HERTFORD COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

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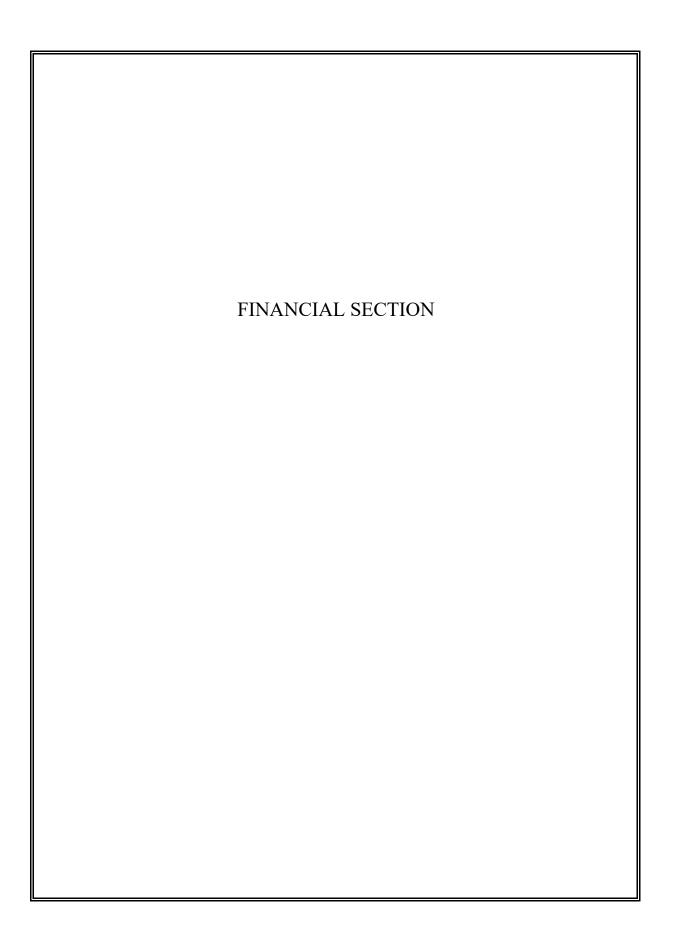
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of County Commissioners Hertford County, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hertford County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hertford County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Hertford County ABC Board. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Hertford County ABC Board, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Hertford County ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based upon on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hertford County, North Carolina as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and County Contributions, the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and County Contributions, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll, and the Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on pages 4 through 11 and 62 through 68, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Hertford County, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules as well as the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 8, 2019, on our consideration of Hertford County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hertford County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thompson, Rice, Scott, adams) & Co., P.A.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. Whiteville, NC November 8, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

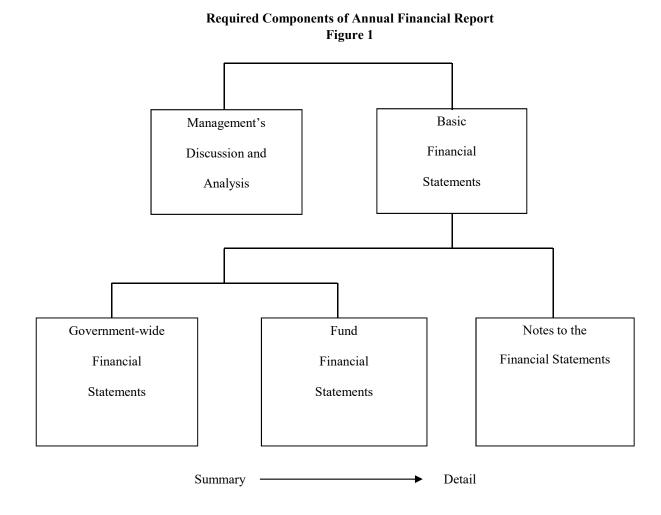
As management of Hertford County, we offer readers of Hertford County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Hertford County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Hertford County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$19,548,490 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$363,682, primarily due to an increased net position in the Governmental Activities of \$50,231 and an increase in the Business-Type Activities of \$313,451.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Hertford County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,068,506, an increase of \$797,213 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 28.80 percent of this total amount, or \$3,187,812, is restricted or nonspendable.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$4,369,111 or 17.79 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- Hertford County's total debt decreased by \$1,745,845 during the current fiscal year. The key factor is due largely to debt service payments exceeding debt proceeds for the year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Hertford County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Hertford County.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the County's non-major governmental funds and internal service funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Following the notes is the required supplemental information. This section contains funding information about the County's pension and benefit plans.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the total of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and the total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the County charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer and solid waste services offered by Hertford County. The final category is the component units. Although legally separate, component units are important because the County is financially accountable for these entities. The County has one component unit, the Hertford County ABC Board, that is reported as a discretely presented component unit.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Hertford County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Hertford County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*. This method also has a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Hertford County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – Hertford County has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Hertford County uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity and for its sanitation operations. These funds are the same as those separate activities shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Hertford County has five fiduciary funds: the Social Services Fund for benefit of certain individuals; the Inmates Money Fund for funds of inmates held by the County for their personal expenses; the Fines and Forfeitures Fund for funds collected by the County and remitted to the Hertford County Board of Education; the Tax Fund which accounts for taxes and fees collected by the County for the municipalities and special districts located within the county; and the Cooperative Extension Trust which accounts for the activity for Cooperative Extension activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 24 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. Hertford County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$19,548,490 as of June 30, 2019. One of the largest portions, \$17,809,350 (91.10%) reflects the County's net investment in its capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). Hertford County uses these capital assets to provided services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Hertford County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of Hertford County's net position \$3,187,812 (16.31%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining deficit balance of (\$1,448,672) is unrestricted.

	Governmental			Busine	Business-type						
		Activities			Activ	vitie	es	Total			
		2019		2018	2019		2018		2019		2018
Current and other assets	\$	12,861,731	\$	12,189,249	\$ 3,882,277	\$	4,269,548	\$	16,744,008	\$	16,458,797
Capital assets		22,881,685		23,912,127	12,449,352		11,762,117		35,331,037		35,674,244
Total assets		35,743,416		36,101,376	16,331,629		16,031,665		52,075,045		52,133,041
Deferred outflows of resources		2,310,456		1,561,411	110,161		73,717		2,420,617		1,635,128
Long-term liabilities outstanding		24,630,549		25,235,391	6,772,458		7,116,065		31,403,007		32,351,456
Other liabilities		908,155		949,052	520,191		208,657		1,428,346		1,157,709
Total liabilities		25,538,704		26,184,443	7,292,649		7,324,722		32,831,353		33,509,165
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,009,354		1,022,761	106,465		51,435		2,115,819		1,074,196
Net position:											
Net investment in capital assets		11,317,740		11,095,410	6,491,610		5,436,302		17,809,350		16,531,712
Restricted		3,187,812		3,256,579	-		-		3,187,812		3,256,579
Unrestricted		(3,999,738)		(3,896,406)	2,551,066		3,292,923		(1,448,672)		(603,483)
Total net position	\$	10,505,814	\$	10,455,583	\$ 9,042,676	\$	8,729,225	\$	19,548,490	\$	19,184,808

HERTFORD COUNTY'S NET POSITION Figure 2

Several particular aspects of the County's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Slight increase in tax collection percentages;
- Continued recognition of OPEB liability, including adoption of GASB 75;
- Implementation of pension standards;

HERTFORD COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION Figure 3

		Governmental Activities			Busine Activ	• •	be	Total		
	2019		2018		2019		2018	2019		2018
Revenues:										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 2,174,580	\$	2,535,806 \$	5	2,652,041	\$	2,573,699 \$	4,826,621	\$	5,109,505
Operating grants and										, ,
contributions	3,620,198		3,737,708		-		-	3,620,198		3,737,708
Capital grants and contributions	-		-		-		-	-		-
General revenues:										
Property taxes	14,173,766		13,434,075		-		-	14,173,766		13,434,075
Local option sales tax	5,107,114		4,829,161				-	5,107,114		4,829,161
Other taxes	232,951		233,038		-		-	232,951		233,038
Unrestricted grants and contributions	95,830		250,386		_		_	95,830		250,386
Investment Earnings	154,619		68,539		67,285		29,649	221,904		98,188
Miscellaneous	30.666		35,256		62,316		135,449	92,982		170,705
Total revenues	25,589,724		25,123,969		2,781,642		2,738,797	28,371,366		27,862,766
Total revenues	20,000,721		25,125,909		2,701,012		2,750,777	20,571,500		27,002,700
Expenses:										
General government	4,761,824		4,594,726		-		-	4,761,824		4,594,726
Public safety	8,055,377		7,620,413		-		-	8,055,377		7,620,413
Transportation	30,300		30,300		-		-	30,300		30,300
Economic and physical development	387,907		373,474		-		-	387,907		373,474
Human services	5,608,583		6,111,361		-		-	5,608,583		6,111,361
Cultural and recreation	105,942		110,810		-		-	105,942		110,810
Education	6,186,533		6,789,459		-		-	6,186,533		6,789,459
Interest on long-term debt	396,082		418,658		-		-	396,082		418,658
Sanitation	-		-		1,144,130		1,014,287	1,144,130		1,014,287
Water and sewer			-		1,331,006		1,211,598	1,331,006		1,211,598
Total expenses	25,532,548		26,049,201		2,475,136		2,225,885	28,007,684		28,275,086
Increase in net position before transfers										
and special items	57,176		(925,232)		306,506		512,912	363,682		(412,320)
Special Items	-		205,587		-		-	-		205,587
Transfers	(6,945)	-		6,945		-	-		-
Increase in net position	50,231		(719,645)		313,451		512,912	363,682		(206,733)
Net position, July 1	10,455,583		16,666,355		8,729,225		8,369,073	19,184,808		25,035,428
Restatement			(5,491,127)				(152,760)	-		(5,643,887)
Net position, July 1, as restated	10,455,583		11,175,228		8,729,225		8,216,313	19,184,808		19,391,541
Net position, June 30	\$ 10,505,814	\$	10,455,583 \$	5	9,042,676	\$	8,729,225 \$	19,548,490	\$	19,184,808

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$50,231. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

• Charges for services decreased by \$361,226 and property taxes and local option sales tax increased in the amounts of \$739,691 and \$277,953, respectively.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased Hertford County's net position by \$313,451 over the prior year. The key elements of this increase are as follows.

• Even though expenditures increased, charges for services increased by \$78,342.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Hertford County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Hertford County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Hertford County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Hertford County. At the end of the current fiscal year, Hertford County's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$7,907,291, while total fund balance reached \$10,397,370. The Governing Body of Hertford County has determined that the County should maintain an available fund balance of 8% of general fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the County. The County currently has an available fund balance of 32.20% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 42.34% of that same amount.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of Hertford County reported a combined fund balance of \$11,068,506, a 7.76% increase over last year. The primary reasons for this increase was a significant increase in property tax revenue and local option sales tax revenue.

There were other variances reflected in the governmental fund financial statements for 2019.

• Our 2019 overall collection rate is 96.37%, lower than the state average, but higher than the prior year rate of 96.19%.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. Total amendments to the General Fund increased the budget by \$670,326 or 2.63 percent.

Proprietary Funds. Hertford County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Sanitation Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$102,389 and those for the Water and Sewer Districts equaled \$2,448,677. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of Hertford County's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. Hertford County's capital assets for its governmental and business – type activities as of June 30, 2019, totals \$35,331,037 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, water lines, land, machinery and equipment, facilities, and vehicles.

				Figur	e 4							
	Governmental Business-type											
		Activ	vitie	s		Activ	vitie	s		Total		
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018
Land and Improvements	\$	482,083	\$	482,083	\$	44,317	\$	44,317	\$	526,400	\$	526,400
Construction in Progress		-		494,556		1,006,983		-		1,006,983		494,556
Buildings and Improvements	2	0,309,450	2	0,246,049		311,263		324,536	2	0,620,713	2	20,570,585
Plant and Distribution Systems		1,676,446		2,036,369	1	0,858,638	1	1,197,839	1	2,535,084	1	3,234,208
Equipment		413,706		653,070		203,898		161,199		617,604		814,269
Vehicle and Motor Equipment		-		-		24,253		34,225		24,253		34,225
Total	\$2	2,881,685	\$2	3,912,127	\$1	2,449,352	\$1	1,762,116	\$3	5,331,037	\$ 3	5,674,243

Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note III(a)(5) on pages 36-39.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2019, Hertford County had total debt outstanding of \$31,403,006 of which \$15,125,031 is bonded debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

Hertford County's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

		nmental vities		ss-type vities	Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 9,167,289	\$ 9,817,081	\$ 5,957,742	\$ 6,325,815	\$15,125,031	\$ 16,142,896	
Installment Purchases	2,396,656	3,124,636	-	-	2,396,656	3,124,636	
Compensated Absences	536,463	603,838	41,212	37,066	577,675	640,904	
Net pension liability (LGERS)	2,421,438	1,543,473	119,816	76,372	2,541,254	1,619,845	
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	680,289	663,501	-	-	680,289	663,501	
Landfill closure payable	-	-	129,688	149,786	129,688	149,786	
Net OPEB liability	9,428,414	9,482,862	524,000	527,026	9,952,414	10,009,888	
Total Long-Term Debt	\$24,630,549	\$25,235,391	\$ 6,772,458	\$ 7,116,065	\$31,403,007	\$ 32,351,456	

During the past fiscal year, Hertford County's total debt decreased by \$948,450 or 2.93 percent. General obligation debt of \$649,792 was retired in governmental activities and \$368,073 in the business-type activities.

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. Hertford County's debt limit is \$121,569,525.

Additional information regarding Hertford County's long-term debt can be found in Note III(a)(8) beginning on page 55 of this audited financial report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the current conditions of the County.

- The County's top ten taxpayers have an assessed valuation of \$230,145,206, which makes up 15.44% of the total assessed value. These top ten taxpayers remain sound and viable industries with property values remaining steady.
- The County has managed to maintain the same level of service and funding for key agencies such as schools, the health department & community college, doing so while maintaining a fund balance above what is recommended by the Local Government Commission.
- In lieu of very narrow revenue streams, the County strives to keep revenues and expendituers closely aligned within its operations.

Budget Highlights for Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Government Activities: The County adopted Fiscal Year 2020 general fund budget in the amount of \$25,980,568, which represents less than a one percent increase over last year's adopted budget due largely in part to a loss in real property values as a result of the 2019 Octenniel Revalution. Even with the loss in property valuations, we will be able to maintain the same level of service to the citizens via debt retirement and final payment of certain non-recurring expenditures.

Business-type Activities: The rates for residential customers in the County's Sanitation fund increased 20% due to increased operational costs as a result of e-waste and loss recyclables market. Tipping Fees for commercial customers and the Water Funds rates will remain unchanged for fiscal year 2020.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Loria Williams, County Manager, Hertford County Government Center 115 Justice Drive, Suite 1, Winton, North Carolina 27986. You can also call (252) 358-7805, visit our website at www.hertfordcountync.gov, or send an email to hertford.county@hertfordcountync.gov for more information.



