COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019



Prepared by the Granville County Finance Department

Finance Director Stephen M. McNally

County of Granville P. O. Box 1286 Oxford, NC 27565

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2019

<u>INTRODUCTORY SECTION</u>								
Letter of Transmi	ittal	2-7						
Granville County	Government	8						
List of Principal	Officials	9						
Certificate of Ach	nievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	10						
	FINANCIAL SECTION							
Independent Aud	itor's Report	12-14						
Management's D	iscussion and Analysis	15-25						
	BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS							
	GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:							
Exhibit 1	Statements of Net Position	28						
Exhibit 2	Statement of Activities	29						
	FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:							
Exhibit 3	Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	31						
Exhibit 3	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	32						
Exhibit 4	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	33						
Exhibit 4	Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	34						
Exhibit 5	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	35						
Exhibit 6	Statement of Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds	36						
Exhibit 7	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	37						
Exhibit 8	Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	38						
Exhibit 9	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	39						
	NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	41-85						

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2019

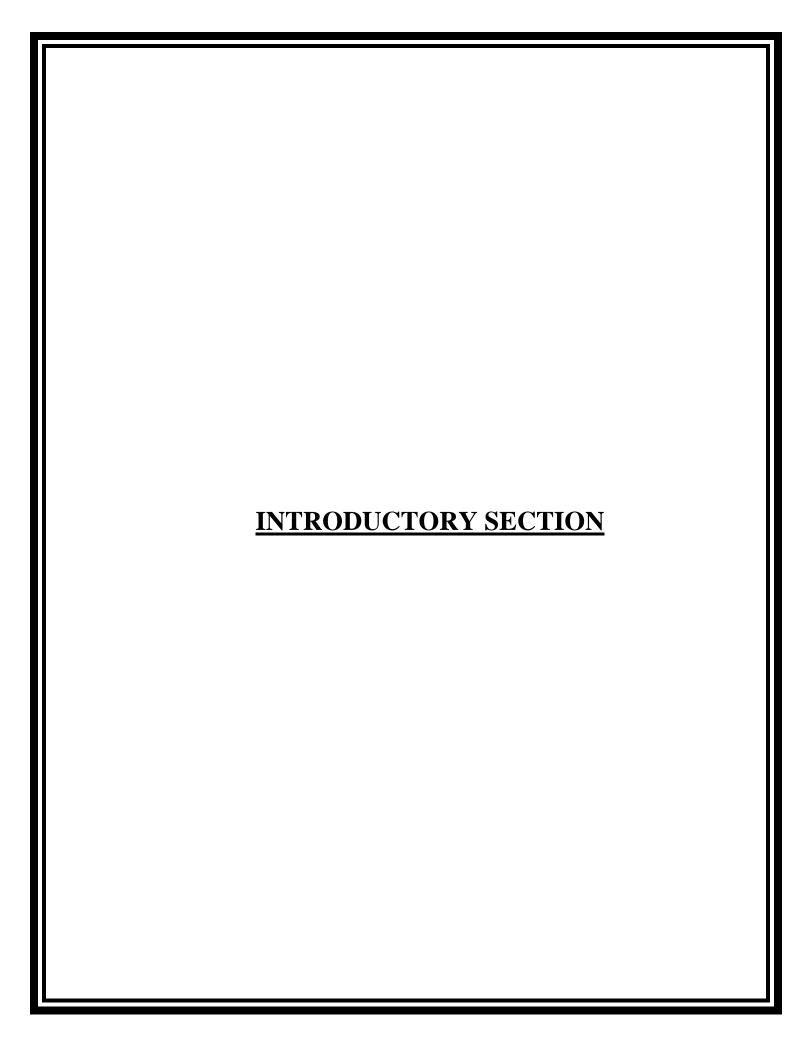
REQUIRED SUP	PLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA	
Exhibit A-1	Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) – Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System	87
Exhibit A-2	Schedule of County Contributions – Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System	88
Exhibit A-3	Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) – Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund	89
Exhibit A-4	Schedule of County Contributions – Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund	90
Exhibit A-5	Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability – Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance	91
Exhibit A-6	Schedule of Total Pension Liability As A Percentage of Covered Payroll – Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance	92
Exhibit A-7	Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – Healthcare Benefits Plan	93
COMB	SINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHED	<u>ULES</u>
Major Governmen	ntal Funds	
Exhibit B-1	General Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	96-102
Exhibit B-2	School Repair Project Fund – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	103
Exhibit C-6	Law Enforcement Center Fund – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	104
Nonmajor Govern	nmental Funds	
Exhibit C-1	Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	106
Exhibit C-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	107
Exhibit C-3	Emergency Telephone System Fund – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	108
Exhibit C-4	R. H. Thornton Library Fund – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	109
Exhibit C-5	Granville Greenway Project Fund – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	110

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Exhibit C-6	Falls Meadow/Montgomery Place Project Fund – Schedule of Revenues,	
	Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	111
Exhibit C-7	Hospital Capital Projects Fund – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	112
Exhibit C-8	GAP Phase III Project Fund – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	113
Enterprise Fund		
Exhibit D-1	Solid Waste Management Fund – Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)	115-117
Exhibit D-2	Stormwater Fund – Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)	118
Internal Service F	<u>'und</u>	
Exhibit E-1	County Health Plan Fund – Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)	120
Agency Funds		
Exhibit F-1	Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	122
Exhibit F-2	Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	123
OTHER SCHEDU	ULES	
Exhibit G-1	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable – General Fund	125
Exhibit G-2	Analysis of Current Tax Levy – County-wide Levy	126
	STATISTICAL SECTION	
TABLE 1	Net Position by Component	128
	• •	
2	Changes in Net Position	129-130
3	Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	131
4	Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	132
5	Changes In Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	133
6	General Governmental Tax Revenues by Sources	134
7	Assessed Value of Taxable Property	135
8	Property Tax Rates – Direct and All Overlapping Governments (Per \$100 of Assessed Value)	136

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2019

9	Principal Property Taxpayers	137
10	Property Tax Levies and Collections	138
11	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	139
12	Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	140
13	Legal Debt Margin Information	141
14	Demographic and Economic Statistics	142
15	Principal Employers	143
16	Full-Time Equivalent County Employees by Function	144
17	Operating Indicators by Function	145
18	Capital Asset Statistics by Function	146
	<u>COMPLIANCE SECTION</u>	
	Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	148-149
	Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act	150-152
	Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major State Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act	
		153-155
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	156-160
	Corrective Action Plan	161
	Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	162-163
	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	164-166





County Of Granville, North Carolina

Post Office Box 1286, Oxford, North Carolina 27565

County Administration (919) 693-5240

December 20, 2019

To the Board of County Commissioners and To the Citizens of Granville County, North Carolina

Maintaining the fiscal strength and stability of county government is perhaps the most important responsibility of the Board of County Commissioners. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Granville County, North Carolina, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, reflects the achievement of that goal. Each year this document is prepared to provide you with details about how the County receives, spends and accounts for its money, as well as key indicators of its financial strength.

The CAFR consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a system of internal controls designed to protect County assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. Management does not expect that the County's internal controls will prevent or detect all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The County's financial statements have been audited by Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP. The objective of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Granville County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are free from material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis

for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of Granville County was a part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. Information related to the Single Audit, including a schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards, and a schedule of questioned costs is included in the compliance section of this report.

As required by GAAP, the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is presented in narrative form to introduce the basic financial statements and to provide an overview and analysis of the financial operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A is located immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

Financial Reporting Entity

The financial statements include all funds of Granville County, including all activities controlled by or dependent on the County. Control by, or dependence on the County was determined in accordance with the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and included in the GASB's guidance in defining the governmental reporting entity.

The financial reporting entity includes all funds of Granville County, as well as its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which Granville County is financially accountable.

Proprietary funds are used to account for a government's continuing business-type organizations and activities. The Granville County Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control, Granville Health System (Granville Medical Center), Granville County Tourism Development Authority and South Granville Memorial Gardens are component units of the County and are presented as proprietary funds. Most of the generally accepted accounting principles of proprietary funds are those applicable to similar private businesses.

Profile of Granville County

Granville County is a county nestled between the Virginia State line and the Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill metropolitan area. The local economy has shifted from traditional industries such as tobacco production and textiles to a more diverse industrial and service-based economy. This diversity has resulted in lower unemployment figures than some of the surrounding rural counties which have not transitioned as well. Granville County is proud to be home to globally competitive companies like Revlon, Bridgestone Commercial Solutions, N T Techno, Certainteed, Altec, Shalag, and many others. These companies provide unique and interesting employment opportunities and are important contributors to the County's tax base. As a result of the diversity of industries and the outstanding quality of life in our community, Granville County is poised to prosper

Granville County is also home to numerous State and Federal facilities located in Butner, at the southwestern corner of the County. These facilities provide stable job opportunities and serve to meet State and Federal governmental needs such as mental health, correctional, and medical facilities. Many of the State and Federal employees reside in the County.

Outdoor recreational opportunities abound in Granville County due to the availability of large, sparsely populated areas that provide sportsmen (and sportswomen) excellent hunting, fishing, hiking, and other outdoor opportunities.

Granville County operates under the Commissioner/Manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a seven-person governing Board of Commissioners (the "Board") elected by district to staggered four-year terms.

The Board is responsible for governing the County by adopting local ordinances, adopting an annual budget, and establishing annual property tax rates. The Board also hires the County Manager and appoints members to various Boards and Commissions. The Board may also call bond referendums, enter into contracts, and establish new programs.

The County Manager is the chief administrative officer of the County and serves at the pleasure of the Board. The major responsibilities of the Manager include the day-to-day supervision of the activities of the County departments, attendance at Board meetings, making recommendations on matters of business, and preparing and recommending the annual budget.

The County provides a full range of services including public safety, social services, health services, emergency medical services, cultural and recreational activities, general administration, and others. In addition to these general government functions, the County also provides solid waste management services. The Board of Commissioners extends financial support to various agencies and groups who are involved in serving our citizens. Among them are the Granville County Board of Education, volunteer fire departments, Vance-Granville Community College, the Kerr-Tar Council of Governments, Granville-Vance District Health Department, and Cardinal Innovations Healthcare Solutions – Five County Community Operations Center.

The annual budget provides the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. The budget is a legally adopted ordinance that is developed with input from citizens, county departments, and various agencies in the County. The Manager uses

funding requests from all departments and agencies to develop a proposed budget that is presented to the Board for review.

Factors Affecting Economic Conditions

The unemployment rate has mirrored that of the State and has steadily improved since the recession of the late 2000's. The County is experiencing an unemployment rate of 3.2%, lower than the state average of 4.0%, according to Oct. 2019 AccessNC data. Though national and state economic indicators suggest a continued recovery, the speed of the recovery will continue to impact the local economy.

The County is a member of the thirteen-county Research Triangle Regional Partnership (RTRP). The County works closely with the RTRP to market the County to business prospects. The marketing is done through articles in national and international trade magazines, newspapers, and special advertising campaigns. The RTRP members work at the trade shows in the United States and Europe. Both the North Carolina Department of Commerce and the RTRP bring prospective clients to the County. The County is marketed as being able to offer most of the amenities of the Research Triangle Park without the high costs, traffic congestion, and other drawbacks of the densely populated areas.

The Research Triangle Park (the Park) contains 6,900 acres of land which has been reserved for research and research-oriented manufacturing. The Park celebrated fifty years of progress in 2009 and it is now home to over 100 private and governmental companies. Over 37,000 people are employed in the Park, which has over 15 million developed square feet of space.

The County, in partnership with three of its neighboring counties, is continuing to market the "Triangle North" industrial and business park project. The Granville County site, "Triangle North - Granville", is a 510-acre park focused on life science industries. This project is poised for significant potential growth due to its location relative to the Research Triangle Park.

Vance-Granville Community College is one of the finest industrial training institutions in the State. The public education in the County is strong and has students performing well. The local schools continue to leverage technology opportunities in order to keep students engaged. Students are better prepared for future educational and employment opportunities than ever before.

Short- and Long-Term Financial Planning

Many of the successes of the Board of County Commissioners can be attributed to the long-term planning efforts initiated by the Board. Examples include planning for both building capital and vehicle purchases. This has greatly reduced the dependency on short-term borrowing and has allowed positive fund balances to be carried into years where the needs exceed the annual appropriations. In fact, many mid-sized projects for Granville County have been funded on a pay-as-you-go basis because the funds were set-

aside. The use of management's vehicle replacement schedule has eliminated the need for short term leasing of rolling stock.

Other financial planning efforts include the programming of school debt service and the available revenue streams over a 15-20-year planning horizon and the five-year E-911 facilities plan. The school planning efforts have served to promote more effective discussions between the Board of Education and the Board of County Commissioners in developing projects to meet the school system's needs.

The Board has further enhanced the overall long-range planning process by approving a five year County-wide strategic plan developed by the County manager and staff. This plan is being implemented and will be reviewed annually.

Key Investments in Economic Development Projects

The Board has made numerous strategic investments in new and expanding industrial plants in Granville County. The program relies on funds identified by the County for economic development projects that have a significant impact on the tax base while producing quality jobs. The program approved by the Board requires that funds be generated over a five-year period to replenish the funds utilized. The program has been touted by State economic development officials as innovative and highly effective in attracting new business to the community.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Granville County Government for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the twentieth consecutive year that the County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

We appreciate the assistance and dedication of all employees in carrying out the services and programs approved by the Board of Commissioners. Preparation of this report would not have been possible without the dedicated efforts of the entire Finance Department staff and our independent auditors, Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP. We also express our appreciation to the members of the Board of County Commissioners for their continued support, guidance, and advice in planning and conducting the financial activities of the County in a responsible and progressive manner. The County's excellent

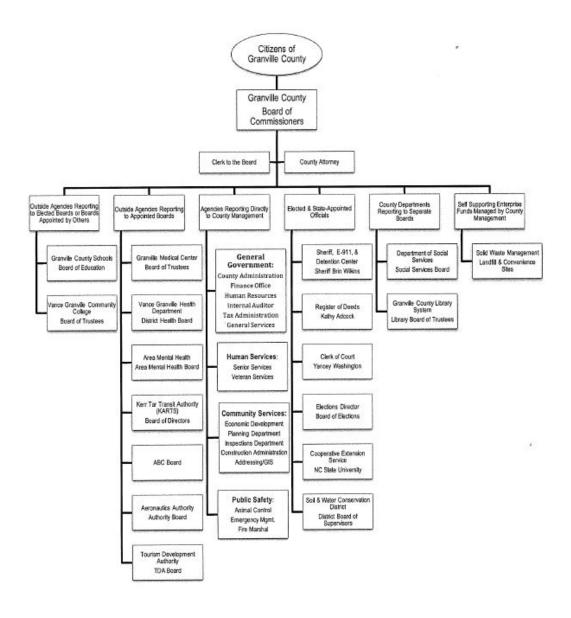
financial status is a tribute to their dedication and genuine concern about the quality of government in Granville County.

Respectfully submitted,

Steve Monally

Finance Director

Granville County Government Organizational Chart



GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2019

Board of County Zelodis Jay, Chairperson

Commissioners David T. Smith, Vice Chairperson

Tony W. Cozart Sue Hinman Timothy Karan Owen T. Roberts, Jr. Edgar Smoak

Debra A. Weary, Clerk to the Board

County Officials Michael S. Felts County Manager

Steve McNally Finance Director
Sharon Brooks-Powell Tax Administrator
Kathy M. Taylor Register of Deeds

Brindell B. Wilkins Sheriff

M. Scott Phillips Director of Development Services

Tonya C. Burnette Elections Director

Jason A. Falls Director of Environmental Programs

Adonica Hampton Director of Social Services
Rodney Frazier Veterans Services Director
Kathy B. May Director of Senior Services

Will Robinson Interim Director of Granville County Library System

Paul W. Westfall
Justin Asycue
Harry Mills

Director, Cooperative Extension
Human Resources Director
Economic Development Director

Raymond Allen Parks/Grounds Director

Monique Heggie Internal Auditor

Matt Katz Animal Management Director

Trent Brummitt 911 Center Manager
Gary Bowen Maintenance Director
Warren Daniel SCS District Administrator

Doug Logan Emergency Management Coordinator/Fire Marshal

Angela Allen Director, Tourism Development Authority

Chris Brame Network Administrator



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

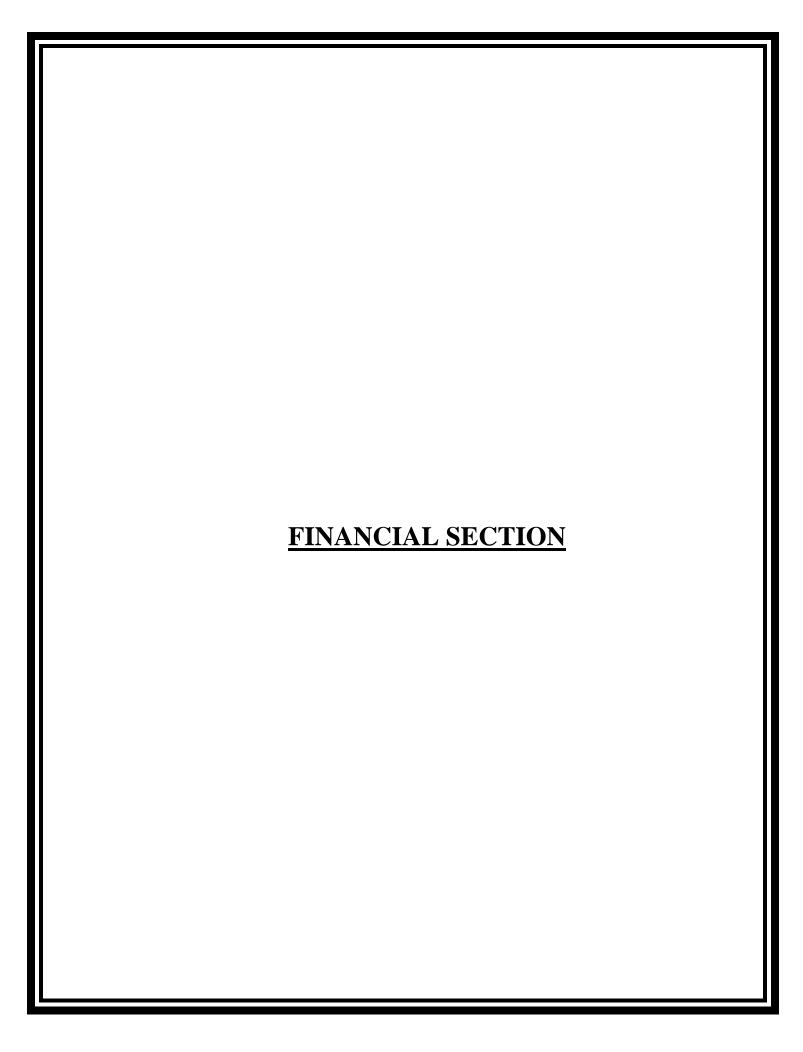
Granville County
North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans, & Company, LLP

Carleen P. Evans, CPA Jennifer T. Reese, CPA Tara H. Roberson, CPA

Gary L. Williams, CPA

Certified Public Accountants

Curtis G. Van Horne, CPA



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Granville County, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Granville County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Granville County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

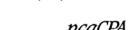
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Granville Health System. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Granville Health System, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Granville Health System, Granville County ABC Board, Granville County Tourism Development Authority and South Granville Memorial Gardens were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.





In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based upon our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Granville County, North Carolina as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Local Government Employees' Retirement Systems' Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and County Contributions, and the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and County Contributions, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll, the Healthcare Benefits Plan Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, on Exhibits A-1 thru A-7 respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Granville County, North Carolina. The introductory information, combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, statistical section as well as the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit

Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory information and the statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2019, on our consideration of Granville County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Granville County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company. LLP

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP Certified Public Accountants Oxford, North Carolina December 20, 2019



County Of Granville, North Carolina

Post Office Box 1286, Oxford, North Carolina 27565

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Granville County, we offer readers of Granville County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage you to incorporate information presented in this section with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

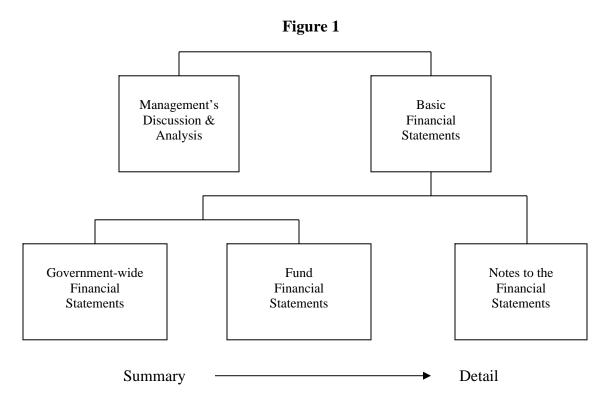
Financial Highlights

- The cash and cash equivalents (unrestricted) of the total primary government on the Statement of Net Position is \$37,793,304 which accounts for 25.9% of total primary government assets.
- The liabilities due in more than one year of \$132,636,008 account for 90.86% of total primary government liabilities.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, Granville County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$75,515,562, after a net increase of \$15,296,593. Approximately fifty-seven percent (57.55%) of this total amount or \$43,456,365 is restricted or non-spendable.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$25,044,003, or forty percent (40.99%) of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- Granville County's debt service for fiscal year 2019 accounts for 13.09% of the total governmental funds' expenditures for the year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Granville County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Granville County.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes.** The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the County's non-major governmental funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes of North Carolina can also be found in this part of the statements.

Following the notes is the required supplemental information. This section contains funding information about the County's pension plans.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of Granville County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net positions and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the County's total assets & deferred outflows and total liabilities & deferred inflows. Measuring net position is one way to gage the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as general administration, public safety, human services, community services, and education. Property taxes, sales taxes, and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activity is that which the County charges customers to provide. This includes the solid waste services offered by Granville County. The final category is the component units. Granville County owns Granville Health System. The County appoints the board of trustees for the Medical Center and has issued debt on its behalf. Although legally separate from the County, the ABC Board is important to the County. The County is financially accountable for the Board by appointing its members and because the Board is required to distribute its profits to the County. The Granville County Tourism Development Authority and South Granville Memorial Gardens are also component units of Granville County.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Granville County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes of North Carolina or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Granville County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*. This method also has a current financial resource focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Granville County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services

to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary funds - Granville County has two kinds of proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Granville County uses an enterprise fund to account for its solid waste operations. This fund is the same as the separate activity shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. *Internal Service Funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the functions of the County. The County uses an internal service fund to account for one activity – its County Health Plan. Because this operation benefits predominantly governmental rather than business-type activities, the internal service fund has been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support Granville County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Currently Granville County operates four fiduciary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 41 of this report.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning Granville County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 87 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The assets and deferred outflows of Granville County exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$1,420,114 as of June 30, 2019. The County's net position decreased by \$98,098 for that same time period. \$43,452,365 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions how they may be used. These include such items as financing proceeds for school or medical facilities or unexpended grant funds held for current projects. \$17,017,181 reflects the County's net investment in capital assets. Capital assets are used by the County to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending or debt service. Resources needed to repay the debt associated with Capital assets must be provided by other sources. The remaining balance \$(59,049,432) is unrestricted. Because the County carries

the debt associated with school facilities, yet does not include those facilities on its books, a negative unrestricted balance is not uncommon while the school related debt is outstanding.

Granville County's Net Position Figure 2

	Govern	mental	Busin	iess-type		
	Activ	vities	Ac	tivities	T	otal
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Current and other assets	\$ 81,803,012	\$ 64,046,981	\$ 2,687,85	\$ 3,370	,975 \$ 84,490,863	\$ 67,417,956
Capital assets	56,526,803	46,906,495	5,090,595	5,144	,388 61,617,398	52,050,883
Total assets	138,329,815	110,953,476	7,778,446	8,515	,363 146,108,261	119,468,839
Deferred outflows	4,919,024	3,861,604	71,315	47	,998 4,990,339	3,909,602
•						
Long-term liabilities outstandin	130,488,732	108,724,460	9,935,584	8,871	,054 140,424,316	117,595,514
Other liabilities	5,355,116	2,001,327	191,985	204	,331 5,547,101	2,205,658
Total liabilities	135,843,848	110,725,787	10,127,569	9,075	,385 145,971,417	119,801,172
•						
Deferred inflows	3,636,418	2,027,361	70,65	31	,696 3,707,069	2,059,057
•						
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	11,926,586	31,024,432	5,090,595	5,144	,388 17,017,181	36,168,820
Restricted	43,452,365	24,688,335		-	- 43,452,365	24,688,335
Unrestricted	(51,610,378)	(53,650,835)	(7,409,803	(5,688	,108) (59,020,181)	(59,338,943)
Total net position	\$ 3,768,573	\$ 2,061,932	\$ (2,319,208	3) \$ (543)	,720) \$ 1,449,365	\$ 1,518,212

Several particular aspects of the County's financial operations influence the total unrestricted governmental net position:

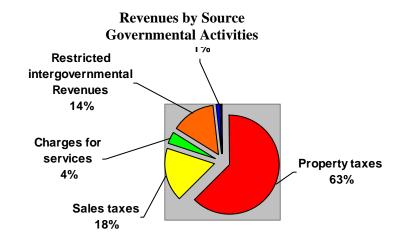
- Sales tax and other intergovernmental taxes increased \$867,084 from the previous year, indicative of an improving State economy.
- The FY 2018 revaluation of the County tax base and increase in the revenue neutral rate to \$0.84 resulted in an increase of property tax of \$697,526.
- A \$1 million revision of the closure/ post-closure estimates for the Oxford landfill as well as \$800,000 in actual closure costs for the C&D landfill resulted in \$1,887,287 in expenditures in the Solid Waste fund.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$1,706,641. The table and bulleted information provide more information related to governmental activities for the past two years.

Granville County's Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Govern	mental	Busine	ess-type		
	Activ	vities	Acti	vities	To	tal
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 2,161,032	\$ 1,731,990	\$ 3,505,111	\$ 3,587,751	\$ 5,666,143	\$ 5,319,741
Operating grants and contributions	9,533,617	8,228,801	33,263	25,500	9,566,880	8,254,301
Capital grants and contributions	163,733	770	-	500	163,733	1,270
General revenues:						
Property taxes	41,016,801	40,319,275	-	-	41,016,801	40,319,275
Other taxes	11,642,407	10,775,323	-	-	11,642,407	10,775,323
Other	2,188,886	4,570,773	101,185	109,712	2,290,071	4,680,485
Total revenues	66,706,476	65,626,932	3,639,559	3,723,463	70,346,035	69,350,395
Expenses:						
General government	6,295,269	5,632,304	-	-	6,295,269	5,632,304
Public safety	13,046,766	11,393,977	-	-	13,046,766	11,393,977
Transportation	197,224	198,866	-	-	197,224	198,866
Economic and physical development	1,363,072	951,127	-	-	1,363,072	951,127
Human services	14,130,315	10,588,830	-	-	14,130,315	10,588,830
Community services	4,512,131	4,530,173	-	-	4,512,131	4,530,173
Education	21,980,521	17,570,103	-	-	21,980,521	17,570,103
Interest on long-term debt	3,474,537	2,213,085	-	-	3,474,537	2,213,085
Landfill	-	-	4,765,067	3,032,006	4,765,067	3,032,006
Other		-	649,980	328,837	649,980	328,837
Total expenses	64,999,835	53,078,465	5,415,047	3,360,843	70,414,882	56,439,308
T (1						
Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers and special items	1,706,641	12,548,467	(1,775,488)	362,620	(68,847)	12,911,087
before dualifiers and special terms	1,700,011	12,5 10, 107	(1,773,100)	302,020	(00,017)	12,711,007
Transfers		(1,000,000)		1,000,000	-	-
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,706,641	11,548,467	(1,775,488)	1,362,620	(68,847)	12,911,087
Net position, beginning	2,061,932	2,092,365	(543,720)	(1,718,839)	1,518,212	373,526
Restatement		(11,578,900)		(187,501)	<u> </u>	(11,766,401)
Net position, ending	\$ 3,768,573	\$ 2,061,932	\$(2,319,208)	\$ (543,720)	\$ 1,449,365	\$ 1,518,212

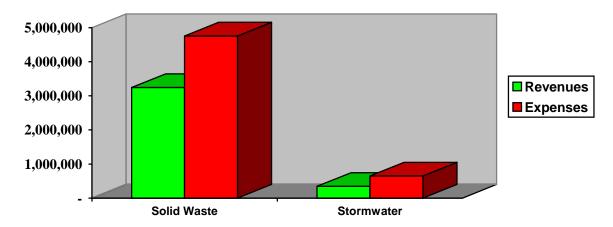
- Sales tax and other intergovernmental taxes increased \$867,084 from the previous year, indicative of an improving State economy.
- The FY 2018 revaluation of tax base and increase in the revenue neutral rate to \$0.84 resulted in an increase of property tax of \$697,526.



Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the County's net position by \$1,775,488, which represents approximately thirty-two percent (32.79%) of the total business-type expenses.

- A \$1 million revision of the closure/ post-closure estimates for the Oxford landfill as well as \$800,000 in actual closure costs for the C&D landfill resulted in \$1,887,287 in expenditures in the Solid Waste Fund.
- Landfill operation costs increased \$158,000 over last year
- The Stormwater Fund donated \$250,000 to the Tar River Land Conservancy for purchase of property at Smith Creek.

