Víllage of Clemmons, North Carolína



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019



Village Hall The picture on the cover is of the clock located at the Village Hall. Picture furnished by James Stewart

Víllage of Clemmons North Carolina

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>Village Council Members</u> John L. Wait, Mayor Michelle N. Barson, Mayor Pro Tem Scott W. Binkley Michael L. Combest Pamela J. Lofland Christopher A. Wrights

Administrative and Financial Staff Scott Buffkin, Village Manager K. Ann Stroud, Finance Officer

> Prepared By: K. Ann Stroud, CPA Village Finance Officer

VILLAGE OF CLEMMONS, NORTH CAROLINA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Transmittal Letter

Government Financial Officer's Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Principal Officials

Organizational Chart



Village of Clemmons 3715 Clemmons Road Clemmons, NC 27012 336-766-7511 Fax 336-766-7536

October 24, 2019

The Honorable Mayor John L. Wait, Members of the Village Council And Citizens of the Village of Clemmons, North Carolina

It is our pleasure to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Village of Clemmons, North Carolina for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Management of the Village of Clemmons is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of financial statements and other representations contained in this annual report. The Village's comprehensive annual financial report, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for units of local government, consists of management's representation concerning the financial position and results of operation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

North Carolina general statutes require each unit of local government to publish within four months after the close of the fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of certified public accountants. The financial statements and supplemental schedules in the Financial Section have been audited by the independent, certified public accounting firm of Cannon and Company, L.L.P. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Village, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based on the audit, that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Village's basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019 were presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. The financial reporting entity includes all funds of the Village, more detailed information on the funds can be found in the Notes.

Assuring legal compliance, the Village follows the North Carolina Local Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act, which governs financial practices of all local governments in North Carolina. This statute requires local governments to adopt a balanced budget by July 1 of each year. Budgeted expenditures are shown at the department level. The Village Manager presents his budget message to the Council and Clemmons' citizens by May 30. The Village Council is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget prior to adopting the budget ordinance. The ordinance established a legal spending limit for the Village. The Council may approve ordinances to amend the budget throughout the fiscal year. Annual budgets are adopted for the general and stormwater utility fund. A purchase order system is part of the accounting software that provides budgetary control. The Finance Officer or designated deputy finance officers are required to sign a statement that all purchases have ben pre-audited to determine that they are allowed under the current budget. Budgetary control is especially important to help control spending and to ensure legal compliance with North Carolina state law.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Management is responsible for developing an internal control system designed to safeguard the government's assets from loss,

theft, or misuse and to maintain reliable records for compilation and presentation of the Village's financial information in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The Village's internal controls are limited by lack of separation of duties due to a one person finance staff and small administrative staff. To offset this limitation there are a number of review procedures performed by the Manager. The Council is presented, on a monthly basis, a financial summary report and a check register. The system is designed to provide reasonable internal control and reasonable assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. To further strengthen internal control, the Village wanted to address the personal component by providing free counseling services thru an employee assistance program for financial stress, family stress or addiction. There are also periodic meetings with employees in order to ensure that employees know the procedures for reporting possible fraud. A key limitation on internal control is the concept of reasonable assurance which recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments from management. A second limitation of internal control is that it is subject to management override. A third limitation of internal control is the risk of collusion.

The Village has a fund balance fiscal policy in which the Village Council annually determines a minimum unassigned fund balance. These funds will be used to meet fiscal policy objectives, avoid cash-flow interruptions, eliminate the need for short-term borrowing, provide flexibility for unanticipated needs and opportunities, and respond quickly to emergencies. The Village Council set the current year minimum at \$3,000,000.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Village's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report.

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within the Village operates.

VILLAGE COMMUNITY

The Village of Clemmons truly embraces modern amenities, mixed with the comforts of southern charm. Clemmons was founded in 1802 and incorporated in 1986 and is located in Forsyth County with a population of 20,059. Clemmons has a rich history; we were the home of Peter Clemmons who owned a stage coach line that ran from Virginia to Raleigh. In fact one of his restored stage coaches resides in the Clemmons Village Hall. Clemmons is a stone's throw from Winston-Salem the City of Arts and innovation and a gentle drive from the Yadkin Valley Wine Country. The Village is filled with traditional, cluster and active senior living neighborhoods, old and new churches, fine and friendly dining, unique shopping, distinctive artists, and full service medical care facilities.



Community: Housing



Clemmons' housing options include traditional, cluster and active senior living neighborhoods as well as condos, townhomes and apartments. Several neighborhoods and apartments have recreation areas or are attached to recreational areas. We also have some housing options with shopping, dining and recreation in walking distance. There is housing for everyone no matter what stage of life you are in.

Community: Education

The Winston-Salem Forsyth County Schools (WSFCS), the fourth largest system in North Carolina, provides a quality education for nearly 55,000 students in 81 schools. The schools in Clemmons are Clemmons Elementary, Frank Morgan Elementary, Southwest Elementary and West Forsyth High School. Students in the system have unique opportunities not found elsewhere in the state, with programs that serve every kind of student and parents having a choice in where their children go to school. All schools offer accelerated classes for academically gifted students and programs and services for most students with special needs.



High school students can earn college credit through over 30 Advanced Placement courses, the International Baccalaureate Diploma Program, dual enrollment at Forsyth Technical Community College, or through other local colleges. Over the past few years the school system has increased the high school graduation rate to over 82 percent.

Clemmons, due to proximity to Winston-Salem, has a diverse array of colleges and universities. Wake Forest University (WFU), Winston-Salem State University (WSSU), The University of North Carolina School of the Arts (UNCSA), SALEM College and Forsyth Technical Community College are all nearby.

Community: Recreation



Village Point Lake and Greenway consists of 3900 linear feet of greenway around Village Point Lake and a segment adjacent to Frank Morgan Elementary School. The Village Point Lake also boasts a fishing pier that allows urban community fishing opportunities for residents to fish a stocked lake throughout the year.

Tanglewood Park is located on the southwest side of the Village of Clemmons. This 1,100 acre county park offers activities for the entire family including fishing and boating, hitting a round on one of two award-winning golf courses, a day of swimming at the Aquatic Center, guided horseback riding, a lighted 1150 feet BMX track, asphalt walking trails, two playgrounds, and a tennis center with six lighted clay courts and four lighted cushion-hard courts. The Arboretum features 26 gardens and is open year-round. The Rose Garden and AIDS Memorial Garden are also beautiful outdoor attractions in the park.

Community: Public Safety

Forsyth County Sheriff's Department provides public safety for the Village. The vision of the Forsyth County Sheriff's department is to enhance quality of life and sense of community in Forsyth County by providing effective criminal justice services that are guided by integrity and compassion, and supported by the trust of those we serve. In a joint venture with the Sheriff's department, Clemmons contracts for one investigator, ten patrol deputies (including one Sergeant and one Corporal) and two traffic officers. This is part of the Village's commitment to provide services while being mindful of our tax cap; contracting with the County provides the service at a lower cost than the Village could operate a separate police department. Coffee with a Cop is a forum for residents to interact with Clemmons officers; the Village sponsored four Coffee with a Cop forums during the current year.

The Clemmons and Lewisville Fire Department provides fire, rescue and emergency management through a separate taxing district.

Community: Governance

The Village operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The Council is the policy-making and legislative body of Village government and includes a Mayor and five Council Members. The Village Manager is appointed by the Council as the Chief Executive Officer and is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Council. The Manager appoints department directors to assist with the administration of the daily operations and programs of the Village.

The staff and Council of the Village are committed to communication and government transparency. Agendas, minutes, the budget, and financial reports are posted on the Clemmons web site. In 2019, the Village launched a new website to better engage with our residents. A "notify me" feature was added to allow residents to sing up to receive notifications such press releases, events, and meeting notifications. Citizens can also report online concerns such as street light outages, stormwater issues, and missed trash and recycling. The home navigation buttons and tabs were created on analytics of the most frequently used searchers to allow users to find information in a more efficient and organized manner. The new website also creates a better user experience for mobile users. Our goal is to use multiple media channels to enhance our connection with the community by keeping them informed; Clemmons website-www.clemmons.org, Facebook, e-mail blasts, and the Clemmons Courier are all utilized to a great extent. Village council meetings are streamed live and archived on the Village's YouTube channel. In the upcoming year, look for short surveys on a variety of different topics. The surveys will provide citizen input on the government and services. The Village staff is always available by phone; Village Hall (336-766-7511) or Public Works (336-766-9170) or just stop by the office. Citizens are encouraged to attend regularly scheduled council meeting on the 2nd and 4th Mondays of the month. The Village Council is also encouraging citizens to apply to serve on various board, such as planning board, zoning board of adjustment, transportation committee and stormwater committee.

Community: Services

Clemmons provides professional and financially sound municipal services. Clemmons' citizens enjoy the following municipal services: residential trash collection, bulk item pickup, residential recycling, leaf/limb and grass collection, community policing, planning and zoning, Village street maintenance, sidewalk maintenance, a pocket park, lake and pier, greenway all for a low tax rate of \$0.115 per \$100 property valuation. The Environmental Protection Agency's Phase II Water Quality Act requires the Village to operate a Stormwater management program; which the purpose is to reduce Stormwater pollution and assure clean water is maintained in our water bodies.

The following services are provided by other governmental entities: water and sewer (City-County Utilities), State streets maintenance (North Carolina Department of Transportation) which include Lewisville-Clemmons Road, Clemmons Road, Idols Road, Kinnamon Road, Peacehaven Road, Harper Road and Hampton Road.

Community: Vision

The Clemmons Community Compass was updated during the current year. The Vision Statement is "The Village of Clemmons is a prosperous, welcoming, safe, vibrant, residential community that promotes a high quality of life for its citizens providing a thriving diverse business environment, protecting our natural resources and preserving governmental fiscal integrity. Clemmons' defining characteristic is a superior quality life for all."

One goal of the Clemmons Community Compass is to promote true multi-modal opportunities for travelers that link neighborhoods to point of interest and regional destinations. Transportation modes within the Village's network include driving, bicycling, walking, and transit. The Village has received federal funding to facilitate the communities' linear park initiative. The Village has in process sidewalk along Highway 158 that will connect to Tanglewood Park and Village funded project constructs a parallel road along Lewisville-Clemmons Road.

Community: Vision

Federally funded projects that have not commenced are sidewalks along Harper Road and Idols Road. The Village also incorporates sidewalks in site plans for new development and or redevelopment as part of our Unified Development Ordinance.

As part of the Community Compass, opportunities for quality of life opportunities for Village residents were critical. Neighbors continue to desire opportunities to gather for community events, local programs and activities as well as opportunities to capitalize on the Village's most precious asset its' residents. The Village holds several community events to provide opportunities for residents to interact. Residents enjoy the annual ice cream festival, movie nights, monster dash and goblin hop, community cleanups, family fishing, coffee with a cop, and the annual tree lighting. Community initiatives that further a sense of place are: Clemmons Cares (Random Acts of Kindness Month) and neighbors helping neighbors (Clemmons Food Drive Month). The Village appreciates all of our Community Partners that help ensure our events are successful.

Another initiative in the Compass outlines support of the local food movement. The Village serves as a member of the Forsyth County Food Consortium and runs a local producer only farmers market. The market is located at the Clemmons Village Hall on Saturdays May thru October. The market supports producers from Forsyth, Surry, Stokes, Rockingham, Guilford, Davidson, Davie and Yadkin counties. Products available at the market include; in season fruits and vegetables; plants and bulbs; cut or dried flowers; eggs; baked goods; candies; etc.

Community: Cooperative Ventures

The Clemmons Branch Library has one of the highest circulation rates in Forsyth County, with 19,000 registered borrowers. In order to facilitate the construction of a new Clemmons Branch Library, the Village purchased property for a new Clemmons Branch Library, and Forsyth County will construct new and expanded library in the upcoming year. The County and Clemmons Council has collaborated to hopefully bring a library that all the citizens can utilize and be proud of. The Clemmons library is a resource that is enjoyed by all age groups.

The Village partners with the Jerry Long YMCA, Morgan Elementary School, and Southwest Elementary School for Clemmons events such as movie night, ice cream festival and lip sync contest. The Village also has community sponsorships that enable us to have fun filled events; thank you to all of our community sponsors.

The Clemmons Community Garden provides members of the community a central location to grow their own organic food and provide an opportunity to share a portion of the garden's bounty with others in need by donating to the area food pantry. The Clemmons Community Garden was started in 2012 based on objectives set forth by the Clemmons citizens through the adoption of the comprehensive plan.

VILLAGE ECONOMY

The Village of Clemmons is seventy two percent residential, therefore housing values, housing options and quality of life are a major component of our economy. A majority of our residential community commutes to work in our metropolitan area; therefore the economy of that area is a factor in our local economy. Alongside the residential community the Village has a vibrant business community.

A balanced tax base combining a healthy mix of residential, commercial and industrial helps provide prosperity for the whole community. One way to help ensure this healthy mix is with a common Vision. The Village has updated the Clemmons Community Compass which provides direction for Council and staff for the Vision of Clemmons. This vision helps to ensure that the Village provides meaningful services and have a quality of life that is desirable for years to come.

Even though the market determines to a great extent what housing is being built, when possible Clemmons encourages a diversity of housing options which helps with long term viability of residential values. Clemmons' housing options include traditional, cluster and active senior living neighborhoods as well as condos, townhomes and apartments. We have neighborhoods with recreation areas and active homeowners associations that fosters a sense of community. Clemmons has a number of apartments both new and older, including some with recreation or attached to recreation areas. There is housing for everyone no matter what stage of life you are in.

Economy: Health care

Clemmons has a growing health care sector. Novant Health Clemmons Medical Center provides emergency services, outpatient surgery, imaging services, rehab facility and 36 bed inpatient facility. Wake Forest Baptist Health Plaza-Clemmons offers a women's center, a spine center, specialty services and primary care as well as a soon to open ambulatory surgical center. Clemmons has also seen an increase of auxiliary services. Clemmons also has a number of adult care, assisted living and rehab facilities. Health care that is diverse and located close to where you live is an important quality of life issue especially for seniors.



Economy: Local Business and Metropolitan Area

The Village has a vibrant business community with over 1,000 registered business; many of those are locally owned. Business include retail, manufacturing, and professional services. Clemmons residents enjoy a variety of restaurants, retail and specialty shopping. The Village desires to foster an attractive and prosperous business community by communication and partnerships with the business community. We do this with membership in the Lewisville-Clemmons Chamber of Commerce and our planning process. We also provide our local business the opportunity to partner in Community Events. The Lewisville-Clemmons Chamber of Commerce supports our local business with networking, education and encouraging people to shop local.

Clemmons is part of the state's "Piedmont Triad" and the Greensboro/Winston-Salem/High Point Metropolitan Statistical Area. Our metropolitan area economic base includes education and health care (28%), retail (11%), professional, scientific and management, and administration (28%), finance, insurance and real estate (6%), and manufacturing (9%). The City of Winston-Salem is the home of Wake Forest Innovation Quarter, and Urban Research and Technology Park located in repurposed former R.J. Reynolds Tobacco warehouse and factories. Many of the companies are start-ups in the technology and biomedical fields.

Economy: Transportation

Transportation is a major community concern as the Village continues to see traffic growth along the major/minor thoroughfares. The Council appointed an ad hoc committee to update the Village Transportation Plan. In conjunction with the update, a consultant has developed a concurrency model to provide linear road capacity under current and future land use conditions. This model will help the Village gain a more holistic view of a corridor's capacity. Most of Clemmons' commercial development and commuter routes are state maintained roadways; therefore the Village continues to foster cooperation with NC DOT for driveway modification, signalization, turn lanes and other roadway improvements. The Village reviews traffic impact analysis as development occurs in order to require mitigation and new improvements to the adjacent corridors.

The Village has a series of transportation projects underway:

- First phase of a parallel road (Market Center Drive) on the eastern side of Lewisville-Clemmons Road which provides route options for local destination trips, redevelopment opportunities and long term a possible secondary route along the Lewisville-Clemmons Road.
- Sidewalk construction on some of our major though fares to encourage pedestrian activity.

Due to the tax cap and a pay as you go financing philosophy, the Village is limited on the type and scope of transportation projects we can undertake. The Village continues to apply for grants and use redevelopment or new development to affect changes in our traffic patterns.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Village of Clemmons for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the eleventh year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded the Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. This report was prepared by the Finance Officer, K. Ann Stroud, CPA. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Deserving special commendation for the success of the Village's operations are skilled, talented and dedicated employees – the work force of the Village of Clemmons, Forsyth County Sheriff's Deputies and all of our community partners. The assistance of the Forsyth County tax assessor and finance department for County information in supplemental schedules is much appreciated. We also express our appreciation to the Mayor, Village Council and members of our boards and committees for their dedication, leadership and establishment of policies for managing financial operations in a sound manner.

