

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Prepared by: Cumberland County Financial Services

Vicki Evans, Finance Director Bob Tucker, CPA, Accounting Supervisor Ivonne Mendez, Accounting Supervisor Kelly Autry, Accountant/Systems Administrator Todd Hathaway, CPA, Finance Accountant Jessica Hullender, Finance Accountant Amanda Bullard, Purchasing Manager Kimberly Williams, Purchasing "Buyer" Renee Mitchell, Accounts Receivable Carmella Baggett, Accounts Payable Stacey Merritt, Accounts Payable Melissa Kampe, Payroll Manager Tonya McKinney, Payroll Sandy Vega, Payroll Julie Crawford, Benefits Coordinator Carla Loney, Benefits Coordinator Patsy Lucas, Risk Management & Safety Dawn McNair, Safety Technician

CAFR photo cover: *Old Barn in Cumberland County, Fall 2018*Photo credit: Krystle Mize

INTRODUCTORY SECTION (UNAUDITED)	
TRANSMITTAL LETTER	A-1
CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT	A-16
PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS	A-17
ORGANIZATIONAL CHART	A-18
FINANCIAL SECTION	
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR	B-1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	C-1
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	D-1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	D-2
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	E-1
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	E-2
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	E-3
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	
GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	E-5
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS	E-7
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS	E-9
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS	E-10
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS	E-12
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	F-1
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY- LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE – LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS	G-1
SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL- LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE — LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS	G-2
SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET POSITION – LIABILITY (ASSET) – LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND – LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS	G-3
SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS – LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND – LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS	G-4

	SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET POSITION – LIABILITY (ASSET) – CROWN – LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND – LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS	G-5
	SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS – CROWN – LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND – LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS	G-6
	SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET POSITION – LIABILITY (ASSET) – REGISTER OF DEEDS' SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION FUND – LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS	G-7
	SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS – REGISTER OF DEEDS' SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION FUND – LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS	G-8
	SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT RETIREE HEALTHCARE PLAN	G-9
C	OMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
C	GENERAL FUND	
	COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS – GENERAL FUND	H-1
	SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND	H-2
	SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – COUNTY SCHOOL FUND	H-6
	SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CAPITAL INVESTMENT FUND	H-7
N	ONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
	COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	I-1
	COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES	
	IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	I-2
N	ONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUES FUNDS	
	COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	J-1
	COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	J-3
	SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	
	PREPARED FOOD AND BEVERAGE FUND	J-5
	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE FUND	J-6
	WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT FUND	J-7
	RECREATION FUND	J-8
	JUVENILE CRIME PREVENTION FUND	J-9
	TRANSPORTATION FUND	J-10
	FLEA HILL DRAINAGE DISTRICT FUND	J-11
	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND	J-12
	FIRE PROTECTION FUND	J-13
	FEDERAL DRUG JUSTICE FUND	J-14

FEDERAL DRUG FORFEITURE FUND	J-15
NORTH CAROLINA CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE FUND	J-16
INJURED ANIMAL STABILIZATION FUND	J-17
INMATE WELFARE FUND	J-18
CDBG DISASTER RECOVERY FUND	J-19
NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS	
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS	K-1
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS	K-2
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	
CULTURE AND RECREATION FUND	K-3
GOVERNMENTAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND	K-4
EMERGENCY OPERATIONS CENTER FUND	K-5
NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUND	
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CEMETERY PERMANENT FUND	L-1
ENTERPRISE FUNDS	
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)	
CUMBERLAND COUNTY SOLID WASTE FUND	M-1
CUMBERLAND COUNTY CROWN CENTER FUND	M-2
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – SOLID WASTE CELL CONSTRUCTION FUND	M-3
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CROWN CAPITAL PROJECT FUND	M-4
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – (NON-GAAP)	
KELLY HILLS WATER AND SEWER DISTRICT FUND	M-5
NORCRESS WATER AND SEWER DISTRICT FUND	M-6
SOUTHPOINT WATER AND SEWER DISTRICT FUND	M-7
OVERHILLS WATER AND SEWER DISTRICT FUND	M-8
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	
OVERHILLS PARK WATER AND SEWER DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECT FUND	M-9
BRAGG ESTATES WATER AND SEWER DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECT FUND	M-10
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	N-1
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	N-2
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	N-3

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)	
GROUP INSURANCE FUND	N-5
EMPLOYEE FLEXIBLE BENEFIT FUND	N-6
WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND	N-7
GENERAL LITIGATION FUND	N-8
VEHICLE INSURANCE FUND	N-9
AGENCY FUNDS	
COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES – AGENCY FUNDS	0-1
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES – AGENCY FUNDS	0-2
COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND – CITY TAX FUND	O-4
DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – EASTOVER SANITARY DISTRICT	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	P-1
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	P-2
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	P-3
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)	P-4
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – EASTOVER SANITARY DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECT FUND	
DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – TOURISM DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	Q-1
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	Q-2
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	Q-3
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)	Q-4
OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA	
SCHEDULE OF CURRENT TAX LEVY	R-1
SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE	R-2
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM UNSPENT BALANCE – PUBLIC SAFETY ANSWERING POINTS (PSAP) RECONCILIATION	R-3
STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT – SCHEDULE 1	S-1
CHANGES IN NET POSITION – SCHEDULE 2	S-2
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – SCHEDULE 3	S-4
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – SCHEDULE 4	S-6
TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – SCHEDULE 5	S-7
ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY – SCHEDULE 6	S-8
PROPERTY TAX RATES – DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS – SCHEDULE 7	S-9
PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS – SCHEDULE 8	S-10

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS – GENERAL FUND – SCHEDULE	9S-11
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE – SCHEDULE 10	S-12
RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING – SCHEDULE 11	S-13
COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN – SCHEDULE 12	S-14
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS – SCHEDULE 13	S-15
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS – SCHEDULE 14	S-16
FULL-TIME COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION – SCHEDUL	LE 15S-17
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION – SCHEDULE 16	S-18
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION – SCHEDULE 17	S-20
CONTINUING DISCLOSURE INFORMATION SECTION (UNAUDITED)	
SECURITIES EXCHANGE COMMISSION RULE 15C2-12 REPORTING	T-1
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
REPORT ON INDEPENDENT AUDITOR ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINAL COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL SACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB UNIFORM GAUDIT IMPLEMENTATION ACT	UIDANCE AND THE STATE SINGLE
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE OMB UNIFORM AUDIT IMPLEMENTATION ACT	I GUIDANCE AND THE STATE SINGLE
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	U-7
SCHEDULE OF CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN	U-18
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS	U-21
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS	U-22
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARD	SU-27

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



ROBERT TUCKER Accounting Supervisor

IVONNE MENDEZ
Accounting Supervisor

November 6, 2019

To the Board of County Commissioners and the Citizens of Cumberland County, North Carolina:

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the County of Cumberland for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The basic financial statements contained herein have been audited by the independent certified public accounting firm of Cherry Bekaert LLP and that firm's unmodified opinion is included in the Financial Section of this report.

The report itself is presented by the County, who is responsible for the accuracy of the data and for the completeness and fairness of its presentation including all disclosures. We believe the data as presented is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to set forth fairly the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included.

This report is divided into five sections: Introductory, Financial, Statistical, Compliance sections, and Continuing Disclosure Information. The Introductory Section, which is unaudited, contains this letter of transmittal, which provides a brief overview of the operations of the County, a list of principal officials, a copy of the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, and the County's organization chart. The Financial Section is composed of the auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), the basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and more detailed combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and other supplementary financial data. The Statistical Section, which is unaudited, contains fiscal and economic data designed to provide a more complete understanding of the County. Many tables in this section present financial data for the past ten years. The Compliance Section presents reports and schedules required by the federal and state Single Audit Acts. Finally, the Continuing Disclosure Information Section, which is unaudited, includes those disclosures related to certain general and non-general obligation debt required by the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the MD&A. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of independent auditors. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provision of the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Information related to this single audit, including: the independent

auditor's internal control and compliance reports on the basic financial statements and major federal and state programs; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; Corrective Action Plan; Schedule of Prior Audit Findings; and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are presented in the compliance section of this report.

The financial reporting entity includes all funds of the County, as well as all its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the basic financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government. The Cumberland County Alcohol Beverage Control Board, the Eastover Sanitary District, the Fayetteville and Cumberland County Economic Development Corporation, the Tourism Development Authority and the Fayetteville Area Convention and Visitors Bureau are reported as discretely presented component units.

PROFILE OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Cumberland County originated as a settlement by the Highland Scots in the Upper Cape Fear Valley between 1729 and 1736. The area became a vital link to other major settlements with the establishment of a receiving and distribution center on the Cape Fear River in 1730. The settlement was known as Campbellton. In 1754, the Colonial Legislature passed an act resulting in the political division of Bladen County, forming Cumberland County. Named for the Duke of Cumberland (William Augustus), the county grew and prospered as Scotch-Irish, German and Moravian immigrants entered the area. Campbellton was named the county seat in 1778. In 1783, Campbellton was renamed Fayetteville in honor of Marquis de La Fayette, the French general who served in the American Revolutionary Army.

A devastating fire in 1831, and the invasion of General Sherman's army in 1865 during the American Civil War, delayed Fayetteville's growth. In 1918, land in northwest Cumberland County was purchased and developed by the U.S. Army to serve as an artillery training facility. Camp Bragg has evolved over the years into Fort Bragg, a permanent Army post.

Cumberland County is in the southeast section of North Carolina, with a land area of approximately 652 square miles. The most recent population estimates from the Office of State Budget and Management (the "OSBM") rank the County as the fifth largest county in the State with a population estimate of 329,017. The City of Fayetteville (the "City" or "Fayetteville") is the sixth largest municipality in the State with a population estimate of 207,583.

The County functions under a Board of Commissioners-County Manager form of government. The Board of County Commissioners consists of seven members, two elected from District 1, three elected from District 2, and two at-large members. Each member of the Board is elected for a four-year term. The terms are staggered, with the District 1 and at-large members elected in a biennial general election and the District 2 members elected two years later. The Board members elect their own Chairman and Vice Chairman on an annual basis. The Board is the policy-making and legislative authority for the County, responsible for adopting the annual budget, establishing the tax rate, approving zoning and planning issues and other matters related to the health, welfare and safety of citizens.

The County Manager is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the Board of Commissioners. The County Manager is the Chief Executive Officer and has the responsibility for implementing policies and procedures of the board, delivery of services, managing daily operations and appointment of subordinate department managers.

A-2 TRANSMITTAL LETTER

FORT BRAGG

The County is home to Fort Bragg, the largest most strategically advanced military installation in America. As a result, Cumberland County residents originate from all around the world. It is a global community where all expected amenities exist, but a serene wilderness is a short drive in any direction. Fort Bragg encompasses nearly 172,000 acres, including training lands. Fort Bragg contributes to the area economy as well as to the international and cosmopolitan culture of the community.

The post came into existence in 1918, when 127,000 acres of desolate sand hills and pine trees were designated as a U.S. Army installation. Named in honor of Confederate General Braxton Bragg, a native of the state and a former artillery officer, Camp Bragg was the only military reservation in the United States with adequate space to test the latest in long-range artillery. In February 1922, Congress decided that all artillery sites east of the Mississippi River would become permanent Army posts. Thus, Camp Bragg became Fort Bragg in September of that year. The hundredth anniversary of the establishment of Fort Bragg was celebrated last year.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

MILITARY ECONOMIC IMPACT

Fort Bragg is home to roughly 50,000 troops. More than 14,000 Department of Defense civilians work on the installation, along with more than 6,000 contract employees. In all, Fort Bragg supports a population of roughly 278,000, including military families, retirees and others. The total direct and indirect military impact provides approximately \$6.9 billion in local spending, especially from payroll which is illustrated in Tables 1 and 2. The military impact on the local economy fluctuates depending on a variety of factors, including the number of deployed military personnel, capital projects and appropriation levels. Commercial contracts awarded to local businesses for supplies and equipment through the Office of Directorate of Contracting has a direct effect on the economy.

MILITARY PERSONNEL AND PAYROLL AT FORT BRAGG
Table 1

Year	Military Personnel	Payroll			
2018 50,662		\$2,897,230,722			
2017	56,062	\$2,834,589,044			
2016	53,050	\$2,823,327,754			
2015	53,663	\$2,895,038,498			
2014	54,806	\$2,733,469,032			

Source: XVIII Airborne Corps and Garrison Public Affairs Office

CIVILIAN EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLL AT FORT BRAGG Table 2

Year	Number of Employees	Payroll				
2018 14,036		\$761,209,762				
2017	14,036	\$767,329,661				
2016	14,190	\$790,556,644				
2015	14,629	\$720,063,728				
2014 14,469		\$653,763,470				

Source: XVIII Airborne Corps and Garrison Public Affairs Office

In terms of building space and population, Fort Bragg is the largest military installation in the world. The base is a significant source of construction spending in the region with approximately \$1 billion expected to be spent on ongoing and planned construction through 2024. Since 1985, Fort Bragg's buildings have grown from 20.3 million square feet to 53.8 million square feet and \$6 billion has been spent on new construction alone on post. The major construction for fiscal year 2018 totaled \$152.2 million and the maintenance and repair construction for fiscal year 2018 totaled \$149.3 million. Below is a brief description of some of the projects that are underway or planned:

- Continued construction to upgrade the training campus for the John F. Kennedy Special Warfare Center and School in the amount of more than \$145.3 million at Fort Bragg and Camp Mackall;
- A \$100 million investment in housing construction and renovation on Fort Bragg. More than 280 homes will be renovated, 95 new homes will be built, and 160 homes will be demolished on Fort Bragg;
- A \$27 million, 83,000 square foot entertainment center with approximately 20 tenants, to include a multiplex theater, various restaurants, and retail stores;
- A \$4.3 million, 12,800 square foot outdoor recreation center at Fort Bragg's Smith Lake.

THE LOCAL ECONOMY

The Fayetteville and Cumberland County Economic Development Corporation ("FCEDC") is the lead agency on developing strategies and initiatives for economic development in the County. The County's commitment to expanding and diversifying its economy includes maintaining a strong industrial base. Manufacturing and distribution services are diverse in the area. The County's workforce has a median age of 29.9, far below the national median, and has a much higher than average percentage of workers who have college degrees. Each year, the County's workforce increases by approximately 6,500 transitioning soldiers, who have high levels of technical skills and personal discipline. These skilled workers serve industries such as business and financial operations, food processing, defense support services, logistics/warehouse services and advanced manufacturing.

In October 2018, eClerx, a global business services provider for over fifty Fortune 500 companies, celebrated the expansion of its delivery center in Fayetteville. Cumberland County will house the company's only delivery center in the United States. This project will result in the creation of 150 full-time jobs. eClerx stated that Fayetteville boasts several appealing factors, such as a bustling local community with access to an educated, diverse workforce, military families, and local colleges.

In May 2019, E-N-G Mobile Systems, LLC announced its selection of Cumberland County for the location of a new facility. E-N-G, a company originally known for pioneering many design breakthroughs for the mobile television news industry, has broadened its product line to include vehicles for mobile laboratory,

A-4 TRANSMITTAL LETTER

wireless/cellular infrastructure, communications, incident command and control, utilities, and other technical applications. The principal director for E-N-G stated of their selection, "It just seemed absolutely right on the basis of work force, technical college, business development, enthusiasm, the cost of space to work in and the availability of transportation to move our products to wherever we needed to go." This will be the company's first expansion on the East Coast and will result in the creation of 60 full-time jobs with an average salary of \$43,558. E-N-G plans to begin operations in late 2019.

Logistics is one of the fastest growing industries in the area. The demand is so much that FCEDC estimates that by 2026, over 175,000 truck driver positions are expected to remain unfulfilled. In January 2019, FCEDC reported that more than 220 new jobs requiring a Commercial Driver's License (CDL) were posted in Cumberland County in the last 100 days. To help meet this growing demand, Fayetteville Technical Community College began offering a CDL Driver Training Program in 2018. They have now expanded the program by purchasing two more 18-wheelers, enabling them to train twelve students at a time. In addition, they are offering the course at one of the lowest tuition rates in the United States. Starting salaries for most of the fright carriers recruiting from the program are between \$45,000 and \$52,000 a year with many including tuition reimbursement. As of January 2019, twenty-nine students graduated since June 2018 and nearly all were hired or in negotiations.



In terms of transportation, the County's Interstate-95, location on proximity infrastructure, and shipping ports have made it a central hub for the transportation, warehousing, and wholesale industries. According to the North Carolina Department of Commerce, these segments provide more than 6,600 jobs and represent over \$317 million in earnings annually in Cumberland County. Doubling the number of lanes on I-95 in North Carolina is set to begin later this year, starting with a 15-mile span in Cumberland and Harnett counties. The \$404 million contract to reconstruct this segment of I-95 was awarded to S.T. Wooten Corporation of

Wilson in late August. The North Carolina Department of Transportation plans to award the contract to reconstruct the next segment of I-95 in July 2020.

This project marks the first substantial upgrade of I-95 in North Carolina. The project is being partially funded by a \$147 million federal program known as Infrastructure for Rebuilding America. The Department was awarded this grant to improve highways and broadband service in Eastern North Carolina.

After being under construction since May 2000, I-295 now has an expected completion date of 2024. I-295 currently runs from I-95 at U.S. 13 north of Fayetteville and Eastover across northern Fayetteville to the All-American Freeway on Fort Bragg. Four segments are remaining, which will bring I-295 through western Fayetteville, around Hope Mills south of Fayetteville and back to I-95 south of Fayetteville and north of St. Pauls in Robeson County. Construction on three segments, All-American Freeway to Cliffdale Road, Cliffdale Road to Raeford Road, and Camden Road to I-95, is already underway with estimated

completion dates of Fall 2019, 2020, and July 2021, respectively. The North Carolina Department of Transportation hopes to award a contract for the section of I-295 between Raeford Road and Camden Road in July 2020.

Sky Management Services, LLC announced that it has signed both a new long-term lease, in addition to extending and expanding an existing long-term lease, at their industrial facility located on Tom Starling Road. The 927,040 square foot facility is located 1.5 miles from I-95 and is ideal for logistics.

Sky Management Services, LLC signed the new long-term lease with Landair Logistics, Inc, a leading dedicated and for-hire truckload carrier, as well as supplier of 3PL transportation, warehousing and logistics inventory management services. Landair will lease 100,000 square foot of the location. A Senior Advisor at Sky Management said, "Landair chose to relocate to 107 Tom Starling Road due to its immediate interstate access and to be closer to their customer base. Sky is excited to continue to provide high-quality jobs in important communities like Fayetteville."

Sky Management Services, LLC signed a long-term lease extension and expansion with Keeco, LLC, a premier home textile supplier. Keeco has expanded twice, this time expanding into an additional 126,414 square foot facility. They are the largest tenant at the site, now occupying over 600,000 square foot of space. The founder of Sky Management stated, "The newly signed lease extension and expansion serves as a testament to the first-class industrial environment at the property and exemplifies the continued demand for distribution and logistics space. The property is ideal for logistics with its immediate access to the I-95 corridor."

Cape Fear Valley Medical Center announced their plan to increase the number of residents in their residency program by about 60% in July 2019. The hospital has been approved for 155 positions at this time but may be approved for an additional 95 positions in the future. They received over 4,000 medical school graduate applications this year, which is double the number they received last year. The residency programs are expected to have a major economic development impact on our region by creating at least 350 jobs and bringing about \$574 million in total income to the area over the next 10 years.

Downtown Fayetteville saw much economic growth in 2019 and will continue to do so. Segra Stadium, the \$40.2 million baseball stadium housing a capacity of up to 6,000 people, brought a total attendance of 254,200 downtown Fayetteville for 68 home games in their inaugural season, which is third in total Carolina League attendance. Segra Stadium was named the "High-A Ballpark of the Decade" by Ballpark Digest. Key factors in this decision included combining "state-of-the-art with a positive gameday experience" as well as behind-the-scenes functionality community impact economic and social. In 2019,



Photo: Ballparkdigest.com

A-6 TRANSMITTAL LETTER

Segra Stadium hosted the Big South Conference Baseball Championship for the first year of a three-year deal. This tournament was estimated to bring more than 2,000 people into town and fill 1,000 hotel rooms, in addition to a national audience, from the event being broadcast on ESPN. Just this tournament alone could bring an economic benefit of \$1.5 million, conservatively. The baseball stadium is also planned to be used as an events venue during the off-season, for private events, concerts, festivals, and more. In addition to the baseball stadium and the old Prince Charles Hotel apartments, a 12-story structure is being constructed in which the bottom five floors will be a parking deck and the upper seven floors will be an office building and a Hyatt Hotel. Restaurants and a coffee shop are also planned to take residence within this development. The construction and renovation of this project represents more than \$100.5 million of investment in Fayetteville and will directly support 1,086 employees and provide more than \$50 million in wages and benefits to the workers during the construction phase. The redevelopment on and near Hay Street is expected to produce 1,006 jobs and \$126 million in economic activity when it's complete. The stadium has also created a positive impact on downtown businesses. Many baseball fans visited downtown businesses and restaurants before and after the games. Property values are expected to double in value in the downtown Municipal Services District with the completion of this construction.

As shown in Taxable Sales, Table 3, fiscal year 2019 sales experienced growth, showing an increase of 6.65% over the previous fiscal year taxable sales amount.

TAXABLE SALES
Table 3

1 4 5 1 5						
Year	Cumberland County	% Change				
2019	\$4,318,734,010	6.65%				
2018	\$4,049,332,514	.22%				
2017	\$4,040,268,838	4.97%				
2016	\$3,848,869,911	4.22%				
2015	\$3,693,046,187	5.24%				

Source: North Carolina Department of Revenue

As shown in Table 4, Cumberland County's growth in population is showing small growth and that small growth is projected to continue through 2025. Overall County growth rates are below the state's estimated and projected growth rates. Prior year projection rates showed a decline in projected 2020 population of the County.

POPULATION Table 4

	2010	2017 Certified		2020 Estimate		2025 Projected	
	Population	Population	% Change from 2010	Population	% Change from 2017	Population	% Change from 2020
Cumberland County	327,322	329,017	0.52%	329,167	0.05%	329,238	0.02%
North Carolina	9,575,746	10,283,255	7.39%	10,647,005	3.54%	11,248,928	5.65%

Source: North Carolina Office of State Budget and Management

As shown in Table 5, between 2015 and June 2019, the County's average unemployment rate decreased by 0.9%. The state's average unemployment rate also decreased during the same timeframe by 0.9%. The trend of declining unemployment rates for the County mirrors that of the State for comparable periods.

Table 5

Year	Total Civilian Labor Force	Number Employed	Number Unemployed	Cumberland County Unemployment Rate	State Unemployment Rate
2019 (6 mo.)	132,293	124,663	7,630	5.8%	4.4%
2018	129,232	122,191	7,041	5.4%	4.2%
2017	127,387	120,687	6,700	5.3%	4.2%
2016	127,978	120,153	7,825	6.1%	4.9%
2015	126,231	117,774	8,457	6.7%	5.3%

Source: United States Bureau of Labor Statistics

The Cumberland County housing market has slowed down in 2019. Utilizing statistics provided by Fayetteville Regional Association of Realtors, in comparing new and existing home sales in June 2018 to June 2019, there was a decrease of 9.05% of total closed listings and the comparative value at closing decreased by 5.30%.

Table 6 focuses on permits obtained for *new* construction, as new construction permits serve as a strong indicator of the economy. Though the total number of new residential and non-residential building permits for 2018 show a decrease from 2017, the total value of new residential and non-residential building permits for 2018 exceed the 2017 totals. New residential values increased by 10.81% and new non-residential values increased by 43.51%.

BUILDING PERMITS
Table 6

Table 0					
	New Residential		New	Non-Residential	
Calendar Year	Number	Value	Number	Value	
2019 (6 mo.)	350	\$75,780,690	49	\$42,100,397	
2018	656	\$126,118,568	98	\$151,458,318	
2017	713	\$113,810,321	112	\$105,540,023	
2016	586	\$96,476,647	106	\$86,432,613	
2015	664	\$190,410,991	107	\$124,135,762	
2014	851	\$127,106,376	97	\$128,359,992	

Source: Cumberland County Planning & Inspection Dept. & City of Fayetteville Development Services

The first six months of 2019 are showing a slight increase in new residential building permits and values compared to the first six months of 2018. However, though the first six months of 2019 are showing an increase in the number of new non-residential building permits, there is a large decrease in new non-residential building values compared to the first six months of 2018. This decrease is due to larger projects that occurred in 2018 versus 2019. Some examples of the large projects in 2018 include: Segra Stadium,

A-8 TRANSMITTAL LETTER

Prince Charles Hotel development, Campbell Soup Supply Company project development, and airport improvements. Some of the large projects in 2019 include: Phase 3 of Addison Ridge Apartments off Santa Fe Drive, Holiday Inn, an addition to the Alpha Academy, 5 Star Car Wash, and an Outdoor Family Aquatic Center at Lake Rim Park. These 5 projects in 2019 alone are only valued at over \$37.8 million compared to the value of over \$100.5 million for the 4 projects mentioned in 2018.

EDUCATION

PUBLIC EDUCATION

School services are provided by the Cumberland County School Administrative Unit under the direction of the Board of Education. Public education is a function and responsibility of State government. School operation is largely determined by State statutes and State policies adopted by the State Board of Education. The General Assembly has delegated financial responsibility for certain areas of public education, primarily construction and maintenance of facilities, to the counties. State law provides a basic minimum educational program for each school administrative unit which is supplemented by the County and Federal government. The minimum program provides funds for operational costs only, but the building of public-school facilities has also been a joint State/County effort.

The current expense total paid for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, was \$80,150,000 from General Fund revenues for school operations. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the County's original budgeted current expense appropriation is \$80,550,000 from General Fund revenues.

The County School Fund is supported by the designated portions of two local option one-half cent sales taxes, which must be used for school capital outlay expenditures or the retirement of school bond indebtedness. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, those actual sales taxes totaled \$11,465,798. County received \$3,485,206 in proceeds from the North Carolina Education Lottery for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. As of June 30, 2019, the County has received \$58,519,753 from the North Carolina Education Lottery since its inception in 2007. The proceeds are primarily to be used for school construction and reduction of class size in the early grades.

Table 7 presents the number of schools and the County-wide Final Average Daily Membership (ADM) for the Cumberland County School Administrative Unit. In addition to the schools in Table 8, Fort Bragg adds a total of nine more elementary and middle schools.

COUNTY SCHOOLS AVERAGE DAILY MEMBERSHIP

_	_ I_	1 -	_
- 113	a n	ПΩ	•

School Year	Grades K-5 # Schools	Grades 6-8 # Schools	Grades 9-12 # Schools	Total Final ADM
2018-2019	52	18	17	49,503
2017-2018	52	18	17	49,641
2016-2017	52	18	17	49,928
2015-2016	52	18	17	49,918
2014-2015	52	17	17	50,258

Number of schools excludes special schools and academies.

Source: North Carolina Department of Public Instruction, Information Analysis and Reporting

Non-Public Schools

There are 30 independent private and religious schools in the County. The enrollment for the 2018-2019 school year was 4,754. *Source: 2018-2019 North Carolina Directory of Non-Public Schools, Conventional Schools Edition*

COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

There are three institutions of higher learning, as well as a Fort Bragg facility on the military installation offering off-campus "resident-credit" courses for several North Carolina and certain out-of-state colleges and universities.

Fayetteville Technical Community College: Fayetteville Technical Community College ("FTCC"), a post-secondary institution located within the County, was established as a member of the North Carolina System of Community Colleges and Technical Institutes. FTCC is the third largest community college in the State.

FTCC, a two-year public institution, serves more than 33,000 students annually (according to FTCC's 2019 Fact Book), with more than 250 curriculum programs of study to meet the needs of the community and students. FTCC serves high school juniors and seniors through High School Connections, providing opportunities for high school students to earn college academic credits at no tuition expense to them. Some programs are one hundred percent online, adding convenient, flexible options for students.

FTCC's commitment to the community was recognized by its #1 rank in the Top 10 Gold Category College Award (large community colleges) in the 2019-20 Guide to Military Friendly Schools. This list honors the top 20% of colleges, universities, and trade schools on their ability to recruit and retain America's military service members and veterans as students. FTCC is the headquarters for the North Carolina Military Business Center (NCMBC) which is a state funded, business development organization that provides services to businesses across the state. The NCMBC leverages military and other federal business opportunities for economic development and job creation in the state.

The responsibility for financial support of FTCC is shared by the State and County governments. Appropriations from the County to FTCC for operating expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 totaled \$11,735,900. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the appropriations from the County to FTCC are \$12,184,126, an increase of \$448,226 or 3.82%.

Fayetteville State University: Founded in 1867, Fayetteville State University ("FSU"), a constituent institution of the University of North Carolina, is the second oldest state-supported educational institution in North Carolina. FSU has 38 buildings on a 156-acre campus. Fayetteville State University is accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Colleges to award baccalaureate, masters, and doctorate level degrees. Top majors include nursing, psychology, criminal justice, and business administration. Altogether FSU boasts 33 undergraduate programs, eight master's degree programs, and one doctoral program in educational leadership. FSU Online offers degree completion programs in ten undergraduate majors, an MBA, and a graduate degree in criminal justice. FSU has offsite campuses at Fort Bragg and Seymour Johnson Air Force Base. Total undergraduate enrollment exceeded 5,300 in 2019 with 786 enrolled in graduate programs.

Methodist University: Chartered November 1, 1956 as a senior, coeducational liberal arts college, the school was established as a joint venture by the citizens of Fayetteville/Cumberland County and the North Carolina Conference of the United Methodist Church. Methodist College opened to students in the fall of

A-10 TRANSMITTAL LETTER

1960. In the fall of 2006, in conjunction with the institution's 50th anniversary celebration, Methodist College officially became Methodist University. The University is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools to award associate, baccalaureate, and master's degrees.

Total undergraduate enrollment was 1,958 in 2019 with 337 additional students enrolled in graduate programs. Today the University offers bachelor's degrees in over 80 fields of study including communications, justice studies, business administration, education, and social work. New majors, minors, and concentrations recently added include engineering, entrepreneurship, applied forensic science, graphic design, and applied communication. The University offers four graduate degree programs: Master of Medical Science in physician assistant studies; Master of Education in literacy, special education, physical education, or coaching and athletic administration; the Doctor of Physical Therapy; and the Doctor of Occupational Therapy. The university offers day, evening, and online courses year-round. The Methodist campus presents a blend of modern architecture and natural beauty, occupying 617 acres along the Cape Fear River six miles north of downtown Fayetteville. The campus includes 50 buildings, an 18-hole golf course, various athletic facilities, and an amphitheater.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

TECHNOLOGY

Technology enhancements continue to be at the forefront of Cumberland County initiatives. Cumberland County was recognized as one of the top-10 counties for best technology practices by the Center for Digital Government and the National Association of Counties. In the category of counties with a population of 250,000 to 499,999, Cumberland County was ranked ninth in the nation. This survey identifies the best technology practices among the U.S. counties, including initiatives that streamline delivery of government services, encourage open data, collaboration and shared services, enhance cybersecurity and contribute to disaster response and recovery efforts. Cumberland County's ranking was based on the alignment of County technologies with County goals; improvement of interactive experiences for citizens and others doing business with the County; tax dollar savings through newfound efficiencies; as well as enhanced transparency, cybersecurity and engagement and innovation through unique and exciting projects. The factors listed below were recognized as those that will help the County stay ahead of modern technology requirements and remain an innovative leader in public services. The following software enhancements are in process or planned for the near future:

- ➤ Land Management Software: Tyler Energov was selected as the County's new Land Management Central Permitting Solution. This software will replace multiple outdated systems to include Central Permits, Inspections, Code Enforcement, Land Use, Parcel/Address Management and Environmental Health software. The new software solution will provide a single integrated system with a streamlined process maximizing operational efficiency and greatly increasing the level of customer service. The Board approved the purchase of this software in fiscal year 2018 and it is currently in the implementation phase.
- Farragut Systems, Inc., was selected as the County's new Tax Administration ERP solution. This software replacement will enable the County to centrally receive, process, manage, and report on tax information, including collections, financials, real and personal property assessments and appraisals, mapping/GIS, etc. The Board approved the purchase of this software in fiscal year 2019 and it is currently in the implementation phase.

➤ Document Management Expansion: The use of Laserfiche, the County's enterprise content management (ECM) system, is being aggressively rolled out throughout the County in an effort for departments to reap the many benefits. Some of the benefits offered by Laserfiche include minimizing the usage and cost of paper storage, increasing digital access to data, increasing the ability to easily share information across departments, and automating processes through workflow.

FLEET MANAGEMENT REVIEW

A review of the County's Fleet Management Operation will be completed in fiscal year 2020. A complete assessment of the daily operation is vital to identifying and improving operational efficiencies. This review may include preventive maintenance processes, shop labor rates, software utilization, parts procurement, life cycle of vehicles, replacement policies, workflow compared with industry best practices, and development of policies and procedures.

ANIMAL CONTROL ORDINANCE AND PET LICENSING PROGRAM

A review of the County's animal control ordinance is scheduled for fiscal year 2020. This ordinance was reviewed many years ago, but changes in philosophy and approach, revenue challenges, standard of care, and outreach require a new review. The pet licensing program will also be evaluated, as revenue has steadily declined, and the program is very labor intensive.

MERGER OF COUNTY FUNCTIONS

During fiscal year 2019, consolidating the Public Health IT function with County IT was a focus. For fiscal year 2020, County Public Information will be merged with the Library Community Relations Division. Plans include mergers of Social Services and Library IT functions with County IT. These mergers create efficiencies and promote economies of scale.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

FINANCIAL POLICIES

The County has established comprehensive financial policies supporting the management of its financial resources by providing effective control, prudent decision making and compliance with legal requirements. The policies are broken down in the following categories: Operating Budget/Fund Balance; Asset/Liability Management; and Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting.

A key provision in the Operating Budget/Fund Balance policy has been to fund current expenditures with current resources and strive to avoid balancing the budget with one-time revenues. The County maintains a General Fund unassigned fund balance of no less than 10%, which exceeds the minimum 8% recommended by the Local Government Commission. Additionally, the target goal for total General Fund Balance available will be at least 15% of the budgeted expenditures. The annual appropriation of fund balance should not exceed 3% of budgeted recurring General Fund expenditures. Any General Fund unassigned fund balance that exceeds the 10% target goal may be assigned for one-time future projects.

As part of the Asset Liability Management policies, the County has adopted a Capital Investment and Debt Policy. Under this policy the County has a five-year capital improvement plan (CIP) which projects capital needs, details estimated costs (to include operating), and anticipated funding sources for capital projects. An update of the CIP is presented at the Board of Commissioners annual planning retreat and is included

A-12 TRANSMITTAL LETTER

in the annual budget process. The Board of Education (BOE) provides an annual update of its ten-year facilities plan to the Board of Commissioners. Debt financing is considered in conjunction with the County's CIP and the BOE's facilities plan.

Fiscal year 2019 was the first full year the County utilized the Capital Investment Fund. In fiscal year 2018, the Board of Commissioners adopted a policy which identified a funding mechanism to address future County capital facility needs. The financial model being utilized illustrates by funding source how future potential capital needs can be addressed. The model illustrates that as debt is retired, funds that had been previously budgeted for debt repayment will be re-assigned for use for future capital needs. This concept of the policy and the model create a dedicated revenue stream that can be used for annual payments on future debt. The policy includes: the budget process for establishing capital expenditure priorities; debt affordability elements; debt modes and pay/go debt ratios; and, establishes a minimum fund balance percentage of 25% of annual debt service on outstanding debt or debt projected to be issued in the model.

RATINGS

In July 2017, Standard and Poor's Rating Group affirmed the County's AA+ General Obligation Bond Rating and AA appropriation rating on debt outstanding. The affirmations are a result of the County's very strong budgetary flexibility with available reserves, strong budgetary performance in fiscal year 2016 with slight operating surpluses to the general fund, very strong liquidity, strong management with good financial policies, and a very strong debt and contingent liabilities profile.

In July 2017, Moody's Investor Service affirmed the Aa1 rating of the County's General Obligation Bond debt and the Aa2 rating of outstanding Limited Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Participation. The Aa2 rating reflects the satisfactory legal structure, the essential nature of the pledged assets, and the long-term credit characteristics of the County. The Aa1 General Obligation rating reflects the County's robust tax base with an average socioeconomic profile, anchored by Fort Bragg. The rating reflects the County's strong financial performance, including the maintenance of General Fund balance levels consistently more than 35% of revenues and adopted financial and debt policies which demonstrate prudent and conservative management.

INTERNAL CONTROL

Cumberland County management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control framework designed to ensure that the assets of the County are protected from loss, theft or misuse and that accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control framework is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the County's internal controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions in compliance with laws and regulations, contracts and grants.

BUDGETING CONTROLS

In government, more so than business, the budget is an integral part of a unit's accounting system and daily operations. An annual budget ordinance, as amended by the Board of County Commissioners, creates a legal limit on spending authorizations. For Cumberland County, annual budgets are adopted for the General, Special Revenue, Permanent, Proprietary, Capital Projects, Internal Service and Pension Trust

Funds. The legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amounts) is at the department level for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Permanent Funds and at the fund level for Proprietary and Pension Trust Funds. Expenditures for construction contracts are monitored at the project level for the Capital Project Funds. Any amendments or transfers of appropriation between departments or funds must be authorized by the County Manager's office and approved by the Board of County Commissioners. In addition, the County maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with the legal provisions embodied in the annual budget ordinance adopted by the Board of Commissioners. An encumbrance accounting system is used to facilitate effective budgetary control. An encumbrance reserves a portion of an appropriation at the time a commitment is made to acquire goods or services. Open encumbrances are closed out at fiscal year-end and may be re-appropriated with approval of a budget ordinance revision as approved by the Board of Commissioners.

SINGLE AUDIT

As a recipient of Federal and State financial assistance, the County is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to assure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management. As part of the County's single audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the County has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

North Carolina General Statute 159-34 requires an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Cherry Bekaert LLP was selected by the Board of Commissioners. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in the State Statute, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act of 1996 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. The auditor's unmodified report on the basic financial statements is included in the Financial Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The auditor's reports relating specifically to the single audit are presented in the Compliance Section.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of Cumberland for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the twenty-ninth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

We appreciate the assistance and dedication of the Finance Department and Internal Audit staff throughout the year, especially during the preparation of this CAFR. We would like to thank all members of the Department who contributed to its preparation and the County's independent certified public

A-14 TRANSMITTAL LETTER

accountants, Cherry Bekaert LLP, for their assistance and guidance. The cooperation of each County Department is appreciated as we work together in conducting the County's financial operations. We also express our appreciation to the members of the Board of County Commissioners for their continued support, guidance and advice in planning and conducting the financial activities of the County consistent with the County's mission of providing quality services to our citizens while being fiscally responsible.

Respectfully submitted,

Amy of Causon

Amy H. Cannon County Manager

Melissa C. Cardinali

Assistant County Manager

Willie Evans

General Government & Stewardship

Vicki Evans

Finance Director &

General Manager of Financial Services



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Cumberland North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christophu P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Board of County Commissioners



Dr. Jeannette M. Council Chairman District 1



W. Marshall Faircloth Vice Chairman District 2



Glenn Adams District 1



Michael C. Boose District 2



Charles Evans At-Large



Jimmy Keefe District 2

Rick L. Moorefield



Larry Lancaster
At-Large

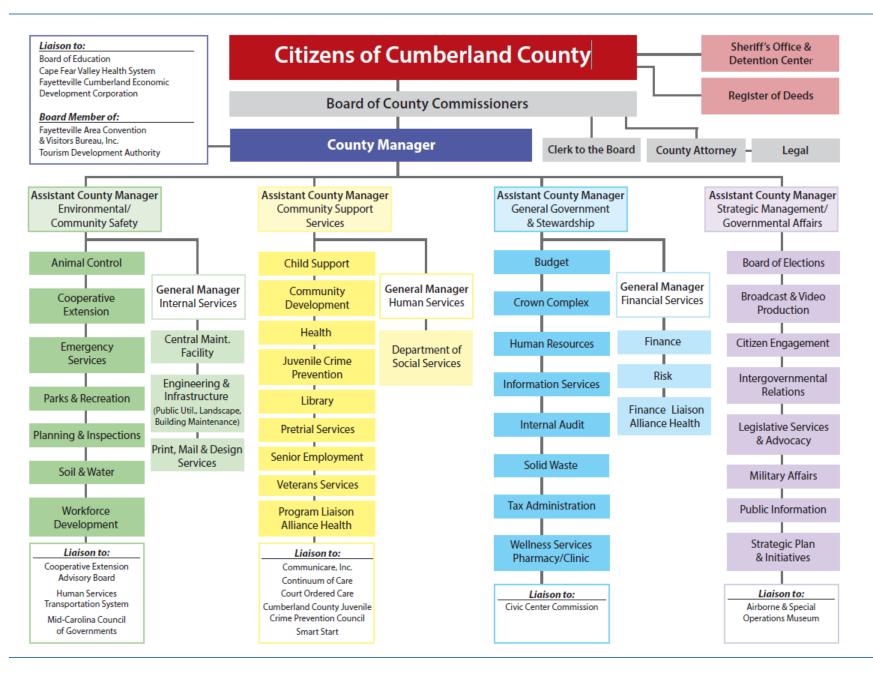
County Officials

Amy H. Cannon, CPA County Manager

Melissa C. Cardinali Assistant County Manager Duane Holder Assistant County Manager County Attorney
W. Tracy Jackson
Assistant County Manager

Sally Shutt Assistant County Manager

Organizational Chart



FINANCIAL SECTION



Report of Independent Auditor

To the Honorable Members of the Board of County Commissioners Cumberland County, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Cumberland, North Carolina (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Cumberland County ABC Board (the "ABC Board"). Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the ABC Board, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Fayetteville Area Convention and Visitors Bureau and the ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

OTHER MATTERS

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Required Supplementary Information as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplemental and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, other supplemental financial data, statistical section, and the continuing disclosure information section, as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards as required by Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules, other supplemental financial data, and the schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit and the procedures described above, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules, other supplemental financial data, and the schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory information, the statistical section, and continuing disclosure information section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 6, 2019 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fayetteville, North Carolina November 6, 2019

Chuny Bellaert LLP

INTRODUCTION

As management of the County of Cumberland, North Carolina (the "County"), we are presenting to the readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

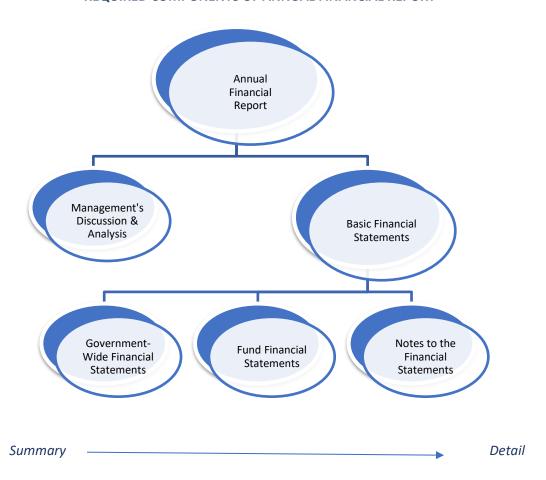
- Assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$75,332,003 (net position).
- In accordance with North Carolina law, liabilities of the County include approximately \$5,355,000 in long-term debt associated with assets belonging to the Cumberland County Board of Education (general obligation bonds). As these assets are not reflected in the County's financial statements and the full amount of the long-term debt is reflected in the County's financial statements, the County reports a corresponding lower net position.
- ❖ For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Statement of Activities reflects an increase in net position of \$44,602,731 million, resulting from a \$12,932,835 or 3.69% decrease in operating expenses and a smaller increase of \$6,668,839 or 1.78% in revenues from both program and general revenues.
- The total liabilities decreased by \$122,974,889. The decrease in liabilities is attributable to a change the County implemented to post-65 aged retiree health insurance coverage, effective July 1, 2019. Eligible post-65 aged retirees were transitioned from the County's self-insured plan to a fully insured plan that supplements Medicare. The fully insured plan offered the County the opportunity for savings as the basis of cost became an annual fixed cost amount per participating retiree. Once the decision to implement the change was made, an actuarial study was conducted. The plan change contributed to the OPEB liability decrease of approximately \$123,842,572 million based on the actuarial study comparison.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$164,372,758 an increase of \$9,712,817 or 6.28% from the prior year. Approximately \$83,410,191 of the fund balance total is restricted, committed, or non-spendable.
- The Capital Investment Fund (CIF) has been established as the primary funding mechanism for investment in County capital facilities. The CIF funds the current debt service on capital assets previously acquired by debt issuance and projects future resources to address capital needs. The CIF is a long-term financial planning model for capital budgeting purposes. The debt component of the model helps evaluate the impact of capital funding decisions on the County's financial condition.
- In July 2017, Standard and Poor's Rating Group affirmed the County's AA+ General Obligation Bond Rating and AA appropriation rating on debt outstanding. The affirmations are a result of the County's very strong budgetary flexibility with available reserves, strong budgetary performance in fiscal year 2016 with slight operating surpluses to the General Fund, very strong liquidity, strong management with good financial policies, and a very strong debt and contingent liabilities profile. Moody's Investor Service affirmed the Aa1 rating of the County's General Obligation Bond debt and the Aa2 rating of outstanding Limited Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Participation. The Aa2 rating reflects the satisfactory legal structure, the essential nature of the pledged assets, and the long-term credit

characteristics of the County. The Aa1 General Obligation rating reflects the County's robust tax base with an average socioeconomic profile, anchored by Fort Bragg. The rating reflects the County's strong financial performance, including the maintenance of General Fund balance levels consistently more than 35% of revenues and adopted financial and debt policies which demonstrate prudent and conservative management.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the County.

REQUIRED COMPONENTS OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (pages D-1 and D-2) in the basic financial statements are the Government-wide Financial Statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status. The next statements (pages E-1 through E-12) are Fund Financial Statements. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements and 4) the fiduciary fund statements. The next section is the Notes to the Financial Statements. The Notes explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. Following the notes is the Required Supplemental Information. This section contains funding information about the County's Pension Obligations, Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance and Other Post Employment Benefit Retiree Healthcare Plans. After the Required Supplemental Information is detailed financial information about the County's financial position.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances. The government-wide financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Both of these statements provide data about the County's financial activities as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's finances. These statements use the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector businesses. The government-wide financial statements are on pages D-1 and D-2.

The Statement of Net position presents information on all of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and the total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave. This statement is intended to summarize and simplify the reader's analysis of the revenues and costs of various activities and the degree to which activities are subsidized by general revenues.

The government-wide statements are divided into three types of activities: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities and 3) component units.

Governmental activities - Governmental activities are those functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as General Government, Public Safety, Economic and Physical Development, Human Services, Cultural and Recreational, Education and Interest on long-term debt.

Business-type activities - Business-type activities are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. These include Solid Waste Management, Cumberland County Crown Complex, Kelly Hills Water and Sewer District, NORCRESS Water and Sewer District, Southpoint Water and Sewer District, Overhills Park Water and Sewer District, and Bragg Estates Water & Sewer District.

Component Units - Although legally separate from the County, the Cumberland County ABC Board is important to the County because the County is financially accountable for the Board by appointing its members and because the Board is required to distribute its profits to the County. The Eastover Sanitary District, although legally separate, is included because exclusion would be misleading to the reporting unit. The Fayetteville Area Convention and Visitors Bureau is a non-profit organization that provides services to promote the development and expansion of travel and tourism. A voting majority of the bureau's 11-member board of directors is appointed by the County. The Cumberland County Tourism Development Authority exists to promote travel, tourism, conventions, sponsor tourist-related events, and finance tourist-related capital projects in the County. A voting majority of the 7-member Board of Directors is appointed by the County. The Fayetteville Cumberland County Economic Development Corporation promotes economic development activity within the area. The Cumberland County Commissioners and the Fayetteville City Council provides for the membership of the Corporation, including members' terms of office and for the filling of vacancies. Both entities contribute to the funding of the Corporation. Cumberland County is the fiscal agent for the corporation and does so through an in-kind contribution.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant activities.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the governmental-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which provides a current financial resource focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The County maintains 20 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund. Data from the other 19 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation under other governmental funds.

The County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from citizens of the County, management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. A more detailed budgetary comparison schedule elsewhere in this report is presented at the legal level of budgetary control.

Proprietary Funds — The County has two types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its Crown Center Complex activity, Solid Waste operations and the water and sewer districts. These funds are the same as those shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. *Internal Service Funds* account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County on a cost reimbursement basis. The County has five Internal Service Funds.

Fiduciary Funds — Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Six agency funds comprise the County's fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The information reported in the notes to the financial statements provides additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page F-1 of this report.

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information regarding the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits, provide a separation allowance to sworn law enforcement officers and other postemployment health care benefits to its retirees and their dependents. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page G-1 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The following summarizes Net Position (Deficit) at June 30,2019 and 2018.

NET POSITION Table 1

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019
ASSETS						
Current and other assets	\$ 190,438,314	\$ 202,970,274	\$ 55,409,858	\$ 60,379,632	\$ 245,848,172	\$ 263,349,906
Capital assets	194,037,900	197,968,066	69,956,865	73,531,235	263,994,765	271,499,301
Total Assets	384,476,214	400,938,340	125,366,723	133,910,867	509,842,937	534,849,207
Deferred outflows of resources	26,893,264	34,355,696	1,888,255	1,869,443	28,781,519	36,225,139
LIABILITIES						
Long-term liabilities outstanding	406,767,936	281,890,772	46,862,544	44,178,959	453,630,480	326,069,731
Other liabilities	22,935,452	25,665,557	2,406,637	4,262,392	25,342,089	29,927,949
Total Liabilities	429,703,388	307,556,329	49,269,181	48,441,351	478,972,569	355,997,680
Deferred inflows of resources	28,057,570	135,777,456	865,045	3,967,207	28,922,615	139,744,663
NET POSITION						
Net investments in capital assets	161,369,905	167,529,351	46,331,906	50,999,184	207,701,811	218,528,535
Restricted	75,001,538	74,320,510	3,759,889	10,011,668	78,761,427	84,332,178
Unrestricted	(282,762,923)	(249,889,610)	27,028,957	22,360,900	(255,733,966)	(227,528,710)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (46,391,480)	\$ (8,039,749)	\$ 77,120,752	\$ 83,371,752	\$ 30,729,272	\$ 75,332,003

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County, Table 1, exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$75,332,003 as of June 30, 2019. The County's net position increased by \$44,602,731 for the year ending June 30, 2019 compared with the prior year.

The total assets increased by \$25,006,270. The primary reason for this is related to an increase in current and other assets, including an increase of \$8,010,800 in cash and cash equivalents.

