TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019

<u>Mayor</u>

Wayne Anderson

Board Members Kent Holmes Tracey Joyner Kenneth Ward Bobby Whitaker Bud A Whitaker

Administrative and Financial Staff

Montre Freeman, Town Administrator Patricia Whitaker, Finance Officer Cassandra Dolberry, Town Clerk Barbara Braswell, Tax Collector

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Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans, & Company, LLP

Certified Public Accountants



Gary L. Williams, CPA Carleen P. Evans, CPA Jennifer T. Reese, CPA Tara H. Roberson, CPA

Curtis G. Van Horne, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Mayor and Board Members Enfield, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Enfield, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Enfield, North Carolina as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 6-14, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions, on pages 62 through 63, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on pages 64 and 65 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Enfield, North Carolina. The individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures; including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund financial statements, the budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 27, 2019 on our consideration of the Town of Enfield's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Enfield's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP Oxford, North Carolina November 27, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Enfield, we offer readers of the Town of Enfield's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Enfield for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights .

- The assets of the Town of Enfield exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$18,751,721 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$149,626.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Enfield's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$738,234 an increase of \$123,192 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately (22.7) percent of this total amount, or (\$160,771), is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was (\$160,771), or 9.29 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The Town of Enfield's total liabilities (including compensated absences and net pension liability) increased by \$22,160 (.8%) during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Enfield's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Enfield.

Figure 1 Management's Basic Discussion and Financial Analysis Statements Government-wide Fund Notes to the Financial Financial Financial Statements **Statements Statements** Summary Detail

Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the Government-wide Financial Statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are Fund Financial Statements. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the notes. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, supplemental information is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net position is one way to gage the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water, sewer and electric services offered by the Town of Enfield.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Enfield, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Town of Enfield can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Enfield adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing

the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – Town of Enfield has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Enfield uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer and electric activity operations. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 30 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Town of Enfield's Net Position

Figure 2

	Govern Activ			Busine Activ			Total			
	 2019 2018			2019	2019 2018			2019		2018
Current and other assets Capital assets Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 998,453 5,558,603 217,357	\$	883,640 5,605,884 159,605	\$ 8,054,918 6,963,214 132,908	\$	7,854,359 7,190,482 72,231	\$	9,053,371 12,521,817 350,265	\$	8,737,999 12,796,366 231,836
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	 6,774,413		6,649,129	15,151,040		15,117,072		21,925,453		21,766,201
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities Deferred inflows of resources	535,103 173,882 10,773		515,054 160,160 15,176	2,007,204 444,258 2,512		2,025,310 439,821 8,585		2,542,307 618,140 13,285		2,540,364 599,981 23,761
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	 719,758		690,390	2,453,974		2,473,716		3,173,732		3,164,106
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	\$ 5,281,421 549,005 224,229 6,054,655	\$	5,236,508 560,891 161,340 5,958,739	\$ 5,016,884 - 7,680,182 12,697,066	8	5,143,048 - 7,500,308 12,643,356	\$	10,298,305 549,005 7,904,411 18,751,721	\$	10,379,556 560,891 7,661,648 18,602,095

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Enfield exceeded liabilities by \$18,751,721 as of June 30, 2019. The Town's net position increased by \$149,626 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. However, the largest portion (54.92%) reflects the Town's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town of Enfield uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently,

these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Enfield's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Enfield's net position (2.93%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$7,904,411 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

• \$300,000 received by the town from a Solar Farm

				Figur	re 3	}					
		Governmen	tal A	0		Business Type	e Activi	ities	To	otal	
	_	2019		2018		2019	2	018	2018		2017
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	203,298	\$	209,770	\$	3,946,888	\$ 4	,065,763	\$ 4,150,186	\$	4,275,533
Grants & Contributions:											
Operating		80,041		198,570		-		-	80,041		198,570
Capital		198,639		1,549,552		14,051		85,734	212,690		1,635,286
General revenues:											
Property taxes		551,620		568,782		-		-	551,620		568,782
Other taxes		437,157		457,310		-		-	437,157		457,310
Other		349,716		17,392		20,892		16,557	370,608		33,949
Total revenues	_	1,820,471		3,001,376		3,981,831	4	,168,054	5,802,302		7,169,430
Expenses:											
General government		463,730		424,371		-		-	463,730		424,371
Public safety		887,080		886,312		-		-	887,080		886,312
Public works		477,421		487,198		-		-	477,421		487,198
Economic & Physical Development		-		-		-		-	-		-
Cultural and recreation		83,889		84,932		-		-	83,889		84,932
Interest on long-term debt		12,435		15,637		-		-	12,435		15,637
Water and sewer		-		-		1,259,098	1	,162,293	1,259,098		1,162,293
Electric		-		-		2,469,023	2	,351,739	2,469,023		2,351,739
Total expenses		1,924,555		1,898,450		3,728,121	3	,514,032	5,652,676		5,412,482
Increase in net position		(104,084)		1,102,926		253,710		654,022	149,626		1,756,948
Transfers		200,000		200.000		(200,000)		(200,000)			
Increase (decrease) in Net Position		95,916		1,302,926		53,710		454,022	149,626		1,756,948
Net position, July 1		5,958,739		4,655,813		12,643,356	12	189,334	18,602,095		16,845,147
Net position, June 30	\$	6,054,655	\$	5,958,739	\$			2,643,356	\$ 18,751,721	\$	18,602,095

Town of Enfield Changes in Net Position

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$95,916, thereby accounting for 64.1% of the total growth in the net position of the Town of Enfield.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased the Town of Enfield's net position by \$53,710 accounting for 35.9% of the total growth in the government's net position.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Enfield uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Enfield's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Enfield's financing requirements. Specifically, unrestricted fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Enfield. At the end of the current fiscal year, available fund balance in the General Fund was \$485,955, while total fund balance reached \$708,164. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Available fund balance represents 28.08 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 40.91 percent of that same amount.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of Town of Enfield reported a combined fund balance of \$738,234, a 20.03 percent increase over last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues were higher than the budgeted amounts by \$313,358 primarily because receipts of \$300,000 from a solar farm. Expenditures were slightly under budget by \$106,929.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Enfield's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Electric Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$6,891,823, and those for the Water and Sewer Fund amounted to \$788,359. The total change in net position for both funds was \$144,154 and (\$90,444) respectively. Factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of Enfield's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business–type activities as of June 30, 2019, totals \$12,521,817 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major additions during the year included property on Ringwood Road, two actuators, and additions to capital projects. The only deletion during the year was a chipper.

	Govern		Busine Acti	-	-	Total				
	 2019	2018	2019		2018	2019		2018		
Land	\$ 284,473	\$ 284,473	\$ 30,030	\$	25,130	\$ 314,503	\$	309,603		
Construction in progress	-	1,821,149	-		86,000	-		1,907,149		
Buildings and system	747,044	776,534	6,761,799		6,935,717	7,508,843		7,712,251		
Improvements other than buildings	4,368,499	2,467,941	-		-	4,368,499		2,467,941		
Machinery and equipment	84,965	126,725	140,962		90,513	225,927		217,238		
Vehicles and motorized equipment	 73,622	129,062	30,423		53,122	104,045		182,184		
Total	\$ 5,558,603	\$ 5,605,884	\$ 6,963,214	\$	7,190,482	\$ 12,521,817	\$	12,796,366		

Town of Enfield's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Figure 4

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in note III.A.4 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2019, the Town of Enfield had total bonded debt outstanding of \$1,764,500. This is debt backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

	Govern Activ				Busine Acti	•			Total Primary Government			
	 2019 2018				2019	2019 2018				2019		
Compensated absences	\$ 39,569	\$	30,915	\$	22,933	\$	15,407	\$	62,502	\$	46,322	
General obligation bonds	-		-		1,764,500		1,833,000		1,764,500		1,833,000	
Pension related debt (LGERS)	218,769		130,537		164,364		78,150		383,133		208,687	
Pension related debt (LEO)	132,167		107,335		-		-		132,167		107,335	
Installment Purchases	 277,182		369,376		181,830		214,434		459,012		583,810	
Total	\$ 667,687	\$	638,163	\$	2,133,627	\$	2,140,991	\$	2,801,314	\$	2,779,154	

Town of Enfield's Outstanding Debt Figure 3

The Town of Enfield's total debt (including compensated absences) increased by \$22,160 (.8%) during the past fiscal year.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Town of Enfield is \$3,182,406.

Additional information regarding the Town of Enfield's long-term debt can be found in note III.B.6 beginning on page 57 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town.

• Enfield is a municipality of Halifax County. Halifax County has experienced an unemployment rate of 6.4% at June 30, 2019, which is much higher than the state average of 4.1%

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities: Total budgeted general fund revenue and expenses are expected to increase by \$424,524 over the current budget. Budgeted property tax rate will remain the same. The revenues from the solar farm are revenues that the Town of Enfield will continue to receive in decreasing amounts, over a period of time, as part of an agreement between the town and Dominion Power. Currently it is the direction of the Commissioners to direct the revenue from the solar farm to the Town's fund balance.

