#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2019

#### **BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS**

Perry Conner, Mayor

McKay Whatley Richard Goodwin

Priscilla Dunn Brandon Hurley

A.C. Hurley, Mayor Pro-Tem

#### **OFFICIALS**

Beverly O'Brien Finance Officer

Franklin E. Wells, Jr. Attorney

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## WILLIAM R. HUNEYCUTT

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT PLLC

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners Town of Franklinville Franklinville, North Carolina

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Franklinville, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Franklinville's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes

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evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In my opinion, based on my audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Franklinville, North Carolina as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 15, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Franklinville's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

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The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, based on my audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated March 13, 2020 on my consideration of Town of Franklinville's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Town of Franklinville's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

William R. Huneycutt, CPA, PLLC Asheboro, North Carolina

Wella R Hungett, CPA, PLIC

March 13, 2020

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Franklinville, we offer readers of the Town of Franklinville's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Franklinville for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to examine the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this parrative.

The MD&A is an opportunity for management to proactively address any issues that might be affecting the unit's financial status or questions that might be posed by readers of the financial statements. A thoughtful discussion and analysis of economic, financial, or budgetary factors that might influence the unit should be presented.

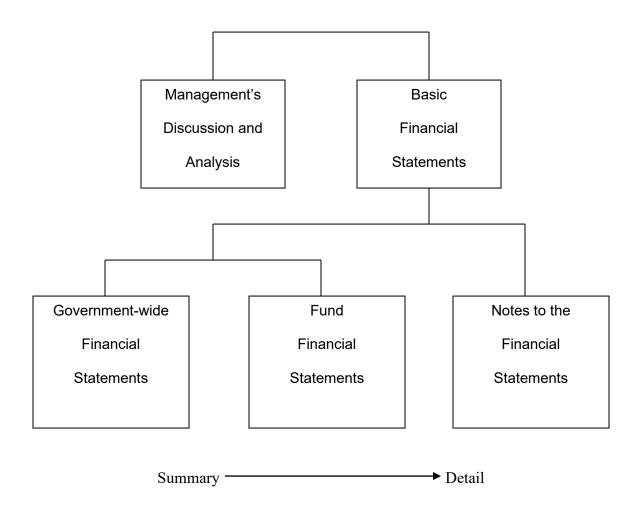
#### Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Franklinville exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$6,354,653 (net position).
- The government's total net position decreased by \$265,059, primarily due to decreases in the business-type activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Franklinville's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$730,900 with a net decrease of \$42,158 in fund balance. Approximately 43 percent of this total amount, or \$316,988, is restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$413,912 or 59 percent of the total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Franklinville's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Franklinville.

#### Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1



#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's

Management Discussion and Analysis Town of Franklinville

individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Franklinville.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Franklinville, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Town of Franklinville can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and

Management Discussion and Analysis Town of Franklinville

the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Franklinville adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

**Proprietary Fund** – Town of Franklinville has a proprietary fund or enterprise fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Franklinville uses its enterprise fund to account for water and sewer activities. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 25 of this report.

#### Town of Franklinville's Net Position

Figure 2

			ernme ctiviti			iness- ctiviti	- 1	Total			
		2019		2018	2019		2018	2019		2018	
Current and other assets Capital assets Deferred outflows of resources		771,680 683,480	\$	845,863 641,752	\$ 429,033 4,921,918	\$	606,921 4,990,197	\$ 1,200,713 5,605,398	\$	1,452,784 5,631,949	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		1,455,160		1,487,615	5,350,951		5,597,118	6,806,111		7,084,733	
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities		73,077		- 19,177	326,460 51,921		336,726 62,863	326,460 124,998		336,726 82,040	
Deferred inflows of resources		-		-	-		-	-		-	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		73,077		19,177	378,381		399,589	451,458		418,766	
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	\$	683,480 241,825 456,778 1,382,083	\$	641,752 265,904 560,782 1,468,438	\$ 4,545,917 - 426,653 4,972,570	\$	4,643,205 - 554,324 5,197,529	\$ 5,229,397 241,825 883,431 6,354,653	\$	5,284,957 265,904 1,115,106 6,665,967	

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Franklinville exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$6,354,653 as of June 30, 2019. The Town's net position decreased by \$265,059 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. However, the largest portion (82%) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town of Franklinville uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Franklinville's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Franklinville's net position, \$241,825 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$883,431 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes.
- Low cost of debt.
- Purchases of capital assets during the fiscal year.

## Town of Franklinville Changes in Net Position Figure 3

		vernme Activitie			ness-ty		Total			
•	2019		2018	2019		2018	2019		2018	
Revenues:										
Program revenues										
Charges for services	\$ 65,329	\$	66,203	\$ 486,006	\$	554,440	\$ 551,335	\$	620,643	
Operating grants and contributions	12,000		12,000	-		-	12,000		12,000	
Capital grants and contributions	125,962		34,391	40,066		-	74,009		34,391	
General revenues:										
Property taxes	184,476		186,297	-		-	184,476		186,297	
Other taxes	-		-	-		-	-		-	
Grants and contributions not										
restricted to specific programs	347,552		325,261	-		-	347,552		325,261	
Other	22,117		13,195	-		-	22,117		13,195	
Total revenues	757,436		637,347	526,072		554,440	1,191,489		1,191,787	
Expenses:										
General government	244,185		182,337	_		_	244,185		182,337	
Public safety	69,269		72,719	_		_	69,269		72,719	
Transportation	243,207		181,005	_		_	243,207		181,005	
Environmental protection	79,841		74,436	_		_	79,841		74,436	
Culture and recreation	161,034		37,936	_		_	122,642		37,936	
Interest on long-term debt	-		57,550	11,261		11,261	11,261		11,261	
Water and sewer	_		_	739,770		676,294	739,770		676,294	
Total expenses	797,536		548,433	751,031		687,555	1,510,175		1,235,988	
Tour expenses	777,550		2 10, 133	751,051		007,333	1,510,175		1,233,700	
Increase/(decrease) in net position	(40,100)		88,914	(224,959)		(133,115)	(318,686)		(44,201)	
Net position, July 1	1,468,438		1,379,524	5,197,529		5,330,644	6,665,967		6,710,168	
Prior Period Adjustment	(46,255)		-	-		-	(46,255)		-	
Net position, June 30	\$ 1,382,083	\$	1,468,438	\$ 4,972,570	\$	5,197,529	\$ 6,301,026	\$	6,665,967	

**Governmental activities** - Governmental activities decreased the Town's net position by \$40,100. A key element of this decrease is as follows:

- The Town was diligent in the collection of property taxes.
- Increased economic activity helped to increase other tax revenues.
- The Town incurred excess expenses during this fiscal year that have not been incurred in prior years.