The total liabilities decreased by \$122,974,889. The decrease in liabilities is mainly attributable to a change the County implemented to post-65 aged retiree health insurance coverage, effective July 1, 2019. The plan change helped contribute to the OPEB liability decrease of approximately \$123,842,572 million based on the actuarial study comparison.

Of total net position, one of the largest portions, \$218,528,535, reflects the County's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported

net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the County's net position, \$84,332,178, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The remaining balance of unrestricted net position results from debt financing related to school assets. Consistent with many other counties in the State of North Carolina, the County's unrestricted net position deficit is primarily due to the portion of the County's outstanding debt incurred for the County Board of Education (the "school system") and Fayetteville Technical Community College (FTCC). Under North Carolina law, the County is responsible for providing capital funding for the school systems. The County has chosen to meet its legal obligation to provide the school systems capital funding by using a mixture of County funds and general obligation and non-obligation debt. The assets funded by the County, however, are owned and utilized by the school systems. Since the County, as the issuing government, acquires no capital assets, the County has incurred a liability without a corresponding increase in assets. At the end of the fiscal year, approximately \$36,979,561 of the total outstanding debt on the County's financial statements is related to assets included in the school systems' and FTCC's financial statements. However, a portion of the school system related to general obligation debt; it is collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County. Accordingly, the County is authorized and required by State law to levy ad valorem taxes, without limit as to rate or amount, as may be necessary to pay the debt service on its general obligation bonds. Principal and interest requirements will be provided by an appropriation in the year in which they become due.

(continued on next page)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION Table 2

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019
REVENUES						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 13,796,936	\$ 14,304,129	\$ 6,587,995	\$ 7,284,307	\$ 20,384,931	\$ 21,588,436
Operating grants and contributions	59,598,392	55,489,797	2,202,760	922,526	61,801,152	56,412,323
Capital grants and contributions	4,435,762	4,425,363	-		4,435,762	4,425,363
General revenues:						
Property taxes	197,423,713	200,555,934	-		197,423,713	200,555,934
Other taxes	61,690,570	66,290,088	7,338,720	7,629,789	69,029,290	73,919,877
Grants and contributions not						
restricted to specific programs	13,609,843	14,109,993			13,609,843	14,109,993
Unrestricted investment	1,283,268	4,076,490	490,373	924,118	1,773,641	5,000,608
Gain on sale of assets	1,230,515	105,269	69,987	49,654	1,300,502	154,923
Miscellaneous	5,303,051	5,557,711	28,564	34,120	5,331,615	5,591,831
Total revenues	358,372,050	364,914,774	16,718,399	16,844,514	375,090,449	381,759,288
EXPENSES						
General government	29,507,515	28,782,804	-	-	29,507,515	28,782,804
Public safety	68,374,946	63,788,508	-	-	68,374,946	63,788,508
Economic and physical	13,777,811	13,495,875	-	-	13,777,811	13,495,875
Human services	95,495,386	87,063,672	-	-	95,495,386	87,063,672
Culture and recreation	15,818,615	13,850,878	-	-	15,818,615	13,850,878
Education	104,859,935	108,512,631	-	-	104,859,935	108,512,631
Interest on long-term debt	2,380,138	2,872,177	-	-	2,380,138	2,872,177
Solid Waste	-		11,055,063	9,833,056	11,055,063	9,833,056
Crown Center	-		8,081,185	8,105,009	8,081,185	8,105,009
Kelly Hills Water and Sewer District	-		108,803	138,070	108,803	138,070
Norcress Water and Sewer District	-		601,087	657,832	601,087	657,832
Southpoint Water	-		21,418	21,918	21,418	21,918
Overhills	-	-	7,490	34,127	7,490	34,127
Total expenses	330,214,346	318,366,545	19,875,046	18,790,012	350,089,392	337,156,557
Increase in net position before transfers	28,157,704	46,548,229	(3,156,647)	(1,945,498)	25,001,057	44,602,731
Transfers	(5,784,863)	(8,196,498)	5,784,863	8,196,498	-	-
Change in net position	22,372,841	38,351,731	2,628,216	6,251,000	25,001,057	44,602,731
Net position - beginning	109,353,812	(46,391,480)	78,336,027	77,120,752	187,689,839	30,729,272
Restatement IBNR	(3,328,532)	(40,331,400)	70,330,027	11,120,132	(3,328,532)	30,723,272
Restatement OPEB	(3,328,332)		(3,843,491)	<u>-</u>	(3,320,332)	
	(68,764,321)	(46 201 400)	74,492,536	77,120,752	10/1 261 207	30,729,272
Net position - beginning as restated	\$ (46,391,480)	(46,391,480)	\$ 77,120,752	\$ 83,371,752	\$ 30,729,272	\$ 75,332,003
Net postion - ending	(40,391,48U) د	ر (٥,039,749)	\$ //,12U,/32	٥٥,٥/١,/٥٤ د	ې 50,729,272	۶ /၁,33Z,UU3

Several particular aspects of the County's financial operations, Table 2, influenced the changes in the County's net position:

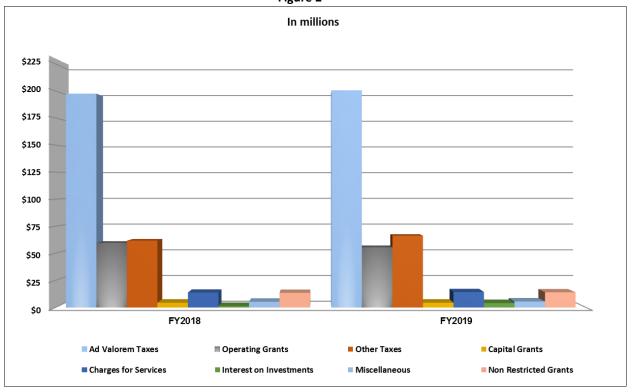
Continued diligence in the collection of current year property taxes by achieving a collection percentage of 99.24% for real and personal property.

- Sales tax revenue increased by \$3,866,061 from previous year. The increase can be attributed to improved economic conditions as well as a change in tax law that went into effect during the fiscal year requiring sales tax on internet sales.
- The County funds the capital needs of the County Board of Education (the "school system") and Fayetteville Technical Community College (FTCC) but does not carry the resulting assets on our financial statements, therefore, our statement of net position reports a net deficit in the governmental activities.
- The County continues to exercise fiscal discipline and strong management controls in managing the operating budget throughout the fiscal year. The County's unassigned fund balance level provides a financial cushion to accommodate unforeseen expenses that may occur for any reason during the fiscal year.
- Property tax revenue increased by \$3,132,221.
- Investment earnings increased by \$3,226,967, which represents a slight progression in the economy, as well as the County's focus on maximizing investment strategies based on cash flow needs.
- Expenses were \$12,932,835 less in fiscal year 2019 than in the previous fiscal year. This is primarily a result of strategically continuing to provide quality services while being fiscally responsible.

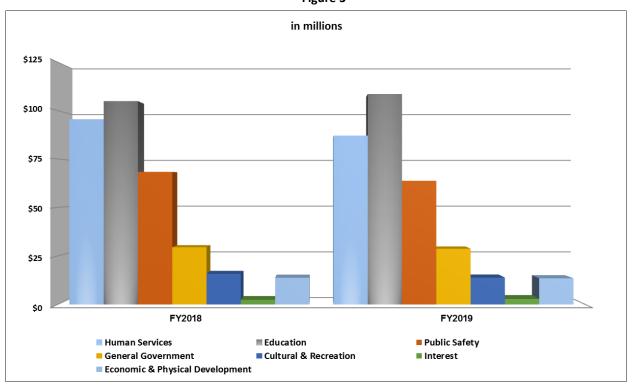
(continued on next page)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES REVENUE

Figure 2



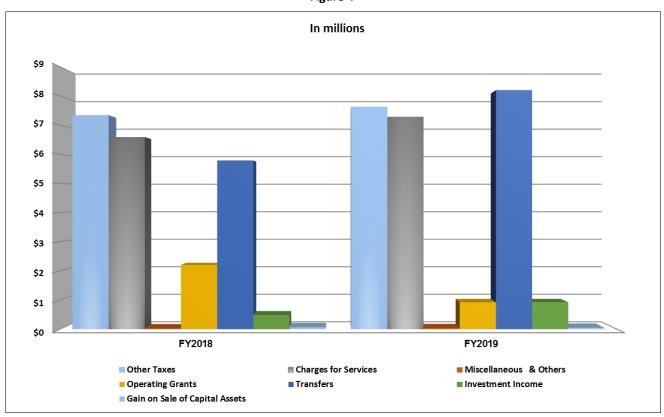
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES EXPENSES Figure 3



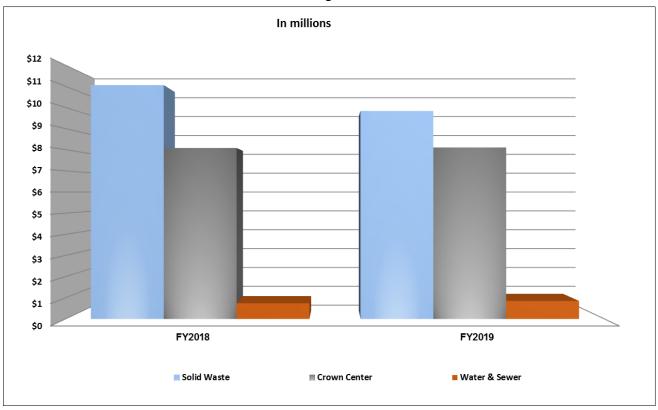
Governmental Activities: Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$38,351,731. (See Figures 2 and 3). Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Total program revenues decreased by \$3,611,801 from the previous year.
- Ad valorem taxes increased by \$3,132,221. Both real and personal property tax revenues increased during the year. Motor vehicle tax collections and a slight tax base increase along with a high collection rate both contributed to the increase.
- Sales tax revenue increased by \$3,866,061 as the local economy continues to improve as well as a change in tax law that went into effect during the fiscal year requiring sales tax on internet sales.
- Investment earnings increased by \$2,793,222 as the economy continues to improve and focused investment strategies have been enforced.
- Governmental activities expenses decreased by \$11,847,801.
- Public Safety expenses decreased by approximately \$4,586,438, mainly as a result of turnover and unfilled positions.
- Human services expenses decreased by approximately \$8 million, mainly as a result of reduce personnel expenses because turnover and unfilled positions as well as a decrease in contracted services expenses.

BUSINESS-TYPE REVENUE Figure 4



BUSINESS-TYPE EXPENSES Figure 5



Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$6,251,000. (See Figures 4 and 5). Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Solid Waste's net position increased by \$2,215,659, for a total of \$43,004,318. An increase in Solid Waste fees and other operating revenues of about \$562,000 and a reduction in expenses of about \$1.2 million were key factors for this increase.
- The Crown Center's net position increased to \$29,655,900. The County extended the agreement with a private management firm to manage the Crown Center operations. The agreement has been in place since 2013 and continues to enhance the financial strength of this fund.
- The Kelly Hills Water and Sewer District had a decrease in net position of \$58,058 as a result of expenses exceeding revenues. The primary reason for this decrease is the depreciation expense related to the assets owned by the District.
- The Norcress Water and Sewer District had a decrease in net position of \$143,147 to \$5,274,712. The primary reason for this decrease is an increase in utilities expenses related to the ongoing maintenance of the four (4) lift stations in the district.
- The Southpoint Water and Sewer district had an increase in net position of \$13,780 to \$470,895.
- The Overhills Park Water and Sewer District had a decrease in net position of \$34,092 to \$2,884,394.

The Bragg Estates Water and Sewer District Fund's net position remains unchanged at \$50,000. This project is currently in the design phase.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, assigned and unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental funds of Cumberland County (page E-1) reported a combined fund balance of \$164,372,758 an increase of \$9,712,817 from fiscal year 2018. The unassigned fund balance is \$65,850,853 or 40.06% which is not restricted, committed or assigned for specific purposes. Another \$15,111,714 or 9.19% is assigned for specific purposes: \$11,411,714 - for subsequent years' expenditures; \$1,700,000 - for tax software; \$2,000,000 - for economic development incentives. Committed fund balance totals \$24,676,299 or 15.01% and includes: \$1,979,245 for tax revaluation per state statute, \$20,940,072 for capital investment fund and another \$1,756,982 for LEOSSA pension obligation. Non-spendable fund balance accounts for another \$174,617 or 0.11% for inventories and pre-paids. The remainder of fund balance, \$58,559,275 or 35.63% is restricted which indicates that it is not available for general purposes because it is legally restricted or has been contractually committed.

As of June 30, 2019, the non-major governmental funds of the County reported a fund balance of \$13,672,679 A decrease of \$293,101 from last year. The non-major governmental fund balance represents 8.32% of the combined fund balance for the governmental funds.

The General Fund, including the consolidated County School Fund and Capital Investment Fund, is the primary operating fund of Cumberland County (page E-1). At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund reported a fund balance of \$150,700,079, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund is \$68,448,606; non spendable fund balance is \$174,617; assigned and committed fund balance is \$37,043,945 while restricted fund balance is \$45,032,911.

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare three different measures of fund balance to total fund expenditures. The Governing Body of the County has adopted a policy that the County should maintain an unassigned fund balance of at least 10% of General Fund expenditures. In addition, their policy recommends that both assigned and unassigned fund balances should be at least 15% in case of unforeseen needs, to meet the cash flow needs of the County or to take advantage of opportunities that might arise. Currently, unassigned fund balance represents 21.47% of total General Fund expenditures adjusted for transfers. Available fund balance which includes unassigned, assigned and committed fund balance is 33.10% while total fund balance represents 47.28% of that same amount.

Total General Fund actual revenues including a legally budgeted County School Fund and Capital Investment Fund but excluding other financing sources (page E-3) was \$334,665,948 an increase of \$6,273,393 or 1.91% from last year. Highlights of significant areas of change include:

- Ad valorem property tax revenues increased by \$3,854,068 to \$188,639,659, which is a reflection of the increase in ad valorem tax collection rate to a 99.24%.
- Other taxes increased by \$4,090,067 or 7.46% to \$58,931,759. The primary reason for this increase is because of sales tax amounts collection.
- Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue increased by \$500,150 or 3.67%. This is primarily because of new sources of revenues as new grants or programs became available from federal and state government.
- Restricted Intergovernmental revenue decreased by \$4,979,073 or 8.99% to 50,393,162. This decrease is primarily due to the transition of day care subsidy payments to the state.
- Licenses and permit revenue decreased by \$45,227 or 1.82% to \$2,436,497.
- Charges for services increased by \$580,100 or 5.21% to \$11,723,375.
- Investment income for the General Fund increased by \$2,405,554 or 219.18% to \$3,503,072. This change is based on market increases as a result of positive economic growth and an increasing rate of return. The County's capacity to increase their portfolio is also a significant reason for the increase in investment income.

General Fund actual expenditures including a legally budgeted County School Fund and Capital Investment Fund, but excluding other financing uses and transfers were \$318,756,072. This is an increase of \$6,934,563 or 2.22% from last year. Highlights of significant areas of change include:

- Education costs increased in the school current expense funding and education related expenditures.
- Personnel costs were higher than the previous year because a cost-of-living (COLA) of 3% that was approved for 2019. But in overall, personnel costs were less than budgeted due to turnover and unfilled positions.
- Economic and physical development costs increased by \$2,147,560 from last year. The primary factor for this increase was a continuation of the 2018 NC Disaster Recovery Act project.
- Debt service related expenditures decreased by \$3,300,331 in principal and \$453,598 in interest, from last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: The General Fund, for budgetary comparisons, excludes the legally budgeted County School Capital Fund and Capital Investment Fund (page E-5). During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of four categories: 1) amendments to appropriate fund balance for encumbrances from the prior year; 2) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 3) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 4) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Total amendments to the General Fund increased revenue by \$3,242,469 or 1.05% of total budget. At year-end, actual General Fund revenues and transfers-in exceeded final amended budget by \$4,914,661.

- Budgeting of Fund Balance A total of \$7,447,195 of fund balance was originally budgeted in fiscal year 2019. During the fiscal year, fund balance reapproriations were requested for contracts and purchase orders in which projects were not completed in fiscal year 2018 and were on-going in fiscal year 2019.
- Restricted intergovernmental revenue This category which includes federal and state funding, fell short of revised budget by \$5,436.891. The majority of the shortfall correlated with expenditures below budget in the Public Safety and Human Services functional areas as revenues in those areas are dependent upon incurred expenditures. Unexpended grant funds at year-end were re-appropriated to fiscal year 2020 to allow expenditure of these funds. Many of the adjustments from the original budget were caused by timing issues from the State not setting their funding levels until after the County has adopted its budget.
- Other financing sources (uses) amendments Budgeted sources increased by \$20,548,060 in appropriated fund balance. Budgeted uses increased by \$15,275,425 for transfers out.

Total actual revenues for the General Fund, excluding the County School Capital Fund, Capital Investment Fund and other financing sources, were \$317,263,104, which exceeded final budgeted amount by \$4,914,661, (page E-5).

- Ad Valorem taxes collected exceeded the budget by \$4,007,659 or 2.17%. This was due to conservative budget estimates and higher than expected tax collections for both real property and motor vehicles.
- Other taxes: Total other taxes exceeded the budget by \$3,080,007 or 6.94% above budget. Sales tax collections and the real estate transfer taxes accounted for the increase.
- Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues were above budget by \$1,582,805 or 14.07%. (see Miscellaneous revenue below.)
- Restricted intergovernmental revenues fell short of the revised budget by \$5,436,891 or 10.39%. As stated earlier, this decrease is primarily due to the transition of day care subsidy payments being transitioned to the state.
- Licenses and permit fees exceeded the budget by \$405,697 or 19.98% due to an increase in Inspections fees and Register of Deeds.
- Sales and services were \$892,079 or 8.24% above budget. This overall increase was spread over several different revenue sources and functional areas.
- Interest earned on investments were \$1,848,529 or 382.72% above budget. This is primarily due to the County's capacity to increase their portfolio while the markets are experiencing a slight growth in the economy.
- Miscellaneous revenue was \$1,465,224 or 22.92% under budget. This was a result of budgeting revenue to a miscellaneous code with the corresponding actual revenue being coded to a line within the unrestricted intergovernmental revenues.

Total actual expenditures (page E-5), excluding the County School Capital Fund, Capital Investment Fund and other financing uses, were less than the budgeted amount by \$22,393,267. In general, variances for the expenditures usually result from conservative budget practices such as, budgeting fully for positions in most departments; the need to allow for fluctuation in Human Services, grant programs and management's efforts to maintain statutory compliance in keeping expenditures under the budget amounts. This is also attributed to management's commitment to effectively manage the operating budget by encouraging departments to reduce non-essential expenditures.

- Current expenditures were below budget in each of the County's primary service/functional areas. Adherence to statutory compliance which requires expenditures not to exceed budget has been the most impactful. Expenditures are monitored at the department level throughout the year and budget revisions are completed as necessary. In addition, the County has focused on continuing to provide quality services while being fiscally responsible by maximizing available resources and seeking out operational efficiencies.
- Basic operating expenditures were less than budget to include the following: Contracted services in the amount of \$2,328,277; utilities in the amount of \$576,570.75; insurance and bonds in the amount of \$138,659; miscellaneous expenses in the amount of \$80,598, among others.
- Other financing sources (uses) were \$26,255,521 under budget. This is a result of a budgeted fund balance appropriation totaling nearly \$28 million.

Proprietary Funds. The County's Proprietary Funds (pages E-7 and E-8) provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. They include seven enterprise funds and five internal service funds. The Solid Waste Fund had a net position of \$43,004,318. The Crown Center Fund had a net position of \$29,655,900. The other five enterprise funds, (water and sewer funds), had a combined net position of \$10,711,534. The five internal service funds had a combined net position of \$9,069,420. Most of the increase is from an increase in net position of the Workers' Compensation Fund of \$665,885.

CAPITAL ASSETS Table 3

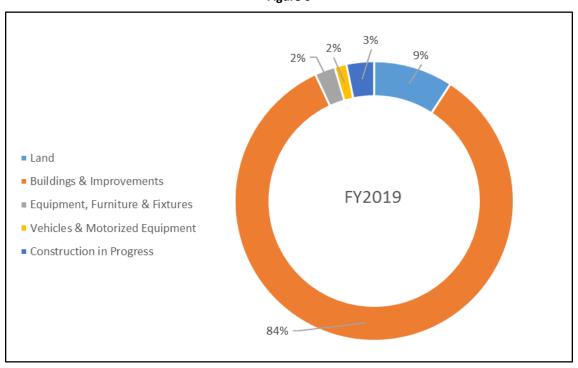
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-typ	pe Activities	Total					
	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019				
Capital Assets										
Land	\$ 17,377,823	\$ 18,223,918	\$ 6,880,496	\$ 6,892,536	\$ 24,258,319	\$ 25,116,454				
Construction in progress	2,207,948	6,319,856	13,348,115	17,517,509	15,556,063	23,837,365				
Landfill	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Buildings and improvements	167,945,553	166,033,370	36,130,897	34,488,645	204,076,450	200,522,015				
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	4,065,756	4,635,286	4,686,075	5,756,481	8,751,831	10,391,767				
Vehicles and motorized equipment	2,440,820	2,755,636	378,498	649,730	2,819,318	3,405,366				
Plant and distribution system		<u>-</u>	8,532,784	8,226,334	8,532,784	8,226,334				
Total net assets	\$ 194,037,900	\$ 197,968,066	\$ 69,956,865	\$ 73,531,235	\$ 263,994,765	\$ 271,499,301				

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

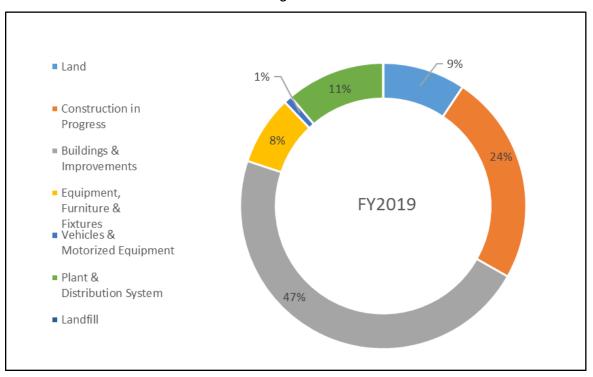
Capital Assets. The County's capital assets, Table 3, for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2019, totals \$271,499,301 (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, vehicles and heavy equipment, furniture, machinery, and other equipment, plant and distribution system, and construction in progress. Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements and in the enterprise fund financial statements. Governmental funds treat capital acquisitions as expenditures in the period in which they are purchased. Major capital transactions during the year include the purchase of vehicles and purchases of various equipment to support day to day operations. The acquisition of a new facility for the Emergency Operations Center is one of the main reasons for the increase in capital assets. Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note #4 in the Notes to the Financial Statements. (See figure 6 and 7 for current fiscal year distribution).

At June 30, 2019, the County has construction contracts in progress for various capital projects and improvements including construction of additional cells at the County landfill.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES- CAPITAL ASSETS Figure 6



BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES- CAPITAL ASSETS Figure 7



OUTSTANDING DEBT Table 4

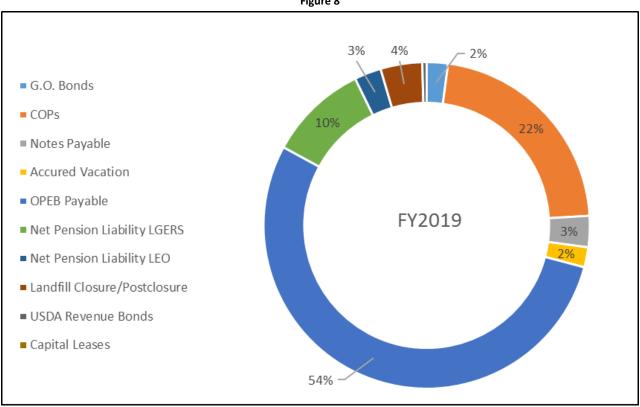
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total					
	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019				
DESCRIPTION										
General obligation bonds (net)	\$ 12,473,758	\$ 5,680,376	\$ 1,054,000	\$ 1,032,000	\$ 13,527,758	\$ 6,712,376				
USDA Revenue Bonds	-	-	1,379,000	1,379,000	1,379,000	1,379,000				
Certificates of participation/LOBS (net)	59,216,896	52,108,537	20,543,832	17,966,871	\$ 79,760,728	70,075,408				
Certificates of participation (direct)	7,950,000	6,956,250	-	-	7,950,000	6,956,250				
Notes Payable (direct)	3,414,148	5,108,151	1,985,289	4,766,695	\$ 5,399,437	9,874,846				
Compensated absences	5,928,153	6,188,582	112,254	134,220	6,040,407	6,322,802				
OPEB liability	286,977,276	166,680,699	8,567,227	5,021,232	\$ 295,544,503	171,701,931				
Net Pension Liability (LGERS)	22,145,646	30,687,858	498,173	684,989	22,643,819	31,372,847				
Net Pension Liability (LEO)	8,662,059	8,480,319	-	-	\$ 8,662,059	8,480,319				
Accrued landfill closure and										
postclosure costs		<u>-</u>	12,722,769	13,193,952	\$ 12,722,769	13,193,952				
Total debt	\$ 406,767,936	\$ 281,890,772	\$ 46,862,544	\$ 44,178,959	\$ 453,630,480	\$ 326,069,731				

Long-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2019, Cumberland County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$6,712,376; of this amount \$5,680,376 is backed by the full faith and credit of the County and \$1,032,000 is USDA GO Bonds. The County's total debt, Table 4, decreased by \$127,560,749. At June 30, 2019, the County had bonds authorized but unissued of \$3,195,000 and a legal debt margin of \$2,174,315,000. Of the total debt for governmental activities, only \$64,172,938 relates to assets for which the County holds title. The Board of Education holds title to certain schools even though the related debt is held by the County.

Another reason for a reduction in the outstanding debt is mainly due to a change the County implemented to post-65 aged retiree health benefit coverage, effective July 1, 2019. This change contributed to a reduction in the liability of approximately \$123,842,572 million. Additional information regarding Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) and the County's long-term debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements, Note #5 and 9, respectively. (Figure 8, current fiscal year distribution).

OUTSTANDING DEBT Figure 8



ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Ad valorem current year tax collections rate for real and personal property slightly increased from 99.19% to 99.24%.
- Changes in taxable sales for the County over the past years have been: fiscal year 2019, 6.65%, fiscal year 2018, .22%; fiscal year 2017, 4.97%; fiscal year 2016, 4.22%; and fiscal year 2015, 5.24%.
- The County-wide Ad Valorem tax rate and levy will remain at 79.9 cents per \$100 valuation.
- The Special Recreation tax rate and levy will remain at 5.0 cents per \$100 valuation.
- The Cumberland County Fire Protection Service District has changed to 15.0 cents per \$100 valuation.
- The County has continued to utilize detailed cash flow planning which has allowed the County to keep funds invested until needed for expenditures, maximizing the maturity on our investments and earnings in our portfolio.

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2020

The County approved a \$323,954,833 General Fund budget, excluding the legally adopted County School Fund and the Capital Investment Fund for fiscal year 2020, which represents a \$6,970,437 or 2.20% increase over the past fiscal year adopted budget.

- Ad Valorem Taxes for fiscal year 2020 were budgeted at \$185,319,832, an increase of \$3,216,832 or 1.77% over the fiscal year 2019 adopted budget. Of that, motor vehicle tax collections are anticipated to reach \$19,802,832 under the Tax and Tag Together initiative. The County-wide ad valorem tax rate remains at 79.9 cents per \$100 valuation for fiscal year 2020.
- Sales Taxes are budgeted at \$43,327,484, an increase of \$701,710 or 1.65% from last fiscal year.
- Unrestricted Intergovernmental revenue is budgeted at \$11,560,613 which is a 2.78% increase from original budget from fiscal year 2019. The primary reason for this increase is the increase in municipal sales tax hold harmless reimbursements related to a higher projection of overall sales tax collections.
- Restricted Intergovernmental revenue has been budgeted at \$50,596,910 a decrease of \$206,103 from fiscal year 2019.
- Charges and Services are projected to experience an increase of \$949,817 or 7.72% from fiscal year 2019 adopted budget. This increase is primarily impacted by a revision in the departmental fee schedules.
- Miscellaneous Revenue has been budgeted at \$6,014,587, an increase of 268,872 or 4.67 % from the original budget from fiscal year 2019. The primary reason for this increase is revenue for interest in investments and leased property revenue.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund, excluding the legally adopted County School Fund and Capital Investment Fund are \$323,954,833 which represents a \$6,970,437 or 2.20% decrease over the past fiscal year adopted budget.

- Personnel expenditures includes a total of 26 new positions, which represents an annual net cost of \$895,673.
- The budget for fiscal year 2020 includes a 2% cost of living increase for all permanent full-time and part time employees who were on active status as of July 1, 2019.
- The budget also includes funds for a 2% employer contribution to a 401k retirement plan for all employees eligible to participate the Local Government Employees Retirement System.
- Public Safety expenditures have been budgeted to increase by \$1,845,998 to \$62,562,115. This increase includes new positions and additional funding for operational expenditures.
- Education Expenditures for the fiscal year have been budgeted at \$94,047,126.
- Economic and Physical Development expenditures have been budgeted for \$6,026,442 a decrease of \$1,478,181. This reduction is primarily because of the clearing project related to the 2018 NC Disaster Recovery Act which is due to expire during the year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Director, Cumberland County, 117 Dick Street, Fayetteville, NC 28301. You can also call 910-678-7753 or visit our website www.co.cumberland.nc.us.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

-	c	٦m	no	nen	t I	In	ite
	U	וווע	DU	Hell	ıιι	JII	ILS

				Component Units											
	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Cumberland County ABC Board	Eastover Sanitary District	Tourism Development Authority	Fayetteville Area Convention and Visitors Bureau	FCEDC							
Assets						-									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 145,330,069	\$ 48,392,857	\$ 193,722,926	\$ 4,626,206	\$ 2,257,335	\$ 1,732,315	\$ 1,374,643	\$ 624,662							
Taxes receivable, net	2,001,023	166,145	2,167,168	-	-	-	-	-							
Accounts receivable, net	45.040.000	-	45.040.000	-	205,033	-	-	-							
Sales tax receivable	15,612,692	-	15,612,692	-	-	-	-	-							
Due from other governments	17,029,982	890,885	17,920,867	400.000	-	-	298,678	-							
Other receivables, net	1,973,827	914,342	2,888,169	109,688	1,963	1,149	3,118	584							
Internal balances	85,969	(85,969)	4 000 000	-	-	-	-	-							
Due from component units	1,008,220	-	1,008,220	-	-	-	-	-							
Inventories	307,424		307,424	3,849,807	-	-	9,601								
Prepaid expenses	210	94,961	95,171	88,362		-	38,401	5,465							
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	19,620,858	10,006,411	29,627,269	50,930	253,656	-	-	-							
Security deposits	-	-	-	4,501	-	-	-	-							
Capital assets:															
Nondepreciable	24,543,774	24,410,044	48,953,818	2,138,260	109,799	-	-	-							
Depreciable, net	173,424,292	49,121,191	222,545,483	2,256,482	18,305,758		219,347	6,256							
Total capital assets	197,968,066	73,531,235	271,499,301	4,394,742	18,415,557		219,347	6,256							
Total assets	400,938,340	133,910,867	534,849,207	13,124,236	21,133,544	1,733,464	1,943,788	636,967							
Deferred outflows of resources															
Pension	25,443,620	546,201	25,989,821	729,627	-	-	-	-							
OPEB	6,511,879	194,469	6,706,348	7,176	-	-	-	-							
Debt	2,400,197	1,128,773	3,528,970	-	-	-	-	-							
	34,355,696	1,869,443	36,225,139	736,803	-	-									
Liabilities															
Accounts and vouchers payable	22,076,411	3,360,202	25,436,613	2,015,702	98,186	791,563	14,429	28,214							
Due to other governments	374,711	-	374,711	-	-	-	-	-							
Accrued payroll	2,468,159	55,157	2,523,316	-	12,440	-	-	9,575							
Accrued interest payable	541,166	74,000	615,166	-	35,503	-	-	-							
Other payables	205,110	613,018	818,128	1,096,829	13,160	-	74,055	-							
Due to primary government	-	-	-	969,651	-	-	-	-							
Unearned revenue	-	160,015	160,015	-	-	-	21,784	-							
Long-term liabilities:															
Due in less than one year	17,383,341	3,174,266	20,557,607	18,333	290,604	-	-	-							
Due in more than one year	58,658,555	35,298,472	93,957,027	1,275,496	10,408,739	-	-	-							
Net pension liability - LGERS	30,687,858	684,989	31,372,847	-	-	-	-	-							
Total pension liability - LEOSSA	8,480,319	-	8,480,319	-	-	-	-	-							
OPEB liability	166,680,699	5,021,232	171,701,931	-	-	-	-	-							
Total long-term liabilities	281,890,772	44,178,959	326,069,731	1,293,829	10,699,343	-	_	-							
Total liabilities	307,556,329	48,441,351	355,997,680	5,376,011	10,858,632	791,563	110,268	37,789							
Deferred inflows of resources															
Pension	1,685,918	26,378	1,712,296	49,289	-	-	-	-							
OPEB	133,356,183	3,940,829	137,297,012	21,052	_	-	-	-							
Tax	735,355		735,355		-	-	-	-							
	135,777,456	3,967,207	139,744,663	70,341	-		-								
Net position															
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	167,529,351	50,999,184	218,528,535	4,367,242	7,719,945	-	219,347	6,256							
Stabilization by State statute	35,992,392		35,992,392												
Human services	165,715		165,715												
Register of deeds	1,059,148	-	1,059,148	-	-	-	-	-							
Inmates	519,052	-	519,052	-	-	-	-	-							
Cemeterv	50.173	-	50.173	-	-	-	-	-							
School capital	7,001,882	-	7,001,882	-	-	-	-	-							
•	3,766,799	-	3,766,799	-	-	-	-	-							
Public health		-		1 227 222	-	-	-	-							
Public safety	2,715,603	-	2,715,603	1,227,963	-	-	-	-							
Economic and physical development	1,053,132	-	1,053,132	-	-	-	-	-							
Cultural and recreation	6,200,538	40.000	6,200,538	-	-	-	-	-							
Debt service	-	10,006,411	10,006,411	-	253,656	-	-	-							
Capital	-	5,257	5,257	-	-	-	-	-							
Facility investment fee		-	-	-	86,653	-	-	-							
Claims	15,796,076	- 00 000 000	15,796,076	- 0.040.400	4 0 40 0 = 0	-		-							
Unrestricted	(249,889,610)	22,360,900	(227,528,710)	2,819,482	1,948,658	941,901	1,614,173	592,922							
Total net position	\$ (8,039,749)	\$ 83,371,752	\$ 75,332,003	\$ 8,414,687	\$ 10,274,912	\$ 941,901	\$ 1,833,520	\$ 599,178							

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Program Revenue	ne.				Net (Expense) Changes in N				
			Operating	Capital		rimary Governme	nt	Cumberland	Eastover	Tourism	Fayetteville Area	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		County	Sanitary	Development	Convention and	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	ABC Board	District	Authority	Visitors Bureau	FCEDC
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$ 28,782,804	\$ 2,314,448	\$ 563,329	\$ 3,485,206	\$ (22,419,821)	\$ -	\$ (22,419,821)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Public safety	63,788,508	4,058,644	572,859	142,953	(59,014,052)	-	(59,014,052)	-	-	-	-	-
Economic and physical development	13,495,875	1,063,423	8,033,758	797,204	(3,601,490)	-	(3,601,490)	-	-	-	-	-
Human services	87,063,672	6,717,407	45,259,798	-	(35,086,467)	-	(35,086,467)	-	-	-	-	-
Cultural and recreational	13,850,878	150,207	1,060,053	-	(12,640,618)	-	(12,640,618)	-	-	-	-	-
Education	108,512,631	-	-	-	(108,512,631)	-	(108,512,631)	-	-	-	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	2,872,177			-	(2,872,177)		(2,872,177)		-			
Total governmental activities	318,366,545	14,304,129	55,489,797	4,425,363	(244,147,256)		(244,147,256)		-			
Business-type activities:												
Solid Waste	9,833,056	4,773,520	520,453	-	-	(4,539,083)	(4,539,083)	-	-	-	-	-
Crown Center	8,105,009	1,960,708	372,460	-	-	(5,771,841)	(5,771,841)	-	-	-	-	-
Kelly Hills Water and Sewer District	138,070	76,126	-	-	-	(61,944)	(61,944)	-	-	-	-	-
NORCRESS Water and Sewer District	657,832	440,558	29,613	-	-	(187,661)	(187,661)	-	-	-	-	-
Southpoint Water and Sewer District	21,918	33,395	-	-	-	11,477	11,477	-	-	-	-	-
Overhills Water and Sewer District	34,127					(34,127)	(34,127)		-			
Total business-type activities	18,790,012	7,284,307	922,526			(10,583,179)	(10,583,179)		-			
Total primary government	\$ 337,156,557	\$ 21,588,436	\$ 56,412,323	\$ 4,425,363	(244,147,256)	(10,583,179)	(254,730,435)	-	-	-	-	
Component unit:	-		;	*								
ABC Board	\$ 30,453,092	\$ 30,602,864	\$ -	\$ -	-	-	-	149,772	-	-	-	-
Eastover Sanitary District	2,126,502	2,230,321	-	476,570	-	-	-	-	580,389	-	-	-
Tourism Development Authority	7,187,479	7,245,361	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57,882	-	-
Fayetteville Area Convention and												
Visitors Bureau	2,799,166	3,297,180	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	498,014	-
FCEDC	975,429			1,056,603					-			81,174
Total component unit	\$ 43,541,668	\$ 43,375,726	\$ -	\$ 1,533,173	-			149,772	580,389	57,882	498,014	81,174
	General revenue	es:										
	Property taxes	3			200,555,934	-	200,555,934	-	-	-	-	-
	Other taxes:											-
	Sales tax				57,070,012	-	57,070,012	-	-	-	-	-
	Animal regis				132,161	-	132,161	-	-	-	-	-
	Real estate				1,351,286	-	1,351,286	-	-	-	-	-
	Beer and wi				378,120	-	378,120	-	-	-	-	-
	Solid waste				-	5,857,175	5,857,175	-	-	-	-	-
	Food and b	•			7,358,509		7,358,509	-	-	-	-	-
	Room and o				-	1,772,614	1,772,614	-	-	-	-	-
		ntributions not rest		rograms	14,109,993		14,109,993	-		.		
		vestment earnings			4,076,490	924,118	5,000,608	-	43,618	21,966	11,345	11,774
	Miscellaneous	of capital assets			105,269 5,557,711	49,654 34,120	154,923 5,591,831	16,325	6,163	-	-	-
	Transfers				(8,196,498)	8,196,498	3,331,031	10,323	0,103	_	-	-
		al revenues and tra	nsfers		282,498,987	16,834,179	299,333,166	16,325	49,781	21,966	11,345	11,774
	Change in r	net position			38,351,731	6,251,000	44,602,731	166,097	630,170	79,848	509,359	92,948
	Net position - be	ginning			(46,391,480)	77,120,752	30,729,272	8,248,590	9,644,742	862,053	1,324,161	506,230
	Net position - en	ding			\$ (8,039,749)	\$ 83,371,752	\$ 75,332,003	\$ 8,414,687	\$ 10,274,912	\$ 941,901	\$ 1,833,520	\$ 599,178

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets	Ф 400 744 04C	ф 40 F0F 400	ф 44F 220 000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 132,744,946	\$ 12,585,123	\$ 145,330,069
Taxes receivable, net	1,287,517	196,182	1,483,699
Sales tax receivable	15,612,692	- 274 400	15,612,692
Due from other governments	14,255,513	2,774,469	17,029,982
Other receivables, net	1,556,927	12,895	1,569,822
Due from other funds	1,318,377	-	1,318,377
Due from component units	1,008,220	-	1,008,220
Inventories	174,407	-	174,407
Prepaids	210	-	210
Restricted assets:	4.750.040	0.007.000	0.004.700
Cash and cash equivalents	1,756,916	2,067,866	3,824,782
Total assets	\$ 169,715,725	\$ 17,636,535	\$ 187,352,260
Liabilities:			
Accounts and vouchers payable	13,467,082	\$ 2,477,181	\$ 15,944,263
Due to other governments	361,845	12,866	374,711
Accrued payroll	2,412,120	45,018	2,457,138
Other payables	204,910	200	205,110
Due to other funds	204,910	1,232,408	1,232,408
Total liabilities	16,445,957	3,767,673	20,213,630
Total napinties	10,445,957	3,707,073	20,213,030
Deferred inflows of resources - taxes	2,569,689	196,183	2,765,872
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Inventories	174,407	-	174,407
Prepaids	210	-	210
Restricted:			
Stabilization by State Statute	33,205,082	2,787,310	35,992,392
Register of Deeds	1,059,148	-	1,059,148
Public health	3,766,799	-	3,766,799
Inmates	-	519,052	519,052
Cemetery	_	50,173	50,173
County School	7,001,882	-	7,001,882
Fire protection	- 1,001,002	10,606	10,606
Public safety	_	2,704,997	2,704,997
Economic and physical development	_	1,053,132	1,053,132
Human services	_	165,715	165,715
Cultural and recreational	_	6,235,379	6,235,379
Committed:		0,200,070	0,200,010
Tax revaluation	1,979,245	_	1,979,245
Capital investment fund	20,940,072		20,940,072
LEOSSA pension liability	1,756,982		1,756,982
Assigned:	1,730,302	-	1,730,902
Subsequent year's expenditures	8,667,646	2,744,068	11,411,714
Tax office software	1,700,000	2,144,000	1,700,000
Economic development incentives		-	
•	2,000,000	(2 507 752)	2,000,000
Unassigned Total fund balances	68,448,606 150,700,079	(2,597,753)	65,850,853 164,372,758
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances			
	\$ 169,715,725	\$ 17,636,535	\$ 187,352,260

Legally budgeted County School and Capital Investment Funds are consolidated into the General Fund for Reporting Purposes.

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Ending fund balance - governmental funds \$ 164,372,758 Capital assets are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds (see note 4). 197,968,066 Contributions to pension plans in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions 25,346,724 Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB 6,490,797 Defeasance of long-term debt 2,400,197 34,237,718 Deferred inflows of resources for taxes and special assessments receivable 2,030,517 Unearned Revenue Accrued Tax Penalties 517,324 2,547,841 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds. (132,965,153)Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds. (1,633,353)Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of group insurance, employee flexible benefits, workers' compensation, and general litigation costs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. 9,069,420 Net pension liability-LGERS (30,580,635)Total OPEB liability (166,030,015)Total pension liability-LEOSSA (8,480,319)Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities (76,004,911)Accrued interest payable (541,166)(76,546,077)

Net position of governmental activities

(8,039,749)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Other Governmental	Total Governmental
_	General	Funds	Funds
Revenues	¢ 100 630 650	ф 10.47E.020	¢ 204 444 60 7
Ad valorem taxes Other taxes	\$ 188,639,659 58,931,579	\$ 12,475,038 7,358,509	\$ 201,114,697 66,290,088
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue	14,109,993	7,330,309	14,109,993
Restricted intergovernmental revenue	50,393,162	9,863,134	60,256,296
Licenses and permits	2,436,497	9,000,104	2,436,497
Sales and services	11,723,375	144,572	11,867,947
Interest earned on investments	3,503,072	331,674	3,834,746
Miscellaneous	4,928,611	610,181	5,538,792
Total revenues	334,665,948	30,783,108	365,449,056
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	27,864,499	-	27,864,499
Public safety	56,351,352	14,232,815	70,584,167
Economic and physical development	7,776,832	10,812,785	18,589,617
Human services	89,127,660	1,514,464	90,642,124
Cultural and recreation	10,568,893	4,752,846	15,321,739
Education	108,854,062	-	108,854,062
Debt service:			
Principal payments	14,699,083	-	14,699,083
Interest and fees	3,513,691		3,513,691
Total expenditures	318,756,072	31,312,910	350,068,982
Excess of revenues			
over expenditures	15,909,876	(529,802)	15,380,074
Other financing sources (uses)			
Sale of capital assets	151,905	_	151,905
Issuance of debt	-	2,477,336	2,477,336
Transfers in	83,227	5,997,799	6,081,026
Transfers out	(6,139,090)	(8,238,434)	(14,377,524)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,903,958)	236,701	(5,667,257)
Total other illiaricing sources (uses)	(5,903,936)	230,701	(5,007,257)
Net change in fund balances	10,005,918	(293,101)	9,712,817
Fund balance - beginning	140,694,161	13,965,780	154,659,941
Fund balance - ending	\$ 150,700,079	\$ 13,672,679	\$ 164,372,758

Legally budgeted County School and Capital Investment Funds are consolidated into the General Fund for Reporting Purposes.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmen	ntal activities in the statement of activities are different been	oues:	
Amounts reported for governme	ntal activities in the statement of activities are different beca	ause:	
Net change in fund balances - to	otal governmental funds		\$ 9,712,817
those assets is allocated ov	capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement ver their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation tlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
	Capital Outlay	\$ 13,332,388	
	Depreciation	(9,293,156)	
	Other asset activity	(109,066)	
			3,930,166
Revenues in the statement revenues in the funds.	of activities that do not provide current financial resources a	are not reported as	
	Change in accrued tax penalties	(107,562)	
	Change in unavailable revenue for taxes	(451,201)	
	-		(558,763)
Contributions to the pension	n plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the State	ement of Activities.	7,085,800
Benefit payments paid and	administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included or	n the Statement of Activities	304,536
OPEB benefit payments pa	id and administrative expense are not included on the State	ement of Activities	6,490,798
the principal of long-term de	debt provides current financial resources to governmental fuebt consumes the current financial resources of government on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences	tal funds. Neither	
.og .o uozt uu tolutou	Principal payments	14,699,083	
	Proceeds from issuance of installment notes	(2,477,336)	
	Changes in premium	979,741	
	Accrued interest payable	93,938	
			13,295,426
	the statement of activities does not require the use of curre as expenditures in governmental funds.	ent financial resources, and,	
	Accrued vacation payable	(254,611)	
	OPEB plan expense	(9,084,577)	
	Pension expense	7,044,071	
			(2,295,117)
The net revenue of certain a activities.	activities of the internal service fund is reported with govern	mental	818,233
Change in deferred outflows	s of resources for deferred charge on refunding		 (432,165)
Change in net position of govern	nmental activities		\$ 38,351,731

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Gener	al Fund	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			.	
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 184,632,000	\$ 184,632,000	\$ 188,639,659	\$ 4,007,659
Other taxes	44,385,774	44,385,774	47,465,781	3,080,007
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue	11,246,891	11,246,891	12,829,696	1,582,805
Restricted intergovernmental revenue	49,776,101	52,344,847	46,907,956	(5,436,891)
Licenses and permits	2,031,200	2,030,800	2,436,497	405,697
Sales and services	10,261,381	10,831,296	11,723,375	892,079
Interest earned on investments	483,000	483,000	2,331,529	1,848,529
Miscellaneous	6,289,627	6,393,835	4,928,611	(1,465,224)
Total revenues	309,105,974	312,348,443	317,263,104	4,914,661
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	30,086,733	34,114,195	27,462,065	6,652,130
Public safety	61,716,117	62,919,780	56,351,352	6,568,428
Economic and physical development	7,504,623	7,630,828	5,539,575	2,091,253
Human services	93,798,443	95,918,988	89,127,660	6,791,328
Cultural and recreational	11,192,690	11,217,928	10,568,893	649,035
Education	92,457,009	93,143,900	93,502,807	(358,907)
Total expenditures	296,755,615	304,945,619	282,552,352	22,393,267
Revenues over (under) expenditures	12,350,359	7,402,824	34,710,752	27,307,928
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets	-	22,900	151,905	129,005
Transfers in	431,227	83,227	83,227	-
Transfers out	(20,228,781)	(35,504,206)	(33,893,477)	1,610,729
Appropriated fund balance	7,447,195	27,995,255	-	(27,995,255)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(12,350,359)	(7,402,824)	(33,658,345)	(26,255,521)
Revenues and other financing sources over				
expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$ -	1,052,407	\$ 1,052,407
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of year, July 1			118,591,441	
End of year, June 30		_	\$ 119,643,848	_

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Genera	ıl Fu	ınd		
	_	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Positive (Negative)
A legally budgeted County School Fund (not included	l above) is	s consolidated	linte	o the General F	unc	I for Reporting	Pur	poses:
Other taxes	\$	10,830,026	\$	10,936,915	\$	11,465,798	\$	528,883
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue		910,000		910,000		1,280,297		370,297
Restricted intergovernmental revenue		3,592,097		3,485,208		3,485,206		(2
Interest earned on investments		-		-		229,080		229,080
Miscellaneous		75,000		75,000		-		(75,000
Education		(10,060,588)		(21,945,803)		(15,009,824)		6,935,979
Transfers out		(5,346,535)		(5,346,535)		(5,346,533)		2
Appropriated fund balance				11,885,215				(11,885,215
		-		-		(3,895,976)		(3,895,976
Fund Balance, Beginning of year		_		_		14,012,135		-
	\$		\$			10,116,159	\$	(3,895,976
A legally budgeted Capital Investment Fund (not inclu	ided abov	e) is consolid	ated	I into the Gene	ral F	und for Repor	ting	Purposes:
Restricted intergovernmental revenue	\$	674,904	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interest income		180,739		855,643		942,463		86,820
General government		(554,053)		(554,053)		(402,434)		151,619
Economic and physical development		(5,414,874)		(26,164,152)		(2,237,257)		23,926,895
Education - community college capital outlay		(329,548)		(477,108)		(341,431)		135,677
Debt service - principal		(14,699,084)		(14,699,084)		(14,699,083)		1
Debt service - interest		(3,532,975)		(3,532,975)		(3,513,691)		19,284
Transfers in		24,022,891		38,664,729		38,664,727		(2
Transfers out		(348,000)		(15,393,000)		(5,563,807)		9,829,193
Fund balance appropriated				21,300,000		<u> </u>		(21,300,000
		-		-		12,849,487		12,849,487
Fund Balance, Beginning of year				_		8,090,585		_
	\$		\$			20,940,072	\$	12,849,487
Fund Balance, End of year					\$	150,700,079		

