,541	139,719
Scanning:			
Salaries and benefits	111,293	110,843	
Operating expenditures	22,000	6,831	
Total	133,293	117,674	15,619
Tax Administrator:			
Salaries and benefits	563,223	562,820	
Operating expenditures	390,832	337,045	
Total	954,055	899,865	54,190
1 our			
Revaluation:			
Salaries and benefits	234,610	232,194	
Operating expenditures	69,343	42,466	
Total	303,953	274,660	29,293

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Public Information:	Duuger	Tittui	
Salaries and benefits	107,309	104,289	
Operating expenditures	55,856	14,226	
Total	163,165	118,515	44,650
Building Maintenance:			
Salaries and benefits	380,204	377,292	
Operating expenditures	606,585	582,118	
Capital outlay	293,142	226,509	
Total	1,279,931	1,185,919	94,012
Land Records:			
Salaries and benefits	129,722	129,328	
Operating expenditures	42,100	36,303	
Total	171,822	165,631	6,191
Human Resources:			
Salaries and benefits	1,309,193	1,131,902	
Operating expenditures	533,111	469,292	
Capital outlay	21,878	15,971	
Total	1,864,182	1,617,165	247,017
Veterans Administration:			
Salaries and benefits	111,336	110,082	
Operating expenditures	12,655	5,727	
Total	123,991	115,809	8,182
Special Services:			
Law Library - courthouse	4,880	-	4,880
Institute of Government	8,620	8,620	-
Western Piedmont Council of Governments	26,175	26,175	-
Retiree health insurance	390	-	390
Administrative expenses	(161,316)	(161,316)	-
Community Service Program	6,000	6,000	
Total	(115,251)	(120,521)	5,270
Total general government	8,377,811	7,606,776	771,035

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Public Safety:	Duuget	1100000	
Animal Control:			
Salaries and benefits	386,826	375,891	
Operating expenditures	191,860	152,304	
Capital outlay	30,981	25,895	
Total	609,667	554,090	55,577
Sheriff's Department: Salaries and benefits	295 601	252 724	
	385,604 438,000	352,724 361,771	
Operating expenditures	823,604	714,495	100 100
Total	823,004	/14,493	109,109
Patrol Division:			
Salaries and benefits	1,878,314	1,878,934	
Operating expenditures	394,444	353,772	
Capital outlay	517,011	470,581	
Total	2,789,769	2,703,287	86,482
Investigative Division:			
Salaries and benefits	1,086,574	1,076,852	
Operating expenditures	139,898	127,695	
Total	1,226,472	1,204,547	21,925
Support Division:			
Salaries and benefits	646,637	644,911	
Operating expenditures	134,000	127,669	
Total	780,637	772,580	8,057
Reserve Division:			
Salaries and benefits	37,547	34,522	
Operating expenditures	2,500	1,826	
Total	40,047	36,348	3,699
County Jail and Building:			
Salaries and benefits	2,253,823	2,227,506	
Operating expenditures	1,434,620	1,358,647	
Capital outlay	53,507	50,708	
Total	3,741,950	3,636,861	105,089

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
School Resource Officer:	Duuget	Actual	Over/Onder
Salaries and benefits	733,056	729,255	
Operating expenditures	136,302	128,958	
Capital outlay	261,000	252,982	
Total	1,130,358	1,111,195	19,163
		<u>.</u>	
Emergency Medical Services:			
Salaries and benefits	4,621,656	4,612,636	
Operating expenditures	1,002,320	966,951	
Capital outlay	347,516	342,984	
Total	5,971,492	5,922,571	48,921
Emergency Management:			
Salaries and benefits	125,004	117,429	
Operating expenditures	221,696	138,680	
Capital outlay	55,977	55,921	
Total	402,677	312,030	90,647
Fire Marshal:			
Salaries and benefits	235,084	230,400	
Operating expenditures	93,134	86,363	
Capital outlay	51,716	49,439	
Total	379,934	366,202	13,732
1000		200,202	10,702
Communications Center:			
Salaries and benefits	1,074,641	1,069,974	
Operating expenditures	441,392	411,825	
Total	1,516,033	1,481,799	34,234
Special Services:			
Court reform expense	4,062	4,062	-
Crime Stoppers	3,600	3,600	-
COOP Plan	2,800	-	2,800
PILT sharing	38,326	38,326	-
Forest contract - NC State	79,883	73,987	5,896
Total	128,671	119,975	8,696
Total public safety	19,541,311	18,935,980	605,331

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Environmental Protection:	Duuget	Actual	Over/Onder
Convenience Center:			
Salaries and benefits	201,340	198,436	
Operating expenditures	372,250	314,233	
Capital outlay	65,796	-	
Total	639,386	512,669	126,717
Total environmental protection	639,386	512,669	126,717
Economic and Physical Development:			
Planning and Development:			
Salaries and benefits	147,698	145,094	
Operating expenditures	168,085	103,684	
Capital outlay	21,039	21,039	
Total	336,822	269,817	67,005
Building Inspection:			
Salaries and benefits	332,072	331,109	
Operating expenditures	53,150	41,755	
Total	385,222	372,864	12,358
Cooperative Extension:			
Salaries and benefits	16,883	16,889	
Operating expenditures	191,803	173,980	
Total	208,686	190,869	17,817
Soil and Water Conservation:			
Salaries and benefits	100,752	97,038	
Operating expenditures	27,334	27,041	
Total	128,086	124,079	4,007
Economic Development:			
Salaries and benefits	125,305	116,765	
Operating expenditures	5,863,400	5,829,444	
Total	5,988,705	5,946,209	42,496

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Special Services:			
Occupancy tax expenditures	130,000	139,971	
Caldwell Railroad Commission	3,754	-	
Foothills Regional Airport Authority	67,016	50,079	
Total	200,770	190,050	10,720
Total economic and physical development	7,248,291	7,093,888	154,403
Human Services:			
Human Services Building:			
Salaries and benefits	106,277	105,883	
Operating expenditures	191,200	178,158	
Total	297,477	284,041	13,436
Health:			
Health Support:			
Salaries and benefits	373,940	367,918	
Operating expenditures	237,368	184,114	
Total	611,308	552,032	59,276
Environmental Health:			
Salaries and benefits	318,801	313,791	
Operating expenditures	35,381	24,077	
Capital outlay	20,215	19,782	
Total	374,397	357,650	16,747
Women's Health:			
Salaries and benefits	430,153	433,542	
Operating expenditures	57,150	48,968	
Total	487,303	482,510	4,793
Child Health:			
Salaries and benefits	746,633	745,673	
Operating expenditures	45,248	33,377	
Total	791,881	779,050	12,831

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Dental Health:	Duuget	Actual	Over/Onder
Salaries and benefits	259,403	259,301	
Operating expenditures	172,416	124,221	
Capital outlay	34,298	49,126	
Total	466,117	432,648	33,469
		, , ,	
Clinic:			
Salaries and benefits	1,317,616	1,321,572	
Operating expenditures	358,735	305,880	
Capital outlay	6,464	6,464	
Total	1,682,815	1,633,916	48,899
Women, Infants, and Children:			
Salaries and benefits	326,574	311,402	
Operating expenditures	38,461	34,056	
Total	365,035	345,458	19,577
Primary Care Center:			
Operating expenditures	7,000	-	
Total	7,000		7,000
Total health	4,785,856	4,583,264	202,592
Social Services:			
Administration:			
Salaries and benefits	8,216,728	8,200,862	
Operating expenditures	655,100	560,509	
Capital outlay	72,436	72,433	
Total	8,944,264	8,833,804	110,460
Public Assistance:			
Adult resources	865,992	701,744	
Child resources	3,262,000	2,818,250	
Temporary resources	914,749	845,748	
Medicaid	65,000	5,187	
Total	5,107,741	4,370,929	736,812
Total social services	14,052,005	13,204,733	847,272

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Special Services:	Dunger		0,01,01401
Medical examiner	80,000	60,750	19,250
Mental health	120,138	120,879	(741)
Sheltered home	8,500	8,500	-
Council on Adolescent Health	12,000	12,000	-
Food for the Elderly	13,473	13,473	-
Senior Center	5,000	5,000	-
Adolescent Substance Abuse	27,319	27,319	-
Psychological services	19,832	19,832	-
Youthful Sex Offender Services	33,500	33,500	-
Juvenile Justice Intervention	195	195	-
Parents and Adolescents	14,843	14,843	-
Miscellaneous CBA expenditures	12,006	11,566	440
Caldwell House	6,000	6,000	-
Project Challenge	65,098	65,098	-
Caldwell Opportunities	7,500	7,500	-
Western Piedmont Sister Cities	21,733	21,733	-
Rural Planning Organization	30,000	30,000	-
Western Piedmont Regional Transit Authority	64,046	64,046	-
Robin's Nest	10,000	10,000	-
Caldwell Friends	10,669	10,669	
Total	561,852	542,903	18,949
Total human services	19,697,190	18,614,941	1,082,249
Cultural and Recreational:			
Library:			
Salaries and benefits	926,915	933,738	
Operating expenditures	268,609	259,819	
Capital outlay	22,985	22,985	
Total	1,218,509	1,216,542	1,967
Library Buildings:			
Operating expenditures	30,900	27,383	
Total	30,900	27,383	3,517
County Parks and Recreation:			
Wilson's Creek Center	48,441	37,175	
Total	48,441	37,175	11,266

	Final	A . (. 1	Variance
~ · · · ~ ·	Budget	Actual	Over/Under
Special Services:	1 500	1 500	
Caldwell Arts Council	1,500	1,500	-
Historical Society	2,500	2,500	-
Baton Ruritan Park	8,000	8,000	-
Dudley Shoals Park	5,000	5,000	-
Oak Hill Park	9,628	9,628	-
Collettsville Park	18,114	18,114	-
North Catawba Optimist Park	14,500	14,500	-
Kings Creek Community Athletic	1,500	1,500	-
Gamewell Optimist Club	3,500	3,500	-
Special Olympics	2,500	2,500	-
Fort Defiance	3,500	3,500	
Total	70,242	70,242	
Total cultural and recreational	1,368,092	1,351,342	16,750
Education:			
Public Schools:			
Current expense	14,922,265	14,922,265	
Total	14,922,265	14,922,265	
Community College:			
Current expense	3,373,619	3,365,512	
Capital outlay	180,000	180,000	
Total	3,553,619	3,545,512	8,107
Education Foundation	11,520	11,520	<u> </u>
Kids at Work	54,359	54,359	
Communities in Schools	33,000	33,000	
Total education	18,574,763	18,566,656	8,107
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement	2,531,900	2,538,666	(6,766)
Interest and fees	473,644	465,350	8,294
Total debt service	3,005,544	3,004,016	1,528

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Contingency	33,867		33,867
Total expenditures	78,486,255	75,686,268	2,799,987
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(8,263,055)	(1,831,666)	6,431,389
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Installment purchase financing issued Transfers:	1,557,919	1,457,000	(100,919)
Transfers from other funds	1,019,276	1,019,276	-
Transfers to other funds	(506,200)	(506,200)	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	25,570	63,209	37,639
Appropriated fund balance	6,166,490	-	(6,166,490)
Total other financing sources (uses)	8,263,055	2,033,285	(6,229,770)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ </u>	201,619	\$ 201,619
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of year - July 1	-	13,890,834	
End of year - June 30	<u>\$</u>	14,092,453	

PUBLIC SCHOOLS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

This fund is used to track the costs associated with the renovations of existing schools.