Scott Buffkin Village Manager

K. Ann Stroud Finance Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Village of Clemmons North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christophen P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO

VILLAGE OF CLEMMONS, NORTH CAROLINA

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

MEMBERS OF COUNCIL

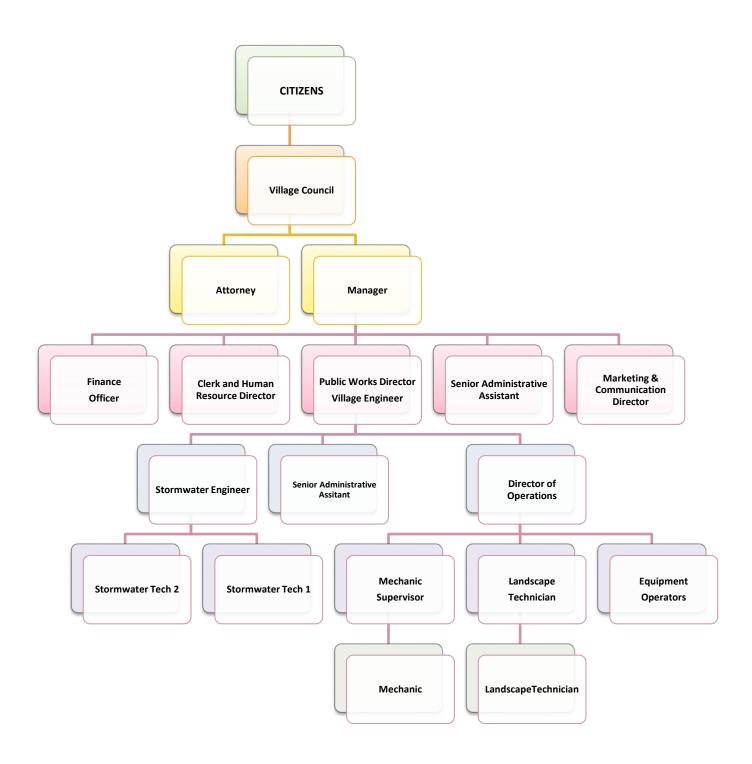


From left to right seated: Pamela J. Lofland, Mayor John L. Wait, Mayor pro tem Michelle N. Barson From left to right standing: Christopher A. Wrights, Michael L. Combest, Scott W. Binkley

John L. Wait	Mayor
Scott Buffkin	
Kasper & Payne	Village Attorney
Lisa Shortt	Village Clerk
K. Ann Stroud	Finance Officer
Michael Gunnell	Public Works Director/Village Engineer
Wes Kimbrell	Stormwater Engineer
Nesser Rahimzadeh	
Cannon and Company, L.L.P	Auditor

VILLAGE OF CLEMMONS

ORGANIZATION CHART







FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report

Government-wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Notes to Financial Statements

Required Supplemental Information

Individual and Combining Fund Statements

Other Schedules



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Village Council Village of Clemmons, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Clemmons, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Village of Clemmons' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

2160 Country Club Road / Winston-Salem, NC 27104 / 336-725-0635 / Fax 336-725-0630 104 W. Dalton Road / P.O. Box 330 / King, NC 27021 / 336-725-0635 / Fax 336-450-4076

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Village of Clemmons, North Carolina as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions, on page 23-34 and pages 70-71, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consist of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Clemmons' basic financial statements. The introductory information, combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, statistical section, and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basis financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures; including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory information and the statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 23, 2019, on our consideration of the Village of Clemmons' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Clemmons' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village of Clemmons' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cannon & Company, S.S. P.

Winston-Salem, North Carolina October 23, 2019

As management of the Village of Clemmons, we offer readers of the Village of Clemmons's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village of Clemmons for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Village's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Village of Clemmons exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$58,046,015(*net position*). Of this amount, \$11,756,461 may be used to meet the Village's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, and \$46,289,554 is invested in capital assets and is not available for future spending.
- The government's total net position increased by \$137,314, primarily due to business type to activities, and delay of start of some capital projects.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Village of Clemmons's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,754,489 with a net change of \$414,394 in fund balance. Approximately 1% of this total amount, or \$106,527 is non-spendable and 33% if this total amount, or \$3,252,897, is restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$5,746,219, or 100% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- Property taxes accounted for 44% of general fund revenue that provides services to citizens and the community in 2019. The Village's tax rate for the fiscal year 2019 was \$0.115. The collection rate for the Village was 99.64%.
- The Village of Clemmons has no general fund debt

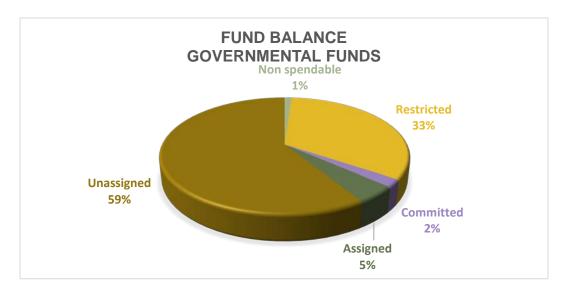
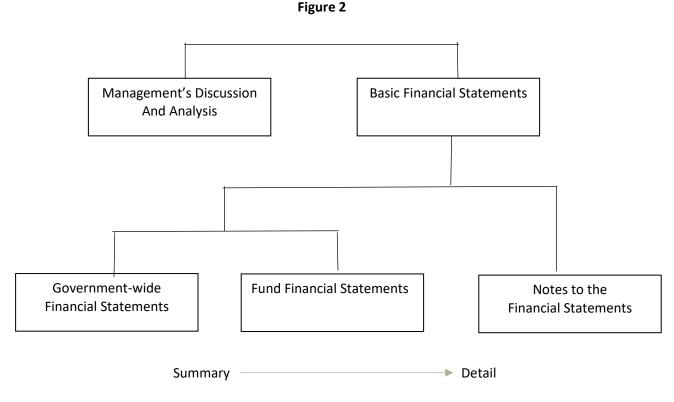


Figure 1

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Village of Clemmons's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Village through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Village of Clemmons.



Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Village's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Village's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Village's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Village's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Village's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Village's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Village's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Village's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the Village's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and State and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Village charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer and electric services offered by the Village of Clemmons. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the Village, the ABC Board is important to the Village. The Village exercises control over the Board by appointing its members and the Board is required to distribute its profits to the Village.

The government-wide financial statements are Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Village's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village of Clemmons, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Village's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Village of Clemmons can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Village's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Village's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Village of Clemmons adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Village, the management of the Village, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Village to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Village complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Village succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document.

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Governmental Funds –The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – Village of Clemmons has one proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Village of Clemmons uses an enterprise funds to account for storm water activity. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 48 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Village of Clemmons's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 66 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities - The Village depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Village is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and State laws and federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

	Governmental Activities			Business Ty	ctivitie	Total				
		2019		2018	2019		2018	2019		2018
Current and other assets	\$	10,431,614	\$	10,144,404	\$ 2,186,546	\$	2,228,153	\$ 12,618,160	\$	12,372,557
Non-current assets		-		-	-		-	-		-
Capital assets		45,103,700		45,661,221	1,185,854		801,512	46,289,554		46,462,733
Total assets		55,535,314		55,805,625	3,372,400		3,029,665	58,907,714		58,835,290
Deferred outflows of resources		263,874		171,422	58,176		42,033	322,050		213,455
Long-term liabilities		360,203		225,329	72,622		47,560	432,825		272,889
Other liabilities		697,243		834,554	51,607		25,778	748,850		860,332
Total liabilities		1,057,446		1,059,883	124,229		73,338	1,181,675		1,133,221
Deferred inflows of resources		1,545		5,511	529		1,312	2,074		6,823
Net position:										
Net investment in capital assets		45,103,700		45,661,221	1,185,854		801,512	46,289,554		46,462,733
Restricted		3,252,897		2,676,793	-		-	3,252,897		2,676,793
Unrestricted		6,383,600		6,573,639	2,119,964		2,195,536	8,503,564		8,769,175
Total net position	\$	54,740,197	\$	54,911,653	\$ 3,305,818	\$	2,997,048	\$ 58,046,015	\$	57,908,701

Village of Clemmons's Net Position Figure 3

Government-Wide Financial Analysis (continued)

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Village of Clemmons exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$58,046,015 as of June 30, 2019. The Village's net position increased by \$137,314 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. However, the largest portion (79.7%) reflects the Village's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The Village of Clemmons uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. An additional portion of the Village of Clemmons's net position, \$3,252,897, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$8,503,564 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Village's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Ad Valorem taxes increased by \$74,618, due to growth and continued diligence by Forsyth County in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 99.64.
- Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues increase by \$91,140 (4%). Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues are local sales tax, utilities taxes, and ABC distributions.
- Acceptance of infrastructure (streets, sidewalks) valued at \$ 166,615 from developer
- Expenses decreased by 3%; some of the significate reasons are as follows:
 - One-time expense for water and sewer line as part of Village Point Road Project that was incurred during the fiscal year June 30, 2018.
 - The Village did not do any resurfacing in the fiscal year June 30, 2019 with the intention of a large resurfacing project during the fiscal year June 30, 2020.
 - CPI increases for solid waste and recycling and salaries and benefits.

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Village of Clemmons's Changes in Net Position Figure 4

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 57,642	\$ 50,128	\$ 785,393	\$ 775,082	\$ 843,035	\$ 825,210		
Operating grants and contributions	702,228	662,580	1,125	1,150	703,353	663,730		
Capital grants and contributions	187,445	3,890,151	-	-	187,445	3,890,151		
Property taxes	2,609,124	2,534,506	-	-	2,609,124	2,534,506		
Other taxes	3,182	2,748	-	-	3,182	2,748		
Grants and contribution not restricted to specific								
program	2,391,772	2,300,632	-	-	2,391,772	2,300,632		
Unrestricted investment earnings	144,862	52,866	41,725	16,860	186,587	69,726		
Other	59,755	3,936	50,500	-	110,255	3,936		
Total revenues	6,156,010	9,497,547	878,743	793,092	7,034,753	10,290,639		
Expenses:								
Governing board	65,310	54,689	-	-	65,310	54,689		
Administration	661,606	622,247	-	-	661,606	622,247		
Public safety	1,359,579	1,285,031	-	-	1,359,579	1,285,031		
Public works & streets	3,702,946	3,872,006	-	-	3,702,946	3,872,006		
Planning & zoning	168,239	196,425	-	-	168,239	196,425		
Clemmons events & marketing	126,825	91,968	-	-	126,825	91,968		
Parks & recreation	40,033	41,293	-	-	40,033	41,293		
Other governments infrasturcture	202,928	451,082	-	-	202,928	451,082		
Stormwater utility		-	569,973	525,206	569,973	525,206		
Total expenses	6,327,466	6,614,741	569,973	525,206	6,897,439	7,139,947		
Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers	(171,456)	2,882,806	308,770	267,886	137,314	3,150,692		
Transfers		104,916	-	(104,916)	-	-		
Increase (decrease) in net position after transfers	(171,456)	2,987,722	308,770	162,970	137,314	3,150,692		
Net position, beginning	51,923,931	51,923,931	2,834,078	2,834,078	54,758,009	54,758,009		
Net position, June 30	\$51,752,475	\$54,911,653	\$3,142,848	\$2,997,048	\$54,895,323	\$57,908,701		

Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the Village's net position by \$71,456. The decrease is mainly due to depreciation expense exceeding capital outlay, and pension expense. These items where offset with donation of infrastructure. The Village continues to see increase of economic activity due to start or completion of new commercial property and some residential property and on the flip side there has been increase in the cost of goods and services, and construction. Infrastructure is a major piece of the Village capital assets, therefore the Village's depreciation expense for governmental activities is substantial. The Village does focus on maintaining our infrastructure by incorporating a street condition rating to determine resurfacing requirement and annual sidewalk maintenance. The Village continues to utilize grant opportunities when possible for sidewalk infrastructure and greenways. Village management continues to explore ways to reduce costs and or improve programs to our citizens.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the Village of Clemmons's net position by \$308,770. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- The Stormwater fee is based on a pay-as-you-go concept for capital improvement projects; therefore an increase in net position is anticipated in order to accumulate funds to complete future capital projects. Due to increase in impervious coverage the stormwater fee increase by 1%
- Investment earnings increase due to the Federal Reserve increasing rates thru out the year.
- Sale of capital assets
- The revenue increases were offset by 8% increase in expenses, due to normal CPI increase, salary and benefit cost and minor capital improvements.

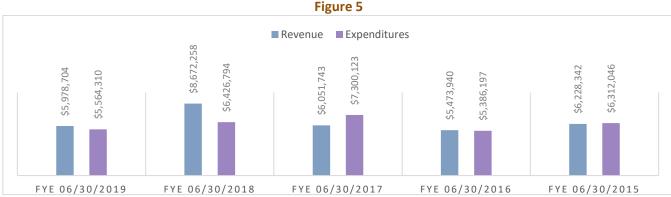
Financial Analysis of the Village's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village of Clemmons uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Village of Clemmons's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village of Clemmons's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of government's future net resources available for spending.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of Village of Clemmons reported a combined fund balance of \$9,754,489 with a net increase of \$414,394. The general fund increased by \$447,758 due to 5.3% increase in revenues and decrease of 1.6% in recurring expenditures. The reduction in recurring expenditures was mainly due to the fact that the Village did not do a resurfacing project during this year and transfers to capital projects did not proceed as anticipated. The Village's capital outlay did increase due to the James Street Road Extension. Non-major funds decreased by \$33,364 mainly due to timing differences between when revenues are received and expenditures are incurred.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Village of Clemmons. Total fund balance at the end of current fiscal year was \$9,516,476 of which \$5,746,683 is unassigned. The Council desires to maintain \$3,000,000 in fund balance. The general fund increased by \$447,758 mainly due to timing of capital projects and no street resurfacing. The Village currently has an available fund balance of 99.5% of general fund expenditures, and total fund balance represents 157% of the same amount.



Actual Governmental Fund Revenues and Actual Governmental Fund Expenditures Figure 5

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the Village revised the budget on one occasion. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Amendments to the General fund Budget totaled an increase of \$293,710.

The budget was amended for the following reasons:

• Actual bid price for James Street Extension. \$293,710

The Village incurred a positive variance for actual revenues and actual expenditures compared to final budget of \$447,758 (5.7%).

Revenues had a negative variance of \$25,421 (1.1%); with most revenues coming in as expected with modest positive variance. Some variances though modest do indicate that our local economy is remaining steady with some slow growth.

- Unrestricted intergovernmental has a positive variance \$116,672 due to sales tax.
- Interest earnings has a positive variance of \$119,815, due to the Federal Reserve raising rates during the year.
- Restricted intergovernmental and other revenues has a negative variance of \$359,945 mainly due to the James Street Extension Project not being completed by June 30, 2019. Water and sewer reimbursement from Clemmons Sewer Reserve held by City of Winston-Salem and portion of road funded by developer has not been billed. Expenditures also had a positive variance due to the construction not been complete by June 30, 2019.

Expenditures and other financing uses had a positive variance of \$2,349,894; mostly due to timing issues with capital and capital projects.

Some of the more notable variances is as follows.

- Capital had a positive balance of \$274,863, \$17,550 was re-appropriated in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 budget.
 - The infrastructure for new library site was not completed, and was re-appropriated.
 - The Village chose not to proceed privacy fence, paving and wiring at our Dillon Industrial Drive location.
- Streets had a positive balance of \$429,772 due to the decision to delay street resurfacing until street survey could be completed.
 - Transfer to Market Center Drive capital project in the amount of \$539,900, project was delayed and reappropriated in the fiscal year June 30, 2019 budget.
- Transfers to other funds had a positive variance of \$1,152,744.
 - The timing of our actual expenditures for multi-year capital projects did not coincide with proposed budget. The total project cost remain the same for the multi-year, however the annual transfer from the General Fund can vary from budget. All of these funds were re-appropriated in the June 30, 2020 budget.
 - Sidewalk Project along Highway 158 to Tanglewood: delayed due to utility relocation and acquisitions of easements.
 - Market Center Drive acquiring necessary easements and change in scope of project.

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Proprietary Funds. The Village of Clemmons's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Stormwater Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$2,119,964. The total change in net position for the Stormwater Fund was \$ 308,770. The change in net position in the Stormwater Fund is a result of a fee structure based to accumulate funds for capital improvement projects. The Village did have several capital improvement project started, however were not completed during the current year. The Village re-allocated \$797,400.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Village of Clemmons's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019, totals \$46,289,554(net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

Governmental activities

- Tub grinder \$244,183
- Message board \$13,200
- Ford F250 with snow plow and salt spreader \$51,153
- 1954 Chevy Truck for Farmers Market \$ 9,297
- Radios and wireless headset \$8,060.
- Construction In Progress
 James Street Extension Road \$498,352
 Market Center Drive project \$43,553
 158 Sidewalk & Greenway \$40,443

Business-type activities

- Tub grinder \$244,183
- Capital Improvement Plan
- Construction in progress
 - Harper Valley Lane \$119,425
 - Lakefield Court \$1,922
 - James Street Extension Stormwater Pond \$36,546
 - Doublegate \$2,200
 - Greenbrook \$2,000
 - Mendelssohn \$2,000
 - Tanglebrook Trail \$1,500

Village of Clemmons's Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

Figure 6

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note 3e of the Basic Financial Statements.

	Governmental Activities					Business-Ty	pe A	Activities	Total				
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018	
Land & Improvements	\$	20,517,661	\$	20,488,261	\$	16,200	\$	16,200	\$	20,533,861	\$	20,504,461	
Works of Art		94,549		94,549		-		-		94,549		94,549	
Buildings		1,040,915		1,084,780		43,722		45,472		1,084,637		1,130,252	
Improvements other than buildings		301,445		310,292		-		-		301,445		310,292	
Equipment and furniture Vehicles and motorized		554,975		358,994		227,386		4,771		782,361		363,765	
equipment		366,346		404,255		187,314		234,262		553 <i>,</i> 660		638,517	
Computer software & eq.		14,920		24,939		1,553		2,044		16,473		26,983	
Infrastructure		21,282,179		22,539,046		376,435		386,565		21,658,614		22,925,611	
Construction in progress		930,710		356,105		333,244		112,198		1,263,954		468,303	
Total	\$	45,103,700	\$	45,661,221	\$	1,185,854	\$	801,512	\$	46,289,554	\$	46,462,733	

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2019, the Village of Clemmons has no long term debt.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue up to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Village of Clemmons is \$176,268,661. Additional information regarding the Village of Clemmons's long-term obligations can be found in Note3f of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Village.

- While labor statistics are not available for the Village of Clemmons, they are available for Forsyth County, where Clemmons is located. As of June 30, 2019, the unemployment rate for Forsyth County was up .2% to 4.4%.
- Sales tax was up 6% which indicated a good economy in Forsyth County.
- Consumer price index which is a measure of the cost of goods and services and inflation increased by 1.6% for June 30, 2019. Our contract for solid waste and recycling uses the water and sewer and trash collection consumer price index which increased by 3.6%. Health insurance cost continues to increase at rate higher than other goods and services.
- The Village continues to see activity in re-zoning and stormwater permits.
- Clemmons has a fifteen cents tax cap in our charter.

