

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

New Hanover County, North Carolina For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Jonathan Barfield, Jr., Chairman Board of Commissioners

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Prepared by
New Hanover County Finance Department
www.nhcgov.com



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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Our Vision for New Hanover County

A vibrant, prosperous, diverse coastal community, committed to building a sustainable future for generations to come.

Mission Statement

New Hanover County is committed to progressive public policy, superior service, courteous contact, judicious exercise of authority, and sound fiscal management to meet the needs and concerns of our citizens today and tomorrow.

Shared Values

Professionalism-Integrity-Innovation-Stewardship-Accountability

The New Hanover County Board of Commissioners June 2019

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS



Jonathan Barfield, Jr. **Chairman**



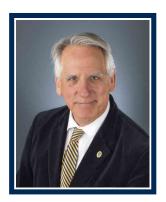
Julia Olson-Boseman Vice-Chairwoman



Patricia Kusek Commissioner



Woody White **Commissioner**



Rob Zapple **Commissioner**

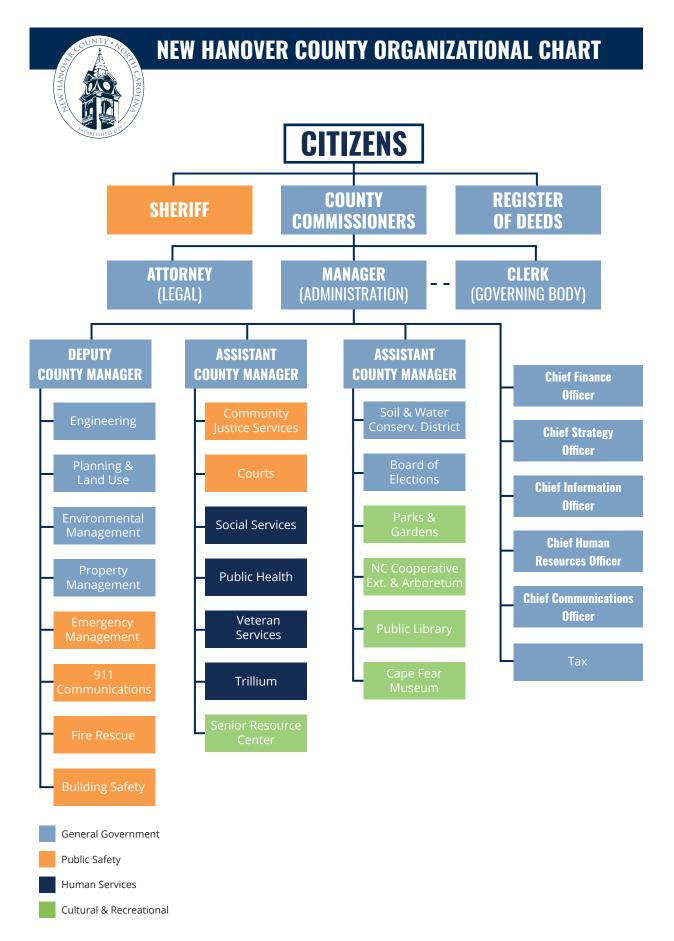
OTHER ELECTED OFFICIALS



Ed McMahon **Sheriff**



Tammy Beasley **Register of Deeds**



^{*}CFCC & Public Schools (not shown) - County provides funding with no consulting role.



NEW HANOVER COUNTY

FINANCE

230 Government Center Drive, Suite 165, Wilmington, NC 28403 P: (910) 798-7187 | F: (910) 798-7806 | NHCgov.com

Lisa Wurtzbacher, Chief Financial Officer

November 26, 2019

Honorable Chairman, Members of the Board of Commissioners, New Hanover County Manager, and Residents of the County of New Hanover, North Carolina

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) on the operations of New Hanover County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Laws of the State of North Carolina, along with policies of the North Carolina Local Government, require that all local governments in the State publish a comprehensive set of financial statements annually. The financial statements included in this report conform to generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rest with the County. We believe that the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that its presentation fairly shows the financial position and the results of the County's operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that the included disclosures will provide the reader with an understanding of the County's financial affairs.

Cherry Bekaert LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the County's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit concluded that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year June 30, 2019 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

In addition to the funds of the County, the government-wide financial statements include the discrete presentation of four legally separate entities: The New Hanover County Airport Authority, New Hanover Regional Medical Center, New Hanover County Alcohol Beverage Control Board and the New Hanover County Tourism Development Authority.

PROFILE OF THE COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER

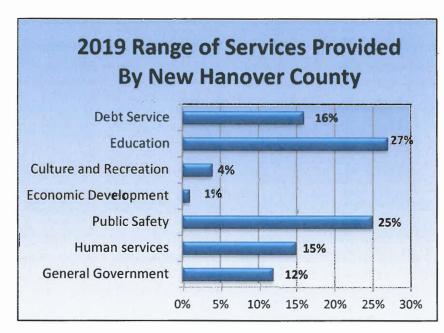


ew Hanover County, established in 1729, is located in the tidewater section of Southeastern North Carolina. It is set between the Atlantic Ocean and the Cape Fear River. The surrounding terrain is low lying, with an average elevation of less than 40 feet and the highest

elevation approximately 75 feet above sea level. The County is the second smallest in the state with land area totaling approximately 192 square miles, and is the 3rd most densely populated county in the State with a population of around 237,689. The City of Wilmington, the County seat and the largest city, is centrally located in the County. Other incorporated municipalities in the County are Wrightsville Beach, Carolina Beach and Kure Beach.



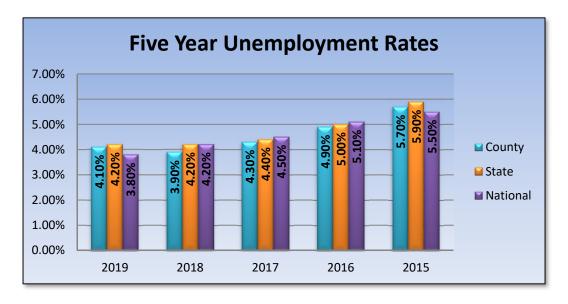
The County utilizes a County Manager form of government with five Commissioners who serve four year staggered terms. The Chairman is elected by the Commissioners each year for a one-year term. The County Manager, County Attorney, and the Clerk to the Board are appointed by, and serve at the pleasure of the County Commissioners. Commissioners hold policy-making and legislative authority. They are also responsible for adopting the annual budget. The County Manager is the chief executive officer and prepares and recommends the annual budget in addition to being responsible for implementing policies, managing daily operations and appointing the department heads.



The County provides its citizens with a wide range of services including human services, public safety, economic and physical development, and culture and recreation. However. majority of the annual budget consists of education, public safety, debt service and human services. The County extends financial support to certain agencies and commissions to assist their efforts in serving citizens.

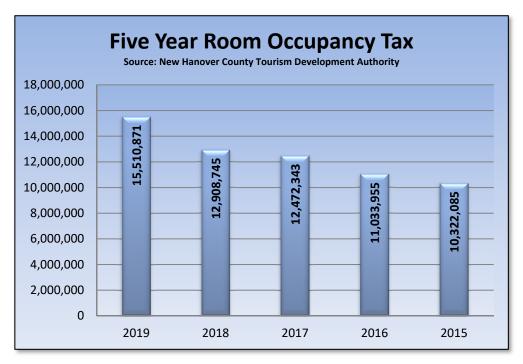
ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The County continues to experience growth in fiscal year 2019 and area employment has continued to expand with the increase in population. New Hanover County's unemployment rate continues to be lower than the states rate.



The housing market continues to experience steady growth which is reflective of the area's continued popularity. The average home sales price in June of 2019 in New Hanover County was \$328,900 which is an increase of 12 percent from June 2018. At the same time, the median days on market dropped by 12 days to 18 days.

Tourism in the area has demonstrated steady a recovery since 2010 and continues to be a bright spot in our local economy. When tourism is strong, local jobs are created and our citizens enjoy a better quality of life. Room occupancy collected in 2019 exceeded \$15 million and is directly attributable to the increase in tourism. The room occupancy tax provides funding to promote our area, funding for the Wilmington Convention Center, funding for costal storm damage reduction projects which are vital for our county's beaches.



New Hanover County maintains a diverse taxpayer base, with its top ten taxpayers representing only 4.33 percent of its total base. This diversity is one of the many reasons the County has remained strong, financially, throughout the fluctuating economy.

Top Ten Taxpayers			Percentage of Total County		
	Taxable		Taxable		
	Assessed		Assessed		
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value		
Duke Energy Progress	\$497,511,820	1	1.44%		
Corning Inc.	\$248,052,813	2	0.72%		
General Electric Company	\$232,000,207	3	0.67%		
Bedrock Holdings II LLC	\$119,888,800	4	0.35%		
Fortron Industries LLC	\$90,579,882	5	0.26%		
River Ventures	\$74,933,400	6	0.22%		
Mayfaire Town Center	\$69,755,785	7	0.20%		
GF Management Company	\$69,499,633	8	0.20%		
Global Nuclear Fuel Americas	\$51,728,288	9	0.15%		
Bellsouth	\$41,392,252	10	0.12%		
Total	1,495,342,880	_	4.33%		
Source: New Hanover County Tax Department					

The County also continues to attract a diverse base of employers, including healthcare, manufacturing, pharmaceutical, education, business services, and film. The County's top ten employers make up only 20.96 percent of the total employment within the County. In CNBC's 2019 annual survey of America's Top States for Business, North Carolina ranks third out of all 50 states and first in economy. In the categories of access to capital, workforce and technology & innovation, North Carolina ranked in the top 10.

Top Ten		2019		
Employers		-	Percentage	
	Number of		of Total	
	Number of		County	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	
New Hanover Regional Medical Center	7,138	1	5.86%	
New Hanover County Board of Education	4,240	2	3.48%	
General Electric Company	2,800	3	2.30%	
Walmart Stores, Inc.	2,414	4	1.98%	
University of NC at Wilmington	2,024	5	1.66%	
New Hanover County Government	1,813	6	1.49%	
PPD, Inc	1,500	7	1.23%	
Duke Energy Progress	1,375	8	1.13%	
Verizon Wireless	1,167	9	0.96%	
City of Wilmington	1,077	10	<u>0.88%</u>	
			20.96%	
Source: Greater Wilmington Business Journal 2019 Book on Business				

Healthcare

New Hanover Regional Medical Center (NHRMC) is a level-two trauma center for the region and a not-for-profit health system.

NHRMC and its affiliates include three hospital campuses and a total of 855 licensed beds.

With approximately 7,000 employees, 740 physicians on staff, and 700 volunteers,

NHRMC is the primary referral hospital in the region with specialty centers in cardiac, cancer, obstetrics, trauma, vascular surgery, intensive care, rehabilitation, and psychiatry. They offer education and screening programs to the community to help citizens take better



care of their health and live healthier lives. NHRMC is also a teaching hospital and has been successfully teaching UNC medical students for decades.

New Hanover Regional Medical Center employs more than 7,100 people making it the largest employer in New Hanover County. Its network includes the Betty H. Cameron Women's and Children's Hospital, the Glen Meade Center for Women's Health, Zimmer Cancer Center, NHRMC Orthopedic Hospital, NHRMC Rehabilitation Hospital, and Behavioral Health Hospital. NHRMC also has an Emergency Department-North, two Urgent Care Centers, an affiliation agreement with Pender Memorial Hospital, and many additional medical offices throughout the area and the surrounding counties. In 2019, New Hanover Regional Medical Center ranked 10th in *U.S. News & World Report's "*Best Hospitals in North Carolina". Forbes magazine, in both 2018 and 2019 ranked NHRMC as one of "America's Best Large Employers".

Wilmington Health provides comprehensive care in multiple medical specialties. They have been committed to the care and health of the community since 1971. Wilmington Health is structured as a multi-specialty clinic with primary care providers integrated into the system. In this way, Wilmington Health is able to provide a comprehensive and coordinated approach to the care of all its patients. Wilmington Health is headquartered in the county and has more than 20 affiliated offices.

Education

The County is home to the University of North Carolina Wilmington (UNCW). The school offers 55 bachelor's degrees, 36 master's degrees and 4 doctoral degrees. In Fall 2019, there were nearly 17,500 students enrolled in undergraduate and graduate degree programs.

U.S. News & World Report's ranked UNCW 92nd overall in their list of "Top 100 Public National Universities" for 2019. UNCW was also featured in the 2019 Fiske Guide to Colleges which showcases the "best and most interesting" schools and was one of only four UNC Systems institutions included on the list. Additionally, Kiplinger's recently moved UNCW up 30 places, to 32nd on its list of "Best Public College Values 2019."



Cape Fear Community College (CFCC) located in historic downtown Wilmington, is a major economic development partner in southeastern North Carolina with over 23,000 students enrolling in classes every year. CFCC offers over 60 technical degree programs in a wide range of areas which offer hands-on training, and its college transfer program allows students to earn the first two years of a bachelor's degree. Graduates can then transfer to most four-year colleges or universities in North Carolina. In addition, CFCC offers customized employee training opportunities for businesses and industries planning to expand or relocate to the area.

Manufacturing and Pharmaceutical

General Electric ("GE") is a longtime corporate resident of New Hanover County. GE Aviation manufactures jet engine parts that are used on commercial and military aircraft built by Boeing, Airbus and other airframe manufacturers. GE Hitachi Nuclear Energy (GEH) is a world-leading provider of advanced reactors and nuclear services. Global Nuclear Fuels Americas, another GE venture, combines the design, manufacturing and marketing operations to manufacture light-water nuclear reactor fuel.

Corning is one of the world's leading innovators in materials science, with a 166-year track record of life-changing inventions. Corning applies its unparalleled expertise in glass science, ceramics science, and optical physics, along with its deep manufacturing and engineering capabilities, to develop products that transform industries and enhance people's lives. Corning, which is consistently ranked as one of the world's "most innovative industrial materials company" by the Patent Board, opened the first optical fiber manufacturing facility in Wilmington in 1979 and now employs over 1,000 people locally.

Pharmaceutical Product Development, Inc. (PPD) is a leading global contract research organization that provides drug discovery, development, lifecycle management, and laboratory services. PPD's clients and partners include pharmaceutical, biotechnology, medical device, and academic and governmental organizations. PPD applies innovative technologies, therapeutic expertise and a commitment to quality to help clients and partners accelerate the delivery of safe and effective therapeutics and maximize the returns on their R&D investments. PPD maintains its worldwide headquarters in Wilmington's downtown area.

Business Services and Film

Live Oak Bank is a nationwide financial services company that specializes in financing for specific independent businesses like veterinaries, funeral homes, agriculture, pharmacy, healthcare and others. Although its headquarters are in Wilmington, it does not use branches, rather it receives payments and originates all loans entirely online. Since it was founded in 2007, Live Oak Bank, which now has over 500 employees, continues to grow. They are currently constructing an expansion that will more than double its footprint, allowing room for an additional 400 employees. Live Oak Bank is one of the country's top originators of small business loans mainly due to its use of technology and innovative software programs. It was named to Fortune's 100 Fastest-Growing Companies list, ranking 36th.



In an effort to improve traditional commercial lending processes, nCino, which was started in 2012 from within Live Oak Bank, developed an in-house software program to help manage their loans and operations. The nCino Bank Operating System is a single, comprehensive and secure cloud-based solution that streamlines customer and employee interactions, and increases the bank's transparency, efficiency and profitability while ensuring regulatory compliance. Once the demand for this technology increased, nCino became its own separate company and began providing this service to other financial institutions. NCino is headquartered in Wilmington. It has also been named the No. 1 "Best Place to Work in financial Technology" by American Banker.

CastleBranch is one of the largest background screening and compliance management companies in the nation with over 400 employees. CastleBranch provides organizations of all sizes, including nearly two-thirds of the colleges and universities across the United States, with industry leading employment screening products and services. Their wide range of comprehensive solutions include background screening, immunization record tracking, document management and drug testing. CastleBranch, conducts more than 3.7 million background checks and is accredited through the Professional Background Screeners Association (PBSA). Less than five percent of screening providers hold this accreditation.



EUE/Screen Gems Studios



New Hanover County is home to EUE/Screen Gems Studios, a 50-acre facility, comprised of 10 sound stages and more than 150,000 square feet of shooting space. Since 1985, more than 400 projects consisting of movies, commercials and television series have been filmed here. Recent films and television shows include "Halloween Kills", "Reprisal", "Iron Man 3" and "We're the Millers". Fox Television's "Sleepy Hollow", History Channel's "Six" and TNT's "Good Behavior" were also filmed here. The current year's productions represent the latest in what is poised to be the busiest year in local film in nearly half a decade. In addition, EUE/Screen Gems Studios serves as a popular tourist attraction for visitors to the area.

Tourism

According to the "Economic Impact of Travel on North Carolina Counties 2018," tourism spending by domestic visitors to the state and to New Hanover County continued to see growth. The county saw a 6 percent increase over 2017 expenditures and maintained its rank as eighth in the state for tourism generated revenue. The 2018 study revealed that travel and tourism directly provided more than 6,470 jobs in New Hanover County. New Hanover County has a variety of unique settings for visitors to experience. With many events throughout the year, such as the Azalea Festival, Cucalorus Film Festival and Riverfest along with free concerts at the



waterfront and fireworks at the beach, visitors enjoy an extensive list of things to do within the county. In 2019, the Today Show featured Wilmington in their selection of "5 Summer Travel Destinations the Whole Family Will Enjoy." The AARP Travel Center recognized Wilmington as a "Top Ten Vacation Destination for Single Travelers 45+."

Beaches



The County spans from the historic downtown river district to three exquisite island beaches. The County's beaches provide miles of unspoiled beauty with a unique combination of barrier islands and inland waterways. Wrightsville Beach offers many watersports and is known for surfing and standup paddleboard competitions. Carolina Beach has live music and events and a vintage boardwalk. Kure Beach has an oceanfront park and is home to the oldest fishing pier on the Atlantic coast. These three beaches offer plenty of things to see and do which makes them one of the area's most popular tourist attractions.

Historic Downtown

The historic waterfront of downtown Wilmington offers enjoyment for visitors with a vast array of unique stores, restaurants and other venues. Walk along the waterfront Riverwalk, a long wooden walkway that follows the Cape Fear River for 1.8 miles to find more than 200 shops, cafes and nightlife. In 2014, the City of Wilmington won "Best American Riverfront" in USA Today's "10 Best" contest for the Nation's Best Riverwalk.

Just across the river from the waterfront visitors will see the USS North Carolina. Open to the public, 9 levels of the battleship are available for touring year round. This National Historic Landmark brings in over 300,000 visitors a year.

Live performances are also an entertainment option at either Thalian Hall or the Wilson Center. Thalian Hall, one of the oldest theatres in the United States, has more than 85,000 people attending over 250 shows, events, and films that ranged from music to ballet to theatre. With two tiers each of balconies and opera boxes and over 1,500 seats, the Wilson Center, which opened in 2015, provides performances of Broadway productions, concerts and other local, regional and national events.

Library



With 4 locations throughout New Hanover County, the Library's commitment to citizens and visitors is to provide an exciting destination where people gather, ideas flourish, and the information and technology resources needed for community to prosper are made freely available. When the Main Library opened its Story Park, it extended the library experience outdoors as it features hands-on learning for all ages with four demonstration gardens, giant musical instruments, a Story Walk, and a life-sized chess and checker board. The new Pine Valley branch officially opened its doors in May 2019. This new location was necessary as the Myrtle Grove branch had outgrown its current space as a result of

the population nearly doubling since the library first opened its doors. The expanded facility has 19,000 square feet of space for learning resources, library programs and services, community meetings and parking.

Museums

The Cape Fear Museum of History and Science is the oldest history museum in North Carolina having first opened in 1898 and New Hanover County has served as the sole administrator of the Museum since 1977. The Museum is able to serve the community by offering over 56,000 items to help educate its guests. In 2019, the Museum was designated as a Smithsonian Affiliate. This program establishes long-term relationships with museums, education institutions and cultural organizations to facilitate the loan of Smithsonian artifacts and traveling



exhibitions, as well as develop innovative educational collaborations locally and nationally. It is one of just seven affiliates in the state of North Carolina.

The museum's community park is designed to provide fun, educational, family-friendly and inspiring ways to explore and enjoy nature. Visitors can learn more about native and adaptive plants, and historical objects and images by exploring gardens and engaging with hands-on exhibits or participating in educational programs.

In addition to the Cape Fear Museum, there are several other museums that provide great educational experiences for both our residents and visitors alike. The Children's Museum of Wilmington is a 17,000 square foot facility that features various exhibits, an outdoor courtyard, a secret garden, and gift store. This museum offers something for children of all ages and interests through its hands-on approach. The Cameron Art Museum is a 40,000 square foot facility on a 9.3-acre woodland park known as Pyramid Park. The Cameron Art Museum is committed to arts education and presents exhibits and public programs of both historical and contemporary significance. The North Carolina Aquarium at Fort Fisher connects visitors with the wonders of nature and aquatic wildlife and is dedicated to inspiring appreciation and conservation for aquatic environments in North Carolina as well as around the world. In 2019, it was voted one of the nation's 10 best aquariums in a USA Today Readers' Choice poll.

Parks and Gardens



New Hanover County is also home to many beautiful parks and gardens. The Parks and Gardens division maintains and operates over 25 parks and athletic facilities and over 2,900 acres of green space including sporting areas, boat ramps, fishing areas, public spaces, walking trails and non-park county owned properties. Included in this system is Airlie Gardens, a historic landmark that encompasses 67 acres of southern landscaping featuring azaleas, camellias, and the historic 471-year-old Airlie Oak and the world renowned Minnie Evans' tribute garden.

In 2018, the County, in partnership with the City of Wilmington, purchased 14 acres of land and built Echo Farms Park. This has helped maintain green space in the community. Improvements to the land and current ammenities will include walking trails, improved clay tennis courts, and pool amenities and are expected to be fully complete by 2023.

Many additions and improvements have also been made in recent years to further encourage active lifestyles. In addition, existing athletic facilities continue to be improved with enhanced lighting, drainage and converting fields to be multi-purpose to allow for a variety of sporting activities.

Convention Center



The Wilmington Convention Center is the largest convention center on the NC Coast with 107,000 square feet, which has the capability to accommodate 2,000 guests. The Convention Center features 5,784 square feet of meeting space, a 12,000 square foot Grand Ballroom and its own 578 space public parking deck. Additionally, an outdoor Event Lawn with scenic views overlooking the Cape Fear River is ideal for ceremonies, receptions and gatherings. The Center is LEED certified, meaning it is a "green" or environmentally-friendly building.

Transportation

New Hanover County's transportation infrastructure has an incredibly positive effect on the local economy due to its access by highway, rail, seaport, and air. This creates an optimal business climate for businesses looking to relocate in the area.

The Road System

The County is served by Interstate 40, the third longest major west—east Interstate Highway in the United States. In addition, Interstate 140, and U.S. highways 17, 74, 76, 117, and 421 connect New Hanover County to all major cities in the area.

Port of Wilmington



The Port of Wilmington, owned and operated by the North Carolina State Ports Authority, is strategically located on the U.S. East Coast. It is one of two international deepwater ports located in North Carolina, which link the state's consumers, business and industry to world markets. The port maintains cutting-edge services customized to meet supply chain and logistics needs. New Hanover County is home to one of the few South Atlantic ports with readily available berths and storage areas for containers and cargo. The Wilmington Terminal is designated as a Foreign Trade Zone. The port's 42-foot navigational channel, along with other infrastructure improvements, provides capacity

to process the world's largest class of ships. North Carolina's port system combines modern facilities and abundant capacity with the commitment to excel in service to their customers, without taxpayer monies.

The Port of Wilmington Cold Storage, owned by USA InvestCo, assists local producers and farmers in exporting their products more efficiently and cost effectively. InvestCo partnered with the Port Authority and other NC Government Agencies to build the first and only cold storage facility on the port. This facility is a 101,000 square foot refrigerated warehouse used to maintain a specific temperature for the storage of harvested and perishable goods allowing companies to distribute their inventory locally, nationally and globally.

In spite of the ups and downs of traffic in recent years, overall port traffic has grown 2.9 percent between fiscal years 2015 and 2019. This growth should continue as the ongoing infrastructure improvement projects continue, which include new cranes, berth renovations and container yard expansion.

The Rail System

CSX Corporation is one of the nation's leading transportation suppliers. The company's rail business provides rail-based transportation services including traditional rail service and the transport of intermodal containers and trailers. They serve major markets in the eastern United States and have access to over 70 ocean, river and lake port terminals along the Atlantic and Gulf Coast. Overall, the CSX transportation network serves about 21,000 route miles in 23 states, District of Columbia, and Canada.

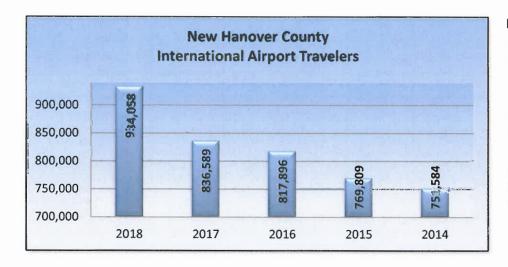


New Hanover County International Airport

New Hanover County International Airport also known as Wilmington International Airport (ILM) is one of the most dynamic, hospitable, progressive international airports in the Carolinas. It accommodates both private and commercial flights. Through the Airport's three major carriers, (United, American Airlines and Delta) travelers can access 8 nonstop destinations, 7 hubs, 6 international gateways and 310 destinations with just one stop.



The airport is in the midst of a major expansion project with the first of three phases complete. This phase upgraded utilities and expanded systems to better handle checked baggage. The second phase is currently underway and will add room to the terminal allowing for additional ticketing and office space for the airlines. The third and final phase involves expanding the concourse area and number of gates from five to nine. Additional concessions and seating will be included in this final phase. The entire expansion project is expected to be complete in 2021.



Located midway on the East Coast, over 900,000 travelers passed through the airport last year, making it the fifth largest airport in the state. TSA Pre-Check is also provided to allow for a more pleasant travel experience.



Bicycling

Bicycling in the Cape Fear Region has become very popular among residents and visitors. New Hanover County has made a significant effort to accommodate this healthy alternative form of travel. The Greenway Plan continues to be implemented throughout New Hanover County with the completion of the Middle Sound Greenway trail. The future plans are to continue to provide trail and sidewalk links to connect residents with community facilities and basic goods and services that leverage the existing bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure.

MAJOR INITIATIVE

Public Health and Department of Social Services Building

An agreement with New Hanover Regional Medical Center to purchase the county's Health Department property was finalized and the funds from the sale will allow the construction of a new health and human services building. This will bring both the county's Health Department and the Department of Social Services together in one location and will improve efficiencies and enhance the customer experience. Construction of the four story, 96,103 square feet facility was completed in 2019.

Strategic Plan Report and Plan Update

New Hanover County Board of County Commissioners adopted its FY2018-2023 strategic plan in January 2018 which will guide the work of the County for the next five years. In that plan, new strategic objectives, outcomes and targets were identified for the following areas:

- Superior Public Health and Public Safety
- Superior Education and Workforce
- Intelligent Growth and Economic Development

As the underlying foundation, good governance, including effective county management and strong financial performance, was identified.

FINANCIAL POLICIES

Internal Control

In developing and evaluating the County's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and second the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and second the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Bond Credit Rating

New Hanover County has the highest rating by Standard and Poor's and Moody's Investor Services for its general obligation bonds. We are one of only a few counties in the nation to achieve a Triple A rating from two of the major rating agencies.

Budgetary Process

The annual budget serves as the base for the County's financial planning and control. Budgets are developed on a departmental basis by expenditure function within a fund. The budgets display all of the County's financial operations including funding for various agencies outside of County organizational structure. The County Manager submits the annual balanced budget to the Board of Commissioners before June each year. In accordance with North Carolina Statutes, the governing board shall adopt a budget no later than July 1. The annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, and is an integral part of the County's accounting system and daily operations.

Departments prepare budgets by expenditure function The overall budget displays all financial operations including outside

County Manager submits balanced budget to County Commissioners before June Governing Board adopts budget by July 1 of Fiscal Year

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

North Carolina General Statutes require an annual independent audit of all local government units in the State. Cherry Bekaert LLP, a firm of independent certified public accountants, has audited the financial records of the County and their opinion has been included in this report. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County are free of material misstatement. Their audit was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and, included examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements as well as assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management. Their opinion concluded that the accompanying financial statements for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and supported the issuance of an unmodified opinion.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to New Hanover County for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the thirty-eighth consecutive year that the County has achieved this prestigious award.



In addition, New Hanover County received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for Fiscal Year 2018-2019. This marks the twenty-eighth consecutive fiscal year the County has received this companion award. This award is the highest form of recognition in governmental budgeting. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide and as a communication tool.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report would not be possible without the efforts of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to recognize the dedicated members of the Finance Department for their ongoing work as well as their specific efforts in the preparation of this 2019 CAFR.

We would also like to recognize the cooperation of each department as we work together to serve all the citizens of New Hanover County. Additional thanks are due to the County Manager's Office and the Board of Commissioners for their continued guidance and support in planning and conducting the County's financial operations.

Respectfully submitted,

Lisa H. Wurtzbacher Chief Financial

Officer

Martha G. Wayne
Deputy Chief Financial
Officer

Barbara D. McClure Deputy Chief Financial Officer

Boulara D. Mc Clur



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

New Hanover County North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christophu P. Movill

Executive Director/CEO



Report of Independent Auditor

To the Board of County Commissioners New Hanover County, North Carolina Wilmington, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of New Hanover County, North Carolina (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of The Airlie Gardens Foundation, Inc., a blended component unit, which represents 27.45%, 36.12%, and 10.17% of the assets, fund balance, and revenues, respectively, of the County's non-major governmental funds. We also did not audit the financial statements of the Public Health Foundation of New Hanover County, Inc., a blended component unit, which represents .12%, .16%, and 0% of the assets, fund balance, and revenues, respectively, of the County's non-major governmental funds. We also did not audit the financial statements of the Parks Conservancy of New Hanover County, a blended component unit, which represents .28%, .38%, and .12% of the assets, fund balance, and revenues, respectively, of the County's non-major governmental funds.

We also did not audit the financial statements of the New Hanover Regional Medical Center ("Medical Center"), New Hanover County ABC Board ("ABC Board"), or Industrial Facilities and Pollution Control Financing Authority ("Industrial Authority"), all discretely presented component units as described in our report on the County's financial statements. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for are based solely on the reports of other auditors. We did audit the financial statements of the New Hanover County Airport Authority ("Airport Authority") and the New Hanover County Tourism Development Authority ("TDA"), both discretely presented component units as described in our report on the County's financial statements. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of The Airlie Gardens Foundation, Inc., Public Health Foundation of New Hanover County, Inc., the Parks Conservancy of New Hanover County, the Medical Center, the ABC Board, the Industrial Authority, and TDA were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the

purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Room Occupancy Tax Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

OTHER MATTERS

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Required Supplementary Information as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplemental and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's financial statements as a whole. The Introductory Section, Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules, and Statistical Section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The Introductory and the Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 26, 2019 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Raleigh, North Carolina November 26, 2019

Chuny Belaert LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of New Hanover County, we offer readers of New Hanover County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of New Hanover County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the transmittal letter and the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

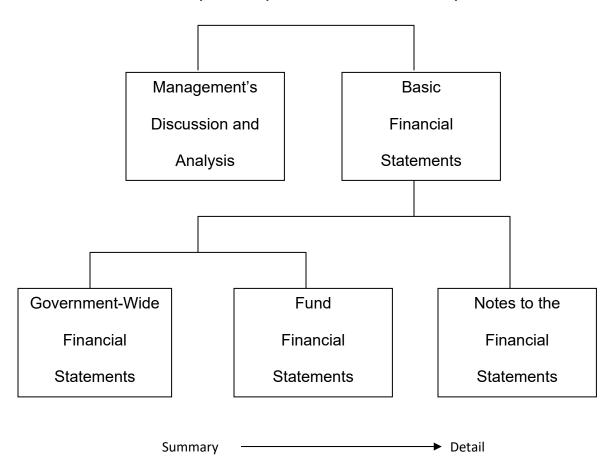
Financial Highlights

- The government's total net position decreased by \$20,310,883 primarily due to additional expenses incurred as a result of hurricane Florence making landfall in the County during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. As of June 30, 2019, expenses related to hurricane Florence totaled approximately \$26.1 million and the County had received reimbursements totaling approximately \$10.6 from FEMA or insurance.
- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of New Hanover County (primary government) exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$369,156,588 (net deficiency).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, New Hanover County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$210,486,002 an increase of \$22,138,051 from the prior year. Approximately 71.2 percent of this total amount, or \$149,854,989 is restricted or unspendable.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$52,656,637 or 17.0 percent of total General Fund expenses and financing uses for the fiscal year.
- New Hanover County maintained its bond rating of Aaa with Moody's Investor Service and bond rating of AAA from Standard and Poor's Corporation.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to New Hanover County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of New Hanover County.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits A and B) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-Wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits C through K) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the fund financial statements: 1) the governmental funds statements, 2) certain budgetary comparison statements, 3) the proprietary fund statements, and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the County's non-major governmental funds and internal service funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Following the notes is the required supplemental information. This section contains funding information about the County's pension plan.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how it has changed. Net position represents the difference between the County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and the total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services, such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and federal and state grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the County charges customers to provide. This includes environmental management services offered by New Hanover County.

The final category is component units. New Hanover Regional Medical Center is a public, not-for-profit corporation providing healthcare to the citizens of the County and southeastern North Carolina. The hospital facilities are leased from the County for a period of 30 years. The County appoints the Board of Trustees for the hospital and has issued revenue bonds on its behalf. The New Hanover County Airport Authority is a legally separate entity. The County appoints the members of the board and leases the facility to the Airport Authority for \$1 per year. The lease is for a period of 30 years. Although legally separate from the County, the ABC Board is important to the County because the County exercises control over the Board by appointing its members, and because the Board is required to distribute its profits to the County. The New Hanover County Tourism Development Authority is a legally separate entity. The County appoints 10 of the members of the Authority's governing board.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits A and B of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. New Hanover County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of New Hanover County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds — Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which provides a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

New Hanover County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board, 2) the final budget as amended by the Board, 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund, and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – New Hanover County has one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise Funds are used to report the environmental management operations presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Only the environmental management operations are reflected in both the Enterprise Fund statements and the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. New Hanover County's four fiduciary funds are agency funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a fully understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow the basic financial statements in this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning New Hanover County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found following the Financial Statements and Notes to the Financial Statements of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis New Hanover County's Net Position Figure 2

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities				Total		
	2019	2018		2019		2018	2019	2018	
Current and other assets	\$ 260,862,791	\$ 239,989,879	\$	22,663,544	\$	21,381,201	\$ 283,526,335	\$ 261,371,080	
Capital assets	183,594,032	163,408,501		28,835,550		25,246,648	212,429,582	188,655,149	
Total assets	444,456,823	403,398,380		51,499,094		46,627,849	495,955,917	450,026,229	
Deferred outflows of resources	93,879,509	58,674,768	_	1,510,323	_	744,967	95,389,832	59,419,735	
Long-term liabilities									
outstanding	792,165,637	726,769,810		26,213,720		20,198,280	818,379,357	746,968,090	
Other liabilities	81,437,300	70,791,001		1,818,230		1,421,171	83,255,530	72,212,172	
Total liabilities	873,602,937	797,560,811	_	28,031,950	_	21,619,451	901,634,887	819,180,262	
Deferred inflows of resources	57,761,966	38,458,932	_	1,105,484	_	652,475	58,867,450	39,111,407	
Net position (deficit):									
Net investment in									
capital assets	95,283,987	78,746,968		28,719,346		25,073,835	124,003,333	103,820,803	
Restricted	149,743,427	91,533,445		-		-	149,743,427	91,533,445	
Unrestricted	(638,055,985)	(544,227,008)		(4,847,363)		27,055	(642,903,348)	(544,199,953)	
Total net position	\$ (393,028,571)	\$ (373,946,595)	\$	23,871,983	\$	25,100,890	\$ (369,156,588)	\$ (348,845,705)	

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of New Hanover County exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$369,156,588 as of June 30, 2019. As of June 30, 2018, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of New Hanover County exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$348,845,705. The County's net position decreased by \$20,310,883 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Comparatively, the County's net position increased \$12,332,922 in 2018 excluding a restatement of \$242,789,966 as a result in a change in accounting principle. Net position is reported in three categories: Net investment in capital assets of \$124.0 million; Restricted net position of \$149.7 million; and Unrestricted net position (deficit) of \$(642.9) million.

The net investment in capital assets category is defined as the County's investment in County owned capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, automotive equipment, office and other equipment) net of accumulated depreciation, less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items (reduced by any unspent capital fund debt proceeds). This category totals \$124.0 million at June 30, 2019. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Another category of net position is restricted net position totaling \$149.7 million at June 30, 2019. This represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The final category of net position is unrestricted net position. This balance may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Unrestricted net position (deficit) totaled \$(642.9) million at June 30, 2019. This deficit is primarily the result of the situation described in the following paragraphs.

As with many counties in the State of North Carolina, the County's deficit in unrestricted net position is due primarily to the portion of the County's outstanding debt incurred for use by the New Hanover County Board of Education and Cape Fear Community College (the "schools") to construct, renovate, and equip schools. Under North Carolina law, the County is responsible for providing capital funding for the schools. The County has chosen to meet its legal obligation to provide the schools capital funding by using a mixture of County funds and general obligation debt. The assets funded by the County, however, are owned and utilized by the schools. Since the County, as the issuing government, acquires no capital assets, the County has incurred a liability without a corresponding increase in capital assets. At the end of the fiscal year, approximately \$219.0 million of the outstanding debt on the County's financial statements was related to assets included in the public schools' financial statements and \$114.9 million related to assets included in the community college financial statements - a total of \$333.9 million. However, since the majority of this schools related debt is general obligation debt, it is collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County. Accordingly, the County is authorized and required by State law to levy ad valorem taxes, without limit as to rate or amount, as may be necessary to pay the debt service on its general obligation bonds. Principal and interest requirements will be provided by an appropriation in the year which they become due.

Hurricane Florence made landfall in New Hanover County during September 2018. As of June 30, 2019, the County had incurred expenses totaling approximately \$26.1 million related to the response and recovery efforts. Of this amount, the County had received approximately \$10.6 in reimbursements through June 30, 2019 from a combination of both FEMA and insurance.

The impact on unrestricted governmental net position of the inclusion of the school system debt without the corresponding assets and additional expenses incurred as a result of response and recovery efforts to hurricane Florence were offset by the following positive factors:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a high collection rate of 99.36 percent.
- Continued low cost of debt due to the County's high bond rating. The County was able to take advantage of these low interest rates in a refinancing of a portion of its general obligation bonds.

New Hanover County's Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	otal	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 13,786,687	\$ 13,034,710	\$ 19,640,122	\$ 15,694,433	\$ 33,426,809	\$ 28,729,143	
Operating grants and							
contributions	53,120,765	43,863,583	552,533	894,059	53,673,298	44,757,642	
Capital grants and							
contributions	187,470	3,350,799	-	-	187,470	3,350,799	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	216,754,433	203,167,790	-	-	216,754,433	203,167,790	
Other taxes	81,757,943	83,006,197	-	-	81,757,943	83,006,197	
Other	3,956,891	2,660,536	285,490	193,805	4,242,381	2,854,341	
	1,734,906				1,734,906		
Total revenues	371,299,095	349,083,615	20,478,145	16,782,297	391,777,240	365,865,912	
Expenses:							
General government	65,355,755	38,930,763	-	-	65,355,755	38,930,763	
Human services	37,138,533	58,523,024	-	-	37,138,533	58,523,024	
Public safety	90,794,737	78,154,204	-	-	90,794,737	78,154,204	
Economic and physical			-	-			
development	5,639,002	14,157,244	-	-	5,639,002	14,157,244	
Culture and recreational	15,021,880	15,221,575	-	-	15,021,880	15,221,575	
Education	149,024,845	126,671,173	-	-	149,024,845	126,671,173	
Interest and fees on							
long-term debt	12,655,525	11,943,613	-	-	12,655,525	11,943,613	
Environmental management			36,457,846	9,931,394	36,457,846	9,931,394	
Total expenses	375,630,277	343,601,596	36,457,846	9,931,394	412,088,123	353,532,990	
Increase/decrease in net							
position before transfers	(4,331,182)	5,482,019	(15,979,701)	6,850,903	(20,310,883)	12,332,922	
Transfers	(14,750,794)		14,750,794				
Increase (decrease) in							
net position	(19,081,976)	5,482,019	(1,228,907)	6,850,903	(20,310,883)	12,332,922	
Net position - beginning,							
previously reported	(373,946,595)	(142,622,599)	25,100,890	24,233,938	(348,845,705)	(118,388,661)	
Restatement		(236,806,015)		(5,983,951)		(242,789,966)	
Net position - beginning, restated	(373,946,595)	(379,428,614)	25,100,890	18,249,987	(348,845,705)	(361,178,627)	
Net position - ending	\$ (393,028,571)	\$ (373,946,595)	\$ 23,871,983	\$ 25,100,890	\$ (369,156,588)	\$ (348,845,705)	

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities net position decreased by \$19,081,976, thereby attributing to the overall decline in the net position of New Hanover County. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- The County established a living wage of not less than \$31,200 per year for full time employees or \$15 per hour for a part time person working in a job scheduled for the standard 2080 hours.
- The County approved a market adjustment equal to the greater of \$1,000 or 2.0 percent for each full time employee and a merit pool of 1.5 percent to remain competitive in the job market in order to retain and attract the best candidates committed to public service.
- The General Fund transferred approximately \$14.8 million to the Environmental Fund to assist with additional expenses incurred as a result of the large amount of debris from hurricane Florence.