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	P	Component Unit			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Hertford County ABC Board	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash investments	\$ 7,314,321	\$ 3,230,906	\$ 10,545,227	\$ 181,607	
Taxes receivable	791,529	-	791,529	-	
Accrued interest receivable on taxes	93,970	-	93,970	-	
Accounts receivables (net)	388,411	469,609	858,020	-	
Due from other governments	2,112,734	51,328	2,164,062	-	
Internal balances	-	-	-	-	
Net pension asset	28,513	-	28,513	-	
Inventory	-	24,744	24,744	359,589	
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	3,900	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	2,132,253	105,690	2,237,943	-	
Capital assets:					
Land, improvements, and					
construction in progress	482,083	1,041,300	1,523,383	113,708	
Other capital assets, net of					
depreciation	22,399,602	11,408,052	33,807,654	270,962	
Total capital assets	22,881,685	12,449,352	35,331,037	384,670	
Total assets	35,743,416	16,331,629	52,075,045	929,766	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,310,456	110,161	2,420,617	56,071	
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	778,043	388,793	1,166,836	51,248	
Customer deposits	39,400	105,690	145,090	-	
Accrued interest payable	90,712	25,708	116,420	-	
Due to primary government	-	-	-	-	
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year	1,717,106	387,803	2,104,909	-	
Due in more than one year	22,913,443	6,384,655	29,298,098	462,552	
Total long-term liabilities	24,630,549	6,772,458	31,403,007	462,552	
Total liabilities	25,538,704	7,292,649	32,831,353	513,800	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,009,354	106,465	2,115,819	48,871	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	11,317,740	6,491,610	17,809,350	384,670	
Stabalization by State Statute	2,501,145	-	2,501,145	-	
Register of Deeds	8,384	-	8,384	-	
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	
Human Services	678,283	-	678,283	-	
General Government	-	-	-	-	
Working Capital	-	-	-	38,496	
Capital Improvements	-	-	-	-	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(3,999,738)	2,551,066	(1,448,672)		
Total net position	\$ 10,505,814	\$ 9,042,676	\$ 19,548,490	\$ 423,166	

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Program Revenue	5		osition		
]	Primary Governmen	t	Component Unit
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Hertford County ABC Board
Primary government:	•							
Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$ 4,761,824	\$ 447,752	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (4,314,072)	\$ -	\$ (4,314,072)	\$ -
Public safety	8,055,377	1,500,459	338,512	-	(6,216,406)	-	(6,216,406)	-
Transportation	30,300	-	-	-	(30,300)	-	(30,300)	-
Economic and physical development	387,907	4,575	110,420	-	(272,912)	-	(272,912)	-
Human services	5,608,583	221,794	3,171,266	-	(2,215,523)	-	(2,215,523)	-
Cultural and recreation	105,942	-	-	-	(105,942)	-	(105,942)	-
Education	6,186,533	-	-	-	(6,186,533)	-	(6,186,533)	-
Interest on long-term debt	396,082	-	-	-	(396,082)	-	(396,082)	-
Total governmental activities	25,532,548	2,174,580	3,620,198	-	(19,737,770)	-	(19,737,770)	-
Business-type activities:								
Sanitation	1,144,130	1,031,921	-	-	-	(112,209)	(112,209)	-
Water and Sewer	1,331,006	1,620,120	-	-	-	289,114	289,114	-
Total business-type activities	2,475,136	2,652,041	-	-	-	176,905	176,905	-
Total primary government	28,007,684	4,826,621	3,620,198	-	(19,737,770)	176,905	(19,560,865)	-
Component Units:								
ABC Board	2,404,499	2,459,310	-	-	-	-	-	54,811
Total component units	\$ 2,404,499	\$ 2,459,310	\$ -	\$ -			-	54,811
	General revenues:							
	Taxes:							
		levied for general pu	irpose		14,173,766	-	14,173,766	-
	Local option sal	les tax			5,107,114	-	5,107,114	-
	Other taxes				232,951	-	232,951	-
			d to specific programs		95,830	-	95,830	-
	Investment earnin Sale of Assets	gs, unrestricted			154,619	67,285	221,904	1,145
	Miscellaneous, un	restricted			30,666	62,316	92,982	
	Transfers				(6,945)	6,945		_
		revenues, special ite	ms and transfers		19,788,001	136,546	19,924,547	1,145
		n net position	and dunisiers		50,231	313,451	363.682	55,956
	Net position, beginn				10,455,583	8,729,225	19,184,808	367,210
	Net position, ending	•			\$ 10,505,814	\$ 9,042,676	\$ 19,548,490	\$ 423,166
	ree position, ending	,			φ 10,505,614	φ 9,0 4 2,070	φ 17,5 4 0,490	φ +23,100

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Hertford County, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Ge	Major General Fund		on-Major Other /ernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Taxes receivable Accounts receivable, net Due from other governments Due from other funds	\$	6,609,069 2,132,253 783,197 378,996 2,111,083	\$	705,252 8,332 9,415 1,651	\$	7,314,321 2,132,253 791,529 388,411 2,112,734	
Total assets	\$	12,014,598	\$	724,650	\$	12,739,248	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	732,861	\$	45,182	\$	778,043	
Deposits		39,400		-		39,400	
Total liabilities		772,261		45,182		817,443	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		844,967		8,332		853,299	
Fund balances: Restricted:		2 400 0 2 0					
Stabilization by State Statute		2,490,079		11,066		2,501,145	
Register of Deeds Human Services		8,384		-		8,384	
Public Safety		-		678,283		678,283	
General Government		-		-		-	
Commited:							
Revaluation		123,100		-		123,100	
Capital Reserve		1,961,368		-		1,961,368	
Assigned: Subsequent year's expenditures							
General Fund		1,445,328		_		1,445,328	
Unassigned:		1,113,320				1,113,520	
General Fund		4,369,111		-		4,369,111	
Capital projects fund		-		(18,213)		(18,213)	
Total fund balances		10,397,370		671,136		11,068,506	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	f						
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	12,014,598	\$	724,650	\$	12,739,248	

Hertford County, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:						
Total equity and other credits (Exhibit 3)	\$	11,068,506				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		22,881,685				
Net Pension Asset		28,513				
Contributions to pension plans in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position		495,336				
Contributions and pension administration costs for OPEB are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position		282,282				
Deferred outflows of resources reported in the government-wide statements but not the fund statements - pension related deferrals		1,506,672				
Benefit payments and pension administration costs for LEOSSA are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position		26,166				
Accrued interest receivable less the amount claimed as unearned revenue in the government-wide statements as these funds are not available and therefore deferred in the fund statements		93,970				
Net pension liability		(2,421,438)				
Net OPEB liability		(9,428,414)				
Total pension liability		(680,289)				
Deferred inflows of resources for taxes receivable		791,529				
Pension related deferrals		(43,957)				
OPEB related deferrals		(1,903,627)				
Some liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund statements		(12,191,120)				
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)	\$	10,505,814				

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major		Non-Major Other Governmental		Total overnmental
	Ge	eneral Fund	 Funds	00	Funds
REVENUES					
Ad valorem taxes	\$	14,143,331	\$ 101,107	\$	14,244,438
Local option sales taxes		5,074,864	32,251		5,107,115
Other taxes and licenses		232,951	-		232,951
Unrestricted intergovernmental		95,830	-		95,830
Restricted intergovernmental		3,654,935	-		3,654,935
Permits and fees		168,098	-		168,098
Sales and services		1,930,230	-		1,930,230
Investment earnings		141,892	12,727		154,619
Miscellaneous		98,425	 -		98,425
Total revenues		25,540,556	 146,085		25,686,641
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		4,136,764	-		4,136,764
Public safety		6,536,561	316,626		6,853,187
Transportation		30,300	-		30,300
Economic and physical development		352,500	-		352,500
Human services		5,434,734	-		5,434,734
Cultural and recreational		105,016	-		105,016
Education		5,602,422	584,111		6,186,533
Capital Outlay		-	-		-
Debt service:					
Principal		1,352,980	-		1,352,980
Interest and other charges		430,469	 -		430,469
Total expenditures		23,981,746	 900,737		24,882,483
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		1,558,810	(754,652)		804,158
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			 		
Transfers in from other funds					
Transfers out to other funds		(572,843)	 565,898		(6,945)
Total other financing sources and uses		(572,843)	 565,898		(6,945)
Net change in fund balance		985,967	(188,754)		797,213
Fund Balances, beginning		9,411,403	859,890		10,271,293
Fund Balances, ending	\$	10,397,370	\$ 671,136	\$	11,068,506

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities on Exhibit 2 are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)	\$	797,213
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over the life of the asset.		140,538
The allocation of the costs of assets over the life of the assets through depreciation is not a current financial use in the funds; therefore, depreciation expense is not recorded in these statements.		(1,144,735)
Cost of assets sold and disposed of not recorded in the fund statements		(26,245)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and installment debt) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt.	:	1,352,980
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		495,336
Benefit payments and pension administration costs for LEOSSA are deffered outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position		26,166
Contributions and pension administration costs for OPEB are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position		282,282
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		(1,827,424)
Some revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources are not recorded as revenues in the fund statements		(45,880)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	50,231

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund							
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Positive (Negative)
Revenues								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	13,616,867	\$	13,616,867	\$	14,143,331	\$	526,464
Local option sales tax		4,775,640		4,775,640		5,074,864		299,224
Other taxes and licenses		217,796		217,796		232,951		15,155
Unrestricted intergovernmental		107,000		107,000		95,830		(11,170)
Restricted intergovernmental		3,217,349		3,541,607		3,654,935		113,328
Permits and fees		239,000		239,000		168,098		(70,902)
Sales and services		1,827,169		1,827,169		1,930,230		103,061
Investment earnings		50,000		50,000		141,892		91,892
Miscellaneous		75,580	· -	95,922		98,425		2,503
Total revenues		24,126,401		24,471,001		25,540,556		1,069,555
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		4,241,985		4,297,291		4,041,844		255,447
Public safety		6,820,764		6,934,258		6,536,561		397,697
Transportation		30,300		30,300		30,300		-
Economic and physical development		534,853		557,994		352,500		205,494
Human services		5,458,840		5,761,927		5,434,734		327,193
Cultural and recreational		105,016		105,016		105,016		-
Education		5,370,292		5,370,292		5,341,092		29,200
Debt service		1,528,308		1,783,003		1,783,449		(446)
Contingency		100,000		13,658		<u> </u>		13,658
Total expenditures		24,190,358		24,853,739	. <u> </u>	23,625,496		1,228,243
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(63,957)		(382,738)		1,915,060		2,297,798
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers to other funds		(1,310,920)		(1,317,865)		(1,232,741)		85,124
Transfers from other funds Contribution from Economic Development		-		-		-		-
Commission		-		-		-		-
Contribution from Public Housing Authority		-		-		-		-
Loan Proceeds				_		-		-
Appropriated fund balance		1,374,877		1,700,603		-		(1,700,603)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	63,957		382,738	_	(1,232,741)		(1,615,479)
Net Change in fund balance	\$		\$	-	:	682,319	\$	682,319
Fund balance. beginning						7,630,584		
Fund balance, ending					\$	8,312,903		
A legally budgeted School Capital Reserve Fund, Reserve Fund, and Revaluation Fund were cons into the General Fund for reporting purposes:		1						
Sales tax						-		
Education - Capital Outlay						(261,330)		
Transfers to Other Funds						(565,898)		
Transfers from General Fund						1,225,796		
Expenses - General Government						(94,920)		
Fund balance, Beginning					¢ —	1,780,819		
Fund Balance, Ending (Exhibit 4)					° —	10,397,370		

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

		MAJOR		NON-MAJOR		
	Northern Water District	Southern Water District	Tunis Sewer District	Sanitation Fund	Totals	
ASSETS	Water District	District	District	1 und	Totuis	
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,340,119	\$ 1,589,974	\$ 120,949	\$ 179,864	\$ 3,230,906	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	33,375	72,315	-	-	105,690	
Receivables (net)	50,438	137,957	24,541	256,673	469,609	
Due from other funds	-	1,359,000	-	-	1,359,000	
Due from other governments	32,698	4,486	94	14,050	51,328	
Inventory	6,928	17,816	-	-	24,744	
Total current assets	1,463,558	3,181,548	145,584	450,587	5,241,277	
Non-current assets:						
Capital assets:						
Land, improvements and						
construction in progress	1,006,983	-	11,271	23,046	1,041,300	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	2,861,669	6,473,510	1,826,743	246,130	11,408,052	
Total capital assets	3,868,652	6,473,510	1,838,014	269,176	12,449,352	
Total non-current assets	3,868,652	6,473,510	1,838,014	269,176	12,449,352	
Total assets	5,332,210	9,655,058	1,983,598	719,763	17,690,629	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	31,363	48,193	_	30,605	110,161	
LIABILITIES					/	
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	303,726	10,802	753	48,984	364,265	
Customer deposits	33,375	72,315	-	-	105,690	
Accrued interest payable	7,888	16,670	1,150	-	25,708	
Compensated absences	3,605	1,847	-	4,851	10,303	
Accrued payroll	4,183	8,759	-	11,586	24,528	
Due to other funds	1,359,000	-	-	-	1,359,000	
General obligation bonds payable	119,490	252,510	5,500	-	377,500	
Total current liabilities	1,831,267	362,903	7,403	65,421	2,266,994	
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Net pension liability	31,936	53,310	-	34,570	119,816	
Compensated absences	10,815	5,540	-	14,554	30,909	
General obligation bonds payable	1,700,887	3,594,355	285,000	-	5,580,242	
Net OPEB obligation	206,484	205,712	-	111,804	524,000	
Landfill closure payable				129,688	129,688	
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,950,122	3,858,917	285,000	290,616	6,384,655	
Total liabilities	3,781,389	4,221,820	292,403	356,037	8,651,649	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	41,868	41,831		22,766	106,465	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	2,048,275	2,626,645	1,547,514	269,176	6,491,610	
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	
Unrestricted	(507,959)	2,812,955	143,681	102,389	2,551,066	
Total net position	\$ 1,540,316	\$ 5,439,600	\$ 1,691,195	\$ 371,565	\$ 9,042,676	

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		MAJOR		NON-MAJOR	
	Northern WaterSouthern WaterTunis SewerDistrictDistrictDistrict			Sanitation Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUE					
Charges for Services	\$ 500,761	\$ 992,622	\$ 34,040	\$ 1,031,921	\$ 2,559,344
Tap on fees	26,847	65,850	-	-	92,697
Miscellaneous	2,094	8,955		51,267	62,316
Total Operating Revenues	529,702	1,067,427	34,040	1,083,188	2,714,357
OPERATING EXPENDITURES					
Administration and Operations	288,235	493,109	14,718	1,128,730	1,924,792
Depreciation	101,120	220,780	38,867	15,400	376,167
Capital Outlay	3,350	8,615	-	-	11,965
Total Operating Expenses	392,705	722,504	53,585	1,144,130	2,312,924
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	136,997	344,923	(19,545)	(60,942)	401,433
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest and investment earnings	11,245	49,644	1,340	5,056	67,285
Interest paid and bond issuance cost	(49,853)	(105,351)	(7,008)	-	(162,212)
Total Nonoperating Revenues					
(Expenses)	(38,608)	(55,707)	(5,668)	5,056	(94,927)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE					
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	98,389	289,216	(25,213)	(55,886)	306,506
Capital contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers from (to) other funds	939	1,200	-	4,806	6,945
Total	939	1,200		4,806	6,945
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	99,328	290,416	(25,213)	(51,080)	313,451
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	1,440,988	5,149,184	1,716,408	422,645	8,729,225
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 1,540,316	\$ 5,439,600	\$ 1,691,195	\$ 371,565	\$ 9,042,676

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	MAJOR					NON-MAJOR			
	1	Northern Water District		Southern Water District		Tunis Sewer District		Sanitation Fund		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:										
Cash received from customers	\$	495,205	\$	1,069,005	\$	26,022	\$	1,013,386	\$	2,603,618
Cash paid for goods and services		182,752		(307,908)		(14,727)		(823,043)		(962,926)
Cash paid to employees for services		(155,567)		(157,893)		-		(304,775)		(618,235)
Other operating revenue		2,094		8,955		-		51,267		62,316
Net cash provided (used) by operating									_	
activities		524,484		612,159		11,295		(63,165)		1,084,773
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities										
Due to other funds		1,359,000		(1,359,000)		-		-		-
Receipt of nonoperating grants				(1,555,000)		-		-		-
Transfers (to) from other funds		939		1,200		-		4,806		6,945
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital		,,,,		1,200				.,		0,710
financial activities	_	1,359,939		(1,357,800)				4,806		6,945
Cash flows from capital and related										
financing activities:		(1.00(.002))		(5(410)						(1.0(2.402))
Purchase of capital assets		(1,006,983)		(56,419)		-		-		(1,063,402)
Principal paid on bond maturities		(116,462)		(246,111)		(5,500)		-		(368,073)
Interest paid on bond maturities	_	(50,358)		(106,417)		(7,030)				(163,805)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(1,173,803)		(408,947)		(12,530)		_		(1,595,280)
6		(1,175,005)		(100,917)		(12,000)				(1,0)0,200)
Cash flows from investing activities:										
Interest on investments	_	11,245		49,644		1,340		5,056		67,285
Net cash provided by investing activities		11,245		49,644		1,340		5,056		67,285
Net increase (decrease) in cash and										
cash equivalents		721,865		(1,104,944)		105		(53,303)		(436,277)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	_	651,629		2,767,233		120,844		233,167		3,772,873
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	1,373,494	\$	1,662,289	\$	120,949	\$	179,864	\$	3,336,596

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		MAJOR				NON-MAJOR			
	N	orthern Water District	<u>.</u>	Southern Water District		Tunis Sewer District	Sanitation Fund	Total	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:									
Operating income (loss)	\$	136,997	\$	344,923	\$	(19,545) \$	(60,942)	\$ 401,	,433
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:									
Depreciation		101,120		220,780		38,867	15,400	376,	167
Changes in assets and liabilities:				,		,,	,	2 / 0,	-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(32,353)		9,898		(8,018)	(18,535)	(49,	,008)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		-		-		-	-		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable									
and accrued liabilities		299,693		5,668		(9)	4,299	309,	,651
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		(50)		635		-	-		585
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(618)		1,884		-	2,881	4,	,147
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll		(982)		3,085		-	788	2,	,891
Increase (decrease) in OPEB Liability		(1,193)		(1,188)		-	(645)	(3,	,026)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of									
resources - pensions		(3,390)		(20,401)		-	(7,932)	(31,	,723)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of									
resources - OPEB		(1,860)		(1,854)		-	(1,007)	· · ·	,721)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		5,414		26,982		-	11,048	43,	,444
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of									
resources - pensions		(608)		(484)		-	(506)	(1,	,598)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of							10.000		
resources - OPEB		22,314		22,231		-	12,083	56,	,628
Increase (decrease) in landfill closure and							(20.007)	(20	007
postclosure costs		-	•	-			(20,097)		,097)
Total adjustments		387,487	-	267,236		30,840	(2,223)	683,	540
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	524,484	\$	612,159	\$	11,295 \$	(63,165)	\$ 1,084,	773

Hertford County, North Carolina Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

Assets	Agency Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments	\$ 43,752 208
Total Assets	 43,960
Liabilities and Net Position	
Liabilities:	
Miscellaneous liabilities	 43,960
Total Liabilities	\$ 43,960

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Hertford County and its component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The County, which is governed by a five-member board of commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County and its component unit; a legally separate entity for which the County is financially accountable. Hertford County's Northern and Southern Water Districts (the *Districts*) exist to provide and maintain water systems for the County residents within the districts. The Districts are reported as enterprise funds in the County's financial statements. The Hertford County ABC Board (the *Board*), which has a June 30 year-end, are presented as if they are separate proprietary funds of the County (discrete presentation). The blended presentation method presents component units as a department or unit of the County, and offers no separate presentation as with the discrete method.