Business – type Activities: Water fund and sewer fund revenues are expected to increase \$17,776 while electric fund revenues are expected to decrease \$969,349 over the current fiscal budget. The Town of Enfield will focus on load management. The expected outcome for this initiative is to better capture the energy we purchase such that we sale more of what we purchase. The town expects that it is

experiencing some kilowatt loss after purchasing from a third party. If the Town of Enfield is able to decrease this loss, this decrease will increase the electric budget.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Patricia Whitaker, Finance Officer, Town of Enfield, P O Box 765, Enfield, NC 27522.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF ENFIELD STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	GOVERNM ACTIV			INESS-TYPE CTIVITIES		TOTAL
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	259,455	\$	6,711,381	\$	6,970,836
Taxes receivable (net)	Ŷ	160,278	Ψ	-	Ψ	160,278
Accrued interest receivable on taxes		59,833		-		59,833
Accounts receivable (net)		168,976		1,140,560		1,309,536
Inventory		-		130,472		130,472
Internal Balances		53,185		(53,185)		-
Restricted Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		296,726		125,690		422,416
Total current assets		998,453		8,054,918		9,053,371
NON-CURRENT ASSETS CAPITAL ASSETS Land, non-depreciable improvements						
and construction in progress		284,473		30,030		314,503
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		5,274,130		6,933,184		12,207,314
Total capital assets, net of depreciation		5,558,603		6,963,214		12,521,817
Total assets		6,557,056		15,018,132		21,575,188
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension deferrals		217,357		132,908		350,265
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES		10.100		100 115		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		40,108		192,145		232,253
Accrued interest payable		1,190		-		1,190
Current portion of bonds payable Current portion of installment purchases		93,015		72,500 33,088		72,500 126,103
Compensated absences		39,569		20,835		60,404
Customer Deposits		39,309		125,690		125,690
Total Current Liabilities		173,882		444,258		618,140
LONG TERM LIABILITIES		175,002		+++,230		010,140
Compensated absences		-		2,098		2,098
Net pension liability-LGERS		218,769		164,364		383,133
Total pension liability-LEO		132,167		-		132,167
Bonds payable		-		1,692,000		1,692,000
Installment purchase payable		184,167		148,742		332,909
Total liabilities		708,985		2,451,462		3,160,447
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension deferrals		10,773		2,512		13,285
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		5,281,421		5,016,884		10,298,305
Restricted for:		-,=01,121		2,010,001		10,270,505
Streets		296,726		_		296,726
Infrastructure		30,070		-		30,070
Stabilization by State Statute		222,209		-		222,209
Unrestricted		224,229		7,680,182		7,904,411
Total net position	\$	6,054,655	\$	12,697,066	\$	18,751,721

TOWN OF ENFIELD STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

									Net		enue and Changes in N	Net Position
					Pro	gram Revenue	es			Pri	mary Government	
Functions/Programs	I	Expenses	C	Charges for Services	•	rating Grants and ontributions	Сар	ital Grants and ontributions		vernmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Primary government:												
Governmental Activities:												
General government	\$	463,730	\$	1,215	\$	419	\$	-	\$	(462,096)	\$ - \$	(462,096
Public Safety		887,080		22,545		3,896		-		(860,639)	-	(860,639)
Public Works		477,421		179,538		73,226		-		(224,657)	-	(224,657
Cultural and recreation		83,889		-		2,500		62,432		(18,957)	-	(18,957)
Economic & physical development		-		-		-		136,207		136,207	-	136,207
Interest on long-term debt		12,435		-		-		-		(12,435)	-	(12,435)
Total governmental activities		1,924,555		203,298		80,041		198,639		(1,442,577)	-	(1,442,577)
Business-type activities:												
Water and sewer		1,259,098		1,154,603		-		14,051		-	(90,444)	(90,444)
Electric		2,469,023		2,792,285		-		-		-	323,262	323,262
Total business-type activities		3,728,121		3,946,888		-		14,051		-	232,818	232,818
Total primary government	\$	5,652,676	\$	4,150,186	\$	80,041	\$	212,690		(1,442,577)	232,818	(1,209,759)
		eral revenues	:									
		xes: Property taxes	. levi	ed for general	nurnos	se				551,620	_	551,620
		Privilege lice		8	r r					42	-	42
		Sales tax								283,961	-	283,961
		Tax refunds								7,139	-	7,139
		Jtility franch	ise tar	ζ.						97,251	_	97,251
		Beer and win		•						10,599	_	10,599
				and excise ta	x					23,592	-	23,592
		/ideo prograi								11,913	_	11,913
		Other taxes		5 tun						2,660	_	2.660
	-	restricted inv	rectm	ent earnings						20,514	20,892	41,406
			coun	chi cumings						329,202	20,072	329,202
	Mi	scellaneous								547,404		
	Mi	scellaneous	al reve	enues not inclu	iding	transfers				1 338 493	20.892	,
		Total genera	al reve	enues, not inclu	ıding	transfers				1,338,493	20,892	1,359,385
		Total generations			C	transfers				200,000	(200,000)	1,359,385
		Total genera ansfers Total genera	al revo	enues and trans	C	transfers				200,000 1,538,493	(200,000) (179,108)	1,359,385 1,359,385
	Tra	Total generations	al reve let po:	enues and trans sition	C	transfers				200,000	(200,000)	,

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	MA	JOR FUND	1	TOTAL	TOTAL
	G	ENERAL		N-MAJOR FUNDS	ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	229,337	\$	30,118	\$ 259,455
Restricted Cash		296,726		-	296,726
Taxes receivable		160,278		-	160,278
Accounts receivable (net)		168,976		-	168,976
Due from other funds		53,233		-	53,233
Total Assets		908,550		30,118	 938,668
Liabilities Due to other funds				48	48
Accounts payable		-		40	40
and accrued liabilities		40,108			40,108
Total Liabilities		40,108		48	 40,108
Deferred Inflows of Resources		40,100			 40,150
Property taxes receivable		160,278		-	160,278
Total Deferred Inflows		100,270			 100,270
of Resources		160,278		-	 160,278
Fund Balances					
Restricted Stabilization by State Statute		222,209		_	222,209
Streets		296,726		_	296,726
Infrastructure				30,070	30,070
Assigned		350,000		, _	350,000
Unassigned		(160,771)		-	(160,771)
Total Fund Balances		708,164		30,070	 738,234
Total Liabilities,					
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
and Fund Balanaces	\$	908,550	\$	30,118	\$ 938,668

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmnetal activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:	
Total equity and other credits (Exhibit 4)	\$ 738,234
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources	
and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Gross capital assets at historical cost 8,614,062	
Accumulated depreciation (3,055,459)	5,558,603
Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not	5,556,005
available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred.	59,833
available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deterred.	57,055
Deferred outfows of resources related to pensions	
are not reported in the funds	217,357
are not reported in the runds	217,557
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not	
financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds	
Total pension liability (132,167)	
Net pension liability (218,769)	
Other long term liabilities (317,941)	
	(660 077)
	(668,877)
Deformed inflows of resources related to pensions	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(10.772)
are not reported in the funds	(10,773)
Lightliting for some d but deferred recording in fund statements	160 279
Liabilities for earned but deferred revenues in fund statements.	 160,278
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,054,655

TOWN OF ENFIELD STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		JOR FUND ENERAL FUND	NO	FOTAL N-MAJOR FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTA FUNDS		
REVENUES							
Ad valorem taxes	\$	565,099	\$	-	\$	565,099	
Other taxes and licenses		42		-		42	
Intergovernmental							
Unrestricted		437,115		-		437,115	
Restricted		80,041		198,639		278,680	
Permits and fees		6,075		-		6,075	
Sales and services		180,753		-		180,753	
Investment Earnings		20,514		-		20,514	
Miscellaneous		333,672		-		333,672	
Total revenues		1,623,311		198,639		1,821,950	
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government		326,374		-		326,374	
Public safety		810,352		-		810,352	
Public works		404,810		-		404,810	
Cultural and Recreational		83,889		-		83,889	
Economic and Physical development		-		179,851		179,851	
Debt service:							
Principal		92,194		-		92,194	
Interest and fees		13,288		-		13,288	
Total expenditures		1,730,907		179,851		1,910,758	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURE	1	(107,596)		18,788		(88,808)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of capital assets		12,000		-		12,000	
Transfers from other funds		200,000		-		200,000	
Total other Financing							
Sources (Uses)		212,000				212,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		104,404		18,788		123,192	
Fund balance, Beginning of year - July 1		603,760		11,282		615,042	
Fund balance, End of year - June 30	\$	708,164	\$	30,070	\$	738,234	