The following items offset a portion of the current year's decrease in net position as represented in the items above:

- Increased sales tax revenue due to the continuing improvement of the economy and an increase in other taxes due to real property transfer taxes which also boasts of an improving economy.
- Assessment in the Room Occupancy Tax fund.
- Increase in operating grants and contributions as a result of funds received from FEMA for reimbursement of hurricane Florence expenses.

Business-Type Activities. Business-type activities net position decreased by \$1,288,907. A key element of this decrease was as follows:

- An increase in operating expenses resulting from hurricane Florence response and recovery efforts. Expenses related to hurricane Florence totaled approximately \$17.8 million through June 30, 2019. The majority of these expenses related to debris removal operations. The General Fund transferred approximately \$14.8 million to the Environmental Fund to assist with payment of hurricane related expenses during June 30, 2019.
- An increase in post-closure costs due to changes in key assumptions in the estimates used. Certain key assumption changes resulted from market conditions.

The following items offset a portion of the current year's decrease in net position as represented in the items above:

Increase in charges for services totaling approximately \$3.9 million. Immediately after the
hurricane, tipping fees were waived for a period of time. In November 2018, the County began
collecting tipping fees. The increase in charges for services is mainly the result of the increase in
construction activity during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, New Hanover County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of New Hanover County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing New Hanover County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of New Hanover County. At the end of the current fiscal year, New Hanover County's unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$52,656,637, while total fund balance was \$97,399,240. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures and other financing uses. At June 30, 2019, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund represented 17.0 percent of total General Fund expenditures and financing uses. The Governing Body of New Hanover County has determined that the County should maintain an unassigned fund balance in the General Fund of an amount between 18 percent and 21 percent of expenditures and financing uses in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the County. The Board of County Commissions were notified the unassigned fund balance did not fall within the range for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The County has two years to restore the amount of the fund balance to the minimum requirements.

Available fund balance differs from the unassigned fund balance in that available fund balance includes the portion of fund balance that is unassigned, assigned, or committed. At the end of the current fiscal year, New Hanover County's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$62,586,460, while total fund balance was \$97,399,240. The County currently has an available fund balance of 20.2 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses, while total fund balance represents 31.4 percent of that same amount.

The Debt Service fund was established to accumulate resources to pay for future debt service of voter approved bonds. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance in the fund was \$7,132,135, as compared to \$5,438,631 at June 30, 2018. The increase is a result of timing of debt service payments.

The room occupancy tax special revenue fund is used to account for the room occupancy tax revenues and related expenditures for New Hanover County, Carolina Beach, Kure Beach, Wrightsville Beach, and the City of Wilmington. At the end of the current fiscal year fund balance of the room occupancy tax special revenue fund was \$42,103,590, as compared to \$37,531,452 at June 30, 2018. The majority of this fund balance, approximately 96.6 percent, is restricted for erosion control as required by the act of the North Carolina Legislature. The increase in the fund balance for the room occupancy tax special revenue fund is mainly due to a special assessment.

The \$164 million Cape Fear Community College bond capital project fund is used to account for Cape Fear Community College capital project expenditures funded by \$164 million general obligation bonds. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance in this fund was \$1,105,877, as compared to a \$4,362,121 fund balance at June 30, 2018. The decrease in this fund balance is due to capital outlay expenditures.

The \$160 million School Bond capital project fund is used to account for school capital project expenditures funded by \$160 million general obligation bonds. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance in this fund was \$43,041,121, as compared to a \$6,568,829 fund balance at June 30, 2018.

The increase in this fund balance is due to the issuance of long-term debt exceeding capital outlay expenditures for the fiscal year.

Public Health and Social Services Facility Capital Project fund is used to account for capital expenditures related to the construction of the new health and human services building, which will house the Health Department and the Department of Social Services. At the end of the current year, the fund balance in this fund was \$6,374,941, as compared to a \$13,835,387 fund balance at June 30, 2018. The decrease in fund balance is due to capital outlay expenditures.

Other nonmajor governmental funds are combined for reporting on Exhibits C and D. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance for other governmental funds was \$13,329,098. At June 30, 2018, fund balance for other governmental funds was \$27,240,413. The decrease in fund balance for the other nonmajor governmental funds is mainly due to capital outlay expenditures.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of New Hanover County reported a combined fund balance of \$210,486,002, a 11.75 percent increase over last year. This increase in fund balance is primarily due to the issuance of long-term debt in other governmental funds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. Total Amendments to the General Fund increased budgeted revenues by approximately \$35.1 million, due primarily to an increase in intergovernmental revenue mainly the result of anticipated reimbursement from FEMA for hurricane Florence related expenses and an increase to appropriated fund balance.

Amendments to general government activities increased budgeted expenditures by approximately \$35.1 million due primarily to an increase in budgeted public safety expense of approximately \$12.2 million and an increase in budgeted transfers of \$18.8 million both of which mainly result to anticipated expenses related to hurricane Florence. The variances between the final budget and actual revenues and expenditures are noted in Exhibit F.

Proprietary Funds. New Hanover County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position (deficit) of the Environmental Management Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$(4,963,567). The change in total net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, was \$(1,228,907) for the Environmental Management Fund. This compares to unrestricted net position of \$27,055 in the Environmental Management Fund at June 30, 2018; as well as the change in total net position for the fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, of \$6,850,903.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. New Hanover County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 totals \$212,429,582 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, machinery and equipment, and vehicles.

New Hanover County's Capital Assets Figure 4 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities			_	Total		
	2019	2018	2019		2018		2019	2018	
Land	\$ 45,924,058	\$ 45,063,171	\$ 2,459,201	\$	2,459,201	\$	48,383,259	\$	47,522,372
Buildings	159,478,844	148,205,420	21,178,626		21,178,626		180,657,470		169,384,046
Other improvements	34,312,359	34,094,328	28,720,841		19,332,408		63,033,200		53,426,736
Equipment and vehicles	70,104,926	65,917,354	16,956,498		16,115,149		87,061,424		82,032,503
Construction in progress	19,637,862	8,109,056	2,775,809		6,919,386	_	22,413,671		15,028,442
Total before depreciation	329,458,049	301,389,329	72,090,975		66,004,770		401,549,024		367,394,099
Less accumulated									
depreciation	(145,864,017)	(137,980,828)	(43,255,425)	_	(40,758,122)	_	(189,119,442)	_	(178,738,950)
Total net depreciation	\$ 183,594,032	\$ 163,408,501	\$ 28,835,550	\$	25,246,648	\$	212,429,582	\$	188,655,149

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 3, of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-Term Debt. As of June 30, 2019, the carrying value of New Hanover County's total bonded debt outstanding was \$350,444,997, all of which is debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

New Hanover County's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

	Governmen	tal Activities	 Business-Ty	pe A	ctivities	Total		
	2019	2018	 2019		2018	2019	2018	
General obligation bonds Direct placement general	\$ 319,049,997	\$ 274,314,997	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 319,049,997	\$ 274,314,997	
obligation bonds Direct placement	31,395,000	39,875,000	-		-	31,395,000	39,875,000	
installment debt Unamortized premium	68,891,729	73,912,854	114,225		168,342	69,005,954	74,081,196	
and discounts	26,651,515	25,605,186	 1,979		4,471	26,653,494	25,609,657	
Total long-term debt	\$ 445,988,241	\$ 413,708,037	\$ 116,204	\$	172,813	\$ 446,104,445	\$ 413,880,850	

New Hanover County's total bonded and installment debt increased by \$32,223,595 (0.8 percent) during the past fiscal year due to an increase in general obligation debt. General obligation debt increased approximately \$36,300,000 and installment debt decreased by approximately \$5,100,000.

New Hanover County maintained its bond rating of Aaa from Moody's Investor Service and a bond rating of AAA from Standard and Poor's Corporation. This bond rating is a clear indication of the sound financial condition of New Hanover County. This achievement is a primary factor in keeping interest costs low on the County's outstanding debt.

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for New Hanover County is \$2,353,835,768. The County has \$12,760,000 in bonds authorized but unissued at June 30, 2019.

Additional information regarding New Hanover County's long-term debt can be found in Note 3, of this report.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities. The County has approved a \$349.9 million General Fund budget for fiscal year 2019-2020, which represents an increase of 5.1 percent from the fiscal year 2018-2019 adopted budget. The County is expecting to see an increase in sales tax revenue based on the expectation of continued economic recovery.

The Board of County Commissioners approved a tax rate of \$0.5550, with \$0.4903 dedicated to funding operations and \$0.0647 of the rate dedicated to paying voter-approved debt. The portion of the tax rate dedicated to operations is posted in the General Fund, with the remaining portion posted in the Debt Service Fund. This represents no change from the prior year.

The Special Fire District tax rate stayed consistent with the prior year at a rate of \$0.0775 per \$100 of assessed value.

Business-Type Activities. The environmental management fund budget is balanced with a tipping fee of \$48.00 per ton. This represents no change from the previous year.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Director of Finance, New Hanover County, 230 Government Center Drive, Suite 165, Wilmington, North Carolina 28403. You can also call (910) 798-7187, visit our website http://www.nhcgov.com or email <a href="http://www.nhcgov.c

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

		Primary Government	
	Governmental	Rusinoss Tyno	
	Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 151,646,067		
Receivables - net of allowances for doubtful accounts	5,799,092	1,712,472	7,511,564
Due from other governments	31,087,590	-	31,087,590
Due from component units Due from primary government	504,049	-	504,049
Inventory	31,885	_	31,885
Prepaids	101,633	_	101,633
Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments	50,183,745	422,683	50,606,428
Restricted receivables - net of allowances for doubtful accounts	-	-	-
Net pension asset - RODSPF	435,537	-	435,537
Investment in affiliates	-	-	-
Other long-term assets	21,073,193	-	21,073,193
Capital assets:			
Land and construction in progress	65,561,920	5,235,010	70,796,930
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	118,032,112	23,600,540	141,632,652
Total capital assets	183,594,032	28,835,550	212,429,582
Total assets	444,456,823	51,499,094	495,955,917
Deferred Outflows of Resources	93,879,509	1,510,323	95,389,832
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	24,907,194	1,679,524	26,586,718
Accrued interest payable	5,093,089	485	5,093,574
Accrued expenses	-	-	-
Due to component unit	748,738	-	748,738
Due to primary government	-	-	-
Due to affiliates	-	-	-
Advances from grantors Prepaid service fees	405,956	-	405,956
Long-term liabilities, net of amortized charges, discounts, and			
premiums:			
Net pension liability - LGERS	33,812,511	657,618	34,470,129
Total pension liability - LEOSSA	11,009,837	-	11,009,837
Total OPEB liability	341,361,210	6,639,116	348,000,326
Due within one year	50,282,323	138,221	50,420,544
Due in more than one year	405,982,079	18,916,986	424,899,065
Total long-term liabilities	456,264,402	19,055,207	475,319,609
Total liabilities	873,602,937	28,031,950	901,634,887
Deferred Inflows of Resources	57,761,966	1,105,484	58,867,450
Net Position (Deficit):			
Net investment in capital assets	95,283,987	28,719,346	124,003,333
Restricted for:			
Passenger facility charges projects	-	-	-
Endowments, specific purpose donations and grants	-	-	-
Capital improvements	-	-	-
Working capital	-	-	-
Promotion, tourism, and Convention Center	-	-	-
Stabilization by State statute	50,571,954	-	50,571,954
Register of Deeds	271,537	-	271,537
General government	184,840	-	184,840
Human services	21,533	-	21,533
Public safety	2,468,288	-	2,468,288
Economic and physical development	47,918,275	-	47,918,275
Culture and recreation	4,768,255	-	4,768,255
Education	43,538,745		43,538,745
Unrestricted (deficit)	(638,055,985)	(4,847,363)	(642,903,348)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (393,028,571)	\$ 23,871,983	\$ (369,156,588)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

		Compor	nent Units	
	New Hanover County Airport Authority	New Hanover Regional Medical Center	New Hanover County ABC Board	New Hanover County Tourism Development Authority
Assets:				
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 25,830,252			\$ 4,864,422
Receivables - net of allowances for doubtful accounts	4,126,079	157,691,000	13,385	908,622
Due from other governments Due from component units		-	-	-
Due from primary government	_	-	-	748,738
Inventory		30,386,000	5,130,672	-
Prepaids	419,583	18,003,000	53,887	21,456
Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments	15,251,671	18,010,000	-	-
Restricted receivables - net of allowances for doubtful accounts	382,441	1,304,000	-	-
Pension asset	-	-	-	-
Investment in affiliates	-	5,210,000	-	-
Other long-term assets	-	5,462,000	-	-
Capital assets:	30,894,174	112 620 000	7 400 007	
Land and construction in progress Other capital assets, net of depreciation	44,720,315	112,620,000 466,043,000	7,499,097 11,101,812	30,877
Total capital assets	75,614,489	578,663,000	18,600,909	30,877
Total assets	121,624,515	1,623,231,000	29,566,937	6,574,115
Deferred Outflows of Resources	801,195	61,097,000	837,930	-
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,592,228	155,936,000	2,870,760	228,979
Accrued interest payable	-	7,976,000	-	-
Accrued expenses	-	-	-	-
Due to component unit	-	-	-	-
Due to primary government	-	-	504,049	-
Due to affiliates	-	-	-	-
Advances from grantors Prepaid service fees	-	-	-	-
Long-term liabilities, net of amortized charges, discounts, and premiums:				
Pension liability - LGERS	962,934	53,292,000	970,288	_
Pension liability - LEOSSA	147,030	-	370,200	_
OPEB liability	307,921	_	1,083,961	-
Due within one year	305,000	18,923,000		25,402
Due in more than one year	2,745,000	393,219,000	-	
Total long-term liabilities	3,050,000	412,142,000	-	25,402
Total liabilities	8,060,113	629,346,000	5,429,058	254,381
Deferred Inflows of Resources	34,907	11,362,000	143,233	-
Net Position (Deficit):				
Net investment in capital assets	72,564,489	177,627,000	18,600,909	30,877
Restricted for:				
Passenger facility charges projects	13,486,853	-	-	-
Endowments, specific purpose donations and grants	-	18,759,000	-	-
Capital improvements	-	-	-	-
Working capital	-	-	1,401,813	-
Promotion, tourism, and Convention Center	-	-	-	2,912,861
Stabilization by State statute	-	-	-	1,658,039
Register of Deeds	-	-	-	-
Register of Deeds	-	-	-	-
Human services	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Economic and physical development	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Education Unrestricted (deficit)	28,279,348	- 847,234,000	- 4,829,854	- 1,717,957
	\$ 114,330,690	\$ 1,043,620,000	\$ 24,832,576	\$ 6,319,734
Total net position (deficit)	÷ 114,550,690	÷ 1,045,020,000	· 24,032,376	9 0,313,734

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			_	P	rogi	ram Revenues		
Functions/Programs:		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	65,355,755	\$	3,198,338	\$	3,657,648	\$	-
Human services		37,138,533		1,035,513		27,004,754		-
Public safety		90,794,737		7,425,802		14,474,868		187,470
Economic and physical development		5,639,002		-		3,500,771		-
Culture and recreation		15,021,880		2,127,034		1,922,009		-
Education		149,024,845		-		2,560,715		-
Interest and fees on long-term debt		12,655,525				-		-
Total governmental activities		375,630,277	_	13,786,687	_	53,120,765		187,470
Business-type activities:								
Environmental management		36,457,846		19,640,122		552,533		-
Total business-type activities	_	36,457,846	_	19,640,122	_	552,533		
Total primary government	\$	412,088,123	\$	33,426,809	\$	53,673,298	\$	187,470
Component Units:								
New Hanover County Airport Authority	\$	15,251,970	\$	15,020,860	\$	-	\$	10,958,881
New Hanover Regional Medical Center		1,252,152,000		1,297,829,000		-		-
New Hanover County ABC Board		35,803,534		36,447,145		-		-
New Hanover County Tourism Development		6,653,285		_		_		_
Authority	-		_		_		_	
Total component units	<u>\$</u>	1,309,860,789	\$	1,349,297,005	\$		\$	10,958,881

General Revenues:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Room occupancy taxes

Other taxes

Net (decrease) in fair value of investments

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Transfers

Special item

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning

Net position, ending

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Net (Expense) Re	Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
	Pr	imary Governme	nt		Componer	nt Units				
Functions/Programs:	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	New Hanover County Airport Authority	New Hanover Regional Medical Center	New Hanover County ABC Board	New Hanover County Tourism Development Authority			
General government Human services Public safety Economic and physical development Culture and recreation	\$ (58,499,769) (9,098,266) (68,706,597) (2,138,231) (10,972,837) (146,464,130) (12,655,525) (308,535,355)	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ (58,499,769) (9,098,266) (68,706,597) (2,138,231) (10,972,837) (146,464,130) (12,655,525) (308,535,355)	- - -	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - -			
Business-type activities: Environmental management Total business-type activities	<u>-</u>	(16,265,191) (16,265,191)	(16,265,191) (16,265,191)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>			
	(308,535,355)	(16,265,191)	(324,800,546)							
Component Units:										
New Hanover County Airport Authority New Hanover Regional Medical Center New Hanover County ABC Board New Hanover County Tourism Development	-		-	10,727,771 - -	- 45,677,000 - -	- 643,611 -	- - - (6,653,285)			
Authority				10,727,771	45,677,000	643,611	(6,653,285)			
	202,347,167 81,401,936 7,152,943	-	202,347,167 81,401,936 7,152,943	-	-	-	- 6,392,912			
	7,610,330	-	7,610,330	- - -	23,860,000	- -	-			
	3,956,891 1,734,906	285,490	4,242,381 1,734,906	649,245	8,064,000	43,496 112,533	110,513 469,944			
	304,204,173	285,490	304,489,663	649,245	31,924,000	156,029	6,973,369			
	(14,750,794)	14,750,794			79,000					
	289,453,379	15,036,284	304,489,663	649,245	32,003,000	156,029	6,973,369			
	(19,081,976) (373,946,595)	(1,228,907) 25,100,890	(20,310,883) (348,845,705)	11,377,016 102,953,674	77,680,000 965,940,000	799,640 24,032,936	320,084 5,999,650			
	\$ (393,028,571)	\$ 23,871,983	\$ (369,156,588)	\$ 114,330,690	\$ 1,043,620,000	\$ 24,832,576	\$ 6,319,734			

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	General	Debt Service	Room Occupancy Tax Special Revenue	\$164 Million CFCC Capital Project	\$160 Million School Bond Capital Project	Public Health and Social Services Facility Capital Project	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 80,262,003	\$ 2,977,424	\$ 41,875,001	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,793,762	\$ 15,737,877	\$ 151,646,067
Receivables - net of allowances for doubtful accounts	28,913,077	4,154,711	1,246,018	-	608,253	-	1,964,623	36,886,682
Receivables - interfund loans	3,094,731	-	-	-	_	-	-	3,094,731
Due from component units	504,049	_	_	-	-	_	_	504,049
Inventory	9,929	_			-	_	21,956	31,885
Prepaids	85,674						15,959	101,633
Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments	63,074	-		1,738,187	48,212,663	-	232,895	50,183,745
Total assets	\$ 112,869,463	\$ 7,132,135	\$ 43,121,019	\$ 1,738,187		\$ 10,793,762	\$ 17,973,310	\$ 242,448,792
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 12,665,021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 632,310	\$ 5,779,795	\$ 4,418,821	\$ 1,411,247	\$ 24,907,194
Interfund loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,094,731	3,094,731
Due to component unit	-	-	748,738	-	-	-	-	748,738
Advances from grantors	405,956							405,956
Total liabilities	13,070,977		748,738	632,310	5,779,795	4,418,821	4,505,978	29,156,619
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,399,246	-	268,691	-	-	-	138,234	2,806,171
Fund balances:								
Non-spendable:								
Inventory	9,929	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,929
Prepaids	85,674	-	-	-	-	-	15,959	101,633
Restricted:						-		
Stabilization for State statute	34,445,640	4,154,711	1,420,496	-	608,253	6,413,993	3,528,861	50,571,954
Restricted - all other Committed	271,537	-	40,683,094	1,105,877	42,432,868	-	14,678,097	99,171,473
Assigned	3,391,592 6,538,231	5,184,948	-	_	-	-	37,734 85,207	3,429,326 11,808,386
Unassigned	52,656,637	(2,207,524)	_	_	_	(39,052)	(5,016,760)	45,393,301
Total fund balances	97,399,240	7,132,135	42,103,590	1,105,877	43,041,121	6,374,941	13,329,098	210,486,002
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,								,,
and fund balances	\$ 112,869,463	\$ 7,132,135	\$ 43,121,019	\$ 1,738,187	\$ 48,820,916	\$ 10,793,762	\$ 17,973,310	
Amounts reported in the governmental activities in tare different because:	he Statements of N	let Position (Exh	nibit A)					
Charges related to refunding bond issue.								14,813,681
Capital assets used in governmental activities are no are not reported in the funds.	t financial resource	s and, therefore	2,					183,594,032
Net pension asset - RODSPF								435,537
Contributions to pension plans in the current fiscal y on the Statement of Net Position.								30,615,738
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for co are deferred in the funds.	urrent-period expe	nditures and, th	eretore,					21,073,193
Net pension liability - LGERS								(33,812,511)
Total pension liability - LEOSSA								(11,009,837)
Total OPEB liability								(341,361,210)
Liabilities for earned, but deferred inflow of resource	25							2,418,997
Pension related deferrals - LGERS & LEOSSA								(3,549,639)
Deferrals related to OPEB								(5,375,063)
	uranant nastadas I	thorofor-						(3,373,003)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the care not reported in the funds.	urrent period and,	шегетоге,						(461,357,491)
Net position of governmental activities								\$ (393,028,571)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General	Debt Service	Room Occupancy Tax Special Revenue	\$164 Million CFCC Capital Project	\$160 Million School Bond Capital Project	Public Health and Social Services Facility Capital Project	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$ 237,061,787	\$ 36,749,283	\$ 7,152,943	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,296,821	\$ 295,260,834
Intergovernmental revenues	44,923,524	3,952,257	3,290,000	-	-	-	3,071,519	55,237,300
Special assessments	-	-	3,526,540	-	-	-	-	3,526,540
Charges for services	11,878,928	-	-	-	-	-	1,907,759	13,786,687
Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	257,407	-	257,407
Investment earnings	1,990,874	9,349	665,851	67,021	944,667	-	279,129	3,956,891
Miscellaneous	722,342	40,710,889	14 635 334	67,021	044.667	257.407	54,169	776,511
Total revenues	296,577,455	40,710,889	14,635,334	67,021	944,667	257,407	19,609,397	372,802,170
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government	44,044,846	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,044,846
Human services	51,412,360	-	-	-	-	-	-	51,412,360
Public safety	73,763,958	-	-	-	-	-	13,143,587	86,907,545
Economic and physical development	1,789,784	-	3,558,196	-	-	-	-	5,347,980
Culture and recreation	13,085,516	-	-	-	-	-	1,603,544	14,689,060
Education - community college and schools	10,852,593	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,852,593
Education - public schools	82,521,692	-	-	-	-	-	-	82,521,692
Capital outlay	-	-	-	3,323,265	35,483,848	14,934,853	14,079,547	67,821,513
Debt service:						-		
Principal - bonds	-	29,715,000	-	-	-	-	-	29,715,000
Interest and fees	-	13,474,353	-	-	-	-	-	13,474,353
Installment debt payments	-	10,551,936	-	-	-	-	1,355,603	11,907,539
Bond issuance costs					158,177			158,177
Total expenditures	277,470,749	53,741,289	3,558,196	3,323,265	35,642,025	14,934,853	30,182,281	418,852,658
Revenues over (under) expenditures	19,106,706	(13,030,400)	11,077,138	(3,256,244)	(34,697,358)	(14,677,446)	(10,572,884)	(46,050,488)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Sale of capital assets	73,581	-	-	-	-	7,000,000	40,729	7,114,310
Insurance claim proceeds	524,497	-	-	-	-	-	-	524,497
Long-term debt issued	3,177,967	-	-	-	65,970,000	-	952,909	70,100,876
Premium on long-term debt issued	-	-	-	-	5,199,650	-	-	5,199,650
Transfers from other funds	293,435	14,723,904	-	-	-	217,000	9,796,753	25,031,092
Transfers to other funds	(32,983,451)		(6,505,000)				(293,435)	(39,781,886)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(28,913,971)	14,723,904	(6,505,000)		71,169,650	7,217,000	10,496,956	68,188,539
Net change in fund balances	(9,807,265)	1,693,504	4,572,138	(3,256,244)	36,472,292	(7,460,446)	(75,928)	22,138,051
Fund Balances:								
Beginning of year - July 1	107,206,505	5,438,631	37,531,452	4,362,121	6,568,829	13,835,387	13,405,026	188,347,951
End of year - June 30	\$ 97,399,240	\$ 7,132,135	\$ 42,103,590	\$ 1,105,877	\$ 43,041,121	\$ 6,374,941	\$ 13,329,098	\$ 210,486,002

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 22,138,051
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those current assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	20,185,529
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities.	(2,016,687)
Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities	(621,827)
OPEB benefit payments paid and administrative costs made in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	(20,069,364)
Revenue in the Statement of Activities that does not provide current financial resources is not reported as revenue in the funds. Revenue in the fund statements that is repayment of long-term receivables is not recorded as revenue in the Statement of Activities.	(2,559,155)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This is the amount of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(34,534,115)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(1,604,408)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (19,081,976)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Revenues Budget—to Paid Variance Prize Prize Prize Prize Provincion Revenues Term STATE		General Fund							
Part		В	udgeted Amo	ounts					
Taxes:		Original		Final	Actual	•			
Ad valorem, including interest 167,132,554 167,132,554 170,067,117 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,980 1	Revenues:								
Other 66,992,690 66,992,690 66,994,670 1,980 Total taxes 234,125,244 234,125,244 234,025,244 237,061,787 2,936,543 Intergovernmental revenue 31,285,381 41,023,986 14,879.28 3,055,378 Investment earnings 888,150 888,150 1,985,146 1,096,996 Miscellaneous 1,181,756 1,355,895 722,342 (633,553) Total revenues 280,275,040 289,646,583 296,577,272 6,925,144 Expenditures Current: Current: 44,044,846	Taxes:								
Total taxes	Ad valorem, including interest	\$ 167,1	32,554 \$	167,132,554	\$ 170,067,117	\$ 2,934,563			
Intergovernmental revenue 31,885,381 41,022,988 44,923,524 3,900,536 Charges for services 12,194,509 12,254,306 11,878,928 (375,378) Investment earnings 888,150 888,150 19,85,146 1,096,996 Miscellaneous 1,181,756 1355,895 72,2342 (633,553) Total revenues 280,275,040 289,646,583 296,571,727 6,925,144 Expenditures: Current: Current: General government 42,821,153 46,330,647 44,044,846 2,285,801 Human services 55,214,292 55,399,396 51,412,360 3,987,036 Public safety 67,156,226 79,372,600 73,763,958 5,688,642 Economic and physical development 1,869,220 2,170,460 73,763,958 5,688,642 Eutoation - and physical development 1,486,423 14,214,947 13,085,516 1,129,431 Education - community college 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593	Other	66,9	92,690	66,992,690	66,994,670	1,980			
Charges for services 12,194,509 12,254,306 11,878,928 375,378 Investment earnings 888,150 888,150 1,985,146 1,096,996 Miscellaneous 1,181,756 1,1355,895 722,342 633,553 Total revenues 280,275,040 289,646,583 296,571,727 6,925,144	Total taxes	234,1	25,244	234,125,244	237,061,787	2,936,543			
Miscellaneous 888,150 888,150 1,985,146 1,006,996 Miscellaneous 1,181,756 1,355,895 722,342 (633,553) Total revenues 280,275,040 289,646,583 296,571,727 6,925,144 Expenditures: Current: General government 42,821,153 46,330,647 44,044,846 2,285,801 Human services 55,214,292 55,399,396 51,412,360 3,987,036 Public safety 67,156,226 79,372,600 73,763,958 5,608,642 Economic and physical development 1,869,220 2,170,446 1,789,784 380,662 Culture and recreation 14,186,423 14,214,947 13,085,516 1,129,431 Education - public schools 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 1,224,431 Education - public schools 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,516,692 1,224,431 1,224,431 1,224,431 1,224,431 1,224,431 1,224,431 1,224,	Intergovernmental revenue	31,8	85,381	41,022,988	44,923,524	3,900,536			
Niscellaneous	Charges for services	12,1	94,509	12,254,306	11,878,928	(375,378)			
Total revenues 280,275,040 289,646,583 296,571,727 6,925,144	Investment earnings	8	88,150	888,150	1,985,146	1,096,996			
Expenditures: Current: 42,821,153 46,330,647 44,044,846 2,285,801 Human services 55,214,292 55,399,396 51,412,360 3,987,036 Public safety 67,156,226 79,372,600 73,763,958 5,608,642 Economic and physical development 1,869,220 2,170,446 1,789,784 380,662 Culture and recreation 14,186,423 14,214,947 13,085,516 1,129,431 Education - community college 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 Education - public schools 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 277,470,749 13,391,572 Total expenditures 5,653,441 (1,215,738) 19,100,978 20,316,716 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Culture and captain assets 675,000 675,000 73,581 (601,419) Insurance calains proceeds 20,000 401,226 524,497 123,271 Long term debt issued 3,223,269 3,255,094 3,177,967 (77,127)	Miscellaneous	1,1	81,756	1,355,895	722,342	(633,553)			
Current: 42,821,153 46,330,647 44,044,846 2,285,801 Human services 55,214,292 55,399,396 51,412,360 3,987,036 Public safety 67,156,226 79,372,600 73,763,958 5,608,642 Economic and physical development 1,869,220 2,170,446 1,789,784 380,662 Culture and recreation 14,186,423 14,214,947 13,085,516 1,129,431 Education - public schools 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521	Total revenues	280,2	75,040	289,646,583	296,571,727	6,925,144			
Ceneral government	Expenditures:								
Human services 55,214,292 55,399,396 51,412,360 3,987,036 Public safety 67,156,226 79,372,600 73,763,958 5,608,642 Economic and physical development 1,869,226 2,170,446 1,789,784 380,662 Culture and recreation 14,186,423 14,214,947 13,085,516 1,129,431 Education - community college 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 - Education - public schools 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 Total expenditures 274,621,599 290,862,321 277,470,749 13,391,572 College 6,553,441 (1,215,738) 19,100,978 20,316,716 College 6,75,000 675,000 73,581 (601,419) Ensurance claims proceeds 20,000 401,226 524,497 123,271 Long term debt issued 3,223,269 3,255,094 3,177,967 (77,127) Transfers from other funds 900,925 1,025,740 943,435 (82,305) Transfers from other funds (18,015,658) (3,861,438) (32,983,451) (3,867,947) (7,7127) Coll other financing sources (uses) (5,653,441) 1,215,738 (28,263,971) (29,479,709) Coll other financing sources (uses) (5,653,441) 1,215,738 (28,263,971) (29,479,709) Coll other financing sources (uses) (5,653,441) 1,215,738 (28,263,971) (29,479,709) Coll other financing sources (uses) (5,653,441) 1,215,738 (28,263,971) (29,479,709) Coll other financing sources (uses) (5,653,441) (1,215,738) (28,263,971) (29,479,709) Coll other financing sources (uses) (5,653,441) (1,215,738) (28,263,971) (29,479,709) Coll other financing sources (uses) (5,653,441) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738) (7,127,738)									
Public safety	<u> </u>	•	•						
Economic and physical development 1,869,220 2,170,446 1,789,784 380,662 Culture and recreation 14,186,423 14,214,947 13,085,516 1,129,431 Education - community college 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,51692 20,216,716 10,202,702,702 10,202,702,702 10,202,702,702 10,202,702,702 10,202,702,702 10,202,702,702 10,202,702,702 10,202,702,702 10,202,702,702 10,202,702,702 10,202,702,702 10,202,702,702 10,202,702,702 10,202,702,702 10,202,702,702 10,202,702,702 10,202,702,702 10,202,702,702 10,202,702,702 </td <td></td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>, ,</td> <td></td>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		, ,				
Culture and recreation 14,186,423 14,214,947 13,085,516 1,129,431 Education - community college 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 - Education - public schools 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 - Total expenditures 274,621,599 290,862,321 277,470,749 13,391,572 Revenues over (under) expenditures 5,653,441 (1,215,738) 19,100,978 20,316,716 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of capital assets 675,000 675,000 73,581 (601,419) Insurance claims proceeds 20,000 401,226 524,497 123,271 Long term debt issued 3,223,269 3,255,094 3,177,967 (77,127) Transfers from other funds 900,925 1,025,740 943,435 (82,305) Transfers to other funds (18,015,658) (36,851,438) (32,983,451) 3,867,987 Appropriated fund balance 7,543,023 32,710,116 (28,263,971) (29,479,09) Fund Balances:		•	•						
Education - community college 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 10,852,593 20,852,1692 20,821,692 20,821,692 20,821,692 20,821,692 20,821,692 20,821,692 20,316,716 Total expenditures 274,621,599 290,862,321 19,100,978 20,316,716 Revenues over (under) expenditures 5,653,441 (1,215,738) 19,100,978 20,316,716 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of capital assets 675,000 675,000 73,581 (601,419) Insurance claims proceeds 20,000 401,226 524,497 123,271 Long term debt issued 3,223,269 3,255,094 3,177,967 (77,127) Transfers from other funds (18,015,658) (36,851,438) (32,983,451) 3,867,987 Appropriated fund balance 7,543,023 32,710,116 - (32,710,116 Total other financing sources (uses) (5,653,441) 1,215,738 (28,263,971) (29,479,09) Fund Balances: Beginning of year - July 1 106,579,027 <td>. ,</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td>	. ,	•	•			•			
Education - public schools 82,521,692 82,521,692 82,521,692 27,470,749 13,391,572 Total expenditures 274,621,599 290,862,321 277,470,749 13,391,572 Revenues over (under) expenditures 5,653,441 (1,215,738) 19,100,978 20,316,716 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of capital assets 675,000 675,000 73,581 (601,419) Insurance claims proceeds 20,000 401,226 524,497 123,271 Long term debt issued 3,223,269 3,255,094 3,177,967 (77,127) Transfers from other funds 900,925 1,025,740 943,435 (82,305) Transfers to other funds (18,015,658) (36,851,448) (32,983,451) 3,867,987 Appropriated fund balance 7,543,023 32,710,116 - (32,710,116 Total other financing sources (uses) (5,653,441) 1,215,738 (28,263,971) (29,479,09) Fund Balances: Beginning of year - July 1 106,579,027 5728 End of year - J						1,129,431			
Total expenditures 274,621,599 290,862,321 277,470,749 13,391,572	· =					-			
Revenues over (under) expenditures 5,653,441 (1,215,738) 19,100,978 20,316,716	•	-				42 204 572			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of capital assets 675,000 675,000 73,581 (601,419) Insurance claims proceeds 20,000 401,226 524,497 123,271 Long term debt issued 3,223,269 3,255,094 3,177,967 (77,127) Transfers from other funds 900,925 1,025,740 943,435 (82,305) Transfers to other funds (18,015,658) (36,851,438) (32,983,451) 3,867,987 Appropriated fund balance 7,543,023 32,710,116 - (32,710,116) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,653,441) 1,215,738 (28,263,971) (29,479,709) Net change in fund balances \$	Total expenditures	2/4,b	21,599	290,862,321	277,470,749	13,391,572			
Sale of capital assets 675,000 675,000 73,581 (601,419) Insurance claims proceeds 20,000 401,226 524,497 123,271 Long term debt issued 3,223,269 3,255,094 3,177,967 (77,127) Transfers from other funds 900,925 1,025,740 943,435 (82,305) Transfers to other funds (18,015,658) (36,851,438) (32,983,451) 3,867,987 Appropriated fund balance 7,543,023 32,710,116 - (32,710,116) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,653,441) 1,215,738 (28,263,971) (29,479,709) Fund Balances: Beginning of year - July 1 106,579,027 97,416,034 A legally budgeted Public Schools fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes: 5,728 Investment earnings 5,728 5,728 Transfer-out to other funds (650,000) Fund balance - beginning of year - July 1 627,478 Fund balance - end of year - July 3 (16,794)	Revenues over (under) expenditures	5,6	53,441	(1,215,738)	19,100,978	20,316,716			
Insurance claims proceeds 20,000 401,226 524,497 123,271 Long term debt issued 3,223,269 3,255,094 3,177,967 (77,127) Transfers from other funds 900,925 1,025,740 943,435 (82,305) Transfers to other funds (18,015,658) (36,851,438) (32,983,451) 3,867,987 Appropriated fund balance 7,543,023 32,710,116 - (32,710,116) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,653,441) 1,215,738 (28,263,971) (29,479,709) Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ - (9,162,993) (9,162,993) Fund Balances: Beginning of year - July 1 106,579,027 End of year - June 30 97,416,034 A legally budgeted Public Schools fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes: Investment earnings 5,728 Transfer-out to other funds (650,000) Fund balance - beginning of year - July 1 627,478 Fund balance - end of year - June 30 (16,794)	Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Long term debt issued 3,223,269 3,255,094 3,177,967 (77,127) Transfers from other funds 900,925 1,025,740 943,435 (82,305) Transfers to other funds (18,015,658) (36,851,438) (32,983,451) 3,867,987 Appropriated fund balance 7,543,023 32,710,116 - (32,710,116) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,653,441) 1,215,738 (28,263,971) (29,479,709) Fund Balances: Beginning of year - July 1 106,579,027 106,579,027 End of year - June 30 97,416,034 97,416,034 A legally budgeted Public Schools fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes: Investment earnings 5,728 Transfer-out to other funds (650,000) Fund balance - beginning of year - July 1 627,478 Fund balance - end of year - June 30 (16,794)	Sale of capital assets	6	75,000	675,000	73,581	(601,419)			
Transfers from other funds 900,925 1,025,740 943,435 (82,305) Transfers to other funds (18,015,658) (36,851,438) (32,983,451) 3,867,987 Appropriated fund balance 7,543,023 32,710,116 — (32,710,116) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,653,441) 1,215,738 (28,263,971) (29,479,709) Fund Balances: Beginning of year - July 1 106,579,027 97,416,034 End of year - June 30 97,416,034 97,416,034 A legally budgeted Public Schools fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes: 5,728 Investment earnings 5,728 Transfer-out to other funds (650,000) Fund balance - beginning of year - July 1 627,478 Fund balance - end of year - June 30 (16,794)	Insurance claims proceeds		20,000	401,226	524,497	123,271			
Transfers to other funds (18,015,658) (36,851,438) (32,983,451) 3,867,987 Appropriated fund balance 7,543,023 32,710,116 — (32,710,116) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,653,441) 1,215,738 (28,263,971) (29,479,709) Net change in fund balances \$	Long term debt issued	3,2	23,269	3,255,094	3,177,967	(77,127)			
Appropriated fund balance 7,543,023 32,710,116 — (32,710,116) Total other financing sources (uses) (5,653,441) 1,215,738 (28,263,971) (29,479,709) Net change in fund balances \$	Transfers from other funds	9	00,925	1,025,740	•	(82,305)			
Total other financing sources (uses) (5,653,441) 1,215,738 (28,263,971) (29,479,709) Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ - (9,162,993) \$ (9,162,993) Fund Balances: Beginning of year - July 1 106,579,027 End of year - June 30 97,416,034 A legally budgeted Public Schools fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes: Investment earnings 5,728 Transfer-out to other funds (650,000) Fund balance - beginning of year - July 1 627,478 Fund balance - end of year - June 30 (16,794)	Transfers to other funds	(18,0	15,658)	(36,851,438)	(32,983,451)	3,867,987			
Net change in fund balances Fund Balances: Beginning of year - July 1 End of year - June 30 A legally budgeted Public Schools fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes: Investment earnings Transfer-out to other funds Fund balance - beginning of year - July 1 Fund balance - end of year - June 30 (9,162,993) 106,579,027 97,416,034 5,728 (650,000) 627,478 Fund balance - end of year - July 1 Fund balance - end of year - June 30	Appropriated fund balance	7,5	43,023	32,710,116		(32,710,116)			
Fund Balances: Beginning of year - July 1 106,579,027 End of year - June 30 97,416,034 A legally budgeted Public Schools fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes: Investment earnings 5,728 Transfer-out to other funds (650,000) Fund balance - beginning of year - July 1 627,478 Fund balance - end of year - June 30 (16,794)	Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,6	53,441)	1,215,738	(28,263,971)	(29,479,709)			
Beginning of year - July 1 106,579,027 End of year - June 30 97,416,034 A legally budgeted Public Schools fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes: Investment earnings 5,728 Transfer-out to other funds (650,000) Fund balance - beginning of year - July 1 627,478 Fund balance - end of year - June 30 (16,794)	Net change in fund balances	\$	<u>-</u> \$		(9,162,993)	\$ (9,162,993)			
End of year - June 30 97,416,034 A legally budgeted Public Schools fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes: Investment earnings 5,728 Transfer-out to other funds (650,000) Fund balance - beginning of year - July 1 627,478 Fund balance - end of year - June 30 (16,794)	Fund Balances:								
A legally budgeted Public Schools fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes: Investment earnings 5,728 Transfer-out to other funds (650,000) Fund balance - beginning of year - July 1 627,478 Fund balance - end of year - June 30 (16,794)	Beginning of year - July 1				106,579,027				
Investment earnings 5,728 Transfer-out to other funds (650,000) Fund balance - beginning of year - July 1 627,478 Fund balance - end of year - June 30 (16,794)	End of year - June 30				97,416,034				
Transfer-out to other funds (650,000) Fund balance - beginning of year - July 1 Fund balance - end of year - June 30 (16,794)	A legally budgeted Public Schools fund is cons	olidated into the Ge	neral Fund fo	r reporting purpose	s:				
Fund balance - beginning of year - July 1 Fund balance - end of year - June 30 (16,794)	Investment earnings				•				
Fund balance - end of year - June 30 (16,794)	Transfer-out to other funds								
·	Fund balance - beginning of year - July 1				627,478				
End of year - June 30 (Exhibit D) \$ 97,399,240	Fund balance - end of year - June 30				(16,794)				
	End of year - June 30 (Exhibit D)				\$ 97,399,240				