PUBLIC SCHOOLS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - MAJOR FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Actual					
		ject ization	Prior Years					Total To Date
Revenues:								
Restricted intergovernmental:								
ADM funds	\$	405,691	\$	234,440	\$	138,000	\$	372,440
Public school lottery funds	20	,137,925		4,391,672		677,486		5,069,158
Investment earnings		1,799		7,078		66,087		73,165
Total revenues	20	,545,415		4,633,190		881,573		5,514,763
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay:								
Education:								
Granite Falls Middle School:								
Construction	25	,693,418		-		1,578,158		1,578,158
Lower Creek Elementary School:								
Land		10,000		-		10,000		10,000
Sawmills Elementary improvements:								
Design fees	1	,906,582		-		1,299,360		1,299,360
William Lenoir Middle improvements:								
Equipment and construction	14	,452,861		14,415,512		-		14,415,512
School improvements - ADM		405,691		234,440		138,000		372,440
School improvements - lottery	5	,137,925		4,391,672		677,486		5,069,158
Debt service:								
Interest and fees		100,000		75,575				75,575
Total expenditures	47	,706,477		19,117,199		3,703,004		22,820,203
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(27	,161,062)		(14,484,009)		(2,821,431)		(17,305,440)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Installment purchase financing issued	26	,800,000		14,546,908		12,300,000		26,846,908
Appropriated fund balance		51,062		-		-		-
Transfers:								
Transfers from other funds	_	310,000		300,000		10,000		310,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	27	,161,062	_	14,846,908	_	12,310,000	_	27,156,908
-			¢	2(2.000	¢		¢	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>		\$	362,899	\$	9,488,569	\$	9,851,468

GENERAL CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - MAJOR FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Actual					
	Au	Project thorization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total To Date
Revenues:								
Local option sales tax	\$	1,807,276	\$	1,833,308	\$	1,117,495	\$	2,950,803
Investment earnings		-		4,588		26,887		31,475
Miscellaneous revenue		-		18,502		2,423		20,925
Total revenues		1,807,276		1,856,398		1,146,805		3,003,203
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay:								
Public safety:								
Sheriff		101,200		-		30,884		30,884
EMS base renovations		3,394,999		248,610		123,246		371,856
Animal shelter		100,000		-		20,726		20,726
Human services:								
HHS Building Road Project		491,835		146,185		325,998		472,183
Environmental protection:								
Groundwater monitoring		359,947		156,230		55,550		211,780
Economic and physical development:								
Capital accumulation		988,450		259,788		31,293		291,081
Education:								
Community college capital outlay		350,000				350,000		350,000
Total expenditures		5,786,431		810,813		937,697		1,748,510
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(3,979,155)		1,045,585		209,108		1,254,693
Other Financing Sources (Uses) :								
Installment purchase financing issued		3,045,000		-		3,045,000		3,045,000
Appropriated fund balance		32,462		-		- , ,		
Transfers from other funds		1,580,969		974,769		606,200		1,580,969
Transfers to other funds		(679,276)		-		(679,276)		(679,276)
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,979,155		974,769		2,971,924		3,946,693
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>		\$	2,020,354	\$	3,181,032	\$	5,201,386

SALES TAX REINVESTMENT FUND

This fund accounts for contributions of a portion of sales tax revenues from five municipalities to be used for the common good of the County and its citizens, primarily for economic development purposes.



SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SALES TAX REINVESTMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget			Actual	Variance Over/Under		
Revenues:							
Unrestricted intergovernmental:							
Local municipalities	\$	600,000	\$	600,000	\$	-	
Other unrestricted revenue		-		20,000		20,000	
Restricted intergovernmental		-		38,025		38,025	
Investment earnings				53,639		53,639	
Total revenues	(600,000		711,664		111,664	
Expenditures:							
Economic development:							
Economic development incentive	2,2	250,000		306,542		1,943,458	
Grant expenditures				38,025		(38,025)	
Total	2,	250,000		344,567		1,905,433	
Total expenditures	2,2	250,000		344,567		1,905,433	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,	650,000)		367,097		2,017,097	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers:							
Transfers to other funds		350,000)		(350,000)		-	
Appropriated fund balance	-	000,000		-		(2,000,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,	650,000		(350,000)		(2,000,000)	
Net change in fund balance	\$			17,097	\$	17,097	
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year - July 1				4,438,549			
End of year - June 30			\$	4,455,646			



COMBINING STATEMENTS FOR NONMAJOR FUNDS



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Fund (Schedule D-1)			Capital ject Fund	Go	al Nonmajor wernmental Funds Exhibit C)	
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	588,093	\$	20,846	\$	608,939	
Taxes receivable - net		229,836		-		229,836	
Accounts receivable		35,885		883,887		919,772	
Due from other governments		12,198		-	<u> </u>	12,198	
Total assets	\$	866,012	\$	904,733	\$	1,770,745	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:	\$	20 204	\$		\$	20.204	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Ф	39,204	Þ	-	φ	39,204	
Total liabilities		39,204		-		39,204	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Property taxes receivable		229,836		-		229,836	
Total deferred inflows of resources		229,836			229,836		
Fund Balances: Restricted:							
Stabilization for state statute		48,083		883,887		931,970	
Restricted, all other		574,631		20,846		595,477	
Unassigned		(25,742)		-		(25,742)	
Total fund balances		596,972		904,733		1,501,705	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	866,012	\$	904,733	\$	1,770,745	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Rev F	ecial venue und lule D-2)	Proje	pital ct Fund lule E-1)	Gov	l Nonmajor ernmental Funds xhibit D)
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 4	4,141,264	\$	-	\$	4,141,264
Local option sales tax		-		3,559,209		3,559,209
Restricted intergovernmental		430,622		-		430,622
Investment earnings	_	6,675		-	_	6,675
Total revenues	2	4,578,561		3,559,209		8,137,770
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety	2	4,410,171		-		4,410,171
Education		-		1,725,636		1,725,636
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		-		1,414,991		1,414,991
Interest and fees		-		355,214		355,214
Total expenditures		4,410,171		3,495,841		7,906,012
Net change in fund balances		168,390		63,368		231,758
Fund Balances:						
Beginning of the year - July 1		428,582		841,365		1,269,947
End of year - June 30	\$	596,972	\$	904,733	\$	1,501,705

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted for expenditure for particular purposes.

<u>Fire District Fund</u> – accounts for the ad valorem tax levies for the fire districts.

<u>Rescue Fund</u> – accounts for the ad valorem tax levies for the rescue readiness tax.

<u>Emergency Telephone System Fund</u> – accounts for collection of monies to provide enhanced 911 services.



NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

	1	Fire Districts Fund	 Rescue Fund	Т	nergency elephone stem Fund	Tot	al Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	31,987	\$ 84,528	\$	471,578	\$	588,093
Taxes receivable - net		220,102	9,734		-		229,836
Accounts receivable		-	-		35,885		35,885
Due from other governments		-	 _		12,198		12,198
Total assets	\$	252,089	\$ 94,262	\$	519,661	\$	866,012
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	32,850	\$ -	\$	6,354	\$	39,204
Total liabilities		32,850	 		6,354		39,204
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Property taxes receivable		220,102	 9,734				229,836
Total deferred inflows of resources		220,102	 9,734				229,836
Fund Balances: Restricted:							
Stabilization for state statute		-	-		48,083		48,083
Restricted, all other		-	109,407		465,224		574,631
Assigned		-	-		-		-
Unassigned		(863)	 (24,879)		-		(25,742)
Total fund balances		(863)	 84,528		513,307		596,972
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and fund balances	\$	252,089	\$ 94,262	\$	519,661	\$	866,012

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Fire Districts Fund		Districts		Districts		Districts		Districts		Rescue Fund	Т	mergency elephone stem Fund	То	tal Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Revenues:																
Ad valorem taxes	\$	4,141,264	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,141,264								
Restricted intergovernmental		-		-		430,622		430,622								
Investment earnings		1,881				4,794		6,675								
Total revenues		4,143,145		-		435,416		4,578,561								
Expenditures:																
Public safety		4,143,589				266,582		4,410,171								
Total expenditures		4,143,589		-		266,582		4,410,171								
Net change in fund balances		(444)		-		168,834		168,390								
Fund Balances:																
Beginning of year - July 1		(419)		84,528		344,473		428,582								
End of year - June 30	\$	(863)	\$	84,528	\$	513,307	\$	596,972								