Fiscal Year 2018-2019
Expenses and Program Revenues
Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Granville County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of Granville County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Granville County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$25,044,003 while total fund balance reached \$42,555,547. The remainder of fund balance, \$17,511,544 is either non-spendable, restricted, committed, or assigned and is not available for general appropriation. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 40.9 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 69.7 percent of that same amount.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of Granville County reported a combined fund balance of \$75,515,562, a 25.4 percent increase from last year. This increase is due primarily to the financing activity associated with the Law Enforcement Center construction project.

Granville County funded repairs of HVAC and roofing for each of Granville County School System's 17 campuses. The repair project, in it second year, required a transfer of \$7 million from the County's General Fund, which, when netted with project expenditures, increased the project fund balance \$2,642,645 to \$9,331,518.

In 2018, the County established the Law Enforcement Center (L.E.C.) Construction Fund. Initial funding for the project came from the County's General Fund. In 2019, the County issued limited obligation bonds for the project in the amount of \$28,371,409. Bond proceeds, netted with construction expenditures, increased the project's fund balance by \$17,602,959 to \$22,642,577.

Also resulting from the limited obligation bond financing was \$9,157,730 which was used to retire existing school debt and refinance at a more favorable rate.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. Total amendments to the General Fund increased revenues and expenditures by \$49,172,121. The increase was due largely to amending the budget for recognizing receipt of L.E.C./refinancing bond proceeds (\$38,529,139) and transferring loan proceeds received in FY 2018 from the General Fund to the Hospital Capital Projects Fund for the building of Doctors' offices (\$5,800,000). Additional amendments were also necessary to cover unexpected circumstances that arose during the fiscal year to fund additional projects.

Economic conditions and State legislative changes effecting sales tax distributions in prior fiscal years continue to provide challenges to calculating accurate estimates for sales tax proceeds. The County again took a conservative approach when estimating all fiscal year revenues.

As a result, revenue variances were positive. The most favorable category was Sales Tax and Other Tax revenues, which exceeded budget \$896,915 or 7.8%. Fee revenue was also greater than anticipated, due to increased inspection fee revenue, and interest income was larger than expected. In total, General Fund revenues exceeded budget by \$1,585,365 or 2.5%.

Proprietary Funds: Granville County's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Solid Waste Fund equaled \$(7,610,929). The total net position for all proprietary funds is \$(2,321,247). The total change in net position for the proprietary funds was a decrease of \$1,768,092. This change in net position is primarily due to recognizing \$0.8 million in closing costs of the C & D landfill and \$1.080 million in estimated future closing and post-closing costs associated with existing landfills within the County.

In June 2012, Granville County established the County Health Plan Fund, an *Internal Service Fund*, to account for premium and claims associated with the County self-funded health insurance plan. Fiscal year 2018-2019 activity resulted in a decrease in net position of \$739,642.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: Granville County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 totals \$61,617,398 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, park facilities, system improvements, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include:

- Purchases of vehicles throughout various departments.
- \$10,822,093 in construction in progress for the Law Enforcement Center/Animal Control Center.

Granville County's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

	Govern	ımental	Busine	ess-type					
	Activ	vities	Acti	vities	Total				
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018			
Land	\$ 8,276,811	\$ 8,182,441	\$ 1,020,695	\$ 1,020,695	\$ 9,297,506	\$ 9,203,136			
Buildings	13,554,691	14,262,787	93,846	17,642	13,648,537	14,280,429			
Improvements	13,946,477	14,366,587	3,910,974	4,034,389	17,857,451	18,400,976			
Machinery and Equipment	1,247,337	1,313,006	-	-	1,247,337	1,313,006			
Intangible Assets	6,183,000	6,354,750	-	-	6,183,000	6,354,750			
Fixtures and Equipment	-	-	65,080	71,662	65,080	71,662			
Construction in Progress	13,318,487	2,426,924	-	-	13,318,487	2,426,924			
Total	\$ 56,526,803	\$ 46,906,495	\$ 5,090,595	\$ 5,144,388	\$ 61,617,398	\$ 52,050,883			

Additional information on Granville County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements beginning on page 56 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of fiscal year 2019, Granville County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$54,972,000, all of which is debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

Granville County's Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds Figure 5

Govern	mental	Busine	ess-type					
Activ	vities	Acti	vities	Total				
2019		2019	2018	2019	2018			

General obligation bonds \$54,972,000 \$23,426,000 \$ - \$ - \$54,972,000 \$23,426,000

Granville County's total general obligation debt increased by \$31,546,000 (134.66 percent) during fiscal year 2018-2019 as a result of new debt associated with the law enforcement center. The County also had additional limited obligation bond debt added during the fiscal year of \$34,665,000.

Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Standard and Poor's Credit Markets Services and the North Carolina Municipal Council assigned independent underlying ratings to Granville County of Aa2, AA-, and 84 respectively associated with general obligation debts issued in 2010 which upheld ratings issued previously. As a result of the County's FY 2018-2019 limited obligation bond financing, Standard and Poor upgraded the County's general obligation rating to AA.

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to eight percent (8%) of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Granville County is \$280,820,610, which is significantly more than Granville County's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on Granville County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements beginning on page 76 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the County:

- According to the October 2019 AccessNC report, the County is experiencing an unemployment rate of 3.2%, lower than the state average of 4.0%.
- Per Capita annual income in Granville County is approximately \$38,652.
- A \$175,000 grant will support the reuse of an 86,000-square-foot building owned by Winston International, Ltd., a custom cable assembly distributor. The expansion is expected to create 22 jobs while investing \$718,000 in the project.
- A \$100,000 grant will support the renovation of a 10,800-square-foot building in Oxford that is occupied by Home Care Products, LLC, a manufacturer and distributor of microfiltration vacuum bags. The company plans to relocate their entire Ohio operation to Oxford through this project, while adding an expected 10 jobs and investing \$1,175,000.

- Ontic will receive a \$500,000 Building Reuse Grant for a plant expansion that will help create 123 jobs.
- Altec will receive a \$500,000 Building Reuse Grant for a plant expansion that will help create 72 jobs.
- Shalag plans to invest \$16 million over the next two years, creating 40 additional jobs.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities:

The tax base is projected to provide revenues of \$41,102,256 when calculated with the current collection percentage rate. The total projected assessed valuation for the County is \$4,946,048,430.

Budgeted expenditures for fiscal year 2019-2020 in the General Fund reflect an increase from the previous fiscal year original budget of 6.6%. This is due to increased labor and benefit costs, increased health and medical services, increased staffing costs, facility improvements (Administrative annex and Hunt Street), increased school system expenditures, and increased debt service for the Law Enforcement Center/ Animal Control construction project.

The fiscal year 2019-2020 budget appropriates \$2,313,755 of available fund balance to balance the general fund budget. Total revenues, excluding appropriated fund balance, reflect an increase of approximately 3.7% from the previous year original budget. Budgeted revenue increases include property tax (up \$0.2 million), sales tax (up \$0.6 million), increased fee revenue (Up \$0.7 million) and increases in Medicare and transportation grants.

Business-type Activities: The Storm Water Fund budget for FY 2020 reflects an 16% increase from previous year's actual expenditures due primarily to increases in professional services.

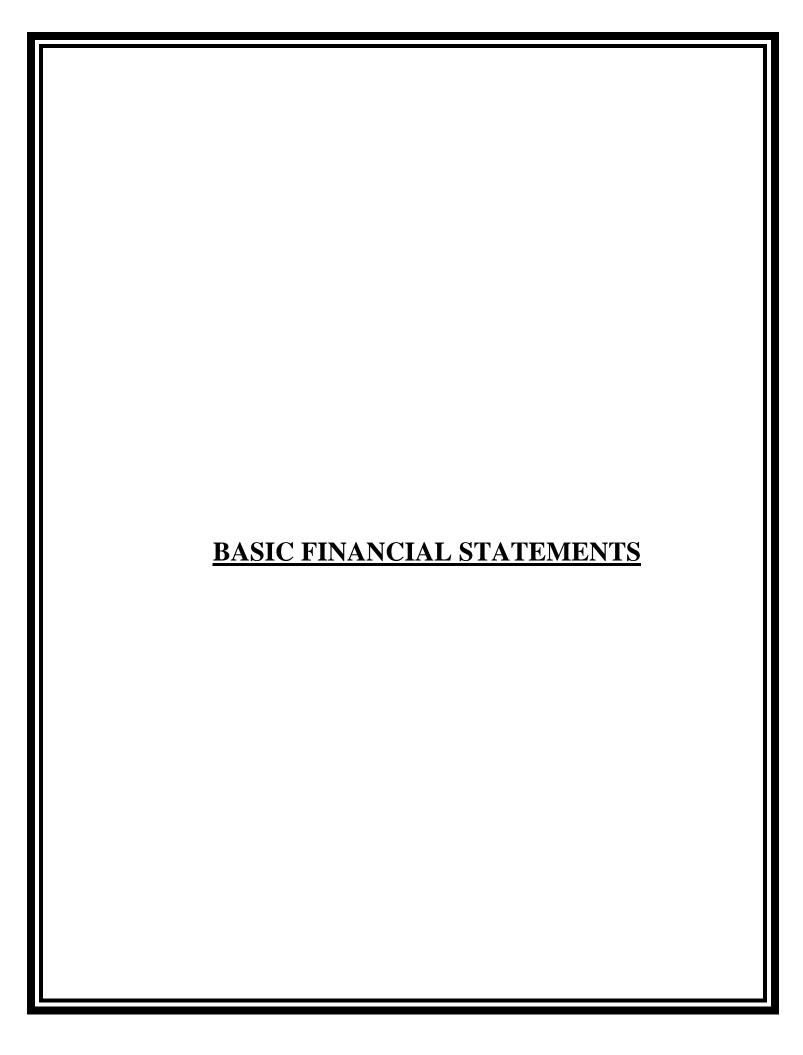
The Solid Waste Fund budget increased \$237,000, roughly 8%. This was due to a budgeted installation of a new scale and scale house at the Oxford landfill, as well as increased professional services and waste disposal fees.

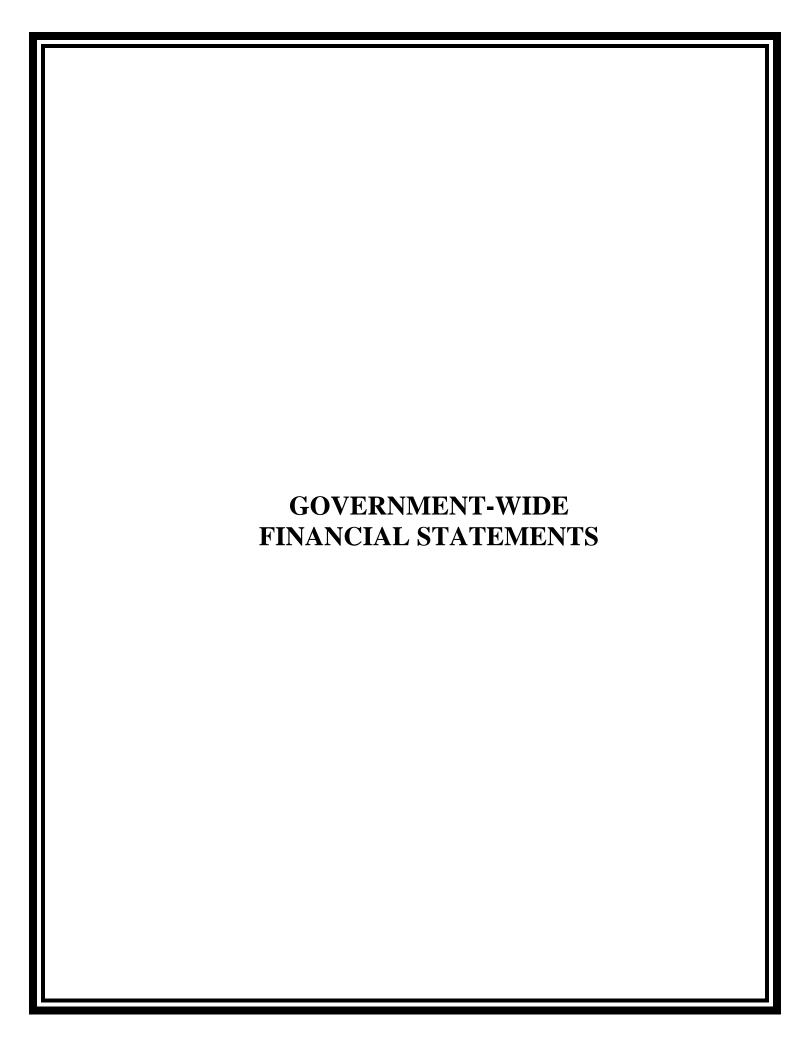
Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of Granville County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Director, Granville County, 141 Williamsboro Street, Oxford, North Carolina, 27565.

Stephen M. McNally

Stephen M. McNally Finance Director



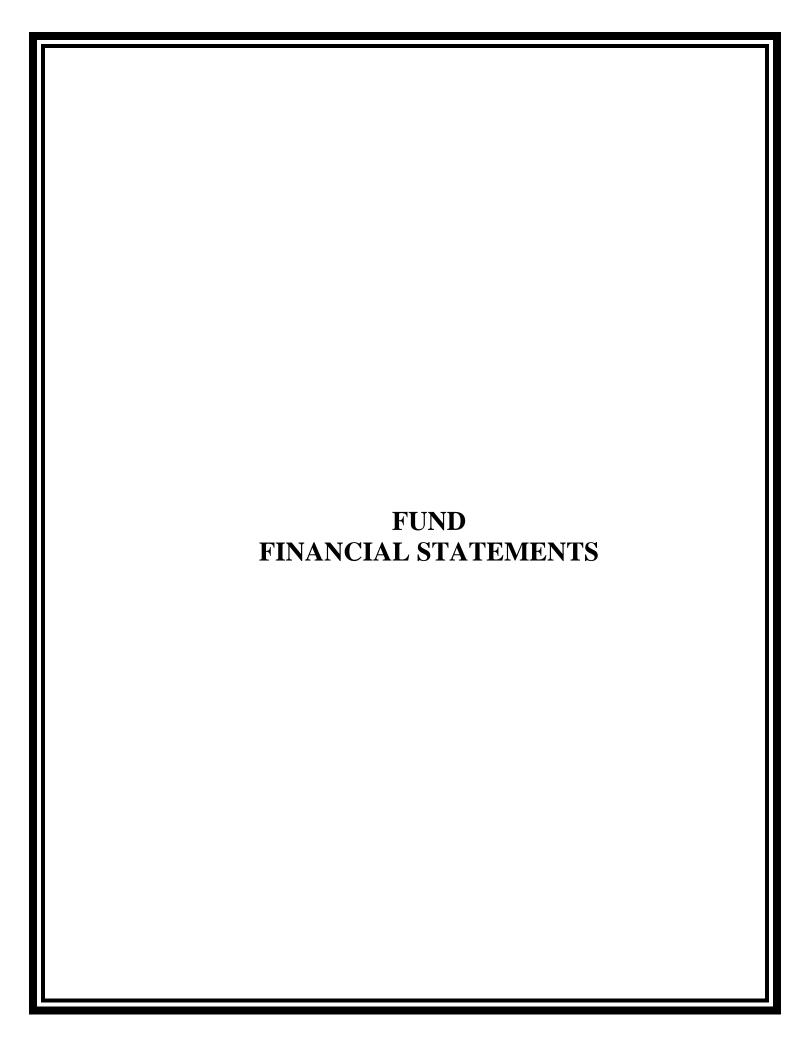


GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

		Primary Governmen	nt		Compone	nt Units	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Granville Health System	Granville County ABC Board	Granville County Tourism Development Authority	South Granville Memorial Gardens
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	System	Board	Audionty	Gardens
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,037,843	\$ 2,755,461	\$ 37,793,304	\$ 1,760,576	\$ 775,266	\$ 392,478	\$ 137,187
Taxes receivable	1,085,681	-	1,085,681	-	-	-	-
Accrued interest receivable	155,562	-	155,562	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable	4,070,403	443,450	4,513,853	10,978,295	-	-	24,465
Due from primary government	-	-	-	-	-	21,049	-
Due from related party	-	-	-	5,257,795			
Inventories	-	-	-	2,061,394	452,077	-	1,461
Prepaid items	43,200	- (404 000)	43,200	256,315	6,575	-	-
Internal balances	481,809	(481,809)	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted assets:	40.950.262	-	10 950 262				100,000
Cash and cash equivalents Assets whose use is limited	40,850,363	-	40,850,363	4,407,315	-	-	100,000
Goodwill	-	-	-	4,407,515	-	-	-
Net pension asset	78,151		78,151				
Capital assets	70,131		70,131				
Land, improvements, and							
construction in progress	21,595,298	1,020,695	22,615,993	3,296,356	338,774	_	39,534
Other capital assets, net of	21,575,270	1,020,075	22,013,773	3,270,330	550,774		37,334
depreciation	34,931,505	4,069,900	39,001,405	26,076,122	990,433	_	38,552
Total capital assets	56,526,803	5,090,595	61,617,398	29,372,478	1,329,207		78,086
-			· 		2,563,125	412.527	341,199
Total Assets	138,329,815	7,807,697	146,137,512	54,094,168		413,527	341,199
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4,919,024	71,315	4,990,339	4,609,912	95,784		
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	4,463,668	191,985	4,655,653	6,418,729	301,079	1,515	2,300
Accrued interest payable	870,399	-	870,399	-	-	-	-
Estimated third party payor settlements	-	-	-	1,258,810	-	-	-
Due to fiduciary funds	21,049	-	21,049	-	-	-	-
Long-term liabilities:							
Due within one year							
Bonds payable	4,361,233	-	4,361,233	-	-	-	-
Notes and COPS payable	2,368,569	-	2,368,569	917,919	140,388	-	-
Financing agreement payable	795,290	-	795,290	-	-	-	-
Compensated absences payable	256,884	6,332	263,216	1,992,460	-	-	-
Capital leases payable	-	-	-	169,464	-	-	-
Due in more than one year							
Bonds payable	55,622,708	-	55,622,708		-	-	-
Notes and COPS payable	42,863,431	-	42,863,431	19,543,512	-	-	-
Capital leases payable	-	-	-	29,985			
Financing agreement payable	1,620,528	-	1,620,528	-	-	-	-
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs	-	9,502,439	9,502,439	-	-	-	-
Compensated absences payable	770,653	18,995	789,648	-	-	-	-
Other postemployment benefits obligation	16,056,023	329,346	16,385,369	7.516.001	446,683	-	-
Net pension obligation-LGERS	4,124,844	78,472	4,203,316	7,516,291	78,525		
Net pension obligation-LEOSSA Total long-term liabilities	1,648,569 130,488,732	9,935,584	1,648,569	30,169,631	665,596		
-						1.515	2 200
Total Liabilities	135,843,848	10,127,569	145,971,417	37,847,170	966,675	1,515	2,300
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3,636,418	70,651	3,707,069	348,092	37,414	-	600
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	11,926,586	5,090,595	17,017,181	8,711,598	1,329,207	-	78,086
Restricted for:	. =		. =				
Stabilization by State Statute	4,783,538	-	4,783,538	-	-	21,049	24,465
Register of Deeds	53,193	-	53,193	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	23,042,692	-	23,042,692	-	-	-	-
Education	12,144,136	-	12,144,136	-	-	-	-
Community Services	733,235	-	733,235	-	-	-	-
Human Services	2,695,571	-	2,695,571	47,757	120.070	-	-
Working Capital	-	-	-	-	139,878	-	100.000
Cemetary Perpetual Care and Maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	227.050	100,000
Tourism Related Capital Development Unrestricted (deficit)	(51,610,378)	(7,409,803)	(50.020.191)	11 740 462	195 725	227,950 163,013	125 7/10
			(59,020,181)	11,749,463	185,735		135,748
Total Net Position	\$ 3,768,573	\$ (2,319,208)	\$ 1,449,365	\$ 20,508,818	\$ 1,654,820	\$ 412,012	\$ 338,299

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

					P	rogram Revenues						Ne	t (Ex	penses) Revenu	es an	d Changes in N	let Po					
]	Prim	ary Government						Compone	nt Un	its		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		Granville Health System		Granville County ABC Board	Cou De	Granville nty Tourism velopment Authority	G M	South ranville Iemorial Gardens
Primary Government:																						
Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Transportation Economic and physical development Human services Community services Education Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	\$	6,295,269 13,046,766 197,224 1,363,072 14,130,315 4,512,131 21,980,521 3,474,537 64,999,835	\$	480,581 1,301,830 20,738 357,883 - 2,161,032	\$	798,006 327,578 884,283 6,846,715 137,790 539,245 - 9,533,617	\$	6,403 - 157,330 - - - 163,733	\$	(5,808,285) (10,946,930) 130,354 (321,459) (7,262,862) (4,016,458) (21,441,276) (3,474,537) (53,141,453)	\$	- - - - - - -	\$	(5,808,285) (10,946,930) 130,354 (321,459) (7,262,862) (4,016,458) (21,441,276) (3,474,537) (53,141,453)								
Business-type activities:																						
Solid Waste		4,765,067		3,243,632		-		-		-		(1,521,435)		(1,521,435)								
Stormwater		649,980		261,479		33,263		-				(355,238)		(355,238)								
Total business-type activities		5,415,047		3,505,111		33,263		-		-		(1,876,673)		(1,876,673)								
Total primary government	\$	70,414,882	\$	5,666,143	\$	9,566,880	\$	163,733	\$	(53,141,453)	\$	(1,876,673)	\$	(55,018,126)								
Component units: Granville Health System Granville County ABC Board Granville County Tourism Development Authority South Granville Memorial Gardens	\$	64,995,030 4,430,173 287,488 50,551	\$	59,180,997 4,708,341 - 57,229	\$	30,000	\$	132,874	\$	- - - -	\$	-	\$	- - -	\$	(5,651,159)	\$	278,168	\$	- - (287,488)	\$	- - - 6,678
Total component units	\$	69,763,242	\$	63,946,567	\$	30,000	\$	132,874	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(5,651,159)	\$	278,168	\$	(287,488)	\$	6,678
	T:		es tax ld ha er tax s, unr	rmless es estricted ed					\$	41,016,801 8,625,333 2,146,527 870,547 1,420,517 768,369	\$	21,387 79,798	\$	41,016,801 8,625,333 2,146,527 870,547 1,441,904 848,167	\$	38,880 3,389,128	\$	2,486	\$	252,370 3,880 3,839	\$	2,413
				nues, special ite		nd transfers				54,848,094		101,185		54,949,279		3,428,008		2,486		260,089		2,413
	NT.			nge in net posit	10n					1,706,641		(1,775,488)		(68,847)		(2,223,151)		280,654		(27,399)		9,091
		position, beginning	5						•	2,061,932	Φ.	(543,720)	Ф.	1,518,212	•	22,731,969	Ф.	1,374,166	•	439,411	ф.	329,208
	net p	position, ending							\$	3,768,573	\$	(2,319,208)	\$	1,449,365	\$	20,508,818	\$	1,654,820	Þ	412,012	\$	338,299



GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

				Major			Nonmajor		
		G 1		School	Law		Other		Total
		General Fund	D	Repair Project Fund	Enforcement Center Fund	G	overnmental Funds	G	overnmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>	-	rulia		Toject Fund	 Center Fund		rulius		runus
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	33,199,467	\$	_	\$ -	\$	1,184,777	\$	34,384,244
Restricted cash		6,411,031		9,918,373	24,520,959		-		40,850,363
Taxes receivable		1,085,681		-	-		-		1,085,681
Accounts receivable		3,999,623		39,932	-		30,848		4,070,403
Prepaid items		4,000		-	-		-		4,000
Due from other funds		713,135		-	 		-		713,135
Total Assets	\$	45,412,937	\$	9,958,305	\$ 24,520,959	\$	1,215,625	\$	81,107,826
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	\$	1,676,768	\$	626,787	\$ 1,878,382	\$	418	\$	4,182,355
Due to other funds		21,049		-	 -		229,287		250,336
Total Liabilities		1,697,817		626,787	 1,878,382		229,705		4,432,691
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		1,159,573		-	 		-		1,159,573
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable:									
Prepaid items		4,000		-	-		-		4,000
Restricted:									
Stabilization by State Statute		4,712,758		39,932	-		30,848		4,783,538
Register of Deeds		53,193		-	-		-		53,193
Human Services		2,695,571		-	-		-		2,695,571
Education		2,852,550		9,291,586	-		-		12,144,136
Community Services		-		-	-		733,235		733,235
Public Safety		-		-	22,642,577		400,115		23,042,692
Committed:									
Tax Revaluation		105,086		-	-		-		105,086
Public Safety		704,631		-	-		-		704,631
Assigned:									
Subsequent year's expenditures		2,313,755		-	-		-		2,313,755
Public Safety		1,000,000		-	-		-		1,000,000
Human Services		2,000,000		-	-		-		2,000,000
Economic and Physical Development		1,070,000		-	-		-		1,070,000
Unassigned:		25,044,003		-	 		(178,278)		24,865,725
Total Fund Balances		42,555,547		9,331,518	 22,642,577		985,920		75,515,562
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,									
and Fund Balances	\$	45,412,937	\$	9,958,305	\$ 24,520,959	\$	1,215,625		

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:		
Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds (Exhibit 3)	\$	75,515,562
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the		56,526,803
Net pension asset		78,151
Contributions to pension and OPEB plans and benefit payments and administration costs in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position		1,368,280
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds		1,160,457
Deferred inflows of resources for taxes and special assessments receivabl		1,085,681
Internal service fund is used by management to charge insurance costs to individual funds; the assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position		411,486
Consolidation adjustment for internal balances between the internal service fund and the governmental funds		(2,039)
Pension and OPEB related deferrals		(1,016,677)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, accrued interest, pension and other post employment benefits, and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the	(131,359,131)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)	\$	3,768,573

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Major			N	Vonmajor	
			School		Law		Other	Total
	General		Repair	F	Enforcement	Gov	vernmental	Governmental
	Fund	Pı	roject Fund	(Center Fund		Funds	Funds
<u>REVENUES</u>								
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 40,736,763	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 40,736,763
Sales and other taxes	11,527,328		-		-		-	11,527,328
Licenses, fees and other revenues	2,609,031		-		-		157,330	2,766,361
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	9,408,302		_		_		370,175	9,778,477
Investment earnings	962,748		_		449,328		8,441	1,420,517
Miscellaneous	 115,165		-				6,734	121,899
Total Revenues	 65,359,337		-		449,328		542,680	66,351,345
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
Current								
General government	3,990,744		-		-		-	3,990,744
Public safety	11,475,821		-		-		326,789	11,802,610
Community Services	4,229,428		_		_		23,753	4,253,181
Human services	9,964,361		_		_		´ -	9,964,361
Non-Departmental & Special Areas	3,288,306		_		_		_	3,288,306
Capital Outlay	-		4,357,355		11,181,065		3,364,437	18,902,857
Intergovernmental			1,557,555		11,101,003		3,301,137	10,702,037
Education	17,623,166		_		_		_	17,623,166
Debt Service	17,023,100							17,023,100
Principal	7,037,373							7,037,373
-			-		-		-	
Interest	 3,477,571		<u>-</u>					3,477,571
Total Expenditures	 61,086,770		4,357,355		11,181,065		3,714,979	80,340,169
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 4,272,567		(4,357,355)		(10,731,737)		(3,172,299)	(13,988,824)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers from other funds	1,036,713		7,000,000		-		3,685,846	11,722,559
Transfers to other funds	(10,685,846)		-		(1,036,713)		-	(11,722,559)
Issuance of refunded debt	8,270,000		-		-		-	8,270,000
Issuance of debt	_		-		26,395,000		-	26,395,000
Debt premium	887,730		_		2,976,409		-	3,864,139
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(9,243,722)		_		-		-	(9,243,722)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(9,735,125)		7,000,000		28,334,696		3,685,846	29,285,417
Net Change in Fund Balances	(5,462,558)		2,642,645		17,602,959		513,547	15,296,593
Fund Balance - July 1	 48,018,105		6,688,873		5,039,618		472,373	60,218,969
Fund Balance - June 30	\$ 42,555,547	\$	9,331,518	\$	22,642,577	\$	985,920	\$ 75,515,562

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities on Exhibit 2 are different because:

Sovernmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related Contributions to pension and OPEB plans and benefit payments and administration costs in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position 1,368,280 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (2,270,430) Total changes in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)	initiality reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities on Exhibit 2 are different occur	usc.	
Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related Contributions to pension and OPEB plans and benefit payments and administration costs in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position 1,368,280 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities (732,246) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)	\$	15,296,593
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related (21,855,902) Contributions to pension and OPEB plans and benefit payments and administration costs in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position 1,368,280 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities (732,246) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (2,270,430)	Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the		0.505.000
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related Contributions to pension and OPEB plans and benefit payments and administration costs in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position 1,368,280 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (2,270,430)	current period.		9,525,938
while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related Contributions to pension and OPEB plans and benefit payments and administration costs in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position 1,368,280 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (2,270,430)	<u>*</u>		374,408
Contributions to pension and OPEB plans and benefit payments and administration costs in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position 1,368,280 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities (732,246) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (2,270,430)	while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		(21 855 902)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. 1,368,280 (732,246)	This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of folig-term debt and related		(21,633,902)
individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities (732,246) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (2,270,430)	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		1,368,280
resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (2,270,430)	individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with		(732,246)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2) \$\\ 1,706,641\$			(2,270,430)
	Total changes in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)	\$	1,706,641