**Business-type activities**: Business-type activities decreased the Town of Franklinville's net position by \$224,959.

#### Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Franklinville uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds** - The focus of the Town of Franklinville's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Franklinville's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Franklinville. At the end of the current fiscal year, Town of Franklinville's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$413,912, while total fund balance reached \$576,180. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 59% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 82% of that same amount.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of the Town of Franklinville reported a combined fund balance of \$730,900, a decrease from the prior year. Included in this change in fund balance are decreases in fund balances in the Town's General Fund, decrease in the Town's Capital Improvement Fund, increases in the fund balance in the Library Building Fund, decreases in the RHCH Foundation Grant Capital Project Fund and an increase in the Tourism Development Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

**Proprietary Funds** – The Town of Franklinville's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$426,653. The total decrease in net position for the fund was \$224,959. Other factors concerning the finances of the fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Franklinville's business-type activities.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets -** The Town of Franklinville's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 totals \$4,921,918 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, streets, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

# Town of Franklinville's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) Figure 4

	Governmental Business-type										
	Activities				Ac	tivit	ies	Total			
	 2019		2018		2019		2018	2019		2018	
Land	\$ 330,974	\$	330,974	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$ 333,974	\$	333,974	
Construction in progress	59,591		59,591		39,275		-	98,866		59,591	
Buildings and systems	85,945		23,467		4,689,626		4,897,892	4,775,571		4,921,359	
Improvements other than											
buildings	-		-		224		431	224		431	
Furniture and equipment	29,466		31,552		189,793		88,874	219,259		120,426	
Infrastructure	177,504		196,168		-		-	177,504		196,168	
Vehicles and motorized											
equipment	 -		-		-		-	-		_	
Total	\$ 683,480	\$	641,752	\$	4,921,918	\$	4,990,197	\$ 5,605,398	\$	5,631,949	

For a more detailed accounting of the capital assets, refer to pages 35-36 of the section in the Notes to the Financial Statements that discusses this subject.

**Long-term Debt** - As of June 30, 2019, the Town of Franklinville had total long-term debt outstanding of \$336,726. Of this, \$263,000 of the debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town. The remainder of the Town's debt is secured by specific assets financed by the debt.

#### Town of Franklinville's Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds, Installment Purchases and Notes

Figure 5

		vernme Activitio		Business-type Activities					Total					
	2019	10111111	2018			2019	ti v itil	2018		2019	- Cui	2018		
General obligation bonds	\$ -	\$		-	\$	263,000	\$	268,000	\$	263,000	\$	268,000		
Installment purchase Note payable	_			-		73,726		78,992		73,726		78,992		
Total	\$ -	\$	•	-	\$	336,726	\$	346,992	\$	336,726	\$	346,992		

The Town of Franklinville's total debt decreased by \$10,266 (3%) during the past fiscal year. Refer to pages 38-41 of the section on long-term debt obligation in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Town of Franklinville as of June 30, 2019 is \$2,980,373. The Town has no bonds authorized at June 30, 2019.

#### **Economic Factors**

In terms of economic factors, the town maintained its position financially, and has been able to make significant capital improvements during the Fiscal Year 2018-2019. The number of businesses in the Franklinville area increased to 12.

We do see having an opportunity for growth and future development along the Highway 64 Commercial corridor. We have already seen an increase in business activity along the corridor with the opening of a new Kubota Dealership and interest in other near-by properties.

As construction on the NCDOT Hwy64 bypass around Asheboro is completed, traffic utilizing the bypass will rejoin Highway 64 at the start of Franklinville's commercial district. We expect increased interest in the Highway 64 Commercial corridor, and we are looking at ways to provide public water and sewer services to that area. We have partnered with the USDA and SERCAP to explore options for supplying services to the area and are actively making plans for a rapid completion of the project. The Highway 64 Commercial corridor IS Franklinville's economic future.

#### Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019

#### Governmental Activities:

The Town continues to look for ways to improve and expand services through efficient use of resources, and the strategic use of federal, state, and local grant programs. Our goal is to maintain services at current levels without increasing property taxes. The town does not envision any substantial increases in either revenue or expenses in the short-term.

The Board has committed to fund Capital Projects that had been on-hold for a number of years. The Capital improvements included necessary improvements to the Town Hall building, The Company Store building and the Old Bank Building. Roofs were replaced and the buildings were stabilized for either future sale, development, or retrofitting.

The town was notified of award of a Recreational Trails Program (RTP) grant in October 2018 in the amount of \$96,000.00 for DRRT-Phase 2. This grant covered a two-year period for construction of the greenway. Phase 2 link Riverside Park to the opened greenway (Phase 1). Work was completed on the Greenway Project in June of 2019 except for the professional signage of the trail. Many citizens and non-citizens use the trail daily and appreciate the work of the Public Works Department. The Board chose to use in-house resources instead of contracting the trail and was able to significantly extend the length of the trail bed as a result. New and Used equipment was purchased for the Public Works Department including a used dump truck to replace a smaller tonnage truck and a used mini excavator that proved invaluable on the greenway installation.

As envisioned, the trail will extend from Randleman through Worthville, Central Falls, Cedar Falls, Franklinville, and end in Ramseur (~14 miles). The entire trail will parallel the river on both the north and south sides, joining up in Cedar Falls.

#### Other Notable Accomplishments:

- 1) The Town has reorganized the Athletic Association and up graded the ballfield and concessions area along with new Town signage at the field.
- 2) The Town purchased, to remove, 2 properties and dilapidated homes adjacent to the Riverside Park at a cost of more than \$60,000.00. The Board considered this purchase a necessary improvement to the park and downtown area.
- 3) The Town contracted operation of the Library to the County Library system and has seen the addition of new children's programs and attendance.
- 4) New signage was installed at the park entrances.

