Town of Bunn

Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Town Council Members

Marsha Strawbridge, Mayor Sherry Mercer Charlene Clay Mack Jones Linda Pippin

Administrative and Financial Staff

Pamela Perry, Town Administrator

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Financial Section



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor And Members of the Board of Commissioners Town of Bunn Bunn, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund of the Town of Bunn, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Bunn's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Town of Bunn ABC Board which represents 100% of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by another auditor whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Town of Bunn ABC Board, is based solely on the report of the other auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditor, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit and each major fund of the Town of Bunn, North Carolina as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash

flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 8 through 15, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset(Liability) and Contributions, on pages 53 through 54, respectively, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on pages 55 and 56 to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Bunn, North Carolina. The budgetary schedules and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary schedules and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditor. In our opinion based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditor, the budgetary schedules and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

PETWAY MILLS & PEARSON, PA

Petway Mills & Pearson, PA

Certified Public Accountants Zebulon, North Carolina

October 31, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Bunn, we offer readers of the Town of Bunn's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Bunn for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

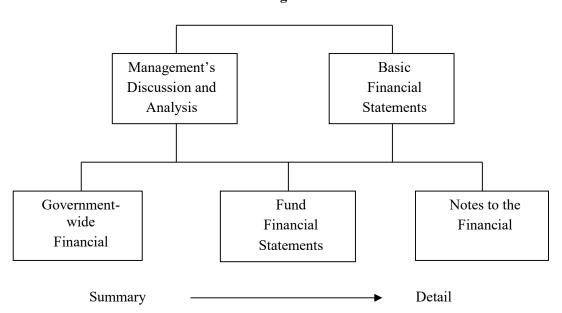
Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town of Bunn exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$4,190,380 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$115,105 primarily due to increases in the governmental activities net position.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Bunn's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$817,004 with a net change of \$70,129 in fund balance. Approximately 12.04 percent of this total amount, or \$98,391, is non-spendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$718,613, or 164.85 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The Town of Bunn's total debt decreased by \$51,741 (6.34%) during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this decrease was the Town continued to pay principle payments on existing debt without incurring new debt.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Bunn's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Bunn.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Pages 17 and 18) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Pages 19 through 26) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes.** The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the Notes, **Supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the

Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer and electric services offered by the Town of Bunn. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the Town, the Town of Bunn ABC Board is important to the Town because the Town exercises control over the Board by appointing its members and because the Board is required to distribute its profits to the Town.

The government-wide financial statements are on pages 17 and 18 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 2) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Bunn, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Town of Bunn can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds — Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Bunn adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown as the end of the budgetary statement

Proprietary Funds – Town of Bunn has one kind of proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Bunn uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity. The fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 27 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis Town of Bunn's Net Assets

Figure 2

	Governmental					Busine	ype					
		Activ	vitie	S		Activ	vitie	S		T	otal	
		6/30/19	6/30/18			6/30/19	6/30/18			6/30/19		6/30/18
Current and other assets	\$	841,677	\$	769,562	\$	1,061,799	\$ 1	1,006,474	\$	1,903,476	\$	1,776,036
Capital assets		229,221		156,615		2,931,910	3	3,033,883		3,161,131		3,190,498
Deferred ouflows of resources		68,756		48,476		28,440		13,612		97,196		62,088
Total Assets	\$	1,139,654	\$	974,653	\$	4,022,149	\$ 4	1,053,969	\$	5,161,803	\$:	5,028,622
Long-term liabilities	\$	80,136	\$	70,494	\$	795,331	\$	830,810	\$	875,467	\$	901,304
Other liabilities		3,143		3,852		60,433		39,246		63,576		43,098
Deferred inflows of resources		31,686		12,173		694		1,948		32,380		14,121
Total Liabilities	\$	114,965	\$	86,519	\$	856,458	\$	872,004	\$	971,423	\$	958,523
Net assets:												
Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt	\$	229,221	\$	156,615	\$	2,167,386	\$ 2	2,217,617	\$	2,396,607	\$:	2,374,232
Restricted		98,391		90,849		-		-		98,391		90,849
Unrestricted		697,077		640,670		998,305		964,348		1,695,382		1,605,018
Total Net Assets	\$	1,024,689	\$	888,134	\$	3,165,691	\$ 3	3,181,965	\$ 4	4,190,380		4,070,099

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Town of Bunn exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$4,190,380 as of June 30, 2019. The Town's net position increased by \$115,105 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. However, the largest portion (57.15%) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The Town of Bunn uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Bunn's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Bunn's net position \$98,391 (2.35%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$1,695,382 is unrestricted.

Town of Bunn's Changes in Net Position

Figure 3

		Govern Activ			Busines Activ			Total			
	6/30/19		6/30/18		5/30/19	6/30/18		6/30/19	6/30/18		
Revenues:											
Program Revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	58,326	\$ 1,651	\$ 1	,004,869	\$	955,790	\$ 1,063,195	\$	957,441	
Operating grants and contributions		70,667	75,881		-		-	70,667		75,881	
Capital grants and contributions		-	-		-		-	-		-	
General Revenues:											
Property taxes		185,381	174,608		-		-	185,381		174,608	
Grants and contributions not											
restricted to specific programs		149,204	144,492		-		-	149,204		144,492	
Other		44,843	55,653		18,526		36,380	63,369		92,033	
Total Revenues	\$	508,421	\$ 452,285	\$1	,023,395	\$	992,170	\$ 1,531,816	\$	1,444,455	
Expenses:											
General government	\$	89,585	\$ 102,744	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 89,585	\$	102,744	
Public safety		231,901	257,629		-		-	231,901		257,629	
Transportation		8,800	-		-		-	8,800		-	
Sanitation		46,756	-		-		-	46,756		-	
Interest on long-term debt		-	-		4,267		4,729	4,267		4,729	
Water and sewer		-	-	1	,035,402		944,221	1,035,402		944,221	
Total Expenses	\$	377,042	\$ 360,373	\$1	,039,669	\$	948,950	\$ 1,416,711	\$	1,309,323	
Increase in Net Position	\$	131,379	\$ 91,912	\$	(16,274)	\$	43,220	\$ 115,105	\$	135,132	
Net Position, July 1		893,310	801,398	3	,181,965	3	3,138,745	4,075,275		3,940,143	
Net Position, June 30	\$]	1,024,689	\$ 893,310	\$3	,165,691	\$3	3,181,965	\$4,190,380	\$ 4	4,075,275	

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$131,379.

