Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Prepared by the Finance Department Dee Meshaw, Assistant County Manager



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Introductory Section

Letter of Transmittal

List of Principal Officials

Organizational Chart

Map of Carteret County, North Carolina

GFOA Certificate of Achievement



CARTERET COUNTY FINANCE

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November 26, 2019

To the Citizens of Carteret County:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within four months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the County of Carteret (the "County") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather that absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The County's financial statements have been audited by RSM LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the County was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statement in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the County

Carteret County, incorporated in 1722, is a growing county located on the central coastline of North Carolina with approximately 70,000 residents living in or around municipalities and rural "Down East" maritime communities. Carteret County contains 526 square miles of land area and a coastline nearly 80 miles long. The County is bordered on the north by the Pamlico Sound and on the east and south by the Atlantic Ocean. Eleven municipalities are located within the County, with Morehead City being the largest. Beaufort, the third oldest town in North Carolina, serves as the County seat.

Carteret County has established itself as a premier vacation spot, with attractions such as Fort Macon State Park, North Carolina Aquarium, North Carolina Maritime Museum, and Cape Lookout National Seashore. The County has a commissioners/manager form of government. Districts elect the seven members of the Board and serve staggered terms. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the governing board. The governing board is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the County's manager and attorney. The County manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing board, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the various departments.

The County provides a full range of services including public safety, social services and health services, cultural and recreational activities, general administration, and other. The Board of County Commissioners also extends financial support to certain boards, agencies, and commissioners to assist their efforts in servicing citizens. Among these are the Carteret County Board of Education, the Craven-Pamlico-Carteret Regional Library, Carteret Community College, the Economic Development Council, and Trillium Health Resources.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. All agencies of the County are required to submit requests for appropriation to the county manager's office on or before the end of February each year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g. public safety), and department (e.g. law enforcement). The legal level for the General Fund budget is the department level, and all other funds legal level of control is the fund level. Regarding the General Fund, department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. The County manager may transfer amounts between objects of expenditures and revenues within a department without limitation. Amounts up to \$30,000 between departments of the same fund per occurrence may be transferred by the manager; however, amounts greater than \$30,000 per occurrence require Commission approval. In addition, amounts between funds require Commission approval. Contingency appropriation transfers require Commission approval except for the purpose of funding salary and benefits adjustments consistent with the Carteret County personal policy. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on page 38 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. Also included in the governmental fund subsection are project-length budgetto-actual comparisons for each governmental fund for which a project-length budget has been adopted (i.e. the special revenue funds and the capital projects funds). Annually adopted funds are as follows: General Fund, Occupancy Tax, Emergency Telephone System, Rescue Squad Taxing District, Fire Taxing Districts, Salter Path Taxing District, Water Taxing District, County Capital Reserve, County Capital improvements, County Facilities / Debt Reserve, School Special Project, and Water Fund. All other funds excluding agency funds have been adopted as project length budgets and are listed as follows: County Construction Project, 2015 School Bond Project, and Carteret Community College Construction Fund.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

Local Economy

The County economy continues to improve. Annual unemployment average was 4.66% for the County compared to 4.35% in the prior year, and those rates are slightly higher than the state's average unemployment rate of 3.88%. The tourism industry continues to perform well with an average annual economic impact of \$377.05 million, a 4.0% increase from the previous year. Carteret County ranks thirteenth in the state for tourism. In addition, the county continues to be diverse with manufacturing, distribution, research, construction and marine trades.

Industrial Parks

The Jarrett Bay Marine Industrial Park is approximately 175 acres north of Beaufort on the Intracoastal Waterway. The Park concentrates on the boat industry, and has rapidly evolved into one of the most comprehensive one stop service supply facilities on the east coast. Jarrett Bay Boatworks Inc. added an ultra-modern 30,000 square foot indoor heated repair facility that is designed to accommodate up to two 100 foot vessels side by side with a 55 foot clearance. This addition brings Jarrett Bay's building square footage to 125,000. The Park continues to expand with 98% of the land sold.

Crystal Coast Business Park is located off US Route 70 in Morehead City. The park is 58 acres with eleven parcels. Nine parcels have been sold. The County continues its efforts to recruit businesses to this park. Parcel sizes vary from approximately 2 acres to over 10 acres.

Morehead City State Port

The Morehead City Port is one of the deepest ports on the east coast with a forty-five foot depth and only four miles from the Atlantic Ocean. The port handles both break bulk and bulk cargo and has break bulk tonnage capacity of 1,080,000 and tonnage capacity of 2,730,000. The Port is the second largest importer in the country for natural rubber. Commodities such as rubber, phosphate, lumber, steel, and wood pulp go through the port.

Marine Science

The marine science agencies in Carteret County constitute one of the nation's largest and most diverse concentration of marine related expertise and activity. There are eight major marine science agencies as follows: Duke University Marine Lab, University of North Carolina Institute of Marine Science, North Carolina State University Center for Marine Science and Technology (CMAST), the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Center for Coastal Fisheries and Habitat Research, Carteret Community College Aquaculture and Marine Trades, NC Aquarium at Pine Knoll Shores, NC Division of Coastal Management, and NC Division of Marine Fisheries. Carteret County's eight major marine science agencies account for a total economic impact in the county of \$83 million in economic activity, \$4 million in salary and investment income, and support the employment of 1,063 Carteret residents.

Retail

Retail continues to expand in Carteret County. The County continues to see modest expansion in locally owned restaurants and retail.

The following table lists the 10 largest employers in the County in 2019:

		Employment
Employer	Service	Range
Carteret County Public Schools	Education	1000+
Carteret General Hospital	Health Servcies	1000+
Carteret County	Government Service	500-999
Wal-Mart Associates Inc	Retail	250-499
Lowes Home Improvements	Retail	250-499
Carteret Community College	Education	250-499
Big Rock Sports LLC	Retail	250-499
Food Lion	Retail	250-499
Lowes Foods LLC	Retail	100-249
Bally Refrigerated Boxes Inc	Manufacturing	100-249

Source: NC Commerce LEAD Division

2019 Employees are full time

During the last ten years, the County's expenses have increased with the most emphasis on public safety and education. These areas have increased 41.58% in public safety and 18.25% in education operating expenses. As a result, of education funding, Carteret County Schools consistently ranks in the top fifteen school systems in local funding ranking in the state. In public safety, funding increases have resulted in greater levels of services with first responders such as paramedics, the Sheriff's Department and 911 telephone system enhancements. The funding increases have provided resources for more staff and staff training, as well as needed equipment. Environmental protection illustrates a 496% increase from 10 years ago. However, this increase is due to the significant amount of debris removal due to Hurricane Florence. Excluding Hurricane Florence, environmental protection has increased 24% over the last ten years.

During this same ten year period, revenues have remained stable with modest increases in fees and taxes. Most increased revenue growth has occurred naturally, and is not due to the Board of Commissioners levying taxes and fee increases. Fees and taxes are set annually to support the adopted budget's services and expenses.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The County's total operating budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 totals \$119,176,260 with a General Fund tax rate of \$.31 per \$100 of assessed value, based on a total valuation of \$15.34 billion. The County's assessed value represents approximately 2.33% increase from the assessed value used in the June 30, 2019 budget. The increase is due to modest construction in the County. The County anticipates modest growth in its tax base going forward. For the County's operating budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, it is anticipated that the tax rate would need to be between \$.31 and \$.33 per \$100 of the current assessed value to maintain the current level of service.

The County may elect to use available fund balance for some capital projects and improvements, but such use will be within the constraints of the County's fund balance policy, which requires the County to maintain a 15% unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

Major Initiatives

The County has several initiatives for fiscal year 2020. In fiscal year 2015, the County developed a facilities master plan to address space needs and current building conditions for social services, courts, Sheriff Division, and County administration needs. The plan is an approximate \$79 million plan that is

broken out in multiple phases over a 15 year period. The County Board of Commissioners appropriated funding for a new General Services building that houses public works, public buildings, and the transportation departments. Two of these departments were located in a building that was over 40 years old. This facility was completed in fiscal year 2019. Currently, the Board has established a committee to evaluate expanding its existing detention center. If the detention center is expanded and other recommendations in the plan are implemented over time, the County anticipates funding the plan with a combination of long term debt and pay as you go. In addition to the facilities master plan, the county continues to fund park improvements, other building improvements, as well as capital improvements for our schools and community college.

The County continues its initiatives in the fiscal year 2020 budget to improve public safety, transportation, waterway dredging, and human services. The fiscal year 2020 budget funds equipment and expands staffing levels.

In fiscal year 2013, the County completed its \$3.51 million water system improvement project. In fiscal year 2020, the County continues to fund pay as you go capital improvements and maintenance to improve efficiency in operations. Due to the improvements completed in 2013, the County does not have any major water system projects planned for the next few years.

Award and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Carteret County for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2018. This was the seventeenth consecutive year that Carteret County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the County must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the County also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the County's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

In summary, this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report provides a source of information to citizens, the Board of Commissions, other governmental agencies, and investors and creditors, all of whom rely upon it for decision making and the opportunity to learn more about Carteret County's financial condition.

Much appreciation is expressed to the Finance Department's staff and RSM LLP without whose dedicated assistance this report could not have been produced. Gratitude goes to the Board of Commissioners for their continued interest and support throughout the past year.

Sincerely,

Dee Meshaw

Dee H. Meshaw Assistant County Manager

CARTERET COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2019

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

MARK MANSFIELD Chairman Morehead City, North Carolina

ROBIN COMER BOB CAVANAUGH

Vice Chairman Morehead City, North Carolina

Stella, North Carolina

JIMMY FARRINGTON JONATHAN ROBINSON Emerald Isle, North Carolina Atlantic, North Carolina

BILL SMITH ED WHEATLY

Newport, North Carolina Beaufort, North Carolina

COUNTY OFFICIALS

Tommy Burns County Manager

Dee H. Meshaw Assistant County Manager Finance Director

Eugene Foxworth Assistant County Manager, General Services

Asa Buck III Sheriff

Karen Hardesty Register of Deeds

Cynthia Holman Human Services Director

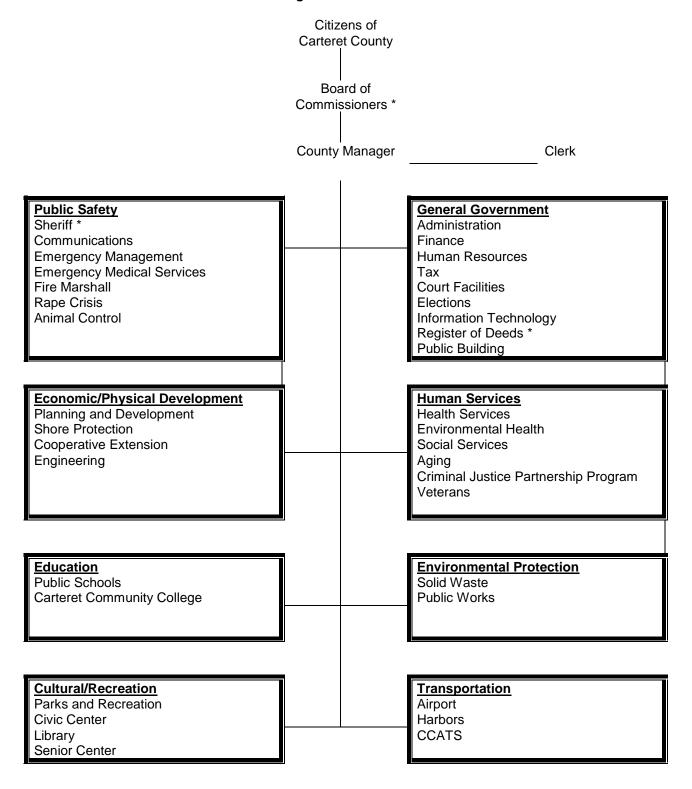
Stephen Rae Emergency Management Director

Ray Hall Information Technology Director

Alfred Gillikin InterimTax Administrator

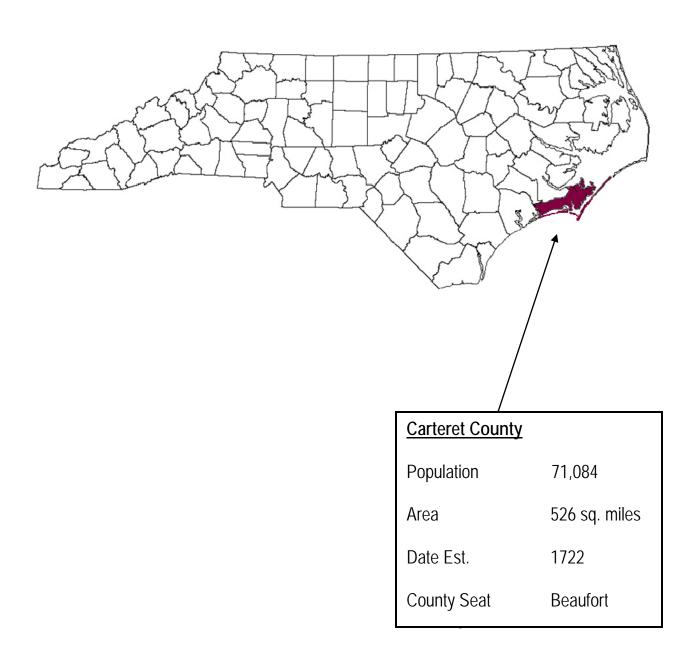
Tina Purifoy Parks and Recreation/ Civic Center Director

Carteret County, North Carolina Organizational Chart



^{*} Elected Officials

MAP OF CARTERET COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Carteret County North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Financial Section

Independent Auditor's Report

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Basic Financial Statements

Notes to Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)



Independent Auditor's Report



To the Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Commissioners Carteret County, North Carolina

RSM US LLP

13621 John Platt Drive Morehead City, NC 28557

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www.rsmus.com

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carteret County, North Carolina (the County) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Carteret County Tourism Development Authority, Beaufort-Morehead City Airport Authority, Carteret County Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC) Board or Carteret County General Hospital Corporation, which collectively represent 100% of the assets, net position and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the County. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Carteret County Tourism Development Authority, Beaufort-Morehead City Airport Authority, Carteret County ABC Board and Carteret County General Hospital Corporation, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Carteret County ABC Board and Carteret County General Hospital Corporation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carteret County, North Carolina as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and the occupancy tax fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 17 through 28, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll, the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and County Contributions, the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and County Contributions and the Other Postemployment Benefits' Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability, on pages 105 through 116 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The financial statements and schedules listed in the financial section of the table of contents as "other supplemental financial data," the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act in the compliance section of the table of contents, and the introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental financial data and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards identified in the preceding paragraph are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements and schedules listed as other supplemental financial data and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 26, 2019, on our consideration of Carteret County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Carteret County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

Morehead City, North Carolina November 26, 2019



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2019

As management of the County, we offer readers of Carteret County's (the "County") financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

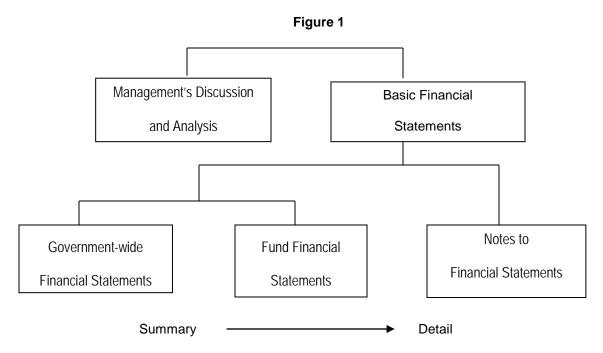
Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Carteret County (primary government) were greater than its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$53,421,303 (net position).
- The government's total net position decreased by \$6,371,348, primarily due to Hurricane Florence federal and state eligible expense reimbursements not received during the fiscal year. This anticipated amount of reimbursement is approximately \$6.10 million. Revenues such as ad valorem and sales taxes exceeded projections.
- As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$60,245,907, after a net decrease in fund balance of \$11,366,080.
 Approximately 66.06 percent of this total amount or \$39,796,630 is restricted, committed or assigned.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$21,801,623 or 22.18 percent of total General Fund expenditures, excluding other financing uses, for the fiscal year.
- The County's total long-term debt (Figure 5) decreased by \$3,559,803. The County retired debt principal and decrease in net pension liability that resulted in a net decrease in long term debt.
- The County maintained its AA+ (Standard & Poor's and Fitch Ratings) and Aa1 (Moody's Investor Services) for the seventh year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the County.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the **Government-Wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short- and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statement.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. Following the notes is the **required supplemental information**. This section contains funding information about the County's pension and other postemployment benefit plans.

After the required supplemental information, additional **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the County's non-major governmental funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2019

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short- and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the County's total assets plus deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) discretely presented component units. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as general administration, human services, education, public safety and public works. Property and other taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the County charges customers to provide. These include the water services offered by the County. The final category is the component units. Although legally separate from the County, the ABC Board, Carteret General Hospital, Tourism Development Authority and the Airport are important to the County because the County exercises control over the Boards by appointing their members.

The government-wide financial statements are on pages 30-33 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or noncompliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2019

The County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. The governmental fund financial statements are on pages 34 - 40 of this report.

Proprietary Funds – The County has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses an enterprise fund to account for its water activity. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The proprietary fund financial statements are on pages 41 - 44 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The County has four agency funds. The fiduciary fund financial statements are on page 45 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements are on pages 46 - 101 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its law enforcement employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 103 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$53,421,303 as of June 30, 2019. The County's net position decreased by \$6,371,348 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets of \$27,406,883, restricted net position of \$25,009,402, and unrestricted net position of 1,005,018.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2019

The net investment in capital assets category is defined as the County's investment in County owned capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Another category of net position is restricted net position. This represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The final category of net position is unrestricted net position. This balance may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors. At June 30, 2019, the unrestricted net position of governmental activities reported \$31,040. Of the County's net position, \$25,009,402 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they are to be used.

As with many counties in the State of North Carolina, the County's small unrestricted net position is due primarily to the portion of the County's outstanding debt incurred for the County Board of Education (the "school system") and Carteret Community College. Under North Carolina law, the County is responsible for providing capital funding for the school system and the community college. The County has chosen to meet its legal obligation to provide the school system capital funding by using a mixture of County funds, general obligation debt, and installment debt. The assets are funded by the County; however, the assets are owned and utilized by the school system and the community college, and are reported by those entities. The County, as the debt issuing government, acquires no capital assets; the County has incurred a liability without a corresponding increase in assets. At the end of the fiscal year, approximately \$28.75 million of the outstanding debt on the County's financial statements was related to assets included in the school system's and community college's financial statements. However, as the majority of this school system and community college related debt is general obligation debt, it is collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County. Accordingly, the County is authorized and required by State law to levy ad valorem taxes, without limit as to rate or amount, as may be necessary to pay the debt service on its general obligation bonds. Principal and interest requirements will be provided by an appropriation in the year in which they become due.

Figure 2

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	Total			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Current and other assets	\$ 72,681,861	\$ 81,422,627	\$ 1,262,168	\$ 1,090,285	\$ 73,944,029	\$ 82,512,912		
Capital assets	23,034,640	23,030,203	6,488,371	6,836,643	29,523,011	29,866,846		
Total assets	95,716,501	104,452,830	7,750,539	7,926,928	103,467,040	112,379,758		
Total deferred outflows of resources	7,337,961	5,820,817	58,009	42,770	7,395,970	5,863,587		
Long-term liabilities								
outstanding	47,070,604	50,459,908	2,232,744	2,403,243	49,303,348	52,863,151		
Other liabilities	4,593,329	4,521,867	173,653	143,927	4,766,982	4,665,794		
Total liabilities	51,663,933	54,981,775	2,406,397	2,547,170	54,070,330	57,528,945		
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,365,447	916,104	5,930	5,645	3,371,377	921,749		
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets	22,984,640	22,912,344	4,422,243	4,581,483	27,406,883	27,493,827		
Restricted	25,009,402	31,744,580	-	-	25,009,402	31,744,580		
Unrestricted (deficit)	31,040	(281,156)	973,978	835,400	1,005,018	554,244		
Total net position	\$ 48,025,082	\$ 54,375,768	\$ 5,396,221	\$ 5,416,883	\$ 53,421,303	\$ 59,792,651		

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2019

Governmental activities: Governmental activities decreased the County's net position by \$6,350,686 from fiscal year 2019. Key elements that net to this decrease are as follows:

- Increases in property tax revenue were approximately \$1.10 million due, and growth in the tax base and the Board of Commissioners increasing some rates in special taxing districts.
- Increases in other taxes which include sales taxes and occupancy tax were approximately \$1.29 million from the prior fiscal year.
- Beach Nourishment Phase I project was completed, and \$7.95 million restricted beach nourishment funds were spent.
- Hurricane Florence expenses were approximately \$16.76 million and the County was reimbursed \$10.45 million by FEMA, the State and insurance proceeds. \$15.40 million has been approved by FEMA, and \$6.10 million has not been received by the County. Because of Hurricane Florence, most expense categories increased from the previous fiscal year.
- Many expense categories were less than projected, such as general government, public safety, transportation, economic and physical development, human services, cultural and recreation, as well as contingency that offset a portion of the impact of the above listed expenses.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities decreased net position by \$20,662. Even though revenues were greater than projected and expenses were less than projected, net position decreased for fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. The primary factor for the decrease was due to depreciation expense and scheduled plant maintenance for the water system. The decrease in net position was partially offset by contracted services, personnel, and chemical expenses less than projected. The County completed a major water system improvement fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, and now those assets are being depreciated. The water plant infrastructure was minimally impacted by Hurricane Florence and had a small amount of fence damage.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2019

The County's Changes in Net Position

Figure 3

	Governmental Activities				Business-T	ype A	Activities	Total			
		2019		2018	2019		2018	2019		2018	
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	8,523,191	\$	7,483,906	\$ 711,732	\$	678,879	\$ 9,234,923	\$	8,162,785	
Operating grants and											
contributions		28,013,773		12,549,708	-		-	28,013,773		12,549,708	
Capital grants and											
contributions		328,231		356,952	-		-	328,231		356,952	
General revenues:											
Property taxes		54,449,182		53,338,473	-		-	54,449,182		53,338,473	
Other taxes		26,057,980		24,775,357	-		-	26,057,980		24,775,357	
Other		3,501,529		2,003,360	26,896		9,403	3,528,425		2,012,763	
Total revenues		120,873,886		100,507,756	738,628		688,282	121,612,514		101,196,038	
Expenses:											
General government		9,357,478		8,144,384	-		-	9,357,478		8,144,384	
Public safety		23,453,487		20,981,474	_		-	23,453,487		20,981,474	
Transportation		1,841,321		1,628,539	-		-	1,841,321		1,628,539	
Economic and physical											
development		23,043,843		6,248,400	-		-	23,043,843		6,248,400	
Environmental protection		18,482,660		3,835,482	-		-	18,482,660		3,835,482	
Human services		16,619,956		15,878,033	-		-	16,619,956		15,878,033	
Cultural and recreation		4,375,740		4,159,922	-		-	4,375,740		4,159,922	
Education		28,549,195		29,442,864	-		-	28,549,195		29,442,864	
Interest on long-term debt		1,100,892		1,284,366	-		-	1,100,892		1,284,366	
Water		-		-	1,159,290		1,259,889	1,159,290		1,259,889	
Total expenses		126,824,572		91,603,464	1,159,290		1,259,889	127,983,862		92,863,353	
Increase (decrease) in net											
position before transfers		(5,950,686)		8,904,292	(420,662)		(571,607)	(6,371,348)		8,332,685	
Transfers		(400,000)		(433,600)	400,000		433,600	-		-	
Increase (decrease)											
in net position		(6,350,686)		8,470,692	(20,662)		(138,007)	(6,371,348)		8,332,685	
Net position, beginning, previously											
reported		54,375,768		49,336,204	5,416,883		5,635,176	59,792,651		54,971,380	
Restatement - accounting change				(3,431,128)			(80,286)			(3,511,414)	
Net position, July 1, restated		54,375,768		45,905,076	5,416,883		5,554,890	59,792,651		51,459,966	
Net position, June 30	\$	48,025,082	\$	54,375,768	\$ 5,396,221	\$	5,416,883	\$ 53,421,303	\$	59,792,651	

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

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The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year. unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$21,801,623, while total fund balance reached \$47,991,499. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The County currently has an unassigned fund balance of 22.18 percent of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 48.83 percent of that same amount. The County's unassigned fund balance decreased \$7,244,456. The decrease in unassigned fund balance is mostly due to FEMA and State reimbursements not released to the County by year end. FEMA has approved \$15,403,358 in expenditure reimbursements, and \$6.095.317 had not been released to the County, thus accounting for most of the decrease. In addition, when the budget was adopted, fund balance was planned as the funding source for many capital projects and improvements for public schools, community college, and county. This planned capital accounts for the remaining \$1.149.139 decrease in unassigned fund balance. Revenues categories excluding intergovernmental revenues exceeded budgeted amounts by approximately \$2.80 million, with most of the amount derived from sales taxes, property taxes and interest earnings. Intergovernmental revenue was less than budget due to not receiving all of the hurricane reimbursements. In addition to revenues exceeding the budget, many function level expenditures were less than the budget amount by approximately \$5.27 million. Human services, economic development, public safety, and general government functions had the greatest amounts coming in under budget.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of the County reported a combined fund balance of \$60,245,907, an \$11,366,080 decrease from last year. The decrease is a combination of two primary reasons. One is the General Fund unassigned decrease in fund balance discussed above. The second is restricted fund balance decreased. The County used restricted beach nourishment funds for the beach nourishment project that occurred during the fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During fiscal year 2019, the County's financial picture was good. Revenues were less than budgeted by \$2,712,281 due to not receiving all of the FEMA and State reimbursements for Hurricane Florence. All other categories exceeded the budgeted amounts \$2,798,975. Ad valorem taxes, sales taxes, and interest earnings made up most of the positive variance. Hurricane Florence had a significant impact on the County, but through conservative management and prioritizing our expenditures and capital outlay, the County finished the year in sound financial condition.

The County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of four categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services; and 4) to increase debt service for refunding existing debt. Total amendments to the General Fund increased estimated revenues by \$17,363,578 and expenditure appropriations by \$19,533,053. The appropriations increase was mostly due to the Hurricane Florence revenues (\$16.76 million) for insurance proceeds and FEMA and State hurricane eligible expense reimbursements. Expenditures were increased in all functions of government for hurricane related expenses with environmental protection increasing the most for debris removal. Other expenditure increases were due to uncompleted projects from fiscal year 2018.

The County's expenditures were less than the budgeted amount by \$5.27 million, and most of the savings were in the human services programs of \$2.13 million, public safety programs of \$.66 million, \$.72 million general government, as well as \$1.76 million in economic and physical development, transportation, environmental protection, debt service, and culture and recreation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2019

Occupancy Tax Fund. This fund is used to account for the six percent tax collected on hotel, motel condominium room rentals within the County and the subsequent distribution of the tax to the Tourism Development Authority (TDA) and the County General Fund for beach nourishment. Total revenues were \$7,716,833, slightly less than projected. Fund expenses for the TDA were \$3,797,509, and transfers to the General Fund for beach nourishment and administrative costs were \$3,884,327. Expenses and transfers were \$188,164 less than budgeted.

County Capital Improvement Fund. This fund accounts for the funding and construction of projects. The primary funding sources are transfers from the General Fund and intergovernmental revenue for grants. Ending fund balance was \$1,904,339, a \$445,769 from fiscal year 2018. The increase was due to intergovernmental and interest revenue exceeding estimates by \$499,128, and mostly park projects that were not completed that resulted in \$921,560 not spent. The County revised the budget on several occasions increasing revenue \$5,114,670 and increasing expenses \$17,964,088. Revenues were increased for intergovernmental revenue for the Phase I Beach Nourishment project, waterway dredging, and park projects. Expenditures were increased \$17,170,113 for beach nourishment, \$406,610 waterway dredging, and \$387,365 park projects. The Phase I Beach Nourishment project was funded by State intergovernmental revenue and General Fund transfer of restricted beach nourishment fund balance.

Proprietary Funds. The County's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water Fund at the end of the fiscal year was \$973,978. Expenses were less than projected; however, net position decreased due to depreciation expense and plant maintenance. As in previous years, the Water Fund is not self-supporting and relies on the water taxing district revenues to transfer into the Water Fund. In fiscal year 2019, \$400,000 was transferred from the water taxing district, \$33,600 less than the previous year. The transfer decrease was due to significant plant maintenance completed in the prior fiscal year.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019, totals \$29,523,011 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, buildings, automotive equipment, office and other equipment, and water plant and lines.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include:

- Park improvements
- Purchase of vehicles in departments including six Sheriff Department vehicles
- Technology equipment
- Completed the County general services / public works facility.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2019

The County's Capital Assets

Figure 4

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of the basic financial statements.

Carteret County's Capital Assets
(net of depreciation)

		(not or depression)										
	Governmental Activities					Business-	Activities		Total			
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018
Land	\$	5,653,780	\$	5,225,877	\$	222,608	\$	222,608	\$	5,876,388	\$	5,448,485
Buildings		8,263,142		6,337,197		1,012,538		1,083,180		9,275,680		7,420,377
Water lines		-		-		5,207,664		5,485,212		5,207,664		5,485,212
Vehicles		2,071,601		1,555,351		26,528		35,632		2,098,129		1,590,983
Equipment		1,143,469		1,115,675		19,033		10,011		1,162,502		1,125,686
Other improvements		4,090,458		4,520,755		-		-		4,090,458		4,520,755
Leasehold improvements		1,433,933		1,563,454		-		-		1,433,933		1,563,454
Construction in progress		378,257		2,711,894		-		-		378,257		2,711,894
Total	\$	23,034,640	\$	23,030,203	\$	6,488,371	\$	6,836,643	\$	29,523,011	\$	29,866,846

General Obligation, Capital Leases and Installment Notes Payable

Long-Term Debt. As of June 30, 2019, the County had total general obligation bonded debt outstanding of \$22,100,000, all of which is debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. All other debt is covered by pledged collateral and is subject to appropriation. A summary of total long-term debt is shown in Figure 5.

Figure 5

	Governmental Activities			Business-1	Activities	Total				
		2019		2018	2019		2018	2019		2018
General obligation bonds	\$	22,100,000	\$	25,725,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 22,100,000	\$	25,725,000
Certificate of participation		1,290,000		1,730,000	-		-	1,290,000		1,730,000
Revenue bond		-		-	962,000		980,000	962,000		980,000
Bond premiums		1,845,515		2,131,480	-		-	1,845,515		2,131,480
Installment note payable		5,411,102		6,850,875	1,104,128		1,275,160	6,515,230		8,126,035
Compensated absences		1,591,186		1,532,578	18,675		15,946	1,609,861		1,548,524
Net pension liability (LGERS)		6,492,805		4,235,757	66,246		47,978	6,559,051		4,283,735
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)		1,127,500		1,108,206	-		-	1,127,500		1,108,206
Net OPEB obligation		7,212,496		7,146,012	81,695		84,159	7,294,191		7,230,171
Total long-term debt	\$	47,070,604	\$	50,459,908	\$ 2,232,744	\$	2,403,243	\$ 49,303,348	\$	52,863,151

The County's total debt decreased \$3,559,803 during the past fiscal year. The decrease is due to retiring debt principal.