TOWN OF ENFIELD STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)	\$ 123,192
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over	
their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay's exceeded depreciation in the	
current period.	(47,281)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current	(10,470)
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds	(13,479)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	46,229
Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities	(24,231)
Pension (expense) income	(72,907)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and	
related items.	92,194
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as	
expenditures in governmental funds.	(7,801)
Total changes in net position of governmental acitivities	\$ 95,916

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	OI	RIGINAL	FINAL	CTUAL MOUNTS	FINA P	ANCE WITH L BUDGET- OSITIVE EGATIVE)
REVENUES	0.			 	(1)	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	545,550	\$ 550,295	\$ 565,099	\$	14,804
Other taxes and licenses		750	750	42		(708)
Unrestricted intergovernmental						
revenues		420,100	422,580	437,115		14,535
Restricted intergovernmental						
revenues		74,600	80,996	80,041		(955)
Sales and services		199,000	211,495	180,753		(30,742)
Permits and fees		5,100	5,100	6,075		975
Investment earnings		9,500	13,464	20,514		7,050
Miscellaneous		17,200	25,273	333,672		308,399
Total revenues		1,271,800	 1,309,953	 1,623,311		313,358
EXPENDITURES						
General government		343,321	335,672	326,374		9,298
Public safety		857,124	839,556	810,352		29,204
Public Works		449,026	463,245	404,810		58,435
Cultural and recreation		95,983	91,483	83,889		7,594
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		89,846	92,198	92,194		4
Interest		16,500	 15,682	 13,288		2,394
Total expenditures		1,851,800	 1,837,836	 1,730,907		106,929
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(580,000)	 (527,883)	 (107,596)		420,287
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of assets Transfers in/out		- 200,000	- 200,000	12,000 200,000		12,000
Total other financing		200,000	 200,000	 200,000		
sources (uses)		200,000	 200,000	 212,000		12,000
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE		380,000	 327,883	 -		(327,883)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$ 	104,404	\$	104,404
Fund balance, Beginning of year - July 1				 603,760		
Fund balance, End of year - June 30				\$ 708,164		

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2019

	E	LECTRIC FUND	TER AND VER FUND	 TOTAL
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,538,003	\$ 173,378	\$ 6,711,381
Accounts receivable (net)		765,109	375,451	1,140,560
Inventory		124,425	6,047	130,472
Due from other funds		-	259,463	259,463
RESTRICTED ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents		89,120	 36,570	125,690
Total current assets		7,516,657	 850,909	 8,367,566
NONCURRENT ASSETS:				
CAPITAL ASSETS				
Land and other non-depreciable assets		8,800	21,230	30,030
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		220,056	 6,713,128	 6,933,184
Capital assets (net)		228,856	 6,734,358	6,963,214
Total assets		7,745,513	7,585,267	 15,330,780
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Contributions to pension plan		101,358	31,550	132,908
Total deferred outflows of resources		101,358	 31,550	 132,908
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES		183,057	9,088	192,145
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Compensated absences		13,973	9,088 6,862	20,835
General obligation bonds payable - current		15,975	72,500	72,500
Installment purchases payable - current		21,646	11,442	33,088
Due to other funds		312,648	-	312,648
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:		512,040		512,040
Customer deposits		89,120	36,570	125,690
Total current liabilities		620,444	 136,462	 756,906
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Compensated absences		-	2,098	2,098
Net pension liability		125,476	38,888	164,364
General obligation bonds payable - noncurrent maturities			1,692,000	1,692,000
Installment purchases payable		-	1,092,000	1,092,000
- noncurrent maturities		-	148,742	148,742
Total liabilities		745,920	2,018,190	 2,764,110
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension deferrals		1,918	 594	 2,512
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		207,210	4,809,674	5,016,884
Unrestricted		6,891,823	788,359	7,680,182
Total net position	\$	7,099,033	\$ 5,598,033	\$ 12,697,066

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	ELECTRIC FUND	WATER AND SEWER FUND	TOTAL	
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 2,792,285	\$ 1,154,603	\$ 3,946,888	
Total operating revenues	2,792,285	1,154,603	3,946,888	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Administration and operations	769,743	887,731	1,657,474	
Electrical power purchases	1,654,219	-	1,654,219	
Depreciation	44,081	279,717	323,798	
Total operating expenses	2,468,043	1,167,448	3,635,491	
Operating income (loss)	324,242	(12,845)	311,397	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest on long-term debt	(980)	(91,650)	(92,630)	
Interest earnings	20,892	-	20,892	
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	19,912	(91,650)	(71,738)	
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS				
Capital Contribution	-	14,051	14,051	
Transfers to other funds	(200,000)		(200,000)	
Change in net position	144,154	(90,444)	53,710	
Total net position - beginning - July 1	6,954,879	5,688,477	12,643,356	
Total net position - ending - June 30	\$ 7,099,033	\$ 5,598,033	\$ 12,697,066	