Management Discussion and Analysis Town of Franklinville

#### **Business-Type Activities:**

When the Division of Water Quality changed the limits for TTHM in treated municipal water from .10 to .08, we begin to have problems meeting that new standard (we are not the only municipality with that problem). The town has been working with the Wooten Company and the Town of Ramseur (our water provider) to address the TTHM issue. Most months we are in compliance, but some months it is tough to meet the new standard. We were tentatively awarded a grant/loan in the total amount of \$496,000. This project will consist of two pieces: 1) TTHM removal systems installed in the Clark Street and Providence Grove High School tanks, and 2) a secondary chlorine-injection point at the Ramseur water treatment plant. Pending approval from the Local Government Commission, the Town has awarded a contract for the removal systems in the two tanks and will handle improvements to the Ramseur water treatment plant by our own Public Works Department.

#### **Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Mayor Perry Conner or Finance Officer Beverly O'Brien, Town of Franklinville, P.O. Box 277, Franklinville, NC 27248.

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	(	Governmenta Activities	1	Business-type Activities	_	Total
Assets:						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	523,822	\$	337,378	\$	861,200
Taxes receivable (net)		8,703		-		8,703
Accounts receivable (net)		9,672		45,110		54,782
Other receivables		92,019		41,343		133,362
Due from other governments		90,132		-		90,132
Internal balances		33,658		(33,658)		-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	13,674		38,860	_	52,534
Total Current Assets		771,680		429,033	_	1,200,713
Non-current assets:						
Capital Assets (Note 1):						
Land, non-depreciable improvements,						
and construction in progress		390,565		42,275		432,840
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	_	292,915		4,879,643		5,172,558
Total Capital Assets		683,480		4,921,918	_	5,605,398
<b>Total Assets</b>		1,455,160		5,350,951	_	6,806,111
Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Customer deposits Accrued interest payable Compensated absences payable Current portion of long-term liabilities	<u>-</u>	64,065 - - 9,012 -		1,933 38,860 862 - 10,266	_	65,998 38,860 862 9,012 10,266
Total Current Liabilities	_	73,077		51,921	_	124,998
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Due in more than one year	-	-		326,460	_	326,460
Total Liabilities	-	73,077		378,381	-	451,458
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets		683,480		4,545,917		5,229,397
Restricted for:		003,700		т,этэ,эт/		3,447,331
Stabilization by state statute		127,058		_		127,058
Cultural and recreational		101,093		_		101,093
Transportation		13,674		_		13,674
Unrestricted		456,778		426,653		883,431
	-				-	
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$	1,382,083	\$	4,972,570	\$ =	6,354,653

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			_			Program Revenu	ies				se) Revenue a	
											in Net Positio	
				_		Operating	Capital				Government	
7 4 7	_	Expenses		harges for		Grants and	Grants and		Governmental	V A		
Functions/Programs	Ex			Services		Contributions	Contributions		Activities		Activities	Total
Governmental Activities:	Φ.	244 105	Ф		Ф		ή	Φ	(244 195)	Φ	Φ.	(244 195)
General government	\$	244,185 69,269	<b>3</b>	-	\$	- 5	-	\$	(244,185) (69,269)	\$	- \$	(244,185) (69,269)
Public safety Transportation	,	243,207		-		-	33,943		(209,264)		-	(209,264)
Environmental protection	•	79,841		65,329		-	33,943		(14,512)		_	(14,512)
Cultural and recreational		161,034		-		12,000	92,019		(57,015)		-	(57,015)
Total Governmental Activities (See Note 1)	,	797,536		65,329		12,000	125,962		(594,245)		-	(594,245)
Business-type Activities:												
Water and sewer		751,031		486,006			40,066				(224,959)	(224,959)
Total Business-type Activities		751,031	_	486,006	_		40,066				(224,959)	(224,959)
Total	\$1,	548,567	\$	551,335	\$	12,000	\$ 166,028		(594,245)		(224,959)	(819,204)
	Gener	al Reven	1166.									
				ied for ger	nera	1 purpose			184,476		_	184,476
						tricted to specific	programs		347,552		_	347,552
		es and ser					1 8		11,206		_	11,206
	Unr	estricted	inves	tment earn	ings	S			2,055		-	2,055
	Mis	cellaneou	ıs						8,856			8,856
		Total G	ener	al Revenu	es				554,145			554,145
		Change	in N	et Position	1				(40,100)		(224,959)	(265,059)
	Net Po	osition, B	egin	ning, Prev	ious	sly Stated			1,468,438		5,197,529	6,665,967
	Prior	Period A	djus	tment					(46,255)			(46,255)
	Net, P	osition, I	Begin	ning, Rest	ate	d			1,422,183		5,197,529	6,619,712
	Net Po	osition, E	ndin	g				\$	1,382,083	\$	4,972,570 \$	6,354,653

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

	Major Funds		Total		Total	
	-	General	 Capital Improvement	Non-major Funds		Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Receivables, net:	\$	461,121 13,674	\$ -	\$ 101,093	\$	562,214 13,674
Taxes Accounts Due from other funds Due from other governments		8,703 9,672 33,658 90,132	92,019	- - -		8,703 101,691 33,658 90,132
Total Assets	\$	616,960	\$ 92,019	\$ 101,093	\$	810,072
Liabilities:					•	_
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$_	25,673	\$ 38,392	\$ 	\$	64,065
Total Liabilities	_	25,673	38,392			64,065
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Property taxes receivable		8,703	-	-		8,703
Sanitation receivable	-	6,404				6,404
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	_	15,107				15,107
Fund Balances:						
Restricted Stabilization by state statute		127,058				127,058
Streets		13,674	-	-		13,674
Cultural and recreational		-	-	31,288		31,288
Committed						
Cultural and recreational		-	-	69,805		69,805
Assigned			52 (25			52 (25
Capital improvements Subsequent year's expenditures		21,536	53,627	-		53,627 21,536
Subsequent year's expenditures Unassigned		413,912	_	-		413,912
Total Fund Balances	-	576,180	53,627	101,093	•	730,900
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	_		-			
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	616,960	\$ 92,019	\$ 101,093		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost				1,255,142		
Accumulated depreciation				(571,662)		683,480
Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements						15,107
Other long-term liabilities (accrued payroll liabilities) are not due and payr in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	able					(9,012)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	
rver position of governmental activities					Ф	1,420,475