The County's most recent bond ratings are shown below:

Moody's Investor Services	Aa1
Standard & Poor's	AA+
Fitch IBCA	AA+

These bond ratings are a clear indication of the sound financial condition of the County. This achievement is a primary factor in keeping interest costs low on the County's outstanding debt.

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The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin at June 30, 2019, for the County is \$1,176,982,519.

Additional information regarding the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 on pages 71 - 78 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the County. On June 30, 2019, the unemployment rate for the County averaged 4.66%, compared to the 4.35% for fiscal year 2018. These rates are slightly higher than the state's average unemployment rate of 3.88% for fiscal year 2019. The County is seeing modest residential and commercial development. In addition, the County is realizing increases in sales tax revenues. This modest growth in development combined with other revenue increases, has allowed the County to continue meeting its capital needs and demands for services with the no property tax increase in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. The County adopted an ad valorem tax rate of \$.31 cents per \$100 assessed value in fiscal year 2020.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities: The County has approved a \$94.84 million general fund budget for fiscal year 2020, which represents a \$28.41 million or 23.05% decrease from fiscal year 2019 amended budget. The net decrease in the budget is primarily due to approximately \$16.76 million Hurricane Florence expenditures and spending \$12.09 million restricted funds on the phase I beach nourishment project. The approved budget increased funding for education. In addition, the Board appropriated funding for staff performance based pay increases.

In the budget, the County's Board of Commissioners maintained the General Fund 31 cent ad valorem property tax rate per \$100 assessed valuation. Current year tax revenues are projected to generate \$46.54 million. Due to growth in sales tax revenue, the County budgeted a 3.94% increase that generates approximately \$15.80 million in revenue. All revenues are budgeted conservatively, and sales and services and fees are budgeted with small growth from the previous fiscal year. The fiscal year 2020 General Fund budgets approximately \$5.30 million fund balance appropriation. This amount of fund balance is primarily due to funding public school and community college capital, as well as county capital improvements and large building maintenance needs. The General Fund budget did not budget FEMA and State revenue reimbursements for Hurricane Florence. FEMA has approved \$15.40 million of the \$15.90 million eligible expenses submitted by the County. Of the \$15.40 million approved, the County recorded \$9.31 million in revenue FY19 leaving a remaining balance of \$6.09 million. The County anticipates receiving the balance during FY20.

As in previous years, Education is the largest service area in terms of its portion of total expenditures. Capital and operating education expenditures total \$29.81 million or 31.43% of the fiscal year 2020 budget. This area includes funding for the public school system and the Carteret County Community College.

Business Activities: In fiscal year 2013, the County completed its \$3.51 million construction project to enhance and improve the County's water treatment system. The improvements constructed elevated water storage tanks, a booster pump station, and water plant upgrades; as a result of this improvement, the County does not have any large projects in the next several years. For FY20, the Water Fund adopted budget is \$1,133,500 for operations, debt service and equipment. The adopted budget increased funding \$4,845 for operating expenses. FY20 annual debt service is \$245,880.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2019

The adopted Water Fund budgets \$702,900 user fee revenue and does not increase user rates. User rates were increased 15% in FY18. The budget includes a \$420,000 transfer from the Water Taxing District Special Revenue Fund. The transfer is \$20,000 more than FY19.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Assistant County Manager, Finance, Carteret County, 302 Courthouse Square, Beaufort, NC 28516.



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	G	overnmental	Вι	ısiness-Type	
		Activities		Activities	Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,435,846	\$	1,139,758	\$ 10,575,604
Investments		41,489,908		-	41,489,908
Receivables (net)		17,728,739		78,478	17,807,217
Due from component unit		220,927		-	220,927
Inventories		-		-	-
Prepaid items		-		-	-
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents		2,061,440		43,932	2,105,372
Investments		1,568,390		-	1,568,390
Net pension asset		176,611		-	176,611
Other assets		-		-	-
Capital assets:					
Land, improvements, and construction in progress		6,032,037		222,608	6,254,645
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		17,002,603		6,265,763	23,268,366
Total capital assets	-	23,034,640		6,488,371	29,523,011
Total assets		95,716,501		7,750,539	103,467,040
Deferred Outflows of Resources		7,337,961		58,009	7,395,970
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		4,315,655		59,658	4,375,313
Accrued interest payable		277,674		6,995	284,669
Customer deposits				107,000	107,000
Due to primary government		_		_	-
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year		5,736,183		197,049	5,933,232
Due in more than one year		41,334,421		2,035,695	43,370,116
Total long-term liabilities		47,070,604		2,232,744	49,303,348
Total liabilities		51,663,933		2,406,397	54,070,330
Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,365,447		5,930	3,371,377
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		22,984,640		4,422,243	27,406,883
Public Safety		4,217,846		-	4,217,846
Economic Development		11,925,106		_	11,925,106
Cultural and Recreation		33,898		-	33,898
Register of Deeds		204,369		-	204,369
Human Services		484,242		_	484,242
Stabilization by State Statute		8,143,941		_	8,143,941
Other purposes		-,,		_	-, ,
Unrestricted		31,040		973,978	1,005,018
Total net position	\$	48,025,082	\$	5,396,221	\$ 53,421,303

Primary Government

Component Units

		Car	teret County	С	arteret County		
В	eaufort-		Tourism		General		
Mor	ehead City	De	velopment		Hospital	Ca	rteret County
Airpo	ort Authority		Authority		Corporation		ABC Board
-					•		
\$	830,146	\$	1,630,930	\$	59,637,407	\$	1,801,901
	-		-		83,176,204		-
	26,070		942,194		30,689,936		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		3,679,219		1,568,281
	1,108		-		2,967,449		18,717
	101,499		-		3,674,554		
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		2,222,038		-
	3,370,519				3,246,495		1,221,202
	9,872,360		313,204		80,671,119		1,904,390
	13,242,879		313,204		83,917,614		3,125,592
	14,201,702		2,886,328		269,964,421		6,514,491
	,,						0,011,101
	-		-		-		197,053
	24,282		405,026		19,584,136		1,659,338
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		220,927
	18,477		4,031		742,789		-
	36,954		12,093		1,642,592		201,649
	55,431		16,124		2,385,381		201,649
	79,713		421,150		21,969,517		2,081,914
	17,890		-		13,069,707		1,044
	13,187,448		313,204		81,532,233		3,125,592
	-		-		-		212,668
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		- 040 404		-		-
	26,070		942,194		- 9 470 506		- 467 620
	- 890,581		1,209,780		8,470,586 144,922,378		467,620 822,706
	030.JU I		-		177,322,310		UZZ,1 UU

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019

			<u> </u>	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and ontributions
Primary government:				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 9,357,478	\$ 3,036,312	\$ -	\$ -
Public safety	23,453,487	240,284	1,180,590	-
Transportation	1,841,321	152,241	1,473,993	228,231
Economic and physical development	23,043,843	755,176	5,510,341	-
Environmental protection	18,482,660	3,533,805	9,558,750	-
Human services	16,619,956	431,438	9,496,266	-
Cultural and recreation	4,375,740	373,935	-	100,000
Education	28,549,195	-	72,866	-
Interest on long-term debt	 1,100,892	-	720,967	-
Total governmental activities	 126,824,572	8,523,191	28,013,773	328,231
Business-type activities:				
Water	 1,159,290	711,732	-	-
Total primary government	\$ 127,983,862	\$ 9,234,923	\$ 28,013,773	\$ 328,231
Component units:				
Airport Authority	\$ 928,870	\$ 195,771	\$ 30,950	\$ 1,252,509
Tourism Development Authority	3,011,335	3,797,509	142,857	-

Program Revenues

349,105

522,912

1,252,509

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purpose

167,008,189

12,158,121 183,<u>159,590</u>

Local option sales tax

149,116,877

11,929,171

164,986,253

Occupancy tax

ABC local bottle tax

Unrestricted intergovernmental

Investment earnings, unrestricted

Miscellaneous, unrestricted

Total general revenues excluding transfers

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position

Net position, beginning Net position, ending

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Hospital

ABC Board

Total component units

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		Prima	ry Governme	nt					Compor	nent l	Jnits	
								C	arteret County			
							Beaufort -		Tourism	С	arteret County	Carteret
C	Governmental	Bu	siness-Type			M	orehead City	[Development	Ge	eneral Hospital	County
	Activities		Activities		Total	Air	oort Authority		Authority		Corporation	ABC Board
											<u> </u>	
\$	(6,321,166)	\$	-	\$	(6,321,166)							
	(22,032,613)		-		(22,032,613)							
	13,144		-		13,144							
	(16,778,326)		-		(16,778,326)							
	(5,390,105)		-		(5,390,105)							
	(6,692,252)		-		(6,692,252)							
	(3,901,805)		-		(3,901,805)							
	(28,476,329)		-		(28,476,329)							
	(379,925)		-		(379,925)							
	(89,959,377)		-		(89,959,377)	-						
	_		(447,558)		(447,558)							
	(89,959,377)		(447,558)		(90,406,935)	-						
						\$	550,360 - -	\$	929,031 -	\$	- - 18,240,417	\$ -
							-		-		-	228,950
							550,360		929,031		18,240,417	228,950
	54,449,182		_		54,449,182				-		_	_
	18,298,871		-		18,298,871		-		-		-	_
	7,716,833		-		7,716,833		-		-		-	_
	42,276		-		42,276		-		-		-	_
	1,195,756		-		1,195,756		-		-		-	_
	1,617,950		26,896		1,644,846		13,138		20,469		824,214	-
	687,823				687,823		112,490		-			19,062
	84,008,691		26,896		84,035,587		125,628		20,469		824,214	19,062
	(400,000)		400,000		-		-		-		-	-
	83,608,691		426,896		84,035,587		125,628		20,469		824,214	19,062
	(6,350,686)		(20,662)		(6,371,348)		675,988		949,500		19,064,631	248,012
	54,375,768		5,416,883		59,792,651		13,428,111		1,515,678		215,860,566	4,380,574
\$	48,025,082	\$	5,396,221	\$	53,421,303	\$	14,104,099	\$	2,465,178	\$	234,925,197	\$ 4,628,586

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

					Gove	rnmental Fund Type	es			
	'			Major Funds				Total		Total
				Occupancy		Capital	_	Non-Major	G	overnmental
		General		Tax Fund	lm	provements Fund		Funds		Funds
Assets						-				
Cash and investments	\$	40,918,087	\$	-	\$	2,315,815	\$	7,691,852	\$	50,925,754
Receivables, net		13,617,271		1,396,925		158,841		1,493,783		16,666,820
Restricted cash and investments		1,628,379		-		-		2,001,451		3,629,830
Due from other funds		410,673		-		-		-		410,673
Due from component units		220,927		-		-		-		220,927
Total assets	\$	56,795,337	\$	1,396,925	\$	2,474,656	\$	11,187,086	\$	71,854,004
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,639,658	\$	942,214	\$	570,317	\$	163,466	\$	4,315,655
Due to other funds		-		410,132		-		541		410,673
Total liabilities		2,639,658		1,352,346		570,317		164,007		4,726,328
Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,164,180				-		717,589		6,881,769
Fund balances:										
Restricted:										
Register of Deeds		204,369		-		-		-		204,369
Recreation Districts		33,898		-		-		-		33,898
Beach Nourishment		10,679,909		-		-		-		10,679,909
Stabilization by State Statute		8,143,941		-		-		-		8,143,941
Sheriff's fund		313,632		-		-		-		313,632
Health and mental health programs		484,242		-		-		-		484,242
Public safety		-		-		-		1,301,653		1,301,653
Rescue protection		-		-		-		1,081,077		1,081,077
Fire protection		-		-		-		1,521,484		1,521,484
Economic development		1,029,885		1,396,925		-		214,771		2,641,581
Committed:										
Taylor Extended Care		-		-		49,177		-		49,177
School capital		-		-		-		162,112		162,112
Community College capital		-		-		-		1,425,000		1,425,000
Assigned:										
Subsequent year's expenditures		5,300,000		-		90,000		-		5,390,000
County capital		-		-		1,765,162		4,599,393		6,364,555
Unassigned		21,801,623		(1,352,346)		-		-		20,449,277
Total fund balances		47,991,499		44,579		1,904,339		10,305,490		60,245,907
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	¢	EC 70E 227	•	4 200 005	•	2 474 656	•	44 407 000	¢	74 054 004
resources and fund balances	\$	56,795,337	\$	1,396,925	\$	2,474,656	\$	11,187,086	\$	71,854,004

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 60,245,907
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and,	
therefore are not reported in the funds	23,034,640
Net pension asset	176,611
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the fund statements	5,396,505
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the fund statements	341,737
Deferred inflows of resources in the fund statements for taxes and special	
assessments receivable	4,102,871
Deferred inflows of resouces related to pensions	(120,305)
Deferred inflows of resouces related to OPEB	(466,244)
Accrued interest receivable deferred in the fund statements	1,061,919
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt is not a current financial obligation and,	
therefore, is not in the funds	(277,674)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current	/ · ·
period; therefore are not reported in the funds	(47,070,604)
Charges related to advance refunding bond issue	1,599,719
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 48,025,082

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Governmental Fund Types								
			N	lajor Funds				Total		Total
		General	(Occupancy Tax Fund		ounty Capital nprovement Fund		Non-Major Funds	G	overnmental Funds
Revenues		General		runu		Fullu		ruius		ruius
Ad valorem taxes	\$	47,219,127	\$	_	\$	_	\$	7,136,846	\$	54,355,973
Other taxes	Ψ	16,042,982	Ψ	7,716,833	Ψ	_	Ψ	2,298,165	Ψ	26,057,980
Permits and fees		3,427,887		7,710,033		_		2,230,103		3,427,887
Intergovernmental		23,276,992		_		5,350,093		439,961		29,067,046
Sales and services		4,240,688				J,JJU,UJJ		433,301		4,240,688
Interest		1,151,238		_		268,705		198,007		1,617,950
Miscellaneous		1,851,693		_		100,000		5,025		1,956,718
Total revenues		97,210,607		7,716,833		5,718,798		10,078,004		120,724,242
Total revenues		97,210,007		1,110,033		5,710,790		10,076,004		120,724,242
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government		9,049,444		-		-		-		9,049,444
Public safety		14,111,152		-		-		8,954,065		23,065,217
Transportation		1,537,681		-		-		· · ·		1,537,681
Environmental protection		18,502,451		-		-		_		18,502,451
Economic and physical development		2,098,612		3,797,509		-		1,348		5,897,469
Human services		16,112,972				-		´ -		16,112,972
Culture and recreation		4,016,630		-		-		_		4,016,630
Education		26,180,114		-		-		_		26,180,114
Capital outlay		-		-		18,267,528		2,395,681		20,663,209
Debt service:										• •
Principal retirement		5,504,773		-		-		_		5,504,773
Interest and fees		1,160,362		-		-		_		1,160,362
Total expenditures		98,274,191		3,797,509		18,267,528		11,351,094		131,690,322
•										
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(1,063,584)		3,919,324		(12,548,730)		(1,273,090)		(10,966,080)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfer in		3,884,327		_		12,994,499		3,926,197		20,805,023
Transfers out		(16,666,812)		(3,884,327)		-		(653,884)		(21,205,023)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(12,782,485)		(3,884,327)		12,994,499		3,272,313		(400,000)
Net change in fund balance		(13,846,069)		34,997		445,769		1,999,223		(11,366,080)
-		, ,,,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,- ,-		- ,		-,		,, =-		, ,,,
Fund balances		04 007 500		0.500		4 450 570		0.000.007		74 044 007
Beginning	_	61,837,568	_	9,582	^	1,458,570		8,306,267	_	71,611,987
Ending	\$	47,991,499	\$	44,579	\$	1,904,339	\$	10,305,490	\$	60,245,907

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (11,366,080)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the	
amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	(51,998)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets	
(i.e., sales, trade-ins, retirements, and donations) is an increase to net position.	56,435
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included in the Statement of Activities	1,627,505
OPEB benefit payments and adminstration cost in the current fiscal year are not	1,027,505
included in the Statement of Activities	285,541
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current	
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds	93,209
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to	
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt	
consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report	
the effect of bond premiums and other similar items when	
debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the	
statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences	
in the treatment of long-term debt and related items	3,004,702
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (6,350,686)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Gene	eral F	- und		
					\	/ariance With
	Original	Final			F	inal Budget -
	Budget	Budget		Actual	Pos	sitive (Negative)
Revenues						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 46,620,000	\$ 46,620,000	\$	47,219,127	\$	599,127
Other taxes	15,237,000	15,237,000		16,042,982		805,982
Permits and fees	3,195,385	3,410,385		3,427,887		17,502
Intergovernmental	13,028,725	28,788,248		23,276,992		(5,511,256)
Sales and services	4,094,500	4,179,210		4,240,688		61,478
Interest	300,000	300,000		1,151,238		851,238
Miscellaneous	83,700	1,388,045		1,851,693		463,648
Total revenues	82,559,310	99,922,888		97,210,607		(2,712,281)
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	8,177,335	9,773,586		9,049,444		724,142
Public safety	13,367,890	14,769,877		14,111,152		658,725
Transportation	1,412,080	1,567,736		1,537,681		30,055
Environmental protection	4,061,475	18,667,074		18,502,451		164,623
Economic and physical development	2,520,175	2,822,377		2,098,612		723,765
Human services	17,390,970	18,246,684		16,112,972		2,133,712
Culture and recreation	3,684,985	4,220,534		4,016,630		203,904
Education	26,604,455	26,684,550		26,180,114		504,436
Debt service:	_0,00 1,100	_0,00 .,000		_0,.00,		301,100
Principal retirement	5,618,500	5,618,500		5,504,773		113,727
Interest and fees	1,170,600	1,170,600		1,160,362		10,238
Total expenditures	84,008,465	103,541,518		98,274,191		5,267,327
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,449,155)	(3,618,630)		(1,063,584)		2,555,046
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	3,979,350	3,979,350		3,884,327		(95,023)
Transfers out	(4,295,700)	(16,666,812)		(16,666,812)		-
Contingency reserves	(3,658,925)	(3,044,653)		-		3,044,653
Appropriated fund balance	5,424,430	19,350,745		-		(19,350,745)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,449,155	3,618,630		(12,782,485)		(16,401,115)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$ -	=	(13,846,069)	\$	(13,846,069)
Fund balances				C4 027 F00		
Beginning			_	61,837,568	_	
Ending			\$	47,991,499	=	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Occupancy Tax Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Orig Bud			Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues				_				
Other taxes:								
Occupancy taxes	\$ 7,85	0,000	\$	7,850,000	\$ 7	,706,734	\$	(143,266)
Occupancy taxes, penalties and interest	2	0,000		20,000		10,099		(9,901)
Total revenues	7,87	0,000		7,870,000	7	7,716,833		(153,167)
Expenditures								
Economic and physical development:								
Tourism:								
Tourism Development Authority	3,89	0,650		3,890,650	3	,797,509		93,141
Total expenditures	3,89	0,650		3,890,650	3	,797,509		93,141
Revenues over expenditures	3,97	9,350		3,979,350	3	,919,324		(60,026)
Other financing uses								
Transfers out	(3,97	9,350)	((3,979,350)	(3	,884,327)		95,023
Total other financing uses	(3,97	9,350)	(3,979,350)	(3	,884,327)		95,023
Revenues over expenditures								
and other uses	\$	-	\$	-	_	34,997	\$	34,997
Fund balances					_			
Beginning						9,582	_	
Ending					\$	44,579	_	

County Capital Improvements Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$	_	\$	5,114,670	\$	5,350,093	\$	235,423
Interest	Ψ	5,000	Ф	5,000	φ	268,705	Ф	263,705
Miscellaneous		100,000		100,000		100,000		205,705
Total revenues		105,000		5,219,670		5,718,798		499,128
Expenditures								
Capital outlay:								
Aerial pictometry		90,000		90,000		95,824		(5,824)
Waterway dredging		500,000		906,610		516,576		390,034
Beach replenishment		-		17,170,113		17,029,818		140,295
Taylor Extended Care improvements		50,000		50,000		25,259		24,741
Cape Carteret trail		125,000		125,000		125,000		-
Newport sidewalk		50,000		50,000		50,000		-
Cedar Point project match		60,000		60,000		-		60,000
Park improvements		-		91,620		-		91,620
Scenic Byway		-		71,245		71,241		4
Water Access		-		74,000		74,000		-
Capital improvements		-		150,500		-		150,500
Western Library addition		350,000		350,000		279,810		70,190
Total expenditures		1,225,000		19,189,088		18,267,528		921,560
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,120,000)		(13,969,418)		(12,548,730)		1,420,688
Other financing sources								
Transfer from General Fund		600,000		12,766,113		12,766,113		-
Transfer from Other Funds		-		228,500		228,386		(114)
Fund balance appropriated		520,000		974,805		-		(974,805)
Total other financing sources		1,120,000		13,969,418		12,994,499		(974,919)
Revenues and other financing								
sources over expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	=	445,769	\$	445,769
Fund balances								
Beginning						1,458,570	_	
Ending					\$	1,904,339	=	
See Notes to Financial Statements								

Statement of Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund June 30, 2019

	Water Fund
Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,139,758
Receivables, net	78,478
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	43,932
Total current assets	1,262,168
Noncurrent assets	·
Capital assets:	
Land, improvements, and construction in progress	222,608
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	6,265,763
Total capital assets	6,488,371
Total noncurrent assets	6,488,371
Total assets	7,750,539
Deferred outflows of resources	58,009
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	59,658
Customer deposits	107,000
Accrued interest payable	6,995
Current portion of long-term liabilities	197,049
Total current liabilities	370,702
Noncurrent liabilities	
Installment loan payable and long-term liabilities	1,887,754
Net pension liability	66,246
Total OPEB liability	81,695
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,035,695
Total liabilities	2,406,397
Deferred inflows of resources	5,930
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	4,422,243
Unrestricted	973,978
Total net position	\$ 5,396,221

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Water Fund
Operating revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 680,476
Other operating revenues	31,256
Total operating revenues	711,732
Operating expenses	
Water plant operations	729,963
Depreciation	369,612
Total operating expenses	1,099,575
Operating loss	(387,843)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	
Interest revenue	26,166
Interest expense	(59,715)
Gain on sale of asset	730
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(32,819)
Loss before contributions and transfers	(420,662)
Transfers in	400,000
Change in net position	(20,662)
Total net position	
Beginning	5,416,883
Ending	\$ 5,396,221

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Water Fund
Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash received from customers	\$ 677,970
Cash paid for goods and services	(399,081)
Cash paid to employees for services	(299,924)
Customer deposits received	3,200
Other operating revenues	21,011
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,176
Cash flows from noncapital financing	
Transfers in	400,000
Net cash provided by noncapital financing	400,000
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities	
Principal paid on installment debt	(189,032)
Interest paid on installment debt	(60,568)
Proceeds on disposal of equpment	4,890
Capital purchase	(25,500)
Net cash used by capital	
and related financing activities	(270,210)
Cash flows provided by investing activities	
Interest on investments	26,166
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	159,132
Cash and cash equivalents:	
Beginning	1,024,558
Ending (including restricted of \$43,932)	\$ 1,183,690

(Continued)

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

	V	ater Fund
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash		
provided by operating activities		
Operating loss	\$	(387,843)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		369,612
Changes in assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows		
and inflows of resources:		
Increase in accounts receivable		(12,751)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		27,379
Increase in customer deposits		3,200
Increase in accrued vacation pay		2,729
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		(15,396)
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		157
Increase in net pension liability		18,268
Decrease in total OPEB liability		(2,464)
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(1,161)
Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		1,446
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,176

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

	Agency Funds	
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 147,183</u>	
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<u>\$ 147,183</u>	

These notes are intended to communicate information necessary for a fair presentation of financial position and changes in financial position that are not readily apparent from or cannot be included in the financial statements themselves. The notes supplement the financial statements, are an integral part thereof, and are intended to be read in conjunction with the financial statements.

Nature of operations

Carteret County, which is governed by a seven-member board of commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under General Statute 153A-10. The County is located on the coast of North Carolina, with its seat of government in the Town of Beaufort. The County is responsible for providing a full range of governmental services, including police and fire protection to residents in unincorporated areas of the County, health and social services, recreational programs, and operational and capital funding support for the public school systems.

Reporting entity

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), these financial statements present the County and its component units, legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. The discretely presented component units presented below are reported in separate columns in the County's government-wide financial statements in order to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

Beaufort – Morehead City Airport Authority ("Airport"): The Airport is an entity created by resolution of the Carteret County Board of Commissioners for the purpose of management and maintenance of the airport located in Carteret County. The County appoints a majority of the Airport board members. The Airport also receives a majority of its revenue from County sources. The Airport has a June 30 year-end.

Carteret County Tourism Development Authority ("TDA"): The TDA is an entity created by resolution of the Carteret County Board of Commissioners for the purpose of management of the promotion and development of tourism in Carteret County. The TDA Board is governed by a board appointed by the County Commissioners. The County does not have authority to designate management of the TDA nor remove board members of the TDA. The TDA receives substantially all its revenue from an occupancy tax implemented, and revocable, by the County Commissioners and has a June 30 year-end.

Carteret County General Hospital Corporation ("Hospital"): The Hospital is a public hospital operated by a nonprofit corporation, providing healthcare to residents of Carteret County. The Hospital leases its existing facilities and all future improvements from the County. The County appoints the Hospital's governing board and can remove board members at will. The Hospital must receive approval from the County Commissioners before issuing debt. The Hospital has a September 30 year-end.

Carteret County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board ("ABC Board"): The ABC Board is governed by a board appointed by the County Commissioners. The ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute surpluses to the General Fund of the County. The ABC Board has a June 30 year-end.

Complete financial statements for the individual component units may be obtained at the administrative offices of those entities.

- Beaufort-Morehead City Airport Authority, 180 Airport Road, Beaufort, NC 28516
- Carteret County Tourism Development Authority, 3409 Arendell Street, Morehead City, NC 28557
- Carteret County General Hospital Corporation, 3500 Arendell Street, Morehead City, NC 28557
- Carteret County ABC Board, 410 Live Oak Street, Beaufort, NC 28516

Carteret County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority ("Authority"): The Authority exists to issue and service revenue bond debt of private businesses for economic development purposes. The Authority is governed by a seven-member board of commissioners, all of whom are appointed by the County Commissioners. The County can remove any commissioner of the Authority with or without cause. The Authority has no financial transactions or account balances of its own; therefore, it is not presented in the financial statements. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

The following corporation is included as a blended component unit:

County of Carteret Public Facilities Financing Corporation ("Corporation"): The Corporation is a nonprofit corporation. The Corporation was organized and shall be operated exclusively for the purpose of providing debt financing for the County, to fulfill various statutory obligations involving but not limited to, purchase and sale, construction and/or lease of real estate and improvements, facilities, and equipment. The Corporation has a three-member board of directors who are established through the bylaws of the Articles of Incorporation and will consist of the County Manager, Deputy Clerk to the Board, and Chair of the County Commissioners. The County has entered into Construction and Repayment Contracts with the Corporation. The Corporation's assets, fund balance, revenue and expenditures have been included in the County Capital Improvements Fund as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and subsequent years.

Summary of significant accounting policies

The basic financial statements of Carteret County, North Carolina have been prepared in conformity with GAAP as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of presentation

Government-wide statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government net position (the "County") and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund financial statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component unit. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds, as applicable.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating items, such as investment earnings, are ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Occupancy Tax Fund: This fund is used to account for financial resources generated from tax collected on hotel and motel room rentals within the County that is used to help promote tourism.

County Capital Improvements Fund: This fund is used to account for financial resources that fund capital improvements for the county.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water Fund: This fund is used to account for the operations of the County's water system.

The County reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Agency Funds: Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others. The County maintains the following agency funds: The Social Services Trust Fund, which accounts for moneys deposited with the Department of Social Services for the benefit of various clients; the Sheriff's Department Fund, which accounts for the collection and distribution of assets in conjunction with the clerk of court for judgments and claims that have been assessed; the Deed of Trust Agency Fund, which accounts for the five dollars of each fee collected by the register of deeds for registering or filing a deed of trust or mortgage and remitted to the State Treasurer on a monthly basis; and the Cooperative Extension Agency Fund, which accounts for program revenue and expenses for the 4 H, Family and Consumer Science and Horticultural Programs.

Non-major Funds: The County maintains fifteen non-major funds. The Emergency Telephone System Fund, Rescue Squad Fund, Fire District Fund, Water Tax District Fund, Salter Path District Beach Nourishment Fund, and 2014 Flood Mitigation Fund are reported as non-major special revenue funds. The County Capital Reserve Fund, County Facilities Debt Reserve Fund, School Special Projects Fund, County Construction Projects Fund, 2015 School Bond Project Fund, and Carteret Community College Project Fund are reported as capital projects funds.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements: The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency funds have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water system. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental fund financial statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when one government provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. State shared revenues, sales tax, property taxes, federal grants funding federal mandates, and most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013, and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied, subject to availability.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

Budgets and budgetary accounting: The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis for the general fund, the special revenue funds (excluding the 2014 Flood Mitigation Fund), the capital projects funds (excluding the County Construction Projects Fund, 2015 School Bond Project Fund, and Carteret Community College Fund) and the Water Operating fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for those capital projects funds and special revenue funds which do not adopt annual budgets and water construction projects. In accordance with the Local Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act, the County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial report:

- The County Manager submits to the Board of Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operational budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance by June 30 each year.

The Board of Commissioners may amend the budget ordinance at any time after its adoption as long as the amended ordinance continues to meet the requirements of North Carolina's "Local Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act". No amendment may change the property tax levy unless the Board of Commissioners is so ordered by competent authority. During the year, several supplementary appropriations to the original budget were necessary. Individual amendments to the ordinance were not material in relation to the original appropriations, and all amendments were legally made.

Under State statute, actual expenditures cannot exceed budgetary appropriations at the level at which the budget ordinance is formally approved. The County's budget ordinance authorizes expenditures by department total for the general fund and the special revenue funds, and at the fund level for the capital projects funds. All budgets are fixed in nature. The County Manager is authorized to approve transfers between departments not to exceed \$30,000. Transfers between departments that exceed \$30,000 or any transfers between funds require Board approval. For internal management purposes, the budgets are detailed by line item within each department and entered into the accounting records. Comparisons of actual expenditures to budget are made on an ongoing basis.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and investments: All deposits of the County, the Hospital, ABC Board, the TDA, and the Airport are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County, the Hospital, the ABC Board, the TDA, and the Airport may designate as an official depository any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County, the Hospital, the ABC Board, the TDA, and the Airport may establish time deposit accounts, such as NOW and Super NOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County and its component units to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio ("NCCMT").

The majority of the County's investments are carried at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost, which approximate fair value. The NC Capital Management Trust Government (NCCMT) is a SEC registered money market mutual fund allowable by G.S. 159-30(c)(8). The NCCMT Government Portfolio is a 2a-7 fund maintaining an AAAm rating from S&P. The NCCMT Term Portfolio is a bond fund, has no rating and has a duration of .11 years. Both the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios are reported at fair value.

Cash and cash equivalents: The County pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments of the Water Enterprise Fund in the pool are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents for purposes of reporting cash flows. Investment earnings are allocated to all funds based on the cash balance outstanding at the end of each quarter. The County's component units consider demand deposits and investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less, which are not limited as to use, to be cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted cash and investments: Certain proceeds of debt issuances are classified as restricted cash and cash equivalents and investments because their use is limited by applicable debt instruments. Additional restricted cash includes rescue and fire districts' cash balances that are completely restricted for rescue and fire district use in the future, compensating cash balance, which offsets fees associated with the County's banking account, USDA revenue bond compliance requires restricted cash, as well as other miscellaneous restricted accounts.