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - FIRE DISTRICTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget		Actual		Variance ver/Under
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$	4,252,446	\$	4,141,264	\$ (111,182)
Investment earnings		525		1,881	 1,356
Total revenues		4,252,971		4,143,145	 (109,826)
Expenditures:					
Public safety:					
Bethlehem Fire District		12,612		8,736	3,876
Blowing Rock Fire District		191,644		191,282	362
Collettsville Fire District		297,356		288,650	8,706
Gamewell Fire District		405,580		384,292	21,288
Grace Chapel Fire District		473,300		463,365	9,935
Granite Falls Fire District		103,673		100,548	3,125
Gunpowder Fire District		588,070		575,580	12,490
Kings Creek Fire District		196,019		190,810	5,209
Little River Fire District		230,612		220,345	10,267
North Catawba Fire District		788,405		774,822	13,583
Patterson Fire District		251,479		245,056	6,423
Sawmills Fire District		417,822		414,778	3,044
Valmead Fire District		180,303		174,227	6,076
Yadkin Fire District		116,096		111,098	 4,998
Total expenditures		4,252,971		4,143,589	 109,382
Net change in fund balance	\$			(444)	\$ (444)
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year - July 1				(419)	
End of year - June 30			\$	(863)	

	Budget			Actual	Variance Over/Under		
Revenues:							
Restricted intergovernmental:							
911 funds	\$	405,552	\$	430,622	\$	25,070	
Investment earnings		-		4,794		4,794	
Total revenues		405,552		435,416		29,864	
Expenditures:							
Public safety:							
Implemental functions		10,000		3,254		6,746	
Telephone		110,000		80,675		29,325	
Software maintenance		25,000		12,650		12,350	
Hardware maintenance		225,000		157,969		67,031	
Training		8,000		4,493		3,507	
Capital outlay		27,552		7,541		20,011	
Total expenditures		405,552		266,582		138,970	
Net change in fund balance	\$			168,834	\$	168,834	
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year - July 1				344,473			
End of year - June 30			\$	513,307			

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

Capital project funds are used to account for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds.

<u>Schools Capital Project Fund – Sales Tax</u> - This fund is used to account for the portion of the sales tax that is received by the County but is restricted to the use of public school system capital needs.



SCHOOLS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - SALES TAX SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Budget	 Actual	ariance er/Under
Revenues:			
Local option sales tax	\$ 3,345,000	\$ 3,559,209	\$ 214,209
Restricted intergovernmental revenues:			
Public school lottery	 378,081	 -	 (378,081)
Total revenues	 3,723,081	 3,559,209	 (163,872)
Expenditures:			
Capital outlay:			
Education:			
School improvements - sales tax	1,954,255	1,725,636	228,619
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	1,415,000	1,414,991	9
Interest and fees	 353,826	 355,214	 (1,388)
Total expenditures	 3,723,081	 3,495,841	 227,240
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	63,368	\$ 63,368
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of year - July 1		 841,365	
End of year - June 30		\$ 904,733	



ENTERPRISE FUND

Enterprise funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

The sole enterprise fund operated by Caldwell County is its Water Fund. This fund provides water lines to various areas of the County where municipal water lines are not available. The water is purchased from municipalities and then carried via lines owned by the County to its various customers. The operations of this fund are financed entirely from user fees; no local tax dollars are necessary to operate the Water Fund.

Water Tanks Capital Project Fund - This fund has two purposes. The first is the upgrading of existing water meters to "radio read" meters that allow for readings to be taken without staff having to exit a vehicle or record any numbers. This will speed up the meter reading process and save staff time resulting in a cost savings over the long-term. This portion has been completed. The second purpose is to upgrade our existing water system infrastructure. The county had a hydraulic study performed which identified areas that need improvement in order to maintain water quality and water pressure. One of the key parts of this is to add an additional storage tank to the system. This project is funded entirely with existing funds generated by the water operations fund. The design and permitting process for one of the new tanks has been completed. The county anticipates seeking construction bids in the near future.



WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:			
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services:			
Water and sewer charges/fees	\$ 3,538,000	\$ 3,599,413	\$ 61,413
Reconnection fees	25,000	16,547	(8,453)
Water taps	45,000	53,150	8,150
Other operating revenues	5,000	3,499	(1,501)
Total operating revenues	3,613,000	3,672,609	59,609
Non-operating revenues:			
Investment earnings	3,000	73,371	70,371
Total non-operating revenues	3,000	73,371	70,371
Total revenues	3,616,000	3,745,980	129,980
Expenditures:			
Operating expenses:			
Water purchases		1,385,288	
Salaries		489,396	
Employee benefits		149,212	
Travel and training		3,608	
Contractual services		51,862	
Repairs and maintenance		34,620	
Other operating expenditures		1,137,561	
Capital outlay		134,345	
Total operating expenses	3,999,904	3,385,892	614,012
Total expenditures	3,999,904	3,385,892	614,012
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(383,904)	360,088	743,992

WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgot	Aotual	Variance Over/Under
	Budget	Actual	Over/Under
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers:	(100,000)	(100,000)	
Transfers to other funds	(100,000)	(100,000)	-
Intrafund transfers from (to) water capital projects	(1,600,000)	(1,600,000)	-
Appropriated fund balance	2,083,904	-	(2,083,904)
Total other financing sources (uses)	383,904	(1,700,000)	(2,083,904)
Revenues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ </u>	(1,339,912)	\$ (1,339,912)
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis			
(Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:			
Reconciling items:			
Intrafund transfers - capital projects		1,600,000	
Depreciation		(379,798)	
Change in net pension liability		(58,754)	
Change in deferred outflows of resources - pension		48,541	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - pension		1,265	
Change in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		4,762	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		(7,773)	
Change in OPEB liability		7,500	
Change in compensated absences		1,635	
Capital outlay		134,345	
Water Capital Project Fund activities:			
Capital project expenditures (total)		(669,973)	
Capital project items capitalized to capital assets		669,973	
Investment earnings	-	18,402	
Change in net position		\$ 30,213	

WATER TANKS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Actual	
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total To Date
Revenues:				
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 3,588	\$ 18,402	\$ 21,990
Total revenues		3,588	18,402	21,990
Expenditures:				
Water projects:				
Engineering	200,000	-	-	-
Construction	2,612,000	203,357	669,973	873,330
Maintenance supplies	410,000	400,000		400,000
Total expenditures	3,222,000	603,357	669,973	1,273,330
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,222,000)	(599,769)	(651,571)	(1,251,340)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) : Transfer (to) from Water Fund	3,222,000	1,622,000	1,600,000	3,222,000
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 1,022,231	<u>\$ 948,429</u>	<u>\$ 1,970,660</u>



AGENCY FUNDS (Fiduciary Fund Types)

Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity. Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the County as agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.

Agency Funds:

<u>Social Services Fund</u> – accounts for monies held by the Social Services department for the benefit of certain individuals in the County.

<u>Tax Collector Fund</u> – accounts for ad valorem property taxes that are billed and collected by the County for a municipality within the County.

<u>Inmate Trust Fund</u> – accounts for monies held for prisoners at the Caldwell County Jail.

<u>Fines and Forfeitures Fund</u> – accounts for various legal fines and forfeitures that the County is required to remit to the Caldwell County Board of Education

<u>Deed of Trust Fund</u> – accounts for the \$5 of each fee collected by the Register of Deeds for registering or filing a deed of trust or mortgage.



AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Jul	y 1, 2018		Additions	Ι	Deductions	Jun	e 30, 2019
Social Services Fund:								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	43,465	\$	112,675	\$	133,980	\$	22,160
Liabilities:								
Miscellaneous liabilities	\$	43,465	\$	112,675	\$	133,980	\$	22,160
Tax Collector Fund:								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,455	\$	1,936,955	\$	1,934,422	\$	5,988
Accounts receivable		5,691		4,661		5,692		4,660
Total assets	\$	9,146	\$	1,941,616	\$	1,940,114	\$	10,648
Liabilities:								
Intergovernmental payable	\$	9,146	\$	1,941,616	\$	1,940,114	\$	10,648
Inmate Trust Fund:								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	42,226	\$	378,992	\$	374,772	\$	46,446
Liabilities:								
Intergovernmental payable	\$	42,226	\$	378,992	\$	374,772	\$	46,446
Fines and Forfeitures Fund:								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	275,534	\$	275,534	\$	-
Accounts receivable		26,198	. <u>.</u>	12,388		26,198		12,388
Total assets	\$	26,198	\$	287,922	\$	301,732	\$	12,388
Liabilities:								
Intergovernmental payable - State of NC	\$	-	\$	275,534	\$	275,534	\$	-
Intergovernmental payable		26,198		12,388		26,198		12,388
Total liabilities	\$	26,198	\$	287,922	\$	301,732	\$	12,388
Deed of Trust Fund:								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	337,230	\$	337,230	\$	-
Liabilities:								
Intergovernmental payable - State of NC	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	337,230	\$	337,230	\$	<u> </u>
Totals - All Agency Funds:								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	89,146	\$	3,041,386	\$	3,055,938	\$	74,594
Accounts receivable		31,889		17,049		31,890		17,048
Total assets	\$	121,035	\$	3,058,435	\$	3,087,828	\$	91,642
Liabilities:								
Miscellaneous liabilities	\$	43,465	\$	112,675	\$	133,980	\$	22,160
Intergovernmental payables		77,570		2,945,760		2,953,848		69,482
Total liabilities	\$	121,035	\$	3,058,435	\$	3,087,828	\$	91,642



OTHER SCHEDULES

This section contains additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy



GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE JUNE 30, 2019

Fiscal Year		Uncollected Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Collections and Credits	ncollected Balance ne 30, 2019
2018-2019	\$	-	\$ 44,376,434	\$ 42,876,647	 1,499,787
2017-2018		1,644,621	-	689,445	955,176
2016-2017		1,076,200	-	355,871	720,329
2015-2016		805,275	-	240,754	564,521
2014-2015		585,086	-	162,661	422,425
2013-2014		570,963	-	200,980	369,983
2012-2013		447,875	-	113,124	334,751
2011-2012		366,689	-	73,140	293,549
2010-2011		304,310	-	77,845	226,465
2009-2010		237,018	-	65,190	171,828
2008-2009		179,072	 -	 179,072	-
Total	\$	6,217,109	\$ 44,376,434	\$ 45,034,729	5,558,814
Allowance for doubtfu	l receiva	bles			 (3,350,100)
Ad valorem taxes rece	ivable - r	net			\$ 2,208,714
Reconcilement with F Ad valorem taxes Reconciling items:	Revenues	5:			\$ 45,059,775
Interest collected					(666,318)
Discounts and adjustm	ents allo	wed			487,942
Miscellaneous adjustm					(8,516)
Amount written off for	tax year	2008-2009,			
per Statute of Limitat		. 2012 2012			159,580
Amount written off for per Statute of Limitat	-				 2,266
Total collections and c	redits				\$ 45,034,729

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY COUNTY-WIDE LEVY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Tota	al Levy
	Co Property	ounty-Wide	Amount	Property Excluding Registered Motor	Registered Motor
	Valuation	Rate	of Levy	Vehicles	Vehicles
Original Levy: Property taxed at:			i		
Current year's rate	\$ 6,799,274,193	\$ 0.6300	\$ 42,936,611	\$ 38,927,370	\$ 4,009,241
Total	6,799,274,193		42,936,611	38,927,370	4,009,241
Discoveries: Current year taxes Total Total property valuation	<u>228,543,257</u> 228,543,257 \$ 7,027,817,450		<u>1,439,823</u> <u>1,439,823</u>	<u>1,439,823</u> <u>1,439,823</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Levy			44,376,434	40,367,193	4,009,241
Uncollected tax at June 30	, 2019		1,499,787	1,499,787	
Current Year's Taxes Co	llected		\$ 42,876,647	\$ 38,867,406	\$ 4,009,241
Current Levy Collection	Percentage		<u>96.62</u> %	<u>96.28</u> %	<u>100.00</u> %

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY COUNTY-WIDE LEVY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Secondary Market Disclosures:

Assessed Valuation: Assessment ratio (1)	<u>100</u> %
Real property Personal property	\$ 5,091,030,467 1,936,786,983
Total assessed valuation	\$ 7,027,817,450
Tax rate per \$100 (2)	\$ 0.6300
Levy (includes discoveries, releases, and abatements) (3)	\$ 44,376,434
In addition to the County-wide rate, the County levies taxes on behalf of several fire districts and the Rescue Squad Association:	
Fire Districts Rescue Squad Association Total	\$ 3,134,779
(1) Percentage of appraised value has been established by statute.	
(2) Valuation of railroads, telephone companies, and other utilities as determined by the North Carolina Property Tax Commission.	

(3) The levy includes interest and penalties.

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND UNSPENT BALANCE PSAP RECONCILIATION JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported on the Emergency Telephone System Fund budget to actual (Schedule D-6) are different from the PSAP Revenue-Expenditure report because:	
Ending fund balance, reported on budget to actual (Schedule D-5)	\$ 513,307
Allowable 911 expenditures previously reported in the General Fund (interfund transfer to be recorded in the Emergency Telephone System Fund in the subsequent year):	 210
Ending balance, PSAP Revenue-Expenditure report	\$ 513,517

STATISTICAL SECTION (unaudited)

The information contained in this section includes tables showing trends and is provided for supplementary analysis only.



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Caldwell County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Financial Trends – These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. The following schedules fall in this category:

- Net Position by Component *table 1*
- Changes in Net Position *table 2*
- Fund Balances of Governmental Funds table 3
- Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds table 4

Revenue Capacity – These schedules present information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property taxes. The following schedules fall in this category:

- Assessed Value of Taxable Property *table 5*
- Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping table 6
- Principal Property Taxpayers table 7
- Property Tax Levies and Collections table 8

Debt Capacity – These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future. The following schedules fall in this category:

- Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type *table 9*
- Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding table 10
- Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt table 11
- Legal Debt Margin Information *table 12*

Demographic and Economic Information – These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments. The following schedules fall in this category:

- Demographic and Economic Statistics *table 13*
- Principal Employers *table 14*

Operating Information – These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs. The following schedules fall in this category:

- Full-Time Equivalent County Employees by Function *table 15*
- Operating Indicators by Function table 16
- Capital Asset Statistics by Function table 17
- Miscellaneous Information *table 18*



					Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,					
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	6
Governmental Activities											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 15,967,772	\$ 15,967,772 \$ 18,196,511	\$ 17,405,500	\$ 16,244,931	30,783,723	18,060,668	20,245,509	21, 196, 659	21,014,795	17,3	17,318,673
Restricted	214,374	8,252,519	6,867,965	5,962,605	5,861,894	7,168,909	6,179,122	6,454,777	6,278,616	6,6	6,665,914
Unrestricted	(6,696,269)	(8,145,952)	(3, 643, 043)	2,972,940	(13, 203, 563)	(15,528,468)	(15,970,780)	(13,606,813)	(11, 598, 214)	(9,2	(9,209,633)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 9,485,877	\$ 9,485,877 \$ 18,303,078	\$ 20,630,422	\$ 25,180,476	\$ 23,442,054	\$ 9,701,109	\$ 10,453,851	\$ 14,044,623	\$ 15,695,197	\$ 14,7	14,774,954
Business-Type Activities											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 9,348,526	9,348,526 \$ 8,965,042	\$ 6,706,831	\$ 6,542,043	6,135,073	5,928,124	5,631,176	5,396,787	5,406,248	5,8	5,830,768
Restricted										t	- 1000
Unrestricted	3,704,866	4,593,808	4,692,293	5,391,897	5,870,662	6,484,095	6,706,120	7,246,103	7,726,382	7,3.	1,332,075
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 13,053,392	\$ 13,053,392 \$ 13,558,850	\$ 11,399,124	\$ 11,933,940	\$ 12,005,735	S 12,412,219	\$ 12,337,296	\$ 12,642,890	\$ 13,132,630	\$ 13,1	13,162,843
Primary Government											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 25,316,298	\$ 25,316,298 \$ 27,161,553	\$ 24,112,331	\$ 22,786,974	\$ 36,918,796	\$ 23,988,792	\$ 25,876,685	\$ 26,593,446	\$ 26,421,043	\$ 23,1	23,149,441
Restricted	214,374	8,252,519	6,867,965	5,962,605	5,861,894	7,168,909	6,179,122	6,454,777	6,278,616	6,6	6,665,914
Unrestricted	(2,991,403)	(3,552,144)	1,049,250	8,364,837	(7, 332, 901)	(9,044,373)	(9,264,660)	(6, 360, 710)	(3, 871, 832)	(1,8	1,877,558)
Total primary government net position	\$ 22,539,269	\$ 22,539,269 \$ 31,861,928	\$ 32,029,546	\$ 37,114,416	\$ 35,447,789	\$ 22,113,328	\$ 22,791,147	\$ 26,687,513	\$ 28,827,827	\$ 27,9.	27,937,797

Net Position by Component For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	ded June 30,				
		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
H	Expenses										
	Governmental Activities:										
	General Government	\$ 5,963,274	\$ 5,924,927 \$				\$ 6,211,896	\$ 6,845,366		\$ 6,514,507	\$ 7,506,731
	Public Safety	15,643,605	15,870,157	16,479,850	17,203,962	19,957,279	19,274,686	20,638,553	21,653,096	21,793,763	24,761,507
	Environmental Protection	439,077	571,484	474,617	468,991	330,695	368,373	509,242	550,780	578,401	523,614
	Economic and Physical Development	3,145,167	3,090,772	3,703,056	3,769,854	5,354,305	6,951,531	7,639,737	6,452,959	7,030,709	7,455,800
	Human Services	22,866,817	23,302,680	23,268,124	22,368,529	21,721,385	21,860,299	22,248,546	22,610,724	18,548,252	18,787,491
	Cultural and Recreational	1,428,632	1.397.666	1.415.319	1.384.266	1.413.792	1.366.651	1.441.711	1.487.024	1.550.598	1.228.472
	Education	20 444 673	19 600 302	22 076 249	20 522 469	22 337 357	31 447 698	21 413 329	20,636,637	22 611 641	24 345 296
	Luucation	C/0,++++,02	200,000,61 ACT AAT C	647,010,77	20,424,420 026 720	100,100,44	020,177,10 370,000 1	7706 211 1	20002002	012 042	067,040,42
	Interest	2,403,201	2,144,724	1,240,524	700, /00	1,121,084	1,02,020	1,111,191	1,124,000	CC4,CI8	575,0270
	Total governmental activities expenses	72,394,446	71,902,712	74,536,229	72,622,451	78,541,727	89,310,898	81,853,881	80,947,469	79,441,824	85,504,375
	Business-Type Activities:										
	Water	2,608,119	2,620,347	2,828,800	2,798,480	3,354,087	3,072,617	3,623,573	3,273,223	3,080,206	3,634,169
	Total business-type activities expenses	2,608,119	2,620,347	2,828,800	2,798,480	3,354,087	3,072,617	3,623,573	3,273,223	3,080,206	3,634,169
	Total Primary Government Expenses	75,002,565	74,523,059	77,365,029	75,420,931	81,895,814	92,383,515	85,477,454	84,220,692	82,522,030	89,138,544
4	Program Revenues										
	Governmental Activities:										
	Charges for Services										
	General Government	1 875 506	2 241 816	7 798 938	1 879 735	2 213 386	\$ 2350.903	\$ 2 219 976	\$ 278 905 6 \$	\$ 2 004 610	\$ 2 197 028
	Public Safety	4 079 127	3 974 707	4 02 1 004	4 198 842				3 819 540		
11	Environmental Protection	883 503	881 014	853 585	858 482	926 598	964 897	883 338	1 049 356	1 098 694	1 238 594
า	Feonomic and Physical Development	18 000	0.000	17 000	18 879	24 809	30.287	63 890	23.050	32.479	34 135
	Economic and reprized Econophicae Human Services	7 536 737	2 200 069	1 505 761	715 138	108,040	158 856	189,690	2020,020	179 300	208.025
	Cultural and Decreational	20.755	27.751	10/,000,1	20.051	707 777	78 804	76.913	18 464	10.01	26.616
	Other Create and Centributions	007,00	107,10	670,40	106,67	111,67	20,004	610,02	10,404	117,71	010,00
								·			
	Fublic Safety	40/,046,1	1,/08,091	1,3/0,0/0	1,423,505	1,344,280	1,392,403	2,238,320	1,488,320	1,802,920	10/,6//,1
	Environmental Protection										
	Economic and Physical Development									-	-
	Human Services	C40,27C,C1	10,041,424 375 010	101,1/6,01	14,/08,143	14,034,/14	010 010 010	C/ C/ 7/ 0,01	10,/99,404	956,015,11	11,006,203
	Cultural and Recreational	208,831	610,002	046/107	280,495	160,202	248,040	000,452	214,389	777,707	476,107
		•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	Capital Grants and Contributions:										
	General Government	154,641									
	Public Safety	15,060					C12,C65				1 00 0 0
	Education	0/9'16/	4,497,201	1,122,112	998,602	1,455,620	144,191	596,930	1,000,124	06/,166,2	815,486
	Economic and Physical Development	83,413	200,048	430,414	(99,395)	95,594	•	1,014,715	135,791	34,568	•
	Cultural and Recreational	36,300	•	•	•		•		•	•	•
	Environmental Protection	•						•	•		
	Human Services										
	Total governmental activities program revenues	27,949,898	32,055,700	27,295,365	24,942,385	25,393,827	24,528,671	27,634,472	26,214,229	22,794,622	21,664,417
	Business-Type Activities:										
	Vitation of vices.	3,388,353	3,286,414	3,397,148	3,461,305	3,423,028	3,532,780	3,545,293	3,571,972	3,630,964	3,672,609
	Other Grants and Contributions		,	1	1	1	1			1	
	Total business-type activities program revenues	3,388,353	3,286,414	3,397,148	3,461,305	3,423,028	3,532,780	3,545,293	3,571,972	3,630,964	3,672,609
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1										
	Total Primary Government Program Revenues	31,338,251	35,342,114	30,692,513	28,403,690	28,816,855	28,061,451	31,179,765	29,786,201	26,425,586	25,337,026