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

				Enterpri	se Funds				
	Cumberland County Solid Waste Fund	Cumberland County Crown Center Fund	Kelly Hills Water and Sewer District Fund	NORCRESS Water and Sewer District Fund	Southpoint Water and Sewer District Fund	Overhills Park Water and Sewer District Fund	Bragg Estates Water and Sewer District Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds
Assets				-					-
Current assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 42,028,700	\$ 5,810,456	\$ 219,434	\$ 197,494	\$ 136,773	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,392,857	\$ -
Taxes receivable, net	166,145	-	-	-	-	-	-	166,145	-
Due from other governments	637,488	223,784	-	29,613	-	-	-	890,885	-
Other receivables, net	625,975	159,189	22,784	97,451	8,943	-	-	914,342	404,005
Inventories	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	133,017
Prepaids	-	94,961	-	-	-	-	-	94,961	-
Total current assets	43,458,308	6,288,390	242,218	324,558	145,716			50,459,190	537,022
Noncurrent assets									
Restricted:									
Cash and cash equivalents	4,182,852	5,716,174	-	-	-	107,385	-	10,006,411	15,796,076
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	20,026,790	40,777,742	1,793,571	6,031,789	400,974	4,390,679	109,690	73,531,235	-
Total noncurrent assets	24,209,642	46,493,916	1,793,571	6,031,789	400,974	4,498,064	109,690	83,537,646	15,796,076
Total assets	67,667,950	52,782,306	2,035,789	6,356,347	546,690	4,498,064	109,690	133,996,836	16,333,098
Deferred outflows of resources									
Pension	546,201	_	_	_	_	_	_	546,201	96,896
OPEB	194,469	_	_	_	_	_	_	194,469	21,082
Debt	-	1,128,773	_	_	_	_	_	1,128,773	, <u>.</u>
	740,670	1,128,773						1,869,443	117,978
Liabilities								·	·
Current liabilities									
Accounts and vouchers payable	2,343,797	962,138	3,207	46,087	256	37	4,680	3,360,202	567,061
Accrued payroll	55,157	· -	-	· -	-	_	· -	55,157	11,021
Accrued interest payable	· -	68,073	-	3,548	-	2,379	-	74,000	-
Other payables	4,500	395,072	1,049	· -	5,602	206,795	-	613,018	-
Incurred but not reported	-	-	-	-	-	· <u>-</u>	-	· -	5,565,087
Unearned revenue	-	160,015	-	-	-	-	-	160,015	-
Current portion of long-term debt and compensated absences	127,509	3,018,761	-	23,000	4,996	-	-	3,174,266	35,136
Due to other funds	-	5,500	-	-	-	25,459	55,010	85,969	· <u>-</u>
Total current liabilities	2,530,963	4,609,559	4,256	72,635	10,854	234,670	59,690	7,522,627	6,178,305
Noncurrent liabilities									
Post closing liability	13,193,952	_	_	_	_	-	-	13,193,952	_
Net pension liability	684,989	_	_	_	_	_	_	684,989	107,223
Long-term debt		19,644,868	_	1,009,000	64,941	1,379,000	_	22,097,809	
Compensated absences	6,711	-	_	-	-	-	_	6,711	1,849
Other postemployment benefits liability	5,021,232	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,021,232	650,684
Total noncurrent liabilities	18,906,884	19,644,868		1,009,000	64,941	1,379,000	-	41,004,693	759,756
Total liabilities	21,437,847	24,254,427	4,256	1,081,635	75,795	1,613,670	59,690	48,527,320	6,938,061
	2.,.5.,647	2.,20.,427	.,200	.,55.,666	. 5,7 66	.,5.5,676		.0,02.,020	3,000,001

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

				Enterpri	se Fu	ınds					
	 cumberland County Solid Waste Fund	umberland County Crown Center Fund	Kelly Hills Water and Sewer District Fund	NORCRESS Water and Sewer District Fund	S	Southpoint Water and Sewer District Fund	verhills Park Vater and Sewer District Fund	Wa E	gg Estates ater and Sewer District Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds
Deferred inflows of resources - pension											
Pension	25,626	752	-	-		-	-		-	26,378	52,565
OPEB	3,940,829	-	-	-		-	-		-	3,940,829	391,030
	3,966,455	752	-	-		-	-		-	3,967,207	443,595
Net position											
Net investment in capital assets	20,026,790	20,726,628	1,793,571	4,999,789		331,037	3,011,679		109,690	50,999,184	-
Restricted net position - debt service	4,182,852	5,716,174	-	-		-	107,385		-	10,006,411	-
Restricted net position - capital	-	-	-	-		-	5,257		-	5,257	-
Restricted net position - claims	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	15,796,076
Unrestricted	18,794,676	3,213,098	237,962	274,923		139,858	(239,927)		(59,690)	22,360,900	(6,726,656)
Total net position	\$ 43,004,318	\$ 29,655,900	\$ 2,031,533	\$ 5,274,712	\$	470,895	\$ 2,884,394	\$	50,000	\$ 83,371,752	\$ 9,069,420

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Enterprise Funds								
	Cumberland County Solid Waste Fund	Cumberland County Crown Center Fund	Kelly Hills Water and Sewer District Fund	NORCRESS Water and Sewer District Fund	Southpoint Water and Sewer District Fund	Overhills Park Water and Sewer District Fund	Bragg Estates Water and Sewer District Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues									
Charges for services	\$ 4,726,508	\$ 1,960,708	\$ 76,123	\$ 440,558	\$ 33,395	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,237,292	\$ -
Contributions		-	-	-	-	-	-		3,365,902
Other operating revenue	47,012	-	-	-	-	-	-	47,012	-
Contributions - Group health insurance		-	-	-	-	-	-		23,281,126
Solid waste fees	5,857,175	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,857,175	-
Pharmacy services	-	-			-				3,305,966
Total operating revenues	10,630,695	1,960,708	76,123	440,558	33,395			13,141,479	29,952,994
Operating expenses									
Salaries and employee benefits	2,804,054	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,804,054	684,954
Repairs and maintenance	1,438,187	260,273	64,488	108,980	4,662	-	-	1,876,590	-
Utilities	230,450	-	-	270,849	-	-	-	501,299	-
Administrative costs	3,882,228	-	7,150	6,373	3,482	529	-	3,899,762	883,293
Workers' compensation claims	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,177,176
Global Spectrum, LP	-	4,943,443	-	-	-	-	-	4,943,443	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	1,981	-	-	1,981	-
Depreciation	1,006,955	1,934,996	66,429	228,228	11,793	-	-	3,248,401	-
Landfill closure and postclosure care costs	471,182	-	-	-	-	-	-	471,182	-
Group health insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,459,014
Employee pharmacy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,801,031
Employee clinic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	349,412
Employee wellness program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	140,544
Total operating expenses	9,833,056	7,138,712	138,067	614,430	21,918	529	-	17,746,712	29,495,424
Operating income (loss)	797,639	(5,178,004)	(61,944)	(173,872)	11,477	(529)		(4,605,233)	457,570
Nonoperating revenue (expense)									
Interest earned on investments	836,115	78,616	3,886	3,163	2,303	35	-	924,118	241,744
Motel occupancy tax	-	1,772,614	-	-	· <u>-</u>	-	-	1,772,614	
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	49,654	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,654	-
Insurance proceeds	-	22,262	-	-	-	-	-	22,262	-
Miscellaneous	11,798	-	-	60	-	-	-	11,858	18,919
Grant revenue	520,453	372,460	-	29,613	-	-	-	922,526	
Interest expense	-	(966,297)	-	(43,402)	-	(28,598)	-	(1,038,297)	
Debt issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	1,418,020	1,279,655	3,886	(10,566)	2,303	(33,563)	-	2,659,735	260,663
Income (loss) before transfers and contributions	2,215,659	(3,898,349)	(58,058)	(184,438)	13,780	(34,092)	=	(1,945,498)	718,233
Transfers in	_	8,155,207	_	41,291	-		-	8,196,498	100,000
Change in net position	2,215,659	4,256,858	(58,058)	(143,147)	13,780	(34,092)		6,251,000	818,233
Total net position - beginning	40,788,659	25,399,042	2,089,591	5,417,859	457,115	2,918,486	50,000	77,120,752	8,251,187
Total net position - ending	\$ 43,004,318	\$ 29,655,900	\$ 2,031,533	\$ 5,274,712	\$ 470,895	\$ 2,884,394	\$ 50,000	\$ 83,371,752	\$ 9,069,420

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Enterprise Funds								
	Cumberland County Solid Waste Fund	County County Solid Crown Waste Center		NORCRESS Water and Sewer District Fund	Southpoint Water and Sewer District Fund	Overhills Park Water and Sewer District Fund	Bragg Estates Water and Sewer District Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating activities									
Cash received from customers	\$ 10,582,609	\$ 2,335,664	\$ 76,123	\$ 440,558	\$ 33,395	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,468,349	\$ -
Other operating revenue	120,850	Ψ 2,000,001	Ψ 70,120	60	Ψ 00,000	1,309	-	122,219	· .
Cash received from contributions	120,000	_	_	-	_	1,000	_	122,210	26.637.239
Cash paid to employees	(3,227,720)	(69,183)		_	_			(3,296,903)	(723,738)
Cash paid for goods and services	(3,976,937)	(5,056,533)	(70,750)	(442,691)	(7,593)	24,930	22,979	(9,506,595)	(871,092
Cash received for goods and services	(3,970,937)	(3,030,333)	(10,130)	(442,091)	(7,595)	24,930	22,919	(9,500,595)	3,485,362
Cash paid for claims	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(27,797,779)
Cash paid for claims									(21,191,119)
Net cash from operating activities	3,498,802	(2,790,052)	5,373	(2,073)	25,802	26,239	22,979	787,070	729,992
Noncapital financing activities									
Transfers in	_	8,155,207	_	41,291	_	_	_	8,196,498	100,000
Operating grants	520,453	372,460		29,613				922,526	
Net cash from financing activities	520,453	8,527,667		70,904				9,119,024	100,000
Capital and related financing activities									
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(3,010,603)	(3,784,091)	_	_	_	(6,064)	(22,979)	(6,823,737)	_
Other financing transactions	(0,0.0,000)	(0,101,001)	_	_	_	(5,000)	(22,0.0)	(5,000)	_
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	50,620	22,262	_	_	_	(0,000)	_	72,882	_
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	-	3,098,202	_	_	_	_	_	3,098,202	_
Principal paid on long-term debt	_	(2,751,800)		(22,000)	(4,996)			(2,778,796)	
Interest paid on bonds	_	(1,113,496)	_	(43,477)	(4,550)	(27,769)	_	(1,184,742)	_
Motel occupancy tax	_	1,772,614		(40,411)	-	(21,103)		1,772,614	
Net cash from capital and		1,772,014						1,772,014	
related financing activities	(2,959,983)	(2,756,309)		(65,477)	(4,996)	(38,833)	(22,979)	(5,848,577)	
Investing activities									
Investment earnings	836,115	78,616	3,886	3,163	2,303	35	_	924,118	241,272
Net cash from investing activities	836,115	78,616	3,886	3,163	2,303	35		924,118	241,272
Net increase (decrease) in cash and									
cash equivalents	1,895,387	3,059,922	9,259	6,517	23,109	(12,559)		4,981,635	1,071,264
Cash and cash equivalents									
Beginning of year	44,316,165	8,466,708	210,175	190,977	113,664	119,944		53,417,633	14,724,812
End of year	\$ 46,211,552	\$ 11,526,630	\$ 219,434	\$ 197,494	\$ 136,773	\$ 107,385	\$ -	\$ 58,399,268	\$ 15,796,076

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Enterprise Funds																
	C : V	nberland county Solid Vaste Fund	Cumbe Cou Cro Cen Fui	inty wn iter	W	elly Hills /ater and Sewer District Fund	W	RCRESS ater and Sewer District Fund	Sc W	outhpoint /ater and Sewer District Fund	W	rhills Park ater and Sewer District Fund	Wa	gg Estates ater and Sewer District Fund		Total		Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss)		- unu				Tunu		Tunu		Tunu		Tunu		Tullu		· otai		rundo
to net cash from operating activities																		
Operating income (loss)	\$	797,639	\$ (5,1	178,004)	\$	(61,944)	\$	(173,872)	\$	11,477	\$	(529)	\$	_	\$	(4,605,233)	\$	457,570
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)		•	,	, ,		, , ,		, ,		,		, ,				, , ,		,
to net cash from operating activities:																		
Depreciation		1,006,955	1,9	34,996		66,429		228,228		11,793		-		_		3,248,401		
Landfill closure and post closure care costs		506,183	,	· -		_		-		· -		-		_		506,183		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		•														,		
Accounts receivable		(1,074)		-		-		-		-		-		_		(1,074)		
Other receivables		62,040	1	175,882		3,809		-		2,355		7,157		_		251,243		(93,52
Inventories		12,940		· -		_		(73,915)		_		· -		_		(60,975)		95,898
Prepaids		· -		(21,031)		-		-		-		-		_		(21,031)		
Deferred outflows		-		_		-		-		-		25,459		18,299		43,758		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,504,563	1	103,220		(2,921)		17,486		177		(5,848)		4,680		1,621,357		299,04
Accrued landfill		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Compensated absences payable		(13,034)		-		-		-		-		-		-		(13,034)		4,049
Net pension liability		186,816		-		-				-		-		-		186,816		(337,65
Deferred outflows -pensions		(175,615)	((69,183)		-				-		-		-		(244,798)		300,63
Deferred inflows - pension		14,081	2	208,388		-				-		-		-		222,469		(3,89
OPEB liability	((3,545,995)		-		-		-		-		-		-		(3,545,995)		35,47
Deferred outflows -OPEB		(13,961)		-		-		-		-		-		-		(13,961)		(30,28)
Deferred inflows - OPEB		3,157,264		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,157,264		
Unearned revenue		-		55,680		-		-		-		-		-		55,680		2,674
Total adjustments		2,701,163	2,3	387,952		67,317		171,799		14,325		26,768		22,979		5,392,303		272,422
Net cash from operating activities	\$	3,498,802	\$ (2,7	790,052)	\$	5,373	\$	(2,073)	\$	25,802	\$	26,239	\$	22,979	\$	787,070	\$	729,992
Total adjustments			2,3	387,952	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$			\$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			26,768 22,979 5,392,303	26,768 22,979 5,392,303
Cash and cash equivalents Unrestricted	\$ 4	2,028,700	\$ 5,8	310,456	\$	219,434	\$	197,494	\$	136,773	\$	_		\$	\$ -	\$ - \$	\$ - \$ 48,392,857	\$ - \$ 48,392,857 \$
Restricted		4,182,852	5,7	716,174		-		-		-		107,385		-		10,006,411		15,796,
Total	\$ 4	6,211,552	\$ 11,5	526,630	\$	219,434	\$	197,494	\$	136,773	\$	107,385	\$	-	\$	58,399,268	\$	15,796,0

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

A	Agency Funds
Assets Taxes receivable	\$ 3,083,957
Due from other governments	853,012
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,060,087
Total assets	\$ 4,997,056
Liabilities	
Accounts and vouchers payable	\$ 4,992,729
Due to other governments	4,327
Total liabilities	\$ 4,997,056

Table of Contents

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	3
A - Reporting Entity	3
B - Basis of Presentation - Basis of Accounting	5
C - Budgetary Data	9
D - Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows, and Fund Equity	10
Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents	17
A - Deposits 17	
B - Investments – County	18
C - RECONCILIATION TO CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	19
D – Investments – Eastover Sanitary District	19
Note 3 - Receivables - Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	19
Note 4 - Capital Assets	20
Note 5 - Pension Plan Obligations	24
A - LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE SYSTEM	24
B - LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM	27
C - SUPPLEMENTAL RETIREMENT INCOME PLAN FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS	33
D - REGISTER OF DEEDS' SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION FUND	34
E. Summary Tables - Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Reand Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	
F - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)	38
G - Other Employment Benefits	42
Note 6 - Closure and Post-closure Care Costs - Ann St. Sanitary Landfill Facility	42
Note 7 - Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources	43
Note 8 - Risk Management	43
Note 9 - Long-term Obligations	45
A - SUMMARY OF LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	45
B - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	46
C - Revenue Bonds	46
D - CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION AND LIMITED OBLIGATION BONDS	47
E - Installment Financing Obligations	48
F - LONG-TERM OBLIGATION ACTIVITY	50
${ m G}$ – ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL FOR DEBT	52
H - DEBT OBLIGATIONS FOR SOUTHPOINT WATER AND SEWER DISTRICT	53
I - Conduit Debt Obligations	53
J - Defeasance of Debt	53
K - ABC Board Notes Payable	54

L - EASTOVER SANITARY DISTRICT – GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	54
M - EASTOVER SANITARY DISTRICT - NON-GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT	55
N - EASTOVER SANITARY DISTRICT - LONG-TERM OBLIGATION ACTIVITY	57
Note 10 - Interfund Balances and Activity	57
Note 11 - Joint Venture	58
Note 12 - Leases	58
A - LESSOR ARRANGEMENTS	58
B - LESSEE ARRANGEMENTS	60
NOTE 13 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES	60
Note 14 - Deferred Compensation Plan	61
NOTE 15 - LAW ENFORCEMENT AND ALCOHOLIC EDUCATION EXPENSES	61
Note 16 - Subsequent Events	61
Note 17 - Change in Accounting Principles	61
NOTE 18 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY	62

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the County of Cumberland, North Carolina ("the County") and its discretely presented component units conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A - REPORTING ENTITY

The County, which is governed by a seven-member board of commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the County and its component units, legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable.

There are two methods for reporting component units in the financial statements of the primary government: discrete presentation and blending. Discrete presentation means that data will be presented in one or more separate columns to the right of the primary government data columns. Blending means that the component unit's financial data is reported as though the unit is part of the primary government. If the units provide services or benefits exclusively, or almost exclusively, to the primary government, or if the component units and the primary government have "substantively identical boards," the legally separate component units should be incorporated by blending. If the units do not meet these criteria, their data should be incorporated by discrete presentation.

Based on evaluating these characteristics, the following is a brief review of the component units in the County's reporting entity:

Blended Component Units

NORCRESS Water and Sewer District, Kelly Hills Water and Sewer District, Southpoint Water and Sewer District, Overhills Park Water and Sewer District, and Bragg Estates Water and Sewer District (the "Water & Sewer Districts") exist to provide and maintain a sanitary sewer system for the county residents within those districts. The Water and Sewer Districts, which have June 30 year-ends, are considered proprietary funds of the County and adopt budgets on an annual basis. The Water and Sewer Districts are included as enterprise funds.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Cumberland County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority (the "Authority") exists to issue and service revenue bond debt of private businesses for economic development purposes. The Authority has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the basic financial statements. Cumberland County Finance Corporation ("the Corporation"), a North Carolina non-profit corporation, exists to issue obligations pursuant to Internal Revenue Service Revenue Ruling 63-20 and Internal Revenue Service Revenue Procedure 82-26. The Corporation has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the basic financial statements.

The Cumberland County Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control (the "ABC Board"), which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund. Eastover Sanitary District (the "District"), which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund.

The Fayetteville Area Convention and Visitors Bureau, Inc. (the "Bureau"), which has a June 30 year-end, is a non-profit organization. The Cumberland County Tourism Development Authority (the "TDA") exists to promote travel, tourism, and conventions in the County, sponsor tourist-related events and activities in the County, and finance tourist-related capital projects in the County. The Cumberland County Board of Commissioners provides for membership of the Authority, including members' terms of office and for the filling of vacancies. The County is able to impose its will on the TDA because it has the ability to modify the rate affecting revenue as it is authorized to levy a room occupancy tax of up to 3% of the gross receipts. The TDA is presented as if it were a proprietary fund. The Fayetteville Cumberland County Economic Development Commission (the "FCEDC") was formed on January 1, 2016 as a 501(c)6 organization with Cumberland County and the City of Fayetteville taking the lead to create its initial structure and funding. The two entities fund economic development activities substantially equivalent during the fiscal year. The FCEDC Board of Directors is comprised of private sector, city sector and county sector representatives as well as ex-officio members.

(continued on next page)

Component Unit	Reporting Method	Criteria for Inclusion	Separate Financial Statements
NORCRESS Water and Sewer District	Blended	Under State law [NCGS 162A-89], the County's board of commissioners serve as the governing board for the District. The County also provides financial benefits to the District and maintains operational responsibility.	None issued.
Kelly Hills Water and Sewer District	Blended	Under State law [NCGS 162A-89], the County's board of commissioners serve as the governing board for the District. The County also provides financial benefits to the District and maintains operational responsibility.	None issued.
Southpoint Water and Sewer District	Blended	Under State law [NCGS 162A-89], the County's board of commissioners serve as the governing board for the District. The County also provides financial benefits to the District and maintains operational responsibility.	None issued.
Overhills Park Water and Sewer District	Blended	Under State law [NCGS 162A-89], the County's board of commissioners serve as the governing board for the District. The County also provides financial benefits to the District and maintains operational responsibility.	None issued.
Bragg Estates Water and Sewer District	Blended	Under State law [NCGS 162A-89], the County's board of commissioners serve as the governing board for the District. The County also provides financial benefits to the District and maintains operational responsibility.	None issued.
Cumberland County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority	Discrete	The Authority is governed by a seven-member board of commissioners that is appointed by the county commissioners. The County can remove any commissioner of the Authority with or without cause.	None issued.
Cumberland County Finance Corporation	Discrete	The Authority is governed by a seven-member board of commissioners that is appointed by the county commissioners. The County can remove any commissioner of the Corporation with or without cause.	None issued.
Cumberland County Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control	Discrete	The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the County. The ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the County.	Cumberland County ABC Board 1705 Owen Drive Fayetteville, NC 28304
Eastover Sanitary District	Discrete	The District is considered to be fiscally dependent upon the County such that excluding the entity would cause the County's statements to be incomplete.	Included in the County's financial statements.
Fayetteville Area Convention and Visitors Bureau, Inc.	Discrete	A voting majority of the Bureau's 11-member board of directors is appointed by the County. In addition, the County levies the occupancy tax which is the major source of revenue for the Bureau.	Fayetteville Area Convention and Visitors Bureau 245 Person Street Fayetteville, NC 28301
Cumberland County Tourism Development Authority	Discrete	The Cumberland County Board of Commissioners provides for membership of the Authority, including members' terms of office and for the filling of vacancies. The County is able to impose its will on the TDA because it has the ability to modify the rate affecting revenue as it is authorized to levy a room occupancy tax of up to three percent (3%) of the gross receipts.	Included in the County's financial statements.
Fayetteville Cumberland County Economic Development Corporation (FCEDC)	Discrete	The Cumberland County Board of Commissioners and the Fayetteville City Council provides for membership of the Corporation, including members' terms of office and for the filling of vacancies. Both entities contribute to the funding of the Corporation equally. Cumberland County is the fiscal agent for the Corporation and does so by an in-kind contribution.	Fayetteville Cumberland County Economic Development Corp. 201 Hay Street Fayetteville, NC 28301

B - Basis of Presentation - Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government net position (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities.

Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating items such as investment earnings are ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The County School Fund and the Capital Investment Fund are both legally adopted budgeted funds under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, both are consolidated into the General Fund.

The County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds. Special Revenue Funds account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The County reports the following Special Revenue Funds: Prepared Food and Beverage Fund; Emergency Telephone Fund; Workforce Development Fund; Recreation Fund; Juvenile Crime Prevention Fund; Transportation Fund; Flea Hill Drainage District Fund; Community Development Fund; Fire Protection Fund; Federal Drug Justice Fund; Federal Forfeiture Fund; North Carolina Controlled Substance Fund; Injured Animal Stabilization Fund; the Inmate Welfare Fund; and the CDBG Disaster Recovery Fund.

Capital Project Funds. Capital Project Funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of governmental capital assets. The County reports the following Capital Project Funds: Cultural and Recreation Fund, the Governmental Capital Improvement Fund, and the Emergency Operations Center Fund.

Cemetery Permanent Fund. The Cemetery Permanent Fund is used to account for perpetual care of the County owned cemetery.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

Cumberland County Solid Waste Fund. This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, and development of various landfills and disposal sites.

Cumberland County Crown Center Fund. This fund accounts for the operations of the Crown Arena, the Crown Theatre, the Crown Exposition Center and the Crown Coliseum. As of November 2013, Global Spectrum has been managing operations on the County's behalf.

Kelly Hills Water and Sewer District Fund. This fund accounts for the water and sewer operations for the district.

NORCRESS Water and Sewer District Fund. This fund accounts for the water and sewer operations for the district.

Southpoint Water and Sewer District Fund. This fund accounts for the water and sewer operations for the district.

Overhills Park Water and Sewer District Fund. This fund accounts for the sewer operations for the district.

Bragg Estates Water and Sewer District Fund. This fund accounts for the sewer operations for the district.

The County reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds. The County has a Group Insurance Fund, Employee Flexible Benefit Fund, Workers' Compensation Fund, General Litigation Fund, and a Vehicle Insurance Fund. These funds are used to account for the financing services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County on a cost reimbursement basis.

Agency Funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others. The County maintains the following agency funds: the City Tax Fund, which accounts for funds that are billed and collected by the County for various municipalities and special districts within the County but that are not revenues to the County; the Payee Account Fund, which accounts for moneys deposited with the Department of Social Services for the benefit of certain individuals; the Inmate Payee Fund, which accounts for funds held by the County on behalf of inmates of the County jail; the Intergovernmental

Custodial Fund, which accounts for various legal fines and forfeitures that the County is required to remit to Cumberland County Board of Education; the Stormwater Utility Fund, which accounts for monies collected in connection with the joint storm water utility agreement with the City of Fayetteville; and, the *Vehicle Interest Fund*, which consists of the 3% penalty interest fee collected by the County for delinquent motor vehicle taxes of prior years, that will be distributed to various municipalities within the County.

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for the agency funds which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially

past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Since September 1, 2013, the State of North Carolina has been responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. These property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. Motor vehicle property tax revenues are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed by the County for periods prior to September 1, 2013 or those for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

C - BUDGETARY DATA

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the general, the special revenue, the permanent, the enterprise funds, and the internal services funds. The budget ordinance is balanced when the sum of estimated net revenues and appropriated fund balance is equal to appropriations. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. Multi-year capital project funds are approved via a balanced project ordinance for the life of the project.

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for the general, special revenue, and permanent funds, at the fund level for the enterprise and internal service funds, and at the fund level for the capital project funds. The County Manager is authorized by the budget ordinance to transfer appropriations between functional areas within a department; however, any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that alter revenues or relate to creating new positions must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

A budget calendar is included in the North Carolina General Statutes, which prescribes the last day on which certain steps of the budget procedure are to be performed. The following schedule lists the tasks to be performed and the date by which each is required to be completed.

April 30 - Each department head will transmit to the budget officer the budget requests and revenues estimates for their department for the budget year.

- May 15 The finance officer for the school board transmits the budget and the budget message to the County.
- June 1 The budget and the budget message shall be submitted to the governing board. The public hearing on the budget should be scheduled at this time.
- July 1 The budget ordinance shall be adopted by the governing board.

As required by State law {G.S. 159-26(d)}, the County maintains encumbrance accounts which are considered to be "budgetary accounts". Encumbrances outstanding at year-end represent the estimated amounts of the expenditures ultimately to result if unperformed contracts in progress at year-end are completed. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. The encumbrances outstanding at year-end are re-appropriated into the next year's budget as necessary. Any encumbrance balance that is not due and owing is adjusted to a zero balance.

D - Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County, the ABC Board, the District, the Bureau, the TDA, and the FCEDC are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County, the ABC Board, the District, the Bureau, the TDA, and the FCEDC may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County, the ABC Board, the District, the Bureau, the TDA, and the FCEDC may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County, the ABC Board, the District, the Bureau, the TDA, and the FCEDC to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The County, the ABC Board, the District, the Bureau, the TDA, and the FCEDC investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition and non-money market investments are carried at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered 2a-7 external investment pool, is measured at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value. Money market investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earnings and investment contracts are reported at cost.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County pools moneys from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are considered cash and cash equivalent. The County, the ABC Board, the District, the Bureau, the TDA, and the FCEDC consider demand deposits and

investments purchased with an original maturity of one year or less, which are not limited as to use, to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Amounts on hand at year end for unexpended bond proceeds, future construction, payment of asserted and unasserted malpractice claims, self-insurance, trust arrangements and customer deposits for future services have been restricted. Funds are restricted for the purpose for which the revenue was received. Restrictions in the general fund relate to the several ongoing capital projects. Money in the Tax Revaluation Organization is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153A-150. Money in the School Capital Projects Fund is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statue 159-18 through 22.

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018.

5. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivable that were written off in prior years.

6. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the County, the ABC Board, and the Bureau are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The County's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures when purchased. The inventory of the County's enterprise funds as well as those of the ABC Board and the Bureau consists of materials and supplies held for consumption or resale. The cost of the inventory carried in the County's enterprise funds and that of the ABC Board and the Bureau is recorded as an expense as it is consumed or sold.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and are accounted for using the purchases method.

7. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. Minimum capitalization costs are \$5,000 for all asset categories. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

The County holds title to certain Cumberland County Board of Education properties that have not been included in capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board of Education give the Board of Education full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the Board of Education, once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Cumberland County Board of Education.

Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings	40
Improvements water lines	40
Improvements	25
Furniture and equipment	5 – 10
Vehicles	5

Capital assets of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Years
Buildings	40
Leasehold Improvements	10 – 20
Equipment	5 – 10
Vehicles	5

For the Eastover Sanitary District, water lines are depreciated over a 40-year life. For the Bureau, depreciation is computed by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

	Years
Software	3
Equipment	5
Furniture	10
Improvements	3 - 40

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has several items that meet this criterion - a charge on refunding, OPEB, pension, and contributions made to the OPEB or pension plans in the current fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for Deferred Inflows of Resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred

Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has several items that meet the criterion for this category - prepaid taxes, taxes receivable, special assessments receivable, and other OPEB or pension related deferrals.

9. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statements of net position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the County and the ABC Board provide for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. The vacation policy of the Bureau provides for the accumulation of up to sixty-two and one-half (62.50) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the County's government-wide and proprietary funds, the ABC Board and the Bureau, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded within those funds as the leave is earned.

The sick leave policies of the County and the ABC Board provide for unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. The Bureau allows for up to 37.50 days accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since none of the entities has any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made by the County or its component units.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as invested in capital assets, restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either: a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories and prepaids – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization of State Statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Register of Deeds – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds' office.

Restricted for Public Health – portion of fund balance that is restricted for maternal and child health and women's health by state statute [G.S. 130A-124(c)].

Restricted for Inmates – portion of fund balance available for use by inmates in the County's Detention Center.

Restricted for Cemetery – portion of fund balance restricted to maintain the cemetery.

Restricted for County School – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for school capital or debt service per G.S. 159-18-22.

Restricted for Fire Protection – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for fire protection.

Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for law enforcement purposes and the Injured Animal Stabilization Fund.

Restricted for Economic and Physical Development – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for the Workforce Development and Flea Hill Funds.

Restricted for Human Services – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue source for Juvenile Crime Control Program purposes.

Restricted for Cultural and Recreational – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue source for the Recreation Fund, and the Prepared Food and Beverage Fund.

Committed Fund Balance – Portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote of Cumberland County's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purposes requires majority action by the governing body.

Committed for Tax Revaluation – portion of fund balance that can only be used for Tax Revaluation.

Committed for Capital Investment Fund – portion of fund balance committed by the Board of Commissioners to fund future capital needs.

Committed for LEOSSA pension liability – portion of fund balance that will be used for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance liability.

Assigned Fund Balance – Portion of fund balance that the Cumberland County governing board has set aside for future use.

Subsequent Year's Expenditures – portion of fund balance that has been approved by formal action of the Board of County Commissioners for appropriation into the next fiscal year. A modification of this amount requires action by the Board. The Board may at its discretion, make other assignments of fund balance. The Board authorizes the County Manager to amend these assigned amounts to comply with the County's fund balance percentage policies.

Tax Office Software – portion of total fund balance assigned by management for future purchase of tax software.

Economic Development Incentives – portion of total fund balance assigned by management for incentives to promote business creation or expansion.

Unassigned – Portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

Spending and Fund Balance Policies

Cumberland County has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, Federal funds, State funds, local non-county funds, and then county funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it's in the best interest of the County.

The County will maintain a General Fund unassigned fund balance of no less than 10% which exceeds the minimum 8% recommended by the LGC. Additionally, the target goal for total spendable (available) fund balance will be at least 15% of total expenditures for the fiscal year. The annual appropriation for subsequent years' expenditures should not exceed 3% of budgeted recurring general fund expenditures. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation. This presentation includes the legally adopted County School and Capital Investment Funds that have been incorporated into the General Fund for reporting purposes:

Total fund balance-General Fund	\$150,700,079
Less:	
Inventories	174,407
Prepaids	210
Restricted	11,827,829
Stabilization by State Statute	33,205,082
Committed	24,676,299
Assigned	3,700,000
Appropriated fund balance in FY2020 budget	8,667,646
≥10% fund balance policy	68,448,606
Remaining fund balance	<u>\$</u>

The County required all open purchase orders as of June 30, 2019 to be closed prior to closing out the fiscal year. Departments have the option of requesting re-appropriation of funds for items that were not included in the fiscal year 2020 budget. Therefore, the balance of encumbrances as of June 30, 2019 is zero for all funds.

12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The County participates in two cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State; the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), and the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), collectively, the "state-administered defined benefit pension plans." For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans.

13. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 — Cash and Cash Equivalents

A - DEPOSITS

All of the County's, the ABC Board's, the District's, the Bureau's, the TDA's, and the FCEDC's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's, the ABC Board's, the District's, the Bureau's, the TDA's, and the FCEDC's agents in these units' names.

The County has a Board approved policy to address custodial credit risk of deposits collateralized under the Pooling Method. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County, the ABC Board, the District, the Bureau, the TDA, and the FCEDC, these deposits are considered to be held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County, the ABC Board, the District, the Bureau, the TDA, the FCEDC, or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County, the ABC Board, the District, the Bureau, the TDA, and the FCEDC, under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2019 the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$85,525,528 and a bank balance of \$83,822,029. Included in the County's deposits is cash of \$2,490,991 for the District, \$1,732,315 for the TDA and \$624,662 for FCEDC. Of the bank balance, \$1,001,600 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$82,887,027 was covered by collateral under the Pooling Method. The County had \$10,540 in the petty cash and change funds. The District had \$100 of change fund, the TDA and FCEDC had \$0 of petty cash.

At June 30, 2019, the ABC Board's deposits had a carrying amount of \$4,642,835 and a bank balance of \$5,090,472. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$4,590,472 was covered by collateral under the Pooling Method. The ABC Board cash on hand total \$34,300.

At June 30, 2019, the Bureau's deposits had a carrying amount of \$621,593. As of June 30, 2019, the Bureau had \$594,196, which exceed the federal depository insurance amount.

B - INVESTMENTS - COUNTY

As of June 30, 2019, the County had the following investments and maturities:

	Valuation							
Investment Type	Measurement	Fair Value	Les	s than 6 Months	6 -	12 Months	1	2 Years
	Method							
US Government Agencies/Securities	Fair Value - Level 1	\$ 26,420,447	\$	14,964,648	\$	9,955,471	\$	1,500,328
Commerical Paper	Fair Value - Level 2	6,970,347	\$	6,970,347		-		-
NC Capital Management Trust -								
Cash Portfolio	Fair Value - Level 1	100,473,385		N/A		N/A		N/A
NC Capital Management Trust -								
Term Portfolio	Fair Value - Level 1	9,888,543		N/A		N/A		N/A
Total		\$143,752,722	\$	21,934,995	\$	9,955,471	\$	1,500,328

All investments are measured using the market approach. The market approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or group of assets.

Levels of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level 2: Debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the County's investment policy requires investment purchases to be based upon cash flow needs with staggered maturity dates of no more than two years.

Credit Risk: The County has a Board adopted investment policy which places greater restrictions than required under G.S. 159-30(c). This policy seeks to assure investment quality and to mitigate credit risks. State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of June 30, 2019, the County's investments in commercial paper were rated P1 by Standard & Poor's, F1 by Fitch Ratings, and A1 by Moody's Investors Service. The County's investments in the NC Capital Management Trust Cash Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAA by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2019. The County's investments in US Agencies (Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Banks, Federal National Mortgage Assn and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation) are rated AAA by Standard & Poors and Aaa by Moody's Investor Service.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Cumberland County has adopted a formal investment policy. Cumberland County uses Wells Fargo Securities to provide third-party safekeeping service for the County. The securities are held in a separate entity with the bank and are held in the name of County of Cumberland. Cumberland County uses the Pooling Method of collateralization when purchasing Certificates of Deposits.

Concentration of Credit Risk: It is the County's policy that no more than 20% of the total investment portfolio may be invested in commercial paper and banker's acceptances. In addition, no more than \$4

million of the total investment portfolio will be invested in any one company's commercial paper or \$7 million in financial institution's bankers' acceptances. Federal Agencies/Securities investment represents 18.46% of total County's investment portfolio: Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLB) 5.62%, Fannie Mae (FNMA) 2.44%, Freddie Mac (FHLMC) 1.75% and United States Treasury Bills (USTB) 8.65%. More than 50% of the County's investment are in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

C - RECONCILIATION TO CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	County		ABC Board		District		District		District		District		District		District		District		District		District		District		District		District		District		District		District		District		 TDA	 Bureau	FCEDC
Cash and cash equivalents - Unrestricted Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted	\$	193,722,926 29,627,269	\$	4,626,026 50,930	\$	2,257,335 253,656	\$ 1,732,315	\$ 1,374,643	\$ 624,662 -																														
Cash and cash equivalent - Restricted Agency funds		1,060,087		-		_	-	-	-																														
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	224,410,282	\$	4,676,956	\$	2,510,991	\$ 1,732,315	\$ 1,374,643	\$ 624,662																														

D - Investments - Eastover Sanitary District

At June 30, 2019, Eastover Sanitary District, a discretely presented component unit, had investments of \$20,000 held at North Carolina Capital Management Trust.

Note 3 - Receivables - Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Allowances for doubtful accounts at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Governmental	Busin	ess Type
	Activities	Act	ivities
Taxes receivable	\$ 4,740,547	\$	827
Other receivables	17,373		-
	\$ 4,757,920	\$	827

The allowance for doubtful accounts for Eastover Sanitary District at June 30, 2019 is \$121,015.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

	Beginning Balances		Increases & Adjustments		ecreases & djustments		Ending Balances
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	17,377,823	\$	925,063	\$ 78,968	\$	18,223,918
Construction in progress		2,207,948		4,179,067	 67,159		6,319,856
Total capital assets not being depreciated		19,585,771		5,104,130	146,127	<u> </u>	24,543,774
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		279,923,693		5,159,325	-		285,083,018
Equipment, furniture and fixtures		22,570,001		1,775,089	1,073,193		23,271,897
Vehicles		11,923,088		1,361,003	 442,571		12,841,520
Total capital assets being depreciated		314,416,782		8,295,417	 1,515,764		321,196,435
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		111,978,140		7,071,508	-		119,049,648
Equipment, furniture and fixtures		18,504,245		1,204,291	1,071,925		18,636,611
Vehicles		9,482,268		1,017,357	413,741		10,085,884
Total accumulated depreciation		139,964,653	\$	9,293,156	\$ 1,485,666		147,772,143
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		174,452,129					173,424,292
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	194,037,900				\$	197,968,066

Total governmental activities capital assets include internal service fund capital assets with a book value of \$0.

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Depreciation was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 2,786,957
Public safety	2,961,274
Human services	1,885,505
Economic and physical development	640,786
Cultural and recreational	 1,018,634
Total depreciation expense	\$ 9,293,156

ısiness-type activities:	Beginning		Decreases &	Ending
Cumberland County Solid Waste	Balances	Increases	Transfers	Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:				•
Land	\$ 3,360,411	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,360,41
Construction in progress	7,807,953	732,807		8,540,76
total capital assets not being depreciated	11,168,364	732,807	-	11,901,17
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Landfill	11,332,316	-	-	11,332,31
Buildings and building improvements	7,595,692	-	-	7,595,69
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	12,742,738	1,826,732	455,942	14,113,52
Vehicles	3,065,014	451,064		3,516,07
Total capital assets being depreciated	34,735,760	2,277,796	455,942	36,557,63
Less accumulated depreciation for:				•
Landfill	11,332,316	-	-	11,332,33
Building and building improvements	5,181,375	90,946	-	5,272,32
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	8,679,809	736,177	454,976	8,961,03
Vehicles	2,686,516	179,832	-	2,866,34
Total accumulated depreciation	27,880,016	\$ 1,006,955	\$ 454,976	28,431,99
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	6,855,744			8,125,6
Cumberland County Solid Waste capital assets, net	\$ 18,024,108			\$ 20,026,75
Cumberland County Crown Center Capital assets not being depreciated:	ć 2.502.462	ć	ė.	ć 2.502.1
Land	\$ 3,503,162	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,503,1
Construction in progress	1,085,759	3,419,584		4,505,34
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,588,921	3,419,584		8,008,50
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and building improvements	72,843,219	286,862	-	73,130,0
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	4,427,605	77,645	7,186	4,498,0
Vehicles	26,619			26,6
Total capital assets being depreciated	77,297,443	364,507	7,186	77,654,7
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and building improvements	39,126,639	1,838,168	-	40,964,8
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3,804,459	96,828	7,186	3,894,10
Vehicles	26,619			26,6
Total accumulated depreciation	42,957,717	\$ 1,934,996	\$ 7,186	44,885,52
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	34,339,726			32,769,23
Cumberland County Crown Center capital assets, net	\$ 38,928,647			\$ 40,777,7
Kelly Hills Water and Sewer District				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Plant and distribution system	\$ 2,676,498	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,676,49
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,676,498	-		2,676,49
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Plant and distribution system	816,498	66,429	-	882,92
	816,498	\$ 66,429	\$ -	882,92
Total accumulated depreciation	010,100			
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,860,000	ψ σσ, 123		1,793,57

Business-type activities: (continued)	Beginning		Decreases &	Ending
Norcress Water and Sewer District	Balances	Increases	Transfers	Balances
Capital assets being depreciated:	4			
Plant and distribution system	\$ 9,523,623	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,523,623
Total capital assets being depreciated	9,523,623			9,523,623
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Plant and distribution system	3,263,606	228,228	<u> </u>	3,491,834
Total accumulated depreciation	3,263,606	\$ 228,228	\$ -	3,491,834
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	6,260,017			6,031,789
Norcress Water and Sewer District capital assets, net	\$ 6,260,017			\$ 6,031,789
Southpoint Water and Sewer District				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Capital assets being depreciated:				·
Plant and distribution system	471,733			471,733
Total capital assets being depreciated	471,733		-	471,733
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Plant and distribution system	58,966	11,793		70,759
Total accumulated depreciation	58,966	\$ 11,793	\$ -	70,759
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	412,767			400,974
Southpoint Water and Sewer District capital assets, net	\$ 412,767			\$ 400,974
Overhills Park Water and Sewer District				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 16,923	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,923
Construction in progress	4,367,692	6,064	-	4,373,756
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,384,615	\$ 6,064	\$ -	4,390,679
- ·		7 0,004	-	
Overhills Parks Water and Sewer District capital assets, net	\$ 4,384,615			\$ 4,390,679
Bragg Estates Water and Sewer District				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ -	\$ 12,040	\$ -	\$ 12,040
Construction in progress	86,711	10,939	-	97,650
Total capital assets not being depreciated	86,711	\$ 22,979	\$ -	109,690
Bragg Estates Water and Sewer District capital assets, net	\$ 86,711	<u> </u>		\$ 109,690
Total Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 69,956,865			\$ 73,531,235
,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				

At June 30, 2019, the County has construction contracts in progress in the amount of \$14,209,965 for various capital projects and improvements including construction of additional cells at the County landfill. The remaining commitment on these contracts is \$3,133,448.

Eastover Sanitary District is preparing to build a new office building. At June 30, 2019, the District has not committed to a timeline for completing the project but does have an outstanding architectural contract related to the project in the amount of \$115,254.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The following is a summary of proprietary fund-type capital assets for the ABC Board at June 30:

	Beginning		Dec	creases &	Ending				
ABC Board		Balances Increases		ncreases	T	ransfers	Balances		
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	2,138,260	\$		\$		\$	2,138,260	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings and building improvements		3,668,724		-		-		3,668,724	
Leasehold improvements		1,170,300		2,250		58,815		1,113,735	
Furniture and equipment		1,306,483		140,007		68,200		1,378,290	
Vehicles		429,207		45,927		53,637		421,497	
Total capital assets being depreciated		6,574,714		188,184		180,652		6,582,246	
Less accumulated depreciation		4,129,170		356,975		160,381		4,646,526	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		2,445,544	\$	(168,791)	\$	(20,271)		2,256,482	
ABC capital assets, net	\$	4,583,804					\$	4,394,742	

The following is a summary of proprietary fund-type capital assets for the Eastover Sanitary District at June 30:

Eastover Sanitary District	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases & Transfers	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 109,799	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 109,799
Construction in progress		19,966		19,966
Total capital assets not being depreciated	109,799	-	-	129,765
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Waterlines	24,103,856	476,570	-	24,580,426
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	23,874	-	-	23,874
Total capital assets being depreciated	24,127,730	476,570	-	24,604,300
Less accumulated depreciation	5,715,382	603,126		6,318,508
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	18,412,348	\$ (126,556)	\$ -	18,285,792
Eastover Santary District capital assets, net	\$ 18,522,147			\$ 18,415,557

The following is a summary of proprietary fund-type capital assets for the Fayetteville Area Visitors and Convention Bureau at June 30:

Fayetteville Area Visitors and Convention Bureau	eginning Salances	Ir	ncreases	 reases & ansfers		Ending alances
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 25,519	\$	2,053	\$ (1,749)		29,321
Equipment	294,803		1,882	2,339		294,346
Software	22,621		-	-		22,621
Capital improvements	163,340		-	-		163,340
Total capital assets being depreciated	506,283		3,935	590	-	509,628
Less accumulated depreciation	272,246		18,444	(409)		290,281
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	234,037	\$	(14,509)	\$ 181		219,347
FAVCB capital assets, net	\$ 234,037				\$	219,347

NOTE 5 - PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS

A - LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE SYSTEM

Plan Description

The County administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85% of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G. S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2017 (Valuation Date) the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	39
Active plan members	<u>311</u>
Total	<u>350</u>

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting: The Separation Allowance Fund is merged with the General Fund for reporting purposes. The Separation Allowance Fund is maintained on a modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB 73.

Actuarial Assumptions

The "Entry Age Normal" (EAN) actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability (TPL) was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.50% to 7.35%, including inflation and productivity factor

Discount rate 3.64%

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was the S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade Rate Index.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ending December 31, 2014.

<u>Deaths After Retirement (Healthy):</u> RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally for 2015 using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 104% for males and 100% for females.

<u>Deaths Before Retirement:</u> RP-2014 Employee base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015.

<u>Deaths After Retirement (Beneficiary):</u> RP-2014 Health Annuitant base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 123% for males and females.

<u>Deaths After Retirement (Disabled)</u>: RP-2014 Disabled Retiree base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 103% for males and 99% for females.

Contributions

The County is required by Article 12D of G. S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits. The amounts necessary to cover the cost of the benefits are budgeted each fiscal year and are funded on a pay as you go basis. The County has a committed fund balance assignment for the pension obligation. However, these funds are not set aside in an irrevocable trust. There were no contributions made by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The County paid \$572,391 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a total pension liability of \$8,480,319. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to December 31, 2018 utilizing updated procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$726,826.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	126,472	\$	-
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		336,100		333,581
County benefit payments and plan admin expense made				
subsequent to the measurement date		307,730		-
Total	\$	770,302	\$	333,581

The County paid \$305,892 in benefit payments and \$1,838 in administrative expenditures subsequent to the measurement date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions which will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension benefits will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:						
2020	\$	47,785				
2021		47,785				
2022		47,783				
2023		9,365				
2024		(23,727)				
Thereafter		-				
	\$	128,991				

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.64%, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.64%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.64%) than the current rate:

	1	L% Decrease	ecrease Discount Rate		1	L% Increase
		(2.64%)		(3.64%)		(4.64%)
Total pension liability	\$	9,125,842	\$	8,480,319	\$	7,887,260

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	 2019
Beginning balance	\$ 8,662,059
Service Cost	412,469
Interest on the total pension liability	264,882
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of	
the total pension liability	3,481
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(303,123)
Benefit payments	(559,449)
Other changes	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 8,480,319

Changes of Assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.16% at the December 31, 2017 Measurement Date (MD) to 3.64% at December 31, 2018 MD.

Changes in Benefit Terms. Reported compensation adjusted to reflect the assumed rate of pay as of the valuation date.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on the Society of Actuaries (SOA) RP-2014 Mortality Tables Report'. The SOA has updated the mortality rates with the Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2015.

ABC Board

In regard to the Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance System (LEO), the ABC Board is governed by the same laws as the County and has also established a Separation Allowance for its law enforcement officers. At December 31, 2018, membership of the Board's Separation Allowance consisted of six active plan members. The Board has chosen to pay benefits and administration costs on a pay as you go basis. The Board paid benefits of \$22,067 and \$0 for the years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. No contributions were made to the plan by employees. The ABC Board's Actuarial Valuation for the LEO Retirement plan is reported in the ABC Board's Annual Independent Audit. This report may be obtained by writing the Cumberland County ABC Board; 1705 Owen Drive, Fayetteville, NC 28303; or calling (910) 484-8167.

B - LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description. The County and the ABC Board are participating employers in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. The County's Crown Coliseum is classified as a separate entity from the County for LGERS reporting purposes. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's

contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 8.50% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.75% for general employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$7,277,190 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions. County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions, or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

County Wide - Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a liability of \$31,862,451 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing updated procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019 (measured as of June 30, 2018), the County's proportion was 1.343%, which was a decrease of .176% from its proportion as of June 30, 2018 (measured as of June 30, 2017).

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$8,747,804. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		rred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	4,915,619	\$	164,944
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		8,455,065		-
pension plan investments		4,373,767		-
Changes in proportion and differences between County				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		12,367		1,190,672
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		7,277,190		-
Total	\$	25,034,008	\$	1,355,616

\$7,277,190 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 8,199,256
2021	5,241,792
2022	709,759
2023	2,250,395
Thereafter	
	\$ 16,401,202

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.50%

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

The plan actuary uses mortality rates based on the *RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table* that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net

pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease (6.00%)		Discount Rate (7.00%)		1% Increase (8.00%)	
76.536.367	\$	31.862.451	\$	(5,467,773)	
		(6.00%)	(6.00%) (7.00%)	(6.00%) (7.00%)	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

Crown Coliseum - Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Crown reported a liability of \$0 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing updated procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Crown's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Crown's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the Crown's proportion was 0%, which was unchanged from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Crown recognized a negative pension expense of \$69,183. At June 30, 2019, the Crown reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	\$	-	\$	-	
pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between County		-		-	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		752	
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	Ċ	-	Ċ	- 752	
TOtal	3		>	/32	

The Crown did not make any pension contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 because the operations of the Crown were turned over to a private management company during the year ended June 30, 2014 and County positions were eliminated. Thus, there were not any deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Crown contributions subsequent to the measurement date.