Ad valorem taxes receivable: Ad valorem taxes receivable are not recognized as revenue in the governmental fund financial statements because they are not considered to be both "measurable and available". The receivable amount is reduced by an allowance for doubtful accounts equal to the percent of the original levy, which has normally been written off based on past experience. An amount equal to the net taxes receivable that was not recognized as revenue is shown as a deferred inflow.

The property tax calendar for Carteret County, North Carolina according to North Carolina general statutes 105-347 and 159-13(a) is as follows:

Levy date July 1

Due date (lien date) September 1

Past due date January 6

The taxes for the current fiscal year are generally based on January 1, 2018 assessed values.

Allowances for doubtful accounts: All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Inventories and prepaid items: The inventories of the Hospital and the ABC Board are valued at the lower of cost, on a first-in, first-out ("FIFO") basis, or net realizable value. The Hospital inventory consists of expendable items, including pharmaceuticals and general supplies, held for sale to patients or consumption. The Hospital inventories are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. The ABC Board inventory consists of alcoholic beverages held for sale.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The County and Airport utilize the consumption method for prepaid items.

Capital assets: Capital assets of the County are not capitalized in the governmental fund used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisitions and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements as capital assets of governmental activities. Capital assets are capitalized in proprietary fund financial statements and in business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The County has no significant amount, other than the water system, of public domain or infrastructure capital assets. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: buildings, improvements, and infrastructure, \$50,000; furniture and equipment, \$5,000; and vehicles, \$10,000. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the capital asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

The County holds title to certain Carteret County Board of Education ("Board of Education") properties, which have not been included in capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board of Education give the Board of Education full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the Board of Education once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Board of Education. Revenues and expenditures related to these construction projects are reflected in governmental funds financial statements of Carteret County during construction.

Capital assets of the Hospital, the ABC Board, the Airport, and the TDA are recorded at original cost at the time of acquisition. Capital assets donated to these entities for operations are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation or acquisition value after July 1, 2015. Any interest incurred during the construction phase of the capital assets of the Hospital or the ABC Board is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed. The County owns legal title to all Hospital facilities and improvements under a lease agreement, which allows the Hospital unrestricted use of those facilities. The County's policy is to report these assets in the Hospital component unit.

Capital assets of the County, Hospital, and the ABC Board are depreciated (expensed) over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings and improvements	5 - 40 years
Furniture and equipment	3 - 20 years
Improvements other than building	5 - 20 years

Capital assets of the TDA are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings	50 years
Improvements	25 years
Furniture and equipment	10 -15 years
Vehicles	6 years
Computer equipment	3 years

The Airport's capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: buildings and improvements and infrastructure, 30 years; furniture and equipment, 10 years; vehicles, 7 years; and computer equipment and software, 5 years.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has several items that meet this criterion- a charge on refunding, pension and OPEB related deferrals, and contributions made to the pension plan in the current fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has three items that meet the criterion for this category – prepaid taxes, property taxes receivable, and other pension and OPEB related deferrals.

Compensated absences: The vacation policies of the County, the Hospital, the TDA, and the ABC Board provide for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the County's government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, the TDA, the Hospital, and the ABC Board, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned and are accounted for on a last-in, first-out ("LIFO") basis, assuming that employees are taking time as it is earned.

The sick leave policies of the County, the Airport, the TDA, the Hospital, and the ABC Board provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

Long-term obligations: In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as another financing source and is not considered a fund liability.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 23, as amended by GASB Statement No. 63, an unamortized charge, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of old debt on refunding of debt, is deferred and amortized to interest expense using the proportionate-to-stated-interest method in governmental activities. The unamortized charge is reported as a deferred outflow of resources.

Bond premiums: In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums are amortized over the life of the bonds using the proportionate-to stated-interest method. Long-term debt is reported inclusive of the applicable bond premium. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums during the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources.

Net position/fund balances:

Net position: Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through state statute.

Fund balances: In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent. The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law. The following are the County's restricted fund balances as of June 30, 2019:

- Restricted for Register of Deeds portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds office.
- Restricted for Recreation Districts represents amounts restricted for specific recreation purposes.
- Restricted for Beach Nourishment represents amount reserved for beach nourishment. Restricted for Beach Nourishment includes the amount of accounts receivable at June 30, 2019. This is done due to the great reliance of this restricted amount by the Board of Commissioners and the Beach Commission.

- Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statues enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State State (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities. encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stands at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet. Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute does not include the accounts receivable amount for beach nourishment. Instead, that receivable amount is included in the restricted for beach nourishment. The purpose for that is due to the reliance of the Board of Commissioners and the Beach Commission on the Restricted for Beach Nourishment balance.
- Restricted for Sheriff's fund represents amounts restricted for expenditures relating to special drug programs and concealed weapons programs.
- Restricted for Health programs represents amounts restricted to expenditures in specific health programs.
- Restricted for Public Safety represents amounts restricted to expenditures relating to the Emergency Telephone System Fund.
- Restricted for Rescue Protection portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for rescue protection expenditures.
- Restricted for Fire Protection portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for fire protection expenditures.
- Restricted for Economic Development portion of fund balance that can only be used for economic development purposes derived from Industrial Park lot sales and proceeds from the former Eastern Region.

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by majority vote of Carteret County's Board of Commissioners (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purposes requires majority action by the Board of Commissioners. This action is accomplished by a formal motion and approval vote by a majority of the Board of Commissioners. The following are the County's committed fund balances as of June 30, 2019:

- Committed for School Capital portion of fund balance that can only be used for school capital projects.
- Committed for Taylor Extended Care portion of fund balance that can only be used for maintenance of Taylor Extended Care.
- Committed for Community College Capital portion of fund balance that can only be used for community college capital projects.
- Committed for Special Revenue Funds portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget. The governing budget approves the appropriation.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that the Carteret County governing board has budgeted. Only the governing board (County Board of Commissioners) has authority to assign amounts to a specific purpose, and that requires a majority vote of the governing board. The following are the County's assigned fund balances as of June 30, 2019:

- Subsequent year's expenditures portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation.
- County capital portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the board for future County capital improvements.

Unassigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

Carteret County has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-County funds, and County funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County.

Carteret County has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the County in such a manner that requires the County to maintain a 15% unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. The General Fund is the only governmental fund where it is appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

Defined Benefit Pension Plans: The County participates in two cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State; the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF) (collectively, the "state-administered defined benefit pension plans"). For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. Investments are reported at fair value.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

1. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of (\$12,220,825) consists of several elements as follows:

Description	Amount
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	\$ 62,071,971
Less accumulated depreciation	39,037,331
Net capital assets	23,034,640
Net pension asset	176,611
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the	
fund statements	5,396,505
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the	
fund statements	341,737
Deferred charges related to advance refunding bond issued - included on	
government-wide statement of net position but are not a current financial resources	1,599,719
Accrued interest receivable	1,061,919
Liabilities for deferred inflows of resources reported in the	
fund statements but not in the government-wide statements	4,102,871
Deferred inflows of resources related pensions	(120,305)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(466,244)
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the	
current period, do not require current resources to pay and	
are therefore not recorded in the fund statements:	
Bonds, COPS and installment financing	(28,801,102)
Premiums on refundings	(1,845,515)
Accrued interest payable	(277,674)
Compensated absences	(1,591,186)
Accrued postemployment and retirement obligations	(14,832,801)
Long-term liabilities	(47,348,278)
Total adjustment	\$ (12,220,825)

2. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of \$5,015,394 as follows:

Description	Amount
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements	
but capitalized as assets in the statement of activities	\$ 2,273,420
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over	
their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of	
activities but not in the fund statements	(2,325,418)
Gain on disposed capital assets not recorded in the fund statements	56,435
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as an use of	
funds on the fund statements but again affect only the	
statement of net position in the government-wide statements.	5,504,773
Bond premiums and other similar items, are amortized in the government-	
wide statements but not in the fund statements because they	
do not use current resources.	3,106
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included	
in the Statement of Activities	1,627,505
OPEB benefit payments and administrative cost made in the current fiscal year	
are not included in the Statement of Activities	285,541
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require	
the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures	
in the fund statements:	
Compensated absences	(58,608)
OPEB expense	(492,882)
County's portion of collective pension expense	(2,008,051)
Decrease in interest payable on long-term debt at June 30, 2019	56,364
Revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide	
current resources are not recorded as revenues in the fund statements:	
Increase in deferred inflows of resources - taxes receivable -	
as of June 30, 2019	82,417
Increase in accrued interest on taxes receivable for	
year ended June 30, 2019	10,792
Total adjustment	\$ 5,015,394

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Component Unit information:

For the ABC Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the expenditures made in the Proprietary Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the governing board by \$463,552. This over expenditure occurred because of greater than anticipated growth in sales that influence increases in taxes based on revenues, operating expenses, and distributions based on increase in profits available for distributions. ABC Board and management will review its estimates and monitor its budget reports for excess expenditures to ensure compliance in future years.

Note 3. Cash and Investments

Cash on hand: The County had \$2,270 in petty cash on hand at June 30, 2019.

Component unit information: The Hospital had \$6,806 in cash on hand at September 30, 2018.

Deposits:

All deposits of the County and its component units are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage are collateralized with securities held by the units' agents in the units' name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the units, these deposits are considered to be held by their agents in the entities' name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the units or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the units under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability and minimum capitalization for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The County and its component units do not have formal policies regarding custodial credit risk for deposits and rely on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institutions. The County complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2019, the County's unrestricted and restricted deposits, excluding petty cash and agency fund deposits had a carrying amount of \$12,678,706 and a bank balance of \$13,438,385. Of the bank balance, \$283,526 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$13,154,859 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. Restricted cash deposits, excluding agency funds, in the amount of \$2,105,372 are as follows: held in noninterest-bearing deposits for banking services in the amount of \$38,599, \$21,390 for capital projects, \$2,001,451 is restricted for fire and rescue special taxing districts, and \$43,932 in the Water Fund is restricted in accordance with the County's USDA revenue bond requirements.

At June 30, 2019, the County's agency fund deposits had a carrying amount of \$147,183 and a bank balance of \$241,430. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

Note 3. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Component unit information:

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of deposits for the TDA with financial institutions was \$438,661 and the bank balance was \$639,037. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method.

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of deposits for the Airport was \$931,645 and the bank balance was \$965,007. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method.

At September 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the Hospital's deposits was \$63,311,961 and the bank balance was \$64,944,061. Of the carrying amount, \$6,806 was cash on hand. Of the bank balance, \$2,000,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder is collateralized by the pooling method.

At June 30, 2019 the carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$1,793,801 and the bank balance was \$1,575,705. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method.

Investments:

At June 30, 2019, the County had the following investments and maturities.

	Valuation			
	Measurement		Less Than	
Investment Type	Method	Fair Value	1 Year	1-5 Years
Commercial Paper	Fair Value - Level 2	\$ 10,064,354	\$ 10,064,354	\$ -
US Government Agencies	Fair Value - Level 2	17,569,940	4,564,794	13,005,146
NC Capital Management				
Trust Government Portfolio	Fair Value - Level 1	6,902,538	6,902,538	N/A
NC Capital Management				
Trust Term Portfolio*	Fair Value - Level 1	8,521,466	8,521,466	-
Total		\$ 43,058,298	\$ 30,053,152	\$ 13,005,146

^{*}As of June 30, 2019, the NC Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio has a duration of .11 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level 2: debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Interest rate risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the County's investment policy limits at least half of the County's investment portfolio to maturities of less than 12 months. Also, the County's investment policy requires purchases of securities to be laddered with staggered maturity dates and limits all securities to a final maturity of no more than twenty years.

Note 3. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Credit risk. The County limits investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs); however, the County has no formal policy on managing credit risk. As of June 30, 2019, the County's investments in commercial paper were rated P1 by Standard & Poor's, F1 by Fitch Ratings, and A1 by Moody's Investors Service. The County's investments in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The County's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio is unrated. The Term Portfolio is authorized to invest in obligations of the US government and agencies, and in high grade money market instruments as permitted under North Carolina General Statutes 159-30 as amended. The County's investments in US Government Agencies (Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Association and Federal Farm Credit Bank) are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service.

Custodial credit risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County has no formal policy on custodial credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk. The County places no limit on the amount that the County may invest in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the County's investments are in Commercial Paper, \$10,064,354 (23.37%), Freddie Mac Securities, \$8,004,879 (18.59%), Federal Home Loan Bank Securities, \$5,568,640 (12.93%), and Federal Farm Credit Securities, \$3,996,421 (9.28%). It is the County's intention to hold these investments until maturity. The County has no formal policy on concentration of credit risk.

At June 30, 2019, the County had restricted investments in the governmental activities of \$1,568,390. In the General Fund these are restricted investments for Qualified Zone Academy Bond debt service.

Component unit information

At June 30, 2019, the TDA had \$1,192,269 invested in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio, which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The TDA has no policy regarding credit risk. This amount is included in cash and cash equivalents on the statement of net position.

At September 30, 2018 the Hospital had the following investments and maturities.

The Hospital has \$3,674,554 certificates of deposit and \$412,944 of cash and cash equivalents included in assets limited as to use and investments for capital improvements as of September 30, 2018, which are not included in the fair value hierarch.

Note 3. Cash and Investments (Continued)

	Valuation Measurement		Less Than	
Investment Type	Method	Fair Value	1 Year	1-4 Years
US Treasury bonds	Fair Value - Level 2	1,048,771	1,048,771	-
FHLMC	Fair Value - Level 2	17,111,671	-	17,111,671
FNMA	Fair Value - Level 2	37,649,661	-	37,649,661
GNMA	Fair Value - Level 2	20,467,550	-	20,467,550
Mutual funds	Fair Value - Level 1	1,477,164	1,477,164	-
Exchange-traded funds	Fair Value - Level 1	2,973,524	2,973,524	-
Common stocks	Fair Value - Level 1	786,603	786,603	-
Corporate bonds	Fair Value - Level 2	1,248,316	1,248,316	-
Total		\$ 82,763,260	\$ 7,534,378	\$ 75,228,882

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level 2: debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Credit Risk. The Hospital has a Board-approved Investment Policy which is designed to mitigate credit risk, interest rate risk, and liquidity risk. These principles include, but are not limited to, diversification both between and within asset classes, quality stipulations appropriate to various types of investments, and ongoing monitoring of portfolio performance by the Board and Investment Committee, Management, and the Hospital's Investment Manager. Such practices support the stated objectives for the Hospital's total portfolio performance, which are to provide a reasonable level of current income while minimizing the likelihood of capital loss, and to maximize total return within defined risk parameters.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Per the Hospital's Investment Policy, the investment portfolio will be diversified among different issuers within each sector with no one issuer accounting for more than 10% of the portfolio at time of purchase unless it is an obligation of the US government or its agencies. The portfolio will be diversified among different fixed income sectors and different issues within each sector with no one issue accounting for more than 5% of the portfolio at time of purchase unless it is an obligation of the US government or its agencies.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is mitigated through the use of both market and short-term components of the fixed income portfolio, and the requirement that the durations of these funds fall within acceptable ranges set forth in the Investment Policy. This is achieved by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet chase requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity and investing funds primarily in shorter-term securities.

Note 4. Receivables

Receivables at the government-wide level are comprised of the following major categories as of June 30, 2019:

	Governmental Activities		iness-Type vity, Water	Total
Receivables:			•	
Interest	\$	1,061,919	\$ -	\$ 1,061,919
Taxes		3,575,933	-	3,575,933
Accounts		1,277,307	68,233	1,345,540
Intergovernmental		10,527,092	10,245	10,537,337
Other		1,396,925	-	1,396,925
Gross receivables	<u> </u>	17,839,176	78,478	17,917,654
Less allowance for uncollectibles		(110,437)	-	(110,437)
Net total receivables	\$	17,728,739	\$ 78,478	\$ 17,807,217

Property tax - use-value assessment on certain lands: In accordance with North Carolina general statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forestland may be taxed at present use-value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years along with accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Year Levied	Tax	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 455,594	\$ 108,204	\$ 563,798
2017	462,294	68,188	530,482
2018	483,707	27,813	511,520
2019	 485,872	-	485,872
Total	\$ 1,887,467	\$ 204,205	\$ 2,091,672

Component unit information

The Hospital's receivables of \$30,689,936 are net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of approximately \$63,210,472. Approximately 62% of the Hospital's revenue is from the Medicare and Medicaid programs.

Note 5. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in the County's capital assets during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

	Capital Assets			Adjustments and	Capital Assets
	July 1, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	June 30, 2019
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land, airport	\$ 169,549	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 169,549
Land, other	5,056,328	427,903	-	(0.007.447)	5,484,231
Construction in progress	2,711,894	353,810	-	(2,687,447)	378,257
Total capital assets	7 007 774	704 740		(0.007.447)	
not being depreciated	7,937,771	781,713	-	(2,687,447)	6,032,037
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	25,785,376	26,600	-	2,687,447	28,499,423
Vehicles	5,733,736	1,056,546	(382,577)	-	6,407,705
Equipment	6,035,043	468,631	(135,847)	-	6,367,827
Airport facilities	1,524,747	-	-	-	1,524,747
Other improvements	10,766,748	-	(116,944)	-	10,649,804
Leasehold improvements	2,590,428	-	-	-	2,590,428
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	52,436,078	1,551,777	(635,368)	2,687,447	56,039,934
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	19,448,179	788,102	_	_	20,236,281
Vehicles	4,178,385	540,296	(382,577)	_	4,336,104
Equipment	4,919,368	437,202	(132,212)	_	5,224,358
Airport facilities	1,524,747	-	-	_	1,524,747
Other improvements	6,245,993	430,297	(116,944)	_	6,559,346
Leasehold improvements	1,026,974	129,521	-	_	1,156,495
Total accumulated depreciation	37,343,646	\$ 2,325,418	\$ (631,733)	\$ -	39,037,331
Total capital assets,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	, (,)	<u> </u>	
being depreciated, net	15,092,432				17,002,603
Governmental activity		_			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
capital assets, net	\$ 23,030,203	_			\$ 23,034,640
Depreciation expense was charged to	functions/prog	grams of the p	orimary governi	ment as follov	vs:
Governmental activities:					A 465 5=5
General government					\$ 493,370
Public Safety					667,344
Transportation					129,033
Economic & Physical Development					103,027
Human Services					318,314
Culture & Recreation					565,329
Environmental Protection					49,001
Total depreciation expense -					
governmental activities					\$ 2,325,418

Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Capital Assets July 1, 2018		ı	Additions Retirements		Retirements		Retirements		istments and ansfers	ļ	Capital Assets e 30, 2019
Business-type activities:	·											
Capital assets, not being depreciated:												
Land	\$	222,608	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	222,608		
Total capital assets,												
not being depreciated		222,608		-		-		-		222,608		
Capital assets, being depreciated:												
Buildings		2,119,264		-		-		-	2	,119,264		
Infrastructure		9,618,564				-		-		,618,564		
Vehicles		75,129		-		-		-		75,129		
Equipment		140,848		25,500		(6,870)		-		159,478		
Total capital assets,				,						•		
being depreciated		11,953,805		25,500		(6,870)		-	11	,972,435		
Less accumulated depreciation for:												
Buildings		1,036,084		70,642		-		-	1	,106,726		
Infrastructure		4,133,352		277,548		-		-	4	,410,900		
Vehicles		39,497		9,104		-		-		48,601		
Equipment		130,837		12,318		(2,710)		-		140,445		
Total accumulated depreciation		5,339,770	\$	369,612	\$	(2,710)	\$	-	5	,706,672		
Total capital assets,			_						,			
being depreciated, net		6,614,035							6	,265,763		
Business-type activities			_							•		
capital assets, net	\$	6,836,643	=						\$ 6	,488,371		

The above depreciation was charged to water activities and the Water Fund.

Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Discretely presented component unit information

The following is a summary of the Hospital's capital assets at September 30, 2018:

	Balance September 30, 2017	Additions		F	Retirements	Adjustment and Transfers		Se	Balance ptember 30, 2018
Capital assets:	,								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Construction in progress	\$ 92,182	\$	1,458,990	\$	=	\$	(1,420,670)	\$	130,502
Land	3,437,515		-		-		(321,522)		3,115,993
Total capital assets,									
not being depreciated	3,529,697		1,458,990		-		(1,742,192)		3,246,495
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Land improvements	1,323,208		-		-		66,683		1,389,891
Buildings and improvements	80,985,221		6,461		-		1,338,362		82,330,044
Equipment	88,655,341		7,763,951		=		(149,737)		96,269,555
Total capital assets,									
being depreciated	170,963,770		7,770,412		-		1,255,308		179,989,490
Less accumulated depreciation:									
Land improvements	920,867		62,169		-		-		983,036
Buildings and improvements	21,441,736		2,492,773		-		-		23,934,509
Equipment	69,225,408		5,175,900		-		(482)		74,400,826
Total accumulated									
depreciation	91,588,011	\$	7,730,842	\$	-	\$	(482)		99,318,371
Total capital assets,	70.075.750								00.074.440
being depreciated, net	79,375,759	_						_	80,671,119
Capital assets, net	\$ 82,905,456	=						\$	83,917,614

Legal title to the Hospital's capital assets, except equipment purchased by the Hospital from unrestricted funds, is held by Carteret County. The facilities are leased to the Hospital for an annual rent of \$1. In the event of dissolution of the Hospital or its failure to function as a Hospital or to operate as required in the lease, all of its monies, properties and assets shall revert to Carteret County.

The following is a summary of the ABC Board's capital assets at June 30, 2019:

Land	\$ 1,125,478
Construction in progress	95,724
Buildings	2,907,679
Furniture and equipment	1,563,168
Leasehold improvements	87,961
Building improvements	 3,841
	 5,783,851
Less accumulated depreciation	 2,658,259
	\$ 3,125,592

Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

The following is a summary of the Airport's capital assets at June 30, 2019:

Construction in progress	\$ 1,277,472
Land	1,516,047
Aviation easement	577,000
Equipment	178,159
Vehicle	24,066
Hangers	946,373
Land/runway improvements	11,264,413
	15,783,530
Less accumulated depreciation	 2,540,651
	\$ 13,242,879

The following is a summary of the TDA's capital assets at June 30, 2019:

Buildings	\$ 276,000
Other improvements	69,523
Equipment	99,833
Vehicles	 32,291
	477,647
Less accumulated depreciation	 164,443
	\$ 313,204

Note 6. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses (including liabilities to be paid from restricted assets) at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	Salaries and					
	Vendors			Benefits		Total
Governmental activities:	'					_
General	\$	1,587,093	\$	1,052,565	\$	2,639,658
Occupancy Tax		942,214		-		942,214
Capital Improvements		570,317		-		570,317
Other governmental		163,466		-		163,466
Total governmental activities (1)	\$	3,263,090	\$	1,052,565	\$	4,315,655
Business-type activities:						
Water	\$	48,205	\$	11,453	\$	59,658
Total business - type activities	\$	48,205	\$	11,453	\$	59,658

(1) Includes amounts in liabilities to be paid from restricted assets.

Note 7. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The amount of deferred outflows of resources on the government-wide statements and the balance in deferred inflows of resources on the fund statements and government-wide statements at year-end are composed of the following elements:

	ferred Outflows of Resources	erred Inflows Resources
Deferred outflows/inflows of resources on the government-wide statements:		
Charges on refunding of debt	\$ 1,599,719	\$ -
Unearned revenue	-	2,719,648
Difference between expected and actual experience		
Pensions	1,013,463	65,888
OPEB	56,833	-
Pensions - difference between projected and actual		
investment earnings	928,513	-
Changes in assumptions		
Pensions	1,749,223	-
OPEB	-	471,525
Pensions - change in proportion and difference between		
employer contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	115,547	55,066
Contributions to plans in fiscal year 2019		
Pensions	1,643,897	-
OPEB	288,775	-
Prepaid taxes not yet earned (General)	-	59,250
Total	\$ 7,395,970	\$ 3,371,377
Deferred outflows / inflows of resources on the fund statements:		
Prepaid taxes not yet earned (General)	\$ -	\$ 59,250
FEMA revenue not yet earned (General)	-	2,719,648
Taxes receivable, net (General)	-	2,747,906
Taxes receivable, net (Special Revenue)	-	717,589
Solid waste fees receivable (General)	-	637,376
Total	\$ -	\$ 6,881,769

Note 8. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in two self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners. Through these pools, the County obtains property coverage equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to a limit of \$2 million for any one occurrence, general, auto, professional, and employment practices liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, auto physical damage coverage for owned autos at actual cash value, crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence, and workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the County upon request. Both of the pools are reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrence losses in excess of a \$500,000 retention up to a \$2 million per occurrence retention for property, and auto physical damage. For workers' compensation there is a per occurrence retention of \$750,000.

The County carries flood insurance for properties located in the AE zone. For health and dental insurance, the County is insured through a commercial carrier.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the County's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Director of Finance and tax collector are each individually bonded for \$100,000 and \$50,000, respectively. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a \$250,000 blanket bond.

Component Unit Information:

All of the component units are exposed to similar risks as described above for the County and each maintains insurance policies in effect that would minimize the chance of any claims adversely affecting the financial position of the component units.

The Hospital is insured under claims-made policies for the purpose of providing professional and patient care liability insurance. These policies cover only malpractice claims reported to the insurance carrier during the policy term. Coverage includes a \$3,000,000 policy on professional liability limited to \$1,000,000 per case and an excess coverage policy of \$15,000,000 for specified aggregate amounts in excess of the basic coverage.

The ABC Board has commercial property, general liability, auto liability, workers' compensation and employee health coverage. The ABC Board also has liquor legal liability. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. In accordance with G.S. 18B-700(i), each board member and the employees designated as the general manager and finance officer are bonded in the amount of \$50,000 secured by a corporate surety.

The TDA has property, general liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Authority does not carry flood insurance coverage.

The Airport has property and general liability insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Airport carries commercial coverage for all risks of loss. Through this coverage, the Authority obtains general liability coverage of \$5,000,000 per occurrence and property coverage up to the total insured values of the property.

Note 9. Long-Term Obligations

General obligation bonds

The County issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities for general government activities and for the construction of Board of Education and Community College properties, which are not recorded as capital assets by the County as disclosed in Note 1. All general obligation bonds are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County and are serviced by the General Fund. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due. In the event of a default, the County agrees to pay to the Purchaser, on demand, interest on any and all amounts due and owing by the County under this Agreement. The County's general obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2019, are comprised of the following individual issues:

\$4,780,000 - 2011 Refunding Carteret Community College bond due on	
August 1 and February 1 in varying installments through	
February 1, 2020; interest at varying rates ranging from 3% to 5.00%	\$ 165,000
\$12,700,000 - 2013 Refunding of 2006 School bond due on	
October 1 and April 1 in varying installments through	
April 1, 2026; interest at varying rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.00%	8,830,000
\$12,250,000 - 2015 Refunding of 2007 School bond due on	
October 1 and April 1 in varying installments through	
April 1, 2027; interest rate at 2.13%	9,195,000
\$4,600,000 - 2015 School bond, due on November 1 and May1	
in varying installments through November 1, 2035; interest at	
interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%	 3,910,000
	\$ 22,100,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30,	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 2,965,000	\$ 784,642
2021	2,785,000	673,989
2022	2,770,000	571,761
2023	2,755,000	469,711
2024	2,745,000	367,836
2025 – 2029	6,470,000	627,209
2030 – 2034	1,150,000	156,688
2035 – 2036	 460,000	14,227
	\$ 22,100,000	\$ 3,666,063

Carteret County, North Carolina

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 9. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Certificates of Participation

The County issues Certificates of Participation to finance the construction of capital facilities used for general government activities and for the construction of Board of Education properties. These obligations are serviced by the General Fund. The County's certificates of participation at June 30, 2019, are comprised of the following:

\$4,680,000 - 2011 limited obligation bonds due on December 1 and June 1 in varying installments through June 1, 2022, interest at 2.51% collateralized by the Western Library and the Beaufort Elementary School

\$ 1,290,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for certificates of participation as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year Ending

June 30,	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 435,000	\$ 47,350
2021	430,000	29,950
2022	425,000	12,750
	\$ 1,290,000	\$ 90,050

Note 9. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Installment Purchase Obligations

As authorized by State law, G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-153.1, the County has entered into various installment-financing agreements in a direct placement for equipment and capital improvements. The installment purchases issued pursuant to a deed of trust because as long as the debt is outstanding the property is pledged as collateral for the debt. The County's installment-financing agreements at June 30, 2019, are comprised of the following:

Governmental activities (serviced by the General Fund): \$2,000,000 - Renovations of Morehead Elementary School for 15 consecutive annual	
debt service fund installments beginning fiscal year 2007-2008, held by Bank of America \$1,781,354 - Renovations of Newport Elementary School for 15 consecutive annual debt	\$ 2,000,000
service fund installments beginning fiscal year 2009-2010, held by Galena Bank & Trust	611,354
\$9,275,000 - 2009 governmental office space renovation and refunding of 2000	
certificates of participation due on December 1 and June 1 in varying installments	
through June 1, 2020, interest at 3.59% collateralized by Newport Middle School and the County Health Center, held by BB&T	710,000
\$4,000,000 QZAB - Renovations of East Carteret High School for 13 consecutive annual	7 10,000
installments, beginning in fiscal year 2011-2012, including interest at 5.22%, held by BB&T	1,538,462
\$1,653,860 QSCB - Renovations of schools for 12 consecutive annual installments,	
beginning in fiscal year 2011-2012, including interest at 4.81%, held by BB&T	551,286
	 5,411,102
Business-type activities (serviced by the Water Fund):	
\$589,608 - Construction of water treatment and distribution facilities for 19 consecutive	
installments, beginning in fiscal year 2004-2005, including interest at 5.75% annual	
funds provided by State Revolving Fund, held by NCDENR	124,128
\$2,800,000 - Construction of Phase II Waterline extension for 20 consecutive annual	
installments, beginning in fiscal year 2005 - 2006, including interest at 2.205%,	
funds provided by State Revolving Fund, held by NCDENR	 980,000
	 1,104,128
	\$ 6,515,230

Note 9. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for installment financing at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year Ending	 Governmen	tal A	ctivities	Business-Type Activities			Totals				
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2020	\$ 1,275,514	\$	132,314	\$	171,032	\$	28,746	\$	1,446,546	\$	161,060
2021	565,514		84,134		171,032		23,875		736,546		108,009
2022	2,570,514		61,443		171,032		19,004		2,741,546		80,447
2023	570,513		38,752		171,032		14,132		741,545		52,884
2024	429,047		16,061		140,000		9,261		569,047		25,322
2025 - 2029	 -		-		280,000		9,261		280,000		9,261
	\$ 5,411,102	\$	332,704	\$	1,104,128	\$	104,279	\$	6,515,230	\$	436,983

Revenue Bond

\$1,046,000 USDA water revenue bond issued on November 26, 2012; interest at 2.75% bonds due on June 1 in varying installments through June 1, 2052

\$ 962,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Ending

June 30,	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 18,000	\$ 26,455
2021	19,000	25,960
2022	19,000	25,438
2023	20,000	24,915
2024	20,000	24,365
2025-2029	110,000	113,191
2030-2034	127,000	97,157
2035-2039	145,000	78,789
2040-2044	165,000	57,750
2045-2049	190,000	33,687
2050-2052	129,000	7,149
	\$ 962,000	\$ 514,856

The County has pledged future water revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the revenue bond issued on November 26, 2012. The County is in compliance with the covenants contained in the USDA bond order as set forth in Article V through VII. The significant bond covenants require: a) that the net revenues (excluding depreciation) for each fiscal year shall not be less than 110% of the debt service requirement for such Fiscal Year and not less than 100% of the amount necessary to meet annual debt service obligations coming due in that Fiscal Year with respect to the County's general obligation bonds and installment financing obligations, if used to finance System Improvements and b) The County shall establish a Debt Service Reserve account to provide for at least one average annual loan installment.