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities decreased the Town's net position by \$16,274.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Bunn uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Bunn's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Bunn's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Bunn. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$718,613, while total fund balance reached \$817,004. The Town currently has an available fund balance 164.8 percent of the total General Fund expenditures.

At June 30, 2019, the General Fund of Town of Bunn reported a fund balance of \$718,613 a 9.39 percent increase over last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the Town of Bunn made budget revisions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Bunn's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$998,305. The total decrease in net position for the fund was \$16,274. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Bunn's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of Bunn's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2019, totals \$3,161,131 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, machinery and equipment, and vehicles.

Town of Bunn's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Figure 4

		Govern Activ				Busine Acti	•		Total				
		6/30/19		6/30/18	6/30/19		6/30/18		6/30/19		(6/30/18	
Land and construction in progress	\$	55,857	\$	2,664	\$	34,471	\$	34,471	\$	90,328	\$	37,135	
Buildings and systems		10,188		10,787		94,366		97,467		104,554		108,254	
Improvements	116,186		121,29			-		496	116,186			121,791	
Waste Water Treatment Plant		-	-		1,839,126		1,897,665		1,839,126		1	,897,665	
Plant and distributive systems		-		-		909,456		986,782		909,456		986,782	
Machinery and equipment		4,998		7,498		-		-		4,998		7,498	
Vehicles and motorized equipment		41,992		14,372		54,491	17,001			96,483		31,373	
Total	\$	229,221	\$	156,616	\$2	,931,910	\$3	,033,882	\$3	,161,131	\$3	5,190,498	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2019, the Town of Bunn had construction notes outstanding of \$764,524.

Town of Bunn's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

Figure 5

	Governmental					Busine	ss-t	ype					
	Activities					Activ	vitie	es	Total				
	6	5/30/19	6/30/18		(6/30/19	6/30/18		6/30/19		(6/30/18	
Net pension liability	\$	42,024	\$	11,427	\$	30,807	\$	14,544	\$	72,831	\$	25,971	
Total pension liability		38,112		59,067		-		-		38,112		59,067	
Construction notes		-		-		764,524		816,266		764,524		816,266	
Compensated Absences		151		475		4,047		2,352		4,198		2,827	
Total	\$	80,287	\$	70,969	\$	799,378	\$	833,162	\$	879,665	\$	904,131	

The Town of Bunn's total bonded debt decreased by \$51,741 (6.34%) during the past fiscal year.

Additional information regarding the Town of Bunn's long-term debt can be found in Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town of Bunn.

- Bunn is a municipality of Franklin County. Franklin County at June 30, 2018 has experienced an unemployment rate of 4.7%, which is slightly above the state average of 4.1%.
- Franklin County had a revaluation effective January 1, 2013. This revaluation had a positive effect on revenues for fiscal year June 30, 2020 and will continue to enhance revenue in the future.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities: Revenues and expenditures are expected to remain comparable with 2018-2019 revenues and expenditures.

Business-type Activities: Revenues and expenditures are expected to remain comparable with 2018-2019 revenues and expenditures.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town of Bunn's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Pamela Perry, Town Clerk, Bunn Town Hall, Bunn, North Carolina.



Town of Bunn, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

ASSETS Primary Government	Town of Bunn ABC Board
ASSETS	
	102 \$ 141 222
Crammant A anathra	102 \$ 141 222
Current Assets:	102 \$ 141 222
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 732,108 \$ 977,084 \$ 1,709,	172 \$ 141,222
Restricted cash 51,379 15,326 66,	705 -
Taxes receivables (net) 9,634 - 9,	- 634
Accrued interest receivable on taxes 1,547 - 1,	547 -
Accounts receivable (net) - trade 5,954 92,865 98,	819 -
Due from other governments 17,579 - 17,	579 -
Internal balances 23,476 (23,476)	
Inventories	- 89,844
Prepaid items	- 4,815
Total Current Assets 841,677 1,061,799 1,903,	476 235,881
Non-current assets:	
Land, non-depreciable improvements, and	220
	328 -
Other capital assets, net of depreciation 173,364 2,897,439 3,070,	
Total Capital Assets 229,221 2,931,910 3,161,	
Total Assets 1,070,898 3,993,709 5,064,	607 253,369
DEFERRED OUFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
	196 19,072
	12,0,2
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
	038 51,479
	014 1,303
Accrued expenses	- 48,910
	198 -
	326 -
Long-term Liabilities:	320
	831 26,096
	112 -
	741 -
Due in more than one year - 712,783 712,	
Total Liabilities 83,279 855,764 939.	
	127,700
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
	500 -
	880 2,513
Total deferred inflows of resources 31,686 694 32,	380 2,513
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets 229,221 2,167,386 2,396,	607 17,488
Restricted for:	
	312 -
	727 -
	434 -
	918 -
Working capital	- 28,075
Unrestricted 697,077 998,305 1,695,	
Total Net Position \$ 1,024,689 \$ 3,165,691 \$ 4,190,	380 \$ 142,140