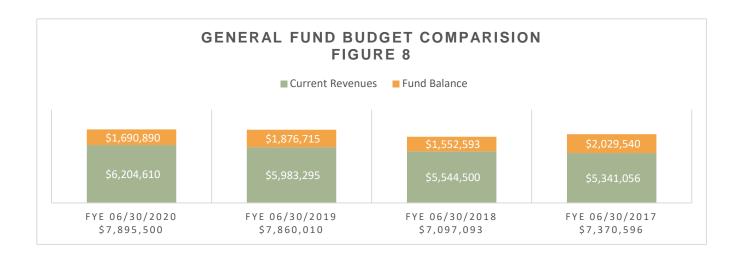
Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities: The Village's total budget increased by \$34,490 (.4%) mainly due to fluctuations in capital asset purchases and capital infrastructure projects. In general actual capital projects construction cost have come in around 25% higher than projections. Several factors play in to this, fewer construction companies and increase in general labor and materials due to inflation. The Village budgeted for one increase in personnel position in public works. In order to keep infrastructure maintained and services at current level, an additional position was requested. Public safety is an important factor in quality of life and the Council voted to add an additional deputy in January 2020. As noted above solid waste and recycling increased by 3.6%. Health insurance and retirement cost increased. The Village is appropriating \$1,690,050 fund balance to finance capital projects, vehicles, equipment, street resurfacing and marketing of Clemmons and community events. \$881,675 was re-appropriated from prior year due to difference between estimated progress and actual progress for capital projects and capital items that were delayed due to various reasons.

The major factors contributing to increase in budget is as follows:

- Capital outlay decreased by \$1,702,060 due to James Street Extension. Approximately 91% of this project was completed in year ending June 30, 2019.
- Public safety increased by \$20,965 (1.4%). This is for the additional deputy in January. Part of the cost for this additional deputy is covered by Forsyth County and the Forsyth County sheriff's department.
- Public works increased by \$80,175 mainly due to personnel, trash, and recycling.
- Street appropriated increased by \$677,805 in anticipation of major street resurfacing.
- Transfers to capital projects increased by \$53,175, transfers can fluctuate due to progress on capital projects and what capital projects the Village has in any given year. The Village has the following capital projects
 - 158 Sidewalk to Tanglebrook Park
 - Market Center Drive
 - Harper Road Sidewalk

The Village appropriated \$309,250 from unassigned fund balance which is shown on Exhibit 3 as assigned fund balance subsequent year's expenditures. The Village appropriated \$1,368,780 from restricted fund balance streets, and \$12,860 from restricted cultural, economic, recreation and tourism which are included in restricted fund balance totals on Exhibit 3. One of the appropriate uses of Fund Balance is to allow the Village to make one-time purchases or complete capital projects without affecting the resource stream of normal operations.



Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Business–type Activities: The Stormwater Utility budget increased by 18% to \$ 2,322,705. The increase is due to fluctuations in capital outlay and the capital improvement projects to be completed in the fiscal year. The Citizen Stormwater Committee evaluates the Village capital improvement plan and ranks the capital improvement plan. The Citizen Stormwater Committee chose pay as you go method to fund the capital improvement, therefore some budget years there may be minimum projects and other year major projects. Anticipated capital improvement projects are as follows Springside, Lakefield, Springpath, Breckingridge and Stormwater Pond for library site.

The Stormwater Utility fee is as follows Per equivalent residential unit per month is \$5.00; annually \$60.00

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Village's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to K. Ann Stroud, Finance Officer, Village of Clemmons, 3715 Clemmons Road, Clemmons, NC 27012, 336-766-7511, or email <u>astroud@clemmons.org</u>. This report is located on the Village's web site <u>http://www.clemmons.org/159/Finance</u>



Picture by James Stewart

Laster Mill House

Basic Financial Statements

Government wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Notes to Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information

	Primary Government					
	G	overnmental	B	usiness-type		
		Activities		Activities		Total
Assets						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,176,284	\$	2,161,986	\$	9,338,270
Property tax receivable		9,310		-		9,310
Accounts receivable		142		1,306		1,448
Due from other governments		635,732		7,858		643,590
Inventories		60,506		7,648		68,154
Security deposit		1,200		-		1,200
Prepaid expenses		46,021		7,748		53,769
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		2,502,419		-		2,502,419
Total current assets		10,431,614		2,186,546		12,618,160
Non-current Assets:						
Capital assets (Note 3e.):						
Land, improvements, and non-depreciable assets		20,612,210		16,200		20,628,410
Construction in progress		930,710		333,244		1,263,954
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		23,560,780		836,410		24,397,190
Total capital assets		45,103,700		1,185,854		46,289,554
Total noncurrent assets		45,103,700		1,185,854		46,289,554
Total assets		55,535,314		3,372,400		58,907,714
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension deferrals		263,874		58,176		322,050
Total deferred outflows of resources		263,874		58,176		322,050
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		638,818		41,401		680,219
Accrued salaries and payroll liabilities		28,246		5,352		33,598
Current portion of long-term liabilities		29,474		4,854		34,328
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities from						
restricted cash		705		-		705
Total current liabilities		697,243		51,607		748,850
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Net pension liability		321,132		70,542		391,674
Due in more than one year		39,071		2,080		41,151
Total noncurrent liabilities		360,203		72,622		432,825
Total liabilities		1,057,446		124,229		1,181,675
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Prepaid taxes		46		-		46
Pension deferrals		1,499		529		2,028
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,545		529		2,074

	Primary Government				
	G	overnmental	Business-type		
		Activities	Activities	Total	
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		45,103,700	1,185,854	46,289,554	
Restricted for:					
Stabilization by State Statute		738,391	-	738,391	
Transportation		2,136,537	-	2,136,537	
Downtown revitalization		138,679	-	138,679	
Culture, recreational, and tourism		69,609	-	69,609	
Travel & tourism		169,681	-	169,681	
Unrestricted		6,383,600	2,119,964	8,503,564	
Total net position	\$	54,740,197	\$ 3,305,818	\$ 58,046,015	



Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Re	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
							Р	rimary Government				
					Capi	tal Grants						
			Charges for	Operating Grant		and	Governmental	Business-type				
Functions/Programs	Expe	nses	Services	and Contribution	s Cont	tributions	Activities	Activities	Total			
Primary government:												
Governmental Activities:												
Governing board	\$ 65	310	\$-	\$-	\$	-	\$ (65,310)	\$ - 3	\$ (65,310)			
Administration	661	606	-	-		-	(661,606)	-	(661,606)			
Public safety	1,359	579	6,275	-		-	(1,353,304)	-	(1,353,304)			
Public works & streets	3,702	946	14,941	574,603		187,445	(2,925,957)	-	(2,925,957)			
Planning & zoning	168	239	15,250	-		-	(152,989)	-	(152,989)			
Clemmons events & marketing	126	825	-	127,625		-	800	-	800			
Parks & recreation	40	033	21,176	-		-	(18,857)	-	(18,857)			
Other Governments Infrastructure	202	928	-	-		-	(202,928)	-	(202,928)			
Total governmental activities	6,327	466	57,642	702,228		187,445	(5,380,151)	-	(5,380,151)			
Business-type activities:												
Stormwater utility	569	973	785,393	1,125		-	-	216,545	216,545			
Total business-type activities	569	973	785,393	1,125		-	-	216,545	216,545			
Total primary government	\$ 6,897	439	\$ 843,035	\$ 703,353	\$	187,445	(5,380,151)	216,545	(5,163,606)			
	General re	venue	s:									
	Taxes:											
	Prope	rty tax	es, levied for g	eneral purpose			2,609,124	-	2,609,124			
	Other	taxes a	and licenses				3,182	-	3,182			
	Grants a	nd cor	ntributions not	restricted to speci	fic progr	ams	2,391,772	-	2,391,772			
	Unrestr	cted in	vestment eari	nings			144,862	41,725	186,587			
	Miscella	neous		-			59,755	50,500	110,255			
	Total g	eneral	revenues not	including transfers	and spe	cial items	5,208,695	92,225	5,300,920			
	-		m other funds	-			-	-	-			
		ו	rotal general r	evenues, special ite	ms, and	transfers	5,208,695	92,225	5,300,920			
			-			t position	(171,456)	308,770	137,314			
	Net positi	on-beg	inning				54,911,653	2,997,048	57,908,701			
	·	0	-	Ne	t positio	on-ending	\$ 54,740,197					

		Major Fund		
		General	Total Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets	B			
Cash and investments	\$	7,056,041	\$ 120,243	\$ 7,176,284
Cash and investments-restricted		2,363,740	138,679	2,502,419
Accounts receivable		142	-	142
Property taxes receivable, net		9,310	-	9,310
Due from other governments		635,723	9	635,732
Inventories		60,506	-	60,506
Prepaid items		46,021	-	46,021
Security deposit		1,200	-	1,200
Total assets		10,172,683	258,931	10,431,614
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		618,531	20,918	639,449
Accounts payable from restricted assets		74	-	74
Accrued salaries and payroll liabilities		27,615	-	27,615
Accrued salaries from restricted assets		631	-	631
Total liabilities		646,851	20,918	667,769
Deferred Inflows of Resources		,	-,	,
Prepaid taxes		46	-	46
Property taxes receivable		9,310	-	9,310
Total deferred inflows of resources		9,356	-	9,356
Fund Balance				
Non spendable:				
Inventories		60,506	-	60,506
Prepaid items		46,021	-	46,021
Restricted:				
Stabilization by State Statute		738,391	-	738,391
Streets		2,136,537	-	2,136,537
Travel and Tourism		169,681	-	169,681
Cultural, recreation, and economic development Downtown revitalization and		69,609	-	69,609
economic development		-	138,679	138,679
Committed:				
Future facilities		32,711	-	32,711
Recreation-Payment in lieu		64,984	-	64,984
Capital projects		-	103,546	103,546
Assigned:				
Subsequent year's expenditures		309,250	-	309,250
Capital projects		142,567	-	142,567
Unassigned:		5,746,219	(4,212)	5,742,007
Total fund balances		9,516,476	238,013	9,754,489
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund balance	\$	10,172,683	\$ 258,931	
				=

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

Total fund balance, Governmental funds		\$ 9,754,489
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation	\$ 73,658,323 (28,554,623)	45,103,700
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds		263,874
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds Net pension liability Compensated absences	 (321,132) (68,545)	(389,677)
Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements		9,310
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.		(1 <i>,</i> 499 <u>)</u>
		\$ 54,740,197

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	M	ajor Funds		
	Ge	neral Fund	Total Non- Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Ad valorem taxes	\$	2,608,088	\$-	\$ 2,608,088
Other taxes and licenses		3,182	-	3,182
Unrestricted intergovernmental		2,391,772	-	2,391,772
Restricted intergovernmental		651,275	20,830	672,105
Permits and fees		44,956	-	44,956
Sales and services		12,686	-	12,686
Investment earnings		186,815	-	186,815
Donations & sponsorships		9,000	-	9,000
Other revenues		100	-	100
Total Revenues		5,907,874	20,830	5,928,704
Expenditures				
Governing board		65,310	-	65,310
Administration		620,344	-	620,344
Public safety		1,358,991	-	1,358,991
Public works		2,012,857	-	2,012,857
Powell bill (streets)		95,428	-	95,428
Planning & zoning		181,645	-	181,645
Clemmons events & marketing		125,806	-	125,806
Parks & recreation		5,107	-	5,107
Major repairs & renovations		-	-	-
Capital outlay		1,014,847	-	1,014,847
Sidewalk 158 to Tanglewood		-	40,423	40,423
Market Center Drive		-	43,552	43,552
Total Expenditures		5,480,335	83,975	5,564,310
Excess(deficiency) of Revenues over		, ,	,	, , <u>,</u>
Expenditures		427,539	(63,145)	364,394
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			· · · ·	
Transfers (to) or from other funds		(29,781)	29,781	-
Sales of capital assets		50,000	-	50,000
Total other financing sources		20,219	29,781	50,000
Net change in fund balance		447,758	(33,364)	414,394
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		9,066,421	271,377	9,337,798
Change in reserve for inventories		2,297	-	2,297
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	9,516,476	\$ 238,013	\$ 9,754,489

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

 Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds Change in fund balance due to change in reserve for inventory Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. 	414,394 2,297
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized \$ 903,597	
Depreciation expense for governmental assets (1,637,388)	(733,791)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide	68,120
current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Donation of Infrastructure \$ 166,615	
Trade in value of capital assets 9,655	
Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues 1,036	177,306
	177,300
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not	
require the use of current financial resources and, therefore,	
are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Compensated absences \$ 4,224	
Pension expense (104,006)	(99,782)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities \$	(171,456)

	Orig	inal Budget	Fi	inal Budget	Act	ual Amounts	Fi	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	_	_		_				
Ad valorem taxes	\$	2,550,000	\$	2,550,000	\$	2,608,088	\$	58,088
Other taxes and licenses	•	2,700		2,700	•	3,182	•	482
Unrestricted intergovernmental		2,275,100		2,275,100		2,391,772		116,672
Restricted intergovernmental		678,700		827,340		651,275		(176,065)
Permits and fees		20,500		20,500		44,956		24,456
Sales and services		1,675		1,675		12,686		11,011
Investment earnings		67,000		67,000		186,815		119,815
Donations & sponsorships		5,000		5,000		9,000		4,000
Other		176,300		183,980		100		(183,880)
Total revenues		5,776,975		5,933,295		5,907,874		(25,421)
Expenditures								<u> </u>
Governing board		74,150		74,150		65,310		8,840
Administration		699,150		699,150		620,344		78,806
Public safety		1,424,350		1,424,350		1,358,991		65,359
Public works		2,256,100		2,256,100		2,012,857		243,243
Powell bill (streets)		525,200		525,200		95,428		429,772
Planning & zoning		224,550		224,550		181,645		42,905
Clemmons events & marketing		148,275		148,275		125,806		22,469
Parks & recreation		11,000		11,000		5,107		5,893
Major repairs or renovations		25,000		25,000		-		25,000
Capital outlay		996,000		1,289,710		1,014,847		274,863
Total expenditures		6,383,775		6,677,485		5,480,335		1,197,150
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(606,800)		(744,190)		427,539		1,171,729
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfer to other funds-restricted streets		(539,900)		(539,900)		(5,916)		533,984
Transfer to other funds		(642,625)		(642,625)		(23,865)		618,760
Sale of capital assets		50,000		50,000		50,000		, _
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,132,525)		(1,132,525)		20,219		1,152,744
Restricted fund balance appropriated		573,175		573,175		-		(573,175)
Unassigned fund balance appropriated		1,166,150		1,303,540		-		(1,303,540)
Total fund balance appropriated		1,739,325		1,876,715		-		(1,876,715)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	447,758	\$	447,758
Fund balances, beginning of year						9,066,421		
Change in reserve for inventories						2,297		
Fund balances, end of year					\$	9,516,476		

	Stormwater Fund		Tota	al Proprietary Funds	
Assets					
Current Assets:					
Cash	\$	2,161,986	\$	2,161,986	
Accounts receivable		1,306		1,306	
Due from other governments		7,858		7,858	
Inventory		7,648		7,648	
Prepaid expenses		7,748		7,748	
Total current assets		2,186,546		2,186,546	
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets: Note 3e					
Land		16,200		16,200	
Construction in progress		333,244		333,244	
Capital assets, net of depreciation		836,410		836,410	
Total noncurrent assets		1,185,854		1,185,854	
Total assets	\$	3,372,400	\$	3,372,400	
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Pension deferrals		58,176		58,176	
Total deferred outflows of resources		58,176		58,176	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	41,401	\$	41,401	
Accrued salaries		3,618		3,618	
Accrued payroll liabilities		1,734		1,734	
Compensated absences-current		4,854		4,854	
Total current liabilities		51,607		51,607	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Net pension liability		70,542		70,542	
Compensated absences - noncurrent		2,080		2,080	
Total noncurrent liabilities		72,622		72,622	
Total liabilities		124,229		124,229	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Pension deferrals		529		529	
Total deferred inflows of resources		529		529	
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		1,185,854		1,185,854	
Unrestricted		2,119,964		2,119,964	
Total net position	\$	3,305,818	\$	3,305,818	
Net position of busi	ness-ty	ype activities	\$	3,305,818	

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina

Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Stormwater Fund	Total Proprietary Funds
Operating Revenues		
Stormwater fee	\$ 776,585	\$ 776,585
Stormwater permits	5,558	5,558
Charges for services	3,250	3,250
Violations	500	500
Sponsorships	1,125	1,125
Total operating revenues	787,018	787,018
Operating Expenses		
Salaries & fringe benefits	257,037	257,037
Minor capital improvements	98,495	98,495
Other operating expenses	112,420	112,420
Pension expense	21,134	21,134
Depreciation	80,887	80,887
Total operating expenses	569,973	569,973
Total operating income	217,045	217,045
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment earnings	41,725	41,725
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	41,725	41,725
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	258,770	258,770
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		
Sale of Fixed Assets	50,000	50,000
Total financing sources (uses)	50,000	50,000
Change in net position	308,770	308,770
Net Position-Beginning of Year	2,997,048	2,997,048
Net Position-End of Year	3,305,818	3,305,818
Net position - bus	iness-type activities	\$ 3,305,818

Exhibit 7

_	Stormwater Fund	Total Proprietary Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash received from customers	\$ 782,364	\$ 782,364
Cash paid for goods and services	(183,471)	(183,471)
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services	(268,985)	(268,985)
Net cash provided by operating activities	329,908	329,908
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Acquisition of capital assets	(465,229)	
Sale of capital assets	50,000	50,000
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(415,229)	(415,229)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest	41,725	41,725
Net cash provided by investing activities	41,725	41,725
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(43,596)	(43,596)
Balances-beginning of the year	2,205,582	2,205,582
Balances-end of the year	\$ 2,161,986	\$ 2,161,986
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating a	ctivities	
Operating Income	\$ 217,045	\$ 217,045
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	. ,	· · ·
cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	80,887	80,887
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Increase in accounts receivable	(4,654)	(4,654)
Decrease in prepaid expenses	1,544	1,544
Decrease in inventory	1,121	1,121
Increase in deferred outflows of resources	(4.6.4.42)	
for pensions	(16,143)	
Increase in net pension liability	24,218	24,218
Increase in accounts payable	24,779	24,779
Increase in accrued vacation pay	2,179	2,179
Decrease in accrued salaries & benefits	(285)	
Decrease in deferred inflow of resources for pensions	(783)	(783)
Total adjustments	112,863	112,863
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 329,908	\$ 329,908

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Village of Clemmons conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

1a. Reporting Entity

The Village of Clemmons is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council.