Note 9. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

The net revenues coverage calculation for the year ended June 30, 2019, is as follows:

Water Revenue Bond Covenant Compliance Calculation

Operating revenues \$	
Operating expenses *((726,384)
Operating income	(14,652)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)**	26,166
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)**	(25,500)
Miscellaneous revenues and transfers	400,000
Net revenues available for debt service	386,014
110% of FY 18-19 revenue bond debt service requirement \$	49,445
100% of FY 18-19 DENR installment loan debt service requirement	204,650
Total FY 18-19 debt service subject to net revenue covenant compliance \$	254,095
Debt Service coverage ratio	152%

^{*} Per covenants, this does not include depreciation expense of \$369,912.

Advance Refundings:

On April 25, 2013, the County issued \$12,700,000 of general obligation advance refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of general resources for all future debt service payments of \$13,400,000 of general obligation bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

On March 12, 2015, the County issued \$12,250,000 of general obligation advance refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of general resources for all future debt service payments of \$11,300,000 of general obligation bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

Debt Related to Capital Activities – Of the total Governmental Activities debt listed only \$50,000 relates to assets for which the County holds title. No restricted cash relates to this debt amount.

^{**} Per covenants, this does not include revenue bond and installment interest paid of \$60,568.

Note 9. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in the County's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

	Jı	Beginning Balance une 30, 2018	Additions Retirements		Ending Balance June 30, 2019		Due Within One Year		
Governmental activities:									
Bonds/certificates payable:									
General obligation bonds	\$	25,725,000	\$ -	\$	3,625,000	\$	22,100,000	\$	2,965,000
Certificates of participation		1,730,000	-		440,000		1,290,000		435,000
Bond premiums		2,131,480	-		285,965		1,845,515		-
Total bonds payable		29,586,480	-		4,350,965		25,235,515		3,400,000
Direct placement installment purchase		6,850,875	-		1,439,773		5,411,102		1,275,514
Compensated absences		1,532,578	1,352,289		1,293,681		1,591,186		1,060,669
Net pension liability (LGERS)		4,235,757	2,257,048		-		6,492,805		-
Total pensions liability (LEOSSA)		1,108,206	19,294		-		1,127,500		-
Total OPEB liability		7,146,012	66,484		-		7,212,496		-
Governmental activity									
long-term liabilities	\$	50,459,908	\$ 3,695,115	\$	7,084,419	\$	47,070,604	\$	5,736,183
Business-type activities:									
Revenue Bond from direct placement	\$	980,000	\$ -	\$	18,000	\$	962,000	\$	18,000
Direct placement installment purchase		1,275,160	-		171,032		1,104,128		171,032
Compensated absences		15,946	10,499		7,770		18,675		8,017
Net pension liability (LGERS)		47,978	18,268		-		66,246		-
Total OPEB liability		84,159	-		2,464		81,695		-
Business-type activity									
long-term liabilities	\$	2,403,243	\$ 28,767	\$	199,266	\$	2,232,744	\$	197,049

Separation allowance pension obligations and net OPEB liability for governmental activities typically have been liquidated in the General Fund and are funded on a "pay-as-you-go" basis and "as they come due", respectively.

Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated in the General Fund and are accounted for on a Last-In, First-Out ("LIFO") basis, assuming that employees are taking leave as it is earned.

At June 30, 2019, Carteret County had a legal debt margin of \$1,176,982,519.

Component unit information:

The Hospital has several capital lease obligations for certain medical equipment and software at September 30, 2018. The leases expire at various dates through 2018 and have a present value of minimum lease payments of \$2,385,381.

Carteret County, North Carolina

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 9. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Minimum annual lease payments for years subsequent to September 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ending

September 30,	Amount
2019	\$ 821,557
2020	569,556
2021	569,556
2022	569,556
2023	2,516
Total minimum lease payments	 2,532,741
Less amount representing interest 2.67%	(147,360)
Present value of net minimum lease obligations	 2,385,381
Less current maturities	 (742,789)
Obligations under capital leases, less current maturities	\$ 1,642,592

Assets under capital leases had a cost basis of \$2,669,032 and accumulated depreciation on these assets of \$266,903 at September 30, 2018.

The following is a summary of changes in the Tourism Development Authority's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

	E	eginning Balance					1	Ending Balance	_	Oue Within
	Jun	e 30, 2018	A	dditions	Retir	rements	Jur	ne 30, 2019		One Year
Governmental activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	11,586	\$	4,538	\$	-	\$	16,124	\$	4,031
Governmental activity										_
long-term liabilities	\$	11,586	\$	4,538	\$	-	\$	16,124	\$	4,031

Carteret County, North Carolina

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 9. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

The ABC Board's accumulated earned vacation at June 30, 2019, amounted to approximately \$49,047. This amount is included in accounts payable.

The Airport Authority's long-term obligations as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

In March 2017, the Authority entered into a \$92,385 agreement for the purchase of maintenance equipment. The contract bears no interest and requires annual principal payments beginning in the fiscal year 2018.

Annual debt service payments of the installments purchase as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30,	Amoun	it
2020	\$ 18,	,477
2021	18.	,477
2022	18.	,477
	\$ 55,	,431

Changes in long-term debt for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Beginning Balance					Ending Balance Due Witl				Due Within
	June	30, 2018		Additions	Re	tirements	Jur	ne 30, 2019		One Year
Governmental activities:										
Installment purchases	\$	73,908	\$	-	\$	18,477	\$	55,431	\$	18,477

Note 10. Retirement Systems

A. North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan description: Carteret County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as exofficio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided: LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions: Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 8.50% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.75% for general employees and fire fighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,622,959 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions: County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after

Note 10. Retirement Systems (Continued)

service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a liability of \$6,559,051 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the County's proportion was .276% (measured as of June 30, 2018), which was a decrease of .004% from its proportion as of June 30, 2018 (measured as of June 30, 2017).

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,899,743. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Ir	Deferred oflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,011,906	\$	33,955
Changes of assuumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	1,740,519		-
on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between County	900,363		-
contributuions and proportionate share of contributions	84,439		30,275
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 1,622,959		-
Total	\$ 5,360,186	\$	64,230

\$1,622,959 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:

2019	\$ 1,790,165
2020	1,161,281
2021	198,341
2022	523,210
2023	-
Thereafter	 -
	\$ 3,672,997

Note 10. Retirement Systems (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent Salary increases 3.5 percent

Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Lang Torm Expected

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100.0%	
ισιαι	100.078	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan

Note 10. Retirement Systems (Continued)

members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percetage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
		(6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	(8.00%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	15,755,409	\$ 6,559,051	\$ (1,125,569)

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

B. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description

Carteret County administers a public employee retirement system (the *Separation Allowance*), a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At the December 31, 2017 valuation date, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	3
Active plan members	61
Total	64

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting: The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73:

- Contributions to the pension plan and earnings on those contributions are irrevocable
- Pension plan assets are dedicated to providing benefits to plan members
- Pension plan assets are legally protected from the creditors or employers.

Carteret County, North Carolina

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10. Retirement Systems (Continued)

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including

inflation and productivity factor

Discount rate 3.64 percent

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability is the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System for the five year period ending December 31, 2014.

Deaths After Retirement (Healthy): RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, project forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 104% for males and 100% for females.

Deaths Before Retirement: RP-2014 Employee base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015.

Deaths After Retirement (Beneficiary): RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 123% for males and females.

Deaths After Retirement (Disabled): RP-2014 Disabled Retiree base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 103% for males and 99% for females.

Note 10. Retirement Systems (Continued)

4. Contributions

The County is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration cost of the Separation Allowance are finance through investment earnings. The County has paid \$20,893 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a total pension liability of \$1,127,500. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2019 the County recognized pension expense of \$103,596.

	Deferi	red Outflows	De	terred Inflows
	of F	Resources	0	f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	23,872
Changes in assumptions		398		-
County benefit payments and plan administrative				
expense made subsequent ot the measurement date		12,311		
Total	\$	12,709	\$	23,872

\$12,311 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (3,931)
2021	(3,931)
2022	(3,931)
2023	(2,951)
2024	(8,730)
Thereafter	 -
	\$ (23,474)

\$11,311 paid as benefits came due and \$1,000 administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following present the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.64%, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (2.64%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.64%) than the current rate:

	1% Dec	rease	Discount	1% Increase
	(2.64	l%) I	Rate (3.64%)	(4.64%)
Total pension liability	\$ 1,22	28,115 \$	1,127,500	\$ 1,035,237

Note 10. Retirement Systems (Continued)

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liablility Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

2019
\$ 1,108,206
66,838
34,689
(14,112)
(47,228)
(20,893)
\$ 1,127,500
\$

The plan currently uses mortality table that vary by age, and health statue (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System as of December 31, 2014.

Note 10. Retirement Systems (Continued)

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan description: The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan ("Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding policy: Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions from the County for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$224,386, which consisted of \$161,191 from the County and \$63,195 from law enforcement officers. No amounts were forfeited.

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for General Employees

Plan description: Carteret County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan ("Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to general employees of the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

Funding policy: The County has voluntarily elected to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each employee's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the employees may make voluntary contributions to the Plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$1,305,933, which consisted of \$859,059 from the County and \$446,874 from the employees. No amounts were forfeited.

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan description: Carteret County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a noncontributory, defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and the State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina, 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Note 10. Retirement Systems (Continued)

Benefits Provided: An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions: Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contribution to the pension plan from the County were \$8,627 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported an asset of \$176,611 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2018, the County's proportion was 1.07%, which was an increase of .13% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of 37,857. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred utflows of esources	In	Deferred Iflows of Desources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,557	\$	8,061
Changes of Assumptions		8,306		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		28,150		-
Changes in proprotion and differences between County				
contributuions and proprotionate share of contributions		31,108		24,791
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		8,627		-
Total	\$	77,748	\$	32,852

\$8,627 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Note 10. Retirement Systems (Continued)

Years ending June 30:	
2019	\$ 30,634
2020	(7,033)
2021	8,296
2022	4,372
2023	-
Thereafter	 -
	\$ 36,269

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 3.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2019 is 1.4%.

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 10. Retirement Systems (Continued)

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.75 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75 percent) than the current rate:

	19	6 Decrease	D	iscount	19	% Increase
		(2.75%)	Ra	te (3.75%)		(4.75%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$	139,248	\$	176,611	\$	208,120

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

The net pension liability for LGERS and ROD was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of June 30, 2018, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2017. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	LGERS	L	LEOSSA	ROD	Total
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Proprotion of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,559,051		n/a	\$ (176,611)	\$ 6,382,440
(Asset)	0.27648%		n/a	1.06630%	
Total Pension Liability	\$ -	\$	1,127,500	\$ -	\$ 1,127,500
Pension Expense	\$ 1,898,206	\$	103,596	\$ 37,857	\$ 2,039,659

Carteret County, North Carolina

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10. Retirement Systems (Continued)

	LGERS	LEOSSA	ROD	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$ 1,011,906	\$ -	\$ 1,557	\$ 1,013,463
Change of assumptions	1,740,519	398	8,306	1,749,223
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan Investments	900,363	-	28,150	928,513
Changes in proportion and differences				
between County contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	84,439	-	31,108	115,547
County contributions (LGERS, ROD) / benefit				
payments and administration cost (LEOSSA)				
subsequent to the measurement date	1,622,959	12,311	8,627	1,643,897
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$ 33,955	\$ 23,872	\$ 8,061	\$ 65,888
Changes in proportion and differences				
between County contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	30,275	-	24,791	55,066

Note 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

Plan description. Under the terms of a County personnel policy, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). As of August 5, 2002, this plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the County, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) for at least 20 years, and retire with at least ten years of creditable service with the County. The Plan is available to qualified retirees until Medicare eligible. Prior to August 5, 2002, employees qualified for similar level benefits after at least five years of creditable service with the County. The County pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits through private insurers. Also, the County's retirees can purchase coverage for themselves and their spouses at the County's group rates. The County Commissioners may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

County Contributions to HCB Plan based o		
Retiered Employees' Years of Creditable		
Service	Pre-August 5, 2002	On or after August 5, 2002
Less than 5 years	Not eligible for coverage	Not eligible for coverage
5 - 20 years	Full coverage paid for by County	Not eligible for coverage
20+ years	Full coverage paid for by County	Full coverage paid for by County

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2017, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and spouses receiving benefits	45
Active plan members	421
Total	466

Total OPEB Liability

The county's total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 of \$7,294,191 was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified.

Note 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	1.00%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increase, including wage inflation:	
General Employees	3.50% - 7.75%
Firefighters	3.50% - 7.75%
Law Enforcement Officers	3.50% - 7.35%
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Prior measurement date	3.56%
Measurement date	3.89%
Health Care Cost Trends:	
Pre-Medicare and Prescripiton Drug	7.50% for 2017 decreasing to an

The discount rate used to measure the TOL was based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer.

ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2023

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increased used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 - December 31, 2014, adopted by the LGERS Board.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2017	\$ 7,230,171
Changes for the year:	
Service cost at the end of the year	425,449
Interest on TOL and cash flows	250,233
Difference between expected and actual experience	26,801
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(232,621)
Net Benefit payments and implicit subsidy credit	 (405,842)
Net Changes	64,020
Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2018	\$ 7,294,191

The TOL is based upon an actuarial valuation performed as of the Valuation Date, June 30, 2017. An expected TOL is determined as of June 30, 2016, the Prior Measurement Date, using standard roll back techniques. The roll back calculation begins with the TOL, as of the Measurement Date, June 30, 2017, add the expected benefit payments for the year, deducts interest at the Discount Rate for the year, and then subtracts the annual Normal Cost (also call the Service Cost).

Note 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

The actuarial study has assumed no significant changes, other than the change in the Municipal Bond Index Rate, have occurred between the Valuation Date and the Measurement Date. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89% due to a change in the Municipal Bond Rate. There are no changes in benefit terms since the Prior Measurement Date. No benefit payments are attributable to the purchase of allocated insurance contracts.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following present the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the county's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (2.89%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89%) than the current discount rate:

Discount Rate Sensitivity							
	Current						
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase						
		(2.89%)		(3.89%)		(4.89%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	8,025,111	\$	7,294,191	\$	6,638,412	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentrage-point lower of 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Health Care Cost Trend Rate Sensitivity					
	1% Decrease				1%	Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$	6.404.137	\$	7,294,191	\$	8.358.084

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$601,635. At June 30, 2019, the county reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	56,833	\$	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		-		471,525
Benefit payments and administrative costs made				
subsequent to the measurement date		288,775		-
Total	\$	345,608	\$	471,525

\$288,775 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Note 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

2019	\$ (79,619)
2020	(79,619)
2021	(79,619)
2022	(79,619)
2023	(71,206)
Thereafter	 (25,010)
	 (414,692)

Note 12. Other Employment Benefits

The County and the ABC Board have elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System ("Death Benefit Plan"), a multiemployer, State administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. Lump-sum death benefits are provided to beneficiaries of those employees: 1) who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or 2) who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump-sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employees' death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000 for the County and for the ABC Board. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The County and the ABC Board have no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 the County made contributions to the State for death benefits of \$20,156. The County's required contributions for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented 0.09% and 0.14% of covered payroll, respectively.

Note 13. Additional Social Welfare Expenditures

The benefit payments listed below were issued directly from the State to recipients of the County on its behalf. These amounts represent additional Federal and State financial assistance to the residents of the County but are not reflected in the financial statements because the County has no primary responsibilities beyond making eligibility determinations.

	Federal			State		
Medicaid	\$	50,737,727	\$	26,276,666		
TANF		132,393		-		
WIC		639,454		-		
Health Choice		1,533,158		-		
IV-E Adoption Subsidy and vendor		317,439		-		
Special Assistance		-		320,840		
CWS Adoption Subsidy		-		213,656		
SAA/SAD HB1030		-		15,606		
	\$	53,360,171	\$	26,826,768		

Note 14. Joint Ventures

The County, in conjunction with Craven County and Pamlico County, participates in the Coastal Regional Solid Waste Management Authority ("Waste Management Authority"). Carteret County appoints two members of the seven-member board. The Waste Management Authority is a joint venture established to provide solid waste management within these counties. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the Waste Management Authority because it and the other counties are legally obligated under the intergovernmental agreement that created the Waste Management Authority to honor any deficiencies in the event that proceeds from other sources are insufficient. The County did not contribute any funds to the Waste Management Authority during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019. Complete financial statements for the Waste Management Authority can be obtained from the Waste Management Authority's administrative offices at 7400 Old Highway 70 West, Cove City, North Carolina 28523.

The County, in conjunction with the State of North Carolina and the Carteret County Board of Education, participates in a joint venture to operate Carteret Community College. The County appoints four members of the twelve-member board of trustees of the community college. The community college is included as a component unit of the State of North Carolina. The County has the basic responsibility for providing funding for the facilities of the community college and also provides some financial support for the community college's operations. In addition to providing annual appropriations for the facilities, the County periodically issues general obligation bonds and bank installment loans to provide financing for new and restructured facilities. Of the last general obligation bond issue for this purpose, \$165,000 in debt is still outstanding. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the community college because of the statutory responsibilities to provide funding for the community college's facilities. The County contributed \$2,915,659 to the Community College during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019. Complete financial statements for the Community College may be obtained from the Community College's administrative offices at 3505 Arendell Street, Morehead City, North Carolina 28557.

Note 15. Jointly Governed Organizations

Regional Library

The County, in conjunction with two other counties, governs the operations of the Craven-Pamlico-Carteret Regional Library. Each participating government appoints three board members to the nine-member board. The County has no ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the library's continued existence depends on the State of North Carolina's continued funding. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the library, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the County contributed \$1,173,185 to the library in Carteret County.

On May 20, 2019, the Board of Commissions voted to provide Craven-Pamlico-Carteret Regional Library System the required notice of its intent to withdraw from the regional system. Carteret is required to provide a 12 month notice of its intent, and effective July 1, 2020, Carteret County libraries will be a County department served by local representation, direction, staffing, and funding.

Carteret County, North Carolina

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 16. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The County is named defendant in several lawsuits related to carrying out its functions. Based upon its consultations with the County's attorneys, the County believes its ultimate liability, if any, will not be significant.

Operating Leases

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the County entered into a ten-year office lease agreement for the Carteret County Board of Elections, the Carteret County Library and various other County offices. The County renewed this lease in April 2019 for five years. Rent under this lease for the year ended June 30, 2019 amounted to \$131,645. Future minimum lease payments for the office lease are as follows:

Year ending	Annual Lease
June 30,	Payment
2020	\$ 131,645
2021	131,645
2022	131,645
2023	109,704
	\$ 504,639

The Hospital has lease commitments under various operating leases for certain medical equipment. Total rental expense under cancelable and noncancelable operating leases was approximately \$1,062,508 for the year ended September 30, 2018. The future minimum lease payments under the noncancelable operating leases are as follows:

September 30,	Amount	
2019	\$	533,844
2020		533,844
2021		425,823
2022		101,760
2023		84,800
Total minimum lease payments	\$	1,680,071

The ABC Board has operating leases for two facilities and office equipment. The leases expire at varying times through June 30, 2027. The lease payment schedule for four non-cancellable leases are as follows:

Note 16. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

Year ending	Annual Lease
June 30,	Payment
2020	\$ 125,781
2021	111,402
2022	33,790
2023	29,840
2024	29,840
Thereafter	89,519
	\$ 420,172

Construction Commitments

The County has the following construction commitments as of June 30, 2019:

Project	Spent-To-Date Commits		mmitment	
Western Library Expansion	\$	275,810	\$	45,087

Federal and State Assisted Programs

Hurricane Florence

September 2018, Hurricane Florence made landfall in Carteret County. As of June 30, 2019, the County submitted \$15,898,089 to FEMA for reimbursement, and FEMA has approved \$14,573,756. The County has received \$9,180,419. County administrators believe the County will receive the remaining funds.

Other Federal and State Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. County administrators believe that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

Component unit information:

The Hospital is insured under claims-made policies for the purpose of providing professional and patient care liability insurance. These policies cover only malpractice claims reported to the insurance carrier during the policy term. Coverage includes a \$3,000,000 policy on professional liability limited to \$1,000,000 per case and an excess coverage policy of \$15,000,000 for specified aggregate amounts in excess of the basic coverage. The excess coverage is an occurrence policy with a retroactive date of June 15, 1976. Incidents occurring through September 30, 2018, may result in the assertion of a claim. In the opinion of management, these actions would be successfully defended or resolved without material adverse effect on the financial position of the Hospital.

Carteret County, North Carolina

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 16. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

The Airport has the following construction commitments as of June 30, 2019:

				Remaining			
Project	Spent-To-Date			Commitment			
T Hangar and Taxilane	\$	1,094,691	\$	56,594			
Pavement Rehab Project		182,781		3,817,593			
	\$	1,277,472	\$	3,874,187			

Note 17. Inter-fund and Intra-Entity Receivables and Payables

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund	Occupancy Tax		_
	Occupancy tax distribution	\$	410,132
	Salter Path Taxing District		541
		\$	410,673

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	-	Amount	
Primary government:	Component unit:			
General Fund	Carteret County ABC Board			
	Net income distribution due to County			
	June 30, 2019		\$	220,927

Note 18. Inter-fund Transfers and Intra-Entity Transactions with Component Units

Transfers of resources from a fund receiving revenue to the fund through which the resources are to be expended are recorded as transfers, and are reported as other financing sources (uses) in the Governmental funds and non-operating revenues (expenses) in the Enterprise Fund.

Inter-fund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019, are as follows:

				Tr	ansfers In			
Transfera Out	 Major		Major ounty Capital		Non-Major overnmental		Major Water	Total
Transfers Out	 General	- 111	nprovements		Funds	_	Fund	Total
Major General Fund	\$ -	\$	12,766,113	\$	3,900,699	\$	-	\$ 16,666,812
Major Occupancy Tax Fund	3,884,327		-		-		-	3,884,327
Other Governmental Funds	 -		228,386		25,498		400,000	653,884
Total transfers out	\$ 3,884,327	\$	12,994,499	\$	3,926,197	\$	400,000	\$ 21,205,023

Transfers consist primarily of the following:

\$ 3,900,699	Transfer from General Fund for various current and future capital projects and to supplement other funding sources
	in the special revenue and capital projects funds
3,884,327	Transfer from Occupancy Tax Fund in accordance with
	North Carolina General Statutes
12,766,113	Transfer from General Fund to County Capital Improvements
	Fund for various current and future capital projects and
	to supplement other funding sources
	in the special revenue and capital project funds
253,884	Transfer from Other Governmental Funds for various current
	and future capital projects and supplement other funding sources
400,000	Transfer from Water Taxing District Fund to the Water Fund
	to fund capital and debt service

Intra-entity transactions with discretely presented component units for the year ended June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Expenditures from General Fund to Beaufort-Morehead City	
Airport Authority for operations and capital improvements	\$ 160,105
Expenditures from Occupancy Tax Fund to	
Carteret County Tourism Development Authority for portion	
of Room Occupancy Tax	3,797,509
	\$ 3,957,614
Profit Contributions from ABC Board to	
General Fund	\$ 826,852

Note 19. Pronouncements Issued, Not Yet Effective

The GASB has issued several pronouncements prior to June 30, 2019, that have effective dates that may affect future financial presentation.

Management has not currently determined what, if any, effect implementation of the following statements may have on the financial statements of Carteret County.

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This Statement established criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria is generally on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.

In June 2018, GASB issued *Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period.* The objectives of this statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

In August 2018, GASB issued *Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61.* The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018.

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 20. Subsequent Events

The County has evaluated its subsequent events (events occurring after June 30, 2019) through November 26, 2019, which represents the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Hurricane Florence made landfall in Carteret County September 13, 2018. The County anticipates being reimbursed for all hurricane eligible expenditures from FEMA and the State.

The Beaufort-Morehead City Airport Authority was renamed the Carteret County-Beaufort Airport Authority effective July 16, 2019. With this change, the board membership was increased from five to seven members.



Required Supplemental Financial Data

(Unaudited)

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability - Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll – Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (LGERS)

Schedule of County Contributions (LGERS)

Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension (ROD)

Schedule of County Contributions (ROD)

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability



Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance For Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 1,108,206	\$ 968,325	\$ 912,139
Service cost	66,838	58,188	63,079
Interest on the total pension liability	34,689	37,022	32,336
Differences between expected and actual experience			
in the measurement of the total pension liability	(14,112)	(18,303)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(47,228)	81,366	(26,491)
Benefit payments	 (20,893)	(18,392)	(12,738)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 1,127,500	\$ 1,108,206	\$ 968,325

The amounts presented for the fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance For Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 2019		2018		2017
Total pension liability	\$ 1,127,500	\$	1,108,206	\$	968,325
Covered employee payroll	2,638,514		2,590,646		2,577,824
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	42.73%)	42.78%)	37.56%

Notes to the schedules:

The County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 73 nor does the Plan provided pay related benefits.



Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension
Liability (Asset)
Required Supplementary Information
Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Last Six Fiscal Years*

2019		2018		2017
0.27648%		0.28040%)	0.29078%
\$ 6,559,051	\$	4,283,735	\$	6,171,326
18,490,395		18,208,239		17,057,781
35.47%		23.53%	,	36.18%
91.63%		94.18%	,	91.47%
\$	0.27648% \$ 6,559,051 18,490,395 35.47%	0.27648% \$ 6,559,051 \$	0.27648% 0.28040% \$ 6,559,051 \$ 4,283,735 18,490,395 18,208,239 35.47% 23.53%	0.27648% 0.28040% \$ 6,559,051 \$ 4,283,735 \$ 18,490,395 18,208,239 35.47% 23.53%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

2016			2015	2014		
		0.25893%	0.25688%	0.24810%		
	\$	1,162,062 15,801,403	\$ (1,514,940) 14,891,061	\$ 2,990,558 14,737,702		
		7.35%	-10.17%	20.29%		
		98.09%	102.64%	94.35%		

Schedule of County Contributions Required Supplementary Information Local Governmental Employee's Retirement System

Last Six Fiscal Years

	 2019		2018		2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,622,959	\$	1,391,865	\$	1,315,412
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,622,959		1,391,865		1,315,412
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
, ,				•	
County's covered payroll	\$ 20,750,389	\$	18,490,395	\$	18,208,239
Contributions as a percentage of	7.000		7.500/		7.000/
covered payroll	7.82%)	7.53%)	7.22%

	2016		2015		2014
\$	1,167,788	\$	1,150,353	\$	1,062,954
	1,167,788		1,150,353		1,062,954
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
\$	17,057,781 \$		15,801,403	14,891,061	
6.85%		7.28%	7.14%		

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Last Six Fiscal Years*

	 2019	2018	2017
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) %	1.06630%	0.93938%	1.33673%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability			
(asset) \$	\$ (176,611)	\$ (160,343)	(249,915)
County's covered payroll	47,636	47,761	41,841
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability			
(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	-370.75%	-335.72%	-597.30%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total			
pension liability	153.31%	153.77%	160.17%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

The schedule is intended to show information for ten years, and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

 2016	2015	2014
 1.09128%	1.10071%	1.12857%
\$ (252,893)	\$ (249,489)	\$ (241,063)
46,233	46,233	46,233
-547.00%	-539.63%	-521.41%
197.29%	193.88%	190.50%

Schedule of County Contributions Required Supplementary Information Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Last Six Fiscal Years

	 2019	2018		2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 8,627	\$ 9,125	\$	9,588
Contributions in relation to the contractually				
required contribution	 8,627	9,125		9,588
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
County's covered payroll	\$ 52,113	\$ 46,025	\$	41,841
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	16.55%	19.83%	,	22.92%

	2016			2015	2014		
	\$	9,494	4 \$ 8,732		\$	8,987	
_		9,494		8,732		8,987	
	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
٠	\$	46,233	46,233 \$ 46,		\$	46,233	
		20.54%		18.89%		19.44%	

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability For Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Measurement Period Ending		
	2018	2017	
Beginning balance	\$ 7,230,171	7,297,781	
Service cost	425,449	407,537	
Interest on the total pension liability	250,233	213,683	
Differences between expected and actual experience	26,801	40,986	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(232,621)	(329,477)	
Benefit payments	(405,842)	(400,339)	
Ending balance of the total OPEB liability	\$ 7,294,191 \$	7,230,171	
Covered employee payroll Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	16,873,606 43.23%	16,873,606 42.85%	

Notes to Schedule

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discounts rates used in each period:

Fiscal year	cal year Measurement Period			
2018	2017	3.56%		
2019	2018	3.89%		

	Final		Variance With Final Budget -
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
evenues			
Ad valorem taxes:			
Current period	\$ 45,435,000	\$ 45,799,705	\$ 364,70
Prior years	850,000	936,703	86,70
Interest and penalties	335,000	482,719	
	46,620,000	47,219,127	599,12
Other taxes:			
ABC local bottle tax	37,000	42,276	5,27
Local option sales tax	15,200,000	16,000,706	800,70
	15,237,000	16,042,982	805,98
Permits and fees:			
Sheriff fees	100,000	88,115	(11,88
Register of deeds	1,445,000	1,364,891	(80,10
Franchise fees	450,000	416,103	(33,89
Building and Inspection fees	650,000	650,558	55
Environmental health fees	357,000	283,344	(73,65
Public Health fees	310,000	452,607	142,60
Other fees	98,385	172,269	73,88
	3,410,385	3,427,887	17,50
Intergovernmental:			
Restricted:			
Federal and State grants	27,138,898	21,341,785	(5,797,11
Lottery proceeds	600,000	600,000	
Court facilities fees	105,000	93,380	(11,62
Unrestricted:			• '
Beer and wine tax	180,000	172,600	(7,40
Payments in lieu of taxes	· •	196,304	•
ABC profits	723,350	826,852	103,50
Croatan National Forest	41,000	46,071	5,07
	28,788,248	23,276,992	(5,511,25
Sales and services:		•	• • •
Solid waste	3,475,000	3,473,805	(1,19
Civic center fees	247,700	268,024	• •
Other	456,510	498,859	42,34
	4,179,210	4,240,688	61,47
Interest	300,000	1,151,238	851,23
		1,101,200	001,20
Miscellaneous:			
Other	1,388,045	1,851,693	463,64
	1,388,045	1,851,693	463,64
Total revenues	99,922,888	97,210,607	(2,712,28