Town of Bunn, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Pı	ogra	ım Revenu	es		Ne	t (Expense)						
					0	perating	Con	ital Grants		Pri	mar	y Governme	ent		-
			C	harges for		rants and	Сар	and	Gov	ernmental	Bu	siness-type			Town of Bunn
Functions/Programs]	Expenses		Services	vices Contributions (Cor	tributions	A	Activities	A	Activities	T	otal	ABC Board
Primary Government:															
Governmental Activities:															
General government	\$	89,585	\$	10,600	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(78,985)	\$	-		(78,985)	\$ -
Public safety		231,901		68		40,000		-		(191,833)		-	(.	191,833)	-
Transportation		8,800		-		30,667		-		21,867		-		21,867	-
Sanitation		46,756		47,658		-		-		902		-		902	
Total Governmental Activities		377,042		58,326		70,667		-		(248,049)		-	(2	248,049)	
Business-type Activities:															
Water and sewer		1,039,669		1,004,869		-		-		-		(34,800)		(34,800)	-
Total Business-type Activities		1,039,669		1,004,869		-		-		-		(34,800)		(34,800)	-
Total Primary Government	\$	1,416,711	\$	1,063,195	\$	70,667	\$			(248,049)		(34,800)	(2	282,849)	-
Component Unit:															
ABC Board	\$	935,689	\$	941,689	\$	-	\$	-		-		-		-	6,000
Total Component Unit	\$	935,689	\$	941,689	\$	-	\$	-		-		-		-	6,000
	Gener	al Revenues:						_							
	Tax	es:													
	Pı	operty taxes, le	evie	d for genera	ıl pur	pose				185,381		-		185,381	_
	Gra	nts and contrib	utio	ns not restri	cted	to specific p	orogra	ms		149,204		-		149,204	_
	Unr	estricted invest	mer	nt earnings			_			1,086		387		1,473	-
	Mis	cellaneous								43,757		18,139		61,896	-
		Total General	Rev	enues and T	ransi	fers				379,428		18,526	3	397,954	_
		Change in Net	Pos	ition						131,379		(16,274)		115,105	6,000
		osition, beginni								893,310		3,181,965		075,275	136,140
		osition, ending	Č						\$	1,024,689	\$	3,165,691	\$ 4,	190,380	\$ 142,140

Town of Bunn, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Gen	neral Fund		on-major ınds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	732,108	\$	-	\$	732,108
Restricted cash		51,379		-		51,379
Receivables, net:						
Taxes		9,634		-		9,634
Accounts		5,954		-		5,954
Due from other funds		23,476		-		23,476
Due from other governments		17,579	-			17,579
Total Assets		840,130				840,130
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable - trade		1,917		-		1,917
Payroll liabilities		1,075				1,075
Total Liabilities		2,992				2,992
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property taxes receivable		9,634		_		9,634
Unearned revenue		10,500		_		10,500
Total deferred inflows of resources		20,134	-			20,134
TOWN WOLDS AND OF TODOWN OF		20,12.	-			20,12
FUND BALANCE						
Restricted:						
Stabilization by State Statute		47,312		-		47,312
Streets		34,727		-		34,727
Public safety		3,434		-		3,434
Recreation		12,918		-		12,918
Unassigned		718,613				718,613
Total Fund Balances		817,004				817,004
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances		840,130	\$			840,130
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Position are different because:	Statem	ent of Net				
Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds						817,004
Capital assets used in governmental activities resources and therefore are not reported in the Gross capital assets at historical cost				425,530		
Accumulated depreciation				(196,309)		229,221
Net pension liability						(42,024)
Deferred outflows of resources related to per	nsions a	are not				
reported in the funds						68,756
Total pension liability						(38,112)
Other long-term assets (accrued interest rece are not available to pay for current-period ex therefore are inflows of resources in the fund Pension related deferrals	pendit					1,547 (21,186)
Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred revenues in fund statements						0.624
	on hal	2117				9,634
Compensated absences included as net positi		<i>3</i> W			•	(151)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	es					1,024,689

Town of Bunn, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Gov	Total ernmental
	Gen	eral Fund		Funds
REVENUES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$	183,010	\$	183,010
Other taxes and licenses		1,600		1,600
Unrestricted intergovernmental		144,162		144,162
Restricted intergovernmental		70,667		70,667
Permits and fees		5,109		5,109
Sales and services		74,192		74,192
Investment earnings		1,086		1,086
Miscellaneous		19,289		19,289
Total Revenues		499,115		499,115
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government		81,010		81,010
Public safety		246,162		246,162
Transportation		8,800		8,800
Sanitation		46,756		46,756
Cultural and recreation		53,193		53,193
Total Expenditures		435,921		435,921
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		63,194		63,194
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Insurance recovery		6,935		6,935
Net Change in Fund Balance		70,129		70,129
Fund Balances, beginning		746,875		746,875
Fund Balances, ending	\$	817,004	\$	817,004

Town of Bunn, North Carolina Reconciliation of the Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 70,129
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay for governmental activities	87,919	
Depreciation expense for governmental activities	(15,314)	72,605
Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities		(5,465)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(1)
Increase in accrued interest receivables		(698)
Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues		3,069
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences		322
Pension expense		(8,583)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ 131,379

Town of Bunn, North Carolina General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Genera	ıl Fı	ınd		
	(Original		Final		Actual Amounts	wi B	ariance ith Final Budget - Positive Jegative)
REVENUES	_		_				_	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	184,230	\$	184,230	\$	183,010	\$	(1,220)
Other taxes and licenses		1,250		1,550		1,600		50
Unrestricted intergovernmental		108,175		108,175		144,162		35,987
Restricted intergovernmental		75,875		121,875		70,667		(51,208)
Permits and fees		5,075		5,175		5,109		(66)
Sales and services		62,056		65,056		74,192		9,136
Investment earnings		250		450		1,086		636
Miscellaneous		6,000		6,000		19,289		13,289
Total Revenues		442,911		492,511		499,115		6,604
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		89,875		91,700		81,010		10,690
Public safety		275,325		317,861		246,162		71,699
Transportation		15,875		15,875		8,800		7,075
Sanitation		44,000		44,000		46,756		(2,756)
Cultural and recreation		1,500		52,000		53,193		(1,193)
Total Expenditures		426,575		521,436		435,921		85,515
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		16,336		(28,925)		63,194		92,119
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Insurance recovery		-		6,925		6,935		10
Contingency		(16,336)		_		-		-
Appropriated fund balance		-		22,000		-		(22,000)
Total Other Financing Sources		(16,336)		28,925		6,935		(21,990)
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under)								
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	-	\$:	70,129	\$	70,129
Fund balances, beginning						746,875	•	
Fund balances, ending				,	\$	817,004		

Town of Bunn, North Carolina Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