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ (752)
2021	-
2022	-
2023	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ (752)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00% Salary increases 3.50%

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

The plan actuary uses mortality rates based on the *RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table* that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected

inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)		unt Rate 00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)		
Crown's proportionate share of the net			 		100707	
pension liability (asset)	\$	=	\$ -	\$	-	

C - SUPPLEMENTAL RETIREMENT INCOME PLAN FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

Plan Description. The County and the ABC Board contribute to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County and the ABC Board. Article 5 of G. S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend

benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454 or www.osc.nc.gov.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G. S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to 5% of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$1,164,636 which consisted of \$822,937 from the County and \$341,699 from the law enforcement officers.

Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the ABC Board to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary. The Board also contributes 5% of each employee's salary for employees not engaged in law enforcement. All amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, employees participating may make voluntary contributions to the plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, contributions for law enforcement officers were \$28,661 which consisted of \$18,542 from the ABC Board and \$10,119 from the law enforcement officers. Total contributions for employees not engaged in law enforcement for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$169,375 which consisted of \$117,157 from the ABC Board and \$52,218 from the employees.

D - REGISTER OF DEEDS' SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION FUND

Plan Description. Cumberland County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a noncontributory, defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Resisters of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions. Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$27,291 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported an asset of \$489,604 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension asset was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing updated procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2018, the County's proportion was 2.956%, which was a decrease of .315% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$131,386. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	4,316	\$	22,347	
Changes of Assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		23,027		-	
pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between County		78,039		-	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		52,838		-	
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		27,291		-	
Total	\$	185,511	\$	22,347	

\$27,291 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 72,154
2021	28,600
2022	22,998
2023	12,121
Thereafter	 -
	\$ 135,873

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 3.50% to 7.75% including inflation and

productivity factors

Investment rate of return 3.75%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income returns projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2018 is 1.4%.

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.75%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease Discount Rate (2.75%) (3.75%)		1% Increase (4.75%)		
County's proportionate share of the net		_	 _		
pension liability (asset)	\$	(386,025)	\$ (489,604)	\$	(576,954)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

E. Summary Tables - Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability/asset for LGERS and ROD was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability/asset used to calculate the net pension liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability/asset was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing updated procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability for LEOSSA liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to December 31, 2018 utilizing updated procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	LGERS	CROWN	ROD	LEOSSA	<u>Total</u>
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 31,862,451	\$ -	\$ (489,604)	n/a	\$ 31,372,847
(Asset)	1.343%	-	2.956%	n/a	
Total Pension Liability	-	-	-	8,480,319	8,480,319
Pension Expense	\$ 8,747,804	\$ (69,183)	\$ 131,386	\$ 726,826	\$ 9,536,833

At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	LGERS	CROWN	ROD	LEOSSA	Total
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,915,619	\$ -	\$ 4,316	\$ 126,472	\$ 5,046,407
Changes of assumptions	8,455,065	-	23,027	336,100	8,814,192
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	4,373,767	-	78,039	-	4,451,806
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	12,367	-	52,838	-	65,205
County contributions (LGERS,ROD)/benefit payments and administration costs (LEOSSA) subsequent to the measurement date	7,277,190	-	27,291	307,730	7,612,211
Total Deferred Outflows	25,034,008		185,511	770,302	25,989,821
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 164,944	\$ -	\$ 22,347	\$ -	\$ 187,291
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-	333,581	333,581
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,190,672	752	-	-	1,191,424
Total Deferred Inflows	\$ 1,355,616	\$ 752	\$ 22,347	\$ 333,581	\$ 1,712,296

F - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description - Under the terms of a County resolution, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit Health Care Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). The County has discontinued offering retiree health insurance for employees hired after June 30, 2016. For employees hired between July 1, 2008 and June 30, 2016 this plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the County, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees Retirement System and have at least twenty-five years of consecutive years of creditable service with the County. Prior to July 1, 2008, employees qualified for a similar level of benefits after ten years of creditable service with the County. The plan, which has a June 30, 2019 year end, does not issue a stand-alone report. Management of the HCB Plan is vested in the County Board of Commissioners.

Plan Membership. At the June 30, 2017 Valuation Date. The HCB Plan Membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	832
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0
Active plan members	<u>1843</u>
Total	<u>2,675</u>

Benefits Provided. The HCB Plan provides healthcare benefits for retirees. The county is self-insured and contracts with a private insurer to provide all administrative services. Effective July 1, 2019, the County has contracted with Amwins to provide fully insured coverage for the Medicare Supplement Plan. The County pays a monthly premium for each retiree. The County will continue to be self-insured for the claims of retirees under age 65.

Contributions. The Board of Commissioners has established the contribution requirements of plan and may amend the plan. The County has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis. The Fiscal Year 2020 Budget includes the funding of \$1,000,000 for an OPEB Trust. Currently, active County employees pay a monthly premium for the HCB Plan. The premium is adjusted based on whether or not the employee has submitted to the County's health risk assessment. Premiums for dependents are based on the number of dependents and whether or not the dependent has submitted to the County's risk assessment. Retirees not eligible for Medicare are enrolled in the same plan as active County employees. A retiree's spouse may continue to be covered under the County's group plan until the spouse becomes eligible for Medicare health benefits, or the retired employee dies, at which time the coverage ceases. Retirees eligible for Medicare who have Medicare Part A & B are enrolled in a Medicare carve-out plan with Medicare being the primary provider. The retiree pays the premium for Part A & B and the County pays all remaining costs.

Total OPEB Liability

The County's Total OPEB Liability of \$171,701,931 was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

Actuarial assumptions. The Total OPEB Liability (TOL) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	1.00%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	
General Employees	3.50% - 7.75%
Law Enforcement Officers	3.50% - 7.35%
Municipal Bond Index	
Prior Measurement Date	3.56%
Measurement Date	3.89%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Pre-Medicare	7.50% for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate

rate of 5.00% by 2023
5.50% for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate
rate of 5.00% by 2020

The County selected a Municipal Bond Index Rate equal to the June average of the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer, and the discount used to measure the TOL is the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of the measurement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using the Scale MP-2015.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 – December 31, 2014, adopted by LGERS Board.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience performed concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Medicare

	Total OPEB Liability
Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2017	\$ 295,544,503
Changes for the year	
Service cost	9,517,173
Interest	10,410,855
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(128,191,230)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(9,315,098)
Benefit payments	(6,264,272)
Net changes	(123,842,572)
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 171,701,931

Discount rate. The discount rates used to measure the TOL at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2018 were 3.56% and 3.89% respectively. The change was due to a change in the Municipal Bond Index from the Prior Measurement Date (June 30, 2017) to the current Measurement Date (June 30, 2018)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Discount Rates

The following presents the TOL of the County reported at June 30, 2019, as well as what the County's TOL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(2.89%)	(3.89 %)	(4.89%)	
Total OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 202,441,565	5 \$ 171,701,931	\$ 147,559,281	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rates.

The following presents the TOL of the County, determined using current health care cost trend rates, as well as what the County's TOL would be if it were to calculate healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1	L% Decrease	Current	1% Increase	
Total OPEB liability (asset)	\$	143,942,869	\$ 171,701,93	1 \$	207,755,313

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$(7,297,842). At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred Inflows	
	0	utflows of	C	of Resources
	R	lesources		
Differences between expected and actual	\$	-	\$	107,909,334
Changes of assumptions		-		29,387,678
Benefit payments and administrative costs made				
subsequent to the measurement date		6,706,348		
Total	\$	6,706,348	\$	137,297,012
Total	<u>\$</u>	6,706,348	\$	137,297,012

\$6,706,348 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Measurement Period ended June 30:					
2020	\$	(27,240,040)			
2021		(27,240,040)			
2022		(27,240,040)			
2023		(27,240,040)			
2024		(21,630,504)			
Thereafter		0			
	\$	(130,590,664)			

ABC Board

Plan Description - Under the terms of an ABC Board Resolution the ABC Board administers a single-employer defined benefit, Healthcare Benefits Plan (HCB). The plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the ABC Board, provided they participate in the LGERS and have at least thirty years of creditable service with the ABC Board. The ABC Board pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits through private insurers. The ABC Board's retirees cannot purchase spouse or dependent coverage. The ABC Board's Actuarial Valuation for OPEB benefits is reported in the ABC Board's Annual Independent Audit. This report may be obtained by writing the Cumberland County ABC Board; 1705 Owen Drive, Fayetteville, NC 28303; or calling (910) 484-8167.

G - OTHER EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The County and ABC Board have elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for Members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a multiple-employer State-administered cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to employees' death, but the benefit may not be less than \$25,000 and no more than \$50,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll, based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. Because the benefit payments are made by the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants.

Note 6 - Closure and Post-closure Care Costs - Ann St. Sanitary Landfill Facility

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its Ann Street Sanitary Landfill Facility when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$13,193,952 reported as landfill closure and post-

closure care liability at June 30, 2019 represents a closed landfill with estimated costs of \$140,341, a Construction & Demolition (C&D) landfill with estimated costs of \$3,118,110 and the subtitle D landfill with estimated costs of \$9,935,500. The costs associated with the C & D landfill and the subtitle D landfill represent a cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 60.47% and 64.59%, respectively, of the total estimated capacity. The County will recognize the remaining estimated post-closure costs of \$250,928 for the old unlined landfill and the cost of closure and post-closure care of \$2,038,172 and \$5,447,702 for the C & D landfill and subtitle D landfill, respectively, as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in 2019. The life expectancy of the C & D landfill is estimated at 7 years and the subtitle D landfill at 11 years. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County has met the requirements of a local government financial test that is one option under State and Federal laws and regulations that helps determine if a unit is financially able to meet closure and post-closure care requirements.

Note 7 - Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Primary Government

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred charge on refunding of debt	\$	3,528,970	\$	_
(Pensions, OPEB) - difference between expected and actual				
experience		5,046,407		108,096,625
(Pensions, OPEB) - Changes of Assumptions		8,814,192		29,721,259
(Pensions, OPEB) - difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan		4,451,806		-
(Pensions, OPEB) Change in proportion and difference				
between employer (County) contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		65,205		1,191,424
(Pensions, OPEB) Employer (County) contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date		14,318,559		
Prepaid taxes not yet earned (General)				735,355
Total	\$	36,225,139	\$	139,744,663

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is self-insured with respect to health insurance (up to \$150,000 per occurrence), worker's compensation (up to \$850,000 per occurrence), unemployment compensation and some general liability risks. Losses from asserted claims and from un-asserted claims identified under the County's incident reporting system are accrued based on estimates that incorporate the County's past experience, as well as other considerations including the nature of each claim and relevant trend factors. Incurred but not reported claims have been accrued as a liability based upon the carrier's estimate. Additional Health Insurance stop loss coverage is purchased through the Blue Cross Blue Shield health insurance trust for claims in excess of coverage.

The County carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

The claims liability of each insurance fund at June 30, 2019 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported, if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the balances of claim liabilities for the County during the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2019 were as follows:

		Current-Year		
	Beginning-of-	Claims and		Balance at
	Fiscal-Year	Changes in	Claims	Fiscal
	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Year-End
2018-2019	5,235,264	21,020,311	(20,690,488)	5,565,087
2017-2018	5,362,249	18,679,025	(18,806,010)	5,235,264

Note: The County contracted with an Actuary to perform a Loss Reserve Analysis for fiscal year 2019. The total loss reserve estimate is \$3,893,839. The actuarial report states that a reasonable range for the reserve is plus or minus ten percent which is \$3,504,555 to \$4,283,223. The County's reserve of \$3,622,800 is within the ten percent range.

The County does not carry flood insurance through the National Flood Insurance Plan (NFIP). The County's insurance carriers performed an analysis of the flood maps and made a determination that the County was not designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the County Finance Officer and Tax Administrator are each individually bonded for \$100,000 and \$200,000, respectively. The County Finance Officer, as Finance Officer for the Cumberland County Tourism Development Authority, each of the County's five Water & Sewer District Authorities, and the Eastover Sanitary District, is individually bonded for \$50,000 for each entity. The County also maintains individual bonds ranging from \$20,000 to \$50,000 for other selected officials. As part of the County's property insurance policy, County employees are insured for theft up to \$100,000.

Alcohol Beverage Control Board (ABC) – The ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has commercial property, general liability, auto liability, workers' compensation and employee health coverage. The ABC Board also has liquor legal liability. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. In accordance with G.S. 18B-700(i) each board member and the employees designated as the general manager and finance officer are bonded in the amount of \$50,000 secured by a corporate entity.

Note 9 - Long-term Obligations

A - SUMMARY OF LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of the County's long-term debt obligations (principal) at June 30, 2019:

Name of Debt Issue	Issue Date	Purpose of Debt Issue	Interest Rates	Issue Amount	Principal 6/30/19
Name of Dest issue	Date	rui pose oi Debt issue	Nates	Amount	0/30/13
General Obligation Bonds					
Refunding Series 2011	7/12/2011	Refund Schools	2.0 - 5.0%	\$ 12,735,000	\$ 5,355,000
General Obligation Bonds - Direct Borrowings and	Direct Placeme	nts			
Sanitary Sewer Series 2005 (USDA)	8/22/2005	NORCRESS Sewer	4.125%	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 1,032,000
Revenue Bonds - Direct Borrowings and Direct Pla	cements				
2018A USDA Revenue Bonds (USDA)	6/11/2018	Overhills Park Sewer	2.375%	\$ 819,000	\$ 819,000
2018B USDA Revenue Bonds (USDA)	6/11/2018	Overhills Park Sewer	1.625%	560,000	560,000
				\$ 1,379,000	\$ 1,379,000
Certificates of Participation & Limited Obligation I	Bonds				
COPS Series 2009A	3/25/2009	New Century Elementary School	3.0 - 5.125%	\$ 17,139,835	\$ 901,874
(partially refunded by LOBS Ref 2017)		West Regional Library		5,285,165	278,126
				22,425,000	1,180,000
COPS Refunding Series 2009B	5/13/2009	Refund Crown Coliseum	2.0 - 5.0%	37,090,000	17,225,000
CO. O Ne. al. al. al. al. al. al. al. al. al. al	3, 23, 2003	Refund DSS Building	2.0 3.070	20,930,000	-
		Refund Detention Facility		31,470,000	9,865,000
				89,490,000	27,090,000
LOBS Series 2011A (QSCB) (Regions Bank) (1)	1/26/2011	New Century Middle School	6.1%	\$ 14,805,000	\$ 6,909,000
LOBS Refunding Series 2011B	7/14/2011	Refund Public Health Facility	2.0 - 5.0%	21,125,000	3,660,000
(partially refunded by LOBS Ref 2017)	, , -	Refund Gray's Creek Middle Schl		16,630,000	2,775,000
				37,755,000	6,435,000
LOBS Refunding Series 2017	8/2/2017	Partial Refund of COPS 2009A	2.0 - 5.0%	9,815,000	9,815,000
LODS Returning Series 2017	0/2/2017	Partial Refund of LOBS Ref 2011B	2.0 3.070	13,190,000	13,190,000
				23,005,000	23,005,000
				\$ 187,480,000	\$ 64,619,000
Certificates of Participation - Direct Borrowings ar	nd Direct Placen	nents			
COPS Tax Credit Series 2009 (QSCB) (Wachovia)	12/1/2009	Various School Projects	1.25%	\$ 15,900,000	\$ 6,956,250
Installment Financing Notes - Direct Borrowings a	nd Direct Placer	nents			
Build America Bonds (ARRA) (2)	5/14/2010	Crown Center Renovations	3.2045%	\$ 1,980,000	\$ 198,000
Recovery Zone Econ Dev Bonds (ARRA) (2)	5/14/2010	Crown Center Renovations	2.7115%	1,138,000	113,800
NC Clean Drinking Water Loan	11/1/2013	Southpoint Water Project	0.00%	100,323	69,937
Fayetteville Tech Comm College (PNC Bank)	10/9/2014	Purchase Building	1.27%	3,000,000	600,000
Governmental Capital Improvements (PNC Bank)	6/15/2016	Governmental Capital Projects	1.84%	1,100,000	916,667
Gov'tl & Enterprise Capital Improv (PNC Bank)	9/1202017	Gov'tl & Enterprise Cap Projects	Variable	2,400,904	7,976,442
				\$ 9,719,227	\$ 9,874,846
Total				\$ 228,463,227	\$ 89,216,096

⁽¹⁾ Interest rate shown is the gross interest rate. The effective rate is less after federal interest rebate.

⁽²⁾ The interest rate shown is the effective rate after federal interest rebate.

B - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

All general obligation bonds serviced by the County's general fund are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due. The County's general obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2019 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Governmental Activities (public offering):

\$12,735,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011

Serial bonds payable annually from February 1, 2012 through August 1, 2022 in amounts ranging from \$130,000 to \$2,405,000; interest ranges from 2.0% to 5.0%.

Bond premium 325,376 \$ 5,680,376

Business type Activities (direct borrowings and direct placements):

\$1,250,000 General Obligation Sewer Bonds, Series 2005

Serial bonds payable annually from June 1, 2008 through June 1, 2045 in amounts from \$14,000 to \$52,000; interest of 4.125%

\$ 1,032,000

5,355,000

At June 30, 2019, the County had bonds authorized but unissued of \$3,195,000 and a legal debt margin of \$2,174,315,000.

C - REVENUE BONDS

USDA Revenue bonds were issued on June 11, 2018 to retire bond anticipation notes used to fund construction of infrastructure for Overhills Park Water & Sewer District. These bonds are payable solely from revenues generated through the operations of Overhills Park Water and Sewer District. No County funds have been pledged for repayment of the obligation. The County's revenue bonds payable at June 30, 2019 are comprised of the following issues

Business type Activities (direct borrowings and direct placements):

\$819,000 USDA Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A

Serial bonds with annual interest-only payments for two years. Principal payable annually from June 1, 2021 through June 1, 2058 in amounts ranging from \$14,000 to \$28,000. Interest is paid annually at a rate of 2.375%

819,000

\$560,000 USDA Revenue Bonds, Series 2018B

Serial bonds with annual interest-only payments for two years. Principal payable annually from June 1, 2021 through June 1, 2058 in amounts ranging from \$11,000 to \$21,000. Interest is paid annually at a rate of 1.625%.

560,000 \$ 1,379,000

D - CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION AND LIMITED OBLIGATION BONDS

Certificates of participation and other limited obligation bonds outstanding for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Governmental Activities (public offerings):

\$22,425,000 Current Interest Serial 2009A Certificates

Partially refunded in amount of \$10,620,000 on August 2, 2017. Due in annual installments of \$1,180,000 from December 1, 2017 to December 1, 2019. Interest paid semiannually at rates ranging from 3.875% to 4.000%.

\$ 1,180,000

\$27,235,000 Current Interest Serial 2009B Refunding Certificates

Due in annual installments ranging from \$115,000 to \$4,295,000, from December 1, 2009 through December 1, 2023. Interest is paid semiannually at rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%.

6,720,000

\$13,295,000 Current Interest Serial 2009B Refunding Certificates

Due in annual installments ranging from \$275,000 to \$3,050,000, from December 1, 2011 through December 1, 2022. Interest is paid semiannually at rates ranging from 2.5% to 4.0%.

3,145,000

\$14,805,000 Current Interest Serial 2011A QSCB Limited Obligation Bonds

Due in annual installments of \$987,000 from November 1, 2011 to November 1, 2026. Interest is paid semiannually at the rate of 6.10% prior to a federal interest subsidy of 5.49%.

6,909,000

\$37,755,000 Current Interest Serial 2011B Limited Obligation Refunding Bonds

Partially refunded in amount of \$13,530,000 on August 2, 2017. Due in annual installments ranging from \$2,130,000 to \$2,150,000, from November 1, 2017 through November 1, 2021. Interest is paid semiannually at a rate of 5.0%

6,435,000

\$23,005,000 Current Interest Serial 2017 Limited Obligation Refunding Bonds

Due in annual installments ranging from \$1,110,000 to \$3,280,000, from November 1, 2020 through November 1, 2028. Interest is paid semiannually at rates ranging from 4.0% - 5.0%.

23,005,000

Governmental Activities (direct borrowings and direct placements):

\$15,900,000 Current Interest Serial 2009 QSCB Tax Credit Certificates

Due in annual installments of \$993,750 from December 15, 2010 to December 15, 2025. Interest is paid semiannually at 1.25%.

6,956,250 54,350,250 4,714,537 \$ 59,064,787

Premium

Business-type Activities (public offering):

\$25,690,000 Current Interest Serial 2009B Refunding Certificates

Due in various annual installments ranging from \$60,000 to \$3,785,000, from December 1, 2009 to December 1, 2024. Interest is paid semi-annually at rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%.

\$ 12,395,000

\$8,495,000 Current Interest Serial 2009B Refunding Certificates

Due in various annual installments ranging from \$100,000 to \$2,430,000, from December 1, 2011 through December 1, 2022. Interest is paid semiannually at rates ranging from 2.5% to 4.0%.

4,830,000 17,225,000 741,871 \$ 17,966,871

Premium

E - Installment Financing Obligations

Installment financing notes payable at June 30, 2019 are comprised of the following:

Governmental Activities (direct borrowings and direct placements):

\$3,000,000 Community College Installment Financing (PNC)

Payable in five annual principal payments of \$600,000 beginning November 9, 2015 plus interest of 1.27%.

\$ 600,000

\$1,100,000 Governmental Capital Improvements (PNC)

Interest only for two years beginning June 15, 2017 followed by six annual principal payments of \$183,333 plus interest of 1.84%.

916,667

\$3,591,484 Governmental Capital Improvements (PNC)

Available draw up to \$11,220,000 split between governmental and enterprise capital improvements. Monthly variable interest only payments for three years with principal due September 20, 2020.

3,591,484 \$ 5,108,151

Business-type Activities (direct borrowings and direct placements):

\$100,323 NC Clean Drinking Water Loan

Payable in twenty annual installments without interest beginning May 1, 2014.

\$ 69,937

\$1,980,000 Build America Bonds

Payable in ten annual installments of \$198,000 beginning May 14, 2011 and ending May 14, 2020. Interest is paid semiannually at 4.93% prior to 35% federal rebate of total interest paid.

198,000

\$1,138,000 Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds

Payable in ten annual installments of \$113,800 beginning May 14, 2011 and ending May 14, 2020. Interest is paid semiannually at 4.93% prior to 45% federal rebate of total interest paid.

113,800

\$4,384,958 Governmental Capital Improvements (PNC)

Available draw up to \$11,220,000 split between governmental and enterprise capital improvements. Monthly variable interest only payments for three years with principal due September 20, 2020.

4,384,958 \$ 4,766,695

On September 20, 2017, the County entered a direct borrowing agreement with PNC Bank providing for a 3-year draw program allowing the County to borrow up to \$11,220,000 as needed for various governmental and enterprise capital improvements. Principal is due in a lump sum at the end of the 3-year term and interest is paid monthly at a variable rate which has averaged around 2.2%. As of June 30, 2019, the County has an outstanding liability of \$7,976,442 and an available amount of \$3,243,558. In FY 2020, The County intends to draw the available funds and to liquidate the entire debt using the proceeds from a new permanent financing.

F - LONG-TERM OBLIGATION ACTIVITY

The following is a summary of changes in the County's long-term obligations as of June 30, 2019:

	Jı	Balance une 30, 2018	Additions	Re	fundings	[Decreases	Jı	Balance une 30, 2019	L	Current Portion of ong-term Liabilities
Governmental activities:			 								
General obligation bonds	\$	11,930,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	6,575,000	\$	5,355,000	\$	2,405,000
Premium		543,758	-		-		218,382		325,376		218,382
COPS & limited obligation bonds		53,741,000	-		-		6,347,000		47,394,000		6,347,000
Premium		5,475,896	-		-		761,359		4,714,537		756,723
COPS from direct											
borrowings and placements		7,950,000					993,750		6,956,250		993,750
Notes from direct											
borrowings and placements		3,414,148	2,477,336		-		783,333		5,108,151		783,333
Compensated absences		5,928,153	5,892,175		-		5,631,746		6,188,582		5,879,153
Total OPEB liability		286,977,276	-		-	1	120,296,577		166,680,699		-
Net pension liability (LGERS)		22,145,646	8,542,212		-		-		30,687,858		-
Total pension liability (LEO)		8,662,059	-		-		181,740		8,480,319		-
Total governmental activities	\$	406,767,936	\$ 16,911,723	\$	-	\$ 1	141,788,887	\$	281,890,772	\$	17,383,341

Of the total debt for governmental activities listed above, only \$64,172,938 relates to assets for which the County holds title. The Board of Education holds title to certain schools even though the related debt is held by the County. Unspent proceeds related to governmental activities debt is \$34,840.

Business-type activities:	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2018	 Additions	Re	fundings	 Decreases	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2019	L	Current Portion of ong-term Liabilities
GO bonds from direct										
borrowings and placements	\$	1,054,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 22,000	\$	1,032,000	\$	23,000
USDA Revenue bonds from direct										
borrowings and placements		1,379,000	-		-	-		1,379,000	\$	-
COPS & limited obligation bonds		19,665,000	-		-	2,440,000		17,225,000		2,570,000
Premium		878,832	-		-	136,961		741,871		136,961
Notes from direct										
borrowings and placements		1,985,289	3,098,202		-	316,796		4,766,695		316,796
Accrued landfill closure and										
postclosure costs		12,722,769	471,183		-	-		13,193,952		-
Compensated absences		112,254	128,607		-	106,641		134,220		127,509
Total OPEB liability		8,567,227	-		-	3,545,995		5,021,232		-
Net pension liability (LGERS)		498,173	186,816		-	-		684,989		-
Total business-type activities	\$	46,862,544	\$ 3,884,808	\$	-	\$ 6,568,393	\$	44,178,959	\$	3,174,266

There are no unspent proceeds related to business-type activities debt shown above.

Compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the General Fund and are accounted for on a last in, first out basis, assuming employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

Employer contributions made to liquidate the total OPEB liability for governmental funds are typically funded from the Retiree Insurance Fund.

The following summarizes the annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County (excluding accrued vacation, OPEB liability, net pension liability, accrued landfill closure and post-closure costs, and adjustments to carrying value for amortization of premiums):

	Gen Obligatio Principal	n Bond	ds Interest	_	General Obl from Direct and Direct Principal	t Borro	owings	_	Certificates of and Limited Ob	ligati	•	Certificates of from Direct and Direct F Principal	Borro	owings	_	Revenue from Direct I and Direct P Principal	Borrov lacem	vings .	 Notes Direct Bo and Direct I	rrowi Placer	ngs		tal Due	Interest
Governmental Activities: 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029 2030-2034	\$ 2,405,000 2,285,000 500,000 165,000 - - - 5,355,000	\$	200,975 83,725 16,600 3,300 - - - - 304,600	\$	- - - - - - -	\$	- - - - - - -	\$	6,347,000 6,257,000 6,217,000 6,202,000 6,172,000 16,199,000	\$	2,605,492 2,363,993 2,125,392 1,878,849 1,637,405 2,903,508	\$ 993,750 993,750 993,750 993,750 993,750 1,987,500 - 6,956,250	\$	198,750 198,750 198,750 198,750 198,750 298,125 - 1,291,875	\$	- - - - - - -	\$	- - - - - -	\$ 783,333 3,774,817 183,333 183,334 183,334 - - 5,108,151	\$	720,298 187,419 10,120 6,747 3,373 - - 927,957	\$ 10,529,083 13,310,567 7,894,083 7,544,084 7,349,084 18,186,500 64,813,401	\$	3,725,515 2,833,887 2,350,862 2,087,646 1,839,528 3,201,633 - 16,039,071
Premium	 325,376		-		-		-		4,714,537		-	-				-		-	-		-	5,039,913		-
(Total net of amortization)	\$ 5,680,376	\$	304,600	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	52,108,537	\$	13,514,639	\$ 6,956,250	\$	1,291,875	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$ 5,108,151	\$	927,957	\$ 69,853,314	\$	16,039,071
Business-type Activities: 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2044 2045-2049 2050-2054 2055-2059	\$ 	\$		\$	23,000 24,000 25,000 26,000 27,000 156,000 189,000 232,000 56,000 - - 1,032,000	\$	42,570 41,621 40,631 39,600 38,528 174,694 139,920 97,473 45,870 2,310	\$	2,570,000 2,680,000 2,805,000 2,930,000 3,050,000 3,190,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	700,125 586,875 467,750 339,562 220,500 79,750 - - - - 2,394,562	\$ 	\$		\$	25,000 25,000 25,000 26,000 137,000 152,000 168,000 187,000 207,000 228,000 199,000	\$	28,551 28,551 28,040 27,529 27,018 126,893 112,200 95,912 77,753 57,577 35,163 10,342	\$ 316,796 4,389,954 4,995 4,996 4,995 24,977 19,982 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	914,954 224,896 	\$ 2,909,796 7,118,954 2,859,995 2,985,996 3,107,995 3,507,977 360,982 400,000 461,000 263,000 228,000 199,000 24,402,695 741,871	\$	1,686,200 881,943 536,421 406,691 286,046 381,337 252,120 193,385 123,623 59,887 35,163 10,342 4,853,158
Premium	 •		-		-		-		741,871		-	 -		-		-		-			-	 741,871		
(Total net of amortization)	\$	\$	-	\$	1,032,000	\$	663,217	\$	17,966,871	\$	2,394,562	\$ -	\$		\$	1,379,000	\$	655,529	\$ 4,766,695	\$	1,139,850	\$ 25,144,566	\$	4,853,158

G — ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL FOR DEBT

Name of Issue	Date of Issue	Type of Borrowing	Project(s) Financed	Collateral
\$22,425,000 COPS, Series 2009	3/25/2009	Public	Western Elementary School and Western Branch Library	Deed of Trust on 61-acre site of Western Elementary School and Western Branch Library
\$89,490,000 Refunding COPS, Series 2009B	5/13/2009	Public	Refund Series 1998 Refunding COPS (Crown Center), Series 1998 Installment Payment Revenue Bonds (DSS Building) and Series 2000 Installment Payment Revenue Refunding Bonds (Detention Center)	Deed of Trust on Department of Social Services and Health Department Facilities
\$15,900,000 Tax Credit COPS (QSCB), Series 2009	12/1/2009	Direct	Renovations to 15 school facilities	Deed of Trust on Lloyd Aumen Elementary School
\$3,118,000 Installment Financing Contract (\$1,980,000 BABs and \$1,138,000 RZEDs) with RBC (now PNC Bank)	5/14/2010	Direct	Building renovations and equipment upgrades at the Crown Center	Equipment at the Crown Center Theater and Arena
\$14,805,000 Taxable LOBS (QSCBs), Series 2011A	1/26/2011	Public	New Century Middle School	Deed of Trust on New Century Middle School
\$37,755,000 Refunding LOBS, Series 2011B	7/14/2011	Public	Refinance two Installment Financing Contracts with RBC (Gray's Creek Middle School and Public Health Facility)	Deed of Trust on New Century Middle School, Gray's Creek Middle School, and Central Maintenance Facility
\$3,000,000 Installment Financing Contract with PNC Bank	10/9/2014	Direct	Acquisition and renovation of a new building for Fayetteville Technical Community College and improvements to the Horticultural Education Center	Deed of Trust on Horticultural Education Center
\$1,100,000 Installment Financing Contract with PNC Bank for various capital improvements	6/15/2016	Direct	Various governmental capital improvement projects	Deed of Trust on East Regional Library
\$23,005,000 Refunding LOBS, Series 2017	8/2/2017	Public	Partial refinance of two Installment Financing Contracts with RBC including the 2011B Refunding COPS (Gray's Creek Middle School and Public Health Facility) and the 2009A COPs (Western Elementary School and Western Branch Library)	Deed of Trust on New Century Middle School, Gray's Creek Middle School and the Central Maintenance Facility.
\$7,976,442 Installment Financing Contract with PNC Bank for various capital improvement contracts	9/20/2017	Direct	Various governmental and enterprise capital improvement projects with draws as needed to a maximum of \$11,220,000.	Deed of Trust on Spring Lake Library and Family Resource Center

H - DEBT OBLIGATIONS FOR SOUTHPOINT WATER AND SEWER DISTRICT

On March 13, 2013, the County entered an agreement with the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) for a loan from the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund for the Southpoint Water Project. DENR agreed to provide funding in an amount up to \$540,802 in the form of a loan from the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund with 80% of the loan immediately forgiven and the 20% loan balance to be repaid in annual installments over 20 years without interest. At June 30, 2015, the final total funding received under this agreement amounted to \$501,615, of which \$401,292 (80%) was immediately forgiven. The 20% remaining balance of \$100,323 is the final loan amount payable to the State of NC without interest. This loan is included in the two tables shown previously in Note F (Long-term Obligation Activity). The first principal payment of \$5,408 was made on May 1, 2014. At June 30, 2019, the outstanding loan balance is \$69,937. Annual loan payments are \$4,996 ending May 1, 2033.

I - CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The County's Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority has at various times issued industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private businesses for economic development purposes. These bonds are secured by the properties financed as well as letters of credit and are payable solely from payments received from the private businesses involved. Ownership of the acquired facilities is in the name of the private business served by the bond issuance. Neither the County, the Authority, the State, nor any other political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds, if any, are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2019, there were no industrial revenue bonds outstanding.

J - DEFEASANCE OF DEBT

Current Year Defeasance of Debt

There were no defeasances of debt during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Prior Years' Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, the County defeased various bond issues by creating separate irrevocable trust funds. New debt was issued, and the proceeds were used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in trust funds. The investments and related fixed earnings are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the call or maturity date. At June 30, 2019, the balance of defeased debt which has not been called or matured is \$10,620,000 for Certificates of Participation Series 2009A and \$13,530,000 for Limited Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2011B. For financial reporting purposes, the debt is considered defeased and therefore removed from the County's liabilities.

Gains and losses from debt refundings must be deferred and amortized over the lesser of the original remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt. At June 30, 2019, the County has unamortized net losses on defeasances totaling \$3,528,970 related to prior year refundings. Unamortized net losses on defeasance related to governmental activities debt consists of \$216,915 for general obligation bonds and \$2,183,282 for certificates of participation and other limited obligation bonds. Unamortized net losses on defeasance related to business-type activities debt consists of \$1,128,773 for certificates of participation

and other limited obligation bonds. These deferred amounts are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the government wide financial statements. In addition, unamortized premium increases the carrying value of the debt. At June 30, 2019, the County has unamortized premium totaling \$5,781,784. The carrying value of governmental activities general obligation refunding bonds has been adjusted for unamortized premium of \$325,376. The carrying value of governmental activities certificates of participation and other limited obligation bonds has been adjusted for unamortized premium of \$4,714,537. The carrying value of business-type activities certificates of participation and other limited obligation bonds has been adjusted for unamortized premium of \$741,871.

K - ABC BOARD NOTES PAYABLE

The ABC Board has an unsecured note payable to the County for the purchase of a building and land. The ABC Board's note payable at June 30, 2019 is as follows (direct borrowing):

\$275,000 Cumberland County Note

Note payable in quarterly installments, in the In the amount of \$4,583 plus interest at prime rate less 2%

Total	\$ 27,500
Less current portion	 (18,333)
Noncurrent portion	\$ 9,167

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the ABC Board's note payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal
2020	18,333
2021	9,167
	\$ 27,500

The following is a summary of changes in the ABC Board's long-term obligations as of June 30, 2019:

	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2018	Addi	tions	Pa	yments	Jui	Balance ne 30, 2019	of L	ent Portion ong-term abilities
Notes payable Net Pension Liability (LGERS)	\$	45,834 520,954	\$ 275	- 5,204	\$	18,334	\$	27,500 796,158	\$	18,333
Net Pension Liability (LEO) OPEB liability		295,774 177,156	10	- 0,010		12,769 -		283,005 187,166		-
	\$	1,039,718	\$ 285	5,214	\$	31,103	\$	1,293,829	\$	18,333

L - EASTOVER SANITARY DISTRICT - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

The general obligation bonds of the District, used for the acquisition and construction of a major sanitary system capital improvement, are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the District. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due. There were no issuances of general obligation debt in fiscal year 2019. Principal payments amounted to \$78,000 during fiscal year 2019.

The District's general obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2019 are comprised of the following individual issues (direct borrowings and direct placements):

\$2,802,000 USDA General Obligation Water Bonds, Series 2002A

Serial bonds payable annually from June 1, 2003 through June 1, 2042 in amounts ranging from \$0 to \$124,000; interest is paid annually at rate of 4.375%.

\$ 2,170,000

\$1,102,000 USDA General Obligation Water Bonds, Series 2002B

Serial bonds payable annually from June 1, 2003 through June 1, 2042 in amounts ranging from \$0 to \$46,000; interest is paid annually at rate of 4.75%.

 858,000

 Total
 3,028,000

 Less current portion
 (81,500)

 Noncurrent portion
 \$ 2,946,500

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the District's general obligation bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	I	Principal		Interest
2020	\$	81,500	\$	135,693
2021		85,500		132,041
2022		89,000		128,208
2023		93,000		124,219
2024		97,000		120,050
2025-2029		555,000		530,917
2030-2034		691,000		394,807
2035-2039		826,000		226,638
2040-2044		510,000		45,660
	\$	3,028,000	\$	1,838,233

M - EASTOVER SANITARY DISTRICT - NON-GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

In March 2010, the Eastover Sanitary District issued bond anticipation notes to finance construction of a major new water project. On August 1, 2011, the District issued new revenue bonds to satisfy the bond anticipation notes. The District will service the new revenue bonds over a period of 40 years from revenues generated by services provided.

The District's revenue bonds payable at June 30, 2019 are comprised of the following individual issues (direct borrowings and direct placements):

\$4,971,000 USDA Revenue Water Bonds, Series 2011A

Serial bonds payable annually from June 1, 2012 through June 1, 2051 in amounts ranging from \$0 to \$256,000; interest is paid annually at rate of 4.25%.

\$ 4,606,000

\$1,206,000 USDA Revenue Water Bonds, Series 2011B

Serial bonds payable annually from June 1, 2012 through June 1, 2051 in amounts ranging from \$0 to \$53,000; interest is paid annually at rate of 3.25%.

 Total
 5,704,000

 Less current portion
 (90,000)

 Noncurrent portion
 \$ 5,614,000

During fiscal year 2012, the District signed a contract with the City of Dunn, North Carolina that provides for the City of Dunn to become the primary water supplier to the District upon completion of a new water line from the City of Dunn to the District's northern boundary. The major terms of the agreement are that the City of Dunn will fund the cost of construction of the water line; the District will purchase a minimum of 300,000 gallons of water per day; and the District will repay the City of Dunn for the actual final cost of construction in monthly installments of \$16,000 over approximately 20 years at 4.0% interest. Construction was completed in fiscal year 2013 at a total cost of \$2,604,064 and the District began making monthly debt payments of principal and interest totaling \$16,000 in January 2013.

The District's installment financing note payable at June 30, 2019 is as follows (direct borrowing):

\$2,604,064 Dunn Water Line Note

Payable in monthly installments of \$16,000 including interest at a fixed rate of 4.0% beginning January 8, 2013 and ending August 8, 2032.

Total	\$ 1,963,612
Less current portion	(115,559)
Noncurrent portion	\$ 1,848,053

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the District's non-general obligation debt are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 205,559	\$ 307,881
2021	214,267	299,548
2022	222,167	290,863
2023	232,266	281,852
2024	241,573	272,429
2025-2029	1,361,360	1,207,098
2030-2034	1,298,420	919,774
2035-2039	886,000	722,230
2040-2044	1,081,000	527,310
2045-2049	1,320,000	288,770
2050-2054	605,000	37,275
	\$ 7,667,612	\$ 5,155,030

N - EASTOVER SANITARY DISTRICT - LONG-TERM OBLIGATION ACTIVITY

The following is a summary of changes in the District's long-term obligations as of June 30, 2019:

								Current
								Portion
	Balance					Balance	of	Long-term
	June 30, 2018	Ad	lditions	 Decreases	Jı	une 30, 2019	L	iabilities
USDA general obligation bonds	\$ 3,106,000	\$	-	\$ 78,000	\$	3,028,000	\$	81,500
USDA revenue bonds	5,790,000		-	86,000		5,704,000		90,000
Installment notes	2,074,647		-	111,035		1,963,612		115,559
Accrued Vacation	7,312		9,591	 13,172		3,731		3,545
Total	\$ 10,977,959	\$	9,591	\$ 288,207	\$	10,699,343	\$	290,604

Note 10 - Interfund Balances and Activity

Due From/To Other Funds

The composition of interfund balances included in the fund financial statements as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

					Paya	ble Fund			
			Cumberland Bragg Estates				Ove	rhills Park	
	N	lonmajor	C	ounty	Wate	er & Sewer	Wate	er & Sewer	
	Gov	vernmental	Crown Center			District		District	Total
Receivable Fund									
General Fund	\$	1,232,408	\$	5,500	\$	55,010	\$	25,459	\$ 1,318,377

Amounts were due to the general fund from other individual major and non-major funds primarily for operating purposes.

Transfers to/from Other Funds

Transfers in (out) for the year ended June 30, 2019 are summarized below:

	Transfers in:												
			Cı	umberland	NC	RCRESS							
	Nor		Nonmajor County Cr			rown Water and			nternal				
	G	eneral	Go	Governmental		Center		er District		Service		Total	
Transfers out:													
General	\$	-	\$	5,997,799	\$	-	\$	41,291	\$	100,000	\$	6,139,090	
Nonmajor governmental		83,227		-		8,155,207		-		-		8,238,434	
Total Transfers out	\$	83,227	\$	5,997,799	\$	8,155,207	\$	41,291	\$	100,000	\$	14,377,524	

Transfers between the major funds, other non-major governmental and enterprise funds, and internal service funds were primarily to support operations of the funds.

NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURE

The County, in conjunction with the State of North Carolina and the Cumberland County Board of Education, participates in a joint venture to operate the Fayetteville Technical Community College. Each of the three participants appoints four members of the thirteen-member board of trustees of the community college. The president of the community college's student government serves as an ex-officio nonvoting member of the community college's board of trustees. The community college is included as a component unit of the State. The County has the basic responsibility for providing funding for the facilities of the community college. The County also provides some financial support for the community college's operations. In addition to providing annual appropriations for the facilities, the County periodically issues general obligation bonds, limited obligation bonds, or other installment financing to provide financing for new and restructured facilities.

The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the community college because of the statutory requirements to provide funding for the community college's facilities. In October 2014, the County borrowed \$3,000,000 from PNC Bank to reimburse the Community College for the purchase and renovation of a building to be used for the auto collision repair program. The County has \$600,000 in debt outstanding at June 30, 2019 related to the Community College.

The County contributed \$11,735,900 and \$341,431 to the community college for operating and capital purposes, respectively, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Fiscal year 2019 budgeted, but unspent capital funds in the amount of \$135,677 remain available for appropriation for capital purposes in future years. In addition, during the fiscal year, the County made debt service payments of \$615,240 on the PNC bank installment loan. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2019. Complete financial statements for the community college may be obtained from the Fayetteville Technical Community College's administrative offices at 2201 Hull Road, Fayetteville, North Carolina 28303.

NOTE 12 - LEASES

A - LESSOR ARRANGEMENTS

Operating Leases

The County leases land on the northern right-of-way of Technology Drive to New Cingular Wireless. The cost and carrying value of the property is \$731. The term of the lease was for an initial period of five years commencing June 1998 with an option to extend for four additional consecutive five-year periods. During 2018, the County extended the lease for an additional 5-year term.

At June 30, 2019, future minimum lease payments under the lease are as follows:

Fiscal Year		
Ended	Δ	mount
2020	\$	10,494
2021		10,494
2022		10,494
2023		10,494
	\$	41,976

Effective July 1, 2016, the County agreed to lease certain rooms located on the third and fourth floors of the County-owned office building at 711 Executive Place, Fayetteville, NC to the Cumberland County Hospital System, Inc. The term of the lease is five years and annual rental payments are based on rates ranging from \$5.00 to \$8.00 per square foot.

At June 30, 2019, future minimum lease payments under the lease are as follows:

Fiscal Year		
Ended	ļ	Amount
2020	\$	108,762
2021		108,762
	\$	217,524

The Bureau leases its building from Cumberland County for \$6,168 per month for ten years, ending November 30, 2022. The lease includes no provision for increases in rent. The Bureau leases the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Passenger Train Depot from the City of Fayetteville, for \$11,180 per year for 25 years, ending June 30, 2028, and month-to-month thereafter. The annual rental payment is subject to a cost of living increase after the first five years of the original term. Minimum future rental payments under non-cancelable leases having remaining terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2018 for each of the next five years and in the aggregate are:

Fiscal Year									
Ended	Amount								
2020	\$ 85,196								
2021	85,196								
2022	85,196								
2023	42,020								
2024	11,180								
2025-2028	44,720								
	\$ 353,508								

Rental expense for leases was \$85,196 in 2019 and 2018.

Management Leases

The County entered a five-year lease and franchise agreement with Ovations Food Services, L.P. (d/b/a "Spectra Food Services and Hospitality (Spectra)" to provide food and beverage operations for the Cumberland County Crown Complex. At the end of the initial five-year term, the lease is renewable for an additional five years. Spectra ("the franchisee") will pay a percentage of gross receipts as outlined in the franchise agreement

B - LESSEE ARRANGEMENTS

The ABC Board leases real property for three store locations under operating leases expiring in various times through the year 2028. Total rent expense, including amounts for common area maintenance, under leases for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 was \$246,009 and \$183,550, respectively.

At June 30, 2019, future minimum lease payments under all leases are as follows:

Fiscal Year									
Ended	Amount								
2020	\$ 191,14	7							
2021	189,15	1							
2022	111,00	0							
2023	114,00	0							
2024	117,00	0							
2025-2028	432,00	0							
	\$ 1,154,29	8							

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from several Federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required. Certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refunds of grant moneys.

Claims and judgments

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. It is the opinion of the County's management and attorney that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial condition.

Arbitrage

The County's bond issues are subject to federal arbitrage regulations, and the County has elected to review its potential arbitrage liability annually on the bond issue dates. The arbitrage rebate payments are payable

on the fifth anniversary of the bond issue date and every fifth year after that date. At June 30, 2019, the County has no arbitrage liability. Although future amounts to be paid, if any, are not presently determinable, the County believes that arbitrage payables have been adequately provided for in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 14 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, which is available to all County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE 15 - LAW ENFORCEMENT AND ALCOHOLIC EDUCATION EXPENSES

The ABC Board is required by law to expend at least 5% of its total profits for law enforcement, and not less than 7% of its profits for education on the excessive use of alcoholic beverages and for rehabilitation of alcoholics. Profits are defined by law for these calculations as income before law enforcement and educational expenses, less the 3.5% markup provided in G. S. 18B-804(b)(5) and the bottle charge provided for in G. S. 18B-804(b)(6b).

NOTE 16 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In October 2019, the County closed on an Installment Financing Contract to refinance the 2009B Certificates of Participation and a 2017 Installment Financing Contract. The refinancing of the 2009B COPs achieved a net present value savings of just over \$1.76 million. That equates to an average annual interest savings over the debt's six remaining years of approximately \$294,000. The refinancing of the 2017 Installment Financing Contract portion was initiated to secure long-term debt for various capital projects that were originally funded through a draw program. Refinancing the two sources of debt into a single Installment Financing Contract resulted in a savings of resources.

NOTE 17 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. The implementation of the statement required the County to disclose in the notes to the financial statements summarized information about the following items: amount of unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for debt; terms specified in debt agreements related to events of default with finance-related consequences, termination events with finance-related consequences, and subjective acceleration clauses. Information within debt disclosures was also separated by direct borrowings and direct placements of debt from other debt. The objective of this statement is to improve consistency in the information that is disclosed within the notes to the financial statements related to debt, and to provide financial statement users with additional essential information about debt.

NOTE 18 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

Expenditures for the General Fund's Education function exceeded budget by \$358,907. Appropriations for the Public schools – other contractual are based on sales tax collections which get distributed on a monthly basis. The monthly distributions lag into the month of September after June 30th of the fiscal year has ended. During fiscal year 2019, actual receipts unexpectedly exceeded the budgeted receipts amount. A budget amendment was not completed to recognize a potential for additional funds before June 30. However, contractual obligations had to be paid based on the revenues received by year-end.

Negative Fund Balance in Two Special Revenue Funds

The Workforce Development Fund had a fund balance on June 30, 2019 totaling (\$280,551) and the CDBG Disaster Recovery Fund had a fund balance on June 30, 2019 totaling (\$38,696). Both funds are supported by federal and/or state funds on a reimbursement basis. For fiscal year 2019 expenditures were incurred, but a reimbursement request for those expenditures was not completed in a timely enough manner to be able to record that revenue to fiscal year 2019. The negative fund balances are a result. In the future, staff will work to ensure reimbursement requests are submitted in a timely manner to better match current year expenditures with current year revenues.