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			General	Fund	1	
<u>REVENUES</u>	Origi Budį		Final Budget		Actual	 Variance with Final Positive (Negative)
<u>KE VEINOLS</u>						
Ad valorem taxes		<i>'</i>	\$ 41,131,639	\$	40,736,763	\$ (394,876)
Sales and other taxes		505,413	10,630,413		11,527,328	896,915
Licenses, fees and other revenues		159,752	2,182,752		2,609,031	426,279
Restricted intergovernmental revenues		529,636	9,261,168		9,408,302	147,134
Investment earnings		103,000	403,000		962,748	559,748
Miscellaneous		165,000	165,000		115,165	 (49,835)
Total Revenues	63,0)94,440	63,773,972		65,359,337	 1,585,365
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>						
General government	3.0	590,182	4,376,456		3,990,744	385,712
Public safety		251,122	11,808,455		11,475,821	332,634
Community services		500,457	4,517,669		4,229,428	288,241
Human services		969,629	12,246,853		9,964,361	2,282,492
Non-departmental and special areas		596,301	3,378,595		3,288,306	90,289
Education		531,166	17,623,166		17,623,166	-
Contingency		290,000	-		-	-
Debt Service		584,186	11,055,674		10,514,944	 540,730
Total Expenditures	63,	513,043	65,006,868		61,086,770	 3,920,098
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(418,603)	(1,232,896)		4,272,567	 5,505,463
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from other funds		_	_		1,036,713	1,036,713
Transfers to other funds		-	(42,285,909)		(10,685,846)	31,600,063
Proceeds from debt		_	26,395,000		-	(26,395,000)
Proceeds from refunded debt		-	8,270,000		8,270,000	_
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-	(9,256,526)		(9,243,722)	12,804
Appropriated Fund Balance		118,603	14,246,192		-	(14,246,192)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		118,603	1,232,896		(9,735,125)	 (10,968,021)
Revenues and Other Financing						
Sources Over Expenditures						
and Other Financing Uses	\$		\$ 		(5,462,558)	\$ (5,462,558)
Fund Balance - July 1					48,018,105	
Fund Balance - June 30				\$	42,555,547	

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

				Internal Service
		Enterprise Funds	3	Fund
	Major Fund	Non-major Fund		Non-major Fund
	Solid	_		County
	Waste	Stormwater		Health Plan
	Management	Fund	Total	Fund
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 2,449,335	\$ 306,126	\$ 2,755,461	\$ 653,599
Accounts receivable	389,650	53,800	443,450	-
Prepaid items				39,200
Total Current Assets	2,838,985	359,926	3,198,911	692,799
foncurrent Assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land, improvements, and	4 000 505		4.000 40.5	
construction in progress	1,020,695	-	1,020,695	-
Other capital assets, net of	400000		400000	
depreciation	4,069,900		4,069,900	
Total Capital Assets	5,090,595		5,090,595	
Total Noncurrent Assets	5,090,595		5,090,595	
Total Assets	7,929,580	359,926	8,289,506	692,799
EFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	54,829	16,486	71,315	
<u>IABILITIES</u>				
urrent Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	169,245	22,740	191,985	281,313
Accrued interest payable	-		-	
Customer deposits	-		-	
Unearned Revenue	-		-	
Due to General Fund	483,848	-	483,848	-
Compensated absences payable	6,332	-	6,332	-
Current portion of long-term debt				
Total Current Liabilities	659,425	22,740	682,165	281,313
oncurrent Liabilities:				
Net pension liability	61,150	17,322	78,472	-
Accrued landfill closure and				
postclosure care costs	9,502,439	-	9,502,439	-
Other postemployment benefits	216,287	113,059	329,346	-
Compensated absences payable	18,995		18,995	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	9,798,871	130,381	9,929,252	
Total Liabilities	10,458,296	153,121	10,611,417	281,313
EFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	46,447	24,204	70,651	
ET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	5,090,595	-	5,090,595	-
Unrestricted	(7,610,929)	199,087	(7,411,842)	411,486
Total Net Position	\$ (2,520,334)	\$ 199,087	(2,321,247)	\$ 411,486
djustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds	_		2,039	
let position of business type activities			\$ (2.210.200)	
Net position of business-type activities			\$ (2,319,208)	

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

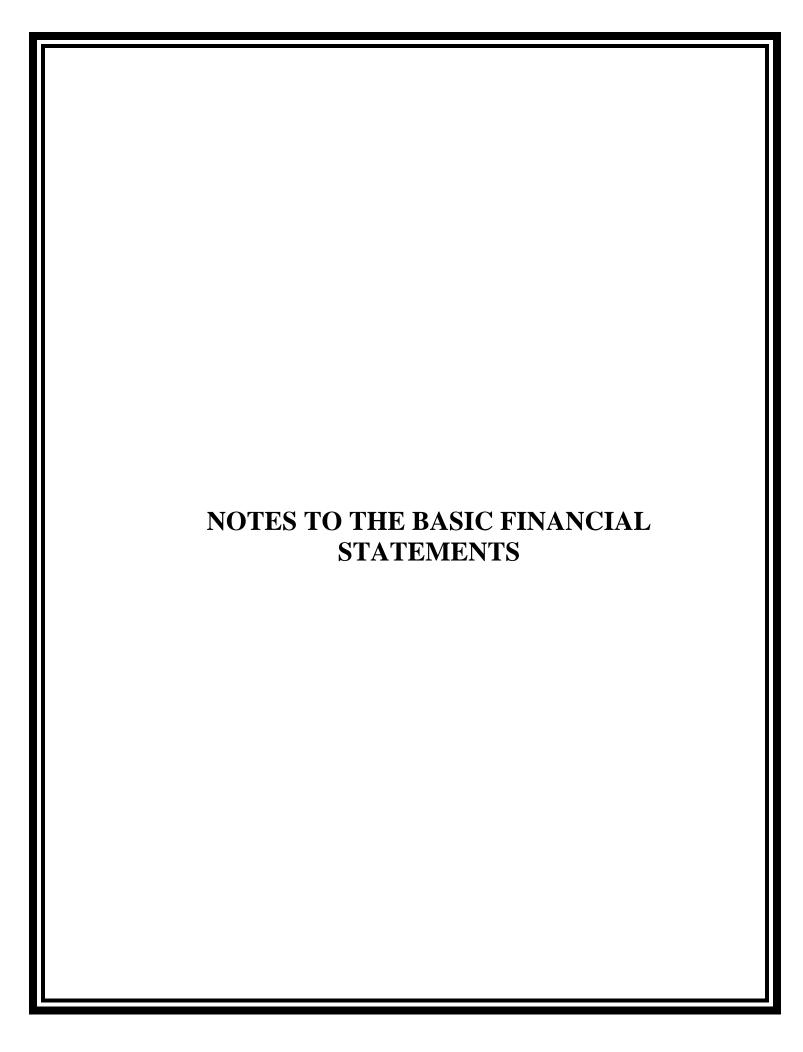
			Enter	prise Funds			Se	Internal rvice Fund
	N	Aajor Fund Solid Waste		-major Fund tormwater				-major Fund County ealth Plan
	M	Ianagement		Fund		Total		Fund
OPERATING REVENUES								
Restricted intergovernmental revenue	\$	-	\$	33,263	\$	33,263	\$	-
Charges for services		3,243,632		261,479		3,505,111		2,820,604
Miscellaneous				79,798		79,798		
Total operating revenues		3,243,632		374,540	_	3,618,172		2,820,604
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Landfill closure and postclosure		1,882,287		-		1,882,287		-
Solid waste operations		1,231,549		-		1,231,549		-
Landfill operations		1,510,384		_		1,510,384		_
Stormwater operations		-		649,980		649,980		_
Depreciation		133,451		-		133,451		_
Health insurance administration		-		_		, - <u>-</u>		3,560,246
Total operating expenses		4,757,671		649,980		5,407,651		3,560,246
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(1,514,039)		(275,440)		(1,789,479)		(739,642)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Interest and fees		_		_		_		_
Interest and rees		21,387		_		21,387		_
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		21,387			_	21,387		
Total honoperating revenues (expenses)		21,307				21,307		
INCOME BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		(1,492,652)		(275,440)	_	(1,768,092)		(739,642)
Capital contributions		-		-		-		-
Transfers from other funds		-		-		-		_
Total Capital Contributions and Transfers		-		-		-		-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(1,492,652)		(275,440)		(1,768,092)		(739,642)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING		(1,027,682)		474,527		(553,155)		1,151,128
TOTAL NET POSITION-ENDING	\$	(2,520,334)	\$	199,087		(2,321,247)	\$	411,486
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds						(7,396)		
Change in net position of business-type activities					\$	(1,775,488)		

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Major Fund Enterprise		n-major Fund Enterprise			No	n-major Fund Internal
		Fund		Fund			S	ervice Fund
		Solid Waste	9	Stormwater	1	Total Proprietary	1	County Health Plan
	N	Ianagement	•	Fund		Funds		Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:	_							
Cash received from customers	\$	3,132,960	\$	336,050	\$	3,469,010	\$	2,820,604
Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services		(3,306,834) (288,804)		(610,740)		(3,917,574) (288,804)		(3,513,114)
Net cash provided by operating activities		(462,678)		(274,690)	_	(737,368)		(692,510)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(79,658)		_		(79,658)		_
Increase in due to other funds		483,848		-		483,848		-
Net cash provided by capital and		,-						
related financing activities		404,190				404,190		-
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities:								
Transfer-in								_
Net cash provided by noncapital and								
related financing activities				-				-
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Interest on investments		21,387		-		21,387		-
Net cash provided by investing activities		21,387		-		21,387		-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(37,101)		(274,690)		(311,791)		(692,510)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		2,486,436		580,816		3,067,252		1,346,109
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	2,449,335	\$	306,126	\$	2,755,461	\$	653,599
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,514,039)	\$	(275,440)	\$	(1,789,479)	\$	(739,642)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to								
net cash provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation		133,451		-		133,451		-
Change in assets and liabilities:		(110.672)		(29, 400)		(140 162)		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(110,672)		(38,490)		(149,162)		-
and accrued liabilities		16,172		(28,518)		(12,346)		47,132
Increase (decrease) in other postemployment		10,172		(20,510)		(12,510)		17,132
benefits		(31,702)		50,163		18,461		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated								
absences payable		444		-		444		-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources-pensions		(17,494)		(5,823)		(23,317)		-
Increase in net pension liability		20,839		5,659		26,498		-
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		21,196		17,759		38,955		-
Increase (decrease) in landfill closure and postclosure costs		1,019,127		-		1,019,127		-
Total adjustments		1,051,361		750		1,052,111		47,132
	•		•		Φ.		•	
Net cash provided by operating activities	Þ	(462,678)	\$	(274,690)	\$	(737,368)	\$	(692,510)

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 297,746
Due from other fund	 21,049
Total Assets	\$ 318,795
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	
Liabilities:	
Miscellaneous liabilities	\$ 297,746
Due to component unit	 21,049
Total Liabilities	\$ 318,795



I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Granville County and its discretely presented component units conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The County, which is governed by a seven-member board of commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County and its component units, legally-separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. Two component units of the County have no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the basic financial statements. The other four discretely presented component units presented below are reported in a separate column in the County's government-wide financial statements in order to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Granville Health System

Granville Health System (the "Hospital") is a public hospital. The County appoints the board of trustees for the Hospital. The County has also issued general obligation bonds for improvement of the Hospital's facilities and makes periodic appropriations to the Hospital to defray the costs of indigent care. The Hospital, which has a September 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund.

Granville County ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the County. The ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the County. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund.

Granville County Tourism Development Authority

The Granville County Tourism Development Authority (the "Tourism Development Authority") was established on September 18, 2000 by the Granville County Board of Commissioners. The Tourism Development Authority was formed to promote the use and development of Granville County recreational, historic, and tourism resources. Under the authority of HB 2218, and by resolution of the Granville County Board of Commissioners, Granville County shall on a quarterly basis, remit the net proceeds of the 6% occupancy tax to the Granville County Tourism Development Authority. The Tourism Development Authority is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors, four of whom are appointed by the Granville County Board of Commissioners, one selected by the Oxford City Council, one selected by the Butner City Council, and one selected by the Creedmoor City Council. The Granville County Tourism Development Authority, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a governmental fund.

South Granville Memorial Gardens

The South Granville Memorial Gardens (the "Memorial Gardens") was established on June 3, 1996 by the Granville County Board of Commissioners. This association accounts for the activities of the South Granville Memorial Gardens Cemetery and provides perpetual care for the historical cemeteries located in the Butner reservation. South Granville Memorial Gardens is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees, all of

whom are appointed by the Granville County Board of Commissioners. Granville County appoints the voting majority of the Board and is able to impose its will on the Organization. The South Granville Memorial Gardens, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a governmental fund.

Granville County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority

Granville County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority (the "Authority") exists to issue and service revenue bond debt of private businesses for economic development purposes. The Authority is governed by a seven-member board of commissioners, all of whom are appointed by the County Commissioners. The County can remove any commissioner of the Authority with or without cause. At June 30, 2019, the Authority had outstanding revenue bonds in the amount of \$1,200,000. The Authority has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the combined financial statements. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

Granville County Public Facilities Company

Granville County Public Facilities Company (the "Company") exists to assist the County in the financing of capital projects. The Company is governed by a three to nine-member board of commissioners, all of whom are appointed by the County Commissioners. The County can remove any commissioner of the Company with or without cause. The Company has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the combined financial statements. The Company does not issue separate financial statements.

Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units may be obtained at the administrative offices of those entities.

Granville Health System 1010 College Street Oxford, North Carolina 27565

Granville County ABC Board 111 New College Street Oxford, North Carolina 27565

Granville County Tourism Development Authority Post Office Box 1286 Oxford, North Carolina 27565

South Granville Memorial Gardens Post Office Box 1286 Oxford, North Carolina 27565

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus - Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government net position (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. However, some interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities

generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating items such as investment earnings are ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Revaluation Fund is a legally budgeted fund under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 it is consolidated in the General Fund.

School Repair Project Fund. This fund accounts for the funding of repairs to be completed at various schools.

Law Enforcement Center Fund. This fund accounts for the funding of the construction of the law enforcement center.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

Solid Waste Management Fund. This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, and development of various landfills and disposal sites.

The County reports the following internal service fund:

County Health Plan Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with the County's self-insured group health insured program.

The County reports the following fund type:

Agency Funds – Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others. The County maintains the following agency funds: the Social Services Fund, which accounts for moneys deposited with the Department of Social Services for the benefit of certain individuals; the Inmate Trust Fund, which

accounts for moneys deposited with the County for the benefit of certain inmates; the Sheriff's Evidence, Execution and Special Fund, which accounts for moneys deposited with the Sheriff; and the Granville County Tourism Development Authority Fund.

Non-Major Funds – The County maintains seven legally budgeted funds. The Emergency Telephone System Fund and the R. H. Thornton Library Memorial Fund are reported as non-major special revenue funds. The Granville Greenway Project Fund, the Falls Meadow/Montgomery Place Project Fund, the Hospital Capital Projects Fund and the GAP Phase III Project Fund are reported as capital projects funds. The Stormwater Fund is the only enterprise fund that is a non-major fund.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for the agency funds, which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are

not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on all registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific costreimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Emergency Telephone System Fund, R. H. Thornton Library Fund, County Health Plan Fund and all Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Granville Greenway Project Fund, the Law Enforcement Center Fund, the Falls Meadow/Montgomery Place Project Fund, the Hospital Capital Projects Fund, the GAP Phase III Project Fund and the School Repair Project Fund.

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for the general fund and at the functional level for the special revenue funds, enterprise funds, and capital projects funds. The County Manager is authorized by the budget ordinance to transfer appropriations between departments (or function levels, as applicable) within a fund up to \$1,000 temporarily subject to subsequent Board approval; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by any amount must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several immaterial amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

All deposits of the County, Granville Health System, Granville County ABC Board, Granville County Tourism Development Authority, and South Granville Memorial Gardens are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G. S. 159-31. The County, the Hospital, the ABC Board, the Tourism Development Authority, and the Memorial Gardens may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County, the Hospital, the ABC Board, the Tourism Development

Authority, and the Memorial Gardens may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State Law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County, the Hospital, the ABC Board, the Tourism Development Authority, and the Memorial Gardens to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The majority of the County, the Hospital, the ABC Board, the Tourism Development Authority, and the Memorial Garden's investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition and non-money market investments are carried at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT is a SEC-registered money market mutual fund allowable by G.S. 159-30(c)(8). The NCCMT Government Portfolio is a 2a-7 fund maintaining an AAA rating from S&P. The NCCMT Term Portfolio is a bond fund, has no rating and has a duration of .11 years. Both the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios are reported at fair value.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. Granville Health System, the ABC Board, the Tourism Development Authority, and the Memorial Gardens consider demand deposits and investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less, which are not limited as to use, to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

The unexpended debt proceeds are classified as restricted assets in the capital projects funds because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the debt was originally issued. Money in the Tax Revaluation Fund is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153A-150.

Granville County Restricted Cash

Governmental Activities		
General Fund	Tax Revaluation	\$ 105,086
General Fund	Register of Deeds	53,193
General Fund	Proceeds from hospital loan	2,294,051
General Fund	Reserve for hospital USDA loan	401,520
General Fund	Sinking fund set aside for debt payment	2,852,550
General Fund	Public safety forfeiture funds	704,631
Law Enforcement Center Fund	Unspent debt proceeds	24,520,959
School Repair Project Fund	Unspent debt proceeds	 9,918,373
Total Governmental Activities		 40,850,363
Total Restricted Cash		\$ 40,850,363

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6.

These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018. As allowed by State law, the County has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that paid prior to the due date. In the County's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. <u>Inventory and Prepaid Items</u>

The inventories of the Hospital, the ABC Board, and the Memorial Gardens are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The inventory of the Hospital, the ABC Board, and the Memorial Gardens consist of materials and supplies held for consumption or resale. The cost of the inventory carried in the Hospital, the ABC Board, and the Memorial Gardens is recorded as an expense as it is consumed or sold.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used in accordance with the consumption method.

7. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, \$5,000; Buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$5,000; infrastructure, \$5,000; equipment and furniture, \$5,000; vehicles and motorized equipment, \$5,000. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital Assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Heaful Lifa

	<u>Oseful Life</u>
Buildings	40 years
Improvements	25 years
Furniture and equipment	10 years
Vehicles	5 years
Computer equipment	5 years
Software	5 years

Property, plant, and equipment in the proprietary funds of the County and those of the Hospital and the ABC Board are recorded at original cost at the time of acquisition. Property, plant, and equipment donated to these proprietary fund type operations are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Any interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary fund type capital assets is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed.

Proprietary fund assets of the County are depreciated on a class life basis as follows:

	<u>Useful Life</u>
Water and sewer distribution assets	20-40 years
Furniture and office equipment	5 years
Maintenance and construction equipment	7 years
Land improvements	15 years

Capital assets of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings	20 years
Furniture/equipment	5-10 years
Vehicles	6 years
Computers, etc.	3 years
Land Improvements	15 years

For the Hospital, depreciation is computed by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of each class of depreciable assets. Equipment under capital leases is amortized on the straight-line method over the shorter period of the lease term or the estimated useful life of the equipment. Such amortization is included in depreciation and amortization in the financial statements.

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has several items that meet this criterion – a charge on refunding, pension related deferrals, and contributions made to the pension plan in the current fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows or resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will be recognized as revenue until then. The County has only two items that meets the criterion for this category – prepaid taxes and other pension related deferrals.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statements of net position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the County, the Hospital, and the ABC Board provide for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. An expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as leave is earned in the County's government-wide and proprietary fund, and Hospital statements. The County's liability for accumulated earned vacation and the salary-related payments as of June 30, 2019 is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements on a LIFO basis. Employees typically take leave as it is earned and the current portion is estimated.

The sick leave policies of the County, the Hospital, and the ABC Board provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since neither the County, the Hospital nor the ABC Board has any obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments b) or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance-This classification include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Prepaid items-portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaids, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance-This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute-North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outspending Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Register of Deeds-portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds office.

Restricted for Public Safety-portion of fund balance that is restricted for Emergency Telephone System purposes and for the construction of a Law Enforcement Center.

Restricted for Education-portion of fund balance that is restricted by debt proceeds obtained to pay for school capital outlay.

Restricted for Community Services-portion of fund balance that is restricted for use for recreational and library purposes.

Restricted for Human Services-portion of fund balance that is restricted for use for human services.

Committed Fund Balance-Portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by resolution of the County's Board of Commissioners (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purposes requires resolution by the Board of Commissioners.

Committed for Tax Revaluation-portion of fund balance that can only be used for tax revaluation purposes.

Committed for Public Safety-portion of fund balance that can only be used for Public Safety purposes.

Assigned Fund Balance-portion of fund balance that the County's governing board has budgeted.

Assigned for Subsequent year's expenditures-portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that in not already classified in restricted or committed.

Assigned for Public Safety-portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the board for public safety purposes of constructing a Law Enforcement and Animal Shelter.

Assigned for Human Services-portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the board for human services purposes of upgrading the Senior Services Center.

Assigned for Economic and Physical Development-portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the board for the economic development incentives for various businesses.

Unassigned Fund Balance-Portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. The General Fund is the only governmental fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds will only report an unassigned fund balance if their expenditures exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed or assigned for specific purposes which will cause a negative unassigned fund balance. Granville County has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-city funds, and county funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it's in the best interest of the County.

The County will strive to maintain Unassigned General Fund Balance, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, at the close of each fiscal year equal to 35% of General Fund Expenditures. At no time shall the County's Unassigned Fund Balance fall below 30% of General Fund Expenditures. Unassigned Fund Balance in excess of the targeted 35% of General Fund

Expenditures may be appropriated from time to time for pay-as-you-go capital and other one-time uses.

The County Board may, from time-to-time, utilize fund balances that will reduce Unassigned Fund Balance below the 30% policy floor for the purposes of a declared fiscal emergency or other such global purpose as to protect or enhance the long-term fiscal security of Granville County. In such circumstances, the Board will adopt a plan to restore the Unassigned Fund Balance to the policy level within 36 months. If restoration cannot be accomplished within such time period without severe hardship to the County, then the Board will establish a different but appropriate time period.

12. Defined Benefit Pension and OPEB Plans

The County participates in three cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State; the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (LEOSSA) (collectively, the "state-administered defined benefit pension plans"), and one other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB), the Healthcare Benefits Plan (HCB). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the additions to/deductions from the HCB's total liability have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the HCB. For this purpose, the HCB recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments for all are reported at fair value.

E. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

1. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmentwide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance-total governmental funds and net position for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$ (71,746,989) consists of the following:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not	
financial resources and are therefore not reported in the	
funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in	
governmental activities column)	\$ 77,298,593
Less accumulated depreciation	(20,771,790)
Net capital assets	56,526,803
Net pension asset	78,151
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year	1,048,446
Renefit payments and pension administration costs for	

LEOSSA	23,939
Contributions to OPEB plan in the current fiscal year	295,895
Accrued interest receivable less the amount claimed as	,
unearned revenue in the government-wide statements as	
these funds are unavailable in the fund statements.	155,562
Deferred charges related to advance refunding bond issued –	
included on government-wide statement of net position but	
are not current financial resources.	1,004,895
Internal service fund is used by management to charge	
insurance costs to individual funds; the assets and liabilities	
of the internal service fund is included in governmental	
activities in the statement of net position	411,486
Internal receivable representing cost in excess of charges to	
business-type activities-current year	(2,039)
Deferred inflows of resources for taxes and special	
assessments receivable	1,085,681
Pension related deferrals	2,407,931
OPEB related deferrals	(3,424,608)
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the	
current period, do not require current resources to pay and	
are therefore not recorded in the fund statements:	
Bonds, financing agreements, COPS and installments	(102,619,818)
Compensated absences	(1,027,537)
Other postemployment benefits	(16,056,023)
Net pension obligation-LGERS	(4,124,844)
Net pension obligation-LEOSSA	(1,648,569)
Premium on bonds	(5,011,941)
Accrued interest payable	(870,399)
Total adjustment	<u>\$ (71,746,989)</u>

2. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities

The government fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between net changes in fund balances for the governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The total adjustment of \$ (13,589,952) is comprised of the following:

Description	Amount
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as	
assets in the statement of activities	\$ 11,280,242
Cost of disposed capital asset not recorded in fund statements	(19,277)
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that	
is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements	(1,735,027)
New debt issued during the year is recorded as a source of funds on the fund	
statements; it has no effect on the statement of activities - it affects only the	
government-wide statement of net position	(38,529,139)
Payments made to the escrow agent are recorded as a use of funds on the fund	
statements but again affect only the statement of net position in the	
government-wide statements	9,243,722
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund	
statements but again affect only the statement of net position in the	

government-wide statements	7,037,373	
Amortization on deferred premium payments on debt that is recorded in the		
statement of activities but not in the fund statements	392,142	
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of health		
insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal		
service fund is reported with governmental activities		
Change in net position of the internal service funds	(739,642)	
Less: Profit from charges to business-type activities	7,396	
Net adjustment	(732,246)	
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on		
the Statement of Activities	1,048,446	
Benefit payments and administration costs for LEOSSA are deferred outflows		
of resources on the Statement of Net Position	23,939	
Contributions to the OPEB plan are deferred outflows of resources on the		
Statement of Net Position	295,895	
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of		
current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements		
-Amortization on deferred charges-refunding costs that is recorded in the		
statement of activities but not in the fund statements	(194,185)	
-Difference in interest expense between fund statements (modified accrual) and		
government-wide statements (full accrual)	(309,504)	
-Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements but not		
in the fund statements because they do not use current resources	(53,726)	
-OPEB expense	(2,030,993)	
-County's portion of collective pension expense	317,978	
Revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current		
resources are not recorded as revenues in the fund statements		
-Fair value of assets donated that is not recorded in the fund statements but is		
recorded in the government-wide statements	94,370	
-Increase in deferred inflows of resources-taxes receivable-at end of year	266,403	
-Increase in accrued taxes receivable at end of year	13,635	
Total adjustment	<u>\$ (13,589,952)</u>	

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Deficit Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds

In Exhibit 6, the Solid Waste Management Fund had a deficit net position in the amount of \$2,520,334. This deficit net position resulted from liabilities associated with landfill closure and postclosure costs. In Exhibit C-1, the Falls Meadow/Montgomery Place Project Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$178,278. This deficit fund balance resulted from funding not yet being received for this capital project.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the County's, the Hospital's, the ABC Board's, the Tourism Development Authority's, and the Memorial Gardens' deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's, the Hospital's, the ABC Board's, the Tourism Development Authority's, or the Memorial Gardens' agents in these units' names. Under

the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County, the Hospital, the ABC Board, the Tourism Development Authority, and the Memorial Gardens, these deposits are considered to be held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County, the Hospital, the ABC Board, the Tourism Development Authority, or the Memorial Gardens, or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County, the Hospital, the ABC Board, the Tourism Development Authority, or the Memorial Gardens under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

The County, the Hospital, the ABC Board, the Tourism Development Authority and the Memorial Gardens have no formal policies regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2019, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$16,449,164 and a bank balance of \$17,155,345. Of the bank balance, \$750,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$16,405,345 in interest bearing deposits was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2019, Granville County had \$1,675 cash on hand.

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of deposits for Granville County ABC Board was \$770,366 and the bank balance was \$708,304. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$458,304 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the name of the State Treasurer. The ABC Board had \$4,900 cash on hand.

At September 30, 2018, the Hospital's deposits had a carrying amount of approximately \$6,168,000 and a bank balance of approximately \$6,805,000. Of the bank balance, approximately \$509,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and approximately \$6,296,000 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling method. The Hospital also had cash on hand at September 30, 2018, in the amount of approximately \$3,500.

At June 30, 2019, the Tourism Development Authority had a carrying amount of \$392,478 and a bank balance of \$384,773. All of the bank balance was covered by collateral held under the pooling method.

At June 30, 2019, the Memorial Gardens had a carrying amount of \$131,981 and a bank balance of \$132,378. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

2. <u>Investments</u>

As of June 30, 2019, the County had the following investments and maturities.

				Valuation		
	<u>I</u> 1	nvestment		Measurement Method	Fair Value	Less than 6 months
NC	Capital	Management	Trust-			
Gove	ernment Po	ortfolio		Amortized Cost	\$ 15,620,068	\$ 15,620,068

NC Capital Management Trust-Term* Fair Value-Level 1 46,870,506 46,870,506 \$ 62,490,574 \$ 62,490,574

*As of June 30, 2019, the NCCMT Term Portfolio has a duration of .11 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level Two debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

The North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Term Porfolio is not rated. The County has no policy on credit risk.