Table 2 Page 1 of 2

Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	ided June 30,			
		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
	Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	(44,444,548) 780.234	(39,847,012) 666,067	(47,240,864) 568.348	(47,680,066) 662,825	(53,147,900) (53,041)	(64,782,227) 460,163	(54,219,409) (78,280)	(54,733,240) 298,749	
	Total primary government net expense	(43,664,314)	(39,180,945)	(46,672,516)	(47,017,241)	(53,078,959)	(64, 322, 064)	(54,297,689)	(54, 434, 491)	
	General Revenues and Other Changes									
	in Net Position Governmental Activities:									
	Property Taxes	38,312,526	38,582,825	38,944,274	38,830,489	41,145,366	42,083,076	43,443,559	46,145,791	
	Local Option Sales Tax	8,627,362	8,797,924	9,288,329	9,371,153	9,841,286	10,399,692	10,545,869	11,288,798	
	Other Taxes and License	1,041,337	1,023,585	1,141,149	1,048,889	1,089,813	1,124,511	969,058	1,291,439	
	Intergovernmental									
	Investment Earnings	144,102	87,709	59,756	43,883	17,401	10,675	13,665	30,559	
	Miscellaneous	•		•		•	•	•	•	
	Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets				2,801,006					
	Transfers	173,757	172,170	134,699	134,700					
	Total Governmental Activities	48,299,084	48,664,213	49,568,207	52,230,120	52,093,866	53,617,954	54,972,151	58,756,587	
	Business-Type Activities:									
	Investment Earnings	6,872	11,561	7,697	6,671	2,874	2,003	3,357	6,845	
	Miscellaneous	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	
1	Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets		•	(2,601,072)		•				
1.	Transfers	(173,757)	(172, 170)	(134,699)	(134,700)					
3	Total Business-Type Activities	(166,885)	(160,609)	(2,728,074)	(128,029)	2,874	2,003	3,357	6,845	
	Total Primary Government General Revenues and Other Change in Net Position	48,132,199	48,503,604	46,840,133	52,102,091	52,096,740	53,619,957	54,975,508	58,763,432	
	Change in Net Position									
	Governmental activities	3,854,536	8,817,201	2,327,343	4,550,054	(1,054,034)	(11, 164, 273)	752,742	4,023,347	
	Business-type activities	613,349	505,458	(2,159,726)			462,166	(74,923)	305,594	•
	Total Primary Government, June 30	S 4,467,885	\$ 9,322,659	s 167,617	\$ 5,084,850	s (982,219)	s (10,702,107) s	s 677,819	S 4,328,941 S	-

Table 2 Page 2 of 2

 $\begin{array}{c} (63,839,958) \\ 38,440 \\ (63,801,518) \end{array}$

(56,647,202) 550,758 (56,096,444)

2019

2018

48,916,444 12,197,179 1,335,621

46,573,903 11,444,115 1,089,152

370,471

55,941

100,000 62,919,715

15,725 59,178,836

91,773

16,620

(8,227)

62,911,488

59,179,731

(100,000)

(15,725) 895

(920,243) 30,213 (890,030)

2,531,634 551,653 **3,083,287**

s

s

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years

$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $									1.00	4	
		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
8 4,398,86 5	General Fund										
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Reserved				•	۲	•	•	•	•	۰ ۶
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Unreserved										
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Designated	2,010,967									
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Undesignated	9,776,196						•			
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Non-spendable		57,415		51,253	59,193	78,107	64,293	116,396	65,935	70,027
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Restricted		3,865,044		4,597,110	4,437,430	4,934,175	4,571,255	5,035,904	5,110,904	4,717,626
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Committed										
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Assigned		891,066		4,832,465	6,719,990	7,554,536	5,293,708	5,349,474	5,221,742	6,402,933
5 6(1)8(6)31 5 1(6)31 5 1(6)31,406 5 1(6,427,246) 5 1(6,419,992) 5 1(5,427,606) 5 1(5,44,236) 1(5,44,236) 1(5,44,236) 1(5,44,236) 1(5,44,236) 1(5,44,336) 1(5,44,336) 1(5,44,336) 1(5,44,336) 1(5,44,336) 1(5,44,336) 1(5,44,336) 1(5,44,336) 1(5,44,336) 1(5,44,336) 1(5,44,336) 1(5,44,336) 1(5,44,336) 1(5,44,336) 1(5,44,336) 1(5,44,336) </td <td>Unassigned</td> <td></td> <td>11,217,875</td> <td></td> <td>6,946,418</td> <td>5,403,379</td> <td>3,021,352</td> <td>3,498,350</td> <td>3,391,976</td> <td>3,492,253</td> <td>2,901,867</td>	Unassigned		11,217,875		6,946,418	5,403,379	3,021,352	3,498,350	3,391,976	3,492,253	2,901,867
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Total General Fund		\$ 16,031,400	s					\$ 13,893,750	\$ 13,890,834	\$ 14,092,453
\$ 613,488 \$ - \$	All Other Governmental Funds										
ited -	Reserved		s.	\$	•	•	\$	•	•	•	\$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Unreserved		'	•	•		•			•	•
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Designated		'	•	•		•			•	•
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Capital Projects Funds	3,182,408	•		•		•			•	•
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Special Revenue Funds	2,086,224	'								
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Undesignated										
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Capital Projects Funds		'								
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Special Revenue Funds		'	•	•		•			•	•
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Restricted in Special Revenue Fund		1,058,304	659,752	1,365,272	703,132	488,292	661,631	326,430	429,001	1,527,477
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Restricted in Capital Project Fund		3,329,171	1,441,024	223	13,840,506	3,563,177	946,236	1,092,443	1,106,097	14,389,485
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Committed in Capital Project Fund		1,387,486	1,387,543	3,767,538	3,102,875	1,902,498	965,658	962,975	2,118,551	1,874,217
- 1,557,064 1,911,739 33,666 3,117,800 3,527,221 3,958,397 - 2 (260,947) - (828,751) - (828,751) (828,751)	Committed in Special Revenue Fund		•	•	2,677,056	•	•			•	•
(828,751) (828,751) d - (82838) - (15) (17,528) (11,933)	Assigned Special Revenue Fund		1,557,064		33,666	3,117,800	3,527,221	3,958,397	4,783,399	4,438,549	4,455,646
- (8.838) - (15) (17.528) (11.933)	Unassigned in Capital Project Fund		•	(260,947)		•	(828,751)				(1,210,848)
	Unassigned in Special Revenue Fund	ſ	(8,838)		(15)	(17,528)	(11,933)	(92)	(59)	(419)	(25,742)
Total all other governmental funds <u>\$ 5,882,120</u> <u>\$ 7,323,187 <u>\$ 5,139,111</u> <u>\$ 7,843,740</u> <u>\$ 20,746,785 </u><u>\$ 8,640,504 </u><u>\$ 6,531,830</u> <u>\$ 7</u></u>	Total all other governmental funds					\$ 20,746,785			\$ 7,165,188	\$ 8,091,779	\$ 21,010,235

The county implemented GASB 54 starting with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

The total for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 was inflated due to the county borrowing and holding but not yet expending funds for a new middle school

The increase from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was minimal in the General Fund. The main increase took place in the other governmental funds. This was due to the county's accumulation of sales tax article 44 section 524 funds. These fund are provided by the state to counties who have lower than average retail sales. This money must be spent on either economic development, public education or the community college. The county has not spent a large portion of these fund schoosing rather to accumulate them so they can be used on a future project.