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c } \hline SEWER \\ \hline FUND & FUND & TOTAL \\ \hline FUND & FUND & TOTAL \\ \hline CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES \\ \hline Cash received from customers & $2,799,043 $$1,150,846 $$3,949,889 \\ \hline Cash paid for goods and services & (2,965,668) (1,036,705) (4,002,373) \\ \hline Cash paid to employees for services & 486,364 & 165,421 & 651,785 \\ \hline Customer deposits received (returned) & 14,225 & 3,375 & 17,600 \\ \hline Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities & 333,964 & 282,937 & 616,901 \\ \hline CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES \\ \hline Transfers to other funds & (200,000) & - & (200,000) \\ \hline Total cash flows from noncapital financing activities & (200,000) & - & (200,000) \\ \hline CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES \\ \hline Principal paid on long-term debt & (21,162) & (79,942) & (101,104) \\ Interest paid on long-term debt & (980) & (91,650) & (92,630) \\ \hline Capital Contribution & - & 14,051 & 14,051 \\ Acquisition of capital assets & (62,479) & (34,051) & (96,530) \\ Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related \\ Financing Activities & (20,892 & - & 20,892 \\ \hline Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities & 70,235 & 91,345 & 161,580 \\ \hline Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year & 6,556,888 & 118,603 & 6,675,491 \\ \hline \end{tabular}$		ENTERPRISE FUNDS				
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		ELECTRIC WATER AND				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers\$ 2,799,043\$ 1,150,846\$ 3,949,889Cash paid for goods and services(2,965,668)(1,036,705)(4,002,373)Cash paid to employees for services446,364165,421651,785Customer deposits received (returned)14,2253,37517,600Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities333,964282,937616,901CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers to other funds(200,000)-(200,000)Total cash flows from noncapital financing activities(200,000)-(200,000)CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACITIVITIES Principal paid on long-term debt(21,162)(79,942)(101,104)Interest paid on long-term debt(980)(91,650)(92,630)-14,051Acquisition of capital assets(62,479)(34,051)(96,530)(96,530)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(84,621)(191,592)(276,213)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investment Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,89220,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580			SEWER			
Cash received from customers\$ 2,799,043\$ 1,150,846\$ 3,949,889Cash paid for goods and services(2,965,668)(1,036,705)(4,002,373)Cash paid to employees for services486,364165,421651,785Customer deposits received (returned)14,2253,37517,600Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities333,964282,937616,901CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES(200,000)-(200,000)Transfers to other funds(200,000)-(200,000)Total cash flows from noncapital financing activities(200,000)-(200,000)CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACITIVITIES(79,942)(101,104)Interest paid on long-term debt(21,162)(79,942)(101,104)Interest paid on long-term debt(980)(91,650)(92,630)Capital Contribution-14,05114,051Acquisition of capital assets(62,479)(34,051)(96,530)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(84,621)(191,592)(276,213)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investment20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year6,556,888118,6036,675,491		FUND	FUND	TOTAL		
Cash paid for goods and services $(2,965,668)$ $(1,036,705)$ $(4,002,373)$ Cash paid to employees for services $486,364$ $165,421$ $651,785$ Customer deposits received (returned) $14,225$ $3,375$ $17,600$ Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities $333,964$ $282,937$ $616,901$ CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIESTransfers to other funds $(200,000)$ - $(200,000)$ Total cash flows from noncapital financing activities $(200,000)$ - $(200,000)$ CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACITIVITIES $(79,942)$ $(101,104)$ Interest paid on long-term debt (980) $(91,650)$ $(92,630)$ Capital Contribution- $14,051$ $14,051$ Acquisition of capital assets $(62,479)$ $(34,051)$ $(96,530)$ Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities $(84,621)$ $(191,592)$ $(276,213)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investment $20,892$ - $20,892$ Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities $20,892$ - $20,892$ Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities $70,235$ $91,345$ $161,580$ Cash and Cash Equivalents $70,235$ $91,345$ $161,580$ Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year $6,556,888$ $118,603$ $6,675,491$	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash paid to employees for services $486,364$ $165,421$ $651,785$ Customer deposits received (returned) $14,225$ $3,375$ $17,600$ Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities $333,964$ $282,937$ $616,901$ CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIESTransfers to other funds $(200,000)$ $ (200,000)$ Total cash flows from noncapital financing activities $(200,000)$ $ (200,000)$ CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACITIVITIES $(21,162)$ $(79,942)$ $(101,104)$ Interest paid on long-term debt $(21,162)$ $(79,942)$ $(101,104)$ Interest paid on long-term debt (980) $(91,650)$ $(92,630)$ Capital Contribution $ 14,051$ $14,051$ Acquisition of capital assets $(62,479)$ $(34,051)$ $(96,530)$ Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities $(84,621)$ $(191,592)$ $(276,213)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investment $20,892$ $ 20,892$ Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities $70,235$ $91,345$ $161,580$ Cash and Cash Equivalents $70,235$ $91,345$ $161,580$ Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year $6,556,888$ $118,603$ $6,675,491$	Cash received from customers	\$ 2,799,043	\$ 1,150,846	\$ 3,949,889		
Customer deposits received (returned) $14,225$ $3,375$ $17,600$ Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities $333,964$ $282,937$ $616,901$ CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIESTransfers to other funds $(200,000)$ $ (200,000)$ Total cash flows from noncapital financing activities $(200,000)$ $ (200,000)$ CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING $(200,000)$ $ (200,000)$ CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING $(21,162)$ $(79,942)$ $(101,104)$ Interest paid on long-term debt $(21,162)$ $(79,942)$ $(101,104)$ Interest paid on long-term debt (980) $(91,650)$ $(92,630)$ Capital Contribution $ 14,051$ $14,051$ Acquisition of capital assets $(62,479)$ $(34,051)$ $(96,530)$ Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related $(84,621)$ $(191,592)$ $(276,213)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES $20,892$ $ 20,892$ $-$ Interest on investment $20,892$ $ 20,892$ $-$ Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities $70,235$ $91,345$ $161,580$ Cash and Cash Equivalents $70,235$ $91,345$ $161,580$ Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year $6,556,888$ $118,603$ $6,675,491$	Cash paid for goods and services	(2,965,668)	(1,036,705)	(4,002,373)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities333,964282,937616,901CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers to other funds(200,000)-(200,000)Total cash flows from noncapital financing activities(200,000)-(200,000)CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACITIVITIES(21,162)(79,942)(101,104)Interest paid on long-term debt(21,162)(79,942)(101,104)Interest paid on long-term debt(21,162)(79,942)(101,104)Interest paid on long-term debt(24,479)(34,051)(96,530)Capital Contribution-14,05114,051Acquisition of capital assets(62,479)(34,051)(96,530)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(84,621)(191,592)(276,213)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investment20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year6,556,888118,6036,675,491	Cash paid to employees for services	486,364	165,421	651,785		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers to other funds(200,000)-(200,000)Total cash flows from noncapital financing activities(200,000)-(200,000)CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACITIVITIES(21,162)(79,942)(101,104)Interest paid on long-term debt(21,162)(79,942)(101,104)Interest paid on long-term debt(980)(91,650)(92,630)Capital Contribution-14,05114,051Acquisition of capital assets(62,479)(34,051)(96,530)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(84,621)(191,592)(276,213)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investment20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580	Customer deposits received (returned)	14,225	3,375	17,600		
Transfers to other funds(200,000)-(200,000)Total cash flows from noncapital financing activities(200,000)-(200,000)CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACITIVITIESPrincipal paid on long-term debt(21,162)(79,942)(101,104)Interest paid on long-term debt(980)(91,650)(92,630)Capital Contribution-14,05114,051Acquisition of capital assets(62,479)(34,051)(96,530)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(84,621)(191,592)(276,213)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investment20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year6,556,888118,6036,675,491	Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	333,964	282,937	616,901		
Transfers to other funds(200,000)-(200,000)Total cash flows from noncapital financing activities(200,000)-(200,000)CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACITIVITIESPrincipal paid on long-term debt(21,162)(79,942)(101,104)Interest paid on long-term debt(980)(91,650)(92,630)Capital Contribution-14,05114,051Acquisition of capital assets(62,479)(34,051)(96,530)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(84,621)(191,592)(276,213)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investment20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year6,556,888118,6036,675,491						
Total cash flows from noncapital financing activities(200,000)-(200,000)CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACITIVITIES79,942)(101,104)Interest paid on long-term debt(21,162)(79,942)(101,104)Interest paid on long-term debt(980)(91,650)(92,630)Capital Contribution-14,05114,051Acquisition of capital assets(62,479)(34,051)(96,530)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(84,621)(191,592)(276,213)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investment20,892-20,89220,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	5				
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACITIVITIESPrincipal paid on long-term debt(21,162)(79,942)(101,104)Interest paid on long-term debt(980)(91,650)(92,630)Capital Contribution-14,05114,051Acquisition of capital assets(62,479)(34,051)(96,530)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related(84,621)(191,592)(276,213)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIESInterest on investment20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents6,556,888118,6036,675,491	Transfers to other funds	(200,000)	-	(200,000)		
ACITIVITIESPrincipal paid on long-term debt(21,162)(79,942)(101,104)Interest paid on long-term debt(980)(91,650)(92,630)Capital Contribution-14,05114,051Acquisition of capital assets(62,479)(34,051)(96,530)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related(84,621)(191,592)(276,213)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES(84,621)(191,592)(276,213)Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year6,556,888118,6036,675,491	Total cash flows from noncapital financing activities	(200,000)	-	(200,000)		
ACITIVITIESPrincipal paid on long-term debt(21,162)(79,942)(101,104)Interest paid on long-term debt(980)(91,650)(92,630)Capital Contribution-14,05114,051Acquisition of capital assets(62,479)(34,051)(96,530)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related(84,621)(191,592)(276,213)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES(84,621)(191,592)(276,213)Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year6,556,888118,6036,675,491						
Principal paid on long-term debt $(21,162)$ $(79,942)$ $(101,104)$ Interest paid on long-term debt (980) $(91,650)$ $(92,630)$ Capital Contribution- $14,051$ $14,051$ Acquisition of capital assets $(62,479)$ $(34,051)$ $(96,530)$ Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related $(84,621)$ $(191,592)$ $(276,213)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES $(84,621)$ $(191,592)$ $(276,213)$ Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities $20,892$ - $20,892$ Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities $20,892$ - $20,892$ Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents $70,235$ $91,345$ $161,580$ Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year $6,556,888$ $118,603$ $6,675,491$	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING					
Interest paid on long-term debt (980) $(91,650)$ $(92,630)$ Capital Contribution-14,05114,051Acquisition of capital assets $(62,479)$ $(34,051)$ $(96,530)$ Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related $(84,621)$ $(191,592)$ $(276,213)$ CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIESInterest on investment $20,892$ - $20,892$ Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities $20,892$ - $20,892$ Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents $70,235$ $91,345$ $161,580$ Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year $6,556,888$ $118,603$ $6,675,491$	ACITIVITIES					
Capital Contribution-14,05114,051Acquisition of capital assets(62,479)(34,051)(96,530)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(84,621)(191,592)(276,213)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investment Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year6,556,888118,6036,675,491	Principal paid on long-term debt	(21,162)	(79,942)	(101,104)		
Acquisition of capital assets(62,479)(34,051)(96,530)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(84,621)(191,592)(276,213)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investment Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year70,23591,345161,5806,556,888118,6036,675,491	Interest paid on long-term debt	(980)	(91,650)	(92,630)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities(191,592)(276,213)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investment Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year70,23591,345161,5806,556,888118,6036,675,491	Capital Contribution	-	14,051	14,051		
Financing Activities(84,621)(191,592)(276,213)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investment20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year6,556,888118,6036,675,491	Acquisition of capital assets	(62,479)	(34,051)	(96,530)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investment20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year6,556,888118,6036,675,491	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related					
Interest on investment20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year6,556,888118,6036,675,491	Financing Activities	(84,621)	(191,592)	(276,213)		
Interest on investment20,892-20,892Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year6,556,888118,6036,675,491						
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities20,892-20,892Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year6,556,888118,6036,675,491	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents70,23591,345161,580Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year6,556,888118,6036,675,491	Interest on investment	20,892		20,892		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year6,556,888118,6036,675,491	Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	20,892	-	20,892		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year6,556,888118,6036,675,491						
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	70,235	91,345	161,580		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of the Year \$ 6,627,123 \$ 209,948 \$ 6,837,071	1 0 0			6,675,491		
	Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of the Year	\$ 6,627,123	\$ 209,948	\$ 6,837,071		

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		VITIES DS	
	FUND	FUND	TOTAL
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash			
Provided By Operating Activities:			
Operating Income	\$ 324,242	\$ (12,845)	\$ 311,397
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:			
Depreciation	44,081	279,717	323,798
Change in assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in			
Accounts receivable	6,758	(3,757)	3,001
Inventories	(46,461)	4,481	(41,980)
Deferred outlfows of resources for pensions	(48,356)	(12,321)	(60,677)
Increase (decrease) in			
Accounts payable	(30,071)	6,166	(23,905)
Net pension liability	69,777	16,437	86,214
Deferred inflows of resources for pensions	(4,218)	(1,855)	(6,073)
Customer deposits	14,225	3,375	17,600
Compensated absences	3,987	3,539	7,526
Total Adjustments	9,722	295,782	305,504
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$ 333,964	\$ 282,937	\$ 616,901

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting policies of the Town of Enfield conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Town of Enfield (the "Town") is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member board of commissioners. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town a legally-separate entity for which the Town is financially accountable. The Town as of June 30, 2019 had no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business*-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental and proprietary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

The Town reports the following non-major governmental funds:

CDBG - Infrastructure Project Fund - This fund is used to account for grant funds that are restricted for infrastructure improvements.