### $\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE}}{\text{GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}}$

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		N	Иa	jor			
		F	un	nds	Total		Total
				Capital	Non-major		Governmental
		General		Improvement	 Funds	-	Funds
Revenues:							
Ad valorem taxes	\$	185,790	\$	-	\$ -	\$	185,790
Unrestricted intergovernmental		341,941		-	-		341,941
Restricted intergovernmental		46,554		92,019	-		138,573
Permits and fees		400		-	-		400
Sales and services		76,447		-	-		76,447
Investment earnings		1,271		-	-		1,271
Miscellaneous		10,441			 6,664	_	17,105
<b>Total Revenues</b>		662,844		92,019	 6,664	_	761,527
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		300,186		-	-		300,186
Public safety		69,269		-	-		69,269
Transportation - streets		229,066		-	-		229,066
Environmental protection		79,841		-	-		79,841
Cultural and recreational		26,846		93,612	 4,865	_	125,323
Total Expenditures		705,208		93,612	 4,865	_	803,685
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(42,364)		(1,593)	 1,799	-	(42,158)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(42,364)		(1,593)	1,799		(42,158)
Fund Balances, Beginning, Previously Reported		664,799		55,220	99,294		819,313
Prior Period Adjustment	•	(46,255)			 	_	(46,255)
Fund Balances, Beginning, Restated		618,544	-	55,220	 99,294		773,058
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	576,180	\$	53,627	\$ 101,093	\$	730,900

## $\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE}}{\text{GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}}$

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(42,158)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized \$	72,292	
Depreciation expense for governmental assets	(30,564)	41,728
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues		(1,314)
Change in unavailable revenue for sanitation revenues Change in receivables		88 (38,392)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences	_	(52)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	(40,100)

# GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ANNUAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	· <del>-</del>	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	,	\$	188,400	\$	185,790	\$	(2,610)
Unrestricted intergovernmental		232,100		235,500		341,941		106,441
Restricted intergovernmental		47,600		47,600		46,554		(1,046)
Permits and fees		250		600		400		(200)
Sales and services		86,800		86,800		76,447		(10,353)
Investment earnings Miscellaneous		280		280		1,271		991
Miscellaneous	_	6,700	_	11,900	-	10,441		(1,459)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	_	562,130	_	571,080	_	662,844	i	91,764
<b>Expenditures:</b>								
Current:								
General government		208,006		279,248		300,186		(20,938)
Public safety		67,400		67,400		69,269		(1,869)
Transportation - streets		167,274		168,274		229,066		(60,792)
Environmental protection		75,000		75,000		79,841		(4,841)
Cultural and recreational		44,450		44,450		26,846		17,604
Debt Service:								
Principal retirement Interest and other charges		-		-		-		-
_	-		_	-	-	-		
Total Expenditures	_	562,130	_	634,372	-	705,208	į	(70,836)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_			(63,292)	-	(42,364)		20,928
Fund Balance Appropriated		-		63,292		-		(63,292)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ =		\$ _	-	ł	(42,364)	\$	(42,364)
Fund Balance, Beginning, Previously Repo	rted					664,799		
Prior Period Adjustment					_	(46,255)	<b>i</b> n	
Fund Balance, Beginning, Restated						618,544		
Fund Balance, Ending					\$	576,180	ı	

## STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2019

		Major Enterprise Fund		
	-	Water and Sewer Fund		Total
Assets:				
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (net) Other receivables Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	337,378 45,110 41,343 38,860	\$	337,378 45,110 41,343 38,860
Total Current Assets	_	462,691		462,691
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets: Land and other non-depreciable assets Other capital assets, net of depreciation	_	3,000 4,918,918	-	3,000 4,918,918
Capital assets (net)	-	4,921,918		4,921,918
Total Noncurrent Assets	_	4,921,918		4,921,918
Total Assets	\$	5,384,609	\$	5,384,609
Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued interest Due to other funds Customer deposits Long-term liabilities - current	\$	1,933 862 33,658 38,860 10,266	\$	1,933 862 33,658 38,860 10,266
Total Current Liabilities		85,579		85,579
Noncurrent Liabilities:  Long-term liabilities - noncurrent  Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	326,460 326,460	-	326,460 326,460
Total Liabilities	-	412,039	•	412,039
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	•	4,585,192 387,378		4,585,192 387,378
Total Net Position	\$	4,972,570	\$	4,972,570

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major Enterprise Fund		
	Water and Sewer Fund	Total	
	Sewer Fund	Total	
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 476,622 \$	476,622	
Water and sewer taps	2,750	2,750	
Other operating revenues	6,634	6,634	
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	486,006	486,006	
Operating Expenses:			
Administration	101,712	101,712	
Water treatment and distribution	324,329	324,329	
Wastewater collection and treatment	90,180	90,180	
Depreciation	223,549	223,549	
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	739,770	739,770	
Operating Income (Loss)	(253,764)	(253,764)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Interest and other charges	(11,261)	(11,261)	
<b>Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)</b>	(11,261)	(11,261)	
Income (Loss) Before Contributions	(265,025)	(265,025)	
Capital Contributions	40,066	40,066	
Change in Net Position	(224,959)	(224,959)	
<b>Total Net Position, Beginning</b>	5,197,529	5,197,529	
<b>Total Net Position, Ending</b>	\$ 4,972,570 \$	4,972,570	