	Reporting		
Component Unit	Method	Criteria for Inclusion	Separate Financial Statements
Hertford County Northern Water	Blended	Under State law [NCGS 162A-89], the County's Board of	None issued.
District		Commissioners also serve as the governing Board for the District.	
Hertford County Southern Water District	Blended	Under State law [NCGS 162A-89], the County's Board of Commissioners also serve as the governing Board for the District.	None issued.
Hertford County Tunis Sewer District	Blended	Under State law [NCGS 162A-89], the County's Board of Commissioners also serve as the governing Board for the District.	None issued.
Hertford County ABC Board	Discrete	The members of the ABC Board governing board are appointed by the County. The ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the County.	2

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus - Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government net position (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Hertford County, North Carolina Notes To The Financial Statements For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fund Financial Statements - The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category - *governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating items such as investment earnings are ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund. This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Tax Revaluation Fund is a legally budgeted fund under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 it is consolidated in the General Fund.

The County reports the following major enterprise finds.

Northern Water District Fund. This fund is used to account for the operations of the Northern Water District within the County.

Southern Water District Fund. This fund is used to account for the operations of the Southern Water District within the County.

Tunis Sewer District Fund . This fund is used to account for the operations of the Tunis Sewer District within the County.

The County reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds - Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others. The County maintains the following agency funds: the Social Services Fund, which accounts for moneys deposited with the Department of Social Services for the benefit of certain individuals; the Fines and Forfeitures Fund, which accounts for various legal fines and forfeitures that the County is required to remit to Hertford County Board of Education; the Tax Fund, which accounts for funds that are billed and collected by the County for various municipalities and special districts within the County but that are not revenues to the County; the Inmates Money Fund, which accounts for monies of inmates that are held by the County for their personal expenses; and the Cooperative Extension Trust Fund, which accounts for monies collected and owed for the Ag Extension Trust and 4-H Trust.

Non-major Funds - The County maintains seven legally budgeted funds. The Emergency Telephone System Fund and the Fire District Fund are reported as non-major special revenue funds. The Ahoskie Elementary School Project Fund is reported as a non-major capital projects fund. The School Capital Reserve Fund, Revaluation Fund, and Capital Reserve Fund are consolidated in the General Fund in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54. The Sanitation Fund is reported as a non-major proprietary fund.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for the agency funds which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result form providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Since September 1, 2013, the State of North Carolina has been responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. These property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. Motor vehicle property tax revenues are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed by the County for periods prior to September 1, 2013 or those for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

C. Budgetary Data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, the Emergency Telephone System Fund, the School Capital Reserve Fund, the Fire District Fund, the Revaluation Fund, and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Ahoskie Elementary School Project Fund.

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level for the General Fund and functional level for all other annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multiyear funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change appropriations by more than \$5,000. The governing board must approve all amendments. During the year, several immaterial amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers the time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County and Hertford County ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market deposit accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State Law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The majority of the County and the ABC Board's investments are carried at fair value. Non-participating interest earning investment contracts are accounted for at cost. The North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT) is a SEC-registered money market mutual fund allowable by G.S. 159-30(c)(8). The NCCMT Government Portfolio is a 2a-7 fund maintaining an AAAm rating from S&P. All NCCMT portfolios are reported at fair value.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers demand deposits and investments with a maturity date of 90 days or less at the time of purchase to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

The unexpended bond proceeds of the District's Serial Bonds are classified as restricted assets within the enterprise fund because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the bonds were originally issued. At June 30, 2019, there were no unexpended bond proceeds of the District's Serial Bonds. Customer deposits held by the County before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Money in the Tax Revaluation Fund and Capital Reserve Fund and money reserved for Register of Deeds is also classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153-A-150. The following table illustrates the breakdown of Hertford County Restricted Cash.

Governmental Activities		
General Fund	Tax Revaluation	\$ 137,500
General Fund	Capital Reserve	1,961,369
General Fund	Register of Deeds	8,384
General Fund	Deposit - Sale of Home Health	25,000
Total Governmental Activities		\$ 2,132,253
Business-Type Activities		
Northern Water District	Customer Deposits	\$ 33,375
Southern Water District	Customer Deposits	72,315
Tunis Sewer District	Customer Deposits	 -
Total Business-Type Activities		\$ 105,690
Total Restricted Cash		\$ 2,237,943

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018.

5. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Inventory

The inventories of the County and the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The inventory of the County's enterprise funds as well as those of the ABC Board consists of materials and supplies held for consumption or resale, and is reported at lower of cost or market.

7. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land \$5,000; buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$5,000; infrastructure \$5,000; computer equipment, furniture and equipment, \$5,000; and vehicles \$5,000. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do no add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

The County holds title to certain Hertford County Board of Education properties that have not been included in capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board of Education give the Board of Education full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the Board of Education, after all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Hertford County Board of Education.

Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings	25-50
Improvements	7-15
Furniture and Equipment	5-20
Vehicles	3-15
Computer Equipment	3

Capital assets of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Years
Buildings, Improvements	10-33
Furniture/ Equipment	10
Vehicles	3-5

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has several items that meet this criterion - pension related deferrals, OPEB related deferrals, and contributions made to the pension or OPEB plan in the current fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has several items that meet the criterion for this category - prepaid taxes and other OPEB or pension related deferrals.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statements of net position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the County and the ABC Board provide for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. An expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned in the County's government-wide, proprietary fund, and ABC Board statements.

The sick leave policies of the County and the ABC Board provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since none of the entities have any obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accruals for sick leave have been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of four classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute." Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Register of Deeds - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue sources to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds office.

Restricted for Public Safety - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue sources for emergency telephone system expenditures.

Committed Fund Balance - Portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by majority vote of Hertford County's governing body (highest level of decision making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purposes requires majority action by the governing body.

Committed for Tax Revaluation - portion of fund balance that can only be used for Tax Revaluation.

Committed for Capital Reserve - portion of fund balance that can only be used for Capital Reserve.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that the Hertford County governing board has budgeted.

Subsequent year's expenditures - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Unassigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

12. Defined Benefit Pension and OPEB Plans

The County participates in three cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State; the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (LEOSSA) (collectively, the "state-administered defined benefit pension plans"). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expenses, information about the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expenses, information about the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the HCB. For this purpose, the HCB recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments for all plans are reported at fair value.

E. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

1. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental-wide statement of net

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between total fund balance for the governmental funds and net position for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of (\$562,692) consists of the following:

Description	Amount
Capital assets used in governmental activities that are not financial resources and are therefore	\$ 31,934,518
not reported in the funds (total capital assets on governmental-wide statement in governmental	
activities column) Less Accumulated Depreciation	(0.052.822)
Net capital assets	<u>(9,052,833)</u> 22,881,685
	22,001,000
Net pension asset	28,513
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year	495,336
Contributions and pension administration costs for OPEB are deferred outflows of resources on	282,282
the Statement of Net Position	
Deferred outflows of resources reported in the government-wide statements but not the fund statements - pension related deferrals	1,506,672
Benefit payments and pension administration costs for LEOSSA	26,166
Accrued interest receivable less the amount claimed as unearned revenue in the government- wide statements as these funds are unavailable in the fund statements.	93,970
Deferred inflows of resources for taxes receivable	791,529
Deferred inflows of resources reported in the government-wide statements but not the fund statements - pension related deferrals	(43,957)
Deferred inflows of resources reported in the government-wide statements but not the fund statements - OPEB related deferrals	(1,903,627)

Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements:

Bonds, leases, and installment financing	(11,563,945)
Compensated absences	(536,463)
Net OPEB Liability	(9,428,414)
Net pension liability-LGERS	(2,421,438)
Net pension liability-LEOSSA	(680,289)
Accrued interest payable	(90,712)
Total adjustment	\$ (562,692)

2. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities.

The government fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between net changes in fund balances for the governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The total adjustment of (\$746,982) is comprised of the following:

Description Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the	<u>Amount</u> \$ 140,538
statement of activities	
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements	(1,144,735)
Cost of disposed capital asset not recorded in fund statements	(26,245)
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but again affect only the statement of net position in the government-wide statements.	1,352,980
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	495,336
Benefit payments and administration costs for LEOSSA are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	26,166
Contributions to the OPEB plan are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	282,282
Expenses reported in that statement of activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements	
Difference in interest expense between fund statements (modified accrual) and government- wide statements (full accrual)	9,595
Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements but not in the fund statements because they do not use current resources	67,375
OPEB Expense	(1,161,773)
County's portion of collective pension expense	(742,621)
Revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources are not recorded as revenues in the fund statements	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - taxes receivable at the end of year	(57,937)
Change in accrued taxes receivable for year	(12,735)
Amortization of bond premium	24,792
Total adjustment	\$ (746,982)

II: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

None to Report.

B. Deficit Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds

The County reported a deficit of \$18,213 in the Ahoskie Elementary School Project as a result of invoices that were booked as accounts payable. The County is currently transferring money into the project to cover expenses until loan proceeds are received. A transfer was not made to cover the amount recorded as accounts payable. This was considered immaterial, so it was not listed as a finding in the audit report.

- III. Detail Notes on All Funds
 - a. <u>Assets</u>
 - 1. Deposits

All of the County's and the ABC Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's and the ABC Board's agent in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County or the ABC Board or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for the under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions. The County and the ABC Board rely on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institutions. The County analyzes the financial soundness of any other financial institution used by the County. The County complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The ABC Board and has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2019 the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$3,230,516 and a bank balance of \$3,810,566. Of the bank balance, \$250,075 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2019, Hertford County had \$1,280 cash on hand.

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$181,607 and a bank balance of \$419,504. All of the bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance. The carrying value included cash on hand of \$1,550.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2019, the County had the following investments and maturities.

Investment	Valuation Measurement Method	Fair Value	<u>6-12 months</u>
NC Capital Management Trust - Government Portfolio	Fair Value - Level I	\$ 9.595.126	N/A

The North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The County has no policy on credit risk.

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level Two debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

3. Property Tax - Use-Value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the general statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forest land may be taxed by the County at the present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

	Year						
_	Levied	Total Taxes		Interest	Total		
	2016	\$	1,108,396	\$ 362,551	\$	1,470,947	
	2017		1,097,029	260,368		1,357,397	
	2018		1,107,390	163,125		1,270,515	
	2019		1,110,022	63,812		1,173,834	
	Total	\$	4,422,837	\$ 849,856	\$	5,272,693	

4. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

		Accounts		Taxes and ated Accrued Interest		Due From Other overnments		Total
Governmental Activities:		Accounts		Interest	0	overnments		Total
General	\$	1,889,332	\$	1,447,167	\$	2,111,083	\$	5,447,582
Ahoskie Elementary School Project	+	-,	*		+	_,,	*	-
Other Governmental		9,415		8,332		1,651		19,398
Total		1,898,747		1,455,499		2,112,734		5,466,980
Allowance for Doubtful Accts.		(1,510,336)		(570,000)		-		(2,080,336)
Total-governmental activities	\$	388,411	\$	885,499	\$	2,112,734	\$	3,386,644
Business-type Activities:								
Northern Water District	\$	55,089	\$	-	\$	32,698	\$	87,787
Southern Water District		144,490		-		4,486		148,976
Tunis Sewer District		24,541		-		94		24,635
Sanitation		384,787		-		14,050		398,837
Total	\$	608,907	\$	-	\$	51,328	\$	660,235
Allowance for Doubtful Accts.		(139,298)		-		-		(139,298)
Total-business-type activities	\$	469,609	\$	-	\$	51,328	\$	520,937
Agency Funds:								
Cooperative Extension Trust Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	208	\$	208
Total Agency Funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	208	\$	208

Due from other governments that is owed to the County consists of the following:

Local option sales tax	\$ 1,310,678
Franchise tax	7,236
Sales tax refund	157,314
Other grants, ABC Distributions	529,662
Scrap tire tax	8,724
White goods tax	-
Solid waste disposal tax	3,365
NCVTS	147,291
Total	\$ 2,164,270

5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balances		Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 482,083	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 482,083
Construction in Progress	 494,556		107,329	(601,885)	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 976,639		107,329	(601,885)	482,083
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements	24,649,222		597,275	(211,195)	25,035,302
Equipment	4,104,815		37,819	-	4,142,634
Vehicles and motor equipment	2,304,782		-	(30,283)	2,274,499
Total capital assets being depreciated	 31,058,819		635,094	(241,478)	31,452,435
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	4,403,173		533,874	(211,195)	4,725,852
Equipment	2,068,446		397,742	-	2,466,188
Vehicles and motor equipment	1,651,712		213,119	(4,038)	1,860,793
Total accumulated depreciation	8,123,331	\$	1,144,735	\$ (215,233)	9,052,833
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	22,935,488				22,399,602
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 23,912,127	•			\$ 22,881,685

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 468,004
Public Safety	636,127
Human Services	31,566
Cultural and Recreational	926
Economic and Physical Development	8,112
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,144,735

	Beginning					Ending
Business-type activities:	 Balances		Increases	Decreases		Balances
Northern Water District						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Construction in process	\$ -	\$	1,006,983	\$ -	- \$	1,006,983
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 -		1,006,983	-	-	1,006,983
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Plant and distribution systems	\$ 4,579,543	\$	-	\$ -	- \$	4,579,54
Buildings	91,454		-		-	91,454
Vehicles and motor equipment	109,620		-		-	109,62
Total capital assets being depreciated	 4,780,617		-	-	-	4,780,61
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Plant and distribution systems	1,731,845		91,591		-	1,823,430
Buildings	5,110		3,658	-	-	8,76
Vehicles and motor equipment	80,873		5,871		-	86,74
Total accumulated depreciation	 1,817,828	\$	101,120	\$ -	-	1,918,94
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 2,962,789				_	2,861,66
Northern Water District Capital assets, net	\$ 2,962,789	-			\$	3,868,65
Southern Water District						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 10,000	\$	-	\$ -	- \$	10,00
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	 10,000		-	-		10,00
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Plant and distribution systems	10,213,751		-	-	-	10,213,75
Buildings	119,796		-	-	-	119,79
Machinery and equipment	66,596		56,419		-	123,01
Vehicles and motor equipment	115,536		-		-	115,53
Total capital assets being depreciated	 10,515,679		56,419	-	-	10,572,09
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Plant and distribution systems	3,729,220		208,743		-	3,937,96
Buildings	5,204		3,658		-	8,86
Machinery and equipment	43,327		4,277		-	47,60
Vehicles and motor equipment	110,058		4,101		-	114,15
Total accumulated depreciation	 3,887,809	\$	220,779	\$	-	4,108,58
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 6,627,870		<i>'</i>		_	6,463,51