1b. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Village. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Village and for each function of the Village's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The exception to this general rule is the stormwater fee paid by the general fund to the stormwater fund, because elimination of this charge would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Village's funds. Separate statements for each fund category- governmental and proprietary- are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

1b. Basis of Presentation (continued)

The Village reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Sidewalk & Tanglewood Greenway Capital Project Fund. This fund accounts for the construction of sidewalk from Village Hall to Tanglewood Park along Highway 158. This is funded by a NC Department of Transportation grant with 20% match from general fund.

Market Center Drive Capital Project. This fund accounts for design and construction of an access roads that will run parallel with Lewisville-Clemmons Road. Enhancement for this project such as street lighting and signage is partially funded by a NC Department of Commerce Grant.

Sidewalk 158 Stadium to Kinnamon Capital Project. This fund accounts for construction of a sidewalk from Stadium Drive to Kinnamon road funded by a NC Department of Transportation grant with a 20% match from general fund. *Please note that this capital project was removed and the grant funds where reallocated to Sidewalk & Tanglewood Greenway Capital Project in July 2019.*

Intersection Improvement Capital Project. This fund accounts for intersection improvements funded by a NC Department of Transportation grant with a 20% match from the Village. *Please note that this capital project was removed and the grant funds where reallocated to the Sidewalk & Tanglewood Greenway Capital Project in July 2019.*

Sidewalk Harper Road Capital Project. This fund accounts for construction of a portion of sidewalk along Harper Road funded by a NC Department of Transportation grant with a 20% match from the Village.

The Village reports the following major enterprise fund:

Stormwater Fund. The Stormwater fund is used to account for the operation of the Village's Stormwater program as required by EPA regulations.

1c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Village are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using an economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Village gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Village enterprise fund is for Stormwater fees collected. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund includes the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

1c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Village considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collection the property taxes on registered motor vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year end on behalf of the Village are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Village's policy to apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

1d. Budgetary Data

The Village's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. The capital projects funds are appropriated on a project-length basis. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. The Finance Officer is authorized by the budget ordinance to transfer appropriations between departments within a fund up to \$10,000; however, any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change department appropriations by more than \$10,000 must be approved by the governing board. During the year, the Village had seven amendments to the original budget. A budget calendar is included in the North Carolina General Statutes which prescribes the last day on which certain steps of that budget procedure are to be performed. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

1e. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Village are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Village may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Village may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and Super NOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

Deposits and Investments (continued)

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Village to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Village's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT-Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT- Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Village pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Investments

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 143-41.1 through 136-41.4.

Occupancy tax funds are classified as restricted cash because it can only be spent on cultural, recreational, and economic development per section 28 of chapter 908 of 1983 Session Law. A portion of the occupancy tax funds are classified as restricted because it can only be spent to promote travel, tourism, and tourism related expenditures per North Carolina House bill 631.

Downtown revitalization funds are classified as restricted cash because it can only be spent on enhancement downtown development per the grant agreement from NC Department of Commerce.

			Non-Major Governmental
	(General Fund	Funds
Restricted Cash:			
Streets	\$	2,133,444	\$ -
Cultural, economic development and recreational		163,867	-
Tourism and tourmism related		66,429	-
Downtown revitalization and economic developme	I	-	138,679
	\$	2,363,740	\$ 138,679

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Village levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018.

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the Village are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The Village's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures as used rather than when purchased. The inventories of the Village's enterprise funds consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of these inventories is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are \$5,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network, storm drain system, sidewalks and bridges that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. The Village owns a historically preserved Stagecoach and donated ivory and other collectible item that we consider to be inexhaustible works of art and historical treasures and are not depreciated. Other capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings and system	50
Infrastructure	35-50
Improvements	30
Vehicles and motorized equipment	5-10
Furniture and equipment	5-15
Computer equipment and software	3-4

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Village has one item that meets this criterion-pension deferrals for the 2019 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources (continued)

This separate financial element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Village has several items that meets the criterion for this category – prepaid taxes, property taxes receivable, and pension deferrals.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Village provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. The personnel policy of the Village provides with approval non-exempt employee can accumulate compensatory time. For the Village's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Village has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements. For non-exempt employees that have accrued compensatory time

The Village's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Village has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories – portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Prepaid Items – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of cost applicable to future account periods, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute." Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is

"imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds. The Village has appropriated \$1,368,780 of restricted for streets in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 budget for the Village's Market Center Drive Project.

Restricted for Cultural, Economic Development and Recreation – Occupancy tax portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for cultural, economic development or recreational expenditures. This amount represents the balance of total unexpended Occupancy tax funds restricted for this purpose. The Village has appropriated \$12,210 of restricted cultural, economic development and recreation in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 budget.

Restricted for Promotion of Travel and Tourism - Occupancy tax portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for the promotion of travel and tourism by local act. This amount represents the balance of total unexpended Occupancy tax fund restricted for this purpose. The Village has appropriated \$ \$650 of restricted promotion of travel and tourism in June 30, 2020 budget.

Restricted for Revitalization and Economic Development: NC Department of Commerce grants for revitalization and economic development, for enhancements for the Village's Market Center Drive Project.

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Village of Clemmons' Council (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing board can, by adoption of ordinance prior to the end of fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Future facilities - portion of fund balance in reserve for future facilities by a *resolution* approved by the Village Council. Requires a resolution by majority of the Village Council to remove or change this reserve.

Recreation – Payments in lieu –payment in lieu of subdivision open space requirement per the Clemmons Unified Development Ordinance (UDO), restricted for recreation. Requires an amendment of the UDO to remove or change.

Capital Projects- portion of fund balance committed for capital projects due to an approved contract in place at June 30, 2019.

Assigned fund balance – portion of fund balance that the Village of Clemmons intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures - portion of the total fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however the budget ordinance authorizes the finance officer to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriations within funds up to \$10,000.

Capital Projects- portion of fund balance assigned that is anticipated to be transferred from the general fund for capital projects for fiscal years after June 30, 2019 not included in restricted or committed.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds it is not appropriate to report unassigned fund balance, however in other government funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

The Village of Clemmons will use resources in the following hierarchy: federal funds, State funds, local non-village funds, village funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Village.

The Village of Clemmons has a fiscal policy that the Village Council annually determines a minimum unassigned fund balance in the general fund. The level of the minimum unassigned fund balance will be determined annually by the Village Council based on anticipated future annual budget needs, emergency funds, and pay as you go financing. The minimum unassigned fund balance for June 30, 2019 is \$3,000,000.

Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Village of Clemmons' employer contributions are recognized when due and the Village of Clemmons has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

2a. Deficit in Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds

The Sidewalk & Tanglewood Greenway Capital Project had a deficit fund balance due to time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursement expenditures occur, and (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made or reimbursement received. The deficit will be corrected when the payments between funds is made and the reimbursement received.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

Assets:

3a. Deposits

All deposits of the Village are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Village's agent in the Village's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Village, these deposits are considered to be held by the Village's agent in the Village's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Village or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Village under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

The Village has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Village complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2019 the Village's deposits had a carrying amount of \$413,832 and a bank balance of \$447,929. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and the remaining \$197,929 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2019, the Village's petty cash fund totaled \$292.

3b. Investments

At June 30, 2019, the Village of Clemmons had \$11,426,564 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Village has no policy regarding credit risk.

The Village investments at June 30, 2019, consist of the following:

	Rej	ported Value	Am	ortized Value
North Carolina Capital Management Trust				
Government Portfolio	\$	11,426,564	\$	11,426,564

Interest Rate Risk. The Village has no formal investment policy regarding interest rate risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Village's internal investment policy limits maturities of less than 24 months.

Credit Risk. The Village has no formal policy regarding credit risk, but has internal management procedures that limit the Village's investment to provisions of G.S. 159-30. The Village's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2019.

3c. Receivables-Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position is net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

<u>General Fund</u> :	<u>6/30/2019</u>
Property taxes receivable	\$ 13,629

3d. Due from Other Governments and Accounts Receivable

Accounts due from other governmental agencies and accounts receivable consist of the following items at June 30, 2019:

					Other	Total
	State	(County	Sources		Total
Governmental Activities:						
Due from other governments						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$	25,691	\$	-	\$ 25,691
Gross receipts tax	-		340		-	340
Sales and use tax	226,775		-		-	226,775
Utility sales taxes	230,546		-		-	230,546
Refundable sales tax	13,344		-		-	13,344
Solid waste disposal tax	3,683		-		-	3,683
Occupancy tax	-		9,542		-	9,542
ABC distribution	-		-		116,561	116,561
NC Department of Transportation	9,250		-		-	9,250
Total due from other governments	\$ 483,598	\$	35,573	\$	116,561	\$ 635,732
Accounts receivable						
Miscellaneous receivable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	142	\$ 142
Total accounts receivable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	142	\$ 142
Business Type Activities:						
Due from other governments						
Stormwater fee	\$ -	\$	3,917	\$	-	\$ 3,917
Refundable sales tax	3,941		-		-	3,941
Total due from other governments	\$ 3,941	\$	3,917	\$	-	\$ 7,858
Accounts receivable						
Stormwater fee receivable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,306	\$ 1,306

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

3e. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	 Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 20,035,960	\$ 29,400	\$ - \$	20,065,360
Land and lake improvements	452,301	-	-	452,301
Works of Art	94,549	-	-	94,549
Construction in progress	356,105	574,605	-	930,710
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 20,938,915	604,005	-	21,542,920
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	1,528,786	-	-	1,528,786
Other improvements	417,364	12,722	-	430,086
Equipment, furniture & fixtures	1,151,765	276,199	(188,780)	1,239,184
Vehicles	1,325,466	49,726	(26,295)	1,348,897
Computer equipment & software	100,411	-	-	100,411
Infrastructure	47,330,824	137,215	-	47,468,039
Total capital assets being depreciated	51,854,616	475,862	(215,075)	52,115,403
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	444,006	43,865	-	487,871
Other improvements	107,072	21,569	-	128,641
Equipment, furniture & fixtures	792,771	80,218	(188,780)	684,209
Vehicles	921,211	87,635	(26,295)	982,551
Computer equipment & software	75,472	10,019	-	85,491
Infrastructure	24,791,778	1,394,082	-	26,185,860
Total accumulated depreciation	27,132,310	\$ 1,637,388	\$ (215,075)	28,554,623
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 24,722,306	3,274,776	(430,150)	23,560,780
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 45,661,221		<u> </u>	45,103,700

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows

Administration	\$ 26,423
Public safety	588
Public Works & Streets	1,574,960
Planning	491
Park & recreation	 34,926
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,637,388

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

3e. Capital Assets (continued)

	eginning alances		Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-type Activities:					
Stormwater Fund:					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 16,200	\$	-	\$-	\$ 16,200
Construction in progress drainage improv.	 112,198		221,046	-	333,244
Total capital assets not being depreciated	128,398		221,046	-	349,444
Capital assets being depreciated					
Building	53,883		-	-	53,883
Computer equipment	2,453		-	-	2,453
Equipment	204,188		244,183	(154,280)	294,091
Vehicles	634,426		-	-	634,426
Infrastructure-drainage	451,432		-	-	451,432
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,346,382		244,183	(154,280)	1,436,285
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Building	8,411		1,750	-	10,161
Computer equipment	409		491	-	900
Equipment	199,417		21,568	(154,280)	66,705
Vehicles	400,164		46,948	-	447,112
Infrastructure-drainage	64,867		10,130	-	74,997
Total accumulated depreciation	673,268		80,887	(154,280)	599,875
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	673,114				836,410
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$ 801,512	-			\$ 1,185,854

Construction commitments

The government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2019. At year-end, the government's commitments with contractors are as follows

		Co	mpleted	F	Remaining
Project	Contract	Т	o Date	Сс	ommitment
Market Center Drive					
Enhancements ACSM	6,500		3,250		3,250
Construction Yadkin Valley Paving	303,164		-		303,164
Summit- Sidewalk 158 / Tanglewood	228,865		216,045		12,820
Summit-/Sidewalk 158 / Tanglewood	13,585		8,151		5,434
RCJ-Lakefield CIP	49,845		-		49,845
Hennings Construction- James Street Extension	808,105		660,905		147,200
Total	\$ 1,410,064	\$	888,351	\$	521,713

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

3f. Changes in Long Term Obligations

Compensated absences and pension liabilities have typically been liquidated in the General Fund.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	_	alance 30, 2018	Increases	Decreases	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2019	Current Portion
Governmental activities:							
Compensated absences	\$	72,769	\$ 41,231	\$ (45 <i>,</i> 455)	\$	68,545	\$ 29,474
Net pension liability (LGERS)		188,945	132,187	-		321,132	-
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$	261,714	\$ 173,418	\$ (45 <i>,</i> 455)	\$	389,677	\$ 29,474
Business-type activities:							
Compensated absences	\$	4,755	\$ 5,361	\$ (3,182)	\$	6,934	\$ 4,854
Net pension liability (LGERS)		46,324	24,218	-		70,542	-
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$	51,079	\$ 29,579	\$ (3,182)	\$	77,476	\$ 4,854

3g. Interfund Balances and Activity

The interfund balances due to/from Sidewalk & Tanglewood Greenway Capital Project Fund resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Transfers for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	T	ransfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$		\$ 29,781
Sidewalk & Tanglewood Greenway Project		5,208	-
Market Center Drive Project		24,573	-
	\$	29,781	\$ 29,781

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided matching funds for various grant programs.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

3h. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (continued)

The Village has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is comprised as follows:

Source	Amount			
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	\$	81,962		
Differences between expected and actual experience		60,426		
Changes in assumptions		103,935		
Net difference between projected and actual		53,765		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		21,962		
Total Pension Deferrals	\$	322,050		

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	Stat	tement	Gen	eral Fund
	of Ne	t Position	Bala	ince Sheet
Prepaid taxes (General Fund)	\$	46	\$	46
Taxes receivable (General Fund)		-		9,310
Difference between expected and actual experence		2,028		-
	\$	2,074	\$	9,356

3i. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance-General Fund	\$ 9,516,476
Less:	
Inventories	60,506
Prepaid items	46,021
Stabilization by State Statute	738,391
Streets	2,136,537
Travel and Tourism	169,681
Cultural, recreation, and economic development	69,609
Committed Fund Balance	97,695
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2020 budget	309,250
Assigned-Capital Projects	142,567
Fund Balance Policy	3,000,000
Remaining Fund Balance	2,746,219

The Village Council has determined that the Village's minimum unassigned fund balance should be \$3,000,000. This balance is reviewed annually.

3i. Fund Balance (continued)

The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end.

\$ 101,326
\$ 306,414
\$ 18,254
\$ 78,407
\$ \$ \$

4. Pension plan and postemployment obligations

4a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Village of Clemmons is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of **4**.

Trustees, which consists of 13 members –nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives and the State

Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation.

Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of

4a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (continued)

service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Village of Clemmons employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees.

The Village of Clemmons's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 7.75% of compensation for general employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Village of Clemmons were \$81,962 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions – Village employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Village reported a liability of \$ 391,674 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Village's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the Village's proportion was 0.01651%, which was an increase of 0.00111% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Village recognized pension expense of \$ 125,140. At June 30, 2019, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows Resources	 ed Inflows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 60,426	\$ 2,028
Changes of assumptions	103,935	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	53,765	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Village		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	21,962	-
Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 81,962	 -
Total	\$ 322,050	\$ 2,028

4a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (continued)

\$81,962 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Village's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ 113,693
2020	75,603
2021	16,068
2022	32,696
2023	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ 238,060

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.5 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,
	including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014. Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are, therefore, not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

4a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7 percent, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6 percent) or one percentage point higher (8 percent) than the current rate:

		Decrease (6.00%)	-	count Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)		
Village's proportionate share of the net pension							
liability (asset)	\$	940,834	\$	391,674	\$	(67,213)	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

4b. Voluntary State of NC 401K Plan and 457 Deferred Compensation Plan

The Village participates in the State of NC 401k and 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. The 401(k) is a defined contribution pension plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 401(k) in which the employees can defer a portion of his or her salary; then the Village elected to match the employee contribution up to 5%.

The 457 plan is a uniform Deferred Compensation Plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457. The 457 Plan permits each participating employees to defer a portion of his or her salary until future years. This funds are held in trust by the 457 Plan for the exclusive benefit of participating employees and their beneficiaries. The deferred compensation plan is available to employees upon separation from service, death, disability, retirement, or financial hardships with approval. Both plans are eligible for employees that are members of Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System who elect to participate. The 401(k) and 457 plans financial statements are available by contacting the NC Department of State Treasurer, 325 North Salisbury Street, Raleigh, NC 27603-1385. Other information on the plans may be found in the State's CAFR. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, www.osc.nc.gov, or by calling (919) 981-5454

Plan contributions to the 401(k) plan amounted to \$ 99,192 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 which included voluntary employee contributions of \$ 55,529 with Village match of \$ 43,662. Voluntary contributions by employees to the State of NC 457 plan amounted to \$ 0 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. No contribution to the plan was provided by the Village. The Plan's assets do not appear on the financial statements of the Village. The fiduciary responsibility of the Village is to make regular, periodic payments as required by the plan. These payments are made to the North Carolina 401(k) Plan and Deferred Compensation 457(b) Plan, which acts as trustee and administrator for the Plans.

4c. Other Benefits

The Village provides group-term life insurance equal to one times employee salary. The benefit in excess of \$50,000 is taxable to the employee as a fringe benefit.

5. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village carries commercial insurance coverage which provides for the following annual aggregate limits for the risk noted: general liability (\$3,000,000), law enforcement liability (\$2,000,000), public officials' liability (\$3,000,000), employment practices liability (\$3,000,000) back wages limit (\$50,000), auto liability (\$1,000,000), excess liability umbrella (\$2,000,000) inland machine (\$1,199,925), commercial property (\$2,586,818), data compromise coverage (\$100,000) and employee health coverage up to a \$5 million lifetime limit. The Village also carries workers' compensation coverage of up to \$1,000,000. The Village carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

The Village carries flood insurance coverage up to a limit of coverage of \$1,293,409 with a \$50,000 deductible per covered location; the annual aggregate is \$1,293,409.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Village employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Village funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is bonded for \$250,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$100,000.