ASSETS Current Assets: \$ 977,084 Cash and cash equivalents 92,865 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 15,326 Total Current Assets 1,085,275 Noncurrent Assets: 2 Capital Assets 34,471 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 2,897,439 Capital Assets (Net) 2,931,910 Total Noncurrent Assets 2,931,910 Total Assets (Net) 2,931,910 Total Assets (Net) 2,931,910 Total Assets (Net) 2,931,910 Total Noncurrent Assets 3,912 Accounts payable - trade 39,121 Payroll liabilities 39,121 Payroll liabilities 39,121 Payroll liabilities 15,326 Compensated absences - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 3,476 Construction notes - current 3,476 Total Current Liabilities 30,807 Noncurrent Liabilities 30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities 71,2783 Total Noncurrent L		Water and Sewer Fund	
Cash and cash equivalents \$977,084 Accounts receivable (net) - billed - trade \$2,865 Restricted cash and cash equivalents \$1,085,275 Total Current Assets \$1,085,275 Noncurrent Assets: \$34,471 Capital Assets: \$2,897,439 Capital Assets, net of depreciation \$2,897,439 Capital Assets (Net) \$2,931,910 Total Noncurrent Assets \$2,931,910 Total Assets \$4,017,185 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES \$28,440 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: \$39,121 Payroll liabilities \$1,939 Due to other funds \$23,476 Customer deposits \$15,326 Compensated absences - current \$4,047 Construction notes - current \$1,741 Total Current Liabilities \$30,807 Noncurrent Liabilities: \$712,783 Construction notes - noncurrent (net) \$712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities \$743,590 Total Liabilities \$879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURC	ASSETS		
Accounts receivable (net) - billed - trade 92,865 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 15,326 Total Current Assets 1,085,275 Noncurrent Assets: 3 Capital Assets: 34,471 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 2,897,439 Capital Assets (Net) 2,931,910 Total Noncurrent Assets 4,017,185 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 28,440 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: 39,121 Accounts payable - trade 39,121 Payroll liabilities 1,939 Due to other funds 23,476 Customer deposits 15,326 Compensated absences - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities 30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities 712,783 Total Current Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES <t< td=""><td>Current Assets:</td><td></td></t<>	Current Assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents 1,3326 Total Current Assets 1,085,275 Noncurrent Assets: 2 Capital Assets: 34,471 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 2,897,439 Capital Assets (Net) 2,931,910 Total Noncurrent Assets 2,931,910 Total Assets 4,017,185 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 28,440 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: 39,121 Accounts payable - trade 39,121 Payroll liabilities 1,939 Due to other funds 23,476 Customer deposits 15,326 Compensated absences - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 51,741 Total Current Liabilities: 30,807 Noncurrent Liabilities: 712,783 Other Noncurrent Liabilities: 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 743,590 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION Net investment i	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 977,084	
Total Current Assets 1,085,275 Noncurrent Assets: 34,471 Capital Assets: 34,471 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 2,897,439 Capital Assets (Net) 2,931,910 Total Noncurrent Assets 2,931,910 Total Assets 4,017,185 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 28,440 LIABILITIES 2 Current Liabilities: 39,121 Accounts payable - trade 39,121 Payroll liabilities 1,939 Due to other funds 23,476 Customer deposits 15,326 Compensated absences - current 51,741 Total Current Liabilities 30,807 Noncurrent Liabilities: 30,807 Noncurrent Liabilities: 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 743,590 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Noncurrent Assets: 34,471 Capital Assets: 34,471 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 2,897,439 Capital Assets (Net) 2,931,910 Total Noncurrent Assets 2,931,910 Total Assets 4,017,185 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: 39,121 Payroll liabilities 1,939 Due to other funds 23,476 Customer deposits 15,326 Compensated absences - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 51,741 Total Current Liabilities 30,807 Noncurrent Liabilities: 30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities: 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 694 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305			
Capital Assets: 34,471 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 2,897,439 Capital Assets (Net) 2,931,910 Total Noncurrent Assets 2,931,910 Total Assets 4,017,185 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: 39,121 Payroll liabilities 1,939 Due to other funds 23,476 Customer deposits 15,326 Compensated absences - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 51,741 Total Current Liabilities 30,807 Noncurrent Liabilities: 30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities: 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	Total Current Assets	1,085,275	
Land and other nondepreciable assets 34,471 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 2,897,439 Capital Assets (Net) 2,931,910 Total Noncurrent Assets 2,931,910 Total Assets 4,017,185 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable - trade 39,121 Payroll liabilities 1,939 Due to other funds 23,476 Customer deposits 15,326 Compensated absences - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 51,741 Total Current Liabilities 30,807 Noncurrent Liabilities: 30,807 Noter Noncurrent Liabilities: 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	Noncurrent Assets:		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation 2,897,439 Capital Assets (Net) 2,931,910 Total Noncurrent Assets 2,931,910 Total Assets 4,017,185 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 28,440 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: 39,121 Payroll liabilities 1,939 Due to other funds 23,476 Customer deposits 15,326 Compensated absences - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 51,741 Total Current Liabilities 30,807 Noncurrent Liabilities: 30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities: 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	Capital Assets:		
Capital Assets (Net) 2,931,910 Total Noncurrent Assets 2,931,910 Total Assets 4,017,185 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable - trade 39,121 Payroll liabilities 1,939 Due to other funds 23,476 Customer deposits 15,326 Compensated absences - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 51,741 Total Current Liabilities 135,650 Noncurrent Liabilities: 30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities: 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	Land and other nondepreciable assets	34,471	
Total Noncurrent Assets 2,931,910 Total Assets 4,017,185 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable - trade 39,121 Payroll liabilities 1,939 Due to other funds 23,476 Customer deposits 15,326 Compensated absences - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 51,741 Total Current Liabilities 135,650 Noncurrent Liabilities: 30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities: 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	Other capital assets, net of depreciation	2,897,439	
Total Assets 4,017,185 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 28,440 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: 39,121 Payroll liabilities 1,939 Due to other funds 23,476 Customer deposits 15,326 Compensated absences - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 51,741 Total Current Liabilities 135,650 Noncurrent Liabilities: 2 Net pension liability 30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities: 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	Capital Assets (Net)	2,931,910	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 28,440 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable - trade 39,121 Payroll liabilities 1,939 Due to other funds 23,476 Customer deposits 15,326 Compensated absences - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 51,741 Total Current Liabilities: 30,807 Noncurrent Liabilities: 700 Net pension liability 30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities: 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION 879,240 Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	Total Noncurrent Assets	2,931,910	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: 39,121 Accounts payable - trade 39,121 Payroll liabilities 1,939 Due to other funds 23,476 Customer deposits 15,326 Compensated absences - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 51,741 Total Current Liabilities 135,650 Noncurrent Liabilities: 30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities: 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION 694 Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	Total Assets	4,017,185	
Current Liabilities: 39,121 Accounts payable - trade 39,121 Payroll liabilities 1,939 Due to other funds 23,476 Customer deposits 15,326 Compensated absences - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 51,741 Total Current Liabilities: 135,650 Noncurrent Liabilities: 30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities: 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION 694 Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	28,440	
Accounts payable - trade 39,121 Payroll liabilities 1,939 Due to other funds 23,476 Customer deposits 15,326 Compensated absences - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 51,741 Total Current Liabilities 135,650 Noncurrent Liabilities: 30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities: 712,783 Construction notes - noncurrent (net) 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION \$0,2167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	LIABILITIES		
Payroll liabilities 1,939 Due to other funds 23,476 Customer deposits 15,326 Compensated absences - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 51,741 Total Current Liabilities 30,807 Noncurrent Liabilities: Total Positruction notes - noncurrent (net) 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION 694 Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	Current Liabilities:		
Due to other funds 23,476 Customer deposits 15,326 Compensated absences - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 51,741 Total Current Liabilities 135,650 Noncurrent Liabilities: 30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities: 72,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION 498,305 Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	Accounts payable - trade	39,121	
Customer deposits 15,326 Compensated absences - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 51,741 Total Current Liabilities 135,650 Noncurrent Liabilities: \$\text{Net pension liability}\$ 30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities: \$\text{Construction notes - noncurrent (net)}\$ 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION \$\text{NET POSITION}\$ Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	Payroll liabilities	1,939	
Compensated absences - current 4,047 Construction notes - current 51,741 Total Current Liabilities 135,650 Noncurrent Liabilities: \$30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities: \$70,2783 Construction notes - noncurrent (net) 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION \$2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	Due to other funds	23,476	
Construction notes - current 51,741 Total Current Liabilities 135,650 Noncurrent Liabilities: \$30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities: \$712,783 Construction notes - noncurrent (net) 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION \$2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	Customer deposits	15,326	
Total Current Liabilities 135,650 Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability 30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities: Construction notes - noncurrent (net) 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	Compensated absences - current	4,047	
Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability Other Noncurrent Liabilities: Construction notes - noncurrent (net) Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted 2,167,386 Unrestricted	Construction notes - current	51,741_	
Net pension liability 30,807 Other Noncurrent Liabilities: Construction notes - noncurrent (net) 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	Total Current Liabilities	135,650	
Other Noncurrent Liabilities: Construction notes - noncurrent (net) Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted 2,167,386 Unrestricted	Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Construction notes - noncurrent (net) 712,783 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	Net pension liability	30,807	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities 743,590 Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	Other Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Total Liabilities 879,240 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 694 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 2,167,386 Unrestricted 998,305	Construction notes - noncurrent (net)	712,783	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted 2,167,386 998,305	Total Noncurrent Liabilities	743,590	
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted 2,167,386 998,305	Total Liabilities	879,240	
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted 2,167,386 998,305	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	694	
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted 2,167,386 998,305	NET POSITION		
Unrestricted 998,305	Net investment in capital assets	2,167,386	
Total Net Position \$ 3,165,691			
	Total Net Position	\$ 3,165,691	