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Last Three Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 8,662,059	\$ 7,811,970	\$ 7,819,888
Service Cost	412,469	365,895	392,574
Interest on the total pension liability	264,882	291,307	270,277
Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	- 3,481	- 194,482	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(303,123)	528,706	(172,562)
Benefit payments	(559,449)	(530,301)	(498,207)
Other changes			
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 8,480,319	\$ 8,662,059	\$ 7,811,970

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

Cumberland County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Last Three Fiscal Years

	 2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 8,480,319	\$ 8,662,059	\$ 7,811,970
Covered payroll	16,293,728	16,467,454	16,343,167
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	52.05%	52.60%	47.80%

Notes to the schedules:

Cumberland County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability (Asset) Local Government Employees' Retirement Fund

Last Six Fiscal Years *

<u>-</u>	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension						
liability (asset) %	1.343%	1.519%	1.542%	1.505%	1.520%	1.501%
County's proportionate share of the net						
pension liability (asset) \$	31,862,451	\$ 23,202,140	\$ 32,723,222	\$ 6,755,651	\$ (8,963,314)	\$ 18,087,992
County's covered-employee payroll	89,267,532	\$ 94,553,360	\$ 94,035,999	\$ 90,486,857	\$ 81,788,429	\$ 90,188,266
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll						
	35.69%	24.54%	34.80%	7.47%	(10.96%)	20.06%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

Schedule of the County Contributions Local Government Employees' Retirement Fund

Last Six Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 7,277,190	\$ 6,772,970	\$ 6,987,172	\$ 6,390,360	\$ 6,314,854	\$ 6,340,214
contractually required contribution	7,277,190	6,772,970	6,987,172	6,390,360	6,314,854	6,340,214
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 93,267,871	\$ 89,267,532	\$ 94,553,360	\$ 94,035,999	\$ 90,486,857	81,788,429
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.802%	7.587%	7.390%	6.796%	6.979%	7.752%

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability (Asset) - Crown Local Government Employees' Retirement Fund

Last Six Fiscal Years*

		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	 2014
			_				
County's proportion of the net pension							
liability (asset) %		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.033%
County's proportionate share of the net							
pension liability (asset) \$	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (2,949)	\$ 396,571
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,589,412
County's proportionate share of the net							
pension liability (asset) as a percentage o	f its						
covered-employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	24.95%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentag	e of						
the total pension liability		91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

Schedule of the County Contributions - Crown Local Government Employees' Retirement Fund

Last Six Fiscal Years

	2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,442
contractually required contribution	_	_	_	_	_	48,442
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,589,412
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	3.048%

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability (Asset) Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Last Six Fiscal Years *

		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
County's proportion of the net pension												
liability (asset) %		2.956%		3.271%		3.320%		3.456%		3.514%		3.50%
County's proportionate share of the net												
pension liability (asset) \$	\$	(489,604)	\$	(558,321)	\$	(620,657)	\$	(800,785)	\$	(796,558)	\$	(747,653)
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	133,835	\$	138,455	\$	132,630	\$	128,767	\$	128,767	\$	128,458
County's proportionate share of the net												
pension liability (asset) as a percentage o	of its											
covered-employee payroll		(365.83%)		(403.25%)		(467.96%)		(621.89%)		(618.60%)		(582.02%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentag	e of											
the total pension liability		153.31%		153.77%		160.17%		197.29%		193.88%		190.50%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

Schedule of the County Contributions Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Last Six Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 27,291	\$ 27,333	\$ 28,420	\$ 27,120	\$ 27,651	\$ 28,693
contractually required contribution	27,291	27,333	28,420	27,120	27,651	28,693
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 140,216	\$ 133,835	\$ 138,455	\$ 132,630	\$ 128,767	\$ 128,767
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	19.464%	20.423%	20.527%	20.448%	21.474%	22.283%

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Other Post Employment Benefit Retiree Healthcare Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Service cost	\$ 9,517,173	\$ 10,922,897
Interest	10,410,855	9,344,450
Changes of benefit terms	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(128,191,230)	(433,811)
Changes of assumptions	(9,315,098)	(31,765,312)
Benefit payments	(6,264,272)	(5,897,406)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(123,842,572)	(17,829,182)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	295,544,503	313,373,685
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 171,701,931	\$ 295,544,503
Covered payroll	\$ 77,093,623	\$ 77,093,623
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	223%	383%

Notes to the Schedule:

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal	
Year	Rate
2018	3.56%
2019	3.89%

Comparative Balance Sheets General Fund

June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 132,744,946	\$ 119,152,237
Taxes receivable, net	1,287,517	1,852,121
Sales tax receivable	15,612,692	14,763,332
Due from other governments	14,255,513	14,109,076
Other receivables, net	1,556,927	1,607,446
Due from other funds	1,318,377	1,195,485
Due from component units	1,008,220	917,052
Inventories	174,407	155,968
Prepaids	210	5,400
Restricted assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,756,916	1,773,346
Total assets	\$ 169,715,725	\$ 155,531,463
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities		
Accounts and vouchers payable	\$ 13,467,082	\$ 6,761,508
Due to other governments	361,845	1,223,285
Accrued payroll	2,412,120	3,680,396
Other payables	204,910	63,431
Total liabilities	16,445,957	11,728,620
Deferred inflows of resources	2,569,689	3,108,682
Fund balance		
Nonspendable:		
Inventories	174,407	155,968
Prepaids	210	5,400
Restricted:		
Stabilization by State statute	33,205,082	32,308,498
Register of Deeds	1,059,148	1,022,258
Public health	3,766,799	3,952,885
County school	7,001,882	11,086,455
Committed:		
Tax revaluation	1,979,245	1,877,327
Capital investment fund	20,940,072	8,090,585
LEOSSA pension liability	1,756,982	1,756,915
Assigned:		
Subsequent year's expenditures	8,667,646	7,447,195
Tax office software	1,700,000	4,406,300
Economic development incentives	2,000,000	4,000,000
Capital investment fund	-	10,583,825
Special purposes	-	809,045
Unassigned	68,448,606	53,191,505
Total fund balance	150,700,079	140,694,161
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 169,715,725	\$ 155,531,463

Legally budgeted County School and Capital Investment Funds are consolidated into the General Fund for Reporting Purposes.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund (continued)

		2019		
		2013	Variance	
			Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	2018
Revenues	Buagot	7101441	(Hogalito)	
Ad valorem taxes				
Current year	\$ 163,777,000	\$ 165,634,524	\$ 1,857,524	\$ 163,194,457
Prior years	1,121,000	1,252,112	131,112	1,105,826
Penalties and interest	640,000	842,454	202,454	883,224
Motor vehicle - current	18,326,000	19,910,527	1,584,527	18,736,632
Motor vehicle - prior	-	86,003	86,003	52,155
Other	768,000	914,039	146,039	813,297
Total ad valorem taxes	184,632,000	188,639,659	4,007,659	184,785,591
Other taxes				
Pet registration fees	180,000	132,161	(47,839)	165,152
Real estate transfer	700,000	1,351,286	651,286	1,096,191
Beer and wine	380,000	378,120	(1,880)	376,218
Sales	42,625,774	45,124,462	2,498,688	41,809,643
Other	500,000	479,752	(20,248)	498,872
Total other taxes	44,385,774	47,465,781	3,080,007	43,946,076
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues				
Federal	95,000	67,544	(27,456)	98,934
State government	115,478	208,996	93,518	143,282
Fayetteville	7,356,000	7,983,779	627,779	7,794,687
Municipalities	1,130,413	1,121,741	(8,672)	1,165,347
Other governmental	2,550,000	3,447,636	897,636	3,469,414
Total unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	11,246,891	12,829,696	1,582,805	12,671,664
Restricted intergovernmental revenues				
Federal	902,838	184,548	(718,290)	993,208
NC health programs	6,151,328	5,466,322	(685,006)	5,327,485
NC mental health programs	389,295	440,558	51,263	438,726
NC social services programs	36,962,646	34,155,162	(2,807,484)	38,949,310
NC library programs	414,352	397,579	(16,773)	424,943
NC other restricted revenue	6,849,721	5,609,675	(1,240,046)	5,002,745
Other restricted revenue	674,667	654,112	(20,555)	643,720
Total restricted intergovernmental revenues	52,344,847	46,907,956	(5,436,891)	51,780,137
Licenses and permits Inspection department permits	823,500	915,692	92,192	960,530
Marriage licenses	75,623	88,950	13,327	89,325
Register of Deeds fees	1,131,677	1,431,855	300,178	1,431,869
Total licenses and permits	2,030,800	2,436,497	405,697	2,481,724
•				
Sales and services	4.075.070	F 700 000	4 0 4 0 4 0 0	4 000 404
Health department fees	4,075,972	5,722,398	1,646,426	4,980,421
Library fees	176,000	150,207	(25,793)	152,129
Sheriff department fees	4,549,326	4,013,538	(535,788)	3,996,762
Social services fees	131,106	88,277	(42,829)	136,117
Other department fees	1,898,892	1,748,955	(149,937)	1,877,846
Total sales and services	10,831,296	11,723,375	892,079	11,143,275
Interest earned on investments	483,000	2,331,529	1,848,529	1,013,260
Miscellaneous				
Miscellaneous	2,014,320	474,881	(1,539,439)	470,335
Rent, land, and buildings	4,379,515	4,453,730	74,215	4,480,299
Total miscellaneous	6,393,835	4,928,611	(1,465,224)	4,950,634
Total revenues	312,348,443	317,263,104	4,914,661	312,772,361
			·	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund (continued)

				2019			
						Variance	
						Positive	
		Budget		Actual		(Negative)	2018
Expenditures	-	Daagot		7 totaa:		(itoguiiro)	
Current							
General government							
Governing body	\$	628,960	\$	610,108	\$	18,852	\$ 574,961
Administration		2,144,565		1,904,457		240,108	1,866,141
Court facilities		156,220		121,285		34,935	150,183
Information services		7,104,766		4,455,375		2,649,391	3,425,809
Elections		2,242,171		1,618,420		623,751	1,148,658
Finance		1,295,351		1,175,656		119,695	1,156,051
Legal		804,578		705,450		99,128	715,601
Register of Deeds		2,846,373		2,095,487		750,886	1,971,119
Tax Assessor		5,447,934		5,279,784		168,150	4,864,652
Print, mail & design		788,684		719,585		69,099	690,408
Public building		1,054,101		808,709		245,392	1,812,003
Carpenter shop		162,507		152,061		10,446	184,325
Public buildings - equipment maintenance		1,316,856		1,172,047		144,809	1,233,494
Public buildings - janitorial		797,721		680,038		117,683	705,451
Central maintenance		963,592		881,692		81,900	613,017
Landscaping and grounds		675,672		622,742		52,930	591,283
Property revaluation		372,637		270,718		101,919	289,968
General government - other		5,311,507		4,188,451		1,123,056	3,909,829
Total general government		34,114,195		27,462,065		6,652,130	25,902,953
Public safety		_		_		_	_
Emergency services		3,983,893		3,337,827		646,066	3,018,750
Sheriff		27.663.711		25.788.273		1,875,438	25,977,412
Jail		19,184,139		16,960,344		2,223,795	16,517,650
School law enforcement-local		5,195,437		4,372,032		823,405	4,069,956
Sheriff's grants		512,590		288,971		223,619	233,997
Animal services		3,343,956		3,101,494		242,462	2,909,359
Public safety other		1,444,268		1,070,648		373,620	1,296,751
Day reporting center		605,854		574,139		31,715	-
Criminal justice unit		564,038		491,623		72,415	447,798
Roxie crisis interventioin		421,894		366,001		55,893	314,274
Total public safety		62,919,780	_	56,351,352	_	6,568,428	 54,785,947
Economic and physical development							
Planning and inspections department		3,528,841		2,910,538		618,303	2,888,050
Engineering		1,587,178		1,113,724		473,454	1,171,013
NC cooperative extension service		719,173		602,184		116,989	550,813
Soil conservation district		577,670		122,483		455,187	69,809
Soil conservation cost share		72.705		71,691		1,014	72,900
Economic physical development - other		20,000		20,000		1,014	20,000
Industrial park		11.254		9.020		2.234	1.117
Location services		315,177		176,925		138,252	304,057
Economic incentives		461,677		429,724		31,953	462,345
Water & sewer industrial expansion		250,000		423,124		250,000	402,343
Public utilities		87,153		83,286		3,867	89,168
Total economic and physical development		7,630,828		5,539,575		2,091,253	 5,629,272
rotal economic and physical development		7,000,020		5,558,575		2,091,200	 3,023,272

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund (continued)

		2019						
		2019	Variance Positive					
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	2018				
Expenditures (continued)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	2010				
Current (continued)								
Human services								
Mental Health								
Mental health other	\$ 5,061,276	\$ 5,031,247	\$ 30,029	\$ 2,842,390				
Court ordered evaluations	310,856	181,695	129,161	154,361				
Sobriety court	99,095	77,842	21,253	84,616				
Subtotal - mental health	5,471,227	5,290,784	180,443	3,081,367				
oubtotal - mental health	5,411,221	3,230,704	100,440	3,001,007				
Health								
Health - administration	1,776,477	2,022,441	(245,964)	2,333,557				
Laboratory	371,506	378,256	(6,750)	315,816				
Pharmacy	656,316	531,716	124,600	552,748				
C. C. Jail health program	3,346,669	3,105,332	241,337	3,190,380				
Management support	313,043	226,157	86,886	215,739				
NC environmental health	1,778,398	1,692,344	86,054	1,593,278				
Immunization clinic	234,389	280,504	(46,115)	288,632				
School health program	1,485,805	1,393,774	92,031	1,126,104				
Child health clinic	980,391	871,969	108,422	820,514				
Dental clinic	552,551	408	(408)	99,767				
Health promotion	503,215	470,061	33,154	420,887				
Maternal health clinic	981,174	783.808	197,366	712.927				
Medical records	240,933	247,453	(6,520)	237,571				
Breast/cervical cancer	97,593	99,753	(2,160)	72,788				
Child service coordination	1,012,387	1,000,644	11,743	755,323				
	4,278		216	4,156				
Child fatality prevention		4,062						
Chest TB clinic	161,434	138,059	23,375	135,392				
Family planning clinic	1,139,624	1,039,462	100,162	995,029				
NC general communicable disease	177,565	196,635	(19,070)	142,664				
NC AIDS	97,927	68,379	29,548	111,892				
Adult health clinic	291,349	356,764	(65,415)	550,710				
School health	787,942	585,514	202,428	658,203				
WIC - clinic services	2,331,061	2,324,029	7,032	2,176,103				
Health - other	82,771	82,771	-	81,929				
Smart start - Infants		<u>-</u>	-	8,492				
Bioterrorism preparedness and response	77,710	67,865	9,845	63,331				
STD clinic	1,305,329	1,363,702	(58,373)	1,282,962				
Maternal care coordination	1,974,012	1,944,610	29,402	965,241				
Health express	544,604	490,959	53,645	411,954				
Community transformation grant	160,888	160,672	216	157,110				
Medical records	226,250	229,281	(3,031)	228,475				
Teen Pregnancy Preventive Initiative	75,000	49,700	25,300	71,997				
Triple P Program	290,500	283,607	6,893					
Subtotal - health	23,506,540	22,490,691	1,015,849	20,781,671				
Welfare								
Social services department	47,094,499	42,494,114	4,600,385	40,294,151				
Social services - other	13,290,415	12,836,993	453,422	18,007,386				
Grant - FV care center	528,039	456,318	71,721	437,725				
Welfare - other	380,064	353,351	26,713	365,099				
Subtotal - welfare	61,293,017	56,140,776	5,152,241	59,104,361				
Jubiolai - Wellale	01,283,017	50, 140,770	5,152,241	Ja, 104,30 I				

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund (continued)

				2019				
						Variance		
					Positive			
		Budget		Actual		(Negative)		2018
Expenditures (continued)				7.000		(itoguaro)	_	
Current (continued)								
Human services (continued)								
Other human services								
Veterans' services	\$	408,159	\$	369,584	\$	38,575	\$	383,191
Spring Lake Resource Center		34,332		30,226		4,106		30,978
Child support enforcement		5,205,713		4,805,599		400,114		4,757,953
Subtotal - other human services		5,648,204		5,205,409		442,795		5,172,122
Total human services		95,918,988		89,127,660		6,791,328		88,139,521
Cultural and recreational								
Library		10,560,142		10,143,839		416,303		10,101,623
Law library		· · ·		-		-		3,718
Stadium maintenance		117,296		93,284		24,012		92,285
Culture recreation other		268,069		260,569		7,500		268,069
Library - grants		272,421		71,201		201,220		71,483
Total cultural and recreational		11,217,928		10,568,893		649,035		10,537,178
Education								
Public schools - current		80,150,000		80,150,000		-		80,961,835
Public schools - other contractual		1,230,000		1,590,150		(360,150)		1,247,071
Community colleges - current		11,735,900		11,735,900		-		11,172,379
Community colleges -other contractual		28,000		26,757		1,243		449,432
Total education		93,143,900		93,502,807		(358,907)		93,830,717
Debt service								
Principal payments		-		-		-		17,999,414
Interest and fees		-		-		-		3,967,289
Debt issue costs		-		-		-		284,246
Total debt service		-		-		-		22,250,949
Total expenditures		304,945,619		282,552,352		22,393,267		301,076,537
Revenues over (under) expenditures		7,402,824		34,710,752		27,307,928		11,695,824
Other financing sources (uses)								
Sale of capital assets		22,900		151,905		129,005		1,230,515
Proceeds from refunding bonds				-		-		23,005,000
Premium on debt issuance		_		_		_		4,285,557
Payment to escrow agent		_		_		_		(26,991,249)
Transfers in		83,227		83,227		-		5,546,213
Transfers out		(35,504,206)		(33,893,477)		1,610,729		(8,936,891)
Fund balance appropriated		27,995,255		-		(27,995,255)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(7,402,824)		(33,658,345)		(26,255,521)		(1,860,855)
Revenues and other financing sources						_		
(uses) over expenditures	\$			1,052,407	\$	1,052,407		9,834,969
Fund balance								
Beginning of year - July 1				118,591,441				108,837,363
Restatement				-				(80,891)
Beginning of year - July 1, as restated				118,591,441				108,756,472
End of year - June 30			\$	119,643,848			\$	118,591,441
Reconciliation to H-1:			_	_				
General Fund - ending fund balance - June 30			\$	119,643,848			\$	118,591,441
County School Fund - ending fund balance - June 30	(H-6)			10,116,159				14,012,135
Capital Investment Fund - ending fund balance - June	30 (H-7)			20,940,072			_	8,090,585
			\$	150,700,079			\$	140,694,161

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - County School Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

		2019		
		2019	Variance	
			Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	2018
Revenues			-	
Other taxes	\$ 10,936,915	\$ 11,465,798	\$ 528,883	\$ 10,895,436
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue	910,000	1,280,297	370,297	938,179
Restricted intergovernmental revenue	3,485,208	3,485,206	(2)	3,592,098
Interest earned on investments	-	229,080	229,080	84,258
Miscellaneous	75,000		(75,000)	110,223
Total revenues	15,407,123	16,460,381	1,053,258	15,620,194
Expenditures				
Education				
School capital outlay I	11,266,643	8,292,389	2,974,254	6,224,334
School capital outlay II	9,660,735	6,014,711	3,646,024	4,627,751
School capital outlay III	1,018,425	702,724	315,701	177,133
Total expenditures	21,945,803	15,009,824	6,935,979	11,029,218
Revenues over expenditures	(6,538,680)	1,450,557	7,989,237	4,590,976
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers (out)	(5,346,535)	(5,346,533)	2	(5,465,807)
Appropriated fund balance	11,885,215	-	(11,885,215)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,538,680	(5,346,533)	(11,885,213)	(5,465,807)
Revenues and other financing sources				
(uses) over (under) expenditures	\$ -	(3,895,976)	\$ (3,895,976)	(874,831)
Fund balances				
Beginning of year - July 1		14,012,135		14,886,966
End of year - June 30		\$ 10,116,159	•	\$ 14,012,135
•			=	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Capital Investment Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

		2019					
				Variance			
				Positive			
	Budget		Actual	(Negative)		2018	
Revenues							
Interest income	\$ 855,64	13 \$	942,463	\$ 86,820	\$	-	
Total revenues	855,64	13	942,463	86,820		-	
Expenditures							
General government	554,0	53	402,434	151,619		-	
Economic and physical development	26,164,1	52	2,237,257	23,926,895		-	
Education - community college capital outlay	477,10	8	341,431	135,677		-	
Debt service							
Principal	14,699,08	34	14,699,083	1		-	
Interest	3,532,9	7 5	3,513,691	19,284		-	
Total Expenditures	45,427,3	72	21,193,896	24,233,476		-	
Revenues over expenditures	(44,571,72	29)	(20,251,433)	24,320,296			
Other financing sources							
Transfers in	38,664,72	29	38,664,727	(2)		8,090,585	
Transfers out	(15,393,00	00)	(5,563,807)	9,829,193		-	
Fund balance appropriated	21,300,00	00	-	(21,300,000)			
Total other financing sources	44,571,72	29	33,100,920	(11,470,809)		8,090,585	
Revenues and other financing sources							
(uses) over (under) expenditures	\$	<u>-</u>	12,849,487	\$ 12,849,487		8,090,585	
Fund balances							
Beginning of year - July 1			8,090,585			-	
End of year - June 30		\$	20,940,072		\$	8,090,585	

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds			Capital Project Funds		Cemetery Permanent Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,585,123	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,585,123	
Taxes receivable, net		196,182		-		-		196,182	
Due from other governments		2,774,469		-		-		2,774,469	
Other receivables, net		12,471		371		53		12,895	
Restricted assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents		539,258		1,476,789		51,819		2,067,866	
Total assets	\$	16,107,503	\$	1,477,160	\$	51,872	\$	17,636,535	
Liabilities deferred inflows of resources and fund balance Liabilities:	es								
Accounts and vouchers payable	\$	2,408,394	\$	67,088	\$	1,699	\$	2,477,181	
Due to other governments	·	12,866	•	-	•	_	,	12,866	
Accrued payroll		45,018		_		_		45,018	
Other payables		200		_		_		200	
Due to other funds		1,232,408		_		_		1,232,408	
Total liabilities		3,698,886		67,088		1,699		3,767,673	
Deferred inflows of resources - taxes		196,183		_		-		196,183	
Fund balances:									
Restricted:									
Stabilization by State Statute		2,786,939		371		-		2,787,310	
Inmates		519,052		-		-		519,052	
Cemetery		-		-		50,173		50,173	
Fire protection		10,606		-		-		10,606	
Public safety		2,704,997		-		-		2,704,997	
Economic and physical development		77,995		975,137		-		1,053,132	
Human services		165,715		-		-		165,715	
Cultural and recreational		5,800,815		434,564		-		6,235,379	
Assigned:									
Subsequent year's expenditures		2,744,068		-		-		2,744,068	
Unassigned		(2,597,753)		-		-		(2,597,753)	
Total fund balances		12,212,434		1,410,072		50,173		13,672,679	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources									
and fund balances	\$	16,107,503	\$	1,477,160	\$	51,872	\$	17,636,535	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

P	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Project Funds		Cemetery Permanent Fund			al Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues	•	40 475 000	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	40.475.000
Ad valorem taxes	\$	12,475,038	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,475,038
Other taxes		7,358,509		-		-		7,358,509
Restricted intergovernmental revenue		9,863,134		-		-		9,863,134
Sales and services		144,572		7 004		-		144,572
Interest earned on investments		322,941		7,801		932		331,674
Miscellaneous		605,381		7 004		4,800		610,181
Total revenues		30,769,575		7,801		5,732		30,783,108
Expenditures Current:								
Public safety		9,062,008		5,170,807		-		14,232,815
Economic and physical development		8,873,924		1,936,121		2,740		10,812,785
Human services		1,514,464		-		-		1,514,464
Cultural and recreational		4,752,846		-		-		4,752,846
Total expenditures		24,203,242		7,106,928		2,740		31,312,910
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		6,566,333		(7,099,127)		2,992		(529,802)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Installment purchase proceeds		-		2,477,336		-		2,477,336
Transfers in		781,992		5,215,807		-		5,997,799
Transfers out		(8,238,434)		-		-		(8,238,434)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(7,456,442)		7,693,143		-		236,701
Net change in fund balances		(890,109)		594,016		2,992		(293,101)
Fund balance - beginning		13,102,543		816,056		47,181		13,965,780
Fund balance - ending	\$	12,212,434	\$	1,410,072	\$	50,173	\$	13,672,679
• • • •			_				_	

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2019

(continued)

		Prepared Food and Beverage Fund		Emergency Telephone Fund		Workforce Development Fund		Recreation Fund		Juvenile Crime Prevention Fund		Transportation Fund		Flea Hill Drainage District Fund		Community Development Fund	
Assets	•	7,000,404	•	0.054.404	•	0.0	•	4 505 005	•	005.000	•	00.004			•	000	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,062,494	\$	2,251,491	\$	96	\$	1,535,965	\$	305,396	\$	22,331	\$	77,995	\$	690	
Taxes receivable, net Due from other governments		-		- 72,041		- 1,413,007		63,860 45,394		-		- 471,742		-		- 427,614	
Other receivables, net		6,030		2,269		1,413,007		3,095		-		471,742		- 71		427,014	
Restricted assets:		0,030		2,209		_		3,093		_		_		7 1		_	
Cash and cash equivalents		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	
Total assets	\$	7,068,524	\$	2,325,801	\$	1,413,103	\$	1,648,314	\$	305,396	\$	494,073	\$	78,066	\$	428,304	
Liabilities:	-																
Accounts and vouchers payable	\$	_	\$	1,503	\$	1,061,452	\$	162,926	\$	105,515	\$	88,596	\$	_	\$	202,786	
Due to other governments	,	_	•	-	•	-	*	-	*	-	*	12,866	*	_	•	,	
Accrued payroll		-		-		19,909		-		9,166		2,631		_		8,419	
Other payables		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		200	
Due to other funds				-		612,293		-		-		199,341		-		119,050	
Total liabilities		-		1,503		1,693,654		162,926		114,681		303,434		-		330,455	
Deferred inflows of resources - taxes								63,860									
Fund balances:																	
Restricted:																	
Stabilization by State Statute		6,030		74,310		1,413,007		48,489		-		471,742		71		427,614	
Inmates		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Fire protection		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Public safety		-		2,249,988		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Economic and physical																	
development		-		-		-		-		-		-		77,995		-	
Human services		-		-		-		-		165,715		-		-		-	
Cultural and recreational		4,427,776		-		-		1,373,039		-		-		-		-	
Assigned: Subsequent year's expenditures		2,634,718								25,000							
Unassigned		2,034,710		-		(1,693,558)		-		25,000		(281,103)		-		(329,765)	
Total fund balances		7,068,524		2,324,298		(280,551)		1,421,528		190,715		190,639		78,066		97,849	
		1,000,024		2,027,200		(200,001)		1,741,040		100,110	-	100,000		70,000		31,043	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	7,068,524	\$	2,325,801	\$	1,413,103	\$	1,648,314	\$	305,396	\$	494,073	\$	78,066	\$	428,304	

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2019

(concluded)

		Fire Protection Fund		Federal Drug Justice Fund		Federal Drug Forfeiture Fund	C	North Carolina Controlled Substance Fund	St	Injured Animal tabilization Fund	W	nmate /elfare Fund	CDBG Disaster Recovery Fund		otal Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds
Assets															
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	788,139	\$	159,923	\$	309,207	\$	35,560	\$	35,836	\$	-	\$ -	\$	12,585,123
Taxes receivable, net		132,322		-		-		-		-		-	-		196,182
Due from other governments		87,226		-		-		2,814		-		-	254,631		2,774,469
Other receivables, net		530		141		265		35		35		-	-		12,471
Restricted assets:															
Cash and cash equivalents		-								-		539,258			539,258
Total assets	\$	1,008,217	\$	160,064	\$	309,472	\$	38,409	\$	35,871	\$:	539,258	\$ 254,631	\$	16,107,503
Liabilities:															
Accounts and vouchers payable	\$	777,533	\$	137	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,030	\$	1,057	\$ 5,859	\$	2,408,394
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		_		_	-		12,866
Accrued payroll		-		-		-		-		-		1,632	3,261		45,018
Other payables		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		200
Due to other funds		-										17,517	284,207		1,232,408
Total liabilities		777,533		137		-		-		1,030		20,206	293,327		3,698,886
Deferred inflows of resources - taxes		132,323								_		-			196,183
Fund balances:															
Restricted:															
Stabilization by State Statute		87,755		141		265		2,849		35		-	254,631		2,786,939
Inmates		-		-		-		-		-		519,052	-		519,052
Fire protection		10,606		-		-		-		-		-	-		10,606
Public safety		-		111,536		277,707		35,560		30,206		-	-		2,704,997
Economic and physical															
development		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		77,995
Human services		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		165,715
Cultural and recreational		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		5,800,815
Assigned:															
Subsequent year's expenditures		-		48,250		31,500		-		4,600		-	-		2,744,068
Unassigned		-										-	(293,327)		(2,597,753)
Total fund balances		98,361		159,927		309,472		38,409		34,841		519,052	(38,696)		12,212,434
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of															
resources and fund balances	\$	1,008,217	\$	160,064	\$	309,472	\$	38,409	\$	35,871	\$:	539,258	\$ 254,631	\$	16,107,503
	7	, , - · ·	$\dot{=}$,	Ť	,	<u> </u>	, -30	Ě	,	=	,	,,	_	, ,

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

(continued)

	Prepared Food and Beverage Fund	Emergency Telephone Fund	Workforce Development Fund	Recreation Fund	Juvenile Crime Prevention Fund	Transportation Fund	Flea Hill Drainage District Fund	Community Development Fund
Revenues						_		
Ad valorem taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,305,813	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other taxes	7,358,509	-	-	-		-	-	-
Restricted intergovernmental revenue	-	797,204	3,991,405	597,166	1,023,582	1,174,008	-	1,417,991
Sales and services	-	-	-	-	121,731	22,841	-	-
Interest earned on investments	166,476	40,310	4.005	92,252	845	3,238	1,382	-
Miscellaneous	7.504.005		1,865	25,000	4 440 450	- 4 000 007	- 1000	204,521
Total revenues	7,524,985	837,514	3,993,270	5,020,231	1,146,158	1,200,087	1,382	1,622,512
Expenditures Current: Public safety	-	- 913.415	- 4.149.716	-	-	- 1,213,246	-	-
Economic and physical development Human services	-	913,413	4, 149,7 10	-	- 1,514,464	1,213,240	-	1,840,909
Cultural and recreational	-	-	-	4,752,846	1,514,404	-	-	-
-		012.415	4 140 716		1 514 464	1 212 246		1 040 000
Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues		913,415	4,149,716	4,752,846	1,514,464	1,213,246		1,840,909
over (under) expenditures	7,524,985	(75,901)	(156,446)	267,385	(368,306)	(13,159)	1,382	(218,397)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	_	_	52,307	-	369,120	66,710	-	235,445
Transfers out	(8,214,434)	_	-	_	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(8,214,434)		52,307		369,120	66,710		235,445
Net change in fund balances	(689,449)	(75,901)	(104,139)	267,385	814	53,551	1,382	17,048
Fund balance - beginning	7,757,973	2,400,199	(176,412)	1,154,143	189,901	137,088	76,684	80,801
Fund balance - ending	\$ 7,068,524	\$ 2,324,298	\$ (280,551)	\$ 1,421,528	\$ 190,715	\$ 190,639	\$ 78,066	\$ 97,849

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

(concluded)

	Fire Protection Fund	Federal Drug Justice Fund	Federal Drug Forfeiture Fund	North Carolina Controlled Substance Fund	Injured Animal Stabilization Fund	Inmate Welfare Fund	CDBG Disaster Recovery Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Revenues								
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 8,169,225	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,475,038
Other taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,358,509
Restricted intergovernmental revenue Sales and services	-	89,470	19,972	33,511	883	-	717,942	9,863,134
Interest earned on investments	- 8,189	- 2,797	- 5,172	- 1,601	- 679	-	-	144,572 322,941
Miscellaneous	0,109	2,191	5,172	1,001	-	373,995	_	605,381
Total revenues	8,177,414	92,267	25,144	35,112	1,562	373,995	717,942	30,769,575
Total Tovollaco	0,177,414	02,201	20,144	00,112	1,002	070,000	717,042	00,100,010
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety	8,389,251	59,641	-	326,923	5,289	280,904	-	9,062,008
Economic and physical development	-	-	-	-	-	-	756,638	8,873,924
Human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,514,464
Cultural and recreational								4,752,846
Total expenditures	8,389,251	59,641		326,923	5,289	280,904	756,638	24,203,242
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	(211,837)	32,626	25,144	(291,811)	(3,727)	93,091	(38,696)	6,566,333
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	58,410	_	_	_	_	_	_	781,992
Transfers out	(24,000)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(8,238,434)
Total other financing sources (uses)	34,410							(7,456,442)
. Star Stron marioning Sources (4000)	01,410							(7,100,442)
Net change in fund balances	(177,427)	32,626	25,144	(291,811)	(3,727)	93,091	(38,696)	(890,109)
Fund balance - beginning	275,788	127,301	284,328	330,220	38,568	425,961	-	13,102,543
Fund balance - ending	\$ 98,361	\$ 159,927	\$ 309,472	\$ 38,409	\$ 34,841	\$ 519,052	\$ (38,696)	\$ 12,212,434

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Prepared Food and Beverage Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

			2019				
					Variance Positive		
		Budget	Actual	(Negative)		2018
Revenues					<u> </u>	-	
Other taxes	\$	6,546,209	\$ 7,358,509	\$	812,300	\$	6,849,058
Interest earned on investments			 166,476		166,476		51,854
Total revenues		6,546,209	 7,524,985		978,776		6,900,912
Expenditures							
Current							
Cultural and recreational			 -				-
Total expenditures			 				
Revenues over expenditures		6,546,209	7,524,985		978,776		6,900,912
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers (out)	((10,700,545)	(8,214,434)		2,486,111		(5,794,269)
Appropriated fund balance		4,154,336	 		(4,154,336)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(6,546,209)	 (8,214,434)		(1,668,225)		(5,794,269)
Revenues and other financing sources							
(uses) over (under) expenditures	\$		(689,449)	\$	(689,449)		1,106,643
Fund balances							
Beginning of year - July 1			 7,757,973				6,651,330
End of year - June 30			\$ 7,068,524			\$	7,757,973

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Emergency Telephone Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

		2019		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	2018
Revenues				
Restricted intergovernmental revenue Interest earned on investments Miscellaneous	\$ 869,246 - -	\$ 797,204 40,310	\$ (72,042) 40,310	\$ 677,334 18,736 6,358
Total revenues	869,246	837,514	(31,732)	702,428
Expenditures Economic and physical development:				
Implemental functions	264,000	152,994	111,006	179,453
Telephone/furniture	140,176	157,993	(17,817)	161,010
Software	165,723	517,075	(351,352)	117,926
Hardware	133,131	50,470	82,661	181,476
Training	37,500	34,883	2,617	20,086
Capital outlay	449,728		449,728	
Total expenditures	1,190,258	913,415	276,843	659,951
Revenues over expenditures	(321,012)	(75,901)	245,111	42,477
Other financing sources (uses) Appropriated fund balance	321,012	<u>-</u>	(321,012)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	321,012		(321,012)	
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	\$ -	(75,901)	\$ (75,901)	\$ 42,477
Fund balances Beginning of year - July 1		2,400,199		2,357,722
End of year - June 30		\$ 2,324,298		\$ 2,400,199

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Workforce Development Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

			2019			
	Budget		Actual	Varia Posit (Negat	ive	2018
Revenues			_			
Restricted intergovernmental revenue Miscellaneous	\$ 7,937,012	\$	3,991,405 1,865	\$ (3,94	45,607) 1,865	\$ 3,462,804
Total revenues	7,937,012		3,993,270	(3,94	43,742)	3,462,804
Expenditures						
Economic and physical development:	047 700		440.754	F.	00.074	204 474
WIOA Title I - Administration WIOA Title I - Adult	947,728 1,596,757		410,754 1,050,836		36,974 45,921	384,471 533,604
WIOA Title I - Addit WIOA Title I - Dislocated worker	3,083,061		1,118,722		34,339	1,595,842
WIOA Title I - Youth	1,838,687		1,041,288		97,399	680,533
Senior Aides	533,066		528,116		4,950	553,248
Total expenditures	7,999,299		4,149,716	3,84	49,583	3,747,698
Revenues over expenditures	(62,287)		(156,446)	(94,159)	(284,894
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	62,287	. <u></u>	52,307		(9,980)	62,244
Total other financing sources (uses)	62,287		52,307		(9,980)	62,244
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	\$ -		(104,139)	\$ (10	04,139)	(222,650
Fund balances Beginning of year - July 1			(176,412)			 46,238
End of year - June 30		\$	(280,551)		_	\$ (176,412

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Recreation Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

			2019			_
					Variance Positive	
	Budget		Actual	((Negative)	2018
Revenues						
Ad valorem taxes Restricted intergovernmental revenue Interest earned on investments	\$ 4,740,439	\$	4,305,813 597,166 92,252	\$	(434,626) 597,166 92,252	\$ 4,218,087 258,601 18,378
Miscellaneous	25,000		25,000		<u>-</u>	 1,831
Total revenues	 4,765,439		5,020,231		254,792	 4,496,897
Expenditures						
Culture and recreational Capital outlay	3,220,071 3,198,372		3,230,809 1,522,037		(10,738) 1,676,335	3,478,707 984,249
Total expenditures	 6,418,443		4,752,846		1,665,597	 4,462,956
Revenues over expenditures	 (1,653,004)		267,385		1,920,389	33,941
Other financing sources (uses) Appropriated fund balance	 1,653,004	-			(1,653,004)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,653,004				(1,653,004)	_
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	\$ 		267,385	\$	267,385	33,941
Fund balances Beginning of year - July 1			1,154,143			1,120,202
End of year - June 30		\$	1,421,528			\$ 1,154,143

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Juvenile Crime Prevention Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2018)

Revenues	Budget	2019 Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	2018
Restricted intergovernmental revenue Sales and services Interest earned on investments	\$ 1,137,286 153,164		\$ (113,704) (31,433) 845	\$ 1,070,858 140,984 1,445
Total revenues	1,290,450	1,146,158	(144,292)	1,213,287
Expenditures				
Human services JCP programs Residential group home	1,016,300 730,663	,	72,622 159,877	993,820 665,370
Total expenditures	1,746,963	1,514,464	232,499	1,659,190
Revenues over expenditures	(456,513) (368,306)	88,207	(445,903)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Appropriated fund balance	431,513 25,000	,	(62,393) (25,000)	426,639
Total other financing sources (uses)	456,513	369,120	(87,393)	426,639
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	\$	814	\$ 814	(19,264)
Fund balances Beginning of year - July 1		189,901	_	209,165
End of year - June 30		\$ 190,715		\$ 189,901

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Transportation Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals for Year Ended June 30, 2018)

			2019			
	Budget		Actual	ı	/ariance Positive Negative)	2018
Revenues						
Restricted intergovernmental revenue Sales and services Interest earned on investments	\$ 1,508,555 36,012 -	\$	1,174,008 22,841 3,238	\$	(334,547) (13,171) 3,238	\$ 1,297,020 21,903 1,816
Total revenues	 1,544,567		1,200,087		(344,480)	 1,320,739
Expenditures						
Economic and physical development	 1,611,277		1,213,246		398,031	 1,377,690
Total expenditures	 1,611,277		1,213,246		398,031	1,377,690
Revenues over expenditures	 (66,710)		(13,159)		53,551	 (56,951)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	 66,710		66,710			 60,809
Total other financing sources (uses)	 66,710		66,710			 60,809
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	\$ 		53,551	\$	53,551	3,858
Fund balances						
Beginning of year - July 1 Restatement Beginning of year - July 1, as restated		_	137,088 - 137,088			 52,339 80,891 133,230
End of year - June 30		\$	190,639			\$ 137,088

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Flea Hill Drainage District Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

				2019			
						/ariance Positive	
	 Budget			Actual	(l	Negative)	 2018
Revenues							
Interest earned on investments	\$		\$	1,382	\$	1,382	\$ 627
Total revenues				1,382		1,382	 627
Expenditures Total expenditures				_		_	_
rotal experiantics							
Develope a company difference				4 202		4 202	607
Revenues over expenditures		<u> </u>	-	1,382		1,382	 627
Other financing sources (uses) Appropriated fund balance		_		_		_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		_	 -
				_		_	
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	\$ 			1,382	\$	1,382	627
Fund balances							
Beginning of year - July 1				76,684			 76,057
End of year - June 30			\$	78,066			\$ 76,684

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Community Development Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

		2019		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	2018
Revenues				
Restricted intergovernmental revenue	\$ 3,096,952	\$ 1,417,991	\$ (1,678,961)	\$ 1,768,806
Miscellaneous	232,701	204,521	(28,180)	27,356
Total revenues	3,329,653	1,622,512	(1,707,141)	1,796,162
Expenditures				
Economic and physical development				
Administration	467,746	233,907	233,839	273,410
Economic Development	1,023,441	459,781	563,660	447,365
Housing activities	1,200,401	491,351	709,050	642,608
Public facilities	450,000	167,863	282,137	143,700
Public services	123,873	87,050	36,823	104,949
Program grants	504,563	400,957	103,606	341,875
Total expenditures	3,770,024	1,840,909	1,929,115	1,953,907
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(440,371)	(218,397)	221,974	(157,745)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	432,273	235,445	(196,828)	97,362
Appropriated fund balance	8,098		(8,098)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	440,371	235,445	(204,926)	97,362
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	<u>\$</u>	17,048	\$ 17,048	(60,383)
Fund balances Beginning of year - July 1		80,801		141,184
End of year - June 30		\$ 97,849		\$ 80,801

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Fire Protection Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

			2019	 Variance	
		Budget	Actual	variance Positive Negative)	 2018
Revenues		_	 		
Ad valorem taxes Interest earned on investments	\$	8,245,574 2,569	\$ 8,169,225 8,189	\$ (76,349) 5,620	\$ 8,020,183 2,114
Total revenues		8,248,143	 8,177,414	 (70,729)	 8,022,297
Expenditures					
Public safety		8,492,314	 8,389,251	 103,063	 8,052,675
Total expenditures	_	8,492,314	 8,389,251	 103,063	 8,052,675
Revenues over expenditures		(244,171)	(211,837)	 32,334	 (30,378)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfer in		75,000	58,410	(16,590)	52,252
Transfers out Appropriated fund balance		(24,000) 193,171	 (24,000)	 (193,171 <u>)</u>	 (24,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		244,171	 34,410	 (209,761)	 28,252
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	\$	<u> </u>	(177,427)	\$ (177,427)	(2,126)
Fund balances Beginning of year - July 1			 275,788		 277,914
End of year - June 30			\$ 98,361		\$ 275,788

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Federal Drug Justice Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

		2019		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	2018
Revenues			(Noganito)	
Restricted intergovernmental revenue Interest earned on investments	\$ 15,000 50	\$ 89,470 2,797	\$ 74,470 2,747	\$ 11,295 1,269
Total revenues	15,050	92,267	77,217	12,564
Expenditures				
Public safety	71,000	59,641	11,359	59,856
Total expenditures	71,000	59,641	11,359	59,856
Revenues over expenditures	(55,950)	32,626	88,576	(47,292)
Other financing sources (uses) Appropriated fund balance	55,950		(55,950)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	55,950		(55,950)	
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	\$ -	32,626	\$ 32,626	(47,292)
Fund balances Beginning of year - July 1		127,301		174,593
End of year - June 30		\$ 159,927		\$ 127,301

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Federal Drug Forfeiture Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

		2019		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	2018
Revenues			· •	
Miscellaneous Interest income	\$ 50,000 65	\$ 19,972 5,172	\$ (30,028) 5,107	\$ 110,748 2,048
Total revenues	 50,065	 25,144	(24,921)	 112,796
Expenditures				
Public safety	 125,000	 	 125,000	117,073
Total expenditures	 125,000	 	 125,000	 117,073
Revenues over expenditures	 (74,935)	 25,144	 100,079	(4,277)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 74,935	 	 (74,935)	
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	\$ 	25,144	\$ 25,144	(4,277)
Fund balances Beginning of year - July 1		 284,328		 288,605
End of year - June 30		\$ 309,472		\$ 284,328

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - North Carolina Controlled Substance Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Variance			
Revenues	Budget		 Actual	Positive (Negative)		 2018
Reveilues						
Restricted intergovernmental revenue Interest earned on investments	\$	35,000 1,000	\$ 33,511 1,601	\$	(1,489) 601	\$ 44,287 2,563
Total revenues		36,000	 35,112		(888)	 46,850
Expenditures						
Public safety		327,805	 326,923		882	 21,555
Total expenditures		327,805	 326,923		882	 21,555
Revenues over expenditures		(291,805)	 (291,811)		(6)	25,295
Total other financing sources (uses)		291,805	 		(291,805)	
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	\$		(291,811)	\$	(291,811)	25,295
Fund balances Beginning of year - July 1			330,220			304,925
End of year - June 30			\$ 38,409			\$ 330,220

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Injured Animal Stabilization Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

		2019		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	2018
Revenues				
Restricted intergovernmental revenue Interest earned on investments	\$ 12,000 200	\$ 883 679	\$ (11,117) 479	\$ 14,535 379
Total revenues	12,200	1,562	(10,638)	14,914
Expenditures				
Public safety	20,000	5,289	14,711	26,200
Total expenditures	20,000	5,289	14,711	26,200
Revenues over expenditures	(7,800)	(3,727)	4,073	(11,286)
Other financing sources (uses) Appropriated fund balance	7,800		(7,800)	
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	\$ -	(3,727)	\$ (3,727)	(11,286)
Fund balances Beginning of year - July 1		38,568		49,854
End of year - June 30		\$ 34,841		\$ 38,568

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Inmate Welfare Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

				2019		Variance Positive		
		Budget		Actual	(Negative)		2018
Revenues								
Miscellaneous	\$	267,605	\$	373,995	\$	106,390	\$	240,502
Total revenues		267,605		373,995		106,390		240,502
Expenditures								
Public safety		412,805		280,904		131,901	-	319,611
Total expenditures		412,805		280,904		131,901		319,611
Revenues over expenditures		(145,200)		93,091		238,291		(79,109)
Other financing sources (uses) Appropriated fund balance		145,200				(145,200)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		145,200				(145,200)		
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	\$			93,091	\$	93,091		(79,109)
Fund balances Beginning of year - July 1				425,961				505,070
End of year - June 30			\$	519,052			\$	425,961

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - CDBG Disaster Recovery Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

				2019	Variance		
		Budget		Actual	 Positive (Negative)	 2018	
Revenues							
Miscellaneous	\$	25,121,480	\$	717,942	\$ (24,403,538)	\$	
Total revenues		25,121,480		717,942	 (24,403,538)		
Expenditures							
Economic and Physical Development	_	25,121,480		756,638	 24,364,842		
Total expenditures		25,121,480		756,638	 24,364,842		
Revenues over expenditures				(38,696)	 (38,696)		
Other financing sources (uses) Appropriated fund balance		_		<u>-</u>	 		
Total other financing sources (uses)				<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	\$			(38,696)	\$ (38,696)		-
Fund balances Beginning of year - July 1				- _			
End of year - June 30			\$	(38,696)		\$	

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Project Funds June 30, 2019

	 Itural and ecreation Fund	Governmental Capital Improvement Fund		Emergency Operations Center Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	
Assets						
Other receivables, net	\$ 371	\$	-	\$ -	\$	371
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	 434,564		1,042,225			1,476,789
Total assets	\$ 434,935	\$	1,042,225	\$ -	\$	1,477,160
Liabilities and fund balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts and vouchers payable	\$ -	\$	67,088	\$ -	\$	67,088
Total liabilities	 		67,088		-	67,088
Fund balances:						
Restricted:						
Stabilization by State Statute	371		-	-		371
Cultural and recreational	434,564		-	-		434,564
Economic and physical development	_		975,137			975,137
Total fund balances	 434,935		975,137			1,410,072
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 434,935	\$	1,042,225	\$ -	\$	1,477,160

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Project Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Cultural and Recreation Fund			vernmental Capital provement Fund	mergency perations Center Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds		
Revenues	_		_					
Interest earned on investments	\$	7,640	\$	161	\$ 	\$	7,801	
Total revenues		7,640		161	 -		7,801	
Expenditures Capital outlay								
Economic and physical development		-		1,936,121	-		1,936,121	
Public safety	-			-	5,170,807		5,170,807	
Total expenditures				1,936,121	5,170,807		7,106,928	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		7,640		(1,935,960)	(5,170,807)		(7,099,127)	
Other financing sources								
Installment purchase proceeds		-		2,477,336	-		2,477,336	
Transfers in		-		45,000	5,170,807		5,215,807	
Other financing sources		-		2,522,336	5,170,807		7,693,143	
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures		7,640		586,376	-		594,016	
Fund balance								
Beginning of year - July 1		427,295		388,761	 _		816,056	
End of year - June 30	\$	434,935	\$	975,137	\$ 	\$	1,410,072	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Cultural and Recreation Fund

	Project	Prior Closed Current			
_	Authorization	Years	Projects	Year	Total
Revenues					
Interest earned on investments	\$ -	\$ 27,116	\$ -	\$ 7,640	\$ 34,756
Total revenues		27,116		7,640	34,756
Expenditures					
Capital outlay					
Cultural and recreation	5,237,218	4,837,490	-	-	4,837,490
Debt issuance costs	77,006	76,555			76,555
Total expenditures	5,314,224	4,914,045			4,914,045
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,314,224)	(4,886,929)		7,640	(4,879,289)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Bond proceeds	5,285,165	5,285,165	-	-	5,285,165
Premium on debt issuance	29,059	29,059	-	-	29,059
Transfers in	402,962	402,962	-	-	402,962
Transfers out	(402,962)	(402,962)			(402,962)
Total other financing sources	5,314,224	5,314,224			5,314,224
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ 427,295	\$ -	7,640	\$ 434,935
Fund balance					
Beginning of year - July 1				427,295	
End of year - June 30				\$ 434,935	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Governmental Capital Improvement Fund

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Closed Projects	Current Year	Total
Revenues					
Miscellaneous	\$ 69,535	\$ 74,244	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 74,244
Interest		6,835		161	6,996
Total revenues	69,535	81,079		161	81,240
Expenditures					
Capital outlay					
Economic and physical development	6,036,561	2,101,252		1,936,121	4,037,373
Total expenditures	6,036,561	2,101,252		1,936,121	4,037,373
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,967,026)	(2,020,173)		(1,935,960)	(3,956,133)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Proceeds from installment purchase	5,715,996	2,214,148	-	2,477,336	4,691,484
Debt issuance costs	(63,373)	(74,617)	-	-	(74,617)
Transfers in	1,414,403	1,369,403	-	45,000	1,414,403
Transfers out	(1,100,000)	(1,100,000)		·	(1,100,000)
Total other financing sources	5,967,026	2,408,934		2,522,336	4,931,270
Revenues and other financing					
sources over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ 388,761	\$ -	586,376	\$ 975,137
Fund balance					
Beginning of year - July 1				388,761	
End of year - June 30				\$ 975,137	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Emergency Operations Center Fund

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Closed Projects	Current Year	Total
Revenues					
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Expenditures					
Capital outlay					
Public safety	15,000,000			5,170,807	5,170,807
Total expenditures	15,000,000			5,170,807	5,170,807
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(15,000,000)			(5,170,807)	(5,170,807)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	15,000,000	-	-	5,170,807	5,170,807
Total other financing sources	15,000,000			5,170,807	5,170,807
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -
Fund balance				-	
Beginning of year - July 1					
End of year - June 30				\$ -	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Cemetery Permanent Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

			2019			
					riance ositive	
	В	udget	Actual	(Ne	gative)	2018
Revenues						
Interest earned on investments	\$	175	\$ 932	\$	757	\$ 390
Burial Fees		2,625	 4,800		2,175	1,800
Total revenues		2,800	5,732		2,932	2,190
Expenditures						
Capital outlay						
Maintenance		2,800	 2,740		60	 2,592
Total expenditures		2,800	 2,740		60	 2,592
Revenues over (under) expenditures			 2,992		2,992	 (402)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Total other financing sources (uses)						
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	\$		2,992	\$	2,992	(402)
Fund balance						
Beginning of year - July 1			47,181			47,583
End of year - June 30			\$ 50,173			\$ 47,181

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Cumberland County Solid Waste Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