					Fi	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	led June 30,				
	2010	2011	2012	2013		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues											
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 37,919,512	\$ 38,320,869	\$ 38,541,713	3 \$ 39,022,556	S	41,619,214	\$ 42,571,130	\$ 43,648,495 \$	46,110,069	\$ 46,575,273	\$ 49,201,039
Local Options Sales Taxes	7.427.362	7.597.924	8.088.329			8.507.179	9.522.192	9.598.869	10.417.798	10.834.115	11.577.179
Other Taxes	348.168	333.579	336.917		196	406.041	428.432	448.698	442.271	520.956	552,603
Inter-povernmental	20 689 220	25 446 252	21 409 559	19		20 309 332	19 373 274	22 064 303	21 002 980	17 630 702	16 367 207
Dermits & Fees	877.023	783 483	853,603			979 459	931.087	088 384	909.252	979,574	105,00,01
Color and Comission	000 720 2	201,001	6 073 000	9	100	2020 020 2	5 645 711	5 706 101	5 426 647	721 006 3	5 762 504
	070,070,1	005 50	06,020,0 25,03	°,	074	17 401	117,040,0	121,021,0	240,004,0	061,002,0	400,007,0 121 020
Investment Earnings	144,102	81, 109	96/,66		\$83	17,401	c/.0,0I	13,665	966,08	146,66	3/0,4/1
Miscellaneous	326,142	275,395	231,880		125	325,850	201,836	295,520	503,351	198,837	348,877
Total Revenues	\$ 75,538,349	\$ 80,287,704	\$ 76,345,745	<u>5 \$ 74,475,094</u>	s	78,015,362	\$ 78,683,837	\$ 82,784,125 \$	84,852,922	\$ 82,083,554	\$ 84,732,414
Expenditures											
ernment	\$ 5,898,084	\$ 5,697,609	\$ 5,590,159	9 \$ 5,832,168	168	6,075,394	6,002,597	6,877,314	6,273,085	6,661,990	7,067,260
Public Safety	15,432,491	16,696,104	15,879,567	-	14	17,851,907	17,853,941	20,978,370	20,278,212	21,463,205	22,482,523
Environmental Protection	486,076	670,461	492,800	0 484,047)47	344,473	402,536	537,042	569,454	634,799	568,219
Economic & Physical Development	3,134,328	3,083,359	3,692,991	ŝ	505	5,454,012	6,964,432	7,618,898	6,447,532	7,026,565	7,448,709
Human Services	23,139,590	23,156,413	22,703,809	2		21,289,154	22,239,953	22.714.866	22,819,988	18,077,155	18,124,153
Cultural & Recreational	1.336.651	1 341 927	1.323.224			1 330 819	1.347.740	1.378.635	1.395.475	1 462 763	1.139.278
Education	20,444,673	19 600 307	72,076,249	C		222,227	31 447 698	21 413 329	20,636,632	22,611,641	24 345 296
Canital Projects		-									
Canital Outlav						,	2 229 692	2 916 456	1 842 524	2 057 591	2,627,889
Debt Service							10,011,1	5, 10, 10, 10	112,110,1	100,000,1	100,110,1
Principal	4,771,192	9,216,941	4,566,328	8 4,129,494	194	3,689,354	3,319,456	4,394,126	4,408,808	4,378,276	3,953,657
Interest	2,463,207	2,144,724	1,546,524		760	1,093,326	1,306,878	1,208,520	1,201,437	818,662	820,564
Total Expenditures	ł ł	\$ 81,607,840	\$ 77,871,651	1 \$ 75,372,511	s	79,465,796	\$ 93,114,923	\$ 90,037,556 \$	8	ł. ł	\$ 88,577,548
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (1,567,943)	\$ (1,320,136)	\$ (1,525,906)	6) \$ (897,417)	÷	(1,450,434)	\$ (14,431,086)	\$ (7,253,431) \$	(1,020,225)	\$ (3,109,093)	\$ (3,845,134)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Bond Proceeds	8,725,000					,			,		
Payment to Bond Holders (refinancing)	(8,625,000)					·					•
Bond Premium	154,641					'	•				•
Installment purchase financing issued	2,971,361	2,438,507	231,080	0		14,500,000	1,247,810		12,639,000	1,940,415	16,802,000
Payment on Installment purchases (refinancing)		I				ı	,	ı	(12, 428, 000)		
Sales of Capital Assets	21,355	3,481	15,236	6 2,824,007	007	46,225	45,173	67,737	66,203	34,732	63,209
Transfers in	657,546	1,270,780	446,352		130	ı	632,893	1,278,468	313,371	1,516,573	1,635,476
Transfers out	(483, 789)	(1, 106, 196)	(311,653)	3) (249,640)	(040)	-	(632, 893)	(1,278,468)	(313, 371)	(1,516,573)	(1,535,476)
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,421,114	2,606,572	381,015	5 2,958,797	197	14,546,225	1,292,983	67,737	277,203	1,975,147	16,965,209
Net change in fund balances	1,853,171	1,286,436	(1, 144, 891)	1) 2,061,380		13,095,791	(13, 138, 103)	(7,185,694)	(743,022)	(1, 133, 946)	13,120,075
Debt Service as a percentage of											
governmental expenditures	9.54%	14.15%	7.98%		6.88%	6.02%	5.09%	6.43%	6.68%	6.25%	5.64%

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Real Property						
Fiscal Year		Residential		Commercial			Personal			Total Direct
Ended June 30		Property		Property		Other	Property		Total	Tax Rate
2010	S	3,311,783,748	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	1,103,927,916	S	151,108,254	\$ 809,946,209	S	5,376,766,127	0.6599
2011		3,323,782,084		1,107,927,362		151, 108, 254	888,755,661		5,471,573,361	0.6599
2012		3,426,480,303		902,868,206		148,757,743	1,062,451,120		5,540,557,372	0.6599
2013		3,414,325,936		920,237,105		167,839,261	1,172,319,060		5,674,721,362	0.6299
2014		3,659,115,363		947,655,902		162,932,838	1,537,951,255		6,307,655,358	0.6000
2015		3,657,284,205		996,743,902		172,991,129	1,606,514,532		6,433,533,768	0.6000
2016		3,689,922,794		1,030,356,302		192,102,157	1,709,561,514		6,621,942,767	0.6000
2017		3,687,722,501		1,155,096,002		193,828,780	1,644,220,879		6,680,868,162	0.6300
2018		3,702,907,198		1,145,810,002		215,587,323	1,733,348,971		6,797,653,494	0.6300
2019		3,721,285,395		1,143,940,019		225,805,053	1,936,786,983		7,027,817,450	0.6300

				Taxes Pa	yable in the Fi	Taxes Payable in the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	d June 30,			
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
COUNTY DIRECT RATE County-Wide Rate *	\$ 0.6300	\$ 0.6300	\$ 0.6300	\$ 0.6000	\$ 0.6000	\$ 0.6000	\$ 0.6299	\$ 0.6599	\$ 0.6599	\$ 0.6599
CITY City of Lenoir City of Hickory	0.5800 0.5875	0.5800 0.5665	0.5800 0.5665	0.5800 0.5665	0.5800 0.5665	0.5600 0.5000	0.5600 0.5000	0.5400 0.5000	0.5400 0.5000	0.5400 0.5000
SPECIAL DISTRICTS Lenoir Special District	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500
TOWNS Hudson	0.4300	0.4300	0.4300	0.3900	0.3900	0.3900	0.3700	0.3700	0.3700	0.3700
Granite Falls	0.4485	0.4485	0.4485	0.4400	0.4400	0.4400	0.4400	0.4200	0.4200	0.4200
Rhodhiss	0.5500	0.5500	0.5500	0.5500	0.5500	0.5500	0.5500	0.5500	0.5500	0.5500
Blowing Rock	0.3900	0.3700	0.3700	0.3300	0.3100	0.2800	0.2800	0.2800	0.2800	0.2800
Sawmills	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000
Rutherford College	0.1200	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
VILLAGES Cedar Rock	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500
RESCUE SERVICES	·	ı	0.0085	0.0085	0.0085	0.0085	0.0085	0.0085	0.0085	0.0085
FIRE DISTRICTS	0.0395 to 0.1580	0.0395 to 0.1385	0.0395 to 0.1385	0.0310 to 0.1300	0.0310 to 0.1300	0.0310 to 0.1300	0.0310 to 0.1300	0.0310 to 0.1300	0.0310 to 0.1300	0.0310 to 0.1300

* The county-wide direct property tax rate is shown above, there are no component rates.

CALDWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

North Carolina Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$100 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

<
\mathbf{z}
Ę
Б
2
\mathbf{C}
RTH C/
E
Ř
NOI,
Ľ,
X
F
5
Б
Ŭ
Ĵ
ELI
E
\$
Ą
H
N V
$\overline{}$

Principal Property Taxpayers, Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		Fiscal Ye	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019	30, 2019	Fisc	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009	ne 30, 2009
				Percentage of			Percentage of
		Assessed		Total County	Assessed		Total County
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Assessed Value	Value	Rank	Assessed Value
Google	S	685,408,222	1		\$ 118,199,030	1	2.14%
Tapaha Dynamics LLC		355,607,300	2		53,889,600	4	0.98%
MDI/Merchant Distributors		143,171,719	c.		116,033,065	2	2.10%
Duke Energy		88,281,681	4		60,526,364	3	1.10%
Blue Ridge Electric Membership		64,201,277	5		47,409,862	5	0.86%
Walmart		35,951,123	9		19,875,703	6	0.36%
Piedmont Natural Gas		31,357,271	7				
Bernhardt Industries		29,192,250	8		27,307,818	7	0.50%
Heritage Home Group LLC/HHG Real Property llc		22,408,316	6				
Exela		20,539,703	10				
Greer Labs							
Sealed Air Corporation							
Broyhill Industries, Inc.					28,577,192	9	0.52%
Neptco					19,782,983	10	0.36%
BellSouth					22,831,759	8	0.41%
Kincaid Furniture							
Bemis							
Shuford Mills							
* Source: Caldwell County Tax Records							