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROOM OCCUPANCY TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Am	ounts			riance from nal Budget
		Original		Final		Actual	ver/Under
Revenues:		_					
Room occupancy taxes	\$	6,182,564	\$	6,919,950	\$	7,152,943	\$ 232,993
Special assessments		2,656,750		2,656,750		3,526,540	869,790
Intergovernmental revenue		3,430,000		3,430,000		3,290,000	(140,000)
Investment earnings		<u>-</u>				665,851	 665,851
Total revenues		12,269,314		13,006,700		14,635,334	 1,628,634
Expenditures:							
Current: Collection fee to New Hanover County		96,250		96,250		91,750	4,500
Tourism distributions to TDA and municipalities		2,732,378		3,469,764		3,159,795	309,969
Erosion control		2,935,686		3,401,707		306,651	3,095,056
Total expenditures		5,764,314		6,967,721	-	3,558,196	 3,409,525
rotai experiultures	_	3,704,314	_	0,307,721	_	3,330,130	 3,403,323
Revenues over (under) expenditures		6,505,000		6,038,979		11,077,138	 5,038,159
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Appropriated fund balance		-		466,021		-	(466,021)
Transfers to other funds		(6,505,000)		(6,505,000)		(6,505,000)	 -
Total other financing sources (uses)		(6,505,000)		(6,038,979)		(6,505,000)	 (466,021)
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$			4,572,138	\$ 4,572,138
Fund Balances:							
Beginning of year - July 1						37,531,452	
End of year - June 30					\$	42,103,590	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Environmental Management Fund
Assets:	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,528,389
Receivables	1,712,472
Total current assets	22,240,861
Non-current assets:	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	422,683
Capital assets:	
Land and construction in progress	5,235,010
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	23,600,540
Total non-current assets	29,258,233
Total assets	51,499,094
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,510,323
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities:	
Current portion of long-term obligations	138,221
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,680,009
Total current liabilities	1,818,230
Non-current liabilities:	
Accrued landfill closure and post-closure care costs	18,758,214
Net pension liability	657,618
Long-term obligations, net of amortized charge, discount, and premiums	158,772
Total OPEB liability	6,639,116
Total non-current liabilities	26,213,720
Total liabilities	28,031,950
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,105,484
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	28,719,346
Unrestricted	(4,847,363)
Total net position	\$ 23,871,983

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Environmental Management Fund	
Operating Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$	19,021,647
Other	·	618,475
Total operating revenues		19,640,122
Operating Expenses:		
Personnel		3,408,146
System maintenance		24,706,977
Landfill post closure		4,856,863
Depreciation		3,241,279
Total operating expenses		36,213,265
Operating income (loss)		(16,573,143)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):		
Investment earnings		285,490
Intergovernmental revenues		552,533
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(239,838)
Interest and fees		(4,743)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		593,442
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(15,979,701)
Transfers from other funds		14,750,794
Change in net position		(1,228,907)
Net position, beginning		25,100,890
Net position, ending	\$	23,871,983

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		nvironmental Management Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$	18,277,978
Cash payments for goods and services and system maintenance		(24,325,102)
Cash paid to employees for services		(2,490,123)
Other operating revenues		618,475
Net cash provided by operating activities		(7,918,772)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:		44.750.704
Transfers from other funds		14,750,794
Proceeds from intergovernmental revenue		552,533
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		15,303,327
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Acquisitions and construction of capital assets		(7,070,019)
Principal paid on long-term debt		(54,117)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(7,235)
Net cash provided used by capital and related financing activities		(7,131,371)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Interest on investments		285,490
Net cash provided by investing activities		285,490
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		538,674
Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Beginning of year - July 1		20,412,398
End of year - June 30	\$	20,951,072
,	<u></u>	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net		
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating income	\$	(16,573,143)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation		3,241,279
Landfill closure and post-closure care costs		4,856,863
Changes in assets and liabilities:		(742.660)
Increase in receivables		(743,669)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		430,661 (210,934)
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - persions Increase in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		
Increase in net pension liability		(554,422) 264,022
Increase in OPEB liability		917,562
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(7,593)
Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		460,602
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(7,918,772)
	7	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Cash and cash equivalents	^	20 520 202
Unrestricted	\$	20,528,389
Restricted	\$	422,683 20,951,072
	\$	20,331,072

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Agency Funds
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,677,655
Accounts receivable	4,106,211
Total assets	14,783,866
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,978,635
Due to other governmental units	3,268,452
Escrow funds and deposits	9,536,779
Total liabilities	\$ 14,783,866

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

New Hanover County ("County"), chartered in 1729, is located in the southeastern corner of North Carolina and has a population of approximately 238,000 people. The County utilizes a County Manager form of government with a five-member Board of Commissioners. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), these financial statements present all the fund types of the County and its component units, legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. The Airlie Gardens Foundation, Inc., Public Health Foundation of New Hanover County, Inc., and the Parks Conservancy of New Hanover County exist to provide service or benefit to County departments. These units are presented as special revenue funds of the County's financial statements. The New Hanover County Airport Authority ("Authority"), which has a June 30 year-end, the New Hanover Regional Medical Center ("Medical Center"), which has a September 30 year-end, the New Hanover County ABC Board ("ABC Board"), which has a June 30 year-end, and the New Hanover County Tourism Development Authority ("TDA"), which has a June 30 year-end, are presented as if they are separate proprietary funds of the County (discrete presentation). The Industrial Facilities and Pollution Control Financing Authority ("Industrial Authority") exists to issue and service revenue bond debt of private businesses for economic development purposes. The Industrial Authority has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the basic financial statements. The blended presentation method presents component units as a department or unit of the County, and offers no separate presentation as with the discrete method. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the County's government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County.

Component Unit	Reporting Method	Criteria for Inclusion	Separate Financial Statements
The Airlie Gardens	Blended	Exclusive service or benefit to the primary government.	The Airlie Gardens
Foundation, Inc.		Established on April 8, 1999 as a charitable corporation to establish an endowment and to receive and	Foundation, Inc. Wilmington, NC
		distribute monies for prospective funding of capital	Willington, NC
		improvements at the County owned Airlie Gardens.	
		The unit also serves in an advisory capacity to the Airlie	
		Gardens' staff and Board of Commissioners in relation	
		to providing advice for operations, policy, capital	
		improvements, and program development.	
Public Health	Blended	Exclusive service or benefit to the primary government.	None issued.
Foundation of New		Established on September 20, 2001 solely to provide	
Hanover County, Inc.		for the support and benefit of the County's Health	
		Department.	
Parks Conservancy of	Blended	Exclusive service or benefit to the primary government.	None issued.
New Hanover County		Established on May 23, 2013 solely to provide for the	
		support and benefit of the Parks and Gardens	
		Department of New Hanover County.	
New Hanover County	Discrete	The Authority is governed by a seven-member board	New Hanover County
Airport Authority		that is appointed by the Board of Commissioners. The	Airport Authority
		County's ownership of the underlying real estate and	1740 Airport Blvd.
		statement of intent to provide financial support to	Wilmington, NC 28405

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		fund any future operating deficits of the Authority	
		provides a financial burden to the County.	
New Hanover	Discrete	The Medical Center is a public, nonprofit corporation	New Hanover Regional
Regional Medical		which has leased its existing facilities and all future	Medical Center
Center		improvements from the County for a period of 30 years	PO Box 9000
		from February 15, 1999. The Medical Center's Board of	Wilmington, NC 28402
		Trustees is appointed by the Board of Commissioners.	
		The County has issued Hospital Revenue Bonds for	
		construction of additions and improvements to the	
		Medical Center and for purchase of equipment.	
New Hanover County	Discrete	The members of the ABC Board's governing board are	New Hanover County
ABC Board		appointed by the County Commissioners. The ABC	ABC Board
		Board is required by State Statute to distribute its	523 S. 17 th Street
		surpluses to the General Fund of the County.	Wilmington, NC 28401
New Hanover County	Discrete	The Tourism Development Authority ("TDA") was	New Hanover County
Tourism		established by the Board of Commissioners under the	Tourism Development
Development		authority of North Carolina State Legislature House Bill	Authority
Authority		1707 and 1720 approved October 3, 2002.The	505 Nutt Street, Unit A
		members of the TDA Board are appointed by the	Wilmington, NC 28401
		County Commissioners. The TDA receives substantially	
		all of its revenue from an occupancy tax implemented,	
		and revocable, by the County Commissioners.	
Industrial Facilities	Discrete	The Authority is governed by a seven-member Board of	None issued.
and Pollution Control		Commissioners that is appointed by the County	
Financing Authority		Commissioners. The County can remove any	
		commissioner of the Authority with or without cause.	

The New Hanover Regional Medical Center Foundation, Inc. ("Foundation") is included in the Medical Center's financial statements as a blended component unit. The Foundation is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization which was founded by the Medical Center in 1991 to serve solely the Medical Center as a fundraising entity. Carolina Health Care Associates ("CHA") (doing business as NHRMC Physicians Group) is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization governed by the Medical Center. The Executive Committee of the Medical Center's Board of Trustees, which includes 8 of the 17 voting members of the Medical Center's full Board of Trustees, serves as the CHA Board, thereby constituting 100% of CHA's Board members. CHA provides an integrated primary and specialty care physician practice network to the Medical Center in the form of physician and nurse practitioner services within the Medical Center's clinical areas and independent official locations. CHA is included in the Medical Center's reporting entity as a discreetly presented component unit. Lower Cape Fear Hospice ("LCFH") is an affiliated organization of the Medical Center. The Trustees of the Medical Center appoint 80% of the Board of Directors of LCFH, a nonprofit organization which provides professional care to the terminally ill and support and education to family and community. The organization currently serves 6 counties in southeastern North Carolina and 3 counties in South Carolina. LCFH is included in the Medical Center's reporting entity as a discretely presented component unit. Physician Quality Partners ("PQP") is a Clinically Integrated Network/Accountable Care Organization formed to actively develop clinical initiatives that will improve the quality of health care services and control costs. PQP is included in the Medical Center's financial statements as a discreetly presented component unit. Pender Memorial Hospital, Incorporated ("PMH") is an affiliated organization of the Medical Center through a twenty-year operating agreement. The Medical Center is required by the operating

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

agreement to fund any operating deficit of PMH during any fiscal year that the agreement is in effect. PMH is a nonprofit acute care hospital, which provides inpatient, outpatient, and emergency care services to the residents of Pender County and vicinity. PMH is included in the Medical Center's reporting entity as a discretely presented component unit.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government net position (the "County") and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

General Fund. This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. For statement presentation in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 54, the Public Schools Fund, which accounts for all transactions relative to public school activity in the County, is consolidated in the General Fund.

Debt Service Fund. This fund accumulates resources to pay maturing principal and interest on general obligation bonds, certain installment obligations and other long-term obligations issued for governmental capital projects.

Room Occupancy Tax Special Revenue. This fund accounts for the collection and disbursement of the room occupancy tax which is a legislatively enacted tax. The tax is used for tourism and erosion control.

\$164 Million Cape Fear Community College Bonds Capital Project. Although the \$164 Million Cape Fear Community College Bonds Capital Project Fund does not meet criteria to be a major fund, the County has determined that the fund is qualitatively material to the users of the financial statements. This fund accounts for all transactions relative to the Cape Fear Community College Capital Projects funded through \$164 million general obligation bonds.

\$160 Million School Bond Capital Project. This fund accounts for all transactions relative to the School Bond Capital Projects funded through \$160 million general obligation bonds.

Public Health and Social Services Facility Capital Project. This fund accounts for transactions related to the construction of a new health and human services building, which will house the Health Department and the Department of Social Services.

Non-major Funds. The County maintains twenty-one non-major funds. Eighteen are legally budgeted funds and three are component unit funds. There are seven non-major special revenue funds: Special Fire District, Local Law Enforcement Block Grant, Emergency Telephone System Grant, Revolving Loan Program, Parks Conservancy of NHC, Airlie Gardens Foundation, Inc., and Public Health Foundation. The County has 14 non-major capital project funds: The Heritage Park Marquis Hills Capital Project, Public School Building Capital Fund Capital Project, Pine Valley Branch Library Capital Project, Controlled Substance Tax Capital Project, Federal Forfeited Property Capital Project, Masons Inlet Relocation Capital Project, Bike/Pedestrian Paths Capital Project, Cobb Annex Repairs Capital Project, 320 Chestnut Street Renovation Capital Project, Capital Improvement Projects Capital Project, Special Fire District Revenue Improvement Projects Capital Project, Special Fire District Revenue Ogden Fire Station Capital Project, Healing Transition Facility Capital Project, and Juvenile Justice Facility Capital Project.

The County reports the following major Enterprise Fund:

Environmental Management Fund. This fund accounts for the Landfill, recycling, and related construction projects.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The County reports the following fiduciary fund type:

Agency Funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency Funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others. The County maintains the following agency funds: the Room Occupancy Tax Fund, which accounts for the funds collected by the County for various municipalities and special districts within the County but that are not revenues to the County; the Social Services Fund, which accounts for monies deposited with the Department of Social Services for the benefit of certain individuals; the Tax Clearing Fund, which accounts for funds that are billed and collected by the County for various municipalities and special districts within the County but that are not revenues to the County; and the Other Escrows Fund, which accounts for various revenues that the County holds on behalf of various organizations for various functions.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for the agency funds which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on all registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes collected and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County, are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows and Outflows

Cash, Cash Equivalents, Deposits and Investments. All deposits of the County, Authority, Medical Center, ABC Board, and TDA are made in Board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County, Authority, Medical Center, ABC Board, and TDA may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina and may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County, Authority, Medical Center, ABC Board, and TDA to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and North Carolina Capital Management Trust ("NCCMT"). Additionally, the Medical Center is authorized to invest in Department of State Treasurer Short Term Investment Fund and Department of State Treasurer Trust Funds – Investment Program – Equity Investment Fund.

The County pools substantially all cash and investments from all funds utilizing a single central depository. Each fund owns a pro rate interest in the depository and investment earnings are allocated based on daily average equity. Therefore, all cash and investments of its enterprise funds are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. Equities of funds participating in the depository are included on the Statement of Net Position in "Cash, cash equivalents, and investments" or "Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments".

The Authority, ABC Board, and Medical Center consider demand deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments maturing in three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash and cash equivalents.

The majority of the County, Authority, and ABC Board's investments are carried at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at fair value. The NCCMT-Term Portfolio is a bond fund, has no rating and is measured at fair value. As of June 30, 2019, the Term portfolio has a duration of .11 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

Ad Valorem (Property) Taxes Receivable. In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on assessed values as of January 1, 2018. As allowed by State law, the County has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the County's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Restricted Assets. The unexpended debt proceeds of the General Fund and Capital Project Funds are classified as restricted assets within the individual funds because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the debt was originally issued. Contributions received by the special revenue funds are classified as restricted assets because the use of the contributions is restricted for the purpose of the funds. The Environment Management Fund has excess funds from the White Goods Tax. These funds are classified as restricted assets because the use of these funds is restricted in accordance with G.S.130A-309.82.

New Hanover County Restricted Cash				
Governmental Activities:				
Parks Conservancy of NHC Special Revenue Fund	Unexpended contributions	\$	50,843	
Public Health Foundation Special Revenue Fund	Unexpended contributions		21,533	
\$164 Million CFCC Capital Projects Fund	Unexpended debt proceeds		1,738,187	
\$160 Million Schools Capital Projects Fund	Unexpended debt proceeds		48,212,663	
Cobb Annex Repairs Capital Projects Fund	Unexpended debt proceeds		60,669	
320 Chestnut Street Renovation Capital Projects Fund	Unexpended debt proceeds		99,850	
Total Governmental Activities			50,183,745	
Business-Type Activities:				
Environment Management Fund	Unexpended White Goods Tax	_	422,683	
Total Restricted Cash		\$	50,606,428	

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts. All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Inventory. Inventories of supplies and parts held at the County's garage ("General Fund") are valued at cost (first-in, first-out method), which approximates market. The Medical Center and the ABC Board are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market. Inventories are recorded as an asset and are not charged to operations until consumed or sold.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Prepaids. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid assets in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

Capital Assets. Purchased or constructed capital assets for the County, the Medical Center, and the Authority are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are recorded at acquisition value.

Minimum capitalization costs of the County are \$5,000 for land, buildings and other improvements, and equipment. All vehicles are capitalized regardless of cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Minimum capitalization costs of the Medical Center are capital assets with a cost of \$2,500 or greater and a useful life of at least one year.

Minimum capitalization costs of the Authority are capital assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$3,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

Minimum capitalization costs of the TDA are as follows: equipment, \$1,000, an estimated useful life in excess of two years, and all computers are capitalized regardless of cost with the exception of iPads and smaller computer peripheral items.

Legal title to the Medical Center's capital assets is in the name of either New Hanover County or New Hanover Regional Medical Center. Substantially all facilities, equipment, and future improvements are leased from New Hanover County. Legal title to CHA's capital assets is in CHA's name. Legal title to LCFH's capital assets is in LCFH's name. Legal title to PQP's capital assets is in PQP's name. Legal title to PMH's capital assets is in the name of either Pender County or Pender Memorial Hospital, Incorporated. Substantially all of PMH's facilities are leased from Pender County.

The County holds title to certain properties which are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Authority. A lease agreement, executed in 1989 and amended in 2015, for \$1 per year through 2049 between the County and the Authority gives the Authority full use of the facilities. The lease contains certain restrictions including requiring that the facility be used as an airport, and that the Authority carry insurance, maintain the facilities, notify the County prior to disposing of certain assets, and certain other restrictions.

The Authority recorded the historical costs and accumulated depreciation of capital assets included in the lease agreement with the County.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The County holds title to certain New Hanover County Board of Education properties that have not been included in capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board of Education give the Board of Education full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the Board of Education, once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the New Hanover County Board of Education.

The County and its component units follow the policy of capitalizing interest as a component of the cost of business type activity capital assets constructed for their own use. When the County leases capital assets to a discretely presented component unit for the nominal amounts, the County reports those capital assets and related depreciation in the component unit.

The County evaluates prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether impairment of a capital asset has occurred. A capital asset is generally considered impaired if both (a) the decline in the service utility of the capital asset is large in magnitude and (b) the event or change in circumstance is outside the normal life cycle of the capital asset. Impaired capital assets that will no longer be used by the government are reported at the lower of carrying value or fair value. Impairment losses on capital assets that will continue to be used by the government are measured using the method that best reflects the diminished service utility of the capital assets. Any insurance recoveries received as a result of impairment events or changes in circumstances resulting in the impairment of a capital asset are netted against the impairment loss.

Depreciation of all depreciable capital assets is charged as an expense against their operations in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. Accumulated depreciation is reported in the statements of net position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives of depreciable capital assets of the County are generally as follows:

Buildings	10-40 years
Other improvements	10-40 years
Equipment and vehicles	3-10 years

Depreciable capital assets of the Authority are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

Land improvements	10-20 years
Airfield improvements	10 years
Airfield building	25 years
Building improvements, including parking facilities	5-15 years
Vehicles	5-20 years
Machinery and equipment	5-15 years

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Depreciable capital assets of the Medical Center are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis as recommended by the America Hospital Association ("AHA"). Core Information Technology Software is depreciated over ten years and other Information Technology Software is deprecated over five years, which may be different than the AHA's recommendation.

Depreciable capital assets of the ABC Board are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis.

Depreciable capital assets of the TDA are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

Equipment 2-10 years

Intangible Capital Assets. Intangible capital assets of the Medical Center consist of other intangibles and are recorded net of amortization. Other intangibles are recorded at historical cost and amortized over the estimated life of the expected economic benefit, using the straight-line method. Estimated lives are 5 years.

Medical Insurance. The County is self-insured for group medical insurance. The County's losses are limited under the contract by specific excess loss insurance coverage for claims above specific amounts along with an aggregating specific rider coverage. Provisions for estimated unpaid claims outstanding at June 30, 2019 have been made.

The Medical Center is self-insured for employee medical claims and contracts with a third party to administer the program. The Medical Center's losses are limited under the contract by specific and aggregate stop-loss insurance coverage for claims above specified amounts. The Medical Center is also self-insured for a portion of professional liabilities, workers' compensation, and unemployment benefits. Provisions for estimated unpaid claims outstanding at September 30, 2018 and 2017 have been made. CHA employees are covered under the Medical Center's medical and professional liability plans. CHA is self-insured for unemployment benefits. Provisions for estimated unpaid claims outstanding at September 30, 2018 and 2017 have been made.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources. In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has several items that meet this criterion – a charge on refunding, OPEB and pension related deferrals, and contributions made to the OPEB or pension plan in the current fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has several items that meet the criterion for this category - prepaid taxes, property taxes receivable, assessment receivable, other receivables, and OPEB and pension related deferrals.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Long-Term Obligations. In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the financial statements, long-term debt, and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

Bond Discounts and Premiums. In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, bond discounts and premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the proportionate-to-stated-interest method. Long-term debt is reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are recognized during the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Compensated Absences. The personal leave policy of the County generally provides for the accumulation of up to forty (40) days earned personal leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. Personal leave earned above the annual provision converts to sick leave. The personal leave policy of the Authority generally provides for the accumulation of time depending on the length of service and job classification. Personal leave may accumulate to a maximum of 480 hours. The Medical Center provides for accumulation of personal leave at varying rates depending on years of service and a maximum carry over amount from one fiscal year to the next which also varies based on years of service. Annually, the Medical Center buys back excess accrued vacation over 480 hours. The ABC Board employees may accumulate up to 120 hours of leave which is based on time of service. The personal leave policy of the TDA generally provides for the accumulation of up to one year's earned personal leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the County's government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds, Authority, Medical Center, and TDA, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the personal leave is earned. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they matured.

The sick leave policy of the County, the ABC Board, and the Authority generally provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. The sick leave policy of the TDA provides for the accumulation of up to 240 hours of earned sick leave; however, sick leave does not vest. Since the County, the ABC Board, the Authority, and TDA have no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave is reported. The Medical Center did not disclose their policies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Accounting Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

E. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, including any restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.
- **Restricted** This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This component of net position consists of assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net invested in capital assets" above.

Fund Balances. In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

• Non-Spendable Fund Balance — This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventory – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Prepaids – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending prepaid expenses, which are not spendable resources.

 Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors, grantors, or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization for State Statute — North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statue (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statue". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceeds the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for General Government – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for renovation and improvements to the Cobb Annex and 320 Chestnut general government facilities in addition to Heritage Park and Marquis Hills.

Restricted for Register of Deeds – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds office.

Restricted for Human Services – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for the Public Health Foundation.

Restricted for Public Safety — portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for public safety related activities such as police controlled substance, federal forfeited funds, fire service district tax revenue, emergency telephone system grant funds, and local law enforcement block grant funds.

Restricted for Economic and Physical Development – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for erosion control expenses from the Room Occupancy tax fund and Masons Inlet Relocation Capital Project.

Restricted for Culture and Recreation – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for the Parks Conservancy of NHC and Airlie Gardens.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Restricted for Education — portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to support public education with the \$164M bond issuance for the Cape Fear Community College capital projects and the \$160M bond issuance for the school bond capital projects.

Purpose	 General Fund	 Room Occupancy Fund	Ca	\$164M CFCC pital Project Fund	_	\$160M Ichool Bond Ipital Project Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds
Restricted, all other:								
Register of Deeds	\$ 271,537	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
General government	-	-		-		-		184,840
Human services	-	-		-		-		21,533
Public safety	-	-		-		-		2,468,288
Economic and physical								
development	-	40,683,094		-		-		7,235,181
Culture and recreation	-	-		-		-		4,768,255
Education	 _	 -	_	1,105,877	_	42,432,868	_	
Total	\$ 271,537	\$ 40,683,094	\$	1,105,877	\$	42,432,868	\$	14,678,097

 Committed Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decisionmaking authority. The Board of Commissioners is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for Public Safety – portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board to be used for the Ogden Fire Station capital project and the Special Fire District Revenue Improvement Projects Capital Project.

Committed for LEO Pension Liability – portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board to be used for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance liabilities.

Purpose	General Fund		Other Governmental Funds		
Public safety	\$	- 5	37,734		
LEO pension liability	3,391,5	92			
Total	\$ 3,391,5	92 Ş	37,734		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Assigned Fund Balance – This classification includes revenue sources that are assigned to a
specific purpose internally imposed by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose,
but are neither restricted nor committed. This portion of fund balance has been budgeted by
the Board of Commissioners.

Assigned for Subsequent Year's Expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriations; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the manager and/or budget director, as designee, to modify the appropriations within budget function and fund without limitation and without reporting to the board. Movements between budget functions within the same fund up to \$2,500 must be reported to the budget.

Assigned for Post-Employment Benefits – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the Board for payments into the post-employment benefits trust.

Assigned for Capital Improvement Plan – portion of fund balance that has been assigned for the purpose of paying for future capital and capital project needs.

Assigned for Revolving Loans – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the Board to fund revolving loans.

Othor

			Other
	General	Debt Service	Governmental
Purpose	Fund	Fund	Funds
Subsequent year's expenditures \$	2,237,481	\$ 5,184,948	\$ -
Post-employment benefits	4,300,000	-	-
Capital improvement plan	750	-	-
Revolving loans			85,207
Total <u>\$</u>	6,538,231	\$ 5,184,948	\$ 85,207

Unassigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. The general fund can have either a positive or negative fund balance. Other funds can have only a negative unassigned fund balance if expenditures exceed the amounts available in the non-spendable, restricted and committed classifications. These other funds should report a negative unassigned fund balance after all assigned amounts have been eliminated.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The spending practices for programs with multiple revenue sources in New Hanover County guides the Finance Officer to spend funds using the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local funds, and County funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this practice if it is in the best interest of the County.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 97,399,240
Less:	
Inventories	9,929
Prepaids	85,674
Stabilization by State statute	34,445,640
Register of Deeds	 271,537
Total available fund balance	\$ 62,586,460

The County has also adopted a fund balance policy that requires an available fund balance in the General Fund in an amount no less than 8% of the General Fund expenditures at the end of each fiscal year. It also establishes the goal of maintaining unassigned fund balance in the General Fund in an amount between 18% (approximately two and two-tenths of a month) and 21% (approximately two and a half months) of the General Fund expenditures and outflows at the end of each fiscal year. If the unassigned fund balance level exceeds the 21% ceiling in a given year, the Board of County Commissioners delegates authority to assign the funds for the purpose of paying for future capital and capital project needs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end.

Encumbrances:		
General Fund	\$	3,993,160
Room Occupancy Tax		174,478
Special Fire District		88,280
Emergency Telephone System		5,922
Pine Valley Branch Library		30,400
Capital Improvement Projects		590,107
Masons Inlet Relocation		331,960
Health and Human Services Facility		6,413,993
Juvenile Justice Facility		511,186
Bike/Pedestrian Paths		4,703
Special Fire District Ogden Fire Station	_	1,680
Total encumbrances	\$	12,145,869

F. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The County participates in two cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State: the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System ("LGERS") and the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund ("RODSPF") (collectively, the "State-administered defined benefit pension plans"). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the State-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the State-administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the State-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the State-administered defined benefit pension plans. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

G. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

1. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental funds balance sheet and the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

The governmental funds balance sheet includes a summary reconciliation between total fund balance – governmental funds and net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The net adjustment of (\$603,514,573) consists of several elements as follows:

Deferred charges related to refunding bond issue - included on the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not current financial resources	\$ 14,813,681
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are, therefore, not reported in the funds (total capital assets on the government-wide Statement of Net Position in governmental activities column)	183,594,032
Net pension asset - RODSPF	435,537
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year	30,615,738
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures	21,073,193
Liabilities for deferred inflows of resources reported in the fund statements but not for government-wide	2,418,997
Pension related deferrals - LGERS & LEOSSA	(3,549,639)
Deferrals related to OPEB	(5,375,063)
Liabilities that, because they are due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are, therefore, recorded in the fund statements:	
Bonds and installment financing	(419,336,726)
Unamortized premiums and discounts	(26,651,515)
Accrued interest payable	(5,093,089)
Compensated absences	(10,201,161)
Total net pension obligation (LEOSSA)	(11,009,837)
Net pension obligation (LGERS) Total OPEB liability	(33,812,511) (341,361,210)
Claims and judgments	 (75,000)
Total adjustment	\$ (603,514,573)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

2. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of position.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances include a summary reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide Statement of Activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of (\$41,220,029) as follows:

(continued on next page)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the Statement of Activities	d \$	29,220,730
Loss on disposal of assets		(95,932)
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the Statement of Activities but not in the fund statemer		(8,939,269)
New debt issued during the year is recorded as a source of funds on the fun statements; it has no effect on the Statement of Activities - it affects only the government-wide Statement of Net Position		(70,100,876)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included the Statement of Activities	on	30,615,738
OPEB benefit payments paid and administrative costs made in the current fi year are not included on the Statement of Activities	sca	l 5,638,448
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on on the fund statements but again affect only the Statement of Net Position in the government-wide statements		38,867,001
Changes on unamortized debt discounts and premiums		(1,046,329)
Net amortization of deferred charges related to refunded bond issue		(1,674,956)
Expenses reported in the Statement of Activities that do not require the use current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund states		
Accrued interest payable		(578,955)
Compensated absences Net pension obligation		(1,704,408) (12,713,183)
Total OPEB liability		(25,647,131)
Pension expense		(20,501,752)
Revenues reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide Revenue in the fund statements that are repayments of long-term receivables are not recorded as a revenue in the Statement of Activities:		
Repayments of long-term receivable		(2,186,471)
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - special assessments		211,314
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - miscellaneous revenue		(97,686)
Reversal of deferred inflow of resources - tax revenue - June 30, 2018		(2,499,811)
Recording of deferred inflow of resources - taxes receivable in the fund		
statements as of June 30, 2019	_	2,013,499
Total adjustment	\$	(41,220,029)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

H. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information. Annual budgets are adopted as required by North Carolina General Statutes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds except the capital projects funds, which adopt project ordinances. Proprietary funds are budgeted in the same manner as governmental type funds and, as such, are not budgeted on the accrual basis. The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

In the General Fund, department heads are authorized to transfer budgeted line items between appropriation units within their departments if the overall departmental budget remains unchanged. The County Manager is authorized to make transfers between appropriation units within a budget function and to make transfers of up to \$2,500 between budget functions as they appear in the budget ordinance, but he must subsequently report these to the Board of Commissioners. All other funds are not budgeted by function; therefore, the County Manager can authorize transfers within the fund. The Board of Commissioners must approve all other budget transfers before they become valid. The originally adopted annual budget ordinance was increased \$64,957,769 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Appropriations under annual budgets lapse at fiscal year-end; whereas, appropriations under project ordinances continue for the project life. The level of control for each legally adopted annual appropriated budget during the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

The Public Health Foundation of New Hanover County, Inc., Parks Conservancy of New Hanover County, and the Airlie Gardens Foundation, Inc. special revenue funds (blended component units), and the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension Trust Fund did not adopt annual appropriated budgets.

Fund	Level
Governmental Funds:	
General	Function
Room Occupancy Tax Special Revenue	Fund
Special Fire District Special Revenue	Fund
Public Schools Special Revenue	Fund
Revolving Loan Program	Fund
Emergency Telephone System Special Revenue	Fund
Local Local Enforcement Block Grant Special Revenue	Fund
Proprietary Fund:	
Environmental Management Operating	Fund

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Deficit Fund Balance of Individual Funds not appropriated in subsequent year's budget ordinance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, five individual funds had a deficit fund balance. The deficit fund balance in the Bike/Pedestrian Paths Capital Project is a result of timing of grant drawdowns. The deficit in the Healing Transition Facility Capital Project, Juvenile Justice Facility Capital Project, and Capital Improvement Projects Capital Project is a result of timing of borrowing debt proceeds and the deficit in the Pine Valley Library Capital Project is a result of the timing of a sale of property. The deficit funds are as follows:

Deficit Fund Balance

Fund	Amount	
Bike/Pedestrian Paths Capital Project	\$ (379,53	30)
Healing Transition Facility Capital Project	(241,53	35)
Juvenile Justice Facility Capital Project	(980,49	} 5)
Pine Valley Library Capital Project	(1,149,04	19)
Capital Improvement Projects Capital Project	(442,49	<u> (06</u>
	\$ (3,193,09	<u>99</u>)

2. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

Cash, Cash Equivalents, Deposits, and Investments

Deposits. All of the County's, Authority's, Medical Center's, ABC Board's and TDA's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's, Authority's, Medical Center's, ABC Board's or TDA's agents in these units' name. Under the Pooling Method, a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer of North Carolina's ("State Treasurer") agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County, Authority, Medical Center, ABC Board and TDA, these deposits are considered to be held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County, Authority, Medical Center, ABC Board, TDA or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County, Authority, Medical Center, ABC Board, and TDA under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions. The County, Authority, Medical Center, ABC Board, and TDA rely on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institutions. There is no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2019, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$8,758,130 and a bank balance of \$9,306,270. Of the bank balance, \$1,021,534 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$8,284,736 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2019, the Authority's deposits had a carrying amount of \$11,806,363 and a bank balance of \$11,883,898. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

At September 30, 2018, the Medical Center's deposits had a carrying amount of \$45,375,000 and a bank balance of \$47,495,000. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 per financial institution was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

At September 30, 2018, LCFH had cash balances in a financial institution that from time to time have exceeded federal depository insurance coverage. The carrying amount and bank balance were \$5,523,000 and \$5,526,000, respectively. Bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance limits are uninsured and uncollateralized.

At September 30, 2018, CHA had cash balance in a financial institution that from time to time have exceeded federal depository insurance coverage. The carrying amount and bank balance were \$4,083,000 and \$4,200,000, respectively. Bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance limits are uninsured and uncollateralized.

At September 30, 2018, PMH had cash balances in two financial institutions that from time to time have exceeded federal depository insurance coverage. Uninsured amounts are collateralized under the Pooling Method. The carrying amount and bank balance were \$2,658,000 and \$2,815,000, respectively.

At September 30, 2018, PQP had cash balance in a financial institution that from time to time have exceeded federal depository insurance coverage. The carrying amount and bank balance were \$378,000 and \$378,000, respectively. Bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance limits are uninsured and uncollateralized.

At June 30, 2019, the ABC Board's deposits had a carrying amount of \$5,737,384 and a bank balance of \$5,782,999. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized under the pooling method.

At June 30, 2019, the TDA's deposits had a carrying amount of \$607,227 and a bank balance of \$576,893. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Investments. At June 30, 2019, the County had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Valuation Measurement Method	Fair Value	Less Than 6 Months	6 to 12 Months	More Than 12 Months
US Treasury	Fair Value-Level 1	\$ 22,849,481	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 13,000,000	\$ 7,500,000
US Government Agencies	Fair Value-Level 2	68,610,215	36,000,000	7,195,000	25,500,000
Commercial Paper	Fair Value-Level 2	10,475,277	10,500,000	-	-
NC Capital Management Trust -					
Government portfolio	Amortized Cost	110,584,035	-	-	-
NC Capital Management Trust -					
Term portfolio	Fair Value-Level 1	8,428,494	8,428,494	-	-
Fixed Income Securities -					
Airlie Foundation			-	-	-
Mutual Funds - Airlie Foundation	Fair Value-Level 1	3,584,406	-	-	-
Money Market	Fair Value-Level 1	84,077			
Total		\$ 224,615,985	\$ 57,428,494	\$ 20,195,000	\$ 33,000,000

^{*} As of June 30, 2019, the NCCMT Term Portfolio has a duration of .11 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

All investments are measured using the market approach: Using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value of hierarchy: Level 1 are debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 debt securities valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the County's investment policy limits the County's investment portfolio to maturities of at least 1) 30% maturing within 30 days, 2) 75% maturing within 180 days, and 3) 100% maturing within 3 years. The finance director may, at his/her discretion, allow a variance in the minimum portfolio percentages required to mature within 30 and 180 days if market conditions dictate and adequate cash balances are maintained. The

The Authority's policy is to continuously invest a portion of the portfolio in readily available funds such as a mutual fund or local government investment certified by the Local Government Commission pursuant to G.S. 159-30; currently, The North Carolina Management Capital Management Trust – Government Portfolio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Credit Risk. The County limits investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations ("NRSROs"); however, the County had no formal policy on managing credit risk. As of June 30, 2019, the County's investments in commercial paper were rated A1 by Standard & Poor's and P1 by Moody's Investors Service. The County's investments in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAA by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2019. The County's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio is unrated. The Term Portfolio is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. government and agencies, and in high grade money market instruments as permitted under North Carolina General Statutes 159-30 as amended. The County's investments in U.S. Government Agencies and U.S. Treasuries are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service.

The Authority's policy is to limit investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30, and restrict the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. Currently, the Authority's only investments are in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust – Cash Portfolio and commercial paper, which respectively carried a rating of AAAm and A-1 by Standard and Poor's as of June 30, 2019.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County had no policy on custodial credit risk, but it contracts with the trust department of a financial institution to hold its investments in the County's name.

The Authority's formal policy indicates that the Authority shall utilize a third party custodial agent which shall be a trust department authorized to do trust work in North Carolina who has an account with the Federal Reserve.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The County places a limit of no more than 50% of the investment portfolio may be invested in any one institution. Also, no more than 50% of the investment portfolio may be invested in any one investment vehicle. No investments in the portfolio of the County violate this credit risk concentration. More than 5% of the County's U.S. Government Agencies investments are in Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and the Federal National Management Association. These investments make up 4.38%, 6.79%, 8.98%, and 9.95% of the County's investments excluding investments with NC Capital Management Trust, respectively.

At June 30, 2019, the Authority's securities issued by JP Morgan, Credit Suisse First Boston, and Toyota represent 30%, 20%, and 20% of the Authority's investment portfolio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

At September 30, 2018, the Medical Center's investment balance (including \$30,470,000 from Lower Cape Fear Hospice and \$716,771,000 from the Medical Center) consisted of the following:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year	1 to 5 Years	6 to 10 Years	11 to 20 Years	More Than 20 Years
US Government Treasuries	\$ 30,882,000	\$ -	\$ 26,742,000	\$ -	\$ 4,140,000	\$ -
US Government Agencies	149,869,000	-	17,235,000	753,000	98,661,000	33,220,000
NC Capital Management						
Trust - Cash Portfolio	144,264,000	-	-	-	-	-
Department of State Treasurer -						
Short-Term Investment Fund (STI	111,000	-	-	-	-	-
Department of State Treasurer						
Trust Funds Investment Program	-					
Equity Investment Fund	354,301,000	-	-	-	-	-
Bond Funds	6,263,000	-	-	-	-	-
Mutual Funds	22,146,000	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial Paper	59,818,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Total	\$ 767,654,000	\$ -	\$ 43,977,000	\$ 753,000	\$102,801,000	\$ 33,220,000

Interest Rate Risk. The Medical Center's investment policy mitigates interest rate risk by providing adequate liquidity for short-term cash needs, and by making longer-term investments only with funds that are not needed for current cash flow purposes. The Medical Center also invests in collateralized mortgage obligations and mortgage backed securities. The value of the securities is based on the cash flows from principal and interest payments due on underlying mortgages. When interest rates decline, prepayments by mortgagees may increase. The resultant reduction in expected total cash flows affects the fair value of these securities and makes the fair values of these securities highly sensitive to changes in interest rates.

LCFH's investment policy mitigates interest rate risk by providing adequate liquidity for short-term cash needs by making longer-term investments only with funds that are not needed for current cash flow purposes. The policy does not formally limit maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates.

Credit Risk. N.C. Statutes limit the Medical Center's investments to obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of specific U.S. government agencies; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; investment in a commingled investment pool established and administered by the North Carolina State Treasurer; certain repurchase agreements with respect to direct obligations of the United States or obligations which are guaranteed by the United States as to principal and interest; and the NCCMT. The Medical Center's investments in the NC Capital Management Trust Cash Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of September 30, 2018.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The Medical Center's investment portfolio holds debentures and mortgage backed securities issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp, Vendee Mortgage Trust, and the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp., Vendee Mortgage Trust and the Government National Mortgage Association; debentures issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal Farm Credit Bank; and certain mutual funds. All are rated Aaa by Moody's Investors Service or backed by the full faith of the U.S. Government, which is rated Aaa, as of September 30, 2018.