Enfield Community Park Project Fund - This fund is used to account for grant funds restricted for use of park facilities improvement project.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Electric Fund - This fund is used to account for the Town's electric fund operations.

Water and Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and

donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general longterm debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on all registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal

year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Enfield because the tax is levied by Halifax County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant revenues.

D. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Grant Projects Special Revenue Funds and the Water and Sewer Capital Project Funds, which are consolidated with the operating funds for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law (G.S. 159-31). The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law (G.S. 159-30(c)) authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT-Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at fair value. The NCCMT-Term Portfolio is a bond fund, has no rating and is measured at fair value. As of June 30, 2019, the term portfolio has a duration of .11 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 30 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

In accordance with State law, the Town has invested in securities which are callable and which provide for periodic interest rate increases in specific increments until maturity. These investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Restricted assets consist of funds restricted for use in capital projects. Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, construction, reconstructing, or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

Governmental Activities		
General Fund	Streets	<u>\$ 296,726</u>
Total Governmental Activities		<u>\$ 296,726</u>
Business-type Activities		
Electric Fund	Customer Deposits	\$ 89,120
Water & Sewer Fund	Customer Deposits	36,570
Total Business-Type Activities		<u>\$ 125,690</u>
Total Restricted Cash		<u>\$ 422,416</u>

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivables

In accordance with State law (G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159- 13(a)), the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1^{st} , the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1^{st} (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6^{th} These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. <u>Inventory</u>

The inventories of the Town are valued at cost (first-in, first-out) which approximates market. The Town's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when used.

The inventories of the Town's enterprise fund consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The costs of these inventories are expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are \$5,000 for all asset types. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimate Useful Lives
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	40
Improvements	40
Vehicles	5-10
Furniture and equipment	5-10

8. <u>Deferred outflows/inflows of resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meet this criterion, contributions made to the pension plan in the 2019 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows or resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has two items that meet the criterion for this category – property taxes receivable and pension deferrals.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a last-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of two classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance-This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute-North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The

calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". *Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget.* Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets-Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill Funds.

Restricted for Infrastructure-portion of fund balance that is restricted for use for CDBG Infrastructure Project.

Assigned Fund Balance-portion of fund balance that the Board has appropriated for subsequent years expenditures.

Unassigned Fund Balance-the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Enfield has no formal revenue spending policy for programs with multiple revenue sources. The finance officer has authority to make revenue hierarchy spending decisions that are in the best interest of the Town.

The Town has not adopted a minimum fund balance policy.

12. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance-total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$5,316,421 consists of several elements as follows:

Description		Amount
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental activities column) Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	\$8,614,062 (3,055,459)	5,558,603
Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds Deferred inflows - LGERS Deferred outflows - LGERS Deferred outflows - LGERS Deferred outflows - LEOSSA	(3,344) (7,429) 174,689 <u>42,668</u>	206 594
Accrued interest receivable less the amount claimed as unearned revenue in the government-wide statements as these funds are not available and therefore deferred in the fund statements		206,584 59,833
Liabilities for revenue deferred but earned and therefore recorded in the fund statements but not the government-wide		160,278
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements:		
Bonds, leases and installment financing Compensated absences Total pension liability Pension liability - LGERS Accrued interest payable Liability adjustment	(277,182) (39,569) (132,167) (218,769) (1,190)	<u>(668,877)</u>
Total adjustment		<u>\$5,316,421</u>

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balance-total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of (\$27,276) as follows:

Description	Amount
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the statement of activities	\$ 193,903
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements	
	(241,184)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	
	46,229
Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities	
	(24,231)
The issuance of long-term debt provided current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources. This is the net effect of those differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	
Repayment of principal	92,194
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements	

Difference in interest expense between fund statements (modified accrual) and government- wide statements (full-accrual)	853
Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements but not in the fund statements because they do not use current resources	(8,654)
Pension (expense) income-LGERS	(72,907)
Revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources are not recorded as revenues in the fund statements Reversal of deferred tax revenue recorded 7-1- 18 Recording of tax receipts deferred in the fund	(172,210)
statements as of 6-30-19	160,278
Increase in accrued taxes receivable for the year ended 6-30-19	(1,547)
Total adjustment	<u>(\$ 27,276)</u>

13. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Enfield employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of Enfield has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

II. <u>Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability</u>

A. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the expenditures made in the Town's Water and Sewer Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the governing board for water operations by \$13,775 and for sewer operations by

\$10,271. These over-expenditures occurred primarily because of the purchase of fixed assets that were under the capitalization limit. Management and the Board will more closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the expenditures made by the Town in the CDBG Fund exceeded the project authorization by \$539 and the expenditures in the Disaster Recovery Fund exceeded the project authorization by \$51. These over-expenditures occurred because of final costs to finish these projects that the Town thought would be reimbursed but were not. Management and the Board will more closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization. The risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2019, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$6,437,445 and a bank balance of \$6,459,903. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$5,959,903 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2019, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$750.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2019, the Town of Enfield had \$955,057 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no policy recording credit risk for investments.

3. Receivables- Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2019 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General Fund: Garbage Receivable Total General Fund	<u>\$ 2,314</u> 2,314
Enterprise Funds: Electric Fund Water and Sewer Fund Total Enterprise Funds	\$ 21,373 <u>13,826</u> \$ 35,199
Total	<u>\$ 37,513</u>

4. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning <u>Balances</u>	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 284.473	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 284.473
Dund	\$284,473 1,821,149	ب 193,903		\$ 284,473
Construction in progress	1,021,149	193,903	(2,015,052)	
Total capital assets not being	2 105 622	102 002	(2,015,052)	201 172
Depreciated	2,105,622	<u>193 903</u>	(2,015,052)	284,473
Capital assets being depreciated:	1 075 971			1 075 971
Buildings	1,975,871	-	-	1,975,871
Other Improvements	2,884,321	2,015,052	-	4,899,373
Equipment	402,765	-	-	402,765
Vehicles	1,051,580			1,051,580
Total capital assets being				
Depreciated	6,314,537	2,015,052		8,329,589
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,199,337	29,490	-	1,228,827
Other Improvements	416,380	114,494	-	530,874
Equipment	276,040	41,760	-	317,800
Vehicles	922,518	55,440	-	977,958
Total accumulated depreciation	2,814,275	\$241,184	\$ -	3,055,459
Total capital assets being	<u>,</u>	<u>+=,</u>		
depreciated, net	3,500,262			5,274,130
Governmental activity capital assets,				
net	<u>\$ 5,605,884</u>			<u>\$5,558,603</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 146,460
Public Safety	26,353
Public Works	68,371
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$241,184</u>