6. Claims, Judgements and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2019, the Village only had one outstanding workers compensation claim. In the opinion of the Village's attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Village's financial position. During the year the Village settled a public official liability claim regarding a denied rezoning. This claim was settled by our insurance carrier under our public official liability policy that was \$1,000,000 per occurrence with a \$5,000 deductible. The Village paid the deductible and some minor attorney fees for oversite by the Village attorney.

The Village has had one claim in the last three years that exceed our insurance coverage, which was an employment practice claim in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016; the claim exceed back wages coverage by \$39,000.

7. Jointly Governed Organization

The Village, in conjunction with twelve counties and sixty other municipalities established the Piedmont Triad Regional Council. The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from Federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The Village paid membership fees of \$4,117 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The Village of Clemmons, the Town of Kernersville, the Town of Lewisville, the Town of Oak Ridge, the Town of Bermuda Run, the Town of Yadkinville and the City of Winston-Salem jointly appoint the nine members of the Forsyth Municipal Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, which operated fourteen liquor stores and one mixed beverage store in Forsyth County. North Carolina General Statute 18B-805 requires the Forsyth Municipal Alcoholic Beverage Control Board to distribute its net income to the municipalities, which appoint the Board, and to Forsyth County. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Village received \$415,024 in distributed net income. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019. The Village does not have a financial responsibility to the ABC Board and is not held responsible for its debts. Audited financial statements for the Forsyth Municipal Alcoholic Beverage Control Board are available through their administrative offices at 3127 Starlight Drive, Winston-Salem, North Carolina 27107-4141.

8. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Village has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.





Required Supplementary Financial Data

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principals.

Schedule of Porportionate Share of New Pension Liability (Asset) for Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Contributions to the Local Government Employees' Retirement System.

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Village of Clemmons' Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Suppplemental Information Last Six Fiscal Years*

Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Clemmons's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.01651%	0.01540%	0.01497%	0.01324%	0.01456%	0.01310%	
Clemmons' proportion of the net pension liability (asset)(\$)	\$ 391,674 \$	235,269 \$	317,714 \$	59,420 \$	(85,867) \$	157,905	
Clemmons' covered payroll	\$ 1,045,210 \$	1,076,419 \$	1,075,869 \$	1,027,156 \$	1,040,042 \$	980,654	
Clemmons' proportionate share of the net pension liability							
(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	37.47%	21.86%	29.53%	5.78%	(8.26%)	16.10%	
Plan fiducary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability **	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%	

Notes to the Required Schedules

All plan information will be included in the future as par to GASB 68 Implentation; which is intended to show 10 years, additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

** This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Village of Clemmons' Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Six Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

		2019	2018 2017		2017	2016		2015		2014
Contracturally required contribution	\$	81,962	\$ 78,391	\$	78,040	\$	71,761	\$	72,620	\$ 73,531
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	81,962	\$ 78,391	\$	78,040	\$	71,761	\$	72,620	\$ 73,531
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	- 5	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Clemmons' covered payroll (2)	\$ 2	1,057,574	\$ 1,045,210	\$	1,076,419	\$	1,075,869	\$1,	.027,156	\$ 1,040,042
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		7.75%	7.50%		7.25%		6.67%		7.07%	7.07%

Notes to the Required Schedules

⁽¹⁾ Information is only required starting in Fiscal Year 2015; however, information has been provide when available.

All plan information will be included in the future as par to GASB 68 Implentation; which is intented to show 10 years,

additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

⁽²⁾ For contribution information, the amount of covered payroll is realted to current fiscal year (no lag)





Individual and Combining Fund Statements

Major Governmental Funds

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

General Fund: Schedule 1

The **General Fund** accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.

	_	Budget	 Actual	F	ariance Positive egative)
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes:					
Current year	ç		\$ 2,337,829	\$	41,329
Current year- tax & tag		240,000	257,806		17,806
Prior year		6,000	6,554		554
Interest- Prior		2,500	1,543		(957)
Interest-Current		5,000	5,347		347
Tax refunds & releases		-	 (991)		(991)
То	tal	2,550,000	 2,608,088		58,088
Other taxes and licenses:					
Gross receipts tax on leased vehicles	5	2,700	3,182		482
Тс	otal	2,700	3,182		482
Unrestricted intergovernmental:					
Local option sales tax		839,500	874,930		35,430
Beer and wine tax		84,100	85,997		1,897
Piped natural gas sales tax		40,000	45,014		5,014
Electric sales tax		693,500	721,483		27,983
Telecommunications sales tax		75,000	72,301		(2,699)
Video programming fee		185,000	177,023		(7,977)
ABC profit distribution	–	358,000	 415,024		57,024
Тс	otal	2,275,100	 2,391,772		116,672
Restricted intergovernmental:					
Powell Bill allocation		513,200	517,863		4,663
Sewer reserve fund		190,640	-		(190,640)
Hotel occupancy tax- cultural, etc.		40,000	45,468		5,468
Hotel occupancy tax- tourism		70,000	73,157		3,157
Solid waste disposal tax		13,500	 14,787	_	1,287
Тс	otal	827,340	651,275		(176,065)
Permits and fees:					
Planning & zoning fees		7,000	14,455		7,455
Payment in lieu restricted		7,000	21,176		21,176
False alarms		5,000	5,350		350
Public works fees		<i>3,000</i> 8,000	3,050		(4,950)
Parking tickets		500	925		425
-	otal	20,500	 44,956		24,456
		20,500	 ,550		27,730

		Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Sales and services:				
Community garden		525	500	(25)
Farmers market		1,150	295	(855)
Bulk item		-	2,641	2,641
NCDOT mowing & street sweeping	0		9,250	9,250
	Total	1,675	12,686	11,011
Investment earnings		55,000	144,862	89,862
Investment earnings-Powell Bill		12,000	41,953	29,953
	Total	67,000	186,815	119,815
Donations & sponsorships:				
Sponsorships		5,000	9,000	4,000
	Total	5,000	9,000	4,000
Other revenues		183,980	100	(183,880)
Total Re	evenues	5,933,295	5,907,874	(25,421)
Expenditures: Governing body:				
Salaries and employee benefits			35,160	
Other operating expenditures			1,510	
Audit			14,000	
Professional services			7,640	
Clemmons Library			7,000	
	Total	74,150	65,310	8,840
Administration:				
Salaries and employee benefits			422,547	
Other operating expenditures			190,107	
Non capital equipment			7,690	
	Total	699,150	620,344	78,806
Public Safety:				
Contracted services-Forsyth Cou	nty		1,331,060	
Other operating expenditures	-		27,931	
	Total	1,424,350	1,358,991	65,359

		Dudget	Astual	Variance Positive
Expenditures:		Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Public Works:				
Salaries and employee benefits			624,442	
Solid waste & recycling			1,020,180	
Non capital equipment			16,156	
Other operating expenditures			352,079	
	Total	2,256,100	2,012,857	243,243
Streets (Powell Bill):			_,,	,
Salaries and employee benefits			31,307	
Resurfacing & paving				
Traffic Control			6,950	
Snow removal			17,020	
Sidewalk maintenance			, _	
Other operating expenditures			40,151	
	Total	525,200	95,428	429,772
Planning and Zoning: Salaries and employee benefits Enforcement-City of Winston-Salem Forsyth County homes program Forsyth County - architectural survey Farmers market Farmers market Farmers market-truck (sign) Community garden Contract services- professional Other operating expenditures Non capital equipment	Total	224,550	$128,421 \\ 14,062 \\ 2,000 \\ 750 \\ 626 \\ 4,003 \\ 1,241 \\ 18,227 \\ 7,659 \\ 4,656 \\ 181,645 \\ 181,$	42,905
Clemmons Events & Marketing: Salaries & employee benefits Clemmons events Tourism	Total		29,915 17,535 78,356 125,806	22,469
		<u> </u>		·
Park & Recreation:			F 407	
Operating expenditures	Total	11 000	5,107	E 902
	TULAI	11,000	5,107	5,893
Major Repairs & Renovations: Public works renovations			-	
	Total	25,000	-	25,000

Expenditures:		Budget	 Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Capital Outlay:				
Administration			701,280	
Public works			313,567	
	Total	1,289,710	1,014,847	274,863
Tatal Fu	nondituros	6 677 495	F 400 22F	1 107 150
Total Ex	penditures	6,677,485	 5,480,335	1,197,150
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(744,190)	 427,539	1,171,729
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers (to) from other funds				
Capital project - restricted		(539,900)	(5,916)	533,984
Capital projects		(642,625)	(23,865)	618,760
Sale of capital assets		50,000	50,000	-
	Total	(1,132,525)	20,219	1,152,744
Fund Balance Appropriated				
Fund balance appropriated		1,303,540	-	(1,303,540)
Restricted fund balance-streets		539,900	-	(539,900)
Restricted fund balance-tourism		26,000	-	(26,000)
Restricted fund balance-cultural,		7,275	-	(7,275)
	Total	1,876,715	 -	(1,876,715)
Net change in fund balance		\$-	\$ 447,758	447,758
Fund Balance - Beginning of Yea	r		9,066,421	
Change in reserve for inventories			 2,297	
	Fund Bala	nce - End of Year	\$ 9,516,476	

Schedule 1

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Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction

Combining Balance Sheet	Schedule 2
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	Schedule 3
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balance -Sidewalk & Tanglewood Greenway	Schedule 4
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Market Center Drive	Schedule 5
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balance - Sidewalk 158 Stadium to Kinnamon	Schedule 6
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Intersection Improvements	Schedule 7
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Sidewalk Harper	Schedule 8
in Fund Balance - Sidewalk 158 Stadium to Kinnamon Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Intersection Improvements Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in	Schedule 7

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Sidewalks & Tanglewood Greenway	Market Center Dr.	Sidewalk 158 Stadium to Kinnamon	Intersection Improvement	Sidewalk Harper	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Due from other governments Due from general fund	\$ 10,173 - - -	\$ 110,070 138,679 9 -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 120,243 138,679 9 -	
Total assets	10,173	248,758	-	-	-	258,931	
Liabilities and Fund Balance							
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to general fund Total Liabilities	14,385 14,385	6,533 - 6,533	- - -			20,918 20,918	
Fund Balances: Unassigned Restricted-downtown revitalizatio Committed Total Fund Balance	(4,212)	138,679 103,546	- - -	- - -	- - -	(4,212) 138,679 103,546 238,013	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 10,173	\$ 248,758	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 258,931	

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Sidewalk & Tanglewood Greenway	Market Center Dr.	Sidewalk 158 Stadium to Kinnamon	Intersection Improvements	Sidewalk Harper	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Restricted Intergovernmental:						
Grants:						
NC Department of Transportation	\$ 20,830	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 20,830
NC Department of Commerce	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Restricted Intergovernmental	20,830	-	-	-	-	20,830
Developer	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues	20,830	-	-	-	-	20,830
Expenditures:						
Construction & Engineering	40,423	-	-	-	-	40,423
Phase 1A	-	12,190	-	-	-	12,190
Phase 2	-	23,320	-	-	-	23,320
Sidewalk CMAQ	-	8,042	-	-	-	8,042
Total Expenditures	40,423	43,552	-	-	-	83,975
Revenues over (under)						
expenditures	(19,593)	(43,552)	-	-	-	(63,145)
Other Financing Sources:						
Transfers from other funds:						
General Fund	5,208	24,573	-	-	-	29,781
Stormwater Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources	5,208	24,573		-	-	29,781
Net change in fund balance	(14,385)	(18,979)	-	-	-	(33,364)
Fund Balance, Beginning	10,173	261,204		-		271,377
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ (4,212)	\$ 242,225	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$-	\$ 238,013

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Capital Projects Fund - Sidewalk & Tanglewood Greenway Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Project Authorization	Prior Year	Actual Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Restricted Intergovernmental: NCDOT Grant	\$ 1,480,000	\$ 147,041	\$ 20,830	\$ 167,871	\$ (1,312,129)
Total Revenues	1,480,000	147,041	20,830	167,871	(1,312,129)
Expenditures: Construction & Engineering	1,850,000	182,641	40,423	223,064	1,626,936
Total Expenditures	1,850,000	182,641	40,423	223,064	1,626,936
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(370,000)	(35,600)	(19,593)	(55,193)	314,807
Other Financing Sources: Transfers from other funds					
General Fund	370,000	45,773	5,208	50,981	(319,019)
Total other financing sources	370,000	45,773	5,208	50,981	(319,019)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 10,173	(14,385)	\$ (4,212)	\$ (4,212)
Fund Balance, Beginning Fund E	10,173 \$ (4,212)				

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Capital Projects Fund - Market Center Drive Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

				A	Actual		Variance	
	Project		Prior	(Current	Total to		Positive
	Authorization		Year		Year	Date	((Negative)
Revenues:								
Restricted Intergovenmental:								
NC Department of Commerce Grant		\$	194,340	\$	-	\$ 194,340	\$	-
CMAQ Grant	320,000		-		-	-		(320,000)
City-County Utilities Clemmons								
Sewer Reserve	25,000		-		-	-		(25,000)
Total	539,340		194,340		-	194,340		(345,000)
Other revenues:								
Developers	-		9,200		-	9,200		9,200
Total	-		9,200		-	9,200		9,200
Total Revenues	539,340		203,540		-	203,540		(335,800)
Expenditures:								
Phase I								
Design	\$ 48,300	\$	48,300	\$	-	\$ 48,300	\$	-
Storm drainage	15,000		14,664		-	14,664		336
Road construction	389,300		4,047		8,690	12,737		376,563
Stamped Crosswalks	8,000		-		-	-		8,000
Backflow preventor upfit	48,000		-		3,500	3,500		44,500
Enhancements	89,500		31,455		-	31,455		58,045
Subtotal Phase I	598,100		98,466		12,190	110,656		487,444
Sidewalk phase II	400,000		-		8,042	8,042		391,958
Subtotal CMAQ Grant	400,000		-		8,042	8,042		391,958
Phase II								
Design	59,300		35,980		23,320	59,300		-
Storm drainage	94,200		-		-	-		94,200
Road construction	274,780		-		-	-		274,780
Stamped Crosswalks	37,400		-		-	-		37,400
Enhacement	89,500		24,206		-	24,206		65,294
Subtotal Phase II	555,180		60,186		23,320	83,506		471,674
Total Expenditures	1,553,280		158,652		43,552	202,204		1,351,076
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,013,940)		44,888		(43,552)	1,336		1,015,276
Other Financing Sources:								
Transfers from other funds								
General Fund	904,740		111,400		24,573	135,973		(768,767)
Stormwater Fund	109,200		104,916		-	104,916		(4,284)
Total other financing sources	1,013,940		216,316		24,573	240,889		(773,051)
Net change in fund balance	\$-	\$	261,204	\$	(18,979)	\$ 242,225	\$	242,225
Fund Balance, Beginning				-	261,204			
	Balance, Ending	5		\$	242,225			
	,	•		<u> </u>	, -	:		

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Capital Projects Fund - Sidewalks 158 Stadium to Kinnamon Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	A	Project Authorization		Prior Year		Actual Current Year		Total to Date			Variance Positive Negative)
	Au	liionzation		Tear			Tear	0	ale	(Negative
Revenues: Restricted Intergovernmental:											
NCDOT Grant	\$	270,400	\$		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(270,400)
Total		270,400			-		-		-		(270,400)
Total Revenues		270,400			-		-		-		(270,400)
Expenditures:											
Engineering		33,800			-		-		-		33,800
Sidewalk 158 Construction		304,200			-		-		-		304,200
Total Expenditures		338,000			-		-		-		338,000
Revenues under expenditures		(67,600)			-		-		-		67,600
Other Financing Sources: Transfers from other funds											
General Fund		67,600			_		-		_		(67,600)
Total other financing sources		67,600			-		-		-		(67,600)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$		-		-	\$	_	\$	-
Fund Balance, Beginning - Fund Balance, Ending <u>\$</u> -											

Please note the grant proceeds from this project was reallocated to the Highway 158 sidewalk & Tanglewood Greenway project in July 2019.

Schedule 6

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Capital Projects Fund - Intersection Improvements Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Actual								Variance	
		Project		Prior		Current		Total to		Positive		
	Au	thorization		Year			Year	D	Date	(Negative)	
_												
Revenues:												
NCDOT Grant	\$	360,000	\$		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(360,000)	
Total Revenues		360,000			_		_		-		(360,000)	
Expenditures:		300,000									(300,000)	
Engineering		45,000			-		-		-		45,000	
Intersection Improvement												
Construction		405,000			-		-		-		405,000	
Total Expenditures		450,000			-		-		-		450,000	
Revenues under expenditures		(90,000)			-		-		-		90,000	
Other Financing Sources:												
Transfers from other funds												
General Fund		90,000			-		-		-		(90,000)	
Total other financing sources		90,000			-		-		-		(90,000)	
6		,										
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$		-		-		-	\$	-	
Fund Balance, Beginning												
						¢						
Fund Balance, Ending												

Please note the grant proceeds from this project was reallocated to the Highway 158 sidewalk & Tanglewood Greenway project in July 2019.

Schedule 7

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Capital Projects Fund - Sidewalk Harper Road Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Actual							Variance		
		Project		Prior		C	Current	Total to		Positive	
	Aut	horization		Year			Year	0	Date	(Negative)	
Revenues:											
NCDOT Grant	\$	531,200	\$		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(531,200)
Total Revenues		531,200			-		-		-		(531,200)
Expenditures:											
Engineering		66,400			-		-		-		66,400
Sidewalk Harper Construction		597,600			-		-		-		597,600
Total Expenditures		664,000			-		-		-		664,000
Revenues under expenditures		(132,800)			-		-		-		132,800
Other Financing Sources:											
Transfers from other funds											
General Fund		132,800			-		-		-		(132,800)
Total other financing sources		132,800			-		-		-		(132,800)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$		-				-	\$	-
Fund Balance, Beginning Fund	Balan	ice, Ending				\$	-				

Schedule 8



MAJOR ENTERPISE FUND

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Stormwater Fund Schedule 9 Non-GAAP

The **Stormwater Fund** is used to account for the operation of the Village's Stormwater program required by EPA regulations.