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Major Enterprise Fund		
	'	Water and		
	,	Sewer Fund	Total	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash received from customers	\$	446,004 \$	446,004	
Cash paid for goods and services	Ψ	(444,052)	(444,052)	
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services		(101,712)	(101,712)	
Customer deposits received		5,550	5,550	
Customer deposits returned		(3,950)	(3,950)	
Other operating revenues		6,634	6,634	
Other operating revenues	•	0,034	0,034	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	•	(91,526)	(91,526)	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Increase in due to other funds		-	-	
	•			
Total Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	,	<del>-</del> -		
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Acquisition of capital assets		(115,995)	(115,995)	
Principal paid on note maturities		(10,266)	(10,266)	
Interest paid on note maturities	·	(11,261)	(11,261)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related				
Financing Activities		(137,522)	(137,522)	
	•		· .	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(229,048)	(229,048)	
Balances, Beginning		605,286	605,286	
Balances, Ending	\$	376,238 \$	376,238	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided				
by Operating Activities:	_	( <b></b> () +	(2-2-2-1)	
Operating income	\$	(253,764) \$	(253,764)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash				
Provided by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation		223,549	223,549	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(31,548)	(31,548)	
(Increase) decrease in other receivables		(18,821)	(18,821)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(12,526)	(12,526)	
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest		(16)	(16)	
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	,	1,600	1,600	
Total Adjustments	·	162,238	162,238	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	ø	(01 526)   e	(01.526)	
11ct Cash I Tovided by Operating Activities	<b>3</b>	(31,320) \$	(91,526)	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Franklinville conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

#### Reporting Entity

The Town of Franklinville is a municipal corporation in Randolph County that is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town. The Town provides services which include general government, public safety, streets, sanitation, zoning, and recreation. The Town maintains a water and sewer system which supplies services to the Town and surrounding area on a user-charge basis.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Basis of Presentation (Concluded)

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, sanitation services, parks and recreation, and general government services.

**Capital Project Fund.** The Town maintains a capital improvement fund established for parks and recreation development.

The Town reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Capital Projects Funds. The Town has two Capital Project Funds which were established for park and recreation development.

**Special Revenue Funds.** The Town has two Special Revenue Funds. One was established for library building improvements, and the other fund was established for tourism development.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

**Water and Sewer Fund.** This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after yearend, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Concluded)

Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources. Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Franklinville because the tax is levied by Randolph County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

#### **Budgetary Data**

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Enterprise Fund, and the Library Building Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Greenway Capital Projects Fund and the Sewer Line Capital Projects Fund. The enterprise fund project is consolidated with the respective operating fund for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$2,500. All amendments must be approved by the governing board and the Board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

#### Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

#### Deposits and Investments (Concluded)

depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT- Cash Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT- Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

#### Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. The Town also has one certificate of deposit that is restricted as a condition of the loan from the USDA.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

#### Restricted Cash

Governmental Activities		
General Fund		
Streets		13,674
Total Governmental Activities	\$	13,674
Business-type Activities	_	
Water and Sewer Fund		
Customer Deposits	\$	38,860
Total Business-type Activities		38,860
Total Restricted Cash	\$	52,534

#### Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1<sup>st</sup>, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due September 1<sup>st</sup> (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6<sup>th</sup>. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2017. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

#### Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

#### Inventory

The inventories of the Town's enterprise fund consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The inventories held in the fiscal year are considered immaterial.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, buildings, improvements, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, infrastructure, furniture and equipment, and vehicles, \$3,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

#### Capital Assets (Concluded)

Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	<b>Useful Lives</b>
Infrastructure	20
Buildings and improvements	20-50
Vehicles	5-15
Furniture and equipment	5-10
Computer equipment	3-5

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town does not have any items that meet this criterion. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town had two items that met this criterion: property taxes receivable and sanitation receivable.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

#### Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for the compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for a limited accumulation of sick leave in the amount of 240 hours or 30 working days. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

#### Net Position/Fund Balances

#### **Net Position**

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Concluded)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Concluded)

#### Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of four classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS) is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "Restricted by State Statute." Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net Position and Restricted Fund Balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Cultural and Recreational – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source or represents unspent debt or grant proceeds that are restricted for the construction of cultural and recreational capital projects.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Concluded)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Concluded)

#### Fund Balances (Concluded)

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Town of Franklinville's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body.

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that the Town of Franklinville intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Franklinville does not have a formal revenue spending policy for programs with multiple revenue sources.

The Town of Franklinville has not adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Note 2 - Detail Notes on All Funds

#### Assets

#### **Deposits**

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in its name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risks for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2019, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$861,200 and a bank balance of \$892,911. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method.

#### Investments

At June 30, 2019, the Town of Franklinville had \$2,643 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAA by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no formal policy regarding credit risk.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Note 2 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### Assets (Continued)

#### Receivables – Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2019 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

Fund	6/30/2019				
Enterprise Fund	\$ 87,726				
Total	\$ 87,726				

#### Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balances Increases			_	Decreases		Ending Balances	
Governmental activities:									
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Construction in progress	\$	59,591	\$	-	\$	-	\$	59,591	
Land		330,974	_	-	_	=		330,974	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	390,565	_	-	-	-	_	390,565	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings		86,831		66,292		-		153,123	
Furniture and equipment		189,757		6,000		-		195,757	
Vehicles		77,261		-		-		77,261	
Infrastructure		438,436		-		-		438,436	
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	792,285	_	72,292	-	-	_	864,577	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings		63,364		3,814		-		67,178	
Furniture and equipment		158,205		8,086		-		166,291	
Vehicles		77,261		-		-		77,261	
Infrastructure		242,268		18,664		-		260,932	
Total accumulated depreciation	_	541,098	\$	30,564	\$	-	_	571,662	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	251,187					_	292,915	
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$_	641,752					\$_	683,480	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$	10,239
Cultural and recreational		184
Transportation	<u></u>	20,141
Total depreciation expense	\$	30,564

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Note 2 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### Assets (Concluded)

#### Capital Assets (Concluded)

		Beginning Balances		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balances
<b>Business-type activities:</b>	-	Bululices	-	mereuses		Beereases	_	Bulunces
Water and Sewer Fund								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	3,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,000
Construction in progress	_	-	_	39,275				39,275
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	3,000	-	39,275			_	42,275
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings/Distribution system		7,753,531		-		-		7,753,531
Other improvements		3,104		-		-		3,104
Equipment	_	337,863	_	115,995		_		453,858
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	8,094,498	-	115,995	• •		_	8,210,493
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings/Distribution system		2,870,429		193,476		-		3,063,905
Other improvements		2,673		207		-		2,880
Equipment	_	234,199	_	29,866		_		264,065
Total accumulated depreciation	-	3,107,301	\$	223,549	\$		_	3,330,850
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	4,987,197					_	4,879,643
Business-type activities								
capital assets, net	\$_	4,990,197					\$_	4,921,918

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Note 2 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### Liabilities

#### Pension Plan Obligations

The Town does not participate in the State-run defined benefit pension system; however, beginning January 1, 2006 the Town established a Simple IRA plan. Employees who earned at least \$5,000 per year during any two preceding years and who are expected to earn at least \$5,000 in the current year are eligible to participate in the plan. The Town has elected to make a dollar-for-dollar match, limited to 3% of each eligible employee's compensation per year. The Town's contribution to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$5,278.