Land	\$	11,271	\$	-	\$		-	\$ 11,271
Total capital assets not being depreciated		11,271		-			-	11,271
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Plant and distribution systems		1,943,344		-			-	1,943,344
Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:		1,943,344		-			-	 1,943,344
Plant and distribution systems		77,734		38,867			-	116,601
Total accumulated depreciation		77,734	\$	38,867	\$		-	116,601
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		1,865,610						 1,826,743
Tunis Sewer District capital assets, net	\$	1,876,881						\$ 1,838,014
		Beginning Balances		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balances
Sanitation								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	23,046	\$	-	\$		-	\$ 23,046
Total capital assets not being depreciated		23,046		-			-	 23,046
Capital assets being depreciated:								
		105 000		-			-	195,283
Buildings		195,283						280,753
		195,283 280,753		-			-	476.026
Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated				-			-	 476,036
Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:		280,753 476,036		-			-	 ,
Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	_	280,753 476,036 71,683		5,957			-	77,640
Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and equipment	_	280,753 476,036 71,683 142,823	¢	9,443	¢		-	 77,640 152,266
Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	_	280,753 476,036 71,683 142,823 214,506	\$		\$		-	 77,640 152,266 229,906
Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets being depreciated, net		280,753 476,036 71,683 142,823 214,506 261,530	\$	9,443	\$		-	 77,640 152,266 229,906 246,130
Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	\$	280,753 476,036 71,683 142,823 214,506	\$	9,443	\$		-	\$ 77,640 152,266

Construction Commitments

The government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2019. The projects include the Northern Water District Improvement project. At June 30, 2019, the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	Spent to Date	<u>Remaining</u> Commitment
Northern Water District	\$ 897,406	\$ 269,911
Total	\$ 897,406	\$ 269,911

Discretely presented component units

Capital assets at June 30, 2019 for the ABC Board were as follows:

Capital assets not being depreciated:	
Land	\$ 113,708
Capital assets not being depreciated:	113,708
Buildings, improvements	 508,124
Furniture and equipment	65,603
Vehicles	29,801
Total capital assets being depreciated	603,528
Less accumulated depreciation for:	
Buildings, improvements	264,620
Furniture and equipment	38,145
Vehicles	29,801
Total accumulated depreciation	332,566
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	270,962
ABC Board capital assets, net	\$ 384,670

b. Liabilities

1. Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019, were as follows :

		Accrued			
	Vendors	Interest	Other		Total
Governmental Activities:					
General	\$ 732,861	\$ 90,712		-	\$ 823,573
Other governmental	45,182	-		-	45,182
Total-governmental activities	\$ 778,043	\$ 90,712	\$	-	\$ 868,755
Business-Type Activities					
Northern Water District	\$ 307,909	\$ 7,888		-	\$ 315,797
Southern Water District	19,561	16,670		-	36,231
Tunis Sewer District	753	1,150		-	1,903
Sanitation	 60,570	-		-	60,570
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 388,793	\$ 25,708	\$	-	\$ 414,501

2. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at <u>www.osc.nc.gov</u>.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 60 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic postretirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable services as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 8.50% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.84% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$515,832 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions – County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a liability of \$2,541,253 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the County's proportion was 0.1071%, which was a increase of 0.0011% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$730,513. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Dutflows of Resources	 ferred Inflows f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 392,055	13,155
Changes of assumptions	674,350	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	348,838	-
investments		
Changes in proportion and differences between County Contributions and	72,678	984
proportionate share of contributions		
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	515,832	-
Total	\$ 2,003,753	\$ 14,139

\$515,832 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 702,300
2021	466,500
2022	97,939
2023	207,043
2024	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$ 1,473,782

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 Percent
Salary Increases	3.50 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan actuary uses mortality rates based on the *RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table* that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Fixed Income	29%	1.4%
Global Equity	42%	5.3%
Real Estate	8%	4.3%
Alternatives	8%	8.9%
Credit	7%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6%	4.0%
	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2018 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

		Decrease 6.00%)	Di	iscount Rate (7.00%)	1	% Increase (8.00%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	¢	(104 200	¢	2 5 4 1 2 5 2	¢	(42(002)
pension nuonity (ussel)	\$	6,104,309	\$	2,541,253	\$	(436,093)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description

Hertford County administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At the December 31, 2017 valuation date, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	2
Active plan members	22
	24

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting - The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 7.35 percent
Discount rate	3.64 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2017.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

4. Contributions

The County is required by article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The County paid \$44,763 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a total pension liability of \$680,289. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to December 31, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$37,933.

	Ι	Deferred		
	Outflows of I Resources			erred Inflows
				of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	56,573	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		24,702		29,184
County benefit payments and plan administrative expenses made subsequent				
to the measurement date		26,166		-
Total	\$	107,441	\$	29,184

The County paid \$26,166 in benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions which will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 11,845
2021	11,845
2022	11,845
2023	12,792
2024	3,588
Thereafter	176

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.64 percent, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.64 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.64 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.64%)	(3.64%)	(4.64%)
Total pension liability	\$ 735,714	\$ 680,289	\$ 629,875

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	 2019
Beginning balance	\$ 663,501
Service Cost	30,580
Interest paid on the total pension liability	20,259
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the	36,670
measurement of the total pension liability	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(25,958)
Other changes	-
Benefit payments	(44,763)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 680,289

Changes of Assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.13 percent at June 30, 2017 to 3.64 percent at June 30, 2018.

Changes in Benefit Terms. Reported compensation adjusted to reflect the assumed rate of pay as of the valuation date.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description - The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of the State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy - Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$107,701 which consisted of \$47,172 from the County and \$60,529 from the law enforcement officers.

d. Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description. Hertford County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a noncontributory, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions. Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$3,824 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported an asset of \$28,513 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2018, the County's proportion was 0.1721%, which was a decrease of 0.0064% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$8,617. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Γ	Deferred		
	Ou	tflows of	Defe	rred Inflows
	R	esources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	251	\$	1,301
Changes of assumptions		1,341		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		4,545		-
Changes in proportion and differences between County Contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,492		-
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,824		
Total	\$	11,453	\$	1,301

\$3,824 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 3,480
2021	801
2022	1,339
2023	708
2024	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$6,328

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 Percent
Salary Increases	3.5 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment Rate of Return	3.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2019 is 1.4%.

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the system's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.75 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	<u>(2.75%)</u>	<u>(3.75%)</u>	<u>(4.75%)</u>
County's proportionate share of the net \$	(22,481)	6 (28,513)	\$ (33,600)
pension liability (asset)			

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for LGERS and ROD was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of June 30, 2018, with an actuarial valuation date as of December 31, 2017.

the County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	LGERS]	ROD	LEOSSA	Total
Proportionate Share of Net Pension	\$ 2,541,253 \$	\$	(28,513)	\$ -	\$ 2,512,740
Liability (Asset)					
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability				n/a	
(Asset)	0.1071%		0.1721%		
Total Pension Liability	\$ - \$	\$	-	\$ 680,289	\$ 680,289
Pension Expense	\$ 730,513 \$	\$	8,617	\$ 37,933	\$ 777,063

At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	LGERS	ROD	LEOSSA	Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 392,055	\$ 251	\$ 56,573	\$ 448,879	9
Changes of assumptions	674,350	1,341	24,702	700,393	3
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	348,838	4,545	-	353,383	3
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	72,678	1,492	-	74,170	0
County contributions (LGERS, ROD)/benefit payments and administrations costs (LEOSSA) subsequent to the measurement date	515,832	3,824	26,166	545,822	2
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 13,155	\$ 1,301	\$ - 5	\$ 14,450	5
Changes of assumptions	-	-	29,184	29,184	4
Changes in proportion and difference between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	984	-	-	984	4

e. Other Postemployment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description - Under the terms of a County resolution, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefit Plan (HCB Plan). The County Board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided. This plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the County as follows: (1) employees who were hired before July 1, 1988, retire under NCLGERS, are actively employed with the County at the time of retirement, and retire with 30 years of county service (24 for those who become disabled), or at age 62 with 20 years of County service or at age 65; (2) employees who were hired on and after July 1, 1988 but before July 1, 2007, retiree under the NCLGERS, are actively employed with the County at the time of retirement, and retire with 30 years of County service, or at age 62 with 20 years of County service; (3) employees who were hired on and after July 1, 2007, retire under NCLGERS, are actively employed with the County at the time of retirement, and retire with 30 years of County service; (3) employees who were hired on and after July 1, 2007, retire under NCLGERS, are actively employed with the County at the time of retirement, and retire with 30 years of County service with the County is envice; (3) employees who were hired on and after July 1, 2007, retire under NCLGERS, are actively employed with the County at the time of retirement, and retire with 30 years of County service with the County; or (4) qualifying elected officials who serve four full consecutive terms with the County. The County Board of Commissioners may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

-	Employees
Retirees receiving benefits	67
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active Plan members	177
Total	244

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$9,952,414 was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	1.00%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	
General Employees	3.50% - 7.75%
Firefighters	3.50% - 7.75%
Law Enforcement Officers	3.50% - 7.35%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Prior Measurement Date	3.56%
Measurement Date	3.89%

Health Care Cost Trends

	7.25% for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of
Pre-Medicare	4.75% by 2028
	5.38% for 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of
Medicare	4.75% by 2022

The discount rate used to measure the TOL was based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	T	otal OPEB
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	10,009,888
Changes		
Service Cost		297,802
Interest		352,074
Change in benefit terms		968,059
Differences between Expected and Actual		(706,582)
Changes of assumptions		(726,371)
Benefit Payments		(242,456)
Net Changes		(57,474)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	9,952,414

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 - December 31, 2014, adopted by the LGERS.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 was 3.89% and 3.56%, respectively.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.

At June 30, 2019, the following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (2.89%)	Discount Rate (3.89%)	1% Increase (4.89%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 11,794,366	\$ 9,952,414	\$ 8,507,630

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County at June 30, 2019, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were to calculate healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease		Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$	8,528,931	\$	9,952,414	\$	11,791,879

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$1,226,341. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Outflows of Resources		 erred Inflows f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 599,824
Changes of assumptions		-	1,409,600
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		-	-
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		297,970	-
Total	\$	297,970	\$ 2,009,424

\$297,970 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease in the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2020	\$ (357,435)
2021	(357,435)
2022	(357,435)
2023	(357,435)
2024	(357,435)
Thereafter	(222,249)

f. Other Employment Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are established for employees not engaged in law enforcement officers. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

3. <u>Closure and Postclosure Care Costs - Landfill Facility</u>

State and Federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its Hertford County Landfill Facility when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The Hertford County landfill closed in 1994. The \$129,688 reported as landfill closure payable liability at June 30, 2019, represents the latest estimate for costs remaining. The County budgets annually for postclosure care. In the event of a natural occurrence, inflation, or any other unforeseen event occurs, the County would appropriate funds from the Sanitation fund balance and/or increase charges to future sanitation customers.

4. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pensions, OPEB - difference between expected and actual experience			
LGERS	\$	392,055	\$ 13,155
LEOSSA		56,573	-
Register of Deeds		251	1,301
OPEB		-	599,824
Pensions, OPEB- changes in assumptions			
LGERS		674,350	-
LEOSSA		24,702	29,184
Register of Deeds		1,341	-
OPEB		-	1,409,600
Pensions - difference between projected and actual investment			
LGERS		348,838	-
Register of Deeds		4,545	-
Pensions - change in proportion and difference between employer			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions			
LGERS		72,678	984
Register of Deeds		1,492	-
Contributions to pension plan in 2017-2018 fiscal year			
LGERS		515,832	-
Register of Deeds		3,824	-
Benefit payments/administration costs paid subsequent to the measurement			
date (LEOSSA)		26,166	-
Benefit payments and administrative expenses for OPEB made subsequent to			
the measurement date		297,970	
Prepaid taxes not yet earned (General)		-	61,770
Taxes receivable, net (General)		-	783,197
Taxes receivable, net (Special Revenue)		-	8,332
	\$	2,420,617	\$ 2,907,347

5. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in two self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners. Through these pools, the County obtains property coverage equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to total insured values, with sub-limits on coverage for specified perils; general, auto, professional, employment practices, and law enforcement liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, auto physical damage coverage for owned autos at actual cash value, crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence, and workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits. All property coverage and some liability coverage are subject to per occurrence deductibles, as selected by the County. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the County upon request. Both of the pools are reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrence losses in excess of \$750,000 for workers. Through the captive, the Liability and Property Pool is reinsure for \$2,000,000 of annual aggregate losses in excess of \$250,000 per occurrence for property, auto physical damage and crime coverage, with additional limits of \$498 million purchased through a group of commercial carriers through the multi-state public entity captive.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the County's employees that access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond with a \$250,000 occurrence limit. The Director of Finance and tax collector are each individually bonded for \$50,000 and \$250,000, respectively. The Register of Deeds is bonded for \$5,000 and the Sheriff is bonded for \$25,000.

The County carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The County has purchased flood insurance.

The ABC Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has property, general liability, auto liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage. For the ABC Board, settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

6. Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2019, the County was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of management and the County management and the County's attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position.

7. Operating Lease Commitments

The County leases certain equipment under operating leases that expire over the next three years. The following is a schedule by years of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases that have initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2019:

For Year Ending June 30	Amount	
2020	\$	89,595
2021		81,567
2022		73,484
Total minimum payments required	\$	244,646

8. Long-Term Obligations

a. Direct Placement Installment Purchases

In May 2016, the County entered into a direct placement installment purchase agreement for \$2,855,613 to renovate the DSS building. The building is pledged as collateral for the debt. The contract requires twelve annual payments of \$237,968 plus 2.28% interest. The note contains provisions that an event of default would allow the Bank to sell the mortgaged property under power of sale.	\$ 2,141,709
In September 2017, the County entered into a direct placement installment purchase agreement for \$235,548 to purchase vehicles. The vehicles are pledged as collateral for the debt. The contract requires 3 annual payments of \$78,516 plus 2.24% interest. Upon the occurrence of default, the Bank may exercise any one or more of the following remedies as the Bank in its sole discretion shall elect to: (a) declare the entire principal amount immediately due, (b) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce performance by the Borrower, (c) exercise all the rights and remedies of a secured party or creditor under the UCC general laws with respect to the enforcement of the security interest granted (d) terminate the contract, or (e) take possession of any proceeds of the Equipment, including Net Proceeds.	152,017
Effective June 30, 2018, the County assumed the liabilities of the Hertford County Public Health Authority. In January 2015, the Authority entered into a direct placement installment purchase agreement to finance a building. The building is pledged as collateral for the debt. The contract requires monthly payments of \$1,744, including 4.49% interest. Upon default, the Lender may declare the entire unpaid principal balance under this Note and all accrued unpaid interest immediately due, and then the Borrower will be required to pay that amount.	102,930
Total	\$ 2,396,656

The future minimum payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2019, including \$263,688 of interest, are as follows:

Governmental Activit		
Principal	Interest	
\$ 332,990	\$ 56,769	
328,754	48,810	
256,057	40,818	
256,897	34,551	
257,775	28,247	
964,183	54,493	
	-	
\$ 2,396,656	\$ 263,688	
	Principal \$ 332,990 328,754 256,057 256,897 257,775 964,183	

b. General Obligation Indebtedness

All general obligation bonds serviced by the County's General Fund are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County. Hertford County, the Northern and Southern Water Districts, and the Tunis Sewer District issue general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major water system capital improvements. These bonds, which are recorded in the Northern and Southern Water District Funds and the Tunis Sewer Fund, are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County's water and sewer operations. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due. In the event of a default, the County agrees to pay to the Purchaser, on demand, interest on any and all amounts due and owing by the County under this Agreement.