Schedule 9

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Stormwater Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures- Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Dudeo	÷	A stud	Variance Positive
Operating Povenues:	Budge	L	Actual	(Negative)
Operating Revenues: Stormwater fee	\$ 765,	500 \$	\$ 776,585	\$ 11,085
Stormwater permits		300 ÷ 000	5,558	(442)
Charges for services	0,	000	3,250	3,250
Violations		_	500	500
Sponsorships	1	000	1,125	125
Net operating revenues	772,		787,018	14,518
Operating Expenditures:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	500	/0/,010	14,510
Salaries & fringe benefits			268,700	
Other operating expenses			112,420	
Minor capital improvements			98,495	
Subtotal	617,	625	479,615	138,010
Capital outlay	600,		244,183	355,817
Capital improvement plan	750,		221,046	528,954
Subtotal capital	1,350,		465,229	884,771
Total operating expenditures	1,967,		944,844	1,022,781
Operating income (loss)	(1,195,	125)	(157,826)	1,037,299
Neneroting Powerwas (Evranditures)				
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenditures): Interest and investment earnings	11	500	41,725	20 225
Total nonoperating expenditures, net		500	41,725	30,225 30,225
Total nonoperating experiatines, net	11,	500	41,723	50,225
Revenues over(under) expenditures	(1,183,	625)	(116,101)	1,067,524
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of capital assets	50,	000	50,000	-
Total		000	50,000	-
				<i>.</i>
Fund balance appropriated	1,133,		-	(1,133,625)
Total	1,133,	625	-	(1,133,625)
Revenues and Other Sources Over	ć		(66.101)	(66.101)
Expenditures and Other Uses	Ş		(66,101)	(66,101)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis				
modified accrual to full accrual:				
Increase in accrued vacation pay			(2,179)	
Depreciation expense			(80,887)	
Capital outlay			465,229	
Increase in deferred outflows of resources-p	ensions		16,143	
Increase in net pension liability			(24,218)	
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources-pe	ensions		783	
Total reconciling items			374,871	
Change in Net Position		ç	\$ 308,770	•
-		=		



Village of Clemmons, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2018	Additions and Collection Releases And Credi	
2018-2019 2017-2018 2016-2017 2015-2016 2014-2015 2013-2014 2012-2013 2011-2012 2010-2011 2009-2010 2008-2009	\$- 8,274 2,356 1,805 1,564 1,729 2,116 1,820 945 887 898	(189) 1 (358) (176) 4 (3) 4 (4) (9) (3)	
2008-2009	\$ 22,394	\$ 2,603,632 \$ 2,603,0	
	Less allowance for ur		13,629
		Ad valorem taxes receivable - ne	t <u>\$ 9,310</u>
	Reconcilement with	revenues:	
	Ad valorem taxes - G Reconciling items: Net interest collec Refunds Paid Taxes written off	eneral Fund Schedule 1 ted	\$ 2,608,088 (6,890) 991 898
		Subtotal Total collections and crec	(5,001)

				Total	Levy
	Vil	lage-wide		Property excluding Registered	Registered
	Property		Total	Motor	Motor
	Valuation	Rate	Levy	Vehicles	Vehicles
Original levy:					
Property taxed at current rate	\$ 2,267,253,043	0.1150	\$ 2,607,341	\$ 2,349,308	\$ 258,033
Discoveries	2,871,304		3,302	3,302	
Total	2,270,124,347		2,610,643	2,352,610	258,033
Releases Total property valuation \$	(4,954,783) 2,265,169,564		(5,698)	(5,471)	(227)
Net levy			2,604,945 (a)	2,347,139	257,806
Unpaid (by taxpayer) taxes at June 3	0, 2019		(9,310) (c)	(9,310)	
С	Current year's taxes	collected	<u>\$ 2,595,635</u> (b)	\$ 2,337,829	\$ 257,806
Curre	nt levy collection p	ercentage	99.64%	99.60%	100.00%



Statistical Section

Contents	Table
Financial Trend: These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being and well-being as changed over time.	1-4
Revenue Capacity: These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	5-10
Debt Capacity: These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current level of outstanding debt and government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	11-14
Demographics and Economic Condition: These schedules present information to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	15-16
Operating Conditions: These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	17-19

Village of Clemmons, North Caro Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017	2018		2019
Net Position Governmental activities:																		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 39,293,658	\$	38,604,247	\$	42,420,272	\$	44,689,584	\$	43,922,372	\$	44,455,427	\$	44,187,587	\$ 4	44,905,909	\$ 45,661,221	\$4	5,103,700
Restricted Unrestricted	1,485,530		2,340,251		2,568,105		2,424,797		2,321,131		2,414,867		2,217,470		3,821,915	2,676,793		3,252,897
Onrestricted	4,997,784		4,409,510		4,391,917		5,223,583		5,926,662		5,760,181		6,049,184		3,196,107	6,573,639		6,383,600
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 45,776,972	\$	45,354,008	\$	49,380,294	\$	52,337,964	\$	52,170,165	\$	52,630,475	\$	52,454,241	\$.	51,923,931	\$ 54,911,653	\$ 5	4,740,197
Business-type activities:																		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 423,601	\$	511,412	\$	704,208	\$	676,317	\$	716,406	\$	679,772	\$	763,313	\$	822,294	\$ 801,512	\$	1,185,854
Restricted Unrestricted	- 448,460		- 634,508		- 749,680		- 1,030,042		۔ 1,229,764		- 1,516,525		- 1,763,851		- 2,011,784	۔ 2,195,536		- 2,119,964
	·		·		· · · · ·		· · ·				· ·							
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 872,061	Ş	1,145,920	Ş	1,453,888	Ş	1,706,359	Ş	1,946,170	Ş	2,196,297	Ş	2,527,164	Ş	2,834,078	\$ 2,997,048	Ş	3,305,818
Primary government																		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 39,717,259	\$	39,115,659	\$	43,124,480	\$	45,365,901	\$	44,638,778	\$	45,135,199	\$	44,950,900	\$ 4	45,728,203	\$ 46,462,733	\$4	6,289,554
Restricted	1,485,530		1,687,118		2,568,105		2,424,797		2,321,131		2,414,867		2,217,470		3,821,915	2,676,793		3,252,897
Unrestricted	5,446,244		5,697,151		5,141,597		6,253,625		7,156,426		7,276,706		7,813,035		5,207,891	8,769,175		8,503,564
Total primary government net position	\$ 46,649,033	\$	46,499,928	\$	50,834,182	\$	54,044,323	\$	54,116,335	\$	54,826,772	\$	54,981,405	\$!	54,758,009	\$ 57,908,701	\$ 5	8,046,015

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
Expenses																				
Governmental activities:																				
Governing board	\$	60,240	\$	58,446	\$	65,060	\$	64,999	\$		\$	50,220	\$	62,450	\$	60,703	\$	54,689	\$	65,310
Administration		555,040		598,315		636,056		588,189		606,578		657,628		689,113		721,389		622,247		661,606
Public safety		893 <i>,</i> 079		845,102		822,679		910,312		927,763		1,067,166		1,112,204		1,224,729		1,285,031		1,359,579
Public works and streets		3,486,600		3,422,984		3,702,409		3,674,847		3,750,700		4,027,432		3,648,321		3,679,103		3,872,006		3,702,946
Planning and zoning		286,315		246,813		123,555		131,282		130,169		150,187		123,652		138,912		196,425		168,239
Clemmons events & marketing		35,315		31,048		61,029		83,222		80,516		76,136		127,511		151,005		91,968		126,825
Parks & recreation		-		-		-		-		-		-		28,113		41,960		41,293		40,033
Other governments infrastructure		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		451,082		202,928
Total governmental activities expenses		5,316,589		5,202,708		5,410,788		5,452,851		5,562,575		6,028,769		5,791,364		6,017,801		6,614,741		6,327,466
Business-type activities:																				
Stormwater		353,049		387,142		420,007		497,430		510,964		484,870		455,445		472,361		525,206		569,973
Total primary government expenses	\$	5,669,638	\$	5,589,850	\$	5,830,795	\$	5,950,281	\$	6,073,539	\$	6,513,639	\$	6,246,809	\$	6,490,162	\$	7,139,947	\$	6,897,439
Program revenues																				
Governmental activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
Administration	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,442	¢	459	¢	-	\$	-	\$	_
Public Safety	Ŷ	4,950	Ŷ	7,130	Ŷ	5,025	Ŷ	4,875	Ŷ	6,310	Ŷ	7,475	Ŷ	8,740	Ŷ	6,150	Ŷ	5,800	Ŷ	6,275
Public works		10,182		38,878		10,782		9,943		16,077		14,624		11,571		13,015		9,129		14,941
Planning and zoning		4,692		6,598		4,710		5,925		13,525		15,830		21,310		34,167		13,595		15,250
Parks & recreation		4,092		0,558		4,710		5,925		13,323		15,850		17,925		16,292		21,604		21,176
Operating grants and contributions:		-		-		-		-		-		-		17,925		10,292		21,004		21,170
Governing board	-	_		_		_		_		_		_		1,700		_				_
Administration														50						
Public works and streets		604,297		498,014		531,912		527,133		532,518		697,333		17,336		541,868		546,215		574,603
Planning and Zoning		004,297		29,240		551,912		527,155		552,518		097,333		17,550		541,808		540,215		374,003
		- 		70,917		- 80,329		- 84,025		- 92,999		102 554		105 624		-		-		- 127,625
Clemmons events and marketing Parks & recreation		51,246		70,917		80,329		84,025		92,999		103,554		105,634		118,749		114,645		127,025
		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,720		-
Capital grants and contributions:												22.250				440.000				
Administration		-		-		4 5 2 9 6 2 9		-		-		23,250		-		110,000		-		107 445
Public works		-		8,366		4,538,630		3,432,289		376,282		1,226,641		865,027		532,438		3,439,069		187,445
American recovery and reinvestment act		197,584		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Village Point water & sewer		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		451,082		-
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$	872,951	\$	659,143	\$	5,171,388	\$	4,064,190	\$	1,037,711	\$	2,092,149	\$	1,049,752	\$	1,372,679	\$	4,602,859	\$	947,315
Business-type activities:																				
Stormwater:																				
Charges for services		651,808		658,193		725,809		747,671		749,310		751,659		782,878		778,894		775,082		785,393
Operating grants and contributions		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,150		1,125
Total business-type activities program revenues		651,808		658,193		725,809		747,671		749,310		751,659		782,878		778,894		776,232		786,518
			4	1,317,336																

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Total net (expense) revenue by program:										
Governmental activities:	ć (co 240)	ć (FO 44C) (ć (C4.000)	¢ (cc.040)	ć (FO 220)	ć (co 750)	ć (co 702)	ć (F4 C00)	ć (CE 210)
Governing Board	\$ (60,240)				,	,	,			
Administration	(555,040)	(598,315)	(636,056)	(588,189)	(606,578)	(630,936)	(688,604)	(611,389)	(622,247)	(661,606)
Public safety	(888,129) (2,872,122)	(837,972) (2,912,726)	(817,654) 1,378,865	(905,437) 294,518	(921,453) (2,825,680)	(1,059,691) (2,088,834)	(1,103,464) (2,754,387)	(1,218,579) (2,591,782)	(1,279,231) 122,407	(1,353,304) (2,925,957)
Public works and streets				-	,	,				• • • •
Planning and zoning	(281,623)	(210,975)	(118,845)	(125,357)	(116,644)	(134,357)	(102,342)	(104,745)	(182,830)	(152,989)
Clemmons events & marketing	15,931	39,869	19,300	803	12,483	27,418	(21,877)	(32,256)	22,677	800
Parks & recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,188)	(25,668)	(17,969)	(18,857)
American recovery and reinvestment act	197,584	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other governments infrastructure	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(202,928)
Business-type activities:	200 750	274 054	205 002	250.244	220.246	266 700	227 422	206 522	254 026	246 545
Stormwater	298,759	271,051	305,802	250,241	238,346	266,789	327,433	306,533	251,026	216,545
Total net program (expense) revenue	\$ (4,144,880)	\$ (4,307,514)	\$ 66,352	\$ (1,138,420)	\$ (4,286,375)	\$ (3,669,831)	\$ (4,414,179)	\$ (4,338,589)	\$ (1,760,856)	\$ (5,163,606)
General revenues and transfers										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	\$ 1,991,829	\$ 2,331,349	\$ 2,359,674	\$ 2,392,588	\$ 2,323,446	\$ 2,286,043	\$ 2,330,834	\$ 2,386,250	\$ 2,534,506	\$ 2,609,124
Other taxes and licenses	2,134	2,793	3,299	2,790	3,426	3,422	2,775	3,582	2,748	3,182
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific										
programs	1,681,423	1,781,264	1,886,530	1,936,602	2,016,212	2,169,405	2,215,330	2,260,284	2,300,632	2,391,772
Investment earnings, unrestricted	38,327	20,268	13,139	7,876	4,676	4,758	13,939	20,113	52,866	144,862
Donations	248	100	500	50	305	200	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	128	825	2,594	6,425	8,857	601	2,500	4,667	3,936	59,755
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	19,002	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to (from)	37,521	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	104,916	-
Special item- loss on transfer of land to County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(560,084)	-	-
Total governmental activities general revenues	\$ 3,751,610	\$ 4,155,601	\$ 4,265,736	\$ 4,346,331	\$ 4,356,922	\$ 4,464,429	\$ 4,565,378	\$ 4,114,812	\$ 4,999,604	\$ 5,208,695
Business-type activities:										
Stormwater:										
Investment earnings, unrestricted	2,507	2,808	2,166	2,230	1,465	213	2,608	5,163	16,860	41,725
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	826	(4,782)	-	50,500
Gross Proceeds from insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to (from)	(37,521)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(104,916)	-
Total business-type activities general revenues	(35,014)	2,808	2,166	2,230	1,465	213	3,434	381	(88,056)	92,225
Total net program (expense) revenue	(4,144,880)	(4,307,514)	66,352	(1,138,420)	(4,286,375)	(3,669,831)	(4,414,179)	(4,338,589)	(1,760,856)	(5,163,606)
Change in net position:										
Governmental activities	(692,029)	(422,964)	4,026,286	2,957,670	(167,799)	527,809	(176,234)	(530,310)	2,987,722	(171,456)
Business-type activities	263,745	273,859	307,968	252,471	239,811	267,002	330,867	306,914	162,970	308,770
Total primary government	\$ (428,284)	\$ (149,105)	\$ 4,334,254	\$ 3,210,141	\$ 72,012	\$ 794,811	\$ 154,633	\$ (223,396)	\$ 3,150,692	\$ 137,314

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2010	2	011	2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
Fund Balance:		2010	-				2010		2011		2010		2010		2017		2010		_01.
General Fund:																			
Non spendable:																			
Inventories	\$	39,506	\$ 38,6	63	49,866	\$	47,187	\$	48,496	\$	58,115	\$	54,572	\$	56,502	\$	58,209	\$	60,506
Prepaid items		-		-	-		-		13,717		13,031		47,687		49,229		50,461		46,021
Restricted:																			
Stabilization by State Statute		819,717	653,1	.33	626,117	6	604,204		636,054	ļ	930,286		629,036		2,082,183		627,828		738,391
Streets	1	,288,847	1,462,0)65	1,630,317	1,5	508,119		1,415,939	1,	214,506		1,341,821		1,525,280		1,674,815		2,136,537
Travel and Tourism		139,559	173,7	/33	233,740	2	34,767		194,396		217,400		200,405		156,502		177,871		169,681
Cultural, recreation and economic dev.		57,124	51,3		77,931		77,707		74,742		51,306		46,208		57,950		59,600		69,609
Flags		61		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Clock		-		-	-		-		-		1,369		-		-		-		-
Committed:											,								
Village facilities		512,754	513,3	83	513,675	5	513,912		513,965		166,987		31,518		31,652		32,027		32,711
Recreation-payment in lieu		-	,	-	-		-		5,911		5,911		5,911		22,203		43,807		64,984
Capital projects		-		-	-		-		-		· -		-		-		, -		-
Assigned:																			
Subsequent year's expenditures		743,335	760,7	' 68	-	3	82,360		196,625	ļ	571,451		873,165		1,044,960		1,303,540		309,250
Land for library		-	,	_	-		-		-		-		506,000		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-	-		-		-		-		317,020		257,400		126,000		142,567
Sidewalks		12,491		-	-		-		-		-		-				-		-
Unassigned	2	,902,206	3,136,4	39	3,894,390	4.3	343,240		5,218,676	4.9	996,000		4,281,331		3,201,378		4,912,263		5,746,219
Total general fund	-	,515,600	\$ 6,789,5		5 7,026,036		/11,496		8,318,521		226,362		8,334,674	\$	8,485,239		9,066,421	\$	9,516,476
All other governmental funds:																			
Restricted:																			
Downtown revitalization and economic																			
development	Ś	_	\$	- 9		\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	Ś	-	Ś	_	Ś	138,679	ć	138,679
Assigned Capital Projects	Ļ		Ŷ	. '	, _	Ŷ	_	Ļ	8,432	Ļ	26,506	Ļ	2,403	Ļ	39,179	Ļ	- 130,075	Ŷ	130,075
Committed:		-		-	-		_		0,432		20,500		2,403		59,179		_		-
Market Center Drive Project		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		122,525		103,546
Sidewalk 158- Tanglewood		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		10,173		-
Unassigned capital projects		-		-	(22,103)		-		-		-		-		(1,433,791)		-		(4,212)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	-	\$		6 (22,103)	\$	-	\$	8,432	\$	26,506	\$	2,403	\$	(1,394,612)	\$	271,377	\$	238,013