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	Unavailable		Unearned	
	Revenue	_	Revenue	
Taxes Receivable, Less Penalties	\$ 8,703	\$		-
Sanitation Fees	6,404			-
Total	\$ 15,107	\$		_

#### Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to a \$2 million lifetime limit. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability, auto liability and property in excess of \$500,000 and \$300,000 up to statutory limits for workers' compensation. The pools are reinsured for annual employee health claims in excess of \$150,000. The property liability pool has an aggregate limit for the total property losses in a single year, with the reinsurance limit based upon a percentage of the total insurance values.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Note 2 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### Liabilities (Continued)

#### Risk Management (Concluded)

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Because the Town is in an area of the State that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the Town is eligible to purchase coverage of \$500,000 per structure through the NFIP. The Town also is eligible to and has purchased commercial flood insurance with an annual aggregate limit of \$5,000,000.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees, officers, and agents of the Town that have access to funds are also bonded for \$50,000.

#### Claims, Judgments, and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2019, the Town was not involved in any lawsuits.

#### Long-Term Obligations

#### **Installment Purchases**

In April 2013, the Town entered into an installment purchase	\$ 73,726
agreement of \$105,323 to finance the purchase of automatic	
reading meters. The financing agreement requires annual	
payments with no interest due over the life of the loan	
	\$ 73,726

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Note 2 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

**Long-Term Obligations (Continued)** 

#### Installment Purchases (Concluded)

Annual debt service requirements of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Governme	tal 1	Activities	Business-t	Activities			
Year Ending June 30,	Principal			Interest		Principal	_	Interest
2020	\$ -	\$	5	-	\$	5,266	\$	-
2021	-			-		5,266		-
2022	-			-		5,266		-
2023	-			-		5,266		-
2024-2028	-			-		26,331		-
2029-2033	_			-		26,331	_	
	\$ -	\$	<u> </u>	-	\$	73,726	\$	_

#### Notes Payable

A loan from USDA used to finance the construction of water lines on Highway 22 is reported as long-term debt in the Water and Sewer Fund since the resources of the fund are being used to retire the note. Principal and interest requirements will be provided by appropriation in the year in which they become due.

USDA Revenue Bonds (issued July 29, 2008) with principal payments due starting June 2011 in increasing annual amounts from \$3,000 in 2011 to \$13,000 in 2048 with interest at 4.125% \$

\$ 263,000

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Note 2 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

**Long-Term Obligations (Continued)** 

Notes Payable (Concluded)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term obligations are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest	_	Total
2020	\$ 5,000 \$	10,849	\$	15,849
2021	5,000	10,643		15,643
2022	5,000	10,436		15,436
2023	6,000	9,991		15,991
2024-2028	33,000	47,150		80,150
2029-2033	38,000	39,925		77,925
2034-2038	46,000	32,746		78,746
2039-2043	57,000	21,852		78,852
2044-2048	68,000	7,108	_	75,108
Total	\$ 263,000 \$	190,700	\$	453,700

At June 30, 2019, the Town has an approximate legal debt margin of \$2,980,373.

The Town has been in compliance in recent years with the covenants as to rates, fees, rentals and charges in Section 5 of the Bond Order, authorizing the issuance of the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, since its adoption in July 2008. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town is not in compliance with covenants. The Town is reviewing its options to increase revenues or decrease expenses to be in compliance in future years. Section 5.01 of the Bond Order requires the debt service coverage ratio to be no less than 110%. The debt service coverage ratio calculation for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Operating revenues	\$ 486,006
Operating expenses	 516,221
Operating income*	(30,215)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)**	 
Income available for debt service	\$ (30,215)
Debt service, principal and interest paid	21,517
Debt service coverage ratio	\$ (41.59%)

<sup>\*</sup>Per rate covenants, this does not include depreciation expense of \$223,549.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Per rate covenants, this does not include interest paid of \$11,261.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Note 2 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Concluded)

#### <u>Liabilities</u> (Concluded)

#### **Changes in Long-Term Liabilities**

		Balance July 1, 2018	Increases		Decreases	Balance June 30, 2019	Current Portion of Balance
Governmental Activities: Installment Purchase Compensated Absences	\$	- 8,960	\$ 52	\$	-	\$ 9,012	\$ -
Business-Type Activities:	•	8,900	32_	-		 9,012	<u> </u>
Installment Purchase USDA Revenue Bonds Note Payable	\$	268,000 78,992	\$ - - -	\$	5,000 5,266	\$ 263,000 73,726	\$ 5,000 5,266
Business-Type Activity Long-Term Liabilities	\$	346,992	\$ _	\$	10,266	\$ 336,726	\$ 10,266

#### **Interfund Balances and Activity**

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2019, consist of the following:

From the Water Fund to the General Fund From the Sewer Fund to the General Fund	\$ 12,901 20,757
Total	\$ 33,658

The interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. The Town intends to review interfund balances on an annual basis and to repay funds between funds as soon as possible.