Town of Bunn, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Water and Sewer Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$ 1,002,469	
Water and sewer taps	2,400	
Other operating revenues	18,139	
Total Operating Revenues	1,023,008	
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Water treatment and distribution	412,063	
Water collection and treatment	471,116	
Depreciation	152,223	
Total Operating Expenses	1,035,402	
Operating Income (Loss)	(12,394)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment earnings	387	
Interest and other charges	(4,267)	
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	(3,880)	
Change in Net Position	(16,274)	
Net Position, beginning	3,181,965	
Net Position, ending	\$ 3,165,691	

Town of Bunn, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	ater and wer Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received from customers	\$ 990,632
Cash paid for goods and services	(665,122)
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services	(194,367)
Other operating revenues	18,239
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	 149,382
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Collections (payments) due/to other funds	 11,731
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	11,731
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Principal paid on bond maturities and equipment contracts	(51,742)
Interest paid on bond maturities and equipment contracts	(4,267)
Capital asset purchased	 (50,250)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(106,259)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest and dividends	387
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	55,241
Balances, beginning	937,169
Balances, ending	\$ 992,410

Town of Bunn, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(12,394)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		152,223
Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows of	of Res	ources:
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(11,815)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		(14,828)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		16,263
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(1,254)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		20,761
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		(1,269)
Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay		1,695
Total Adjustments	\$	161,776
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	149,382

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Bunn and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Bunn is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a four-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the Town is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the Town's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Town.

Town of Bunn ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the Town. In addition, the ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the Town. The ABC Board, which has a June 30, year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at Town of Bunn, ABC Board, Post Office Box 235, Bunn, North Carolina 27508.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each

displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, sanitation services.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Bunn because the tax is levied by Franklin County and then remitted and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Grant Projects Special Revenue Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, and the Enterprise Fund Capital Projects Funds, which is consolidated with the operating funds for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$2,500. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town and the ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

All cash and cash equivalents are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-471.4.

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2017. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. <u>Inventory and Prepaid Items</u>

The Town does not maintain inventories. The ABC Board inventories are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The cost of these inventories is expensed when held for resale rather than when purchased.

Certain payments by the ABC Board to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, \$2,500; buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$2,500; infrastructure, \$25,000; furniture and equipment, \$2,500; and vehicles, \$2,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the fair value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings	40
Infrastructure	40
Improvements	10
Furniture and Equipment	10
Vehicles	3

Property, plant, and equipment of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Furniture and Equipment	5-10

8. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meet this criterion, contributions made to the pension deferrals for the 2019 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has three items that meet the criterion for this category - prepaid taxes, property taxes receivable, and pension deferrals.

9. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town does not provide for the accumulation of up to thirty days paid vacation leave, with the benefit being fully vested when earned. For the Town government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

a. Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors,

contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

b. Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Transportation - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for public safety expenditures.

Restricted for Recreation – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for recreation expenditures.