	Beginning <u>Balances</u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balances</u>
Business-type activities:				
Electric Fund				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	<u>\$ 3,900</u>	<u>\$ 4,900</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 8,800</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Substations, Lines & Related Equip.	1,863,309	-	-	1,863,309
Buildings	108,420	8,200	-	116,620
Furniture and Maintenance Equip.	286,904	49,379	-	336,283
Vehicles	603,098			603,908
Total capital assets being		60 (5 0)		0.000 100
Depreciated	2,862,541	<u>62,479</u>		2,920,120
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Substations, Lines & Related Equip.	1,787,117	9,124	-	1,796,241
Buildings	51,020	3,932	-	54,952
Furniture and Maintenance Equip.	267,060	8,326	-	275,386
Vehicles	550,786	22,699	<u> </u>	573,485
Total accumulated depreciation	2,655,983	<u>\$ 44,081</u>	<u>\$ </u>	2,700,064
Total capital assets being	206 550			220.056
depreciated, net	206,558			220,056
Electric Fund capital assets, net	<u>\$ 210,458</u>			<u>\$ 228,856</u>
Water and Sewer Fund				
Capital assets not being depreciated:	¢ 01.000	<i>ф</i>	¢	¢ 01.000
Land	\$ 21,230	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,230
Construction in progress	0,6,000	14.051	(100.051)	
Total aggital aggets not hairs	<u>86,000</u>	14,051	<u>(100,051)</u>	
Total capital assets not being	107 220	14.051	(100.051)	21.220
Depreciated Capital assets being depreciated:	107,230	14,051	<u>(100,051)</u>	21,230
Plant and distribution systems	12,921,341	100,051		13,021,392
Buildings	8,560	100,031	-	8,560
Furniture and Maintenance Equip.	349,546	20,000	-	369,546
Vehicles	63,717	20,000	_	63,717
Total capital assets being	05,717		·	05,717
Depreciated	13,343,164	120,051	-	13,463,215
Less accumulated depreciation for:	10,010,101	120,001		
Plant and distribution systems	6,121,909	269,000	-	6,390,909
Buildings	5,867	113	-	5,980
Furniture and Maintenance Equip.	278,877	10,604	-	289,481
Vehicles	63,717		-	63,717
Total accumulated depreciation	6,470,370	\$ 279,717	\$ -	6,750,087
Total capital assets being	<u>_</u>	<u>,</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
depreciated, net	6,872,794			6,713,128
Water and Sewer fund capital assets, net	\$ 6,980,024			<u>\$ 6,734,358</u>
•				
Business-type activities capital assets,				
net	<u>\$ 7,190,482</u>			<u>\$ 6,963,214</u>

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

The Town of Enfield is a participating employer in the Plan Description. statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS, a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454 or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with

partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 8.50% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.97% for general employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$82,624 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions – The Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported a liability of \$383,133 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, The Town's proportion was .01615%, which was an increase of 0.00249% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$100,710. At June 30, 2019, The Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>	
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 59,108	\$ 1,983	
Changes of assumptions	101,669	-	
Net difference between projected			
and actual earnings on pension plan investments	52,593	-	
Changes in proportion and			
differences between the Town	11 (02	2 972	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	11,603	3,873	
Town contributions subsequent to			
the measurement date	82,624	-	
Total	\$ 307,597	\$ 5,856	

\$82,624 reported as deferred outflows or resources related to pensions resulting from The Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	101,658
2021	70,004
2022	15,486
2023	31,969

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.5
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that

cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies; return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed

that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	Discount		
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>. </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
(asset)	\$920,319	\$383,133	(\$65,748)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description

The Town of Enfield administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2017, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	0
Terminated plan members entitled	
to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active Plan members	12
Total	_12

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statements 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.5 to 7.35 percent, including
	inflation and productivity factor
Discount rate	3.64 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2017.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

4. <u>Contributions</u>

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees.

The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$0 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$132,167. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$24,231.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	34,966	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		7,702		7,429
Town benefit payments and plan				
administrative expense made subsequent				
to the measurement date		-		-
Total	\$	42,668	\$	7,429

\$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	6,442
2021	6,442
2022	6,442
2023	6,499
2024	6,559
Thereafter	2,855

\$0 paid as benefits came due and \$0 of administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the

discount rate of 3.64 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.64 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.64 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	<u>(2.64%)</u>	<u>(3.64%)</u>	<u>(4.64%)</u>	
Total pension liability	\$149,759	\$132,167	\$116,679	

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2019
Beginning balance	\$ 107,335
Service Cost	14,397
Interest on the total pension liability	3,392
Differences between expected and actual experience in	
the measurement of the total pension liability	15,213
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(8,170)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 132,167

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
\$ 100,710	\$ 24,231	\$ 124,941
383,133	132,167	515,300
.01615%	n/a	-
	\$ 100,710 383,133	\$ 100,710 \$ 24,231 383,133 132,167

	LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
Deferred of Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	59,108	34,966	94,074
Changes of assumptions	101,669	7,702	109,371
Net difference between projected			
and actual earnings on plan			
investments	52,593	-	52,593
Changes in proportion and			
differences between contributions			
and proportionate share of			
contributions	11,603	-	11,603
Benefit payments and			
administrative costs paid			
subsequent to the measurement			
date	82,624	-	82,624
Deferred of Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	1,983	-	1,983
Changes of assumptions	-	7,429	7,429
Change in proportion and			
differences between contributions			
and proportionate share of			
contributions	3,873	-	3,873

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$36,677, which consisted of \$16,762 from the Town and \$19,915 from the law enforcement officers.

d. Other Post-employment Benefits

The Town offers no benefits to employees after separation or retirement.

2. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, costsharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest month's salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

5. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	\$ 82,624
Benefit payments made and administrative expenses for	
LEOSSA	28,213
Differences between expected and actual experience	94,074
Changes of assumptions	109,371
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	
pension plan investments	52,593
Changes in proportion and differences between the Town	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	11,603
Total	<u>\$ 378,478</u>

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	Statement of Net Position	General Fund Balance Sheet
Taxes receivable, net (General Fund)	\$ -	\$ 160,278
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	1,983	-
Changes of assumptions	7,429	-
Changes in proportion and differences		
between the Town contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions	3,873	
Total	\$ 13,285	<u>\$160,278</u>

6. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, workers compensation coverage up to the statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to a \$2 million lifetime limit. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability, auto liability, and property in excess of \$500,000 and \$300,000 up to statutory limits for worker's compensation. The pools are reinsured for annual employee health claims in excess of \$150,000. The property liability pool has an aggregate limit for the total property losses in a single year, with the reinsurance limit based upon a percentage of the total insurance values.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks except for flood insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year. The Board is currently considering obtaining flood coverage for future losses. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the pat three fiscal years.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Officer and Finance Commissioner are each individually bonded for \$50,000. The Remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket surety bond.

7. <u>Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities</u>

At June 30, 2019, the Town had no pending lawsuits.

6. Long-Term Obligation

a. Installment Purchases

In 2008 the Town entered into a \$850,000 direct placement contract for a municipal complex. The contract requires quarterly payments of \$14,167 plus interest at 4.21%. The complex is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The balance at June 30, 2019 is \$240,833.

In 2015 the Town entered into a \$173,719 direct placement contract for a trash truck. The contract requires annual payments of \$37,188, including interest at 2.31%. The truck is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The balance at June 30, 2019 is \$36,349.

In 2013 the Town entered into a \$228,834 direct placement contract to fund a water project. The contract requires annual payments of \$11,442 with no interest. The balance at June 30, 2019 is \$160,184.

In 2016 the Town entered into a \$103,494 direct placement contract for a bucket truck. The contract requires annual payments of \$22,142 including interest of 2.29%. The truck is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The balance at June 30, 2019 is \$21,646.

Annual debt service payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2019 including \$24,177 of interest are as follows:

	Governm		Busin	
	<u>Type Acti</u>	vities	Type A	<u>Activities</u>
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 93,015	\$ 10,109	\$ 33,088	\$ 496
2021	56,667	6,860	11,442	-
2022	56,667	4,474	11,442	-
2023	56,667	2,088	11,442	-
2024	14,166	150	11,442	-
2025-2029	-	-	57,208	-
2030-2034			45,766	
Total	\$ 277,182	\$ 23,681	\$ 181,830	\$ 496

b. <u>General Obligation Indebtedness</u>

The Town's general obligation bonds serviced by the water and sewer fund were issued to finance capital projects. Those general obligation bonds issued to finance the construction of infrastructure utilized in the operations of the water and sewer system and which are being retired by its resources are reported as long-term debt in the Water and Sewer Fund. All general obligation bonds are

collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the Town. Principal and interest requirements are appropriated when due.

General Obligation Bonds: Serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund

\$2,688,000 originally-1997 Sewer Capital Project Bond due in annual installments with interest at 5%.

<u>\$1,764,500</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 72,500	\$ 88,225
2021	76,000	84,600
2022	79,000	80,800
2023	83,500	76,850
2024	87,000	72,675
2025-2029	502,500	293,475
2030-2034	540,000	162,000
2035-2039	324,000	32,400
Total	<u>\$1,764,500</u>	<u>\$ 891,025</u>

c. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Balance July 1, 2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2019	Current Portion
Governmental Activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 30,915	\$ 49,718	\$ 41,064	\$ 39,569	\$ 39,569
Installment purchases	369,376	-	92,194	277,182	93,015
Net pension liability					
(LGERS)	130,537	88,232	-	218,769	-
Total pension obligation					
(LEO)	107,335	24,832		132,167	
Total	<u>\$ 638,163</u>	<u>\$ 162,782</u>	<u>\$ 133,258</u>	<u>\$ 667,687</u>	<u>\$ 132,584</u>
Business-type Activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 15,407	\$ 28,361	\$20,835	\$ 22,933	\$ 20,835
Net pension liability					
(LGERS)	78,150	86,214	-	164,364	-
Installment purchases	214,434	-	32,604	181,830	33,088
General obligation bonds	1,833,000		68,500	1,764,500	72,500
Total	<u>\$2,140,991</u>	<u>\$ 114,575</u>	<u>\$ 121,939</u>	<u>\$2,133,627</u>	<u>\$ 126,423</u>

d. Interfund Balances and Activity

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2019, consists of the following:

	Due To	Due From
General Fund: Electric Fund	\$-	\$ 53,185
CDBG Infrastructure		48
CDBG Infrastructure General	48	
Electric Fund:		
Water & Sewer Fund	259,463	-
General Fund	53,185	-
Water & Sewer Fund:		
Electric Fund		259,463
Total	<u>\$ 312,696</u>	<u>\$ 312,696</u>

These balances are advances for payments made by the receivable fund prior to reimbursement by payable fund. All balances are considered current.