At June 30, 2019, South Granville Memorial Gardens' investments consisted of \$105,206 in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Term Portfolio. The North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Term Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. South Granville Memorial Gardens has no policy on credit risk.

3. Property Tax-Use-Value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the general statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forestland may be taxed by the County at present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Year <u>Levied</u>	<u>Tax</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2016	\$ 2,612,680	\$ 842,089	\$ 3,454,769
2017	2,805,401	660,217	3,465,618
2018	2,839,733	417,927	3,257,660
2019	3,448,126	<u>198,267</u>	3,646,393
Totals	\$ 11,705,940	\$ 2,118,500	\$ 13,824,440

4. Receivables

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	<u>Accounts</u>	Taxes and Accrued Interest	Due from other governments	<u>Total</u>
Governmental Activities:	ф 1 765 O50	Ф. 1.201.242	Φ 2.222.665	ф г 200 066
General Fund	\$ 1,765,958	\$ 1,391,243	\$ 2,233,665	\$ 5,390,866
School Repair Project Fund	39,932	-	-	39,932
Other Governmental Funds	30,848	-	-	30,848
Allowance for doubtful accounts	_	(150,000)		(150,000)
Total governmental activities	<u>\$1,836,738</u>	<u>\$ 1,241,243</u>	<u>\$ 2,233,665</u>	\$ 5,311,646
Business-type Activities:				
Solid Waste Management	\$ 381,892	\$ -	\$ 36,994	\$ 418,886
Stormwater Fund	53,800	<u>-</u> _		53,800
Total	435,692	-	36,994	472,686
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(29,236)			(29,236)
Total business-type activities	\$ 406,456	<u>\$</u>	\$ 36,994	<u>\$ 443,450</u>

Due from other governments that is owed to the County consists of the following:

Local option sales tax	\$ 1,530,682
Sales tax refund receivable	355,095
Medicaid hold harmless	347,888
White goods tax	6,321
Scrap tire disposal tax	21,860
Solid waste tax distribution	8,813
Total	\$ 2,270,659

Leases in which the County is the lessor consist of the following:

Operating leases:

In October 2015, the County entered into a lease agreement with a solar energy company to lease an approximate 50-acre tract of land to allow the tenant to install and operate a solar energy generating facility. The lease expires in 30 years and has the option to extend the term for two additional five-year periods. The annual rental payment is as follows:

Lease Years	Annual Rent
1 – 10	\$52,500
11 - 15	\$56,000
16 - 20	\$59,500
21 - 25	\$63,000
26 - 30	\$66,500
31 - 35	\$70,000
36 - 40	\$73,500

5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:	<u> Daranees</u>	<u>mereases</u>	<u>Beereases</u>	<u>Barances</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 8,182,441	\$ 94,370	\$ -	\$ 8,276,811
Construction in Progress	2,426,924	10,891,563	<u> </u>	13,318,487
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	10,609,365	10,985,933	_	21,595,298
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	24,104,765	13,345	_	24,118,110
Improvements other than building	17,801,180	-	-	17,801,180
Machinery and Equipment	6,941,875	375,334	403,204	6,914,005
Intangible assets	6,870,000			6,870,000
Total capital assets being depreciated	55,717,820	388,679	403,204	55,703,295
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	9,904,020	659,399	-	10,563,419
Improvements other than building	3,434,594	420,109	-	3,854,703
Machinery and Equipment	5,566,826	483,769	383,927	5,666,668
Intangible assets	515,250	<u>171,750</u>		687,000
Total accumulated depreciation	19,420,690	1,735,027	383,927	20,771,790
Governmental type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 46,906,495</u>			<u>\$ 56,526,803</u>
Depreciation expense was charged to General government Public safety Human services Community services Economic development Total depreciation expenses	\$	grams of the primar 355,033 662,603 135,422 405,667 176,302 1,735,027	ry government as	follows:
Capital assets not being depreciated:	Ф. 1.020.c0 <i>5</i>	Ф	Ф	Φ 1.020.605
Land Construction in progress	\$ 1,020,695	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,020,695
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,020,695			1,020,695
Total capital assets hot come approximed	1,020,000			1,020,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	39,017	79,657	-	118,644
Improvements other than buildings	4,734,167	-	-	4,734,167
Fixtures & Equipment	98,747	-	-	98,747
Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	345,339			345,339
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,217,270	<u>79,657</u>		5,296,927
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	21,376	3,453	-	24,829
Improvements other than buildings	699,779	123,414	-	823,193
Fixtures & Equipment	27,082	6,584	-	33,666
Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	345,339 1,093,576	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	345,339 1,227,027
rotar accumurated depreciation	1,073,370	<u>Ψ 133,431</u>	<u>Ψ -</u>	1,221,021
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,144,389			\$ 5,090,595

Depreciation expense is charged as follows

Landfill\$ 113,214Convenience sites20,237Total depreciation expenses\$ 133,451

Activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balances	
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	338,774	\$	-	\$	-	\$	338,774
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		986,595		-		-		986,595
Furniture and equipment		134,285		555		321		134,519
Vehicles		23,208		-		-		23,208
Computers & software		18,993		11,228				30,161
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,163,021		11,783		321		1,174,483
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		71,314		24,490		-		95,804
Furniture and equipment		30,595		16,558		321		46,832
Vehicles		23,208		-		-		23,208
Computers & software		16,224		1,982			_	18,206
Total accumulated depreciation		141,341	\$	43,030	\$	321	_	184,050
ABC Board capital assets, net	\$	1,360,454					<u>\$</u>	1,329,207

Activity for Granville Health System for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:	<u>Barances</u>	mereases	<u>Decreases</u>	<u> Darances</u>
Land	\$ 1,790,207	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,790,207
CIP	180,639	1,460,949	(135,439)	1,506,149
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,970,846	1,460,949	(135,439)	3,296,356
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	31,052,048	137,956	-	31,190,004
Capitalized interest	181,828	-	-	181,828
Land Improvements	1,707,754	-	-	1,707,754
Equipment and fixtures	32,593,901	1,016,760	(23,627)	33,587,034
Total capital assets being depreciated	65,535,531	1,154,716	(23,627)	66,666,620
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	14,805,782	831,442	-	15,637,224
Land Improvements	1,177,964	53,290	-	1,231,254
Equipment and fixtures	21,987,657	1,746,679	12,316	23,722,020
Total accumulated depreciation	37,971,403	\$ 2,631,411	\$ 12,316	40,590,498
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	27,564,128			26,076,122
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 29,534,974			\$ 29,372,478

B. Liabilities

1. Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

Governmental Activities:	<u>Vendors</u>	Accrued Salaries	Accrued Interest	<u>Total</u>
	¢ 1.041.00 <i>c</i>	¢ (25 (92	¢ 970 200	¢2 547 167
General Fund	\$ 1,041,086	\$ 635,682	\$ 870,399	\$2,547,167
School Repair Project Fund	626,787	-	-	626,787
Law Enforcement Center Fund	1,878,382	-	-	1,878,382
Other Governmental Funds	418	-	-	418
County Health Plan Fund	281,313	<u>-</u>		281,313
Total-governmental activities	\$ 3,827,986	\$ 635,682	\$ 870,399	\$5,334,067
Business-type Activities:				
Solid Waste Management	\$ 169,245	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 169,245
Stormwater Fund	22,740	<u>=</u>	<u></u>	22,740
Total-business-type activities	\$ 191,985	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 191,985

2. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan. LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who

die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 8.50% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.75% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,064,421 for the year ended June 30, 2019. Contributions to the pension plan from the Hospital were approximately \$1,543,000 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Refunds of Contributions – County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a liability of \$4,203,316 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the County's proportion was .177%, which was a decrease of .003% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,225,686. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 648,472	\$ 21,759
Changes of assumption	1,115,398	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	576,990	-
Changes in proportion and differences between County		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	112,021	-
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,064,421	
Total	\$ 3,517,302	\$ 21,759

\$1,064,421 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 1,160,978
2021	763,101
2022	158,149
2023	348,894
Total	<u>\$ 2,431,122</u>

At September 30, 2018, the Hospital reported a liability of approximately \$7,516,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Hospital's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Hospital's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2018, the Hospital's proportion was 0.31683%, which was a decrease of 0.02199% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2017.

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the Hospital recognized pension expense of approximately \$1,968,000. At September 30, 2018, the Hospital reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,159,585	\$ 38,910
Changes in assumptions	1,994,534	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	1,031,763	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Hospital		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	309,182
Hospital contributions subsequent to the measurement date	424,030	-
Total	\$ 4,609,912	\$ 348,092

\$424,030 reported as deferred outflows related to pensions resulting from Hospital contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:	
2019	\$ 1,883,133
2020	1,228,001
2021	170,741
2022	 555,915
Total	\$ 3,837,790

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

The plan actuary currently uses mortality rates based on the *RP-2014 Total Data Set For Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table* that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income returns projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's and Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	<u>Discount</u>	1% Increase
	<u>(6.00%)</u>	Rate (7.00%)	(8.00%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 10,096,728	\$ 4,203,316	\$(721,312)
Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 18,054,782	\$ 7,516,291	\$(1,289,837)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description

Granville County administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2017, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	3
Terminated plan members entitled to but	
not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	<u>50</u>
Total	<u>53</u>

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting – The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance does not have assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent Discount rate 3.64 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2017.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the LGERS for the five year period ending December 31, 2014.

Mortality Rates

Deaths After Retirement (Healthy): Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table. The RP-2014 annuitant tables have no rates prior to age 50. The RP-2014 Total Data Set Employee Mortality Table is used for ages less than 50. Rates for male members are multiplied by 104% for all ages. Rates for female members are multiplied by 100% for all ages.

Deaths After Retirement (Disabled): Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Disabled Annuitants Mortality Table. Rates for male members are multiplied by 103% for all ages. Rates for female members are multiplied by 99% for all ages.

Deaths Before Retirement: Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set Employee Mortality Table.

Deaths After Retirement (Beneficiary): Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table. Rates for male and female members are multiplied by 123% for all ages.

4. Contributions

The County is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The County paid \$41,934 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a total pension liability of \$1,648,569. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to December 31, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$135,339.

	Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions County benefit payments and admin expenditures	\$ 46,429 73,387	\$ 34,276 75,473
paid subsequent to the measurement date Total	23,939 \$ 143,755	<u> </u>

The County paid \$23,939 in benefit payments and \$0 in admin expenditures subsequent to the measurement date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions which will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2020	\$	5,341
2021		5,341
2022		5,341
2023		7,857
2024	(13,813)

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.64 percent, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.64 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.64 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.64%)	Discount Rate (3.64%)	1% Increase (4.64%)
Total pension liability	\$ 1,793,566	\$ 1,648,569	\$ 1,516,216

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance

	2019
Beginning balance	\$ 1,669,988
Service Cost	77,889
Interest on the total pension liability	52,109
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the	
measurement of the total pension liability	(41,507)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(67,976)
Benefit payments	(41,934)
Other changes	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 1,648,569

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.16 percent at June 30, 2018 to 3.64 percent at June 30, 2019.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description – The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy – Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$191,004, which consisted of \$140,982 from the County and \$50,022 from the law enforcement officers.

d. Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description. Granville County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a noncontributory, cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired

under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Resisters of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov. Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions. Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$3,823 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported an asset of \$78,151 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2019, the County's proportion was .472%, which was a decrease of .009% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$13,489. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 689	\$ 3,567
Changes of assumptions	3,676	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	12,457	-
Changes in proportion and differences between County		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,778	3,248
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,823	<u>-</u> _
Total	\$ 22,423	\$ 6,815

\$3,823 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 4,607
2021	1,572
2022	3,671
2023	1,935

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.5 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 3.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the

expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 9 is 1.4%:

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.75 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	6 Decrease		Discount	1%	Increase
		(2.75%)]	Rate(3.75%)	(4.75%)
County's proportionate share of						
the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(61,618)	\$	(78,151)	\$	(92,094)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

e. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

The net pension liability for LGERS and ROD was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of June 30, 2018, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2017.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	LGERS	ROD	LEOSSA	Total
Proportionate Share of Net				
Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 4,203,316	\$ (78,151)	\$ -	\$ 4,125,165
Proportion of the Net				
Pension Liability (Asset)	.177%	(.472%)	N/A	N/A
Total Pension Liability	=	-	1,648,569	1,648,569
Pension Expense	\$ 1,225,686	\$ 13,489	\$ 135,339	\$ 1,374,514

At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	LGERS	ROD	LEOSSA	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources				<u> </u>
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$ 648,472	\$ 689	\$ 46,429	\$ 695,590
Changes of assumptions	1,115,398	3,676	73,387	1,192,461
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments	576,990	12,457	-	589,447
Changes in proportion and differences				
between County contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	112,021	1,778	-	113,799
County contributions (LGERS, ROD)/benefit				
payments (LEOSSA) subsequent to the				
measurement date	1,064,421	3,823	23,939	1,092,183
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	21,759	3,567	34,276	59,602
Changes of assumptions	-	-	75,473	75,473
Changes in proportion and differences				
between County contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	-	3,248	-	3,248

f. Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description

Plan Description —Under a County resolution, Granville County administers the Healthcare Benefits Plan (HCB Plan), single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for all employees hired prior to July 1, 2014 and who retire under the provisions of the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and were employed with the County at retirement are eligible to participate in the HCB Plan if they meet one of the following retirement conditions:

- Age 65 or older and have been previously employed by the County on a regular full-time basis for at least twenty years.
- Age 62 or older and have been previously employed by the County on a regular full-time basis for at least twenty-two years.
- Age 55 or older and have been previously employed by the County on a regular full time basis for at least twenty-five years.
- Have been previously employed by the County on a regular full-time basis for at least thirty years regardless of age.

• County Commissioners having served three complete terms. County Commissioners having served two complete terms may continue coverage by assuming financial responsibility for the payment of the entire premium.

The plan, which has a June 30, 2019 year end, does not issue a stand-alone report.

Benefits provided: The HCB Plan provides healthcare benefits for retirees. The County will subsidize a portion of the HCB Plan premium for eligible retirees in an amount equal to a single active employee's coverage. Retirees qualifying for County subsidized health premiums will receive at no cost a County subsidized Medicare Supplement policy and Medicare Part D coverage upon becoming Medicare eligible. Health care and prescription drug coverage are provided in the County's HCB Plan.

Contributions. The Board of Commissioners established the contribution requirements of plan members which may be amended by the Board. The Board establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Non-Medicare monthly premium was \$739 per month. If the employees and retirees qualified for the Wellness Option, they contributed \$30 or the Non-Wellness Option contributed \$105 per month. For those that are on Medicare, the County provides a Medicare Supplement and Prescription Plan that ranges from \$255 per month to \$379 per month depending on the age of the beneficiary. The Board of Commissioners may amend the benefit provisions.

For the current year, the County contributed \$313,276.

Plan membership. Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently	56
receiving benefit payments	
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet	-
receiving benefit payments	
Active plan members	191
Total Membership	247

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$16,385,369 was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Real wage growth	1.00 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increase, including wage inflation	

General Employees 3.50 to 7.75 percent
Law Enforcement Officers 3.50 to 7.35 percent
Discount rate 3.89 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates

Pre-Medicare 7.25% for 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.75%

by 2028

Medicare 5.38% for 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.75%

by 2022

The discount rate is based on the June average of the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer and the discount rate used to measure the TOL is the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of the measurement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 – December 31, 2014, adopted by the LGERS Board.

The remaining actuarial assumptions used were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

Total ODED

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	TOTAL OF ED
	Liability
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 17,970,226
Service Cost	531,757
Interest on the total OPEB liability and Cash Flows	634,212
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,432,377)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(1,005,173)
Benefit payments	(313,276)
Other changes	-
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 16,385,369

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.56% to 3.89%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 2010 through December 2014.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	<u>(2.89%)</u>	Rate (3.89%)	<u>(4.89%)</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$ 19,656,149	\$ 16,385,369	\$ 13,840,433

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$ 13,655,290	\$ 16,385,369	\$ 19,951,280

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$489,175. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 1,260,545
Changes of assumptions	-	2,234,310
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between County		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	-
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	301,964	
Total	<u>\$ 301,964</u>	<u>\$ 3,494,855</u>

\$301,964 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease in the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ (689,794)
2020	(689,794)
2021	(689,794)
2022	(689,794)
2023	(641,927)
Thereafter	(93,752)

g. Other Employment Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest month's salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. Because all

death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. Contributions for death benefits from the County were \$11,397 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

3. Closure and Postclosure Care Costs – Landfill Facility

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill facility when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Granville County currently has closed two landfills – the Butner MSW site and the Oxford C&D site. The Butner site has 9 years remaining under the post closure requirements and the Oxford C&D site, which was capped and closed in 2019, will be monitored another 30 years. The County opened an NSW landfill on May 1, 2013 at the Oxford site, which is expected to have a 70-100-year capacity. It is currently at 20% of total capacity. The \$9,502,439 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2019, represents the latest estimate for the remaining years of post closure maintenance and monitoring required for the two closed landfills (Butner and Oxford) and the open site in Oxford.

The County has met the requirements of a local government financial test that is one option under State and Federal laws and regulations that helps determine if a unit is financially able to meet closure and postclosure care requirements. However, the County has also elected to establish a reserve fund to accumulate resources for the payment of closure and postclosure care costs. The County expects that future inflation costs will be paid from the interest earnings on annual contributions. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional postclosure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations, for example), these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or by future tax revenues.

4. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Charge on refunding of debt	\$ 1,004,895	\$ -
Difference between expected and actual experience		
Pensions	695,590	59,602
OPEB	=	1,260,545
Changes of assumptions		
Pensions	1,192,461	75,473
OPEB	-	2,234,310
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		
Pensions	589,447	-
Change in proportion and difference between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		
Pensions	113,799	3,248
Contributions to pension plan subsequent to measurement		
date (LGERS, ROD)	1,068,244	-
Benefit payments for the OPEB plan paid		
subsequent to measurement date	301,964	-

Benefit payments/administrative costs paid subsequent to the measurement date (LEOSSA)

Prepaid taxes not yet earned (General)

Taxes receivable, net (General)

Total

23,939

- 73,891

- 1,085,681

\$ 4,990,339

\$ 3,707,069

5. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in two self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners Joint Risk Management Agency. Through these pools, the County obtains property coverage equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to total insured values, with sublimits on coverage for specified perils; general, auto, professional, employment practices, and law enforcement liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence; auto physical damage coverage for owned autos at actual cash value; crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence; and workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits. All property coverage and some liability coverage is subject to per occurrence deductibles, as selected by the County. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the County upon request. Both of these pools are reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrence losses in excess of \$500,000, up to a \$2 million limit for liability coverage, and single occurrence losses in excess of \$750,000 for workers' compensation. Through the captive, the Liability and Property Pool is reinsure for \$2,000,000 of annual aggregate losses in excess of \$250,000 per occurrence for property, auto physical damage and crime coverage, with additional limits of \$498 million purchased through a group of commercial carriers through the multi-state public entity captive. The County provides employee health and dental benefits through a self-insured plan provided by Blue Cross Blue Shield (BCBS). Claims are administered and paid directly from the plan by BCBS. Specific stop-loss is set at \$80,000 per individual health insurance claim with an unlimited lifetime maximum. Aggregate stop-loss is set at the level of 125% with a minimum aggregate attachment point of \$2,508,360 and a contract period maximum of \$1,000,000.

In accordance with G. S. 159-29, the County's employees that have access to \$100 or more of the County's funds at any given time are performance bonded through a commercial crime coverage with a \$250,000 occurrence limit. Individuals holding positions requiring statutory bonds are covered elsewhere. The Director of Finance and tax collector are each individually bonded for \$250,000 each. The Sheriff and Register of Deeds are each individually bonded for \$25,000 each. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$10,000.

The County carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Granville County ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The ABC Board has property, general liability, auto liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage. The Board also has liquor legal liability. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Granville Health System is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, business interruption: errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses;

natural disasters; medical malpractice; and employee health benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years. The Hospital is insured for medical malpractice claims and judgments.

6. Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2019, the County was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the County's management and the County attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position.

7. Long-Term Obligations

a. Financing Agreements

In December 2011, Granville County entered into a utility sales agreement with the City of Henderson to provide water and sewer services to Triangle North Industrial Park. This utility agreement has since been challenged legally by the City of Oxford. The lawsuit regarding this matter was settled in August 2015.

Governmental Activities

The agreement for \$9,000,000 was executed in December 2011, for the utility sales agreement for water and sewer services for an industrial park and required 9 annual payments of \$951,138.37. A payment of \$951,139 was made at the execution of the agreement. The interest rate is 1.25%. This agreement was ended by a lawsuit settlement and the County is no longer obligated to make any payments.

The agreement with the City of Oxford was executed in August 2015, for the utility sales agreement for water and sewer services for an industrial park and required an initial payment of \$1,370,000 and financed the balance of \$5.5 million over seven years at a rate of 1.25%.

2,415,818 \$ 2,415,818

For Granville County, the future minimum payments as of June 30, 2019, including \$60,646 of interest are:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities					
June 30	<u>P</u> :	rincipal	In	terest		
2020	\$	795,290	\$	30,198		
2021		805,231		20,257		
2022		815,297		10,191		
	\$	2,415,818	\$	60,646		

b. **Operating Lease**

The Hospital has entered into an operating lease agreement lease space in a medical office building adjacent to the Hospital. Under the agreement, the Hospital is obligated to pay 180 monthly payments of \$18,666. Each year the rate is increased three percent. There are two renewal options of five years each under the agreement. Currently this space is subleased to several tenants. Rental terms include maturity dates from three to five years with each lease having renewal options to extend the original terms. Rental income under these subleases

amounted to approximately \$98,000 and \$108,000 as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Total rental expense charged to operations amounted to approximately \$739,000 and \$789,000 for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Approximate future minimum rentals for years ending September 30 are as follows:

2019	\$ 679,528
2020	621,075
2021	573,299
2022	555,429
2023	548,841
Total	\$ 2,978,172

c. <u>Installment Purchases</u>

As authorized by State law [G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1], the County financed various property acquisitions through installment financing. The County's installment purchases at June 30, 2019, are comprised of the following individual issues:

The County entered into an installment purchase agreement on March 15, 2007 for financing of replacement windows for Granville Health System for \$1,500,000. The transaction requires monthly payments in the amount of \$11,073 at an interest rate of 3.97%. Title to these assets belongs to Granville Health System.

\$ 345,044

In May 2008, the County entered into an installment agreement for \$3,859,760 with payments due on May 13 and November 13 in installments of \$147,242 through November 13, 2017 and installments of \$91,492, thereafter. Interest will be paid at 3.72 percent. This debt was used to finance E911 equipment for \$1,115,000 and school construction for \$2,744,760.

E911 Equipment

School Construction (Granville County Schools holds title to these assets upon project completion)

In September 2012, the County entered into a \$8,950,000 installment financing agreement for the reimbursement of the Triangle North-Granville purchase (\$5,350,000), renovations to the County's Orange street facility (\$2,100,000), renovations to the County's Lanier street facility (\$1,100,000), and renovations to the County's Courthouse (\$400,000). Payments of interest are due on February 1 and August 1 with principal payments ranging from \$639,000-\$640,000. The interest rate on the loan is 2.22%.

5,755,000

In July 2012, the County entered into a \$1,810,000 installment financing agreement for the purchase and upfit of an existing Medical Office Building located near the Granville Health System to be used by the Medical Center for physician office space. Interest and principal payments are due on January 17 and July 17. Interest is at a rate of 3.73%.

1,146,585

In August 2014, the County entered into a \$9,000,000 installment financing agreement to finalize funding for the Granville Health System Emergency Room renovations. The funding was obtained through the USDA. Payments for this agreement are made monthly for 30 years with a 4.0% interest rate.

8,168,389

In August 2014, the County entered into a \$5,000,000 installment financing agreement to finalize funding for the Granville Health System Emergency Room renovations. The funding was obtained through the USDA. Payments for this agreement are made monthly for 30 years with a 4.0% interest rate.

4,537,982

In April 2018, the County entered into a \$8,105,000 installment financing agreement to fund school repairs. Payments are due on April 1 and October 1 for the next 20 years. Interest will be paid at a rate of 3.58%.

7,699,000

In May 2018, the County entered into a \$5,800,000 installment financing agreement to fund a hospital building. Payments are due on annually on May 9 for the next 20 years. Interest will be paid at a rate of 4.22%.

5,510,000

In September 2014, the County entered into a \$11,750,000 installment financing agreement to fund expansion at Granville Central High School. Payments are due on April 1 and October 1 for the next 15 years. Interest will be paid at a rate of 3.18%.

_

Total <u>\$ 33,162,000</u>

For Granville County, the future minimum payments as of June 30, 2019, including \$13,185,307 of interest are:

Year Ending		Governmental Activities					
<u>June 30</u>		Principal		<u>Interest</u>			
2020	\$	1,873,569	\$	1,177,517			
2021		1,895,135		1,115,015			
2022		1,883,588		1,051,766			
2023		1,804,152		991,206			
2024		1,821,862		931,556			
2025-2029		8,539,729		3,747,376			
2030-2034		5,903,167		2,486,580			
2035-2039		5,744,781		1,288,791			
2040-2044		3,619,983		395,217			
2045	_	76,034		283			
	\$	33,162,000	\$	13,185,307			

d. Certificates of Participation

Certificates of participation are serviced by the County's general fund. Principal and interest requirements are appropriated when due. They were used to finance school construction.

\$10,785,000 Series 2010A Limited Obligation Certificates of Participation, Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds, issued August 2010, with interest semiannually on March 1 and September 1 and principal due annually on September 1 through 2030, interest at 1.55% to 6%. Annual payments are required to be made into a sinking fund held by US Bank beginning in September 2023. The deposits and the interest earned on those deposits will be used to make the principal payment in September 2030. These bonds are eligible for federal interest subsidy payments equal to 45% of the true interest cost of the bonds as provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA).

\$ 6,855,000

\$5,215,000 Series 2010B Limited Obligation Certificates of Participation, Qualified School Construction Bonds, issued August 2010, with interest semiannually on March 1 and September 1 and principal due annually on September 1 through 2025, interest at 5.05%. Annual payments are required to be made into a sinking fund held by US Bank. The deposits and the interest earned on those deposits will be used to make the principal payment in September 2025. These bonds are eligible for federal interest subsidy payments equal to 100% of the true interest cost of the bonds as provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) and the Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment (HIRE) Act.

5,215,000 \$ 12,070,000

For Granville County, the future minimum payments as of June 30, 2019, including \$6,292,900 of interest are:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities						
June 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>					
2020	\$ 495,000	\$ 619,960					
2021	495,000	598,675					
2022	495,000	576,400					
2023	495,000	553,383					
2024	495,000	529,251					
2025-2029	7,995,000	3,319,231					
2030-2031	1,600,000	96,000					
	\$ 12,070,000	\$ 6,292,900					

e. General Obligation Indebtedness

All general obligation bonds serviced by the County's General Fund are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County. Principal and interest requirements are appropriated when due.

The County's general obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2019, are comprised of the following individual issues:

General Obligation Bonds

\$1,600,000 Public Improvement 2009A bonds due on June 1 and December 1; interest at 3.0-4.5 percent	\$	
	Ψ	_
\$8,000,000 Library Bonds 2009B bonds due on June 1 and		
December 1; interest at 3.0-4.125 percent		-
\$10,215,000 Refunding Bonds 2009C due on June 1 and December		
1; interest at 3.0-4.0 percent*		450,000
\$16,095,000 Refunding Bonds 2013 due on June 1 and December 1;		
interest at 2.5-4.0%		11,010,000
\$5,485,000 Refunding Bonds 2015 due on May 1 and November 1;		
interest at 2.27%		3,863,000
\$5,044,000 Refunding Bonds 2017 due on June 1 and December 1;		
interest at 2.39%		4,984,000
\$34,665,000 Limited Obligation 2018 due on April 1 and October 1;		
interest at 3.75-5%		34,665,000
Total	\$	54,972,000

*Granville County Schools holds title to some of the assets completed through these bond funds.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities					
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>		Interest			
2020	\$ 3,934,000	\$	2,300,558			
2021	5,361,000		2,117,075			
2022	5,363,000		1,896,721			
2023	5,255,000		1,678,370			
2024	5,107,000		1,486,121			
2025-2029	15,527,000		5,021,286			
2030-2034	7,475,000		2,445,625			
2035-2039	 6,950,000		729,750			
	\$ 54,972,000	\$	17,675,506			

At June 30, 2019, Granville County had a legal debt margin of \$280,820,610.