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town of Bunn's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body.

Subsequent Year's Expenditures - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed.

12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Bunn's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of Bunn has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the expenditures made in the Town's General Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the governing board for general government activities by \$2,756. This over-expenditure occurred because of miscalculating the utility accrual at year end. Management and the Board will more closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the expenditures made in the Town's General Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the governing board for cultural and recreation activities by \$1,193. This over-expenditure occurred because of miscalculating the accruals at year end. Management and the Board will more closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the expenditures made in the Town's Water and Sewer Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the governing board for water treatment and distribution activities by \$10,207. This over-expenditure occurred because of miscalculating the accruals at year end. Management and the Board will more closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town and the ABC Board are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's and the ABC Board's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town, the ABC Board, or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town and ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2019, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$1,775,565 and a bank balance of \$1,822,613. Of the bank balance, \$411,508 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. The carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$140,572 and the bank balance was \$189,914. All of the ABC Board's bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance. At June 30, 2019, the Town has petty cash totaling \$333.

2. Receivables

Due from other governments that is owed to the Town consists of the following:

	Governmental		
	Activities		
Local option sales tax	\$	11,497	
Utility franchise and telecommunications tax		6,018	
Solid Waste Disposal Tax		64	
Total	\$	17,579	

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2019 is net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General Fund:	
Taxes receivable	\$ 303
Enterprise Fund:	
Accounts receivable	 7,871
Total	\$ 8,174

3. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Primary Government

a. Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,664	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,664
Construction in progress		53,193	-	53,193
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	2,664	53,193	-	55,857
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Building	23,972	-	-	23,972
Improvements	167,073	-	-	167,073
Furniture and equipment	108,526	-	-	108,526
Vehicles	130,499	34,726	95,122	70,103
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	430,070	34,726	95,122	369,674
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	13,185	599	-	13,784
Improvements	45,778	5,109	-	50,887
Furniture and equipment	101,028	2,500	-	103,528
Vehicles	116,127	7,106	95,122	28,111
Total accumulated depreciation	276,118	\$ 15,314	\$ 95,122	196,310
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	153,952			173,364
Governmental Activity Capital Assets, Net	\$156,616			\$229,221

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 5,708
Public safety	9,606
Total depreciation expense	\$ 15,314

b. Capital asset activity for the Water and Sewer Fund for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances,			
	restated	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Water and Sewer Fund:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 34,471	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,471
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	34,471	-	-	34,471
Capital Assets being Depreciated:				
Buildings	149,131	-	-	149,131
Improvements	9,920	-	-	9,920
Waste Water Treatment Center	2,179,395	-	-	2,179,395
Plant and distribution systems	3,272,132	-	-	3,272,132
Furniture and equipment	6,824	-	-	6,824
Vehicles and equipment	164,743	50,250	-	214,993
Total Capital Assets Being Deprectiated	5,782,145	50,250	-	5,832,395
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	51,664	3,101	-	54,765
Improvements	9,424	496	-	9,920
Waste Water Treatment Center	281,730	58,540	-	340,270
Plant and distribution systems	2,285,349	77,327	-	2,362,676
Furniture and equipment	6,824	-	-	6,824
Vehicles and equipment	147,742	12,759	-	160,501
Total Accumulated Depreciation	2,782,733	\$ 152,223	\$ -	2,934,956
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	2,999,412			2,897,439
Water and Sewer Fund Capital Assets, Net	\$3,033,883	-		\$2,931,910
		•		

c. Discretely Presented Component Unit - Activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
ABC Capital Assets, Net				
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Furniture and equipment	\$ 68,173	\$ 3,974	\$ -	\$ 72,147
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	68,173	3,974	-	72,147
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Furniture and equipment	50,542	4,117	-	54,659
Total accumulated depreciation	50,542	\$ 4,117	\$ -	54,659
Total ABC Capital Assets, Net	\$ 17,631	_		\$ 17,488

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Bunn is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer.

Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of Bunn employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Bunn's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018, was 8.25% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.50% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Bunn were \$11,900 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported a liability of \$72,831 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Town's proportion was 0.00307%, which was a decrease of 0.00137% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$20,943. At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 11,236	\$	377
Changes of assumptions	19,327		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
pension plan investments	9,997		=
Changes in proportion and differences between Town			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	7,722		1,264
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date	12,175		-
Total	\$ 60,457	\$	1,641

\$12,175 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ 21,043
2020	14,288
2021	3,704
2022	7,606
2023	-
Thereafter	 -
	\$ 46,641

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.20 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the

U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2015 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from

employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.20 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease (6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	Increase (8.00%)
Town's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$ 174,946	\$ 72,831	\$ (12,498)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

1) Plan Description

The Town of Bunn administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed fire or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2019, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	-
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	2
Total	2

2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statements 73.

3) Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2016 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Discount rate 3.13 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2017.

Morality rates are based on the RP-2000 Morality tables with adjustments for morality improvements based on Scale AA.

4) Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid no benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$38,112. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$5,465.

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	32,813	\$	19,051
Changes of assumptions County benefit payments and plan administrative expense made subsequent to the measurement date		3,926		1,188
Total	\$	36,739	\$	20,239

\$0 paid as benefits came due and administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date have been reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2020	4,392
2021	4,392
2022	4,392
2023	4,392
2024	2,671
Thereafter	-

\$0 paid as benefits came due and \$0 of administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.16 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.16 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.16 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	(2	2.64%)	(.	3.64%)	(4	1.64%)	
Total pension liability	\$	40,872	\$	38,112	\$	35,505	

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2019
Beginning balance	\$ 59,067
Service Cost	1,666
Interest on the total pension liability	1,867
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the	
measurement of the total pension liability	(23,184)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(1,304)
Benefit payments	-
Other changes	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 38,112

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
Pension Expense	20,943	5,465	26,408
Pension Liability	72,831	38,112	110,943
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0	n/a	
Deferred of Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	11,236	32,813	44,049
Changes of assumptions	19,327	3,926	23,253
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	9,997	-	9,997
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	7,722	-	7,722
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequent to the measurement date	12,175	-	12,175
Deferred of Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	377	19,051	19,428
Changes of assumptions	-	1,188	1,188
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	-	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,264	-	1,264

a) Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description - The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

Funding Policy - Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The law enforcement officers may also make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The Town made contributions of \$4,478 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

b) Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Employees

Plan Description - The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to Town employees.

