COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019

Board of Commissioners

Robert V. Wheeler, Mayor Ernie Anderson, Mayor Pro Tem Archer Wilkins Del Mims Neena Nowell Herman Wilkerson

Administrative and Financial Staff Korena L. Weichel, City Manager Reuben D. Carden, Finance Director

Prepared by:

Finance Department, City of Creedmoor

CITY OF CREEDMOOR BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS



From Left to Right, Board of Commissioners as of June 30, 2019: Commissioner Del Mims, Commissioner Archer Wilkins, Mayor Robert V. Wheeler, Mayor Pro Tem Ernie Anderson, Commissioner Herman Wilkerson, Commissioner Neena Nowell.

Cover Photo: Aerial Photo of Downtown Creedmoor, North Carolina

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City of Creedmoor North Carolina

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

This section, containing unaudited information, introduces the reader to the report and to the City. It includes the letter of transmittal, key staff members and other information regarding the City.



November 8, 2019

City of Creedmoor, North Carolina Post Office Box 765 Creedmoor, North Carolina 27522 www.cityofcreedmoor.org

To the Board of Commissioners and Citizens of the City of Creedmoor:

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, is intended to provide in detail how the City receives, spends, and accounts for its money. Key information of the City's financial condition is included along with selected operating measures in the Statistical Section. These measurements are specific to Creedmoor and are intended to show how well the City is meeting typical city responsibilities. In keeping with management's goal, the financial indicators and benchmarks are presented in as clear a format as possible, to be more informative and useful to the citizens of Creedmoor.

The CAFR consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of the City has established a system of internal controls designed to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, commonly known as "GAAP". The City's management team has also established the control system to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As members of the management team, we assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, this seventh Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is complete to the best of our ability and is reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by the independent accounting firm of Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans and Company, LLP, of Oxford, North Carolina. The objective of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An annual financial audit is also required by North Carolina General Statute §159-34. The City's independent auditor concluded, based on the results of the audit procedures, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. An unmodified, or "clean," opinion is what all audited local governments should be working toward. The independent auditor's report is

presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

As required by GAAP, the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is presented in narrative form to introduce the basic financial statements and to provide an overview and analysis of the financial operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement and amplify the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with the MD&A. The MD&A is located immediately following the independent auditor's report and includes more illustrative tables than this letter of transmittal.

Financial Reporting Entity

The funds related to the City of Creedmoor that are included in our CAFR represent those funds for which the primary government is financially accountable. There are no other entities or organizations for which the City of Creedmoor is financially accountable that should be included in the CAFR. The criteria used in determining the reporting entity are consistent with the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 14, which defines a reporting entity. Based on these criteria, the various funds (being all the funds of the City) shown in the Table of Contents are included in this report.

Profile of the City of Creedmoor

The City of Creedmoor is located in the southern end of Granville County, North Carolina with the Virginia state line forming the northern border. The Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill metropolitan areas border the southern and southwestern parts of the City, all conveniently connected and accessible via a short commute on Interstate I-85, US Highway 15, or NC Highway 50. For the County as a whole, there has been a shift away from the traditional industries, such as tobacco production and textiles, to a more diverse industrial and service-based economy. More detailed information on this issue is in the Factors Influencing Economic Conditions section, below.

While Granville County does have major corporate employers such as Revlon, Bridgestone-Bandag, and CertainTeed, none of those businesses are located in the City of Creedmoor. A majority of Creedmoor residents work outside of the City, making a 20-25 minute commute southward to Raleigh, the State Capital, or to the southwest to Durham or Chapel Hill. The City's leaders and Business Development Department continue to actively seek businesses and industries that would benefit from Creedmoor's existing industrial sites and convenient access to highways.

The City of Creedmoor administers its financial and daily affairs using the Council/Manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority is vested in the Creedmoor Board of Commissioners (the Board), consisting of the non-voting Mayor and five Commissioners. The Mayor is elected every two years and the Commissioners to staggered four-year terms. The Board is responsible for governing the City by adopting local ordinances, adopting an annual budget, and establishing annual property tax rates. The Board also hires the City Manager and appoints members to various other boards and commissions. The Board may also call bond referendums, enter into contracts, and establish new programs.

The City Manager is the chief administrative officer of the City. The major responsibilities of the Manager include the day-to-day supervision of the activities of City departments, attendance at Board meetings, making recommendations on matters of business, and preparing and recommending the annual budget. The City provides a full range of services including: economic development, public safety, general public works, street and highway maintenance, parks and recreation services, and planning and zoning. Creedmoor citizens contract individually with South

Granville Water and Sewer Authority (SGWASA) for water and sewer services and with Waste Industries for solid waste services.

The annual budget provides the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget is a legally adopted ordinance, the development of which receives input from citizens, management team members, Commissioners and other interested parties. The format and required budget elements are spelled out in NC General Statute §159, Article 3, commonly known as The Local Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act. The Manager uses funding requests from all departments and agencies to develop a proposed budget that is presented to the Board of Commissioners for their review and approval.

Factors Influencing Economic Conditions

Creedmoor's proximity to the urban core of Raleigh and Durham makes it convenient for citizens to live in the City and commute throughout the region for employment. Because of this, the City has traditionally been a bedroom community attracting highly trained and skilled professionals, consistently keeping the median household income above the state average.

As described in previous CAFR's, the City of Creedmoor continues to make data collection, performance management, and analytical procedures part of the everyday operating environment. Table 19 in the Statistical Section shows some of these operational workload and performance measures. While workload measurement is rudimentary performance management, it must be done before more interpretive analytical procedures can be done.

City Initiatives

The Board of Commissioners and City staff continue to take actions intended to improve the financial condition of the City, increase the efficiency of daily operations, and improve the quality of life for its citizens. The following is a summary of achievements accomplished in the past year:

The City began construction of sidewalks/greenways along Highway 56, Lake Road, & Highway 15. These projects are primarily funded by grants provided by NC Department of Transportation, with matching funds provided by the City. These greenways will connect downtown Creedmoor with the surrounding residential areas of the City. The expected completion date for this project is early Fiscal Year 2021, depending on weather conditions and any unforeseen changes.

The City also began the renovation and construction phase of the Creedmoor Community Center. This project is primarily funded by the proceeds from the water/sewer system sale to SGWASA in 2015, with additional funding assistance from Granville County & the NC Parks and Recreation Trust Fund Grant. The Community Center will consist of a basketball court with walking track, multi-purpose room, office space, and an outdoor multi-purpose field. Granville County will continue to operate the Senior Center from this location. The expected completion date for construction is late Fiscal Year 2020, depending on weather conditions and any unforeseen changes.

The Lake Rogers Improvement project began construction, which consists of two phases. The majority of Phase I has been completed, which includes a new picnic shelter, entrance sign, repairs to the existing fishing pier, and landscaping. Phase II, which includes a new boardwalk, walking trails, and fishing platforms, began construction in Fiscal Year 2020 and is expected to finish before year end.

Awards and Accolades

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Creedmoor for its

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the tenth consecutive year that the City of Creedmoor achieved the prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. City management believes that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and the CAFR will be submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

We appreciate the assistance and dedication of all employees in carrying out the services and programs approved by the Board of Commissioners. Preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efforts of the Creedmoor Finance Department, the Creedmoor Management Team, and the independent auditors, Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP.

Respectfully Submitted,

Dorana & Weichel

Korena L. Weichel Interim City Manager Reuben D. Carden Finance Director

Reulen D Carden



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

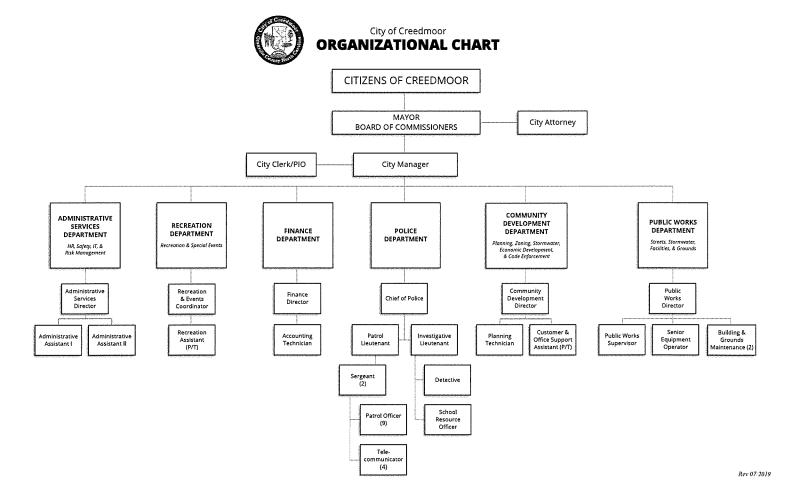
Presented to

City of Creedmoor North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill
Executive Director/CEO



History

In 1885, a group of twenty five taxpayers of Granville County appeared before the Board of Commissioners for the County of Granville with a petition from the Dutchville Township. The petition made a proposition to subscribe ten thousand dollars to the capital stock of the Oxford and Clarksville Railroad Company. Under the provisions of the act of the General Assembly of North Carolina which was entitled "An Act to Incorporate," the Oxford and Clarksville Railroad Company was notified on the 28th day of February 1885.

The proposal was thereby approved under the provisions of the General Assembly of North Carolina. As a result it was ordered that the election of subscribing the said sum of ten thousand dollars to the capital stock of the said railroad company be submitted to the qualified voters of the Dutchville Township and that an election be held in the said township at the proper voting place therein on the 8th day of October 1887.

Over the next few years, the Creedmoor served as a railroad depot between the Clarksville and Oxford Railroads and the Raleigh and Gaston Railroads.



In 1886, Thomas B. Lyon applied to the Post Office Department for a post office to be located in Creedmoor. Lyon's request was granted on the 10th day of April 1886. John Harmon was appointed as the first postmaster. In September of that same year, Samuel C. Lyon, son of Thomas B. Lyon, was appointed postmaster.

In 1895, Creedmoor was incorporated as *Creedmore* and reincorporated in 1905 as *Creedmoor*.

At the time of incorporation, Creedmoor's officials consisted of a mayor and five commissioners who were to be elected by the voters of the town.

Joseph L. Peed served as the first mayor. The first commissioners were Dr. J.F. Sanderford, Isaac Bullock, S. C. Lyon, Claude V. Garner, and L. H. Longmire. With the election of these men, the foundation for Creedmoor's future was laid.

At one time Creedmoor was a larger tobacco market than Durham. Area Farmers did not limit themselves to tobacco only, but also grew cotton as a profitable crop.

In the wake of Creedmoor's tobacco era, mules came to Creedmoor. About forty train car loads of mules were pulled into the town each year. At one time, Creedmoor was considered to be the largest mule trading center in the world and was known far and wide as the "Mule Town". It was not until the midnineteen fifties that the town removed the slogan "One of the Largest Retail Livestock Markets in North Carolina" from its official letterhead.



In 1917, electricity came to Creedmoor when G. H. Dove and F. J. McDuffy flipped a switch in their plant which was located in Railroad Street.

Today, Creedmoor is a thriving community that serves those looking for a small town experience, within easy access of the Raleigh and Durham metropolitan areas.

In 1996, this area of Granville County was voted one of the best places to live in the nation by Money Magazine.

The City of Creedmoor remains a great place to live for residents of all ages and backgrounds.

City of Creedmoor North Carolina

FINANCIAL SECTION

This section includes the independent auditor's report, the management discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements (government-wide and fund financial statements), notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information other than management discussion and analysis (budget to actual comparison of major governmental funds and pension schedules).

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans, & Company, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Gary L. Williams, CPA Carleen P. Evans, CPA Jennifer T. Reese, CPA Tara H. Roberson, CPA

Curtis G. Van Horne, CPA



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Mayor and Board Members City of Creedmoor Creedmoor, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Creedmoor, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor





considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based upon our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Creedmoor, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 13 through 23, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions, on pages 69 and 70, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on pages 71 and 72, and the Other Postemployment Benefits' Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, on pages 73, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City of Creedmoor. The introductory information, combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures; including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed above, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 8, 2019 on our consideration of the City of Creedmoor's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Creedmoor's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP

Oxford, North Carolina November 8, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Creedmoor, we offer the readers of the City of Creedmoor's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Creedmoor for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

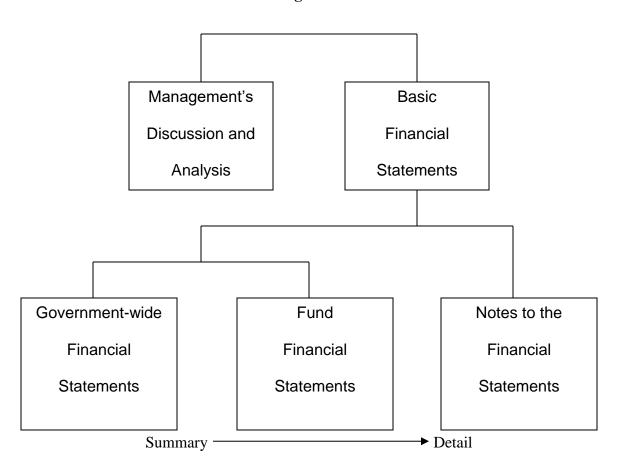
Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Creedmoor exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$25,804,770 (*net position*).
- The government's total net position increased by \$1,220,796.
- As of the close of the fiscal year, the City of Creedmoor's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,103,663, a decrease of \$35,811 in comparison with the prior year. Of the fund balance total, approximately 47% or \$7,497,470 is Unassigned.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance available for appropriation in the General Fund was \$8,330,935, or approximately 232% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year. This amount includes resources available for appropriation, but legally limited to certain purposes. The latest group average for municipalities of a similar size is 81.6% of General Fund spending. See Table 9 in the Statistical Section for additional discussion and detail.
- The City of Creedmoor's General Fund reported revenues over expenditures by \$564,313, before other financing sources. The General Fund had \$13,677 in income from other financing sources.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Creedmoor's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the City through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City of Creedmoor.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the Government-wide Financial Statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are Fund Financial Statements. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the notes. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, supplemental information is provided to show details about the City's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the City's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources, and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the City's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the City's basic services such as public safety, public works, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the City charges customers to provide. The stormwater management operations are the City of Creedmoor's only business-type activity.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Creedmoor, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of City of Creedmoor can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds — Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The City of Creedmoor adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current

period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board of Commissioners; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting (modified accrual) and is presented using the same format, language and classifications as the legal budget document.

Proprietary Funds – The City of Creedmoor has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Creedmoor uses enterprise funds to account for its stormwater management operation. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 39 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Creedmoor's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 69 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities – The City of Creedmoor depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the City is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modification to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations.

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Government-Wide Financial Analysis

City of Creedmoor's Net Position

Figure 2

	Governmental Activities					Busines Activ	•	Total			
		2019	_	2018	_	2019		2018	2019		2018
Current and other assets	\$	17,205,461	\$	16,413,237	\$	391,193	\$	298,479	\$ 17,596,654	\$	16,711,716
Capital assets		12,077,746		10,888,834		-		-	12,077,746		10,888,834
Total assets		29,283,207		27,302,071		391,193		298,479	29,674,400		27,600,550
Deferred outflows of resources		604,565		409,115		28,044		21,480	632,609		430,595
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities		2,961,880 1,090,346		2,713,063 293,295		149,242 7,976		156,817 11,221	3,111,122 1,098,322		2,869,880 304,516
Total liabilities		4,052,226		3,006,358		157,218		168,038	4,209,444		3,174,396
Deferred inflows of resources		282,773		262,382		10,022		10,393	292,795		272,775
Net position:											
Net investment in capital assets		12,077,746		10,888,834		=		=	12,077,746		10,888,834
Restricted		796,290		668,150		251,997		141,528	1,048,287		809,678
Unrestricted		12,678,737		12,885,462		-		-	12,678,737		12,885,462
Total net position	\$	25,552,773	\$	24,442,446	\$	251,997	\$	141,528	\$ 25,804,770	\$	24,583,974

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the City of Creedmoor exceeded liabilities and deferred outflows by \$25,804,770 as of June 30, 2019. The City's net position increased by \$1,220,796 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The City's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items represents 46.8% of the net position. The City of Creedmoor uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Creedmoor's net investment in capital assets is reported net of any outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. However, for Fiscal Year 2019, Creedmoor had no outstanding debt related to the capital assets. An additional portion of the City of Creedmoor's net position (4.06%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$12,678,737 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the City's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- The City continues to budget revenues and expenditures conservatively. Actual revenues were slightly higher than the budget. Most revenue categories had positive variances. Two revenue categories that saw significant revenues over budgeted amounts were Local Option Sales Tax and Investment Earnings.
- At year end, actual operating expenditures were under the budgeted amounts by \$643,596 in the General Fund. This was in large part due to the ongoing effort to minimize administrative spending wherever possible, as well as the Inspections Department being

transferred to Granville County. Vacant positions also contributed to the expenditures being less than budgeted.

These events have benefited the final revenue over expenditures amount. Some, of course, are infrequent events or one-time events. The City has improved its internal review procedures to better anticipate negative pressures on the budget and to have response alternatives available.