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 1,985,536	\$ 2,329,835	\$ 2,361,116	\$ 2,398,650	\$ 2,330,408	2,293,807	2,330,796	2,389,020	\$ 2,534,351	\$ 2,608,088
Other taxes & licenses	2,134	2,793	3,299	2,790	3,426	3,422	2,775	3,582	2,748	3,182
Unrestricted intergovernmental	1,681,423	1,781,264	1,886,530	1,936,602	2,016,212	2,169,405	2,215,330	2,260,284	2,300,632	2,391,772
Restricted intergovernmental	850,929	596,504	626,456	743,929	663,799	1,531,142	833,874	1,278,871	2,278,710	672,105
Permits & fees	19,824	17,606	20,517	20,743	35,912	33,929	59,546	69,624	46,258	44,956
Sales & services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,870	12,686
Investment earnings	40,525	21,935	14,064	8,617	4,819	4,943	17,019	26,647	67,036	186,815
Donations & sponsorships	-	-	-	-	-	183,450	2,650	8,450	1,329,801	9,000
Other revenues	376	925	594	185	662	8,244	6,959	9,415	3,636	100
Total revenues	4,580,747	4,750,862	4,912,576	5,111,516	5,055,238	6,228,342	5,468,949	6,045,893	8,567,042	5,928,704
Expenditures	1,500,717	1,7 50,002	1,512,570	3,111,310	3,033,230	0,220,012	3,100,313	0,010,000	0,007,012	5,520,704
Governing board	60,240	58,446	65,060	64,999	66,849	50,220	62,450	60,703	54,689	65,310
Administration	537,673	579,298	615,888	568,626	589,803	676.035	662,459	705,791	584,395	620,344
Public safety	891,948	844,165	821,742	909,724	927,175	1,066,579	1,111,617	1,223,792	1,284,385	1,358,991
Public works	1,905,458	1,983,906	2,122,777	1,767,522	1,873,020	2,041,785	1,900,412	1,931,372	1,967,692	2,012,857
Streets (Powell Bill)	394,792	228,462	170,806	622,210	550,800	726,402	403,615	345,786	386,230	95,428
Planning & zoning	285,376	246,142	123,570	130,851	127,976	151,255	127,046	137,868	194,405	181,645
Clemmons events & marketing	35,315	31,048	61,029	83,222	80,516	76,136	127,820	150,910	91,626	125,806
Parks & recreation		-	-		-	-	5,761	8,344	6,367	5,107
Major repairs & Renovations	-	-	-	-	-	-		25,532	33,309	-
Capital outlay & capital projects	399,688	505,650	743,170	262,777	228,451	1,523,634	985,017	2,202,606	1,823,696	1,098,822
Total expenditures	,	4,477,117	4,724,042	4,409,931	4,444,590	6,312,046	5,386,197	6,792,704	6,426,794	5,564,310
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	70,257	273,745	188,534	701,585	610,648	(83,704)	82,752	(746,811)	2,140,248	364,394
Other financing source (uses):										
Transfers to (from)	37,521	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	104,916	-
Sale of capital assets	-	1,002	14,693	8,657	3,500	-	5,000	5,850	300	50,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	37,521	1,002	14,693	8,657	3,500	-	5,000	5,850	105,216	50,000
Special item-land purchase& transfer to County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	507,419	-	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ 107,778	\$ 274,747	\$ 203,227	\$ 710,242	\$ 614,148	\$ (83,704)	\$ 87,752	\$(1,248,380)	\$ 2,245,464	\$ 414,394
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Program Revenues by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2	2010	2011		2012	2013		2014	2015	2016	5	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities:														
Governing board	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$1,	,700	\$-	\$-	\$-
Administration		-		-	-	-		-	26,692		509	-	-	-
Public safety		4,950	7,13	0	5,025	4,875		6,310	7,475	8,	,740	6,150	5,800	6,275
Public works & streets		812,063	545,25	8 .	5,081,774	3,969,365		925,020	1,938,598	893,	,934	1,087,321	3,994,413	776,989
Planning & Zoning		4,692	35 <i>,</i> 83	8	4,710	5,925		13,525	15,830	21,	,310	34,167	13,595	15,250
Clemmons events & marketing		51,246	70,91	7	80,329	84,025		92,999	103,554	105,	,634	118,749	114,645	127,625
Parks & recreation		-		-	-	-		-	-	17,	,925	16,292	23,324	21,176
Village Point Dr. project water & sewer		-		-	-	-		-	-		-	-	451,082	-
Subtotal for governmental activities	;	872,951	659,14	3 !	5,171,838	4,064,190	1	,037,854	2,092,149	1,049,	,752	1,262,679	4,602,859	947,315
Business-type activities														
Stormwater		651,808	658,19	3	725,809	747,671		749,310	751,659	782,	,878	778,894	776,232	786,518
Total primary government	\$ 1,	524,759	\$ 1,317,33	6\$!	5,897,647	\$ 4,811,861	\$1	,787,164	\$ 2,843,808	\$ 1,832,	,630	\$ 2,041,573	\$ 5,379,091	\$ 1,733,833

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Levied By: Fiscal	Clemmons Ad Valorem	Forsyth Sales	Forsyth Occupancy	NC Utility Sales	NC Beer and	
Year	Taxes	Taxes	Тах	Taxes	Wine Tax	Total
2010	1,985,536	507,463	51,246	968,438	25,942	3,538,625
2011	2,239,835	558,441	70,917	965,956	82,396	3,917,545
2012	2,361,116	671,762	80,329	918,288	80,970	4,112,465
2013	2,398,650	688,248	84,025	944,394	76,021	4,191,338
2014	2,330,408	690,870	92,999	991,758	82,937	4,188,972
2015	2,293,807	750,782	103,354	1,028,311	91,372	4,267,626
2016	2,330,796	780,098	103,034	1,024,642	85,085	4,323,655
2017	2,389,020	790,586	110,299	1,020,813	88,600	4,399,318
2018	2,534,351	821,959	110,145	1,019,862	84,915	4,571,232
2019	2,608,088	874,930	118,625	1,015,821	85,997	4,703,461
Change						
2010-2019	23.9%	42.0%	56.8%	4.7%	69.8%	24.8%

In North Carolina, property tax would be considered an own-source revenue. Information about tax rate and assessed value is found in the Revenue Capacity tables in the Statistical Section

Signatificant tax revenues that are not own-source revenues:

Local sales tax levied by Forsyth County and distributed to Clemmons by an ad valorem distribution formula.

Forsyth County levies an occupancy tax on hotels within Forsyth County; Clemmons received a percentage of these revenues.

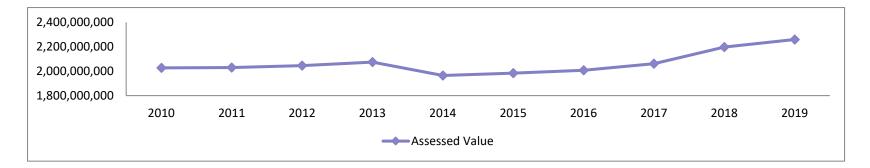
A city or county is eligible to share in beer or wine excise tax revenues if beer or wine may legally be sold within its boundaries. *The State withheld a portion of this tax in 2010.*

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	(1)Tax Year Ended	Real	Personal	Registered	Public Service		(2) Ratio of Assessed Value Estimated	(3) Total Direct Tax
June 30	December 31	Property	 Property	 Vehicles	 Companies	 Total	Actual Value	Rate
2010	2009	\$ 1,758,282,315	\$ 83,669,070	\$ 151,018,435	\$ 34,224,634	\$ 2,027,194,454	100%	0.0985
2011	2010	\$ 1,769,329,193	\$ 78,301,710	\$ 145,386,218	\$ 36,792,366	\$ 2,029,809,487	100%	0.115
2012	2011	\$ 1,776,480,273	\$ 77,426,430	\$ 156,444,674	\$ 35,036,105	\$ 2,045,387,482	100%	0.115
2013	2012	\$ 1,793,528,413	\$ 79,050,350	\$ 166,698,350	\$ 35,236,769	\$ 2,074,513,882	100%	0.115
2014	2013	\$ 1,676,562,086	\$ 80,889,620	\$ 173,493,537	\$ 34,126,634	\$ 1,965,071,877	100%	0.115
2015	2014	\$ 1,680,345,843	\$ 91,519,247	\$ 177,993,971	\$ 34,589,240	\$ 1,984,448,301	100%	0.115
2016	2015	\$ 1,692,037,046	\$ 94,946,822	\$ 184,322,247	\$ 36,029,953	\$ 2,007,336,068	100%	0.115
2017	2016	\$ 1,718,074,861	\$ 105,729,179	\$ 198,826,096	\$ 38,160,113	\$ 2,060,790,249	100%	0.115
2018	2017	\$ 1,863,288,854	\$ 104,159,713	\$ 204,019,733	\$ 25,599,389	\$ 2,197,067,689	100%	0.115
2019	2018	\$ 1,900,099,362	\$ 114,550,461	\$ 219,144,455	\$ 25,875,223	\$ 2,259,669,501	100%	0.115

Source TR-1 Report and NC Department of Revenue Assessed Valuations of NC Municipalities For 2018-2019

Note: (1) Assessed value is established at estimated market value. Real property was revalued on January 1 of 2013, and 2017. As of September 1, 2013 registered motor vehicles are assessed when vehicle tag is renewed.



(2) Clemmons tax rate per \$100 valuation. See schedule 8 for direct and overlapping tax rates.

Village of Clemmons Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$100 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Village of Clemmons	(3) Total		(1) Clemmons	(1) Lewisville	(2) Total Combined Tax Rate	(2) Total Combined Tax Rate
Fiscal	Ad Valorem	Village	Forsyth	Fire	Fire	Clemmons	Lewisville
Year	Tax Rate	Direct Rate	County	District	District	Fire District	Fire District
2010	0.0985	0.0985	0.6740	0.0500	0.0600	0.8225	0.8325
2011	0.1150	0.1150	0.6740	0.0500	0.0600	0.8390	0.8490
2012	0.1150	0.1150	0.6740	0.0500	0.0600	0.8390	0.8490
2013	0.1150	0.1150	0.6740	0.0500	0.0600	0.8390	0.8490
2014	0.1150	0.1150	0.7168	0.0500	0.0740	0.8818	0.9058
2015	0.1150	0.1150	0.7168	0.0500	0.0780	0.8818	0.9098
2016	0.1150	0.1150	0.7310	0.0600	0.0800	0.9060	0.9260
2017	0.1150	0.1150	0.7310	0.0600	0.0800	0.9060	0.9260
2018	0.1150	0.1150	0.7235	0.0636	0.0800	0.8985	0.9185
2019	0.1150	0.1150	0.7235	0.0636	0.0836	0.9021	0.9221

Source: Forsyth County Tax Department and Village of Clemmons adopted budget.

- Note (1) The Forsyth County Board of Commissioners sets each Fire Tax District Rate.
 - (2) Part of the Village is in Clemmons Fire District and part is in Lewisville Fire District
 - (3) The Village of Clemmons has a fifteen cents tax cap included in its charter.

Changing the tax cap requires voter approval or legislation from the NC State Legislature

Table 8

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Net Tax Levy	 Collectio Current Yo Amount		(on and Credits on Prior ars' Levies	(Total Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections to Net Tax Levy	De	standing inquent Taxes
2010	\$ 1,992,052	\$ 1,991,165	98.42%	\$	25	\$	1,991,190	99.96%	\$	862
2011	\$ 2,328,047	\$ 2,327,102	98.58%		29	, \$	2,327,131	99.96%	\$	916
2012	\$ 2,359,685	\$ 2,357,865	98.66%	\$	46	\$	2,357,911	99.92%	\$	1,774
2013	\$ 2,385,613	\$ 2,383,497	98.93%	\$	408	\$	2,383,905	99.93%	\$	1,708
2014	\$ 2,317,359	\$ 2,315,630	99.20%	\$	576	\$	2,316,206	99.95%	\$	1,153
2015	\$ 2,287,433	\$ 2,285,869	99.93%	\$	440	\$	2,286,309	99.95%	\$	1,124
2016	\$ 2,321,839	\$ 2,320,034	99.92%	\$	312	\$	2,320,346	99.94%	\$	1,493
2017	\$ 2,373,675	\$ 2,371,319	99.90%	\$	621	\$	2,371,940	99.93%	\$	1,735
2018	\$ 2,533,862	\$ 2,525,588	99.67%	\$	5,410	\$	2,530,998	99.89%	\$	2,864
2019	\$ 2,604,945	\$ 2,595,635	99.64%	\$	-	\$	2,595,635	99.64%	\$	9,310

Source Schedule 10-Village of Clemmons CAFR

Village of Clemmons property taxes are collected by the Forsyth County Tax Department.

		Fiscal Yea	ar 2019
			Percent of
		Assessed	Total Assessed
Taxpayer	Type of Enterprise	Valuation	Valuation
Hayward Industries Inc.	Manufacturer	\$ 61,915,417	2.74%
Clemmons Town Center Apartments LLC	Apartments	26,857,800	1.19%
Chamberlain Place Apartments LLC	Apartments	19,425,000	0.86%
Clemmons Medical Park	Health Care	18,722,085	0.83%
Duke Energy	Public Utilities	13,705,435	0.61%
Triumph	Public Utilities	12,284,670	0.54%
Hubbard Realty of WS, Inc.	Real Estate Developer/Contractor	12,261,600	0.54%
Tanglewood Station LLC	Real Estate Developer	11,524,900	0.51%
Lewisville Clemmons Road Realty LLC	Real Estate Developer	11,121,900	0.49%
Threshold C5 LLC	Apartments	 10,048,900	0.44%
Total Top 1	en	\$ 197,867,707	8.76%
Total Levy Tabl	e 7	\$ 2,259,669,501	
		 Fiscal Yea	
		 	Percent of
		 Assessed	Percent of Total Assessed
Taxpayer	Type of Enterprise	 	Percent of
		 Assessed Valuation	Percent of Total Assessed
Hayward Industries Inc.	Manufacturer	\$ Assessed Valuation 41,989,470	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation
Hayward Industries Inc. Hubbard Realty of WS	Manufacturer Real Estate Developer/Contractor	\$ Assessed Valuation 41,989,470 16,726,280	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation 2.07% 0.83%
Hayward Industries Inc. Hubbard Realty of WS Granite/Kinnamon LLC	Manufacturer Real Estate Developer/Contractor Real Estate Developer/Contractor	\$ Assessed Valuation 41,989,470 16,726,280 13,173,400	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation 2.07%
Hayward Industries Inc. Hubbard Realty of WS Granite/Kinnamon LLC Tanglewood HT LLC	Manufacturer Real Estate Developer/Contractor Real Estate Developer/Contractor Real Estate Developer	\$ Assessed Valuation 41,989,470 16,726,280	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation 2.07% 0.83% 0.65%
Hayward Industries Inc. Hubbard Realty of WS Granite/Kinnamon LLC Tanglewood HT LLC Fair Oaks Associates LLC	Manufacturer Real Estate Developer/Contractor Real Estate Developer/Contractor	\$ Assessed Valuation 41,989,470 16,726,280 13,173,400 12,885,700	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation 2.07% 0.83% 0.65% 0.64%
Hayward Industries Inc. Hubbard Realty of WS Granite/Kinnamon LLC Tanglewood HT LLC Fair Oaks Associates LLC Morgan Place Apartments	Manufacturer Real Estate Developer/Contractor Real Estate Developer/Contractor Real Estate Developer Real Estate Developer/Contractor	\$ Assessed Valuation 41,989,470 16,726,280 13,173,400 12,885,700 8,782,200	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation 2.07% 0.83% 0.65% 0.64% 0.43%
Hayward Industries Inc. Hubbard Realty of WS Granite/Kinnamon LLC Tanglewood HT LLC Fair Oaks Associates LLC Morgan Place Apartments Western Enterprises	Manufacturer Real Estate Developer/Contractor Real Estate Developer/Contractor Real Estate Developer Real Estate Developer/Contractor Apartments	\$ Assessed Valuation 41,989,470 16,726,280 13,173,400 12,885,700 8,782,200 8,514,000	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation 2.07% 0.83% 0.65% 0.64% 0.43% 0.42%
Hayward Industries Inc. Hubbard Realty of WS Granite/Kinnamon LLC Tanglewood HT LLC Fair Oaks Associates LLC Morgan Place Apartments Western Enterprises Concord Five	Manufacturer Real Estate Developer/Contractor Real Estate Developer/Contractor Real Estate Developer Real Estate Developer/Contractor Apartments Real Estate Developer	\$ Assessed Valuation 41,989,470 16,726,280 13,173,400 12,885,700 8,782,200 8,514,000 8,445,530	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation 2.07% 0.83% 0.65% 0.64% 0.43% 0.42% 0.42%
Hayward Industries Inc. Hubbard Realty of WS Granite/Kinnamon LLC Tanglewood HT LLC Fair Oaks Associates LLC Morgan Place Apartments Western Enterprises Concord Five Ellis Properties	Manufacturer Real Estate Developer/Contractor Real Estate Developer/Contractor Real Estate Developer Real Estate Developer/Contractor Apartments Real Estate Developer Real Estate Developer	\$ Assessed Valuation 41,989,470 16,726,280 13,173,400 12,885,700 8,782,200 8,514,000 8,445,530 8,499,700	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation 2.07% 0.83% 0.65% 0.64% 0.43% 0.42% 0.42% 0.42%
Taxpayer Hayward Industries Inc. Hubbard Realty of WS Granite/Kinnamon LLC Tanglewood HT LLC Fair Oaks Associates LLC Morgan Place Apartments Western Enterprises Concord Five Ellis Properties Willow Trace Property	Manufacturer Real Estate Developer/Contractor Real Estate Developer/Contractor Real Estate Developer Real Estate Developer/Contractor Apartments Real Estate Developer Real Estate Developer Real Estate Developer Apartments	\$ Assessed Valuation 41,989,470 16,726,280 13,173,400 12,885,700 8,782,200 8,514,000 8,445,530 8,499,700 8,496,900	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation 2.07% 0.83% 0.65% 0.64% 0.43% 0.42% 0.42% 0.42% 0.42%

Source: Forsyth County Tax Department.