				2019				
				20.0		Variance Positive		
o		Budget		Actual		(Negative)		2018
Operating revenues	\$	1 710 205	¢	4 726 500	\$	0 222	\$	4 220 716
Charges for services	Ф	4,718,285	\$	4,726,508	Ф	8,223	Ф	4,220,716
Other operating revenue Solid waste fees		- 5,817,764		47,012 5 957 175		47,012 39,411		11,388
				5,857,175 10,630,695		94,646		5,835,700
Total operating revenues		10,536,049		10,030,095		94,040		10,067,804
Nonoperating revenues and other financing sources								
Interest earned on investments		360,518		836,115		475,597		442,280
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		-		49,654		49,654		69,987
Miscellaneous		15,500		11,798		(3,702)		24,704
Grant revenue		1,971,054		520,453		(1,450,601)		734,831
Transfers in		14,387,531				(14,387,531)		-
Total Nonoperating revenues and other financing								
sources		16,734,603		1,418,020		(15,316,583)		1,271,802
Appropriated fund balance		8,686,777		_		(8,686,777)		-
Total revenues, other financing sources and fund balance								
appropriations	\$	35,957,429	\$	12,048,715	\$	(23,908,714)	\$	11,339,606
Operating expenditures								
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	3,983,416	\$	3,181,464	\$	801,952	\$	3,258,439
Repairs and maintenance		1,726,681		1,438,187		288,494		1,566,692
Utilities		295,150		230,450		64,700		148,778
Administrative costs		5,416,758		3,882,228		1,534,530		4,347,741
Landfill closure and postclosure care costs		700,000		471,182		228,818		852,930
Total operating expenditures		12,122,005		9,203,511		2,918,494		10,174,580
Other expenditures and financing uses								
Capital outlay		18,149,081		3,010,603		15,138,478		8,441,259
Transfers out		5,686,343		-		5,686,343		-
Total other expenditures and financing uses		23,835,424		3,010,603		20,824,821		8,441,259
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$	35,957,429	\$	12,214,114	\$	23,743,315	\$	18,615,839
Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual basis								
Total revenues and other financing sources			\$	12,048,715				
Total expenditures and other financing uses			Ψ	12,214,114				
Total experiatates and other intarioning acces				(165,399)				
Capital outlay				3,010,603				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Depreciation Change in net pension liability				(1,006,955) (186,816)				
Change in het pension liability Change in deferred outflows of resources - pensions				175,615				
Change in deferred outllows of resources - pensions Change in deferred inflows of resources - pensions								
·				(14,081)				
Change in deferred outflows of resources. OPER				3,545,995 13,961				
Change in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Change in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB				(3,157,264)				
Change in net position			\$	2,215,659				

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Cumberland County Crown Center Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

				2019				
				2010		Variance Positive		
		Budget		Actual		(Negative)		2018
Operating revenues		Duuget	_	Actual		(ivegative)		2010
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	1,960,708	\$	1,960,708	\$	1,892,840
Total operating revenues		-		1,960,708		1,960,708		1,892,840
Name and the fine and ather fine and a sure								
Nonoperating revenues and other financing sources Interest earned on investments				78.616		78,616		44,334
Motel occupancy tax		- 1,499,057		1,772,614		273,557		1,503,020
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		1,499,037		1,772,014		213,331		1,303,020
Grant revenue		114,626		372,460		257,834		_
Installment purchase proceeds		6,604,004		3,098,202		(3,505,802)		-
Insurance proceeds		0,004,004		22,262		22,262		_
Transfers in		10,729,530		8,155,207		(2,574,323)		5,737,863
Total Nonoperating revenues and other		10,729,550		0,133,207		(2,374,323)		3,737,003
financing sources		18,947,217		13,499,361		(E 447 9E6)		7,285,217
iniancing sources		10,947,217		13,499,301		(5,447,856)		7,205,217
Appropriated fund balance		768,327				(768,327)		
Total revenues, other financing sources								
and fund balance appropriations	\$	19,715,544	\$	15,460,069	\$	(4,255,475)	\$	9,178,057
Operating expenditures								
Repairs and maintenance	\$	912,750		260,273	\$	652,477	\$	100,004
Administrative costs	Ψ	226,850		200,273	Ψ	226,850	Ψ	(39,617)
Global Spectrum, LP		5,008,240		4,943,443		64,797		4,982,570
Total operating expenditures		6,147,840		5,203,716		944,124		5,042,957
Total operating experiences				3,203,710		544,124		0,042,007
Capital outlay		9,764,302		3,784,091		5,980,211		-
Interest expense		963,390		1,103,258		(139,868)		1,042,804
Nonoperating expenditures		10,727,692		4,887,349		5,840,343		1,042,804
Other expenditures and financing uses								
Principal payments		2,751,800		2,751,800		-		2,613,761
Transfers out		88,212		_		88,212		
Total other expenditures and financing uses		2,840,012		2,751,800		88,212		2,613,761
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$	19,715,544	\$	12,842,865	\$	6,872,679	\$	8,699,522
Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual ba	sis							
Total revenues and other financing sources			\$	15,460,069				
Total expenditures and other financing uses				12,842,865				
				2,617,204				
Conital outloy				3,784,091				
Capital outlay								
Depreciation				(1,934,996) 2,751,800				
Principal payments Installment purchase revenue								
Premium amortization				(3,098,202) 136,961				
				100,801				
Change in net position			\$	4,256,858				

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual - Solid Waste Cell Construction Fund

		Project Prior Closed Authorization Years Projects		Current Year	Total			
Revenues								
Interest earned on investments Miscellaneous	\$	64,550	\$	3,763 2,227	\$ -	\$	598 -	\$ 4,361 2,227
Total revenues		64,550		5,990	 		598	 6,588
Expenditures								
Capital outlay								
Other		12,574,081		7,897,013	-		215,422	8,112,435
Total expenditures		12,574,081		7,897,013	-		215,422	8,112,435
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(12,509,531)		(7,891,023)	 		(214,824)	 (8,105,847)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		12,759,531		8,109,964	-		3,808,343	11,918,307
Transfers out		(250,000)			 		4,058,343	 4,058,343
Total other financing sources		12,509,531		8,109,964			7,866,686	 15,976,650
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	\$	_	\$	218,941	\$ _	\$	7,651,862	\$ 7,870,803

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Crown Capital Project Fund

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Closed Projects	Current Year	Total
Revenues Interest earned on investments	\$ -	Φ	¢.	\$ 439	\$ 439
interest earned on investments	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 439	р 439
Expenditures Capital outlay					
Economic & Physical Development	8,171,349	938,641		2,249,661	3,188,302
Total expenditures	8,171,349	938,641		2,249,661	3,188,302
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(8,171,349)	(938,641)		(2,249,222)	(3,187,863)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Installment purchase revenue	6,604,004	1,286,756	-	3,098,202	4,384,958
Transfers in	1,655,557	88,212	-	1,567,345	1,655,557
Transfers out	(88,212)	(88,212)			(88,212)
Total other financing sources	8,171,349	1,286,756		4,665,547	5,952,303
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	\$ -	348,115	\$ -	2,416,325	\$ 2,764,440
Fund balance					
Beginning of year - July 1				348,115	
End of year - June 30				\$ 2,764,440	

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Kelly Hills Water and Sewer District Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

			2019			
		Budget	Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)	2018
Operating revenues		g	 			
Charges for services	\$	86,806	\$ 76,123	\$	(10,683)	\$ 79,303
Interest earned on investments		_	 3,886		3,886	1,426
Total operating revenues		86,806	 80,009		(6,797)	80,729
Total revenues	\$	86,806	\$ 80,009	\$	(6,797)	\$ 80,729
Operating expenditures						
Repairs and maintenance	\$	80,155	\$ 64,488	\$	15,667	\$ 39,573
Administrative		6,651	7,150		(499)	2,801
Total operating expenditures		86,806	 71,638		15,168	42,374
Total expenditures	\$	86,806	\$ 71,638	\$	15,168	\$ 42,374
Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual ba	sis					
Total revenues and other financing sources			\$ 80,009			
Total expenditures and other financing uses			71,638			
			8,371			
Depreciation			 (66,429)			
Change in net position			\$ (58,058)			

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) NORCRESS Water and Sewer District Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

			2019			
					Variance Positive	
		Budget	 Actual	((Negative)	 2018
Operating revenues						
Charges for services	\$	433,065	\$ 440,558	\$	7,493	\$ 347,257
Interest earned on investments			 3,163		3,163	 1,385
Total operating revenues		433,065	 443,721		10,656	 348,642
Nonoperating revenues and other financing sources						
Miscellaneous		_	60		60	3,860
Grant revenue		8,709	29,613		20,904	-
Transfers in		41,291	41,291		, <u>-</u>	_
Total Nonoperating revenues and other			 		-1	
financing sources		50,000	 70,964		20,964	 3,860
Appropriated fund balance		16,638	 		(16,638)	-
Total revenues, other financing sources and fund balance						
appropriations	\$	499,703	\$ 514,685	\$	14,982	\$ 352,502
Operating expenditures						
Repairs and maintenance	\$	146,901	\$ 108,980	\$	37,921	\$ 122,752
Utilities		273,398	270,849		2,549	203,089
Administrative costs		13,926	6,373		7,553	2,709
Total operating expenditures		434,225	386,202		48,023	328,550
Nonoperating expenditures						
Interest expense		65,478	 43,402		22,076	 44,309
Total nonoperating expenditures		65,478	 43,402		22,076	 44,309
Other expenditures and financing uses			 			
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$	499,703	\$ 429,604	\$	70,099	\$ 372,859
Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual bas	is					
Total revenues and other financing sources			\$ 514,685			
Total expenditures and other financing uses			429,604			
·			 85,081			
Depreciation			 (228,228)			
Change in net position			\$ (143,147)			

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Southpoint Water and Sewer District Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

			2019			
				_	ariance ositive	
	E	Budget	Actual	(N	egative)	2018
Operating revenues						
Charges for services	\$	32,932	\$ 33,395	\$	463	\$ 36,491
Interest earned on investments		-	2,303		2,303	799
Total operating revenues		32,932	 35,698		2,766	 37,290
Total revenues	\$	32,932	\$ 35,698	\$	2,766	\$ 37,290
Operating expenditures						
Miscellaneous	\$	2,880	\$ 1,981	\$	899	\$ 2,670
Repairs and maintenance		19,843	4,662		15,181	3,645
Administrative costs		5,213	3,482		1,731	3,310
Total operating expenditures		27,936	10,125		17,811	9,625
Nonoperating expenditures						
Total nonoperating expenditures			 			
Other expenditures						
Principal payments		4,996	-		4,996	
Total other expenditures		4,996			4,996	-
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$	32,932	\$ 10,125	\$	22,807	\$ 9,625
Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual	basis					
Total revenues and other financing sources			\$ 35,698			
Total expenditures and other financing uses			10,125			
· ·			25,573			
Depreciation			(11,793)			
Change in net position			\$ 13,780			

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Overhills Water and Sewer District Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

				2019				
						Variance Positive		
	1	Budget		Actual	(Negative)		2018
Operating revenues								
Charges for services	\$	119,165	\$	-	\$	(119,165)	\$	-
Interest earned on investments		-		35		35		149
Miscellaneous		150				(150)		
Total operating revenues		119,315		35		(119,280)		149
Total revenues	\$	119,315	\$	35	\$	(119,280)	\$	149
Operating expenditures								
Utilities	\$	70,457	\$	_	\$	70,457	\$	_
Administrative costs	,	15,804	·	529		15,275	·	482
Total operating expenditures		86,261		529		85,732		482
Nonoperating expenditures								
Total nonoperating expenditures		-						
Other expenditures								
Interest		33,054		28,598		4,456		-
Debt issuance costs		-		5,000		(5,000)		5,458
Total other expenditures		33,054		33,598		(544)		5,458
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$	119,315	\$	34,127	\$	85,188	\$	5,940
Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrua	al basis							
Total revenues and other financing sources			\$	35				
Total expenditures and other financing uses				34,127				
				(34,092)				
Change in net position			\$	(34,092)				

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Overhills Park Water and Sewer District Capital Project Fund

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Closed Projects	Current Year	Total
Revenues			-		
Interest earned on investments	\$ -	\$ 3,065	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,065
USDA Rural Development grant	3,099,000	2,805,380		· <u> </u>	2,805,380
Total revenues	3,099,000	2,808,445			2,808,445
Expenditures Capital outlay					
Economic & Physical Development	4,575,700	4,263,422	-	6,064	4,269,486
Total expenditures	4,575,700	4,263,422		6,064	4,269,486
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,476,700)	(1,454,977)		(6,064)	(1,461,041)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Bond issuance proceeds	1,379,000	1,379,000	-	-	1,379,000
Debt issuance costs	-	(5,458)	-	(5,000)	(10,458)
Transfers in	-	99,500	-	-	99,500
Transfers out	97,700	47,000			47,000
Total other financing sources	1,476,700	1,520,042		(5,000)	1,515,042
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ 65,065	\$ -	(11,064)	\$ 54,001
Fund balance					
Beginning of year - July 1				65,065	
End of year - June 30				\$ 54,001	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Bragg Estates Water and Sewer District Capital Project Fund

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Closed Projects	Current Year	Total
Revenues		•	•	•	•
USDA Rural Development grant	\$ 1,453,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total revenues	1,453,000				
Expenditures Capital outlay					
Economic & Physical Development	2,000,000	86,711		22,979	109,690
Total expenditures	2,000,000	86,711		22,979	109,690
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(547,000)	(86,711)		(22,979)	(109,690)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Bond anticipation note proceeds	497,000	-			
Transfers in	50,000	50,000			50,000
Total other financing sources	547,000	50,000			50,000
Revenues and other financing	•	ф (00 744)	•	(00.070)	(50,000)
sources over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ (36,711)	\$ -	(22,979)	\$ (59,690)
Fund balance					
Beginning of year - July 1				(36,711)	
End of year - June 30				\$ (59,690)	

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2019

	Group Insurance Fund	Employee Flexible Benefit Fund	Workers' Compensation Fund	General Litigation Fund	Vehicle Insurance Fund	Total
Assets						
Current assets	\$ 311,550	\$ 53	\$ 91,465	\$ 548	\$ 389	\$ 404,005
Other receivables, net Inventories	\$ 311,550 133,017	\$ 53	\$ 91,465	\$ 548	\$ 389	\$ 404,005 133,017
Total current assets	444,567	53	91,465	548	389	537,022
Noncurrent assets						
Restricted:						
Cash and cash equivalents	9,550,608	105,749	5,053,419	635,860	450,440	15,796,076
Total noncurrent assets	9,550,608	105,749	5,053,419	635,860	450,440	15,796,076
Total assets	9,995,175	105,802	5,144,884	636,408	450,829	16,333,098
Deferred outflows of resources						
Pension	66,585	-	30,311	-	-	96,896
OPEB	11,273	-	9,809	-	-	21,082
	77,858	-	40,120	-		117,978
Liabilities and net position						
Current liabilities						
Accounts and vouchers payable	550,029	1,828	12,549	624	2,031	567,061
Accrued payroll	6,616	-	4,405	-	-	11,021
Incurred but not reported	1,942,287	-	3,622,800	-	-	5,565,087
Current portion of long-term debt and compensated absences	23,335		11,801			35,136
Total current liabilities	2,522,267	1,828	3,651,555	624	2,031	6,178,305
Noncurrent liabilities						
Compensated absences	1,228	-	621	-	-	1,849
Net pension liability	81,395	-	25,828	-	-	107,223
Other postemployment benefits liability	412,226		238,458	_		650,684
Total noncurrent liabilities	494,849		264,907			759,756
Total liabilities	3,017,116	1,828	3,916,462	624	2,031	6,938,061
Deferred inflows of resources						
Pension	24,394	-	28,171	-	-	52,565
OPEB	242,501	-	148,529	-	-	391,030
	266,895	-	176,700	-		443,595
Net position						
Restricted net position - claims	9,550,608	105,749	5,053,419	635,860	450,440	15,796,076
Unrestricted	(2,761,586)	(1,775)	(3,961,577)	(76)	(1,642)	(6,726,656)
Total net position	\$ 6,789,022	\$ 103,974	\$ 1,091,842	\$ 635,784	\$ 448,798	\$ 9,069,420

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Group Insurance Fund	Employee Flexible Benefit Fund	Workers' Compensation Fund	General Litigation Fund	Vehicle Insurance Fund	Total
Operating revenues				_		
Contributions	\$ -	\$ 511,334	\$ 1,948,703	\$ -	\$ 905,865	\$ 3,365,902
Contributions - Group health insurance	23,281,126	-	-	-	-	23,281,126
Pharmacy services	3,305,966					3,305,966
Total operating revenues	26,587,092	511,334	1,948,703		905,865	29,952,994
Operating expenses						
Salaries and employee benefits	-	509,271	175,683	-	-	684,954
Administrative costs	-	-	11,150	41,218	830,925	883,293
Workers' compensation claims	-	-	1,177,176	-	-	1,177,176
Group health insurance	22,459,014	-	-	-	-	22,459,014
Employee pharmacy	3,801,031	-	-	-	-	3,801,031
Employee clinic	349,412	-	-	-	-	349,412
Employee wellness program	140,544_					140,544
Total operating expenses	26,750,001	509,271	1,364,009	41,218	830,925	29,495,424
Operating income (loss)	(162,909)	2,063	584,694	(41,218)	74,940	457,570
Nonoperating revenue (expense)						
Interest earned on investments	141,412	494	81,191	10,357	8,290	241,744
Miscellaneous	20,939	(2,020)	-	-	-	18,919
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	162,351	(1,526)	81,191	10,357	8,290	260,663
Income (loss) before transfers	(558)	537	665,885	(30,861)	83,230	718,233
Transfers in	-	-	-	100,000	-	100,000
Change in net position	(558)	537	665,885	69,139	83,230	818,233
Total net position - beginning	6,789,580	103,437	425,957	566,645	365,568	8,251,187
Total net position - ending	\$ 6,789,022	\$ 103,974	\$ 1,091,842	\$ 635,784	\$ 448,798	\$ 9,069,420
-						

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Group Insurance Fund		Employee Flexible Benefit Fund		Workers' Compensation Fund		General Litigation Fund	lı	Vehicle nsurance Fund	 Total Internal Service Funds
Operating activities										
Contributions	\$	23,281,126	\$	511,334	\$	1,938,914	\$ -	\$	905,865	\$ 26,637,239
Cash paid to employees		(211,640)		(509,271)		(2,827)	-		-	(723,738)
Cash paid for goods and services		-		-		-	(40,594)		(830,498)	(871,092)
Cash received for goods and services		3,509,634		(136)		(24,136)	-		-	3,485,362
Cash paid for claims		(26,457,153)		_		(1,340,626)			_	(27,797,779)
Net cash from operating activities		121,967		1,927		571,325	(40,594)		75,367	729,992
Noncapital financing activities Transfers in Net cash from by noncapital financing activities		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 100,000		<u>-</u>	100,000
Capital and related financing activities							 			
Investing activities Investment earnings Net cash from in investing activities		141,412 141,412		494 494		81,191 81,191	 10,090 10,090		8,085 8,085	241,272 241,272
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents/investments		263,379		2,421		652,516	 69,496		83,452	 1,071,264
Cash and cash equivalents										
Beginning of year		9,287,229		103,328		4,400,903	 566,364		366,988	 14,724,812
End of year	\$	9,550,608	\$	105,749	\$	5,053,419	\$ 635,860	\$	450,440	\$ 15,796,076

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Group Insurance Fund		Employee Flexible Benefit Fund		Workers' Compensation Fund		General Litigation Fund	Vehicle nsurance Fund	Total Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash									
from operating activities									
Operating income (loss)	\$ (162,909)	\$	2,063	\$	584,694	\$	(41,218)	\$ 74,940	\$ 457,570
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)									
to net cash from operating activities:									
Changes in operating assets and liabilities									
Other receivables	(83,794)		56		(9,789)		-	-	(93,527)
Inventories	95,898		-		-		-	-	95,898
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	285,955		(192)		12,233		624	427	299,047
Net pension asset	25,034		-		10,442		-	-	35,476
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	(20,538)		-		(9,748)		-	-	(30,286)
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	1,887		-		787		-	-	2,674
Compensated absences payable	3,956		-		93		-	-	4,049
OPEB	(208,588)		-		(129,064)		-	-	(337,652)
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	(655)		-		(3,238)		-	-	(3,893)
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	185,721		-		114,915		-	-	300,636
Total adjustments	284,876		(136)		(13,369)		624	427	272,422
Net cash from operating activities	\$ 121,967	\$	1,927	\$	571,325	\$	(40,594)	\$ 75,367	\$ 729,992

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Group Insurance Fund

				2019				
		Dudoot		Actual		Variance Positive		2040
Revenues		Budget		Actual		(Negative)		2018
Operating revenues								
Contributions - Group health insurance	\$	23,618,033	\$	23,281,126	\$	(336,907)	\$	22,671,073
Pharmacy services	Ψ	2,515,485	Ψ	3,305,966	Ψ	790,481	Ψ	2,937,359
, namacy estivies		26,133,518		26,587,092		453,574		25,608,432
Non-operating revenues								
Performance payment		-		20,939		20,939		175
Interest earned on investments		10,000		141,412		131,412		44,404
		10,000		162,351		152,351		44,579
Other financing sources								
Fund balance appropriated		2,066,902				(2,066,902)		-
Appropriated fund balance								-
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	28,210,420	\$	26,749,443	\$	(1,460,977)	\$	25,653,011
Operating expenditures								
Employee pharmacy	\$	3,944,332	\$	3,818,170	\$	126,162	\$	3,599,710
Employee clinic		390,200		349,412		40,788		360,069
Group health insurance		23,648,761		22,459,014		1,189,747		20,407,849
Employee wellness program		227,127 28,210,420		140,544 26,767,140		86,583 1,443,280		112,567 24,480,195
Other financing uses		20,210,420		20,707,140		1,443,200		24,460,193
Transfers out								-
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$	28,210,420	\$	26,767,140	\$	1,443,280	\$	24,480,195
Reconciliation of income before transfers								
Total revenues and other financing sources			\$	26,749,443				
Total expenditures and other financing uses				26,767,140				
Subtotal				(17,697)				
Change in net pension liability				(25,034)				
Change in deferred outflows of resources - pensions				20,538				
Change in deferred inflows of resources - pensions				(1,887)				
Change in net OPEB liability				208,588				
Change in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB				655				
Change in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB				(185,721)				
Income (loss) per the Statement of Revenues,								

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Employee Flexible Benefit Fund

				2019				
		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Negative)		2018
Revenues		-						
Operating revenues								
Contributions	\$	700,000	\$	511,334	\$	(188,666)	\$	347,298
Non-operating revenues								
Interest earned on investments		-		494		494		163
Total revenues	\$	700,000	\$	511,828	\$	(188,172)	\$	347,461
Operating expenditures	•	700 000	•	500.074	•	400 700	•	000 400
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	700,000	\$	509,271	\$	190,729	\$	363,402
Non-operating revenues								
Miscellaneous		-		2,020		2,020		
Other financing uses Transfers out								
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$	700,000	\$	511,291	\$	192,749	\$	363,402
Reconciliation of income before transfers								
Total revenues and other financing sources			\$	511,828				
Total expenditures and other financing uses				511,291				
Subtotal				537				
Income (loss) per the Statement of Revenues,								
Expenses and Changes in Net Position			\$	537				

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Workers' Compensation Fund

		2019			
	Budget	Actual	ı	/ariance Positive Negative)	2018
Revenues	 Daaget	 Actual		togutivo)	 2010
Operating revenues					
Contributions	\$ 1,511,915	\$ 1,948,703	\$	436,788	\$ 2,493,438
Non-operating revenues					
Interest earned on investments	 	 81,191		81,191	 25,793
Appropriated fund balance	 (2,000)	 		2,000	
Total revenues	\$ 1,509,915	\$ 2,029,894	\$	519,979	\$ 2,519,231
Operating expenditures					
Administrative costs	\$ 18,154	\$ 11,150	\$	7,004	\$ 43,479
Workers' compensation claims	1,263,952	1,177,176		86,776	1,296,515
Salaries and employee benefits	 227,809	 191,589		36,220	 183,614
Total expenditures	 1,509,915	 1,379,915		130,000	 1,523,608
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 1,509,915	\$ 1,379,915	\$	130,000	\$ 1,523,608
Reconciliation of income before transfers					
Total revenues and other financing sources		\$ 2,029,894			
Total expenditures		 1,379,915			
Subtotal		649,979			
Change in net pension liability		(10,442)			
Change in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		9,748			
Change in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(787)			
Change in net OPEB liability		129,064			
Change in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		3,238			
Change in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		 (114,915)			
Income (loss) per the Statement of Revenues,					
Expenses and Changes in Net Position		\$ 665,885			

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) General Litigation Fund

	Budget			2019 Actual	P	ariance Positive legative)	2018
Revenues							
Operating revenues	\$		\$		\$	-	\$ -
Non-operating revenues							
Interest earned on investments		3,000		10,357		7,357	4,206
Other financing sources							
Transfers in		100,000		100,000			100,000
Appropriated fund balance							 -
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	103,000	\$	110,357	\$	7,357	\$ 104,206
Operating expenditures							
Administrative costs	\$	103,000	\$	41,218	\$	61,782	\$ 41,088
Other financing uses							
Transfers out							 -
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$	103,000	\$	41,218	\$	61,782	\$ 41,088
Reconciliation of income before transfers							
Total revenues and other financing sources			\$	110,357			
Total expenditures				41,218			
Subtotal				69,139			
Income (loss) per the Statement of Revenues,							
Expenses and Changes in Net Position			\$	69,139			

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Vehicle Insurance Fund

		2019						
					٧	ariance		
					F	Positive		
		Budget		Actual	(N	legative)		2018
Revenues	·							
Operating revenues								
Contributions	\$	905,865	\$	905,865	\$	-	\$	828,255
Interest		-		8,290		8,290		1,498
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		25,206
Appropriated fund balance		-		-		-		-
	\$	905,865	\$	914,155	\$	8,290	\$	854,959
Operating expenditures								
Administrative costs	\$	905,865	\$	830,925	\$	74,940	\$	829,309
Reconciliation of income before transfers								
Total revenues and other financing sources			\$	914,155				
Total expenditures				830,925				
Subtotal				83,230				
Income (loss) per the Statement of Revenues,								
Expenses and Changes in Net Position			\$	83,230				

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2019

	City Tax Fund	Payee Account Fund		Inmate Payee Fund		Inter- Governmental Custodial Fund		Stormwater Utility Fund		Vehicle Interest Fund		Totals
Assets												
Taxes receivable	\$ 3,077,533	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,424	\$	-	\$ 3,083,957
Due from other governments	853,012		-		-		-		-		-	853,012
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	159,083		600,583		130,534		144,202		25,685		-	1,060,087
Total assets	\$ 4,089,628	\$	600,583	\$	130,534	\$	144,202	\$	32,109	\$	-	\$ 4,997,056
Liabilities												
Accounts and vouchers payable	\$ 4,085,301	\$	600,583	\$	130,534	\$	144,202	\$	32,109	\$	-	\$ 4,992,729
Due to other governments	4,327								_		-	4,327
Total liabilities	\$ 4,089,628	\$	600,583	\$	130,534	\$	144,202	\$	32,109	\$	-	\$ 4,997,056

Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Jı	uly 1, 2018		Additions		Deductions	Ju	ne 30, 2019
City Tax Fund								
Assets								
Taxes receivable	\$	3,251,800	\$	97,594,011	\$	97,768,278	\$	3,077,533
Due from other governments		867,990		875,103		890,081		853,012
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		177,639		107,847,540		107,866,096		159,083
Total assets	\$	4,297,429	\$	206,316,654	\$	206,524,455	\$	4,089,628
Liabilities								
Accounts and vouchers payable	\$	4,262,560	\$	206,288,717	\$	206,465,976	\$	4,085,301
Due to other governments	,	34,869	•	27,937	•	58,479	·	4,327
Total liabilities	\$	4,297,429	\$	206,316,654	\$	206,524,455	\$	4,089,628
Payee Account Fund Assets								
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	464,013	\$	1,321,122	\$	1,184,552	\$	600,583
Total assets	\$	464,013	\$	1,321,122	\$	1,184,552	\$	600,583
Total assets	Ψ	404,013	φ	1,321,122	φ	1,104,332	Ψ	000,363
Liabilities								
Accounts and vouchers payable	\$	464,013	\$	1,321,122	\$	1,184,552	\$	600,583
Total liabilities	\$	464,013	\$	1,321,122	\$	1,184,552	\$	600,583
Inmate Payee Fund								
Assets	•	100.000	•	4 540 077	•	4 547 500	•	100 504
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	128,990	\$	1,519,077	\$	1,517,533	\$	130,534
Total assets	\$	128,990	\$	1,519,077	\$	1,517,533	\$	130,534
Liabilities								
Accounts and vouchers payable	\$	128,990	\$	1,519,077	\$	1,517,533	\$	130,534
Total liabilities	\$	128,990	\$	1,519,077	\$	1,517,533	\$	130,534
Intergovernmental Custodial Fund								
Assets								
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	124,876	\$	1,943,143	\$	1,923,817	\$	144,202
Total assets	\$	124,876	\$	1,943,143	\$	1,923,817	\$	144,202
Liabilities								
Accounts and vouchers payable	\$	124,876	\$	1,943,143	\$	1,923,817	\$	144,202
Total liabilities	\$	124,876	\$	1,943,143	\$	1,923,817	\$	144,202

Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

Ota managed and Hellita Francis	<u>J</u>	uly 1, 2018		Additions		Deductions	Ju	ne 30, 2019
Stormwater Utility Fund								
Assets	•		_	0.040		4 ===		0.404
Taxes receivable	\$	8,664	\$	2,313	\$	4,553	\$	6,424
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		30,258	_	2,292	_	6,865		25,685
Total assets	\$	38,922	\$	4,605	\$	11,418	\$	32,109
Liabilities								
Accounts and vouchers payable	\$	38,922	\$	4,605	\$	11,418	\$	32,109
Total liabilities	\$	38,922	\$	4,605	\$	11,418	\$	32,109
		00,022	<u> </u>	.,000	_	,		02,100
Vehicle Interest Fund								
Assets								
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	165	\$	165	\$	
Total assets	\$	-	\$	165	\$	165	\$	-
Liabilities								
Due to other governments	\$	_	\$	165	\$	165	\$	_
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$	165	\$	165	\$	-
TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS	'							
Assets								
Taxes receivable	\$	3,260,464	\$	97,596,324	\$	97,772,831	\$	3,083,957
Due from other governments	Ψ	867,990	Ψ	875.103	Ψ	890.081	Ψ	853.012
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		925,776		112,633,339		112,499,028		1,060,087
Total assets	\$	5,054,230	\$		\$	211,161,940	\$	4,997,056
10141 433013	Ψ	3,034,230	Ψ	211,104,700	Ψ	211,101,040	Ψ	4,007,000
Liabilities								
Accounts and vouchers payable	\$	5,019,361	\$	211,076,664	\$	211,103,296	\$	4,992,729
Due to other governments		34,869		28,102		58,644		4,327
Total liabilities	\$	5,054,230	\$	211,104,766	\$	211,161,940	\$	4,997,056

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund - City Tax Fund June 30, 2019

	Fayetteville Tax Fund	Rev	wntown italization ax Fund	Falcon Tax Fund		Godwin Tax Fun		Hope Mills Tax Fund	Linden Tax Fund		Spring Lake Tax Fund	Stedman Tax Fund		Wade Tax Fund		Eastover		Totals
Assets																		
Taxes receivable	\$ 2,691,485	\$	3,997	\$	830	\$	985	\$ 132,609	\$	1,297	\$ 216,824	\$	6,627	\$	4,148	\$	18,731	\$ 3,077,533
Due from other governments	753,696		277		229		504	56,403		220	28,745		4,438		953		7,547	853,012
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	116,014		-		-		135	5,992		172	30,870		2,120		222		3,558	159,083
Total assets	\$ 3,561,195	\$	4,274	\$	1,059	\$	1,624	\$ 195,004	\$	1,689	\$ 276,439	\$	13,185	\$	5,323	\$	29,836	\$ 4,089,628
Liabilities																		
Accounts and vouchers payable	\$ 3,560,229	\$	1,113	\$	953	\$	1,623	\$ 194,928	\$	1,689	\$ 276,439	\$	13,179	\$	5,322	\$	29,826	\$ 4,085,301
Due to other governments	966		3,161		106		1	76		-	-		6		1		10	4,327
Total liabilities	\$ 3,561,195	\$	4,274	\$	1,059	\$	1,624	\$ 195,004	\$	1,689	\$ 276,439	\$	13,185	\$	5,323	\$	29,836	\$ 4,089,628

Discretely Presented Component Unit Eastover Sanitary District Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,257,335
Accounts receivable, net	205,033
Other receivables, net	1,963
Total current assets	2,464,331
Noncurrent assets	
Restricted:	
Cash and cash equivalents	253,656
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	18,415,557
Total noncurrent assets	18,669,213
Total assets	21,133,544
Liabilities and net position	
Current liabilities	
Accounts and vouchers payable	98,186
Accrued payroll	12,440
Accrued interest payable	35,503
Other payables	13,160
Current portion of long-term debt	290,604
Total current liabilities	449,893
Noncurrent liabilities	
Long-term debt	10,408,739
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,408,739
Total liabilities	10,858,632
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	7,719,945
Restricted net position - debt service	253,656
Restricted net position - capital	266,000
Restricted net position - facility investment fee	86,653
Unrestricted	1,948,658
Total net position	\$ 10,274,912

Discretely Presented Component Unit Eastover Sanitary District Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2019

Operating revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 2,230,321
Total operating revenues	2,230,321
Operating expenses	
Salaries and employee benefits	184,018
Repairs and maintenance	11,077
Utilities	16,806
Administrative costs	157,562
Bulk water purchases	305,107
Sewer treatment	101,315
Contracted services	293,292
Depreciation	603,126
Total operating expenses	1,672,303
Operating income (loss)	558,018
Nonoperating revenue (expense)	
Interest earned on investments	43,618
Miscellaneous	6,163
Interest expense	(454,199)
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	(404,418)
Income (loss) before capital contributions	153,600
Capital contributions	476,570
Change in net position	630,170
Total net position - beginning	9,644,742
Total net position - ending	\$ 10,274,912

Discretely Presented Component Unit Eastover Sanitary District Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2019

Operating activities	Φ.	0.000.400
Cash received from customers	\$	2,233,188
Cash paid to employees		(175,159)
Cash paid for goods and services		(856,325)
Net cash from operating activities		1,201,704
Net cash from noncapital financing activities		
Capital and related financing activities		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(19,966)
Principal paid on long-term debt		(275,035)
Interest paid on debt		(455,057)
Other miscellaneous transactions		6,163
Net cash from by capital and related financing activities		(743,895)
Investing activities		
Investment earnings		42,634
Net cash from in investing activities		42,634
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		500,443
Cash and cash equivalents		
Beginning of year		2,010,548
End of year	\$	2,510,991
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
from operating activities		
Operating income	\$	558,018
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	Ψ	330,010
from operating activities:		
Depreciation		603,126
Depreciation		003,120
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable		2,867
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Compensated absences payable		41,274 (3,581)
Total adjustments		643,686
rotal adjustments		0.10,000
Net cash from operating activities	\$	1,201,704
Reconciliation to cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$	2,257,335
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		253,656
	\$	2,510,991
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:		
Contributed assets	\$	

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Eastover Sanitary District Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

				2019	\	/ariance			
					ı	Positive			
		Budget		Actual	(1	legative)		2018	
Operating revenues	•	0.000.050	•	0.000.004	•	100.074	•	0.400.770	
Charges for services Total operating revenues	\$	2,066,950 2,066,950	\$	2,230,321 2,230,321	\$	163,371 163,371	\$	2,169,779 2,169,779	
Nonoperating revenues and other financing sources		2,000,000		2,200,021		100,071		2,100,110	
Interest earned on investments		9,000		43,618		34,618		15,169	
Miscellaneous		4,000		6,163		2,163		63,404	
Transfers in		1,056,821		1,006,819		(50,002)		785,085	
Capital contributions		1,030,021		476,570		476,570		214,040	
Total nonoperating revenues and other financing sources		1,069,821		1,533,170		463,349		1,077,698	
			-	1,333,170	-	·		1,077,090	
Appropriated fund balance		345,020				(345,020)		-	
Total revenues, other financing sources and fund balance appropriations	\$	3,481,791	\$	3,763,491	\$	281,700	\$	3,247,477	
Operating expenditures									
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	187,619	\$	184,018	\$	3,601	\$	156,318	
Repairs and maintenance		124,500		11,077		113,423		21,446	
Utilities		18,400		16,806		1,594		17,359	
Administrative costs		396,682		157,562		239,120		150,279	
Bulk water purchases		346,190		305,107		41,083		328,975	
Sewer treatment		95,000		101,315		(6,315)		83,517	
Contracted services		289,758		293,292		(3,534)		278,460	
Miscellaneous		10,000		-		10,000		-	
Total operating expenditures		1,468,149		1,069,177		398,972		1,036,354	
Nonoperating expenditures									
Debt Service		761,801		454,199		307,602		465,378	
Total nonoperating expenditures		761,801		454,199		307,602		465,378	
Other expenditures and financing uses									
Transfers out		1,006,821		1,006,819		2		785,085	
Capital outlay		245,020		476,570		(231,550)		-	
Total other expenditures and financing uses		1,251,841		1,483,389		(231,548)		785,085	
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$	3,481,791	\$	3,006,765	\$	475,026	\$	2,286,817	
Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual bas	sis								
Total revenues and other financing sources			\$	3,763,491					
Total expenditures and other financing uses				3,006,765					
				756,726					
Capital outlay				476,570					
Depreciation				(603,126)					
Income per Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position			\$	630,170					

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual - Eastover Sanitary District Capital Project Fund

From Inception and for Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Closed Projects	Current Year	Total
Revenues					
Restricted intergovernmental revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total revenues		-	·		
Expenditures					
Capital outlay					
Water and sewer	50,000	32,074	-	-	32,074
Buildings	245,020	-	-	19,966	19,966
Total expenditures	295,020	32,074		19,966	52,040
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(295,020)	(32,074)		(19,966)	(52,040)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	295,020	50,000	-	245,019	295,019
Total other financing sources	295,020	50,000		245,019	295,019
Revenues and other financing					
sources over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ 17,926	\$ -	\$ 225,053	\$ 242,979

Discretely Presented Component Unit Tourism Development Authority Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,732,315
Other receivables, net	1,149
Total current assets	1,733,464
Total assets	1,733,464
Liabilities and net position	
Current liabilities	
Accounts and vouchers payable	791,563
Total liabilities	791,563
Net position	
Unrestricted	941,901
Total net position	\$ 941,901

Discretely Presented Component Unit Tourism Development Authority Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2019

Operating revenues		
Occupancy taxes	\$	7,245,361
Operating expenses		
Cultural and recreational		7,187,479
Operating income (loss)		57,882
Nonoperating revenue (expense)		
Interest earned on investments		21,966
Income (loss) before transfers and contributions		79,848
Change in net position		79,848
Total not position, havinging		062.052
Total net position - beginning	_	862,053
Total net position - ending	Ф	941,901

Discretely Presented Component Unit Tourism Development Authority Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2019

Operating activities		
Cash received from operations	\$	7,245,361
Cash paid for goods and services	φ	(7,087,801)
Casif paid for goods and services		(1,001,001)
Net cash from operating activities		157,560
Net cash from capital and related financing activities		
Net cash from in investing activities		21,360
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		178,920
Cash and cash equivalents		
Beginning of year		1,553,395
End of year	\$	1,732,315
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash from operating activities		
Operating income	\$	57,882
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		99,678
Total adjustments		99,678
Net cash from operating activities	\$	157,560

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Tourism Development Authority Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

				2019				
						Variance		
						Positive		
On worth an arrange of		Budget		Actual	(Negative)		2018
Operating revenues	Φ.	7 400 000	Φ.	7.045.004	Φ.	(0.47.005)	Φ.	0.444.000
Charges for services	\$	7,492,396	\$	7,245,361	\$	(247,035)	\$	6,144,980
Nonoperating revenues								
Interest				21,966		21,966		3,310
Appropriated fund balance		68,000				(68,000)		
Total revenues	\$	7,560,396	\$	7,267,327	\$	(293,069)	\$	6,148,290
Operating expenditures								
Cultural and recreational	\$	7,560,396	\$	7,187,479	\$	372,917	\$	6,158,127
Total expenditures	\$	7,560,396	\$	7,187,479	\$	372,917	\$	6,158,127
Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual bas	is							
Total revenues	.0		\$	7,267,327				
Total expenditures			•	7,187,479				
•				79,848				
Income (loca) before transfers and contributions								
Income (loss) before transfers and contributions per Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Pos	sitior	1	\$	79,848				

Schedule of Current Tax Levy Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Cou	nty-	Wide			Total Levy								
		Total Property Valuation	Rate		Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	1	Registered Motor Vehicles									
Original levy County-wide Late listing penalties	\$	23,424,286,732	0.00799 0.10000	\$	187,022,800 189,124	\$	187,211,924	\$	166,974,353	\$	20,237,571					
Discoveries County-wide Late listing penalties		65,135,103	0.00799 0.10000		520,429 246,160		766,589		750,314		16,275					
Abatements County wide Late listing penalties		(73,181,063)	0.00799 0.10000		(584,717) (230,544)		(815,261)		(787,433)		(27,828)					
Adjusted tax levy	\$	23,416,240,772					187,163,252		166,937,234		20,226,018					
Uncollected taxes at Jul	ne 30	, 2019					(1,429,071)		(1,113,578)		(315,493)					
Current year's taxes col	lected	i				\$	185,734,181	\$	165,823,656	\$	19,910,525					
Percent of current year's taxes collected							99.24%	_	99.33%		98.44%					

Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year		ncollected Balance uly 1, 2018	Additions	Collections and Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2019		
2018-2019 Prior years	\$	- 6,674,129	\$ 187,163,252	\$ 185,734,181 2,075,106	\$	1,429,071 4,599,023	
	\$	6,674,129	\$ 187,163,252	\$ 187,809,287		6,028,094	
Less allowance for uncollectible ad valorem taxes receivable						(4,740,577)	
					\$	1,287,517	
RECONCILIATION OF COLLECTIONS AND CR	REDITS WITH REV	ENUES					
Collections and credits per above				\$ 187,809,287			
Interest				509,947			
Processing fees				39,019			
Rental Car/Equipment Taxes				1,018,394			
Other				3,132			
Releases from prior years				(740,120)			
Ad Valorem Taxes - General Fund (per report)				\$ 188,639,659			

Emergency Telephone System Unspent Balance PSAP Reconciliation June 30, 2019

Amounts reported on the Emergency Telephone System Fund budget to actual (J-6) are different from the PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Report because:	
Net Change in Fund Balance, reported on Budget to Actual	\$ (75,901)
Market adjustment on investments after PSAP report submitted	-
Ineligible 911 expenditures - prior years	
Beginning Balance, PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Report***	2,395,108
Ending Balance, PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Report	\$ 2,319,207

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

The schedules in this section provide additional information concerning the County's financial performance and position over time. The information provided is limited to the primary government (the County and its blended component units) and therefore does not include information for discrete component units. The schedules are organized in the following categories:

- Financial Trends (Schedules 1 5): These schedules contain trend information to help the user understand changes in the County's financial position and performance over time.
- Revenue Capacity (Schedules 6 9): These schedules contain information to help the user assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the ad valorem property tax.
- Debt Capacity (Schedules 10 12): These schedules contain information to
 help the user assess the affordability of the County's current levels of
 outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.
- Demographic and Economic Information (Schedules 13 14): These schedules provide demographic and economic indicators to help the user understand the environment within which the County's financial activities occur.
- Operating Information (Schedules 15 17): These schedules contain service
 and infrastructure data to help the user understand how the information in the
 County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the
 activities it performs.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) Unaudited

					Fisca	ıl Ye	ar				
	 2010	2011	2012	2013	2014		2015	2016	2017	 2018	2019
Governmental activities											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 130,423,459	\$ 145,718,565	\$ 144,858,779	\$ 152,206,505	\$ 159,441,226	\$	160,482,008	\$ 161,376,329	\$ 163,004,686	\$ 161,369,905	\$ 167,529,351
Restricted	31,401,643	91,003,476	54,474,736	51,350,047	55,508,183		51,285,265	54,946,069	66,301,394	75,001,538	74,320,510
Unrestricted	(62,322,028)	(136,915,906)	(102,125,872)	(107,618,490)	(120,546,496)		(119,598,444)	(112,796,933)	(119,952,268)	(282,762,923)	(249,889,610)
Prior period adjustment	-	-	(1,464,823)	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 99,503,074	\$ 99,806,135	\$ 95,742,820	\$ 95,938,062	\$ 94,402,913	\$	92,168,829	\$ 103,525,465	\$ 109,353,812	\$ (46,391,480)	\$ (8,039,749)
Business-type activities											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 37,024,911	\$ 36,170,451	\$ 32,823,195	\$ 32,095,383	\$ 31,819,848	\$	31,557,533	\$ 33,490,377	\$ 37,152,240	\$ 46,331,906	\$ 50,999,184
Restricted	8,646,797	8,927,040	11,838,655	11,525,551	19,988,485		14,589,748	-	10,374,109	3,759,889	10,011,668
Unrestricted	26,701,894	26,268,296	25,781,447	25,993,379	18,426,927		24,812,220	39,387,855	30,809,678	27,028,957	22,360,900
Prior period adjustment	-	-	(254,826)	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 72,373,602	\$ 71,365,787	\$ 70,188,471	\$ 69,614,313	\$ 70,235,260	\$	70,959,501	\$ 72,878,232	\$ 78,336,027	\$ 77,120,752	\$ 83,371,752
Primary government											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 167,448,370	\$ 181,889,016	\$ 177,681,974	\$ 184,301,888	\$ 191,261,074	\$	192,039,541	\$ 194,866,706	\$ 200,156,926	\$ 207,701,811	\$ 218,528,535
Restricted	40,048,440	99,930,516	66,313,391	62,875,598	75,496,668		65,875,013	54,946,069	76,675,503	78,761,427	84,332,178
Unrestricted	(35,620,134)	(110,647,610)	(76,344,425)	(81,625,111)	(102,119,569)		(94,786,224)	(73,409,078)	(89,142,590)	(255,733,966)	(227,528,710)
Prior period adjustment	 -		(1,719,649)	-	 		_	 -	 -	 	 -
Total primary government net position	\$ 171,876,676	\$ 171,171,922	\$ 165,931,291	\$ 165,552,375	\$ 164,638,173	\$	163,128,330	\$ 176,403,697	\$ 187,689,839	\$ 30,729,272	\$ 75,332,003

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, NORTH CAROLINA S-1

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) Unaudited

	Fiscal Year										
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Expenses											
Governmental activities											
General government	\$ 23,337,278	\$ 26,113,873	\$ 26,438,229	\$ 26,044,059	\$ 28,905,546	\$ 26,795,436	\$ 29,528,752	\$ 30,128,456	\$ 29,507,515	\$ 28,782,804	
Public safety	57,441,883	57,268,195	59,658,090	61,955,844	66,897,589	65,033,036	68,675,832	70,034,152	68,374,946	63,788,508	
Economic & physical development	18.944.001	16,199,629	13,147,908	12,806,612	12,557,762	11,911,261	13,667,168	13.008.901	13,777,811	13,495,875	
Human services	113,529,432	115,603,566	117,628,689	110,237,271	105,177,910	101,196,588	107,291,125	110,361,150	95,495,386	87,063,672	
Cultural & recreational	15,095,287	16,019,975	16,416,067	17,031,729	17,973,551	16,715,175	17,100,127	17,527,672	15,818,615	13,850,878	
Education	98,360,208	93,248,232	92,463,573	96,686,785	94,841,212	99,040,656	97,089,412	97,230,388	104,859,935	108,512,631	
Interest on long-term debt	8,285,618	8,080,259	7,322,300	6,746,530	6,049,811	5,259,142	4,684,877	4,010,962	2,380,138	2,872,177	
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ 334,993,707	\$ 332,533,729	\$ 333,074,856	\$ 331,508,830	\$ 332,403,381	\$ 325,951,294	\$ 338,037,293	\$ 342,301,681	\$ 330,214,346	\$ 318,366,545	
Business type activities											
Solid Waste	\$ 9,268,378	\$ 10,631,856	\$ 10,362,349	\$ 9,717,623	\$ 7,274,208	\$ 8,367,442	\$ 9,382,539	\$ 10,189,981	\$ 11,055,063	\$ 9,833,056	
Crown Center	9,166,951	9,348,450	9,227,595	9,134,040	9,004,249	7,829,562	7,436,596	7,745,790	8,081,185	8,105,009	
Kelly Hills Water and Sewer District	66,845	66,855	72,569	75,337	68,661	67,709	139,826	118,113	108,803	138,070	
NORCRESS Water and Sewer District	531,425	560,100	667,009	517,050	576,691	572,121	872,557	803,787	601,087	657,832	
Southpoint Water District	331,423	500,100	007,003	3,529	24,674	30,673	26,564	25,936	21,418	21,918	
Overhills Park Water and Sewer District				3,323	24,074	30,073	20,304	29,118	7,490	34,127	
Total business-type activities	\$ 19.033,599	\$ 20,607,261	\$ 20,329,522	\$ 19,447,579	\$ 16,948,483	\$ 16,867,507	\$ 17,858,082	\$ 18,912,725	\$ 19,875,046	\$ 18,790,012	
Total business-type activities	3 19,033,393	\$ 20,007,201						\$ 10,512,725		3 18,730,012	
Total primary government expenses	\$ 354,027,306	\$ 353,140,990	\$ 353,404,378	\$ 350,956,409	\$ 349,351,864	\$ 342,818,801	\$ 355,895,375	\$ 361,214,406	\$ 350,089,392	\$ 337,156,557	
Program Revenues											
Governmental activities											
Charges for services											
General government	\$ 2,858,960	\$ 2,832,221	\$ 3,099,848	\$ 2,773,636	\$ 2,302,492	\$ 2,264,053	\$ 2,277,018	\$ 2,410,131	\$ 2,333,837	\$ 2,314,448	
Public safety	3,419,961	3,310,454	3,847,775	4,190,473	3,588,254	4,176,589	3,571,955	3,824,951	4,077,437	4,058,644	
Economic & physical development	969,652	1,660,379	1,509,164	1,440,607	1,387,921	1,330,020	1,394,180	1,354,788	1,177,033	1,063,423	
Human services	12,388,227	10,466,993	11,018,446	8,358,643	4,858,269	5,092,117	6,144,958	6,093,677	6,056,500	6,717,407	
Cultural & recreational	364,878	347,121	325,891	290,288	227,669	196,460	206,028	181,280	152,129	150,207	
Operating grants and contributions											
General government	752,384	1,362,164	1,343,499	1,273,932	1,210,508	1,210,223	1,290,179	2,207,743	1,407,281	563,329	
Public safety	1,274,393	1,251,625	924,305	572,249	553,242	646,878	948,585	611,451	491,006	572,859	
Economic & physical development	10,942,151	7,901,581	4,401,963	5,031,215	4,570,441	5,209,718	7,193,042	6,680,711	7,472,115	8,033,758	
Human services	61,167,757	67,653,598	62,937,668	59,693,157	53,687,957	57,238,248	59,695,265	61,630,079	49,480,015	45,259,798	
Cultural & recreational	886,957	859,040	739,037	690,144	940,764	629,495	644,904	690,437	747,975	1,060,053	
Capital grants and contributions											
General government	6,046,938	7,566,686	4,230,817	5,397,336	3,863,323	3,802,117	3,724,973	3,674,258	3,592,098	3,485,206	
Public safety	746,372	228,701	293,661	467,535	774,769	56,472	171,196	301,935	166,330	142,953	
Economic & physical development	1,336,432	1,153,621	929,630	935,972	1,165,423	917,914	1,180,957	957,955	677,334	797,204	
Human services	348,341	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cultural & recreational	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Education					-						
Total governmental activities programs revenues	\$ 103,503,403	\$ 106,594,184	\$ 95,601,704	\$ 91,115,187	\$ 79,131,032	\$ 82,770,304	\$ 88,443,240	\$ 90,619,396	\$ 77,831,090	\$ 74,219,289	