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City of Creedmoor Changes in Net position Figure 3

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Service \$	206,455	\$ 277,817	\$ 283,947	\$ 285,188	\$ 490,402 \$	563,005	
Operating Grants & Contribution	152,057	142,204	-	-	152,057	142,204	
Capital Grants & Contributions	614,994	40,000	-	-	614,994	40,000	
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	2,055,914	1,969,219	-	-	2,055,914	1,969,219	
Other Taxes	1,096,278	1,025,838	-	-	1,096,278	1,025,838	
Other	820,182	756,645	8,323	4,178	828,505	760,823	
Total Revenues	4,945,880	4,211,723	292,270	289,366	5,238,150	4,501,089	
Expenses:							
General Government	1,347,193	1,295,994	-	-	1,347,193	1,295,994	
Public Safety	1,669,492	1,560,820	-	-	1,669,492	1,560,820	
Transportation & Public Works	570,293	661,124	-	-	570,293	661,124	
Economic & Physical Development	-	14,377	-	-	-	14,377	
Environmental Protection	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cultural and Recreation	248,575	234,512	-	-	248,575	234,512	
Stormwater Management	-	-	181,801	214,814	181,801	214,814	
Total Expenses	3,835,553	3,766,827	181,801	214,814	4,017,354	3,981,641	
Excess (deficiency) Before Transfers,							
Gains on Sale and Special Items	1,110,327	444,896	110,469	74,552	1,220,796	519,448	
Transfers	-	-		-	-		
Increase in Net Position	1,110,327	444,896	110,469	74,552	1,220,796	519,448	
Net Position, July 1	24,442,446	25,410,556	141,528	159,710	24,583,974	25,570,266	
Restatement	- -	(1,413,006)	-	(92,734)	-	(1,505,740)	
Net Position, June 30	25,552,773	\$ 24,442,446	\$ 251,997	\$ 141,528	\$ 25,804,770 \$	24,583,974	

Governmental Activities: Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1,110,327. The ending net position for the governmental activities was \$25,552,773.

Business-Type Activities: Business-type activities increased Creedmoor's net position by \$110,469. Investment in the stormwater system in prior years is proving beneficial, decreasing the necessary maintenance costs. Department reorganization resulted in our stormwater administrator position being replaced with a planning technician. Stormwater administrator duties will now be performed by a third party consultant.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Creedmoor uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Creedmoor's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. The government wide statements discussed above take a longer term financial view, similar to that found in corporate accounting. The information from both perspectives is useful in assessing the City of Creedmoor's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Creedmoor. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$7,497,470, while total fund balance increased to \$8,825,293. The increased fund balance in the general fund is a result of a continued effort to spend conservatively on City-wide operating expenditures. Revenues exceeded expenditures in the General Fund before other financing sources (use) by \$550,636. As a measure of the General Fund's solvency, fund balance available for appropriation is calculated in accordance with North Carolina General Statute 159-8(a). The fund balance legally available is compared to the total expenditures and transfers out from the General Fund. This calculation is promulgated by the staff of the Local Government Commission and is a generally accepted benchmark in the state. The City of Creedmoor's legal, calculated fund balance available is \$8,330,935 in the General Fund, which is 232% of the annual spending and transfers out from the fund. The latest group average for similar municipalities in the state is 81.6%. A very general interpretation of this percentage is that if it had to, the City could continue to function at its current level for about 2 years on the cash and investments available. The cash reserves are due to the sale of the City's water and sewer system. These funds are intended to help the City to continue operating at similar service levels without the benefit of utility revenues. See Table 9 for more details on the statutory calculation of fund balance available for appropriation.

The General Capital Project Fund reported a net decrease in fund balance of \$212,144.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of City of Creedmoor reported a combined fund balance of \$16,103,663, a slight decrease over last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the City revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information became available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues were higher than the budgeted amount by \$125,865 and expenditures for operational functions were under budget by \$643,596. The policy of taking a very conservative approach to budgeting has continued to prove its worth. The Local Option Sales Tax alone had actual revenue \$113,165 higher than budgeted. Investments have continued to perform well. In the General Fund investment income was \$127,973 over the conservative budget. Actual Ad Valorem Taxes collections were \$92,306 less

than budgeted (4.3%). The initial valuation was overstated and the collection rate was down. General Fund expenditures were moderately under budget, partly due to the Granville County taking over building inspection operations for the City.

Proprietary Funds. The City of Creedmoor has one proprietary fund, the Stormwater Fund. As of June 30, 2019, revenues in the fund exceeded expenditures by \$110,469. There were no transfers in or out of the Stormwater Fund during the year. At June 30, 2019, net position was \$251,997.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City of Creedmoor's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2019, totaled \$12,077,746 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

The major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

• The LAPP Project, which includes the demolition of the old water treatment plant at Lake Rogers Park, was closed and placed into service during the year ending June 30, 2019. CIP continues to increase as capital projects progress.

City of Creedmoor's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Figure 4

	Govern	nmen	tal	Business-type	;				
	Acti	vities	3	Activities		Tot	al		
	2019		2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Land	\$ 5,060,862	\$	5,066,862	\$ - \$	- 5	5,060,862	\$	5,066,862	
Construction in progress	2,217,040		1,265,652	=	-	2,217,040		1,265,652	
Buildings and system	872,981		310,266	=	=	872,981		310,266	
Machinery and equipment	342,417		364,608	-	-	342,417		364,608	
Vehicles and motorized equipment	178,175		211,369	-	-	178,175		211,369	
Infrastructure	 3,406,271		3,070,077	-	-	3,406,271		3,070,077	
Total	\$ 12,077,746	\$	10,288,834	\$ - \$	- 5	12,077,746	\$	10,288,834	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note III.A.4 of the Basic Financial Statements, beginning on page 50 of this document.

Long-Term Debt. As of June 30, 2019, the City of Creedmoor had no bonded debt outstanding.

City of Creedmoor's Outstanding Debt

Figure 5

	Governn Activi	al	Busine Acti		Total					
	2019		2018	2019		2018		2019		2018
Notes Payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Revenue Bond	=		=	=		=		=		=
Accrued Vacation Pay	82,369		87,179	4,251		7,248		86,620		94,427
Net pension liability-LGERS Total pension liability-LEO Other Post Employment	935,775		676,903	35,667		26,423		971,442		703,326
Benefits	 2,021,288		2,036,160	 113,575		128,397		2,134,863		2,164,557
Total	\$ 3,039,432	\$	2,800,242	\$ 153,493	\$	162,068	\$	3,192,925	\$	2,962,310

Pension related debt is the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance. This and the Other Post-Employment Benefits are included in the interest of full disclosure and transparency. These amounts are actuarial estimates, for payment over multiple years.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for City of Creedmoor is \$26,913,652.

Additional information regarding the City of Creedmoor's long-term debt can be found in Note III.B.9 beginning on page 65 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators and factors affect the growth of the City.

- The City of Creedmoor is located in the southern part of Granville County, within commuting distance of the Raleigh and Durham metropolitan centers. A new subdivision is under development which will bring 92 new homes to Creedmoor. In addition to the new subdivision a 68-unit apartment complex is also under development.
- City staff has applied analytical procedures to the total amount of local option sales tax revenue available to Granville County to distribute among the five municipalities. That "pot of money" continues to show growth. While the amount of growth is increasing, Creedmoor's population relative to the other four municipalities in the County has also been growing. These two factors benefit the City because Granville County apportions the funds on a per capita basis. This has been the trend for several years now.

The Local Option Sales Tax is the City's second biggest revenue stream and can be a
measurement of economic recovery in Granville County and statewide. The City of Creedmoor
had an increase in Local Option Sales Tax Collections of 6.8% from Fiscal Year 2018 to Fiscal
Year 2019.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities: The tax rate in Creedmoor remained at 61.5¢ per \$100 of assessed value. Recreation opportunities continue to grow and develop. Granville County underwent a county-wide property tax revaluation which resulted in about a 7.6% increase to the city's tax base. The City currently has several recreation projects at different stages of development including capital improvements at Lake Rogers Park and the Creedmoor Community Center, which includes renovations to the Creedmoor Gym and Senior Center, as well as the construction of a new gymnasium, continues with an estimated completion date near the end of Fiscal Year 2020. The Cross City Trail continues construction and is estimated to be completed in Fiscal Year 2021.

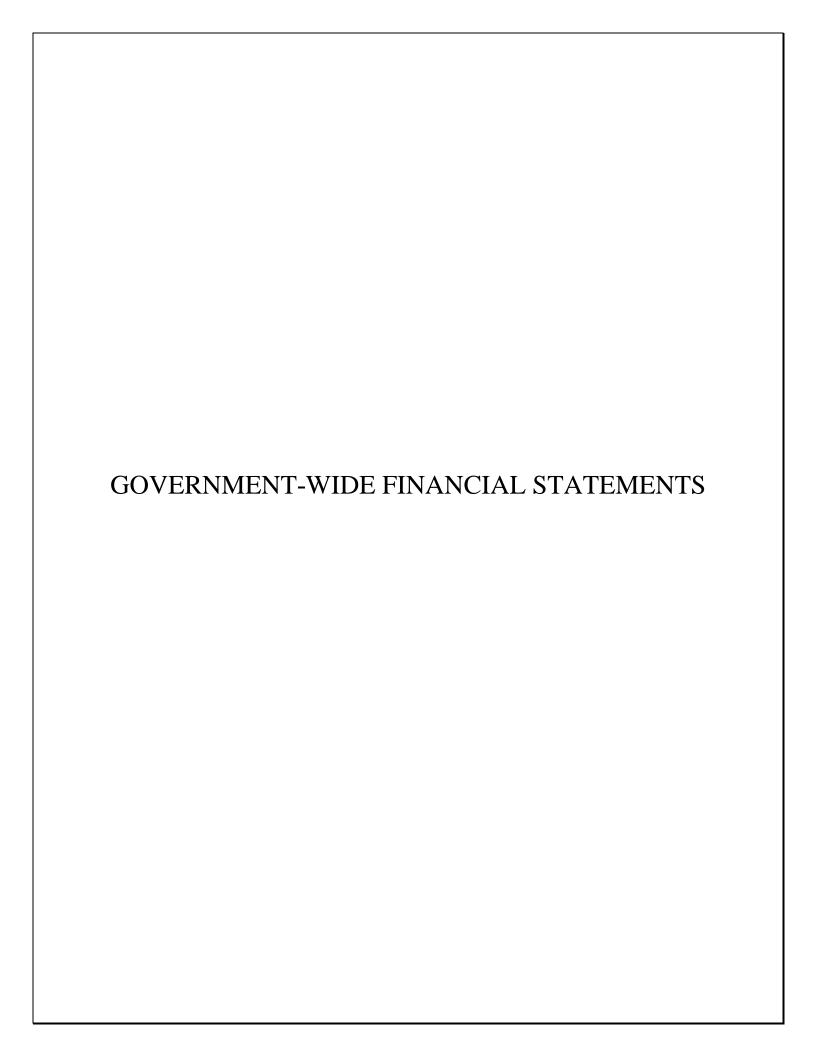
Business - Type Activities: Fiscal Year 2020 will be the ninth year of operation for the Stormwater Management Fund. Because of the interlocal agreement with Stem, Butner, Granville County and Person County, the Creedmoor stormwater fees are collected by the Granville County tax collector and remitted monthly to the City. Creedmoor now contracts with an independent third-party for stormwater consulting on statewide permitting matters. The City no longer employs a dedicated stormwater administrator, as the Planning Director has now taken over these duties. City-wide work on identified stormwater issues continues. The Creedmoor staff are working to correct these problems "beginning upstream and going down." Correction of problems where the stormwater begins to flow continues to reduce problems later in the water's flow to Falls Lake. Operations are expected to continue at this level for the foreseeable future.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Director, City of Creedmoor, P.O. Box 765, Creedmoor, NC 27522.

City of Creedmoor North Carolina

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

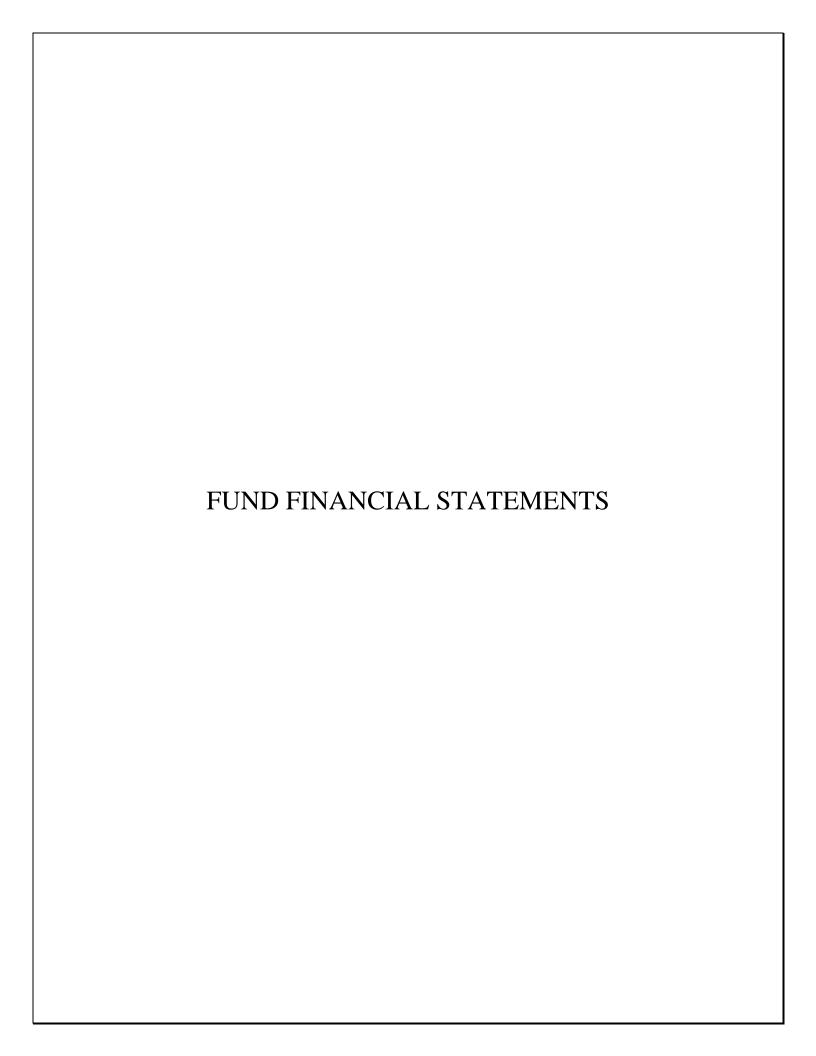


CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

		PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	
	GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE	
	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
	\$ 10,025,753	\$ -	\$ 10,025,753
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$ 10,025,753 6,093,672	389,091	6,482,763
Taxes receivable (net)	50,442	389,091	50,442
Accrued interest receivable on taxes	13,987	-	13,987
Accounts receivable (net)	18,633	-	18,633
` /	953,718	2,102	955,820
Due from other governments Prepaid items	49,256	2,102	49,256
Total current assets	17,205,461	391,193	17,596,654
CAPITAL ASSETS			
Land and construction in progress	7,277,902		7,277,902
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	4,799,844	_	4,799,844
Total capital assets	12,077,746		12,077,746
Total assets	29,283,207	391,193	29,674,400
Total assets	29,263,207	391,193	29,074,400
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension deferrals	594,692	27,489	622,181
OPEB deferrals	9,873	555	10,428
Total deferred outflows of resources	604,565	28,044	632,609
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	855,162	3,725	858,887
Prior years' payroll taxes and pension payable	85,543	-	85,543
Accrued salaries	69,479	-	69,479
Accrued vacation	77,552	4,251	81,803
Customer deposits	2,610		2,610
Total current liabilities	1,090,346	7,976	1,098,322
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accrued vacation pay	4,817	-	4,817
Net pension liability	935,775	35,667	971,442
Total OPEB obligation	2,021,288	113,575	2,134,863
Total non-current liabilities	2,961,880	149,242	3,111,122
Total liabilities	4,052,226	157,218	4,209,444
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue	24,575	-	24,575
Pension deferrals	91,941	680	92,621
OPEB deferrals	166,257	9,342	175,599
Total deferred inflows of resources	282,773	10,022	292,795
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	12,077,746	-	12,077,746
Restricted for:			
Public safety	1,656	-	1,656
Transportation	348,415	-	348,415
Stabilization by State Statute	446,219	-	446,219
Stormwater	-	251,997	251,997
Unrestricted	12,678,737	ф 251 00 -	12,678,737
Total position	\$ 25,552,773	\$ 251,997	\$ 25,804,770

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Program Revenu	Net (Expe	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government						
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants	s Capital Grants and s Contributions	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	Total			
Primary government:											
Governmental Activities:	\$ 1.347.19	2 4 714	50 \$ -	¢.	ф <i>(</i> 1 :	240.022\	¢	e (1.240.022)			
General government	, ,- , , -	- '		\$ -		340,033)	5 -	\$ (1,340,033)			
Public Safety	1,669,49	,	*	- 570.004	` '	586,698)	-	(1,586,698)			
Transportation Environmental protection	570,29	3,41	- 118,689	579,994		128,390 3,417	-	128,390 3,417			
Cultural and recreation	248,57	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		35,000		(67,123)	-	(67,123)			
Total governmental activities	3,835,55			614,994		862,047)	-	(2,862,047)			
Total governmental activities	3,633,33	3 200,4.	132,037	014,994	(2,	302,047)	<u> </u>	(2,802,047)			
Business-type activities:											
Stormwater management	181,80	1 283,94	. -	_		_	102,146	102,146			
Total business-type activities	181,80					_	102,146	102,146			
71		<u> </u>					,				
Total primary government	4,017,35	4 490,40	152,057	614,994	(2,	862,047)	102,146	(2,759,901)			
	General revenu Taxes:	es:									
	Property ta:	kes, levied for gener	al purpose		2,	055,914	-	2,055,914			
	Other taxes				1,	096,278	-	1,096,278			
	Unrestricte	d intergovernmental			;	377,973	-	377,973			
	Unrestricted	nvestment earnings			:	348,046	8,323	356,369			
	Miscellaneou	S				94,163	-	94,163			
	Total general re	evenues not includin	g transfers		3,	972,374	8,323	3,980,697			
	Change in net p	osition			1,	110,327	110,469	1,220,796			
	Net position - b					442,446	141,528	24,583,974			
	Net position - e	nding			\$ 25,	552,773	\$ 251,997	\$ 25,804,770			



CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

			MAJO	OR FUNDS					TOTAL		
	GE	NERAL		AL CAPITAL ECTS FUND	CAPITAL RESERVE FUND		TOTAL NON-MAJOR FUNDS		GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,236,747	\$	890,296	\$	-	\$	898,710	\$	10,025,753	
Restricted cash		350,071		_	5,743	,601		-		6,093,672	
Receivables, net:											
Taxes		50,442		_		-		_		50,442	
Accounts		17,516		1,117		-		_		18,633	
Due from other governments		404,705		549,013		-		-		953,718	
Prepaid assets		49,256		· -		_		_		49,256	
Total assets		9,108,737		1,440,426	5,743	,601		898,710		17,191,474	
LIABILITIES Liabilities:											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		50,795		804,367						855,162	
Prior years' taxes and pension payable		85,543		804,307		-		-		85,543	
Accrued salaries and fringe benefits		69,479		-		-		-		69,479	
Customer deposits		2,610		-		-		-		2,610	
Total liabilities		208,427		804,367						1,012,794	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Property taxes receivable		50,442								50,442	
Other deferred inflows		24,575		_				_		24,575	
Total deferred inflows of resources		75,017			-	-				75,017	
Total deletted lilliows of resources	-	75,017								73,017	
FUND BALANCES											
Non Spendable											
Prepaid assets		49,256		-		-		-		49,256	
Restricted											
Public safety		1,656		-		-		-		1,656	
Stabilization by State Statute		445,102		1,117		-		-		446,219	
Streets		348,415		-		-		-		348,415	
Committed										5 5 40 co.	
Capital Projects		-		-	5,743	,601		-		5,743,601	
Economic Development		-		-		-		898,710		898,710	
Assigned		170.010								170.212	
Subsequent year's expenditures		179,213		-		-		-		179,213	
Public safety		14,195		-		-		-		14,195	
Recreation		289,986		-		-		-		289,986	
Capital Projects		7 407 470		634,942		-		-		634,942	
Unassigned		7,497,470			- F 740	-		909.710		7,497,470	
Total fund balances	-	8,825,293		636,059	5,743	,001	-	898,710	-	16,103,663	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		0.100 ===						000 =15		18 16: 15:	
resources and fund balance	\$	9,108,737	\$	1,440,426	\$ 5,743	,601	\$	898,710	\$	17,191,474	

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because: Total equity and other credits (Exhibit 4) \$ 16,103,663 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Total capital assets 14,557,825 Less accumulated depreciation (2,480,079) 12,077,746 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds. (91,941) Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds. (166,257) Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds. 594,692 Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds 9.873 Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred. 13,987 Interest receivable Earned revenues considered deferred inlfows of resources in fund statements. 50,442 Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and therefore not recorded in the fund statements Compensated absences (82,369) Net pension liability-LGERS (634,757) Total pension liability-LEO (301,018) OPEB liability (2,021,288) (3,039,432) Net position of governmental activities 25,552,773

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		MAJ	OR FUNDS		_			
	 ENERAL		AL CAPITAL ECTS FUND	CAPITAL RESERVE FUNI		TOTAL ON-MAJOR FUNDS	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAI FUNDS
REVENUES								
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,036,694	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,036,694
Other taxes and licenses	1,096,278		-	-		-		1,096,278
Unrestricted intergovernmental								
revenues	377,973		-	-		-		377,973
Restricted intergovernmental								
revenues	199,658		614,994	-		-		814,652
Permits and fees	45,108		-	-		-		45,108
Sales and services	157,491		-	-		-		157,491
Investment earnings	182,473		13,553	132,994		19,026		348,046
Miscellaneous	 42,741					-		42,741
Total revenues	 4,138,416		628,547	132,994		19,026		4,918,983
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	1,278,802		-	-		-		1,278,802
Public safety	1,574,718		-	-		-		1,574,718
Transportation and public works	437,572		-	-		-		437,572
Culture and recreation	187,358		-	-		-		187,358
Capital outlay	 109,330		1,380,691			-		1,490,021
Total expenditures	3,587,780		1,380,691	-		-		4,968,471
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 550,636		(752,144)	132,994		19,026		(49,488)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers from other funds	_		540,000	(540,000)	_		-
Sale of equipment	13,677		-	-		-		13,677
Total other financing sources (uses)	13,677		540,000	(540,000				13,677
sources (uses)	 13,077	· ——	340,000	(340,000	<u> </u>			13,077
Net change in fund balance	564,313		(212,144)	(407,006)	19,026		(35,811)
Fund balance, Beginning of year - July 1	 8,260,980		848,203	6,150,607		879,684		16,139,474
Fund balance, End of year - June 30	\$ 8,825,293	\$	636,059	\$ 5,743,601	\$	898,710	\$	16,103,663

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)		\$ (35,811)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded or (were less than) depreciation in the current period. Capital asset expenditures, capitalized as assets in the		
Statement of Activities	1,490,021	
Depreciation expense	(295,109)	1,194,912
Cost of capital asset disposed of during the year, not recognized on modified accural basis		(6,000)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included in the Statement of Activities		127,988
Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities		(6,675)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds (net of prior accrual). Reversal of deferred tax revenue at 7-1-2018 Tax receipts deferred in the fund statements at 6-30-2019 Decrease in accrued taxes receivable	(34,083) 50,442 2,861	
Decrease in accrued taxes receivable	2,001	19,220
Expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements.		
Compensated absences Pension obligations-LEO Pension obligations-LGERS OPEB plan expense	4,810 65,469 (199,891) (53,695)	
•		(183,307)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,110,327

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	GENERAL FUND						
DEVENTES	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)			
REVENUES Ad valorem taxes	¢ 1.051.775	¢ 2 120 000	\$ 2.036.694	¢ (02.206)			
Other taxes and licenses	\$ 1,951,775 900.000	\$ 2,129,000 987,180	\$ 2,036,694 1,096,278	\$ (92,306) 109,098			
	900,000	967,160	1,090,278	109,098			
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	433,000	375,000	377,973	2,973			
Restricted intergovernmental	433,000	373,000	311,913	2,913			
revenues	192,030	195,500	199,658	4,158			
Permits and fees	110,230	90,050	45,108	(44,942)			
Sales and services	143,390	157,721	157,491	(230)			
Investment earnings	42,400	54,500	182,473	127,973			
Miscellaneous	27,500	23,600	42,741	19,141			
Total revenues	3,800,325	4,012,551	4,138,416	125,865			
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	1,322,399	1,478,181	1,278,802	199,379			
Public safety	1,611,010	1,759,609	1,615,377	144,232			
Transportation and public works	749,953	727,437	492,986	234,451			
Cultural and recreation	236,369	266,149	200,615	65,534			
Total expenditures	3,919,731	4,231,376	3,587,780	643,596			
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(119,406)	(218,825)	550,636	769,461			

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	GENERAL FUND						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of equipment		23,000	13,677	(9,323)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		23,000	13,677	(9,323)			
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	S (119,406)	(195,825)	564,313	760,138			
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	119,406	195,825	-	(195,825)			
REVENUES, OTHER SOURCES AND APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	\$ -	\$ -	564,313	\$ 564,313			
Fund balance, Beginning of year - July 1			8,260,980				
Fund balance, End of year - June 30			\$ 8,825,293				

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		MAJOR STORMWATER		ГОТАL
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS	Ф	2 102	Ф	2.102
Due from other governments Restricted cash and investments	\$	2,102	\$	2,102
Total current assets		389,091		389,091
Total current assets		391,193		391,193
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES				
Contributions to pension plan		27,489		27,489
OPEB deferrals		555		555
		28,044		28,044
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		3,725		3,725
Current portion of accrued vacation		4,251		4,251
Total current liabilities		7,976		7,976
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Net pension liability		35,667		35,667
Total OPEB liability		113,575		113,575
Total noncurrent liabilities		149,242		149,242
Total liabilities		157,218		157,218
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension deferrals		680		680
OPEB deferrals		9,342		9,342
Total deferred inflows of resources		10,022		10,022
NET POSITION				
Restricted:				
Stormwater		251,997		251,997
Unrestricted				,
Total net position	\$	251,997	\$	251,997
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CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	MAJOR FUND STORMWATER		TOTAL	
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 283,947	\$	283,947	
Total operating revenues	 283,947		283,947	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Stormwater management	181,801		181,801	
Total operating expenses	 181,801		181,801	
Operating income (loss)	 102,146		102,146	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment earnings	 8,323		8,323	
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	 8,323		8,323	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	110,469		110,469	
Total net position - beginning - July 1	 141,528		141,528	
Total net position - ending - June 30	\$ 251,997	\$	251,997	

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	STO	RMWATER		TOTAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$	284,794	\$	284,794
Cash paid for goods and services		(105,614)		(105,614)
Cash paid to employees for services		(93,942)		(93,942)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		85,238		85,238
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest on investment		8,323		8,323
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities		8,323		8,323
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		93,561		93,561
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year		295,530		295,530
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of the Year	\$	389,091	\$	389,091
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities: Operating Income	\$	102,146	\$	102,146
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash	Ψ	102,110	Ψ	102,110
Provided By Operating Activities:				
Change in assets and liabilities:		0.47		0.47
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments		847		847
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		(6,549)		(6,549)
(Increase) in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		(15) 9,244		(15) 9,244
(Decrease) in net pension liability Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(368)		(368)
Increase in deferred inflows of resources - Pensions		683		683
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(1,596)		(1,596)
Decrease in accrued vacation payable		(2,997)		(2,997)
Decrease in prepaid stormwater fees		(686)		(686)
Decrease in OPEB liability		(15,471)		(15,471)
Total Adjustments		(16,908)		(16,908)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	85,238	\$	85,238

City of Creedmoor North Carolina

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Creedmoor conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Creedmoor is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, legally-separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The City as of June 30, 2019 had no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

<u>General Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for capital projects benefiting the City as a whole.

<u>Capital Reserve Fund</u> – This fund was established in FY15, in accordance with Article 3, Part 2, of North Carolina General Statute 159 (GS 159-18 through 159-22). The funds set aside here may only be used for future capital asset acquisition of construction. The money may not legally be returned to the General Fund for routine operations. The initial \$8,000,000 funding came from utility system sale proceeds.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

<u>Water Economic Development Fund</u> —These funds have been set aside to fund water infrastructure costs as part of economic development. The funding came from prior earnings from water operations. There are no external restrictions on this money.

<u>Sewer Economic Development Fund</u> —These funds have been set aside to fund sewer infrastructure costs as part of economic development. The funding came from the prior earnings from sewer operations. There are no external restrictions on this money.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

<u>Stormwater Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the City's stormwater management operations.

C. <u>Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting</u>

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the City are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include

property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the City of Creedmoor because the tax is levied by Granville County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenue rather than program revenue. Any grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as deferred

inflows of resources. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The City's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. Project ordinances are adopted for the General Capital Projects Fund, the Capital Reserve Fund, the Water Economic Development Fund, and the Sewer Economic Development Fund. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual budget ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the City are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law (G.S. 159-31). The City may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law (G.S. 159-30(c)) authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Cash Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The NCCMT-Term Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at fair value. The NCCMT-Term Portfolio is a bond fund, has no rating and is measured at fair value. As of June 30, 2019, The Term portfolio has a duration of .11 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income and minimize banking fees. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted because Powell Bill funds may only be expended for the purpose of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing, or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. The resources on the Capital Reserve Fund are restricted by State law for capital asset purchase or construction. The specific usage of the Capital Reserve money may be amended by Board action. As with Powell Bill funds, the Stormwater funds are restricted to the management of storm runoff and drainage.

The funds shown in the Water and Sewer Funds are unrestricted funds. The Board of Commissioners could, by Board action, close those funds and reassign the balance of funds.

City of Creedmoor Restricted Cash

Governmental Activities:	
Capital Reserve Fund	\$ 5,743,601
Streets (Powell Bill)	348,415
Public Safety (Police Dept.)	1,656
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 6,093,672
Business-Type Activities: Stormwater Fund Total Business-Type Activities	389,091 \$ 389,091
Total Restricted Cash	\$ 6,482,763

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivables

In accordance with State law (G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159- 13(a)), the City levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2017. As allowed by State law, the City has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the City's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: Land, buildings, improvements, furniture, equipment, vehicles and other plant and distribution systems, \$5,000; infrastructure, \$50,000. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2016 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2016 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimate Useful Lives
Infrastructure	40
Buildings	40
Improvements	40
Furniture and equipment	7
Computer software	5
Vehicles	5

7. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The City of Creedmoor has one item that meet this criterion: pension deferrals.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The City has three items that meet the criterion for this category: prepaid property taxes, prepaid stormwater fees, and pension deferrals.

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs (if any), are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except

for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the City provides for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the City's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The City has assumed a last-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The City's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the City has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

10. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance represents is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non Spendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Prepaid assets - portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents payment costs associated with activities better matched to the following fiscal year.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Public Safety - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for law enforcement efforts. The \$1,641 represents the balance of Unauthorized Substance Tax revenue sent to the City by the State of North Carolina.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statue – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of the fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the unexpended Powell Bill funds, less obligations to be paid with Powell Bill money.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – This classification represents the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the City of Creedmoor's Board of Commissioners. The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for Capital Projects – portion of the fund balance committed by the Board for future capital asset acquisition or construction.

Committed for Economic Development – portion of the fund balance that has been committed by the Board for future water and sewer projects to promote economic development. The amount committed to future water utility projects is \$376,229 and the amount committed to future sewer utility projects is \$522,481.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – This classification represents that portion of fund balance that the City of Creedmoor intends to use of a specific purpose. The City Manager makes recommendations to the governing board regarding any revenue streams or fund balance

assigned for a particular purpose. Fund balance assignments are discussed with the Finance and Intergovernmental Relations (FAIR) committee. As part of Creedmoor's operational policies, the FAIR committee makes the recommendations regarding assignments to the full Board of Commissioners. No formal action by the Board is required.

Assigned for Public Safety – portion of fund balance that is assigned to support future capital needs for the Creedmoor Volunteer Fire Department (CVFD). The City contractually provides annual operations support. Some years the CVFD requests additional funding for capital asset needs, \$14,195.

Assigned for Recreation – portion of fund balance that is assigned to support recreation opportunities within the City of Creedmoor.

Assigned for Capital Projects – portion of fund balance that is assigned to support capital projects.

Assigned for Subsequent Year's Expenditures - portion of fund balance that has been appropriated in the subsequent year's annual budget. The Board of Commissioners approves the appropriation as part of the annual budget process and would have to take formal action to change the appropriation.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – This classification represents that portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

The business-type funds have the following restriction on net position:

Restricted for Stormwater – portion of net position restricted stormwater management efforts, in accordance with State laws and regulations.

The City of Creedmoor will use resources in the following hierarchy; as such funds may be available: debt proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-city funds, and city funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent form restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and finally unassigned fund balance. The Finance Director has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is determined to be in the best interest of the City.

The City of Creedmoor has established the goal to have the Fund Balance Available (FAB) for Appropriation at 100% of that year's expenditures. FBA for Appropriation will be calculated annually in accordance with G.S. 159-8(a) and guidance provided by the State and Local Government Finance Division of the Department of the State Treasurer. This calculation will be made and reported to the Board of Commissioners as part of the annual audit presentation by the City's independent auditor. If the FAB is below 100%, the Finance Director will provide the Board with an analysis of the factors causing the drop. The Finance Director's report will include suggested steps to rebuild the fund balance to the 100% target within the next 36 months, or sooner. Amounts above 100% goal may be transferred to the Capital Reserve Fund if that is the Board's direction.

11. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Government Employee's Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LEGRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributors are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City of Creedmoor's employer contributions are recognized when due and the City of Creedmoor has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City did not have any functions with expenditures greater than the budgeted amount.

NOTE III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the deposits of the City are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the City agents in these unit's names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the City under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollaterization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The City complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2019, the City's deposits had a bank balance of \$537,448 and a book balance (reconciled balance) of \$531,752. Of the bank balance, \$256,811 was covered by federal

depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2019, the City's petty cash fund totaled \$1,071.

2. <u>Investments</u>

At June 30, 2019, the City of Creedmoor's investment balances were as follows:

Investment Type	Valuation Measurement <u>Method</u>		ok Value at 6/30/19	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Rating</u>
NC Capital					
Management Trust Fund – Government Portfolio NC Capital	Fair Value Level 1	\$	3,223,994	N/A	AAAm
Management Trust Fund – Term Portfolio	Fair Value Level 1	-	12,751,699	.011 years	Unrated
Total		<u>\$</u>	15,975,693		

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Credit Risk. The City has no formal policy regarding credit risk, but internal management practices limit the City's investigations to the investments allowed by G.S. 159-30. The City's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's as of June 30, 2019. The City's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio is unrated. The Term Portfolio is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. government and agencies, and in high grade money market instruments as permitted under North Carolina General Statute 159-30, as amended.