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2019	
Assessed Value of Taxable Property Schedule 11	\$ 2,265,169,565
Debt Limit = Eight percent (8%) of assessed value	181,213,565
Debt applicable to limit:	
Total debt applicable to legal debt limit	<u> </u>
Legal debt margin	\$ 181,213,565

	 2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Debt Limit Total net debt applicable to limit	\$ 161,872,812 \$	162,016,626 \$	163,874,435 \$ -	166,113,494 -	\$ 161,449,322	\$ 159,206,296 \$ -	161,063,043 \$ -	165,512,337 \$ -	176,268,661	\$ 181,213,565
Legal debt margin	\$ 161,872,812 \$	162,016,626 \$	163,874,435 \$	166,113,494	\$ 161,449,322	\$ 159,206,296 \$	161,063,043 \$	165,512,337 \$	176,268,661	\$ 181,215,584
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%

Note: Under North Carolina state law, the Village's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed eight percent (8%) of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

All debt issued for Clemmons' governmental activities has been installment contract financing and capital leases, where the financed asset is collateral for the debt

Excludes business -type activities.

Jurisdiction	Outstanding Debt	Percentage Applicable to Clemmons	Amount Applicable to Clemmons
Forsyth County General obligation debt Limited obligation bonds Installment Purchase Contracts	\$ 595,792 20,976 20,390 \$ 637,158	,088 ,000	39,367,381
Subtotal, overlapping debt			39,367,381
Clemmons debt		-	-
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 39,367,381

The Village of Clemmons has no government activities debt.

The purpose of this schedule is recognize that the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account when calculating the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt.

Sources:

Debt information from Forsyth County Finance Office

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the Village of Clemmons is estimated using taxable assessed value information published by NCDR based on TR1 filed by County and Municipalities as of January 1, 2018. NCDR receives registered motor vehicles values for NCDMV.

http://www.dor.state.nc.us/publications/Valuations

County Taxable Real Property, Personal Property, and Public Service Company Valuations Municipal Taxable Real Property, Person Property, and Public Service Company Valuations

		Governm	ental Activities		В	usiness Type Act	tivities	Primary Go	vernment
Fiscal Year	Capital Lease	Installment Financing	Outstanding Debt per Capita	Ratio of Outstanding Deb to Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	Capital Lease	Outstanding Debt per Capita	Ratio of Outstanding Debt to Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	Total Primary vernment Debt	Total Outstanding Debt <u>per Capita</u>
2010	-	-	-	0.00%	\$ 69,574	4	0.00%	\$ 69,574	4
2011	-	-	-	0.00%	\$ 35,543	2	0.00%	\$ 35,543	2
2012	-	-	-	0.00%	\$ -	-	0.00%	\$ -	-
2013	-	-	-	0.00%	\$ -	-	0.00%	\$ -	-
2014	-	-	-	0.00%	\$ -	-	0.00%	\$ -	-
2015	-	-	-	0.00%	\$ -	-	0.00%	\$ -	-
2016	-	-	-	0.00%	\$ -	-	0.00%	\$ -	-
2017	-	-	-	0.00%	\$ -	-	0.00%	\$ -	-
2018	-	-	-	0.00%	\$ -	-	0.00%	\$ -	-
2019	-	-	-	0.00%	\$ -	-	0.00%	\$ -	-

Population data is shown on the Demographic Statistics schedule.

See the schedule of Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property in the Revenue Capacity section.

Total personal income is not available for the Village of Clemmons.

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures Total Noncapital General Governmental Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Prin	cipal	Inte	erest	otal Service	Go	loncapital General vernmental penditures	Ratio of Debt Service to Noncapital Expenditures
2010	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,510,490	0.00%
2011	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,971,467	0.00%
2012	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,186,872	0.00%
2013	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,147,154	0.00%
2014	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,216,139	0.00%
2015	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,788,412	0.00%
2016	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,960,764	0.00%
2017	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	5,075,661	0.00%
2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,603,098	0.00%
2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,465,488	0.00%

Includes installment debt and capital leases.

	Clemm	nons	_							I	Fors	yth (County			
Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Median Age		н	Median ousehold Inc		Population (1)	Median Age		Median usehold Inc			Total Personal Income (1) (Thousands of Dollars)	I	r Capital ncome esidence (1)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2010	18627	40.6	(2)	\$	64,443	(1)	350670	37.2	(1)	\$ 46,749	(1)	\$	12,958,800	\$	36,879	10.3
2011	18688						351380					\$	14,437,625	\$	37,911	10.6
2012	18829						353949					\$	14,176,253	\$	39,583	9.5
2013	18960			\$	64,118	(5)	353949					\$	14,354,615	\$	39,739	8.8
2014	19168	42.4	(5)	\$	66,680	(5)	357483	38	(2)	\$ 44,307	(2)	\$	15,477,536	\$	41,437	6.3
2015	19342						364248	38	(2)	\$ 47,346	(2)	\$	16,184,845	\$	43,859	6
2016	19342	42.5	(5)	\$	67,783	(5)	364248	38	(2)	\$ 48,987	(2)	\$	16,595,996	\$	44,672	5.1
2017	19575			\$	71,554	(5)	366543	38		\$ 50,803	(2)		(4)	\$	46,888	4.2
2018	19605						369144			(4)			(4)		(4)	4.2
2019	20059						376309			(4)			(4)		(4)	4.4

Source:

(1) Office of Budget and Management for the State of North Carolina LINC

(2) AccessNC@NCCommerce.com

(3) The Employment Security Commission of North Carolina

(4) Information is unavailable

(5) US Census Bureau > factfinder.cenus.gov

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Principal Employers For the Year Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2019 ₁			2010 ₂				
		Approximate		Percentage of	Approximate		Percentage of		
Employers		Number of		Total County	Number of		Total County		
Forsyth County ₁	Type of Enterprise	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment		
Wake Forest University Baptist Medical Center	Education & Health Services	14,271	1	7.9%	13,000	1	8.3%		
Novant Health and Affiliates	Education & Health Services	9,898	2	5.5%	8,100	2	5.2%		
Winston-Salem/Forsyth County School System	Education & Health Services	8,000	3	4.4%	6,692	3	4.3%		
Wells Fargo Bank	Financial Activiities	2,890	4	1.6%	2,800	5	1.9%		
Reynolds America	Manufacturing	2,500	5	1.4%	3,000	4	1.8%		
Hanesbrands, Inc formally Sara Lee Personal Products	Manufacturing	2,300	6	1.3%	2,800	6	1.8%		
City of Winston-Salem	Public Administration	2,287	7	1.3%	2,660	8	1.7%		
Wake Forest University	Public Administration	2,134	8	1.2%	2,596	7	1.7%		
BB&T	Financial Activities	2,275	9	1.2%	2,000	10	1.3%		
Forsyth County₁	Public Administration	2,134	10	1.2%	2,160	9	1.4%		
I	otal	48,689		26.9%	45,808		26.5%		
Village of Clemmons₃			2019			2,012			
Hayward Pools	Manufacturing	600	1	0.32%	600	1	0.37%		
Winston-Salem Forysth County Schools	Education & Health Services	390	2	0.21%	380	2	0.23%		
Trinity Elms and Trinity Rehab	Education & Health Services	240	3	0.13%	90	7	0.06%		
Novant Health	Education & Health Services	240	4	0.13%	N/A		N/A		
Lowes Food	Trade, Transportation & Utilities	210	5	0.11%	110	6	0.07%		
Triumph Actuation Systems LLC	Manufacturing	200	5	0.11%	200	3	0.12%		
Sheffield Financial	Financial Activities	200	6	0.11%	150	4	0.09%		
Sylvester and Cockrum, Inc.	Energy	175	7	0.09%	N/A		N/A		
Clemmons Medical Plaza	Education & Health Services	149	8	0.08%	N/A		N/A		
Publix	Trade, Transportation & Utilities	123	9	0.06%	118	5	0.07%		
Clemmons Village I & II Assisted Living	Trade, Transportation & Utilities	110	10	0.06%	85	8	0.05%		
Food Lion	Trade, Transportation & Utilities	N/A		N/A	118	5	0.07%		
Duke Energy	Trade, Transportation & Utilities	N/A		N/A	85	9	0.05%		
Golding Farms Food	Trade, Transportation & Utilities	N/A		N/A	80	10	0.05%		
1	otal	2,637		1.39%	2,016		1.24%		
Total Employed Cou	nty₄	189,431			162,419				

1 Most current estimates are as of October 2018 provided by Forsyth County from the Winston-Salem Chamber of Commerce

² 2010 Forsyth County CAFR estimates as of June 2010

³ Finance Officer called individual companies and institues.

₄ NC Department of Commerce 2019 Q1

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Public Safety: Per Forsyth County Sheriff's Department					Repo	rt furnished o	n calendar ba	sis 2012 forwa	ard	
Total Offenses	2,372	2,557	2,605	2,450	2,017	2,327	2,389	2,395	2,563	N/A
Total Part 1 Crimes	550	592	570	447	396	444	491	463	403	N/A
Total Calls For Service	9,082	12,135	14,818	16,668	17,358	22,672	19,721	19,190	22,451	N/A
Charge/Arrest Part 1	N/A	N/A	79	74	56	50	77	59	N/A	N/A
Traffic Arrest Charges	N/A	N/A	1658	1225	947	966	1187	1,270	1,243	N/A
Average response time in minutes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	10.2	9.6	N/A	9.6	N/A	N/A
Community Outreach Coffee with a Cop	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	3	3	5	4
Public Works:										
Streets Resurfaced	1.87	0.86	1.05	4.53	4.11	5.92	2.60	2.24	1.86	0
Pavement Condition Rating	87.4%				88.9%		85.4%			
NC Statewide Pavement Condition Rating	80.0%				68.9%		69.3%			
Sanitation Disposal (tons) Per Waste Management	6,034	5,687	6,077	4,386	4,936	4,263	4,433	4,853	3,921	4,536
Sanitation Recycling (tons) Per Waste Management	1,087	1,090	1,125	1,386	1,416	1,437	1,377	1,311	1,243	1,213
Tonage Leaf/limb and grass	3,912	4,511	4,313	4,945	6,451*	4,802	5,446	5,379	6,053	6,715
Planning & Zoning										
Rezoning	5	3	2	3	3	2	11	6	5	4
Plan Reviews	1	2	0	1	5	4	4	3	2	2
Text amendments Unified Development Ordinance	N/A	2	3	1	2	1	3	1	2	2
Grant applications							6	3	0	1
Comprehensive Plan Update	х									х
Zoning Enforcement Hours Contracted (2)	267.75	422.75	279	245.75	235.5	235.5	211.25	188.25	197.5	271.75
Code violations open	N/A	86	81	66	45	60	42	N/A	N/A	N/A
Code violations closed	N/A	84	75	48	28	54	33	N/A	N/A	N/A
Administration										
Certificate Achievement for Excellence in										
Financial Reporting	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	
Stormwater										
Participants of Clean up days (3)	N/A	N/A	N/A	165	150	220	415	270	250	288
Miles of street- trash picked up clean up day	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	31	37	42	29.2	38	43.4
Tributaries Creek Week	N/A	, N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3	1	2	1
Bags of Trash	, N/A	, N/A	, N/A	, N/A	, N/A	, 167	336	271	228	31
Participants medicine Drop	,,,	,	,,,	,	,,,	207		210	113	113
Pills collected (pounds)								156	73	75
Stormwater permits issued	11	12	9	11	17	12	12	156	8	12
		12	9 7	21		31				
Minor Capital Improvement	4	10	/	21	25	31	19	18	13	33

Sources Village Staff unless otherwise noted

2. City of Winston-Salem billing statement for inspection service contracted with City/County Inspections

* Increase due to snow and ice winter 2014

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Full-Time Village Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Full Time:	-										
Administration		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Planning		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works (1)		12	12	12	12	13	13	13	14	13	13
General Fund	-	17	17	17	17	18	18	18	19	18	18
Enterprise Fund-Stormwater		1	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2
	Village total	18	19	19	20	21	20	20	21	20	20
Part Time:											
Administration		0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Source: Village of Clemmons.

1. Public Works employees assist in the enterprise fund, during 2017.

2. Public Works director included in public works count, also performs stormwater engineering

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Currently the Village has 1 unfilled Public Works Position

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Municipal Buildings	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Salt Building			-						1	1
Sheds	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Vacant land	15 Acres									
Public Works:										
Rolling Stock	49	49	49	47	47	52	53	52	52	54
Streets (Miles-Paved)	76.37	76.37	79.08	79.57	79.73	80	80.09	80.09	80.37	80.54
Streets (Miles-Unpaved)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sidewalks(Miles) (1)	14.29	14.29	16.1	16.32	16.48	17	17.045	17.045	17.185	17.31
Street Lights	735	735	794	794	860	879	879	879	985	987
Culture and Recreation:										
Park Acreage	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Lake			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pier			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Greenway square feet							3900	3900	3900	3900
Enterprise Fund:										
Stormwater:										
Vehicle (2)	1	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	4	4
Capital Improvement Projects	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0

1. Sidewalks had not been measured before this year, however added in previous years.

2. 1/2 of the cost of the street sweeper, 1/2 of one leaf vacuum and one knuckle boom truck was purchased by the Stormwater Utility the count of these vehicles are included under Public Works.

Sources: Various Village Departments. Miles of Streets from Powell Bill Reports.



Compliance Section

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Schedule of Findings and Responses

Corrective Action Plan

Summary of Prior Year Audit Findings

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Village Council Village of Clemmons, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Clemmons, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Village of Clemmons's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 23, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village of Clemmons's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Clemmons's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

2160 Country Club Road / Winston-Salem, NC 27104 / 336-725-0635 / Fax 336-725-0630 104 W. Dalton Road / P.O. Box 330 / King, NC 27021 / 336-725-0635 / Fax 336-450-4076

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be a material weakness: 2019-1.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Clemmons's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina's Response to Findings

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Village of Clemmons, North Carolina's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cannon & Company, S. R. P.

October 23, 2019

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness (es) identified? <u>X</u>Yes No
- Significant Deficiency (s) identified that are not considered material weakness? _____Yes ___X_None Reported
- Noncompliance material to financial statements noted _____Yes ___X_No

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

2019-1 Segregation of Duties

Criteria: Duties should be segregated to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are handled appropriately.

Condition: There is a lack of segregation of duties among Village personnel.

Effect: Transactions could be mishandled.

Cause: There are a limited number of personnel for certain functions.

Recommendation: The duties should be separated as much as possible and alternative controls should be used to compensate for lack of separation.

Management Response: The Village agrees that there is a lack of segregation of duties due to one person finance staff and has segregated functions with the manager, clerk and or senior administrative assistant when possible. Review procedures are in place that are performed by the Manager or management team, Mayor, Mayor Pro Tem and Council to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are not misstated, however the Village also recognizes that reasonable assurance takes into consideration that the cost of the control should not exceed the benefits. Cash receipts are handled by clerk and administrative assistants. The Council also receives a monthly financial report and check register. The manager receives direct confirmation from the County for County collected revenues that are direct deposited to the Village and reviews all checks before the Mayor or Mayor Pro Tem signs the check. The manager also reviews bank reconciliation on monthly basis and has access the financial software to review any accounts on a random basis. The Mayor or Mayor Pro Tem manually signs checks in order to have a second review of checks before they are mailed by senior administrative assistant.

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

REPORTABLE CONDITION/MATERIAL WEAKNESS

2019-1 Segregation of Duties	
Name of contact person:	

Scott Buffkin Village Manager

Corrective Action: The duties are separated a much as possible with limited staff and alternative controls are in place to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are not misstated. At this time, it would be cost prohibitive to add personnel just for segregation of duties; the Village recognizes that reasonable assurance takes into consideration that the cost of internal control should not exceed the benefits. The manager or designated alternate is control for most of the finance functions such as review of accounts payable and bank statements. The Mayor or Mayor Pro Tem manually signs checks, so there is a second review before the checks are mailed. The Senior Administrative Assistant mails the payable checks. The Council receives check register, cash balances and revenue and expenditure review on a monthly basis. The administrative assistance receives receipts, clerk deposits receipts and the finance office records the receipts. The Village continues to review possible segregation of duties, if personnel expertise or schedule allows.

Proposed Completion Date: The Village has implemented the segregation of duties as much as possible without hiring additional personnel. We have implemented review procedures with management that we believe would prevent any material misstatements of the financial statements. Since the manager is the designated control for finance functions, there is an alternate designated by the Manager. Finding: Status: 2018-1

The duties are separated as much as possible and alternative controls are used to compensate for lack of segregation of duties to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are not being misstated. The Village recognizes that reasonable assurance takes into consideration that the cost of internal control should not exceed the benefits. The Village staff is segregating duties as much as feasible with expertise and time available by other staff. Most of our reasonable assurance is in management review of various functions such as bank reconciliation, payroll and payables. Management review is provided by the manager or designated alternate, Mayor, Mayor Pro tem. The Council does receive cash balances, monthly check registers and revenue and expenditure information on a monthly basis. The manager receives direct confirmation from the County for taxes, stormwater fees, and occupancy tax collected by the County and direct deposited to the Village. The Mayor or Mayor Pro Tem manually signs checks as a second review of payables before the senior administrative assistant mails the check. The Village continues to review options for segregation of duties.

Village of Clemmons, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State/ pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal (Direct& Pass-through) Expenditures		State Expenditures		Local Expenditures		Total Expenditures		-
Federal Awards:											
Cash Programs:											
U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway	Administratior	1									
Passed-through the NC Department of Transportation											
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	WBS 39745.1.F30	\$	25,817			\$	14,606	\$	40,423	а
(Sidewalk & greenway 158)					•						
	Total Federa	l -	\$	25,817			\$	14,606	\$	40,423	
State Awards:											
Cash Assistance:											
N.C. Department of Commerce											
Rural Economic Development Division											
Downtown Revitalization Project *		2016-94			\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Revitalization and Economic Development *		2018-015-1257				-		-		-	
N.C. Department of Transportation											
Powell Bill		32570				101,344		-		101,344	b
	Total State	e				101,344		-		101,344	-
τοτ.	AL ASSISTANC	E	\$	25,817	\$	101,344	=				

This report is not required for the current year, however presented for informational purposes only.

Note to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of the Village of Clemmons under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Village of Clemmons, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Village of Clemmons.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

a: CAFR Schedule 4 b: CAFR Schedule 1

Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate

The Village of Clemmons has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

* Active grants, however no activity in current year.