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) Unaudited

	Fiscal Year									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services										
Solid Waste	\$ 3,304,501	\$ 3,725,540	\$ 3,523,978	\$ 2,897,533	\$ 2,884,517	\$ 3,407,640	\$ 3,948,096	\$ 4,626,879	\$ 4,232,104	\$ 4,773,520
Crown Center	2,467,261	2,515,822	2,466,218	2,392,763	2,035,391	1,785,734	1,834,124	1,853,954	1,892,840	1,960,708
Kelly Hills Water and Sewer District	-	1,951	2,082	6,097	5,641	2,856	93,318	77,952	79,303	76,126
NORCRESS Water and Sewer district	294,027	370,612	391,357	385,599	392,137	423,601	397,195	350,328	347,257	440,558
Southpoint Water District	-	-	-	4,700	32,009	31,371	41,013	35,754	36,491	33,395
Overhills Park Water and Sewer District	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating grants and contributions										
Solid Waste	518,723	591,983	456,766	729,269	589,023	621,463	493,139	3,384,721	734,831	520,453
Crown Center	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	159,663	42,971	372,460
NORCRESS Water and Sewer District								-	-	29,613
Capital grants and contributions										
Kelly Hills Water and Sewer District	-			-	-	-	-			-
NORCRESS Water and Sewer District	-			-	-					-
Southpoint Water and Sewer District	-	-	-	361,239	40,053	-	-	-	-	-
Overhills Park Water and Sewer District	-							1,380,422	1,424,958	
Total business-type activities program revenues	\$ 6,584,512	\$ 7,205,908	\$ 6,840,401	\$ 6,777,200	\$ 5,978,771	\$ 6,272,665	\$ 6,806,885	\$ 11,869,673	\$ 8,790,755	\$ 8,206,833
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 110,087,915	\$ 113,800,092	\$ 102,442,105	\$ 97,892,387	\$ 85,109,803	\$ 89,042,969	\$ 95,250,125	\$ 102,489,069	\$ 86,621,845	\$ 82,426,122
Net (expense)/revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (231,490,304)	\$ (225,939,545)	\$ (237,473,152)	\$ (240,393,643)	\$ (253,272,349)	\$ (243,180,990)	\$ (249,594,053)	\$ (251,682,285)	\$ (252,383,256)	\$ (244,147,256)
Business-type activities	(12,449,087)	(13,401,353)	(13,489,121)	(12,670,379)	(10,969,712)	(10,594,842)	(11,051,197)	(7,043,052)	(11,084,291)	(10,583,179)
Total primary government net expense	\$ (243,939,391)	\$ (239,340,898)	\$ (250,962,273)	\$ (253,064,022)	\$ (264,242,061)	\$ (253,775,832)	\$ (260,645,250)	\$ (258,725,337)	\$ (263,467,547)	\$ (254,730,435)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities										
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 168,579,799	\$ 167,672,376	\$ 171,683,119	\$ 176,659,705	\$ 184,443,830	\$ 182,564,817	\$ 185,971,389	\$ 189,961,506	\$ 197,423,713	\$ 200,555,934
Other taxes	50,815,261	50,238,808	53,075,353	54,126,583	54,497,219	57,502,019	59,433,120	60,818,546	61,690,570	66,290,088
Unrestricted grants and contributions	10,663,034	10,313,488	10,614,999	10,434,412	11,708,537	11,250,145	12,746,032	12,493,334	13,609,843	14,109,993
Investment earnings	423,070	307,459	212,121	204,969	187,033	188,401	350,879	499,798	1,283,268	4,076,490
Miscellaneous	6,045,932	5,772,310	5,587,620	4,874,901	6,141,380	5,606,531	6,033,427	7,109,669	6,533,566	5,662,980
Transfers	(7,348,506)	(8,061,835)	(6,298,552)	(5,711,685)	(5,141,299)	(5,441,959)	(5,680,022)	(5,552,333)	(5,784,863)	(8,196,498)
Total governmental activities	\$ 229,178,590	\$ 226,242,606	\$ 234,874,660	\$ 240,588,885	\$ 251,836,700	\$ 251,669,954	\$ 258,854,825	\$ 265,330,520	\$ 274,756,097	\$ 282,498,987
Business-type activities:										
Other taxes	\$ 5,811,507	\$ 6,051,624	\$ 6,097,110	\$ 6,181,215	\$ 6,189,859	\$ 6,349,741	\$ 6,328,374	\$ 6,505,637	\$ 7,338,720	\$ 7,629,789
Investment earnings	190,657	193,799	73,141	123,773	123,409	123,897	263,733	218,310	490,373	924,118
Miscellaneous	19,503	153,030	97,828	79,548	36,592	-	697,799	224,567	98,551	83,774
Transfers	7,348,506	8,061,835	6,298,552	5,711,685	5,141,299	5,441,959	5,680,022	5,552,333	5,784,863	8,196,498
Total business-type activities	\$ 13,370,173	\$ 14,460,288	\$ 12,566,631	\$ 12,096,221	\$ 11,491,159	\$ 11,915,597	\$ 12,969,928	\$ 12,500,847	\$ 13,712,507	\$ 16,834,179
Total primary government	\$ 242,548,763	\$ 240,702,894	\$ 247,441,291	\$ 252,685,106	\$ 263,327,859	\$ 263,585,551	\$ 271,824,753	\$ 277,831,367	\$ 288,468,604	\$ 299,333,166
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ (2,311,714)	\$ 303,061	\$ (2,598,492)	\$ 195,242	\$ (1,435,649)	\$ 8,488,964	\$ 9,260,772	\$ 13,648,235	\$ 22,372,841	\$ 38,351,731
Business-type activities	921,086	1,058,935	(922,490)	(574,158)	521,447	1,320,755	1,918,731	5,457,795	2,628,216	6,251,000
Total primary government	\$ (1,390,628)	\$ 1,361,996	\$ (3,520,982)	\$ (378,916)	\$ (914,202)	\$ 9,809,719	\$ 11,179,503	\$ 19,106,030	\$ 25,001,057	\$ 44,602,731

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) Unaudited

					Fisca	l Year				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Fund										
Nonspendable:										
Inventories	\$ 156,802	\$ 179,164	\$ 144,603	\$ 139,885	\$ 161,583	\$ 172,503	\$ 191,535	\$ 174,458	\$ 155,968	\$ 174,407
Prepaids	-	· ·	· -	· -	2,387,765	2,381,625	210	11,628	5,400	210
Restricted:										
Mental Health programs	-	14,331,047	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stabilization by state statute	27,238,569	30,902,011	28,676,134	29,317,680	34,692,443	30,590,474	27,929,111	29,406,164	32,308,498	33,205,082
Register of Deeds	498,743	498,743	623,297	820,471	714,243	754,325	867,507	901,098	1,022,258	1,059,148
Public health	-	· -	· -	· -	-	· -	-	· -	3,952,885	3,766,799
County Schools	-	5,796,008	4,746,081	5,439,575	4,996,993	6,529,769	8,294,625	12,184,346	11,086,455	7,001,882
Committed:										
Tax revaluation	-	416,927	443,426	494,773	631,503	758,093	602,906	1,167,295	1,877,327	1,979,245
Capital investment fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,090,585	20,940,072
LEOSSA pension obligation	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,215,961	2,290,100	1,756,915	1,756,982
Hope VI project	3,375,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned										
Subsequent year's expenditures	18,261,131	12,245,321	6,289,246	13,214,992	18,376,960	14,523,875	16,337,899	8,889,652	7,447,195	8,667,646
Finance & tax office software	1,175,000	1,175,000	1,175,000	7,175,000	4,000,000	4,500,000	4,500,000	4,406,300	4,406,300	1,700,000
Water and sewer industrial expansion	-	5,897,670	6,236,961	5,845,409	4,421,513	4,876,523	4,626,523	4,527,610	-	-
Economic development incentives	-	2,531,854	1,500,448	1,500,448	695,665	1,500,000	968,841	1,065,139	4,000,000	2,000,000
Mental Health services			14,364,212	10,448,756	7,849,970	4,633,970	2,364,920	2,160,841	-	-
Public Health	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,510,625	3,200,854	-	-
Capital investment fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,324,938	10,583,825	-
Renovations and maintenance	2,265,121	2,258,117	1,641,942	3,472,205	-	5,131,898	3,621,105	1,250,000	-	-
Jail expansion	-	6,274,760	6,274,760	-	-	-	-	-		-
Health department renovations	3,882,892	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Special purposes	-	-	9,025,135	267,719	-	2,500,000	4,500,000	2,247,143	809,045	-
Technology	-	-	-	-	-	2,500,000	2,000,000	1,500,000	-	-
Unassigned	39,409,785	28,994,728	31,043,762	31,763,738	32,584,014	31,823,417	32,603,540	47,016,763	53,191,505	68,448,606
Total general fund	\$ 96,263,043	\$ 111,501,350	\$ 112,185,007	\$ 109,900,651	\$ 111,512,652	\$ 113,176,472	\$ 114,135,308	\$ 123,724,329	\$ 140,694,161	\$ 150,700,079

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, NORTH CAROLINA

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) Unaudited

						Fisca	l Year					
	_	2010	 2011	2012	2013	2014		2015	2016	2017	 2018	2019
All other governmental funds												
Nonspendable:												
Prepaids	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,334	\$	35,715	\$ -	\$ 500	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted:												
Stabilization by state statute		5,759,546	3,294,515	1,458,636	1,491,278	1,356,802		995,242	1,120,972	1,688,092	1,551,077	2,787,310
Inmates		23,566	125,212	135,440	264,683	374,799		466,736	638,782	505,070	280,761	519,052
Cemetery		42,296	42,540	42,565	44,980	45,587		45,923	48,451	47,583	47,181	50,173
School capital		-	19,091,481	6,158,810	1,744,183	344,806		314,714		-	-	-
Fire protection		-	299,841	403,678	227,257	201,946		195,046	180,022	194,844	191,596	10,606
Public safety		-	1,846,688	2,026,803	1,168,645	1,968,231		2,253,584	2,722,758	3,029,407	2,705,302	2,704,997
Economic and physical development		-	315,108	315,276	583,024	468,277		682,412	796,225	674,215	465,406	1,053,132
Human services		-	1,826,613	1,878,210	119,324	81,672		94,776	1,398,421	168,535	164,891	165,715
Cultural and recreational		-	4,354,582	3,281,232	3,689,809	4,998,917		2,893,538	5,134,837	6,487,337	6,506,330	6,235,379
Committed:												
Public safety		-	2,764,806	3,823,564	5,298,480	196,435		122,390	-	-	-	-
Assigned reported in other major funds												
Subsequent year's expenditures		-	-	-	2,276,469	295,689		3,177,259	1,803,902	1,803,902	3,398,261	2,744,068
Unassigned reported in other major funds												
Special revenue		6,391,536	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects		2,702,773	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Assigned reported in nonmajor funds										-	-	-
Subsequent year's expenditures- special revenue		5,182,510	1,588,147	1,588,147	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned reported in nonmajor funds												
Special revenue		13,022,215	(978,187)	(773,963)	(743,450)	(573,862)		(582,116)	(299,551)	(1,265,317)	(1,345,025)	(2,597,753)
Capital projects		14,942,491	 	-	-	-			-	 	 -	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$	48,066,933	\$ 34,571,346	\$ 20,338,398	\$ 16,164,682	\$ 9,796,633	\$	10,695,219	\$ 13,544,819	\$ 13,334,168	\$ 13,965,780	\$ 13,672,679
Change in fund classification				 	\$ (99,500)							
Total all governmental funds	\$	144,329,976	\$ 146,072,696	\$ 132,523,405	\$ 125,965,833	\$ 121,309,285	\$	123,871,691	\$ 127,680,127	\$ 137,058,497	\$ 154,659,941	\$ 164,372,758

Note: All years prior to FY 2011 have been restated/formated to comply with GASB 54 guidance that was effective for FY2011.

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) Unaudited

						l Year				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues										
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 169,741,239	\$ 167,525,335	\$ 172,060,308	\$ 176,550,408		\$ 184,434,796	\$ 186,035,597	\$ 188,871,898	\$ 197,023,861	\$ 201,114,697
Other taxes	50,836,545 11,655,040	50,238,808 11,034,949	53,075,353 11,568,980	54,126,583	54,497,219 11,708,537	57,502,019 11,255,038	59,433,120 12,746,032	60,818,546 12,493,334	61,690,570 13,609,843	66,290,088 14,109,993
Unrestricted Intergovernmental	83,468,125	11,034,949 88,077,437	75,813,478	11,175,941 74,586,602	66,766,427	69,639,674	74,823,227	76,705,822	64,130,538	60,256,296
Restricted Intergovernmental Licenses and permits	2,471,947	2,626,234	2,573,132	2,628,527	2,291,257	2,263,956	2,248,884	2,533,749	2,481,724	2,436,497
Sales and services	16,570,637	15,169,052	16,166,037	13,438,278	10,073,348	10,793,783	11,325,255	11,276,669	11,306,162	11,867,947
Investment earnings	411,269	323,232	213,148	204,317	184,759	186,167	343,238	477,286	1,207,204	3,834,746
Other general revenues	5,976,393	5,758,820	5,479,404	5,467,383	6,085,295	5,408,695	5,813,705	7,376,388	5,338,704	5,538,792
· ·										
Total revenues	341,131,195	340,753,867	336,949,840	338,178,039	338,205,893	341,484,128	352,769,058	360,553,692	356,788,606	365,449,056
Expenditures										
General government	20,405,042	23,007,884	22,839,074	23,036,995	24,675,393	25,668,164	26,250,791	27,720,014	25,902,953	27,864,499
Public safety	50,997,670	52,273,973	53,893,878	63,336,548	66,757,676	61,760,956	63,152,331	63,749,936	63,382,917	70,584,167
Economic and physical development	17,912,506	15,566,827	12,555,173	11,295,650	12,312,111	10,594,359	13,511,856	13,002,856	14,710,741	18,589,617
Human services	106,044,694	107,562,119	108,744,079	101,970,567	97,163,671	98,724,331	100,953,854	104,321,862	89,808,120	90,642,124
Cultural and recreational	13,112,830	14,934,525	14,674,542	14,950,120	15,864,055	15,233,536	15,519,128	15,780,744	15,000,134	15,321,739
Education	98,360,208	105,744,251	105,549,244	100,386,158	94,993,970	97,713,376	97,090,796	97,230,388	104,859,935	108,854,062
Capital outlay	30,506,601	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service										
Principal	15,848,042	18,067,605	18,530,350	18,325,685	18,711,637	18,838,421	19,310,871	19,149,018	17,999,414	14,699,083
Interest and fees	8,779,875	8,259,775	7,639,054	7,524,594	6,647,785	5,848,011	5,349,679	4,785,439	3,967,289	3,513,691
Debt issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,697	314,767	-
Total expenditures	361,967,468	345,416,959	344,425,394	340,826,317	337,126,298	334,381,154	341,139,306	345,750,954	335,946,270	350,068,982
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(20,836,273)	(4,663,092)	(7,475,554)	(2,648,278)	1,079,595	7,102,974	11,629,752	14,802,738	20,842,336	15,380,074
Other financing sources (uses)										
Sale of capital assets	174,040	172,674	239,985	221,680	215,878	348,691	273,441	230,165	1,230,515	151,905
Installment purchase proceeds			-	3,198,130	-	3,000,000	1,100,000	-	1,114,148	2,477,336
Proceeds from refunding bonds	_	_	5,528,808	-,,	15,070,000	-,,	-,,	_	23,005,000	_,,
Premium on debt issuance	-	_		_	-	_	_	-	4,285,557	_
Payment to escrow agent for refunding	(36,414,948)	-	(55,560,424)	-	(15,204,915)	-	_	-	(27,245,984)	-
County contribution	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	254,735	_
Proceeds from debt issuance	51,862,540	14,805,000	50,490,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Discount on issuance of bonds	, , , , ₋	· · ·		-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Debt issuance costs	320,367	(300,027)	(371,354)	-	(73,607)	(45,100)	(33,399)	-	-	-
Transfers in	9,379,386	5,138,793	1,165,227	10,672,931	1,016,060	1,076,789	3,481,990	987,026	779,712	6,081,026
Transfers out	(16,937,892)	(13,410,628)	(7,565,979)	(17,486,816)		(8,920,948)	(14,739,212)	(6,641,559)	(6,664,575)	(14,377,524)
Payment from/to component unit		. , , ,	-	(425,520)					.,,,,,	
Total other financing sources (uses)	8,383,493	6,405,812	(6,073,737)	(3,819,595)	(5,736,143)	(4,540,568)	(9,917,180)	(5,424,368)	(3,240,892)	(5,667,257)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (12,452,780)	\$ 1,742,720	\$ (13,549,291)	\$ (6,467,873)	\$ (4,656,548)	\$ 2,562,406	\$ 1,712,572	\$ 9,378,370	\$ 17,601,444	\$ 9,712,817
Debt service as a percentage										

Beginning in FY 2011, capital outlay is no longer reported as a separate expenditure category, but is incorporated in the functional expenditure categories. Prior years are not restated. Beginning with FY 2011, the calculation of debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures removes capital outlay (as reported on Page E-4) from total expenditures.

S-6

Tax Revenues by Source - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) Unaudited

Sources of Governmental Funds Tax Revenues

Fiscal Year	Ad Valorem Tax	Sales Tax	Video Sales Tax	Beer and Wine Tax	Real Estate Transfer Tax	Dog and Cat Registration Tax	Prepared Food and Beverage Tax	Total Tax
2010	169,741,239	43,711,312	643,799	110,064	820,502	323,484	5,227,384	220,577,784
2011	167,525,335	42,771,418	527,836	350,202	845,975	312,250	5,431,127	217,764,143
2012	172,060,308	45,358,069	624,782	372,519	793,061	312,494	5,614,428	225,135,661
2013	176,550,408	46,171,161	584,555	348,753	840,163	372,925	5,809,026	230,676,991
2014	186,599,051	46,568,851	557,477	388,608	795,980	289,249	5,897,054	241,096,270
2015	184,434,796	49,211,337	525,750	420,124	869,424	204,911	6,270,473	241,936,815
2016	186,035,597	50,951,553	509,025	381,333	879,459	213,492	6,498,258	245,468,717
2017	188,871,898	51,932,970	513,433	392,044	1,091,362	208,931	6,679,806	249,690,444
2018	197,023,861	52,705,079	498,872	376,218	1,096,191	165,152	6,849,058	258,714,431
2019	201,114,697	56,590,260	479,752	378,120	1,351,286	132,161	7,358,509	267,404,785

Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Thousands) Unaudited

	Fiscal			Personal Pr	operty				Estimated	Assessed
	Year Ended June 30	Real Property	Public Service ¹	Motor Vehicle	Other	Less: Tax Exempt Property	Total Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Actual Taxable Value ²	Value as a Percentage of Actual Value ³
	2010	19,873,921	353,743	2,058,957	1,196,304	2,829,620	20,653,305	0.9210	20,676,049	99.89%
4	2011	21,827,755	348,880	2,050,229	1,239,005	4,463,684	21,002,185	0.9025	21,035,842	99.84%
	2012	22,414,175	369,870	2,132,938	1,310,970	4,670,700	21,557,253	0.9025	21,542,173	100.07%
	2013	21,274,270	375,488	2,233,690	1,369,721	3,104,069	22,149,100	0.9025	22,115,926	100.15%
	2014	21,692,891	367,912	2,813,072	1,430,381	3,157,526	23,146,730	0.9025	22,368,904	103.48%
	2015	22,096,679	365,032	2,203,857	1,504,336	3,225,523	22,944,381	0.9025	22,064,505	103.99%
	2016	22,340,806	429,285	2,296,048	1,461,372	3,272,888	23,254,623	0.9025	22,241,399	104.56%
	2017	22,590,259	429,243	2,374,525	1,712,686	3,356,676	23,750,037	0.9025	22,601,863	105.08%
4	2018	22,057,995	439,286	2,395,619	1,847,541	3,747,353	22,993,088	0.9615	23,099,345	99.54%
	2019	22,237,380	456,289	2,550,041	2,015,067	3,842,536	23,416,241	0.9615	23,683,869	98.87%

Source: Cumberland County Tax Department

Note: A revaluation of real property is required by North Carolina General Statutes at least every eight years. Assessed valuations are established by the Board of Commissioners at 100% of market value as of the year of the revaluation. The last revaluation was effective January 1, 2009 and is reflected beginning in Fiscal Year 2010.

¹ Public service companies' property includes real and personal property of utilities, railroad and buslines, etc. These assessments are made by the North Carolina Department of Revenue with no distinction between real and personal property.

² Estimated actual taxable value reflects an increase in real and exempt property. Estimated Actual Taxable Value was computed by using Real Estate Assessment Sales Ratio Study Percentages from the North Carolina Department of Revenue.

³ Estimated actual values and the ratio of total assessed value to total estimated actual value has been adjusted to reflect updated sales assessment ratio percentages from the North Carolina Department of Revenue.

⁴ Denotes the year in which a revaluation was effective on the January 1st preceding the beginning of the fiscal year.

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$100 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

		County of	Cumberland Dir	ect Rates					Overlapping R	ates Levied by N	1 unicipalities				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	County Basic Rate	County Recreation Rate	Fire Protection Districts (1)	Special Fire District (2)	Total Direct Rate	City of Fayetteville (3)	Fayetteville Revitalization District	Town of Hope Mills	Town of Spring Lake (3)	Town of Eastover	Town of Falcon	Town of Godwin	Town of Linden (3)	Town of Stedman	Town of Wade
2010	0.766	0.050	0.100	0.0050	0.9210	0.4560	0.1000	0.3900	0.6600	0.2050	0.1500	0.1950	0.1500	0.3000	0.2400
2011	0.740	0.050	0.100	0.0125	0.9025	0.4560	0.1000	0.4200	0.6600	0.2050	0.1500	0.1950	0.1500	0.3200	0.2400
2012	0.740	0.050	0.100	0.0125	0.9025	0.4560	0.1000	0.4200	0.6600	0.2050	0.1500	0.1950	0.1500	0.3200	0.2400
2013	0.740	0.050	0.100	0.0125	0.9025	0.4560	0.1000	0.4200	0.6600	0.2050	0.1500	0.1950	0.1500	0.3200	0.2400
2014	0.740	0.050	0.100	0.0125	0.9025	0.4560	0.1000	0.4200	0.6600	0.2050	0.1500	0.1950	0.2000	0.3200	0.2400
2015	0.740	0.050	0.100	0.0125	0.9025	0.4860	0.1000	0.4600	0.7000	0.2050	0.1500	0.2400	0.2000	0.3200	0.2500
2016	0.740	0.050	0.100	0.0125	0.9025	0.4860	0.1000	0.4600	0.7000	0.2050	0.1500	0.2400	0.2500	0.3200	0.2500
2017	0.740	0.050	0.100	0.0125	0.9025	0.4995	0.1000	0.4600	0.7000	0.2050	0.1500	0.2400	0.2500	0.3200	0.2500
2018	0.799	0.050	0.100	0.0125	0.9615	0.4995	0.1000	0.4600	0.7000	0.2050	0.1500	0.2400	0.3000	0.3200	0.2500
2019	0.799	0.050	0.100	0.0125	0.9615	0.4995	0.1000	0.4600	0.7000	0.2050	0.1500	0.2400	0.3000	0.3200	0.2500

(1) Cumberland County has eighteen fire protection districts

(2) Established in FY1990 to assist fire departments that have limited resources available for funding

(3) Municipalities that are excluded from paying the County Recreation Tax

Source: Cumberland County Tax Department

Principal Property Taxpayers Ten Year Comparison (Dollars in Thousands) Unaudited

	 Fi	scal Year 20	19	Fiscal Year 2010						
Taxpayer	018 Taxable essed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	1	009 Faxable essed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value			
Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co.	\$ 331,053	1	1.41%	\$	272,071	1	1.33%			
Cross Creek Mall, LLC	158,682	2	0.68%		129,089	2	0.63%			
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	157,289	3	0.67%		125,766	3	0.61%			
Duke Energy Progress, Inc.	98,402	4	0.42%							
Fayetteville, VA Co., LLC	91,132	5	0.39%							
Piedmont Natural Gas Co., Inc.	75,582	6	0.32%		57,330	6	0.28%			
Cargill, Inc.	71,599	7	0.31%							
Mann+Hummel Purolator Filters	68,186	8	0.29%		52,872	7	0.26%			
DAK Americas, LLC	61,475	9	0.26%		35,382	10	0.17%			
South River EMC	54,425	10	0.23%		39,069	9	0.18%			
Carolina Telephone					89,037	4	0.43%			
Progress Energy					69,299	5	0.34%			
Centurion Aviation Services					48,372	8	0.23%			
	\$ 1,167,825		4.98%	\$	918,287		4.46%			

Source: Cumberland County Tax Department

Property Tax Levies and Collections - General Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

	el		Collected within the I			Total Collections to Date				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30		Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Net Levy Collected	² Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections To Net Levy			
2010	1	158,424,003	154,634,400	97.61%	3,053,052	157,687,452	99.54%			
2011		155,671,269	151,707,302	97.45%	3,178,324	154,885,626	99.50%			
2012		159,824,747	155,867,130	97.52%	3,159,166	159,026,296	99.50%			
2013		164,274,193	160,024,057	97.41%	3,304,914	163,328,971	99.42%			
2014		171,641,426	169,217,802	98.59%	1,863,520	171,081,322	99.67%			
2015		170,223,065	168,914,935	99.23%	1,091,286	170,006,221	99.87%			
2016		172,307,349	170,999,219	99.24%	979,803	171,979,022	99.81%			
2017		175,933,805	173,906,079	98.85%	1,061,768	174,742,971	99.32%			
2018	1	183,621,079	182,126,897	99.19%	954,669	182,126,897	99.19%			
2019		187,163,252	185,734,181	99.24%	NA	185,734,181	99.24%			

Source: Cumberland County Tax Department

NA - Not Applicable

¹ Denotes the year in which a revaluation was effective on the January 1st preceding the beginning of the fiscal year.

² Collections for FY2010 include all collections through 9th prior year. Collections for FY2011 include all collections through 8th prior year. Collections for FY2012 include all collections through 7th prior year. Collections for FY2013 include all collections through 6th prior year. Collections for FY2014 include all collections through 5th prior year. Collections for FY2015 include all collections through 4th prior year. Collections for FY2016 include all collections through 3rd prior year. Collections for FY2017 include all collections through 2nd prior year. Collections for FY2018 include all collections through 1st prior year.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

		Governmenta	I Activities			Business-Ty	pe Activities				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	COPS and Limited Obligation Bonds	Capital Leases	Installment Purchase	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	COPS and Limited Obligation Bonds	Installment Purchase	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ⁽¹⁾	Per Capita
2010	76,686,270	89,702,189	3,201,690	43,274,182	1,205,000	-	37,048,301	3,118,000	254,235,632	1.85%	784
2011	68,316,237	97,733,506	2,827,016	40,025,000	1,189,000	-	35,949,129	2,806,200	248,846,088	NA	762
2012	60,755,177	128,414,197	2,437,416	-	1,172,000	-	34,052,849	2,494,400	229,326,039	NA	700
2013	52,440,072	118,020,741	2,032,294	2,878,317	1,154,000	-	32,046,017	2,182,600	210,754,041	NA	636
2014	43,428,866	107,612,285	1,611,032	2,238,691	1,136,000	-	29,921,676	1,870,800	187,819,350	NA	565
2015	35,206,484	97,178,829	1,172,987	4,599,065	1,117,000	-	27,709,715	1,648,919	168,632,999	NA	512
2016	27,189,102	86,685,373	717,492	4,459,439	1,097,000	-	25,407,754	1,332,124	146,888,284	NA	447
2017	19,457,140	76,156,917	243,850	3,219,813	1,076,000	-	23,020,793	2,394,328	125,568,841	NA	388
2018	12,473,758	67,166,896	-	3,414,148	1,054,000	1,379,000	20,543,832	1,985,289	108,016,923	NA	327
2019	5,680,376	59,064,787	-	5,108,151	1,032,000	1,379,000	17,966,871	4,766,695	94,997,880	NA	289

Debt balances are shown at carrying value net of related unamortized premium and other adjustments.

(1) Percentage of Personal Income: Total debt of the primary government divided by personal income (See Schedule 13 for personal income).

(2) Per Capita: Total debt of the primary government divided by the population for that fiscal year (See Schedule 13 for population information).

NA: Information not available

Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

Fiscal Year	Total General Obligation Bonds	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (2)	G.O. Debt Per Capita (1)
2010	77,891,270	0.57%	0.38%	240
2011	69,505,237	0.61%	0.33%	213
2012	61,927,177	0.54%	0.29%	189
2013	53,594,072	0.46%	0.24%	162
2014	44,564,866	0.38%	0.20%	134
2015	36,323,484	0.30%	0.16%	110
2016	28,286,102	0.23%	0.13%	86
2017	20,533,140	0.17%	0.09%	63
2018	13,527,758	NA	0.06%	41
2019	6,712,376	NA	0.03%	20

Debt balances are shown at carrying value net of related unamortized premium and other adjustments.

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the Financial Statements.

- (1) See Schedule 13 for personal income and population data. (Page S-15)
- (2) See Schedule 6 for property value data.(Page S-8)

NA: Information not available

Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Thousands) Unaudited

	Fiscal Year																		
		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017	 2018		2019
Debt limit	\$	1,878,634	\$	2,037,270	\$	2,098,236	\$	2,020,254	\$	2,104,340	\$	2,093,592	\$	2,122,201	\$	2,168,537	\$ 2,139,235	\$	2,180,702
Total net debt applicable to limit		73,815		65,845		56,830		49,115		42,711		34,857		27,207		19,771	 12,984		6,387
Legal debt margin	\$	1,804,819	\$	1,971,425	\$	2,041,406	\$	1,971,139	\$	2,061,629	\$	2,058,735	\$	2,094,994	\$	2,148,766	\$ 2,126,251	\$	2,174,315
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		3.93%		3.23%		2.71%		2.43%		2.03%		1.66%		1.28%		0.91%	0.61%		0.29%
									Leg	al Debt Marg		alculation for I							
												sessed Proper	•					\$	23,416,241
												us : Exempt Pro	•	•					3,842,536
											То	tal Assessed V	alue					\$	27,258,777
											De	bt Limit (8% c	of to	tal assessed v	alue)				2,180,702
											De	bt applicable t	o lir	nit:					
												Total Bonded		t					6,387
												Revenue bond							1,379
												Authorized an	d ur	issued debt					3,195
											La	ss: Statutory d	مطادد	ntions					10,961
												ss: Statutory o Authorized an							3,195
												Revenue bono		ווטטעכע עכטנ					1,379
																		_	4,574
	Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit							6,387											

Legal debt margin

2,174,315

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Population ¹	Personal Income ²	Per Capita Income ²	Median Age ³	School Enrollment ¹	Unemployment Rate ⁴
2010	324,225	13,732,225,650	42,354	NA	52,187	9.5%
2011	326,673	11,306,461,000	34,911	NA	52,400	9.8%
2012	327,643	11,563,587,000	35,785	NA	52,166	10.2%
2013	331,279	11,567,254,000	35,444	NA	52,729	8.2%
2014	332,553	11,780,298,000	36,157	NA	51,845	6.4%
2015	329,411	12,179,768,000	37,611	NA	51,855	6.7%
2016	328,860	12,376,828,000	37,835	31.5	50,939	6.1%
2017	323,838	12,439,189,000	37,406	31.0	50,655	5.3%
2018	329,824	*	*	*	49,641	5.4%
2019	329,017	*	*	*	49,503	5.8%

Sources:

- 1. North Carolina Office of State Budget and Management
- 2. U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, Per Capita Personal Income in Cumberland County, NC (2017 data is now available, 2018 and 2019 data is not available)
- 3. NC Commerce, Labor and Economic Analysis Division for NC
- 4. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Unemployment Rate in Cumberland County, NC

^{*} data not available

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago Unaudited

		Fisc	al Year	2019	Fiscal Year 2010				
Employer	Employees		Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment		
U.S. Department of Defense-Civilians	14,000	+	1	11.33%	6,525	2	5.21%		
Cape Fear Valley Health System	7,000	+	2	5.73%	4,850	4	3.87%		
Cumberland County Schools	6,000	+	3	4.89%	6,782	1	5.41%		
Wal-Mart Asssociates Inc.	2,500	+	4	2.14%	3,570	5	2.85%		
Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co.	2,500	+	5	2.02%	3,000	6	2.40%		
Cumberland County Government	2,500	+	6	1.99%	2,486	7	1.98%		
City of Fayetteville	1,500	+	7	1.42%	1,994	8	1.59%		
Veterans Administration	1,000	+	8	1.21%					
Fayetteville Technical Community College	1,000	+	9	1.12%					
Mann & Hummel (Purolator)	1,000	+	10	1.05%					
State of North Carolina					1,530	9	1.22%		
U.S. Department of Defense-Other Civilians					6,171	3	4.93%		
U.S. Postal Services					1,312	10	1.05%		
Total Employment (Ten Largest Civilian Employers)	39,000	- -		32.90%	38,220		30.51%		
Total Employment	123,845	_			125,258				

Fayetteville Cumberland County Economic Development
Ft. Bragg Civilian Personnel Advisory Center (most recent data available)

Full-Time County Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Government	238	239	232	250	248	247	245	234	242	243
Public Safety										
Sheriff	378	377	377	378	395	395	398	322	348	432
Detention Facility	190	188	200	254	266	266	251	255	228	220
Other	91	96	101	97	97	101	55	54	93	99
Human Services										
Public Health	247	251	289	280	276	274	242	245	196	207
Mental Health	208	145	72	5	4	4	-	-	-	-
Social Services	652	643	636	636	636	655	608	602	605	570
Other	73	76	77	77	77	80	75	161	75	78
Cultural & Recreation										
Library	195	191	188	188	188	186	153	178	137	140
Economic and Physical Development	106	102	102	80	80	86	79	78	63	70
Crown Center	40	40	40	40	-	-	-	-	-	-
Solid Waste	68	68	68	68	68	68	59	55	57	57
Total	2,486	2,416	2,382	2,353	2,335	2,362	2,165	2,184	2,044	2,116

Source: Munis

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

					Fiscal	Year				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Government										
Number of persons voting in elections	53,454	69,644	53,878	134,566	63,062	76,615	90,038	198,833	61,497	117,383
Number of registered voters	194,383	195,242	199,194	215,084	202,486	204,462	202,770	211,971	212,599	220,237
Number of birth certificates processed	8,547	8,502	8,401	8,865	8,973	8,206	8,035	7,844	7,845	7,918
Number of death certificates processed	2,657	2,862	2,842	2,985	3,015	3,101	2,976	3,098	3,109	3,130
Number of land record instruments	45,072	43,487	46,217	49,619	41,770	39,515	39,206	41,309	39,466	37,469
Number of marriage licenses issued	3,967	4,407	3,946	3,964	3,751	3,772	3,591	3,676	3,573	3,558
Number of pieces of mail handled	676,736	674,100	837,402	683,304	502,486	626,820	613,235	671,513	669,366	571,508
Public Safety										
Number of fire calls answered	18,135	15,113	30,632	14,968	14,080	15,327	15,753	16,653	18,704	21,085
Number fire permits issued	324	161	122	223	243	193	220	211	138	220
Number of emergency calls dispatched	221,147	367,109	326,410	309,872	303,011	322,475	341,488	323,491	320,806	322,164
Number of sheriff calls answered	145,879	189,149	190,335	174,953	172,367	189,184	213,486	212,864	195,227	190,661
Number of civil court papers handled	47,723	50,363	47,142	47,419	47,893	45,368	44,119	43,220	44,130	41,864
Average daily inmate population	563	586	601	658	721	740	714	766	760	715
Number of inmates admitted	12,128	12,280	12,537	11,359	11,253	11,643	12,065	11,565	14,748	14,304
Number of animals impounded (dogs and cats)	17,786	15,691	14,111	14,143	12,987	12,208	11,085	11,072	10,629	10,440
Number of animal investigations	19,555	15,093	21,121	33,424	43,075	41,518	35,085	31,118	30,868	30,777
Human Services										
Number of health dept. clinical services	47,721	32,918	34,724	36,701	40,739	44,039	45,275	35,643	32,287	33,375
Number of health dept. lab tests processed	28,279	33,339	36,179	35,233	39,506	49,047	47,433	42,513	39,807	37,603
Number of health dept. prescriptions filled	39,856	40,566	16,146	40,574	42,799	40,521	40,689	38,321	29,452	31,316
Amount of health care provided with no compensation	\$1,895,768	\$1,997,502	\$2,626,841	\$2,428,495	\$2,938,037	\$2,831,271	\$3,354,545	\$3,439,278	\$3,503,641	\$3,344,297
Number of WIC Clients	168,114	171,260	147,977	170,450	167,541	159,461	156,032	144,476	141,287	136,305
Avg monthly households receiving Food & Nutrition svcs	24,071	28,644	31,491	32,011	32,731	34,201	33,302	34,625	32,462	32,843
Average monthly active Medicaid cases*	34,784	36,546	36,980	36,983	34,115	60,048	67,199	68,235	71,149	72,122
Average monthly households receiving TANF benefits***	1,343	1,324	1,297	1,219	1,025	965	436	317	292	1,459
Average monthly Child Protective services referrals Average monthly Adult Protective services referrals	5,319	5,502	6,105	5,413	5,427	5,242	5,984	5,623	5,372	5,013 932
Average monthly Adult Protective Services referrals										J32

^{*}effective FY15, total includes all categories of Medicaid, while previous years only included certain categories

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, NORTH CAROLINA S-18

^{***}TANF cases are no longer reported separately: includes benefit diversion, child only & TANF cases

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

	Fiscal Year									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Human Services (continued)										
Number of veterans claims processed **	3,978	2,454	4,040	4,122	2,405	5,028	2,309	NA	NA	NA
Number of veterans served in office	8,753	8,553	10,014	8,517	10,803	10,821	9,061	6,787	4,923	6,391
Number of veterans served by telephone	35,151	19,695	24,247	24,040	27,696	29,962	24,656	12,918	12,825	12,335
Number of mental health days of service (24 hrs)	46,620	69,943	42,339	32,758	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Number of mental health outpatients served	5,785	6,265	6,508	5,538	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Number of workforce development applicants***	2,189	1,046	NA	NA	NA	NA	5,278	NA	NA	NA
Number of workforce initiative opportunity applicants****							16,789	18,910	18,837	15,360
**no longer available										
***Workforce Development not part of County FY12-15										
****residents entered Career Center for basic services;										
new reporting standards - NCWorks Online System										
Economic and Physical Development										
Number of inspections performed	22,159	20,702	19,988	16,700	16,291	16,146	14,688	14,704	14,266	14,521
Number of building permits issued	1,105	1,081	1,037	1,046	1,038	955	786	915	795	888
Culture and Recreation										
Number of library books	591,357	592,186	485,469	490,528	549,798	478,071	472,567	474,701	464,460	450,323
Number of books & audio visual materials circulated	2,005,059	2,177,794	2,644,472	2,377,598	2,220,865	2,078,733	1,689,681	1,538,035	1,423,364	1,382,660
Number of public visits	1,238,738	1,342,587	1,431,217	1,447,152	1,346,026	1,345,163	1,262,216	1,214,921	1,208,774	1,210,767
Number of E-audio, E-video & E-periodical collections							23,243	26,961	35,591	41,159
Business Activities										
Number of civic center event days	316	291	320	266	190	227	166	155	143	154
Number in attendance	533,092	567,936	518,103	519,485	485,290	486,951	479,606	416,962	440,413	438,239
Number of solid waste tonnages processed	263,996	263,410	261,952	235,295	270,571	260,194	291,643	310,852	250,962	329,251

Source: Information provided by various County departments.

NA: Information not available

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

					Fiscal '	Year				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Fire										
Number of volunteer stations	20	20	20	20	20	21	21	21	21	21
Sheriff										
Number of stations	5	5	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5
Number of patrol vehicles	324	333	342	344	355	375	382	361	371	378
Detention facility beds	568	568	568	592	884	884	884	884	884	884
Culture and Recreation										
Number of libraries	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	8	8
Library collections	639,119	558,186 *	546,909	555,557	611,496	536,145	537,235	540,686	525,333	514,822
E-book collections**	,	10,384	9,503	16,551	53,045	218,420	61,095	90,362	106,844	96,654
Number of parks	3	. 3	. 3	. 3	. 3	. 3	4	4	4	, 5
Park acreage	170	170	170	170	170	170	177	177	177	192
Number of ball fields	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
Number of tennis courts	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
*Discarded outdated materials and										
foreign language collection										
**Includes local ebooks, NC Digital Library										
ebooks and NC Live ebooks										
Facilities and services not included										
in primary government										
Education:										
Number of schools	87	85	86	87	87	87	87	87	87	87
Number of students	52,187	52,400	52,166	52,729	51,845	51,855	50,939	50,655	49,641	50,937
Colleges & universities	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Community colleges	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Hospitals:										
Number of county hospitals	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of patient beds	546	546	546	546	606	606	606	606	606	606

Source: Information provided by various county departments and local hospital administration department.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURES

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

(Unaudited)

Securities Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12 requires the County to provide continuing disclosures related to certain general obligation and non-general obligation debt. These disclosures are required to be submitted annually to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB") through the web-based Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system by the end of the seventh month following the County's fiscal year ended June 30. Limited continuing disclosure information is also included in this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("the CAFR") to provide the user with appropriate information in a functional and convenient manner.

AVAILABLE SOURCES OF PAYMENT OF INSTALLMENT DEBT

The County may pay installment payments from any source of funds available to the County in each year and appropriated by the Board of County Commissioners for such purpose.

<u>General Fund Revenues</u> - The County's General Fund revenues (excluding other financing sources and funds restricted for Schools and Capital Investments) for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 were \$317,263,104. The major sources of General Fund revenues include property taxes (59.5%), sales taxes (14.2%), and intergovernmental revenues (18.8%). The County's property tax rate for FY 2019 is \$0.799 per \$100 of assessed value. The value of one penny on the tax rate is \$2,279,130. The State Constitution permits counties to impose property taxes of up to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed value without the requirement of a voter referendum.

Based upon the N.C. General Statutes, the net debt for any county may not exceed 8 percent of the total assessed value of real and personal property. General obligation debt principal (excluding unamortized premium of \$325,376) at June 30, 2019 is \$6,387,000 and is significantly less than the legal limit of approximately \$2 billion. Debt service payments represent 3.17% of total budgeted expenditures for FY2019 and 2.72% of total adopted budget expenditures for FY2020.

<u>Prepared Food and Beverage Tax Revenues</u> - The North Carolina General Assembly (the "General Assembly") has authorized the County to levy a prepared food and beverage tax (the "Food and Beverage Tax") of up to 1% of the sale price of prepared food and beverages sold at retail for consumption on or off the premises by any retailer within the County that is subject to sales tax imposed by the State.

The proceeds of the Food and Beverage Tax are collected monthly by the County and allocated to the Cumberland County Civic Center Commission (the "Commission") and maintained in the County's Prepared Food and Beverage Tax Fund. The Commission may use the proceeds of the Food and Beverage Tax to pay debt service or to expand the existing arena facilities or to pay other costs of acquiring, constructing, maintaining, operating, marketing and promoting the new coliseum or expanded arena facilities. Set forth below are the historical receipts from the Food and Beverage Tax, net of administrative expenses, for the five fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and the forecasted receipts from the Food and Beverage Tax, net of administrative expenses, for the five fiscal years ending June 30, 2024:

Fiscal Year	Historical
Ended June 30 (1)	<u>Receipts (2)</u>
2015	\$ 6,216,979
2016	6,443,541
2017	6,623,400
2018	6,792,048
2019	7,299,282
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Forecasted Receipts (3)
2020	\$ 7,518,557
2021	7,744,417
2022	7,977,060
2023	8,216,691
2024	8,463,519

- (1) The Food and Beverage Tax became effective on January 1, 1994.
- (2) Historical receipts from the Food and Beverage Tax are audited amounts less collection costs ranging from \$53,495 to \$59,227 per year.
- (3) Forecasted receipts assume 3.0% annual growth in tax revenue and 2.5% annual growth in the cost of collection.

Occupancy Tax Revenues - The General Assembly has also authorized the County to levy a room occupancy and tourism development tax (the "Occupancy Tax") on the gross receipts derived from the rental of any sleeping room or lodging furnished in any hotel, motel, or inn located in the County. This is in addition to any state or local sales or occupancy tax. The Occupancy Tax does not apply to any room or rooms, lodging or accommodations supplied to the same person for a period of 90 continuous days or more or to sleeping rooms or lodgings furnished by charitable, educational, benevolent or religious institutions or organizations not operated for a profit. Prior to January 1, 2002, the Occupancy Tax rate was 3%. In 2001, the General Assembly authorized a series of 1% increases in the occupancy tax rate to be implemented over several years, eventually capping out at 6%. On January 1, 2002, the authorized rate increased to 4%. Effective January 1, 2004 the authorized rate increased to 5% and on January 1, 2005, the authorized rate capped out at 6%. The legislation also created the Cumberland Tourism Development Authority ("CTDA"). The legislation did not change the percentage of the Occupancy Tax previously allocated to the Civic Center Commission. The proceeds of the Occupancy Tax are collected monthly by the County. The County deducts 3% for administrative expenses on the first \$500,000 collected and 1% on amounts in excess of \$500,000. Fifty percent of the net proceeds from the first 3% of the Occupancy Tax is allocated to the Civic Center Commission and the remainder to CTDA. All taxes collected in excess of the first 3% are allocated to CTDA. CTDA is required to share 50% of these "additional" taxes with the Arts Council to support festivals and events that will draw tourists to the County. The remainder must be used by CTDA to promote travel and tourism in the County.

The Civic Center Commission may use the proceeds of the Occupancy Tax received by it only to finance renovations and expansions of the Cumberland County Crown (Civic) Center, and, with the permission of the Board of County Commissioners, to finance construction of new convention-oriented or multipurpose facilities. Set forth below are the historical receipts of the Civic Center Commission from the Occupancy Tax, net of administrative expenses, for the five fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and the forecasted receipts from the Occupancy Tax, net of administrative expenses, for the five fiscal years ending June 30, 2024:

Fiscal Year	Historical
Ended June 30	Receipts (1)
2015	\$ 1,336,237
2016	1,329,245
2017	1,483,761
2018	1,457,929
2019	1,719,436
Fiscal Year	Forecasted
Ended June 30	Receipts (2)
2020	\$ 1,788,213
2021	1,859,742
2022	1,934,131
2023	2,011,496
2024	2,091,956

- (1) Historical receipts from the Occupancy Tax are audited amounts less 3% collection fee.
- (2) Forecasted receipts assume 4.0% annual growth rate less fixed 3% collection fee.

Under the statutory distribution formula, the County will receive an equivalent amount in each fiscal year with such amount to be used for advertising the civic center complex and promoting travel and tourism within the County. The County expects to use the proceeds of the Occupancy Tax allocated to the Commission and the Food and Beverage Tax as sources from which to make its installment payments. These proceeds and transfers of amounts from the General Fund necessary to make such installment payments are deposited into a special fund created by the County. No assurance can be given that the proceeds of the Occupancy Tax and Food and Beverage Tax will be equal to the installment payments in any fiscal year. However, the County has not used any General Fund revenues since FY2010 to support debt service on the Civic Center

complex. In addition, the proceeds of the Occupancy Tax and the Food and Beverage Tax have not been pledged directly or indirectly as security for any debt obligation and the registered owners of any such debt obligation have no lien on or claim against such proceeds, whether or not a default occurs, and although the County has no reason to believe that either event will take place, no assurance can be given that the Occupancy Tax and the Food and Beverage Tax will not be reduced or appealed by the General Assembly or the Board of County Commissioners. The General Assembly is not precluded by any existing statutory or constitutional provision from enacting legislation that may repeal, reduce or otherwise adversely affect the County's authority to impose the Occupancy Tax and the Food and Beverage Tax.

DEBT INFORMATION

RATINGS

In July 2017, Standard and Poor's Rating Group affirmed the County's AA+ General Obligation Bond Rating and AA appropriation rating on debt outstanding. The affirmations are a result of the County's very strong budgetary flexibility with available reserves, strong budgetary performance in fiscal year 2016 with slight operating surpluses to the general fund, very strong liquidity, strong management with good financial policies, and a very strong debt and contingent liabilities profile.

In July 2017, Moody's Investor Service affirmed the Aa1 rating of the County's General Obligation Bond debt and the Aa2 rating of outstanding Limited Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Participation. The Aa2 rating reflects the satisfactory legal structure, the essential nature of the pledged assets, and the long-term credit characteristics of the County. The Aa1 General Obligation rating reflects the County's robust tax base with an average socioeconomic profile, anchored by Fort Bragg. The rating reflects the County's strong financial performance, including the maintenance of General Fund balance levels consistently more than 35% of revenues and adopted financial and debt policies which demonstrate prudent and conservative management.

DEFEASANCE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

In prior years, the County defeased various general obligation bond issues by creating separate irrevocable trust funds with various escrow agents. New debt has been issued and the proceeds have been used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in the trust funds. The investments and related fixed earnings are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been removed from the County's liabilities. As of June 30, 2019, all prior year defeased general obligation debt has been fully paid by the various escrow agents.