3. Receivables

Receivables presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund

Property Taxes Receivable	\$ 50,442
Franchise Tax Receivable	76,224
Sales Tax Receivable	294,425
Solid Waste Tax Receivable	851
Due From Other Governments	33,205
Accounts Receivable	 17,516
Total General Fund	\$ 472,663

General Capital Projects Fund	
Due From Other Governments	\$ 549,013
Accounts Receivable	1,117
Total General Capital Projects	\$ 550,130
Total Governmental Funds	\$1,022,793
Enterprise Funds Stormwater Fees Receivable Total Enterprise Funds	\$ 2,102 2,102
Total	\$ 1,024,895

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Governmental activities Capital assets not being	Beginning Balances	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	Ending Balances
depreciated:					
Land	\$ 5,066,862	-	(6,000)	-	\$ 5,060,862
Construction in					
Progress	1,265,652	1,380,691		(429,303)	2,217,040
	6,332,514	1,380,691	(6,000)	(429,303)	7,277,902
Capital Assets being					
depreciated:					
Buildings Other	1,503,796	-	-	-	1,503,796
improvements	36,639	-	-	-	36,639
Equipment Vehicles and motorized	831,607	68,671	(63,486)	-	836,792
equipment	693,233	40,659	(18,751)	-	715,141
Infrastructure	3,758,252	-	=	429,303	4,187,555
Total capital assets being depreciated	6,823,527	109,330	(82,237)	429,303	7,279,923
1		,	(- ,)	- ,	.,,

Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings Other	622,031	36,554	-		- 658,585
improvements	8,138	731	-		- 8,869
Equipment	466,999	90,862	(63,486)		494,375
Vehicles	481,864	73,853	(18,751)		- 536,966
Infrastructure	688,175	93,109	-		- 781,284
Total accumulated					
depreciation	2,267,207	\$ 295,109	\$ (82,237)	\$ -	2,480,079
Total capital assets being depreciated,					
net	4,556,320				4,799,844
Government activity capital assets,					
net	\$10,888,834				\$12,077,746

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 39,049
Public Safety	76,707
Transportation	119,890
Cultural and recreational	59,463
Total depreciation expense	\$ 295,109

5. Construction Commitments

The government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2019. At year-end, the City of Creedmoor's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	Spent to date	Remaining Commitment
CMAQ Cross Town Trail-A	\$ 650,852	\$ 2,227,544
CMAQ Cross Town Trail-B	378,343	1,499,826
US 15 Sidewalk Project	278,876	848,744
Lake Rogers Improvements	348,029	294,335
Gym and Senior Center	560,940	5,208,095
	<u>\$ 2,217,040</u>	<u>\$ 10,078,544</u>

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The City of Creedmoor is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local government units. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consist of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serves as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454 or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's advantage final compensation times the member's years of credible service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full benefits at age 65 with five years of credible service at age 60 with 25 years of credible service, or at any age with 30 years of credible service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of credible service or at age 60 with five years of credible service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last service and who have either completed 20 years of credible service regardless of age (15 years of credible service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEO are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of credible service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of credible service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial benefits at age 50 with 15 years of credible service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of credible service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or completed five years of credible service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of credible service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty.

Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 138-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. City of Creedmoor employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The City of Creedmoor's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 8.5% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.75% for general employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the City of Creedmoor were \$135,180 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions – City employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state laws, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires 60 day waiting period after service termination before refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$670,424 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportion was 0.02826%; which was a decrease of 0.00076% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$192,098. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and		
actual experience	\$ 103,430	\$ 3,471
Changes of assumptions	177,905	_
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan		
investments	92,030	_
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
proportionate share contributions	8,166	9,312
City contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	135,180	-
Total	\$ 516,711	\$ 12,783

\$135,180 reported as deferred outflows related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2020	179,807
2021	115,388
2022	21,631
2023	51,922
2024	-
Thereafter	

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.5 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and productivity

factor

Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group, (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
	<u>100.0%</u>	

The information above is based on a 30 year expectation developed with the consulting actuary for 2017 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.0%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
City's proportionate share of the net			
Pension liability (asset)	\$1,610,416	\$670,424	(\$115,048)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

2. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

a. Plan Description

The City of Creedmoor administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the City are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2017, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	1
Terminated plan members entitled	
to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active Plan members	<u>15</u>
Total	16

b. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting. The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

c. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Discount rate 3.64 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2017.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

d. Contributions

The City is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen not to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. There were no contributions made by employees. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The City paid \$10,648 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a total pension liability of \$301,018. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$17,676.

		Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	29,809	\$ 65,739	
Changes of assumptions		10,102	14,099	
Benefit payments and administrative expenses made				
subsequent to the measurement date		65,469	-	
Total	\$	105,380	\$ 79,838	

\$65,469 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	(10,553)
2021	(10,553)
2022	(10,553)
2023	(10,174)
2024	597
Thereafter	1,309

\$65,469 paid as benefits came due and \$0 of administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Sensitivity of the City's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.64 percent, as well as what the City's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.64 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.64 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	<u>(2.64%)</u>	(3.64%)	(4.64%)
Total pension liability	\$325,685	\$301,018	\$278,428

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	<u>2019</u>
Beginning balance	\$ 259,981
Service Cost	19,829
Interest on the total pension liability	8,047
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the	
measurement of the total pension liability	35,381
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(11,572)
Benefit payments	(10,648)
Other changes	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	<u>\$ 301,018</u>

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

Pension Expense Pension Liability Proportionate share of the net pension	LGERS \$ 192,098 670,424	LEOSSA \$ 17,676 301,018	Total \$ 209,774 971,442
liability	.02826%	n/a	
Deferred of Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	103,430	29,809	133,239
Changes of assumptions	177,905	10,102	188,007
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on plan investments	92,030	-	92,030
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions Benefit payments and administrative	8,166	-	8,166
costs paid subsequent to the measurement date	135,180	65,469	200,649
<u>Deferred of Inflows of Resources</u> Differences between expected and			·
actual experience	3,471	65,739	69,210
Changes of assumptions	-	14,099	14,099
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions	9,312	-	9,312

3. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the City. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The City of Creedmoor voluntarily contributes an amount equal to six percent of each officer's salary. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The City made contributions of \$45,014 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

4. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for General Employees

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to general employees of the City. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Employees is included in the Comprehensive annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each employee's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The City of Creedmoor voluntarily contributes an amount equal to six percent of each employee's salary. Also, the employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The City made contributions of \$49,108 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

5. Other Post-employment Benefits

Health Care Benefits

<u>Plan Description</u>. Employees who retire under the provisions of the North Carolina Local Government Employees' Retirement System (NCLGERS) and meet one of the following criteria are eligible to receive premium reimbursement for healthcare coverage obtained outside of the City's healthcare plan:

- 1. Age 62 or older with at least ten (10) years of permanent full time City service
- 2. Age 55 or older with at least twenty (20) years of permanent full time City service
- 3. Thirty (30) or more years of permanent full time City service

Those employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 will not be eligible to receive premium reimbursement for healthcare coverage upon retirement.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Pre-65 retirees are not allowed to remain on the City's healthcare plan, but the City will contribute toward the cost of individual health insurance premiums. For retirees who are not yet eligible for Medicare, the City identifies a health plan and will provide a reimbursement equivalent to the premium for this coverage, at which point the retiree may elect this coverage or use the reimbursement toward the purchase of coverage of his or her choosing. The retiree will continue to receive this reimbursement until eligible for Medicare.

Upon eligibility for Medicare, the City provides a Medicare supplement plan for those retirees hired on or before July 1, 2011. Retirees that were hired after July 1, 2011 and before July 1, 2013 will receive benefits until eligible for Medicare. Retirees that were hired on or after July 1, 2013 will not be eligible to participate in the plan.

Health care and prescription drug coverage are obtained outside of the City's group health insurance plan. If a retiree was hired on or before July 1, 2011, coverage is transferred to a Medicare Supplement once the retiree is eligible for Medicare. Dental and Vision coverage is available at the retiree's expense.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Postemployment expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administrative costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

As of June 30, 2017 (latest available information), membership in the plan consisted of:

	General	Law Enforcement
	Employees	<u>Officers</u>
Retirees receiving benefits	6	3
Active Plan Members	<u>9</u>	<u>3</u>
Total	<u>15</u>	<u>6</u>

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$2,134,863 was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases	3.5 - 7.75 percent, average, including
	inflation – General Employees
	3.5 - 7.35 percent, average, including
	inflation – Law Enforcement Officers
Discount rate	3.89 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	Pre-medicare – 7.5% for 2017 decreasing
	to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2023
	Medicare – 5.5% for 2017 decreasing to an
	ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2020

The discount rate is based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Bond Buyer.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at July 1, 2018	\$2,165,206
Changes for the year	
Service cost	52,896
Interest	76,056
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	5,980
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(107,164)
Benefit payments	(58,111)
Net changes	(30,343)
Balance at June 30, 2019	<u>\$2,134,863</u>

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.56% to 3.89%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 – December 31, 2014, adopted by the LGERS.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate (3.89%)	1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,485,737	\$ 2,134,863	\$ 1.853.320

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the city's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		<u>Discount Rate</u>	
	(Medical-5.5%,	(Medical-6.5%,	(Medical-7.5%,
	Prescription-6.25%,	Prescription-7.25%,	Prescription-
	Admin Expenses-	Admin Expenses-	8.25%, Admin
	<u>2.00%)</u>	3.00%)	Expenses-4.00%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,817,699	\$ 2,134,863	\$ 2,535,309

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$56,712. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and		
actual experience	\$ 10,428	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	<u>-</u>	<u>175,599</u>
Total	<u>\$ 10,428</u>	<u>\$ 175,599</u>

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2020	(72,240
2021	(68,985
2022	(23,946

Death Benefit Plan

The City provides death benefits to law enforcement officers through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multi-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a oneyear cost basis. The beneficiaries of those officers who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The City has no liability beyond the payment of contributions. The contributions Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The City considers these contributions immaterial.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City made contributions to the State for death benefits of \$1,078. The City's required contributions for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented 0.00% and 0.14% of covered payroll, respectively.

6. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the City obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy, worker's compensation coverage up to the statutory limits, and employee health coverage. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits if reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and audited financial statements are available to the City upon request.

The City carried builders risk insurance, through a commercial agent, as part of the USDA water and sewer rehabilitation project. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The project is complete.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Finance Officer is bonded for \$100,000 and the Tax Collector is bonded for \$10,000. Employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the City's funds are covered by an employees' dishonesty blanket policy, with coverage up to \$50,000.

7. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City had several deferred outflows of resources:

Source	<u>Amount</u>
Contribution to pension plan in current year	\$ 135,180
Benefit payments made and administrative expenses for	
LEOSSA	65,469
Differences between expected and actual experience	143,757
Changes in assumptions	188,007
Net difference between projected and actual	92,030
Changes in proportion and differences between employer	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	8,166
Total	\$ 632,609

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is composed of the following:				
Source	Statement of	<u>General</u>		
	Net Position	<u>Fund</u>		
		Balance		
		<u>Sheet</u>		
Unavailable Revenue	\$ 24,575	\$ 24,575		
Differences between expected and actual experience	69,210	-		
Change in assumptions	189,698	-		
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions	9,312	-		
Property taxes receivable	<u>-</u>	50,442		
Total	\$292,795	\$ 75,017		

8. Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the City consulted attorneys on various legal matters. In the opinion of the City's management and the City attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

9. Commitments

The City has two commitments to the Creedmoor Volunteer Fire Department Inc. The first commitment is for fire protection for fiscal year 2020 in the amount of \$153,050. The second commitment is to accumulate funds for future fire related capital outlay purposes. The City has assigned \$14,195 for future needs as of June 30, 2019.

10. Long-Term Obligation

a. Changes in General Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental Activities

	General				
	Long-Term			General	
General Fund	Debt			Long-Term	Current
	Balance, as			Debt	Portion
	restated			Balance,	Of
	7/1/2018	<u>Additions</u>	Retirements	6/30/2019	Balance
Total pension					
liability (LEO)	\$ 259,981	\$ 41,037	\$ -	\$ 301,018	\$ -
Net pension					
liability					
(LGERS)	416,922	217,835	-	634,757	-
Total OPEB					
liability	2,036,160	-	14,872	2,021,288	-
Compensated					
Absences	87,179	72,742	77,552	82,369	77,552
Totals	\$2,800,242	<u>\$ 331,614</u>	<u>\$92,424</u>	\$3,039,432	<u>\$77,552</u>

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Business-type Activities

Stormwater Fund	General Long-Term Debt Balance, as restated					General Long-Term Debt Balance,	Por	rent tion Of
	7/1/2018	Addi	tions	Retireme	ents	6/30/2019	-	ance
Net pension liability								
(LGERS) Total OPEB	\$ 26,423	\$	9,244	\$	-	\$ 35,667	\$	-
liability	129,046		-	15	,471	113,575		-
Compensated Absences	7,248		5,305	8	3,302	4,251		4,251
Totals	<u>\$162,717</u>	\$	14,549	\$ 23	,773	<u>\$153,493</u>	\$ 4	4,251

Net pension liability, total pension liability, and total other postemployment liability for governmental activities are all typically liquidated in the General Fund. Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated in the General Fund and accounted for on a LIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned. Net pension liability and total other postemployment liability for business-type activities are generally liquidated by the Stormwater Fund.

b. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of fund balance in the General Fund that is available for appropriation:

Total Fund Balance –General Fund	\$8,825,293
Less:	
Prepaid assets	49,256
Stabilization by State Statute	445,102
Appropriated in subsequent year	179,213
Streets – Powell Bill *	348,415
Public safety *	15,851
Recreation *	<u>289,986</u>
Undesignated Fund Balance	\$7,497,470

The items above, marked with an *, may be appropriated in the City's budget, but only for limited purposes.

The City's Board of Commissioners adopted a formal fund balance policy in July 2015 which sets a goal of maintaining 100% Fund Balance Available for Appropriation in the General Fund. The calculation will be done in accordance with General Statute 159-8(a) and in guidance from the Local Government Commission.

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Encumbrances

Outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to open purchase orders and contracts which remain unperformed at year end.

General Fund	\$	22,881
General Capital Projects	\$ 1	0,078,544

Net Investment in Capital Assets

		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Capital Assets		\$12,077,746	\$ -
Less:			
Long-term debt a	ssociated		
with capital assets		_ _	_
_		<u>\$12,077,746</u>	<u> </u>

NOTE IV. TRANSFERS TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended are summarized in the matrix following:

From	То	Amount	Reason
Capital Reserve	General Capital		To fund the city-wide street
	Projects	\$540,000	restoration.

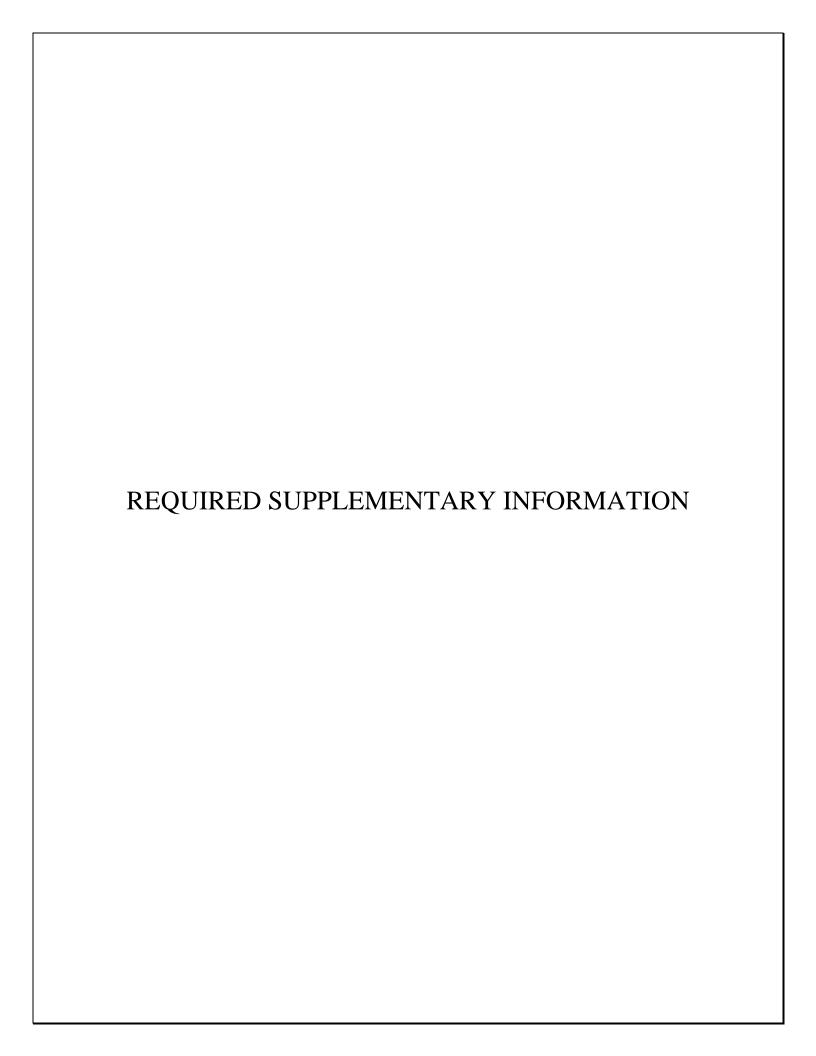
NOTE V. SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The City has received proceeds from several Federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

NOTE VI. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER REPORTING DATE

The City has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between June 30, 2019 and November 8, 2019, which is the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. There were no events that occurred during this time that were deemed to be significant enough to be disclosed.



CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA CITY OF CREEDMOOR'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS *

LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2019	2018	_	2017	 2016	 2015	_	2014
Creedmoor's share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage	0.02826%	0.02902%		0.02714%	0.02813%	-0.02660%		0.02570%
Creedmoor's share of the net pension liability (asset) as a dollar amount	\$ 670,424	\$ 443,345	\$	576,002	\$ 126,246	\$ (156,872)	\$	309,784
Creedmoor's covered payroll	1,778,460	1,694,817		1,615,520	1,612,971	1,492,642		1,364,249
Creedmoor's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	37.70%	26.16%		35.65%	7.83%	-10.51%		22.71%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total penson liability **	91.63%	94.18%		91.47%	98.09%	102.64%		94.35%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA CITY OF CREEDMOOR'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 135,180	\$ 138,629	\$ 128,012	\$ 110,879	\$ 109,786	\$ 106,883
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	135,180	138,629	128,012	110,879	116,141	106,883
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,355	\$ -
Creedmoor's covered payroll	1,669,721	1,778,460	1,694,817	1,615,520	1,612,971	1,492,642
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.10%	7.79%	7.55%	6.86%	7.20%	7.16%

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE June 30, 2019

	 2019	 2018	 2017
Beginning balance	\$ 259,981	\$ 324,532	\$ 309,056
Service cost	19,829	15,655	23,176
Interest on the total pension liability	8,047	12,321	10,843
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement			
of the total pension liability	35,381	(96,747)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(11,572)	14,868	(7,895)
Benefit payments	(10,648)	(10,648)	(10,648)
Other changes	<u>-</u>	 -	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 301,018	\$ 259,981	\$ 324,532

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE June 30, 2019

	 2019	 2018	 2017
Total pension liability	\$ 301,018	\$ 259,981	\$ 324,532
Covered payroll	745,707	684,786	918,561
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	40.37%	37.97%	35.33%

Notes to the schedules:

The City of Creedmoor has no assets accumulted in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS June 30, 2019

Total OPEB liability	<u>20</u>	<u>2018</u>		
Service Cost	\$	52,896	\$ 59,116	
Interest		76,056	67,780	
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		5,980	12,158	
Changes of assumptions		(107,164)	(194,879)	
Benefit payments		(58,111)	 (61,134)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		(30,343)	 (116,959)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		2,165,206	2,282,165	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,134,863	\$ 2,165,206	
Covered payroll		578,578	578,578	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		368.98%	374.23%	

Notes to Schedule

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>
2018	3.56%
2019	3.89%

City of Creedmoor North Carolina

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				2019				2018
						ARIANCE OSITIVE		
	BUDGE	ET	Α	CTUAL	(NI	EGATIVE)	Α	CTUAL
REVENUES		<u>.</u>						
Ad valorem taxes								
Taxes	\$ 2,124	,000	\$	2,030,322	\$	-		1,960,763
Penalties and interest		,000		6,372				5,710
Total	2,129	,000		2,036,694		(92,306)		1,966,473
Other taxes and licenses								
Local option sales tax	975	,000		1,088,165				1,018,763
Local ABC revenues	12	,000		7,568				6,880
Privilege licenses		180		545				195
Total	987	,180		1,096,278		109,098		1,025,838
Unrestricted intergovernmental								
Utility franchise tax	355	,000		358,097				362,275
Beer and wine tax		,000		19,876				19,629
Total		,000		377,973		2,973		381,904
Restricted intergovernmental								
"State Street Aid" grant	116	,000		118,689				116,798
South Granville SRO	62	,500		63,489				62,269
Solid waste disposal	3	,000		3,417				3,011
Granville County recreation grant	14	,000		14,063				14,063
Total	195	,500		199,658		4,158		196,141
Permits and fees								
City tags	39	,000		37,948				37,073
Inspection fees		,050		7,160				79,560
Total		,050		45,108		(44,942)		116,633
Sales and services								
Cable franchise	14	,000		5,797				13,097
Garbage fees		-		-				20
Police Officer Fees	15	,471		19,305				11,343
Rent-gym		,500		5,900				10,260
Rent-ball field		-		760				998
Concessions and boat rental	4	,700		5,081				6,908
Participant registration fees	1	,000		1,763				2,369
Cell tower lease	119	,050		118,885				112,422
Total	\$ 157	,721	\$	157,491	\$	(230)	\$	157,417

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				2019				2018
	BUDG	ЕТ	AC	CTUAL	PO	ARIANCE OSITIVE EGATIVE)	A	CTUAL
Investment earnings								
General fund		0,000	\$	169,158	\$	-	\$	98,427
Powell bill		2,000		6,658				2,655
Recreation Fund		2,500		6,657		107.072		4,018
Гotal	54	1,500		182,473		127,973		105,100
Miscellaneous								
Music Festival	14	1,000		21,179				15,619
Fireworks		7,500		9,312				8,71
Miscellaneous		2,100		12,250				2,899
Γotal	23	3,600		42,741		19,141		27,23
Total revenues	4,012	2,551		4,138,416		125,865		3,976,737
EXPENDITURES								
General government								
Business development								
Other operating expenditures		3,000		8,151				17,44
Total business development	38	3,000		8,151		29,849		17,44
Governing body								
Salaries and benefits		2,583		39,439				40,85
Other operating expenditures		2,800		33,524		12.120		51,05
Total governing body	83	5,383		72,963		12,420		91,91
City Manager								
Salaries and benefits		1,655		212,074				147,45
Other operating expenditures Total city manager		5,812 1,467		6,718 218,792		12,675		8,69 156,15
City Clerk								
Salaries and benefits	61	1,973		51,676				57,44
Other operating expenditures		9,900		7,267				14,75
Total city clerk		1,873		58,943		12,930		72,19
Administration								
Salaries and benefits	206	5,545		181,362				194,97
Other operating expenditures		2,201		326,315				290,06
Capital outlay		3,949		-				11,82
Total administration	\$ 567	7,695	\$	507,677	\$	60,018	\$	496,86

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2019		2018
			VARIANCE POSITIVE	
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	ACTUAL
Legal Services				
Other operating expenditures	\$ 60,000	\$ 48,892		\$ 51,842
Total legal services	60,000	48,892	11,108	51,842
Finance				
Salaries and benefits	156,814	153,063		148,459
Other operating expenditures	42,720	36,308		31,171
Total finance	199,534	189,371	10,163	179,630
Planning and Development				
Salaries and benefits	200,673	161,915		170,385
Other operating expenditures	23,556	12,098		30,417
Capital outlay	· -	· -		-
Total planning and development	224,229	174,013	50,216	200,802
Total general government	1,478,181	1,278,802	199,379	1,266,839
Public Safety				
Police				
Salaries and benefits	1,381,375	1,284,018		1,218,702
Vehicle maintenance	23,660	23,651		17,688
Other operating expenditures	167,304	122,779		111,107
Public safety-fire	144,270	144,270		131,583
Capital outlay	43,000	40,659		55,510
Total Public Safety	1,759,609	1,615,377	144,232	1,534,590
Transportation and Public Works				
Inspections				
Salaries and benefits	75,618	21,223		141,114
Other operating expenditures	38,382	29,530		2,261
Total inspections	114,000	50,753	63,247	143,375
Public Works				
Salaries and benefits Street & sidewalk,	202,764	195,450		207,205
construction and maintenance	5,000	1,061		2,987
Vehicle maintenance	8,000	7,123		4,346
Refuse collection	4,300	4,646		4,640
Other operating expenditures	213,373	157,359		173,370
Capital outlay	62,000	55,414		96,126
Total public works	\$ 495,437	\$ 421,053	\$ 74,384	\$ 488,674

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2019		2018
			VARIANCE POSITIVE	
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	ACTUAL
Powell Bill				
Salaries and benefits Other operating expenditures	\$ 25,515 92,485	\$ 21,180		\$ 21,662 8,176
Total Powell Bill	118,000	21,180	96,820	29,838
Total transportation and public works	727,437	492,986	234,451	661,887
Culture and recreation				
Parks and recreation				
Salaries and benefits	107,541	71,223		83,273
Programming	97,251	71,036		75,126
Site specific operations	26,728	45,099		18,752
Event support	-	-		-
Capital outlay	34,629	13,257		
Total Culture and recreation	266,149	200,615	65,534	177,151
Total expenditures	4,231,376	3,587,780	643,596	3,640,467
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(218,825)	550,636	769,461	336,270
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers to Other Funds				
Stormwater	-	-		-
Sale of equipment	23,000	13,677		88,577
Total other financing sources (uses)	23,000	13,677	(9,323)	88,577
FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED	195,825	·	(195,825)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES, APPROPRIATE	ED			
FUND BALANCE, AND OTHER				
SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES				
AND OTHER USES	\$ -	564,313	\$ 564,313	424,847
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of year		8,260,980		7,836,133

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	ROJECT HORIZATION	PRIOR YEARS	CURRENT YEAR	TOTAL TO DATE	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Revenues-General Government Projects					
Restricted Intergovernmental					
Federal Grant-CMAQ 2, C-5166A	\$ 907,200	\$ 183,502	\$ 315,136	\$ 498,638	\$ (408,562)
Federal Grant-CMAQ 3, C-5166B	765,600	157,585	145,088	302,673	(462,927)
Federal Grant-US 15 Sidewalk	560,000	101,318	95,816	197,134	(362,866)
Federal Grant-Campo	2,320,531	-	-	-	(2,320,531)
State Grant-US 15 Sidewalk	140,000	25,329	23,954	49,283	(90,717)
State Grant-Gym and Senior Center	500,000		-	-	(500,000)
Local Grants-Lake Rogers Improvements	90,000	40,000	35,000	75,000	(15,000)
Local Grant-Gym and Senior Center	350,000	-	-	-	(350,000)
Investment Earnings	-	30,114	13,553	43,667	43,667
Total Revenues	 5,633,331	537,848	628,547	1,166,395	(4,466,936)
Formations Committee Desirate					
Expenditures-General Government Projects	2.020.226	270 624	272.219	650.050	2 200 404
CMAQ 2, C-5166	3,039,336	278,634	372,218	650,852	2,388,484
CMAQ 3, C-5166b	1,980,989	209,814	168,529	378,343	1,602,646
US 15 Sidewalk	1,193,161	162,461	116,415	278,876	914,285
Lake Rogers Improvements	698,580	77,450	270,579	348,029	350,551
Gym and Senior Center Renovations	 6,016,150	107,990	452,950	560,940	5,455,210
Total Expenditures	12,928,216	836,349	1,380,691	2,217,040	10,711,176
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(7,294,885)	(298,501)	(752,144)	(1,050,645)	6,244,240
Other Financing Sources (uses)					
Transfer from General Fund	546,700	518,201	-	518,201	(28,499)
Transfer from Capital Reserve	6,748,185	600,000	540,000	1,140,000	(5,608,185)
Transfer from Water Ops	-	14,250	-	14,250	14,250
Transfer from Sewer Ops	_	14,250	_	14,250	14,250
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)	7,294,885	1,146,701	540,000	1,686,701	(5,608,184)
Fund Balance Appropriated					
Revenues and other sources					
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ 848,200	\$ (212,144)	\$ 636,056	\$ 636,056

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA CAPITAL RESERVE FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	PROJECT AUTHORIZATION	PRIOR YEARS	CURRENT YEAR	TOTAL TO DATE	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Revenues - Capital Reserve Fund					
Investment Earnings	\$ 231,523	\$ 146,799	\$ 132,994	\$ 279,793	\$ 48,270
Total Revenues	231,523	146,799	132,994	279,793	48,270
Expenditures - Economic Development Economic Development facilities Total Expenditures	3,542,928 3,542,928	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		3,542,928 3,542,928
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,311,405)	146,799	132,994	279,793	3,591,198
Other Financing Sources (uses) Transfer from Water Operations Transfer from Sewer Operations Transfer from General Capital Projects Transfer to General Capital Projects Subtotal Other Financing Sources (uses)	3,311,405 3,311,405	4,800,000 3,200,000 439,966 (2,436,158) 6,003,808	(540,000) (540,000)	4,800,000 3,200,000 439,966 (2,976,158) 5,463,808	4,800,000 3,200,000 439,966 (6,287,563) 2,152,403
Revenues and other financing sources and (uses)	\$ -	\$ 6,150,607	\$ (407,006)	\$ 5,743,601	\$ 5,743,601

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	EC DEVE	WATER ONOMIC ELOPMENT FUND	EC DEVI	SEWER ONOMIC ELOPMENT FUND	NO GOVE	TOTAL DNMAJOR ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	376,229	\$	522,481	\$	898,710
Total Assets		376,229		522,481		898,710
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities		-		-		-
Fund Balance Economic Development		376,229		522,481		898,710
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	376,229	\$	522,481	\$	898,710

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	WATER ECONOMIC DEVELOPMEN FUND		TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Revenues: Investment earnings	\$ 7.9	965 \$ 11,061	\$ 19,026
Total revenues		065 11,061	19,026
Other Financing Sources (uses) Transfer to General Capital Projects Fund Total Other Financing Sources (uses)		-	<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	7,9	965 11,061	19,026
Fund Balance - beginning of year - July 1	368,2	264 511,420	879,684
Fund Balance - end of year - June 30	\$ 376,2	\$ 522,481	\$ 898,710

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA WATER ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Revenues - Water Project	PROJECT AUTHORIZATION	PRIOR YEARS	CURRENT YEAR	TOTAL TO DATE	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Restricted Intergovernmental Investment Earnings	\$ -	\$ 8,264	\$ 7,965	\$ 16,229	\$ 16,229
Total Revenues	-	8,264	7,965	16,229	16,229
Other Financing Sources (uses) Transfer to General Capital Projects Total Other Financing Sources (uses)	(140,000) (140,000)	(140,000) (140,000)	<u>-</u>	(140,000) (140,000)	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance Appropriated	140,000				140,000
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ (131,736)	\$ 7,965	\$ (123,771)	\$ (123,771)

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA SEWER ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	PROJECT <u>AUTHORIZATION</u>	PRIOR <u>YEARS</u>	CURRENT <u>YEAR</u>	TOTAL TO DATE	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Revenues - Sewer Project Restricted Intergovernmental Investment earnings Total Revenues	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 11,420 11,420	\$ 11,061 11,061	\$ 22,481 22,481	\$ 22,481 22,481
Other Financing Sources (uses) Transfer from Sewer Fund Total Other Financing Sources (uses)		<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>
Fund Balance Appropriated	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>			
Revenues, Appropriated Fund Balance and Other Funding Sources Over (Under) Expenditurs and Other Funding Uses	\$ -	\$ 11,420	\$ 11,061	\$ 22,481	\$ 22,481

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	2018
REVENUES:				
Stormwater assessments	\$ 291,900	\$ 281,259		\$ 281,822
Prior year stormwater assessments	725	2,068		1,593
Penalties & interest	500	620		763
Review fees	1,500			1,010
Total operating revenues	294,625	283,947	(10,678)	285,188
Nonoperating revenues				
Interest earnings	2,500	8,323		4,178
Total nonoperating revenues	2,500	8,323	5,823	4,178
Total Revenues	297,125	292,270	(4,855)	289,366
EXPENDITURES:				
Stormwater administration				
Salaries & employee benefits	31,589	7,212		31,646
Other operating expenditures	29,100	26,823		20,116
	60,689	34,035	26,654	51,762
Stormwater repair and maintenance				
Salaries & employee benefits	102,924	86,730		84,630
Drainage Maintenance	50,000	41,980		40,042
Other oprating expenditures	11,500	9,531		9,684
	164,424	138,241	26,183	134,356
Stormwater common operating expenses				
Other operating expenditures	28,500	22,001	6,499	24,750
Total stormwater management	253,613	194,277	59,336	210,868
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	43,512	97,993	54,481	78,498
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Fund Balance Appropriated	(43,512)	-	43,512	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(43,512)	-	43,512	-
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES	\$ -	97,993	\$ 97,993	\$ 78,498

Note: Stormwater Common Operating Expenses are Creedmoor's share of costs borne through an interlocal agreement for stormwater management and billing.