Transfers to/from at June 30, 2019, consist of the following:

<u>Governmental Activities:</u> Transfer from Electric Fund to General Fund	\$ 200,000
Business-type Activities: Transfer from Electric Fund to General Fund	\$ 200,000

These transfers are used to cover shared operating costs

e. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	Governmental	Business-Type
Capital assets	\$5,558,603	\$6,963,214
Less: Current portion of Debt	93,015	105,588
Less: Long term Debt	184,167	1,840,742
Net investment in capital assets	<u>\$5,281,421</u>	<u>\$5,016,884</u>

f. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total Fund Balance – General Fund	\$ 708,164
Less :	
Stabilization by State Statute	222,161
Streets - Powell Bill	296,726
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2019 budget	350,000
Remaining Fund Balance	(\$ 160,723)

The Town of Enfield has adopted no formal fund balance policy.

IV. SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several Federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

V. <u>SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS</u>

The Town has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between June 30, 2019 and November 27, 2019, which is the date that the financials were available to be issued, for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. There were no events that occurred during this time that were deemed to be significant enough to be disclosed.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA TOWN OF ENFIELD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS *

Local Government Employees' Retirement System	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	2016	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Enfield's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.01615%	0.01366%	0.01240%	0.01217%	-0.02%	0.02%
Enfield's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	383,133	208,687	263,170	54,618	(89,407)	229,023
Enfield's covered-employee payroll	861,563	821,830	736,764	745,826	869,619	902,718
Enfield's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	44.47%	25.39%	35.72%	7.3232%	-10.2812%	25.3704%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability **	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

** This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA TOWN OF ENFIELD'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

Local Government Employees' Retirement Syst	em <u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 82,624	\$ 68,263	\$ 63,059	\$ 51,447	\$ 54,532	\$ 63,251
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	82,624	68,263	63,059	51,447	54,532	63,251
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Enfield's covered-employee payroll	1,014,616	861,563	821,830	736,764	745,826	869,619
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	8.14%	7.92%	7.67%	6.98%	7.31%	7.27%

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE June 30, 2019

	 2019	 2018
Beginning balance	\$ 107,335	\$ 54,535
Service Cost	14,397	9,964
Interest on the total pension liability	3,392	2,105
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement		
of the total pension liability	15,213	30,133
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(8,170)	10,598
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 132,167	\$ 107,335

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE June 30, 2019

	 2019	 2018	 2017
Total pension liability	\$ 132,167	\$ 107,335	\$ 54,535
Covered payroll	476,402	356,276	368,321
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	27.74%	30.13%	14.81%

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Enfield has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES	Deboli	Meronic	(ILOMITE)
Ad valorem taxes			
Current year	\$ 512,500	\$ 532,992	\$ 20,492
Prior years	36,196	24,780	(11,416)
Penalties and interest	1,599	7,327	5,728
Total Ad valorem taxes	550,295	565,099	14,804
Other taxes and licenses			
Privilege licenses	750	30	(720)
Motor vehicle licenses	-	12	12
Total other taxes and licenses	750	42	(708)
Unrestricted intergovernmental			
Local option sales tax	260,000	283,961	23,961
Utility franchise tax	85,000	97,251	12,251
Beer and wine tax	11,200	10,599	(601)
Tax refunds	28,980	7,139	(21,841)
Telecommunications & excise tax	22,000	23,592	1,592
ABC profit distribution	400	2,660	2,260
Video programming tax	13,400	11,913	(1,487)
Solid waste disposal	1,600		(1,600)
Total Unrestricted Intergovernmental	422,580	437,115	14,535
Restricted intergovernmental			
Powell bill allocation	74,600	73,226	(1,374)
N C Crime Commission Grant	3,896	3,896	-
Parks & Recreation Grant	2,500	2,500	-
Controlled substance tax	-	419	419
Total Restricted Intergovernmental	80,996	80,041	(955)
Permits and fees			
Building permits and inspection	5,100	6,075	975
Sales and services Garbage collection fee	174,000	163,238	(10,762)
Cemetery revenue	24,600	16,300	(8,300)
Other	12,895	1,215	(11,680)
Total Sales and Services	211,495	180,753	(30,742)
Investment earnings	13,464	20,514	7,050
Miscellaneous			
Police revenues and citations	9,843	16,470	6,627
Solar Farm	-	300,000	300,000
Other	15,430	17,202	1,772
Total miscellaneous	25,273	333,672	308,399
Total revenues	\$ 1,309,953	\$ 1,623,311	\$ 313,358

	B	UDGET	A	CTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
EXPENDITURES						
General government						
Governing body						
Salaries and benefits	\$	22,607	\$	22,473	\$	134
Operating expenditures		33,649		33,066		583
Capital outlay				-		-
Total governing body		56,256		55,539		717
Legal department						
Operating expenditures						
Professional services		22,000		22,000		-
Total Legal Department		22,000		22,000		-
Administration						
Salaries and benefits		118,833		113,562		5,271
Other operating expenditures		82,687		80,949		1,738
Capital outlay		-		-		-
Total administration		201,520		194,511		7,009
Planning and Zoning						
Salaries and benefits		36,477		36,256		221
Other operating expenditures		11,639		11,020		619
Capital outlay		-		-		-
Total planning and zoning		48,116		47,276		840
Job Share						
Other operating expenditures		7,780		7,048		732
Capital outlay		-		-		-
Total job share		7,780		7,048		732
Total General Government	\$	335,672	\$	326,374	\$	9,298

	BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
Public Safety						
Police						
Salaries and benefits	\$	568,303	\$	534,115	\$	34,188
Other operating expenditures		199,253		204,237		(4,984)
Capital outlay		-		-		-
Total police		767,556		738,352		29,204
Fire department						
Other operating expenditures		72,000		72,000		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-
Total Fire Department		72,000		72,000		-
Total Public Safety		839,556		810,352		29,204
Public Works						
Transportation and Sanitation						
Salaries and benefits		119,432		115,433		3,999
Other operating expenditures		339,013		289,377		49,636
Capital outlay		4,800		-		4,800
Total Public Works		463,245		404,810		58,435
Cultural and Recreational						
Recreational Department						
Salaries and benefits		29,699		25,768		3,931
Other operating expenditures		54,984		52,715		2,269
Capital outlay		-		-		-
Total Recrational Department		84,683		78,483		6,200
Library						
Other operating expenditures		6,800		5,406		1,394
Total Library		6,800		5,406		1,394
Total Cultural and Recreational		91,483		83,889		7,594
Debt Service						
Principal retirement		92,198		92,194		4
Interest and fees		15,682		13,288		2,394
Total Debt Service		107,880		105,482		2,398
Total expenditures	\$	1,837,836	\$	1,730,907	\$	106,929

	BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(527,883)	\$	(107,596)	\$	420,287
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets Transfers to/from Electric		- 200,000		12,000 200,000		12,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		200,000		212,000		12,000
FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED		327,883				(327,883)
EXCESS OF REVENUES, APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE, AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	\$			104,404	\$	104,404
FUND BALANCES						
Beginning of year				603,760		
End of year			\$	708,164		

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

	CDBG INFRASTRUCTURE	ENFIELD COMMUNITY PARK	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Total Assets	\$	<u>30,118</u> <u>30,118</u>	\$ 30,118 30,118	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities				
Due to other funds	48		48	
Fund Balance	(48)	30,118	30,070	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	\$ 30,118	\$ 30,118	

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	CDBG INFRASTRUCTURE		ENFIELD COMMUNITY PARK		TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
REVENUES						
Restricted Intergovernmental	\$	136,207	\$	62,432	\$	198,639
EXPENDITURES						
Economic and physical development		136,746		43,105		179,851
Revenues over						
(under) expenditures		(539)		19,327		18,788
Fund Balance - beginning of year - July 1		491		10,791		11,282
Fund Balance - end of year - June 30	\$	(48)	\$	30,118	\$	30,070