Custodial Credit Risk. The Medical Center has no formal custodial credit risk policy in addition to the governing of N.C. Statutes.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Medical Center's investment policy requires a balance between short/intermediate fixed income investments, broad duration fixed income securities, and investment in a commingled investment pool established and administered by the North Carolina State Treasurer as allowable under N.C. Statutes; however, it places no limit on the amount the Medical Center may invest in any one issuer. As of September 30, 2018, securities issued/backed by Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, and Ginnie Mae represent 9.6%, 3.4%, and 7.6% of the Medical Center's investment portfolio, respectively.

At June 30, 2019, the TDA had \$4,257,195 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio which carries a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The North Carolina Management Trust's Portfolio is valued using amortized cost, which is NCCMT's share price. The TDA has no policy regarding credit risk.

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments of the County can be summarized as follows as of June 30, 2019:

		Total
Cash on hand and undeposited items	\$	84,424
Deposits		8,758,130
Investments		224,615,985
Total	\$	233,458,539
		_
Primary government, unrestricted	\$	172,174,456
Primary government, restricted		50,606,428
Agency Funds, unrestricted		10,677,655
Total	<u>\$</u>	233,458,539

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments of the Authority can be summarized as follows as of June 30, 2019:

 Total
\$ 1,000
11,806,363
19,073,089
 10,201,471
\$ 41,081,923
\$ 25,830,252
 15,251,671
\$ 41,081,923
\$

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments of the Medical Center can be summarized as follows as of September 30, 2018:

		Total
Cash on hand	\$	32,000
Deposits		58,826,000
Investments		767,654,000
Total	<u>\$</u>	826,512,000
Unrestricted	\$	808,502,000
Restricted	_	18,010,000
Total	<u>\$</u>	826,512,000

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments of the ABC Board can be summarized as follows as of June 30, 2019:

	 Total
Cash on hand	\$ 30,700
Deposits	 5,737,384
Total	\$ 5,768,084

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments of the TDA can be summarized as follows as of June 30, 2019:

	 Total
Deposits	\$ 607,227
Investments	 4,257,195
Total	\$ 4,864,422

Receivables. The County divested its water and sewer assets and operations to Cape Fear Public Utility Authority ("CFPUA") on July 1, 2008. As part of the divestiture, CFPUA assumed all of the County's liabilities including the long-term debt. However, certain term debt issuances of the County were combined between the governmental and business-type activities and, as such, could not be transferred as part of the inter-local agreement. Accordingly, the County is continuing to service the outstanding term debt and has recorded a receivable in its governmental activities in the government-wide statements from CFPUA in the same amount as the outstanding debt issuances which were not legally transferred to CFPUA. These debt balances are now considered governmental activities debt in the government-wide statements. The term and interest rate of the receivable corresponds to the terms and interest rates of the aforementioned debt. The long-term receivable balance from the Authority is \$8,765,000 at June 30, 2019, which is recorded as other long-term receivables of governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position. The related long-term debt balances in the same amount are reported as long-term obligations of governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2019.

In 2006, the County entered into an agreement with the City of Wilmington in which the County would issue bonds to fund certain City of Wilmington park projects and joint projects between the County and the City of Wilmington. Parks & recreation bonds were issued in 2008 and 2010 for these projects. A portion of these bonds were refunded in 2016 as part of the County's General Obligation Refunding Bonds issued in 2016. Accordingly, the County is servicing the outstanding debt for bonds issued in 2008, 2010, and 2016. The County has recorded a receivable in its governmental activities in the government-wide statements from the City of Wilmington in an amount that represents their portion of the outstanding debt issuances. The term and interest rate of the receivable corresponds to the terms and interest rates of the aforementioned debt. The long-term receivable balance from the City of Wilmington is \$8,855,692 at June 30, 2019, which is recorded as other long-term receivables of governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position. The related long-term debt balances of \$18,634,019, which include the County's portion of the joint projects, are reported as long-term obligations of governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

In 2008, the County entered into an agreement with the New Hanover County Airport Authority in which the County would issue bonds to fund certain Airport projects. These bonds were refunded in 2010 as part of the County's Limited obligation bonds issued in 2010. The County also issued Limited Obligation Bonds in 2014 which included amounts to finance a new consolidated car rental facility construction project. Accordingly, the County is servicing the outstanding debt for these bonds. The County has recorded a receivable in its governmental activities in the government-wide statements from the Authority in an amount that represents their portion of the outstanding debt issuances. The term and interest rate of the receivable corresponds to the terms and interest rates of the aforementioned debt. The long-term receivable balance from the Authority is \$3,452,501 at June 30, 2019, which is recorded as other long-term receivables of governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position. The related long-term debt balances, are reported as long-term obligations of governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2019.

Receivables at the government-wide level of the County are recorded net of allowances for doubtful accounts and are composed of the following major categories at June 30, 2019:

	Property Taxes	Other Governmental	Other	
	(Other Sources)	Units	Sources	Total
Governmental Activities:				
General:				
Local sales tax	\$ -	\$ 17,287,002	\$ -	\$ 17,287,002
Grants	-	5,544,301	-	5,544,301
Other	2,892,977	1,881,835	1,306,962	6,081,774
Subtotal	2,892,977	24,713,138	1,306,962	28,913,077
Debt Service	-	4,154,711	-	4,154,711
Special Revenue	214,967	923,970	1,384,186	2,523,123
Capital Projects		1,295,771		1,295,771
Total governmental activities	3,107,944	31,087,590	2,691,148	36,886,682
Business-Type Activities:				
Enterprise	-	34,050	1,678,422	1,712,472
Fiduciary Activities:				
Agency Fund	3,325,423		1,079,977	4,405,400
Total	\$ 6,433,367	\$ 31,121,640	\$ 5,449,547	\$ 43,004,554
Primary Government, unrestric	ted			\$ 38,599,154
Agency Funds, unrestricted				4,106,211
Total				\$ 42,705,365

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Allowances for Doubtful and Uncollectible Accounts. The amounts shown in Exhibit A for receivables of the County are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

Governmental Activities:

Allowance for uncollectible property taxes	\$ 4,771,970
Allowance for other uncollectible receivables	 5,608,135
Total governmental activities	\$ 10,380,105

The amount shown in Exhibit A for receivables of the Authority are net of an allowance in the amount of \$50,000 for possible uncollectible accounts.

The amount shown in Exhibit A for receivables of the Medical Center are net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$101,492,000.

Ad Valorem Taxes. The County collects taxes for the four municipalities located within New Hanover County and accounts for these taxes, as a fiduciary responsibility, in the Tax Clearing Agency Fund.

Analysis of Current Tax Levy (for General Fund only):

	Total		
	Property	Rate per	
	Valuation	 \$100	Levy
2018 Levy - County-wide (1)		\$ 0.5550	\$ 192,376,006
Add: Discoveries and fees			180,627
Subtotal			192,556,633
Less: Abatements and adjustments			302,547
Total adjusted levy	\$ 34,555,093,669		\$ 192,254,086
Collections			\$ 191,022,582

(1) Penalties assessed become a part of the tax levy but have no effect on the property valuation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Analysis of General Fund property taxes receivable by year:

Tax	R	Taxes eceivable		8 Levy overies			Al	oatements and	R	Taxes eceivable
Year	Jui	ne 30, 2018	and	l Fees	C	ollections	Ad	<u>ljustments</u>	Jui	ne 30, 2019
Prior	\$	8,087,992	\$	1,837	\$	1,122,613	\$	734,742	\$	6,232,474
2018		_	192,	556,633	_1	91,022,582		302,547		1,231,504
Total	\$	8,087,992	\$ 192,	558,470	\$ 1	92,145,195	\$	1,037,289		7,463,978
Less: Allowance for uncollectible property taxes							4,571,001			
Net property	taxe	s receivable							\$	2,892,977

Analysis of Current Tax Levy (for Special Fire District only):

	Total			
	Property	Rate per		
	Valuation	 \$100		Levy
2018 Levy - County-wide (1)		\$ 0.0775	\$	10,384,154
Add: Discoveries and fees			_	30,600
Subtotal				10,414,754
Less: Abatements and adjustments			_	511
Total adjusted levy	\$ 13,405,932,562		\$	10,414,243
Collections			\$	10,346,306

⁽¹⁾ Penalties assessed become a part of the tax levy but have no effect on the assessed valuation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Analysis of Special Fire District property taxes receivable by year:

		Taxes	2018 L	•			Aba	tements		Taxes
Tax	Re	ceivable	Discov	eries				and	Re	ceivable
Year	Jun	e 30, 2018	and F	ees	Co	llections	Αdjι	ustments	Jun	e 30, 2019
Prior	\$	412,803	\$	-	\$	64,246	\$	558	\$	347,999
2018			10,41	4,754		10,346,306		511		67,937
Total	\$	412,803	\$ 10,41	4,754	\$ 1	10,410,552	\$	1,069		415,936
Less: Allowance for uncollectible property taxes							200,969			
Net property	taxes	receivable							\$	214,967

Use-Value Assessment on Certain Lands:

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forest land may be taxed at present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years along with accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that would become due if present use-value eligibility is lost on June 30, 2019. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements, since they are not available under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Year	Contingent - Gain				
Levied	Tax Capture				
2015	\$	796,536			
2016		867,603			
2017		922,315			
2018		865,658			
Total	\$	3,452,112			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Capital Assets. Capital assets activity of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance		
	July 1, 2018	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2019		
Governmental Activities:						
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Land	\$ 45,063,171	\$ 860,887	\$ -	\$ 45,924,058		
Construction in progress	8,109,056	25,703,453	14,174,647	19,637,862		
Total non-depreciable capital assets	53,172,227	26,564,340	14,174,647	65,561,920		
Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Buildings	148,205,420	11,273,424	-	159,478,844		
Other improvements	34,094,328	218,031	-	34,312,359		
Equipment and vehicles	65,917,354	5,339,584	1,152,012	70,104,926		
Total depreciable capital assets	248,217,102	16,831,039	1,152,012	263,896,129		
Less Accumulated Depreciation:						
Buildings	60,612,478	3,366,292	-	63,978,770		
Other improvements	23,996,382	1,417,265	-	25,413,647		
Equipment and vehicles	53,371,968	4,155,712	1,056,080	56,471,600		
Total accumulated depreciation	137,980,828	\$ 8,939,269	\$ 1,056,080	145,864,017		
Total depreciable capital assets, net	110,236,274			118,032,112		
Governmental activities						
capital assets, net	\$ 163,408,501			\$ 183,594,032		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Balance				Balance
	J	uly 1, 2018	Increases	Decreases	Ju	ne 30, 2019
Business Type Activities:						
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Land	\$	2,459,201	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,459,201
Construction in progress		6,919,386	5,558,116	9,701,693		2,775,809
Total non-depreciable capital assets		9,378,587	5,558,116	9,701,693		5,235,010
Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Buildings		21,178,626	-	-		21,178,626
Other improvements		19,332,408	9,388,433	-		28,720,841
Equipment and vehicles		16,115,149	1,825,163	983,814		16,956,498
Total depreciable capital assets		56,626,183	11,213,596	983,814		66,855,965
Less Accumulated Depreciation:						
Buildings		15,313,640	452,161	-		15,765,801
Other improvements		18,755,136	1,358,815	-		20,113,951
Equipment and vehicles		6,689,346	1,430,303	743,976		7,375,673
Total accumulated depreciation		40,758,122	\$ 3,241,279	\$ 743,976		43,255,425
Total depreciable capital assets, net		15,868,061				23,600,540
Business-type activities						
capital assets, net	\$	25,246,648			\$	28,835,550

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government \$ 1,615,614 Human services 791,846 Public safety 4,830,458 Culture and recreation 1,701,351 Total depreciation, governmental activities \$ 8,939,269 Business-Type Activities: Environmental management \$ 3,241,279

3,241,279

Total depreciation, business-type activities

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Capital assets activity for the Authority for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2018	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2019
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$ 15,386,425	\$ 40,700	\$ -	\$ 15,427,125
Easements	888,167	-	-	888,167
Construction in progress	14,628,533	10,928,301	10,977,952	14,578,882
Total non-depreciable capital assets	30,903,125	10,969,001	10,977,952	30,894,174
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land improvements	1,808,135	-	-	1,808,135
Building and improvements -				
(Airfield and building)	142,330,555	10,721,682	706,326	152,345,911
Vehicles	1,652,230	111,367	53,679	1,709,918
Machinery and equipment	4,419,308	388,763	216,748	4,591,323
Total depreciable capital assets	150,210,228	11,221,812	976,753	160,455,287
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land improvements	412,119	90,338	-	502,457
Building and improvements -				
(Airfield and building)	104,672,343	7,316,098	698,314	111,290,127
Vehicles	1,068,709	75,172	53,679	1,090,202
Machinery and equipment	2,815,469	253,465	216,748	2,852,186
Total accumulated depreciation	108,968,640	7,735,073	968,741	115,734,972
Total depreciable capital assets, net	41,241,588			44,720,315
Business-type activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 72,144,713			\$ 75,614,489

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Capital assets activity for the Medical Center for the year ended September 30, 2018 is as follows:

		Balance						Balance
	Oct	ober 1, 2017	Inc	Increases		Decreases		ember 30, 2018
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:								
Land	\$	22,620,000	\$	486,000	\$	49,000	\$	23,057,000
Construction in progress		45,645,000	101	,694,000	57,	776,000		89,563,000
Total non-depreciable capital assets		68,265,000	102	2,180,000	57,	825,000		112,620,000
Depreciable Capital Assets:								
Intangible assets		1,000,000		-	1,	000,000		-
Buildings and leasehold								
improvements		620,909,000	33	,863,000	25,	972,000		628,800,000
Equipment		407,600,000		,490,000	24,812,000			407,278,000
Total depreciable capital assets	1,	,029,509,000	_58	3,353,000	51,784,000			1,036,078,000
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Intangible assets		917,000		83,000	1,	000,000		-
Buildings and leasehold								
improvements and equipment		561,050,000	55	,659,000	46,	674,000		570,035,000
Total accumulated depreciation		561,967,000	\$55	,742,000	\$47,674,000			570,035,000
Total depreciable capital assets, net		467,542,000						466,043,000
Capital assets, net	\$	535,807,000					\$	578,663,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Capital assets activity for the ABC Board at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

		Balance						Balance
	Ju	uly 1, 2018	Increases		Decreases		Ju	ne 30, 2019
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:								
Land	\$	6,230,430	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,230,430
Construction in progress		712,017		556,650				1,268,667
Total non-depreciable capital assets		6,942,447		556,650				7,499,097
Depreciable Capital Assets:								
Buildings and improvements		15,175,844		-		-		15,175,844
Fixtures and equipment		1,157,859		548,386		174,129		1,532,116
Vehicles		261,050		_				261,050
Total depreciable capital assets		16,594,753		548,386		174,129		16,969,010
Less: Accumulated depreciation		5,375,540		625,897		134,239		5,867,198
Total depreciable capital assets, net		11,219,213	\$	(77,511)	\$	39,890		11,101,812
Capital assets, net	\$	18,161,660					\$	18,600,909

Capital assets activity for the TDA for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2018		Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2019	
Depreciable Capital Assets:								
Equipment	\$	187,529	\$	8,078	\$	10,085	\$	185,522
Total depreciable capital assets		187,529		8,078		10,085		185,522
Less: Accumulated depreciation		145,481		19,249		10,085		154,645
Total depreciable capital assets, net		42,048		(11,171)				30,877
Capital assets, net	\$	42,048	\$	(11,171)	\$		\$	30,877

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

B. Payables

Accounts payable and accrued expenses at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Vendors	Salaries and Benefits	Total
Governmental Activities:			
General	\$ 10,789,183	\$ 1,875,838	\$ 12,665,021
Special revenue	253,448	314,952	568,400
Capital projects	5,501,122		11,673,773
Total governmental activities	\$ 16,543,753	\$ 2,190,790	\$ 24,907,194
Business-Type Activities:			
Environmental management	\$ 1,588,305	\$ 91,219	\$ 1,679,524
Total business-type activities	\$ 1,588,305	\$ 91,219	\$ 1,679,524

3. Pension Plan Obligations

The County and its component units participate in the following retirement systems:

A. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System of North Carolina

Plan Description. The County, Authority and the ABC Board are participating employers in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System ("LGERS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members — nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454 or at www.osc.nc.gov.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County, Authority and ABC Board's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 8.50% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.81%, 7.80%, and 8.05%, respectively, for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount, that when combined with employee contributions, are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County, Authority, and ABC Board were \$7,849,186, \$232,564 and \$236,046, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Refunds of Contributions. County, Authority, and ABC Board employees who have terminated service as a contribution member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By State law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2019, the County, Authority, and ABC Board reported liabilities of \$34,470,129, \$962,934, and \$970,288, respectively, for their proportionate share of the net pension liabilities. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County, Authority, and ABC Board's proportion of the net pension liabilities were based on a projection of the County, Authority, and ABC Board's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the County, Authority, and ABC Board's proportions were 1.453%, 0.041% and 0.0409%, respectively, which were increase/(decreases) of 0.00561%, 0.00105% and 0.0086%, respectively, from their proportions measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County, Authority, and ABC Board's recognized pension expense of \$9,847,249, \$292,548, and \$53,387, respectively.

At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 5,317,922	\$ 178,443
Changes in assumptions	9,147,042	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	4,731,723	-
Changes in proportion and differences between		
County contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	113,402	280,861
County contributions subsequent to the measurement		
date	7,849,186	
Total	\$ 27,159,275	\$ 459,304

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

At June 30, 2019, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of		ferred lows of	
	Resources		Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	148,558	\$	4,985	
Changes in assumptions		255,525		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments		132,183		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between					
Authority contributions and proportionate share of					
contributions		16,491		-	
Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement					
date		232,564			
Total	\$	785,321	\$	4,985	

At June 30, 2019, the ABC Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of			ferred lows of
	Re	esources	Res	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	149,692	\$	5,023
Changes in assumptions		257,477		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		133,192		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
Board contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions		30,948		3,438
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date		236,046		-
Total	\$	807,355	\$	8,461

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

\$7,849,186, \$232,564 and \$236,046 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County, Authority, and ABC Board contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

County:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 9,166,889
2021	5,884,741
2022	1,074,483
2023	 2,724,672
	\$ 18,850,785
Authority:	
Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 266,753
2021	172,749
2022	31,463
2023	 76,807
	\$ 547,772
ABC Board	
Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 269,446
2021	176,431
2022	39,814
2023	 77,157
	\$ 562,848

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 3.50% to 8.10%, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of pension plan investment expenses,

including inflation

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields projected across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.00%	1.40%
Global Equity	42.00%	5.30%
Real Estate	8.00%	4.30%
Alternatives	8.00%	8.90%
Credit	7.00%	6.00%
Inflation Protection	6.00%	4.00%
Total	100.00%	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contribution from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

County:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)		ease Rate		Decrease Rate		Rate		1% Increase (8.00%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	82,800,237	\$ 3	34,470,129	\$ (5,915,265)				
Authority:									
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1% Decrease (6.00%) 2,313,050	\$	Piscount Rate (7.00%)	\$ 1% Increase (8.00%) (165,245)				
ABC Board:									
ABC Board's proportionate share	1% Decrease (6.00%)		Decrease		Decrease		(iscount Rate 7.00%)	1% ncrease (8.00%)
of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	2,330,716	\$	970,288	\$ (166,507)				

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the State of North Carolina.

B. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. The County administers a public employee retirement system ("Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85% of the annual equivalent to the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

The Authority administers a public employee retirement system ("The Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Authority's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85% of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly, Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time County and Authority law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2018, the LEO System's membership consisted of:

	County	Airport
Retirees receivng benefits	22	-
Active plan members	360	9
Total	382	9

A separate report was not issued for either the County or Authority plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. *Basis of Accounting.* The County and Authority have chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go-basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions. The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.50% to 7.35%, including inflation and productivity factor

Discount rate 3.64%

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the MP-2015.

Contributions. The County is required by Article 12D of the G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The County's obligations to contribute to the plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The County paid \$354,684 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

The Authority is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Authority paid no benefits for the year ended June 30, 2019, as there were no eligible retirees. The Authority's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. There were no contributions made by employees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2019, the County and Authority reported a total pension liability of \$11,009,837 and \$147,030, respectively. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to December 31, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumption. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County and Authority recognized pension expense of \$1,058,200 and \$13,733, respectively.

At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	562,443	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		477,790		510,758
County benefit payments and plan administrative				
expenditures paid subsequent to the measurement date		237,322		
Total	\$	1,277,555	\$	510,758

At June 30, 2019, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources

	Out	eferred flows of sources	Inf	eferred lows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,945	\$	8,718
Changes of assumptions		6,719		5,304
Authority benefit payments and plan administrative				
expense made subsequent to the measurement date				
Total	\$	8,664	\$	14,022

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The County paid \$237,322 in benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions which will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. There were no amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from benefit payments and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date for the Authority. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pensions expense as follows:

County:

	Year ended June 30:	
	2020	\$ 119,475
	2021	119,475
	2022	119,475
	2023	138,426
	2024	31,820
	Thereafter	804
		\$ 529,475
Authority:		
	Year ended June 30:	
	2020	\$ (1,269)
	2021	(1,269)
	2022	(1,269)
	2023	(1,043)
	2024	(441)
	Thereafter	(67)
		\$ (5,358)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's and Authority's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.64 percent, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.64 percent) or 1-percent point higher (4.64 percent) than the current rate:

County:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(2.64%)	(3.64%)	(4.64%)
Total pension liability	\$ 11,998,097	\$ 11,009,837	\$ 10,109,317

Authority:

		1%		Discount		1%	
	D	ecrease		Rate	Increase		
		(2.64%)		(3.64%)		(4.64%)	
Total pension liability	\$	157,124	\$	147,030	\$	137,458	

Schedule of changes in total pension liability and law enforcement officers' special separation allowance for the County:

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Beginning balance of the pension liability as of December 31, 2017	\$ 10,390,651
Service cost	614,883
Interest on the total pension liability	322,043
Difference between expected and actual experience in	
the measurement of the total pension liability	544,177
Changes of assumptions and other inquiries	(463,105)
Benefit payments	(398,812)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 11,009,837

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Schedule of changes in total pension liability and law enforcement officers' special separation allowance for the Authority:

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Beginning balance of the pension liability as of December 31, 2017	\$ 135,022
Service cost	10,200
Interest on the total pension liability	4,267
Differences between expected and actual experience in	
the measurement of total pension liability	2,322
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	 (4,781)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 147,030

The plan for the County and Authority currently use mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience as of December 31, 2014.

C. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan of North Carolina

Plan Description. The County and the Authority each contribute to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan of North Carolina, a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement employees and general employees employed by the County and the Authority. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County and the Authority to contribute an amount equal to 5% of each law enforcement employee's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement employees and general employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan.

Contributions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$3,502,613, which consisted of \$2,053,256 from the County and \$1,449,357 from the law enforcement employees and general employees. Contributions of the Authority for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$49,276, which consisted of \$25,951 from the Authority and \$23,325 from the law enforcement employees.

The Authority is only required to make contributions of behalf of the law enforcement employees. The Authority has elected to contribute on behalf of employees not engaged in law enforcement at the same rate as for law enforcement employees. Authority contributions on behalf of employees not engaged in law enforcement were \$120,801 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The plan provides for voluntary contributions on the part of all employees. Voluntary contributions by employees not engaged in law enforcement were \$80,194 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

D. Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description. The County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund ("RODSPF"), a noncontributory cost-sharing multiple-employer, defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System ("LGERS") or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454 or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a Register of Deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Contributions. Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$21,861 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2019, the County reported an asset of \$435,537 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2018, the County's proportion was 2.6296% a decrease of 0.1162% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$78,604. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		De	eferred
	Outflows of		Inf	flows of
	Re	esources	Re	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,839	\$	19,880
Changes of assumptions		20,484		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		69,421		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
County contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions		16,882		3,897
County contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date	-	21,861	·	
Total	\$	132,487	\$	23,777

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

\$21,861 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 42,000
2021	13,610
2022	20,458
2023	 10,781
	\$ 86,849

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 3.50% to 7.75%, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 3.75%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are, therefore, not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2019 is 1.4%.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contribution from employers will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.75%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Discount				1%
	ecrease (2.75%)	Rate (3.75%)			ncrease (4.75%)
County's proportionate share of					
the net pension liability (asset) \$	(343,397)	\$	(435,537)	\$	513,241

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the State of North Carolina.

E. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for LGERS and RODSPF was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The total pension liability for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance ("LEOSSA") was measured as of December 31, 2018, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2017.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for the County:

		LGERS		ROD		LEOSSA		Total
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 3	34,470,129	\$	(435,537)	\$	-	\$	34,034,592
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		1.4530%		-2.6295%		n/a		n/a
Total Pension Liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,009,837	\$	11,009,837
Pension Expense	\$	9,847,249	\$	78,604	\$	1,058,200	\$	10,984,053
		LOSDO				150004		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	LGERS	_	ROD	_	LEOSSA	_	Total
		ć F 247 022	4	2 020	۲.	FC2 442	۲.	E 004 204
Differences between expected and actual experience		\$ 5,317,922	\$	-,	\$, -	\$	5,884,204
Changes of assumptions		9,147,042		20,484		477,790		9,645,316
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		4 724 722		60.424				4 004 4 4 4
on plan investments		4,731,723		69,421		-		4,801,144
Changes in proportion and differences between								
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	6	113,402		16,882		-		130,284
County contributions (LGERS,ROD)/benefit payments								
and administrative costs paid subsequent to the								
measurement date		7,849,186		21,861		237,322		8,108,369
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Differences between expected and actual experience		\$ 178,443	\$	19,880	\$	-	\$	198,323
Changes of assumptions		-		-		510,758		510,758
Changes in proportion and differences between						•		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	6	280,861		3,897		-		284,758

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for the Authority:

	LGERS	LI	EOSSA	 Total
Pension expense	\$ 292,548	\$	13,733	\$ 306,281
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.0406%		n/a	n/a
Total Pension Liability	\$ 962,934	\$1	147,030	\$ 1,109,964
	LGERS	LI	EOSSA	 Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources	 			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 148,558	\$	1,945	\$ 150,503
Changes of assumptions	255,525		6,719	262,244
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on plan investments	132,183		-	132,183
Changes in proportion and differences between				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	16,491		-	16,491
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid				
subsequent to the measurement date	232,564		-	232,564
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience	4,985		8,718	13,703
Changes of assumptions	-		5,304	5,304

F. New Hanover Regional Medical Center (NHRMC) Pension Plan

The Medical Center Plan Description. The Medical Center sponsors and has fiduciary responsibility for The Pension Plan of New Hanover Regional Medical Center (the "Medical Center Plan"). The Plan was originally effective June 14, 1967, and was most recently amended in December 2012 to comply with the Heroes Earnings Assistance and Relief Tax Act of 2008. The Plan is a single employer plan, covering all employees of the Medical Center (including Foundation) and certain employees of CHA who meet eligibility requirements. The plan was created by act of the Trustees of the Medical Center, who have the authority to amend or terminate the Plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Medical Center Benefits Paid: An employee is eligible to participate in the plan upon completion of 1,000 hours of service in a plan year. Employees may retire with unreduced retirement benefits upon attainment of the age of 65 (if participation in the plan was prior to January 1, 1988) or the later of age 65 or completion of five years of participation (if participation in the plan was on or after January 1, 1988). Employees hired prior to January 1, 2001 who retire under the above conditions are entitled to annual retirement benefits equal to 1.25% of their average compensation times the years of service up to 30 years and .65% of the excess, if any, of the average compensation over Social Security covered compensation, times the years of service up to 30 years. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2001, who retire under the above conditions are entitled to annual retirement benefits equal to .75% of their average compensation times the years of service up to 30 years and .65% of the excess, if any, of the average compensation over Social Security covered compensations, times the years of service up to 30 years. The average compensation is the average salary of the employee during the five highest paid consecutive calendar years of creditable service during the ten calendar years preceding the employee's retirement date.

Employees may retire with reduced retirement benefits after reaching age 55 and completing five years of creditable service. Plan provisions also include death and disability retirement benefits, whereby the disabled employee is entitled to receive their normal retirement benefit accrued up to the date of disability retirement. Upon death of an employee before retirement, benefit payments will be paid to the surviving spouse, if any. If there is no surviving spouse, the death benefit will be split among surviving children or paid to a designated beneficiary. Upon the death of an employee after retirement, benefit payments will be distributed in accordance with the method elected by the employee.

The Plan issues a separate, stand-alone financial report that can be obtained by contacting the office of the Executive Vice President/CFO, P.O. Box 9000, Wilmington, North Carolina 28402.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of the contributing employers to the Medical Center plan are established by the Plan Document and determined annually by the Medical Center based on actuarial recommendations. Contributions to the pension plan from the Medical Center were \$15,551,000 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Pension, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At September 30, 2018, the Medical Center reported a net pension obligation of \$50,113,000. The net pension obligation was measured as of September 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension obligation was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of September 30, 2017 utilizing updated procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the Medical Center recognized pension expense of \$15,823,000. At September 30, 2018, the Medical Center reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources	I	Deferred nflows of desources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	8,728,000	\$	764,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		5,646,000
Assumption changes		-		4,796,000
Contributions made in fiscal year ended September 30, 2016		15,551,000		-
Total	\$	24,279,000	\$ 1	11,206,000

\$15,551,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Medical Center's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension obligation in the year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:	
2019	\$ 656,000
2020	1,777,000
2021	(3,137,000)
2022	 (1,774,000)
	\$ (2,478,000)

Medical Center Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases	3.00%
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of pension p

7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 with generational MP-2015 projection.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields projected across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of September 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	40.00%	4.50%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	5.00%	4.99%
International Equity	2.50%	4.99%
Emerging Markets Equity	7.50%	6.35%
Core U.S. Fixed Income	17.50%	1.96%
High Yield Bonds	7.50%	2.25%
Emerging Market Bonds (Corporate USD)	2.50%	3.52%
Emerging Market Bonds (Sov. Local)	5.00%	4.30%
Hedge Fund-of-Funds Universe	5.00%	3.32%
Commodities	7.50%	3.62%
Total	100.00%	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Medical Center Discount Rate. The discount used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on the assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the pension liability.

	N	et Pension
		Liability
Balance at September 30, 2017	\$	58,927,000
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		9,818,000
Interest		18,848,000
Difference between expected and actual experience		8,756,000
Assumption changes		(4,858,000)
Contributions - employers		(14,506,000)
Net investment income		(27,112,000)
Administrative expenses		240,000
Other changes		-
Net changes		(8,814,000)
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$	50,113,000

Sensitivity of the Medical Center's Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Medical Center's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Medical Center's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that was 1-percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00%) that the current rate:

	1%	Rate	
	Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Net pension liability	\$ 80,452,000	\$ 50,113,000	\$ 30,373,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

G. Pender Memorial Hospital (PMH) Pension Plan

PMH Plan Description. PMH sponsors a single-employer, non-contributory defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all employees. The Plan was originally effective January 1, 1970, and was most recently amended and restated effective January 1, 2009. All employees having completed two years of services who are at least 21 years old and work a minimum of 1,000 hours annually are eligible to participate in the Plan. Retirement benefits under the Plan are based upon earnings and number of years of service of Plan participants. Employer benefits vest to 100% after five years of service. Employees hired prior to January 1, 1992 who retire under the above conditions are entitled to annual retirement benefits equal to 1% of their 1991 annual benefit compensation as defined by the Plan times the years of service prior to January 1, 1992 and .5% of their 1991 annual benefit compensation in excess of \$9,000 times the years of service after January 1, 1992. Personnel employed on or after January 1, 1992, who retire at or after age 65 with five years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for a maximum of 35 years based on service to normal retirement date, in an amount equal to .75% of their average compensation as defined by the Plan and .65% of average salary in excess of the applicable covered compensation for Social Security purposes for each year of credited service after December 31, 1991. Credited service for the .5% and .65% portions is limited to a maximum of 35 years. Employees may retire with reduced retirement benefits after reaching age 60 and completing ten years of creditable service. The Plan also provides a death benefit for surviving spouses of vested employees.

The Plan issues a separate, stand-alone financial report that can be obtained by contacting the office of the Executive Vice President/CFO, P.O. Box 9000, Wilmington, North Carolina 28402.

Medical Center Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of the contributing employer to the Plan are established by the Plan document and determined annually by PMH based on actuarial recommendations. Employee contributions were required prior to January 1, 1992, based on 3% of their annual salary up to \$9,000 and 4.5% of annual salary over \$9,000. No employee contributions are required or permitted after 1991. Contributions to the pension plan from PMH were \$567,000 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Pension, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At September 30, 2018, PMH reported a net pension obligation of \$3,179,000. The net pension obligation was measured as of September 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension obligation was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of September 30, 2017 utilizing updated procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

For the year ended September 30, 2018, PMH recognized pension expense of \$532,000. At September 30, 2018, the PMH reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred	Ir	Deferred Inflows of
	K	esources		esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	136,000	\$	9,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		44,000
Assumption changes		-		103,000
Contributions made in fiscal year ending September 30, 2018		567,000		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	703,000	\$	156,000

\$567,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from PMH's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension obligation in the year ended September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:	
2019	\$ (1,000)
2020	45,000
2021	(36,000)
2022	 (28,000)
	\$ (20,000)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

PMH Discount Rate. The discount used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the pension liability.

	 et Pension Liability
Balance at September 30, 2017	\$ 3,300,000
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	243,000
Interest	597,000
Difference between expected and actual experience	107,000
Assumption changes	(111,000)
Contributions - employers	(535,000)
Net investment income	(517,000)
Administrative expenses	 95,000
Other changes	 -
Net changes	 (121,000)
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 3,179,000

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the January 1, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.10% Salary increases 3.00%

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 with generational MP-2015 projection.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields projected across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of September 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity (Large Cap)	40.00%	4.50%
Domestic Equity (Small Cap)	5.00%	5.00%
International Equity	10.00%	5.00%
Core U.S. Fixed Income	44.00%	2.00%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%
Total	100.00%	

Sensitivity of the PMH's Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents PMH's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the PMH's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that was 1-percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00%) that the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Net pension liability	\$ 4,714,000	\$ 3,179,000	\$ 2,106,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

H. New Hanover Regional Medical Center (NHRMC) Defined Contribution Retirement Plans

Plan Description. The Medical Center offers a defined contribution plan under IRS code section 403(b) which is available to all employees and administered by AIGValic. Under provisions of the Plan document, the Medical Center matches employee contributions according to a Plan formula, which is weighted for years of service. This match was suspended in January 2010. Employee contributions vest when made, employer contributions vest after three calendar years of service with 1,000 hours worked in each year.

Employee optional contributions totaled approximately \$12,840,000 and \$11,515,000 for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Employee contribution percentages were 3.7% and 3.6% of total payroll for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. There were no employer matching contributions by the Medical Center for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

The Medical Center also offers all employees a retirement plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code, Section 457(b). The Medical Center is not required to match employee contributions or make employer contributions to the plan. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement 32, plan balances and activities are not reflected in the Medical Center's financial statements.

CHA offers a defined contribution plan under IRS code section 403(b) which is available to all employees and administered by AIGValic. Under provisions of the Plan document, CHA matches employee contributions according to a Plan formula, which is weighted for years of service. Employee contributions vest when made, employer contributions vest after three calendar years of service with 1,000 hours worked in each year.

CHA employer required and actual matching contributions totaled approximately \$911,000 and \$909,000, and employee optional contributions totaled approximately \$1,783,000 and \$1,697,000, for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Employee contribution percentages were 2.26% and 2.27%, and employee contribution percentages were 4.42% and 4.24% of total payroll for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

As of January 1, 2009, LCFH adopted a defined contribution plan under IRS code section 403(b) and an elective deferral plan. The plans cover qualified employees of LCFH, which is generally all employees. LCFH can match contributions to the 403(b) plan, but is not required to do so. Employer contributions vest after three complete years of service. During the year ending September 30, 2015, management elected to discontinue the employer retirement contribution.

PMH offers a defined contribution plan under IRS code section 403(b), which is available to all employees and is administered by AIGValic. There is no match made by PMH; all contributions are made by employees only. Employee contributions vest when made.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

I. New Hanover County ABC Board Supplemental Retirement Plan

Plan Description. The ABC Board contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan, a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of the State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

The plan covers all employees who are also eligible to participate in the Local Government Employee's Retirement System. The Board's contribution is based on matching 100% of employee's contributions ranging from 1% to 5% of salary deferral elected by each eligible employee. The Board's contribution for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$66,124 and \$64,519, respectively.

J. New Hanover County Tourism Development Authority Employee Pension Plan

The TDA maintains a simplified employee pension plan, a non-contributory defined contribution plan. An employee must have been employed by the TDA for at least three of the last five years to qualify for the plan and be at least 21 years of age.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the TDA's contributions to the plan totaled \$50,840, representing 10.0%, of eligible employees' salaries.

K. Deferred Compensation Plan

The County and the Authority offers its employees deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plans, available to employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All assets of the plans are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

The Medical Center offers all employees a retirement plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457(b). The Medical Center is not required to match employee contributions or make employer contributions to the plan. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement 32, plan balances and activities are not reflected in the Medical Center's financial statements. In addition, the Medical Center offers two supplemental retirement plans under IRC Section 457(f) to certain eligible employees. The Medical Center has recorded a liability of approximately \$1,501,000 and \$2,067,000 as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, in accordance with the provisions of these plans.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The Medical Center has assumed assets and liabilities of the former Cape Fear Memorial Hospital, Inc. deferred compensation plan. The assets are valued at fair value as of the Statement of Net Position date. There are no additional deferrals being made to the plan and no active employees participating. The Medical Center has recorded a liability of approximately \$235,000 as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, in accordance with the provisions of this plan.

L. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description.

County: Under the terms of a County resolution, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The Authority may amend the benefits provisions. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Authority: Under the terms of an Authority resolution, the Authority administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The Authority may amend the benefits provisions. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

ABC Board: The ABC Board has adopted, by resolution, a single employer, defined benefit health insurance plan.

Benefits Provided.

County: The County provides post-employment healthcare benefits to retirees of the County, provided they have at least five consecutive years of service with the County immediately prior to retirement. Employees may maintain the type of coverage in effect at the time of retirement; however, the retiring employee must make an election to continue or terminate coverage at the time of retirement and may not elect coverage at a future date. Retirees at the age of 65 must obtain primary coverage through the Federal Medicare Plan (Part A & B), which will become primary, and the County's Medical Insurance Plan will assume secondary responsibility for covered medical services.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The County pays a portion of the cost of coverage based on the following scale:

Years of Service in Retirement System	Contribution
At least 5 but less than 15	0.00%
At least 15 but less than 20	25.00%
At least 20 but less than 25	50.00%
At least 25 but less than 30	75.00%
30 or more	Prevailing payroll rate for
	individual coverage

Membership of the healthcare benefits for the County's plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	429
Active plan members	1,687
	2,116

Authority: The plan provides healthcare benefits to retirees of the Authority who have not yet reached their 65th birthday and who participate in the North Carolina Local Government Employee's Retirement System (System). If the retiree's age and service equal 70 years with 10 years of creditable service, the Authority will pay 100% of the premium not to exceed \$300 per month, and with five years of creditable service, the Authority pays 50% of the premium not to exceed \$150 per month.

Membership of the healthcare benefits for the Authority's plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2017, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	5
Active plan members	44
	49

ABC Board: Upon retirement of each employee who has been continuously employed by the ABC Board for thirty years or service or continuously employed by the ABC Board for twenty-five years of service and reached age sixty, the Board shall pay and provide medical insurance coverage at no costs to said employee unit such time as said employee is eligible for Medicare Benefits. Thereafter, the Board shall pay and provide to each qualifying employee, supplemental insurance to Medicare Benefits they are eligible to receive.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Membership of the healthcare benefits plan for the ABC Board consisted of the following at June 30, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	8
Active plan members	46
	54

Total OPEB Liability.

The County's total OPEB liability of \$348,000,326 was measured as of June 30, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless other specified:

Inflation		2.50%
Real wage growth		1.00%
Wage inflation		3.50%
Salary increases, includin	g wage inflation	
General Employees		3.50% - 7.75%
Firefighters		3.50% - 7.75%
Law Enforcement Offic	cers	3.50% - 7.35%
Municipal Bond Index Rat	te	
Prior measurement da	te	3.56%
Measurement date		3.89%
Health care cost trend ra	tes	
Pre-Medicare	7.25% for 2018 decreasing to an ultim	ate rate of 4.75% by 2028
Medicare	5.38% for 2018 decreasing to an ultim	ate rate of 4.75% by 2022
Dental		4.00%

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Bond Buyer.

The Authority's total OPEB liability of \$307,921 was measured as of June 30, 2018, and was based on a June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total OPEB liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless other specified:

Inflation 2.50%
Salary increases 3.50% - 7.75%, including inflation
Discount rate 3.89%
Healthcare cost trend rates 7.50%

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Bond Buyer.