The County's general obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2019 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Serviced by the County's General Fund:

\$11,945,000 2013 Limited Obligation Bonds due in annual installments of \$525,000 to \$635,000 beginning April 1, 2014 through April 1, 2033; interest varying from 2.0 percent to	
5.0 percent.	\$ 8,845,000
Total	\$ 8,845,000
Serviced by the County's Southern Water District:	
\$4,332,850 Refunding, Series 2016 Bonds due in annual installments of \$352,528, through	
December 15, 2031, including interest at 2.60 percent.	\$ 3,846,865
Serviced by the County's Northern Water District:	
\$2,050,350 Refunding, Series 2016 Bonds due in annual installments of \$166,820 through	1 000 000
December 15, 2031, including interest at 2.60 percent.	1,820,377
Serviced by the County's Tunis Sewer District:	
\$307,000 2014 USDA Sanitary Sewer Bonds due in monthly installments of \$5,500 to \$12,000	
through June 1, 2054; interest at 2.375 percent.	290,500
Total	\$ 5,957,742

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's General Fund and Northern, Southern and Tunis District's general obligation bonds and water and sewer bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-type	e Activities
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 625,000	\$ 314,718	\$ 377,500	\$ 154,248
2021	625,000	289,718	387,672	144,445
2022	625,000	264,718	397,596	134,379
2023	635,000	239,718	407,777	124,055
2024	635,000	210,968	418,223	113,466
2025-2029	3,175,000	717,566	2,259,567	398,720
2030-2034	2,525,000	212,794	1,516,407	103,175
2035-2039	-	-	40,500	21,020
2040-2044	-	-	46,000	15,972
2045-2049	-	-	51,500	10,260
2050-2054	-	-	55,000	3,848
2055-2059	-	-	-	214
Total	\$ 8,845,000	\$ 2,250,200	\$ 5,957,742	\$ 1,223,802

At June 30, 2019, Hertford County had a legal debt margin of \$121,569,525.

c. Advance Refundings

On December 15, 2017, the County issued \$2,050,350 of General Obligation Refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of general resources for all future debt service payments of \$2,502,302. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the respective statements of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$17,350, which was the amount received for bond issuance costs. These costs were expensed. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 15 years by \$735,068 and resulted in an economic gain of \$756,241.

On December 15, 2017, the County issued \$4,332,850 of General Obligation Refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of general resources for all future debt service payments of \$5,287,925. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the respective statements of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$17,350, which was the amount received for bond issuance cost. These costs were expensed. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 15 years by \$1,794,799, and resulted in an economic gain of \$1,413,609.

d. Long-Term Obligation Activity:

The following is a summary of changes in the County's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

								Current
		Balance				Balance		Portion
Governmental Activities:	J	uly 1, 2018	Increases	Decreases	Jı	ine 30, 2019	С	f Balance
General obligation debt	\$	9,470,000	\$ -	\$ 625,000	\$	8,845,000	\$	625,000
Premium		347,081	-	24,792		322,289		-
Net general obligation debt		9,817,081	-	649,792		9,167,289		625,000
Direct Placement Installment purchases		3,124,636	-	727,980		2,396,656		332,990
Compensated Absences		603,838	-	67,375		536,463		134,116
Net pension liability (LGERS)		1,543,473	877,965	-		2,421,438		-
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)		663,501	16,788	-		680,289		-
Total OPEB liability		9,482,862	-	54,448		9,428,414		-
Total	\$	35,052,472	\$ 894,753	\$ 2,149,387	\$	24,630,549	\$	1,717,106
Business-type Activities:								
General Obligation Debt	\$	6,325,815	\$ -	\$ 368,073	\$	5,957,742	\$	377,500
Compensated absences		37,066	4,146			41,212		10,302
Net pension liability (LGERS)		76,372	43,444	-		119,816		-
Landfill closure		149,786	-	20,098		129,688		-
Total OPEB Liability		527,026	-	3,026		524,000		-
Total	\$	7,116,065	\$ 47,590	\$ 391,197	\$	6,772,458	\$	10,302

Net pension liability, total pension liability, and net other postemployment liability for governmental activities are all typically liquidated in the general fund. Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated in the general fund and are accounted for on a LIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

d. Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers From/ To Other Funds:

From	To		<u>unt</u>	Reason			
General Fund	School Capital Reserve Fund	\$	1,185,796	To transfer restricted sales tax			
General Fund	Revaluation Fund		40,000	To contribute money for next revaluation			
General Fund Landfill			4,806	To transfer funds to cover Bonus and Longevity			
General Fund	General Fund Northern Water District		939	To transfer funds to cover Bonus and Longevity			
General Fund Southern Water District			1,200	To transfer funds to cover Bonus and Longevity			
School Capital Reserve Fund Ahoskie Elementary School Project			565,898	To provide funding for project expenses incurred prior to receiving loan proceeds			

\$ 1,798,639

f. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	Governmental Busi		siness-type		
	Activities		1	Activities	
Capital assets	\$	22,881,685	\$	12,449,352	
Capital debt calculation:					
Total debt, gross		11,563,945		5,957,742	
Less:					
Community college debt for assets to which the County does not hold title		-		-	
Total capital debt		11,563,945		5,957,742	
Net investment in capital assets	\$	11,317,740	\$	6,491,610	

g. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriations:

Total Fund Balance - General Fund	\$ 10,397,370
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	2,490,079
Register of Deeds	8,384
Revaluation	123,100
Capital Reserve	1,961,368
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2020 budget	1,445,328
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 4,369,111

The County had no outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2019.

IV. Joint Ventures

The County participates in a joint venture to operate Albemarle Regional Library with four other local governments. Each participating government appoints three board members to the twelve member board of the Library. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Library's continued existence depends on the participating government's continued funding. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Library, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$105,016 to the Library to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Library can be obtained from the Library's office in Winton, NC.

The County, in conjunction with the State of North Carolina and the Hertford County Board of Education, participates in a joint venture to operate the Roanoke Chowan Community College. Each of the three participants appoints four members of the thirteenmember board of trustees to the community college. The president of the community college's student government serves as an exoffice nonvoting member of the community college's board of trustees. The community college is included as a component unit of the State. The County has a basic responsibility for providing funding fir the facilities of the community college and also provides some financial support for the community college's operations. In addition to providing annual appropriations for the facilities, the County periodically issues general obligation bonds to provide financing for new and restructured facilities. Of the last general obligation bond issue for this purpose, \$0 is outstanding. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the community college because of the statutory responsibilities to providing funding for the community college's facilities. The County contributed \$949,474 and \$100,800 to the community college for operating purposes and capital outlay, respectively during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. In addition, the County made debt service payments of \$125,000 during the fiscal year on general obligation bonds issued for community college capital facilities. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2019. Complete financial statements for the community college may be obtained from the community college's administrative offices. The County also participates in a joint venture to operate Trillium which serves a four county mental health district. Hertford County appoints seven members to the twenty-four member board of the mental health district. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Center's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued funding. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Center, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$86,174 to the Center to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Center can be obtained from the Center's office at Route 3, Box 22-A, Ahoskie, NC 27910.

The County also participates in a joint venture to operate Choanoke Public Transportation Authority with three other counties. The County appoints two members to the nine member board. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Authority's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued funding. None of the participating governments has any equity interest in the Authority, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$10,300 to the Authority to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Authority can be obtained from the Authority's office in Rich Square, NC.

The County also participates in a joint venture to operate Tri-County Airport Authority with two other counties. The County appoints three members to the nine member board of the Authority. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Authority's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued funding. None of the participating governments has any equity interest in the Authority, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$20,000 to the Authority to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Authority can be obtained from the Authority's office at Route 1, Aulander, NC 27805.

V. Jointly Governed Organization

The County, in conjunction with five other counties and thirty-two municipalities, established the Mid-East Commission (Commission). The participating governments established the Commission to coordinate various funding received from federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the commission's governing board. The County paid membership fees of \$7,956 to the Commission during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The County was a subrecipient of various grants and other sources totaling \$289,457 that was passed through the Commission.

VI. <u>Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Contingencies</u>

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may by questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

VI. <u>Significant Effects of Subsequent Events</u>

The County has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between June 30, 2019 and November 8, 2019, which is the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. There were no events that occurred during this time that were deemed to be significant enough to be disclosed.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principals.

- Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Government Employees' Retirement Systems
- Schedule of County Contributions Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund
- Schedule of County Contributions Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund
- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll
- Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Hertford County Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Government Employees' Retirement System Last Six Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System											
		2019	2018	201	7		2016	2(015	20)14
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) County's proportionate share of the net		0.107%	0.106%	0.	100%		0.097%		0.102%	(0.103%
pension liability (asset)	\$	2,541,253	\$1,619,845	\$2,124	1,670	\$	436,138	\$ (5	99,123)	\$ 1,23	36,724
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	7,042,654	\$6,795,799	\$6,420	6,685	\$ 6	5,046,680	\$ 5,9	11,581	\$ 6,07	77,841
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		36.08%	23.84%	33	3.06%		7.21%	-	10.13%		20.35%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		92.00%	94.18%	9	1.47%		98.09%	1	02.64%	ç	94.35%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

Information included above is intended to included ten years however only the years above have information available. Additional years will be included as information become available.

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of County Contributions Local Government Employees' Retirement System Last Six Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System									
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014			
Contractually required contribution	\$ 515,832	\$ 535,485	\$ 507,255	\$ 441,786	\$ 421,035	\$ 419,855			
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	515,832	535,485	507,255	441,786	421,035	419,855			
Contribution deficiency (excess)									
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,562,211	\$ 7,042,654	\$ 6,795,799	\$ 6,426,685	\$ 6,046,680	\$ 5,911,581			
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	7.86%	7.60%	7.46%	6.87%	6.96%	7.10%			

Information included above is intended to include ten years; however, only the years above have information available. Additional years will be included as information becomes available.

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Last Six Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.172%	0.179%	0.186%	0.186%	0.192%	0.184%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (28,513)	\$ (30,470)	\$ (34,715)	\$ (43,136)	\$ (43,562)	\$ (39,213)
County's covered-employee payrol	\$ 47,698	\$ 44,256	\$ 95,008	\$ 92,258	\$ 86,741	\$ 102,559
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	-59.78%	-68.85%	-36.54%	-46.76%	-50.22%	-45.21%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	153.31%	153.77%	160.17%	197.29%	193.88%	190.50%

* The amounts presented for the fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Information included above is intended to include ten years; however, only the years above have information available. Additional years will be included as information becomes available.

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of County Contributions Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Last Six Fiscal Years

	 2019	2018	 2017	 2016		2015	 2014
Contractually required contributions Contributions in relation to contractually	\$ 3,824	\$ 3,577	\$ 3,262	\$ 1,596	\$	1,194	\$ 1,569
required contribution	 3,824	3,577	 3,262	 1,596		1,194	1,569
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 48,775	\$ 47,698	\$ 44,256	\$ 95,008	\$ 9	92,258	\$ 86,741
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	7.84%	7.50%	7.37%	1.68%		1.29%	1.81%

Information included above is intended to include ten years; however, only the years above have information available. Additional years will be included as information becomes available.

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 663,501	\$ 586,384	\$ 568,161
Service Cost	30,580	25,102	33,656
Interest on the total pension liability	20,259	21,770	19,899
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual			
experience in the measurement of the total			
pension liability	36,670	38,402	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(25,958)	36,606	(13,802)
Benefit payments	(44,763)	(44,763)	(21,530)
Other changes	-	_	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 680,289	\$ 663,501	\$ 586,384

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 680,289	\$ 663,501	\$ 586,384
Covered payroll	978,915	934,554	1,118,710
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	69.49%	71.00%	52.42%

Notes to the schedules:

Hertford County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Healthcare Benefits Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$ 297,80	2 \$ 344,875
Interest	352,07	4 316,356
Changes of benefit terms	968,05	9 -
Differences between expected and actual experience	(706,58	2) (188)
Changes of assumptions	(726,37	1) (1,074,367)
Benefit payments	(242,45	6) (172,657)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(57,47	4) (585,981)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	10,009,88	8 10,595,869
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 9,952,41	4 \$ 10,009,888

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

- General Fund: This fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.
- School Capital Reserve Fund: This fund was established in accordance with North Carolina law to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for construction projects of the Board of Education. Funds are periodically transferred to the General Fund and disbursed to the Board of Education for this purpose.
- **Revaluation Fund:** This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for the octennial revaluation of real property.
- **Capital Reserve Fund:** This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be set aside for capital purposes in the future.

		2019		2018
		A . 1	Variance Positive	
Revenues	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Ad valorem Taxes				
Taxes		\$ 13,961,024		\$ 13,494,698
Penalties and interest		182,307		150,823
Total	\$ 13,616,867	14,143,331	\$ 526,464	13,645,521
Local Option Sales Taxes				
Article 39 and 44		2,625,464		2,477,940
Article 40 one-half of one percent		1,453,428		1,374,898
Article 42 one-half of one percent		995,972		946,219
Total	4,775,640	5,074,864	299,224	4,799,057
Other Taxes and Licenses				
CATV franchise		32,229		44,131
Gas tax refund		786		3,863
Occupancy tax		63,140		48,248
Sales Tax Refund		-		-
E-911 Municipalities Share		136,796		136,796
Total	217,796	232,951	15,155	233,038
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues				
ABC profit distribution		32,992		40,782
Beer and wine tax		62,838		63,354
Total	107,000	95,830	(11,170)	104,136
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues				
Social services grants and fees		2,308,839		2,621,583
Federal and State grants		1,216,657		1,080,607
FEMA		-		-
Court facility fees		27,812		35,709
ABC bottle taxes Miscellaneous		9,124 92,503		8,874
Total	3,541,607	3,654,935	113,328	146,774 3,893,547
10(a)	5,541,007	5,054,955	115,528	5,095,547
Permits and Fees Building and inspection fees		58,420		212,203
Planning and zoning		4,575		4,250
Register of deeds		4,575		4,230
Total	239,000	168,098	(70,902)	353,609
Total	239,000	100,090	(70,902)	555,009

		2019		2018
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Sales and Services				
Rents, concessions, and fees		155,610		182,995
Jail Fees		465,920		439,490
Ambulance and rescue squad fees		818,645		938,160
EMS cost share		205,214		119,190
Vehicle tax collection fees		149,129		127,341
Health Authority		14,543		
Cost Allocation (from Proprietary Funds)		121,169	<u> </u>	91,832
Total	1,827,169	1,930,230	103,061	1,899,008
Investment Earnings	50,000	141,892	91,892	61,779
Miscellaneous Revenues				
Sale of materials		25,000		22,655
Other		73,425		73,871
Total	95,922	98,425	2,503	96,526
Total Revenues	24,471,001	25,540,556	1,069,555	25,086,221
Expenditures				
General Government				
Governing Body:				
Salaries and employee benefits		88,660		87,617
Other operating expenditures		69,464		21,887
Capital outlay		-		-
Total	161,132	158,124	3,008	109,504
Administration:				
Salaries and employee benefits		318,726		333,979
Other operating expenditures		128,519		37,463
Capital outlay		107,329		494,556
Total	570,509	554,574	15,935	865,998
Human Resources:				
Salaries and employee benefits		335,029		353,596
Other operating expenditures		48,304		37,059
Total	442,632	383,333	59,299	390,655
Elections:				
		103.351		110,768
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures		103,351 42,601		110,768 45,777

		2019		2018
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Finance:				
Salaries and employee benefits		263,615		267,028
Other operating expenditures		100,772		105,167
Total	363,409	364,387	(978)	372,195
Taxes:				
Salaries and employee benefits		394,901		470,414
Other operating expenditures		158,455		179,330
Total	603,471	553,356	50,115	649,744
Legal:				
Contract services	78,000	76,140	1,860	76,188
Register of Deeds:				
Salaries and employee benefits		153,966		154,042
Other operating expenditures		38,763		61,424
Total	198,247	192,729	5,518	215,466
Public Buildings:				
Salaries and employee benefits		424,184		397,772
Other operating expenditures		312,923		303,928
Capital outlay	700.257	4,840	40.210	54,162
Total	790,257	741,947	48,310	755,862
Land Records:				
Salaries and employee benefits		107,563		107,622
Other operating expenditures		23,298		23,883
Capital outlay Total	131,854		993	9,017
10141	131,834	130,801	993	140,522
Data Center:				
Data processing contract services		-		-
Total	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	
Court Facilities:				
Operating expenditures	. <u> </u>	74,463		67,079
Total	87,797	74,463	13,334	67,079