The Hospital's notes payable at September 30, 2018, are comprised of the following:

3.97 percent note, payable monthly, principal and interest of \$11,073 through March 2022; guaranteed by Granville County	\$	430,231
4.09 percent note, monthly principal and interest of \$13,889, through January 2018; collateralized by real estate.		-
3.73 percent note, payable and interest payable semi-annually of \$79,324 through July 2027; collateralized by real estate		1,203,464
1.98 percent note, principal and interest payable annually of \$105,963 through June 2019; collateralized by equipment		103,906
4.22 percent note, principal payable annually of \$290,000 plus interest through May 2038; collateralized by building and guaranteed by County		5,800,000
4.00 percent note, principal and interest payable monthly of \$66,920 through December 2043; collateralized by real estate: guaranteed by Granville County Total	<u>\$</u>	12,923,830 20,461,431

The future principal and interest payments on long-term debt for years ending September 30, follows:

Year Ending	
September 30	<u>Amount</u>
2019	\$ 917,919
2020	834,972
2021	856,768
2022	809,154
2023	764,986
Thereafter	16,277,632
Total	\$ 20,461,431

f. Refunding & Advance Refundings

On February 12, 2013, the County issued \$16,095,000 of general obligation current and advance refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of general resources for all future debt service payments of \$16,890,000 of general obligation bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The net carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price of the old debt by \$795,000. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the life of the refunded debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 10 years and resulted in an economic gain of \$1,526,661.

On July 29, 2015, the County issued \$5,485,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to provide resources to pay off 2006 school bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The net carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price of the old debt by \$157,552. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the life of the refunded debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 11 years and resulted in an economic gain of \$278.696.

On November 29, 2017, the County issued \$5,044,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to provide resources to pay off 2009 bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The net carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price of the old debt by \$244,000. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the life of the refunded debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 10 years and resulted in an economic gain of \$298,337.

On November 6, 2018, the County issued \$34,665,000 of limited obligation bonds. Of this total, \$8,270,000 was issued to provide resources to pay off 2007 and 2014 bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered defeased and liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The net carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price of the old debt by \$728,231. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the life of the refunded debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 10 years and resulted in an economic gain of \$119,212.

g. <u>Long-Term Obligation Activity</u>

The following is a summary of changes in the County's long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance July 1, 2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2019	Current Portion of Balance
Governmental activities:	<u>3417 1, 2010</u>	mereases	<u>Decreuses</u>	<u>sunc 30, 2017</u>	or Burance
	\$ 23,426,000	\$ 34,665,000	\$ (3,119,000)	\$ 54,972,000	\$ 3.934.000
General obligation bonds	+,,	. , ,	, , ,	. , ,	, ,
Plus: Premiums on issuance	1,539,944	3,864,139	(392,142)	5,011,941	437,233
Total General obligation bonds	24,965,944	38,529,139	(3,511,142)	59,983,941	4,361,233
Financing Agreements	3,201,290	-	(785,472)	2,415,818	795,290
Installment Purchases	44,995,132	-	(11,833,132)	33,162,000	1,873,569
Certificates of participation	12,565,000	-	(495,000)	12,070,000	495,000
Compensated absences	973,811	1,027,537	(973,811)	1,027,537	256,884
Net pension liability (LGERS)	2,693,954	1,430,890	-	4,124,844	-
Total OPEB Liability	17,659,341	-	(1,603,318)	16,056,023	-
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	1,669,988	<u>-</u>	(21,419)	1,648,569	
Total governmental activities	\$ 108,724,460	\$ 40,987,566	\$ (19,223,294)	\$ 130,488,732	\$ 7,781,976
Business-type activities:					
Accrued landfill closure					
and post closure costs	\$ 8,483,312	\$ 1,019,127	\$ -	\$ 9,502,439	\$ -
1	,,	+ -,,	•		•
Compensated absences	24,883	25,327	24,883	25,327	6,332
Net pension liability (LGERS)	51,974	26,498	-	78,472	-
Total OPEB liability	310,885	18,461	<u>-</u>	329,346	
Total business-type activities	\$ 8,871,054	\$ 1,089,413	\$ 24,883	\$ 9,935,584	\$ 6,332

Net pension liability, total pension liability, and total other postemployment liability for governmental activities are all typically liquidated in the General Fund. Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated in the General Fund and accounted for on a LIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned. Net pension liability and total other postemployment liability for business-type activities are generally liquidated by the Solid Waste Management Fund.

The following is a summary of changes in the Hospital's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018:

]	Beginning					Ending	Curren	t Portion of
		<u>Balance</u>	<u>I</u> :	ncreases	$\overline{\mathbf{D}}$	ecreases_	Balance	<u>B</u>	alance_
Governmental activities:									
Installment Purchases	\$	15,327,252	\$	5,800,000	\$	(665,821)	\$ 20,461,431	\$	917,919
Capital leases		413,197		-		(213,748)	199,449		169,464
Compensated absences		1,983,195		9,265		-	1,992,460		1,992,460
Net pension liability (LGERS)		5,176,231		2,340,060		<u> </u>	 7,516,291		
Total governmental activities	\$	22,899,875	\$	8,149,325	\$	(879,569)	\$ 30,169,631	\$	3,079,843

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

	rinount
<u>Transfers From/To Other Funds</u>	
Law Enforcement Center Fund to General Fund to provide reimbursement of prior transfers	\$ 1,036,713
General Fund to GAP Phase III Project Fund to supplement construction funding	500,000
General Fund to School Repair Projects Fund to supplement construction funding	7,000,000
General Fund to Hospital Capital Projects Fund to transfer proceeds from debt	3.185,846
Total	\$ 11.722.559

Amount

<u>Due From/To Other Funds</u> From General Fund to Granville County Tourism Development Authority to show occupancy tax owed for fiscal year and not yet transferred	\$	21,049
From Falls Meadow/Montgomery Place Project Fund to General Fund to fund street improvements that are to be reimbursed via assessments Total	<u>\$</u>	229,287 250,336

D. <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u>

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>
Net capital assets	\$ 56,526,803	\$ 5,090,595
Capital debt calculation:		
Total debt, gross	107,631,759	-
Less:		
School debt for assets to which the county does not hold title	(46,054,297)	-
Hospital debt for assets which the county does not hold title	(19,708,000)	-
Unamortized assets related to capital debt (excluding school related)	(165,410)	-
Add:		
Unamortized liabilities related to capital debt (excluding school related)	2,896,165	<u>-</u>
Total capital debt	44,600,217	<u>-</u>
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 11,926,586	\$ 5,090,595

E. Fund Balance

Granville County has a revenue spending policy that provides policy for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officers will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-County funds, County funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total Fund Balance-General Fund	\$ 42,555,547
Less:	
Prepaid items	4,000
Stabilization by State Statute	4,712,758
Appropriated fund balance in 2020 budget	2,313,755
Education	2,852,550
Register of Deeds	53,193
Tax Revaluation	105,086
Public Safety	1.704,631
Human Services	4,695,571
Economic and Physical Development	1,070,000
Working Capital/Fund Balance Policy	18,326,031
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 6,717,972

The County has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct business of the County in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 30% of General Fund expenditures.

IV. Joint Ventures

A. Vance-Granville Community College

The County, in conjunction with Vance County, Warren County, Franklin County, the State of North Carolina, and the Boards of Education of Vance, Granville, Warren and Franklin Counties, participates in a joint venture to operate Vance-Granville Community College. Each participant appoints members of the thirteen-member board of trustees of the community college. No participant appoints a majority. The president of the community college's student government serves as an ex-officio nonvoting member of the community college's board of trustees. The community college is included as a component unit of the State. The County has the basic responsibility for providing funding for facilities of the community college and also provides some financial support for the community college's operations. In addition to providing annual appropriations for the facilities, the County periodically issues general obligation bonds to provide financing for new and restructured facilities. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the community college because of the statutory responsibilities to provide funding for the community college's facilities. The County contributed \$752,184 and \$28,740 to the community college for operating and capital purposes, respectively, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2019. Complete financial statements for the community college may be obtained from the community college's administrative offices, at P.O. Box 918, Henderson, N.C. 27536.

B. Granville-Vance Health District

Granville County and Vance County participate in a multi-county health district joint venture. Granville County places one member on the Health District Board. Granville County has an ongoing financial responsibility to the Health District since it is legally required to provide health services either directly or jointly with other counties. The County does not retain an equity interest in the Health District. Complete financial statements for the Health District can be obtained at 115 Charles D. Rollins Road, Henderson, N.C. 27536.

C. Area Mental Health

Granville County participates with Alamance, Cabarrus, Caswell, Chatham, Davidson, Franklin, Halifax, Orange, Person, Rowan, Stanly, Union, Vance, and Warren counties in an Area Authority and Managed Care Organization operated by Cardinal Innovations Healthcare Solutions. Each participating government appoints representation on the Five-County Oversight Board and has representation on the Board of Directors of Cardinal Innovations. The County does not retain an equity interest in the program. Complete financial statements for Cardinal Innovations Health Care Solutions may be obtained from their administrative offices located at 4855 Milestone Avenue, Kannapolis, NC 28081.

D. Kerr Area Transit Authority

The County also participates in a joint venture to operate Kerr Area Transit Authority. The County appoints six members to the twenty-one-member board. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Authority, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating

governments, the County appropriated \$43,397 to the Authority to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Authority may be obtained at 943 West Andrews Avenue, Henderson, N.C. 27536.

E. <u>Aeronautics Authority of the City of Henderson, City of Oxford, County of Granville and</u> County of Vance

The County also participates in a joint venture to operate the Aeronautics Authority of the City of Henderson, City of Oxford, County of Granville and County of Vance. The County appoints one member to the four-member board. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Authority, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$28,750 to the Authority to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Authority may be obtained from P.O. Box 368, Henderson, N.C. 27536.

V. Joint Governed Organization

The County, in conjunction with four other counties and fifteen municipalities, established Kerr-Tar Regional Council of Governments (Council) to coordinate various funding received from federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints members to the Council's governing board. The County paid membership fees of \$21,520 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Complete financial statements for the Council may be obtained from the Council's administrative offices at 510 Dabney Drive, Henderson, N.C. 27536.

VI. Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statement for the refund of grant moneys.

VII. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

The County has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between June 30, 2019 and December 20, 2019, which is the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. There were no events that occurred during this time that were deemed to be significant enough to be disclosed.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) for the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of County Contributions for the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) for the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund
- Schedule of County Contributions for the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund
- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – Healthcare Benefits Plan

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.177%	0.180%	0.181%	0.180%	0.182%	0.186%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	4,203,316	2,745,928	3,832,725	807,011	(1,070,625)	2,237,193
County's covered payroll	\$ 12,597,654	\$ 12,039,675	\$ 11,595,359	\$ 11,078,798	\$ 11,056,961	\$ 10,899,278
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)						
as a percentage of its covered payroll	33.37%	22.81%	33.05%	7.28%	-9.68%	20.53%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	92.00%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,064,421	\$ 971,019	\$ 900,473	\$ 794,490	\$ 791,446	\$ 786,842
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,064,421	971,019	900,473	794,490	791,446	786,842
Contribution deficiency (excess)						
County's covered payroll	\$ 13,461,599	\$12,597,654	\$12,039,675	\$ 11,595,359	\$ 11,078,798	\$11,056,961
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.91%	7.71%	7.48%	6.85%	7.14%	7.12%

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REGISTER OF DEEDS' SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION FUND LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.472%	0.481%	0.439%	0.459%	0.457%	0.427%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (78,151)	\$ (82,034)	\$ (82,098)	\$ (106,274)	\$ (103,658)	\$ (91,205)
County's covered payroll	\$ 189,631	\$ 179,428	\$ 179,639	\$ 161,292	\$ 156,569	\$144,198
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)						
as a percentage of its covered payroll	-41.21%	-45.72%	-45.70%	-65.89%	-66.21%	-63.25%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
pension liability	153.31%	153.77%	160.17%	197.29%	193.88%	190.50%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS REGISTER OF DEEDS' SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION FUND LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,823	\$ 4,038	\$ 4,228	\$ 3,928	\$ 3,670
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	3,823	4,038	4,228	3,928	3,670
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-
County's covered payroll	\$ 200,867	\$ 189,631	\$ 179,428	\$ 179,639	\$ 161,292
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.90%	2.13%	2.36%	2.19%	2.28%

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2019	2018	2017
Beginning Balance	\$ 1,669,988	\$ 1,401,767	\$1,350,911
Service Cost	77,889	69,248	69,009
Interest on the total pension liability	52,109	53,451	47,690
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(41,507)	69,585	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(67,976)	109,989	(35,732)
Benefit payments	(41,934)	(34,052)	(30,111)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 1,648,569	\$ 1,669,988	\$1,401,767

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 1,648,569	\$ 1,669,988	\$1,401,767
Covered payroll	2,587,136	2,602,357	2,539,432
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	63.72%	64.17%	55.20%

Notes to the schedules:

Granville County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

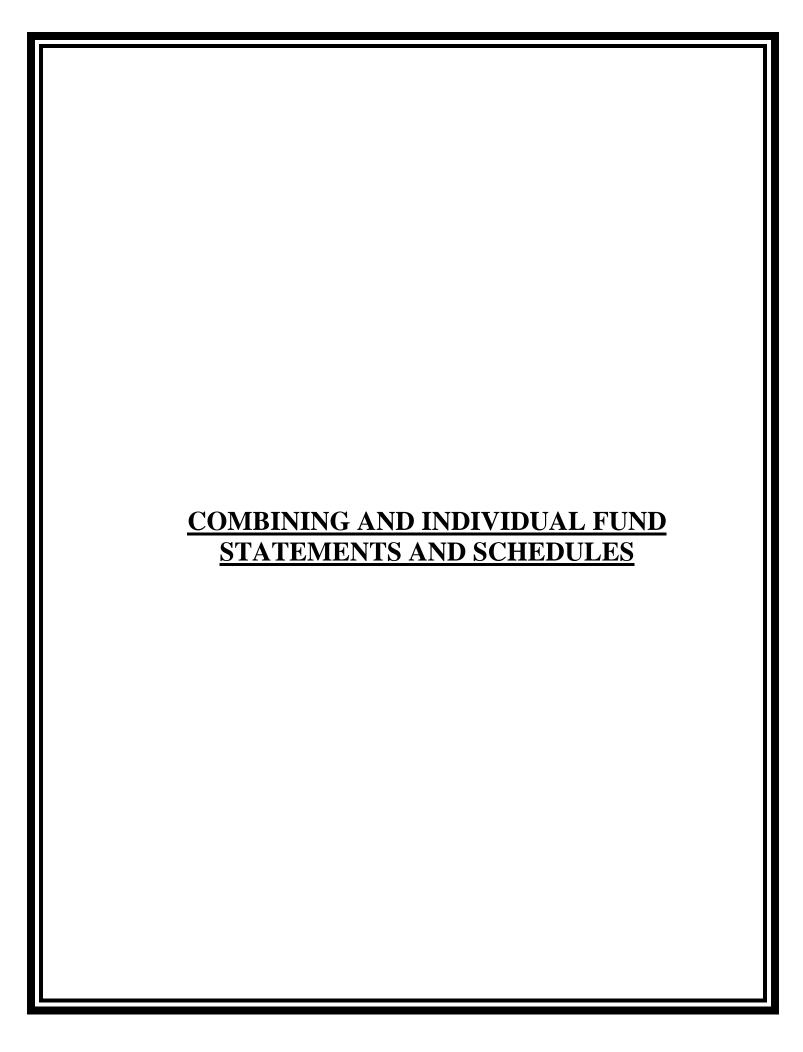
GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS HEALTHCARE BENEFITS PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Total OPEB Liability		2019		2018		
Service Cost	\$	531,757	\$	613,574		
Interest on the total pension liability		634,212		571,146		
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		
Differences between expected and actual experience		(1,432,377)		(81,566)		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(1,005,173)		(1,964,694)		
Benefit payments		(313,276)		(284,256)		
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,584,857)		(1,145,796)		
Total OPEB liability - beginning		17,970,226		19,116,022		
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	16,385,369	\$	17,970,226		
Covered payroll		9,186,294		9,248,413		
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		178.37%		194.31%		

Notes to Schedule

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year	Rate
2019	3.89%
2018	3.56%



	MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
•	General Fund: This fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.
•	School Repair Project Fund. This capital project fund accounts for the funding of repairs to be completed at various schools.
•	Law Enforcement Center Fund. This capital project fund accounts for the construction of the law enforcement center.

I

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				2019			2018	
						Variance Positive		
		Budget		Actual	(Negative)		Actual
REVENUES								
Ad Valorem Taxes:								
Current year	\$	40,576,139	\$	40,165,874	\$	(410,265)	\$	39,752,454
Prior year		370,000		364,572		(5,428)		440,365
Penalties and interest		185,500		206,317		20,817		198,097
Total		41,131,639		40,736,763		(394,876)		40,390,916
Sales and Other Taxes:								
Article 39 one percent				2,007,553				1,922,116
Article 40 one-half of one percent				3,488,370				3,252,627
Article 42 one-half of one percent				1,827,351				1,729,964
Article 44 one-half of one percent				1,302,059				1,238,722
State excise tax - Register of Deeds				314,090				321,024
Beer and wine				164,585				162,180
Taxes on federal exempt land				24,296				23,769
Medicaid hold harmless				2,146,527				1,712,777
Occupancy taxes				252,497				251,948
Total		10,630,413		11,527,328		896,915		10,615,127
Licenses, Fees and Other Revenues:								
Privilege licenses				3,250				3,403
Taxes on Oxford Housing Authority				6,647				6,647
Planning				64,570				82,507
Inspection				737,575				529,271
Boarding state and federal prisoners				34,116				13,098
Ambulance fees				15,419				11,609
Library fees				37,984				40,000
Rents				23,000				22,800
Sheriff's fees				103,648				106,328
Election fees				47				61,287
Franchise fees				105,182				150,146
Animal control				36,640				35,047
Collection fees				130,298				129,399
Senior Center fitness fees				5,319				7,019
Administrative fees				3,317				15,000
Register of Deeds				224,870				228,978
GAP fees				29,800				30,435
Federal interest subsidy				405,191				411,623
Federal and State grants				46,986				3,633
E-911 allocation from Oxford				129,371				3,033 111,132
Miscellaneous								
				422,519				294,153
Sale of capital assets Total		2,182,752		46,599 2,609,031		426,279		33,387 2,326,902

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2019		2018
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Restricted and Intergovernmental				
Revenues:				
Debt Contribution from hospital		1,629,321		1,193,079
Court facility fees		54,566		51,858
CSC officer's fees		9,942		9,931
Register of Deeds		37,796		39,271
ABC bottle tax		15,499		14,821
Federal and State grants		6,949,796		6,210,292
Excise recreation - Heritage		290,099		296,329
Jail fees		24,716		21,823
Sheriff Federal treasury seized funds		70		175
Sheriff wage refund		300,627		1.42.050
Miscellaneous	0.261.160	95,870	147.124	142,859
Total	9,261,168	9,408,302	147,134	7,980,438
Investment earnings	403,000	962,748	559,748	479,504
Micellaneous Revenues				
Granville County ABC Board	165,000	115,165	(49,835)	88,681
Total	165,000	115,165	(49,835)	88,681
Total Revenues	63,773,972	65,359,337	1,585,365	61,881,568
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
General Government				
Board of Commissioners		152.157		152.226
Salaries and employee benefits		153,157		
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures		72,049		61,624
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay	252.025	72,049 1,809	25.010	61,624 317
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures	252,025	72,049	25,010	61,624 317
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay Total Administration	252,025	72,049 1,809 227,015	25,010	215,177
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay Total Administration Salaries and employee benefits	252,025	72,049 1,809 227,015	25,010	61,624 317 215,177 349,458
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay Total Administration Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures	252,025	72,049 1,809 227,015 433,114 36,997	25,010	61,624 317 215,177 349,458 42,449
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay Total Administration Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay		72,049 1,809 227,015 433,114 36,997 1,136		61,624 317 215,177 349,458 42,449 2,347
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay Total Administration Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures	252,025 473,142	72,049 1,809 227,015 433,114 36,997	25,010	61,624 317 215,177 349,458 42,449 2,347
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay Total Administration Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay Total		72,049 1,809 227,015 433,114 36,997 1,136		61,624 317 215,177 349,458 42,449 2,347
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay Total Administration Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay Total Information Technology		72,049 1,809 227,015 433,114 36,997 1,136 471,247		61,624 317 215,177 349,458 42,449 2,347 394,254
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay Total Administration Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay Total Information Technology Salaries and employee benefits		72,049 1,809 227,015 433,114 36,997 1,136		61,624 317 215,177 349,458 42,449 2,347
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay Total Administration Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Capital outlay Total Information Technology		72,049 1,809 227,015 433,114 36,997 1,136 471,247		61,624 317 215,177 349,458 42,449 2,347 394,254

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2019		2018
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Board of Elections				
Salaries and employee benefits		329,987		284,899
Other operating expenditures		141,498		177,398
Capital outlay Total	581,136	471,886	109,250	3,432 465,729
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,
Finance Department Salaries and employee benefits		315,989		293,335
* *				131,274
Other operating expenditures Capital outlay		137,336		,
Total	465,994	453,325	12,669	424,719
Tax Administration Salaries and employee benefits		475,693		453,535
Other operating expenditures		281,305		245,795
Capital outlay		226,429		4,640
Total	1,108,949	983,427	125,522	703,970
Total	1,100,747	703,421	123,322	703,770
Register of Deeds		201.115		250.010
Salaries and employee benefits		281,145		258,819
Other operating expenditures Total	212 (27	32,255	(773)	88,254
i otai	312,627	313,400	(773)	347,073
General Services/Court Facilities				
Salaries and employee benefits		199,292		214,695
Other operating expenditures		422,408		344,962
Capital outlay	600,020	5,714	(1.625	228
Total	689,039	627,414	61,625	559,885
Human Resources				
Salaries and employee benefits		93,029		66,331
Other operating expenditures		32,431		29,590
Capital outlay	102.075	1,977	56.520	1,809
Total	183,975	127,437	56,538	97,730
Internal Auditor				
Salaries and employee benefits		85,013		80,096
Other operating expenditures		2,189		3,986
Capital outlay	00.702	1,790	(200)	-
Total	88,783	88,992	(209)	84,082
Total General Government	4,376,456	3,990,744	385,712	3,503,946
Public Safety				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2019		2018
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Sheriff's Department/Detention Center				
Salaries and employee benefits		6,188,034		5,603,119
Other operating expenditures		1,439,162		1,571,683
Capital outlay	0.001.200	168,367	205.525	34,782
Total	8,081,299	7,795,563	285,736	7,209,584
Fire Service	1,031,322	1,029,112	2,210	980,265
Forestry				
Salaries and employee benefits		34,480		31,921
Other operating expenditures		74,218		71,834
Total	110,070	108,698	1,372	103,755
Emanage Management				
Emergency Management		310,138		256,013
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures		78,352		52,898
Capital outlay		2,724		2,651
Total	451,153	391,214	59,939	311,562
Total	431,133	391,214	37,737	311,302
Emergency Services				
Salaries and employee benefits		1,730,101		1,521,015
Other operating expenditures		328,054		273,296
Capital outlay		41,779		36,901
Total	2,064,611	2,099,934	(35,323)	1,831,212
Total Public Safety	11,808,455	11,475,821	332,634	10,500,078
Community Services				
Cooperative Extension Service		210.554		21 5 220
Salaries and employee benefits		318,554		316,320
Other operating expenditures	150 510	60,489	72.700	81,080
Total	452,743	379,043	73,700	397,400
County Library System				
Salaries and employee benefits		791,978		685,555
Other operating expenditures		335,380		316,749
Capital outlay		13,867		29,258
Total	1,169,577	1,141,225	28,352	1,031,562
Recreation & Community Service				
Other operating expenditures		188,478		170,804
Total	228,193	188,478	39,715	170,804

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2019		2018
			Variance	
	Dudant	A atrial	Positive	A atu a1
Development Services	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Planning				
Salaries and employee benefits		336,399		289,549
Other operating expenditures		23,828		26,371
Capital outlay		4,399		1,661
Inspection Department		.,		-,
Salaries and employee benefits		652,954		587,185
Other operating expenditures		50,005		24,211
Capital outlay		26,345		26,542
Construction Administration				
Other operating expenditures		313		7,367
Capital outlay		389,626		746,340
Total	1,891,972	1,483,869	408,103	1,709,226
Soil Conservation Program				
Salaries and employee benefits		3,341		-
Total		3,341	(3,341)	-
January Dayle Operations				
Jonesland Park Operations Salaries and employee benefits		252,760		238,874
Other operating expenditures		150,428		140,296
Capital outlay		32,003		25,508
Total	452,283	435,191	17,092	404,678
Economic Development				
Salaries and employee benefits		154,059		141,467
Other operating expenditures		374,550		96,437
Capital outlay	256,006	747 520 256	(272.270)	227.004
Total	256,086	529,356	(273,270)	237,904
Tourism				
Salaries and employee benefits	66,815	68,925	(2,110)	62,986
Total Community Services	4,517,669	4,229,428	288,241	4,014,560
fuman Services				
Health and Medical Services				
Granville Medical Center		1,048,096		957,368
Granville-Vance District Health Dept.		655,325		655,346
Area Mental Health		140,345		139,667
Total	1,894,014	1,843,766	50,248	1,752,381
Social Services				
Salaries and employee benefits		4,966,952		4,480,124
Other operating expenditures		1,749,968		1,779,408
Capital outlay		80,920		77,256

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

_		2019		2018
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Veterans Services			(118 11)	
Salaries and employee benefits		50,844		53,816
Other operating expenditures		2,970		2,210
Capital outlay	70.602	1,611	15 150	- 56,026
Total	70,603	55,425	15,178	56,026
Senior Services-Nutrition/In-Home Aid				
Salaries and employee benefits		686,456		630,977
Other operating expenditures		553,622		552,343
Capital outlay		27,252		-
Total -	1,386,528	1,267,330	119,198	1,183,320
Total Human Services	12,246,853	9,964,361	2,282,492	9,328,515
Education				
Granville County School System				
Current Expense	15,383,442	15,383,442	-	14,004,385
Capital	1,458,800	1,458,800	<u> </u>	1,340,000
Total	16,842,242	16,842,242	-	15,344,385
Vance-Granville Community College				
Operating expenditures		752,184		752,184
Capital Outlay		28,740		28,740
Total _	780,924	780,924		780,924
Total Education	17,623,166	17,623,166		16,125,309
Non-Departmental & Special Areas				
Special Projects	351,908	338,242	13,666	280,918
Pass Thru Funds	526,868	557,846	(30,978)	650,950
Non-Departmental	2,249,819	2,139,848	109,971	2,340,012
South Granville Memorial Gardens	-	-	-	9,500
Granville County Tourism Development Authority	250,000	252,370	(2,370)	251,886
Total Non-Departmental & Special Areas	3,378,595	3,288,306	90,289	3,533,266
<u>Debt Service</u>				
Hospital Financing				
Principal		807,901		595,236
Interest		821,420		597,843
Total	1,629,321	1,629,321	<u>-</u>	1,193,079
Park Financing				
Principal		26,353		26,936
Interest		5,342		5,932
Total	31,052	31,695	(643)	32,868

SCHEUDLE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2019		2018
			Variance	
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)	Actual
Water & Sewer Allocation-Triangle North	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Principal		1,424,472		1,414,775
Interest		174,870		198,792
Total	1,599,342	1,599,342		1,613,567
Schools Debt Service				
Principal		4,337,815		4,162,881
Interest		1,856,289		1,709,488
	6,712,022	6,194,104	517,918	5,872,369
Library Series 2009				
Principal		440,832		409,167
Interest		113,237		211,162
Total	577,524	554,069	23,455	620,329
Law Enforcement Center Debt				
Interest		471,488		-
Total	471,488	471,488		
Animal Control Debt				
Interest		34,925		-
Total	34,925	34,925		
Total Debt Service	11,055,674	10,514,944	540,730	9,332,212
Total Expenditures	65,006,868	61,086,770	3,920,098	56,337,886
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,232,896)	4,272,567	5,505,463	5,543,682
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
m				
Transfers-in:		1 026 712	1 026 712	
Law Enforcement Center Fund Transfers-out:		1,036,713	1,036,713	
Emergency Telephone System Fund		_		(29,996)
GAP Phase III Project Fund		(500,000)		(2),>>0)
School Repair Projects Fund		(7,000,000)		-
Hospital Capital Projects Fund		(3,185,846)		-
Law Enforcement Center Fund		-		(6,800,000)
Solid Waste Management Fund		-		(1,000,000)
Health Plan		-		(100,000)
Total transfers-out	(42,285,909)	(10,685,846)	31,600,063	(7,929,996)
Debt proceeds	26,395,000	-	(26,395,000)	5,800,000
Refunding bond proceeds	8,270,000	8,270,000	-	5,044,000
Refunding bond premium	3,864,139	887,730	(2,976,409)	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(9,256,526)	(9,243,722)	12,804	(4,968,193)
Fund balance appropriated	14,246,192		(14,246,192)	
Total Other Financial Sources (Uses)	1,232,896	(9,735,125)	(10,968,021)	(2,054,189)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under)				
	\$ -	(5,462,558)	\$ (5,462,558)	3,489,493
Expenditures and Other Uses				-,,
Expenditures and Other Uses Fund Balance-July 1	<u></u>	48,018,105		44,528,612

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHOOL REPAIR PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

<u>REVENUES</u>	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Pactainted interescent actal reconnection					
Restricted intergovernmental revenues Federal and state grants	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Miscellaneous	ψ -	φ -	φ -	φ -	ψ -
Donations	_	_	_	_	_
Other					_
Total Revenues					
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Capital Outlay					
HVAC repair		1,333,568	3,970,207	5,303,775	
Roofing repair		-	387,148	387,148	
Legal and financing fees		82,559		82,559	
Total Expenditures	15,105,000	1,416,127	4,357,355	5,773,482	9,331,518
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(15,105,000)	(1,416,127)	(4,357,355)	(5,773,482)	9,331,518
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers-in (out)					
General Fund	7,000,000	_	7,000,000	7,000,000	_
Debt proceeds	8,105,000	8,105,000	-	8,105,000	-
Total	15,105,000	8,105,000	7,000,000	15,105,000	
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources					
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ 6,688,873	2,642,645	\$ 9,331,518	\$ 9,331,518
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of year - July 1			6,688,873		

\$ 9,331,518

End of year - June 30

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT CENTER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

REVENUES	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Miscellaneous Donations	\$ 521,806	\$ 770	\$ -	\$ 770	\$ 521,036
Investment earnings			449,328	449,328	(449,328)
Total Revenues	521,806	770	449,328	450,098	71,708
EXPENDITURES					
Capital Outlay					
Land		694,255	40	694,295	
Design fee		1,045,147	674,368	1,719,515	
Financing and legal	25 205 002	21,750	422,948	444,698	22 242 076
Total Expenditures	35,285,093	1,761,152	11,181,065	12,942,217	22,342,876
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(34,763,287)	(1,760,382)	(10,731,737)	(12,492,119)	22,271,168
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers-in (out)					
General Fund	5,763,287	6,800,000	(1,036,713)	5,763,287	-
Debt proceeds	29,000,000	-	26,395,000	26,395,000	(2,605,000)
Debt premium			2,976,409	2,976,409	2,976,409
Total	34,763,287	6,800,000	28,334,696	35,134,696	371,409
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ 5,039,618	17,602,959	\$ 22,642,577	\$ 22,642,577
Over (Onder) Expenditures and Other Oses	Ψ	Ψ 5,057,016	17,002,737	Ψ 22,0π2,311	Ψ 22,0π2,377
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of year - July 1			5,039,618		
End of year - June 30			\$ 22,642,577		

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

- Emergency Telephone System Fund: This fund is used to account for the 911 revenues collected by the telephone industry to fund the emergency 911 system.
- **R. H. Thornton Library Memorial Fund**: This fund is used to account for the receipts and disbursements made on behalf of the R. H. Thornton Library.