Funding Policy - The Town elects to contribute each month an amount equal to two percent of each employee's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The employees may also make voluntary contributions to the Plan.

c) Other Post-employment Benefits

The Town has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because the benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

2. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The Town has deferred outflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

Source	A	mount
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	\$	12,175
Differences between expected and actual experience		44,049
Changes of assumptions		23,253
Net difference between projected and actual		9,997
Changes in proportion and differences between		7,722
employer contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions		
Total	\$	97,196
	===	, 0

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	0	atement of Net osition	General Fund Balance Sheet
Taxes receivable (General Fund), less penalties	\$	-	\$ 9,634
Tower rental		10,500	10,500
Changes in assumptions		19,428	
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,188	
Changes in proportion and differences between		1,264	
employer contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions			
Total	\$	32,380	\$ 20,134

3. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Excess insurance coverage is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large workers' compensation claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Medical stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town was not deemed to be located in a flood zone and is not required to carry flood insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is individually bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$25,000.

4. <u>Long-term Obligations</u>

a. General Obligation Indebtedness

The Town has no general obligation bonds serviced by the governmental fund.

Serviced by the Water Sewer Fund

The general obligation bonds issued to finance the construction of facilities utilized in the operations of the water and sewer system and which are being retired by its resources are reported as long-term debt in the Water and Sewer Fund. All general obligation bonds are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the Town. Principal and interest requirements are appropriated when due.

Bonds payable, serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund, at June 30, 2019, are comprised of the following individual issues:

	Balance	Current Portion	Non-Current Portion
\$238,728 2013 Sewer Rehab loan in annual installments of \$11,936; Interest at 2.455% Total	\$ 162,274	\$ 11,591	\$ 150,683
	\$ 162,274	\$ 11,591	\$ 150,683
\$803,000 Waste Water Treatment loan in annual	Balance	Current Portion	Non-Current Portion
installments of \$40,150; Interest at 0% Total	\$ 602,250	\$ 40,150	\$ 562,100
	\$ 602,250	\$ 40,150	\$ 562,100

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term bond obligations are as follows:

	Business-type Activities						
	Principal	Interest					
Year	Payments	Payments					
2020	11,591	3,984					
2021	11,591	3,699					
2022	11,591	3,415					
2023	11,591	3,130					
2024	11,591	2,846					
2025-2029	57,955	9,960					
2030-2033	46,364	2,846					
Total	162,274	29,880					

	Business-type Activities						
	Principal	Interest					
Year	Payments	Payments					
2020	40,150	-					
2021	40,150	-					
2022	40,150	-					
2023	40,150	-					
2024	40,150	-					
2025-2029	200,750	-					
2030-2034	200,750	-					
Total	602,250						

At June 30, 2019, the Town of Bunn had no bonds authorized but un-issued and a legal debt margin of \$2,007,350.

b. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

									(Current	
	В	Beginning						Ending	Po	ortion of	
	E	Balances	_Ir	ncreases	D	ecreases	E	Balances	Balance		
Governmental Activities:				_		_					
Compensated absences	\$	475	\$	-	\$	324	\$	151	\$	151	
Net pension liability		11,427		30,597		-		42,024		-	
Total pension liability (LEO)		59,067		-		20,955		38,112		-	
Governmental Activities Long-											
term Liabilities	\$	70,969	\$	30,597	\$	21,279	\$	80,287	\$	151	
Business Activities:											
Water and Sewer Fund:											
Construction notes	\$	816,266	\$	-	\$	51,542	\$	764,724	\$	51,741	
Net pension liability		14,544		16,263		-		30,807		-	
Compensated absences Business-type Long-term		2,352		1,695				4,047	_	4,047	
Liabilities	\$	833,162	\$	17,958	\$	51,542	\$	799,578	\$	55,788	

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2019, consist of the following:

Due from (to) Other Fund	
General Fund:	
Due from Water Sewer	\$ 23,476
Water Sewer Fund:	
Due to General Fund	 (23,476)
Total	\$ _

The interfund balances results from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimburseable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

IV. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

V. Commitments

The Town has entered into an agreement for waste water management services that obligate it to pay \$46,756 in 2019.

VI. Subsequent Events

The Town has evaluated subsequent events from the date of the balance sheet through the date the report is available to be issued which is the date of the independent auditor's report. The Town has not evaluated subsequent events after that date. There were no subsequent events during this period that require disclosure.

Supplementary Statements

Town of Bunn, North Carolina Town of Bunn's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Six Fiscal Years *

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Bunn's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)		2019 0.0031%	_	2018 0.0017%		2017 0.00240%	_	2016 0.00247%	_	2015 0.00292%	_	2014 0.00370%
Bunn's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	¢	72,831	¢	25.971	\$	50,937		(11,085)				44,599
Bunn's covered payroll	\$ \$	152,392	\$ \$	152,392	φ \$	171,770	\$ \$	195,340	\$ \$	(17,219) 219.601	\$ \$	227,796
•	,	102,002	Ψ	102,002	Ψ	171,770	٧	100,010	٧	210,001	Ψ	221,100
Bunn's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	.)	47.79%		17.04%		29.65%		(5.67%)		(7.84%)		19.58%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**		94.18%		94.18%		91.47%		98.09%		102.64%		94.35%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

Town of Bunn, North Carolina Town of Bunn's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Six Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2019		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 12,175	\$	11,900	\$ 11,602	\$ 11,813	\$ 13,867	\$ 15,780
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	12,175		11,900	11,602	11,813	13,867	15,780
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -
Bunn's covered payroll	\$ 152,392	\$ ^	152,392	\$ 152,224	\$ 171,770	\$ 195,340	\$ 219,601
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.99%		7.81%	7.62%	6.88%	7.10%	7.19%

Town of Bunn, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2019

	 2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 59,067 \$	6,258	\$ 5,071
Service Cost	1,666	3,180	1,203
Interest on the total pension liability	1,867	242	181
Difference between expected and actual experience	(23,184)	44,109	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(1,304)	5,278	(197)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 38,112 \$	59,067	\$ 6,258