		2019		2018
	Declarat	A store 1	Variance Positive	A
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Central Services:				
Salaries and employee benefits		82,161		82,330
Operating expenditures		572,965		520,311
Capital outlay		10,852		20,033
Total	718,607	665,978	52,629	622,674
Total General Government	4,297,291	4,041,844	255,447	4,422,432
Public Safety				
Sheriff:				
Salaries and employee benefits		1,712,921		1,680,175
Other operating expenditures		264,071		274,488
Capital outlay		-		328,735
Total	2,035,972	1,976,992	58,980	2,283,398
Jail:				
Salaries and employee benefits		1,176,285		1,175,468
Other operating expenses		603,443		936,327
Capital outlay		-		8,761
Total	1,899,174	1,779,728	119,446	2,120,556
Emergency Communications:				
Salaries and employee benefits		591,298		724,507
Other operating expenditures		42,914		48,651
Total	701,982	634,212	67,770	773,158
Emergency Management:				
Salaries and employee benefits		170,483		183,517
Other operating expenditures		113,202		47,673
Total	322,600	283,685	38,915	231,190
Fire:				
Contribution to forest service		67,223		78,493
Assistance to local fire departments		336,124		344,576
Total	425,022	403,347	21,675	423,069
Inspections:				
Salaries and employee benefits		106,803		98,086
Other operating expenditures		15,098		13,228
Total	127,974	121,901	6,073	111,314

		2019		2018
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Rescue Units:				
Salaries and employee benefits		959,675		946,130
Other operating expenditures		259,662		243,618
Capital outlay	1 200 (55	-		125,429
Total	1,290,657	1,219,337	71,320	1,315,177
Animal Control:				
Salaries and employee benefits		67,991		70,842
Other operating expenditures		24,768		18,095
Total	100,877	92,759	8,118	88,937
Medical Examiner:				
Contracted services		24,600		26,950
Total	30,000	24,600	5,400	26,950
Pesticide Recycling:				
Capital outlay		-		8,779
Total	-	-		8,779
Total Public Safety	6,934,258	6,536,561	397,697	7,382,528
Transportation				
Contribution to transit authority		10,300		10,300
Contribution to regional airport		20,000		20,000
Total transportation	30,300	30,300		30,300
Economic and Physical Development				
Planning and Zoning:				
Salaries and employee benefits		48,848		-
Other operating expenditures		2,832		2,043
Total	138,123	51,680	86,443	2,043
Economic Development:				
Salaries and employee benefits		-		107,866
Other operating expenditures		56,524		17,371
Total	110,000	56,524	53,476	125,237
Agricultural Extension:				
Salaries and employee benefits		94,553		103,557
Other operating expenditures		35,999		22,652
Total	177,995	130,552	47,443	126,209

		2019		2018	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	
Solid and Water Conservation:					
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures		107,683 6,061		107,953 7,530	
Total	131,876	113,744	18,132	115,483	
Total Economic and Physical Development	557,994	352,500	205,494	368,972	
Human Services					
Health:					
Administration: Salaries and Benefits		74,251		5,077	
Contribution to health department		381,558		483,781	
Other operating expenditures		63,711		25,407	
Total	544,323	519,520	24,803	514,265	
Aid to Aging:					
Salaries and employee benefits		235,000		266,960	
Other operating expenditures		44,333		41,126	
Capital outlay		5,225		11,105	
Total	333,299	284,558	48,741	319,191	
Respite:		202.010		2 (7 (0))	
Other operating expenditures Total	420,967	383,918 383,918	37,049	367,690	
1 otal	420,967	383,918	37,049	367,690	
Mental Health:					
Administration:					
Other operating expenditures	07.750	86,174	1.576	86,099	
Total	87,750	86,174	1,576	86,099	
Social Services:					
Administration:					
Salaries and employee benefits		2,135,289		2,625,437	
Other operating expenditures Total	2,939,086	<u>644,856</u> 2,780,145	158,941	709,514 3,334,951	
10181	2,939,080	2,780,143	138,941	3,334,931	

		2019		2018	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	
Public Assistance					
Work first: Operating expenditures		953,332		982,710	
Foster care: Operating expenditures		19,484		22,661	
Total	1,016,857	972,816	44,041	1,005,371	
Elderly Handicapped:					
Operating expenditures	136,429	135,112	1,317	118,978	
Community Based Alternatives:					
Other operating expenditures		117,618		117,656	
Total	117,618	117,618	<u> </u>	117,656	
Veterans Service Office:					
Salaries and employee benefits		57,591		47,757	
Other operating expenditures		6,139		6,109	
Total	69,897	63,730	6,167	53,866	
Other Programs:					
Other appropriations/contributions		91,143		139,136	
Total	95,701	91,143	4,558	139,136	
Total Human Services	5,761,927	5,434,734	327,193	6,057,203	
Cultural and Recreational					
Library and Recreation:					
Operating expenditures		-		1,621	
Contribution to regional library		105,016		108,263	
Total Cultural and Recreational	105,016	105,016		109,884	
Education					
Public schools-current expenses		4,290,818		4,423,524	
Public schools-capital outlay		-		-	
Community college- current Community college- capital outlay		949,474 100,800		978,839 227,001	
Total Education	5,370,292	5,341,092	29,200	5,629,364	
Debt Service					
Principal retirement		1,352,980		1,014,279	
Interest and other charges		430,469		438,899	
Total debt services	1,783,003	1,783,449	(446)	1,453,178	

		2019		2018
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Contingency	13,658		13,658	
Total Expenditures	24,853,739	23,625,496	1,228,243	25,453,861
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(382,738)	1,915,060	(2,297,798)	(367,640)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers to other funds: School Capital Reserve Fund Revaluation Fund Sanitation Fund Northern Water District Fund Southern Water District Fund Cooperative Extension		(1,185,796) (40,000) (4,806) (939) (1,200)		(1,237,408) (1,093) - -
Total	(1,317,865)	(1,232,741)	(85,124)	(1,238,501)
Transfers from other funds: Capital Reserve Fund Office Building #1 Renovation Total Contribution from Economic Development Commission (component unit)				930,080 26,045 956,125 146,251
Contribution from Public Health Authority (component unit)	-	-	-	136,806
Loan Proceeds Appropriated fund balance Total other financing sources (uses)	1,700,603 382,738	(1,232,741)	1,700,603 1,615,479	230,533
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	<u>\$</u>	682,319	\$ 682,319	(136,427)
Fund Balance - July 1		7,630,584		7,767,011
Fund Balance-June 30		\$ 8,312,903		\$ 7,630,584

		2018		
Revenues	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 2,400,000	\$ -	\$ (2,400,000)	\$ -
Expenditures Education Other operating expenses				
Capital Outlay	1,270,920	261,330	1,009,590	1,160,095
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,129,080	(261,330)	1,390,410	(1,160,095)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfer in	1 250 020	1 105 506	(05.104)	1 227 400
General fund Operating transfer out	1,270,920	1,185,796	(85,124)	1,237,408
School Capital Fund	(3,500,000)	(565,898)	2,934,102	-
Appropriated Fund Balance	1,100,000	-	(1,100,000)	-
Total	(1,129,080)	619,898	1,748,978	1,237,408
Revenues Over Expenditures and Other Uses	<u>\$ -</u>	358,568	\$ 3,139,388	77,313
Fund Balance - July 1		1,602,800		1,525,487
Fund Balance - June 30		\$ 1,961,368		\$ 1,602,800

		2018		
Revenues	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Investment Earnings	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Expenditures				
Current: General government Tax listings: <u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>	218,020	94,920	123,100	168,480
Transfer from (to) other funds General Fund Fund Balance Appropriated Total	40,000 178,020 218,020	40,000	(178,020) (178,020)	1,093
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expnditures	<u>\$ </u>	(54,920)	\$ (301,120)	(167,387)
Fund Balance - July 1		178,020		345,407
Fund Balance - June 30		\$ 123,100		\$ 178,020

			20	19				2018
Revenues	Buc	lget	Act	tual	Pos	riance sitive gative)	A	Actual
Local option sales tax	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfer from (to) other funds General Fund General Fund Appropriated fund balance Total		- - -		- - -		- - -		(930,080)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	_		-	\$			(930,080)
Fund Balance - July 1								930,080
Fund Balance - June 30			\$	-			\$	-

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account fo specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

- Emergency Telephone System Fund: This fund was established in accordance with North Carolina law to account for the accumulation of telephone surcharges to be used for emergency telephone systems.
- **Fire District Fund:** This fund accounts for the ad valorem tax levies of the two fire districts in Hertford County.

Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment.

• Ahoskie Elementary School Project: This fund is used to account for the expenses associated with the Ahoskie Elementary School Project.

Hertford County, North Carolina Combining Balance Sheets Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds			Capital	Project Fund		
	Т	mergency elephone stem Fund	Fire District Fund			ie Elementary ool Project	l Non-Major vernmental Funds
ASSETS							
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Taxes receivable, net Due from other governments	\$	640,399 - - 1,651	\$	48,752 9,415 8,332	\$	16,101 - -	\$ 705,252 9,415 8,332 1,651
Total assets	\$	642,050	\$	66,499	\$	16,101	\$ 724,650
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	788	\$	10,080	\$	34,314	\$ 45,182
Total liabilities		788		10,080		34,314	 45,182
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				8,332			 8,332
Fund balances: Restricted:							
Stabalization by State Statue Public Safety General Government		1,651 639,611 -		9,415 38,672		- -	11,066 678,283
Unassigned Total fund balances		641,262		48,087		(18,213) (18,213)	 (18,213) 671,136
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	642,050	\$	66,499	\$	16,101	\$ 716,318

Hertford County, North Carolina Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Special Rev	enue Funds	Capital Project Funds	
	Emergency Telephone System Fund	Fire District Fund	Ahoskie Elementary School Project	Total
<u>Revenues</u>				
Ad valorem taxes Local option sales tax Restricted intergovernmental Investment earnings Total revenues	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 101,107 32,251 - - - 	\$ - - - -	\$ 101,107 32,251 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
	12,727			140,005
Expenditures Current: Public safety Education	183,268	133,358	584,111	316,626 584,111
Capital outlay Total expenditures	183,268	133,358	584,111	900,737
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(170,541)		(584,111)	(754,652)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers (to) other funds General Fund			565,898	565,898
Total other financing sources (uses)			565,898	565,898
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(170,541)	-	(18,213)	(188,754)
Fund balances, beginning	811,803	48,087		859,890
Fund balances, ending	\$ 641,262	\$ 48,087	\$ (18,213)	\$ 671,136

				2019			 2018
	Fin	al Budget		Actual	Variance Positive ual (Negative)		 Actual
Revenues							
Restricted intergovernmental revenue Wireless 911 funds Contributions Investment earnings			\$	12,727			\$ 75,480 - 6,760
Total	\$	31,000		12,727	\$	(18,273)	 82,240
Expenditures							
Public safety		192,977		183,268		9,709	 145,605
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(161,977)		(170,541)		(27,982)	 (63,365)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Operating transfer (out) General Fund		_		_		_	-
Appropriated fund balance		161,977		-		-	 -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		161,977		_			
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources	\$	_		(170,541)	\$	(27,982)	(63,365)
	Ψ				Ψ	(27,902)	
Fund Balance July 1				811,803			 875,168
Fund Balance - June 30			\$	641,262			\$ 811,803
Emergency Telephone System Unspent Balance Amounts reported above are different from the PSAI because:	P Rever	nue-Expendi	ture F	Report			
Net Change in Fund Balance, reported on Budget to Actual						(170,541)	
Plus: Additional expenses on report not on General I Net Change per PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Report	-	(accruar enu	ies)			(170,541)	
Beginning Balance, PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Rep						(170,341) 811,803	
Ending Balance, PSAP Revenue-Expenditure Report					\$	641,262	
					-	, -	

				2018				
<u>Revenues</u>		Budget		Actual	Р	ariance ositive egative)		Actual
Ad Valorem taxes: Taxes	\$	109,060	\$	101,107	\$	(7,953)	\$	94,551
Other taxes and licenses	φ	30,550	Φ	32,251	Φ	1,701	φ	30,105
Total revenues		139,610		133,358		(6,252)		124,656
Expenditures Public Safety								
Woodland Fire District				4,638				4,860
Union Fire District				10,371				9,915
Ahoskie Fire District		120 (10		118,349		(252		114,411
Total expenditures		139,610		133,358		6,252		129,186
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$			-	\$	(12,504)		(4,530)
Fund Balance - July 1				48,087				52,617
Fund Balance - June 30			\$	48,087			\$	48,087

Hertford County, North Carolina Ahoskie Elementary School Project Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Miscellaneous Investment earnings Total	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ -
Expenditures					
Capital outlay Contingency Administrative Cost Architectural Fees Testing and Geographical Survey Fixtures, Furniture, and Equipment Construction Cost Site Development Total Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures <u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>	$\begin{array}{c} 260,000\\ 100,000\\ 910,000\\ 75,000\\ 500,000\\ 12,155,000\\ \underline{800,000}\\ 14,800,000\\ \hline\end{array}$	- - - - - - - - -	562,586 21,525 - - - 584,111 (584,111)	562,586 21,525 - - - 584,111 (584,111)	260,000 100,000 347,414 53,475 500,000 12,155,000 800,000 14,215,889 (14,215,889)
Transfer from the General Fund Transfer from School Capital Reserve Proceeds from Debt Total Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	3,500,000 11,300,000 14,800,000 \$ -	- - - - - \$ -	565,898 	565,898 <u>-</u> <u>565,898</u> \$ (18,213)	(2,934,102) (11,300,000) (14,234,102) \$ 18,213
Fund Balance - July 1			-		
Fund Balance - June 30			\$ (18,213)		

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the government's council is that the cost of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, where the government's council has decided that the period determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Major Enterprise Funds

- Northern Water District Fund: This fund accounts for the activities of the County's Northern Water District, including the associated Capital Project Fund that is used to record capital expenditures for this District.
- Southern Water District Fund: This fund accounts for the activities of the County's Southern Water District.
- **Tunis Sewer District Fund:** This fund accounts for the activities of the County's Tunis Sewer District, including the associated Capital Project Fund that is used to record Capital expenditures for this District.

Non-major Enterprise Funds

• Sanitation Fund: This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance and development of various refuse disposal sites.