Capital Project Fund

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment.

- **Granville Greenway Project Fund:** This fund is used to account for the funds associated with the Granville Greenway Project.
- Falls Meadow/Montgomery Place Project Fund: This fund is used to account for subdivision projects.
- **Hospital Capital Projects Fund:** This fund is used to account for construction at the hospital.
- **GAP Phase III Project Fund:** This fund is used to account for construction of recreation facilities at the GAP.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

		Special Reve	nue F	unds		Capital Pro	jects	Fund			
	T	mergency elephone System Fund		H. Thornton Library Memorial Fund	Granville Greenway Project Fund	alls Meadow atgomery Place Project Fund		Hospital Capital Projects Fund	GAP Phase III Project Fund	Ju	ne 30, 2019
<u>ASSETS</u>											
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$	400,533	\$	208,242	\$ 97,263	\$ 51,009	\$	-	\$ 427,730	\$	1,184,777
Accounts receivable Prepaid items		30,848		- -	 	 <u>-</u>		- -	 	_	30,848
Total Assets	\$	431,381	\$	208,242	\$ 97,263	\$ 51,009	\$	-	\$ 427,730	\$	1,215,625
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY											
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	418	\$	-	\$ - -	\$ - 229,287	\$	-	\$ -	\$	418 229,287
Total Liabilities		418		-	-	229,287		-			229,705
Fund Balances: Restricted: Stabilization by State Statute Community Services Public Safety Unassigned:		30,848 - 400,115		- 208,242 - -	97,263 - -	- - - (178,278)		- - - -	427,730 - -		30,848 733,235 400,115 (178,278)
Total Fund Balances		430,963		208,242	 97,263	(178,278)			 427,730		985,920
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	431,381	\$	208,242	\$ 97,263	\$ 51,009	\$	-	\$ 427,730	\$	1,215,625

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Special Reve	nue F	unds				Capital Pro	jects	Fund			
	T	nergency elephone System Fund]	I. Thornton Library Iemorial Fund	Granvill Greenwa Project Fund	y	Mont	ls Meadow gomery Place Project Fund		Hospital Capital Projects Fund	GAP Phase III Project Fund	Jur	ne 30, 2019
REVENUES													
Restricted intergovernmental revenues Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	\$	370,175	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	370,175
Sales and other taxes		_		_		_		_		_	_		-
Licenses, fees, and other revenues		_		_		_		157,330		_	_		157,330
Investment earnings		3,210		5,231		_		-		-	-		8,441
Miscellaneous		, -		6,734		-		-		_	_		6,734
Total Revenues		373,385		11,965		-		157,330		-	-		542,680
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>													
Public safety		326,789		_		-		_		-	-		326,789
Community services		-		23,753		-		-		-	-		23,753
Capital outlay		-		-		-		106,321		3,185,846	72,270		3,364,437
Debt service													-
Principal		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Interest		-				-		-		_			-
Total Expenditures	-	326,789		23,753		-		106,321		3,185,846	 72,270		3,714,979
Revenues Over (under) Expenditures		46,596		(11,788)		-		51,009		(3,185,846)	 (72,270)		(3,172,299)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Transfers in General Fund		_		_		_		_		3,185,846	500,000		3,685,846
Total						_				3,185,846	 500,000		3,685,846
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-				-		-		3,185,846	500,000		3,685,846
Net Change in Fund Balances		46,596		(11,788)		-		51,009		-	427,730		513,547
Fund Balance - July 1		384,367		220,030	97	,263		(229,287)		-	 -		472,373
Fund Balance - June 30	\$	430,963	\$	208,242	\$ 97	,263	\$	(178,278)	\$	-	\$ 427,730	\$	985,920

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				2019				2018
				201)		ariance	-	2010
		D., J.,		A -41	_	Positive		A -41
REVENUES		Budget		Actual		legative)		Actual
Restricted intergovernmental revenues State Cell Surcharge	\$	370,175	\$	370,175	\$	-	\$	388,482
Federal and state grants Investment earnings		-		3,210		3,210		1,766
Total Revenues	-	370,175		373,385		3,210	-	390,248
EXPENDITURES								
Dublic cofety								
Public safety: Telephone				141,088				117,483
Other operating expenditures				178,636				208,650
Capital outlay				7,065				4,721
Debt service:								
Principal				-				45,765
Interest Total Expenditures		370,175		326,789		43,386		851 377,470
Total Expenditures		370,173		320,767		+3,300		377,470
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			-	46,596		46,596		12,778
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfer (to) from other funds								
General Fund				-				29,996
Total								29,996
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over								
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	-		46,596	\$	46,596		42,774
Fund Balance - July 1				384,367				341,593
Fund Balance - June 30			\$	430,963			\$	384,367
Explanation for transfers								
Transfer from the General Fund to adjust beginning	balanc	e to actua	\$				\$	29,996
Emergency Telephone System Unspent Balance								
Amounts reported above are different from the PSAI	D Dava	nua Evnandit	uro D	anort hagging				
Net Change in Fund Balance, reported on Budget to			\$	46,596	•		\$	42,774
Plus: Transfers to General Fund to adjust fund balance			+	,. , , ,			+	,,,,
to the proper beginning balance								(29,996)
Net Change per PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Report				46,596				12,778
Beginning Balance, PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Rep			Ф.	384,367			<u></u>	371,589
Ending Balance, PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Report			\$	430,963			\$	384,367

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA R. H. THORNTON LIBRARY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2019		2018
DEVENUES	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
REVENUES				
Donations Investment Earnings	\$ 20,000	\$ 6,734 5,231	\$ (13,266) 5,231	\$ 22,637 3,319
Total Revenues	20,000	11,965	(8,035)	25,956
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
Projects	24,000	23,753	247	11,190
Total Expenditures	24,000	23,753	247	11,190
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,000)	(11,788)	(7,788)	14,766
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer-in(out) General Fund				
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,000		(4,000)	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$ -	(11,788)	\$ (11,788)	14,766
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year - July 1		220,030		205,264
End of year - June 30		\$ 208,242		\$ 220,030

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA GRANVILLE GREENWAY PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Restricted intergovernmental revenues					
Federal and state grants	\$ 1,477,096	\$ 550,638	\$ -	\$ 550,638	\$ (926,458)
Miscellaneous					
Donations	9,150	9,150	-	9,150	-
Other	203,280	69,704		69,704	133,576
Total Revenues	1,689,526	629,492		629,492	(792,882)
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Professional Services		223,553	-	223,553	
Supplies and Materials		406	-	406	
Greenway Construction		481,843	-	481,843	
Total Expenditures	1,939,521	705,802		705,802	1,233,719
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(249,995)	(76,310)		(76,310)	173,685
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers-in (out)					
General Fund	249,995	173,573	-	173,573	(76,422)
Total	249,995	173,573		173,573	(76,422)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources					
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ 97,263	-	\$ 97,263	\$ 97,263
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of year - July 1			97,263		
End of year - June 30			\$ 97,263		

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA FALLS MEADOW\MONTGOMERY PLACE PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

<u>REVENUES</u>	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Licenses, fees and other revenues Assessment revenue Total Revenues	\$ 380,070 380,070	\$ - -	\$ 157,330 157,330	\$ 157,330 157,330	\$ (222,740) (222,740)
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Montgomery Place Falls Meadow		138,788	-	138,788	
Fieldstone West		90,499	106,321	90,499 106,321	
Total Expenditures	380,070	229,287	106,321	335,608	44,462
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ (229,287)	51,009	\$ (178,278)	\$ (178,278)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of year - July 1			(229,287)		
End of year - June 30			\$ (178,278)		

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA HOSPITAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

<u>REVENUES</u>	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Revenues					
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Capital outlay					
Doctors office building	5,800,000	-	3,185,846	3,185,846	
Total Expenditures	5,800,000		3,185,846	3,185,846	2,614,154
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,800,000)	-	(3,185,846)	(3,185,846)	2,614,154
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers-in (out)					
General Fund	5,800,000	-	3,185,846	3,185,846	(2,614,154)
Total	5,800,000	-	3,185,846	3,185,846	(2,614,154)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of year - July 1					
End of year - June 30			\$ -		

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA GAP PHASE III PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

REVENUES	 Project Authorization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total to Date		Variance Positive Negative)
NE VEIVOES									
Restricted intergovernmental revenues									
USTA Grant	\$ 20,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(20,000)
Land & Water Conservation Fund Grant	250,000		-		-		-		(250,000)
PARTF Grant	 300,000								(300,000)
Total Revenues	 570,000								(570,000)
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>									
Capital outlay									
GAP Phase III	1,070,000		_		72,270		72,270		997,730
Total Expenditures	1,070,000				72,270		72,270		997,730
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(500,000)		-		(72,270)		(72,270)		427,730
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers-in (out)									
General Fund	500,000		_		500,000		500,000		-
Total	500,000		_		500,000		500,000		_
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources									
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 	\$			427,730	\$	427,730	\$	427,730
Fund Balances:									
Beginning of year - July 1					_				
End of year - June 30				\$	427,730				

ENTERPRISE FUND Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the government's council is that the cost of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; where the government's council has decided that the periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes. Solid Waste Management Fund: This fund is used to account for the operations of the County's solid waste activities. **Stormwater Fund**: This fund is used to account for the operations of the County's stormwater activities.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2019		2018
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
REVENUES				
Restricted intergovernmental				
Grant funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 500
Operating revenues				
Landfill user fees	1,400,000	1,731,760	331,760	1,768,943
Solid waste charges	1,135,000	1,186,990	51,990	1,185,683
Other operating revenues				
White goods		76,294		134,617
Scrap tire disposal tax		83,774		79,382
Solid waste disposal tax		35,378		31,020
Compost/Mulch sales		4,630		3,580
Miscellaneous		124,806		127,666
Total	182,964	324,882	141,918	376,265
Total Operating Revenues	2,717,964	3,243,632	525,668	3,331,391
Nonoperating Revenues				
Interest earned on investments	3,000	21,387	18,387	16,085
Total Revenues	2,720,964	3,265,019	544,055	3,347,476
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
Solid Waste Operations				
Printing		1,440		200
Supplies and materials		870		789
Manned sites		479,848		502,914
Oil and Anti-Freeze Disposal		4,302		5,525
Freon Removal		3,264		2,436
Waste disposal		419,771		508,739
Container transportation		297,155		209,716
Maintenance and grounds		6,197		7,849
Miscellaneous	1.207.770	7,008	(0.041)	7,680
Total	1,296,550	1,298,591	(2,041)	1,303,735
0.4	26,000	12,616	13,384	325
Site remodeling and construction	20,000	12,010	13,50+	323

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2019		2018
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Landfill Operations				
Salaries and employee benefits		288,804		267,262
Administrative fee		-		15,000
Professional services		122,748		102,091
Gas, oil, tires		5,053		5,607
Supplies and materials		6,553		4,146
Brush grinding		39,114		20,900
Travel		1,093		614
Telephone and postage		3,811		3,823
Utilities		7,767		6,688
Maintenance and grounds		14,348		15,839
Advertising		171		381
Tire disposal		91,369		77,993
Registration and training		1,008		1,320
Contract services		679,611		692,407
Noncapitalized equipment		27,028		22,125
Miscellaneous		148,965		174,860
Total Landfill Operations	1,592,499	1,437,443	155,056	1,411,056
Convenience sites				
Professional services	150,120		150,120	10,273
Budgetary Appropriations				
Capital outlay - landfill	145,765	79,658	66,107	-
Capital outlay - landfill closure costs	761,415	863,160	(101,745)	70,044
Total	907,180	942,818	(35,638)	70,044
Total Expenditures	3,972,349	3,691,468	130,761	2,795,433
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,251,385)	(426,449)	824,936	552,043
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers-in/out				
General Fund	3,491	-	(3,491)	1,000,000
Fund Balance Appropriated	-		, ,	•
Landfill	1,067,844	_	(1,067,844)	_
Solid Waste	180,050	-	(180,050)	_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,251,385		(1,251,385)	1,000,000
Revenues Over (Under) Sources and Other				
Uses	\$ -	\$ (426,449)	\$ (426,449)	\$ 1,552,043

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2019		 2018
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
RECONCILIATION FROM BUDGETARY BASIS (MODIFIED ACC	RUAL) TO F	ULL ACCRUAI	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(426,449)		\$ 1,552,043
Depreciation		(133,451)		(135,227)
Capital outlay		79,658		-
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resourc	es	17,494		(14,511)
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability		(20,839)		17,778
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resource	s	(21,196)		(23,215)
(Increase) decrease in accrued landfill closure and				
postclosure care costs		(1,019,127)		(93,520)
(Increase) decrease in other postemployment benef	ïts	31,702		11,889
(Increase) decrease in accrued vacation payable		(444)		(344)
Net Income (loss)	\$	(1.492.652)		\$ 1.314.893

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA STORMWATER FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				2019			2018
						Variance Positive	
<u>REVENUES</u>		Budget		Actual	(Negative)	 Actual
Restricted intergovermental revenue Federal grant Operating revenues	\$	25,500	\$	33,263	\$	7,763	\$ 25,500
Stormwater fees Other operating revenues		250,000		261,479		11,479	256,860
Contributions		81,412		79,798		(1,614)	 93,627
Total Revenues		356,912		374,540		17,628	 375,987
EXPENDITURES							
Stormwater Operations							
Salaries and employee benefits				88,301			86,926
Professional Services				102,758			134,236
Supplies and materials				960			320
Postage				25			4
Dues and subscriptions				75,169			67,220
Advertising				1,379			1,147
Waste disposal				2,398			1,023
Contracted services				56,335			28,865
Maintenance				732			1,830
Administration				250,000			-
Miscellaneous				4,165			5,177
Total		663,394		582,222		81,172	326,748
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(306,482)		(207,682)		98,800	 49,239
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Fund Balance Appropriated		306,482				306,482	
Revenues Over (Under) Sources and Other Uses	\$		\$	(207,682)	\$	(207,682)	\$ 49,239
RECONCILIATION FROM BUDGETARY BAS	IS (M	ODIFIED A	CCR	UAL) TO FU	JLL A	ACCRUAL	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures			\$	(207,682)			\$ 49,239
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of res	ource	s		5,823			(4,001)
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability				(5,659)			4,766
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of reso	urces			(17,759)			(5,869)
(Increase) decrease in other postemployment b	enefi	ts		(50,163)			3,015
Net Income (loss)			\$	(275,440)			\$ 47,150

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
 Internal Service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or other departments of the County.
County Health Plan Fund: This fund is used to account for the County's health insurance transactions.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA COUNTY HEALTH PLAN FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2010		2010
	 Budget	2019 Actual	Variance Positive Negative)	2018 Actual
Revenues	 Budget	 7 Ictuar	 (Tegative)	 7 ICtual
Contributions from employees	\$ 2,772,000	\$ 2,820,604	\$ 48,604	\$ 2,684,254
Insurance settlements	-	_	-	-
Total revenues	2,772,000	2,820,604	48,604	2,684,254
Expenditures				
Health insurance administration	642,400	613,183	29,217	451,961
Claims	 2,928,100	 2,947,063	(18,963)	2,196,246
Total expenditures	3,570,500	3,560,246	10,254	2,648,207
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(798,500)	(739,642)	58,858	36,047
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer from General Fund	-	-	-	100,000
Appropriated fund balance	 798,500	 -	(798,500)	-
Total	 798,500	-	(798,500)	100,000
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under) expenditures	\$ 	(739,642)	\$ (739,642)	136,047
Fund balances				
Beginning of year, July 1		1,151,128		 1,015,081
End of year, June 30		\$ 411,486		\$ 1,151,128
Reconciliation from financial plan basis				
(modified accrual) to full accrual:				
Total revenues		\$ 2,820,604		\$ 2,784,254
Total expenditures		3,560,246		 2,648,207
Change in net position		\$ (739,642)		\$ 136,047

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

- Social Services Fund: This agency fund is used to account for the receipts and disbursements made by the County on behalf of individuals for whom the County serves as or is, in fact, their legal guardian or custodian.
- Granville County Tourism Development Authority Fund: This agency fund is used to account for the expenditures of occupancy tax received from the County.
- **Inmate Trust Fund:** This agency fund is used to account for receipts and disbursements made by the County on behalf of inmates.
- Sheriff's Evidence, Execution and Special Account Fund: This agency fund is used to account for receipts and disbursements made by the County involving sheriff's funds.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		Agency	Funds		
ASSETS	Social Services Fund	Granville County Tourism Development Authority	Inmate Trust Fund	Sheriff's Evidence, Execution and Special Fund	Total Agency Funds
Cash and investments Due from other fund	\$ 83,828	\$ - 21,049	\$ 7,318	\$ 206,600	\$ 297,746 21,049
Total Assets	\$ 83,828	\$ 21,049	\$ 7,318	\$ 206,600	\$ 318,795
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION					
Liabilities:					
Miscellaneous liabilities Due to component unit	\$ 83,828	\$ - 21,049	\$ 7,318	\$ 206,600	\$ 297,746 21,049
Total Liabilities	83,828	21,049	7,318	206,600	318,795
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 83,828	\$ 21,049	\$ 7,318	\$ 206,600	\$ 318,795

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2019
Social Services				
Assets	¢ 01.022	¢ 244.017	¢ 242.012	¢ 92.929
Cash and cash equivalents Liabilities	\$ 81,823	\$ 244,017	\$ 242,012	\$ 83,828
Miscellaneous liabilities	\$ 81,823	\$ 244,017	\$ 242,012	\$ 83,828
Granville County Tourism Development Authority				
Assets	ф. 27 .050	Φ 21.040	Φ 27.050	4 21.040
Due from other fund	\$ 27,950	\$ 21,049	\$ 27,950	\$ 21,049
Liabilities Due to component unit	\$ 27,950	\$ 21,049	\$ 27,950	\$ 21,049
Inmate Trust Fund				
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,931	\$ 164,507	\$ 161,120	\$ 7,318
Liabilities Miscellaneous liabilities	\$ 3,931	\$ 164,507	\$ 161,120	\$ 7,318
Sheriff's Evidence, Execution and Special Account Fu	<u>nd</u>			
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 222,436	\$ 181,639	\$ 197,475	\$ 206,600
Liabilities Miscellaneous liabilities	\$ 222,436	\$ 181,639	\$ 197,475	\$ 206,600
Total - All Agency Funds				
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 308,190	\$ 590,163	\$ 600,607	\$ 297,746
Due from other fund	\$ 336,140	\$ 611.212	\$ 628.557	\$ 21,049
Total Liabilities	\$ 336,140	\$ 611,212	\$ 628,557	\$ 318,795
Miscellaneous liabilities	\$ 308,190	\$ 590,163	\$ 600,607	\$ 297,746
Due to component unit	27,950	21,049	27,950	21,049
Total	\$ 336,140	\$ 611,212	\$ 628,557	\$ 318,795

OTHER SCHEDULES
This schedule contains additional information required on property taxes.
 Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
Analysis of Current Tax Levy

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2019

Fiscal Year				Additions	Collections and Adjustments	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2019		
2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009	\$	431,692 145,528 60,841 57,714 45,094 42,371 31,308 31,587 92,224 30,919 969,278	\$	39,737,488	\$ (39,062,778) (267,142) (62,319) (20,377) (11,110) (8,513) (5,783) (1,139) (661) (344) (30,919) (39,471,085)	\$ \$	674,714 164,556 83,20 40,46 46,60 36,58 30,16 30,92 91,88 1,235,68 (150,00 1,085,68	
econcilement valorent	em-Genera scounts en off for t	l Fund ax year 2008 -	2009		\$ 40,736,763 (1,296,261)		39,440,50	
otal Collection	s and Cred	its				\$	39,471,08	

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY COUNTY-WIDE LEVY JUNE 30, 2019

	Co	ounty-wide						
	Property Valuation	Rate	Total Levy				Registered Motor Vehicles	
Original levy:								
Property taxed at current year's rate Motor vehicles at	\$ 4,195,616,988	0.840	\$	35,243,183	\$	35,243,183	\$	-
current year's rate	533,757,619	0.840		4,483,564		-		4,483,564
Discoveries:								
Current and prior year's taxes	186,059,524	0.840		1,562,900		1,562,900		-
Abatements	 (59,779,524)	0.840		(502,148)		(502,148)		-
Total Property Valuation	\$ 4,855,654,607							
Net Levy				40,787,499		36,303,935		4,483,564
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2019				674,710		669,517		5,193
Current year's taxes collected			\$	40,112,789	\$	35,634,418	\$	4,478,371
Current levy collection percentage				98.35%		98.16%		99.88%

STATISTICAL SECTION

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year											
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		
Governmental activities												
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,040,787	\$ 13,168,461	\$ 5,749,001	\$ 13,801,596	\$ 17,096,701	\$ 19,458,241	\$ 24,247,521	\$ 25,179,166	\$ 31,024,432	\$11,926,586		
Restricted	-	13,824,466	22,894,879	11,770,892	10,140,935	10,995,235	6,348,920	6,039,996	24,688,335	43,452,365		
Unrestricted	(8,000,642)	(35,778,192)	(46,031,350)	(52,503,720)	(46,402,671)	(41,556,680)	(37,992,005)	(29,126,797)	(53,650,835)	(51,610,378)		
Total governmental activities net position	(959,855)	(8,785,265)	(17,387,470)	(26,931,232)	(19,165,035)	(11,103,204)	(7,395,564)	2,092,365	2,061,932	3,768,573		
n de la companya de												
Business-type activities												
Net investment in capital assets	1,300,529	1,289,341	1,930,932	5,506,197	5,402,964	5,372,550	5,381,036	5,279,615	5,144,388	5,090,595		
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-		
Unrestricted	(3,692,801)	(740,690)	(1,654,823)	(7,718,231)	(7,217,508)	(7,320,965)	(7,366,313)	(6,998,454)	(5,688,108)	(7,409,803)		
Total business-type activities net position	(2,392,272)	548,651	276,109	(2,212,034)	(1,814,544)	(1,948,415)	(1,985,277)	(1,718,839)	(543,720)	(2,319,208)		
Primary government												
Net investment in capital assets	8,341,316	14,457,802	7,679,933	19,307,793	22,499,665	24,830,791	29,628,557	30,458,781	36,168,820	17,017,181		
Restricted	-	13,824,466	22,894,879	11,770,892	10,140,935	10,995,235	6,348,920	6,039,996	24,688,335	43,452,365		
Unrestircted	(11,693,443)	(36,518,882)	(47,686,173)	(60,221,951)	(53,620,179)	(48,877,645)	(45,358,318)	(36,125,251)	(59,338,943)	(59,020,181)		
Total primary government net position	\$ (3,352,127)	\$ (8,236,614)	\$ (17,111,361)	\$ (29,143,266)	\$ (20,979,579)	\$ (13,051,619)	\$ (9,380,841)	\$ 373,526	\$ 1,518,212	\$ 1,449,365		

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

									Fiscal Ye	ar				
		2010		2011		2012		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses														
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$	4,318,453	\$	3,557,567	\$	4,259,610	\$	4,555,774	\$ 4,405,781	\$ 4,442,094	\$ 4,938,658	\$ 5,332,252	\$ 5,632,304	\$ 6,295,269
Public safety		11,838,566		8,745,611		9,823,361		10,620,057	10,655,790	10,425,328	11,120,875	11,501,856	11,393,977	13,046,766
Transportation		161,465		161,525		135,410		148,296	156,779	173,068	192,910	198,866	198,866	197,224
Economic and physical development		1,142,750		560,181		9,772,776		797,499	476,826	753,782	668,747	717,586	951,127	1,363,072
Human Services		9,883,423		11,189,177		11,590,347		23,560,271	12,744,738	10,524,184	11,357,664	11,170,966	10,588,830	14,130,315
Community Services		2,889,358		3,219,464		3,246,796		3,853,986	2,746,910	3,990,780	3,700,213	4,257,566	4,530,173	4,512,131
Education		15,247,427		24,697,465		17,583,181		14,864,489	14,859,485	21,994,864	18,380,346	16,306,405	17,570,103	21,980,521
Interest on long-term debt		1,985,372		2,423,796		2,425,015		2,507,886	2,303,425	2,658,358	2,574,030	2,360,100	2,213,085	3,474,537
Total governmental activities expenses		47,466,814		54,554,786	-	58,836,496		60,908,258	48,349,734	54,962,458	52,933,443	51,845,597	53,078,465	64,999,835
Business-type activities		.,,.00,01		2 1,22 1,700		50,050,150	_	00,700,220	10,5 15,75 1	3 1,702,130	02,700,110	51,010,077	23,070,103	0.,,,,,,,
Solid Waste		2,088,641		1,721,247		1,822,661		4,318,099	2,046,765	2,720,941	2,895,474	2,778,367	3,032,006	4,765,067
Stormwater		2,000,041		1,721,247		1,022,001		209,073	261,089	280,217	319,275	313,745	328,837	649,980
Total business-type activities		2,088,641		1,721,247		1,822,661	_	4,527,172	2,307,854	3,001,158	3,214,749	3,092,112	3,360,843	5,415,047
Total primary government expenses		49,555,455		56,276,033		60,659,157		65,435,430	50,657,588	57,963,616	56,148,192	54,937,709	56,439,308	70,414,882
Total primary government expenses	-	17,000,100	_	20,270,033		00,057,157	_	00,100,100	30,037,500	27,503,010	50,110,152	3 1,737,707	20,127,200	70,111,002
Program Revenues														
Governmental activities:														
Charges for services:														
General Government		484,736		394,790		625,684		507,272	527,492	487,489	554,483	523,328	579,242	480,581
Public Safety		687,119		621,263		643,455		703,591	676,055	817,649	938,960	838,781	767,356	1,301,830
Economic and physical development		_		17,800		3,560		_	_	_		_	_	· · · · ·
Human Services		1,987,299		299,919		89,602		97,873	84,399	37,670	20,681	22,648	18,628	20,738
Community Services		203,054		192,996		185,681		200,492	243,873	258,978	306,025	326,800	366,764	357,883
Education				1,488,000		-		,	,		-	-	-	-
Operating grants and contributions				-,,										
General Government		37,694		149,436		55,955		69,878	29,930	65,893	55,016	69,738	3,906	_
Public Safety		645,268		678,364		1,057,350		1,711,479	926,318	918,182	948,876	901,466	731,557	798,006
Transportation		192,410		261,137		259,741		291,028	191,221	807,152	397,308	209,041	317,421	327,578
Economic and physical development		-		738,449		27,500		326,361	58,986	438,483	220,568	459,405	63,291	884,283
Human Services		6,247,734		5,868,017		6,421,666		6,237,855	6,547,155	7,246,267	7,250,217	7,625,979	6,402,322	6,846,715
Community Services		265,444		168,581		151,288		156,245	138,529	136,599	136,826	166,602	180,057	137,790
Education		203,111		100,501		800,000		1,060,202	1,000,000	848,881	397,280	680,312	530,247	539,245
Capital grants and contributions						000,000		1,000,202	1,000,000	0.0,001	577,200	000,512	220,217	557,215
General Government		28,758							_	_			_	6,403
Public Safety		20,730											770	0,403
Transportation													770	
Economic and physical development		848,919		108,058		147,875		41,415	508,364	66,979	113,028	-	-	157,330
Community Services		80,000		90,000		147,073		41,413	498,631	378,019	22,130	143,116	-	137,330
Education		600,000		90,000		-		-	470,031	370,019	22,130	143,110	-	-
		12,308,435		11,076,810		10,469,357		11,403,691	11,430,953	12,508,241	11,361,398	11,967,216	9,961,561	11,858,382
Total governmental activities program revenues		12,308,433		11,070,810		10,409,337		11,405,091	11,430,953	12,308,241	11,301,398	11,907,216	9,901,361	11,838,382