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

Town of Bunn, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2019

	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$38,112	\$59,067	\$6,258
Covered payroll	76,386	120,996	77,046
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	49.89%	48.82%	8.12%

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Bunn has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Town of Bunn, North Carolina General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget		Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES				
Ad Valorem Taxes:				
Current year	\$ 184,230	\$ 181,789	\$ (2,441)	
Penalties and interest		1,221	1,221	
Total Ad Valorem Taxes	184,230	183,010	(1,220)	
Other Taxes and Licenses:				
Zoning fees	1,550	1,600	50	
Total Other Taxes and Licenses	1,550	1,600	50	
Unrestricted Intergovernmental:				
Local option sales taxes	60,000	72,394	12,394	
Utility franchise tax	21,000	28,920	7,920	
Beer and wine tax	-	1,499	1,499	
Waste disposal tax	175	273	98	
ABC profit distribution	27,000	41,076	14,076	
Total Unrestricted Intergovernmental	108,175	144,162	35,987	
Restricted Intergovernmental:				
Powell Bill allocation	15,875	15,667	(208)	
Transportation grant	15,000	15,000	-	
Cultural and recreation grant	31,000	-	(31,000)	
Public safety grant	60,000	40,000	(20,000)	
Total Restricted Intergovernmental	121,875	70,667	(51,208)	
Permits and Fees:				
Court fees	150	68	(82)	
Cable franchise fees	5,025	5,041	16	
Total Permits and Fees	5,175	5,109	(66)	
Sales and services:				
Tower rent	15,056	15,034	(22)	
Garbage collection	44,000	47,658	3,658	
ATM rent	3,000	2,500	(500)	
Cemetary lot sales	3,000	9,000	6,000	
Total Sales and Services	65,056	74,192	9,136	
		4.05.5		
Investment Earnings	450	1,086	636	
Miscellaneous	6,000	19,289	13,289	
Total Revenues	492,511	499,115	6,604	

Town of Bunn, North Carolina General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES			
General Government: Salaries and employee benefits	6,950	6,943	7
Legal and audit	5,000	4,610	390
Postage and telephone	3,525	3,828	(303)
Utilities	12,825	13,759	(934)
Other	63,400	51,870	11,530
Total General Government	91,700	81,010	10,690
Public Safety:			
Police:			
Salaries and employee benefits	217,436	160,459	56,977
Vehicle maintenance	11,925	7,743	4,182
Equipment maintenance	700	700	10.516
Other operating expenditures	53,050	42,534	10,516
Capital outlay	34,750	34,726	24
Total Public Safety	317,861	246,162	71,699
Transportation:			
Streets and Highways:			
Street repair and maintenance	15,875	8,800	7,075
Total Transportation	15,875	8,800	7,075
Sanitation:			
Garbage collection	44,000	46,756	(2,756)
Cultural and recreation:			
Capital outlay	52,000	53,193	(1,193)
Cupital outlay	32,000	33,173	(1,175)
Total Expenditures	521,436	435,921	85,515
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(28,925)	63,194	92,119
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Insurance recovery	6,925	6,935	10
Appropriated fund balance	22,000	-	(22,000)
Total Other Financing Sources	28,925	6,935	(21,990)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources over			
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$ -	70,129	\$ 70,129
Fund Balances, beginning	<u> </u>	746,875	
Fund Balances, ending		\$ 817,004	

Town of Bunn, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	Dauget	Actual	(regative)	
Water sales	\$ 507,500	\$ 528,771	\$ 21,271	
Sewer charges	464,375	473,698	9,323	
Total Operating Revenues	971,875	1,002,469	30,594	
Water and sewer taps	2,025_	2,400	375	
Other Operating Revenues		18,139	18,139	
Total Other Operating Revenues	973,900	1,023,008	49,108	
Nonoperating Revenues:				
Interest earnings	200_	387	187	
Total Revenues	974,100	1,023,395	49,295	
EXPENDITURES				
Water Treatment and Distribution:				
Salaries and employee benefits	184,200	195,991	(11,791)	
Supplies	7,975	8,567	(592)	
Other operating expenditures	140,475	131,229	9,246	
Repairs and maintenance	120,275	133,451	(13,176)	
Capital outlay	63,500	50,250	13,250	
Total Water Treatment and Distribution	516,425	519,488	(3,063)	
Water and sewer purchases	401,650	412,063	(10,413)	
Debt service:		1.267		
Interest and other charges		4,267		
Principal retirement	56,025	51,742	16	
Total Debt Service	56,025	56,009	16	
Total Expenditures	974,100	987,560	(13,460)	
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	35,835	\$ 35,835	
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified A	ccrual) to Full Accrual:			
Revenues and other sources over				
expenditures and other uses		35,835		
Reconciling items:				
Principal retirement		51,742		
Increase in accrued vacation pay		(1,695)		
Pension expense		(183)		
Capital outlay		50,250		
Depreciation		(152,223)		
Net Income		\$ (16,274)		

Other Schedules

This section contains additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts: General Fund	6,866	 5,200
Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - Net	\$ 7,865	\$ 9,638
Reconcilement with revenues:		
Taxes - Ad valorem - General Fund		\$ 183,010
Reconciling Items:		
Interest collected		(1,221)
Releases and adjustments		347
Discounts allowed		401
Taxes written off		520
Total Reconciling Items		 47
Total Collections and Credits		\$ 183,057

Town of Bunn, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy Town - Wide Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Total Levy	
	Town - Wide		Property excluding Registered	Registered	
	Property Valuation	Rate	Total Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles
Original Levy:					
Property Taxed at Current Rate:					
Real and personal property	\$ 23,136,818	0.66	\$ 152,703	\$ 152,703	\$ -
Registered motor vehicles taxed at prior years rate	2,679,545	0.66	17,685	-	17,685
Discoveries	16,212	0.66	107	107	-
Releases	 (93,939)	0.66	(620)	(620)	
Total Property Valuation	\$ 25,738,636				
Net Levy			\$ 169,875	\$ 152,190	\$ 17,685
Uncollected Taxes at June 30, 2018			4,214	3,886	328
Current Year's Taxes Collected			\$ 165,661	\$ 148,304	\$ 17,357
Current Levy Collection Percentage			97.52%	97.45%	98.15%