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE June 30, 2019

FISCAL YEAR	BA	ALANCE		UNCOLLECTED BALANCE June 30, 2018				ADDITIONS		ADDITIONS		LLECTIONS CREDITS	В	COLLECTED SALANCE ne 30, 2019
2018-2019 2017-2018 2016-2017 2015-2016 2014-2015 2013-2014 2012-2013 2011-2012 2010-2011 2009-2010	\$	11,409 3,226 2,846 1,361 3,264 3,708 3,222 2,457 2,590	\$	2,068,987	\$	2,041,004 7,459 466 941 43 59 52 7 7 2,590	\$	27,983 3,950 2,760 1,905 1,318 3,205 3,656 3,215 2,450						
	\$	34,083	\$	2,068,987	\$	2,052,628	\$	50,442						
	Ad valo	orem taxes - Georgian items:	neral Fu	and ccounts			\$	2,036,694						
	Int	net of actual c scounts allowe erest collected ollections and o	d	ns			\$	2,590 19,716 (6,372) 2,052,628						

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY June 30, 2019

							Total	Levy	
]	Property Excluding		
		Property Valuation	Rate		Total Levy	l	Registered Motor Vehicles		egistered Motor Vehicles
Original Levy: Property taxed at Current Year Rate	\$	288,389,431	0.615	\$	1,773,595	\$	1,773,595	\$	-
Registered motor vehicles taxed at current year's rate		38,240,976	0.615		235,182				235,182
Total Levy		326,630,407			2,008,777		1,773,595		235,182
Discoveries		10,013,333	0.615		61,582		61,582		-
Abatements		(223,089)	0.615		(1,372)		(1,372)		-
Total Property Valuation	\$	336,420,651			2,068,987		1,833,805		235,182
Less: Uncollected Tax June 30, 2019					(27,983)		(27,779)		(204)
Current Year Taxes Collected				\$	2,041,004	\$	1,806,026	\$	234,978
Current Levy Collection %					98.65%		98.49%		99.91%

City of Creedmoor North Carolina

STATISTICAL SECTION

The unaudited statistical section presents comparative statistical data and other pertinent information for the City. Because this is the City's second Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, certain data is not available. This section may be further divided as follows:

Financial Trends (Tables 1 to 3), containing trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and standing have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity (Tables 4 to 7), containing information to help the reader assess the City's tax base.

Debt Capacity (Tables 8 to 12), containing schedules to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

City of Creedmoor North Carolina

STATISTICAL SECTION

Demographic and Economic Information (Tables 13 to 15), containing demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment in which the City's financial activities take place. This information also enhances comparisons over different time periods and comparisons with other local government units.

Operating Information, (Tables 16 to 19), containing information about the City's operation and resources, specific to Creedmoor, to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Table 1

						Fisc	al Y	ear				
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019
Governmental Activities												
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 1,344,664 32,004 2,358,221	\$ 1,432,833 410,743 2,386,960	517,5	47	4,397,870 575,496 2,735,686	\$ 4,585,965 596,197 2,990,879	\$	7,919,141 8,673,716 7,381,804	\$ 8,210,882 7,407,260 9,841,979	\$ 10,525,310 6,805,838 8,079,408	\$ 10,888,834 668,150 12,885,462	12,077,746 796,290 12,678,737
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 3,734,889	\$ 4,230,536	5 \$ 6,608,7	27 \$	7,709,052	\$ 8,173,041	\$	23,974,661	\$ 25,460,121	\$ 25,410,556	\$ 24,442,446	\$ 25,552,773
Business-type Activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 4,246,962 - 2,087,395	\$ 4,978,709 - 2,034,768	-		7,796,988 232,745 2,705,075	\$ 8,068,793 232,610 2,855,744	\$	- 109,607 1,000,094	\$ - 171,305 -	\$ - 159,710 -	\$ - 141,528 -	\$ - 251,997 -
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 6,334,357	\$ 7,013,477	7 \$ 8,900,6	47 \$	10,734,808	\$ 11,157,147	\$	1,109,701	\$ 171,305	\$ 159,710	\$ 141,528	\$ 251,997
Primary Government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government	\$ 5,591,626 32,004 4,445,616	\$ 6,411,542 410,743 4,421,723	517,5	47	12,194,858 808,241 5,440,761	\$ 12,654,758 828,807 5,846,623	\$	7,919,141 8,783,323 8,381,898	\$ 8,210,882 7,578,565 9,841,979	\$ 10,525,310 6,965,548 8,079,408	\$ 10,888,834 809,678 12,885,462	12,077,746 1,048,287 12,678,737
net position	\$ 10,069,246	\$ 11,244,013	\$ 15,509,3	74 \$	18,443,860	\$ 19,330,188	\$	25,084,362	\$ 25,631,426	\$ 25,570,266	\$ 24,583,974	\$ 25,804,770

Note:

The terminology has been updated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 63 Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position.

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA Government-wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Table 2

Table 2										Fise	cal `	Year								
		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
Expenses																				
Governmental Activities General Government	\$	945,132	¢	888,435	\$	1,051,839	¢	1,022,837	\$	1,206,037	\$	1,200,962	\$	1,176,457	\$	1,234,843	\$	1,295,994	\$	1,347,193
Public Safety		1,234,638	Ф	1,228,704	Ф	1,371,705	Ф	1,022,837	Ф	1,381,334	Ф	1,565,786	Ф	1,527,302	Ф	1,562,651	Ф	1,560,820	Ф	1,669,492
Transportation and Public		-,,		-,,		-,,		-,,		-,,		-,,		-,,		-,,		-,,		-,,
Works		849,719		786,032		754,452		785,295		747,318		692,788		588,099		629,857		661,124		570,293
Economic Development		723		16,572		550		20,195		7,455		9,226		107,260		13,515		14,377		-
Cultural and Recreation		57,916		130,428		117,418		103,598		180,976		364,657		295,899		254,625		234,512		248,575
Environmental Protection Interest on long-term debt		26,793		35,905		8,163		-		-		15,600		-		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		20,793		33,703		0,103														
expenses	\$ 3	3,114,921	\$	3,086,076	\$	3,304,127	\$	3,210,104	\$	3,523,120	\$	3,849,019	\$	3,695,017	\$	3,695,491	\$	3,766,827	\$	3,835,553
The state of the s																				
Business-type Activities Water	\$	970.025	\$	1.091.286	\$	1,108,679	\$	1,324,572	\$	1.392.565	\$	1.425,935	¢		\$		\$		\$	
Sewer		1,208,102	Ψ	1,188,980	Ψ	1,275,255	Ψ	1,594,291	φ	1,615,703	Ψ	1,520,237	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	_
Stormwater		-		-		74,289		131,114		218,457		298,298		228,334		419,313		214,814		181,801
Total business-type activities																				
expenses	\$ 2	2,178,127	\$	2,280,266	\$	2,458,223	\$	3,049,977	\$	3,226,725	\$	3,244,470	\$	228,334	\$	419,313	\$	214,814	\$	181,801
Total Primary Government																				
expenses	\$:	5,293,048	\$	5,366,342	\$	5,762,350	\$	6,260,081	\$	6,749,845	\$	7,093,489	\$	3,923,351	\$	4,114,804	\$	3,981,641	\$	4,017,354
Program Revenues																				
Governmental Activities:																				
Charges for service:																				
General Government	\$	37,074	\$	50,770	\$	50,721	\$	-	\$	73,319	\$	92,040	\$	99,118	\$	58,302	\$	79,560	\$	7,160
Public Safety		56,290		56,169		57,674		59,937		63,764		60,021		60,021		61,795		62,269		63,489
Transportation and Public		211.666		202.005		225 256		242442		201.020		120.242								
Works Cultural and Recreation		311,666 130,551		303,885 119,145		325,356 106,434		343,442 111,982		391,929 110,429		120,342 97,342		105,721		125,000		132,957		132,389
Environmental Protection		130,331		119,145		100,434		111,982		110,429		97,342		3,241		3,329		3,031		3,417
Operating grants and						_								3,241		3,327		3,031		3,417
contributions		94,327		97,470		137,851		134,578		201,584		281,303		323,724		134,667		142,204		152,057
Capital grants and																				
contributions		10,889		11,246		2,024,115		517,881		13,000		15,000		250,000		17,860		40,000		614,994
Total governmental activities																				
program revenue	\$	640,797	\$	638,685	\$	2,702,151	\$	1,167,820	\$	854,025	\$	666,048	\$	841,825	\$	400,953	\$	460,021	\$	973,506
Business-type Activities																				
Charges for service:																				
Water		1,151,423	\$	1,402,434	\$	1,355,705	\$	1,497,238	\$	1,460,290	\$	1,265,048	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Sewer	1	1,437,388		1,599,444		1,503,883		1,658,062		1,611,220		1,400,833		-		-		-		-
Stormwater Operating grants and		-		-		-		281,553		294,118		287,263		288,873		285,272		285,188		283,947
contributions		1,084,607		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Capital grants and		1,001,007																		
contributions		4,702		-		1,481,152		1,818,297		280,228		461,663		-		-		-		
Total business-type activities																				
program revenue	\$ 3	3,678,120	\$	3,001,878	\$	4,340,740	\$	5,255,150	\$	3,645,856	\$	3,414,807	\$	288,873	\$	285,272	\$	285,188	\$	283,947
						•				•						•		•		
Net (expense)/revenue:																				
Governmental activities			\$	(2,447,391)	\$		\$ (\$		\$	(3,182,971)	\$		\$		\$	(3,306,806)	\$	
Business-type activities		1,499,993		721,612		1,882,517		2,205,173		419,131		170,337		60,539		(134,041)		70,374		102,146
Total primary government net revenue/(expense)	\$	(974 131)	\$	(1,725,779)	\$	1,280,541	\$	162.889	\$	(2.249.964)	\$	(3.012.634)	\$	(2.792.653)	\$	(3 428 579)	\$	(3,236,432)	\$	(2.759.901)
not revenue, (expense)	Ψ	(>/-,131)	Ψ	(1,120,117)	Ψ	1,200,541	Ψ	102,007	Ψ	(2,277,707)	Ψ	(5,012,054)	Ψ	(2,172,033)	Ψ	(5,720,577)	Ψ	(5,250,752)	Ψ	(2,737,701)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Table 2 (continued)

										Fis	cal	Year							
		<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
General Revenues and Other Chang Governmental Activities: Taxes:	ges t	o Net Positio	on																
Property taxes, general Other taxes and	\$	1,838,189	\$	2,024,691	\$	1,911,636	\$	1,988,986	\$	2,073,246	\$	2,021,066	\$	1,958,169	\$	1,995,394	\$	1,969,219	\$ 2,055,914
unrestricted intergovernmental Unrestricted investment		810,993		822,348		1,028,433		1,088,367		1,045,352		1,201,829		1,260,267		1,349,576		1,407,742	1,474,251
earnings		7,788		2,694		3,696		4,147		3,314		3,766		47,319		118,076		208,763	348,046
Miscellaneous		69,044		48,305		36,402		35,078		11,172		302,957		72,803		82,940		165,978	94,163
Transfers		-		45,000		-		26,031		-		15,636,373		-		(120,000)		-	-
Total governmental activities	\$	2,726,014	\$	2,943,038	\$	2,980,167	\$	3,142,609	\$	3,133,084	\$	19,165,991	\$	3,338,558	\$	3,425,986	\$	3,751,702	\$ 3,972,374
Business-type activities: Unrestricted investment earnings	\$	3,611	\$	2,508	\$	4,653	s	4,027	\$	3,208	\$	5,509	\$	1,159	\$	2,446	\$	4,178	8,323
Miscellaneous	7	-	-	-,	7	-	-	-	_	-,	_	-	7	-,	_	-,	7	-	-
Transfers		-		(45,000)		-		(26,031)		-		(15,636,373)		-		120,000		-	-
Special item gain (loss)		-		-		-		(349,008)		-		5,431,677		-		-		-	
Total business-type activities	\$	3,611	\$	(42,492)	\$	4,653	\$	(371,012)	\$	3,208	\$	(10,199,187)	\$	1,159	\$	122,446	\$.,	\$ 8,323
Total primary government	\$	2,729,625	\$	2,900,546	\$	2,984,820	\$	2,771,597	\$	3,136,292	\$	8,966,804	\$	3,339,717	\$	3,548,432	\$	3,755,880	\$ 3,980,697
Change in Net Position: Governmental Activities	\$	251,890	\$	495,647	\$	2,378,191	\$	1,100,325	\$	463,989	\$	15,983,020	\$	485,366	\$	131,448	\$	444,896	\$ 1,110,327
Business-type activities:		1,503,604		679,120		1,887,170		1,834,161		422,339		(10,028,850)		61,698		(11,595)		74,552	110,469
Total primary government	\$	1,755,494	\$	1,174,767	\$	4,265,361	\$	2,934,486	\$	886,328	\$	5,954,170	\$	547,064	\$	119,853	\$	519,448	\$ 1,220,796

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Table 3

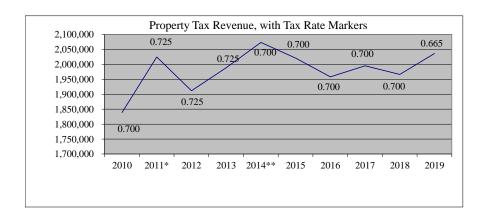
							F	Fisca	al Year				
		2010	2011	2012	2013		2014		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues													
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,878,471	\$ 1,912,67					\$	2,047,425	\$ 1,974,347	\$ 1,996,408	\$ 1,966,473	\$ 2,036,694
Other taxes and licenses		515,864	518,10	9 667,370	682,74	1	717,193		787,411	842,863	963,820	1,025,838	1,096,278
Unrestricted intergovernmental													
revenue		297,367	306,47	3 319,058	320,87	6	328,160		414,418	417,404	385,756	381,904	377,973
Restricted intergovernmental													
revenue		150,900	152,85	,			246,763		458,568	383,467	213,930	236,141	814,652
Permits and fees		65,742	72,11	,	,		118,369		129,136	135,709	95,840	116,633	45,108
Sales and service		447,264	444,42				459,864		350,772	370,642	143,005	157,417	157,491
Investment earnings		7,788	2,77	,			3,332		3,803	47,319	118,076	208,763	348,046
Miscellaneous		43,696 3,407,092	15,27 3,424,70				41,517 4,016,932		28,370 4,219,903	23,492	21,864	27,231	42,741 4,918,983
Total revenues		3,407,092	3,424,70	5 3,729,694	4,330,97	/	4,010,932		4,219,903	4,195,243	3,938,699	4,120,400	4,918,983
T													
Expenditures		000 202	025.00		051.50	_	1 001 256		1 150 505		1 1 10 0 10	1 2 10 525	
General Government		908,293	836,88				1,091,276		1,153,785	1,211,024	1,140,848	1,240,637	1,278,802
Public Safety		1,157,298	1,156,69	4 1,296,155	1,229,33	8	1,292,624		1,402,298	1,404,074	1,445,315	1,479,080	1,574,718
Transportation and public works		824,090	801,74	8 728,264	761,79	1	739,558		778,220	568,772	566,249	565,761	437,572
Economic and physical dev.		723	16,57	2 550	19,68	9	7,455		24,825	107,260	13,515	14,377	-
Cultural and recreation		41,805	63,93	3 96,752	105,70	1	157,780		164,308	155,090	201,439	177,151	187,358
Capital outlay		89,127	125,50	9 2,175,253	685,36	9	366,696		642,284	464,170	2,526,551	615,601	1,490,021
Debt service:													
Principal		91,602	91,89				-		-	-	-	-	-
Interest		27,760	22,93				-		-	-	-	-	
		3,140,698	3,116,18	1 5,323,667	4,110,86	6	3,655,389		4,165,720	3,910,390	5,893,917	4,092,607	4,968,471
Excess of revenues over /													
(under) expenditures		266,394	308,52	4 (1,593,973	220,11	1	361,543		54,183	284,853	(1,955,218)	27,793	(49,488)
0.0 6													
Other financing sources / (uses) Transfers in			232,80	n	292,15	0	147,300		12,892,203	489,035			
Transfers out		-	(187,80		(266,11		(147,300)		(114,750)	(489,035)	(120,000)	-	-
Sale of equipment		-	(167,60		(200,11	7)	(147,300)		2,131	9,393	14,396	88,577	13,677
Proceeds of debt issuance		-		_	-				2,131	-	-	-	13,077
Total other financing sources													
or (uses)		-	45,00	0 -	26,03	1	-		12,779,584	9,393	(105,604)	88,577	13,677
Net change in fund balance	\$	266,394	\$ 353,52	4 \$ (1,593,973) \$ 246,14	2 \$	361,543	\$	12,833,767	\$ 294,246	\$ (2,060,822)	\$ 116,370	\$ (35,811)
<u> </u>	_				<u> </u>								
Debt service as a percentage		201	2				0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
of noncapital expenditures		3.91%	3.84	% 10.329	6 0.00	%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

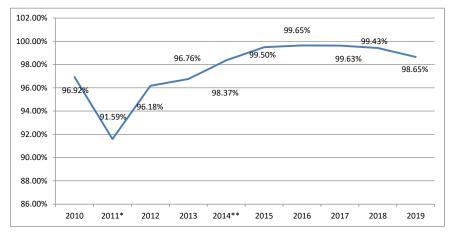
^{* =} City Hall installment purchase settled 3 years early. See also Table 13.

CITY OF CREEDMOOR Governmental Activities, Property Tax Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Table 4

				Collection Rate	
Fiscal Year	Tax Rate	Property Tax	Tax Base	Current Fiscal Year	
2010	0.725	1,838,783	253,625,239	96.92%	
2011*	0.700	2,024,691	271,501,322	91.59%	
2012	0.700	1,911,636	272,071,628	96.18%	
2013	0.700	1,988,986	285,134,429	96.76%	
2014**	0.700	2,073,246	296,899,857	98.37%	
2015	0.700	2,021,066	290,091,850	99.50%	
2016	0.665	1,958,169	296,689,924	99.65%	
2017	0.665	1,995,394	302,637,895	99.63%	
2018	0.635	1,966,473	312,606,457	99.43%	
2019	0.615	2,036,694	336,420,651	98.65%	





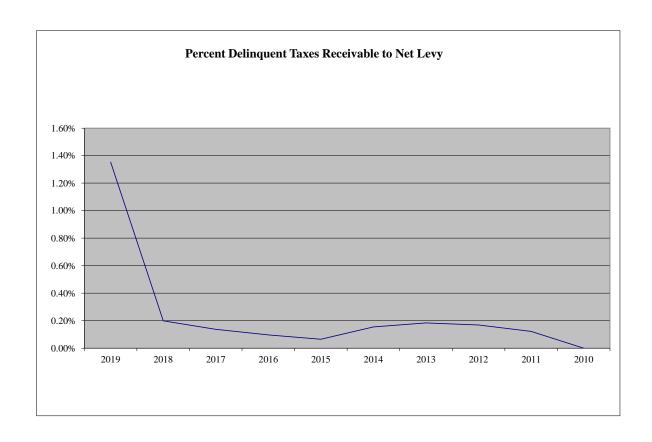
Note:

^{* = &#}x27;All three years of past taxes collected by the end of FY13.