OUTSTANDING GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

		Principal Outstanding as of										
	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019								
General Obligation Bonds												
School	\$ 25,084,931	\$ 17,868,861	\$ 11,526,346	\$ 5,355,000								
Library Facilities	1,025,069	826,139	403,654	-								
NORCRESS Sewer	1,097,000	1,076,000	1,054,000	1,032,000								
Total G.O. Principal	\$ 27,207,000	\$ 19,771,000	\$ 12,984,000	\$ 6,387,000								
Premium	1,079,102	762,140	543,758	325,376								
G.O. Debt Carrying Value	\$ 28,286,102	\$ 20,533,140	\$ 13,527,758	\$ 6,712,376								

Note: The outstanding general obligation debt shown above does not include USDA Bond obligations that are solely the responsibility of the Eastover Sanitary District (\$3,028,000), a discretely presented component unit.

In accordance with the provisions of the State Constitution and The Local Government Bond Act, as amended, the County has the statutory capacity to incur additional net debt in the amount of \$2,174,315,000 as of June 30, 2019.

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT RATIOS

			Ratio of		
			G.O. Debt To		Total
	Total	Assessed	Assessed		G.O. Debt
At July 1	G.O. Debt (1)	Valuation	Valuation	Population (2)	Per Capita
2015	\$ 34,857,000	\$ 22,944,381,000	0.15%	329,411	\$ 105.82
2016	27,207,000	23,254,623,000	0.12%	328,860	82.73
2017	19,771,000	23,750,037,000	0.08%	323,838	61.05
2018	12,984,000	22,993,088,000	0.06%	329,824	39.37
2019	6,387,000	23,416,241,000	0.03%	329,017	19.41

- (1) General obligation principal balances shown before amortization of premium.
- (2) North Carolina Office of State Budget & Management State Demographics Section.

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS AND MATURITY SCHEDULE

Cum	her	land	Cou	ıntv

FY	 Scho (Including R Refun	elate		 Libra (Including R Refur		ORCRESS Sai	-
Ending			Principal		Principal		Principal
June 30	 Principal		& Interest	 Principal	& Interest	 Principal	& Interest
2020	\$ 2,405,000	\$	2,605,975	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,000	\$ 65,570
2021	2,285,000		2,368,725	-	-	24,000	65,622
2022	500,000		516,600	-	-	25,000	65,632
2023	165,000		168,300	-	-	26,000	65,600
2024	-		-	-	-	27,000	65,528
2025	-		-	-	-	29,000	66,414
2026	-		-	-	-	30,000	66,218
2027	-		-	-	-	31,000	65,980
2028	-		-	-	-	32,000	65,702
2029	-		-	-	-	34,000	66,382
2030-34	-		-	-	-	189,000	328,921
2035-39	-		-	-	-	232,000	329,475
2040-44	-		-	-	-	274,000	319,871
2045-49	 _		_	 _		 56,000	 58,310
	\$ 5,355,000	\$	5,659,600	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ _	\$ 1,032,000	\$ 1,695,225

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS AUTHORIZED AND UNISSUED

	Date	Authorized			
Purpose	Approved	and Unissued (1)			
School Refunding	June 6, 2011	\$ 2,265,000			
Refunding	February 20, 2014	930,000			
		\$ 3,195,000			

⁽¹⁾ The County does not intend to issue the balance of the above bonds.

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT INFORMATION FOR UNDERLYING UNITS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

Please refer to the report "Analysis of Debt of North Carolina Counties, Municipalities and Districts at June 30, 2019" filed with the MSRB by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer, Division of State and Local Government Finance.

OTHER LONG-TERM COMMITMENTS

			FY2020 Principal	
	Original	Principal & Interest	And Interest	Balance
Purpose	Amount/Cost	Repayment/Requirements	Requirements	June 30, 2019
Certificates of Participation - Series 2009A (Elementary School & Branch Library) Partially Refunded on 8/2/17: (\$10,620,000	\$ 22,425,00	Principal payable annually and interest payable semi-annually in arrears ending December 1, 2019. Annual principal and interest payments range from \$171,742 to \$2,104,000;	\$ 1,203,600	\$ 1,180,000
refunded by 2017 Refunding LOBS)		payable from General Fund.		
Certificates of Participation - Series 2009B Refunding	89,490,00	Principal payable annually and interest payable semi-annually in arrears ending December 1, 2024. Annual principal and interest payments range from \$5,213,600 to \$11,354,413; payable from General Fund and Enterprise Fund.	5,689,762	27,090,000
Certificates of Participation - Tax Credit Qualified School Construction Bonds Series 2009	15,900,00	Annual sinking fund (principal) payments of \$993,750 beginning December 15, 2010 and ending December 15, 2025 plus semi-annual interest payments of \$99,375 beginning June 15, 2010 and ending December 15, 2025. The interest rate is 1.25%; payable from the General Fund.	1,192,500	6,956,250

	Original	Principal & Interest	FY2020 Principal and Interest	Balance
Purpose	Amount/Costs	Repayment/Requirements	Requirements	June 30, 2019
Limited Obligation Bonds - Qualified School Construction Bonds Series 2011A (Partially Refunded on 8/2/17; \$10,620,000 refunded by 2017 Refunding LOBS)	\$ 14,805,000	Annual sinking fund (principal) payments of \$987,000 beginning December 15, 2010 and ending December 15, 2025 plus semi-annual interest payments of \$451,553 at a rate of 6.1%. Interest payments are eligible for a 5.49% federal rebate (subject to sequester) thus reducing the semiannual net interest cost to \$45,156; payable from General Fund.	\$ 1,890,105	\$ 6,909,000
Limited Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2017 – Partial refunding of COPS Series 2009as and refunding LOBS Series 2011B	23,005,000	Interest only payments for first three years. Thereafter, annual principal and semi-annual interest payments in arrears ending November 1, 2028. Annual principal and interest payments range from \$254,861 to \$770,311; payable from the General Fund.	1,030,900	23,005,000
Build America Bonds - Crown Arena & Theater Renovations	1,980,000	Annual principal payments of \$198,000 beginning May 14, 2011 and ending May 14, 2020 plus semi-annual interest payments at a rate of 4.93% beginning May 14, 2010 and ending May 14, 2020. Effective interest rate is 3.2045% after 35% rebate (subject to sequester); payable from the General Fund.	207,761	198,000
Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds - Crown Arena & Theater Renovations	1,138,000	Annual principal payments of \$113,800 beginning May 14, 2011 and ending May 14, 2020 plus semi-annual interest payments at a rate of 4.93% beginning May 14, 2010 and ending May 14, 2020. Effective interest rate is 2.7115% after 45% rebate (subject to sequester); payable from the General Fund.	119,410	113,800

Purpose	Original Amount/Costs	Principal & Interest Repayment/Requirements	FY2020 Principal and Interest Requirements	Balance June 30, 2019
Limited Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2011B - Refund Public Health Building and Gray's Creek Middle School (Partially Refunded on 8/2/17; \$13,530,000 refunded by 2017 Refunding LOBS)	\$ 37,755,000	Principal payable annually and interest payable semi-annually in arrears ending November 1, 2021. Annual principal and interest payments range from \$459,281 to \$3,783,713; payable from the General Fund.	\$ 2,408,250	\$ 6,435,000
Installment Financing - NC Clean Drinking Water Loan for Southpoint Water Project	100,323	No interest loan with principal payable annually in arrears beginning May 1, 2014 and ending May 1, 2033. Annual payments range from \$4,995 to \$5,408; payable from Enterprise Fund.	4,995	69,937
Installment Financing - Fayetteville Technical Community College - Purchase building for Auto Body Repair Facility	3,000,000	Annual payments of principal and interest in arrears beginning November 9, 2015 and ending November 9, 2019. Annual payments include interest at the rate of 1.27% and range from \$607,726 to \$641,910; payable from the General Fund.	607,726	600,000
Installment Financing - Governmental Capital Improvement Projects	1,100,000	Interest only payments for two years, then principal of \$183,333 plus interest of 1.84% for six years; payable from the General Fund.	200,200	916,667
Advance Draw Program - Governmental & Enterprise Capital Improvement Projects	7,976,442	Credit line with maximum total draw of \$11,220,000. Variable rate interest only payments monthly for 3 years with principal maturity on September 20, 2020	1,595,288 <u>(Max Interest)</u>	7,976,442
USDA Revenue Bonds – Series 2018 A&B -Overhills Park Sewer Project	<u>1,379,000</u>	Annual interest only payments for 2 years. Thereafter, annual principal and interest payments ranging from \$27,769 to \$53,551 ending June 1, 2058; payable from	<u>28,551</u>	1,379,000
Total:	\$ 220,053,765	Enterprise Fund.	\$ 16,179,048	\$82,829,096

The County's payment obligations (principal & interest) at June 30, 2019 for the non-general obligation installment financing arrangements described in the preceding table are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	2009A Certificates Debt Service	2009B Refunding Certificates Debt Service	2011B Refunding LOBS Debt Service	2017 Refunding LOBS Debt Service	Other Agreements Debt Service	Total Non-General Obligation Debt Service
2020	\$ 1,203,600	\$ 5,689,762	\$ 2,408,250	\$ 1,030,900	\$ 5,846,536	\$ 16,179,048
2021	-	5,563,138	2,306,125	2,128,500	11,713,242	21,711,005
2022	_	5,447,387	2,203,750	2,073,900	3,334,093	13,059,130
2023	_	5,330,356	-	4,129,950	3,330,210	12,790,516
2024	_	5,213,600	_	3,976,200	3,327,326	12,517,126
2025	-	3,269,750	-	3,816,850	3,140,084	10,226,684
2026	_	-	_	3,659,750	2,589,620	6,249,370
2027	_	-	_	3,495,375	58,392	3,553,767
2028	_	_	_	3,336,125	57,816	3,393,941
2029	_	-	_	1,465,750	57,242	1,522,992
2030	_	_	_	-	57,666	57,666
2031	_	-	_	_	58,069	58,069
2032	-	-	-	_	58,452	58,452
2033	_	_	_	_	57,815	57,815
2034	_	-	_	_	52,180	52,180
2035	_	_	_	_	52,541	52,541
2036	_	_	_	_	52,879	52,879
2037	_	_	_	_	53,200	53,200
2038	_	_	_	_	52,497	52,497
2039	_	_	_	_	52,795	52,795
2040	_	_	_	_	53,069	53,069
2041	_	_	_	_	53,326	53,326
2042	_	_	_	_	52,560	52,560
2043	_	_	_	_	52,794	52,794
2044	_	_	_	_	53,004	53,004
2045	_	_	_	_	53,197	53,197
2046	_	_	_	_	52,368	52,368
2047	_	_	_	_	52,538	52,538
2048	_	_	_	_	53,684	53,684
2049	_	_	_	_	52,790	52,790
2050	_	_	_	_	52,896	52,896
2051	_	_	_	_	51,979	51,979
2052	_	_	_	_	53,061	53,061
2053	_	_	_	_	53,104	53,104
2054	_	_	_	_	52,123	52,123
2055	_	_	_	_	53,141	53,141
2056	_	_	_	_	53,120	53,141
2057	_	_	_	_	53,075	53,075
2058	_	_	_	_	50,006	50,006
2000	\$ 1,203,600	\$ 30,513,993	\$ 6,918,125	\$ 29,113,300	\$35,004,490	\$ 102,753,508
Premium	3,313	1,349,664	548,005	3,555,426	-	5,456,408
Carrying Value		\$31,863,657	\$ 7,466,130	\$32,668,726	\$ 35,004,490	\$ 108,209,916
-3,	+ 1,200,010	+ 02/000/00/	+ //.00,200	+ 52,555,.20	+ 55,55 ., .50	+ 100,200,010

Note: The outstanding non-general obligation debt shown above does not include obligations that are solely the responsibility of the County's various discretely presented component units including the Eastover Sanitary District (\$7,667,612) and the ABC Board (\$27,500).

The obligations of the County under the installment financing arrangements described above are not secured by a pledge of the taxing power of the County. In the event of a default by the County, the sole recourse of the obligee is to foreclose on, or otherwise realize upon its security interest in, the property acquisition or improvement of which was financed. No deficiency judgment may be rendered against the County.

DEFEASANCE OF OTHER (NON-GENERAL OBLIGATION) DEBT

On August 2, 2017, the County issued \$23,005,000 Limited Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2017 to advance refund a portion of Certificates of Participation Series 2009A (\$10,620,000) and a portion of Limited Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2011B (\$13,520,000). Proceeds from the refunding have been used to purchase U.S. government securities and have been placed in trust with US Bank (2009A COPS) and Regions Bank (2011B Refunding LOBS). The investments and related fixed earnings are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt is considered defeased and has been removed from the County's liabilities.

At June 30, 2019, the balance of the defeased debt, payable by the escrow agents, is \$10,620,000 for the 2009A COPS maturing December 1, 2019 and \$13,530,000 for the 2011B Refunding LOBS maturing November 1, 2021. The County has no other defeased debt that has not matured.

DEBT OUTLOOK

The County prepares an annual Capital Improvements Plan which projects capital needs for five years into the future with projections for annual debt service and operating requirements. Funding to support the annual debt service and operating expenses is converted to an equivalent tax rate for comparison purposes.

During the next several years, the County will review other potential projects for funding. These projects include school construction and other governmental and enterprise capital improvements.

TAX INFORMATION

GENERAL TAX INFORMATION

Fiscal Year Ended or Ending June 30,

	<u>2018</u>	<u> 2019</u>	<u>2020</u> (3)
		(Amounts in tho	usands)
Assessment Ratio (1)	100%	100%	100%
Real Property	\$ 18,469,623	\$ 18,725,265	\$ 18,906,278
Personal Property	1,688,560	1,684,646	1,680,896
Vehicles	2,395,619	2,550,041	2,491,734
Public Service Companies (2)	439,286	456,289	461,428
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 22,993,088	\$ 23,416,241	\$ 23,540,336
Assessed Valuation Per Capita	69.71	71.17	71.55
Rate per \$100	.799	.799	.799
County-wide Levy	\$ 183,715	\$ 187,096	\$ 188,087

- (1) Percentage of appraised value has been established by statute.
- (2) Valuation of railroads, telephone companies, and other utilities as determined by the North Carolina Property Tax Commission.
- (3) Valuation estimates are as of October 23, 2019 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Population figures used for assessed valuation per capita are 329,824 for FY2018 and 329,017 for FY2019 and FY2020.

In addition to the County-wide levy, the following table lists the levies by the County on behalf of recreation district(s) and special fire districts for the fiscal years ended or ending June 30.

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020⁽¹⁾</u>
County-wide	\$ 183,714,773	\$ 187,095,766	\$ 188,087,285
Recreation District	3,715,105	3,774,389	3,846,977
Special Fire Districts	7,049,679	7,145,350	7,275,887
Total Levy	<u>\$ 194,479,557</u>	<u>\$ 198,015,505</u>	\$ 199,210,149

¹⁾ Valuation estimates as of September 2, 2019 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS

Year Ended June 30	Prior Years' <u>Levies Collected</u>	Current Year's Levy Collected	Percentage of Current Year's Levy Collected
2015	\$ 2,110,827	\$ 168,914,935	99.23%
2016	1,474,789	170,999,219	99.24%
2017	1,108,199	173,906,079	98.85%
2018	1,694,400	182,126,897	99.19%
2019	2,075,106	185,734,181	99.24%

The figures in the preceding table consist of property tax revenues deposited in the General Fund.

During FY2014, the collection of motor vehicle taxes in North Carolina transitioned from local County collection in arrears to a new State operated system requiring payment of ad valorem vehicle taxes at the same time as the license plate is renewed annually. The new system has substantially increased the collection rate on vehicles

TEN LARGEST TAXPAYERS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019 (TAX YEAR 2018)

Taxpayer	Type of Business	TY2018 Taxable Assessed Valuation*	% of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation
Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. Cross Creek Mall, LLC. Wal-Mart Stores Inc. Duke Progress Energy, Inc. Fayetteville VA Co., LLC Piedmont Natural Gas Co., Inc. Cargill, Inc. Mann+Hummel Purolator Filters Dak Americas, LLC South River EMC	Tire Manufacturer Retail Mall Retail/Distribution Electric Utility Veterans' Health Services Gas Utility Soybean Processor Auto Filter Manufacturer Textiles Electric Utility	\$ 331,053 158,682 157,289 98,402 91,132 75,582 71,599 68,186 61,475 54,425 \$ 1,167,825	1.41% 0.68 0.67 0.42 0.39 0.32 0.31 0.29 0.26 <u>0.23</u> 4.98%

^{*} Amounts expressed in thousands

Compiled Budget - Annually Budgeted Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Enterprise Funds
Estimated revenues:			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 184,632,000	\$ 13,011,336	\$ -
Other taxes	55,322,689	6,546,209	7,331,821
Unrestricted intergovernmental	12,156,891	· · · · =	-
Restricted intergovernmental	55,830,055	40,030,732	2,177,389
Licenses and permits	2,030,800	, , , <u>=</u>	
Sales and services	10,831,296	431,281	5,307,053
Interest earned on investments	1,338,643	3,561	280,968
Miscellaneous	6,468,835	10,000	15,850
Total estimated revenues	328,611,209	60,033,119	15,113,081
Appropriations:			
General government	34,668,248	_	_
Public safety	62,919,780	9,448,924	_
Economic and physical development	33,794,980	40,909,683	_
Human services	95,918,988	1,746,963	_
Cultural and recreation	11,217,928	6,418,443	_
Education	115,566,811	-	_
Salaries and employee benefits	-	_	3,983,416
Repairs and maintenance	_	_	1,726,681
Utilities	_	_	295,150
Administrative costs	_	=	5,422,042
Landfill closure and postclosure	_	_	700,000
Other operating - crown center	_	_	7,740,793
Capital outlay	_	_	4,197,000
Water and sewer	_	_	635,228
Debt service:			033,220
Principal retirement	14,699,084	_	2,778,796
Interest and fees	3,532,975	_	1,034,638
Issuance costs	3,332,373	_	1,034,036
Total appropriations	372,318,794	58,524,013	28,513,744
Estimated revenues over (under) appropriations	(43,707,585)	1,509,106	(13,400,663)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers from other funds:		4 067 702	44 204
General fund	- 83,227	1,067,783	41,291 9,423,973
Special revenue funds	85,227	-	
Capital projects Internal service funds	-		250,000
	-	-	-
Enterprise funds Transfers to other funds:	-	-	_
General fund		(02.227)	
	- (4,067,793)	(83,227)	-
Special revenue funds	(1,067,783)	-	-
Capital projects	(15,045,000)	-	-
Internal service funds	(100,000)	- (0.422.072)	-
Enterprise funds	(41,291)	(9,423,973)	- (5.705.040)
Enterprise capital projects	-	-	(5,786,343)
Proceeds of general long term debt	-	-	-
Premium on debt issuance	-	=	=
County contribution	-	-	-
Refunding escrow payment	-	=	=
Sale of fixed assets	22,900	-	-
Appropriated fund balances	59,855,532	6,930,311	9,471,742
Total other financing sources	43,707,585	(1,509,106)	13,400,663
Estimated revenues and other sources			
over appropriations and other uses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Compiled for the Primary Government by the Cumberland County finance department from the FY2019 budget at June 30, 2019.

The General Fund includes a legally budgeted County School Fund and a legally budgeted Capital Investment Fund which are consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes to comply with GASB 54. Transfers between the General Fund, the County School Fund, and the Capital Investment Fund have been eliminated.

Compiled Budget - Annually Budgeted Funds Year Ending June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Enterprise Funds
Estimated revenues:			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 188,375,832	\$ 15,807,398	\$ -
Other taxes	55,857,210	6,758,058	7,487,764
Unrestricted intergovernmental	12,619,024	-	-
Restricted intergovernmental	54,792,437	34,663,122	796,932
Licenses and permits	2,031,200	-	50,000
Sales and services	11,211,198	431,804	4,858,642
Interest earned on investments	906,559	131,900	400,000
Miscellaneous	5,376,087	20,000	11,325
Total estimated revenues	331,169,547	57,812,282	13,604,663
Appropriations:			
General government	42,589,175	_	_
Public safety	63,562,115	11,376,850	_
Economic and physical development	6,026,442	34,242,196	_
Human services	97,230,658	1,762,387	_
Cultural and recreation	11,010,030	4,814,657	_
Education	104,611,370	-,01-,057	_
Salaries and employee benefits	-	_	4,194,067
Repairs and maintenance	_	_	1,338,500
Utilities	_	_	250,000
Administrative costs	_	_	5,081,805
Landfill closure and postclosure	_	_	700,000
Other operating - crown center	_	_	7,188,719
Capital outlay	_	_	2,418,500
Water and sewer	_	_	645,967
Debt service:			0-13,307
Principal retirement	10,529,084	_	2,909,796
Interest and fees	3,136,071	_	933,242
Issuance costs	3,130,071	_	-
Total appropriations	338,694,945	52,196,090	25,660,596
. 555. 564. 564. 565.			
Estimated revenues over (under) appropriations	(7,525,398)	5,616,192	(12,055,933)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers from other funds:			
General fund	-	1,126,385	-
Special revenue funds	84,137	-	9,432,639
Capital projects	-	-	-
Internal service funds	-	-	-
Enterprise funds		-	-
Transfers to other funds:			
General fund	-	(84,137)	-
Special revenue funds	(1,126,385)	-	-
Capital projects	-	-	-
Internal service funds	(100,000)	-	-
Enterprise funds	-	(9,432,639)	-
Proceeds of general long term debt	-	-	-
Refunding escrow payment	-	-	-
Sale of fixed assets	-	-	-
Appropriated fund balances	8,667,646	2,774,199	2,623,294
Total other financing sources	7,525,398	(5,616,192)	12,055,933
Estimated revenues and other sources			
over appropriations and other uses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Compiled for the Primary Government by the Cumberland County finance department from the FY2020 adopted budget ordinance at July 1, 2019.

The General Fund includes a legally budgeted County School Fund and a legally budgeted Capital Investment Fund which are consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes to comply with GASB 54. Transfers between the General Fund, the County School Fund, and the Capital Investment Fund have been eliminated.



Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of County Commissioners County of Cumberland, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Cumberland, North Carolina (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 5, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Cumberland County ABC Board, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by those auditors. The financial statements of the Fayetteville Area Convention and Visitors Bureau and the Cumberland County ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fayetteville, North Carolina November 5, 2019

Chumy Belaert LLP



Report of Independent Auditor on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Board of Commissioners County of Cumberland, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Cumberland, North Carolina (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with Federal and State statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items **2019-001**, **2019-002**, **2019-003**, **2019-004**, **2019-005**, **2019-006** and **2019-007**. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

The County's responses to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we did identify a deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item **2019-001** that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

The County's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fayetteville, North Carolina November 5, 2019

Chumy Belaert LLP



Report of Independent Auditor on Compliance for Each Major State Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance With the OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Board of Commissioners County of Cumberland, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the County of Cumberland, North Carolina (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The County's major State programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its State programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major State programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the applicable sections of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) as described in the Audit Manual for Government Auditors in North Carolina and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major State program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with applicable sections of the Uniform Guidance, as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items **2019-007** and **2019-008**. Our opinion on each major State program is not modified with respect to these matters.

The County's responses to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major State program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major State program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fayetteville, North Carolina November 5, 2019

Chumy Belaert LLP

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance to U.S. GAAP:	Unmodified		
Internal Control over Financial Reporting:			
- Material weakness(es) identified	Yes	_X_	No
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses 	Yes	_X	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	Yes	_X_	No
Federal Awards			
Internal Control over Major Federal Programs:			
- Material weakness(es) identified	Yes	_X_	No
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses 	XYes		None reported
Noncompliance material to federal awards	Yes	X	No
Type of Auditor's Report Issued on Compliance for Major Federal Programs:	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	XYes		No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results (continued)

Identification of Major Federal Programs:

CFDA#	<u>Program Name</u>	
	Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Cluster:	
17.258	WIOA Adult Program	
17.259	WIOA Youth Activities	
17.278	WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	
93.558	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	
93.563	Child Support Enforcement	
97.778	Medical Assistance Program	

Federal programs that did not meet the criteria for a major program using the criteria discussed in OMB Uniform Guidance Section 200.518 but were tested as a major program because the State awards met the threshold for a major State program or were required to be tested as major by the State are included in the list of major federal programs.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

State Foster Care Benefits

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results (continued) Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs \$ 1,214,489 X_ Yes Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? No State Awards Internal Control over Major State Programs: Material weakness(es) identified Yes X No Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses Yes X None reported Noncompliance material to State awards Yes X No Type of Auditor's Report Issued on Compliance for Major State Programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act X Yes No Identification of Major State Programs: **Program Name** Juvenile Crime Prevention State Aid to Public Libraries

State match on a federal program included in the list of major federal programs above - Medical Assistance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Temporary Assistance for Needy Families CFDA # 93.558

Significant Deficiency, Non-material Noncompliance – Eligibility Finding 2019-001

Criteria: According to the NC Work First policy manuals, adults who receive SSI and children

who receive SSI, IV-E Foster Care, or Adoption Assistance benefits should not be

included as recipients in the Work First case.

Condition: We noted one instance where a child on the case was receiving SSI/SSA and the

benefit amounts were miscalculated.

Questioned Costs: The known questioned costs calculate as \$45/month for the year or a total of \$540.

Projected questioned costs over the population tested are estimated to be \$10,106.

Context: A total of 40 cases were selected for review during the period from July 2018 to June

2019. Out of those cases, one instance was noted where a child was receiving SSI/SSA and it was not noted in the system. Therefore, benefit payments were calculated

incorrectly.

Effect: The County is not in compliance with eligibility requirements issued by the State.

Cause: Employee oversight during eligibility determination when entering data.

Recommendation: The County should implement policies and procedures to ensure that client eligibility is

determined and maintained appropriately.

Views of Responsible

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Temporary Assistance for Needy Families CFDA # 93.558

Non-material Noncompliance – Eligibility Finding 2019-002

Criteria: According to the NC Work First policy manuals, County personnel must verify that the

client is in cooperation with child support (IV-D), if an absent parent is noted on the

case.

Condition: We noted one instance where the County did not send in a case for child support, even

though it was applicable as it included an absent parent noted.

Questioned Costs: None.

Context: A total of 40 clients were selected for review during the period from July 2018 to June

2019. Out of those cases, one was noted where a parent was absent, but no child

support case was sent in. Cooperation with child support could not be determined.

Effect: The County is not in compliance with eligibility requirements issued by the State.

Cause: Employee oversight during the eligibility determination or documentation was

misplaced.

Recommendation: The County should implement policies and procedures to ensure that client eligibility

and documentation is maintained appropriately.

Views of Responsible

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Temporary Assistance for Needy Families CFDA # 93.558

Non-material noncompliance – Eligibility Finding 2019-003

Criteria: As noted in the NC Work First policy manuals, for child-only cases, a review is to be

performed six months after the initial interview and every 12 months thereafter.

Condition: We noted four instances in which the first review was completed after 12 months, not

the mandated six months.

Questioned Costs: None, as the individuals were deemed eligible during the subsequent review.

Context: A total of 40 clients were selected for review during the period from July 2018 to June

2019.

Effect: The client receiving benefits was potentially ineligible for benefits received.

Cause: Employee oversight during the eligibility redetermination. NCFAST defaults to a

12-month review period, which the County employee should have manually changed to

six months.

Recommendation: The County should implement policies and procedures to ensure that client eligibility

and documentation is appropriately maintained.

Views of Responsible

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Temporary Assistance for Needy Families CFDA # 93.558

Non-material noncompliance – Eligibility Finding 2019-004

Criteria: As noted in the NC Work First policy manuals, County employees have to verify a

client's Social Security Number ("SSN") before opening a new case.

Condition: We noted one instances where the case head showed two different accounts in

NCFAST. The SSN was not verified as the second case should have been included

with the already existing one.

Questioned Costs: None. The lack of documentation in the client's file did not affect the client's eligibility.

Context: A total of 40 clients were selected for review during the period July 2018 to June 2019.

Effect: The client receiving benefits could have potentially received additional payments due to

the two accounts created.

Cause: Employee oversight during the eligibility determination or documentation was

misplaced.

Recommendation: The County should implement policies and procedures to ensure that client eligibility

and documentation is appropriately maintained.

Views of Responsible

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Temporary Assistance for Needy Families CFDA # 93.558

Non-material noncompliance – Eligibility Finding 2019-005

Criteria: In order for a family to be eligible for Work First Family Assistance, the family must

assign to the State the rights the family member may have for child support from any

other person as noted in the NC Work First policy manuals.

Condition: We noted eight cases where the assignment of rights box was populated with "no" in

NCFAST. We also noted one case where the required form DSS-8228 was not signed

to acknowledge the assignment of rights to the State.

Questioned Costs: None.

Context: A total of 40 clients were selected for review during the period July 2018 to June 2019.

Effect: The County is not in compliance with eligibility requirements issued by the State.

Cause: Employee oversight during the initial eligibility determination or eligibility

redetermination.

Recommendation: The County should implement policies and procedures to ensure that all required

eligibility information is obtained and documented correctly.

Views of Responsible

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Temporary Assistance for Needy Families CFDA # 93.558

Non-material noncompliance – Eligibility Finding 2019-006

Criteria: For a person to be eligible to receive benefits, they have to fill out an application and

provide information that is necessary to determine eligibility.

Condition: We noted one case where the initial application was not scanned into NCFAST.

Questioned Costs: None, as the client was determined to be eligible by review of other information.

Context: A total of 40 clients were selected for review during the period July 2018 to June 2019.

Effect: The County is not in compliance with eligibility requirements issued by the State.

Cause: The file documentation could not be located during the audit.

Recommendation: The County should implement policies and procedures to ensure that all required

eligibility information is obtained and documented correctly.

Views of Responsible

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Medical Assistance Program CFDA # 93.778

Non-material noncompliance – Eligibility Finding 2019-007

Criteria: As noted in the NC Work First policy manuals, when a Medical Assistance case is

terminated, the caseworker must verify if the client is eligible for another cash assistance program to comply the NC Department of Social Services requirements.

Condition: We noted one case where the client was no longer eligible for Medicaid benefits and

the case was terminated. However, the caseworker did not open a NC Health Choice

case, even though the client was eligible for it.

Questioned Costs: None.

Context: A total of 60 clients were selected for review during the period July 2018 to June 2019.

Effect: The County is not in compliance with eligibility requirements issued by the State.

Cause: Employee oversight during the eligibility redetermination procedures.

Recommendation: The County should implement policies and procedures to ensure that all required

eligibility information is obtained and procedures are being followed correctly.

Views of Responsible

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

N.C. Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Social Services State Foster Home Fund

Non-material noncompliance – Eligibility Finding 2019-008

Criteria: According to the North Carolina Department of Social Services manual, there must be a

Family Services Agreement for each child with all applicable components completed at

the appropriate intervals.

Condition: We noted seven cases where a Family Services Agreement was not in the file.

Questioned Costs: None, as the children were determined to be eligible for the services they received.

Context: A total of 40 client files (38 foster care and 2 guardianship assistance program) were

selected for review for the period July 2018 through June 2019. Of the 38 foster care client files tested, we noted seven instances where the Family Services Agreement

could not be located in the case file.

Effect: The County is not in compliance with eligibility requirements issued by the State.

Cause: File documentation could not be located during the audit.

Recommendation: The County should implement policies and procedures to ensure that all required

documents are obtained and retained in the file.

Views of Responsible

BRENDA REID JACKSON

Director

ASSISTANT DIRECTORS

Christopher Carr

Legal Services

Crystal Black Adult Services

Sandy Connor Children's Services

John Nalbone Business Operations

Vivian Tookes
Economic Services



SECTION CHIEFS

Sharon McLeod Children's Services

VACANT Economic Services

Kristin Bonoyer Adult Services

Vacant Business Operations

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES

Single Audit Response and Corrective Action Plan

Finding #: 2019-001

Name of Contact Person: Patricia Crouch, IM Supervisor III-Economic Services Special Teams

Corrective Action Plan:

The case has been corrected as of 10/24/19 and a timely notice sent to the customer. Program Integrity referral #238213801 was entered 10/28/2019 to recoup overpayment.

A Work First refresher training will be developed to address income and budgeting. Additionally, all new WFFA workers will receive 100% quality assurance checks by the supervisor/leadworker or designee as well as random checks for seasoned workers training to ensure adherence to policy. The TANF Supervisor will assist team lead workers as needed to monitor case files and conduct second party reviews monthly.

Proposed Completion Date: 12/31/19

Finding #: 2019-002

Name of Contact Person: Patricia Crouch, IM Supervisor III-Economic Services Special Teams

Corrective Action Plan:

A Work First refresher training will be developed to address the Mutual Responsibility Agreement as it relates to child support cooperation requirement. Additionally, all new WFFA workers will receive 100% quality assurance checks by the supervisor/leadworker or designee as well as random checks for seasoned workers training to ensure adherence to policy. The TANF Supervisor will assist team lead workers as needed to monitor case files and conduct second party reviews monthly.

Proposed Completion Date: 12/31/19

We stand united to strengthen individuals and families and to protect children and vulnerable adults...

Finding #: 2019-003

Name of Contact Person: Patricia Crouch, IM Supervisor III-Economic Services Special Teams

Corrective Action Plan:

A Work First refresher training will be developed to address recertifications. Additionally, all new WFFA workers will receive 100% quality assurance checks by the supervisor/leadworker or designee as well as random checks for seasoned workers training to ensure adherence to policy. The TANF Supervisor will assist team lead workers as needed to monitor case files and conduct second party reviews monthly.

Proposed Completion Date: 12/31/19

Finding #: 2019-004

Name of Contact Person: Patricia Crouch, IM Supervisor III-Economic Services Special Teams

Corrective Action Plan:

A Work First refresher training will be developed to address application processing procedures. Additionally, all new WFFA workers will receive 100% quality assurance checks by the supervisor/leadworker or designee as well as random checks for seasoned workers training to ensure adherence to policy. The TANF Supervisor will assist team lead workers as needed to monitor case files and conduct second party reviews monthly.

Proposed Completion Date: 12/31/19

Finding #: 2019-005

Name of Contact Person: Patricia Crouch, IM Supervisor III-Economic Services Special Teams

Corrective Action Plan:

A Work First refresher training will be developed to address the need to reflect assignment to the State of child support rights on applications. Additionally, all new WFFA workers will receive 100% quality assurance checks by the supervisor/leadworker or designee as well as random checks for seasoned workers training to ensure adherence to policy. The TANF Supervisor will assist team lead workers as needed to monitor case files and conduct second party reviews monthly.

Proposed Completion Date: 12/31/19

Finding #: 2019-006

Name of Contact Person: Patricia Crouch, IM Supervisor III-Economic Services Special Teams

Corrective Action Plan:

A Work First refresher training will be developed to address policy and procedure related to use of Laserfiche, the County's internal document imaging system. Additionally, all new WFFA workers will receive 100% quality assurance checks by the supervisor/leadworker or designee as well as random checks for seasoned workers training to ensure adherence to policy. The TANF Supervisor will assist team lead workers as needed to monitor case files and conduct second party reviews monthly.

Proposed Completion Date: 12/31/19

Finding #: 2019-007

Name of Contact Person: Vanessa McClain-Gray, IM Supervisor III-Economic Services Recertification Teams

Corrective Action Plan: The Recertification was keyed, yet the NC Fast system did not create/generate the correct product delivery case due to the change in program. The help desk ticket submitted for the system error was not followed up with as required to issue benefits. Benefits have been issued.

Refresher training will be held with staff on the proper procedures for keying/following-up with help desk tickets when the system fails to generate the correct product delivery case in a change of program.

Proposed Completion Date: 11 /5/19

Finding #: 2018-008

Name of Contact Person: Heike Hammer, SW Supervisor III-Performance Management QA & Training

Corrective Action Plan: Performance Management QA Team will complete targeted review of foster care case files focused on Family Service Agreements in December 2019. Review tools will be maintained by Children's Services Trainers and the Human Services Planner Evaluator.

Proposed Completion Date: 12/31/19

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Finding #: 2018-001

Status: Corrected

Finding #: 2018-002

Status: Corrected

Finding #: 2018-003

Status: Corrected

Finding #: 2018-004

Status: Corrected

Finding #: 2018-005

Status: Corrected

Finding #: 2018-006

Status: Corrected

Finding #: 2018-007

Status: Corrected

Finding #: 2018-008

Status: Corrected

Finding #: 2018-009

Status: Corrected

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal (Direct and Pass-through) Expenditures	State Expenditures	Passed-through to Subrecipients	Local Expenditures
1(a) Federal Awards:						
U.S. Dept. of Agriculture						
Food and Consumer Service						
Passed-through N.C. Dept. of Agriculture:						
Food Distribution	10.550		\$ 846	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services: Division of Social Services:						
Administration:						
Food Stamp Cluster:						
Food Stamp Incentive Retention	10.551		82,020	-	-	-
State Administrative Matching Grants for						
the Food Stamp Program	10.561		4,221,458	145,132		4,076,326
Total Food Stamp Cluster			4,303,478	145,132		4,076,326
Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services: Division of Public Health:						
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for						
Women, Infants, & Children	10.557		2,278,493	-		
Total U.S. Dept. of Agriculture			6,582,817	145,132		4,076,326
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Community Planning and Development Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services: Department of Administration:						
Emergency Solutions Grants Program Direct Program: Community Development Block	14.231		-	11,042	-	-
Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218		675,117	_	_	_
CDGB-Disaster Recovery	14.228		239,788	_	_	_
Supportive Housing Program	14.235		124,801	_	124,801	_
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239		243,349	-	-	-
Total U.S. Dept. of Housing and Urban Development			1,283,055	11,042	124,801	
U.S. Dept. of Justice						
Bureau of Justice Assistance						
Direct Program:						
NIBRS Grant	16.734		76,425	_	_	_
Paul Coverdell Forensic Sciences Improvement Grant	16.742		89,470	-	-	-
Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Crime Control and Public Safety:						
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575		78,636	-	-	-
Direct Program:						
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance						
Grant	16.579		124,760			
Total U.S. Dept. of Justice			369,291			
U.S. Dept. of Labor						
Employment and Training Administration						
Passed-through Senior Service America, Inc.:						
Senior Community Service Employment Program	17.235		471,984			

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

Federal Grantor/Pass-through CFDA Grantor/Program Title Number 1(a)		State/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal (Direct and Pass-through) Expenditures	State Expenditures	Passed-through to Subrecipients	Local Expenditures	
WorkForce Innovation & Opportunity Act Cluster							
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Commerce:							
Division of WorkForce Solutions WIA/WIOA Adult Program	17.258		\$ 1,266,330	s -	\$ -	\$ -	
WIA/WIOA Youth Activities	17.259		1,103,691	-	•	-	
WIA/WIOA Dislocated Workers Formula Grants	17.278		1,014,705	-		-	
Total WorkForce Innovation & Opportunity Act Cluster			3,384,726	-	-	-	
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Commerce:							
National Emergency Grant	17.277		236,871	-			
Total U.S. Dept. of Labor			4,093,581				
U.S. Dept. of Transportation							
<u>Federal Highway Administration</u> Passed-through the N.C. Department of Transportation:							
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:							
Highway Planning and Construction Grants	20.205		310,047	-	310,047		
Federal Transit Administration							
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Transportation:	00.505		10.050				
Federal Transit - Metropolitan Planning Grants Formula Grants for Other Than Urbanized Areas	20.505 20.509		42,258 112,947	-	-	-	
State & Community Highway Safety Programs	20.600		34,381	-	-	-	
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616		61,155	_	-	_	
Hadolar Holly Galoty Frograms	20.010		01,100				
Federal Transit Administration							
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Safety							
Hazardous Materials Emergency Preparedness	20.703		9,250				
Total U.S. Dept. of Transportation			570,038	-	310,047		
U.S. Department of the Treasury							
Direct Program:							
Equitable Sharing	21.016		19,972				
Institute of Museum and Library Services							
Passed-through the State Library of NC							
Grants to States	45.310		20,936	-			
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Division of Public Health							
Surveys, Studies, Research, Investigations, Demonstrations,							
and Special Purpose Activities Relating to Clean Air Act	66.034		747	-			
Administration for Children and Eamilies							
Administration for Children and Families Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services:							
Division of Social Services:							
WorkFirst/Temporary Assistance for Needy Families ("TANF")	93.558		5,209,146	-	-	6,766,657	
Special Children Adoption	93.558		300,720	-	-	-	
N.C. Child Support Enforcement Section	93.563		4,051,795				
Refugee Assistance	93.566		(26)	-	-	-	
Energy Assistance Block Grant: Administration	02 560		202 707			72 017	
Crisis Intervention Program	93.568 93.568		283,707 2,989,173	-	-	72,817 -	
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program:							
Permanency Planning - Families for Kids	93.645		90,236	-	-	394,238	
SSBG - Other Services and Training	93.667		1,941,716	-	-	2,468,691	
LINKS (formerly Independent Living Grant)	93.674		82,812	16,632	-	-	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

Grantor/Pass-through		State/ Pass-through Grantor's	Federal (Direct and Pass-through)		State		Passed-through to	Local	
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Exp	enditures	E	penditures	Subrecipients	Exp	enditures
1(a)									
Foster Care and Adoption Cluster:									
Family Preservation	93.556		\$	361,061	\$	-	\$ -	\$	682,876
Title IV-E Foster Care	93.658			3,653,812		1,588,677			1,635,693
Total Foster Care and Adoption Cluster				4,014,873		1,588,677	-		2,318,569
Division of Aging:									
Division of Social Services:									
SSBG-Adult Day Care	93.667			46,838		61,520			15,480
Division of Child Development: Subsidized Child Care (Note 4) Child Care Development Fund Cluster									
Division of Social Services:									
Child Care and Development Fund-Administration Division of Child Development:	93.596			659,262		-	-		60,146
Child Care and Development Fund - Discretionary FFY12	93.575			175		-			-
Total Child Care Development Fund Cluster				659,437		-			60,146
Division of Social Services:									
Medical Assistance Program Administration Health Choice	93.778 93.767			6,620,438 178,499		16,601 -	-		4,520,317 -
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services:									
Division of Public Health:									
Public Health Emergency Preparedness Hospital Preparedness Program (HPP) and Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP) Aligned Cooperative Agreements	93.069 93.074			2,063 60,842		-	- -		-
Project Grants & Cooperative Agreements for Tuberculosis	00.440			00.000					
Control Program Immunization Grants	93.116 93.268			28,383 146,804		-	-		-
National State Based Tobacco Control Programs	93.305			65,475		-	-		-
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Preventative Health and Health Services Block Grant funded solely with Prevention and Public	93.558			63,562		-	-		-
Health Funds (PPHF)	93.758			58,812		-	-		-
Cancer Prevention and Control Programs for State, Territorial	93.898			24,695		-	-		-
Preventative Health Services - Sexually Transmitted Diseases Control Grants	93.977			100		-	-		-
Health Resources and Service Administration passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services:									
Division of Public Health Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant	93.994			263,923		29,711	-		-
Office of Population Affairs passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services: Office of Population Affairs									
Family Planning Services	93.217			107,345		-			-
Total U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services				27,292,115		1,713,141			16,616,915
Department of Homeland Security Passed-through N.C. Dept. of Crime Control and Public Safety:									
Division of Emergency Management: Disaster Grants - Public Assistance Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.036 97.042			171,639 79,507		57,427 -	- -		- -
Total Homeland Security				251,146		57,427			-
Total Federal awards				40,482,951		1,926,742	434,848		20,693,241
i otali i otaliai awalta		U-24		10,702,301		1,020,142	404,040		20,000,241

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

N.C. Dest. of Health and Human Services	Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	CFDA Grantor's and Pass-thro		Federal (Direct and Pass-through) Expenditures	State Expenditures	Passed-through to Subrecipients	Local Expenditures	
Division of Social Services: \$ 2,076,330 \$ 2,076,322	State Awards:							
State Foster Care Benefits Program \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services							
Energy Assistance - CP&L Energy Program	Division of Social Services:							
State CPS Caseload Reduction	State Foster Care Benefits Program			\$ -	\$ 2,076,330	- \$	\$ 2,076,3	
CPS State	Energy Assistance - CP&L Energy Program			-	10,525	5 -		
Child Welfare State In-Home Expansion	State CPS Caseload Reduction			-	319,026	-		
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Incentives 2,178 - 1,7040 - 1	CPS State			-	169,890) -	1,4	
Special Links	Child Welfare State In-Home Expansion			-	168,128	-	28,4	
AFDC Incentives	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Incentives			-	2,178	-		
Adult Protective Services 39,420 633,490 Smart Start Administration 161,352 226,925 Family Violence Prevention Grant 31,686 - Division of Public Health: - - School Nurse Funding Initiative 155,635 - - Food and Lodging Fees 52,442 - - Mosquito and Tick Suppression 204,335 - - CHA/CHIP Peer Review - 233,260 - - Public Health Nursing 3,000 - - General Communicable Disease Control - 25,762 - - Triple P 280,572 - - - - Triple P 280,572 -	Special Links			-	17,040) -		
Smart Start Administration 161,352 226,925 Family Violence Prevention Grant 31,686 - Division of Public Health: School Nurse Funding Initiative - 155,635 - - School Nurse Funding Initiative - 52,442 -	AFDC Incentives			-	146	-		
Pamily Violence Prevention Grant	Adult Protective Services			-	39,420) -	633,4	
Division of Public Health: School Nurse Funding Initiative 155,635 Food and Lodging Fees 52,442 Mosquito and Tick Suppression 204,935 - CHA/CHIP Peer Review 233,260 - Public Health Nursing 3,000 - General Communicable Disease Control 280,572 - Triple P 280,572 - Triple P 280,572 - TPPI - Adolescent Parenting Program 37,027 - Breast & Cervical Cancer Program 15,320 - Women's Health Service Fund 30,183 - Child Health 48,375 - Child Health 48,375 - HMHC-Family Planning - State 118,380 - Maternal Health (HMHC) 168,327 - HIV/STD State 25,000 - STD Drugs 8,464 - Tobacco Prevention and Cessation 75,000 - Total N. C. Department of Health and Human Services 4,563,658 - 2,966,633 N.C. Dept. of Environment & Natural Resources Division of Water and Soil Conservation: Agriculture Cost Share Program 26,820 - Soil and Water District Projects - 3,600 - Soil and Water District Projects - Scil and Scil Conservation: Agriculture Cost Share Program - Scil and Water District Projects	Smart Start Administration			-	161,352	2 -	226,9	
School Nurse Funding Initiative 155,635 - 1 -	Family Violence Prevention Grant			-	31,686	-		
Food and Lodging Fees	Division of Public Health:							
Mosquito and Tick Suppression	School Nurse Funding Initiative			-	155,638	5 -		
CHA/CHIP Peer Review - 233,260 - - Public Health Nursing - 3,000 - - General Communicable Disease Control - 25,762 - - Triple P - 280,572 - - - TPPI - Adolescent Parenting Program - 37,027 -	Food and Lodging Fees			-	52,442	2 -		
Public Health Nursing	Mosquito and Tick Suppression			-	204,935	5 -		
General Communicable Disease Control - 25,762	CHA/CHIP Peer Review			-	233,260) -		
Triple P - 280,572 - - TPPI - Adolescent Parenting Program - 37,027 - - Breast & Cervical Cancer Program - 15,320 - - - Women's Health Service Fund - 30,183 - - - Child Health - 48,375 -	Public Health Nursing			-	3,000) -		
TPPI - Adolescent Parenting Program - 37,027	General Communicable Disease Control			-	25,762	2 -		
Breast & Cervical Cancer Program	Triple P			-	280,572	-		
Women's Health Service Fund - 30,183	TPPI - Adolescent Parenting Program			-	37,027	-		
Child Health - 48,375	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-	15,320	-		
HMHC-Family Planning - State	Women's Health Service Fund			-	30,183	-		
Maternal Health (HMHC) - 168,927	Child Health			-	48,375	5 -		
HIV/STD State - 25,000	HMHC-Family Planning - State			-	118,380) -		
STD Drugs - 8,464				-				
Tobacco Prevention and Cessation	HIV/STD State			-	25,000	-		
TB Control - 85,655 - - Total N. C. Department of Health and Human Services - 4,563,658 - 2,966,633 N.C. Dept. of Environment & Natural Resources Division of Water and Soil Conservation: - 26,820 - - Agriculture Cost Share Program - 26,820 - - - Soil and Water District Projects - 3,600 - - -	•			-	8,464	-		
Total N. C. Department of Health and Human Services N.C. Dept. of Environment & Natural Resources Division of Water and Soil Conservation: Agriculture Cost Share Program Soil and Water District Projects - 4,563,658 - 2,966,633 - 4,563,658 - 2,966,633 - 3,600				-				
N.C. Dept. of Environment & Natural Resources Division of Water and Soil Conservation: Agriculture Cost Share Program - 26,820 Soil and Water District Projects - 3,600	TB Control				85,655	-		
Division of Water and Soil Conservation: - 26,820 - - Agriculture Cost Share Program - - 3,600 - - Soil and Water District Projects - - 3,600 - -	Total N. C. Department of Health and Human Services				4,563,658		2,966,6	
Agriculture Cost Share Program - 26,820 - - Soil and Water District Projects - 3,600 - -								
Soil and Water District Projects - 3,600								
,	Agriculture Cost Share Program			-	26,820	-		
Total N.C. Department of Environment & Natural Resources 30.420	Soil and Water District Projects				3,600			
	Total N.C. Department of Environment & Natural Resources			_	30,420) -		

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	CFDA Grantor's and F		Federal (Direct and Pass-through) Expenditures	State Expenditures		Passed-through to Subrecipients		Local Expenditures	
1(a)									
Department of Public Safety									
Juvenile Crime Prevention Program NC Tier II Grant			\$ - -	\$	976,766 830	\$	961,266	\$	
Total N.C. Department of Public Safety					977,596		961,266		
N.C. Dept. of Cultural Resources									
State Aid to Public Libraries					317,367				
N.C. Dept. of Transportation Rural Operating Assistance Program Cluster: Elderly and Disabled Transportation Assistance									
Program (E&DTAP)			-		144,633		-		
Rural General Program Work First Transitional/Employment Trans. Assistance			-		75,237 73,897		-		
Total Rural Operating Assistance Program Cluster			-		293,767		-		
Bicycle and Pedestrian Division: NC Regional Bike Plan			-		170,845		-		
Governor's Highway Safety Program Community Grants					95,536				
Total N.C. Department of Transportation					560,148				
N.C. Dept. of Administration Domestic Violence Program					85,245				
Total State awards					6,534,434		961,266		2,966,63
Fotal Federal and State awards			\$ 40,482,951	\$	8,461,176	\$	1,396,114	\$	23,659,87

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards includes the federal and State grant activity of the County of Cumberland and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Uniform Grant Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

2. Subrecipients

Of the federal and State expenditures presented in the schedule, the County of Cumberland provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

	CFDA		reuerai	<u>Expenditures</u>		
Program Title	<u>Number</u>	Exp	<u>enditures</u>			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	\$	310,047	\$	-	
Supportive Housing Program	14.235		124,801		-	
Juvenile Crime Prevention Program			-		976,766	

- **3.** The following are clustered by the NC Department of Health and Human Services and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes: Subsidized Child Care, Foster Care and Adoption.
- 4 The County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.