Hertford County, North Carolina Northern Water District Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For The Year Ended June 30, 2019 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	2019						2018
				Variance Positive			
]	Budget		Actual		egative)	Actual
Revenues							
Operating Revenues Charges for services	\$	490,150	\$	500,761	\$	10,611	\$ 554,488
Tap-on fees	φ	25,000	φ	22,247	φ	(2,753)	20,178
Other		2,760		2,094		(666)	2,398
Total operating revenues		517,910		525,102		7,192	577,064
Nonoperating revenues:							
Interest Earned on Investments		3,124		11,245		8,121	4,905
Total Nonoperating Revenues		3,124		11,245		8,121	4,905
Total Revenues		521,034		536,347		15,313	581,969
						,	
Expenditures							
Administration and operations				269,158			302,878
Capital Outlay				3,350			-
Debt Service:							
Interest and fees				50,358			53,309
Debt principal		521.072		116,462		02 (45	113,511
Total Expenditures		521,973		439,328		82,645	469,698
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(939)		97,019		97,958	112,271
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers from (to) Other Funds							
Northern Project Fund		-		-		-	(75,960)
General Fund		939		939		-	
Fund Balance Appropriated		-		-		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		939	·	939		-	(75,960)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over							
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	_	\$	97,958	\$	97,958	\$ 36,311
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified acc	rual)	to full accrua	1				
			¢	07.059			¢ 2(211
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures			\$	97,958 116,462			\$ 36,311 113,511
Debt principal Depreciation							(109,719)
Capital Outlay				(101,120)			(109,719)
(Increase) decrease in bond interest accrued				505			492
(Increase) decrease in bond increase accrued (Increase) decrease in vacation payable				618			(216)
(Increase) decrease in accrued payroll				982			(744)
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability				1,193			8,575
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resource	ec - ne	nsion		3,390			(9,541)
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resource				1,860			4,309
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability				(5,414)			4,309 8,407
(Increase) decrease in her pension hability (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resource	e - nen	sions		608			439
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resource				(22,314)			(19,321)
Operating Income from Project Fund (Ex D-1a)	- OI			4,600			(17,521)
Transfers (Ex D-1a)				-,000			75,960
Total reconciling items				1,370			72,152
Change in net position			\$	99,328			\$ 108,463
				/			

Hertford County, North Carolina Northern Water Improvement Project Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Project Authorization	Prior Year	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Restricted intergovernmental revenue USDA Rural Development grant Tap on fees Total	\$ 423,000 12,200 435,200	\$ - 	\$ - 4,600 4,600	\$ - 4,600 4,600	\$ (423,000) (7,600) (430,600)
Expenditures					
Capital Outlay Contingency Administrative Cost Contract services - construction Contract services - engineering Interest Expense Total Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures <u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>	50,150 5,000 206,000 1,168,010 18,000 1,447,160 (1,011,960)	- - - - - -	- 140,554 866,428 - 1,006,982 (1,002,382)	- 140,554 866,428 - 1,006,982 (1,002,382)	50,150 5,000 65,446 301,582 18,000 440,178 9,578
USDA Loan Proceeds Loan from Southern Water District Repay loan from Southern Water District Transfer from Northern Water District Fund Total	936,000 1,359,000 (1,359,000) 75,960 1,011,960	- - - 	1,359,000	1,359,000	(936,000) 1,359,000 (75,960) 347,040
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	<u>\$ </u>	\$ -	\$ 356,618	\$ 356,618	\$ 356,618

Hertford County, North Carolina Southern Water District Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For The Year Ended June 30, 2019 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				2019			2018	
		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Negative)	Actual	
Revenues								
Operating Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	936,757	\$	992,622	\$	55,865	\$ 1,017,1	
Tap-on fees	φ	36,000	φ	65,850	φ	29,850	\$ 1,017,1 41,1	
Other		2,800		8,955		6,155	72,5	
Total operating revenues		975,557		1,067,427		91,870	1,130,9	
1 0		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-,				
Nonoperating revenues:								
Interest Earned on Investments		13,311		49,644		36,333	21,3	
Total Nonoperating Revenues		13,311		49,644		36,333	21,3	
Total Revenues		988,868		1,117,071		128,203	1,152,2	
Expenditures								
Administration and operations				462,854			326,5	
Capital Outlay				65,034			27,6	
Debt Service:				00,001			27,0	
Interest and fees				106,417			112,6	
Debt principal				246,111			239,8	
Bond issuance cost							200,0	
Total Expenditures		990,068		880,416		109,652	706,7	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,200)		236,655		237,855	445,4	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers from (to) Other Funds								
General Fund		1,200		1,200		-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,200		1,200		-		
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over								
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	-	\$	237,855	\$	237,855	\$ 445,4	
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified	l accru	al) to full acc	rual					
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures			\$	237,855			\$ 445,4	
Debt principal			-	246,111			239,8	
Depreciation				(220,780)			(231,4	
Capital Outlay				56,419			28,3	
(Increase) decrease in bond interest accrued				1,066			1,0	
(Increase) decrease in accrued payroll				(3,085)			(1,2	
(Increase) decrease in vacation payable				(1,884)			(7,2	
(Increase) decrease in vacation payable (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation				1,188			8,5	
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pe	ension			20,401			(9,7	
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - O				1,854			4,2	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability				(26,982)			4,2	
(Increase) Decrease in deferred inflows of res	ources	nensions		(20,982) 484			3	
(Increase) Decrease in defended innows of res		Pensions		(22,221)			(10.1	

Change in net position \$ 290,416

(Increase) Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB

Total reconciling items

(22,231)

52,561

(19,131)

28,730

474,226

\$

Hertford County, North Carolina Tunis Sewer District Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For The Year Ended June 30, 2019 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				2019				2018
	Budget			Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		Actual
Revenues								
Operating Revenues								
Charges for services Total operating revenues	\$	27,000 27,000	\$	34,040 34,040	\$	7,040 7,040	\$	31,441 31,441
Nonoperating revenues:								
Interest Earned on Investments Total Nonoperating Revenues		1,000		1,340 1,340		<u>340</u> 340		1,053 1,053
Total Revenues		28,000		35,380		7,380		32,494
Expenditures								
Administration and operations Debt Service:				14,718				14,057
Debt Principal				5,500				5,500
Interest and fees				6,986				7,115
Total Expenditures		28,000		27,204		796		26,672
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		_		8,176		8,176		5,822
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers from (to) Other Funds Tunis Sewer District Capital Project Fund		-		_		_		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$		\$	8,176	\$	8,176	\$	5,822
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified ad	ccrual)	to full accrua	վ					
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures				8,176			\$	5,822
Debt Principal				5,500				5,500
Depreciation Expense				(38,867)				(38,867)
(Increase) decrease in bond interest accrued				(22)				(23)
Total reconciling items				(33,389)				(33,390)
Change in net position			\$	(25,213)			\$	(27,568)

Hertford County, North Carolina Sanitation Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For The Year Ended June 30, 2019 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			2019			_	2018
-	Budget		Actual]	Variance Positive Vegative)		Actual
Revenues							
Operating Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 991,268	\$	1,031,921	\$	40,653	\$	909,279
Other	68,621		51,267		(17,354)		60,457
Total Operating Revenues	1,059,889		1,083,188		23,299		969,736
Nonoperating revenues:							
Interest Earnings	1,256		5,056		3,800		2,342
Total Nonoperating Revenues	1,256		5,056		3,800		2,342
Total Revenues	1,061,145		1,088,244		27,099		972,078
Expenditures							
Landfill:							
Administration and operations			445,223				413,072
Contract services			686,894				603,189
Capital Outlay			-				-
Total Expenditures	1,150,951		1,132,117		18,834		1,016,261
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(89,806)		(43,873)		45,933		(44,183)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers from (to) Other Funds							
General Fund	4,806		4,806		-		-
Fund Balance Appropriated	85,000		-		(85,000)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	89,806		4,806		(85,000)		-
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over							
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$	(39,067)	\$	(39,067)	\$	(44,183)
- Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accru	ual) to full accrua	ı					
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		\$	(39,067)			\$	(44,183)
Depreciation			(15,400)				(16,597)
Capital outlay			-				-
(Increase) decrease in vacation payable			(2,881)				(639)
(Increase) decrease in accrued payroll			(788)				1,640
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB liability			645				4,643
(Increase) decrease in landfill closure			20,097				21,762
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pension			7,932				(7,766)
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB			1,007				2,301
Increase in net pension liability			(11,048)				6,711
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pension	S		506				234
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB			(12,083)				(10,315)
Total reconciling items			(12,013)				1,974
Change in net position		\$	(51,080)			\$	(42,209)

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the county as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.

- **Social Services Fund:** This fund accounts for moneys held by the Social Services Department for the benefit of certain individuals in the County.
- **Inmates Money Fund:** This fund accounts for moneys of inmates that are held by the County for their personal expenses.
- **Fines and Forfeitures Fund:** This fund accounts for fines and forfeitures collected by the County that are required to be turned over to the Hertford County Board of Education.
- **Tax Fund:** This fund accounts for taxes and fees that are billed and collected by the County for various municipalities within the County.

Hertford County, North Carolina Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Restated Balance July 1, 2018		1	Additions	D	eductions	Balance June 30, 2019	
Social Services								
Assets								
Cash	\$	19,203	\$	34,285	\$	46,502	\$	6,986
Liabilities	¢	10 202	¢	24.295	¢	46.500	¢	(00 (
Miscellaneous Liabilities	\$	19,203	\$	34,285	\$	46,502	\$	6,986
Inmates Money								
Assets	¢	15 451	¢	122.007	¢	122 752	¢	16 606
Cash	\$	15,451	\$	133,907	\$	132,752	\$	16,606
Liabilities								
Miscellaneous Liabilities	\$	15,451	\$	133,907	\$	132,752	\$	16,606
Cooperative Extension Trust Assets								
Cash	\$	-	\$	25,091	\$	4,931	\$	20,160
Due from other Governments		-		208		-		208
Liabilities								
Miscellaneous Liabilities	\$	-	\$	25,299	\$	4,931	\$	20,368
Fines and Forfeitures Assets								
Cash	\$		\$	70,454	\$	70,454	\$	-
Liabilities								
Intergovernmental payable	\$	-	\$	70,454	\$	70,454	\$	-
<u>Tax Fund</u>								
Assets	^		<u>_</u>				<u>_</u>	
Cash	\$	-	\$	3,621,686	\$	3,621,686	\$	-
Liabilities								
Intergovernmental payable	\$	-	\$	3,621,686	\$	3,621,686	\$	-
TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	34,654	\$	3,885,423	\$	3,876,325	\$	43,752
Due from other Governments	\$	-	\$	208	\$		\$	208
Liabilities:								
Miscellaneous Liabilities	\$	34,654	\$	3,885,631	\$	3,876,325	\$	43,960

OTHER SCHEDULES

This section includes additional information required on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy County-Wide Levy
- Schedule of Ten Largest Taxpayers

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year		Uncollected Balance July 1, 2018		Additions	_	Collections And Credits		Uncollected Balance June 30, 2019	
2018-2019	\$	-	\$	14,035,485	\$	13,525,554	\$	509,931	
2017-2018		526,697		-		283,653		243,044	
2016-2017		246,091		1,354		98,706		148,739	
2015-2016		130,987		-		42,048		88,939	
2014-2015		79,481		48		14,869		64,660	
2013-2014		81,983		-		12,557		69,426	
2012-2013		80,564		-		9,587		70,977	
2011-2012		63,751		-		6,060		57,691	
2010-2011		58,606		1		4,078		54,529	
2009-2010		56,594		-		3,001		53,593	
2008-2009		54,712		-		54,712			
Totals	\$	1,379,466	\$	14,036,888	\$	14,054,825	\$	1,361,529	
				Less: allowance	e for u	ncollectible accour	nts	(570,000	
		Taxes Receival	ole (N	et)			\$	791,529	
	Re	econcilement with	h reve	enues:					
		d valorem taxes - terest and penalti		ral Fund	\$	14,143,331 (182,307)			
		Reconciling item	15.					13,961,024	
		Other adjustn						42,404	
				ff for 2008-2009	levv			51,397	
	Amounts written off for 2008-2009 levy Total Reconciling Items								

Hertford County, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy County - wide Levy For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		C	ounty - w	_		al Levy		
	P	roperty Valuation	Rate	_	Total Levy	_	Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles
Original levy: Property taxed at current year's rate Dog tax Fire Districts	\$	1,660,139,762	0.840	\$	13,945,174 5,280 85,031	\$	12,519,048 \$ 5,280 85,031	1,426,126
Total Original Levy		1,660,139,762		_	14,035,485	_	12,609,359	1,426,126
Discoveries		-	0.840		-		-	-
Abatements			0.840	_		_		
Total Property Valuation	\$	1,660,139,762						
Net levy					14,035,485		12,609,359	1,426,126
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2019				_	509,931	_	509,931	
Current year's taxes collected				\$	13,525,554	\$_	12,099,428 \$	1,426,126
Current levy collection percentage				=	96.37%	=	95.96%	100.00%

Secondary Market Disclosures:

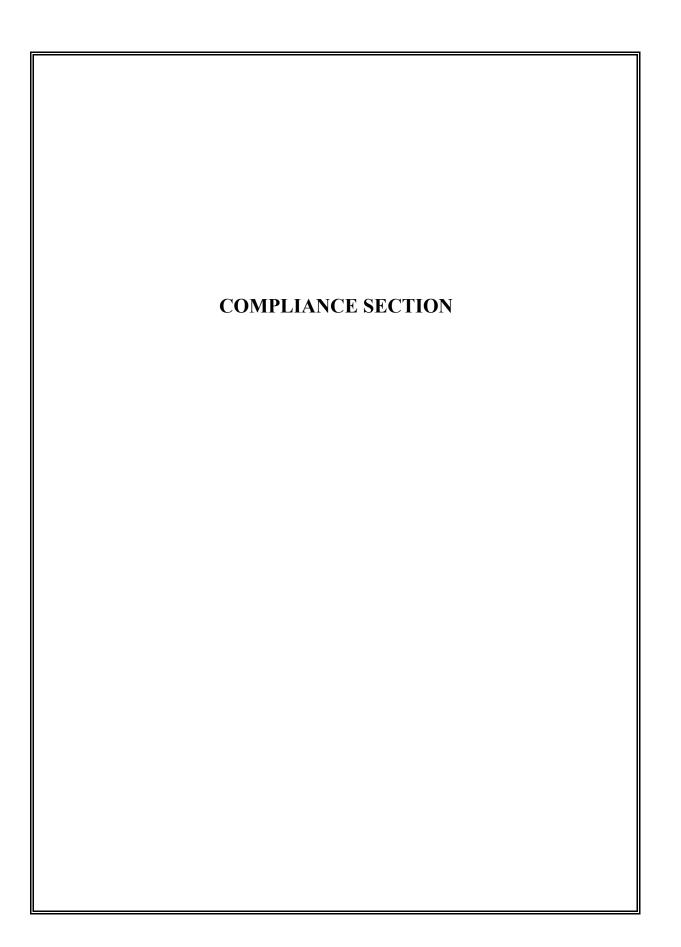
Assessed Valuation:	
Assessment Ratio	100%
Real Property	\$ 1,277,752,265
Personal Property	281,198,461
Public Service Companies	101,189,036
Total Assessed Valuation	1,660,139,762
Tax Rate per \$100	0.84
Levy (includes discoveries, releases and abatements)	\$ 13,945,174

In addition to the County-wide rate, the following table lists the levies by the County on behalf of fire protection districts for the fiscal year ended June 30:

Fire Protection Districts	\$ 84,972

Hertford County, North Carolina Ten Largest Taxpayers For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Taxpayer	Type of Business	 Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation		
Wackelnut Corrections Corp	Correctional Facility	\$ 60,107,493	3.62%		
Nucor Corporation	Manufacturing	44,481,462	2.68%		
Enviva Pellets Ahoskie, LLC	Manufacturing	40,426,993	2.44%		
Kerr Group, LLC	Manufacturing	15,988,581	0.96%		
Commercial Ready Mix Products, Inc	Construction	15,550,255	0.94%		
Carrol's Foods of Virginia, Inc	Livestock	12,350,442	0.74%		
Perdue Agribusiness LLC	Manufacturing	11,917,570	0.72%		
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business Trust	Retail	10,589,935	0.64%		
Perdue Grain and Oil Seed LLC	Farming	9,512,132	0.57%		
Fresh Air Energy XXV LLC	Service	9,210,338	0.55%		
		\$ 230,135,200	13.86%		





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Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Hertford County Winton, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hertford County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises Hertford County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Herford County ABC Board, as described in our report on Hertford County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by those auditors. The financial statements of the Hertford ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hertford County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedure that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hertford County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hertford County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Rice, Seatt, adame) & Co., P.A.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. Whiteville, NC November 8, 2019



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> Alan W. Thompson, CPA **R. Bryon Scott, CPA** Gregory S. Adams, CPA

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS CONSULTANTS AND TAX ADVISORS

Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Federal Program And Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Hertford County Winton, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Hertford County, North Carolina's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Hertford County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Hertford County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and State statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Hertford County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Hertford County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Hertford County compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Hertford County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Hertford County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Hertford County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have direct and material effect on major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items [2019-001, 2019-002, 2019-003 and 2019-004] that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

The Hertford County's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. The Hertford County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Rice, Scott, adame) & Co., P.A.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. Whiteville, NC November 8, 2019

Section I. Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the f prepared in accordance to GAAP: Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material Weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
• Significant Deficiency(s) identified?	yes	X_none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	yes	<u>X</u> no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major federal programs:		
Material Weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
• Significant Deficiency(s) identified?	<u> </u>	none reported
Noncompliance material to federal awards	yes	<u>X</u> no
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for	major federal programs: Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	e <u>X</u> yes	no
Identification of major federal programs:		
<u>CFDA #</u> 93.778	<u>Program Name</u> Medical Assistance Program	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs		\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	<u>X</u> yes	no

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

None Reported.

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

US Department of Health and Human Services

Passed through the NC Dept. of Health and Human Services Program Name: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX)

CFDA# 93.778

Finding: 2019-001

SIGNIFICANT DEFICENCY Eligibility

Criteria:	The Child Support Enforcement Agency (IV-D) can assist the family in obtaining financial and/or medical support or medical support payments from the child's non-custodial parent. Cooperation requirement with Social Services and Child Support Agencies must be met or good cause for not cooperating must be established when determining Medicaid eligibility.
Condition:	There were six errors discovered during our procedures that referrals between DSS and Child Support Agencies were not properly made. One applicant received assistance although their Child Support case was indicating non cooperation and no good cause established.
Questioned Costs:	The amounts paid out for the above ineligible participants did not exceed the threshold for a questioned cost determination.
Context:	We examined 60 Medicaid applicants from the Medicaid Beneficiary report provided by NC Department of Health and Human Services to re-determine eligibility. These findings are being reported with the financial statement audit as it relates to the Medicaid administrative cost compliance audit.
Effect:	One applicant received assistance for which they were not eligible.
Cause:	Error in reading the ACTS report, and ineffective case review process.
Recommendation:	Files should be reviewed internally to ensure proper information is in place and necessary procedures are taken when determining eligibility. The results found or documentation made in case notes should clearly indicate what actions were performed and the results of those actions.
	The County agrees with the finding. Supervisors will review action reports regularly to determine if corrective action was taken and that action was correctly closed out. Workers will be retrained on what information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record keeping, and reserve calculations.