	Final		Variance With
	Final	•	Final Budget -
an an district	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
kpenditures General government:			
-			
Governing body:		E0 261	
Salaries and employee benefits		50,261	
Operating expenses		143,812	
Professional services	295,450	79,500 273,573	21,877
Administration:		213,313	21,07
Salaries and employee benefits		398,251	
Operating expenses		22,764	
operating expenses	462,557	421,015	41,542
Information systems:		,	,.
Salaries and employee benefits		641,166	
Operating expenses		1,028,328	
Capital outlay		313,457	
,	2,013,216	1,982,951	30,265
Finance:		, i	·
Salaries and employee benefits		681,182	
Operating expenses		77,773	
	777,943	758,955	18,988
Human resources:			
Salaries and employee benefits		337,208	
Operating expenses		66,564	
	435,019	403,772	31,24
Tax and revaluation:			
Salaries and employee benefits		1,159,466	
Operating expenses		66,026	
Contract services		336,033	
Capital outlay		17,995	
	1,652,098	1,579,520	72,578
Legal:			
Professional services	70,000	52,560	17,440
Court facilities:			
Salaries and employee benefits		2,841	
Operating expenses		77,982	
Operating expenses	84,515	80,823	3,692
Elections:		30,020	0,00
Salaries and employee benefits		329,500	
Operating expenses		231,183	
CF 5.2/9 0/40/1000	595,457	560,683	34,774
Register of deeds:		,	
Salaries and employee benefits		376,303	
Operating expenses		144,680	
Character and authorization	585,451	520,983	64.46

	Final		Variance With Final Budget -
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Public buildings:	Juagot	7 totaa.	· contro (rioganivo)
Salaries and employee benefits		498,982	
Operating expenses		1,866,399	
Capital outlay		49,228	
, ,	2,801,880	2,414,609	387,271
Total general government	9,773,586	9,049,444	724,142
Public safety:			
Sheriff:			
Salaries and employee benefits		4,576,143	
Operating expenses		743,963	
Contract services		155,357	
Capital outlay		439,299	
	6,016,448	5,914,762	101,686
Sheriff - Jail division:			
Salaries and employee benefits		2,285,357	
Operating expenses		1,577,808	
Contract services		302,085	
	4,389,944	4,165,250	224,694
Paramedic operations:			
Salaries and employee benefits		577,743	
Operating expenses		120,522	
Capital outlay	836,527	25,416 723,681	112,846
Emergency management:		1 = 0,000	11-7,414
Salaries and employee benefits		267,585	
Operating expenses		43,745	
Contracted services		67,571	
	387,814	378,901	8,913
Rape crisis program:			
Salaries and employee benefits		250,771	
Operating expenses		31,622	
	295,656	282,393	13,263
Fire Marshall:			
Salaries and employee benefits		140,428	
Operating expenses		24,650	
	167,689	165,078	2,611
Consolidated Communications:			
Salaries and employee benefits		1,628,442	
Operating expenses		280,074	
A Company	2,084,977	1,908,516	176,461
Medical examiner:	22.225	20.422	
Professional services	69,000	68,400	600

	Final		Variance With Final Budget -
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Animal control:			
Salaries and employee benefits		263,949	
Operating expenses		210,614	
Capital outlay		29,608	
Total public safety	<u>521,822</u> 14,769,877	504,171 14,111,152	17,651 658,725
	14,709,877	14,111,132	038,723
Transportation:			
Harbors:			
Operating expenses	25,000	9,536	15,464
Beaufort-Morehead City Airport Authority			
Salaries and employee benefits		36,320	
Operating expenses		160,105	
, ,	196,455	196,425	30
CCATS:		747.004	
Salaries and employee benefits		717,091	
Operating expenses		260,093	
Capital outlay	1 246 294	354,536	44 564
	1,346,281	1,331,720	14,561
Total transportation	1,567,736	1,537,681	30,055
Environmental protection:			
Forest fire control	134,925	114,120	20,805
Tri-County solid waste collections	17,449,200	17,367,029	82,171
Public works:			
Salaries and employee benefits		482,334	
Operating expenses		465,758	
Capital outlay		73,210	
	1,082,949	1,021,302	61,647
Total environmental protection	18,667,074	18,502,451	164,623
Economic and physical development:			
Economic development:			
Salaries and employee benefits		171,930	
Operating expenses		221,110	
	407,477	393,040	14,437
Beach nourishment:			
Salaries and employee benefits		138,057	
Operating expenses		11,399	
Contract services		291,692	
	1,042,725	441,148	601,577
	-,,	,	,

			Variance With
	Final		Final Budget -
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Planning and zoning:			
Salaries and employee benefits		727,879	
Operating expenses		114,674	
Contract services		29,875	
Capital outlay		20,810	
O a series and in the series of the series o	973,940	893,238	80,702
General services:		122.750	
Salaries and employee benefits		122,759	
Operating expenses	132,635	3,365 126,124	6,511
Cooperative extension:	132,033	120,124	0,311
Salaries and employee benefits		62,772	
Operating expenses		182,290	
Operating expenses	265,600	245,062	20,538
Total economic and physical development	2,822,377	2,098,612	723,765
Total coolidation and physical accordance.	_,,	_,,,,,,,,	: _0,: 00
Human Services:			
Health center:			
Salaries and employee benefits		2,032,967	
Operating expenses		497,616	
	2,852,253	2,530,583	321,670
Dental program			
Salaries and employee benefits		270,898	
Operating expenses		71,471	
	370,505	342,369	28,136
Women, infants, and children:			
Salaries and employee benefits		265,769	
Operating expenses		3,381	4.040
Fig. income and all healths.	273,993	269,150	4,843
Environmental health:		4 060 222	
Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenses		1,069,333 86,602	
Capital outlay		7,250	
Capital Gullay	1,175,515	1,163,185	12,330
Mental health:	.,,	.,,	:=,000
Mental health center and other		314,873	
Mental health, ABC		30,000	
	528,000	344,873	183,127
DSS administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits		7,586,080	
Operating expenses		691,418	
Capital outlay		18,256	
	8,635,202	8,295,754	339,448
General assistance	704,500	581,614	122,886
TANE Disabourse			
TANF Block grant:		.=	
TANF Block grant		15,243	
Operating expenses	404 000	24,784	CO 070
	101,000	40,027	60,973

			Variance With
	Final		Final Budget -
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
DSS special assistance	1,316,000	828,435	487,565
Special projects	879,035	508,264	370,771
Other human services	487,075	474,386	12,689
Veteran services:			
Salaries and employee benefits		328,459	
Operating expenses		51,719	
	384,388	380,178	4,210
Senior center aging programs:			
Salaries and employee benefits		236,529	
Operating expenses		39,810	
Contract services		77,815	
	539,218	354,154	185,064
Total human services	18,246,684	16,112,972	2,133,712
Culture and recreation:			
Senior center:			
		404.057	
Salaries and employee benefits		121,357	
Operating expenses		48,423	
Contract services	248,773	11,875 181,655	67,118
	·	·	
Carteret County Library:			
Appropriations to Library Systems	1,330,060	1,326,310	3,750
Parks and recreation:			
Salaries and employee benefits		535,776	
Operating expenses		232,578	
Contract services		25,527	
	842,257	793,881	48,376
Parks and recreation maintenance:			
Salaries and employee benefits		481,632	
Operating expenses		394,384	
Capital outlay		476,834	
, ,	1,392,455	1,352,850	39,605
Civic center:			·
Salaries and employee benefits		223,943	
Operating expenses		137,991	
	406,989	361,934	45,055
Total culture and recreation	4,220,534	4,016,630	203,904
i vidi valtaro ana rovi valtori	-,220,004	7,010,000	200,004

			Variance With
	Final		Final Budget -
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Education:			
Public schools, current expense	23,264,455	23,264,455	-
Community college, current expense	2,515,000	2,515,000	-
Community college, capital outlay	905,095	400,659	504,436
Total education	26,684,550	26,180,114	504,436
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	5,618,500	5,504,773	113,727
Interest and fees	1,170,600	1,160,362	10,238
Total debt service	6,789,100	6,665,135	123,965
Total expenditures	103,541,518	98,274,191	5,267,327
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,618,630)	(1,063,584)	2,555,046
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in (out):			
From Occupancy Tax Fund	3,979,350	3,884,327	(95,023)
To School Project Fund	(2,199,000)	(2,199,000)	-
To Capital Improvement Fund	(12,766,113)	(12,766,113)	-
To Facilities / Debt Reserve Fund	(1,630,700)	(1,630,700)	-
To E-911 Fund	(70,999)	(70,999)	-
Contingency reserves	(3,044,653)	-	3,044,653
Appropriated fund balance	19,350,745	-	(19,350,745)
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,618,630	(12,782,485)	(16,401,115)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(13,846,069)	\$ (13,846,069)
Fund balance			
Beginning		61,837,568	
Ending	\$	47,991,499	



Combining Balance Sheet - Non-major Governmental Fund Types June 30, 2019

		Go	vern	ment Fund T	ypes	S	
					Total		
		Special		Capital		Nonmajor	
	Revenue			Projects	Governmental		
		Funds		Funds		Funds	
Assets							
Assets:							
Cash and investments	\$	1,452,623	\$	6,239,229	\$	7,691,852	
Restricted cash and investments		2,001,451		-		2,001,451	
Receivables, net		1,493,783		-		1,493,783	
Total assets	\$	4,947,857	\$	6,239,229	\$	11,187,086	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,							
and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	110,742	\$	52,724	\$	163,466	
Due to other funds		541		-		541	
Total liabilities		111,283		52,724		164,007	
Deferred inflows of resources		717,589		-		717,589	
Fund balances:							
Restricted:							
Public safety		1,301,653		-		1,301,653	
Economic development		214,771		-		214,771	
Rescue protection		1,081,077		-		1,081,077	
Fire protection		1,521,484		-		1,521,484	
Committed:							
School capital		-		162,112		162,112	
Community College capital		-		1,425,000		1,425,000	
Assigned:							
County capital				4,599,393		4,599,393	
Total fund balances		4,118,985		6,186,505		10,305,490	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,							
and fund balances	\$	4,947,857	\$	6,239,229	\$	11,187,086	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-major Governmental Fund Types Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Government Fund Types					
					Total	
	Special		Capital	Nonmajor		
	Revenue		Projects		overnmental	
	Funds		Funds		Funds	
Revenues						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 7,136,846	\$	-	\$	7,136,846	
Other taxes	2,298,165		-		2,298,165	
Intergovernmental	413,166		26,795		439,961	
Interest	79,586		118,421		198,007	
Miscellaneous	 4,811		214		5,025	
Total revenues	9,932,574		145,430		10,078,004	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public safety	8,954,065		-		8,954,065	
Economic and physical development	1,348		-		1,348	
Capital outlay	-		2,395,681		2,395,681	
Total expenditures	8,955,413		2,395,681		11,351,094	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 977,161		(2,250,251)		(1,273,090)	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	70,999		3,855,198		3,926,197	
Transfers out	(478,000)		(175,884)		(653,884)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(407,001)		3,679,314		3,272,313	
Net change in fund balance	570,160		1,429,063		1,999,223	
Fund balances						
Beginning	 3,548,825		4,757,442		8,306,267	
Ending	\$ 4,118,985	\$	6,186,505	\$	10,305,490	

Non-major Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specified revenue sources (other than Special Assessments) or to finance specified activities as required by law or administrative regulation.

Non-major Special Revenue Funds

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

		Rescue Squad Fund	Fire District Fund		Emergency Felephone ystem Fund
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$	_	\$ -	\$	1,271,510
Restricted cash and investments		824,800	1,176,651		-
Receivables:					
Property taxes receivable, net		263,149	418,833		-
Accounts receivable		290,204	417,250		34,430
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	1,378,153	\$ 2,012,734	\$	1,305,940
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	33,927	\$ 72,417	\$	4,287
Due to other funds Total liabilities		33,927			4,287
i otai liabilities		33,921	12,411		4,201
Deferred inflows of resources		263,149	418,833		-
Fund balances:					
Restricted:					
Public safety		-	-		1,301,653
Economic development		-	-		-
Rescue protection		1,081,077	-		-
Fire protection			1,521,484		<u>-</u>
Total fund balances		1,081,077	1,521,484		1,301,653
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources, and fund balances	\$	1,378,153	\$ 2,012,734	\$	1,305,940

;	Salter Path		Water Tax		
	District		District		
	Fund		Fund		Totals
\$	-	\$	181,113	\$	1,452,623
	-		-		2,001,451
	6		25 004		747 F00
	6		35,601		717,589
_	691		33,619		776,194
\$	697	\$	250,333	\$	4,947,857
\$	-	\$	111	\$	110,742
	541		-		541
	541		111		111,283
	6		35,601		717,589
	-		-		1,301,653
	150		214,621		214,771
	-		-		1,081,077
	-		-		1,521,484
	150		214,621		4,118,985
•	607	¢	250 222	¢	4 0 4 7 9 5 7

Non-major Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Rescue Squad Fund	Fire District Fund	Emergency Telephone System Fund	
Revenues				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,736,527	\$ 4,097,698	\$	-
Other taxes	903,501	1,288,640		-
Intergovernmental	-	-		413,166
Interest	18,728	27,962		26,439
Miscellaneous	 -	4,811		-
Total revenues	 3,658,756	5,419,111		439,605
Expenditures				
Public safety	3,470,183	5,174,664		309,218
Economic and physical development	-	-		-
Total expenditures	 3,470,183	5,174,664		309,218
Revenues over expenditures	 188,573	244,447		130,387
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	-	-		70,999
Transfers out	 -	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-		70,999
Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures				
and other financing uses	188,573	244,447		201,386
Fund balances				
Beginning	892,504	1,277,037		1,100,267
Ending	\$ 1,081,077	\$ 1,521,484	\$	1,301,653

Salter Path District Fund	Water Tax District Fund	Totals
\$ 6,507	\$ 296,114	\$ 7,136,846
2,288	103,736	2,298,165
-	-	413,166
681	5,776	79,586
-	-	4,811
9,476	405,626	9,932,574
-	-	8,954,065
5	1,343	1,348
5	1,343	8,955,413
9,471	404,283	977,161
-	-	70,999
(78,000)	(400,000)	(478,000)
 (78,000)	(400,000)	(407,001)
(68,529)	4,283	570,160
68,679	210,338	3,548,825
\$ 150	\$ 214,621	\$ 4,118,985

Rescue Squad Fund

					Variance
	Budget		Actual		Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Daaget		Actual		(Negative)
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,648,625	\$	2,736,527	\$	87,902
Other taxes:	, ,				•
Local option sales tax	745,000		903,501		158,501
Intergovernmental	136,260		-		(136,260)
Interest	-		18,728		18,728
Total revenues	3,529,885		3,658,756		128,871
Expenditures					
Public safety:					
Beaufort	878,115		878,115		-
Broad and Gales Creek	311,842		311,842		-
Mill Creek	102,881		102,882		(1)
Mitchell Village	140,501		140,501		-
Otway	313,254		313,254		-
Sea Level	256,365		256,365		-
Western Carteret	600,092		600,091		1
District hurricane reimbursements	136,260		25,318		110,942
District reserves	160,470		129,815		30,655
Local sales tax	712,000		712,000		
Total expenditures	 3,611,780		3,470,183		141,597
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(81,895)		188,573		270,468
Other financing sources					_
Fund balance appropriated	 81,895		-		(81,895)
Revenues and other financing					
sources over expenditures	\$ -	=	188,573	\$	188,573
Fund balances					
Beginning			892,504		
Ending		\$	1,081,077	_	
			·		

Fire District Fund

		Day land		Astron		Variance Positive
Revenues		Budget		Actual	(Negative)
Ad valorem taxes	\$	3,967,370	\$	4,097,698	\$	130,328
Other taxes:	Ψ	3,301,310	Ψ	4,037,030	Ψ	130,320
Local option sales tax		1,191,700		1,288,640		96,940
Intergovernmental		195,690		1,200,040		(195,690)
Interest		100,000		27,962		27,962
Miscellaneous		_		4,811		4,811
Total revenues		5,354,760		5,419,111		64,351
Expenditures		3,334,700		3,713,111		04,551
Public safety:						
Fire Districts:						
Atlantic		52,373		52,373		_
Beaufort		321,393		321,393		_
Broad and Gales Creek		297,547		297,547		_
Cedar Island		48,542		48,542		_
Davis		65,491		65,491		_
Harkers Island		355,651		355,651		_
Harlowe		78,005		78,005		_
Marshallberg		184,411		184,411		_
Mill Creek		31,350		31,350		_
Mitchell Village, Crab Point		361,282		361,282		_
Newport		413,963		413,963		_
North River		46,211		46,211		_
Otway		196,758		196,758		_
Salter Path		85,132		85,132		_
Sea Level		48,129		48,129		_
South River		100,060		100,060		_
Stacy		22,232		22,232		_
Stella		217,437		217,437		_
Western Carteret		602,092		602,092		_
Wildwood		583,993		583,993		_
Districts hurricane reimbursements		195,690		70,912		124,778
District reserves		189,073		53,000		136,073
Local sales tax		938,700		938,700		-
Total expenditures	-	5,435,515		5,174,664		260,851
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	(80,755)		244,447		325,202
Other financing sources		(00)100)		2-1-1,-1-1		020,202
Fund balance appropriated		80,755		_		(80,755)
Revenues and other financing		00,100				(00): 00)
sources over expenditures	\$	_		244,447	\$	244,447
Fund balances			=	,		
Beginning				1,277,037		
Ending			\$	1,521,484	_	
· 3			<u> </u>	.,,	=	

Emergency Telephone System Fund

					Variance Positive
	Budget		Actual	(Negative)
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ 190,000	\$	413,166	\$	223,166
Interest	3,000		26,439		23,439
Total revenues	193,000		439,605		246,605
Expenditures					
Public safety:					
Operating expenses	212,500		135,901		76,599
Contracted services	130,000		106,206		23,794
Capital outlay	99,500		67,111		32,389
Total expenditures	442,000		309,218		132,782
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (249,000)		130,387		379,387
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfer from General Fund	70,999		70,999		-
Contingency	(70,999)		-		70,999
Fund balance appropriated	249,000		-		(249,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	249,000		70,999		(178,001)
Revenues and other financing					
sources over expenditures	\$ -	=	201,386	\$	201,386
Fund balances					
Beginning			1,100,267	_	
Ending		\$	1,301,653	=	

Salter Path District Fund

					Variance Positive
	Budget		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues			7101001		(Hoganio)
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 6,400	\$	6,507	\$	107
Other taxes:					
Local option sales tax	2,100		2,288		188
Interest	 200		681		481
Total revenues	 8,700		9,476		776
Expenditures					
Economic and physical development:					
Beach nourishment	50		5		45
Total expenditures	50		5		45
Revenues over expenditures	 8,650		9,471		821
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers out	(78,000)		(78,000)		-
Fund balance appropriated	 69,350		-		(69,350)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(8,650)		(78,000)		(69,350)
Revenues under other					
financing sources (uses)	\$ -	=	(68,529)	\$	(68,529)
Fund balances					
Beginning			68,679		
Ending		\$	150	-	
		=		=	

Water Tax District Fund

					Variance Positive
_	Budget		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues		_		_	
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 292,000	\$	296,114	\$	4,114
Other taxes					
Local option sales tax	95,000		103,736		8,736
Interest	 1,000		5,776		4,776
Total revenues	 388,000		405,626		17,626
Expenditures					
Economic and Physical Development					
Operating expenses	3,000		1,343		1,657
Total expenditures	3,000		1,343		1,657
Revenues over expenditures	385,000		404,283		19,283
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers out	(400,000)		(400,000)		-
Fund balance appropriated	15,000		-		(15,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(385,000)		(400,000)		(15,000)
Revenues over other					
financing sources (uses)	\$ -	=	4,283	\$	4,283
Fund balances					
Beginning			210,338		
Ending		\$	214,621	_	
		<u> </u>		=	

2014 Flood Mitigation Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception and the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total to Date	
\$ 22,151	
22,151	
22,151	
-	
22,151	
22,151	
\$ -	
•	



Non-major Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds account for all resources used for the acquisition and/or construction of major capital facilities.

Non-major Capital Projects Fund

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	County Capital Reserve Fund	D	County Facilities ebt Reserve Fund		School Special Projects Fund		
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 985,566	\$	3,618,635	\$	210,028		
Total assets	\$ 985,566	\$	3,618,635	\$	210,028		
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and							
accrued liabilities	\$ 4,808	\$	-	\$	47,916		
Total liabilities	 4,808		-		47,916		
Fund balances :							
Committed:							
School capital	-		-		162,112		
Community College capital	-		-		-		
Assigned:							
County capital	 980,758		3,618,635		-		
Total fund balances	 980,758		3,618,635		162,112		
Total liabilities and		•		•			
fund balances	\$ 985,566	\$	3,618,635	\$	210,028		

_	'ammunitu	
C	Community	
	College	
	Fund	Totals
\$	1,425,000	\$ 6,239,229
\$	1,425,000	\$ 6,239,229
\$	_	\$ 52,724
	-	 52,724
		- ,
	-	162,112
	1,425,000	1,425,000
	_	 4,599,393
	1,425,000	 6,186,505
\$	1,425,000	\$ 6,239,229

Carteret

Non-major Capital Projects Fund

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2019

	County County Capital Facilities / Reserve Debt Reserve Fund Fund				School Special Projects Fund
Revenues					_
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	-	\$	26,795
Interest	21,678		76,971		18,587
Miscellaneous	214		-		-
Total revenues	21,892		76,971		45,382
Expenditures					
Capital outlay	-		-		2,254,081
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 21,892		76,971		(2,208,699)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	-		1,630,700		2,224,498
Transfers out	-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		1,630,700		2,224,498
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	21,892		1,707,671		15,799
Fund balances					
Beginning	958,866		1,910,964		146,313
Ending	\$ 980,758	\$	3,618,635	\$	162,112

	County	201	15 School		Carteret	
Co	onstruction		Bond	C	Community	
	Projects	F	Projects		College	
	Fund		Fund		Fund	Totals
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 26,795
	328		857		-	118,421
	-		-		-	214
	328		857		-	145,430
	26,600		115,000		-	2,395,681
	(26,272)		(114,143)		-	(2,250,251)
	-		-		-	3,855,198
	(150,386)		(25,498)		-	(175,884)
	(150,386)		(25,498)		-	3,679,314
	(176,658)		(139,641)		-	1,429,063
	176,658		139,641		1,425,000	4,757,442
\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,425,000	\$ 6,186,505

County Capital Reserve Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Bu	ıdget	Actual	Variance Positive		
Revenues						
Interest	\$	-	\$	21,678	\$ 21,678	
Miscellaneous		-		214	214	
Total revenues		-		21,892	21,892	
Revenues over expenditures	<u>\$</u>		=	21,892	\$ 21,892	
Fund balances						
Beginning				958,866		
Ending			\$	980,758		

County Facilities / Debt Reserve Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Variance Positive	
	Budget		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues						
Interest	\$ -	\$	76,971	\$	76,971	
Total revenues	 -		76,971		76,971	
Expenditures						
Capital outlay:						
Future Projects / Capital Debt	 1,630,700		-		1,630,700	
Total expenditures	1,630,700		-		1,630,700	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (1,630,700)		76,971		1,707,671	
Other financing sources						
Transfer from General Fund	1,630,700		1,630,700		-	
Total other financing sources	1,630,700		1,630,700		-	
Revenues and other financing						
sources over expenditures	\$ -	=	1,707,671	\$	1,707,671	
Fund balances						
Beginning			1,910,964			
Ending		\$	3,618,635	_		

School Special Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Actual		Variance Positive
		Budget		(Negative)		
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	26,795	\$	26,795
Interest		5,000		18,587		13,587
Total revenues		5,000		45,382		40,382
Expenditures						
Capital outlay, Board of Education		2,335,062		2,254,081		80,981
Revenues under expenditures		(2,330,062)		121,363		
Other financing sources						
Transfer from other funds		2,224,500		2,224,498		(2)
Fund balance appropriated		105,562		-		(105,562)
Total other financing sources		2,330,062		2,224,498		(105,564)
Revenues and other financing						
sources over expenditures	<u>\$</u>	-	=	15,799	\$	15,799
Fund balances						
Beginning				146,313		
Ending			•	162,112		
Lituing			Ψ	102,112	=	

County Construction Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Total						
		Project	•	Prior	Current Year			Total
	ı	Estimate		Years			to Date	
Revenues								
Interest	\$	13,500	\$	13,105	\$	328	\$	13,433
Total revenues		13,500		13,105		328		13,433
Expenditures								
Capital outlay:								
General services construction		2,419,000	2	,366,743		26,600	2	,393,343
Professional services / design		195,000		215,601		-		215,601
Furnishings		100,000		105,103		-		105,103
Total Expenditures		2,714,000	2	,687,447		26,600	2	2,714,047
Revenue over (under) expenditures	(2,700,500)	(2	,674,342)		(26,272)	(2	2,700,614)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfer in from other funds		2,851,000	2	,851,000		-	2	,851,000
Transfer out to other funds		(150,500)		-		(150,386)		(150,386)
Total other financing sources		2,700,500	2	,851,000		(150,386)	2	2,700,614
Revenue and other financing sources over (under) expenditures								
and other financing uses	\$	-	\$	176,658	=	(176,658)	\$	
Fund balance								
Beginning						176,658		
Ending					\$	-	_	

2015 School Bond Project Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Α	mended						
	ļ	Project	•	Prior	Current			Total
	E	stimate		Years		Year		o Date
Revenues								
Intergovernemntal	\$	56,000	\$	56,059		-	\$	56,059
Interest		32,795		31,875		857		32,732
Total revenues		88,795		87,934		857		88,791
Expenditures								
Current:								
Building improvements	4	,942,315		4,827,315		115,000	4	,942,315
Technology improvements		44,286		44,286		-		44,286
Construction management		58,333		58,333		-		58,333
Issuance cost		82,221		82,219		-		82,219
Total expenditures	5	,127,155	,	5,012,153		115,000	5	,127,153
Revenues under expenditures	(5	,038,360)	(4	4,924,219)		(114,143)	(5	,038,362)
Other financing sources (uses)				•		-		
Long-term debt issued	4	,600,000		4,600,000		-	4	,600,000
Bond premium		463,860		463,860		-		463,860
Transfer out to other funds		(25,500)		-		(25,498)		(25,498)
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	5	,038,360		5,063,860		(25,498)	5	,038,362
Revenues over (under)								
expenditures and other sources	\$	-	\$	139,641	_	(139,641)	\$	-
Fund balances:		·			-	-		
Beginning						139,641	_	
Ending					\$	-	- -	

Carteret Community College Project Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Total					Actual				
	Project -			Prior		Current	Total			
		Estimate		Years		Year		to Date		
Expenditures								_		
Capital outlay:										
Building Improvements	\$	1,410,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Land		750,000		735,000		-		735,000		
Total expenditures		2,160,000		735,000		-		735,000		
Revenues (under) expenditures		(2,160,000)		(735,000)		-		(735,000)		
Other financing sources										
Transfer from other funds		2,160,000		2,160,000		-		2,160,000		
Revenues and other								•		
financing sources										
over expenditures	\$	-	\$	1,425,000	=	-	\$	1,425,000		
Fund balances										
Beginning						1,425,000				
Ending					\$	1,425,000				



Water Operating Fund

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues, Operating		Daaget		Aotuui		(itegative)
Charges for services	\$	675,000	\$	680,476	\$	5,476
Intergovermental	•	48,655	•	27,475		(21,180)
Other operating revenue		-		3,781		3,781
Total operating revenues		723,655		711,732		(11,923)
Expenditures, Operating						
Cost of sales and services:						
Salaries and benefits		328,833		309,202		19,631
Operating expense		506,607		417,182		89,425
Total operating expenditures		835,440		726,384		109,056
Operating revenues						_
over (under) operating expenditures		(111,785)		(14,652)		97,133
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenditures)						
Interest earnings		5,000		26,166		21,166
Interest payments		(63,000)		(60,568)		2,432
Principal payments		(189,080)		(189,032)		48
Proceeds disposal capital asset		-		4,890		4,890
Capital outlay		(25,500)		(25,500)		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenditures)		(272,580)		(244,044)		28,536
Revenues under expenditures		(384,365)		(258,696)		125,669
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfer from other funds		400,000		400,000		-
Contingency		(15,635)		-		15,635
Total other financing sources		384,365		400,000		15,635
Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses	\$		\$	141,304	\$	141,304
Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual bas	is:					
Revenues and other financing uses over expenditures			\$	141,304		
Gain on sale of asset				730		
Proceeds disposal capital asset				(4,890)		
Decrease in debt interest accrued				853		
Increase in accrued vacation pay				(2,729)		
Depreciation				(369,612)		
Increase in deferred outflows of resources pensions				15,396		
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources OPEB				(157)		
Increase in net pension liability				(18,268)		
Decrease in OPEB liability				2,464		
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources pensions Increase in deferred inflows of resources OPEB				1,161 (1,446)		
Capital outlay				(1,446) 25 500		
Principal on debt				25,500 189,032		
Change in net position			\$	(20,662)	-	
Shange in het position			Ψ	(20,002)	-	



Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019

	_	Sheriff's epartment Fund	Social Services rust Fund	Trust E		operative xtension Agency	Totals		
Assets					-				
Cash	\$	25,903	\$ 102,261	\$	4,476	\$	14,543	\$ 147,183	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	25,903	\$ 102,261	\$	4,476	\$	14,543	\$ 147,183	

Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Balance July 1,				Balance June 30,
		2018	Additions	[Deletions	2019
Sheriff's Department Fund:						
Assets, cash	\$	44,596	\$ 322,715	\$	341,408	\$ 25,903
Liabilities	\$	44,596	\$ 322,715	\$	341,408	\$ 25,903
Social Services Trust Fund:						
Assets, cash	\$	53,353	\$ 419,734	\$	370,826	\$ 102,261
Liabilities	\$	53,353	\$ 419,734	\$	370,826	\$ 102,261
Deed of Trust Agency:						
Assets, cash	\$	6,745	\$ 65,528	\$	67,797	\$ 4,476
Liabilities	\$	6,745	\$ 65,528	\$	67,797	\$ 4,476
Cooperative Extension Agency:						
Assets, cash	\$	16,164	\$ 9,319	\$	10,940	\$ 14,543
Liabilities	\$	16,164	\$ 9,319	\$	10,940	\$ 14,543
Totals - All Agency Funds:	•					
Assets, cash	\$	120,858	\$ 817,296	\$	790,971	\$ 147,183
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued						
liabilities	\$	120,858	\$ 817,296	\$	790,971	\$ 147,183

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds

Comparative Schedules by Source June 30, 2019

	2019	2018
Governmental funds capital assets:		
Land, airport	\$ 169,549	\$ 169,549
Land, other	5,484,231	5,056,328
Construction in progress	378,257	2,711,894
Buildings	28,499,423	25,785,376
Vehicles	6,407,705	5,733,736
Equipment	6,367,827	6,035,043
Airport facilities	1,524,747	1,524,747
Other improvements	10,649,804	10,766,748
Leasehold improvements	2,590,428	2,590,428
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 62,071,971	\$ 60,373,849
Investment in governmental funds capital assets		
General Fund	\$ 52,569,578	\$ 51,251,866
Capital Project Funds	9,502,393	9,121,983
Total investment in governmental funds capital assets	\$ 62,071,971	\$ 60,373,849

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds

Schedule by Function and Activity June 30, 2019

Function and Activity		Land		Buildings		Vehicles	E	Equipment
General Government:								_
County Administration	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,802
Tax Administration		289,817		114,001		115,516		244,283
Register of Deeds		-		17,665		-		182,135
Elections		-		-		-		687,837
Information Technology		-		-		-		1,854,687
Public Buildings		1,479,349		5,861,108		259,361		6,394
Other		-		-		-		7,202
Total General Government		1,769,166		5,992,774		374,877		3,008,340
Dublic Cofety								
Public Safety: Law Enforcement		417,991		8,614,309		2,163,100		181,108
		43,000		80,699		532,559		•
Emergency Services Total Public Safety		460,991		8,695,008		2,695,659		1,318,189 1,499,297
Total Fublic Salety		400,991		0,093,000		2,095,059		1,499,291
Transportation	-	230,589		-		1,344,953		
Environmental Protection		153,877		2,738,447		598,856		406,729
Economic and Physical								
Development		506,411		_		163,539		108,619
Development	-	300,411		-		105,559		100,019
Human Services		303,778		7,240,066		954,225		545,790
Culture and Recreation		2,228,968		3,833,128		275,596		799,052
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$	5,653,780	\$	28,499,423	\$	6,407,705	\$	6,367,827
oupital assocts	Ψ	0,000,100	Ψ	20,700,720	Ψ	0, 101,103	Ψ	0,001,021

Airport Facilities	lm	Other provements	Leasehold provements	onstruction n Progress	Total
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,802
-		-	-	-	763,617
-		16,000	-	-	215,800
-		-	-	-	687,837
-		-	-	-	1,854,687
-		2,089,997	-	-	9,696,209
-		-	-	-	7,202
-		2,105,997	-	-	13,251,154
_		249,590	_	_	11,626,098
-		, -	1,108,727	-	3,083,174
-		249,590	1,108,727	-	14,709,272
1,524,747		41,142	-	-	3,141,431
<u>-</u>		97,560			3,995,469
-		-	<u>-</u>	-	778,569
-		-	-	-	9,043,859
 -		8,155,515	1,481,701	378,257	17,152,217
\$ 1,524,747	\$	10,649,804	\$ 2,590,428	\$ 378,257	\$ 62,071,971

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds

Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity Year Ended June 30, 2019

Function and Activity	C	Funds Capital Assets		A ddisions			-	·	C	Funds Fapital Assets
Function and Activity	J	une 30, 2018		Additions	ט	eductions	ı	ransfers		une 30, 2019
General Government:	Φ.	05.000	•		•		•		•	05.000
County administration	\$	25,802	\$	47.005	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,802
Tax administration		746,836		17,995		32,853		31,639		763,617
Register of Deeds		242,574		-		26,774		-		215,800
Elections		687,837		-		-		-		687,837
Information technology		1,689,663		313,457		153,992		5,559		1,854,687
Public buildings		9,679,554		49,228		-		(32,573)		9,696,209
Other		12,761		-		-		(5,559)		7,202
Total General Government		13,085,027		380,680		213,619		(934)		13,251,154
Public Safety:										
Law enforcement		11,329,529		439,299		142,730		-		11,626,098
Emergency services		3,040,286		182,205		72,426		(66,891)		3,083,174
Total Public Safety		14,369,815		621,504		215,156		(66,891)		14,709,272
Transportation		2,895,006		354,536		108,111		-		3,141,431
Environmental protection		3,786,459		99,810		-		109,200		3,995,469
Economic and										
physical development		800,889		20,810		-		(43,130)		778,569
Human services		9,124,098		25,506		90,467		(15,278)		9,043,859
Culture and recreation		16,312,555		830,644		8,015		17,033		17,152,217
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$	60,373,849	\$	2,333,490	\$	635,368	\$	-	\$	62,071,971

Other Financial Information

Other financial information includes additional detailed analysis of particular aspects of the County's financial position or results of operations.

Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2019

		Jncollected Balance							Incollected Balance
Fiscal Year	Ju	ine 30, 2018		Additions	Collections	Ac	djustments	Jı	ıne 30, 2019
2018-2019	\$	-	\$	46,870,483	\$ 45,799,705	\$	(74,854)	\$	995,924
2017-2018		992,725		-	462,787		(14,898)		515,040
2016-2017		553,265		-	173,225		(6,504)		373,536
2015-2016		330,322		-	87,447		(2,919)		239,956
2014-2015		255,570		-	62,738		(847)		191,985
2013-2014		199,357		-	42,319		(703)		156,335
2012-2013		186,208		-	37,049		(158)		149,001
2011-2012		140,169		-	23,713		(46)		116,410
2010-2011		74,529		-	18,390		(2,537)		53,602
2009-2010		67,351		-	21,324		(2,340)		43,687
2008-2009		51,005		-	7,711		(40,728)		2,566
	\$	2,850,501	\$	46,870,483	\$ 46,736,408	\$	(146,534)	_	2,838,042
Less write-off 200	08-2009	tax year							(2,566)
									2,835,476
Less allowance for	or uncoll	ectible							
ad valorem taxe	es receiv	able							87,569
Net pro	perty ta	xes receivab	le -	General Fund				\$	2,747,907
Reconcilement wi									
Ad valorem taxe	es - Gen	eral Fund						\$	46,736,408

Analysis of Current Year's Tax Levy Year Ended June 30, 2019

	County Wide Property			Total Levy Property Excluding Registered	Registered
	Valuation	Rate	Total Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles
Original levy:					
Property taxed at current					
year's rate	\$ 15,119,510,645	0.31	\$ 46,870,483	\$ 44,324,100	\$ 2,546,383
Total	15,119,510,645	<u>-</u>	46,870,483	44,324,100	2,546,383
			•		
Discoveries:					
Current year taxes	16,567,742		51,360	51,360	-
Corrections	(1,445,806)	_	(4,482)	(4,482)	-
Total	15,121,936	-	46,878	46,878	
Abatements	(39,268,387)		(121,732)	(121,732)	
Total property valuation	\$ 15,095,364,194	=			
Net levy-General Fund			46,795,629	44,249,246	2,546,383
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 201	9 - General Fund		995,924	995,924	
Current year's taxes collected - Ge	eneral Fund		\$ 45,799,705	\$ 43,253,322	\$ 2,546,383
Current levy collection percentage	- General Fund		97.87%	97.75%	100.00%



Statistical Section (Unaudited)

This part of the Carteret County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	164
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	178
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	190
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	197
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	200
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information included in these schedules and charts is derived for the comprehensive annual financial reports ("CAFR") and is provided for additional analysis purposes only and has not been verified by audit as presented.

Net Position by Component, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisc	al Y	'ear	
	2010	2011		2012	2013
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 24,050,669	\$ 26,022,027	\$	26,469,612	\$ 25,250,857
Restricted	15,431,921	24,524,242		24,685,705	17,586,592
Unrestricted	(32,695,396)	(41,158,484)		(33,049,640)	(23,716,266)
Total governmental activities					
net position	\$ 6,787,194	\$ 9,387,785	\$	18,105,677	\$ 19,121,183
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,098,772	\$ 4,079,804	\$	5,416,107	\$ 5,558,997
Unrestricted	190,973	516,359		(851,225)	656,050
Total business-type activities	\$ 4,289,745	\$ 4,596,163	\$	4,564,882	\$ 6,215,047
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 28,149,441	\$ 30,101,831	\$	31,885,719	\$ 30,809,854
Restricted	15,431,921	24,524,242		24,685,705	17,586,592
Unrestricted	(32,504,423)	(40,642,125)		(33,900,865)	(23,060,216)
Total primary government					
net position	\$ 11,076,939	\$ 13,983,948	\$	22,670,559	\$ 25,336,230

Schedule 1

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 23,480,626 20,852,514 (14,716,290)	\$ 22,736,938 23,967,802 (8,948,033)	\$ 24,089,921 31,480,559 (9,879,406)	\$ 22,009,903 31,325,245 (3,998,944)	\$ 22,912,344 31,744,580 (281,156)	\$ 22,984,640 25,009,402 31,040
\$ 29,616,850	\$ 37,756,707	\$ 45,691,074	\$ 49,336,204	\$ 54,375,768	\$ 48,025,082
\$ 5,353,434 700,030	\$ 5,133,724 816,057	\$ 4,900,315 908,143	\$ 4,721,740 913,436	\$ 4,581,483 835,400	\$ 4,422,243 973,978
\$ 6,053,464	\$ 5,949,781	\$ 5,808,458	\$ 5,635,176	\$ 5,416,883	\$ 5,396,221
\$ 28,834,060 20,852,514 (14,016,260)	\$ 27,870,662 23,967,802 (8,131,976)	\$ 28,990,236 31,480,559 (8,971,263)	\$ 26,731,643 31,325,245 (3,085,508)	\$ 27,493,827 31,744,580 554,244	\$ 27,406,883 25,009,402 1,005,018
\$ 35,670,314	\$ 43,706,488	\$ 51,499,532	\$ 54,971,380	\$ 59,792,651	\$ 53,421,303

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year 2010 2011 2012 2013 **Expenses** Governmental activities: General government \$ 6,369,989 6,290,765 5,926,629 5,946,901 16,919,404 Public safety 19,094,741 17,566,816 18,335,600 **Transportation** 907,113 1,107,365 1,288,106 2,447,821 Economic and physical development 4,469,445 4,925,627 6,917,827 12,020,756 **Environmental protection** 3,130,735 3,274,042 4,032,723 3,150,593 **Human Services** 15,071,578 15,713,990 15,880,099 15,277,891 Cultural and recreation 4,198,808 2,108,234 3,469,307 3,485,610 31,982,375 28,623,466 25,368,980 25,364,930 Education Interest on long term debt 3,197,911 3,087,406 2,794,930 2,095,322 86,247,358 84,225,636 83,245,417 88,125,424 **Total governmental activities** Business-type activities: Water 798,432 849,324 909,307 815,298 **Total primary government** 87,045,790 85,074,960 84,060,715 89,034,731 expenses

(Continued)

 2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 6,442,611	\$ 6,949,982	\$ 7,278,369	\$ 9,236,447	\$ 8,144,384	\$ 9,357,478
18,792,650	19,162,990	18,561,573	20,595,208	20,981,474	23,453,487
1,076,768	1,442,425	1,066,561	1,837,842	1,628,539	1,841,321
5,031,505	5,538,785	7,064,127	5,691,825	6,248,400	23,043,843
3,158,629	3,417,029	2,060,267	3,671,733	3,835,482	18,482,660
15,324,864	15,635,355	16,754,822	16,666,930	15,878,033	16,619,956
3,783,152	3,711,166	4,452,951	4,222,782	4,159,922	4,375,740
24,135,533	27,466,650	27,494,565	31,315,293	29,442,864	28,549,195
2,097,621	1,596,808	1,594,653	1,452,491	1,284,366	1,100,892
79,843,333	84,921,190	86,327,888	94,690,551	91,603,464	126,824,572
1,027,308	983,971	1,045,568	1,118,055	1,259,889	1,159,290
\$ 80,870,641	\$ 85,905,161	\$ 87,373,456	\$ 95,808,606	\$ 92,863,353	\$ 127,983,862

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued) (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year						
	2010		2011		2012		2013
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities							
Charges for services:							
General government	\$ 1,477,628	\$	1,486,751	\$	1,642,152	\$	1,638,250
Public safety	162,804		186,134		173,546		308,908
Transportation	125,360		327,244		225,239		184,316
Economic and physical							
development	435,466		511,550		575,489		611,160
Environmental protection	2,243,091		2,214,925		2,189,986		2,198,355
Human services	382,602		330,817		346,126		334,799
Cultural and recreation	213,789		238,376		277,774		252,227
Operating grants and contributions:							
General government	38,218		-		5,465		22,592
Public safety	1,264,069		1,725,254		1,438,146		1,067,750
Transportation	403,443		162,064		352,943		525,199
Economic and physical							
development	665,788		129,447		889,989		1,103,253
Environmental protection	22,176		15,542		859,246		3,885
Human services	8,494,321		9,274,540		9,074,506		9,652,900
Cultural and recreation	7,365		3,242		405		1,280
Education	148,415		255,946		53,241		71,025
Interest on long term debt	700,000		800,000		988,351		965,660
Capital grants and contributions:							
Public safety	-		57,660		26,169		-
Transportation	-		251,957		2,400		305,185
Economic and physical							
development	-		-		354,984		-
Cultural and recreation	236,993		194,693		111,784		-
Education	 <u> </u>				87,984		
Total governmental activities							
program revenues	17,021,528		18,166,142		19,675,925		19,246,744

(Continued)

\$ 1,5	52,817										
\$ 1.5	52 Q17										
\$ 1.5	52 Q17										
		\$	1,612,251	\$	1,768,252	\$	1,805,126	\$	1,896,230	\$	3,036,312
	93,299	Ψ	212,708	Ψ	290,455	Ψ	269,190	Ψ	276,373	Ψ	240,284
	93,228		177,027		135,956		140,384		157,348		152,241
	00,220		177,027		100,000		140,004		107,040		102,241
5	13,351		544,236		646,629		805,826		862,490		755,176
2,3	98,662		2,431,367		3,299,900		3,271,073		3,451,334		3,533,805
-	70,946		367,114		642,414		816,799		489,837		431,438
	69,228		297,915		318,530		361,398		350,294		373,935
	,		,		,		,		,		,
	-		-		-		-		-		-
1,1	50,055		1,201,955		1,187,152		1,249,821		892,343		1,180,590
6	43,090		737,800		778,800		1,071,285		1,092,649		1,473,993
1	19,025		547,165		95,577		661,609		342,557		5,510,341
4	06,301		149,085		295,188		216,576		174,854		9,558,750
9,3	49,318		10,211,027		10,372,796		10,836,099		9,272,539		9,496,266
	26,761		88,314		-		-		-		-
•	45,159		48,172		40,695		36,276		32,605		72,866
9:	21,831		904,198		865,552		762,829		742,161		720,967
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		222,389		26,130		274,956		228,231
									00.404		
	-		-		-		-		22,481		400.005
	-		-		168,320		175,470		5,500		100,000
	-		-		-		2,044		54,015		-
18,2	53,071		19,530,334		21,128,605		22,507,935		20,390,566		36,865,195

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued) (accrual basis of accounting)

(accidal basis of accounting)	Fiscal Year							
		2010		2011	41 1 0	2012		2013
Business-type activities:								
Charge for services - Water		564,172	\$	457,668	\$	526,067	\$	575,338
Capital grants and								
contributions - Water		115,605		384,395		3,618		1,751,350
Total business-type activities								
program revenues		679,777		842,063		529,685		2,326,688
Total primary government								
program revenues	\$	17,701,305	\$	19,008,205	\$	20,205,610	\$	21,573,432
Governmental activities		(69,225,830)	\$	(66,059,494)	\$	(63,569,492)	\$	(68,878,680)
Business-type activities		(118,655)		(7,261)		(285,613)		1,417,381
Total primary government net								
(expense)/revenue	\$	(69,344,485)	\$	(66,066,755)	\$	(63,855,105)	\$	(67,461,299)
General Revenues and Other								
Changes in Net Position								
Governmental activities:								
Property taxes	\$	50,528,632	\$	51,159,340	\$	51,442,461	\$	50,250,954
Local option sales tax	•	12,277,230	*	12,051,519	*	12,895,813	•	13,718,008
Other taxes		4,398,904		4,595,602		4,748,326		4,615,833
Intergovernmental		462,860		677,029		780,738		793,818
Investment earnings		790,705		401,788		539,146		(69,957)
Miscellaneous		703,663		79,807		2,125,900		142,562
Special Item		· -		-		-		2,000,000
Transfers		(205,000)		(305,000)		(245,000)		(231,565)
Total governmental activities		68,956,994		68,660,085		72,287,384		71,219,653
Business-type activities:								
Investment earnings		15,722		8,679		9,332		1,219
Miscellaneous		-, -		-,		-		, -
Transfers		205,000		305,000		245,000		231,565
Total business-type activities		220,722		313,679		254,332		232,784
Total primary government	\$	69,177,716	\$	68,973,764	\$	72,541,716	\$	71,452,437
Change in Net Position								
Governmental activities	\$	(268,836)	\$	2,600,591	\$	8,717,892	\$	2,340,973
Business-type activities		102,067		306,418	*	(31,281)	,	1,650,165
Total primary government	\$	(166,769)	\$	2,907,009	\$	8,686,611	\$	3,991,138

	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
\$	562,238	\$	576,057	\$	576,598	\$	584,344	\$	678,879	\$	711,732
	562,238		576,057		576,598		584,344		678,879		711,732
\$	18,815,309	\$	20,106,391	\$	21,705,203	\$	23,092,279	\$	21,069,445	\$	37,576,927
\$	(61,590,262) (465,070)	\$	(65,390,856) (407,914)	\$	(65,199,283) (468,970)	\$	(72,182,616) (533,711)	\$	(71,212,898) (582,010)	\$	(89,959,377) (447,558)
\$	(62,055,332)	\$	(65,798,770)	\$	(65,668,253)	\$	(72,716,327)	\$	(71,794,908)	\$	(90,406,935)
\$	50,921,192 13,640,870	\$	52,302,979 14,800,458	\$	49,616,653 15,429,458	\$	52,093,862 15,628,026	\$	53,338,473 17,148,416	\$	54,449,182 18,298,871
	5,240,019 964,088 285,376 205,888 1,128,496 (300,000)		6,476,176 966,265 198,419 764,879 - (324,000)		6,761,921 1,073,420 269,450 306,748 - (324,000)		7,077,155 1,144,245 359,363 251,132 - (355,000)		7,626,941 1,084,553 633,393 285,414 - (433,600)		7,759,109 1,195,756 1,617,950 687,823 - (400,000)
	72,085,929		75,185,176		73,133,650		76,198,783		79,683,590		83,608,691
	3,487 - 300,000		2,200 1,163 324,000		3,647 - 324,000		4,881 548 355,000		9,403 - 433,600		26,896 - 400,000
\$	303,487	ሰ	327,363	Φ.	327,647	<u></u>	360,429	φ	443,003	•	426,896
Ф	72,389,416	\$	75,512,539	\$	73,461,297	\$	76,559,212	\$	80,126,593	\$	84,035,587
\$	10,495,667 (161,583)	\$	9,794,320 (80,551)	\$	7,934,367 (141,323)	\$	4,016,167 (173,282)	\$	8,470,692 (138,007) 8,332,685	\$	(6,350,686) (20,662)
\$	10,334,084	Φ	9,713,769	\$	7,793,044	φ	3,842,885	Φ	0,332,003	\$	(6,371,348)



Schedule 3 Page 1 of 2

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010
General Fund	
Reserved for:	
State statute	\$ 5,668,864
Sheriff's fund	84,052
Recreation districts	89,129
Health programs	907,160
Register of deeds	274,802
Beach nourishment	9,550,285
Total reserve	 16,574,292
Unreserved:	
Designated for subsequent	
year's expenditures	307,505
Undesignated	25,445,763
Total General Fund	\$ 42,327,560
All Other Governmental Funds	
Reserved for:	
Special districts	\$ 2,430,758
	 2,430,758
Unreserved:	
Designated for subsequent	
year's expenditures	1,906,995
Undesignated special revenue funds	948,533
Undesignated capital projects funds	4,280,372
Total all other	
governmental funds	\$ 9,566,658

Fund Balances, Governmental funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year	
	2011	2012	2013	2014
General Fund				
Restricted:				
Stabilization by state statute	\$ 8,696,639	\$ 7,544,942	\$ 5,614,618	\$ 5,613,195
Sheriff's fund	264,217	277,168	403,907	437,789
Recreation districts	94,790	102,739	102,739	102,739
Health programs	931,719	919,286	812,855	797,986
Register of deeds	311,834	341,557	383,149	375,918
Beach nourishment	10,455,564	11,102,845	5,723,261	7,312,865
Economic development	-	-	-	1,705,420
Total restricted	20,754,763	20,288,537	13,040,529	16,345,912
Assigned:				
Subsequent year's expenditures	908,485	1,441,215	1,000,000	5,254,210
Unassigned	 21,762,773	25,101,604	30,527,492	30,092,051
Total General Fund	\$ 43,426,021	\$ 46,831,356	\$ 44,568,021	\$ 51,692,173
All Other Governmental Funds Restricted:				
Public safety	\$ 401,499	\$ 594,250	\$ 766,750	\$ 688,078
Rescue protection	1,150,690	1,386,031	1,150,716	713,377
Fire protection	1,734,943	2,002,963	1,601,729	1,723,198
School capital	2,735,522	1,958,941	12,114	12,139
Economic development	751,509	896,556	1,041,645	1,290,682
Total restricted	 6,774,163	6,838,741	4,572,954	4,427,474
Committed:				
Economic development	721,756	728,994	729,674	732,706
County capital	-	-	500,000	403,529
School capital	432,914	543,229	1,540,719	903,468
Community college capital	-	-	-	-
Assigned:				
Subsequent year's expenditures	161,271	101,360	779,040	1,451,065
County capital	1,675,102	1,308,319	1,083,346	1,005,471
Unassigned:				
Special revenue funds	(680,935)	(786,060)	(855,743)	(1,033,467)
Total all other	·	·	·	·
governmental funds	\$ 9,084,271	\$ 8,734,583	\$ 8,349,990	\$ 7,890,246

Note: The County made the option to adopt GASB 54 fund balance presentation prospectively.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 6,457,421	\$ 6,608,370	\$ 6,881,419	\$ 7,170,172	\$ 8,143,941
426,804	508,301	547,341	329,103	313,632
104,081	104,081	116,336	33,898	33,898
615,523	364,036	121,577	481,368	484,242
394,275	297,572	264,390	203,560	204,369
10,283,851	13,083,623	15,986,798	18,631,010	10,679,909
 1,128,497	1,128,496	1,096,663	617,948	1,029,885
19,410,452	22,094,479	25,014,524	27,467,059	20,889,876
3,717,325	3,775,000	5,205,000	5,324,430	5,300,000
30,644,570	27,941,462	28,626,430	29,046,079	21,801,623
\$ 53,772,347	\$ 53,810,941	\$ 58,845,954	\$ 61,837,568	\$ 47,991,499
\$ 881,162	\$ 1,238,771	\$ 1,003,977	\$ 918,267	\$ 1,301,653
820,427	927,601	710,162	862,519	1,081,077
1,656,221	1,261,069	1,493,758	1,249,282	1,521,484
-	4,512,122	1,438,366	139,641	-
1,494,748	1,578,144	1,457,269	1,500,474	1,611,696
4,852,558	9,517,707	6,103,532	4,670,183	5,515,910
734,594	-	-	-	-
403,529	267,038	231,541	74,436	49,177
2,130,637	1,157,070	566,343	146,313	162,112
-	750,000	765,000	1,425,000	1,425,000
2,139,650	1,113,105	593,185	774,740	90,000
820,877	3,581,667	3,268,990	3,910,622	6,364,555
(1,181,701)	(1,295,796)	(1,203,874)	(1,226,875)	(1,352,346)
\$ 9,900,144	\$ 15,090,791	\$ 10,324,717	\$ 9,774,419	\$ 12,254,408

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

				Fisca	al Yea	ar		
		2010		2011		2012		2013
Revenues								
Taxes:								
Property	\$	50,200,352	\$	50,519,817	\$	51,069,950	\$	50,110,266
Sales and other taxes		16,676,134		16,647,121		17,644,139		18,333,841
Total taxes		66,876,486		67,166,938		68,714,089		68,444,107
Permits and fees		2,355,405		2,407,908		2,590,236		2,781,510
Intergovernmental		12,341,283		13,642,310		15,026,351		14,512,547
Sales and services		2,681,926		2,710,406		2,840,076		2,746,505
Interest		790,705		401,788		539,146		(69,957)
Miscellaneous		156,290		164,968		211,118		118,669
Total revenues		85,202,095		86,494,318		89,921,016		88,533,381
Expenditures		·		· ·		·		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
General government		5,852,801		5,710,894		5,402,432		5,697,525
Public safety		16,291,686		18,135,931		16,863,612		17,548,136
Transportation		781,852		952,210		1,159,848		2,658,305
Environmental protection		3,104,110		3,189,081		4,014,786		3,104,387
Economic development		4,441,078		4,889,167		6,862,298		5,782,737
Human services		14,618,041		15,221,814		15,598,191		14,814,576
Culture and recreation		2,632,473		1,590,158		2,774,024		2,889,936
Education		21,888,541		28,623,466		22,306,178		21,265,441
Capital outlay		13,242,438		3,505,755		3,689,741		10,484,171
Debt service:		10,212,100		0,000,700		0,000,7 11		10, 10 1, 17 1
Principal		6,217,427		6,465,073		6,615,517		6,174,180
Interest		3,188,650		2,943,555		2,883,139		2,558,945
Bond issuance cost		-		2,010,000		2,000,100		2,000,010
Total expenditures		92,259,097		91,227,104		88,169,766		92,978,339
Excess (deficiency) of		32,203,007		51,227,10 1		00,100,700		32,370,000
of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(7,057,002)		(4,732,786)		1,751,250		(4,444,958)
Other financing sources (uses):		(1,001,002)		(4,732,700)		1,731,230		(4,444,930)
Transfers in		4,567,901		4,773,110		4,218,376		11,921,740
Transfers out		(4,772,901)		(5,078,110)		(4,463,376)		(12,153,305)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		80,750		5,653,860		1,531,514		2,000,000
Special item		00,730		3,033,000		1,331,314		2,000,000
Bond premium		-		-		-		2,624,435
Bonds issued		-		-		-		2,024,433
Refunding bonds issued		-		-		10,029,942		12,700,000
_		-		-				
Payment to refunding escrow agent		-		-		(10,012,059)		(15,077,852)
Proceeds from installment note		-		-		-		<u> </u>
Total other financing		(104.050)		E 240 060		1 204 207		2.045.040
sources (uses) Net change in fund balance	· ·	(124,250) (7,181,252)	\$	5,348,860 616,074	\$	1,304,397	\$	2,015,018 (2,429,940)
	\$	(7,101,252)	Φ	010,074	Ф	3,055,647	Φ	(2,429,940)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		10.33%	D	10.77%	D	10.92%)	9.52%

2014		2015	2016		2017		2018	2019
\$ 50,941,906	\$	52,173,675	\$ 49,621,522	\$	51,948,681	\$	52,974,061	\$ 54,355,973
18,880,889		21,276,634	22,191,379		22,705,181		24,775,357	26,057,980
69,822,795		73,450,309	71,812,901		74,653,862		77,749,418	80,413,953
2,575,469		2,592,668	3,103,209		3,480,181		3,777,112	3,427,887
13,625,628		14,853,980	15,099,889		16,180,325		13,416,534	29,067,046
3,016,062		3,049,951	3,998,927		3,989,615		4,202,268	4,240,688
285,376		198,419	269,450		359,363		633,393	1,617,950
172,353		647,154	325,215		288,839		210,419	1,956,718
 89,497,683		94,792,481	94,609,591		98,952,185		99,989,144	120,724,242
6,160,049		6,689,088	7,653,713		7,451,324		7,741,029	9,049,444
18,122,055		18,728,679	18,092,186		19,862,881		20,430,532	23,065,217
918,872		1,295,944	1,214,961		1,029,693		1,439,418	1,537,681
3,132,347		3,395,439	3,576,906		3,645,840		3,854,481	18,502,451
4,922,228		5,582,073	5,548,594		6,125,261		6,250,741	5,897,469
14,719,500		15,639,871	16,312,094		16,049,596		15,286,265	16,112,972
3,191,895		3,190,144	3,474,047		3,430,211		3,591,363	4,016,630
21,816,743		24,173,981	23,551,049		25,173,000		25,398,749	26,180,114
2,837,981		3,538,776	6,583,987		8,736,799		6,118,397	20,663,209
6,520,683		6,145,377	6,393,040		6,513,867		5,661,914	5,504,773
2,280,183		2,067,935	1,719,633		1,583,634		1,341,339	1,160,362
-		107,922	-		-		-	-
84,622,536		90,555,229	94,120,210		99,602,106		97,114,228	131,690,322
4,875,147		4,237,252	489,381		(649,921)		2,874,916	(10,966,080)
4,911,458		8,725,677	9,606,950		7,227,485		9,228,949	20,805,023
(5,211,458)		(9,049,677)	(9,930,950)		(7,582,485)		(9,662,549)	(21,205,023)
53,765		58,782	-		-		-	-
1,128,496		-	-		1,273,860		-	-
-		-	463,860		-		-	-
-		-	4,600,000		-		-	-
-		12,250,000	-		-		-	-
-		(12,131,962)	-		-		-	-
907,000		-	-		-		-	-
1,789,261		(147,180)	4,739,860		918,860		(433,600)	 (400,000)
\$ 6,664,408	\$	4,090,072	\$ 5,229,241	\$	268,939	\$	2,441,316	\$ (11,366,080)
10.52%	, 0	9.26%	8.94%	,)	8.36%	,)	7.42%	5.15%

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

				R	eal Property				
Fiscal Year	Residential		Commercial		Industrial		Present-use Value (1)		
Ended June 30		Property	Property	Property					Total
2010	\$	16,549,686,285	\$ 1,512,887,462	\$	38,970,411	\$	61,707,853	\$	18,163,252,011
2011		16,534,261,525	1,571,423,205		36,106,300		69,952,621		18,211,743,651
2012 ⁽⁵⁾		12,615,264,192	1,271,552,597		27,011,645		68,607,085		13,982,435,519
2013		12,928,563,319	1,021,551,269		34,868,391		68,507,500		14,053,490,479
2014		12,977,674,352	1,026,639,566		35,108,082		69,700,524		14,109,122,524
2015		13,066,163,985	1,022,301,188		33,593,356		70,263,592		14,192,322,121
2016 ⁽⁵⁾		11,863,427,000	1,158,966,816		40,894,377		60,528,976		13,123,817,169
2017		12,028,089,441	1,138,917,384		40,521,183		61,238,487		13,268,766,495
2018		12,162,660,612	1,137,063,586		35,910,900		60,610,484		13,396,245,582
2019		12,287,126,108	1,136,878,027		35,910,900		61,950,816		13,521,865,851

Source:

- (1) Present use value property is agricultural, horticultural and forestland for which the owner has applied for the property to be taxed at its present use. The difference in taxes on the present use basis and the taxes that would have been payable are a lien on the property and are deferred. The taxes become due if the property ceases to qualify for present use value. The preceding three fiscal years' taxes are then required to be paid.
- (2) Public service companies' valuations are provided to the County by the North Carolina Department of Revenue. These amounts include both real and personal property.
- (3) Per \$100 of value.
- (4) The estimated market value is calculated by dividing the assessed value by an assessment-to-sales ratio determined by the North Carolina Department of Revenue. The ratio is based on actual property sales which took place during the fiscal year.
- (5) Revaluation Years

Schedule 5

			Total	Estimated
Personal	Public Service	Total Assessed	Direct	Actual
Property	Companies (2)	Valuation	Tax Rate (3)	Taxable Value (4)
\$ 847,540,430	\$ 143,635,821	\$ 19,154,428,262	0.23	\$ 16,731,393,087
935,669,710	140,251,857	19,287,665,218	0.23	15,091,511,700
952,555,055	137,116,774	15,072,107,348	0.30	15,072,107,348
990,156,693	134,766,034	15,178,413,206	0.29	15,178,413,206
1,212,368,458	129,665,570	15,451,156,552	0.29	15,451,156,552
1,049,826,237	123,526,642	15,365,675,000	0.30	15,365,675,000
1,232,232,454	142,852,043	14,498,901,666	0.30	14,498,901,666
1,307,233,688	144,399,817	14,720,400,000	0.31	14,851,089,588
1,350,774,902	145,921,774	14,892,942,258	0.31	15,892,585,912
1,429,210,534	144,287,809	15,095,364,194	0.31	16,108,594,807



Schedule 6

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments - Summary (Per \$100.00 of Assessed Value)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Carteret	Overlapping Rates ¹		Total
	County	Municipalities	·	Direct and
Fiscal	Operating	Operating	Special	Overlapping
Year	Mileage	Mileage	Districts	Rates
2010	0.2300	1.4950	1.9090	3.6340
2011	0.2300	1.5400	1.9640	3.7340
2012	0.3000	1.8880	2.0560	4.2440
2013	0.2900	1.9180	1.9985	4.2065
2014	0.2900	1.9030	1.9835	4.1765
2015	0.3000	1.9630	1.9485	4.2115
2016	0.3000	2.0865	1.9810	4.3675
2017	0.3100	2.1315	2.0663	4.5078
2018	0.3100	2.1615	2.1185	4.5900
2019	0.3100	2.2425	2.1985	4.7510

Source: Carteret County Tax Department

The following table provides the detail of the municipalities and special taxing districts for 10 years.