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

					Fiscal Ye	ar				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Business-type activities										
Charges for services:										
Solid Waste	1,527,300	1,680,396	1,540,903	1,686,107	2,325,500	2,528,876	2,756,149	2,984,245	3,330,891	3,243,632
Stormwater	-	-	-	248,572	249,597	257,086	303,627	256,150	256,860	261,479
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	24,222	25,500	25,500	25,500	25,500	33,263
Capital grants and contributions		4,137	4,692	3,493				1,156	500	
Total business-type activities program revenues	1,527,300	1,684,533	1,545,595	1,938,172	2,599,319	2,811,462	3,085,276	3,267,051	3,613,751	3,538,374
Total primary government program revenues	13,835,735	12,761,343	12,014,952	13,341,863	14,030,272	15,319,703	14,446,674	15,234,267	13,575,312	15,396,756
Net (expenses)/revenue										
Governmental activities										
General Government	(3,767,265)	(3,013,341)	(3,577,971)	(3,978,624)	(3,848,359)	(3,888,712)	(4,329,159)	(4,739,186)	(5,049,156)	(5,808,285
Public Safety	(10,506,179)	(7,445,984)	(8,122,556)	(8,204,987)	(9,053,417)	(8,689,497)	(9,233,039)	(9,761,609)	(9,894,294)	(10,946,930
Transportation	30,945	99,612	124,331	142,732	34,442	634,084	204,398	10,175	118,555	130,354
Environmental Protection	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Economic and physical development	(293,831)	304,126	(9,593,841)	(429,723)	90,524	(248,320)	(335,151)	(258,181)	(887,836)	(321,459
Human Sevices	(1,648,390)	(5,021,241)	(5,079,079)	(17,224,543)	(6,113,184)	(3,240,247)	(4,086,766)	(3,522,339)	(4,167,880)	(7,262,862
Community Services	(2,340,860)	(2,767,887)	(2,909,827)	(3,497,249)	(1,865,877)	(3,217,184)	(3,235,232)	(3,621,048)	(3,983,352)	(4,016,458
Education	(14,647,427)	(23,209,465)	(16,783,181)	(13,804,287)	(13,859,485)	(21,145,983)	(17,983,066)	(15,626,093)	(17,039,856)	(21,441,276
Non-departmental and special areas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest on long term debt	(1,985,372)	(2,423,796)	(2,425,015)	(2,507,886)	(2,303,425)	(2,658,358)	(2,574,030)	(2,360,100)	(2,213,085)	(3,474,537
Business-type activities										
Solid waste	(561,341)	(36,714)	(277,066)	(2,628,499)	278,735	(192,065)	(113,825)	231,378	324,385	(1,488,172
Stormwater	-	-	-	39,499	(11,492)	(23,131)	(15,648)	(56,439)	(71,477)	(388,501
Total primary government net expenses	(35,719,720)	(43,514,690)	(48,644,205)	(52,133,066)	(36,640,046)	(42,646,282)	(41,701,518)	(39,703,442)	(42,863,996)	(55,018,126
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Property taxes	30,260,553	31,614,844	31,803,407	31,967,760	35,899,937	35,119,245	36,226,663	39,171,884	40,319,275	41,016,801
Local option sales tax	5,915,129	4,929,327	5,512,386	5,977,343	5,826,915	6,038,601	6,322,373	7,758,228	8,143,429	8,625,333
Other taxes and licenses	523,113	1,576,079	1,777,995	1,993,976	2,056,480	2,222,684	2,295,726	2,544,229	2,631,894	3,017,074
Investment earnings	182,190	127,862	61,598	49,130	41,765	26,657	37,952	169,172	484,589	1,420,517
Miscellaneous	(163,201)	378,224	609,548	297,442	354,724	303,684	396,971	357,010	4,086,184	768,369
Transfers	-	(2,973,770)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,000,000)	
Total general revenues, special items and transfers	36,717,784	35,652,566	39,764,934	40,285,651	44,179,821	43,710,871	45,279,685	50,000,523	54,665,371	54,848,094
Total governmental activities	36,717,784	35,652,566	39,764,934	40,285,651	44,179,821	43,710,871	45,279,685	50,000,523	54,665,371	54,848,094
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings	5,522	3,864	4,524	5,062	1,778	1,534	4,863	11,872	16,085	21,387
Miscellaneous	-	_	_	95,795	104,247	84,583	87,748	79,627	93,627	79,798
Transfers	_	2,973,770	_	· -	_	_	· -	· -	1,000,000	ĺ,
Total general revenues, special items and transfers	5,522	2,977,634	4,524	100,857	106,025	86,117	92,611	91,499	1,109,712	101,185
Total business-type activities	5,522	2,977,634	4,524	100,857	106,025	86,117	92,611	91,499	1,109,712	101,185
Total primary government	36,723,306	38,630,200	39,769,458	40,386,508	44,285,846	43,796,988	45,372,296	50,092,022	55,775,083	54,949,279
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities	1,559,405	(7,825,410)	(8,602,205)	(9,218,916)	7,261,040	1,256,654	3,707,640	10,122,142	11,548,467	1,706,641
Business-type activities	(555,819)	2,940,920	(272,542)	(2,488,143)	373,268	(129,079)	(36,862)	266,438	1,362,620	(1,775,488
Total primary government		\$ (4.884.490)	\$ (8,874,747)	\$ (11.707.059)	\$ 7,634,308	\$ 1,127,575	\$ 3,670,778	\$ 10,388,580	\$ 12,911,087	\$ (68.847

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Local Sales Tax	Alcoholic Beverage Tax	Occupancy Tax*	Other Tax	Total
2010	\$ 30,260,553	\$ 5,915,129	\$ 11,612	\$ 188,877	\$ 334,236	\$ 36,698,795
2011	31,614,844	4,929,327	11,607	185,671	1,390,409	38,120,250
2012	31,803,407	5,512,386	11,887	178,497	1,599,498	39,093,788
2013	31,967,760	5,977,343	12,167	167,032	1,826,944	39,951,246
2014	35,899,937	5,826,915	12,579	160,985	1,895,495	43,795,911
2015	35,119,245	6,038,601	13,127	189,714	2,019,843	43,380,530
2016	36,226,663	6,322,373	13,619	208,577	2,087,149	44,858,381
2017	39,171,884	7,758,228	14,439	233,054	2,311,175	49,488,780
2018	40,319,275	8,143,429	14,821	251,948	2,379,946	51,109,419
2019	\$ 41,016,801	\$ 8,625,333	\$ 15,499	\$ 252,497	\$ 2,749,078	\$ 52,659,208

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year									
	Restated*									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Fund										
Nonspendable										
Prepaid items	\$ -	\$ 4,000	\$ 368	\$ 900	\$ 1,635	\$ 1,916	\$ 1,711	\$ 1,542	\$ 1,855	\$ 4,000
Restricted										
Stabilization by State Statute	3,334,751	2,831,605	2,694,795	2,092,758	3,247,393	3,997,815	3,942,662	3,280,930	4,006,440	4,712,758
Register of Deeds	-	12,748	33,561	-	12,618	35,050	42,603	60,950	30,743	53,193
Human Services	-	-	13,591,044	5,416,399	3,538,668	-	-	-	5,800,692	2,695,571
Education	739,572	-	-	695,447	1,043,189	1,390,935	1,738,702	2,088,926	2,455,239	2,852,550
Community Servies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed										
Tax Revaluation	110	98,122	196,283	294,687	392,987	491,351	591,041	376,543	-	105,086
Public Safety	-	-	591,606	945,368	1,022,524	1,091,381	994,675	812,043	791,710	704,631
Assigned										
Subsequent year's expenditures	990,730	768,172	1,418,657	1,735,002	1,874,511	1,884,639	594,708	386,385	418,603	2,313,755
Community Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	500,000	700,000	500,000	-
Economic & Physical Development	1,003,828	960,000	1,232,800	956,521	548,995	452,737	630,300	1,600,000	1,070,000	1,070,000
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Human Services			-	-	-		-	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Environmental Protection	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,000,000		-
Transportation			-	-	-		-	1,400,000	-	-
Education			-				-		7,000,000	-
Unassigned	18,741,118	19,324,317	11,353,100	18,625,992	20,478,407	28,287,719	30,810,391	23,821,293	22,942,823	25,044,003
Total General Fund	\$ 24,810,109	\$ 23,998,964	\$ 31,112,214	\$ 30,763,074	\$ 32,160,927	\$ 37,633,543	\$ 39,846,793	\$ 44,528,612	\$ 48,018,105	\$42,555,547
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable										
Prepaid items	\$ -	s -	\$ -	s -	\$ 34,930	\$ 34,930	\$ 34,930	\$ 34,930	\$ 34,930	\$ -
Restricted										
Stabilization by State Statute	39,779	39,779	135,549	83,357	30.034	32,179	34.910	37,887	32,374	70,780
Education	(62,241)	5,993,606	1,251,264	29,021	29,023	4,247,438	-	-	6,688,873	9,291,586
Community Services	8,206,046	3,687,890	2,002,241	986,837	837,938	265,776	240,274	302,527	317,293	733,235
Public Safety	1.204.897	1,258,838	194,485	158.231	179.841	229,137	349,769	268,776	5,356,681	23,042,692
Economic & Physical Development	-	-	2,644,258	2,308,842	1,222,231	796,905	-	-	-	-
Committed										
Economic & Physical Development	1.622.072	210.014	33,564	642	-	-	_	-	_	_
Unassigned		-	-	-	(218,565)	_	(642,708)	_	(229,287)	(178,278)
Total other governmental funds	\$ 11,010,553	\$ 11,190,127	\$ 6,261,361	\$ 3,566,930	\$ 2,115,432	\$ 5,606,365	\$ 17,175	\$ 644,120	\$ 12,200,864	\$32,960,015
3										

	2010
General fund	
Reserved by state statute	\$ 3,007,806
Reserved For Register of Deeds	-
Unreserved (available for appropriation)	
Designated for subsequent year's exper	
Designated for repayment of economic	1,003,828
Undesignated	18,349,340
Total General Fund	23,231,504
All other governmental funds	
Reserved by state statute	423,684
Reserved for school construction	-
Reserved for public improvement construct	ti -
Unreserved (available for appropriation)	
Designated for subsequent year's exper	aditures
Special revenue funds	995,489
Capital Projects	120,200
Undesignated, reported in nonmajor	
Special revenue funds	2,771,931
Capital Projects	8,277,854
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 12,589,158

^{*} Fiscal years 2009 through 2010 are presented in the Pre-GASB 54 format on the bottom table with Fiscal years 2010 through 2018 presented showing the GASB 54 format. Fiscal year 2010 was restated by County Finance Staff and represents and was not subject to audit procedures.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

					Fiscal Year					
Revenues	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Ad Valorem taxes	\$ 30,144,926	\$ 31,596,349	\$ 31,873,214	\$ 32,738,695	\$ 36,071,119	\$ 35,485,256	\$ 36,419,897	\$39,426,432	\$40,390,916	\$ 40,736,763
Sales and other taxes	6,327,694	5,432,983	7,271,408	7,844,912	7,706,195	8,109,374	8,460,686	10,094,167	10,615,127	11,527,328
Licenses, fees and other revenue	3,384,135	1,824,726	2,074,806	2,093,304	2,150,691	2,127,385	2,354,341	2,439,890	2,326,902	2,766,361
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues	8,897,671	11,251,616	9,382,743	10,229,890	10,099,871	11,216,643	9,783,880	10,326,621	8,368,920	9,778,477
Investment earnings	182,190	127,862	61,598	49,130	41,765	26,657	37,952	169,172	484,589	1,420,517
Miscellaneous	341,778	371,189	293,653	177,404	350,646	236,566	235,137	184,525	112,088	121,899
Total Revenues	49,278,394	50,604,725	50,957,422	53,133,335	56,420,287	57,201,881	57,291,893	62,640,807	62,298,542	66,351,345
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	2,939,723	2,670,103	2,912,726	3,005,461	3,112,460	3,070,425	3,385,737	3,367,050	3,503,946	3,990,744
Public safety	10,873,165	8,414,677	10,087,628	9,770,114	10,267,270	10,010,614	10,551,246	10,831,586	10,830,932	11,802,610
Community services	2,267,231	3,540,856	3,116,885	3,443,616	3,189,156	3,031,754	4,563,679	3,565,425	4,025,750	4,253,181
Economic and physical development	74,319	108,058	406,286	467,279	27,644	56,777	103,287	_	_	
Human Services	9,204,421	10,683,498	10,683,159	10,907,712	10,461,480	10,122,056	10,439,671	10,151,118	9,328,515	9,964,36
Non-departmental & special areas	1,879,904	2,456,295	7,761,846	15,801,366	4,059,505	2,701,203	2,405,556	3,170,991	3,533,266	3,288,306
Capital Outlay	3,431,384	4,637,671	2,091,297	1,021,405	2,452,522	7,980,901	4,563,607	48,598	3,406,566	18,902,85
Intergovernmental:	3,131,301	1,037,071	2,071,277	1,021,103	2, 102,022	7,700,701	1,505,007	10,570	5,100,500	10,702,03
Education	15,247,427	24,698,148	17,583,181	14,864,489	14,859,485	14,604,207	15,250,609	16,306,405	16,125,309	17,623,166
Debt service:	13,247,427	24,070,140	17,505,101	14,004,407	14,057,405	14,004,207	13,230,007	10,500,405	10,123,307	17,023,100
Bond issuance cost	42,653	235,107	_	345,343	_	_	_	_	_	
Principal	3,558,017	4,325,081	5,317,182	4,649,290	5,186,772	19,162,582	6,369,959	7,014,344	6,654,760	7,037,373
Interest	2.021.963	2,493,032	2,812,748	2,711,060	2,857,638	3,247,813	3,109,783	2,876,526	2,724,068	3,477,571
Total expenditures	51,540,207	64,262,526	62,772,938	66,987,135	56,473,932	73,988,332	60,743,134	57,332,043	60,133,112	80,340,169
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,261,813)	(13,657,801)	(11,815,516)	(13,853,800)	(53,645)	(16,786,451)	(3,451,241)	5,308,764	2,165,430	(13,988,824
Other financing sources (uses)										
Debt proceeds	19,815,000	16,000,000	14,000,000	26,855,000	-	25,750,000	5,485,000	-	18,949,000	34,665,000
Premium on debt	463,302	=	-	2,525,946	-	-	-	-	-	3,864,139
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	(10,500,708)	-	-	(18,350,717)	-	-	(5,409,698)	-	(4,968,193)	(9,243,722
Transfers in from other funds	5,747,250	2,939,116	4,207,569	1,186,952	487,105	617,535	490,426	663,301	6,829,996	11,722,559
Transfers out to other funds	(5,747,250)	(5,912,886)	(4,207,569)	(1,406,952)	(487,105)	(617,535)	(490,426)	(663,301)	(7,929,996)	(11,722,559
Total other financing sources (uses)	9,777,594	13,026,230	14,000,000	10,810,229		25,750,000	75,302		12,880,807	29,285,417
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over										
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	7,515,781	(631,571)	2,184,484	(3,043,571)	(53,645)	8,963,549	(3,375,939)	5,308,764	15,046,237	15,296,593
Net change in fund balances	\$ 7,515,781	\$ (631,571)	\$ 2,184,484	\$ (3,043,571)	\$ (53,645)	\$ 8,963,549	\$ (3,375,939)	\$ 5,308,764	\$15,046,237	\$ 15,296,593
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital										
expenditures	11.40%	11.79%	15.05%	# 11.45%	14.88%	30.54%	16.51%	17.46%	16.29%	15.23

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

(UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year			• •					Ot	her Taxes	Total		
2010	\$ 30,144,926	\$	5,915,129	\$	11,612	\$	400,953	\$	36,472,620			
2011	31,596,349		4,929,327		11,606		503,656		37,040,938			
2012	31,873,214		5,512,386		11,887		490,872		37,888,359			
2013	32,738,695		5,977,343		12,167		481,307		39,209,512			
2014	36,071,119		5,826,915		12,579		532,830		42,443,443			
2015	35,485,256		6,038,601		13,127		591,103		42,128,087			
2016	36,419,897		6,322,373		13,619		651,742		43,407,631			
2017	39,426,432		7,758,228		14,439		697,315		47,896,414			
2018	40,390,916		8,143,429		14,821		758,921		49,308,087			
2019	\$ 40,736,763	\$	8,625,333	\$	15,499	\$	755,468	\$	50,133,063			

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles	Plus Discoveries	Less Abatements	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Estimated Actual Taxable/Market Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Market Value
2010	\$ 3,203,221,864	\$ 411,796,666	\$ 119,939,515	\$ (65,594,788)	\$ 3,669,363,257	0.825	\$ 30,272,247	\$ 30,820,858	98.22%
2011	3,495,709,869	341,241,745	127,933,962	(9,200,000)	3,955,685,576	0.795	31,447,700	30,325,651	103.70%
2012	3,517,432,454	360,457,359	124,469,560	(7,083,396)	3,995,275,977	0.795	31,762,444	30,258,592	104.97%
2013	3,574,424,012	378,323,522	137,054,969	(10,881,132)	4,078,921,371	0.795	32,427,425	29,975,434	108.18%
2014	3,645,649,362	520,715,946	135,053,012	(5,627,108)	4,295,791,212	0.830	35,605,455	34,448,002	103.36%
2015	3,682,196,152	425,683,950	131,119,277	(5,085,060)	4,233,914,319	0.830	35,141,489	33,999,118	103.36%
2016	3,748,910,780	453,337,711	176,613,012	(14,976,988)	4,363,884,515	0.830	36,220,241	35,042,803	103.36%
2017	3,864,445,943	479,207,273	156,940,227	(4,929,432)	4,495,664,011	0.880	39,561,843	38,275,777	103.36%
2018	3,963,931,502	492,314,205	147,853,295	(2,375,000)	4,601,724,002	0.880	40,495,171	39,178,765	103.36%
2019	\$ 4,195,616,988	\$ 533,757,619	\$ 186,059,524	\$ (59,779,524)	\$ 4,855,654,607	0.840	40,787,499	39,461,589	103.36%

Source: Granville County Tax Department

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Fiscal Year									
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	
County Direct Rates*											
County-wide Rate	0.840	0.880	0.880	0.830	0.830	0.830	0.795	0.795	0.795	0.825	
Municipality Rates											
City of Oxford	0.640	0.640	0.640	0.640	0.620	0.620	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	
Town of Stem	0.450	0.450	0.450	0.450	0.450	0.450	0.450	0.450	0.450	0.450	
Town of Stovall	0.490	0.490	0.490	0.490	0.490	0.490	0.490	0.490	0.490	0.490	
City of Creedmoor	0.635	0.635	0.665	0.665	0.700	0.700	0.700	0.700	0.700	0.700	
Town of Butner\	0.365	0.365	0.365	0.350	0.350	0.350	0.350	0.350	0.350	0.250	
Oxford Parking Authority	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	
Oxford Municipal Service District	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200	
Oxford Economic Development District 0.100		0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS **JUNE 30, 2019** CURRENT YEAR AND SIX YEARS AGO*

			2019		2014				
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value I		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	
Revlon	\$	97,876,641	1	2.02%	\$	75,559,686	1	1.83%	
Certainteed Corporation		60,991,038	2	1.26%		63,590,386	2	1.54%	
Duke Energy Progress		41,525,679	3	0.86%		40,266,866	3	0.98%	
SantaFe Natural Tobacco Company		38,015,948	4	0.78%		28,456,286	4	0.69%	
Bridgestone Commercial Solutions^		37,404,118	5	0.77%		27,221,235	5	0.66%	
Delhaize America Distribution		19,315,850	6	0.40%		-	-	-	
Altec Industries Inc.		19,984,068	7	0.41%		-	-	-	
Safway (Sunrock)		19,933,911	8	0.41%		-	-	-	
Public Service Co. of NC		28,199,133	9	0.58%		27,428,688	7	0.66%	
WAKE EMC		24,084,093	10	0.50%		25,992,574	6	0.63%	
Butner Acquisition Company		-	-	0.00%		20,101,045	8	0.49%	
Carefusion EIT LLC		-	-	0.00%		19,853,326	9	0.48%	
Newton Instrument Company		-	-	0.00%		19,598,899	10	0.47%	
Totals	\$	387,330,479		7.98%	\$	348,068,991		8.43%	

Source: Granville County Tax Department

[^] In 2007 Company name was Bandag Inc.
** In 2007 Company name was Alaris Medical Systems, Inc.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy					Total Collect	tions to Date		
Fiscal Year Ended December 31	Total Tax Levy for Fiscal Year	 Amount	Percentage o			llections in equent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2010	\$ 30,180,232	\$ 29,039,361	96.22%	\$	5	1,048,991	\$ 30,088,352	99.70%		
2011	31,512,371	30,623,639	97.18%			857,806	31,481,445	99.90%		
2012	31,762,444	30,856,878	97.15%			875,397	31,732,275	99.91%		
2013	32,427,425	31,513,749	97.18%			877,088	32,390,837	99.89%		
2014	35,605,455	34,934,862	98.12%			634,012	35,568,874	99.90%		
2015	35,141,489	34,735,388	98.84%			359,497	35,094,885	99.87%		
2016	36,220,241	35,922,785	99.18%			256,992	36,179,777	99.89%		
2017	39,561,843	39,186,091	99.05%			292,543	39,478,634	99.79%		
2018	40,495,171	40,063,479	98.93%			267,142	40,330,621	99.59%		
2019	\$ 40,787,499	\$ 40,112,789	98.35%	\$	8	_	\$ 40,112,789	98.35%		

Source: Granville County Tax Department

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Installment Obligations	Financing Agreements	Certificates of Participation	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Per Capita *	Percentage of Personal Income*	
2010	\$ 49,345,000	\$ 4,369,561	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100,570	\$ 53,815,131	957	3.47%	
2011	46,635,414	3,990,096	-	16,000,000	-	66,625,510	1,100	3.92%	
2012	43,363,248	17,607,184	8,048,861	15,510,000	-	84,529,293	1,389	4.86%	
2013	41,650,118	27,935,125	7,198,333	15,020,000	-	91,803,576	1,582	5.15%	
2014	38,203,031	27,451,269	6,337,174	14,530,000	-	86,521,474	1,488	4.64%	
2015	34,770,946	37,865,337	6,870,000	14,040,000	-	93,546,283	1,605	4.56%	
2016	31,513,181	35,686,398	4,743,262	13,550,000	-	85,492,841	1,455	4.08%	
2017	28,097,562	33,250,867	3,977,065	13,060,000	-	78,385,494	1,321	3.80%	
2018	24,965,944	44,995,132	3,201,290	12,565,000	-	85,727,366	1,415	3.92%	
2019	\$ 59,983,941	\$ 33,162,000	\$ 2,415,818	\$ 12,070,000	\$ -	\$ 107,631,759	1,788	4.84%	

Note 1: Details regarding the county's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Note 2: Per Capita amounts are based on population numbers as of July 1 of the fiscal year.

^{*} Total Personal income can be calculated using population and per capita income information found on Table 14

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds	Less: Amo Available in Service F	n Debt	Total	Percentage of Personal Income*	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2010	\$ 49,345,000	\$	_	\$ 49,345,000	3.11%	1.34%	859
2011	46,635,414		-	46,635,414	2.74%	1.18%	770
2012	43,363,248		-	43,363,248	2.49%	1.09%	712
2013	41,650,118		-	41,650,118	2.34%	1.02%	718
2014	38,203,031		-	38,203,031	2.05%	0.89%	657
2015	34,770,946		-	34,770,946	1.70%	0.82%	597
2016	31,513,181		-	31,513,181	1.50%	0.72%	536
2017	28,097,562		-	28,097,562	1.36%	0.62%	474
2018	24,965,944		-	24,965,944	1.14%	0.54%	412
2019	\$ 59,983,941	\$	-	\$ 59,983,941	2.70%	1.24%	996

Note: Population figures are as of July 1 of the fiscal year.

* Total Personal income can be calculated using population and per capita income information found on Table 14

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAOLINA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						Fiscal Y	ear									
		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
Debt limit	\$	293,549,061	\$ 316,454,846	\$ 319,622,078	\$ 326,313,710	\$ 343,663,297	\$	338,713,146	\$	349,110,761	\$	359,653,121	\$	368,137,920	\$	388,452,369
Total net debt applicable to limit		57,390,915	 53,041,051	 84,529,293	 91,803,576	86,521,474		93,546,283	_	85,517,519	_	78,385,494	_	85,727,366		107,631,759
Legal debt margin	\$	236,158,146	\$ 263,413,795	\$ 235,092,785	\$ 234,510,134	\$ 257,141,823	\$	245,166,863	\$	263,593,242	\$	281,267,627	\$	282,410,554	\$	280,820,610
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		19.55%	16.76%	26.45%	28.13%	25.18%		27.62%		24.50%		21.79%		23.29%		27.71%
Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Y	Year 2	2019														
Assessed value															\$	4,855,654,607
Debt limit (8% of total assessed value) Debt applicable to limit:																388,452,369
General obligation bonds																59,983,941
Installment Obligations																33,162,000
Certificates of Participation																2,415,818
Lease Financing Agreements - Government	al Act	tivities														12,070,000
Total net debt applicable to limit	ai Aci	uvides														107,631,759
Legal debt margin															\$	280,820,610
Legai deot margin															Ф	200,020,010

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	(1) Population	(2) Per Capita Income	(3) Percent High School Graduate	Percent Bachelor's Degree or Higher	(4) School Enrollment	(5) Unemployment Rate
2010	57,434	27,588	65.3	14	8,637	9.9%
2011	60,547	28,085	78.3	14	8,545	10.5%
2012	60,863	28,590	79.9	14	8,505	10.1%
2013	58,036	30,722	81.7	15	8,479	9.8%
2014	58,162	32,087	81.7	15	8,100	6.8%
2015	58,284	35,194	82	17.7	7,988	4.9%
2016	58,750	35,652	82	17.7	7,868	5.1%
2017	59,322	34,807	82	17.6	7,667	3.6%
2018	60,566	36,078	82	19.4	7,438	3.3%
2019	60,213	36,924	83.6	21	7,314	3.4%

Source 1: Population figures are from the North Carolina Department of the State Demographer

Fiscal year 2015 figure based on 2014 Est from NC Dept. of Commerce ACCESSNC table.

Fiscal year 2016 based on FY 2015 figure and projected annual growth of 0.8%.

Fiscal year 2017 based on FY 2015 NCOSBM figure and projected annualized growth of .66%.

Fiscal year 2018 based on projected July 2018 NCOSBM figure.

Source 2: Per capita income figures are from the United States Department of Commerce

Bureau of Economic Analysis. Most recent data available thru 2010.

(Note: fiscal years 2009 - 2010 were restated to reflect a single source of information. Previous

tables in prior year CAFR documents utilized a different source for this information)

Fiscal year 2011 & 2012 were estimated based on NC Department of Commerce growth projections.

Fiscal year 2015 figure based on 2014 Est. Median Worker Earnings from NC Dept. of Commerce ACCESSNC table.

Fiscal year 2016 base on FY 2015 figure and projected Per Capita income annual growth of 1.3%

Fiscal year 2017 based on FY 2015 per capita figure and projected FY 2016 per capita income annual growth of 1.3% (both from ACCESSNC)

Fiscal year 2018 based on FY 2016 per capita figure (Nov '18 ACCESSNC report) and projected growth of 1.3%.

Source 3: Percent high school graduates and percent bachelor's degree or higher are from the

North Carolina Department of Commerce files

Fiscal year 2015 figure based on 2014 Est from NC Dept. of Commerce ACCESSNC table.

Fiscal year 2016 figure based on 2015 Est from NC Dept. of Commerce ACCESSNC table.

Fiscal year 2017 figure based on 2016 Est from NC Dept. of Commerce ACCESSNC table.

Fiscal year 2018 figure based on 2017 Est from NC Dept. of Commerce ACCESSNC table.

Source 4: School Enrollment numbers are from the Department of Public Instruction - Average Daily Membership

Fiscal year 2016 figure based on Dept of Public Instruction - Average Daily Membership

Fiscal year 2017 figure based on Dept of Public Instruction - Average Daily Membership

Fiscal year 2018 figure based on Dept of Public Instruction - Average Daily Membership - Does not include charter schools

Source 5: Unemployment rates are from the North Carolina Department of Commerce - Labor &

Economic Analysis Division

Fiscal year 2015 figure based on 2014 Est from NC Dept. of Commerce ACCESSNC table.