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

US Department of Health and Human Services

Passed through the NC Dept. of Health and Human Services Program Name: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX)

CFDA# 93.778

Finding: 2019-002

SIGNIFICANT DEFICENCY Eligibility

Criteria:	The State sends notification to the County when a participant is no longer eligible under SSI determination. The County has a certain time period to initiate an ex parte review to determine whether the recipient qualifies for Medicaid under any other coverage group, such as Family and Children's Medicaid, North Carolina Health Choice for Children, Work First Family Assistance, or Medicaid for the Aged, Blind and Disabled.
Condition:	Two applicants were not reviewed timely and determined to be eligible for Medicaid when their SSI benefits were terminated.
Questioned Costs:	The amounts paid out for the above ineligible participants did not exceed the threshold for a questioned cost determination.
Context:	We examined 60 Medicaid applicants from the Medicaid Beneficiary report provided by NC Department of Health and Human Services to re-determine eligibility. These findings are being reported with the financial statement audit as it relates to the Medicaid administrative cost compliance audit.
Effect:	The County did not initiate ex parte review timely, therefore, no eligibility review was completed in the required time period. The lack of follow up and certification lead to applicants receiving Medicaid benefits for which they were not eligible.
Cause:	Ineffective communication between departments within the Department of Social Services. One area within DSS received State communications that applicants would no longer be eligible for SSI benefits and the County needed to conduct an application process. This information was not shared with other departments in DSS from which the recipient was also receiving benefits.
Recommendation:	Any State communications related to applicants' benefits received by any DSS department should be shared with all areas from which the participant receives benefits. State files should be reviewed internally to ensure all actions have been properly closed and the corrective action has been taken. Workers should be retrained on what process needs to be followed when State communications are received.
-	The County agrees with the finding. Supervisors will review action reports regularly to determine if corrective action plan was taken and that action was correctly closed out. Workers will be retrained on what information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record keeping, and reserve calculations.

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

US Department of Health and Human Services

Passed through the NC Dept. of Health and Human Services Program Name: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX) CFDA# 93.778

Finding: 2019-003

SIGNIFICANT DEFICENCY Eligibility

Criteria:	Medicaid for Aged, Blind and Disabled case records should contain documentation that verifications were done in preparation of the application and these items will agree to reports in the NC FAST system. In this process, the countable resources should be calculated correctly and agree back to the amounts in the NC FAST system. Any items discovered in the verification process should be considered countable or non-countable resources and explained within the documentation.
Condition:	There were fifteen errors discovered during our procedures that resources in the county documentation and those same resources contained in NC FAST were not the same amounts or files containing resources were not properly documented to be considered countable or non-countable.
Questioned Costs:	There was no affect to eligibility and there were no questioned costs.
Context:	We examined 60 Medicaid applicants from the Medicaid Beneficiary report provided by NC Department of Health and Human Services to re-determine eligibility. These findings are being reported with the financial statement audit as it relates to the Medicaid administrative cost compliance audit.
Effect:	For those certifications/re-certifications there was a chance that information was not properly documented and reconciled to NC FAST which could affect countable resource. Therefore, applicants could have received assistance for which they were not eligible.
Cause:	Ineffective record keeping and ineffective case review process, incomplete documentation, and incorrect application of rules for purposes of determining eligibility.
Recommendation:	Files should be reviewed internally to ensure proper documentation is in place for eligibility. Workers should be retrained on what files should contain and the importance of complete and accurate record keeping. We recommend that all files include online verifications, documented resources of income and those amounts agree to information in NC FAST. The results found or documentation made in case notes should clearly indicate what actions were performed and the results of those actions.
-	The County agrees with the finding. Supervisors will review action reports regularly to determine if corrective action plan was taken and that action was correctly closed out. Workers will be retrained on what information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record

keeping, and reserve calculations.

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Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

US Department of Health and Human Services

Passed through the NC Dept. of Health and Human Services Program Name: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX)

CFDA# 93.778

Finding: 2019-004

SIGNIFICANT DEFICENCY Eligibility

Criteria:	In accordance with 42 CFR 435, documentation must be obtained as needed to determine if a recipient meets specific income standards, and documentation must be maintained to support eligibility determinations. In accordance with 2 CFR 200, management should have an adequate system of internal controls procedures in place to ensure an applicant is properly determined or redetermined for benefits.
Condition:	There were twenty-one errors discovered during our procedures that inaccurate information was entered when determining eligibility. One error resulted in an applicant receiving assistance from the wrong class of the program. One error resulted in an applicant receiving assistance for which the client was not eligible due to the case not being closed properly in NC FAST.
Questioned Costs:	The amounts paid out for the above in-eligible participants did not exceed the threshold for a questioned cost determination.
Context:	We examined 60 Medicaid applicants from the Medicaid Beneficiary report provided by NC Department of Health and Human Services to re-determine eligibility. These findings are being reported with the financial statement audit as it relates to the Medicaid administrative cost compliance
Effect:	For those certifications/re-certifications there was a chance that information was not properly documented and reconciled to NC FAST which could affect income. Therefore, a participant could have been approved to receive benefits for which they were not eligible.
Cause:	
	Ineffective record keeping and ineffective case review process, incomplete documentation, and incorrect application of rules for purposes of determining eligibility.
Recommendation:	
	Files should be reviewed internally to ensure proper documentation is in place for eligibility. Workers should be retrained on what files should contain and the importance of complete and accurate record keeping. We recommend that all files include online verifications, documented resources of income and those amounts agree to information in NC FAST. The results found or documentation made in case notes should clearly indicate what actions were performed and the results of those actions.
Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions:	The County agrees with the finding. Supervisors will perform second party reviews to ensure proper documentation is contained in files to support eligibility determinations. Workers will be retrained on what information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record keeping, and reserve calculations.



Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None Reported.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Question Costs

Finding 2019-001

	Name of contact person:	Brenda Brown, DSS Director; Debra Myers, Adults Medicaid Supervisor; Angela Brown, IMS II
	Corrective Action:	Workers are retrained on how to read ACTS information and to determine a client's cooperation status. Keying of IV-D referrals is reiterated to workers that if a parent is receiving benefits a referral must be keyed on case that child(ren) is/are receiving benefits on.
	Proposed completion date:	Management will continue to monitor the progress of this issue and modify the controls as needed.
Find	ling 2019-002	
	Name of contact person:	Brenda Brown, DSS Director; Debra Myers, Adults Medicaid Supervisor; Angela Brown, IMS II
	Corrective Action:	SSI termination reports are now being pulled and SSI termination tasks are being assigned to the workers and they will be informed via email that such task has been assigned to them with a time frame of 30 days for completion. Such emails are also shared with supervisors for follow-up monitoring to ensure tasks are completed.
	Proposed completion date:	Certain controls are currently being created and reviewed. Management will continue to monitor the progress of this issue and modify the controls as needed.

Finding 2019-003

Name of contact person:	Brenda Brown, DSS Director; Debra Myers, Adults Medicaid Supervisor; Angela Brown, IMS II
Corrective Action:	Workers are reminded that all properties, resources and vehicles must be looked at and entered into NCFAST at time of application and recertification's.
D	

Proposed completion Management will continue to monitor the progress of this issue and modify the controls as needed. date:

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Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Finding 2019-004

Name of contact Brenda person: Brown,

Corrective Action: Workers are advised to toggle into determination history prior to case authorization to ensure that household composition and income are correct. Workers are to continue completing manual budget and such is to be compared to NCFAST budget for budgeting accuracy as well as correct program eligibility. In addition workers are also counseled on being more aware when entering income and income calculations.

Proposed completion Management will continue to monitor the progress of this issue and modify the controls as needed. date:

Section IV - State Award Findings and Question Costs

None Reported

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Hertford County, North Carolina Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Finding: 18-01

Status: Corrected

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title		DA Grantor's Pa		Fed (Direct & Pass-through Expenditures		State <u>Expenditures</u>		hrough o cipients	Local Expenditure	
ederal Awards:										
.S. Dept. of Agriculture										
Passed-through N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services:										
Division of Social Services:										
Administration: State Administrative Matching Grants for the										
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561		\$	287,388	\$		s		\$	287,388
	10.501		φ		ф —		ф 		φ	
Total U.S. Dept. of Agriculture				287,388		-		-	·	287,388
S Dept. of Health and Human Services										
Passed-through Mid East Commissions: Division of Aging and Adult Services: <u>Aging Cluster</u>										
Special Programs for the Aging Title IIIB										
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044			27,807		1,636				3,271
Special Programs for the Aging Title IIIC Nutrition Services	93.045			143,875		8,463		-		16,927
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053			23,341		-		_		
Total Aging Cluster	95.055			195,023		10,099		<u> </u>		20,198
				175,025		10,077				20,190
Division of Social Services:										
Temporary Assistance Needy Family Cluster										
TANF-Work First	93.558			268,315		-		-		73,397
Total TANF Cluster				268,315		-		-		73,397
Foster Care and Adoption Cluster										
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658			36,117		9,746		-		22,592
Adoption Assistance	93.659			3,889		-		-		3,888
Foster Care	N/A			15,281		-		-		
IV-E Adoption	N/A			251		-		-		
Total Foster Care and Adoption Cluster				55,538		9,746		-		26,480
Child Support Enforcement	93.563			298,760		-		-		153,907
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance:										
Administration	93.568			31,630		-		-		-
Energy Assistance - Direct Benefit Payments	93.568			222,900		-		-		-
Crisis Intervention Program	93.568			183,640		-		-		-
Total Low-Income Energy Assistance				438,170		-		-		-
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program:	00.645									
Permanency Planning - Families for Kids	93.645			628		-		-		209
Total Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program:				628		-	<u> </u>	-		209
SSBG - Other Service and Training	93.667			135,501		-		-		45,167
Division of Aging and Adult Services										
Division of Social Services										
SSBG - State In Home Service Fund	93.667			7,929		-		-		1,002
SSBG - State Adult Day Care	93.667			20,632		6,067		-		6,353
Pass-through Mid East Commission:	02.007			4 702		107				5 4 7
Social Services Block Grant (SSBG) Total Social Service Block Grant	93.667			4,783 168,845		6,204		-		547
Administration for Children and Familian										
Administration for Children and Families Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services										
Subsidized Child Care:										
Child Care Development Fund Cluster:										
Division of Social Services:										
Child Care Development Fund-Administration	93.596			75,471		-		-		-
Total Subsidized Child Care Cluster				75,471		-		-		-
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Health and Human Services										
Division of Medical Assistance:										
Division of Social Services										
Administration										121 000
Administration Medical Assistance Program	93.778			980,256		11,627		-		421,000
	93.778			980,256		11,627		-		421,000
	93.778 93.767			980,256 <u>17,462</u> 2,498,468				-		

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Pa	l (Direct & ss-through penditures	State Expenditures			-through to recipients	<u>E</u> 2	Local spenditures
U.S. Dept. of Homeland Security Passed through the NC Dept. of Public Safety										
Division of Emergency Management Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	EMPG-2018		38,524						
Homeland Security Grant	97.067	2017-1704		10,000		-		-		-
Total U.S. Dept. of Homeland Security				48,524		-		-		-
U.S. Dept. of Transportation Pass through the NC Dept. of Public Safety										
Hazardous Materials Emergency Preparedness	20.703			5,085		-		-		-
Total U.S Dept. of Transportation				5,085		-		-		-
U.S. Dept. of Justice										
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738			23,282		-		-		-
Total U.S. Dept. of Justice				23,282		-		-		-
Total Federal Awards			\$	2,862,747	\$	37,676	\$		\$	1,035,648
State Awards:										
N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services										
Division of Aging and Adult Services State Funds - Access			\$		\$	6,156	\$	_	\$	684
State Funds - In-Home Services			φ	-	Φ	52,508	Ψ	-	φ	5,834
State Funds - Home Delivered Meals				-		22,399		-		2,489
State Appropriation Senior Center General Purpose				-		20,903 7,128		-		2,323
Total Division of Aging and Adult Services				<u> </u>		109,094				11,330
										<u></u>
Division of Social Services:		NT/ A				117				
AFDC Incent/Program Integrity DCD Smart Start		N/A N/A		-		117 6,261		-		
State Child Welfare/CPS/CS LD		N/A		-		7,910		-		-
County Funded Programs		N/A		-		-		-		295,533
Work First Non Reimbursable		N/A		-		-		-		126
Non-Allocating County Cost		N/A		-		-		-		137,274
State Foster Home Total for Division of Social Services						654 14,942		-		654 433,587
Total N.C. Dept. Health and Human Services				-		124,036		-		444,917
N. C. Dept. of Environmental Quality Division of Waste Management										
Electronics Management				-		1,501		-		-
Scrap Tire Program		N/A				4,972		-		-
Total N.C. Dept. of Environmental Quality				-		6,473		-		-
<u>N.C. Dept. of Administration</u> Veterans Service		N/A				2 216				
Total N.C. Dept. of Administration		IN/A		<u> </u>		2,216				
<u>N.C. Dept. of Transportation</u> Rural Operating Assistance Program (ROAP) Cluster										
ROAP Elderly and Disabled Transportation Assistance Program		36220.10.8.1		-		57,566		-		-
ROAP Rural General Public Program		36228.22.8.1		-		53,049		-		-
ROAP Work First Transitional - Employment Total ROAP Cluster		36236.11.7.1		-		7,830		-		-
Total KOAT Cluster						110,445		-		
N.C. Dept. of Insurance										
SHIIP Grant						2,421		-		-
Total N.C. Dept. of Insurance				-		2,421		-		-
N.C. Dept. of Public Safety										
JCPC Administration		N/A		-		6,000		-		-
Second Chance Courts Power of U						32,000 28,804		32,000 28,804		3,200 2,880
Vocational Job and Education				-		40,667		40,667		4,067
Total JCPC Programs				-		107,471		101,471		10,147
Tier II Universal Grant		N/A		_		2,975		-		-
		1 1/ 2 1		-		2,17,0				-
Surry Fund				-		1,400		-		-
Total N.C Dept. of Public Safety				-		111,846		101,471		10,147

Hertford County, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Pa	l (Direct & ss-through penditures	Ex	State penditures	s-through to recipients	Ex	Local spenditures
N.C. Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services Soil & Water Conservation Total N.C. Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services						<u>30,420</u> <u>30,420</u>	 -		-
<u>N.C. Department of Natural and Cultural Resources</u> DNCR Grant Total N.C Department of Natural and Cultural Resources				-		38,099 38,099	 -		-
Total State Awards						433,956	 101,471		455,064
Total Federal and State Awards			\$	2,862,747	\$	471,632	\$ 101,471	\$	1,490,712

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of Federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the Federal and State grant activity of Hertford County under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Hertford County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in nets assets or cash flows of Hertford County.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate

Hertford County has elected not to use the 10-precent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4: Cluster of Programs

The following are clustered by the NC Department of Health and Human Services and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes: Subsidized Child Care and Foster Care and Adoption.

Note 5: Benefit Payments Issued by the State

The amounts listed below were paid directly to individual recipients by the State from federal and State moneys. County personnel are involved with certain functions, primarily eligibility determinations that cause benefit payments to be issued by the State. These amounts disclose this additional aid to County recipients that do not appear in the basic financial statements because they are not revenues and expenditures of the County.

Program Title	CFDA No.		Federal	State		
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	\$	32,696,008	\$	17,685,299	
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767		382,056		-	
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women Infant and Children	10.557		730,060		-	
Food and Nutrition Services	10.561		7,616,058		-	
IV-E Adopt & Vendor	93.659		32,824		8,020	
TANF Payments & Penalties	93.558		129,573		-	
CWS Adopt, Vendor, Guard	N/A				52,018	
SAA/SAD HB 1030	N/A				19,397	
SC/SA Domiciliary Care	N/A				442,059	