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA CDBG - INFRASTRUCTURE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			ACTUAL					
	PROJECT AUTHORIZATION	PRIOR YEARS	CURRENT YEAR	TOTAL TO DATE	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)			
REVENUES								
CDBG-Water System	1,871,356	1,735,149	136,207	1,871,356	-			
Total Revenues	1,871,356	1,735,149	136,207	1,871,356	-			
EXPENDITURES CDBG-Water System	1,871,356	1,735,149	136,746	1,871,895	(539)			
Total Expenditures	1,871,356	1,735,149	136,746	1,871,895	(539)			
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	(539)	\$ (539)	\$ (539)			
Fund Balance - beginning of year - July 1								
Fund Balance - end of year - June 30			\$ (539)					

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA ENFIELD COMMUNITY PARK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			ACTUAL							
		PROJECT AUTHORIZATION		PRIOR YEARS		RRENT YEAR	TOTAL TO DATE		VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES										
NC PARTF Grant	\$	-	\$	364,385	\$	42,848	\$	407,233	\$	-
Town Contributions		-		39,167		19,584		58,751		-
Kate B Reynolds Trust		-		130,310		-		130,310		-
	ç	918,630		533,862		62,432		596,294		(322,336)
EXPENDITURES										
Recreation Center renovation		-		86,455		-		86,455		
Playground equipment		-		94,694		-		94,694		
Multi-purpose Athletic field		-		64,750		-		64,750		
Site improvement		-		235,919		-		235,919		
Walking trail		-		76,337		16,340		92,677		
Myer Oakview building renovation		-		119,705		26,765		146,470		
Planning		-		11,665		-		11,665		
Playground		-		2,875		-		2,875		
Total Expenditures	ç	912,980		692,400		43,105		735,505		177,475
Revenues over (under) expenditures		5,650	(158,538)		19,327		(139,211)		(499,811)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfer from General Fund		(5,650)		169,329				169,329		174,979
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	\$		\$	10,791		19,327	\$	30,118	\$	30,118
Fund Balance - beginning of year - July 1						10,791				
Fund Balance - end of year - June 30					\$	30,118				

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA ELECTRIC FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES			
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services			
Sale of electricity	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 2,711,564	\$ (788,436)
Miscellaneous	77,500	80,721	3,221
Total Operating Revenues	3,577,500	2,792,285	(785,215)
Non-operating Revenues			
Interest Income	8,600	20,892	12,292
Total Non-operating Revenues	8,600	20,892	12,292
Total Revenues	3,586,100	2,813,177	(772,923)
EXPENDITURES			
Electrical Operations Salaries and employee benefits	500,011	486,364	13,647
Suplies	100,848	480,304 52,493	48,355
Maintenance and repairs	54,392	42,811	11,581
Cost of electricity	2,186,763	1,654,219	532,544
Utilities	14,260	1,054,219	3,091
Other operating expenditures	158,770	117,900	40,870
Contracted services	109,400	41,803	67,597
Total Electrical Operations	3,124,444	2,406,759	717,685
	0,12 1,111	2,100,703	11,000
Capital Outlay	62,500	62,479	21
Debt Service			
Interest and fees	981	980	1
Total Expenditures	3,187,925	2,470,218	717,707
Revenues over (under) expenditures	398,175	342,959	(55,216)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfer to General Fund	(200,000)	(200,000)	-
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)	(200,000)	(200,000)	-
Fund Balance Appropriated	(198,175)	-	198,175
Revenues and Other Financing Sources			
(Uses) over (under) Expenditures	\$ -	142,959	\$ 142,959
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis:			
Capital outlay		62,479	
Increase in deferred outflows of resource	es-pensions	48,356	
Increase in net pension liability		(69,777)	
Decrease in deferred inflows of resource	s-pensions	4,218	
Depreciation		(44,081)	
Change in Net Position - Exhibit 7		\$ 144,154	

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	B	UDGET	ACTUAL	Р	ARIANCE OSITIVE EGATIVE)
REVENUES					
Operating Revenues					
Charges for Services					
Water service	\$	519,824	\$ 611,977	\$	92,153
Sewer service		550,000	542,651		(7,349)
Taps and connections		1,500	(25)		(1,525)
Total Operating Revenues		1,071,324	1,154,603		83,279
EXPENDITURES					
Water Operations					
Salaries and employee benefits		129,159	127,389		1,770
Utiilties		32,500	30,492		2,008
Maintenance and repairs		34,579	32,572		2,007
Chemicals and supplies		11,010	16,050		(5,040)
Other operating expenditures		27,075	41,869		(14,794)
Contracted services		236,343	236,069		274
Total Water Operations		470,666	484,441		(13,775)
Sewer Operations					
Salaries and employee benefits		38,868	38,032		836
Utiilties		114,350	114,264		86
Maintenance and repairs		8,900	8,900		-
Chemicals and supplies		4,438	3,878		560
Other operating expenditures Contracted services		23,506	35,258		(11,752)
		200,696	200,697		(1)
Total Sewer Operations		390,758	401,029		(10,271)
Capital Outlay		46,151	34,051		12,100
Debt Service					
Principal retirement		79,942	68,500		11,442
Interest and fees		91,650	91,650		-
Total Debt Service		171,592	160,150		11,442
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(7,843)	74,932		82,775
Fund Balance appropriated		7,843			(7,843)
Revenues and other sources over					
expenditures and other uses	\$	-	74,932	\$	74,932
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual)					
to full accrual basis:					
(Increase) decrease in accrued vacation			24.051		
Capital outlay			34,051		
Capital contributions	nonciona		14,051 12,321		
Increase in deferred outflows of resources Increase in net pension liability	-pensions		(16,437)		
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources-	nensions		(10,437)		
Depreciation	Pensions		(279,717)		
Principal retirement			68,500		
Change in Net Position - Exhibit 7			\$ (90,444)		
-					

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER CAPITAL PROJECT FUND-DISASTER RECOVERY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			ACTUAL							
		ROJECT ORIZATION		PRIOR YEAR		RRENT YEAR		FOTAL O DATE	POS	RIANCE SITIVE GATIVE)
REVENUES N C Department of										
Environmental Quality	\$	100,000	\$	85,734	\$	14,051	\$	99,785	\$	(215)
EXPENDITURES										
Administration				3,450		988		4,438		
Engineering				21,985		-		21,985		
Improvements Total Expenditures		100,000		60,565 86,000		13,063 14,051		73,628 100,051		(51)
REVENUES OVER (UNDE	R)									
EXPENDITURES	\$	-	\$	(266)		-	\$	(266)	\$	(266)
Fund Balance - beginning of	year - Ju	ly 1				(266)				
Fund Balance - end of year -	June 30				\$	(266)				

OTHER SCHEDULES

EXHIBIT C-1

FISCAL YEAR	B	UNCOLLECTED BALANCE JUNE 30, 2018		BALANCE			LECTIONS CREDITS	UNCOLLECTED BALANCE JUNE 30, 2019		
2019	\$	-	\$	566,270	\$ 532,992	\$	33,278			
2018		36,409		-	16,274		20,135			
2017		24,197		-	6,900		17,297			
2016		19,695		-	4,834		14,861			
2015		18,815		-	4,677		14,138			
2014		16,256		-	457		15,799			
2013		14,595		-	620		13,975			
2012		12,456		-	481		11,975			
2011		9,648		-	146		9,502			
2010		9,580		-	262		9,318			
2009		10,559		-	 10,559		-			
	\$	172,210	\$	566,270	\$ 578,202	\$	160,278			

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE June 30, 2019

Reconcilement with revenues:

Ad valorem taxes - General Fund	\$ 565,099
Reconciling items:	
Interest collected	(7,327)
Amounts written off	10,559
Discounts allowed	 9,871
Total collections and credits	\$ 578,202

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

						Total	Levy	
		perty lation	Rate	Total Levy	Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles		Registered Motor Vehicles	
Original Levy:								
Real and personal property	\$ 57,	992,005	0.838	\$ 485,973	\$	485,973	\$	-
Motor vehicles	9,	581,981	0.838	 80,297		-		80,297
Total Property Valuation	\$ 67,	573,986						
Net Levy				\$ 566,270	\$	485,973	\$	80,297
Less uncollected taxes at June 30, 2	2019			 33,278		31,602		1,676
Current Year Taxes Collected				\$ 532,992	\$	454,371	\$	78,621
Current Levy Collection %				 94.12%		93.50%		97.91%

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans, & Company, LLP

Certified Public Accountants



Gary L. Williams, CPA Carleen P. Evans, CPA Jennifer T. Reese, CPA Tara H. Roberson, CPA

Curtis G. Van Horne, CPA

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And on Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>

Independent Auditor's Report

Town of Enfield, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Enfield, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 27, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Enfield's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Enfield's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As a part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Enfield's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Co., LLP

Oxford, North Carolina November 27, 2019

TOWN OF ENFIELD SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance to GAAP: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency(s)	Yes	<u>X</u> None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	<u>X</u> No

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

TOWN OF ENFIELD CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

TOWN OF ENFIELD SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

There were no findings in the prior years.