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	E		Collecte Figral Ve	Collected within the Fiscal Vary of the Law	Calleations	Total Call	Total Collections to Date
	-		T IBVAI LV			I VIAL CUL	COUDE W DAW
Fiscal		for the		Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage
Year		Fiscal Year	Amount	of Original Levy	Years	Amount	of Adjusted Levy
2019	S	44,275,250	\$ 42,775,463	96.61%	•	\$ 42,775,463	96.61%
2018		42,839,522	41,194,901	96.16%	689,444.76	41,884,346	97.77%
2017		42,109,895	40,529,324	96.25%	504,371.05	41,033,696	97.44%
2016		39,744,478	38,217,503	96.16%	444,680	38,662,183	97.28%
2015		38,611,973	37,065,023	95.99%	787,917	37,852,940	98.03%
2014		37,906,403	35,909,696	94.73%	1,306,005	37,215,701	98.18%
2013		35,746,118	34,386,100	96.20%	674,344	35,060,443	98.08%
2012		36,566,382	35,461,834	96.98%	524,571	35,986,405	98.41%
2011		35,009,037	34,160,132	93.79%	474,653	34,634,785	95.10%
2010		35,997,030	35,325,921	96.99%	368,412	35,694,334	98.00%

	Last fell fiscat i cats
--	-------------------------

		Governmental Activities	al Activities			Business-1	Business-1 ype Activities				
	General	Special				General			Total	Percentage	
Fiscal	Obligation	Assessment	Installment	Capital	Water	Obligation			Primary	f Personal	Per
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Purchases	Leases	Bonds	Bonds		Leases	Government	Income	Capita
2010	\$ 7,090,000	•	\$ 43,825,627	\$ 112,113	- \$	۰ ۲	\$ 1,606,775	۰ \$	\$ 52,634,515	3.18%	\$ 657.77
11	5,485,000		38,759,815		'	•	1,444,683	ı	45,689,498	2.67%	570.98
2012	3,945,000		35,964,568		'	•	•	ı	39,909,568	2.48%	479.82
13	2,445,000	'	33,335,074		'	•	'	ı	35,780,074	2.31%	430.48
14	1,385,000	'	45,815,967		'	•	'	ı	47,200,967	2.97%	567.89
15	825,000		43,771,174		ı	•			44,596,174	2.77%	536.55
16	500,000		39,236,947	998,248	ı	•			40,735,195	2.53%	490.09
17	185,000		35,788,397	748,686	ı	•		·	36,722,083	2.13%	441.81
18	•		33,075,223	499,124	ı	•	•	ı	33,574,347	1.27%	403.94
2019			46,698,307	249,562	ı	I	ı	I	46,947,869	1.69%	564.84

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Gene Debt (General Bonded Jebt Outstanding		Percentage of			
Fiscal Year	0	General Obligation	Percentage of Personal	Actual Value of Taxable	Per		
Ended June 30		Bonds	Income	Property	Capita	ta	Population
2010	S	7,090,000	0.43%	0.13%	\$	88.60	80,020
2011		5,485,000	0.32%	0.10%	-	58.55	80,020
2012		3,945,000	0.24%	0.07%	,	47.43	83,176
2013		2,445,000	0.16%	0.04%		29.42	83,117
2014		1,385,000	0.09%	0.02%		16.66	83,117
2015		825,000	0.05%	0.01%		9.93	83,117
2016		500,000	0.03%	0.01%		6.06	82,445
2017		185,000	0.01%	0.00%		2.25	82,292
2018		ı	n/a	n/a		n/a	81,623
2019		ı	n/a	n/a		n/a	81,981

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2019

Governmental Unit	0	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	I Over	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Direct Caldwell County	S	46,947,869	100.00%	S	46,947,869
Total Direct Debt	S	46,947,869		S	46,947,869
Underlying City of Lenoir	\$	1,667,907	100.00%	S	1,667,907
Overlapping City of Hickory		44,088,502	1.93%		850,908
Total Underlying and Overlapping Debt	S	45,756,409		S	2,518,815
Grand Total	S	92,704,278		S	49,466,684

.▼
Ę
Ξ
ROI
Υ.
~
ũ
Ξ.
NORTH
Б
ž
1
2
Ż
Б
0
\circ
Ę
5
5
5
3
1
\mathbf{U}

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

										Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	ded Jı	une 30,							
		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018	2019
Assessed Value of Property	s	5,377,766,127 \$ 5,389,529,112	S	5,389,529,112	\$	5,540,557,372 \$	5,	5,674,721,362 \$	9	6,307,655,358	9	6,433,533,768	s S	\$ 6,621,942,767	s	6,680,868,162	s	6,797,653,494 \$ 7,027,817,450	7,027,817,450
Debt Limit 8% of Assessed Value (statutory limitation)		430,221,290		431,162,329		443,244,590		453,977,709		504,612,429		514,682,701		529,755,421		534,469,453		543,812,280	562,225,396
Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit																			
General Obligation Bonds & Installment Purchases		52,634,496		45,689,498		39,909,568		35,780,074		47,200,967		44,596,174		40,735,195		36,537,387		34,099,526	46,947,869
Legal Debt Margin	s	377,586,794 S 385,472,831	Ś	385,472,831	s	407,464,516		407,386,989 S		457,411,462	s	470,086,527	s	489,020,226	s	497,932,066	s	509,712,754 S	515,277,527
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		12.23%		10.60%		8.07%		10.26%		9.35%		8.66%		7.69%		6.84%		6.27%	8.35%

<
Ζ
\mathbf{O}
ROI
\triangleleft
C
RTH (
H
\sim
õ
Z
_
\succ
2
VTV
\mathbf{E}
CO
$\overline{\sim}$
$\mathbf{\cup}$
\Box
E
H
5
~
Ę
$\vec{\mathbf{O}}$

Demographic and Economic Statistics

			Per Capita		Public	Private	
		Personal		Median	School	School	Unemployment
Year	Population	Income	Income	Age	Enrollment	Enrollment	Rate
2010	80,020	\$ 1,656,654,060	\$	40	12,888	400	12.70%
2011	83,209	1,711,957,296		42	12,452	400	13.30%
2012	83,117	1,609,311,354		42	12,555	400	13.20%
2013	83,117	1,549,300,880		42	12,333	400	10.00%
2014	82,590	1,587,544,980		42	12,072	421	7.40%
2015	82,321	1,609,540,192		44	12,060	400	7.10%
2016	82,445	1,611,964,640		43	11,918	400	6.30%
2017	82,292	1,725,827,824	20,972	43	11,569	400	4.20%
2018	81,623	2,653,400,484		44	12,187	205	4.00%
2019	81,981	2,772,178,515	33,815	44	11,236	164	3.80%

****** Source: North Carolina Department of Commerce

		2019			2009	
			Total County			Total County
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Caldwell County Schools	1000+	1	35,193	1000+	1	31,993
Merchants Distributors Inc	1000 +	7		1000+	С	
Bernhardt Furniture Co Inc	1000+	ς		1000+	2	
Caldwell Memorial Hospital Inc	500-999	4				
Caldwell County	500-999	5		500-999	4	
Wal-Mart Associates Inc	500-999	9		500-999	6	
Caldwell Community Coll & Tech Inst	500-999	7		500-999	8	
Sealed Air	250-499	8		500-999	6	
Fairfield Chair Company	250-499	6				
Exela Pharma Science	250-499	10				
Broyhill Furniture Industries Inc				500-999	5	
Thomasville Furniture Ind Inc				500-999	L	
Universal Mental Health Services				250-500	10	

** Source: North Carolina Department of Commerce

CALDWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

CALDWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA	
ALDWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLIN	◄
ALDWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROL	
ALDWELL COUNTY, NORTH CARO	
ALDWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAR(Ξ.
ALDWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAR	<u> </u>
ALDWELL COUNTY, NORTH CA	~
ALDWELL COUNTY, NORTH (
ALDWELL COUNTY, NORTH	\circ
ALDWELL COUNTY, NOR	
ALDWELL COUNTY, NOR	
ALDWELL COUNTY, NO	
ALDWELL COUNTY, N	-
ALDWELL COUNTY,	
ALDWELL COUNTY	
ALDWELL COUN	
ALDWELL COUN	H
ALDWELL COU	
ALDWELL CO	
ALDWELL	0
ALDWEL	Ũ
ALDWEL	. 1
ALDWE	· •
ALDW	Ξ
ALDV	
AL	<
	ų.
S	1
\cup	3
	\cup

Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function

Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Public Safety	226	225	221	217	207	197	198	188	188	187
Health and Human Services	222	220	223	225	221	218	216	246	242	240
Environmental Protection	4	4	4	4	2	2	-	1	1	1
Economic Development	33	ŝ	3	33	33	3	3	3	4	4
General Government	82	83	78	76	62	62	<i>LT</i>	62	85	85
Cultural and Recreational	19	19	17	19	20	19	19	19	19	19
Enterprise Fund	13	13	14	13	13	12	12	13	13	13
Total	569	567	560	557	545	530	526	549	552	549