Fiscal year 2016 figure based on NC Dept of Commerce - D4 table

Fiscal year 2017 figure taken from NCACCESS

Fiscal year 2018 figure taken from NCACCESS (Aug 2018 Prelim, 2017 Unemployment Rate)

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO*

	2019				2011		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Revlon	1,000	1	3.27%	Revlon	1,450	1	5.70%
Altec Industries	600	2	1.96%	Altec Industries	400	2	1.57%
Food Lion Distribution	550	3	1.80%	Certainteed Corporation	300	3	1.18%
Certainteed Corporation	250	4	0.82%	Food Lion Distribution	300	4	1.18%
Ideal Fastner	200	5	0.65%	Flextronics	250	5	0.98%
Bridgestone Bandag	200	6	0.65%	Ideal Fastener	190	6	0.78%
Clayton Homes	200	7	0.65%	Bridgestone Commercial Solutions	177	7	0.75%
Gate Precast	150	8	0.49%	Newton Instrument Co.	170	8	0.67%
Santa Fe Natural Tobacco	140	9	0.46%	Clayton Homes	150	9	0.59%
Newton Instruments	130	10	0.43%	Santa Fe Natural	142	10	0.56%
Dill Air Controls	120	11	0.39%	Gate Precast	125	11	0.49%
A & W NC	100	12	0.33%	PalletOne of North Carolina, Inc.	109	12	0.43%
	3,640		11.92%	Total	3,763		14.88%

Source: Information from Granville County Economic Development Commission

^{*} Management decided to present this table over a eight year period rather than provide ten individual years of information to improve usefulness of th information. Given the changes in business environments, a three year period was determined to provide a clearer picture of economic change. (Note addition years information can be viewed on the County's web site under the Finance Department section: www.granvillecounty.org

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(UNAUDITED)

					Fiscal Yea	ır				
- -	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function										
General Government	35	35	35.5	35	36.5	39	39	39	39	42
Human Services	98.5	98.5	100	98	98	99.5	103.5	103	102	106
Community Services	40.5	42.5	44.5	49.5	56	56	58.5	54	61	66
Public Safety										
Sheriff's Dept./Detention Center	90.5	94.5	99.5	99	99.5	100	99.5	102	103	102
Emergency Services*	72.5	25	26	25	29	31	29	31	43	31
Emergency Management	3	3	4	3	3	4	3	3	4	4
Solid Waste	4	4	4.5	4.5	4.5	5.5	5.5	6	6	6
Water & Sewer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Total	344	302.5	314	314	326.5	335	338	338	358	357

Source: Granville County Human Resource Department & Granville County Finance Department

^{*} Emergency Services includes, Forestry, EMS, Emergency Communications, & Animal Control. On July 1, 2010 EMS Services & Staff were transferred to Granville Health Systems.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

					Fiscal '	Year				
-	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function										
Public Safety/Sheriff										
Incident Reports**	8,773	10,220	8,920	8,918	8,763	8,446	8,505	7,425	8,499	7,663
Miscellaneous Incident Reports	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arrests	1,023	1,353	1,409	1,189	1,014	887	994	978	849	744
Court Papers	8,221	8,026	7,427	6,965	5,945	7,532	6,604	6,955	6,328	6,346
Public Safety/Emerg Mgmt/Fire										
Number of calls answered (includes fire &	2,475	2,754	2,594	2,585	1,953	2,335	2,333	2,272	2,344	2,464
medical first response calls)										
Inspections	172	205	233	263	216	235	247	225	382	359
Solid Waste										
MSW Landfill Tonnage (May 1, 2013 - present)				3,091	17,403	20,634	20,120	46,685	40,489	51,818
C & D Landfill Tonnage	16,493	17,171	14,237	13,024	15,447	13,480	15,172	2,757	0	0
Convenience Sites Tonnage	8,635	8,248	8,069	7,643	7,543	8,625	10,422	10,122	10,775	11,095
Civil Citations	4	10	5	7	5	4	6	5	5	2
Criminal Citations	1	1	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
Community Services/Library										
Items Added to Physical Collection	2,429	8,903	7,297	6,904	5,468	6,079	6,085	6,877	7,579	7,530
Items Added to Virtual Collection^	-	-	4,067	160	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6,392	n/a
Circulation	178,460	186,335	209,706	136,094	118,346	126,891	135,810	136,844	130,075	142,725
Internet Use	36,648	42,276	45,828	61,369	45,713	54,830	54,850	56,883	48,195	48,049
Program Attendance	4,378	4,261	6,594	6,584	14,160	17,367	16,155	11,337	5,075	8,094
Community Services/Planning & Inspections										
Number of Building Permits Issued	573	443	393	474	459	513	667	629	638	726
Number of Mobile Home Permits Issued	60	61	57	59	52	57	68	72	48	71
Number of Other Permits Issued (Includes	548	574	588	695	768	825	857	913	834	1,030
Electrical, Plumbing & Mechanical)										
Human Services/Social Services										
Average # Adult Medicaid Eligible Cases	2,293	2,340	2,464	2,525	2,515	3,000	5,534	3,997	4,353	4,450
Average # Family & Child Medicaid Cases	4,031	4,168	4,335	4,366	4,315	5,887	5,726	5,212	5,656	5,949
Average # Households Receiving Food Stamps	3,041	3,738	4,156	4,187	4,412	4,192	3,940	3,615	3,452	3,273
Average \$ Fraud Collections per Month	3,853	3,313	3,158	2,814	1,714	2,564	5,120	6,108	6,910	6,715
Education										
School enrollment	8,637	8,545	8,505	8,479	8,037	7,964	7,825	7,667	7,438	7,314

Sources: Various county government departments. School enrollment statistics are from the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction

[^] Virtual collection includes e-books & downloadable audio books.

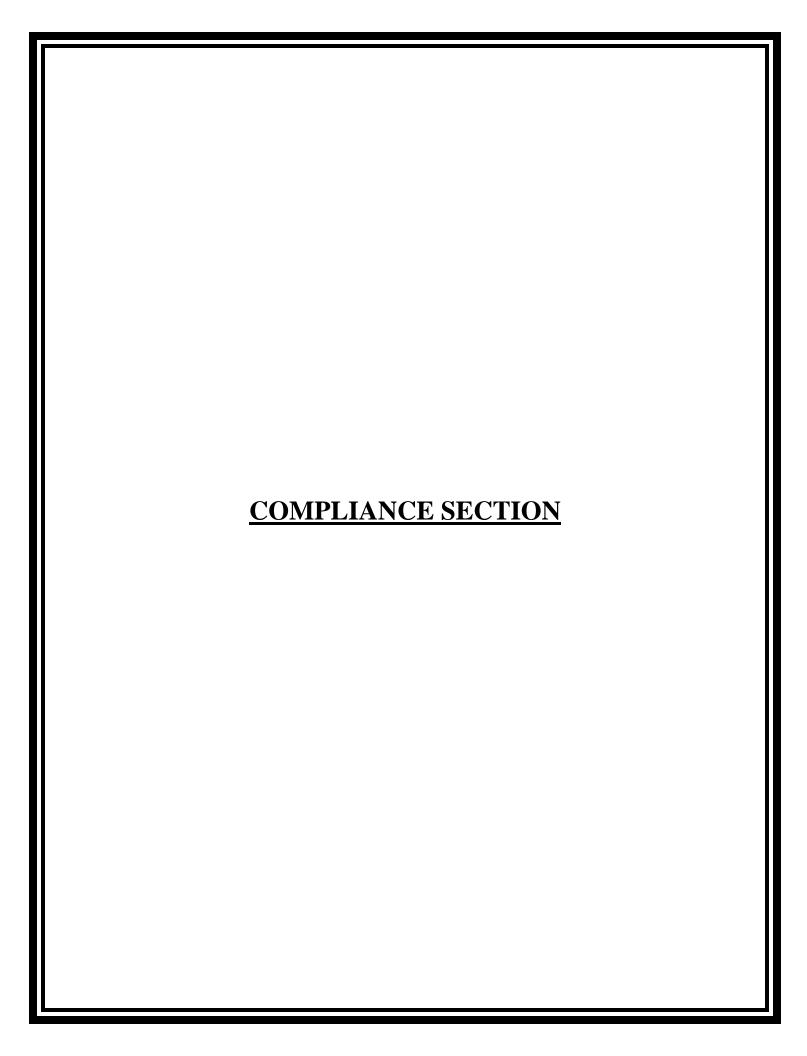
^{**} Beginning fiscal year 2009, the Granville County Sheriff's Department combines miscellaneous incident reports and individually initiated incident reports.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(UNAUDITED)

					Fisca	l Year				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function										
Public Safety										
Sheriff (Stations)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire stations	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Highways and streets										
Streets (miles)	1510	1528	1534	1595	1513	1521	1542	1546	1551	1554
Culture and recreation										
Parks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Libraries	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Education										
Schools	19	19	20	20	21	21	21	19	19	20

Source: North Carolina Department of Public Instruction, Granville County Granville County Finance Office



Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans, & Company, LLP

Gary L. Williams, CPA Carleen P. Evans, CPA Jennifer T. Reese, CPA Tara H. Roberson, CPA

Certified Public Accountants



Curtis G. Van Horne, CPA

Report On Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To The Board of County Commissioners Granville County, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Granville County, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises Granville County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Granville Health System as described in our report on Granville County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by those auditors. The financial statements of Granville Health System, Granville County ABC Board, Granville County Tourism Development Authority, and South Granville Memorial Gardens were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Granville County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Granville County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.





Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Granville County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP Certified Public Accountants Oxford, NC December 20, 2019

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans, & Company, LLP

Gary L. Williams, CPA Carleen P. Evans, CPA Jennifer T. Reese, CPA Tara H. Roberson, CPA

Certified Public Accountants

CPASM
America Counts on CPAs

Curtis G. Van Horne, CPA

Report On Compliance with Requirements Applicable To Each Major Federal Program And Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Granville County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Granville County, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of Granville County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Granville County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and State statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Granville County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, OMB Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Granville County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.





We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Granville County's compliance.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Medical Assistance Program

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, Granville County did not comply with requirements regarding the CFDA 93.778 Medical Assistance Program as described in finding numbers 19-1 for Eligibility. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for Granville County to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Qualified Opinion on the Medical Assistance Program

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, Granville County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the Medical Assistance Program for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Major Federal Programs

In our opinion, Granville County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its other major federal programs identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 19-2. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Granville County's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and the corrective action plan. Granville County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Granville County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Granville County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or

significant deficiencies may exit that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we ideitified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in *internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 19-1 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 19-2 to be a significant deficiency.

Granville County's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and the corrective action plan. Granville County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP Certified Public Accountants Oxford, NC December 20, 2019

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans, & Company, LLP

Gary L. Williams, CPA Carleen P. Evans, CPA Jennifer T. Reese, CPA Tara H. Roberson, CPA

Certified Public Accountants

Curtis G. Van Horne, CPA



Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major State Program And Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Granville County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Granville County, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of Granville County's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Granville County's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state awards applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Granville County's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the *State Single Audit Implementation Act*. Those standards, Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Granville County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.





We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on Granville County's compliance.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Medical Assistance Program

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, Granville County did not comply with requirements regarding CFDA 93.778 Medical Assistance Program as described in finding number 19-1 for Eligibility. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for Granville County to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Qualified Opinion on the Medical Assistance Program

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, Granville County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the Medical Assistance Program for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Major State Programs

In our opinion, Granville County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its other major state programs identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed other instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 19-2. Our opinion on each major state program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Granville County's responses to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and the corrective action plan. Granville County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Granville County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Granville County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for the major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance

that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-1 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 17-2 to be a significant deficiency.

Granville County's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and the corrective action plan. Granville County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP Certified Public Accountants Oxford, NC December 20, 2019

Section I.	Summary of Aud	litor's Results	
<u>Financial Statements</u>			
Type of report the auditor issued accordance to GAAP: U		ial statements au	idited were prepared in
Internal control over financial rep	porting:		
Material weakness(es) identi	fied?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
• Significant Deficiency(s) ide	entified?	Yes	X None reported
Noncompliance material to finan statements noted	cial	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major feder	al programs:		
• Material weakness(es) identi	fied?	X Yes	No
• Significant Deficiency(s) ide	entified?	_X_Yes	None reported
Type of auditor's report issued of federal programs except for Med			
Any audit findings disclosed that required to be reported in accorwith 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		X_Yes	No
Identification of major federal pr	ograms:		
<u>CFDA#</u> 93.778 10.561		Program Name Assistance Prog Jutrition Assistar	gram
Dollar threshold used to distingu between Type A and Type B Pr) <u>,000</u>	
Auditee qualified as low-risk aud	litee? _	Yes	X_No

	Section III – Federal Award Findings a	and Questione	ed Costs
None no			
	Section II – Financial Stateme	nt Findings	
	Rural Infrastructure State Grant Funds Building Re Public School Building Capital Fund	euse Grant	
	Program Name Medical Assistance		
	Identification of major State programs:		
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act	<u>X</u> Yes	No
	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for m federal programs except for Medical Assistance, which		rams: Unmodified, for all
	• Significant Deficiency(s) identified?	<u>X</u> Yes	None reported
	• Material weakness(es) identified?	X Yes	No
	Internal control over major State programs:		
	State Awards		

US Department of Health and Human Services

Passed-through the NC Dept. of Health and Human Services Program Name: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX) CFDA #: 93.778

Finding: 2019-1

MATERIAL WEAKNESS NONMATERIAL NONCOMPLIANCE

Required verifications and documentation for Eligibility

Criteria: Per the North Carolina Medicaid Assistance Program Compliance Supplement, the DSS manuals (Aged, Blind and Disabled manual and the Family and Medicaid manual), Administrative Division Children and Letters from the Health Benefits case files for individuals or families receiving assistance are required to retain documentation to evidence appropriate eligibility determination, including verifications of and support for:

- Age
- Citizenship/Identity
- State residency
- Household composition and relationship
- Living arrangement

- Social Security Number
- Pregnancy (if applicable)
- Disability, Blindness (if applicable)
- Medicare
- Cooperation with Child Support
- Liquid Assets
- Vehicles and Other Personal Property
- Real Property
- Deductibles
- Income (Self-employment, Other earned income, Unearned income)
- Accurate computation of countable income and resources.
- Reviews/Applications must be completed timely.

The DSS manuals and Administrative letters also provide income maintenance amounts and resource limits for the respective Medicaid program and budget unit size. The computed countable income and resources must be under these limits for the person / family to be eligible for the Medicaid program.

Condition: We noted 59 instances of case records not containing the proper verifications or proper computations as required by policy. Five of these files were not reviewed timely. Five case files did not contain the appropriate entries for the level of care as required for living arrangement documentation. One case did not contain any documentation as to how the disability was verified. One case did not contain a second source to verify NC residency. Another case did not have the correct information entered into evidence in NCFast related to Medicare insurance. One case did not follow policy regarding patients in lockdown units. One case did not follow the post eligibility requirement that the applicant apply for social security disability. One case showed information in the New Hire information on the On-line Verification that was not cleared/followed up on. One case went to an ex-parte review upon termination of SSI benefits however the person was not eligible for Medicaid as they were over the income limit but their case was not properly end dated and they continued receiving benefits. One case did not send timely notification of the need for the updated FL-2 until it was already past due. A case did not receive the Appendix E for the Special Assistance payment calculations until 5 months after the authorization date so payment continued based off of the original application, not the recertification. One case did not verify the age of the case participant until four months after the certification. One case did not run on-line verification for the child and did not have any verification in the file supporting US citizenship. Two cases contained errors in the calculation of household composition and household size. In a deductible case it was noted that the bills used to satisfy the ongoing deductible were for a month that was later approved for retroactive coverage of Medicaid however since the December bills were utilized to meet a deductible and then subsequently approved for payment under another case, that case would be ineligible. In one case, the eligibility check showed a different amount for unearned income than what was verified during the certification process and the decision was accepted by the caseworker. There were six cases that contained errors with vehicle verifications. Bank account verifications and recording of those accounts led to errors in seven cases. Three did not have the case's resource ownership properly documented in the records. One case did not enter the cash surrender value of life insurance into evidence of NCFast. Two case files entered the property as \$0.01 in evidence in NCFast instead of entering the actual value of the property owned. Finally, there were a total of 15 errors dealing with income verification / calculation.

Questioned Costs: There were \$45 in known errors. The known error rate projects or extrapolates to the entire population of claims paid for the year to an estimated \$302,268 in questioned costs for these cases. These questioned costs are for claims paid to beneficiaries and are not reported on the County's Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards. The claims are paid directly by the

State of North Carolina to the providers or the beneficiaries. Beneficiary eligibility is determined by the county and claim eligibility is determined by the State. The claim payments are reported on the State's Schedule of Expenditures and Federal Awards only.

Context: Out of 852,224 Medicaid claims paid during the year, we tested the Medicaid certification of eligibility (initial application or recertification of eligibility) that related to the period that included the date of service for the claim being tested for 101 claims. The conditions noted above were noted in 33 of the 101 case files tested.

Effect: Case files not containing all required documentation result in a risk that the County could provide services to individuals not eligible to receive such services or that such individuals could be denied to eligible benefits. Upon notification of the missing documentation or the errors in calculations in the case files, the County was able to obtain documentation and provide corrected calculations to substantiate that the recipients tested were eligible to receive benefits in all but two cases and the related claims. Those claims totaled \$45.

Identification of a repeat finding: This is a repeat finding from previous audits, 2017-1, 2017-2, 2016-2, 2016-3, 2016-4, 2016-6, and 2016-7.

Cause: The County did not retain required documentation in case files at the time that eligibility was determined. The review performed by the caseworker was ineffective in determining that all required items were retained, that all calculations were accurate, and that all necessary information was entered into NCFast.

Recommendation: We recommend that the County train and monitor employees on the eligibility determination process, specifically those areas noted to have errors above. Files should be reviewed internally to ensure proper documentation is in place for eligibility. NCFast should be reviewed to determine that information gathered during the review is properly input into the system and that system driven calculations are utilizing the available information.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions:

- The County will continue to train employees on a monthly basis and as needed when policies are received.
- The County will continue to hold weekly huddles and power meetings to discuss case issues and case due dates.
- Supervisors and lead workers will continue to conduct second party reviews focusing on the above-mentioned errors and appropriate documentation.
- Supervisors and lead workers will continue to use the Check List to ensure proper information is in NCFAST to make an accurate and timely eligibility determination.

US Department of Health and Human Services

Passed-through the NC Dept. of Health and Human Services Program Name: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX)

CFDA #: 93.778

Finding: 2019-2

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

DSS Crosscutting Requirements for Reporting

Criteria: Employee daysheets should be completed timely so all time is included in the monthly Percentage of Time Report submitted to the State. All time included on the daysheets should be supported by documentation within the casefiles or other documentation maintained by the County.

Condition: We noted four instances in which the employee's daysheets could not be supported by documentation in the casefiles or other documentation maintained by the County.

Questioned Costs: None. Finding relates to reporting criteria.

Context: Out of the 40 days sheets tested, we noted four instances in which the employee's daysheets could not be supported by documentation in the casefiles or other documentation by the County. One of the daysheets did have documentation in the file on the previous day.

Effect: Time listed on the daysheets and therefore being included on the Percentage of Time Report that could not be supported as actually being performed could lead to overstatement of the time being reported for that month.

Cause: In one instance it was noted on the daysheet that a 2^{nd} party review had taken place but there was no documentation of the 2^{nd} party review in the file and no log maintained of 2^{nd} party reviews. It is also noted that sometimes the review of evidence in NCFast does not create timestamps within the software to validate work being performed. There is also an ineffective review being performed on daysheets to determine that work claimed on daysheets is supported by documentation within the County files.

Recommendation: We recommend that employees ensure that there is support maintained in files to support the work performed and claimed on their time sheets. Always remember to maintain an audit trail and when not performing action items within NCFast that will create time stamps to make notes and maintain a log such as details in client contacts or other locations that notes can be written that states the actions that were done such as reviewed evidence, telephone calls made, etc. The County should implement a review process of the daysheets where a sample is taken monthly to review support for the time claimed on the daysheets to verify that employees are reporting time accurately and that required support is being maintained.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: Employees will be provided a refresher training on documentation of day sheets and making sure their documentation on Day Sheets matches the case files.

Section IV – State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Program Name: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX)

CFDA # 93.778

SIGNFICANT DEFICIENCY: Finding 2019-1 and 2019-2 also applies to State requirements and State Awards



COUNTY OF GRANVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

141 WILLIAMSBORO STREET, P.O. BOX 906, OXFORD, NORTH CAROLINA 27565

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None noted.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding: 2019-1

Name of contact person: Ernestine S. Howard

Corrective Action: Monitoring of case files by Second Party Reviews and appropriate

documentation to proper eligibility determination

Proposed Completion Date: June 30, 2020

Finding: 2019-2

Name of contact person: Ernestine S. Howard

Corrective Action: Documentation of Day Sheet Training

Proposed Completion Date: March 31, 2020

Section IV – State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding 2019-1 and 2019-2 also apply to State Awards.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Finding: 17-1 Status: See Finding 2019-1. **Finding: 17-2** Status: See Finding 2019-1. Finding: 16-2 Status: See Finding 19-1. **Finding: 16-3** Status: See Finding 19-1. Finding: 16-4 Status: See Finding 19-1. Finding: 16-6 Status: See Finding 19-1. Finding: 16-7 Status: See Finding 19-1. Finding: 16-8 Status: This finding has been corrected and all corrective actions have been implemented. Second party reviews are routine. Backlog is now caught up and the County is passing the State report card for local agencies. Finding: 15-1 Status: See Finding 19-1. Finding: 15-5 Status: See finding 19-1. Finding: 15-6 Status: See finding 19-1.

Status: See finding 19-1. While 19-1 is for a different program, the eligibility rules are basically the same and issues were encountered in the application of those rules.

Finding: 15-8

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Finding: 15-10

Status: See finding 19-1. While 19-1 is for a different program, the eligibility rules are basically the

same and issues were encountered in the application of those rules.

Finding: 15-11

Status: See finding 19-1.

Finding: 14-1

Status: See Finding 19-1.

Finding: 14-6

Status: See Finding 19-1.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	STATE/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	FEDERAL (DIRECT & PASS- THROUGH) EXPENDITURES	STATE EXPENDITURES	PASSED-THROUGH TO SUBRECIPIENTS
FEDERAL AWARDS:					
U.S. Dept. of Agriculture Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services:					
Division of Social Services:					
Administration:					
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition	10.561		0 575.105	<i>A</i>	
Assistance Program Total U.S. Dept. of Agriculture	10.561		\$ 576,186 576,186	\$ - -	\$ -
U.S. Dept. of Justice					
Bureau of Justice Assistance:					
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Total U.S. Dept. of Justice	16.607		2,264 2,264		
U.S. Dept. of Transportation					
Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Transportation:		51001.05.40			
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	20.513	51001.35.4.3 51001.7.3.3	133,664	16,708	_
Total U.S. Dept. of Transportation	20.513	510013.3	133,664	16,708	
U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services					
Passed-through Kerr-Tar Council of Governments:					
Division of Aging and Adult Services: National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E	93.052		3,420	228	_
Social Services Block Grant-In Home Services	93.667		270,974	439	_
Aging Cluster:			ŕ		
Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part B-Grants for Supportive					
Services and Senior Centers	93.044		185,776	10,928	-
Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part C-Nutrition Services: Congregate Nutrition	93.045		79,040	4,649	_
Home-Delivered Meals	93.045		35,133	2,067	-
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053		23,489		
Total Aging Cluster			323,438	17,644	
Passed through Kerr-Tar Council of Governments: State Appropriations			-	17,821	-
Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services:					
Division of Social Services					
Foster Care and Adoption Cluster (Note 4 &5): Foster Care-Title IV-E	93.658		223,129	30,897	
Adoption Assistance	93.659		12,775	30,897	-
Total Foster Care and Adoption Cluster (Note 4)			235,904	30,897	-
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families:					
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Child Support Enforcement	93.558 93.563		543,895 489,119	-	-
Refugee and Entrant Assistance	93.566		489,119	-	-
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556		17,191	-	-
Family Support Payments to States_Assistance Payments	93.560		-	(14)	-
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance:			***		
Crisis Intervention Program Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.568 93.645		250,019 18,022	-	-
Social Services Block Grant (SSBG):	75.045		10,022		
SSBG-Other Service and Training	93.667		-	22,947	-
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674		5,608	1,402	-
Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services:					
Division of Child Development and Early Education:					
Subsidized Child Care (Note 5) Child Care Development Fund Cluster:					
Division of Social Services:					
Child Care Development Mandatory and Match Fund - Administration Total Subsidized Child Care (Note 4)	93.596		78,762 78,762		
			10,102		
Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services: Division of Health Benefits:					
Division of Social Services:					

164

Division of Social Services:

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	STATE/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	FEDERAL (DIRECT & PASS- THROUGH) EXPENDITURES	STATE EXPENDITURES	PASSED-THROUGH TO SUBRECIPIENTS
Administration:	93.778		1 505 411	6,000	
Medical Assistance Program (Note 5) Total Medical Assistance Program	93.778		1,505,411 1,505,411	6,000	
Division of Social Services					
Administration: Children's Health Insurance Program (Note 5)	93.767		57,621		_
Total Children's Health Insurance Program - N.C. Health Choice	75.101		57,621		
Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Insurance:					
Division of SHIIP:	93.324		4,105		
CDAP-State Health Insurance Assistance Program MIPPA - Medicare Enrollment Assistance Grant	93.324 93.071		4,105 2,160	-	-
WIII 1 A - Wedicale Enforment Assistance Grant	93.071		6,265		
Total U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services			3,806,292	97,364	
U.S. Dept. of Homeland Security					
Passed-through N.C. Dept. of Public Safety: Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042		32,642	_	
Emergency Management Operations Tier II Grant	97.042 N/A		32,042	967	-
Total U.S. Dept. of Homeland Security	IVA		32,642	967	
			4,551,048		
Total federal awards			4,331,048	115,039	
STATE AWARDS:					
N.C. Dept. of Administration Veterans Service				2,216	
			-	2,210	-
N.C. Dept. of Cultural and Natural Resources					
Division of State Library State Aid to Public Libraries			-	108,747	-
N.C. Dept. of Agriculture and Consumer Services					
Division of Soil and Water Conservation					
SWC - Administration			-	25,500	-
N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services Division of Aging and Adult Services:					
Passed-through the Kerr-Tar Council of Governments:					
Home Delivered Meals, Access & In-Home and Supportive Services			-	148,767	-
Division of Social Services: Child Welfare/CPS				90,811	_
Energy Assistance			_	8,190	-
Incentive/Program Integrity			-	830	-
Smart Start			-	25,270	-
State Foster Home - Direct			-	10,001	-
SFHF Maximization - Direct Total N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services				4,311 288,180	
				200,100	
N.C. Department of Public Instruction Public School Building Capital Fund					
Lottery Funds			-	539,245	-
N.C. Dept. of Environmental Quality Waste Red Trust Fund				18,687	
Division of Waste Mangement			-	10,00/	-
Electronics Management			-	3,760	-
~				22,447	

GRANVILLE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	STATE/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	FEDERAL (DIRECT & PASS- THROUGH) EXPENDITURES	STATE EXPENDITURES	PASSED-THROUGH TO SUBRECIPIENTS
N.C. Dept. of Transportation					
Rural Operating Assistance Program (ROAP) Cluster:					
ROAP Elderly and Disabled Transportation Assistance Program (EDTAP)		36220.10.8.1	-	75,900	59,119
ROAP Rural General Public Program (RGP)		36228.22.8.1	-	89,543	89,543
ROAP Work First Transitional-Employment		36236.11.7.1	-	2,083	-
Total Rural Operating Assistance Program (ROAP) Cluster			-	167,526	148,662
Total N.C. Dept. of Transportation				167,526	148,662
N.C. Dept. of Commerce N.C. Rural Economic Development Center Rural Infrastructure State Grant Funds			-	776,848	776,848
N.C Dept. of Public Safety Juvenile Crime Prevention Programs				191,524	129,116
Total State awards				2,122,233	1,054,626
Total federal and State awards			\$ 4,551,048	\$ 2,237,272	\$ 1,054,626

NOTES TO PRECEDING SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS:

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and state grant activity of Granville County, North Carolina, under the programs of the federal government and the state of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2019. The increase in the interest and state activity of Carolina for the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations.

Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Costs Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Granville County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of Granville County.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

3. Indirect Cost Rate

Granville County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. CLUSTER OF PROGRAMS

The following are clustered by the NC Department of Health and Human Services and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes: Subsidized Child Care and Foster Care and Adoption.

The amounts listed below were paid directly to individual recipients by the State from federal and State moneys. County personel are involved with certain functions, primarily eligibility determinations that cause benefit payments to be issued by the State. These amounts disclose this additional aid to

Program Title	CFDA No.	Federal		State	
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.551	\$	8,585,656	\$	-
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558		265,913		-
AFDC Payments and Penalties	93.560		(52)		-
Adoption Assistance	93.659		197,795		48,613
Medical Assistance Program	93.778		43,125,687		22,200,585
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767		1,465,461		(1)
Child Welfare Services Adoption			-		123,920
State / County Special Assistance Program			_		294,401