The ABC Board's total OPEB liability of \$1,083,961 was measured as of June 30, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless other specified:

Inflation2.50%Salary increases3.50% - 7.75%, including inflationDiscount rate3.89%

Healthcare cost trend rates

Pre-Medicare 7.50% for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2023 Total OPEB liability

Medicare 5.50% for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2020

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index as of the measurement date.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability.

County:

Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 321,435,633
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	16,612,112
Interest	11,388,098
Differences between expected and actual experience	32,549,043
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(30,866,839)
Benefit payments	(3,117,721)
Net changes	\$ 26,564,693
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 348,000,326

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.56% to 3.89%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational morality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidences, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 – December 31, 2014, adopted by the LGERS Board. The remaining actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.89%) or 1-percentage point higher (4.89%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(2.89%)	(3.89%)	(4.89%)
Total OPEB liability	\$432,961,354	\$348,000,326	\$283,825,788

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1%	Discount	1%		
	Decrease	Rate	In	crease	
Total OPEB liability	\$277,697,969	\$348,000,326	\$44	3,457,991	
Authority:					
Balance at June 30, 2017			\$	308,328	
Changes for the year:			7	300,320	
Service cost				20,509	
Interest				10,498	
Differences between expected a	nd actual experier	nce		3,481	
Changes in assumptions or other	•			(7,795)	
Benefit payments				(27,100)	
Net changes			\$	(407)	
Balance at June 30, 2018			\$	307,921	

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.56% to 3.89%.

Mortality rates based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments from LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using a Scale MP-2015.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Authority, as well as what the Authority's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.56%) or 1-percentage point higher (4.56%) than the current discount rate:

		1%		Discount		1%		
	D	Decrease		Rate		Rate Increas		ncrease
	(2.89%)		(3.89%)		(4.89%)			
Total OPEB liability	\$	332,214	\$	307,921	\$	285,584		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Authority, as well as what the ABC Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1%		1% Discount		1%	
	Decrease		Rate		ı	ncrease
	(6.50%)		(7.50%)		(8.50%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	288,909	\$	307,921	\$	330,115
ABC Board:						
Balance at June 30, 2018					\$	1,098,600
Changes for the year:						
Service cost						40,751
Interest						38,512
Changes of benefit terms						-
Differences between expected	and ac	tual experie	nce			103
Changes in assumptions or othe	r inpu	ts				(60,126)
Benefit payments						(33,879)
Net changes					\$	(14,639)
Balance at June 30, 2019					\$	1,083,961

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.56% to 3.89%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 total data set for healthy annuitants mortality table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 2010 through December 2014.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the ABC Board, as well as what the ABC Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.89%) or 1-percentage point higher (4.89%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(2.89%)	(3.89%)	(4.89%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,281,895	\$ 1,083,961	\$ 927,657

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the ABC Board, as well as what the ABC Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		1%		Discount		1%
	D	ecrease		Rate		Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$	907,423	\$	1,083,961	\$	1,313,527

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County, Authority, and ABC Board recognized OPEB expense of \$23,176,577, \$28,988, and \$54,654, respectively.

At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 28,909,062	\$ -	
Changes in assumptions	-	57,486,437	
Benefit payments and administrative costs made			
subsequent to the measurement date	23,097,772		
Total	\$ 52,006,834	\$ 57,486,437	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

At June 30, 2019, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of Resources		Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	7,210	\$	=
Changes in assumptions		-		15,900
Total	\$	7,210	\$	15,900

At June 30, 2019, the ABC Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	91	\$	290	
Changes in assumptions		-		134,482	
Benefit payments and administrative costs made					
subsequent to the measurement date		30,484		-	
Total	\$	30,575	\$	134,772	

\$23,097,772, \$0, and \$30,484 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020 for the County, Authority, and ABC Board, respectively. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

County:

Year ended June 30:		
2020	\$	(4,823,633)
2021		(4,823,633)
2022		(4,823,633)
2023		(4,823,633)
2024		(4,823,633)
Thereafter		(4,459,210)
	<u>\$</u>	(28,577,375)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Authority:

Year ended June 30:		
2020	\$	(2,019)
2021		(2,019)
2022		(2,019)
2023		(2,019)
2024		(614)
	_\$	(8,690)
ABC Board:		
Year ended June 30:		
2020	\$	(19,809)
2021		(19,809)
2022		(19,809)
2023		(19,809)
2024		(19,809)
Thereafter		(35,636)
	<u>\$</u>	(134,681)

M. Other Employment Benefits

The County, ABC Board, and the Authority have elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System ("Death Benefit Plan"), a multi-employer State administered cost-sharing plan funded on a one year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest consecutive months' salary during the 24 months prior to their death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, ABC Board, or the Authority, the County, the ABC Board, and the Authority do not determine the number of eligible participants. The County, ABC Board, and the Authority have no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The County, ABC Board, and Authority consider these contributions to be immaterial.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

4. Long-Term Debt of the County

A. Debt Related to Capital Activities

Of the total Governmental Activities debt listed only \$107,005,803 relates to assets the County holds title. Unspent restricted cash related to the debt amounts to \$16,590,411.

Governmental Activity, net investment in capital assets is calculated as follows:

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation			\$ 183,594,032
Deferred outflows of resources			14,813,681
Less: capital debt			
Gross debt	\$	(445,988,241)	
Debt related to assets to which the County does not capitalize		342,710,469	
Unspent debt proceeds, non-school related debt		154,046	 (103,123,726)
Net investment in capital assets			\$ 95,283,987
Business Type Activity, net investment in capital assets is calcu	ılat	ed as follows:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation			\$ 28,835,550
Less: capital debt			
Gross debt	\$	(116,204)	
Unspent debt proceeds		-	 (116,204)
Net investment in capital assets			\$ 28,719,346

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The following is a summary of changes in the County's long-term obligations for the year fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

Governmental	Balance	ce Additions/			Balance	Due Within
Activities	July 1, 2018,		Transfers	Retirements	June 30, 2019	One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 274,314,997	\$	65,970,000	\$ 21,235,000	\$ 319,049,997	\$ 27,820,000
Direct placement general obligation bonds	39,875,000		-	8,480,000	31,395,000	5,925,000
Direct placement installment debt	73,912,854		4,130,876	9,152,001	68,891,729	10,539,024
Unamortized premiums and discounts	25,605,186		5,330,430	4,284,101	26,651,515	-
Compensated absences	8,496,753		6,812,930	5,108,522	10,201,161	5,898,299
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	10,390,651		619,186	-	11,009,837	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)	21,718,514		12,093,997	-	33,812,511	-
Total OPEB liability	315,714,079		25,647,131	-	341,361,210	-
Claims and judgments	175,000			100,000	75,000	100,000
Total governmental activities	\$ 770,203,034	\$	120,604,550	\$ 48,359,624	\$ 842,447,960	\$ 50,282,323

For the governmental activities, net pension obligations and claims and judgments are generally liquidated by the General Fund. Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund and special Fire District Special Revenue Fund.

Business-Type Activities		Balance ly 1, 2018	Additions/ Transfers	Ret	irements		Balance e 30, 2019	e Within ne Year
Direct placement installment debt	\$	168,342	\$ -	\$	54,117	\$	114,225	\$ 57,085
Unamortized premiums and discounts		4,471			2,492		1,979	-
Accrued landfill closure and								
post-closure care costs	:	13,901,351	4,856,863		-	1	8,758,214	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)		393,596	264,022		-		657,618	-
Total OPEB liability		5,721,554	917,562		-		6,639,116	-
Compensated absences		132,003	 119,058		70,272		180,789	 81,136
Total business-type activities	\$ 2	20,321,317	\$ 6,157,505	\$	126,881	\$ 2	6,351,941	\$ 138,221

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

General obligation bonds of the County are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County. General obligation bonds consist of the following individual issues outstanding as of June 30, 2019:

Serviced by the General Fund and Public Schools Special Revenue Fund:

\$30,000,000 general obligation school bonds, series 2006, issued February 1 and 9, 2006 due in remaining semi-annual installments of \$750,000 through February 1, 2026; interest is at variable rates based on a weekly rate - determined by a remarketing agent due semi-annually through February 1, 2026. \$6,000,000 principal. Serviced by Debt Service Fund.

\$48,970,000 2009 refunding general obligation bonds due in remaining annual installments ranging from \$2,100,000 to \$7,695,000 through December 1, 2021; interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%, due semi-annually through December 1, 2021. \$19,610,000 principal plus unamortized premium of \$721,838. Serviced by Debt Service Fund.

\$83,030,000 2010 A&B general obligation bonds due in remaining annual installments ranging from \$4,150,000 to \$4,155,000 through August 1, 2030; interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%, due semi-annually through August 1, 2030. \$42,460,000 principal plus unamortized premium of \$2,096,083. Serviced by Debt Service Fund.

\$54,000,000 2013A general obligation bonds due in remaining annual installments ranging from \$1,750,000 to \$2,750,000 through June 1, 2034; interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%, due semi-annually through June 1, 2034. \$43,000,000 principal plus unamortized premium of \$3,894,234. Serviced by Debt Service Fund.

40,109,471

16,847,487

5,250,000

\$

43,649,547

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

\$31,335,000 2013B direct placement refunding general obligation bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$390,000 to \$4,660,000 through December 1, 2025; interest rates ranging from 1.43% to 1.98% due semi-annually through December 1, 2025. \$27,750,000 principal. Serviced by Debt Service Fund. 26,610,000 \$32,220,000 2013C direct placement refunding general obligation bonds due in remaining annual installments ranging from \$610,000 to \$7,340,000 through December 1, 2019; interest rate at 1.42% due semi-annually through December 1, 2019. \$12,125,000 principal. Serviced by Debt Service Fund. 4,785,000 \$83,255,000 2015 general obligation bonds due in remaining annual installments ranging from \$4,160,000 to \$4,165,000 through February 1, 2036; interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00% due semi-annually through February 1, 2036. \$74,925,000 principal plus unamortized premium of \$7,040,933 less unamortized charge of \$36,831. Serviced by Debt Service Fund. 76,959,591 \$55,080,000 2016 refunding general obligation bonds due in remaining annual installments ranging from \$770,000 to \$7,820,000 through December 1, 2021; interest rates ranging from 1.50% to 5.00%, due semi-annually through August 1, 2030. \$52,605,000 principal plus unamortized premium of \$6,608,684. Serviced by Debt Service Fund. 54,918,194 \$34,215,000 2017 general obligation bonds due in remaining annual installments ranging from \$1,710,000 to \$1,715,000 through August 1, 2037; interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%, due semi-annually through August 1, 2037. \$34,215,000 principal plus unamortized premium of \$2,869,734. 35,057,645 Serviced by Debt Service Fund. \$65,970,000 2018 general obligation bonds due in remaining annual installments ranging from \$3,295,000 to \$3,300,000 through September 1, 2038; interest rates ranging from 2.75% to 5.00%, due semi-annually through September 1, 2038. \$65,970,000 principal plus unamortized premium of \$5,109,132. 71,079,132 Serviced by Debt Service Fund. Total General and Public School Special Revenue Funds (Governmental activities) \$ 375,266,067 Total Enterprise Funds (Business-type activities) 375,266,067 Total General Fund Obligation Bonds, net of unamortized charges and premiums

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Direct placement Installment debt consists of the following at June 30, 2019:

\$49,835,000 2010 refunding limited obligation bonds issued June 2, 2010, due in annual installments through December 1, 2025; interest rates ranging 2.00% to 5.00%; principal of \$20,865,000 plus unamortized premium of \$832,241 Serviced by the Debt Service Fund, Fire District Special Revenue, and	
enterprise funds.	19,535,683
\$4,925,744 Qualified School Construction Bonds issued December 14, 2010, due in semi-annual payments through December 14, 2025; interest at rate of 5.63%, principal of \$2,462,872. Serviced by the Debt Service Fund.	2,134,489
\$20,540,000 2012 refunding limited obligation bonds issued September 12, 2012, due in annual payments through December 1, 2022; interest at rate ranging from 1.00% to 5.00%: principal of \$11,595,000 plus unamortized premium of \$893,956. Serviced by the Debt Service Fund and Fire District Special Revenue.	10,914,890
\$12,615,000 2014 limited obligation bonds issued June 4, 2014, due in annual installments through June 1, 2034; interest rates ranging from 1.00% to 5.00% principal of \$10,100,000 plus unamortized premium of \$648,370. Serviced by Debt Service Fund.	10,036,851
\$4,570,000 2014 limited obligation bonds issued June 4, 2014, due in annual installments through June 1, 2029: interest rates ranging from 0.31% to 4.29% principal of \$3,355,000. Serviced by the Debt Service Fund.	3,050,000
Other installment debt; interest at rates ranging from 2.60% to 6.00%. Serviced by the Debt Service Fund, special revenue funds, and enterprise fund	25,166,464
Total installment debt - governmental and business-type activities <u>\$</u>	70,838,377
Total installment debt - governmental activities \$	70,722,174
Total installment debt - business-type activities \$	116,204

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Annual maturity requirements on the County's long-term debt (except compensated absences, net pension obligations, claims and judgments and accrued landfill closure and post-closure care costs) with related interest as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities				
Year Ending	Bonds		Direct pl	acement	Direct pl					
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total			
2020	\$ 38,359,024	\$ 16,041,824	\$ 5,925,000	\$ 537,328	\$ 57,085	\$ 4,326	\$ 60,924,587			
2021	38,801,754	14,334,059	4,660,000	449,560	57,140	1,417	58,303,930			
2022	31,912,570	12,727,380	4,560,000	364,044	(8)	<u>.</u> .	49,563,994			
2023	28,705,423	11,294,365	4,465,000	277,547	<u> </u>	€	44,742,335			
2024	24,436,763	10,066,434	4,360,000	190,179	3	5	39,053,376			
2025-2029	117,147,402	33,239,808	7,425,000	136,076	*	-	157,948,286			
2030-2034	75,849,935	12,770,330	2	2	120	8	88,620,265			
2035-2039	32,728,857	2,376,440			- C	<u> </u>	35,105,297			
Total	387,941,728	112,850,640	31,395,000	1,954,734	114,225	5,743	534,262,070			
Less: Unamortized										
discounts	(32,601)	2	÷	9	-	*	(32,601)			
Add: Unamortized										
Premiums	26,684,114	; e		-	1,979	2	26,686,093			
Net	\$414,593,241	\$112,850,640	\$ 31,395,000	\$ 1,954,734	\$ 116,204	\$ 5,743	\$560,915,562			

Other. The County's legal debt margin at June 30, 2019 was \$2,353,835,768.

Debt authorized but unissued at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

School Bonds \$ 12,760,000

General Obligation Bonds. On October 18, 2018, the County issued \$65,970,000 in general obligation bonds bearing an average coupon of 4.14%. The bonds were issued pursuant to The Local Government Finance Act and bond orders adopted by the Board of Commissioners of the County on August 11, 2014 the bonds were approved by the voters in the County at a referendum held on November 4, 2014. The bonds were executed and delivered to provide funds, together with other available funds, for the construction and improvement of school facilities in the County.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Equipment Lease Purchase Agreement. On May 24, 2019, the County entered into a lease purchase agreement with TD Equipment Finance, Inc. in the amount of \$3,765,474 of which the proceeds were used to purchase a fire truck, vehicles, and various equipment. Semi-annual payments begin on November 24, 2019 with an interest rate of 2.45%. The maturity date is April 24, 2024.

Long-Term Debt of the Authority. The Authority incurred long-term debt in 2014 of \$4,570,000 in order to finance a new consolidated car rental facility construction project. Financing was acquired through an interlocal agreement with New Hanover County. Under the agreement, New Hanover County incurred debt on behalf of the Authority and the Authority agreed to repay all expenses attributable to the debt, including principal, interest and issuance costs. Interest rates range from 2.2% to 4.3%, as a result of the County's bond refunding with Limited Obligation Bonds in 2014.

The following is a summary of changes in the Authority's long-term debt obligations, as detailed above, all due to the County, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance					Balance	Du	e Within
	July 1, 2018	Additions	Reti	irements	Ju	ne 30, 2019	0	ne Year
Long-term debt	\$ 3,355,000	\$ -	\$	305,000	\$	3,050,000	\$	305,000

Debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30	Principal		 Interest		Total
2020	\$	305,000	\$ 109,086	\$	414,086
2021		305,000	101,226		406,226
2022		305,000	92,299		397,299
2023		305,000	82,420		387,420
2024		305,000	71,931		376,931
2025-2029		1,525,000	 187,224		1,712,224
Total	\$	3,050,000	\$ 644,186	\$	3,694,186

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Long-Term Debt of the Medical Center. Changes in long-term debt of the Medical Center during the year ended September 30, 2018 are as follows:

				Balance	Due
	Balance			September 30,	Within
	October 1, 2017	Additions	Retirements	2018	One Year
Revenue bonds	\$ 384,674,000	\$ -	\$ 15,679,000	\$ 368,995,000	\$ 16,450,000
Unamortized discounts					
and (premiums)	34,015,000	-	2,668,000	31,347,000	-
Capital leases	39,000	-	30,000	9,000	9,000
Supplemental retirement plans	2,301,000	838,000	1,403,000	1,736,000	-
Net pension liability	62,227,000	-	8,935,000	53,292,000	-
Interest rate swap agreements	4,092,000	-	1,989,000	2,103,000	-
Note payable to primary government	16,303,000	529,000	14,700,000	2,132,000	2,132,000
Other obligations	5,875,000		231,000	5,644,000	332,000
Total	\$ 509,526,000	\$ 1,367,000	\$ 45,635,000	\$ 465,258,000	\$ 18,923,000

The Medical Center and LCFH have entered into interest rate swap agreements to modify interest rates on certain outstanding debt. Net interest expenditures resulting from these agreements and the resulting accrued receivable or payable under the swap agreements are reflected in the financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement 53, the estimated fair values of interest in rate swaps at September 30, 2018 of \$2,103,000 are recorded as a liability. The fair value of interest rate swaps is recorded at the values reported by the counterparties, which approximates a value determined by the discounted cash flow model. For all swap instruments determined to be ineffective, the change in fair value is recorded in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position as a component of the net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments. For all swap instruments determined to be effective, any change in fair value is deferred and recorded on the balance sheet as a deferred outflow of resources.

The terms, fair values, and underlying bond issued of the outstanding swaps as of September 30, 2018 were as follows:

Associated

Bond Issues	 Notional	Start Date	End Date	 Fair Value
Series 2008A-1	\$ 4,665,000	December 14, 2005	October 1, 2023	\$ (188,000)
Series 2008A-2	4,665,000	December 14, 2005	October 1, 2023	(187,000)
Series 2008B-1	15,080,000	December 14, 2005	October 1, 2026	(942,000)
Series 2008B-2	8,120,000	December 14, 2005	October 1, 2026	(861,000)
Basis Swap	50,000,000	January 25, 2002	October 21, 2021	 176,000
Total				\$ (2,002,000)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

During the year ended September 30, 2013, the swaps were restructured in conjunction with the issuance of the 2013 bonds, the remaining swaps held to hedge the Series 2008 bonds were determined to be ineffective hedging derivative instruments under the provisions of GASB 53. Therefore, the entire fair value of the ineffective swaps in the amount of \$5,404,000 as of September 30, 2013 were recorded as a component (a decrease) of net increase in fair value of investments. For the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, the net change in fair value of \$1,678,000 and \$2,006,000, respectively, has been recorded as a component of net (decrease) increase in fair value of investments.

The Medical Center or the counterparties may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract or there is a termination event, as defined in the contract. If the swaps are terminated, the variable rate bonds would no longer carry a synthetic interest rate. Also, if at the time of termination, the swaps have negative fair values, the Medical Center would be liable to the counterparties for their payments equal to the swaps' fair values.

During fiscal year 2002, the Medical Center entered into a 19-year interest rate swap (basis swap) agreement, with a notional amount of \$50 million related to its Series 1999 Hospital Revenue Bonds with the objective of having a mixture of fixed and variable rate debt to take advantage of market fluctuations. At September 30, 2018, the basis swap has an estimated fair value of approximately \$176,000 which is recorded as an asset for interest rate swaps. As of September 30, 2017, the basis swap had an estimated negative fair value of approximately \$72,000, which was recorded as a liability. Under GASB 53, the basis swap qualifies as an investment derivative and changes in fair value of \$248,000 and \$402,000 for years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, have been recorded as a component of net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments.

LCFH hedged \$2,000,000 of its interest rate exposure associated with the LCFH 2007 Bonds through an interest rate swap agreement with a bank. As of September 30, 2018 and 2017, the \$1,250,000 and \$1,350,000 notional amounts, respectively, are hedged at an interest rate of 3.885%. Based on market tax exempt interest rates of about .020% and .020%, the present value of cash payment under the swap arrangement is a negative position of approximately \$101,000 and \$164,000 as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, which is recognized as a liability. The objective of the swap agreement was to effectively change one half of the LCFH 2007 Bonds" variable rate to a fixed rate of 3.885%, to provide LCFH with a reduced possibility of a negative budget outcome. This swap has been effective from inception through September 30, 2018. The term of the LCFH 2007 Bonds and the swap are essentially the same: 20 years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Revenue Bonds of the Medical Center. Series 2006, 2008, 2011, 2013, and 2017 Revenue Bonds of the Medical Center consist of the following at September 30, 2018:

Series	2006	Revenue	Bonds
---------------	------	---------	--------------

Series 2006 Revenue Bonds	
Serial revenue bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.0% to	
4.13% maturing through 2019	\$ 10,045,000
Series 2008 Revenue Bonds	
Series 2008A Variable Rate Revenue Bonds, demand obligations,	
with mandatory redemptions annually through 2038	16,260,000
Series 2008B Variable Rate Revenue Bonds, demand obligations,	
with mandatory redemptions annually through 2038	16,260,000
Series 2011 Revenue Bonds	
Serial revenue bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to	
5.0% maturing annually through 2025	40,310,000
Term revenue bonds maturing in October 2026, with stated	
interest rates of 4.63% and 5.0%	7,535,000
Term revenue bonds maturing in October 2027, with stated	
interest rates of 4.63% and 5.0%	12,375,000
Term revenue bonds maturing in October 2028, with stated	
interest rates of 4.63% and 5.0%	12,980,000
Series 2013 Revenue Bonds	
Serial revenue bonds with interest rates from 2.0% to 5.0%,	20,020,000
maturing annually through 2026	38,020,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Series 2017 Revenue Bonds

Due in more than one year

Serial revenue bonds with interest rates from 3.0% to 5.0%, maturing annually through 2048

Total long-term debt

366,495,000

Unamortized discount

31,347,000

Total long-term debt, net of unamortized discount and loss

\$397,842,000

Due within one year

\$16,250,000

The Series 2006, 2008, 2011, 2013, and 2017 Revenue Bonds are secured by and payable from the net revenue of the Obligated Unit, the money and securities held by the trustee pursuant to the bonds, as well as the income from the temporary investment of these trustee-held funds. Substantially, all of the Obligated Unit's revenues, which were \$1,173,606,000 and \$1,127,221,000 for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, are security for the revenue bonds.

\$ 381,592,000

Total funds held by the trustee (including amounts as bond paying agent) at September 30, 2018 and 2017, were approximately \$50,671,000 and \$112,020,000, respectively.

Under the terms of the Bond indentures and related lease agreement with the County, the Obligated Unit (New Hanover Regional Medical Center, CHA, and PQP) is required to make semi-annual debt service payments on unpaid fixed rate debt (2006, 2011, 2013, and 2017 bonds), monthly debt service payments on variable rate demand bonds (2008 bonds), and is also required to comply with certain restrictive covenants, including limitations on incurrence of additional debt, limitations on transfer of assets, and maintenance of certain measure of financial performance including a minimum long-term debt service ratio of 1.75 and a cushion ratio of 1.75, for as long as the bonds are outstanding.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Annual maturity requirements on outstanding revenue bonds of the Medical Center with related interest as of September 30, 2018 are as follows:

Year Ending					
September 30	Principal		 Interest		Total
2019	\$	18,582,000	\$ 17,325,000	\$	35,907,000
2020		16,980,000	16,671,000		33,651,000
2021		17,420,000	14,856,000		32,276,000
2022		18,090,000	14,075,000		32,165,000
2023		18,885,000	13,263,000		32,148,000
2024-2028		108,860,000	52,486,000		161,346,000
2029-2033		71,280,000	28,788,000		100,068,000
2034-2038		33,210,000	19,525,000		52,735,000
2039-2043		31,205,000	13,324,000		44,529,000
2044-2048		36,615,000	 5,672,000		42,287,000
Total	\$	371,127,000	\$ 195,985,000	\$	567,112,000

Interest paid related to these bonds is approximately \$14,835,000 and \$11,949,000 during fiscal years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

The Medical Center recorded deferred outflow of resources of \$6,515,000 related to the refundings.

Long-Term Debt of the TDA. Changes in long-term liabilities of the TDA for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	В	alance				Е	Balance	Due	e Within			
	July 1, 2018		July 1, 2018		July 1, 2018 Additions		Retirements		June 30, 2019		One Year	
Accrued vacation	\$	31,267	\$ -	\$	5,865	\$	25,402	\$	31,267			
Long-term debt		9,750	 		9,750				9,750			
	\$	41,017	\$ 	\$	15,615	\$	25,402	\$	41,017			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Leases and Other Obligations. The County leases land and the airport facilities to the Authority at \$1 per year through 2049. As the assets were acquired by the County for use in airport operations, they are reported in the Authority component unit.

On November 19, 2001, the County adopted a resolution of support for the Legion Stadium Capital Improvements in which the County agreed to pay the City of Wilmington one-half of the annual debt service, not to exceed \$250,000 annually, for 20 years effective in the fiscal year beginning July, 2001. This resolution modified a prior interlocal agreement effective October 15, 1996 in which the County was to pay an amount equal to the City of Wilmington's costs for operation, maintenance and capital improvements determined each fiscal year for 20 years. Future operating payments amount to \$1,500,000.

The County leases existing facilities and equipment and all future improvements to the Medical Center at an annual rental of \$1 per year. The original lease effective October 1, 1993 and most recently amended June 1, 2017 extends the lease through October 2047. As the assets were acquired by the County for use in Medical Center operations, they are reported by the Medical Center component unit.

The Authority subleases certain portions of the facility to several different tenants that expire at various times. Some contain provisions for rent increases based on a formula which includes a government inflation index or payment of commissions based on sales.

Minimum operating lease payments to be received by the Authority, as of June 30, 2019 are:

Year Ending	Operating Lease
June 30	Payments
2020	\$ 2,835,918
2021	1,410,468
2022	1,354,464
2023	1,257,661
2024	1,083,547
Thereafter	 20,402,697
Total	\$ 28,344,755

Approximately \$3.9 million of the above minimum payments to be received are from one tenant, subject to a 40-year lease, beginning in 2005, approximately \$15.1 million from a tenant, subject to a 40-year lease, beginning in 2006, and approximately \$4.7 million from a tenant, subject to a 20 year lease, beginning in January 2013.

The Medical Center leases capital assets under operating leases that have initial or remaining noncancellable terms in excess of one year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Scheduled payments of the Medical Center's operating lease obligations are as follows:

		Operating
Year Ending		Lease
September 30	<u> </u>	Obligations
2019	\$	10,392,000
2020		4,627,000
2021		4,424,000
2022		3,660,000
2023		3,554,000
Thereafter		11,452,000
Total	\$	38,109,000

Rent expense on operating leases for the Medical Center totaled approximately \$10,509,000 and \$9,735,000 in 2018 and 2017, respectively.

CHA leases office space and equipment under various noncancellable operating lease agreements. Scheduled payments on CHA's operating lease commitments are as follows:

Year Ending		Operating Lease
September 30		Obligations
2019	\$	6,010,000
2020		4,343,000
2021		2,606,000
2022		1,896,000
2023		1,247,000
Thereafter	-	1,286,000
Total	\$	17,388,000

Included in CHA's commitments is \$11,473,000 to the Medical Center.

Rent expense on operating leases for the CHA totaled approximately \$6,564,000 and \$6,131,000 in 2018 and 2017, including payments of \$2,475,000 and \$2,135,000 to the Medical Center, respectively.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

LCFH leases office space under various noncancellable operating lease agreements, which expire over the next year. Rent expense related to these agreements totaled approximately \$52,000 and \$51,000 in 2018 and 2017, respectively.

LCFH also has capital leases for various pieces of equipment and vehicles. As of September 30, 2018, the leased assets had been recorded at \$135,000 and had accumulated amortization of \$113,000.

PMH, under an amended and restated lease agreement dated November 15, 2004 leases its main facilities and equipment and all future improvements from Pender County through 2019, with an option (at the Medical Center's direction) to renew for 10 additional years. Pender County and PMH maintain a limited right under the lease agreement to terminate the lease if specified provisions cannot be cured within 180 days, provided that the Medical Center shall be permitted to cure any breach on behalf of PMH within established time frames.

PMH leases additional space under a noncancellable operating lease, which expires in fiscal year 2028. In addition, PMH leases certain medical equipment under operating leases that expire between 2019 and 2020.

Scheduled payments on PMH's operating lease obligations are as follows:

Year Ending	Operating Lease
September 30	 Obligations
2019	\$ 368,000
2020	331,000
2021	263,000
2022	265,000
2023	260,000
Thereafter	 1,097,000
Total	\$ 2,584,000

Rent expense on operating leases for PMH totaled \$422,000 and \$373,000 in 2018 and 2017, respectively.

The TDA is committed under an operating lease for a building facility, mail machine, and a copier. As of June 30, 2018 the facility lease is month to month and will not be included in the schedule below. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the total lease expenditures under the operating lease totaled \$635,144. The future minimum lease commitments under the operating lease are as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	0	perating
Year Ending		Lease
June 30	0	oligations
2020	\$	13,432
2021		13,432
2022		13,432
2023		10,036
2024		8,337
Total	\$	58,669

Conduit Debt Obligations. Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority has issued industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private businesses for economic development purposes. These bonds are collateralized by the properties financed as well as by letters of credit and are payable solely from payments received from the private businesses involved. Ownership of the acquired facilities is in the name of the private business served by the bond issuance. Neither the County, the Authority, the State, nor any political subdivision, thereof is obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2019, the amount of industrial revenue bonds outstanding was \$1,295,424.

Accrual for Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs. State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on estimated landfill capacity used as of each financial statement sheet date. The \$18,758,214, reported as landfill closure and post-closure care liability at June 30, 2019 represents (1) a cumulative amount of \$12,113,752 for final closure and post-closure care based on the full use of the total estimated capacity of the landfill and (2) \$6,644,462 for the cost of placing a closing cover on each open cell at the landfill, recognized as the cell receives waste. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in 2019. The County expects to close this developed portion of the landfill by fiscal year end 2022. The undeveloped portion of the landfill is expected to serve the County for an additional 60 years. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County has met the requirements of a local government financial test that is one option under the State and federal laws and regulations that helps determine if a unit is financially able to meet closure and post-closure care requirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources. The deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2019 are composed of the following elements:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Charge on refunding of debt	\$	14,813,681	\$	-
Pensions - difference between expected and				
actual experience:				
LGERS		5,317,922		178,443
Register of Deeds		3,839		19,880
LEOSSA		562,443		-
OPEB		28,909,062		-
Pensions - changes of assumptions (LGERS, ROD)		9,167,526		-
Pensions - changes of assumptions (LEOSSA)		477,790		510,758
Pensions - changes of assumptions (OPEB)		-		57,486,437
Pensions - difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings (LGERS, ROD)		4,801,144		-
Pensions - charge in proportion and difference between				
employer contributions and proportionate share of		420.204		204 750
contributions (LGERS, ROD)		130,284		284,758
Benefit payments made and administrative expenses		227 222		
for LEOSSA Reposit payments made and administrative expenses		237,322		-
Benefit payments made and administrative expenses for OPEB		22 007 772		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement		23,097,772		_
date (LGERS, ROD)		7,871,047		_
Prepaid property taxes not yet earned (General)		7,871,047		339,869
Health Pregnancy Care management grant (General)		_		47,305
	\$	OE 200 022	خ	<u>.</u>
Total government-wide	<u>></u>	95,389,832	\$	58,867,450
Deferred inflows - business type activities	\$	1,510,323	\$	1,105,484
Deferred inflows - governmental activities	\$	93,879,509	\$	57,761,966
Prepaid property taxes not yet earned (General)				339,869
Taxes receivable, net (General), less penalties				1,879,091
Taxes receivable, net (Special revenue), less penalties				134,407
Health PCM (General)				47,305
Special assessments receivable, net (Special revenue)				272,518
Scattered site/SARF receivables (General)				132,981
Total governmental funds			\$	2,806,171

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Interfund Receivables and Payables. Amounts classified on the balance sheet as "Receivables – interfund loans" and "Interfund loans" at June 30, 2019 included the following:

Receivable Fund Payable Fund		 Amount
General Fund	Bike/Pedestrian Paths Capital Project	\$ 377,110
General Fund	Public School Building Capital Fund Capital Project	683,367
General Fund	Juvenile Justice Facility Capital Project	743,838
General Fund	Pine Valley Library Capital Project	694,165
General Fund	Capital Improvement Projects Capital Project	354,747
General Fund	Healing Transition Facility Capital Project	 241,504
		\$ 3,094,731

Due from/to Primary Government and Component Units:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Primary Government:	Component Unit:	
General Fund	The ABC Board for intergovernmental revenues due at June 30, 2019	\$ 504,049
Component Unit:	Primary Government:	
NHC Tourism Development Authority	Room Occupancy Tax Fund for room occupancy tax held by the County	748,738
•		\$ 1,252,787

B. Other

Interfund Transfers. Interfund transfers presented in the fund financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019, can be summarized as follows:

	Transfers In:											
Transfers Out:	Public Health and Social Debt Services General Service Facility Capital Isfers Out: Fund Fund Project Fund		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Environmental Management Fund							
General fund	\$ -	\$14,723,904	\$ 217,000	\$1,146,381	\$2,145,372	\$ 14,750,794						
Room Occupancy Tax fund	-	-	-	-	6,505,000	-						
Nonmajor capital project funds	42,510	-	-	-	-	-						
Nonmajor special revenue funds	250,925											
Total	\$ 293,435	\$14,723,904	\$ 217,000	\$1,146,381	\$8,650,372	\$ 14,750,794						

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Interfund transfers are used to 1) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, 2) use unrestricted revenues collected in various funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and 3) move previous transfers to capital project funds back to the general fund as capital projects are cancelled in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

5. Major Customers

Approximately 41% of Environmental Management revenues can be attributed to its largest customer.

The Authority's operating revenues consist of rents, commissions and charges for the use of airport property and fees for use of the parking lots. In addition, certain customers also pay contract facility charges, a non-operating revenue. Transactions with three customers accounted for the following revenues, percentages of operating revenues, inclusive of contract facility charges and exclusive of parking lot revenues, and related trade accounts receivable balances as of June 30, 2019:

Customer	 Revenues	Percentage	ccounts ceivable
A	\$ 3,288,669	40%	\$ 275,504
В	1,126,728	14%	126,955
С	 859,649	10%	 121,586
	\$ 5,275,046		\$ 524,045

Medicare services represented 38% and Medicaid services represented 10% of net patient service revenue of the Medical Center for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

LCFH's revenues are 91% from Medicare and 4% from Medicaid for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

CHA's revenues are 63% from Medicare and 5% from Medicaid for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

PMH's revenues are 71% from Medicare and 12% from Medicaid for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

6. Joint Ventures

The County participates with 25 other counties in Eastern North Carolina in a joint venture to operate Trillium Health Resources, (the "Center"). The Trillium Health Resources Board is a political subdivision of the State of North Carolina. The County has an on-going financial responsibility for the Center because the Center's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued funding. The County provided \$1,654,467 to the Center during the year for its on-going operations. None of the participating governments has an equity interest in the Center, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019. Complete financial statements for the Center can be obtained from the Center at 3809 Shipyard Boulevard, Wilmington, NC 28403.

The County, in conjunction with the State of North Carolina and the New Hanover County Board of Education, participates in a joint venture to operate Cape Fear Community College (the "College"). Each of the three participants appoints four members of the thirteen-member board of trustees of the College. The president of the College's student government serves as an ex-officio non-voting member of the College's board of trustees. The College is included as a component unit of the State. The County has the basic responsibility for providing funding for the facilities of the College and also provides some financial support for the College's operations. In addition to providing annual appropriations for the facilities, the County periodically issues general obligation bonds to provide financing for new and restructured facilities. The County has an on-going financial responsibility for the College because of the statutory responsibilities to provide funding for the College's facilities. The County contributed \$10,852,593 to the College for operating purposes, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. In addition, the County made debt service payments of \$15,520,520 during the fiscal year on debt service for bonds issued for College capital facilities. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2019. Complete financial statements for the College may be obtained from the College's administrative office at 321 N. Front Street, Wilmington, NC 28401.

In February 2005, the Medical Center entered into a joint venture agreement to form South Atlantic Radiation Oncology, LLC ("SARO"). The Medical Center has committed to contribute capital for 50% ownership in the joint venture. South Atlantic Radiation Oncology, LLC was formed to provide essential radiation oncology services for patients in Southeastern North Carolina.

In March 2005, the Medical Center invested in Atlantic Surgicenter, LLC ("Surgicenter"), a joint venture formed to operate a freestanding ambulatory surgery center consisting of four general operating rooms and one non-licensed procedure room, located in New Hanover County, North Carolina. In July 2016, the Medical Center acquired 100% ownership in Atlantic Surgicenter, LLC. The Medical Center plans to recapitalize its investment in Surgicenter in future years. The Medical Center's investment in Surgicenter is recorded in other long-term assets as of September 30, 2018 and 2017.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Also in 2005, the Medical Center entered into a joint venture agreement to form Porters Neck Imaging, LLC ("PNI"), committing to contribute capital for a 50% ownership in the joint venture. PNI was formed to provide mobile MRI services to New Hanover and surrounding counties.

In April 2007, the Medical Center entered into a joint venture agreement to form Dosher/NHRMC, LLC. The Medical Center has committed to contribute capital for a 50% ownership in the joint venture. The purpose of the joint venture is to operate healthcare related facilities and provide healthcare services in Brunswick County, North Carolina in a manner that furthers the charitable and tax-exempt purposes of the members.

In March 2012, the Medical Center entered into a joint venture agreement to acquire and maintain a 10% ownership in the newly formed company, Assuring Affordable, Quality Healthcare in North Carolina, LLC ("AAQHNC"). This company conducts advocacy activities in support of North Carolina laws that are designed to ensure access to safe, affordable, quality healthcare.

In April 2015, the Medical Center entered into a joint venture agreement to acquire and maintain a 9% ownership in the newly formed company, Provider-Led, Patient-Centered Care of North Carolina, LLC ("PLPCC"). This entity was formed to develop and plan for the creation of a statewide Medicaid health maintenance organization in anticipation of action by the North Carolina General Assembly to convert the North Carolina Medicaid Program to a managed care system.

Effective March 1, 2017, NHRMC entered into a joint venture with Delaney Members as a 50% member. This entity was formed to provide diagnostic imaging services to the Onslow county area.

7. Jointly Governed Organizations

The County, in conjunction with Brunswick, Columbus and Pender counties, and the municipalities therein established the Cape Fear Council of Governments (the "Council"). The Council was established for various purposes, but mainly to coordinate funding for federal and State assistance. Each participating government appoints a minimum of one member to the Council's board. The County paid fees of \$37,110 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The Lower Cape Fear Water and Sewer Authority (the "Sewer Authority") provides raw water to its membership which includes the County and other municipalities. The County appoints two of the thirteen members of the Sewer Authority. The County entered into an interlocal agreement with the Sewer Authority in March 2019 where the County shall loan the Sewer Authority up to \$1,506,438 at 2% interest compounded annually for the completion of the US 421 project. As of June 30, 2019, no amounts had been borrowed.

The County and the City of Wilmington established the Cape Fear Public Utility Authority ("CFPUA"). CFPUA was established to provide water and sewer services for the residents of the County and City of Wilmington. The County appoints five of the eleven members of the CFPUA board. Two of these five members may be elected officials of the County. CFPUA paid the County \$1,439,350 in connection with debt the County is servicing for CFPUA for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. See Note 10 for further details.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

8. Public School Building Capital Fund

This program was previously funded using a portion of the corporate income taxes that were imposed on corporations doing business in the State, as well as a portion of the total proceeds from the North Carolina Education Lottery. The Appropriations Act of 2013 (SL 2013-360) included a provision which closed-out deposits from corporate income tax revenue into the Public School Building Capital Fund. Currently, all revenue comes from the Education Lottery. The Office of State Budget and Management established and maintains an ADM allocation account for the County for these funds.

At June 30, 2019, the balance of the County's ADM unallocated account related to corporate income taxes was \$6,458. The County must match this balance on the basis of one dollar for every three dollars of State funds for financing the school unit's facilities capital needs. The local school technology plan does not require a County match. After approving a school capital project authorized by the Act, the Office of State Budget and Management will transfer funds from the County's ADM allocation account to its disbursing account maintained with the State Treasurer. At June 30, 2019, the ADM funds in the County's disbursing account had a balance of \$0.