^{**=} collection efforts are included in this fiscal year. This is a one time event in the year of implementation.

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Table 5		C	irrent Year's	Percent of					Percent of	Ad Valorem ixes Receivable	Percent Delinquent
1 able 5		Ci	Taxes	Net Levy	Co	ollections	Т	otal Collections	Total Tax Collections	Balance as of	Taxes to
Fiscal Year	Net Levy		Collected	Collected		rior Years		and Credits	to Net Levy	June 30, 2019	Net Levy
2019	\$ 2,068,987	\$	2,041,004	98.65%	\$	-	\$	2,041,004	98.65%	\$ 27,983	1.35%
2018	1,985,051		1,973,642	99.43%		7,459		1,981,101	99.80%	3,950	0.20%
2017	2,012,542		2,005,024	99.63%		4,758		2,009,782	99.86%	2,760	0.14%
2016	1,972,988		1,966,076	99.65%		3,865		1,969,941	99.85%	1,905	0.10%
2015	2,030,716		2,020,598	99.50%		8,741		2,029,339	99.93%	1,318	0.06%
2014	2,078,299		2,044,385	98.37%		30,379		2,074,764	99.83%	3,205	0.15%
2013	1,995,941		1,931,217	96.76%		60,669		1,991,886	99.80%	3,656	0.18%
2012	1,904,501		1,831,776	96.18%		69,407		1,901,183	99.83%	3,215	0.17%
2011	2,019,350		1,849,452	91.59%		167,369		2,016,821	99.87%	2,450	0.12%
2010	\$ 1,838,783	\$	1,782,090	96.92%	\$	56,675	\$	1,838,765	100.00%	\$ -	0.00%



CITY OF CREEDMOOR Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 6			Ass	essed Value (1)			-			Ratio of	Property Tax Rate
		Real		Personal	P	ublic Service		Abatements	m . 1	Assessed Value	(per \$100
Fiscal Year	•	Property		Property (2)		Property	an	d Adjustments	Total	to Actual Value	Assessed Value)
2019		\$ 290,133,900	\$	38,240,976	\$	8,268,864	\$	(223,089)	\$ 336,420,651	100%	0.615
2018		266,894,170		37,202,677		8,553,232		(43,622)	312,606,457	100%	0.635
2017		259,021,298		35,360,602		8,275,243		(19,248)	302,637,895	100%	0.665
2016		255,353,677		32,829,474		8,612,638		(105,865)	296,689,924	100%	0.665
2015		251,727,143		30,221,429		8,143,977		(99,919)	289,992,630	100%	0.700
2014		261,462,375		28,246,714		7,910,197		(719,429)	296,899,857	100%	0.700
2013		249,758,049		27,607,287		8,420,379		(651,286)	285,134,429	100%	0.700
2012		234,986,964		33,343,009		6,617,941		(2,876,286)	272,071,628	100%	0.700
2011		233,992,652		32,525,245		8,517,854		(3,534,429)	271,501,322	100%	0.700
2010	(3)	\$ 216,960,751	\$	32,814,130	\$	8,618,797	\$	(4,768,439)	\$ 253,625,239	100%	0.725

Note

- (1) Assessed value provided by NC Department of Revenue, per North Carolina TR-2 reports.
- (2) Personal property includes motor vehicle values.
- (3) Revaluation effective January 1 of the revaluation year. The increase to the tax base is effective in the following year's budget.

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping (4) Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Com	bined Tax
Table 7		(City of			Rate	Per \$100
		Cr	eedmoor	Granv	ille County	of A	Assessed
Fiscal Year		T	ax Rate	T	ax Rate	Va	luation
2019		\$	0.615	\$	0.840	\$	1.455
2018	(3)	•	0.635	-	0.880	-	1.515
2017			0.665		0.880		1.545
2016			0.665		0.830		1.495
2015			0.700		0.830		1.530
2014			0.700		0.830		1.530
2013			0.700		0.795		1.495
2012			0.700		0.795		1.495
2011			0.700		0.795		1.495
2010	(3)		0.725		0.825		1.550

- (4) Revaluation effective January 1 each year. The increase to the tax base is effective in the following year's budget.
- (5) Overlapping rates are those of the local municipality and the county government that apply to property owners within the City of Creedmoor

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA Fund Balance of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Table 8

Pre-GASB 54							Fisca	al Y	ear				
	2010			2011	2012	2013	2014		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Fund													
Reserved	\$ 358,18	35	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Unreserved	2,206,17	6											
Total General Fund	\$ 2,564,36	51	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Post-GASB 54							Fisca	al Y	ear				
	2010			2011	2012	2013	2014		2015	2016	2017	2018	 2019
General Fund													
Fund Balance:													
Nonspendable	\$ -		\$	16,734	\$ 2,551	\$ 18,292	\$ 24,410	\$	30,220	\$ 44,083	\$ 43,356	\$ 52,872	\$ 49,256
Restricted	-			410,743	517,547	575,496	596,197		672,957	614,314	576,434	664,543	795,173
Committed	-			-	-	99,272	254,907		304,536	333,041	-	-	-
Assigned	-			165,017	244,356	305,251	294,688		414,359	425,903	442,388	448,984	483,394
Unassigned	-		2	2,183,308	2,165,366	2,346,597	2,568,474		6,214,349	6,204,349	6,773,955	7,094,581	7,497,470
Total General Fund	\$ -		\$ 2	2,775,802	\$ 2,929,820	\$ 3,344,908	\$ 3,738,676	\$	7,636,421	\$ 7,621,690	\$ 7,836,133	\$ 8,260,980	\$ 8,825,293
All Other Governmental Funds													
Fund Balance:													
Restricted	\$ -		\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	8,000,759	\$ 7,655,331	\$ 7,097,730	\$ 3,607	\$ 1,117
Committed	-			-	-	-	-		-	-	-	7,030,291	6,642,311
Assigned	-			142,084	81,131	249,368	217,143		1,152,406	2,806,905	1,089,241	844,596	634,942
Unassigned	-			-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Total All Other Governmental													
Funds	\$ -		\$	142,084	\$ 81,131	\$ 249,368	\$ 217,143	\$	9,153,165	\$ 10,462,236	\$ 8,186,971	\$ 7,878,494	\$ 7,278,370

Note:

--- = Not Applicable

GASB Statement 54, <u>Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions</u> is designed to better convey the limitations upon the fund balance of a governmental fund. Restatement of previous fund balances reported cannot be done with certainty, due to a lack of detailed records. Accordingly, the information above is presented in "Pre-GASB 54" and "Post-GASB 54" sections. As information becomes available, the Pre-GASB 54 section will be eliminated.

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA

Statutory Calculation of Fund Balance

Available for Appropriation, in Accordance with State Statute Table 9

	 6/30/2019
<u>Calculation</u> <u>Fund Balance Available for Appropriation - G.S. §159-8(a)</u>	 Total
Unrestricted Cash and Investments	\$ 8,236,747
Restricted cash and investments (This would normally include Powell Bill, Bond Proceeds, consolidated funds such as capital	
reserve funds or tax revaluation funds)	350,071
Liabilities excluding those to be paid from restricted cash	233,002
Liabilities to be paid from restricted cash not included above	
Encumbrances at June 30 (listed in the notes)	22,881
Deferred or Unearned Revenues Arising from Cash Receipts	
Fund Balance Available for Appropriation	\$ 8,330,935
Total Fund Balance (From Audited Financial Statements)	 8,825,293
Total Restricted by State Statue	\$ 494,358
Restricted by State Statute Presented on Financial Statements	
<u>Less</u> Non Spendable - Inventory	
Non Spendable - Prepaids	49,256
Other Non Spendable amounts	
Restricted - Stabilization by State Statute (LGC calculation)	\$ 445,102
Restricted - Stabilization by State Statute (From Audited Financial Statements)	\$ 445,102

Fiscal Year Ended

<u>Analysis</u>	 Total
Expenditures - General Fund	
Total Expenditures - General Fund	\$ 3,587,780
Adjustments	
Transfers Out	
Issuance of Capital Leases & Installment Purchases	
Total Expenditures (As Adjusted)	\$ 3,587,780
Fund Balance Available as % of Expenditures	232.20 %

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA

Fund Balance Available as a Percentage of General Fund Annual Expenditures Past 10 fiscal years, modified accrual basis of accounting

					Fi	scal Year				
_	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
(1)	71.26%	74.88%	69.87%	83.99%	92.47%	179.77%	174.64%	201.66%	213.98%	232.20%
(2)	67.39%	69.30%	69.14%	71.30%	72.50%	73.14%	72.91%	75.93%	Not Available	Not Available

- (1) City of Creedmoor FBA%
- (2) Latest group average for municipalities with populations between, 2,500 and 9,999. 81.60%

The calculation presented on the facing page is to illustrate the calculation of Fund Balance Available as a Percentage of Expenditures (FBA%). This ratio is a common North Carolina benchmark for the strength of a local government's financial reserves. The schedule on the facing page is modified from a template available from the State and Local Government Finance Division of the NC Department of State Treasurer. Department staff review each audit and publish the FBA% for all North Carolina municipalities and counties annually. Thus, comparisons can be made to nearby local government units, as well as similar sized units across the State.

The FBA% is the ratio of year end fund balance, less receivables and other fund obligations, divided by annual General Fund spending, excluding debt supported expenditures. The percentage is sometimes explained as an indication of how long a local government might be able to function on reserves alone. I.E. a fund balance available percentage of 84% is roughly equal to ten months of spending. Again, that is a general analogy to gauge the amount of fund balance in the local government.

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 10

Table 10	Fiscal Year													
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	2013	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019				
Debt Limit	\$ 20,290,019	\$ 21,720,106	\$ 21,765,730	\$ 22,810,754	\$ 23,751,989	\$ 23,207,348	\$ 23,735,194 \$	24,211,032 \$	-	\$ 26,913,652				
Total debt applicable to limit	637,580	6,254,777	5,723,097	5,622,981	5,519,864	-	-	-	-	0				
Legal debt margin	\$ 19,652,439	\$ 15,465,329	\$ 16,042,633	\$ 17,187,773	\$ 18,232,125	\$ 23,207,348	\$ 23,735,194 \$	24,211,032 \$	-	\$ 26,913,652				
Total net debt applicable to the limit, as a percentage of the total debt limit.	3.14%	28.80%	26.29%	24.65%	23.24%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	6 0.00%				
	Assessed Value June 30, 2018													
	Debt Limit 8 percent of total assessed value													
	Total Debt Applicable to Limitation: Bonded Debt Outstanding:													
	Total Debt Applicable to Limitation													
	Legal Debt Margin													

Note:

Under North Carolina General Statutes, the legal debt limit should not exceed 8% of the total assessed property value.

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA

Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to

Assessed Value and Governmental Bonded Debt per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 11

	Gov	vernmental																	
	A	ctivities	ivities Business-Type Activities									Debt as a	(ove	rnmenta	al		Debt, as a	
		<u> </u>	(General				Revenue				Total Percentage of			A	ctivities	(1)	percentage of	
	Ins	stallment	O	bligation	In	stallment	Вс	ond Anticip.		Revenue		Primary	Assessed	Assessed	Debt per			Per Capita	estimated
Fiscal Year	P	urchases		Bonds	Pι	rchases *		Note		Bond *		Government	Valuation	Valuation	(Capita	Population	Income	personal income
2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	0.00% \$	336,420,651	\$	-	4,576	(2)	0.00%
2018		-		-		-		-		-		-	0.00%	312,606,457		-	4,518	(2)	0.00%
2017		-		-		-		-		-		-	0.00%	302,637,895		-	4,498	29,096	0.00%
2016		-		-		-		-		-		-	0.00%	296,689,924		-	4,425	25,204	0.00%
2015		-		-		-		-		-		-	0.00%	290,091,850		-	4,325	23,933	0.00%
2014		-		-		673,864		-		4,846,000		5,519,864	0.00%	296,899,857		-	4,289	20,399	0.00%
2013		-		-		715,981		-		4,907,000		5,622,981	0.00%	285,134,429		-	4,223	22,295	0.00%
2012		-		-		758,214		4,965,000		-		5,723,214	0.00%	272,071,628		-	4,168	22,144	0.00%
2011		337,182		135,000		814,464		4,965,000		-		6,251,646	0.12%	271,501,322		81.76	4,124	22,387	0.37%
2010	\$	429,080	\$	208,500	\$	28,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	666,080	0.17% \$	253,625,239	\$	130	3,296	\$ 21,733	0.60%

Note:

The ratios above are based on the debt of the Governmental Activities. This is debt which will be repaid with general government resources. These ratios measure proportionate amounts of debt to be repaid through property taxes.

Business-Type debt will be repaid through user charges in the Water and Sewer Funds.

Certain installment purchase amounts have been reclassified for consistency.

All income information is for Granville County as a whole.

No Creedmoor specific information is available at this time.

- (1) Information from American Fact Finder, on the US Census web site.
- (2) Information not available

During Fiscal Year 2012, the City of Creedmoor made advance payments to repay the installment purchase note for City Hall and to repay the Sewer General Obligations Bonds.

* = During Fiscal Year 2015, the City sold its water and sewer utility system to the South Granville Water and Sewer Authority (SGWASA). The debt was repaid by SGWASA as part of the negotiated sale. By the terms of the sale, SGWASA assumed responsibility for the debt service in terms similar to that held by the City.

CITY OF CREEDMOOR

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2019

Table 12 Governmental Unit	eral Obligation outstanding (1)	Estimated Percentage Applicable to the City (2)	 Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt				
Debt repaid with property taxes, Granville County	\$ 54,972,000	6.93%	\$ 3,809,560				
Subtotal, overlapping debt portion			3,809,560				
City of Creedmoor direct debt (3)			 				
Total, direct and overlapping debt			\$ 3,809,560				

Prior Years Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Percentage Reported		Creedmoor Debt		nated Share of rlapping Debt
2018	6.79%	\$		\$	1,591,386
2017	6.73%	Ψ	- -	Ψ	1,771,668
2016	6.46%		-		1,905,312
2015	6.76%		-		2,195,986
2014	6.91%		-		2,465,143
2013	6.99%		-		2,717,712
2012	6.81%		-		2,920,469
2011	7.72%		337,182		3,896,874
2010	6.91%		429,080		3,800,815

Notes:

- (1) Source, Granville County Auditors
- (2) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using assessed property values. The applicable percentage represents the city's total assessed value divided by Granville County's total assessed value.
- (3) During Fiscal Year 2012, Creedmoor retired the installment purchase debt for the City Hall approximately 3 years early, at an approximate savings of \$22,800.

CITY OF CREEDMOOR Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 13

Fiscal Year	Population	 (1) Personal Income (thousands of dollars)		(4) edmoor Personal come, Imputed	As a % of County Personal Income	P	(1) Per Capita Income	(2) Unemployment Rate, as a percentage
2019	4,576	(3)		(3)	0.001		(3)	3.9%
2018	4,518	(3)		(3)	0.00%		(3)	3.2%
2017	4,498	\$ 2,199,088	\$	166,084,152	7.55%	\$	36,924	3.6%
2016	4,425	2,075,434		155,574,150	7.50%		35,158	4.5%
2015	4,325	1,990,171		146,699,675	7.37%		33,919	5.5%
2014	4,289	1,937,716		142,025,946	7.33%		33,114	6.8%
2013	4,223	1,869,868		135,503,401	7.25%		32,087	9.4%
2012	4,168	1,849,793		137,364,776	7.43%		32,957	10.1%
2011	4,124	1,753,471		125,299,492	7.15%		30,383	10.5%
2010	3,296	\$ 1,681,830	\$	90,930,048	5.41%	\$	27,588	10.8%

Notes:

All income and unemployment information is for Granville County as a whole. No City specific information is available at this time.

- (1) Information from federal Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (2) Information from the NC Department of Commerce, Division of Employment Security
- (3) Information not available
- (4) Personal income for the City of Creedmoor is not available on the Bureau of Economic Analysis web site. This column, and the corresponding percentage, is estimated by multiplying the municipal population by the per capita income amount.