** All data presented on table 15 comes from records maintained by staff of Caldwell County.

*** Data prior to 2010 is not available

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Public Safety										
Average Daily Population at Jail	174	168	172	197	247	246	198	195	189	188
Number of Arrests by Sheriff Department	2,814	3,316	3,440	2,867	3,514	3,508	3,473	3,207	3,499	3,457
Responses by Sheriff Department	39,064	44,145	43,507	44,507	42,950	41,244	41,384	34,293	37,062	61,584
Health and Human Services										
Department of Social Services										
Adult Medicaid applications completed	1,411	1,470	1,381	1,470	1,683	2,490	2,430	2,608	2,278	2,212
Family Medicaid applications completed	2,919	3,484	701	3,484	3,790	5,728	6,417	6,580	8,068	8,460
New Children enrolled in Medicaid	978	593	n/a	n/a	n/a	2,952	4,053	4,342	5,365	5,599
Special Assistance applications completed	93	78	95	78	48	117	146	178	167	127
Food Stamps applications taken	4,193	5,059	4,800	5,059	5,478	4,061	4,900	5,582	565	5,826
Food Stamps applications approved	3,921	5,123	4,614	5,123	5,296	4,976	3,832	4,171	4,05	
Food Stamps applications denied	787	647	761	647	1,513	066	1,009	1,047	984	1,491
Child Support orders	249	376	304	376	304	417	404	499	549	621
Medicaid Transportation requests	22,427	18,903	20,402	18,903	18,758	16,137	16,554	13,234	12,290	10,927
Average children receiving Child Care Subsidy each month	759	703	763	703	674	712	740	766	850	856
Emergency Assistance applications taken	n/a	3,562	3,349	3,562	3,504	3,841	4,832	5,017	3,773	3,544
Emergency Assistance applications approved	n/a	3,530	3,286	3,530	3,452	3,803	4,754	4,957	3,745	3,485
Work First applications completed	42	39	42	39	28	39	83	162	170	222
Average monthly enrollment in Adolescent Parenting Program			'		•	'	'	'	17	18
Adult Protective Services referrals	537	717	744	717	592	630	707	652	512	421
Reported cases of Physical or Sexual Abuse to Children	24	39	27	39	70	58	50	58	64	36
New cases of children placed in Foster Care	26	84	81	84	92	124	136	108	141	103
Finalized Adoptions	41	64	50	64	46	57	39	28	42	48
Clients seen at reception desk	29,064	32,786	30,647	32,786	41,760	49,303	49,787	35,303	34,878	33,852
Telephone calls received by switch board	57,861	90,565	52,916	90,565	73,723	89,011	100,547	107,194	99,229	103,617
Total Number of CPS Reports Investigated	744	1,057	1,134	1,057	1,117	1,020	1,000	1,979	1,830	1,095
Economic Impact of Social Services Administered Programs										
Medicaid	116,437,663	109,814,040	116,437,663	109,814,040	n/a	107,070,682	106,270,617	101,671,025	97,187,390	94,971,287
Food Stamps	17,088,842	20,987,778	17,088,842	20,987,778	21,289,069	20,793,667	21,117,486	24,787,284	23,495,280	21,734,319
Work First	155,580	163,094	155,580	163,094	123,334	144,606	209,246	172,302	147,626	147,626
Rest Home	1,087,510	1,111,753	1,087,510	1,111,753	1,187,968	1,289,393	1,418,374	1,344,695	1,352,486	1,307,034
Energy & Crisis	752,264	723,218	752,264	723,218	797,677	706,333	809,228	896,386	1,054,851	1,160,671
Foster Care and Adoption	5,792,063	5,590,066	5,792,063	5,590,066	5,827,764	5,305,442	5,136,449	4,870,092	4,529,359	4,226,791
Child Daycare	3,329,635	2,996,704	3,329,635	2,996,704	2,850,529	2,925,670	2,987,568	3,187,595	3,606,396	2,492,378
Child Support	5,646,128	5,165,874	5,646,128	5,165,874	. i	5,831,040	6,191,419	6,417,807	6,561,065	6,524,085
Total	\$ 150,289,685	\$ 146,552,527	s 150,289,685	\$ 146,552,527	\$ 37,873,131	\$ 144,066,833	\$ 144,140,387	\$ 143,347,186	\$ 137,934,453	\$ 132,564,191

Table 16 Page 1 of 3

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

-
- b1
ò
- E
<u> </u>
=
0
·=
- 53
=
_
1

Function/Program	2019	2018		2017		2016	2015		2014	2	2013	2012	 	2011	ļ	2010	
Health Department																	
Rabies vaccinations given by animal control	1,254	1	283	1,290		1,199		1,350	923		832		893	1,44		1,448	
Animals adopted out from the animal shelter	425		326	246		240		285	227		215		178	22		211	
Dollars paid out by the WIC program	\$ 1,373,811	\$ 1,350	455 \$	1,283,237	s	1,299,752	\$ 1,51	1,518,926 \$	1,641,404	_	1,681,599	1,66	2,408	1,558,068		1,619,081	
Home visits made by home health agency	n/a		n/a	n/a		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a		-	1,436	17,95	_	17,950	
Immunization rate for two year old children	84%		87%	87%		88%		%06	94%		89%		76%	61	%	74%	
Number of children seen by dentist	2,694		580	1,673		2,120		2,506	2,377		2,414		1,416	3,19		3,291	
Adult and child immunizations	n/a		n/a	n/a		n/a	n/a		2,762		1,465		1,188	n/a			
Primary clinic visits	2,331	2	974	9,107		9,279		9,195	8,647		9,125		1,800	2,12) n/a		
Nutrition contacts for WIC	19,470		123	7,851		8,045		8,124	8,215		8,576		9,243	'n			
Inspections carried out by Environmental Health	2,525		784	2,728		1,873		1,722	1,377		1,144		1,158	1,65			
Maternity care encounters	2,138		768	1,936		2,040		2,254	2,465		2,306		2,415	3,240	n/a (
Local TV programs for health education	12		18	27		14		12	14		12		14	2		21	
Environmental Protection																	
Solid Waste Investigations	102		139	151		101		152	70		49		42	4		139	
Solid Waste Fines Issued			 			'		 	'		'		 			'	
Economic Development																	
Building Permits Issued																	
New non-residential permits	62		88	54		90		77	65		76		65	7		59	
Non-residential additions	122		113	71		06		61	60		88		78	52		54	
New residential permits	150		115	66		06		117	98		74		63	8		119	
Residential additions	139		169	152		150		155	138		145		174	19		145	
Total Issued	490		485	376		420		410	361		383		380	406		377	
Economic Development Incentive Payments	\$ 5,913,458	\$ 5,373,148	148 S	4,273,959	S	5,437,696	\$ 5,43	5,437,696 \$	3,932,145	s	2,495,915	\$ 1,23	1,238,559 \$	1,249,713	s	1,284,854	
<u>Major Subdivisions Approved</u>																	
Preliminary				2		1		-	'		'					-	
Final	3		3	'		-			'		'					-	
Cell Tower colocator requests approved	n/a		-			•			'		•						
Rezoning requests	n/a		1	7		'			ŝ		-					3	
Variance requests						6		1	'		,					-	
Planning violation investigations	214		209	n/a	n/a			18	17		21		17	13		90	
Planning violation complaints	215		209	n/a	n/a			18	17		21		17	13		8	
Street signs installed (E911)	20		44	54		84		55	65		91		105	9	~	288	

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Cultural and Recreational										
Library branches	3	3	3	3	3	3	33	3	3	3
Library staff	n/a	19.86	19.86	19.86	19.86	19.86	19.86	19.86	19.86	19.86
Full time staff	18.00	n/a								
Part time staff	10.00	n/a								
Total number of print items	122,549	122,931	131,818	125,744	128,154	142,376	133,987	140,854	138,102	136,848
Total number of electronic materials	168,281	84,342	118,265	n/a						
Total number of non-print items	n/a	n/a	n/a	18,031	16,687	19,891	16,288	24,475	23,776	21,977
Registered Borrowers	34,795	32,905	30,907	40,082	37,911	39,537	36,917	64,383	61,747	59
Total circulation	299,353	274,273	277,787	265,294	287,732	318,608	331,252	357,792	363,323	384,377
Number of visits to libraries	347,724	316,532	307,405	297,928	206,366	226,191	283,828	314,742	294,231	275,595
Reference questions answered	74,776	62,456	59,956	50,856	53,820	29,146	50,038	42,392	47,946	43,763
Number of uses of public computers	45,665	49,322	41,243	43,223	50,586	55,250	59,341	67,780	71,569	70,832
Meeting rooms attendance	n/a	n/a	15,484	22,730	19,006	18,669	26,857	27,642	38,024	34,687
Study room attendance	693	n/a								
Library programs hosted	667	546	570	n/a						
Library program attendance	12,957	16,962	11,244	n/a						

** All data presented on table 16 comes from records maintained by staff of Caldwell County.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Public Safety										
Jail capacity	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185
Jail square feet	34,600	34,600	34,600	34,600	34,600	34,600	34,600	34,600	34,600	34,600
Number of ambulances	13	13	13	13	13	13	14	14	15	13
Number of squad cars	66	66	90	16	90	90	75	75	72	87
Health and Human Services										
Square footage available to Health Department	45,660	45,660	45,660	45,660	45,660	45,660	45,660	45,660	45,660	45,660
Square footage available to DSS	70,736	70,736	70,736	70,736	70,736	70,736	70,736	70,736	70,736	70,736
Environmental Protection										
Number of convenience sites in County	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
General Government										
Square footage in County office building	32,550	32,550	32,550	32,550	32,550	32,550	32,550	32,550	32,550	32,550
Cultural and Recreational										
Number of libraries in County	3	ŝ	3	ŝ	3		ŝ	3	3	ŝ
Square footage used by libraries	34,661	57,741	57,741	57,741	57,741	57,741	57,741	57,741	57,741	57,741
Number of parks in County	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

* Data prior to 2009 is not available. *** All data presented on table 17 comes from records maintained by staff of Caldwell County.

Miscellaneous Information June 30, 2018

Date of Incorporation	1,841
Form of Government	Commission - Manager
Number of Employees	560
Full-Time Permanent Other	569 118
Area in square miles	118
Area in square nines	110
Number of Government Facilities and Services:	
Miles of Street	589 paved 108 unpaved
Fire Protection (a)	
Number of Stations	14
Number of Firefighters	549
Number of Responses	12,534
Law Enforcement (b)	
Number of Stations	1
Number of Officers	82
Cultural and Recreational	
Parks	13
Acres Covered by Parks	379
Acres Covered by National Forest	45,603
Number of Libraries	3
Number of Volumes	122,549
Number of Electronic Materials	168,281
Facilities and Services Not Included in the Reporting Entity	
Hospitals	
Number of Hospitals	1
Number of Patient Beds	120
Education (K-12)	
Number of Schools	26
Number of Classrooms	1,013
Number of Teachers	787
Number of Students	11,523
Higher Education (Caldwell Community College)	
Number of Locations	2
Number of Students	3,721
(a) Includes municipal and volunteer fire departments	
(a) includes maintenant and volumeer me departments	

(b) Includes Caldwell County and Towns of Lenoir, Granite Falls, Hudson and Rhodhiss

* All data presented on this page comes from records maintained by staff of Caldwell County.