Funds in the allocation and disbursing accounts are considered State monies until the County issues warrants to disburse them. At that time, they are recognized in the County's Capital Project Fund as intergovernmental revenue. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the County drew down in the public school building capital funds \$0 of ADM allocation and \$1,750,417 of lottery allocation.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the County's lottery project allocation was \$2,123,957. Since 2008, \$22,599,222 has been approved by the State for construction projects. During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 through June 30, 2019, the County drew down \$20,070,879 of these funds, leaving a disbursing account balance of \$2,528,343.

9. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County obtains property insurance through AmRisc LLC equal to the replacement cost values of owned property, subject to a loss limit of \$222,341,388 for any one occurrence, with a sub-limit of \$35,000,000 when caused by wind or hail damage during a "named storm". The County obtains commercial general liability, auto liability, public officials' liability, law enforcement liability, employment practices liability, Employee Benefits Liability, and Cyber Liability from the Travelers Indemnity Insurance Company in the amount of \$1,000,000 each occurrence. In addition, the County purchases commercial excess liability (umbrella) insurance in the amount of \$4,000,000 each occurrence from Travelers Indemnity Insurance Company. Crime insurance in the amount of \$500,000 per claim is obtained through Travelers Casualty & Surety Company of America.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The County is self-insured for workers compensation and employers' liability insurance, and purchases Specific and Aggregate Excess Workers Compensation and Employers Liability Indemnity Insurance. The County contracted with PMA, Inc., a provider of claims administrative services, to administer the program. The program provides that the County is responsible for the first \$550,000 for all employees of cost and/or benefits payable to employees resulting from any one accident or event, regardless of the number of persons injured. Specific and Aggregate Excess Workers Compensation and Employers Liability Indemnity insurance provides protection against compensable claims during the policy year above the self-insured specific retention of \$550,000, up to the maximum limits provided under the North Carolina Workers' Compensation Act and up to \$1,000,000 each accident or disease for Employer's Liability. The aggregate excess insurance provides protection against cumulative retained losses after the County's aggregate costs reach a minimum of \$2,616,648 for claims occurring during the policy period. The aggregate excess insurance has a maximum limit of indemnity of \$2,000,000. Any losses above this amount would be retained by the County.

The County is provided flood insurance coverage through their property coverage with AmRisc LLC. The limit for loss within a Special Flood Hazard Area is \$2,500,000. For all other zones the total insured value is the property value listed on the statement of values, up to a \$25,000,000 annual aggregate for the policy period.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the County's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds are performance bonded through the Travelers Casualty & Surety Company of America with a limit of \$500,000 per occurrence. The Director of Finance is individually bonded under a Performance Bond in the amount of \$500,000 through The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company. The Tax Collector has a Performance Bond in the amount of \$100,000 through the Ohio Casualty Insurance Company.

Following is a reconciliation of changes in the recorded aggregate liability for the County's claims for group medical insurance, which is recorded as accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the General Fund:

For Fiscal Year Ended	Ju	ine 30, 2019	June 30, 2018			
Unpaid claims at July 1	\$	2,176,510	\$	2,131,559		
Provisions for claims		22,640,878		23,211,480		
Payments for claims		(21,441,227)		(22,161,838)		
Administrative fees		(1,038,560)		(1,004,691)		
Unpaid claims at June 30	\$	2,337,601	\$	2,176,510		

The County carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2015, the Authority ceased participating in the NCACC pools and obtained commercial coverage for these risks of loss. Through commercial coverage, the Authority obtains property coverage equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to a limit of \$57.5 million for any one occurrence, auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, and employment practices liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, auto physical damage coverage for owned autos at actual cash value or cost of repair, crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence, and workers' compensation up to the statutory limits; and health and dental insurance for Authority employees.

The Authority carries earth movement/flood insurance through AmWINS Brokerage of Florida Inc. subject to a limit of \$10 million for any one occurrence.

The Authority Finance Director is bonded for \$250,000. All remaining Authority employees that have access to funds are bonded through the Authority's aforementioned crime package.

The Authority carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss, including airport liability coverage of \$75 million per occurrence. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

The Medical Center, CHA, LCFH and PMH are exposed to various risks of loss in the ordinary course of business as a result of torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets, business interruption, allegations of medical malpractice (hospital professional liability), natural disasters, employee and officer errors and omissions, and employee workers' compensation and medical claims.

The Medical Center purchases commercial insurance coverage against risk of loss due to errors and omissions, fiduciary liability, property damage and theft, and pollution liability and various other insurable risks. The Medical Center carries property insurance in the amount of \$750,000,000 for 2018 and 2017 with a deductible of \$100,000 for all perils except named windstorm. For 2018 and 2017, the minimum deductible for named storms is \$5,000,000 per location, with a maximum deductible of \$25,000,000 per location. For 2018 and 2017, the Medical Center was self-insured for workers' compensation and employer's liability up to \$350,000 per claim. Statutory limits apply to workers' compensation. For 2018 and 2017, the Medical Center was also self-insured for professional liability and general claims liability up to \$5,000,000. There was a \$20,000,000 annual aggregate retention in 2018 and 2017. In both 2018 and 2017, hospital professional liability and general liability stop loss coverage is on a claims made basis; general liability is written on an occurrence basis. Excess commercial insurance is purchased to provide coverage above the self-insured retention levels for hospital professional liability and general liability. The Medical Center is fully self-insured for hospital professional liability claims incurred prior to June 25, 2002, but not reported as of that date. No payments have exceeded insurance coverage in the past three fiscal years where insurance coverage applies, subject to the deductibles and retentions noted above. The Medical Center is self-insured for employee claims up to \$350,000 per individual, excluding costs associated with domestic claims (claims for services provided at the Medical Center).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The Medical Center records an estimated liability for unpaid medical claims based upon reserve amounts and/or historical trends calculated by the third party administrators of the plans. The liability for workers' compensation, hospital professional liability, and general liability claims are accrued at estimated amounts as determined by a third party actuary.

Following is a reconciliation of changes in the Medical Center's recorded aggregate liability for Medical Center claims, which is included in accounts payable and other liabilities and professional liability claims:

For Fiscal Year Ended	Sept	September 30, 2018		ember 30, 2017	September 30, 2016		
Unpaid claims at October 1	\$	22,243,000	\$	22,690,000	\$	24,774,000	
Provisions for claims		84,481,000		79,918,000		67,799,000	
Payments for claims		(75,724,000)		(76,360,000)		(65,874,000)	
Administrative fees		(4,206,000)		(4,005,000)		(4,009,000)	
Unpaid claims at September 30	\$	26,794,000	\$	22,243,000	\$	22,690,000	

The ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has commercial property, general liability, auto liability, workmen's compensation, data breach, flood, wind & hail, public officials' liability/employment practice and employee health coverage. The Board also has liquor legal liability coverage.

There have been no significant reductions in the ABC Board's insurance coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

In accordance with G.S. 18B-700(i), each ABC Board member and the employees designated as the general manager and finance officer are bonded in the amount of \$50,000, secured by a corporate surety.

The TDA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The TDA carries commercial general liability insurance for all risks of loss. Through this, TDA obtains coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 each occurrence. No claims have been experienced under these policies for any of the past two years.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, TDA employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of TDA funds are covered under a \$10,000 employee dishonesty blanket policy. The TDA's board is covered under a director's and officer's liability policy in the amount of \$1,000,000 each claim. The Finance Officer is bonded under a surety bond for \$50,000.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

10. Commitments and Contingencies

The County is named as a defendant in various lawsuits incidental to carrying out its functions. Based upon the opinions of the County's legal department, the County believes its ultimate liability, if any, will be limited to insurance deductibles.

At June 30, 2019, the County was party to various contracts for the construction or purchase of various capital assets. The remaining commitments to be honored during the subsequent year under the aforementioned contracts relative to governmental activities have been included as fund balance reserved for encumbrances. Contractual commitments relative to construction in progress entered into subsequent to June 30, 2019 total approximately \$2.5 million.

The County has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

Pursuant to the interlocal agreement transferring the County's water and sewer system to Cape Fear Public Utility Authority (the "CFPUA"), CFPUA has assumed responsibility for servicing all of the County's enterprise long-term debt. However, certain long-term debt instruments could not either be refinanced or transferred to CFPUA due to the nature of the agreements. Accordingly, the County has retained and is servicing those debt instruments with CFPUA making payments to the County equal to the principal and interest payments required under those debt instruments.

Pursuant to a management agreement, the Authority retains USA Parking System, Inc. to provide management and operational services for the parking lot and skycap services. The agreement provides that USA Parking System, Inc. shall employ, furnish and supervise certain personnel necessary for the management of the parking lot and skycap services. The Authority reimburses USA Parking System, Inc. for all operating expenses incurred in the management of the parking lot and skycap services in addition to annual management, insurance and accounting services. In May of 2017, the Authority entered into an amended contract with USA Parking System, Inc. for five years, effective November 1, 2017 through October 31, 2022. The Authority may cancel the agreement at any time after October 31, 2022 by providing USA Parking System, Inc. 30 days prior written notice. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Authority paid fees and expenses totaling \$390,458, which is included in contracted services.

Estimated future commitments under the agreement are as follows:

2020	\$ 495,000
2021	500,000
2022	 168,000
Total	\$ 1,163,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The Authority has entered into several contracts and agreements as of June 30, 2019, primarily related to construction projects and equipment. The remaining commitment under these contracts and agreements is approximately \$14,123,000.

The Authority may be subject to legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate outcome of the claims and litigation, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the Authority's financial position.

The Medical Center is aware of various asserted and unasserted claims. Management has been unable to reasonably estimate the amount of the loss, if any, since the ultimate resolution of these matters will be dependent upon future events. Management feels that these claims can be successfully defended and intends to resist the allegations of these matters in every way and does not plan to seek out-of-court settlements. In the event that judgments adverse to their interests should be rendered, management feels any liability will be fully covered by existing insurance or not be material to the financial statements.

The Medical Center strives to be paid appropriately for services it provides, but third-party payors continue to provide lower rates of payments. In recent years, there has been numerous federal legislative and administrative actions, including the Health Care Reform Act, that have reduced the rate of increase in Medicare payments to hospitals and other health care providers. The federal government has also reduced the share of federal matching payments made to the states to subsidize the cost of Medicaid. Accordingly, the Medical Center funding from Medicare and Medicaid is likely to be reduced.

Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to interpretation. The Medical Center believes that they are in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and are not aware of any significant pending or threatened investigations involving allegations of potential wrongdoing. While no such regulatory inquiries have been made, compliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation as well as significant regulatory action, including fines, penalties and exclusion from the Medicare and Medicaid programs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CHA has engaged Carolinas Physician Network (the "CPN"); a physician practice network within the non-profit corporation of Carolinas Health Care Systems, through contractual agreements, to operate and manage each of the medical practices owned by CHA and provide certain professional medical services for each of those practices. CPN provides physicians and mid-level providers to operate each of the medical practices owned by CHA and provide certain professional medical services for each of those practices. In exchange, CHA pays a flat annual fee adjusted annually to equal the estimated compensation of the Practice Provides. In its role as manager, CPN provides management and billing services, practice acquisition services, provider recruiting, and access to its practice management system. Fees under the management agreement are based on the number and specialties of the practices. The Management Services and Professional Services Agreements amended in 2017, expires September 30, 2022. During the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, CHA paid \$93,559,000 and \$85,171,000, respectively, to CPN under these agreements, including \$81,357,000 and \$72,701,000, respectively, for physician fees, and \$12,202,000 and \$12,470,000, respectively, for all other administrative services. CHA had \$2,236,000 and \$5,026,000 of physician fees payable to CPN as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

The ABC Board contracts with the New Hanover County Sheriff's Department to provide law enforcement services. North Carolina General Statute [18B-805(c)(2)(3)] requires that the Board expend at least 5% of profits for law enforcement, but the Board is exempt from the law requiring an expenditure of a least 7% of total profits for alcohol education and rehabilitation purposes. The Board contracted via an Interlocal Agreement between the City of Wilmington and the Board for two police officers to assume the non-exclusive responsibility for ABC Law Enforcement, at a cost of \$1 per year. At June 30, 2019, the commitment for the contract to the Sheriff's Department totaled \$562,200. In addition, the Board has a commitment remaining on a Wrightsville building contract of \$1,841,000.

11. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

In September 2019 the Board of County Commissioners approved a resolution to begin a research phase to understand what options exist for New Hanover Regional Medical Center, including a potential sale, other partnerships and models, and an evaluation of options for New Hanover Regional Medical Center to remain County owned. The County does not expect any such sale or affiliation to materially and adversely affect the financial condition of the County.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

12. Storm Related Losses

During September 2018, NHRMC incurred storm related losses due to the impact of Hurricane Florence, including additional personnel costs, inventory write-offs, and associated expenses related to preparation and recovery efforts. No amounts have been recorded for asset impairment at September 30, 2018; NHRMC management is continuing to evaluate the impact on property and equipment. NHRMC revenues were significantly below management forecasts for the month of September 2018, and NHRMC expects to file for business interruption losses. No amounts have been recorded for insurance recoveries at September 30, 2018. Identified losses to date of \$15,872,000 recorded due to Hurricane Florence were included in Other non-operating loss for 2018.



SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS *

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension						
liability (asset) %	1.453%	1.447%	1.416%	1.480%	1.369%	1.315%
County's proportionate share of the net						
pension liability (asset) \$	\$34,470,129	\$22,112,110	\$30,045,897	\$ 6,662,167	\$ (8,076,454)	\$ 15,844,773
County's covered payroll	\$90,801,800	\$86,485,125	\$85,863,203	\$ 78,638,685	\$75,432,100	\$70,704,901
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage						
of its covered payroll	37.96%	25.57%	34.99%	8.47%	-10.71%	22.41%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage						
of the total pension liability	91.53%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

 $^{^{*}}$ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 7,849,186	\$ 7,093,175	\$ 6,490,333	\$ 5,724,654	\$ 5,658,901	\$ 5,408,309
contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	7,849,186 \$ -	7,093,175 \$ -	6,490,333 \$ -	5,724,654 \$ -	5,658,901 \$ -	5,408,309 \$ -
County's covered payroll	\$ 97,617,233	\$ 90,801,800	\$ 86,485,125	\$ 85,863,203	\$ 78,638,685	\$ 75,432,100
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.04%	7.81%	7.50%	6.67%	7.20%	7.17%

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REGISTERS OF DEEDS' SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION FUND LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS *

	2019	 2018	 2017 2016		_	2015		2014	
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) %	-2.630%	-2.746%	-2.747%		-2.600%		-2.496%		-2.590%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) \$	\$ (435,537)	\$ (468,669)	\$ (513,646)	\$	(602,489)	\$	(565,854)	\$	(553,265)
County's covered payroll	\$ 86,679	\$ 82,738	\$ 80,090	\$	72,354	\$	57,965	\$	59,450
County's proportionate share of the net pension	on								
liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-502.47%	-566.45%	-641.34%		-832.70%		-976.20%		-930.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	153.31%	153.77%	160.17%		197.29%		193.88%		190.50%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS REGISTERS OF DEEDS' SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION FUND LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS *

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 7,420	\$ 6,780	\$ 6,056	\$ 5,406	\$ 5,115	\$ 4,098
contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	21,861 \$ (14,441)	22,503 \$ (15,723)	23,856 \$ (17,800)	22,444 \$ (17,038)	20,804 \$ (15,689)	20,383 \$ (16,285)
County's covered payroll	\$ 95,011	\$ 89,679	\$ 82,738	\$ 80,090	\$ 72,354	\$ 57,965
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	23.01%	25.09%	28.83%	28.02%	28.75%	35.16%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SEPERATION ALLOWANCE LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	2019		2018		2017	
Beginning balance	\$	10,390,651	\$	9,025,548	\$	8,764,750
Service cost		614,883		512,697		525,336
Interest on the total pension liability		322,043		341,465		306,832
Differences between expected and actual experience in the						
measurement of the total pension liability		544,177		160,396		-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(463,105)		709,164		(231,341)
Benefit payments		(398,812)		(358,619)		(340,029)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	11,009,837	\$	10,390,651	\$	9,025,548

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SEPERATION ALLOWANCE LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	2019			2018	2017		
Total pension liability	Ś	11,009,837	Ś	10,390,651	Ś	9,025,548	
Covered payroll	•	23,222,223		21,990,856	•	21,309,047	
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		47.41%		47.25%		42.36%	

Notes to the schedules:

New Hanover County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

Total OPEB Liability	_	2019		2018
Service cost	\$	16,612,112	\$	19,209,269
Interest		11,388,098		10,060,854
Differences between expected and actual experience		32,549,043		747,780
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(30,866,839)		(40,871,684)
Benefit payments		(3,117,721)		(3,887,607)
Net change in total OPEB liability		26,564,693		(14,741,388)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		321,435,633		336,177,021
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	348,000,326	\$	321,435,633
Covered payroll	\$	83,418,661	\$	75,788,365
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		417.17%		424.12%

Note to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>
2017	3.01%
2018	3.56%
2019	3.89%

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets:							
Cash and investments	\$	7,843,911	\$	7,893,966	\$	15,737,877	
Restricted cash		72,376		160,519		232,895	
Receivables:							
Intergovernmental		923,970		687,265		1,611,235	
Other sources, net		353,135		253		353,388	
Inventory		21,956		-		21,956	
Prepaids		15,959	_			15,959	
Total assets	\$	9,231,307	\$	8,742,003	\$	17,973,310	
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	568,400	\$	842,847	\$	1,411,247	
Interfund loans			_	3,094,731		3,094,731	
Total liabilities		568,400	_	3,937,578	_	4,505,978	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Taxes receivable		138,234		-		138,234	
Total deferred inflows of resources		138,234		-		138,234	
Fund Balances: Non-spendable Restricted:		15,959		-		15,959	
Stabilization for State statute		1,371,307		2,157,554		3,528,861	
Restricted, all other		7,052,200		7,625,897		14,678,097	
Committed		-		37,734		37,734	
Assigned		85,207		-		85,207	
Unassigned				(5,016,760)		(5,016,760)	
Total fund balances		8,524,673		4,804,425	_	13,329,098	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	9,231,307	\$	8,742,003	\$	17,973,310	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues:	_		_		_	
Taxes	\$	14,296,821	\$	-	\$	14,296,821
Intergovernmental revenues		1 007 750		3,071,519		3,071,519
Charges for services		1,907,759		- 79,282		1,907,759
Investment earnings		199,847		79,262		279,129
Miscellaneous	_	54,169				54,169
Total revenues	_	16,458,596		3,150,801		19,609,397
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety		13,143,587		-		13,143,587
Culture and recreation		1,603,544		-		1,603,544
Capital outlay		855,637		13,223,910		14,079,547
Debt service:						
Installment debt payments		1,355,603		<u> </u>	_	1,355,603
Total expenditures	_	16,958,371	_	13,223,910		30,182,281
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(499,775)	_	(10,073,109)		(10,572,884)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Long-term debt issued		587,507		365,402		952,909
Sale of capital assets		40,729		-		40,729
Transfers to other funds		(250,925)		(42,510)		(293,435)
Transfers from other funds		1,146,381		8,650,372		9,796,753
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	1,523,692		8,973,264		10,496,956
Net change in fund balances		1,023,917		(1,099,845)		(75,928)
Fund Balances:						
Beginning of year - July 1		7,500,756		5,904,270		13,405,026
End of year - June 30	\$	8,524,673	\$	4,804,425	\$	13,329,098

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Fire District			ocal Law forcement Block Grant		Emergency Telephone System Grant		Revolving Loan Program
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	2,431,585	\$	16,675	\$	495,345	\$	85,207
Restricted cash		-		-		-		-
Receivables:								
Intergovernmental		923,970		-		-		-
Other sources, net		223,072		-		48,876		-
Inventory		-		-		-		-
Prepaids	<u>.</u>	2 570 627	<u>~</u>	16.675	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	\$	95 207
Total assets	\$	3,578,627	\$	16,675	\$	544,221	<u>></u>	85,207
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	403,868	\$		\$	44,889	\$	_
Total liabilities		403,868				44,889		_
Deferred Inflows of Resources Taxes receivable		120 224						
		138,234			_			<u>-</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources		138,234						
Fund Balances: Non-spendable: Inventory								
Prepaids		_		_		_		_
Restricted:								
Stabilization for State statute		1,235,322		_		54,798		_
Restricted, all other		1,801,203		16,675		444,534		-
Assigned		-		-		-		85,207
Total fund balances	_	3,036,525	_	16,675		499,332		85,207
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,								
and fund balances	\$	3,578,627	\$	16,675	\$	544,221	\$	85,207

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Co	Parks onservancy of NHC		lie Gardens oundation, Inc.	<u>_</u> F	Public Health Coundation		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue vernmental Funds
Assets:	۲		<u>۲</u>	4 04 5 000	۲.		Ļ	7 0 4 2 0 4 4
Cash and investments Restricted cash	\$	- - EO 042	\$	4,815,099	\$	- 21 E22	\$	7,843,911 72,376
Receivables:		50,843		-		21,533		72,370
Intergovernmental		_		_		_		923,970
Other sources, net		_		81,187		-		353,135
Inventory		_		21,956		-		21,956
Prepaids		-		15,959		-		15,959
Total assets	\$	50,843	\$	4,934,201	\$	21,533	\$	9,231,307
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	119,643	\$	-	\$	568,400
Total liabilities				119,643				568,400
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Taxes receivable		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		_		138,234
Total deferred inflows of resources								138,234
Fund Balances:								
Non-spendable:								
		-		21,956				
Prepaids		-		15,959		-		15,959
Restricted:								
Stabilization for State statute		-		81,187		-		1,371,307
Restricted, all other		50,843		4,717,412		21,533		7,052,200
Committed				4 04 4 550		24 522		85,207
Total fund balances		50,843		4,814,558		21,533		8,524,673
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources		50.045		4.024.22		24 525		0.224.22=
and fund balances	\$	50,843	\$	4,934,201	\$	21,533	\$	9,231,307

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Fire District	Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	Emergency Telephone System Grant	Revolving Loan Program
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem, including interest	\$ 10,424,345	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other taxes	3,285,962		586,514	
Total taxes	13,710,307	-	586,514	-
Charges for services	64,689	-	-	-
Investment earnings	39,018	275	7,730	1,369
Miscellaneous	26,448			4,900
Total revenues	13,840,462	275	594,244	6,269
Expenditures: Current:				
Operating costs	12,441,785	-	701,702	-
Capital outlay	855,637	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Installment debt payments	1,355,603			
Total expenditures	14,653,025		701,702	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(812,563)	275	(107,458)	6,269
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Long-term debt issued	587,507	-	-	-
Insurance claim proceeds	40,729	-	-	-
Transfer to other funds	(250,925)	-	-	-
Transfer from other funds	1,146,381			
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,523,692			
Net change in fund balances	711,129	275	(107,458)	6,269
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of year - July 1	2,325,396	16,400	606,790	78,938
End of year - June 30	\$ 3,036,525	\$ 16,675	\$ 499,332	\$ 85,207

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Parks Conserva of NHO	ncy	Airlie Gardei Foundation Inc.		Public Health Foundation		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue vernmental Funds
Revenues:							
Taxes:	¢		<u> </u>			<u>,</u>	40 424 245
Ad valorem, including interest	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	10,424,345
Other taxes		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-		3,872,476
Total taxes Charges for services		-	1,843,07	- 70	-		14,296,821 1,907,759
Investment earnings		43	1,043,07		-		1,907,739
Miscellaneous	22	,821	131,4.	-	_		54,169
Total revenues		,864	1,994,48	— – 82			16,458,596
Total revenues		,,001	1,551,10				10, 130,330
Expenditures: Current:							
Operating costs	9	,808,	1,593,73	36	100		14,747,131
Capital outlay Debt service:		-		-	-		855,637
Installment debt payments			-		_		1,355,603
Total expenditures	9	,808,	1,593,73	36	100		16,958,371
Revenues over (under) expenditures	13	,056	400,74	46	(100)		(499,775)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		-					
Long-term debt issued		-		-	-		587,507
Sale of capital assets		-		-	-		40,729
Transfer to other funds		-		-	-		(250,925)
Transfer from other funds							1,146,381
Total other financing sources (uses)							1,523,692
Net change in fund balances	13	,056	400,74	46	(100)		1,023,917
Fund Balances: Beginning of year - July 1	37	,787	4,413,83	<u> 12</u> _	21,633		7,500,756
End of year - June 30	\$ 50	,843	\$ 4,814,55	<u>58</u> \$	21,533	\$	8,524,673

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Juvenille Justice Facility Capital Project	N	leritage Park Marquis Hills Capital Project	Ca	Public School Building pital Fund Capital Project		Pine Valley Branch Library Capital Project	Controlled Substance Tax Capital Project		Federal Forfeited Property Capital Project		Masons Inlet Relocation Capital Project	
Assets:													
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$	24,321	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41,544	\$	164,511	\$	7,609,176
Restricted cash	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables:													
Intergovernmental	-		-		687,265		-		-		-		-
Other sources					<u> </u>	_		_	253	_			<u>-</u>
Total assets	\$ -	\$	24,321	\$	687,265	\$		\$	41,797	\$	164,511	\$	7,609,176
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:													
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 236,657	Ś	_	\$	3,898	\$	454,884	Ś	179	\$	_	\$	42,035
Interfund loans	743,838	,	-	,	683,367	*	694,165	,	-	•	-	,	-
Total liabilities	980,495		-		687,265		1,149,049	_	179	_	-		42,035
Fund Balances: Restricted:													
Stabilization for State statute	511,186		-		687,265		30,400		253		-		331,960
Restricted, all other	-		24,321		-		-		41,365		164,511		7,235,181
Committed	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned	(1,491,681)		-		(687,265)		(1,179,449)		_		_		-
Total fund balances	(980,495)		24,321		-	_	(1,149,049)	_	41,618	_	164,511		7,567,141
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ -	\$	24,321	\$	687,265	\$		\$	41,797	\$	164,511	\$	7,609,176

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Bike/ Pedestrian Paths Capital Project	Cobb Annex Repairs Capital Project	320 Chestnut Street Renovation Capital Project	Capital Improvement Projects Capital Project	Special Fire District Revenue Improvement Projects Capital Project	Special Fire District Revenue Ogden Fire Station Capital Project	Healing Transition Facility Capital Project	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Governmental Funds
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,068	\$ 46,346	\$ -	\$ 7,893,966
Restricted cash	-	60,669	99,850	-	-	-	-	160,519
Receivables:								
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	687,265
Other sources								253
Total assets	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 60,669	\$ 99,850	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 8,068	\$ 46,346	\$ -	\$ 8,742,003
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued								
liabilities	\$ 2,420	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 87,743	\$ -	\$ 15,000	\$ 31	\$ 842,847
Interfund loans	377,110			354,747			241,504	3,094,731
Total liabilities	379,530			442,490		15,000	241,535	3,937,578
Fund Balances:								
Restricted:	4 702			500 407		4.600		2.457.554
Stabilization for State statute	4,703	-	-	590,107	-	1,680	-	2,157,554
Restricted, all other	-	60,669	99,850	-	-	-	-	7,625,897
Committed Unassigned	(20/ 222)	-	-	- (1 022 E07)	8,068	29,666	(241 525)	37,734
Total fund balances	(384,233)		99,850	(1,032,597)	8,068	31,346	(241,535)	
rotal rund balances	(379,530)	60,669	99,850	(442,490)	8,068	31,346	(241,535)	4,804,425
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 60,669	\$ 99,850	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 8,068	\$ 46,346	\$ -	\$ 8,742,003

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Juvenille Justice Facility Capital Project	Justice Marquis Facility Hills Capital Capital		Pine Valley Branch Library Capital Project	Controlled Substance Tax Capital Project	Federal Forfeited Property Capital Project	Masons Inlet Relocation Capital Project
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,750,417		\$ 82,884	\$ 238,218	
Investment earnings				144	563	4,065	69,090
Total revenues			1,750,417	150,144	83,447	242,283	69,090
Expenditures: Supplies	-	-	-	-	76,482	78,946	-
Capital outlay	980,495	17,068	1,750,417	3,699,885	5,156	92,414	291,022
Contracted services						44,071	
Total expenditures	980,495	17,068	1,750,417	3,699,885	81,638	215,431	291,022
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(980,495)	(17,068)		(3,549,741)	1,809	26,852	(221,932)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Long-term debt issued	-	365,402	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	(42,510)	-
Transfers from other funds							6,505,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	365,402	-	-	-	(42,510)	6,505,000
Net change in fund balances	(980,495)	348,334	-	(3,549,741)	1,809	(15,658)	6,283,068
Fund Balances:							
Beginning of year - July 1		(324,013)		2,400,692	39,809	180,169	1,284,073
End of year - June 30	\$ (980,495)	\$ 24,321	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ (1,149,049)	\$ 41,618	\$ 164,511	\$ 7,567,141

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Bike/ Pedestrian Paths Capital Project	Cobb Annex Repairs Capital Project	320 Chestnut Street Renovation Capital Project	Capital Improvement Projects Capital Project	Special Fire District Revenue Improvement Projects Capital Project	Special Fire District Revenue Ogden Fire Station Capital Project	Healing Transition Facility Capital Project	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Governmental Funds
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 850,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,071,519
Investment earnings		1,376	1,900	1,843	133	168		79,282
Total revenues		1,376	1,900	851,843	133	168		3,150,801
Expenditures:								
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	155,428
Capital outlay	758,693	7,000	-	3,373,594	-	1,833,538	215,129	13,024,411
Contracted services								44,071
Total expenditures	758,693	7,000		3,373,594		1,833,538	215,129	13,223,910
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(758,693)	(5,624)	1,900	(2,521,751)	133	(1,833,370)	(215,129)	(10,073,109)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Long-term debt issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	365,402
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(42,510)
Transfers from other funds	675,373			1,469,999				8,650,372
Total other financing sources (uses)	675,373			1,469,999				8,973,264
Net change in fund balances	(83,320)	(5,624)	1,900	(1,051,752)	133	(1,833,370)	(215,129)	(1,099,845)
Fund Balances:								
Beginning of year - July 1	(296,210)	66,293	97,950	609,262	7,935	1,864,716	(26,406)	5,904,270
End of year - June 30	\$ (379,530)	\$ 60,669	\$ 99,850	\$ (442,490)	\$ 8,068	\$ 31,346	\$ (241,535)	\$ 4,804,425

GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	_	2018
Assets:	¢ 00.262.002	,	06 405 430
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 80,262,003	\$	96,105,120
	2 004 721		215 120
Interfund loans	3,094,731		315,139
Intergovernmental Other sources not	24,413,666		23,126,664
Other sources, net	4,499,411		4,208,973
Due from component units	504,049		452,982
Inventory	9,929		8,130
Prepaids	85,674	-	104,643
Total assets	\$ 112,869,463	\$	124,321,651
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 12,665,021	\$	11,998,884
Advances from grantor	405,956		243,622
-			
Total liabilities	13,070,977		12,242,506
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Prepaid property taxes not yet earned	339,869		2,278,270
Taxes receivable	1,879,091		2,361,907
Special assessments receivable	-		1,796
Scattered site/SARF receivables	132,981		230,667
Health PCM receivable	47,305		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,399,246	_	4,872,640
Fund Balances:			
Non-spendable:			
Inventory	9,929		8,130
Prepaids	85,674		104,643
Restricted:	03,074		104,043
Stabilization for State statute	34,445,640		27,479,682
Register of Deeds	271,537		388,944
Committed:	271,337		300,344
LEO Special Separation Allowance	3,391,592		3,001,121
Assigned:			
Subsequent years' expenditures	2,237,481		7,543,023
Post-employment benefits	4,300,000		4,300,000
Capital improvement plan	750		1,925,750
Public schools	-		627,478
Unassigned	52,656,637	_	61,827,734
Total fund balances	97,399,240		107,206,505
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 112,869,463	\$	124,321,651

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	_		2018	
	Final		Variance	
	Budget	Actual	Over/Under	Actual
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 167,132,554	\$ 170,067,117	\$ 2,934,563	\$ 171,327,336
Other	66,992,690	66,994,670	1,980	73,914,010
Total taxes	234,125,244	237,061,787	2,936,543	245,241,346
Special assessments	-	-	-	10,270
Intergovernmental revenue	41,022,988	44,923,524	3,900,536	34,998,740
Charges for services	12,254,306	11,878,928	(375,378)	11,278,589
Investment earnings	888,150	1,985,146	1,096,996	1,369,416
Miscellaneous	1,355,895	722,342	(633,553)	585,368
Total revenues	289,646,583	296,571,727	6,925,144	293,483,729
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	46,330,647	44,044,846	2,285,801	44,529,458
Human services	55,399,396	51,412,360	3,987,036	50,947,296
Public safety	79,372,600	73,763,958	5,608,642	62,310,618
Economic and physical development	2,170,446	1,789,784	380,662	2,192,132
Culture and recreation	14,214,947	13,085,516	1,129,431	11,777,988
Education - community college	10,852,593	10,852,593	-	10,862,177
Education - public schools	82,521,692	82,521,692		
Total expenditures	290,862,321	277,470,749	13,391,572	182,619,669
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,215,738)	19,100,978	20,316,716	110,864,060
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Long term debt issued	3,255,094	3,177,967	(77,127)	-
Sales of capital assets	675,000	73,581	(601,419)	39,497
Insurance claim proceeds	401,226	524,497	123,271	58,399
Transfers from other funds	1,025,740	943,435	(82,305)	55,212
Transfer to other funds	(36,851,438)	(32,983,451)	3,867,987	(111,798,113)
Appropriated fund balance	32,710,116		(32,710,116)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,215,738	(28,263,971)	(29,479,709)	(111,645,005)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	(9,162,993)	\$ (9,162,993)	(780,945)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of year - July 1		106,579,027		107,359,972
End of year - June 30		\$ 97,416,034		\$ 106,579,027

PUBLIC SCHOOLS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		2019		2018
	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual
Revenues:				
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 5,728	\$ 5,728	\$ 2,552
Total revenues		5,728	5,728	2,552
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Payments to schools:				
Operating expenditures	-	-	-	75,141,652
Capital expenditures				2,100,000
Total expenditures				77,241,652
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	5,728	5,728	(77,239,100)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-	77,404,250
Transfer to other funds	(650,000)	(650,000)	-	-
Appropriated fund balance	650,000		(650,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(650,000)	(650,000)	77,404,250
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(644,272)	\$ (644,272)	165,150
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year - July 1		627,478		462,328
End of year - June 30		\$ (16,794)		\$ 627,478

DEBT SERVICE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

		2019		2018
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$	2,977,424	\$	5,307,124
Receivables:				
Intergovernmental		4,022,927		-
Other sources, net		131,784		132,275
Total assets	\$	7,132,135	\$	5,439,399
Liabilities and Fund Balance:				
Liabilities:	<u>,</u>		4	760
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$		\$	768
Total liabilities				768
Fund Balance:				
Restricted:				
Stabilization by State statute		4,154,711		132,275
Committed:				
Debt service		-		4,967,820
Assigned:				
Subsequent years' expenditures		5,184,948		338,536
Unassigned		(2,207,524)		_
Total fund balance		7,132,135		5,438,631
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	7,132,135	\$	5,439,399

DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	2019						2018	
	Final		Variance					
	Budget	Ad	ctual	Ov	er/Under		Actual	
Revenues:								
Taxes:								
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 21,950,6	20 \$ 22	,342,017	\$	391,397	\$	21,846,419	
Other	13,986,1	.04 14	,407,266		421,162		<u> </u>	
Total taxes	35,936,7	24 36	,749,283		812,559		21,846,419	
Intergovernmental revenue	3,946,9	15 3	,952,257		5,342		4,753,287	
Investment earnings		<u>-</u>	9,349		9,349		5,779	
Total revenues	39,883,6	39 40	,710,889		827,250		26,605,485	
Expenditures:								
Debt service:								
Principal	29,715,0	000 29	,715,000		-		28,895,000	
Interest and fees	13,852,8	87 13	,474,353		378,534		12,803,143	
Installment lease payments	11,378,1	.92 10	,551,936		826,256		12,908,701	
Total expenditures	54,946,0	79 53	,741,289		1,204,790		54,606,844	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(15,062,4	40) (13	,030,400)		2,032,040		(28,001,359)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfer from other funds	14,723,9	004 14	,723,904		-		31,012,562	
Appropriated fund balance	338,5	36			(338,536)		<u> </u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)	15,062,4	40 14	,723,904		(338,536)		31,012,562	
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u>-</u> 1	,693,504	\$	1,693,504		3,011,203	
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year - July 1		5	,438,631				2,427,428	
End of year - June 30		\$ 7	,132,135			\$	5,438,631	

ROOM OCCUPANCY TAX FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

		2019		2018
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$	41,875,001	\$	37,172,118
Receivables:				
Other sources, net		1,246,018		1,156,015
Total assets	\$	43,121,019	\$	38,328,133
Liabilities and Fund Balance:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	66,473
Due to component unit		748,738		677,047
Total liabilities		748,738		743,520
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Taxes receivable		(3,827)		(6,248)
Special assessments receivable		272,518		59,409
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	268,691	_	53,161
Fund Balance:				
Restricted:				
Economic and physical development		40,683,094		35,962,577
Stabilization by State statute		1,420,496		1,568,875
Total fund balance		42,103,590	_	37,531,452
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	43,121,019	\$	38,328,133

ROOM OCCUPANCY TAX FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		2019				2018
	Final Budget	Actual	c	Variance ver/Under		Actual
Revenues:					· ·	
Room occupancy taxes	\$ 6,919,950	\$ 7,152,943	\$	232,993	\$	6,022,051
Special assessments	2,656,750	3,526,540		869,790		97,662
Intergovernmental revenue	3,430,000	3,290,000		(140,000)		1,368,672
Investment earnings	 -	665,851		665,851		455,771
Total revenues	 13,006,700	 14,635,334		1,628,634		7,944,156
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Collection fee to New Hanover County	96,250	91,750		4,500		111,926
Tourism distributions to TDA						
and municipalities	3,469,764	3,159,795		309,969		2,674,869
Erosion control	 3,401,707	 306,651		3,095,056		9,044,086
Total expenditures	 6,967,721	 3,558,196		3,409,525		11,830,881
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 6,038,979	 11,077,138		5,038,159		(3,886,725)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Appropriated fund balance	466,021	-		(466,021)		-
Transfer to other funds	 (6,505,000)	 (6,505,000)		-		(215,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (6,038,979)	 (6,505,000)		(466,021)		(215,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	4,572,138	\$	4,572,138		(4,101,725)
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year - July 1		 37,531,452			_	41,633,177
End of year - June 30		\$ 42,103,590			\$	37,531,452

SPECIAL FIRE DISTRICT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	 2019		2018
Assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 2,431,585	\$	2,028,065
Receivables:			
Intergovernmental	923,970		652,540
Other sources, net	 223,072		223,783
Total assets	\$ 3,578,627	\$	2,904,388
Liabilities and Fund Balance:			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 403,868	\$	434,841
Total liabilities	 403,868		434,841
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Taxes receivable	138,234		144,151
Total deferred inflows of resources	138,234		144,151
Fund Balance:			
Restricted:			
Stabilization by State statute	1,235,322		763,686
Public safety	1,801,203		1,561,710
Total fund balance	 3,036,525		2,325,396
	 , ,	-	,,
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$ 3,578,627	\$	2,904,388

SPECIAL FIRE DISTRICT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

				2019				2018
		Final			,	Variance		
		Budget		Actual	O	ver/Under		Actual
Revenues:								
Ad valorem taxes, including interest	\$	10,195,643	\$	10,424,345	\$	228,702	\$	10,133,345
Other taxes	•	3,342,948	•	3,285,962	•	(56,986)	·	2,495,916
Miscellaneous		-		26,448		26,448		20,434
Intergovernmental revenue		30,000		-		(30,000)		5,200
Charges for services		75,474		64,689		(10,785)		74,305
Investment earnings		12,560		39,018		26,458		22,537
Total revenues	_	13,656,625	_	13,840,462		183,837		12,751,737
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Operating expenditures		12,906,462		12,441,785		464,677		12,360,191
Capital outlay		1,027,079		855,637		171,442		1,685,595
Installment debt payments		1,397,054		1,355,603		41,451		619,851
Total expenditures	_	15,330,595		14,653,025		677,570	_	14,665,637
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,673,970)		(812,563)		861,407		(1,913,900)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Appropriated fund balance		153,514		-		(153,514)		-
Long-term debt issued		625,000		587,507		(37,493)		1,420,020
Sale of capital assets		-		-		-		18,225
Insurance claim proceeds		-		40,729		-		-
Transfer from other funds		1,146,381		1,146,381		-		1,378,721
Transfer to other funds		(250,925)		(250,925)		_		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	1,673,970		1,523,692		(150,278)		2,816,966
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		711,129	\$	711,129		903,066
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year - July 1				2,325,396				1,422,330
End of year - June 30			\$	3,036,525			\$	2,325,396

LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019			2018
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$	16,675	\$	16,400
Total assets	\$	16,675	\$	16,400
				_
Liabilities and Fund Balance:				
Fund Balance:				
Restricted:				
Public safety	\$	16,675	\$	16,400
Total fund balance		16,675		16,400
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	16,675	\$	16,400

LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS F(me.