¹ Overlapping rates are those of municipal governments and special districts that apply to property owners within the County. Not all overlapping rates apply to all County property owners (e.g., the rates for special districts apply only to the proportion of the government's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the special district).

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments - Detail (Per \$100.00 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
	2010	2011	2012	2013			
Carteret County	0.2300	0.2300	0.3000	0.2900			
Municipalities							
Atlantic Beach	0.1250	0.1250	0.1700	0.1700			
Beaufort	0.2200	0.2200	0.2600	0.3000			
Bogue	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500			
Cape Carteret	0.1400	0.1400	0.1625	0.1525			
Cedar Point	0.0550	0.0550	0.0625	0.0625			
Emerald Isle	0.0700	0.0800	0.1150	0.1150			
Indian Beach	0.1400	0.1500	0.2150	0.2150			
Morehead City	0.2200	0.2200	0.2850	0.2850			
Newport	0.3100	0.3300	0.3570	0.3570			
Pelletier	0.0500	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550			
Pine Knoll Shores	0.1150	0.1150	0.1560	0.1560			
Fire Districts							
Atlantic	0.0700	0.0700	0.0700	0.0700			
Beaufort	0.0350	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550			
Broad & Gales Creek	0.0450	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300			
Cedar Island	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000			
Davis	0.0900	0.0850	0.0850	0.0850			
Harkers Island	0.0650	0.0700	0.0800	0.0800			
Harlowe	0.0550	0.0600	0.0750	0.0750			
Marshallberg	0.0800	0.0900	0.0900	0.0900			
Mill Creek	0.0450	0.0450	0.0450	0.0450			
Mitchell Village	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0650			
Newport	0.0700	0.0700	0.0700	0.0700			
North River	0.0900	0.0900	0.0900	0.0900			
Otway	0.0500	0.0500	0.0550	0.0550			
Salter Path	0.0300	0.0300	0.0500	0.0600			
Sea Level	0.1000	0.1000	0.0950	0.0950			
South River/ Merrimon	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600			
Stacy	0.0700	0.0850	0.0850	0.0850			
Stella	0.0250	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400			
Western Carteret	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400			
Wildwood	0.0600	0.0650	0.0850	0.0850			

(Continued)

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2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
0.2900	0.3000	0.3000	0.3100	0.3100	0.3100
0.1650	0.1650	0.1650	0.1650	0.1650	0.1650
0.3000	0.3300	0.3475	0.3475	0.3775	0.4135
0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500
0.1525	0.1525	0.1525	0.1975	0.1975	0.2125
0.0625	0.0625	0.0625	0.0625	0.0625	0.0625
0.1250	0.1400	0.1550	0.1550	0.1550	0.1550
0.1650	0.1650	0.1950	0.1950	0.1950	0.2250
0.3150	0.3300	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500
0.3570	0.3570	0.3570	0.3570	0.3570	0.3570
0.0550	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550
0.1560	0.1560	0.1970	0.1970	0.1970	0.1970
0.0700	0.0700				
0.0700	0.0700	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800
0.0550	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550
0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400
0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000
0.0850	0.0850	0.0850	0.0850	0.0850	0.0850
0.0700	0.0700	0.0850	0.1100	0.1100	0.1100
0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750
0.0900	0.0900	0.0975	0.0975	0.0900	0.0900
0.0450	0.0450	0.0450	0.0450	0.0450	0.0450
0.0550	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500
0.0700	0.0700	0.0700	0.0700	0.0700	0.0900
0.0900	0.0900	0.0900	0.0900	0.0700	0.0700
0.0700	0.0700	0.0700	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800
0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	0.0700	0.0700	0.0900
0.0950	0.0950	0.0950	0.0950	0.0950	0.0950
0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600
0.0850	0.0850	0.0850	0.0850	0.0850	0.0850
0.0400	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400	0.0800	0.1000
0.0400	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400	0.0600
0.0850	0.0675	0.0675	0.0675	0.0675	0.0675

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments - Detail (Continued) (Per \$100.00 of Assessed Value)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
	2010	2011	2012	2013			
Rescue Districts							
Beaufort	0.0450	0.0450	0.0500	0.0500			
Broad & Gales Creek	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300			
Mill Creek	0.0450	0.0450	0.0450	0.0450			
Mitchell Village	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400	0.0300			
Otway	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300			
Sea Level	0.1200	0.1200	0.0800	0.0600			
Western Carteret	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300			
Beach Nourishment Districts							
Salter Path	-	-	0.1500	0.0500			
Indian Beach Non Ocean Front	0.0100	0.0100	0.0100	0.0325			
Indian Beach Ocean Front	0.0100	0.0100	0.0350	0.0850			
Emerald Isle Non Ocean Front	0.0110	0.0110	0.0150	0.0150			
Emerald Isle Ocean Front	0.1620	0.1620	0.0450	0.0450			
Pine Knoll Shores Ocean Front	0.0160	0.0160	0.0140	0.0140			
Pine Knoll Shores Non Ocean Front	0.1050	0.1050	0.0520	0.0520			
Water Districts							
County Water District ¹	-	-	0.0550	0.0550			

Source: Carteret County Tax Department

Notes:

¹First Year Tax District 2012

Schedule 7 Page 2 of 2

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
					_
0.0500	0.0500	0.0550	0.0550	0.0700	0.0600
0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400
0.0450	0.0450	0.0450	0.0450	0.0600	0.0600
0.0200	0.0200	0.0200	0.0200	0.0200	0.0200
0.0300	0.0300	0.0400	0.0550	0.0650	0.0650
0.0600	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000
0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0500
0.0500	0.0500	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550
0.0325	0.0300	0.0200	0.0200	0.0200	0.0100
0.0850	0.0650	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400
0.0150	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0450	0.0300	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400
0.0140	0.0140	0.0160	0.0160	0.0160	0.0160
0.0520	0.0520	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600
0.0550	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550
	0.0500 0.0300 0.0450 0.0200 0.0300 0.0600 0.0300 0.0500 0.0325 0.0850 0.0150 0.0450 0.0140 0.0520	0.0500 0.0500 0.0300 0.0300 0.0450 0.0450 0.0200 0.0200 0.0300 0.0300 0.0600 0.1000 0.0300 0.0300 0.0500 0.0500 0.0325 0.0300 0.0450 0.0650 0.0450 0.0300 0.0450 0.0300 0.0140 0.0140 0.0520 0.0520	0.0500 0.0500 0.0550 0.0300 0.0300 0.0300 0.0450 0.0450 0.0450 0.0200 0.0200 0.0200 0.0300 0.0400 0.0400 0.0600 0.1000 0.1000 0.0300 0.0300 0.0300 0.0500 0.0550 0.0550 0.0325 0.0300 0.0200 0.0850 0.0650 0.0400 0.0150 0.0000 0.0000 0.0450 0.0300 0.0400 0.0140 0.0140 0.0160 0.0520 0.0520 0.0600	0.0500 0.0500 0.0550 0.0550 0.0300 0.0300 0.0400 0.0400 0.0450 0.0450 0.0450 0.0450 0.0200 0.0200 0.0200 0.0200 0.0300 0.0300 0.0400 0.0550 0.0600 0.1000 0.1000 0.1000 0.0300 0.0300 0.0300 0.0300 0.0550 0.0550 0.0550 0.0550 0.0325 0.0300 0.0400 0.0400 0.0150 0.0650 0.0400 0.0400 0.0150 0.0300 0.0400 0.0400 0.0450 0.0300 0.0400 0.0400 0.0140 0.0140 0.0160 0.0160 0.0520 0.0520 0.0600 0.0600	0.0500 0.0500 0.0550 0.0700 0.0300 0.0300 0.0300 0.0400 0.0400 0.0450 0.0450 0.0450 0.0450 0.0600 0.0200 0.0200 0.0200 0.0200 0.0200 0.0300 0.0300 0.0400 0.0550 0.0650 0.0600 0.1000 0.1000 0.1000 0.1000 0.0300 0.0300 0.0300 0.0300 0.0300 0.0550 0.0550 0.0550 0.0550 0.0325 0.0300 0.0200 0.0200 0.0200 0.0850 0.0650 0.0400 0.0400 0.0400 0.0150 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0450 0.0300 0.0400 0.0400 0.0400 0.0140 0.0140 0.0160 0.0160 0.0160 0.0520 0.0520 0.0600 0.0600 0.0600 0.0600



Schedule 8

Ten Largest Taxpayers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		Fis	cal Year 2	019		Fisc	cal Year	2010
				Percent of Tota	I			Percent of Total
	Type of	Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed
Name of Taxpayer	Enterprise	Valuation	Rank	Valuation		Valuation	Rank	Valuation
Progress Energy Carolinas	Utility	\$ 148,295,239	1	0.982%	\$	45,403,852	4	0.237%
Carteret Craven Electric	Utility	115,988,996	2	0.768%		52,754,965	2	0.275%
Open Grounds Farm, Inc.	Farm	99,136,261	3	0.657%		52,426,378	3	0.274%
Goose Creek Landing HOA	Real Estate	30,236,690	4	0.200%		33,632,383	5	0.176%
Time Warner Cable Southeast	Communications	25,769,829	5	0.171%		-	-	-
ITAC 192 LLC	Real Estate	24,578,515	6	0.163%		22,143,074	10	0.116%
Atlantic Newport Hospitality	Real Estate	22,038,753	7	0.146%		-	-	-
USPG Portfolia One LLC	Real Estate	20,274,257	8	0.134%		-	-	-
Stevens Towing Company	Barge Transport	20,193,619	9	0.134%		-	-	-
Weyerhaeuser Company	Real Estate	19,438,240	10	0.129%		-	-	-
Bogue Watch LLC	Real Estate	-	-	-		88,448,474	1	0.462%
Shearin Family Investment LLC	Real Estate	-	-	-		33,539,070	6	0.175%
Carolina Telephone	Utility	-	-	-		32,171,808	7	0.168%
Indian Beach Acquisition LLC	Real Estate	-	-	-		30,623,378	8	0.160%
Atlantic Veneer Corp	Manufacturing	-	-	-		27,316,074	9	0.143%
		\$ 525,950,399	 = -	3.484%	\$	418,459,456	_ ·	2.186%

Source: Carteret County Tax Department

Carteret County, North Carolina

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Та	exes Levied for			of the Le	evy		
Year Ended	th	ne Fiscal Year			Total Tax		Perce	entage
June 30	(0	Original Levy)	Α	djustments	Levy (1)(2)	Amount	of L	_evy
2010	\$	44,158,178	\$	(115,027)	\$ 44,043,151	\$ 42,758,524		97.08%
2011		44,397,414		(11,922)	44,385,492	43,043,486		96.98%
2012		45,203,707		(112,329)	45,091,378	43,758,543		97.04%
2013		44,109,338		(70,093)	44,039,245	42,824,327		97.24%
2014		44,863,630		(58,213)	44,805,417	43,722,134		97.58%
2015		46,118,930		(42,178)	46,076,752	45,099,962		97.88%
2016		43,572,880		(72,422)	43,500,458	42,642,837		98.03%
2017		45,841,885		(229,155)	45,612,730	44,595,689		97.77%
2018		46,325,347		(172,124)	46,153,223	45,175,396		97.88%
2019		46,870,483		(74,854)	46,795,629	45,799,705		97.87%

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Includes General Fund

⁽²⁾ Does not include reimbursement in-lieu-of taxes and Senior Citizens Exemptions

Schedule 9

Total Collections to Date

l otal Collections to Date								
С	collections of			Percentage				
Sub	sequent Years		Amount	of Levy				
\$	1,227,568	\$	43,986,092	99.87%				
	1,267,136		44,310,622	99.83%				
	1,222,714		44,981,257	99.76%				
	1,064,344		43,888,671	99.66%				
	911,856		44,633,990	99.62%				
	784,805		45,884,767	99.58%				
	617,665		43,260,502	99.45%				
	643,505		45,239,194	99.18%				
	462,787		45,638,183	98.88%				
	-		45,799,705	97.87%				

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 Governmental Activities										
	General	Ne	et Premiums			Dir	ect Placement				
Fiscal	Obligation		Discounts		Certificates		Installment				
Year	Bonds		l Adjustments		of Participation	Loans					
2010	\$ 52,330,000	\$	(137,327)	\$	5,735,000	\$	15,135,783				
2011	48,745,000		(77,132)		5,155,000		18,489,570				
2012	45,100,000		35,220		4,660,000		16,099,052				
2013	40,605,000		3,464,917		4,040,000		14,339,872				
2014	36,545,000		3,100,791		3,560,000		13,365,073				
2015	33,475,000		2,680,697		3,090,000		11,709,696				
2016	33,820,000		2,768,620		2,630,000		10,031,656				
2017	29,410,000		2,417,445		2,175,000		8,382,789				
2018	25,725,000		2,131,480		1,730,000		6,850,875				
2019	22,100,000		1,845,515		1,290,000		5,411,102				

^{*} Information not yet available

Notes:

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

(1) See Schedule 14 for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

Personal income not available to calculate fiscal years 2018 and 2019.

Schedule 10

D	irect Placement		Total			Percentage
	Revenue		Primary		Per	of Personal
	Bonds		Government	C	apita (1)	Income (1)
						_
\$	-	\$	75,706,872	\$	1,183	2.93%
	-		75,830,822		1,184	2.87%
	-		69,241,624		1,064	2.45%
	1,046,000		65,626,109		1,064	2.27%
	1,046,000		59,576,152		862	1.97%
	1,030,000		53,773,649		778	1.77%
	1,014,000		51,881,500		744	1.64%
	997,000		44,828,426		637	1.36%
	980,000		38,692,515		548	*
	962,000		32,712,745		460	*



Schedule 11

Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30		Net General Obligation Bonded Debt		Assessed Value	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Percentage of Personal Income	Population (1)	Bo	et General Obligation Inded Debt Inder Capita
2009	\$	52,192,673	\$	19,154,428,262	0,27%	2.02%	64,107	\$	814.15
2011	Ψ	48,667,868	Ψ	19,287,665,218	0.25%	1.84%	65,050	Ψ	748.16
2012		45,135,220		15,072,107,348	0.30%	1.60%	67,696		666.73
2013		44,069,917		15,178,413,206	0.29%	1.53%	68,645		642.00
2014		39,645,791		15,451,156,552	0.26%	1.31%	69,092		573.81
2015		36,155,697		15,365,675,000	0.24%	1.19%	70,079		515.93
2016		36,588,620		14,498,901,666	0.25%	1.15%	69,706		524.90
2017		31,827,445		14,720,400,000	0.22%	0.97%	70,401		452.09
2018		27,856,480		14,892,942,258	0.19%	*	70,620		394.46
2019		23,945,515		15,095,364,194	0.16%	*	71,084		336.86

Notes:

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ NC Office of State Planning

^{*}Personal income not available to calculate fiscal years 2018 and 2019

Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year								
	2010		2011		2012		2013	
\$	19,154,428,262	\$	19,287,665,218	\$	15,072,107,348	\$	15,178,413,206	
	1,532,354,261		1,543,013,217		1,205,768,588		1,214,273,056	
	58,065,000		53,900,000		49,760,000		44,645,000	
	15,135,783		18,489,570		16,099,052		14,339,872	
	(137,327)		(77,132)		35,220		3,464,917	
	9,710,000		9,710,000		9,710,000		9,710,000	
	82,773,456		82,022,438		75,604,272		72,159,789	
\$	1,449,580,805	\$	1,460,990,779	\$	1,130,164,316	\$	1,142,113,267	
	5.40%	1	5.32%)	6.27%)	5.94%	
	\$	\$ 19,154,428,262 1,532,354,261 58,065,000 15,135,783 (137,327) 9,710,000 82,773,456 \$ 1,449,580,805	\$ 19,154,428,262 \$ 1,532,354,261 58,065,000 15,135,783 (137,327) 9,710,000 82,773,456	2010 2011 \$ 19,154,428,262 \$ 19,287,665,218 1,532,354,261 1,543,013,217 58,065,000 53,900,000 15,135,783 18,489,570 (137,327) (77,132) 9,710,000 9,710,000 82,773,456 82,022,438 \$ 1,449,580,805 \$ 1,460,990,779	2010 2011 \$ 19,154,428,262 \$ 19,287,665,218 \$ 1,532,354,261 1,543,013,217 58,065,000 53,900,000 15,135,783 18,489,570 (137,327) (77,132) 9,710,000 9,710,000 82,773,456 82,022,438 \$ 1,449,580,805 \$ 1,460,990,779 \$	2010 2011 2012 \$ 19,154,428,262 \$ 19,287,665,218 \$ 15,072,107,348 1,532,354,261 1,543,013,217 1,205,768,588 58,065,000 53,900,000 49,760,000 15,135,783 18,489,570 16,099,052 (137,327) (77,132) 35,220 9,710,000 9,710,000 9,710,000 82,773,456 82,022,438 75,604,272 \$ 1,449,580,805 \$ 1,460,990,779 \$ 1,130,164,316	2010 2011 2012 \$ 19,154,428,262 \$ 19,287,665,218 \$ 15,072,107,348 \$ 1,532,354,261 1,543,013,217 1,205,768,588 58,065,000 53,900,000 49,760,000 15,135,783 18,489,570 16,099,052 (137,327) (77,132) 35,220 9,710,000 9,710,000 9,710,000 82,773,456 82,022,438 75,604,272 \$ 1,449,580,805 \$ 1,460,990,779 \$ 1,130,164,316 \$	

2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
\$ 15,451,156,552	\$	15,365,675,000	\$	14,498,901,666	\$	14,720,400,000	\$	14,892,942,258	\$	15,095,364,194
1,236,092,524		1,229,254,000		1,159,912,133		1,177,632,000		1,191,435,381		1,207,629,136
40,105,000		36,565,000		36,450,000		31,585,000		27,455,000		23,390,000
13,365,073 3,100,791		11,709,696 2,680,697		10,031,656 2,768,620		8,382,789 2,417,445		6,850,875 2,131,480		5,411,102 1,845,515
 9,710,000		9,710,000		-		-		-		-
66,280,864		60,665,393		49,250,276		42,385,234		36,437,355		30,646,617
\$ 1,169,811,660	\$	1,168,588,607	\$	1,110,661,857	\$	1,135,246,766	\$	1,154,998,026	\$	1,176,982,519
 5.36%)	4.94%	, 0	4.25%	, 0	3.60%	, 0	3.06%	, D	2.54%

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Governmental Activities Debt June 30, 2019

	(Outstanding Debt	Percent Applicable to County	Amount Applicable to County
Direct				
Carteret County (1)	\$	30,646,617	100.00% \$	30,646,617
Overlapping				
Town of Cedar Point (2)		2,500,000	100.00%	2,500,000
Town of Newport (2)		1,908,685	100.00%	1,908,685
Town of Pine Knoll Shores (2)		2,705,000	100.00%	2,705,000
Subtotal overlapping debt		7,113,685	_	7,113,685
Total direct and overlapping debt	_\$_	37,760,302	<u>\$</u>	37,760,302

Data Sources:

- (1) County's debt records
- (2) Municipal finance departments

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the County. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the County. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (2) (in thousands)		Per Capita Personal Income (2)		Unemployment Rate (3)	Public School Enrollment (4)
2010	64,107	\$	2,583,758	\$	40,304	8.39%	8,273
2011	65,050		2,639,299		39,174	8.35%	8,491
2012	67,696		2,824,360		41,761	9.30%	8,336
2013	68,645		2,888,870		42,214	8.48%	8,307
2014	69,092		3,021,043		43,903	6.50%	8,254
2015	70,079		3,044,352		43,442	5.76%	8,445
2016	69,706		3,172,812		45,517	5.67%	8,141
2017	70,401		3,297,436		47,871	4.83%	8,072
2018	70,620		*		*	4.35%	8,006
2019	71,084		*		*	4.66%	7,892

Data Sources:

- (1) North Carolina Office of State Planning
- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce. Figures are for the prior calendar year.
- (3) North Carolina Department of Commerce Division of Employment Security
- (4) Carteret County Board of Education
- * Information Unavailable

Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		2019			2010	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
	Employment		Total County			Total County
Employer	Range	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Carteret County Public Schools	1000+	1	-	1,115	1	3.46%
Carteret General Hospital	1000+	2	-	1,060	2	3.29%
Carteret County	500-999	3	-	478	4	1.48%
Wal-Mart Associates Inc	250-499	4	-	420	5	1.30%
Lowes Home Improvements	250-499	5	-	268	8	0.83%
Carteret Community College	250-499	6	-	-	-	-
Big Rock Sports LLC	250-499	7	-	-	-	0.00%
Food Lion	250-499	8	-	195	10	0.61%
Lowes Foods LLC	100-249	9	-	-	-	-
Bally Refrigerated Boxes	100-249	10	-	-	-	-
NC Department of Transporation	-	-	-	494	3	1.53%
NC Natural Resources and						
Community Development	-	-	-	346	6	1.07%
US Coast Guard	-	-	-	273	7	0.85%
Lowes Foods	-	-	-	205	9	0.61%

Source: NC Commerce LEAD Division

2019 Employees are full time



Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-Time Equivalent 2010 Function/Program 2011 2012 2013 General government 66.40 66.60 62.85 57.85 114.30 Public safety 141.00 130.00 135.00 Transportation 2.00 2.00 2.00 3.00 Economic and physical development 17.00 17.00 17.00 14.00 Environmental protection 7.00 7.00 7.00 7.00 **Human Services** 169.58 169.91 169.33 169.33 Cultural and recreation 20.92 21.49 20.07 19.07 Water/Sewer (Business activity) 4.40 4.40 4.15 4.15 **Total** 401.60 429.40 412.40 409.40

Source: County Finance Department

Notes:

This schedule represents number of persons employed as of June 30 of each year.

Full-time personnel work 2,080 hours per year (less vacation and sick leave).

For purposes of this schedule the number of part-time employees has been divided by 2.5 to arrive at the full-time equivalents.

Schedule 16

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
					_
59.80	60.80	61.80	62.20	64.70	65.72
137.00	138.00	141.00	144.00	149.00	150.00
3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	6.00
13.87	13.87	14.00	16.50	14.00	17.00
6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50
168.33	170.98	177.00	184.18	185.18	185.18
20.07	20.42	22.42	22.42	22.42	22.42
4.83	4.83	4.70	4.80	4.80	4.78
413.40	419.40	431.42	444.60	451.60	457.60

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year			
	2010	2011	2012	
Function				
Sheriff:				
Physical arrests	2,363	2,270	2,288	
Environmental Protection:				
Solid waste convenience sites:				
Refuse collected (tons / day)	44.00	41.48	45.46	
Recycled Material (tons / day)	5.00	2.34	4.24	
Yard Waste (tons / day)	4.00	3.12	2.61	
Culture and recreation:				
Park reservations	5,599	5,404	5,792	
Senior center and community center admissions	104,501	93,504	98,616	
Public libraries:				
Admissions	271,856	289,197	293,613	
Electronic resources users	201,525	237,737	365,516	
Water:				
New connections	60	32	30	
Water mains breaks	-	3	3	
Average daily consumption (gallons / day)	97	130	150	

Sources: Various government departments.

Notes

No indicators are available for the general government, economic development, and human services functions.

Schedule 17

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
2.004	2.049	1 650	4 770	1 015	1.096	4 470
2,091	2,018	1,659	1,773	1,815	1,086	1,170
43.74	46.25	45.23	38.36	42.17	51.65	58.04
4.26	5.15	3.90	2.38	4.19	4.62	2.68
3.50	11.00	4.80	3.24	9.28	9.59	23.21
6,099	6,462	7,888	7,192	7,508	8,220	5,916
124,177	110,435	103,007	117,355	128,229	112,893	92,109
286,588	269,839	269,184	261,578	259,850	261,347	235,673
400,407	292,250	332,243	286,530	227,773	206,564	298,768
35	25	18	15	14	13	14
2	2	-	-	1	1	1
125	127	117	118	119	121	121

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Function Public safety: Sheriff **Stations Patrol Units** Environmental protection: Solid waste convenience sites Culture and recreation: Park acreage Parks Tennis courts Community centers **Public libraries** Water: Water mains (miles) Maximum daily capacity 600,000 600,000 600,000 600,000

Sources: Various county departments.

Notes:

No capital asset indicators are available for the general government, economic development, and human services functions.

Schedule 18

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
					_
1	1	1	1	1	1
24	24	24	24	24	24
12	12	12	12	12	12
163	163	163	163	163	163
9	9	9	9	9	9
14	14	14	14	14	14
3	3	3	3	3	3
5	5	5	5	5	5
51	51	51	51	51	51
600,000	600,000	600,000	600,000	600,000	600,000



Compliance Section

The Compliance Section contains various schedules and Auditor opinions reflecting Federal, State and Local matching participation in various projects and programs of the County. The Single Audit Amendments Act of 1996 established audit requirements for State and Local governments that receive Federal assistance. The audit requirements were established to insure that audits are conducted on an organization wide basis, rather than on a grant-by-grant basis.





Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

RSM US LLP

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Carteret County, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carteret County, North Carolina, (the County) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 26, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Carteret County Tourism Development Authority, Beaufort-Morehead City Airport Authority, Carteret County General Hospital Corporation and Carteret County Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC) Board, as described in our report on the County's basic financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors. The financial statements of Carteret County General Hospital Corporation and Carteret County ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiency in internal control described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as finding 2019-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County Response to Finding

Carteret County's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs and Corrective Action Plan. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM US LLP

Morehead City, North Carolina November 26, 2019



Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

RSM US LLP

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Carteret County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Carteret County, North Carolina's (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

The County's basic financial statements include the operations of Carteret County Tourism Development Authority, Beaufort-Morehead City Airport Authority, Carteret County General Hospital Corporation and Carteret County Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC) Board, all discretely presented component units of the County. Our audit of compliance, described below, did not include the operations of the Carteret County Tourism Development Authority, Beaufort-Morehead City Airport Authority, Carteret County General Hospital Corporation and the ABC Board because the financial statements of the Carteret County General Hospital Corporation and the ABC Board (audited by other auditors) were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance or the State Single Audit Implementation Act and Beaufort-Morehead City Airport Authority and Carteret County Tourism Development Authority engaged other auditors to perform an audit of compliance.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

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Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe that a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as finding 2019-002, that we consider to be a material weakness.

The County's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs and Corrective Action Plan. The County's response was not subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM US LLP

Morehead City, North Carolina November 26, 2019





Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance and State Single Audit Implementation Act

RSM US LLP

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Carteret County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited Carteret County, North Carolina's (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The County's major State programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

The County's basic financial statements include the operations of Carteret County Tourism Development Authority, Beaufort-Morehead City Airport Authority, Carteret County General Hospital Corporation and Carteret County Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC) Board, all discretely presented component units of the County. Our audit of compliance, described below, did not include the operations of the Carteret County Tourism Development Authority, Beaufort-Morehead City Airport Authority, Carteret County General Hospital Corporation and the ABC Board because the financial statements of the Carteret County General Hospital Corporation and the ABC Board (audited by other auditors) were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, applicable sections of the Uniform Guidance or the State Single Audit Implementation Act and Beaufort-Morehead City Airport Authority and Carteret County Tourism Development Authority engaged other auditors to perform an audit of compliance.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state awards applicable to its State programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major State programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; applicable sections of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major State program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

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Opinion on the Major State Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major State program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major State program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program that is less severe that a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as finding 2019-003, that we consider to be a material weakness.

The County's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs and Corrective Action Plan. The County's response was not subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM US LLP

Morehead City, North Carolina November 26, 2019

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2019

I - Summary of Auditor's Results				
Financial Statements	_			
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified			
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	X	_Yes _Yes _Yes	X	No None reported No
Federal Awards	_			
Internal control over major federal programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	X	_Yes _Yes	Х	No None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	X	_Yes		No
Identification of major federal programs:				
Program Name 1571 Administrative Costs - Crosscutting Requirements: Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Subsidized Child Care Cluster Medical Assistance Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Children's Health Insurance Program IV-D Child Support		10.561 93.575 93.778 93.558 93.767 93.563	-	
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)		97.036		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000)		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X	_Yes		No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

I - Summary of Auditor's Results (Continued)				
State Awards				
Internal control over major State programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	X	Yes Yes	X	No None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major State programs	Unmodified	d		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act?	X	Yes		.No
Identification of major State programs:				
Program Name			Grant Number	
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) 1571 Administrative Costs - Crosscutting Requirements Division of Water Resources-Bogue Banks Master Beach Renourishment Project			97.036 N/A N/A	
(Continued)				

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

II - Financial Statement Findings

Material Weakness in Internal Control- FEMA Revenue Adjustment Finding 2019-001

Criteria: Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section N50 states that recipients of voluntary non-exchange transaction grants should recognize receivables and revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met. Per the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement 210- 4-97.036-12, for eligible expenses to be incurred, FEMA must approve the non-federal entity's Project Worksheet (PW). GASB Codification Section 1600 states governmental funds should be presented using the current resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Per the County's revenue recognition policy, all governmental revenues are considered available if received within 90 days of year end.

Condition and Context: The County recorded \$6,351,469 of FEMA Disaster Grants - Public Assistance grant revenue and federal expenditures incurred during the fiscal year related to Hurricane Florence prior to receiving the appropriate "Notice of Obligation" from FEMA for the applicable PWs. The Notice of Obligation is FEMA's official approval of a PW. Additionally, the County did not appropriately defer \$2,719,648 of FEMA grant revenue not received within 90 days of year end. Furthermore, the balances reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (SEFSA) are required to be reconciled to the basic financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (US GAAP). Therefore, the balances reported in the SEFSA were also overstated by \$6,351,469.

Effect: Intergovernmental revenue was overstated by \$6,351,469, accounts receivable was overstated by \$3,631,821 and deferred revenue was understated by \$2,719,648 in the General Fund. Federal and State expenditures on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards for the FEMA Disaster Grants - Public Assistance program were overstated by \$4,763,602 and \$1,587,867, respectively.

Cause: Insufficient review of the complex and unique revenue recognition requirements of FEMA Disaster Assistance Grants.

Recommendation: We recommend the County perform a thorough review of the revenue recognition and federal expenditure recognition requirements for all new grants received each year and additionally provide training to appropriate staff to aid in proper identification and recognition of federal and State grant revenue and expenditure amounts.

Management's Response: See corrective action plan.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

III - Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Compliance - Medical Assistance (MA) Finding 2019-002

US Department of Health and Human Services

Passed through the NC Department of Health and Human Services (NC DHHS)

Program Name: Medical Assistance Program (MA)

CFDA # 93.778

Criteria: Per the NC Department of Health and Human Services-Division of Health Benefits, the County Department of Social Services Agency is responsible to determine client eligibility in accordance with eligibility requirements defined in the approved State Plan (42 CFR Section 431.10).