CITY OF CREEDMOOR

Principal Taxpayers

for the year ended June 30, 2019

for the year ended rune 50, 2017			2019		2010									
Table 14				Percentage of		Percentage of								
				Total Assessed				Total Assessed						
Taxpayer (1)	Type of Enterprise	Ass	essed Valuation	Valuation	Rank	Asse	ssed Valuation	Valuation	Rank					
Creedmoor Crossings LLC	Real Estate	\$	5,182,070	1.54%	1	\$	3,798,670	1.50%	3					
PC Highland LLC	Real Estate		4,892,527	1.45%	2									
Time Warner Cable Southeast LLC	Telecommunications		3,027,727	0.90%	3		3,212,929	1.27%	5					
Duke Energy Carolinas LLC	Energy		2,900,995	0.86%	4		3,805,663	1.50%	2					
TRM Warehouse Group LLC	Warehouse		2,072,601	0.62%	5									
Linda Vista Farms Assoc Inc (Walgreens)	Retail		1,838,255	0.55%	6									
Driftwood Apartments, LLC	Real Estate		1,711,870	0.51%	7									
TAU NC1 LP (CVS)	Retail		1,329,747	0.40%	8									
Public Service Co of NC Inc.	Energy		1,231,591	0.37%	9									
Frontier Communications of the Carolinas	Telecommunications		1,195,393	0.36%	10									
Watson Martin Properties, LLC	Real Estate						4,521,375	1.78%	1					
Verizon South, Inc.	Telecommunications						3,545,263	1.40%	4					
St. Lawrence Homes	Builder						1,765,912	0.70%	6					
Creedmoor Business Park LLC (2)	Real Estate						1,330,454	0.52%	7					
Baymor Associates (2)	Real Estate						1,244,978	0.49%	8					
Wake Electric Membership Corp.	Energy						1,141,443	0.45%	9					
Creedmoor Fuel Service, Inc.	Motor Vehicle Fuels						1,097,477	0.43%	10					
Total, Top 10 taxpayers		\$	25,382,776	7.54%		\$	25,464,164	10.04%						
Total Assessed Value		\$	336,420,651			\$	253,625,239							

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Data obtained from the Granville County Tax Department, unless otherwise noted.

⁽²⁾ Data from review of Granville County GIS System.

CITY OF CREEDMOOR

Principal Employers

Current Year and Earliest Available Information

Current Tear and Earnest TVandore Information		2019	2010								
Table 15	-	Percentage of		Percentage of							
	Reported	Total Area		Reported	Total Area						
Employer	Employees (1)	Employment	Rank	Employees (1)	Employment	Rank					
RHA Group Homes	110	4.67%	1	90	1.99%	2					
Granville County Board of Education*	108	4.59%	2	165	3.64%	1					
City of Creedmoor **	39	1.66%	3	31	0.68%	4					
Learning Services	25	1.06%	4	31	0.68%	4					
First Baptist Academy	24	1.02%	5								
VanNess Chevrolet (Formerly Ellington-Brim Chevrolet)	24	1.02%	5	16	0.35%	7					
Christian Faith Center	20	0.85%	7								
Food Lion	19	0.81%	8	60	1.33%	3					
Builder Services	17	0.72%	9								
Creedmoor Fuel Service	15	0.64%	10	14	0.31%	8					
CVS Drug Store	7	0.30%		12	0.27%	10					
US Post Office, Creedmoor Branch	7	0.30%		14	0.31%	8					
Southern States	5	0.21%		18	0.40%	6					
Total Employees	420	13.17%		361	7.97%						
Total estimated area employees (2)	2,354			4,528							

Notes:

^{*} Includes Creedmoor Elementary & South Granville High School. GC BOE moved out of Adminstrative Building on Park Ave ini FY 2019.

^{**} Only regularly employed staff included. See Table 17 for more detailed employment information.

⁻⁻⁻ Information not available or not applicable

⁽¹⁾ Information obtained from survey calls to area businesses. Number of Full Time employees requested. If employer is unresposive prior year information is used unless known major changes exist.

⁽²⁾ Information provided through US Census Bureau web site. From the 2010 Census, information is available and identified as "Creedmoor city, North Carolina" in the Census web pages. Most recent labor force statistic available on Census website from 2016 used for estimated area employees.

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA Relative Cost of Governmental Activities aka, "How \$1.00 of Ad Valorem Tax is Spent"

Table 16

	Fiscal Year																	
		<u>2010</u>		2011		<u>2012</u> <u>2013</u>		2013	<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>	20	<u>2017</u>		018	2019
T																		
Expenditures																		
General Administration	\$	0.326	\$	0.315		\$ 0.319	\$	0.406	\$ 0.386	\$	0.305	\$	0.330 \$		0.315 \$		0.332 \$	0.446
Public Safety		0.454		0.473		\$ 0.514		0.537	0.497		0.477		0.516		0.459		0.461	0.59
Police and Fire Protection Contract																		
Transportation		0.174		0.160	$\sqrt{}$	\$ 0.118		+	0.061		0.095		0.160		0.148		0.152	(0.10)
Street Maintenance																		
Professional Services and Governing																		
Body		0.034		0.030		\$ 0.046		0.048	0.049		0.049		0.057		0.053		0.056	0.06
Debt Service		0.011		0.015		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	-
Economic Development		0.010		0.007		\$\$		0.009	0.003		0.003		(0.020)		0.004		0.005	0.00
Parks and Recreation		#		#		#		+	0.003		0.066		(0.040)		0.021		(0.004)	0.00
Environmental Protection		na		na	na	na		na	na		0.005		(0.002)		(0.001)		(0.001)	0.00
	\$	1.00	\$	1.00		1.00	\$	1.00	\$ 1.00	\$	1.00	\$	1.00 \$		1.00 \$		1.00 \$	1.00

Note: Some amounts may have been rounded for presentation purposes

For Fiscal Years 2013 to 2019, the City had no Governmental Activity Debt.

na = Program not yet established, or not applicable in some fashion

^{\$} = Expenses incurred, but registered below 1/10th of 1%.

^{# =} Parks and Recreation was supported by donations and rental fees from cellular telephone providers.

The City has leased antenna space on its water towers to three cell phone service providers.

An expanded Parks and Recreation department began operations in FY13, supported in part by tax revenue.

^{√ =} Previously, stormwater treatment was a minor part of Transportation. A separate department was maintained during FY11. Subsequently, the Stormwater Management Fund, an enterprise fund, was established to account for stormwater control efforts.

No stormwater management expenses are included in this line, from FY12, onward.

^{+ =} Sufficient charges for service and/or grants received to make the function self-supporting for the year.

CITY OF CREEDMOOR City Employee Statistics as of Fiscal Year End

Table 17

Fiscal	Administrative	City					Business Dev./			Total per
Year	Team (1)	Clerk (2)	Police	Maintenance	Inspections	Planning	Transportation	Finance	Recreation	Fiscal Year
2019	4.00	1.00	18.00	5.00	-	2.50	-	2.00	1.00	33.50
2018	3.75	1.00	19.00	5.00	2.00	3.00	-	2.00	1.00	36.75
2017	3.75	1.00	19.00	5.00	2.00	2.00	-	2.00	1.00	35.75
2016	3.75	1.00	19.00	4.00	2.00	2.00	-	2.00	1.00	34.75
2015	3.75	1.00	19.00	4.00	1.75	2.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	35.50
2014	2.50	1.00	18.00	5.00	1.75	2.30	1.00	3.75	1.00	36.30
2013	3.00	-	17.00	6.00	1.00	4.00	1.00	3.75	-	35.75
2012	3.00	-	17.00	5.00	1.00	4.00	1.00	3.75	-	34.75
2011	3.00	-	17.00	5.00	1.00	3.20	1.00	3.75	-	33.95
2010	2.00	-	17.00	5.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	3.75	-	30.75

Notes:

- (1) The "Administrative Team" includes the City Manager, the Assistant City Manager and the Administrative Services Dept. staff.
- (2) In Fiscal Years 2010 through 2013, the City Clerk duties were fulfilled by a member of the Administrative Services Dept. or the Finance Dept.

Employees included on this chart are regularly employed by the City, unless otherwise noted.

"Regularly employeed" in this context means working more than 1,000 hours per year for the City.

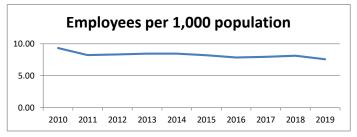
Recreation staffing is provided through part-time staff and seasonal labor provided through a staffing agency.

With seasonal demand and participation variations, no FTE amount is a better estimate than another.

A full time position was included in Fiscal Year 2014.

No reliable information is available for prior years. This information will be maintained and used for service effort and accomplishment purposes in the future. This measurement is intended as an "internal" measurement. Because different municipalities may have different staffing needs, comparisons to other municipalities have limited benefits.

Estimated Population For Fiscal Year	1	Employees per ,000 population
2010	3,296	9.33
2011	4,124	8.23
2012	4,168	8.34
2013	4,223	8.47
2014	4,289	8.46
2015	4,325	8.21
2016	4,425	7.85
2017	4,498	7.95
2018	4,518	8.13
2019	4,576	7.59



CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 18

					Fiscal Year					
_	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	2013	<u>2014</u>	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018	2019
Administrative (1)										
City Hall	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Public Safety (1)										
Police stations	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Police vehicles (3)	11	11	11	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Fire Stations (2)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Transportation										
Street mileage	17.03	17.12	16.64	16.62	17.88	17.84	17.84	17.84	17.95	17.95
Other City vehicles						10	10	10	10	9
Culture and Recreation										
Parks	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Ball fields	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	-
Community center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Community gym	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Cross-City Trails mileage	NA	NA	NA	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Hiking Trails mileage	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Public Utilities (4)										
Water	1	1	1	1	1					
Water line mileage	NA	NA	41.0	41.0	41.0					
Sewer	1	1	1	1	1					
Sewer line mileage	NA	NA	43.5	44.1	44.1					

Notes:

NA = Not Available

- --- = Information to be Presented Prospectively
- (1) The Police Department and City Administration staff (City Manager, Finance, HR, City Clerk, etc.) have shared space in City Hall. This is best represented by showing one half of the building as designated for the respective functions.
- (2) Years in italics indicate years with vehicle(s) on loan from Law Enforcement Support
- (3) The Fire Station is the property of the Creedmoor Volunteer Fire Department. Because the City proovides significant funding for the Department, it is included here to provide a more complete picture of public safety in Creedmoor.
- (4) As a part of the construction of the Creedmoor community Center, the ballfields are being repurposed into a single multi-purpose field as of the end of Fiscal Year 2019.
- (5) The Gym and Senior Center were closed for renovation & new construction as of the end of Fiscal Year 2019. Will include again once the project is complete and buildings reopen for business.
- (5) The Cross City Trails are those additions installed as part of a multi-phase plan. This does not include pre-existing downtown sidewalks. This data is intended to help show Creedmoor's growing commitment to recreation opportunities.
- (4) Assets of the Water and Sewer Funds were sold to the South Granville Water and Sewer Authority in March 2015. This section will be deleted in future years.

TOWN OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 19

Table 19									Fiscal	Ye	ar								
	2010	0		2011	2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
Finance Department Audited Financial Stmts.																			
delivered to NC Local	10	/2/10		11/0/11	10/21/12		10/21/12		12/0/14		11/05/15		10/00/16		11/20/17		11/20/10		11/0/2010
Govt. Commission. Due Oct. 31st each year (4)		/2/10 31/10		11/8/11 10/31/11	10/31/12 10/31/12		10/31/13 10/31/13		12/8/14 10/31/14		11/25/15 10/31/15		12/22/16 10/31/16		11/29/17 10/31/17		11/28/18 10/31/18		11/8/2019 10/31/2019
Days (Early)/Past Due Date	10/.	32		8	0		0		38		25		52		29		28		(344)
Days (Eurly)/1 ast Due Date		32		o	o o		· ·		50		23		32		27		20		(344)
CAFR delivered to GFOA Due 12/31 for NC governments		29/10 31/10		12/23/11 12/31/11	12/21/12 12/31/12		11/15/13 12/31/13		12/22/14 12/31/14		12/21/15 12/31/15		12/30/16 12/31/16		12/15/17 12/31/17		12/28/18 12/31/18		12/20/2019 12/31/19
Days (Early)/Past Due Date		(2)		(8)	(10)		(46)		(9)		(10)		(1)		(16)		(3)		0
Debt Set Off (Collection Efforts)																			
Total Debt Submitted	\$ 34	,245	\$	44,580	\$ 35,729	\$	42,649	\$	52,925	\$	46,002	\$	38,822	\$	33,408	\$	31,783	\$	33,807
Successful Collections		26		42	26		26		32		11		17		14		9		4
Amount Received		,804	\$. ,	4,367	\$	4,865	\$	4,284	\$	1,927	\$	2,046	\$	1,469	\$	1,431	\$	686
% of submitted		.19%	•	15.83%	12.22%	Φ.	11.41%	Φ.	8.09%	Φ.	4.19%	Φ.	5.27%	Φ	4.40%	•	4.50%	•	2.03%
Average per Collection	\$ 10	7.84	\$	168.05	\$ 167.96	\$	187.12	\$	133.88	\$	175.20	\$	120.36	\$	104.91	\$	159.00	\$	171.41
Planning, Zoning, and Inspections Permits Issued (1)																			
Residential Zoning Permits		22		37	29		27		32		72		89		57		29		74
Residential Construction Permits		203		250	294		278		221		366		360		317		21		N/A
Commercial Zoning Permits		7		13	9		6		14		16		18		20		11		23
Commercial Construction Permits		35		48	57		62		77		54		60		61		1		N/A
Builders' Est. Cost-Residential	\$ 2,106		\$	2,126,225	\$ 2,339,162	\$	2,808,993	\$	1,457,695	\$	5,229,876	\$	6,837,022				1,903,220		N/A
Builders' Est. Cost-Commercial	\$ 499	,430	\$	176,230	\$ 776,215	\$	265,058	\$	3,993,226	\$	1,422,521	\$	2,304,229	\$	260,404	\$	8,500		N/A
Permit Revenue	\$ 34	,194	\$	41,470	\$ 49,892	\$	52,022	\$	73,319	\$	91,841	\$	99,076	\$	58,276	\$	79,560	\$	5,240
Police Department (2)															** ***		** ***		
Total calls to Police Dept.	9	,731		9,639	6,600		6,574		5,961		11,489		17,036		22,288		21,588		24,407
Calls generating open cases		419		333	298		327		347		377		369		505		398		450
Cases Closed or Determined Unfounded		283		221	215		230		231		268		231		339		254		353
Percent of cases closed	6	7.5%		66.4%	72.1%		70.3%		66.6%		71.1%		62.6%		67.1%		63.8%		78.4%
Patrol miles driven	96	,787		93,519	118,908		125,108		81,113		130,187		126,295		129,754		135,339		157,423
Solid Waste and Recycling Efforts (3) (Tons collected)																			
Municipal Solid Waste Residential Recycling (tons)	NA			NA	NA		1,317.68		1,305.05		1,291.02		1,318.28		1,329.20		1,299.26		1276.13
Plastic	NA			3.55	6.97		18.77		16.68		17.10		22.93		23.95		24.52		21.94
Paper	NA			23.65	46.44		125.12		111.22		114.08		152.87		159.63		163.43		146.28
Glass	NA			7.88	15.48		41.72		37.07		38.03		50.96		53.21		54.48		48.76
Aluminum	NA			2.37	4.64		12.50		11.12		11.40		15.29		15.96		16.34		14.63
Metal Cans	NA			1.97	3.87		10.44		9.27		9.50		12.74		13.30		13.62		12.19
Total Recycle Tonnage	NA			39.42	77.40		208.55		185.36		190.11		254.79		266.05		272.39		243.8
Administrative Services																			
Web Site Development/Management (2)																			
Users	NA			NA	NA		9,801		23,329		27,255		31,699		45,105		42,568		40,652
New Visitors (As a % of all users)	NA			NA	NA		50.30%		44.20%		44.30%		46.30%		66.60%		83.40%		83.20%
Page Views	NA			NA	NA		89,118		182,909		176,811		222,316		187,248		178,150		158,265

Notes:

As disclosed in the Letter of Transmittal and throughout the document, this is the City's tenth (10th) CAFR. Prior administrations and management did not put emphasis on recordkeeping and tracking performance measures. Information and performance measures are being developed and implemented to provide more clarity on the City's financial condition and the performance of key operating activities.

⁽¹⁾ Solid waste and recycling services provided by Waste Industries, Inc., on a contract basis. Recycling breakdown based on percentages from prior years. Waste Industries does not track the individual types of recycling materials any longer.

⁽²⁾ Redesigned web site went live in January 2013. A smaller scale redesign went live in late Fiscal Year 2018.

⁽³⁾ While the stated due date for audit report is October 31st, the NC Department of the State Treasurer issues a "grace period". Unless otherwise noted above the audit was submitted within the grace period.

⁽⁴⁾ Granville County assumed Building Inspection operations for the city beginning in Fiscal Year 2019.

City of Creedmoor North Carolina

COMPLIANCE SECTION

This section includes information relating to federal and state financial assistance, in conformity with the provisions of *Government Auditing Standards*, published by the General Accounting Office. Included herein are a schedule of federal and state assistance and the auditor's report on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans, & Company, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Gary L. Williams, CPA Carleen P. Evans, CPA Jennifer T. Reese, CPA Tara H. Roberson, CPA

Curtis G. Van Horne, CPA



Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Commissioners City of Creedmoor, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Creedmoor, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the City of Creedmoor's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2019.

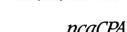
Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Creedmoor's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Creedmoor's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Creedmoor's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.





Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Creedmoor's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP Certified Public Accountants Oxford, North Carolina November 8, 2019

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

A.	Summary of Auditor's Results			
	Financial Statements			
	Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified			
	Internal control over financial reporting:			
	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	<u>x</u> No	
	Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weakness?	Yes	_x_None reported	
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	Yes	<u>x</u> _No	
В.	Financial Statement Findings			
	None reported.			

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

B - Financial Statement Findings

No findings for the year ended June 30, 2019

CITY OF CREEDMOOR, NORTH CAROLINA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Prior Year Audit Findings:

Financial Statement Findings

None reported