	2019						2018	
		Final Budget Actual		Variance Over/Under			Actual	
Revenues:				<u> </u>		<u>., </u>		
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	89,784	\$	-	\$	(89,784)	\$	-
Investment earnings				275		275		176
Total revenues		89,784		275		(89,509)		176
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Operating expenditures		89,784				89,784		-
Total expenditures		89,784				89,784		-
Revenues over (under) expenditures				275		275		176
Net change in fund balance	\$			275	\$	275		176
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year - July 1				16,400			_	16,224
End of year - June 30			\$	16,675			\$	16,400

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND - ARTICLE 3 COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019			2018		
Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	495,345	\$	654,391		
Receivables:						
Other sources, net		48,876		78,350		
Total assets	\$	544,221	\$	732,741		
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	44,889	\$	125,951		
Total liabilities		44,889		125,951		
Fund Balance:						
Restricted:						
Public safety		444,534		517,140		
Stabilization by State statute		54,798		89,650		
Total fund balance		499,332		606,790		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	544,221	\$	732,741		

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND - ARTICLE 3
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		2018		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual
Revenues:				
Other taxes	\$ 728,407	\$ 586,514	\$ (141,893)	\$ 563,311
Investment earnings		7,730	7,730	6,807
Total revenues	728,407	594,244	(134,163)	570,118
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Operating expenditures	890,333	701,702	188,631	587,338
Capital outlay	203,808		203,808	107,882
Total expenditures	1,094,141	701,702	392,439	695,220
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(365,734)	(107,458)	258,276	(125,102)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Appropriated fund balance	365,734		(365,734)	
Transfer to other funds		<u> </u>		
Total other financing sources (uses)	365,734		(365,734)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(107,458)	\$ (107,458)	(125,102)
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year - July 1		606,790		731,892
End of year - June 30		\$ 499,332		\$ 606,790

REVOLVING LOAN PROGRAM COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019			2018
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$	85,207	\$	78,938
Total assets	\$	85,207	\$	78,938
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Fund Balance: Assigned:				
Revolving loans	\$	85,207	\$	78,938
Total fund balance		85,207		78,938
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	85,207	\$	78,938

REVOLVING LOAN PROGRAM

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	2019						2018		
	Final				Variance			_	
		Budget		Actual	Ov	er/Under		Actual	
Revenues:									
Miscellaneous revenue	\$	10,000	\$	4,900	\$	(5,100)	\$	5,793	
Investment earnings		-		1,369		1,369		819	
Total revenues		10,000		6,269		(3,731)		6,612	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Operating expenditures		24,000		-		24,000		-	
Total expenditures		24,000				24,000			
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(14,000)		6,269		20,269		6,612	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Appropriated fund balance		14,000				(14,000)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		14,000		<u>-</u>		(14,000)			
Net change in fund balance	\$			6,269	\$	6,269		6,612	
Fund Balance:									
Beginning of year - July 1				78,938				72,326	
End of year - June 30			\$	85,207			\$	78,938	

PARKS CONSERVANCY OF NEW HANOVER COUNTY COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019			2018
Assets:				
Restricted cash	\$	50,843	\$	37,787
Total assets	\$	50,843	\$	37,787
Liabilities and Fund Balance:				
Fund Balance:				
Restricted:				
Culture and recreation	\$	50,843	\$	37,787
Total fund balance		50,843		37,787
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	50,843	\$	37,787

PARKS CONSERVANCY OF NEW HANOVER COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	2019					2018
	Final			Variance		
	Budget		Actual	Over/Under		Actual
Revenues:						
Contributions	\$	- \$	22,821	\$ 22,821	\$	34,964
Investment earnings		<u>-</u> _	43	43		11
Total revenues			22,864	22,864		34,975
Expenditures:						
Current:			0.000	(0.000)		0.000
Operating expenditures			9,808	(9,808)		8,938
Total expenditures			9,808	(9,808)		8,938
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	<u>-</u>	13,056	\$ 13,056		26,037
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year - July 1			37,787			11,750
End of year - June 30		\$	50,843		\$	37,787

AIRLIE GARDENS FOUNDATION, INC. COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019			2018	
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	4,815,099	\$	4,538,744	
Receivables:					
Other sources, net		81,187		6,642	
Inventory		21,956		-	
Prepaids		15,959		500	
Total assets	\$	4,934,201	\$	4,545,886	
Liabilities and Fund Balance:					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	119,643	\$	132,074	
Total liabilities		119,643		132,074	
Fund Balance:					
Non-spendable:					
Inventory		21,956		-	
Prepaids		15,959		500	
Restricted:		,			
Culture and recreation		4,717,412		4,406,670	
Stabilization by State statute		81,187		6,642	
Total fund balance		4,814,558		4,413,812	
Takel liels liking and found belongs	\$	4,934,201	\$	4,545,886	
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>ې</u>	4,334,201	۲	4,343,000	

AIRLIE GARDENS FOUNDATION, INC.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	2019					2018		
	Final		Final		Variance	,		
	Budget		Actual		ver/Under		Actual	
Revenues:								
Public support and revenue	\$	- \$	1,843,070	\$	1,843,070	\$	1,681,816	
Investment earnings		<u>-</u>	151,412		151,412		316,778	
Total revenues			1,994,482		1,994,482		1,998,594	
Expenditures: Current:								
Operating expenditures		-	1,593,736		(1,593,736)		1,365,048	
Total expenditures			1,593,736		(1,593,736)		1,365,048	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	<u>-</u>	400,746	\$	400,746		633,546	
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year - July 1		_	4,413,812				3,780,266	
End of year - June 30		\$	4,814,558			\$	4,413,812	

PUBLIC HEALTH FOUNDATION COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019		2018	
Assets:				
Restricted cash	\$	21,533	\$	21,633
Total assets	\$	21,533	\$	21,633
Liabilities and Fund Balance:				
Fund Balance:				
Restricted:				
Human services	\$	21,533	\$	21,633
Total fund balance		21,533		21,633
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	21,533	\$	21,633

PUBLIC HEALTH FOUNDATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		2019		2018
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual
Revenues:				
Contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total revenues				
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Operating expenditures		100	(100)	100
Total expenditures		100	(100)	100
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	(100)	\$ (100)	(100)
Fund Balance:		24.522		24 722
Beginning of year - July 1		21,633		21,733
End of year - June 30		\$ 21,533		\$ 21,633

\$164 MILLION CFCC BOND EXPENDITURE CAPITAL PROJECT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	 2019	 2018
Assets:		
Restricted cash	\$ 1,738,187	\$ 5,062,741
Total assets	\$ 1,738,187	\$ 5,062,741
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 632,310	\$ 700,620
Total liabilities	 632,310	 700,620
Fund Balance: Restricted:		
Education	1,105,877	 4,362,121
Total fund balance	 1,105,877	 4,362,121
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 1,738,187	\$ 5,062,741

\$164 MILLION CFCC BOND EXPENDITURE CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Actual					
	Project		F	Prior		Current	Total	
	Aut	horization	Y	Years		Year	to Date	
Revenues:								
Investment earnings	\$	317,488	\$	496,074	\$	67,021	\$	563,095
Total		317,488		496,074		67,021		563,095
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay:								
Bond issuance costs		-		57,744		-		57,744
Construction	16	57,237,727	162	2,996,447		3,323,265		166,319,712
Total expenditures	16	57,237,727	163	3,054,191		3,323,265	:	166,377,456
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(16	56,920,239)	(162	2,558,117 <u>)</u>		(3,256,244)	(:	165,814,361)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Long-term debt issued	16	54,000,000	156	5,411,254		-		156,411,254
Premium on long-term debt issued		6,874,447	14	,463,192		-		14,463,192
Transfer to other funds		(3,954,208)	(3	<u>,954,208</u>)				(3,954,208)
Total other financing sources (uses)	16	56,920,239	166	5,920,238		<u>-</u>	:	166,920,238
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>		\$ 4	<u>1,362,121</u>		(3,256,244)	\$	1,105,877
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year - July 1						4,362,121		
End of year - June 30					\$	1,105,877		

\$160M SCHOOL BOND EXPENDITURE CAPITAL PROJECT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

		2019		2018
Assets:				
Restricted cash and investments	\$	48,212,663	\$	11,527,670
Receivables:				
Intergovernmental	_	608,253	_	348,835
Total assets	\$	48,820,916	\$	11,876,505
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities:				
	\$	5,779,795	\$	5,307,676
Accounts payable	y		<u>ې</u>	
Total liabilities		5,779,795	-	5,307,676
Fund Balance:				
Restricted:				
Stabilization by State statute		608,253		-
Education		42,432,868		6,568,829
Total fund balance	_	43,041,121		6,568,829
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	48,820,916	\$	11,876,505

\$160M SCHOOL BOND EXPENDITURE CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Actual		
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date	
Revenues:					
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 453,930	\$ 944,667	\$ 1,398,597	
Total revenues		453,930	944,667	1,398,597	
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay:					
Bond issuance cost	-	208,595	158,177	366,772	
Construction	161,617,300	84,511,673	35,483,848	119,995,521	
Total expenditures	161,617,300	84,720,268	35,642,025	120,362,293	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(161,617,300)	(84,266,338)	(34,697,358)	(118,963,696)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Long-term debt issued	160,000,000	81,270,000	65,970,000	147,240,000	
Premiums on long-term debt issued	-	7,947,867	5,199,650	13,147,517	
Transfers from other funds	1,617,300	1,617,300		1,617,300	
Transfers to other funds					
Total other financing sources (uses)	161,617,300	90,835,167	71,169,650	162,004,817	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 6,568,829	36,472,292	\$ 43,041,121	
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year - July 1			6,568,829		
End of year - June 30			\$ 43,041,121		

JUVENILE JUSTICE FACILITY CAPITAL PROJECT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018
Assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ -
Total assets	\$ -	\$ -
Liabilities and Fund Balance:		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 236,657	\$ -
Interfund loan	743,838	
Total liabilities	980,495	
Fund Balance:		
Restricted:		
Stabilization by State statute	511,186	-
Unassigned	(1,491,681)	
Total fund balance	(980,495)	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ -	\$ -

JUVENILE JUSTICE FACILITY CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Actual	
	Project	Prior	Current	Total
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay:				
Construction	\$ 1,500,000	\$ -	\$ 980,495	\$ 980,495
Total expenditures	1,500,000		980,495	980,495
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,500,000)	-	(980,495)	(980,495)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Long-term debt issued	1,500,000			
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,500,000	-	-	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	(980,495)	\$ (980,495)
-				
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year - July 1			-	
End of year - June 30			\$ (980,495)	
Lina di year dane do			, (,)	

HERITAGE PARK AND MARQUIS HILLS SEWER EXPANSION CAPITAL PROJECT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019		2018	
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$	24,321	\$	24,321
Total assets	\$	24,321	\$	24,321
Liabilities and Fund Balance:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	348,334
Total liabilities				348,334
Fund Balance:				
Restricted:				
General Government		24,321		-
Unassigned		_		(324,013)
Total fund balance		24,321		(324,013)
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	24,321	\$	24,321

HERITAGE PARK AND MARQUIS HILLS SEWER EXPANSION CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Actual					
	Project	Prior	Current	Total			
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date			
Revenues:							
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 507	\$ -	\$ 507			
Total revenues		507		507			
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay:							
Construction	17,301,428	14,099,807	17,068	14,116,875			
Total expenditures	17,301,428	14,099,807	17,068	14,116,875			
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(17,301,428)	(14,099,300)	(17,068)	(14,116,368)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Long-term debt issued	16,962,184	13,436,043	365,402	13,801,445			
Transfers from other funds	339,244	339,244		339,244			
Total other financing sources (uses)	17,301,428	13,775,287	365,402	14,140,689			
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u> _	\$ (324,013)	348,334	\$ 24,321			
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year - July 1			(324,013)				
End of year - June 30			\$ 24,321				

PUBLIC SCHOOL BUILDING CAPITAL FUND CAPITAL PROJECT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018
Assets:		
Cash and investments	\$	- \$ 4,377
Receivables:		
Intergovernmental	687,26	5 508,649
Total assets	\$ 687,26	5 \$ 513,026
Liabilities and Fund Balance:		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 3,89	8 \$ 513,026
Interfund loan	683,36	7
Total liabilities	687,26	5 513,026
Fund Balance:		
Restricted:		
Stabilization by State statute	687,26	5 508,649
Unassigned	(687,26	<u>5</u>) (508,649)
Total fund balance		<u> </u>
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 687,26	5 \$ 513,026

PUBLIC SCHOOL BUILDING CAPITAL FUND CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Actual					
	Project	Prior	Current	Total			
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date			
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 20,727,722	\$ 17,116,582	\$ 1,750,417	\$ 18,866,999			
Total revenues	20,727,722	17,116,582	1,750,417	18,866,999			
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay:							
Construction	20,727,722	17,116,582	1,750,417	18,866,999			
Total expenditures	20,727,722	17,116,582	1,750,417	18,866,999			
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -			
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year - July 1							
End of year - June 30			\$ -				

PINE VALLEY BRANCH LIBRARY CAPITAL PROJECT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

		2019		2018
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	87,500
Restricted cash				2,998,145
Total assets	<u>\$</u>		\$	3,085,645
Liabilities and Fund Balance:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	454,884	\$	684,953
Interfund loan		694,165		
Total liabilities		1,149,049		684,953
Fund Balance:				
Restricted:				
Stabilization by State Statute		30,400		3,783,645
Unassigned		(1,179,449)		(1,382,953)
Total fund balance	_	(1,149,049)		2,400,692
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	3,085,645

PINE VALLEY BRANCH LIBRARY CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

					Actual	
		Project	 Prior		Current	Total
	Αu	thorization	 Years		Year	 to Date
Revenues:						
Contributions	\$	640,000	\$ 490,000	\$	150,000	\$ 640,000
Investment earnings		-	 2,530		144	2,674
Total revenues		640,000	 492,530		150,144	 642,674
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay:						
Construction		6,267,035	 2,521,632		3,699,885	 6,221,517
Total expenditures		6,267,035	 2,521,632		3,699,885	 6,221,517
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(5,627,035)	 (2,029,102)		(3,549,741)	 (5,578,843)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Long-term debt issued		3,958,591	3,961,350		-	3,961,350
Transfers from other funds		468,444	468,444		-	468,444
Gain on disposal of capital assets		1,200,000	 			 -
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,627,035	 4,429,794	-		 4,429,794
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>		\$ 2,400,692		(3,549,741)	\$ (1,149,049)
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year - July 1					2,400,692	
End of year - June 30				\$	(1,149,049)	

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE TAX CAPITAL PROJECT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	 2019		2018
Assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 41,544	\$	57,342
Receivables:			
Other sources	 253		
Total assets	\$ 41,797	\$	57,342
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 179	\$	17,533
Total liabilities	 179		17,533
Fund Balance:			
Restricted: Stabilization for State statute	253		
Public Safety	41,365		39,809
Total fund balance	41,618	_	39,809
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 41,797	\$	57,342

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE TAX CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Actual					
		Project		Prior		Current		Total
	Authorization			Years		Year	to Date	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	1,870,514	\$	1,815,355	\$	82,884	\$	1,898,239
Miscellaneous		50,382		50,382		-		50,382
Investment earnings		30,628		30,213		563		30,776
Total revenues		1,951,524	_	1,895,950		83,447		1,979,397
Expenditures:								
Supplies		1,179,679		1,089,459		76,482		1,165,941
Capital outlay		717,752		712,590		5,156		717,746
Contracted services		20,444		20,443		-		20,443
Total expenditures		1,917,875		1,822,492		81,638		1,904,130
Revenues over (under) expenditures		33,649		73,458		1,809		75,267
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers to other funds		(33,649)		(33,649)		-		(33,649)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(33,649)		(33,649)				(33,649)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	39,809		1,809	\$	41,618
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year - July 1						39,809		
End of year - June 30					\$	41,618		

FEDERAL FORFEITED PROPERTY CAPITAL PROJECT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	 2019	 2018
Assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 164,511	\$ 182,389
Total assets	\$ 164,511	\$ 182,389
Liabilities and Fund Balance:		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 	\$ 2,220
Total liabilities	 -	 2,220
Fund Balance:		
Restricted:		
Public safety	 164,511	 180,169
Total fund balance	 164,511	 180,169
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 164,511	\$ 182,389

FEDERAL FORFEITED PROPERTY CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Actual					
	Project			Prior		Current		Total
	Αι	uthorization		Years		Year		to Date
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	7,541,315	\$	7,333,599	\$	238,218	\$	7,571,817
Miscellaneous		223,735		223,734		-		223,734
Investment earnings		45,699		43,332		4,065		47,397
Total revenues		7,810,749		7,600,665	-	242,283		7,842,948
Expenditures:								
Supplies		1,812,714		1,703,175		78,946		1,782,121
Capital outlay		4,502,025		4,319,927		92,414		4,412,341
Contracted services		343,100		293,719		44,071		337,790
Total expenditures		6,657,839		6,316,821		215,431		6,532,252
Revenues over (under) expenditures		1,152,910		1,283,844		26,852		1,310,696
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers to other funds		(1,220,410)		(1,171,175)		(42,510)		(1,213,685)
Gain on disposal of capital assets		67,500		67,500		-		67,500
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,152,910)		(1,103,675)		(42,510)		(1,146,185)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	180,169		(15,658)	\$	164,511
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year - July 1						180,169		
End of year - June 30					\$	164,511		

MASONS INLET RELOCATION CAPITAL PROJECT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

		2019		2018
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$	7,609,176	\$	1,326,612
Receivables:				
Other sources		-		
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	7,609,176	\$	1,326,612
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	42,035	\$	42,539
Total liabilities	<u>Y</u>	42,035	Ψ	42,539
Total liabilities		42,033		+2,333
Fund Balance:				
Restricted:				
Stabilization by State statute		331,960		78,667
Economic and physical development		7,235,181		1,205,406
Total fund balance		7,567,141		1,284,073
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	7,609,176	\$	1,326,612

MASONS INLET RELOCATION CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Actual				
	Project			Prior	Current		Total to Date	
	Auth	Authorization		Years		Year		
Revenues:								
Investment earnings	\$	100,000	\$	164,978	\$	69,090	\$	234,068
Intergovernmental revenue		1,772,998		1,341,079		-		1,341,079
Contributions		-		214,792		-		214,792
Sales tax refund		162		162				162
Total revenues		1,873,160	_	1,721,011		69,090		1,790,101
Expenditures:								
Land		340,153		340,153				340,153
Construction	2	6,526,128		18,584,906		291,022		18,875,928
Total expenditures		6,866,281		18,925,059		291,022		19,216,081
				_				
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2	4,993,121)		(17,204,048)		(221,932)	_	(17,425,980)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers from other funds	2	4,993,121		18,488,121		6,505,000		24,993,121
Total other financing sources (uses)	2	4,993,121		18,488,121		6,505,000		24,993,121
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	1,284,073		6,283,068	\$	7,567,141
Fund Balance:								
						1 204 072		
Beginning of year - July 1						1,284,073		
End of year - June 30					\$	7,567,141		

PUBLIC HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES FACILITY CAPITAL PROJECT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	 2019		2018
Assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 10,793,762	\$	14,418,871
Total assets	\$ 10,793,762	\$	14,418,871
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 4,418,821	\$	583,484
Total liabilities	4,418,821	_	583,484
Fund Balance:			
Restricted:	6,413,993		390,117
Stabilization by State statute Unassigned	(39,052)		13,445,270
Total fund balance	6,374,941		13,835,387
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 10,793,762	\$	14,418,871

PUBLIC HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES FACILITY CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Actual					
	Project Authorization		Prior		Current		Total		
			 Years	Year			to Date		
Revenues:									
Contributions	\$	1,182,978	\$ 1,182,978	\$	-	\$	1,182,978		
Investment earnings			 85,561	_	257,407		342,968		
Total revenues		1,182,978	 1,268,539	_	257,407	_	1,525,946		
Expenditures:									
Construction	\$	23,359,957	\$ 2,243,157	\$	14,934,853	\$	17,178,010		
Total expenditures		23,359,957	 2,243,157		14,934,853	_	17,178,010		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(22,176,979)	 (974,618)		(14,677,446)		(15,652,064)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers from other funds		2,826,979	2,609,979		217,000		2,826,979		
Gain on disposal of capital assets		19,350,000	12,200,026		7,000,000	_	19,200,026		
Total other financing sources (uses)		22,176,979	 14,810,005		7,217,000		22,027,005		
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	\$ 13,835,387		(7,460,446)	\$	6,374,941		
Fund Balance:									
Beginning of year - July 1				_	13,835,387				
End of year - June 30				\$	6,374,941				

BIKE/PEDESTRIAN PATHS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	 2018
Assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 	\$
Total assets	\$ 	\$
Liabilities and Fund Balance:		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,420	\$ 108,255
Interfund loan	 377,110	 187,955
Total liabilities	 379,530	 296,210
Fund Balance:		
Stabilization for State statute	4,703	168,556
Unassigned	 (384,233)	 (464,766)
Total fund balance	 (379,530)	 (296,210)
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 	\$ _

BIKE/PEDESTRIAN PATHS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Actual						
	Project			Prior		Current		Total	
	Authorization			Years		Year		to Date	
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	1,076,046	\$	235,342	\$	-	\$	235,342	
Contributions		22,500		22,500		-		22,500	
Investment earnings				2,254				2,254	
Total revenues		1,098,546		260,096				260,096	
Expenditures:									
Capital outlay:									
Construction		2,334,188		1,086,225		758,693		1,844,918	
Total expenditures		2,334,188		1,086,225	-	758,693	-	1,844,918	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,235,642)		(826,129)		(758,693)		(1,584,822)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers from other funds		1,205,292		529,919		675,373		1,205,292	
Gain on disposal of capital assets		30,350				_			
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,235,642		529,919		675,373		1,205,292	
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	(296,210)		(83,320)	\$	(379,530)	
Fund Balance:									
Beginning of year - July 1						(296,210)			
End of year - June 30					\$	(379,530)			

COBB ANNEX REPAIRS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019		2018		
Assets:					
Restricted cash	\$	60,669	\$	66,293	
Total assets	\$	60,669	\$	66,293	
Liabilities and Fund Balance:					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	
Interfund loan		_		_	
Total liabilities				<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance:					
Restricted:					
Stabilization for State statute		-		7,000	
General government		60,669		59,293	
Total fund balance		60,669		66,293	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	60,669	\$	66,293	

COBB ANNEX REPAIRS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Actual				
	Project	Prior	Current	Total		
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date		
Revenues:						
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 4,621	\$ 1,376	\$ 5,997		
Total revenues		4,621	1,376	5,997		
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay:						
Bond issuance costs	-	51,827	-	51,827		
Construction	4,524,460	4,457,058	7,000	4,464,058		
Total expenditures	4,524,460	4,508,885	7,000	4,515,885		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,524,460)	(4,504,264)	(5,624)	(4,509,888)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Long-term debt issued	3,945,900	3,695,000	-	3,695,000		
Premium on long-term debt issued	-	296,997	-	296,997		
Transfers from other funds	578,560	578,560		578,560		
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,524,460	4,570,557		4,570,557		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 66,293	(5,624)	\$ 60,669		
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year - July 1			66,293			
End of year - June 30			\$ 60,669			

320 CHESTNUT STREET RENOVATION CAPITAL PROJECT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019		 2018
Assets:			
Restricted cash	\$	99,850	\$ 97,950
Total assets	\$	99,850	\$ 97,950
Liabilities and Fund Balance:			
Fund Balance:			
Restricted:			
General government	\$	99,850	\$ 97,950
Total fund balance		99,850	 97,950
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	99,850	\$ 97,950

320 CHESTNUT STREET RENOVATION CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Project	Prior	Current	Total to Date		
	Authorization	Years	Year			
Revenues:						
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 5,099	\$ 1,900	\$ 6,999		
Total revenues		5,099	1,900	6,999		
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay:						
Bond issuance costs	-	124,755	-	124,755		
Construction	10,094,290	9,511,601		9,511,601		
Total expenditures	10,094,290	9,636,356		9,636,356		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(10,094,290)	(9,631,257)	1,900	(9,629,357)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Long-term debt issued	10,000,000	8,920,000	-	8,920,000		
Premium on long-term debt	-	714,917	-	714,917		
Transfers from other funds	94,290	94,290		94,290		
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,094,290	9,729,207		9,729,207		
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 97,950	1,900	\$ 99,850		
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year - July 1			97,950			
End of year - June 30			\$ 99,850			

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019			2018
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$		\$	732,282
Total assets	\$	-	\$	732,282
Liabilities and Fund Balance:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	87,743	\$	123,020
Interfund loan		354,747		_
Total liabilities		442,490		123,020
Fund Balance:				
Restricted:				
Stabilization by State statute		590,107		7,019
Committed - general government		-		602,243
Unassigned		(1,032,597)		_
Total fund balance		(442,490)		609,262
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$		\$	732,282

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

					Actual	
		Project	Prior		Current	Total
	Authorization		 Years	Year		to Date
Revenues:						
Contributions	\$	529,452	\$ 529,452	\$	-	\$ 529,452
Intergovernmental revenues		1,686,800	-		850,000	850,000
Investment earnings		20,433	 49,985		1,843	 51,828
Total revenues		2,236,685	 579,437		851,843	 1,431,280
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay:						
Construction		15,107,013	 6,996,512		3,373,594	 10,370,106
Total expenditures		15,107,013	 6,996,512		3,373,594	 10,370,106
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(12,870,328)	 (6,417,075)		(2,521,751)	 (8,938,826)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Long-term debt issued		4,373,992	-		-	-
Sale of capital assets		502,580	502,580		-	502,580
Transfers from other funds		8,181,492	6,711,493		1,469,999	8,181,492
Transfers to other funds		(187,736)	 (187,736)			 (187,736)
Total other financing sources (uses)		12,870,328	 7,026,337		1,469,999	 8,496,336
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>		\$ 609,262		(1,051,752)	\$ (442,490)
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year - July 1				_	609,262	
End of year - June 30				\$	(442,490)	

SPECIAL FIRE DISTRICT REVENUE IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	 2019	 2018
Assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 8,068	\$ 7,935
Total assets	\$ 8,068	\$ 7,935
Liabilities and Fund Balance:		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 	\$ -
Total liabilities	 	
Fund Balance:		
Committed - public safety	 8,068	7,935
Total fund balance	 8,068	 7,935
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 8,068	\$ 7,935

SPECIAL FIRE DISTRICT REVENUE IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Actual	
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date
Revenues:				
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 1,542	\$ 133	\$ 1,675
Total revenues		1,542	133	1,675
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay:				
Construction	345,000	338,607		338,607
Total expenditures	345,000	338,607		338,607
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(345,000)	(337,065)	133	(336,932)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers from other funds	345,000	345,000		345,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	345,000	345,000		345,000
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 7,935	133	\$ 8,068
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year - July 1			7,935	
End of year - June 30			\$ 8,068	

SPECIAL FIRE DISTRICT REVENUE OGDEN FIRE STATION CAPITAL PROJECT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019			2018
Assets:				
Restricted cash	\$	46,346	\$	2,697,817
Total assets	\$	46,346	\$	2,697,817
Liabilities and Fund Balance:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	15,000	\$	705,917
Interfund loan		_		127,184
Total liabilities		15,000	_	833,101
Fund Balance:				
Restricted				
Stabilization by state statute		1,680		1,122,544
Committed - public safety		29,666		742,172
Total fund balance		31,346		1,864,716
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	46,346	\$	2,697,817

SPECIAL FIRE DISTRICT REVENUE OGDEN FIRE STATION CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Actual	
	Project	Prior	Current	Total
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date
Revenues:				
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 823	\$ 168	\$ 991
Total revenues	_	823	168	991
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay:				
Land	650,000	650,000	-	650,000
Construction	4,640,580	2,780,280	1,833,538	4,613,818
Total expenditures	5,290,580	3,430,280	1,833,538	5,263,818
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,290,580)	(3,429,457)	(1,833,370)	(5,262,827)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Long-term debt issued	4,640,580	4,644,173	-	4,644,173
Transfers from other funds	650,000	650,000		650,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,290,580	5,294,173		5,294,173
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,864,716	(1,833,370)	\$ 31,346
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year - July 1			1,864,716	
End of year - June 30			\$ 31,346	

HEALING TRANSITION FACILITY CAPITAL PROJECT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018
Assets:		
Cash	\$ -	\$ -
Total assets	\$ -	\$ -
Liabilities and Fund Balance:		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 31	\$ 26,406
Interfund loan	241,504	
Total liabilities	241,535	26,406
Fund Balance:		
Unassigned	(241,535	(26,406)
Total fund balance	(241,535	(26,406)
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ -	\$ -

HEALING TRANSITION FACILITY CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (GAAP BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Actual	
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date
Revenues:				
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total revenues	_			
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	300,000	26,406	215,129	241,535
Total expenditures	300,000	26,406	215,129	241,535
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(300,000)	(26,406)	(215,129)	(241,535)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Long-term debt issued	300,000	-	-	-
Transfers from other funds				
Total other financing sources (uses)	300,000			
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ (26,406)	(215,129)	\$ (241,535)
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year - July 1			(26,406)	
End of year - June 30			\$ (241,535)	

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT OPERATING FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)
BUDGET (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS) AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

				2019				2018
						Variance		
		Budget		Actual		Over/Under		Actual
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	16,459,042	\$	19,021,647	\$	2,562,605	\$	13,780,515
Intergovernmental revenues		496,000		552,533		56,533		894,059
Investment earnings		79,250		127,000		47,750		107,109
Other		286,000		618,475		332,475		329,841
Total revenues	_	17,320,292	_	20,319,655		2,999,363	_	15,111,524
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Salaries and employee benefits		2,469,412		2,490,123		(20,711)		2,225,945
Operating expenditures		28,800,732		24,706,977		4,093,755		5,661,234
Installment debt payments		61,352		61,352		-		100,112
Capital expenditures		2,176,424		1,652,964	_	523,460		1,906,104
Total expenditures	_	33,507,920	_	28,911,416	_	4,596,504	_	9,893,395
Revenue over (under) expenditures	_	(16,187,628)	_	(8,591,761)	_	7,595,867		5,218,129
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers from other funds		18,618,780		14,750,794		(3,867,986)		1,408,869
Transfers to other funds		(11,411,944)		(11,411,944)		-		(6,391,569)
Administrative reserve		(1,408,869)		-		1,408,869		-
Appropriated fund balance		10,389,661			_	(10,389,661)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	16,187,628		3,338,850		(12,848,778)		(4,982,700)
Revenues and other financing sources over								
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$	-	\$	(5,252,911)	\$	(5,252,911)	\$	235,429
Reconciliation of Modified Accrual Basis to Full Accrua	al Basis	s:						
Revenues and other financing sources over								
(under) expenditures and other financing uses			\$	(5,252,911)			\$	235,429
Reconciling items:								
Revenues and other sources - capital project funds				158,490				86,696
Accrued vacation				(48,786)				(12,549)
Depreciation and amortization expenses				(3,241,279)				(2,072,104)
Capital outlay, costs, capitalized				1,652,964				1,906,104
Landfill closure costs				(4,856,863)				1,584,077
Principal payments on debt				54,117				89,271
Interest expense accrual				2,492				3,093
Loss on disposal of capital assets				(239,838)				-
(Decrease) Increase in deferred outflows of resources				210,934				(135,000)
(Decrease) Increase in deferred outflows of resources	- OPEB			554,422				437,759
Decrease (Increase) in net pension liability				(264,022)				111,175
Decrease (Increase) OPEB liability	oncia	25		(917,562)				262,397
Decrease (Increase) in deferred inflows of resources - p Decrease (Increase) in deferred inflows of resources - 0		115		7,593 (460,602)				7,974
Transfer (from) to capital project	JPEB			11,411,944				(636,119) 4,982,700
Change in net position			\$	(1,228,907)			\$	6,850,903
			_				_	

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT OPERATING FUND

LANDFILL NORTHERN PROPERTY CLOSURE CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES

BUDGET (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Actual					
	Project	Prior		Prior Current			Total
	Authorization		Years		Year		to Date
Revenues:							
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$	53,765	\$	59,507	\$	113,272
Total revenues			53,765		59,507		113,272
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay:							
Construction	11,558,612		5,477,520		112,311		5,589,831
Total expenditures	11,558,612		5,477,520		112,311		5,589,831
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(11,558,612)		(5,423,755)		(52,804)		(5,476,559)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers from other funds	11,558,612		6,868,612		4,690,000		11,558,612
Total other financing sources (uses)	11,558,612	_	6,868,612		4,690,000		11,558,612
Revenues and other financing sources over							
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$	1,444,857	\$	4,637,196	\$	6,082,053

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT OPERATING FUND

LANDFILL LEACHATE TREATMENT SYSTEM UPGRADE CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES

BUDGET (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

					Actual		
	Project	Prior Years			Current		Total
	Authorization				Year		to Date
Revenues:							
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$	32,838	\$	16,093	\$	48,931
Total revenues			32,838	_	16,093	_	48,931
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay:							
Construction	5,750,000		4,336,768		32,190		4,368,958
Total expenditures	5,750,000		4,336,768	_	32,190		4,368,958
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,750,000)		(4,303,930)		(16,097)	·	(4,320,027)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers from other funds	5,750,000		4,900,000		850,000		5,750,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,750,000		4,900,000		850,000		5,750,000
Revenues and other financing sources over							
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$	596,070	\$	833,903	\$	1,429,973

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT OPERATING FUND
ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT CAPITAL PROJECT VARIOUS
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
BUDGET (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS) AND ACTUAL
FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Actual								
	Project		Prior		Current		Total			
	Authorization		Years		Year		to Date			
Revenues:										
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$	14,550	\$	18,937	\$	33,487			
Total revenues		_	14,550		18,937		33,487			
Expenditures:										
Capital outlay:										
Construction	4,597,100		1,904,069		2,143,014		4,047,083			
Total expenditures	4,597,100	_	1,904,069		2,143,014		4,047,083			
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,597,100)		(1,889,519)		(2,124,077)		(4,013,596)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers from other funds	4,597,100		2,597,100		2,000,000		4,597,100			
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,597,100	_	2,597,100	_	2,000,000		4,597,100			
Revenues and other financing sources over										
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$	707,581	\$	(124,077)	\$	583,504			

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT OPERATING FUND

LANDFILL SOUTHERN PROPERTY CONSTRUCTION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES

BUDGET (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Actual							
	Project	Prior Years			Current		Total		
	Authorization				Year		to Date		
Revenues:									
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$	57,734	\$	63,953	\$	121,687		
Total revenues			57,734	_	63,953		121,687		
Expenditures:									
Capital outlay:									
Construction	9,113,944		1,332,565		3,129,540		4,462,105		
Total expenditures	9,113,944		1,332,565	_	3,129,540		4,462,105		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(9,113,944)		(1,274,831)	_	(3,065,587)		(4,340,418)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers from other funds	9,113,944		5,242,000		3,871,944		9,113,944		
Total other financing sources (uses)	9,113,944		5,242,000		3,871,944		9,113,944		
Revenues and other financing sources over									
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$	3,967,169	\$	806,357	\$	4,773,526		

AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Balance			Balance		
	J	uly 1, 2018	 Additions	 Deductions		ne 30, 2019	
Room Occupancy Tax Agency Fund:							
Assets:							
Cash and investments	\$	720,253	\$ 25,449,509	\$ 25,295,345	\$	874,417	
Receivables		999,325	 1,079,870	 999,325		1,079,870	
Total assets	\$	1,719,578	\$ 26,529,379	\$ 26,294,670	\$	1,954,287	
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	1,719,576	\$ 8,849,834	\$ 8,615,125	\$	1,954,285	
Due to other governmental units		2	 17,679,545	 17,679,545		2	
Total liabilities	\$	1,719,578	\$ 26,529,379	\$ 26,294,670	\$	1,954,287	
Tax Clearing Agency Fund: Assets:							
Cash and investments	\$	283,665	\$ 90,584,740	\$ 90,626,190	\$	242,215	
Receivables		3,325,423	 84,728,562	 85,027,750		3,026,235	
Total assets	\$	3,609,088	\$ 175,313,302	\$ 175,653,940	\$	3,268,450	
Liabilities:							
Due to other governmental units	\$	3,609,088	\$ 175,313,302	\$ 175,653,940	\$	3,268,450	
Total liabilities	\$	3,609,088	\$ 175,313,302	\$ 175,653,940	\$	3,268,450	
Social Services Agency Fund: Assets:							
Cash and investments	\$	241,182	\$ 690,938	\$ 716,523	\$	215,597	
Total assets	\$	241,182	\$ 690,938	\$ 716,523	\$	215,597	
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	23,385	\$ 349,596	\$ 359,130	\$	13,851	
Escrow funds		217,797	 341,342	 357,393		201,746	
Total liabilities	\$	241,182	\$ 690,938	\$ 716,523	\$	215,597	

AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	J	Balance uly 1, 2018		Additions		Deductions	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2019
Other Escrows Agency Fund:								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	9,265,589	\$	10,688,250	\$	10,608,413	\$	9,345,426
ROD Deed of Trust cash		-		172,137		172,137		-
Receivables	_	5,000	_	20,106	_	25,000	_	106
Total assets	\$	9,270,589	\$	10,880,493	\$	10,805,550	\$	9,345,532
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	53,655	\$	5,004,302	\$	5,047,458	\$	10,499
Due to NC Treasurer - ROD Deed of Trust		-		172,137		172,137		-
Escrow funds		9,216,934		5,704,054		5,585,955		9,335,033
Total liabilities	\$	9,270,589	\$	10,880,493	\$	10,805,550	\$	9,345,532
Totals - All Agency Funds: Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	10,510,689	\$	127,413,437	\$	127,246,471	\$	10,677,655
ROD Deed of Trust cash		-		172,137		172,137		-
Receivables		4,329,748		85,828,538		86,052,075		4,106,211
Cash and receivables	\$	14,840,437	\$	213,414,112	\$	213,470,683	\$	14,783,866
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,796,616	\$	14,203,732	\$	14,021,713	\$	1,978,635
Due to other governmental units		3,609,090		192,992,847		193,333,485		3,268,452
Due to NC Treasurer - ROD Deed of Trust		-		172,137		172,137		-
Escrow funds		9,434,731	_	6,045,396		5,943,348		9,536,779
Intergovernmental payable	\$	14,840,437	\$	213,414,112	\$	213,470,683	\$	14,783,866

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY SOURCE JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018
Governmental Funds Capital Assets:		
Land	\$ 45,924,058	\$ 45,063,171
Buildings	159,478,844	148,205,420
Improvements other than buildings	34,312,361	34,094,328
Equipment and buildings	70,104,924	65,917,354
Construction in progress	19,637,862	8,109,056
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 329,458,049	\$ 301,389,329
Investment in Governmental Funds Capital Assets by Source:		
General obligation bonds	\$ 18,081,929	\$ 18,081,929
Federal and state grants	26,382,052	26,053,965
General Fund revenues	276,745,153	249,027,877
Contributions	5,134,381	5,134,381
Gifts and other donated	3,114,534	3,091,177
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 329,458,049	\$ 301,389,329

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY JUNE 30, 2019

				Improvements Other Than	Equipment and
Function and Activity	Total	Land	Buildings	Buildings	Vehicles
General Government:	Å 05.455.500		4 00447504		4 04000=
Governing Body	\$ 25,155,500				
County Manager	18,220,221	591,852	16,478,929	60,366	1,089,074
Human Resources	53,057	-	-	5,466	47,591
Soil and Water Conservation	22,762	-	-	-	22,762
Finance	81,149	-	-	150.405	81,149
Information Technology	7,450,303	-	-	150,405	7,299,898
Tax Administration	599,284	16,461	-	230,655	352,168
Legal	38,020	-	-	70.150	38,020
Elections	1,051,769	-	-	79,150	972,619
Register of Deeds	1,199,353	-	-	276.960	1,199,353
Property Management	2,685,126	976 900	620,282	376,869	1,687,975
Engineering	1,024,628	876,890	-	-	147,738
Planning	6,974,907	6,933,555			41,352
Total general government	64,556,079	9,274,494	40,216,795	1,844,766	13,220,024
Human Caminasi					
Human Services: Health	2 409 201		146 126	154 196	2 100 070
Public Assistance	2,498,391	E00.000	146,126	154,186	2,198,079
Human Services Transportation System	8,591,724	500,000	5,212,579	233,119	2,646,026
Human Relations	66,571	-	-	-	66,571
	11,970 2,681,996	-	2 017 254	420 429	11,970
Aging Services	•	-	2,017,354 7,376,059	430,428	234,214
Total human services	13,850,652	500,000	7,376,059	817,733	5,156,860
Public Safety:					
Public Safety Communications Center	2,781,029	-	-	310,044	2,470,985
Sheriff	76,770,342	5,396,703	51,699,448	1,609,928	18,064,263
Emergency Management	16,663,740	-	2,263,381	764,063	13,636,296
Clerk of Court	24,923,660	-	23,096,672	1,604,760	222,228
Inspections	348,328	-	-	20,855	327,473
Fire Operations	22,571,476	1,027,686	9,081,061	688,504	11,774,225
Juvenile Services	1,189,665	7,000	1,128,558	-	54,107
Total public safety	145,248,240	6,431,389	87,269,120	4,998,154	46,549,577
Culture and Recreation:					
Library	22,132,439	846,813	19,248,211	497,265	1,540,150
Parks and Recreation	43,744,982	17,201,967	303,387	23,354,602	2,885,026
Museum	5,846,931	160,101	3,689,486	1,717,074	280,270
Cooperative Extension Service	881,787	40,006	553,380	111,319	177,082
Airlie Gardens	13,559,077	11,469,288	822,406	971,448	295,935
Total culture and recreation	86,165,216	29,718,175	24,616,870	26,651,708	5,178,463
Total	309,820,187	\$ 45,924,058	\$ 159,478,844	\$ 34,312,361	\$ 70,104,924
Construction in Progress	19,637,862				
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 329,458,049				

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY JUNE 30, 2019

Function and Activity	F		ental pital 5 018 Additions Deductions				F	Governmental Funds Capital Assets June 30, 2019	
General Government:									
Governing Body	\$	25,155,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,155,500	
County Manager		18,205,723		14,498		-		18,220,221	
Human Resources		53,057		-		-		53,057	
Soil and Water Conservation		22,762		-		-		22,762	
Finance		81,149		-		-		81,149	
Information Technology Systems		7,074,867		375,433		-		7,450,300	
Tax Administration		517,298		81,986		-		599,284	
Legal		38,020		-		-		38,020	
Elections		1,051,769		-		-		1,051,769	
Register of Deeds		1,199,353		-		-		1,199,353	
Property Management		2,643,442		110,018		68,331		2,685,129	
Engineering		1,024,628		-		-		1,024,628	
Planning		6,974,907	_		_		_	6,974,907	
Total general government	_	64,042,475	_	581,935	_	68,331		64,556,079	
Human Services:									
Health		2,166,456		397,308		65,373		2,498,391	
Public Assistance		8,577,709		26,896		12,881		8,591,724	
Human Services Transportation System		66,571		-		-		66,571	
Human Relations		11,970		-		-		11,970	
Aging Services		2,681,996						2,681,996	
Total human services		13,504,702	_	424,204	_	78,254		13,850,652	
Public Safety:									
Public Safety Communications Center		2,781,029		-		-		2,781,029	
Sheriff		75,442,518		2,076,072		748,248		76,770,342	
Emergency Management		16,155,703		513,497		5,460		16,663,740	
Clerk of Court		24,923,660		-		-		24,923,660	
Inspections		348,328		-		-		348,328	
Fire Operations		17,075,718		5,521,214		25,456		22,571,476	
Juvenile Services		1,189,665	_	-	_	-		1,189,665	
Total public safety		137,916,621	_	8,110,783	_	779,164		145,248,240	
Culture and Recreation:									
Library		15,218,499		6,913,940		-		22,132,439	
Parks and Recreation		42,299,273		1,661,064		215,355		43,744,982	
Museum		5,846,931		-		-		5,846,931	
Cooperative Extension Service		881,787		-		-		881,787	
Airlie Gardens		13,569,985		_		10,908	_	13,559,077	
Total culture and recreation		77,816,475	_	8,575,004	_	226,263		86,165,216	
Total		293,280,273		17,691,926		1,152,012		309,820,187	
Construction in Progress		8,109,056	_	25,703,453	_	14,174,647		19,637,862	
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$	301,389,329	\$	43,395,379	\$	15,326,659	\$	329,458,049	



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. These schedules include:

Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax. These schedules include:

Governmental Funds Tax Revenues by Source Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Principal Property Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future. These schedules include:

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt
Legal Debt Margin Information

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place. These schedules include:

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs. The schedules include:

Principal Employers
Full-Time Equivalent Government Employees by Function
Operating Indicators by Function
Capital Asset Statistics by Function

NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Table 1 Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2010 2011					2012	2012			2014
Covernmental activities		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014
Governmental activities: Net investment in capital assets	\$	55,968,137	Ś	58,853,344	Ś	65,250,159	Ś	74,453,841	Ś	74,316,658
Restricted	ş	45,015,518	Ą		Ş	89,136,681	Ą	133,680,657	Ą	112,349,642
				130,178,769		(221,590,023)		, ,		
Unrestricted (deficit)		(172,250,627)		(247,409,219)		(221,590,023)		(277,357,778)		(271,537,339)
Total governmental activities net position	\$	(71,266,972)	\$	(58,377,106)	\$	(67,203,183)	\$	(69,223,280)	\$	(84,871,039)
Business-type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	16,238,444	\$	14,575,511	\$	13,081,015	\$	12,192,927	\$	11,577,960
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-
Unrestricted		(9,889,909)		(8,490,885)		(7,405,541)		(2,118,922)		(1,915,003)
Total business-type activities net position	\$	6,348,535	\$	6,084,626	\$	5,675,474	\$	10,074,005	\$	9,662,957
Primary government:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	72,206,581	\$	73,428,855	\$	78,331,174	\$,,	\$	85,894,618
Restricted		45,015,518		130,178,769		89,136,681		133,680,657		112,349,642
Unrestricted (deficit)		(182,140,536)		(255,900,104)		(228,995,564)		(279,476,700)		(273,452,342)
Total primary government net position	\$	(64,918,437)	\$	(52,292,480)	\$	(61,527,709)	\$	(59,149,275)	\$	(75,208,082)

Source: County records.

NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Table 1 Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 2015	2016	2017	2018			2019
Governmental activities:	 2013	2010	2017		2010		2013
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 66,308,962	\$ 67,595,795	\$ 71,726,908	\$	78,746,968	\$	95,283,987
Restricted	95,335,699	146,421,177	99,550,831		88,940,036		149,743,427
Unrestricted (deficit)	(254,460,279)	(319,591,270)	(313,900,338)		(541,633,599)		(638,055,985)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ (92,815,618)	\$ (105,574,298)	\$ (142,622,599)	\$	(373,946,595)	\$	(393,028,571)
Business-type activities:							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 16,072,772	\$ 20,591,760	\$ 21,273,644	\$	25,073,835	\$	28,719,346
Restricted	- (40 775 777)	- (40.440.000)	-		-		- (4.04-050)
Unrestricted	 (12,775,777)	(12,112,302)	2,960,294		27,055		(4,847,363)
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 3,296,995	\$ 8,479,458	\$ 24,233,938	\$	25,100,890	\$	23,871,983
Primary government:							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 82,381,734	\$ 88,187,555	\$ 93,000,552	\$	103,820,803	\$	124,003,333
Restricted	95,335,699	146,421,177	99,550,831		88,940,036		149,743,427
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (267,236,056)	(331,703,572)	(310,940,044)		(541,606,544)		(642,903,348)
Total primary government net position	\$ (89,518,623)	\$ (97,094,840)	\$ (118,388,661)	\$	(348,845,705)	\$	(369,156,588)

Source: County records.

NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Table 2 Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2010		2011		2012		2012		
Evnouses		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014
Expenses: Governmental activities:										
	خ	42 710 001	ċ	26 560 270	<u> </u>	41 072 224	ċ	42 674 000	ċ	27 552 022
General government Human services	\$	43,718,901 53,703,464	Þ	36,568,270 52,463,115	\$	41,972,224 57,254,304	\$	42,674,900 52,229,154	Þ	37,553,932 19,588,020
Public safety		55,703,464		52,463,115		61,249,146		52,229,154 64,335,363		19,588,020 57,140,565
Economic and physical development		, ,		, ,				16,204,467		
, ,		5,934,637		2,590,876		3,269,578		, ,		12,148,257
Culture and recreation		15,257,799		13,046,607		13,040,089		13,982,770		10,381,314
Education		100,584,303		96,348,851		105,836,858		93,167,945		107,485,506
Interest and fees on long-term debt		15,296,312		17,842,985		16,665,752		13,105,962		13,175,816
Total governmental activities expenses		291,222,006		277,550,593		299,287,951		295,700,561		257,473,410
Business-type activities:										
Environmental Management		13,981,178		13,418,203		13,332,838		8,627,414		195,900
Total business-type activities expenses		13,981,178		13,418,203		13,332,838		8,627,414		195,900
Total primary government expenses	\$	305,203,184	\$	290,968,796	\$	312,620,789	\$	304,327,975	\$	257,669,310
Program revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for services:										
General government	\$	3,186,784	\$	3,149,377	Ś	3,511,381	Ś	3,595,872	\$	2,712,105
Human services	·	1,948,892	•	1,924,882	·	2,108,510	•	1,467,806	•	1,506,738
Public safety		3,499,298		3,322,685		4,054,577		5,423,054		5,915,414
Culture and recreation		294,407		317,941		1,071,174		1,768,511		1,791,313
Operating grants and contributions		43,499,099		42,960,426		46,239,886		49,386,172		43,949,158
Capital grants and contributions		6,429,061		1,576,193		3,878,594		3,142,533		3,920,153
Total governmental activities program revenues		58,857,541		53,251,504		60,864,122		64,783,948		59,794,881
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water and Sewer District		_		_		_		_		_
Environmental Management		12,548,760		12,282,592		12,260,605		12,570,415		13,092,272
Operating grants and contributions		368,072		426,674		661,657		453,071		566,530
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		-		-		-
Total business-type activities program revenues		12,916,832		12,709,266		12,922,262		13,023,486		13,658,802
Total primary government program revenues	\$	71,774,373	\$	65,960,770	\$	73,786,384	\$	77,807,434	\$	73,453,683
								-		

NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Table 2 Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses:					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 35,187,632	\$ 37,641,352	\$ 63,550,309	\$ 38,930,763	\$ 65,355,755
Human services	55,395,685	55,936,158	58,900,841	58,523,024	37,138,533
Public safety	69,683,033	68,570,106	71,718,376	78,154,204	90,794,737
Economic and physical development	21,859,872	18,887,312	9,412,853	14,157,244	5,639,002
Culture and recreation	18,001,584	19,186,564	17,185,659	15,221,575	15,021,880
Education	97,491,199	117,592,708	141,911,581	126,671,173	149,024,845
Interest and fees on long-term debt	 12,638,190	12,286,140	11,799,567	11,943,613	12,655,525
Total governmental activities expenses	 310,257,195	330,100,340	374,479,186	343,601,596	375,630,277
Business-type activities:					
Environmental Management	 20,933,977	6,308,102	10,540,337	9,931,394	36,457,846
Total business-type activities expenses	 20,933,977	6,308,102	10,540,337	9,931,394	36,457,846
Total primary government expenses	\$ 331,191,172	\$ 336,408,442	\$ 385,019,523	\$ 353,532,990	\$ 412,088,123
Program revenues:					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
General government	\$ 2,858,123	\$ 3,107,100	\$ 3,254,738	\$ 3,388,808	\$ 3,198,338
Human services	1,626,187	1,031,472	1,126,623	1,013,540	1,035,513
Public safety	5,909,430	6,138,665	6,610,265	6,626,167	7,425,802
Culture and recreation	1,536,183	1,714,082	1,843,382	2,006,195	2,127,034
Operating grants and contributions	47,204,758	42,552,200	47,702,834	43,863,583	53,120,765
Capital grants and contributions	 3,743,615	4,138,916	3,438,895	3,350,799	187,470
Total governmental activities program revenues	 62,878,296	58,682,435	63,976,737	60,249,092	67,094,922
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:					
Water and Sewer District	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental Management	13,409,733	13,573,138	24,851,734	15,694,433	19,640,122
Operating grants and contributions	496,299	497,411	1,343,023	894,059	552,533
Capital grants and contributions	 -	-	-	-	<u> </u>
Total business-type activities program revenues	 13,906,032	14,070,549	26,194,757	16,588,492	20,192,655
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 76,784,328	\$ 72,752,984	\$ 90,171,494	\$ 76,837,584	\$ 87,287,577

NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Table 2 (CONTINUED) Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

**************************************		2010		2011		2012		2013	2014
Net (expense)/revenue:		(222.254.455)		(224 222 222)		(222 422 222)		(222.245.542)	(407.670.500)
Governmental activities	\$	(232,364,465)	\$	(224,299,089)	\$	(238,423,829)	\$	(230,916,613)	\$ (197,678,529)
Business-type activities		(1,064,346)	_	(708,937)		(410,576)		4,396,072	 13,462,902
Total primary government net expense	<u>\$</u>	(233,428,811)	\$	(225,008,026)	\$	(238,834,405)	\$	(226,520,541)	\$ (184,215,627)
General revenues and other changes in net position:									
Governmental activities:									
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$	160,751,779	\$	166,565,832	\$	169,636,356	\$	168,655,909	\$ 173,492,200
Sales taxes		41,271,837		47,359,441		52,668,352		54,733,023	56,379,614
Room occupancy taxes		3,338,308		3,630,298		4,163,935		4,135,580	4,416,767
Other taxes		2,649,403		2,977,009		2,733,756		2,955,492	6,815,556
Investment earnings		695,767		535,595		395,353		459,846	490,514
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-	-
Transfers		678,051		(445,000)		-		-	231,000
Total governmental activities		209,385,145		220,623,175		229,597,752		230,939,850	241,825,651
Business-type activities:									
Investment earnings		24		28		1,424		10,084	15,852
Transfers		(678,051)		445,000		-		-	(231,000)
Total business-type activities		(678,027)		445,028		1,424		10,084	(215,148)
Total primary government	\$	208,707,118	\$	221,068,203	\$	229,599,176	\$	230,949,934	\$ 241,610,503
Change in net position:									
Governmental activities	\$	(22,979,320)	\$	(3,675,942)	\$	(8,826,077)	\$	23,237	\$ (15,647,759)
Business-type activities	•	(1,742,373)		(263,909)	•	(409,152)	•	4,406,156	(411,048)
Total primary government	\$	(24,721,693)	\$	(3,939,851)	\$	(9,235,229)	\$	4,429,393	\$ (16,058,807)

NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Table 2 (CONTINUED) Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
Net (expense)/revenue:										
Governmental activities	\$	(247,378,899)	\$	(271,417,905)	\$	(310,502,449)	\$	(283,352,504)	\$	(308,535,355)
Business-type activities	<u></u>	(7,027,945)		10,404,650		15,654,420		6,657,098		(16,265,191)
Total primary government net expense	\$	(254,406,844)	\$	(261,013,255)	\$	(294,848,029)	\$	(276,695,406)	\$	(324,800,546)
General revenues and other changes in net position:										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	\$	173,851,757	\$	181,733,215	\$	200,894,989	\$	203,167,790	\$	216,754,433
Sales taxes		62,184,952		65,640,268		69,521,803		73,914,010		66,994,670
Room occupancy taxes		4,818,906		5,130,592		5,879,406		6,022,051		7,152,943
Other taxes		3,268,656		3,593,014		3,214,296		3,070,136		7,610,330
Investment earnings		-		840,020		1,584,116		2,660,536		3,956,891
Miscellaneous		494,457		-		-		-		1,734,906
Transfers		-		-		-		-		(14,750,794)
Total governmental activities		244,618,728		256,937,109		281,094,610		288,834,523		289,453,379
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings		29,094		62,219		100,060		193,805		285,490
Transfers		-		-		-		-		14,750,794
Total business-type activities		29,094		62,219		100,060		193,805		15,036,284
Total primary government	\$	244,647,822	\$	256,999,328	\$	281,194,670	\$	289,028,328	\$	304,489,663
Change in net position:										
Governmental activities	\$	(2,760,171)	\$	(14,480,796)	\$	(29,407,839)	\$	5,482,019	\$	(19,081,976)
Business-type activities		(6,998,851)		5,182,463		15,754,480		6,850,903		(1,228,907)
Total primary government	\$	(9,759,022)	¢	(9,298,333)	Ċ	(13,653,359)	¢	12,332,922	Ś	(20,310,883)

NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Table 3 Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General Fund:						
Reserved	\$	24,485,236				
Unreserved		45,692,878				
Nonspendable		- \$	79,851	\$ 46,790	\$ 42,635	\$ 128,721
Restricted		-	24,193,303	21,768,800	23,185,423	24,103,644
Committed		-	-	-	-	-
Assigned		-	7,945,535	11,454,087	13,880,627	14,088,884
Unassigned		-	51,963,479	60,926,423	62,334,516	63,653,791
Total general fund	\$	70,178,114 \$	84,182,168	94,196,100	\$ 99,443,201	\$ 101,975,040
All other governmental funds:						
Reserved	\$	45,995,827				
Unreserved, reported in:	·					
Special revenue funds		- \$	- !	; -	\$ -	
Capital projects funds		95,370,068	-	-	-	
Nonspendable		-	-	1,802	850	\$ 850
Restricted		-	41,449,014	44,001,373	44,594,014	65,686,061
Restricted, reported in capital						
Projects funds		-	64,536,452	23,366,508	65,901,220	22,213,748
Committed		-	3,374,752	4,226,116	-	972,801
Committed, reported in capital						•
Projects funds		_	193,613	74,831	1,130,942	_
Assigned		-	59,433	68,966	63,893	61,578
Unassigned		_	-	-	-	-
Unassigned, reported in capital						
Projects funds		-	(525,173)	(302,827)	(1,564,138)	4,905,148
Total all other governmental funds	Ś	141,365,895 \$	109,088,091	5 71,436,769	\$ 110,126,781	\$ 93,840,186

NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA
Table 3
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Fund: Reserved Unreserved					
Nonspendable	\$ 130,094 \$	265,237 \$	142,297 \$	112,773 \$	95,603
Restricted	27,788,826	28,347,292	31,219,239	25,275,217	34,717,177
Committed	-	2,121,598	2,565,632	3,001,121	3,391,592
Assigned	11,738,867	4,036,339	13,807,244	16,989,660	6,538,231
Unassigned	 54,891,327	61,406,864	60,087,888	61,827,734	52,656,637
Total general fund	\$ 94,549,114 \$	96,177,330 \$	107,822,300 \$	107,206,505 \$	97,399,240
All other governmental funds:					
Reserved					
Unreserved, reported in:					
Special revenue funds					
Capital projects funds					
Nonspendable	\$ 400 \$	1,650 \$	2,856 \$	500 \$	15,959
Restricted	51,732,264	50,464,699	47,614,516	37,663,727	46,258,301
Restricted, reported in capital					
Projects funds	16,576,845	67,926,102	21,627,731	26,001,092	68,767,949
Committed	1,179,690	157,674	2,294,447	4,967,820	-
Committed, reported in capital					
Projects funds	-	834,853	96,233	1,352,350	37,734
Assigned	62,845	64,073	72,326	417,474	5,270,155
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	(2,207,524)
Unassigned, reported in capital	(5.740.252)	(2.200.027)	(5 202 022)	40 700 403	/= a== a:a:
Projects funds	 (6,719,253)	(2,209,937)	(6,283,033)	10,738,483	(5,055,812)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 62,832,791 \$	117,239,114 \$	65,425,076 \$	81,141,446 \$	113,086,762

NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA
Table 4
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Revenues:	-					
Taxes	\$	207,845,642 \$	219,397,404 \$	229,052,284 \$	230,253,340 \$	238,258,952
Intergovernmental revenue		52,045,370	41,719,627	51,294,237	51,435,873	47,736,506
Special assessments		650,392	549,508	485,862	309,431	2,894,325
Charges for services		8,929,381	8,714,885	10,745,642	12,283,293	11,925,569
Miscellaneous		2,527,215	8,065,255	2,843,795	5,863,970	1,987,912
Total revenues		271,998,000	278,446,679	294,421,820	300,145,907	302,803,264
Expenditures:						
General government		29,485,936	29,479,030	30,553,554	32,322,623	32,535,630
Human services		53,253,360	52,148,036	53,674,258	52,659,109	53,615,690
Public safety		53,111,567	54,056,134	59,406,202	59,862,271	62,459,338
Economic and physical development		5,715,018	2,438,992	3,114,839	12,487,481	5,427,845
Culture and recreation		10,228,183	10,124,210	10,732,645	12,358,781	12,133,804
Education-community college and schools		67,750,207	67,650,207	68,750,207	70,026,998	75,539,163
Stormwater drainage		-	-	-		
Capital outlay		39,698,425	38,141,227	44,277,295	28,971,627	46,293,728
Debt service:						
Interest and fees - bonds		11,449,659	12,588,240	13,369,517	12,779,764	12,003,385
Principal - bonds		17,845,000	19,030,000	22,400,000	21,075,000	22,115,000
Interest and fees - installment debt		5,784,678	4,943,284	5,071,790	4,898,655	3,624,558
Principal - installment debt		11,438,674	11,519,621	10,917,265	9,928,268	10,496,020
Bond issuance costs			,,		-	562,701
Total expenditures		305,760,707	302,118,981	322,267,572	317,370,577	336,806,862
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(33,762,707)	(23,672,302)	(27,845,752)	(17,224,670)	(34,003,598)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of capital assets		_	-	166,526	30,999	129,093
Insurance claim proceeds		-	-	40,140	29,161	46,288
Long-term debt issued		89,301,120	5,843,552	1,696	61,101,623	18,267,846
Premium on long-term debt issued		· · ·	, , , <u>-</u>	, -	, , , <u>-</u>	1,011,914
Refunding bonds issued		-	-	-	-	63,555,000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-	-	-	-	(62,992,299)
Transfers from other funds		84,163,317	3,024,201	1,516,547	6,735,806	2,063,189
Transfers to other funds		(83,485,266)	(3,469,201)	(1,516,547)	(6,735,806)	(1,832,189)
Total other financing sources (uses)		89,979,171	5,398,552	208,362	61,161,783	20,248,842
Net change in fund balances	\$	56,216,464 \$	(18,273,750) \$	(27,637,390) \$	43,937,113 \$	(13,754,756)
Debt service as % of noncapital expenditures		15.47%	16.40%	16.50%	15.55%	14.59%

NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA
Table 4
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 2015	2016		2017	2018	2019
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 243,904,184 \$	255,690,698	\$	278,959,494	\$ 286,302,388	\$ 295,260,834
Intergovernmental revenue	47,956,049	50,149,939		52,053,568	43,255,951	55,237,300
Special assessments	406,705	454,205		186,884	107,932	3,526,540
Charges for services	11,929,923	11,991,319		12,835,008	13,034,710	13,786,687
Miscellaneous	 1,206,663	2,278,390		3,398,748	4,910,569	4,990,809
Total revenues	 305,403,524	320,564,551		347,433,702	347,611,550	372,802,170
Expenditures:						
General government	33,646,446	36,508,431		38,370,780	44,529,458	44,044,846
Human services	55,251,211	55,421,335		58,259,230	50,947,296	51,412,360
Public safety	64,681,983	67,587,820		69,804,249	75,258,247	86,907,545
Economic and physical development	4,976,715	10,240,407		4,623,864	14,023,013	5,347,980
Culture and recreation	12,905,043	13,051,449		13,447,255	13,151,974	14,689,060
Education-community college and schools	81,254,714	83,986,530		85,735,238	88,103,829	93,374,285
Stormwater drainage						
Capital outlay	41,849,582	51,107,252		63,984,919	50,749,085	67,821,513
Debt service:						
Interest and fees - bonds	8,942,405	12,188,464		12,528,430	12,803,143	13,474,353
Principal - bonds	24,590,000	24,385,000		28,825,000	28,895,000	29,715,000
Interest and fees - installment debt	2,594,009	14,692,495		14,295,135	13,528,552	11,907,539
Principal - installment debt	14,711,066	-		· · · ·	· · · -	· · · -
Bond issuance costs		75,062		_	133,533	158,177
Total expenditures	 345,403,174	369,244,245		389,874,100	392,123,130	418,852,658
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (39,999,650)	(48,679,694)		(42,440,398)	(44,511,580)	(46,050,488)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of capital assets	40,839	780,467		53,174	12,257,748	7,114,310
Insurance claim proceeds	100,092	62,963		128,419	58,399	524,497
Long-term debt issued	2,428,358	93,261,467		2,222,718	44,240,543	70,100,876
Premium on long-term debt issued	-	8,887,220		-	2,922,484	5,199,650
Refunding bonds issued	-	-		-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-		-	-	-
Transfers from other funds	3,455,195	12,841,205		35,954,952	37,089,896	25,031,092
Transfers to other funds	 (3,455,195)	(12,841,205)		(35,954,952)	(37,089,896)	(39,781,886)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 2,569,289	102,992,117		2,404,311	59,479,174	68,188,539
Net change in fund balances	\$ (37,430,361) \$	54,312,423	\$	(40,036,087)	\$ 14,967,594	\$ 22,138,051
Debt service as % of noncapital expenditures	15.43%	14.24%	6	14.47%	14.27%	14.14%

Table 5

Governmental Funds Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Ad Valorem (Property) Taxes	Sales Taxes	Roor Occupa Taxe	ncy Reve	operty enue Taxes	Other Taxes		Total Taxes
2010	\$ 160,694	\$ 41,	272 \$ 3	,338 \$	1,168	\$ 1,37	4 \$	207,846
2011	166,566	47,3	359 3	,630	1,043	1,93	34	220,532
2012	169,636	52,	668 4	,164	1,162	1,57	72	229,202
2013	168,455	53,	312 4	,172	1,436	2,38	36	230,261
2014	173,492	56,3	380 4	,417	1,593	5,22	22	241,104
2015	173,852	62,	185 4	,819	2,278	99	90	244,124
2016	181,733	65,	540 5	,131	2,252	1,34	1	256,097
2017	200,895	69,	522 5	,879	2,418	79	96	279,510
2018	203,168	73,	914 6	,022	2,634	43	86	286,174
2019	202,347	81,	102 7	,153	2,614	4,99	96	298,512

NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Table 6 Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal					
Year			Public	Total Taxable	Total Direct
Ended	Real	Personal	Service	Assessed	Tax
June 30	Property	Property	Companies	Property	Rate
2010	\$ 30,090,822,904 \$	3,122,851,620	\$ 460,830,945	\$ 33,674,505,469	\$0.4525
2011	30,261,859,704	3,114,706,992	429,491,376	33,806,058,072	\$0.4660
2012	30,442,282,655	3,313,128,898	435,115,395	34,190,526,948	\$0.4660
2013	24,960,307,036	3,408,471,354	510,818,217	28,879,596,607	\$0.5540
2014	25,182,059,055	4,074,186,222	458,389,351	29,714,634,628	\$0.5540
2015	25,492,331,491	3,672,975,235	580,429,717	29,745,736,443	\$0.5540
2016	25,904,897,551	3,652,542,644	639,868,628	30,197,308,823	\$0.5740
2017	26,319,887,074	3,858,561,067	638,149,144	30,816,597,285	\$0.6230
2018	28,921,465,616	4,141,051,570	673,709,962	33,736,227,148	\$0.5700
2019	29,446,336,633	4,426,560,993	682,196,043	34,555,093,669	\$0.5550

Source: County Tax Department

Note: Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

		2019			2010	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total County			of Total County
	Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
Duke Energy Progress, Inc.	\$ 497,511,820	1	1.44%	\$ 281,650,480	1	0.84%
Corning, Inc.	248,052,813	2	0.72%	192,588,394	3	0.57%
General Electric Company	232,000,207	3	0.67%	216,948,212	2	0.64%
Bedrock Holdings II LLC	119,888,800	4	0.35%			
Fortron Industries	90,579,882	5	0.26%	54,831,526	5	0.16%
River Ventures	74,933,400	6	0.22%			
Mayfaire Town Center LP	69,755,785	7	0.20%			
GF Management Company	69,499,633	8	0.20%	49,774,352	8	0.15%
Global Nuclear Fuel Americas	51,728,288	9	0.15%	44,595,778	10	0.13%
Bell South	41,392,252	10	0.12%	79,942,143	4	0.24%
Arteva Specialities				51,716,618	6	0.15%
Centro Independence LLC				50,436,737	7	0.15%
Pharmaceutical Product Development				48,361,234	9	0.14%
Total	\$ 1,495,342,880		4.33%	\$ 1,070,845,474	-	3.18%
Total taxable assessed value	\$ 34,555,093,669		_	\$ 33,674,505,469		

Source: County Tax Department.

NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Table 8 Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Property Taxes Levied			Collected Withi	Property Taxes Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy				Property Tax Total Collections to Date					
Fiscal		for the								=	in Subsequent			Percentage
Year		Fiscal Year		Amount	of Levy		Years		Amount	of Levy				
2010	\$	152,793,146	\$	150,719,243	98.64	\$	1,763,311	\$	152,482,554	99.80%				
2011		158,470,084		155,710,692	98.25		1,566,776		157,277,468	99.25%				
2012		159,752,984		157,409,935	98.53		2,451,860		159,861,795	100.07%				
2013		159,719,773		157,265,840	98.47		1,817,256		159,083,096	99.60%				
2014		164,878,765		162,687,043	98.68		2,136,274		164,823,317	99.97%				
2015		165,254,585		163,605,339	99.00		1,147,072		164,752,411	99.70%				
2016		173,584,355		171,936,775	98.05		1,220,012		173,156,787	99.75%				
2017		192,309,354		191,650,934	99.15		856,676		192,507,610	100.10%				
2018		193,338,644		191,954,631	99.28		1,384,013		193,338,644	100.00%				
2019		192,254,086		191,022,582	99.36		1,231,504		192,254,086	100.00%				

Source: County Tax Department.

Table 9

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

Fiscal	New Hanover	Special Fire	City of	Wrightsville	Carolina	Kure
Year	County	District	Wilmington*	Beach	Beach	Beach
2010	0.4525	0.0600	0.3325	0.0800	0.175	0.1350
2011	0.4655	0.0600	0.3700	0.0990	0.175	0.1350
2012	0.4655	0.0675	0.3700	0.0990	0.175	0.1625
2013	0.5540	0.0790	0.4500	0.1330	0.235	0.2615
2014	0.5540	0.0790	0.4500	0.1330	0.235	0.2615
2015	0.5540	0.0790	0.4600	0.1330	0.235	0.2615
2016	0.5740	0.0700	0.4850	0.1330	0.235	0.2615
2017	0.6230	0.0700	0.4850	0.1330	0.235	0.2850
2018	0.5700	0.0775	0.4834	0.1275	0.225	0.2850
2019	0.5550	0.0775	0.4984	0.1275	0.225	0.3300

Source: County Tax Department.

Overlapping rates are rates of local governments that apply to the property owners within New Hanover County. Not all overlapping rates apply to all New Hanover County property owners; for example the rates of the Special Fire District apply only to the proportio of the New Hanover County's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the Special Fire District

^{*}Beginning in fiscal year 2018, the City of Wilmington also had a special ad valorem tax of \$.07 per \$100 on property located in the Municipal Service District which is not reflected in this table

NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Table 10 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities								
		General		Certificates	Other		General		Certificates	Other	Total	Percentage	
Fiscal		Obligation		of	Installment		Obligation		of	Installment	Primary	of Personal	Per
Year		Bonds		Participation	Debt		Bonds		Participation	Debt	Government	Income*	Capita*
2010	\$	334,069,997	\$	62,898,500	\$ 49,416,186	\$	175,000	\$	241,500	\$ 1,154,399	\$ 447,955,582	6.37%	2,213
2011		315,039,997		56,820,000	50,443,221		-		215,000	899,921	423,418,139	5.71%	2,051
2012		292,639,997		50,697,400	45,899,037		-		187,600	1,716,322	391,140,356	5.19%	1,867
2013		340,716,687		27,012,659	62,229,209		-		151,071	1,218,679	431,328,305	5.52%	2,054
2014		308,179,997		22,505,400	70,512,563		-		129,600	1,836,370	403,163,930	4.77%	1,871
2015		283,589,997		17,741,000	66,813,433		-		99,000	1,136,410	369,379,840	4.14%	1,690
2016		337,694,997		12,932,700	70,451,886		-		67,300	681,632	421,828,515	4.47%	1,889
2017		332,733,063		8,053,896	69,428,987		-		34,300	230,879	410,481,125	4.08%	1,813
2018		337,428,140		3,151,949	73,127,948		-		-	172,813	413,880,850	N/A	1,792
2019		375,266,067		-	70,722,174		-		-	116,204	446,104,445	N/A	1,877

^{*} Calculation made using population and personal income figures from Demographic and Economic Statistics Table 14.

Source: County records.

Note: Amounts presented for 2017, 2018 and 2019 are net of original issuance discounts and premiums. Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Table 11 Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	General Obligation	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of	Per
Year	Bonds	Property*	Capita**
2010	334,069,997	0.99%	1,650.45
2011	315,039,997	0.93%	1,525.95
2012	292,639,997	0.86%	1,397.06
2013	340,716,687	1.18%	1,622.74
2014	308,179,997	1.04%	1,430.09
2015	283,589,997	0.95%	1,297.84
2016	337,694,997	1.12%	1,512.56
2017	332,733,063	1.08%	1,469.60
2018	337,428,140	1.00%	1,461.24
2019	375,266,067	1.09%	1,578.81

^{*} Calculated using taxable value of property from Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Table 6.

Source: County records.

Note: Amounts presented for 2017 and 2018 are net of original issuance discounts and premiums. Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

^{**} Calculated using population figures from Demographic and Economic Statistics Table 14.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2019

Governmental Unit		Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
County direct debt	\$	419,336,726	100.00% _	\$ 419,336,726
City of Wilmington debt		155,867,405	100.00%	155,867,405
Town of Wrightsville Beach debt		2,142,855	100.00%	2,142,855
Town of Carolina Beach debt		4,128,897	100.00%	4,128,897
Town of Kure Beach debt		5,654,885	100.00%	5,654,885
Subtotal, overlapping debt			-	167,794,042
Total direct and overlapping de	ebt:		<u>-</u>	\$ 587,130,768

Source: County, City of Wilmington, Town of Wrightsville Beach, Town of Carolina Beach, Town of Kure Beach, and NC Department of State Treasurer (LGC).

New Hanover County

	2010		2011	2012	2013	2014
Debt limit	\$ 2,693,960,438	\$	2,704,484,646	\$ 2,735,242,156	\$ 2,310,367,729	\$ 2,377,170,770
Total net debt applicable to limit	 491,384,997		476,879,881	437,524,997	392,163,053	385,619,330
Legal debt margin	\$ 2,202,575,441	\$	2,227,604,765	\$ 2,297,717,159	\$ 1,918,204,676	\$ 1,991,551,440
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	18.24%	S	17.63%	16.00%	16.97%	16.22%

Note: Amounts presented for 2017, 2018 and 2019 are net of original issuance discounts and premiums. Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

		Legal Debt Margin	Calculation for June 30, 2019)		
Total as	ssessed value				\$	34,555,093,669
Debt lin	nit (8% of assessed value)					2,764,407,494
Ger	pplicable to limit: neral obligation bonds tificates of participation					350,444,997
	tallment					68,891,729
Aut	thorized but unissued debt					12,760,000
Aut Tot	s: ter Sewer thorized but unissued debt al net applicable to limit ebt margin				\$	(8,765,000) (12,760,000) 410,571,726 2,353,835,768
	2015	2016	2017	2018		2019
\$	2,379,658,915 \$	2,415,784,706 \$	2,465,327,783 \$	2,698,898,172	\$	2,764,407,494
	350,107,072	408,148,717	371,926,370	378,307,851		410,571,726
	2 020 554 042 - 6	2 007 625 000 6	2 002 404 442	2 220 500 224	,	2 252 025 760
\$	2,029,551,843 \$	2,007,635,989 \$	2,093,401,413 \$	2,320,590,321	\$	2,353,835,768
	14.71%	16.90%	15.09%	14.02%		14.85%

NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Table 14 Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population ¹	Personal Income (000's) ²	Per Capita Personal Income ²	Median Age ³ (Years)	School Enrollment ⁴	Unemployment Rate ⁵
2010	202,411	7,031,719	34,588	37.3	23,934	9.70%
2011	206,455	7,419,000	36,020	37.5	24,060	9.90%
2012	209,468	7,543,199	36,054	37.6	24,464	9.20%
2013	212,484	7,819,052	36,653	37.8	24,650	8.30%
2014	215,497	8,454,467	39,035	38.1	26,080	6.30%
2015	218,510	8,921,731	40,487	38.2	25,937	5.70%
2016	223,260	9,444,753	42,262	38.4	26,132	4.90%
2017	226,410	10,050,351	44,236	38.8	26,096	4.30%
2018	230,919	N/A	N/A	39.0	25,994	3.90%
2019	237,689	N/A	N/A	39.2	25,512	4.10%

¹Source: Office of State Budget Management, NC Commerce

² **Source**: Bureau of Economic Analysis

³ Source: U.S. Census Bureau

⁴ Source: North Carolina Public Schools website

⁵ **Source**: Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 15 Principal Employers Current Fiscal Year and Ten Years Ago

		2019			2010	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total County			of Total County
Employer (Top Ten)	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
ew Hanover Regional Medical Center	7,138	1	5.86%	4,890	1	5.17%
ew Hanover County Schools	4,240	2	3.48%	4,130	2	4.37%
eneral Electric Company	2,800	3	2.30%	3,000	3	3.17%
/al-Mart Stores	2,414	4	1.98%			
niversity of NC at Wilmington	2,024	5	1.66%	1,810	4	1.91%
ew Hanover County Government	1,813	6	1.49%	1,670	6	1.77%
PD, Inc.	1,500	7	1.23%	1,800	5	1.90%
uke Energy Progress	1,375	8	1.13%			
erizon Wireless	1,167	9	0.96%	1,200	9	1.27%
ty of Wilmington	1,077	10	0.88%	1,200	8	1.27%
ape Fear Community College				1,260	7	1.33%
orning, Inc.				1,000	10	1.06%

Table 16

Full-Time Equivalent Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General government	276	268	268	265	263	255	271	282	295	295
Human services	517	509	495	471	497	506	493	505	507	513
Public safety	632	635	651	680	727	762	765	797	790	811
Culture and recreation	117	123	126	127	136	136	136	128	129	134
Environmental Management	88	88	31	31	31	31	32	33	35	34
Total	1,630	1,623	1,571	1,574	1,654	1,690	1,697	1,745	1,756	1,787

Source: County Budget Department.

EW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Table 17 Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Public safety:					
Sheriff:					
# of divisions	6	6	6	8	8
# of sheriff personnel	384	384	423	455	473
# of arrests made	6,364	6,613	6,506	5,536	5,397
# of service calls	190,539	190,500	132,492	137,954	139,964
Fire Services:					
# of stations	8	8	8	8	8
# of fire personnel	95	95	217	197	172
# of calls answered	4,665	4,823	5,600	5,242	5,862
Culture and recreation:					
Library:					
# of circulations	1,340,000	1,350,000	1,387,929	1,398,310	1,365,134
Museum:					
Attendance	47,128	49,261	47,223	42,877	37,858

EW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Table 17 Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Public safety:					
Sheriff:					
# of divisions	7	8	8	8	8
# of sheriff personnel	482	486	503	510	529
# of arrests made	4,935	4,625	4,317	4,289	4,030
# of service calls	138,932	133,684	134,749	132,061	123,120
Fire Services:					
# of stations	8	8	8	8	8
# of fire personnel	191	197	160	154	161
# of calls answered	6,449	6,420	6,630	6,610	7,291
Culture and recreation:					
Library:					
# of circulations	1,357,505	1,314,648	1,289,761	1,300,387	1,259,225
Museum:					
Attendance	40,680	47,080	57,592	55,662	52,682

NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Table 18 Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Public safety (1):					
Sheriff:					
# of stations	2	2	2	2	8
# of vehicles	277	290	279	298	311
Human services (1):					
Health Department:					
# of vehicles	37	29	23	22	22
Culture and recreation:					
Parks:					
# of parks/open spaces	23	23	23	23	23
Park/open space acreage	1,405	1,551	1,551	1,551	1,551

Source: County records.

(1) Vehicles owned as of June 30, 2019.

NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Table 18 Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Public safety (1):						
Sheriff:						
# of stations	8	8	8	8	8	
# of vehicles	305	347	368	413	433	
Human services (1):						
Health Department:						
# of vehicles	22	22	21	21	21	
Culture and recreation:						
Parks:						
# of parks/open spaces	23	23	23	24	24	
Park/open space acreage	1,551	1,551	1,551	1,565	1,566	

Source: County records.

(1) Vehicles owned as of June 30, 2019.

Table 19

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY

COUNTY - WIDE LEVY June 30, 2019

					Total Levy			
	County - Wide				Property Excluding Registered		Registered	
	 Property			Amount	Motor		Motor	
	 Valuation	Rate		of Levy	Vehicles		Vehicles	
Original levy:								
Property taxed at current year's rate	\$ 32,302,697,174	\$0.5550	\$	179,279,969	179,279,969	\$	-	
Motor vehicles at 2016 rate	718,941	0.6230		4,479	-		4,479	
Motor vehicles at 2017 rate	468,502,632	0.5700		2,670,465	-		2,670,465	
Motor vehicles at 2018 rate	1,816,841,622	0.5550		10,083,471	-		10,083,471	
Penalties	-			337,622	337,622		-	
Total	 34,588,760,369			192,376,006	179,617,591		12,758,415	
Discoveries:								
Current year	-			180,627	180,627		-	
	 -			180,627	180,627		-	
Abatements	(33,666,700)			(302,547)	(302,547)		-	
Total property valuation	\$ 34,555,093,669							
Net levy				192,254,086	179,495,671		12,758,415	
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2019				1,231,504	1,231,504		-	
Current year's taxes collected			\$	191,022,582	178,264,167	\$	12,758,415	
Current levy collection percentage				99.36%	99.31%	ś	100.00%	
Secondary Market Disclosures:								
Assessed Valuation:								
Assessment Ratio				100%				
Real Property			\$	29,446,336,633				
Personal Property				4,426,560,993				
Public Service Companies				682,196,043				
Total Assessed Valuation				34,555,093,669				
Tax rate per \$100				0.5550				
Levy (includes discoveries, abatements, penalties)			\$	192,254,086				
Fire District			\$	10,414,243				