Condition and Context: Of the 77 claims tested we noted the following: 10 cases which included incorrect countable and/or non-countable income resulting in incorrect budget calculations; 2 cases which included incorrect tax filing status which is required under the Modified Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI) for proper eligibility determinations for Family and Children's' Medicaid; 2 cases where agency caseworkers failed to react timely to a change in client's situation; 2 cases which included incorrect countable resources; 2 cases in which the local Carteret County DSS Agency internal control required Family & Children's' Medicaid manual checklist and budget was not completed and present in the case file documentation. This is not a state requirement but simply a local agency policy used to ensure accuracy and proper input into NCFAST. All are considered procedural agency internal control deficiencies which did not affect the overall eligibility of the cases.

Effect: Potential for ineligible applicant to receive benefits.

Cause: Administrative oversight.

Questioned Costs: None noted.

Recommendation: We recommend the County continue to implement training to ensure that all County staff are properly informed of applicable program requirements.

Management's Response: See corrective action plan.

IV - Findings and Questioned Costs for State Awards

Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Compliance - Medical Assistance (MA) Finding 2019-003

US Department of Health and Human Services

Passed through the NC Department of Health and Human Services (NC DHHS)

Program Name: Medical Assistance Program (MA)

CFDA # 93.778

See Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs, Finding 2019-002

Questioned Costs: None

Management's Response: See corrective action plan.

CARTERET COUNTY FINANCE

Denise H. Meshaw, CPA Assistant County Manager Finance Department



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Corrective Action Plan

Material Weakness in Internal Control – FEMA Revenue Adjustment Finding 2019-001

Carteret County will review revenue and expenditure recognition requirements for new federal and state grants. Federal and State grant funding continues to become more complex, and as a result, the County staff will continue to seek specific training on grant programs received. When specific grant program training and guidance is not available, the County may hire consultants to provide specific and detailed expertise.

Tommy Burns County Manager

Dee Meshaw

Assistant County Manager

CARTERET COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

Cindy P. Holman

Consolidated Human Services Director cindy.holman@carteretcountync.gov



Clinton W. Lewis
DSS Director
Consolidated Human Services Deputy Director
clint.lewis@carteretcountync.gov

Stephanie M. Cannon, MPA
Health Director
Consolidated Human Services Deputy Director

stephanie.cannon@carteretcountync.gov

Corrective Action Plan (Continued)

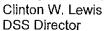
Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Compliance – Medical Assistance (MA)

Findings 2019-002 and 2019-003

Following, each area is stated with a corresponding training date to address the deficiencies:

43.55	Deficiency	Training Date
1	10 cases which included incorrect countable and/or non-	Budget Training
	countable income resulting in incorrect budget calculations	 November 21, 2019
1,000		 December 12, 2019
2	2 cases which included incorrect tax filing status which is	Tax Filing Status Training
	required under the Modified Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI)	 December 12, 2019
	<i>for proper eligibility determinati</i> ons for Family and Childrens' Medicaid	
3	2 cases where agency caseworkers failed to react timely to a	Timely Reaction to Client
	change in client's situation	Changes Training
3.11.41		 December 12, 2019
4	2 cases which included incorrect countable resources	Countable Resource Training
		 September 30, 2019
		 October 17, 2019
2,533.5		 December 12, 2019
5	2 cases in which the local Carteret County DSS Agency	Agency Internal Control Training
	internal control required Family & Childrens' Medicaid	 December 12, 2019
	manual checklist and budget was not completed and present	·
	in the case file documentation	

As indicated above, several trainings have been completed and all will be completed by December 12, 2019.







Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2019

None reported.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Assistance	Year Ended June 30, 2019								
February 1			State/						
Number N			_						
Federal Assistance US Department of Agriculture: Food and Murition Service Food and Murition Prinance Department Food and Murition Prinance Department Food and Murition Prinance Department Food and Murition Program Food Stamp Food Stamp Food Stamp Admin Food Stamp Food Stamp Food Admin Food Stamp Food and Murition Services Food Stamp Admin Food Admin Food Stamp Food Admin Food Stamp Food Admin Food Stamp Food Stamp Food Admin Food Stamp Food Stamp Food Admin Food Stamp Food Admin Food Stamp Food Admin Food Stamp Food Stamp Food Admin Food Stamp F			-	E. J		•			
Separament of Agriculture: Food and Mutrition Service Passed through NC Department of Agriculture: Administered by County Finance Department 10.550	Fadaral Assistance	Number	Number	Federai		State		Local	
Passed through NC Department of Agriculture:	·								
Passed through NC Department of Agriculture: Administrated by County Finance Department 10.50									
Administered by County Finance Department 10.550 22,489 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2									
Soil and water conservation 10.550 \$ 22,489 \$. \$.									
Passed through NC Department of Health and Human Services: Division of Women and Children: Administered by County Health Department: Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children 10.557 262,825 - 6,325 Passed through NC Department of Health and Human Services: Division of Social Services: State Administrative Matching Grants for the Food Stamp Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: Food Stamp Admin 10.561 499,777 65,251 434,526 Food Stamp Fraud Admin 10.561 40,126 - 40,126 Total Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: 539,903 65,251 474,652 Total US Department of Agriculture 825,217 65,251 480,977 US Department of Commerce: Passed through NC Department of Environment & Natural Resources Division of Water Quality Coastal Zone Management Awards-Minor Permit/County Aid 11.419 6,165 - 6 US Department of Interior: Direct Program: Administrated by County Finance Department: National Forest, Public Schools 15,225 46,071 - 0 US Department of Transportation: Passed through NC Department of Transportation: Administrative Agriculture 8,25,217 6,525 8,257 6,326 8,259 8,250 8,259 8,250 8,259		40.550		¢ 00		•	•		
Division of Women and Children: Administred by County Health Department: Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children 10.557 262,825 - 6,325	Soil and water conservation	10.550	-	\$ 22,	89 3	-	Þ		
Administered by County Health Department: Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children 10.557 Passed through NC Department of Health and Human Services: Division of Social Services: Administered by County Department of Social Services: State Administerie Watching Grants for the Food Stamp Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: Food Stamp Admin 10.561 Food Stamp Fraud F	Passed through NC Department of Health and Human Services:								
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children	Division of Women and Children:								
Passed through NC Department of Health and Human Services: Division of Social Services:	Administered by County Health Department:								
Passed through NC Department of Health and Human Services: Division of Social Services: Administered by County Department of Social Services: State Administrative Matching Grants for the Food Stamp Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: Food Stamp Admin 10.561 499,777 65,251 434,526 Food Stamp Fraud Admin 10.561 40,126 - 40,126 Total Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: 539,903 65,251 474,652 Total US Department of Agriculture 525,217 65,251 480,977 US Department of Commerce: Passed through NC Department of Environment & Natural Resources Division of Water Quality Coastal Zone Management Awards-Minor Permit/County Aid 11.419 6,165 US Department of Interior: Direct Program: Administered by County Finance Department: National Forest, Public Schools 15.225 46,071 US Department of Transportation: Passed through NC Department of Transportation: Administered by County CCATS Department: Rural Operating Assistance Including Elderly and Disabled: Administration Grant 20.509 172,264 10,766 32,299 Capital Grant 20.509 256,205 32,026 32,026 Elderly Individuals and Individual with Disablities 20.513 125,000 - 125,000 FEMA Recovery 19-FE-054 20.527 15,517	Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women,								
Division of Social Services: Administered by County Department of Social Services: State Administrative Matching Grants for the Food Stamp Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: Food Stamp Admin 10.561 499,777 65,251 434,526 Food Stamp Admin 10.561 499,777 65,251 474,652 Food Stamp Fraud Admin 10.561 40,126 - 40,126 Food Stamp Fraud Admin 10.561 40,126 - 40,126 Food Jam Nutrition Services Cluster: 539,903 65,251 474,652 Total Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: 539,903 65,251 474,652 Total US Department of Agriculture 825,217 65,251 480,977 US Department of Commerce:	Infants and Children	10.557		262,8	25	-		6,325	
Division of Social Services: Administered by County Department of Social Services: State Administrative Matching Grants for the Food Stamp Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: Food Stamp Admin 10.561 499,777 65,251 434,526 Food Stamp Admin 10.561 499,777 65,251 474,652 Food Stamp Fraud Admin 10.561 40,126 - 40,126 Food Stamp Fraud Admin 10.561 40,126 - 40,126 Food Jam Nutrition Services Cluster: 539,903 65,251 474,652 Total Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: 539,903 65,251 474,652 Total US Department of Agriculture 825,217 65,251 480,977 US Department of Commerce:			-						
Administered by County Department of Social Services: State Administrative Matching Grants for the Food Stamp Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: Food Stamp Admin 10.561 499,777 65,251 434,526 Food Stamp Fraud Admin 10.561 40,126 - 40,126 Food Stamp Fraud Admin 10.561 40,126 - 40,126 Food Stamp Fraud Admin 10.561 40,126 - 539,903 65,251 474,652 Total Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: 539,903 65,251 474,652 Total US Department of Agriculture 825,17 65,251 480,977 US Department of Commerce: Passed through NC Department of Environment & Natural Resources Division of Water Quality Coastal Zone Management Awards-Minor Permit/County Aid 11.419 6,165 US Department of Interior: Direct Program: Administered by County Finance Department: National Forest, Public Schools 15,225 46,071 US Department of Transportation: Passed through NC Department of Transportation: Administered by County CCATS Department: Rural Operating Assistance Including Elderly and Disabled: Rural Operating Assistance Including Elderly and Disabled: Administration Grant 20,509 172,264 10,766 32,299 Capital Grant 20,513 125,000 - 32,026 Elderly Individuals and Individual with Disablities 20,513 125,000 - 125,000 FEMA Recovery 19-FE-054 20,527 15,517 - 15,517	Passed through NC Department of Health and Human Services:								
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Food Stamp Food and Nutrition Services Cluster:	Division of Social Services:								
Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: Food Stamp Admin 10.561 499,777 65,251 434,256 Food Stamp Fraud Admin 10.561 40,126 - 40,126 Food Stamp Fraud Admin 10.561 40,126 - 40,126 Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: 539,903 65,251 474,652 Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: 539,903 65,251 474,652 Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: 539,903 65,251 480,977 Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: 539,903 65,251 480,977 Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: Food and Services Cluster: Food Services Cluster	Administered by County Department of Social Services:								
Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: Food Stamp Admin 10.561 499,777 65,251 434,256 Food Stamp Fraud Admin 10.561 40,126 - 40,126 Food Stamp Fraud Admin 10.561 40,126 - 40,126 Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: 539,903 65,251 474,652 Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: 539,903 65,251 474,652 Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: 539,903 65,251 480,977 Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: 539,903 65,251 480,977 Food and Nutrition Services Cluster: Food and Services Cluster: Food Services Cluster	State Administrative Matching Grants for the Food Stamp								
Food Stamp Fraud Admin 10.561 40,126 - 40,126 10.561 1									
Food Stamp Fraud Admin 10.561 40,126 - 40,126 10.561 1	Food Stamp Admin	10.561		499.7	77	65.251		434.526	
Total Food and Nutrition Services Cluster:	•	10.561		-		-		-	
US Department of Commerce: Passed through NC Department of Environment & Natural Resources Division of Water Quality Coastal Zone Management Awards-Minor Permit/County Aid 11.419 6,165 US Department of Interior: Direct Program: Administered by County Finance Department: National Forest, Public Schools 15.225 46,071 US Department of Transportation: Passed through NC Department of Transportation: Administered by County CCATS Department: Rural Operating Assistance Including Elderly and Disabled: Administration Grant 20.509 172,264 10,766 32,299 Capital Grant 20.509 256,205 32,026 32,026 Elderly Individuals and Individual with Disablities 20.513 125,000 - 125,000 FEMA Recovery 19-FE-054 20.527 15,517	Total Food and Nutrition Services Cluster:		-	539,9	03	65,251		474,652	
Passed through NC Department of Environment & Natural Resources Division of Water Quality Coastal Zone Management Awards-Minor Permit/County Aid 11.419 6,165 US Department of Interior: Direct Program: Administered by County Finance Department: National Forest, Public Schools 15.225 46,071 US Department of Transportation: Passed through NC Department of Transportation: Administered by County CCATS Department: Rural Operating Assistance Including Elderly and Disabled: Administration Grant 20.509 172,264 10,766 32,299 Capital Grant 20.509 256,205 32,026 32,026 Elderly Individuals and Individual with Disablities 20.513 125,000 - 125,000 FEMA Recovery 19-FE-054 20.527 15,517	Total US Department of Agriculture		_	825,2	17	65,251		480,977	
Division of Water Quality Coastal Zone Management Awards-Minor Permit/County Aid 11.419 6,165 - -	US Department of Commerce:								
Coastal Zone Management Awards-Minor Permit/County Aid 11.419 6,165 - -	Passed through NC Department of Environment & Natural Resources								
Coastal Zone Management Awards-Minor Permit/County Aid 11.419 6,165 - -	Division of Water Quality								
Direct Program: Administered by County Finance Department: National Forest, Public Schools 15.225 46,071 - -	Coastal Zone Management Awards-Minor Permit/County Aid	11.419	-	6,	65	-		-	
Direct Program: Administered by County Finance Department: National Forest, Public Schools 15.225 46,071 - -									
Administered by County Finance Department: National Forest, Public Schools 15.225 46,071 US Department of Transportation: Passed through NC Department of Transportation: Administered by County CCATS Department: Rural Operating Assistance Including Elderly and Disabled: Administration Grant 20.509 172,264 10,766 32,299 Capital Grant 20.509 256,205 32,026 32,026 Elderly Individuals and Individual with Disablities 20.513 125,000 FEMA Recovery 19-FE-054 20.527 15,517 -	•								
National Forest, Public Schools 15.225 46,071 - - US Department of Transportation: Passed through NC Department of Transportation: -	· ·								
US Department of Transportation: Passed through NC Department of Transportation: Administered by County CCATS Department: Rural Operating Assistance Including Elderly and Disabled: Administration Grant 20.509 172,264 10,766 32,299 Capital Grant 20.509 256,205 32,026 32,026 Elderly Individuals and Individual with Disablities 20.513 125,000 - 125,000 FEMA Recovery 19-FE-054 20.527 15,517									
Passed through NC Department of Transportation: Administered by County CCATS Department: Rural Operating Assistance Including Elderly and Disabled: 20.509 172,264 10,766 32,299 Capital Grant 20.509 256,205 32,026 32,026 Elderly Individuals and Individual with Disablities 20.513 125,000 - 125,000 FEMA Recovery 19-FE-054 20.527 15,517 - - -	National Forest, Public Schools	15.225	-	46,0	71	-		-	
Administered by County CCATS Department: Rural Operating Assistance Including Elderly and Disabled: Administration Grant 20.509 172,264 10,766 32,299 Capital Grant 20.509 256,205 32,026 32,026 Elderly Individuals and Individual with Disablities 20.513 125,000 - 125,000 FEMA Recovery 19-FE-054 20.527 15,517 - -	US Department of Transportation:								
Rural Operating Assistance Including Elderly and Disabled: Administration Grant 20.509 172,264 10,766 32,299 Capital Grant 20.509 256,205 32,026 32,026 Elderly Individuals and Individual with Disablities 20.513 125,000 - 125,000 FEMA Recovery 19-FE-054 20.527 15,517 - -	Passed through NC Department of Transportation:								
Administration Grant 20.509 172,264 10,766 32,299 Capital Grant 20.509 256,205 32,026 32,026 Elderly Individuals and Individual with Disabilities 20.513 125,000 - 125,000 FEMA Recovery 19-FE-054 20.527 15,517 - -	Administered by County CCATS Department:								
Administration Grant 20.509 172,264 10,766 32,299 Capital Grant 20.509 256,205 32,026 32,026 Elderly Individuals and Individual with Disabilities 20.513 125,000 - 125,000 FEMA Recovery 19-FE-054 20.527 15,517 - -	Rural Operating Assistance Including Elderly and Disabled:								
Elderly Individuals and Individual with Disabilities 20.513 125,000 - 125,000 FEMA Recovery 19-FE-054 20.527 15,517 - -		20.509		172,	64	10,766		32,299	
Elderly Individuals and Individual with Disabilities 20.513 125,000 - 125,000 FEMA Recovery 19-FE-054 20.527 15,517 - - -	Capital Grant	20.509		256,2	:05	32,026		32,026	
FEMA Recovery 19-FE-054 20.527 15,517	•	20.513		125,0	00	-		125,000	
•	•	20.527		15,	17	-		-	
	Total US Department of Transportation		-	-		42,792		189,325	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor's		Expenditures		
	_		Fynenditures		
Number			Experialtares		
	Number	Federal	State	Local	
16.575		41,956	-	10,489	
16.575		24,953	-	6,238	
	_	66,909	-	16,727	
93.044		94,757	5,574	11,148	
93.043		13,866	816	1,631	
93.045		59,403	3,494	6,989	
93.045		21,468	1,263	2,526	
93.053		10,750	-	-	
	=	200,244	11,147	22,294	
93.667	_	52,797	1,508	6,034	
93.558		131,218	-	127,597	
93.558		590,527	-	489,470	
	_	721,745	-	617,067	
93.556	_	41,732	-	-	
93.560	_	(79)	(22)	(22)	
	93.044 93.043 93.045 93.045 93.053 93.667	93.044 93.043 93.045 93.045 93.053 93.667	93.044 94,757 93.043 13,866 93.045 59,403 93.045 21,468 93.053 10,750 200,244 93.667 52,797 93.558 131,218 93.558 590,527 721,745 93.556 41,732	93.044 94,757 5,574 93.043 13,866 816 93.045 59,403 3,494 93.045 21,468 1,263 93.053 10,750 - 200,244 11,147 93.667 52,797 1,508 93.558 131,218 - 93.558 590,527 - 721,745 - 93.556 41,732 -	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

ear Ended June 30, 2019		State/						
	Federal	Pass-through						
	CFDA Grantor's			Expenditures				
	Number	Number		ederal		State		Local
Passed through NC Department of Health and Human Services:								
Administered by Carteret County Department of Social Services:								
IV-D Administration	93.563		\$	535,545	\$	-	\$	275,887
IV-D Offset Fees ESC	93.563			32		_		16
IV-D Offset Fees Federal	93.563			1,740		_		896
				537,317		-		276,799
Passed through NC Department of Health and Human Services:								
Administered by Carteret County Department of Social Services:								
Low Income Home Energy Assistance:								
Benefit payments	93.568			200,500		_		_
Administration	93.568			39,369		_		_
Crisis Intervention payments	93.568			91,635		_		9,165
Onsis intervention payments	33.300			331,504				9,165
Passed through NC Department of Health and Human Services:								2,111
Administered by Carteret County Department of Social Services:								
Division of Child Development								
Subsidized Child Care Cluster								
Child Care Development Fund Cluster								
Division of Social Services								
Child Care Development Fund-Administration	93.596			71,549		-		-
Total Child Care Fund Cluster				71,549		-		-
Total Subsidized Child Care Cluster				71,549		-		-
Passed through NC Department of Health and Human Services:								
Division of Social Services:								
Administered by County Department of Social Services:								
Child Welfare Services:								
Permanency Planning:								
Special	93.645			17,210		-		5,73
Foster Care and Adoption Cluster: Title IV-E Foster Care:								
IV E CPS	93.658			86,545		26,423		60,12
IV-E Optional Adopt TRN 50%	93.659			4,178		, <u>-</u>		4,178
IV-E Family Foster Care MAX	93.658			3,059		_		1,493
Foster Care payments	93.658			158,195		40,737		36,37
IV-E Foster Care /OFF TRN	93.658			232,758		-		232,75
IV-E Foster Care TRN	93.658			6,960		_		2,320
IV-E Foster Care & Extended Max	93.658			4,776		1,168		1,168
IV-E Admin County Paid to CCI	93.658			50,606		25,303		25,30
IV-E Admin Foster Care	93.658			27		23,303		25,30
	93.659					-		
IV-E adoption / Off Trn				8,105		-		8,10
IV-E adoption subsidy and vendor	93.659			113,664		-		114,079
IV-E Adopt	N/A			258		-		-
Foster Care	N/A			42,140		-		4
Total Foster Care and Adoption Cluster				711,271		93,631		485,924

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

Passed through NC Department of Health and Human Services: Administered by County Department of Social Services:	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor's			E	xpenditures	
Administered by County Department of Social Services:		Granitor S					
Administered by County Department of Social Services:		Number		ederal		State	Local
			-				
Social Services Block Grant:							
Family Planning:							
In- home services	93.667		\$	6,323	\$	-	\$ 90
In-home Services over 60	93.667			441		-	6:
In-home Services - SSBG other services	93.667			173,221		-	57,74
CPS TANF to SSBG	93.667	-		45,863 225,848		<u>:</u>	58,70
Passed through NC Department of Health and Human Services:		-		220,010			00,10
Administered by County Department of Social Services:							
Independent Living Transitional	93.674			1,493		-	-
Links	93.674			8,376		2,094	-
		-		9,869		2,094	-
Health Care Financing Administration							
Passed through NC Department of Health and Human Services:							
Division of Medical Assistance:							
Administered by Carteret County DSS:							
Medical Assistance Program							
MA Expansion (MAC)	93.778			129,745		-	129,74
ADT CR HM CS Mgt/Spec	93.778			23,574		6,804	16,77
State County Special Assistance	93.778			30,132		-	10,04
Division of Social Services							
Administered by Carteret County DSS:							
Medical Assistance Administration	93.778			1,357,753		-	453,83
Transportation Administration	93.778	_		135,048		-	135,04
		<u>-</u>		1,676,252		6,804	745,44
Division of Social Services							
Administered by Carteret County DSS:							
State Children's Insurance Program - NC Health Choice	93.767	-		60,460		-	-
		-		60,460			-
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention							
Passed through NC Department of Health and Human Services:							
Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Division of Medical Assistance							
Medical Assistance Program - Cost Settlement	93.778			304,512		_	_
modela / bostance / regram cost comemon		-		304,512		-	-
Administered by Carteret County Health Department		•					
Preparedness (PHEP) Aligned Cooperative Agreements & PHEP Ebola	93.074			28,436		-	19,52
North Carolina's Tuberculosis Elimination and Laboratory Project	93.116			50		-	40,38
Prevent Disease, Disability and Death From Vaccine Prevention	93.268			14,824		-	100,19
Preventive Health & Human Servcies Block Grant funded solely							
with Prevention & Pulbic Health Funds (PPHF)	93.758			46,159		-	82,98
Prescription Drug Overdose (PDO) Prevention	93.136					-	74
Viral Hepatitis Prevention and Control	93.270	-		5,000			2,74
		-		94,469		-	246,58
Health Resources and Services Administration							
Passed through NC Department of Health and Human Services:							
Division of Public Health:							
Administered by Carteret County Health Department	02 000			10 750			07.40
State Based Comprehensive B & CC Early Detection Programs	93.898 93.994			12,750 59,195		-	27,46 574,97
Maternal & Child Health Services Block Grant						-	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

·		State/						
	Federal CFDA	Pass-through Grantor's		Expenditures				
	Number	Number	Federal	State	Local			
Office of Population Affairs				2.20.2				
Passed through NC Department of Health and Human Services:								
Office of Population Affairs								
Family Planning Service	93.217	•	\$ 95,004	\$ - \$	238,683			
Administration for Community Living								
Passed through NC Department of Insurance								
Administered by Carteret County Aging								
Medicare Improvements for Patients and Providers Act "MIPPA"	93.071	14AANCMSHI	5,631	-	-			
Seniors' Health Insurance Information Program	93.324		4,982	-	-			
			10,613	-	-			
Total US Department of Health and Human Services			5,234,262	115,162	3,314,846			
US Department of Homeland Security								
Passed through NC Department of Public Safety								
Division of Emergency Management								
Administered by Carteret County Emergency Management Department								
		EMA-2016-EP-						
Emergency Management Performance Grant Program "EMPG"	97.042	00002-S01	37,636	_	_			
FEMA Disaster Grant Public Assistance	97.036	00002 001	7,164,199	2,143,842	_			
Total US Department of Homeland Security	0000	•	7,201,835	2,143,842	-			
		•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, -,-				
State Assistance								
NC Department of Health and Human Services:								
Division of Social Services:								
Administered by County Department of Social Services:								
Energy Assistance, Private Grants			-	8,575				
County Funded Programs			-	-	2,123,481			
Non-Allocating County Cost			-	-	252,578			
St Child Welfare/ CPS/ CS LD			-	27,927	-			
SAA/SAD HB 1030			-		18,802			
Extended FC/MAC Non IV-E			-	3,194	-			
Work First Non Reimbursable			-	-	439,716			
AFDC Incent / Prog Integrity			-	1,147	-			
CWS Adopt Subsidy & Vendor			-	-	67,732			
SC/SA Domiciliary Care Payment			-	-	320,840			
SFHF Maximization			-	44,651	44,651			
CSE Disater Non Reimbursable			-	-	20,056			
State Foster Home			-	78,352	78,352			
			-	163,846	3,366,208			

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Federal CFDA	•			Expenditures			
	Number	Number	Fed	leral	State	Local		
Division of Aging and Adult Services:								
Passed through Eastern Carolina Council of Government								
Administered by the County Department of Social Services								
In-house Services 90% State Funds:								
Senior Center :								
HCCBG - Access			\$	-	\$ 11,018	\$ 1	,224	
HCCBG - In Home Support				-	156,123	17	,347	
HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals		_		-	14,043	1	,560	
				-	181,184	20	,131	
Division of Public Health								
Administered by the County Health Department								
Other Receipts/ State Supported Expenditures Food and Lodging Fees				_	28,728		_	
General Aid to County				_	80,166	157	,313	
Communicable Disease				-	1,756		,313 3,053	
Breast and Cervidal Cancer Program				-	14,025	33	,033	
Child Health				-	9,367		-	
Maternal Health (HMHC)				_	39,869			
Women's Health Service Fund				-	15,788		-	
HIV/STD State				_	500		_	
HIV/STD State HIV/ STD Prevention and Care				_	1,488		-	
Tuberculosis				_	12,493		-	
Zika Virus Mosquito Control				_	16,000		_	
Mosquito Abatement (Hurricane Florence)				_	156,075		_	
School Nurse Funding Initiative				_	50,000		_	
School Nuise i unuing initiative		•			426,255	210	,366	
Total NC Department of Health and		•					,,,,,,,	
Human Services				-	771,285	3,596	,705	
NC Department of Environmental Quality:								
Natural Resources Division:								
Passed through County Finance Office:								
White Goods Disposal				_	28,833		_	
Scrap Tire Disposal				_	97,691		_	
Ociap Tile Disposal		•			126,524		_	
Environmental Assistance and Customer Service Division:		•		-	120,324			
Administered by County Public Works Department:								
Downeast Electronics Recycling Program		7596		_	3,381		569	
Downeast Electronics Recycling Frogram		7000			3,301		505	
Division of Coastal Management								
Administered by the County Planning Department								
NC Public Beach and Coast Waterfront Access Program		6732		-	58,841	19	,614	
Division of Water Infrastructure								
Administered by County General Services Office								
Merger/Regionalization Feasibility Study				_	21,180		-	
, ,		•			•			
Division of Water Resources:								
Administered by County Shore Protection Office:								
Waterway and Dredging Projects				-	281,909	140	,934	
Bogue Banks Master Beach Renourishment Project				-	5,000,000	12,029	,818	
Post-Florenece Topographic and Hydrographic Surveying				-	126,800		-	
Bogue Banks Coastal Storm Damage Reduction Project		-		-	173,487	173	,487	
				-	5,582,196	12,344	,239	
Total NC Department of Environmental Quality				-	5,792,122	12,364	,422	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

rear Ended June 30, 2019					
		State/			
	Federal	Pass-through			
	CFDA	Grantor's _	Foderel	Expenditures	Leed
NC Department of Public Safety:	Number	Number	Federal	State	Local
Division of Emergency Management					
Administered by County Finance Department:					
Services for Court Referrals					
Boys and Girls Club program			_	62,449	_
Easter Seals Home Based Services - Building Bridges			_	47,236	50,148
Juvenile Crime Prevention			_	5,336	225
Teen Court			_	50,455	_
		_	-	165,476	50,373
Total NC Department of Public Safety			-	165,476	50,373
NC Department of Military and Veteran Affairs					
Office of Fiscal Management					
Administered by the County Veterans Services					
Veteran Services			-	2,216	377,963
Total NC Department Military and Veteran Affairs		_	-	2,216	377,963
NC Department of Administration:					
Division of NC-CFW					
Administered by the County Rape Crisis Department					
Sexual Assault Grant Rape Crisis			_	50,116	10,023
Total NC Department of Administration		_	-	50,116	10,023
·		_		•	•
NC Department of Commerce					
Rural Economic Development Division					
Administered by the County Economic Development Department					
Geodynamics/Project Sloan			-	40,000	-
		_			
NC Department of Public Instruction:					
Public School Building Capital Fund					
Administered by the County Finance Department					
Lottery Proceeds Allocation		_	-	600,000	-
NC Department of Transportation					
Administered by the Carteret County General Services Department					
North River VFD Paving		DOT-18	-	16,805	-
Administered by the Carteret County Transportation Department					
FY18 Con CPT Coordination Operating Grant		19-CO-054	-	138,391	138,391
DOT ROAP RGP Grant		DOT-17CL	-	96,159	9,616
DOT ROAP Employment Grant		DOT-17CL	-	17,827	-
DOT Elderly and Disabled		DOT-17CL	-	80,393	
Total NC Department of Transportation		_	-	349,575	148,007
Total State Expenditures		<u>=</u>	\$ 13,949,445	£ 40.407.007	
Total State Expenditures			;	\$ 10,137,837	00 540 000
Total Local Expenditures				<u>\$</u>	20,549,368

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards.

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal and State award activity of Carteret County, North Carolina, primary government, under programs of the federal and State government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Carteret County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Carteret County.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

In accordance with guidance issued by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), Food and Nutrition Service Division, direct benefits payments for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), formerly the Food Stamp Program, of \$10,671,310 have not been reported as expenditures in the basic financial statements or in the Schedule.

Carteret County does not have any federal or State amounts passed through subrecipients.

Note 3. Relationship to Fund Financial Statements

Substantially all federal and State financial award programs (other than direct benefit payments - see Note 13 to the financial statements) are accounted for in the County's governmental and proprietary funds.

Note 4. Loans Outstanding

Carteret County has outstanding loan balances from federal and State funding sources that are not required to be presented within the Schedule because there are no continuing requirements beyond the repayment of the loan balances in accordance with loan agreement provisions. The loan funds were presented in the Schedule in the years of their expenditures.

The following is a summary of changes in the County's long-term outstanding loan balances of the USDA Water Revenue Bond and the NC Department of Environment and Natural Resources (NCDENR) Drinking Water State Revolving Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

Beginning								Ending
		Balance		Balance				
	J	June 30, 2018 Additions				etirements	Jι	ıne 30, 2019
Revenue Bond	\$	980,000	\$	-	\$	18,000	\$	962,000
Installment purchase obligations		1,275,160		-		171,032		1,104,128
	\$	2,255,160	\$	-	\$	189,032	\$	2,066,128

Note 5. Cluster of Programs

The following are clustered by the NC Department of Health and Human Services and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes: Subsidized Child Care, Foster Care and Adoption.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 6. Indirect Costs

Carteret County's indirect costs are determined by a State-approved plan contracted annually with DMG Maximus, Inc. and therefore has elected not to use the 10-Percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.