#### Note 3 - Net Investment in Capital Assets

		Governmental	 Business-type
Capital Assets	\$	683,480	\$ 4,882,643
Less: Short-term Debt	_	-	 336,726
Net Investments in Capital Assets	\$	683,480	\$ 4,545,917

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONCLUDED)

#### Note 4 - Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total Fund Balance-General Fund	\$ 576,180
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	127,058
Streets	13,674
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2020 budget	
	21,536
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 413,912

#### Note 5 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

#### Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

#### Note 6 - Subsequent Events

The Town has evaluated all subsequent events through March 13, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

				Variance Positive
D	_	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Ad Valorem Taxes: Taxes	\$		\$ 185,790 \$	
Penalties and interest	φ	,	р 10 <i>5</i> ,790 ф	
Prior years' taxes			_	
Total	_	188,400	185,790	(2,610)
Unrestricted Intergovernmental:				
Local option sales tax			288,364	
Franchise tax			40,425	
Beer and wine excise tax			5,176	
Sales tax refunds Total	_	225 500	7,976	106,441
Total	_	235,500	341,941	100,441
Restricted Intergovernmental:				
State street aid - Powell Bill			33,943	
Solid waste disposal tax			611	
Randolph County - library supplement Total	_	47,600	12,000 46,554	(1,046)
	_	47,000	40,334	(1,040)
Permits and Fees:			400	
Zoning permits	_	(00	400	(200)
Total	_	600	400	(200)
Sales and Services:				
Rents, concessions, and fees			11,175	
Library fees and donations			31	
Tipping fees Total	_	86,800	65,241	(10.252)
	-		76,447	(10,353)
Investment Earnings	_	280	1,271	991
Miscellaneous:				
Other	_	11.000	10,441	(1.450)
Total	_	11,900	10,441	(1,459)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$_	571,080	\$ 662,844 \$	91,764

## GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

						Variance Positive
		Budget		Actual		(Negative)
<b>Expenditures:</b>	•		_		1	
General Government:						
Salaries and employee benefits	\$		\$	114,562	\$	
Professional services				32,048		
Contracted services				4,199		
Other operating expenditures				21,574		
Insurance and bonds				17,910		
Capital outlay				79,956		
Sales tax			_	9,796	i.	
Total		258,548	_	280,045	ı	(21,497)
Planning and Zoning:				-		
Total	•	800	_	-		800
Public Buildings:						
Other operating expenditures				20,141		
Total		19,900	_	20,141		(241)
Total General Government		279,248	_	300,186		(20,938)
Public Safety:						
Utilities				16,344		
Inspections				2,520		
Fire department appropriations				48,261		
Contract services			_	2,144		
Total Public Safety	\$	67,400	\$	69,269	\$	(1,869)

### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Variance Positive	
	Budget Actual (Negative	)
Expenditures (continued):		
Transportation - Streets:		
Streets - Powell Bill:		
Maintenance and repairs	\$ \$48,832 \$	
Total	<u>35,050</u> <u>48,832</u> <u>(13,78</u>	<u>(32)</u>
Streets - Municipality:		
Salaries and employee benefits	92,713	
Supplies	3,854	
Contract services	719	
Miscellaneous	29,272	
Maintenance and repairs	53,676	
Total	<u>133,224</u> <u>180,234</u> <u>(47,01</u>	.0)
Total Transportation - Streets	168,274 229,066 (60,79	92)
Environmental Protection:		
Sanitation:		
Contracted services	79,841	_
Total Environmental Protection	75,000 79,841 (4,84	1)
Cultural and Recreational:		
Library:		
Salaries and employee benefits	15,407	
Other operating expenditures	2,139	
Books	1,183	
Total	\$ 35,850 \$ 18,729 \$ 17,12	21

### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Expenditures (concluded):  Cultural and Recreational (concluded):		Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Recreation: Maintenance	\$	\$	614 \$	
Other operating expenditures	Э	Ф	7,503	
Total	,	8,600	8,117	483
Total Cultural and Recreational	,	44,450	26,846	17,604
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		634,372	705,208	(70,836)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	•	(63,292)	(42,364)	20,928
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers to other funds:				
Capital Improvements Fund	,		(38,392)	(38,392)
Fund Balance Appropriated	•	63,292		(63,292)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	<u>-</u>	(80,756) \$	(42,364)
Fund Balances, Beginning			664,799	
Fund Balances, Ending		\$	584,043	

### **COMBINING BALANCE SHEET** NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	-	Library Building Fund	RHCH Foundation Grant Capital Project Fund	Greenway Capital Project Fund	Tourism Development Fund	-	Total Non-major Governmental Fund
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	69,805	\$ 23,058	\$ 123	\$ 8,107	\$	101,093
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$	69,805	\$ 23,058	\$ 123	\$ 8,107	\$	101,093
Liabilities: Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$_	_	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ .	<u>-</u> .
Fund Balances: Restricted for capital projects Committed for capital project Unrestricted	-	69,805	23,058	123	8,107 - -		31,288 69,805
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	-	69,805	23,058	123	8,107		101,093
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	69,805	\$ 23,058	\$ 123	\$ 8,107	\$	101,093

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	_	Library Building Fund	RHCH Foundation Grant Capital Project Fund		Greenway Capital Project Fund	·	Tourism Development Fund	Total Non-major Governmental Fund
Revenues:  Donations and fundraising	\$	880	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 880
Grant Investment earnings	_	784		ı			5,000	5,000 784
<b>Total Revenues</b>	_	1,664					5,000	6,664
Expenditures:								
Cultural and recreational Marketing and advertising		-	-		-		2,000	2,000
Miscellaneous  Total Expenditures	-	<u>-</u>	2,865 2,865				2,000	2,865 4,865
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	1,664	(2,865)				3,000	1,799
Other Financing Sources: Transfers from other funds:								
General Fund	_	-					-	
Total Other Financing Source	s _	-					-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,664	(2,865)		-		3,000	1,799
Fund Balances, Beginning	_	68,141	25,923	ı	123		5,107	99,294
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	69,805	\$ 23,058	\$	123	\$	8,107	\$ 101,093

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - LIBRARY BUILDING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

December		Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Donations and fundraising	\$		\$	880	\$
Investment earnings				784	
Total Revenues		200		1,664	
Expenditures:					
Cultural and recreational					
Cultural and recreational	•				
Total Expenditures		200		-	
Revenues over Expenditures		-		1,664	
Other Financing Sources:					
Transfers from other funds:					
General Fund					
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	•				
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	=	1,664	\$ 
Fund Balance, Beginning				68,141	
Fund Balance, Ending			\$	69,805	

## CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - RHCH FOUNDATION GRANT CAPITAL PROJECT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		_			Variance		
	Project		Prior		Current	Total	Positive
	Authorization		Years		Year	To Date	(Negative)
Revenues: RHCH Foundation Grant	\$ 36,000	\$	36,000	\$		\$ 36,000	\$ 
<b>Total Revenues</b>	36,000		36,000			36,000	
Expenditures:							
Sandy Creek Bridge Crossing	30,000		7,200		2,865	10,065	19,935
Boat Landing	6,000		2,877			2,877	3,123
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	36,000		10,077		2,865	12,942	23,058
<b>Revenues Over Expenditures</b>	\$ 	\$	25,923		(2,865)	\$ 23,058	\$ 23,058
Fund Balance, Beginning					25,923		
Fund Balance, Ending				\$	23,058		

# CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - GREENWAY CAPITAL PROJECT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		_			Actual		Variance
	Project		Prior		Current	Total	Positive
	Authorization		Years		Year	To Date	(Negative)
Revenues - Greenway Project:  Restricted intergovernmental:  State of North Carolina  Donations	\$ 60,000 15,000	\$	57,783 80	\$	- -	\$ 57,783 80	\$ (2,217) (14,920)
<i>D</i> charrons	12,000		- 00	•			(11,520)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	75,000		57,863			57,863	(17,137)
<b>Expenditures - Greenway Project:</b> Construction	75,000		57,740	ì		57,740	17,260
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	75,000		57,740			57,740	17,260
<b>Revenues Over Expenditures</b>	\$ 	\$	123	:	-	\$ 123	\$ 123
Fund Balance, Beginning					123		
Fund Balance, Ending				\$	123		

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TOURISM DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		_			Actual			Variance
	Project		Prior		Current		Total	Positive
	Authorization		Years		Year		To Date	(Negative)
Revenues:								
TDA grant	\$ 12,000	\$	7,000	\$	5,000	\$	12,000	\$ -
-		-				.1		
<b>Total Revenues</b>	12,000		7,000		5,000		12,000	-
		-	· ·			,		
<b>Expenditures:</b>								
Marketing and advertising	12,000	_	1,893		2,000		3,893	8,107
			_					
Total Expenditures	12,000	_	1,893		2,000		3,893	8,107
<b>Revenues Over Expenditures</b>	\$ 	\$	5,107		3,000	\$	8,107	\$ 8,107
Fund Balance, Beginning					5,107			
E 181 E !!				Ф	0.107			
Fund Balance, Ending				\$	8,107	:		

### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

			Actual					
	Project	Prior		Current	Total		Positive	
	Authorization	Years	_	Year	To Date		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Grants	\$ 92,000 \$		\$_	92,019 \$	92,019	\$	19	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	92,000		_	92,019	92,019		19	
Expenditures:								
Bank building renovation	40,000	3,536		1,593	5,129		34,871	
Park renovations	20,600	21,844			21,844		,	
Railtrail improvements	112,000		_	92,019	92,019		19,981	
Total Expenditures	172,600	25,380	-	93,612	118,992		54,852	
<b>Revenues Over Expenditures</b>	\$ (80,600) \$	(25,380)	_	(1,593) \$	(26,973)	\$	54,871	
Other Financing Sources Transfers from other funds: General Fund	80,600	80,600	_	<u>-</u>	80,600	•		
Fund Balance, Beginning			-	55,220				
Fund Balance, Ending			\$	53,627				

## CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - NCDEQ WATER INFRASTRUCTURE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		_	Actual						Variance	
	Project	_	Prior		Current		Total		Positive	
	Authorization		Years		Year		To Date		(Negative)	
								•		
Revenues:										
Grants	\$ 26,700	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	(26,700)	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	26,700	_	_					_	(26,700)	
		_			_		_			
<b>Expenditures:</b>										
Engineering fees	26,700		3,536		39,275		42,811		(16,111)	
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	26,700		3,536		39,275		42,811		(16,111)	
			/= == A		(20 222)					
<b>Revenues Over Expenditures</b>	\$ 	\$	(3,536)		(39,275)	\$	(42,811)	\$	(42,811)	
Fund Balance, Beginning										
Eund Dalance Ending				¢	(20.275)					
Fund Balance, Ending				<b>Þ</b>	(39,275)					

## WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

Revenues:	-	Budget	 Actual	-	Variance Positive (Negative)
Operating Revenues: Water sales Water and sewer taps Sewer charges Other operating revenues	\$		\$ 318,491 2,750 118,322 13,075	\$	
Total Operating Revenues	_	532,350	 452,638	_	(79,712)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	-	532,350	 452,638	-	(79,712)
Expenditures:  Water Treatment and Distribution: Salaries and employee benefits Telephone and postage Travel Testing Utilities Tap expense Miscellaneous Materials and supplies Repairs and maintenance Purchase of water Contract services Small equipment Capital outlay Debt principal Interest	_		 61,181 18,500 400 3,225 7,585 750 9,183 655 50,677 226,100 2,901 1,727 44,500 12,892 11,261	-	
Total Water Treatment and Distribution	-	455,688	 451,537	-	4,151
Wastewater Collection and Treatment: Salaries and employee benefits Professional fees Supplies Chemicals Testing Contract services			40,531 600 176 1,317 5,191 24,059		

## WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

				Variance Positive
	-	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures (concluded):				
Wastewater Collection and Treatment (concluded):				
Miscellaneous			1,683	
Tap expense			702	
License and permits			960	
Utilities			15,300	
Repairs and maintenance			19,469 1,746	
Small equipment Capital outlay			82,918	
Waste removal			5,720	
Travel			1,577	
Postage			246	
Total Wastewater Collection and Treatment		202,800	202,195	605
Total Expenditures	-	658,488	653,732	4,756
<b>Revenues Under Expenditures</b>		(126,138)	(201,094)	(74,956)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Grants	_		40,056	40,056
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>		-	40,056	40,056
Fund Balance Appropriated	-	126,138		(126,138)
Revenues and Other Sources Over				
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	-	(161,038) \$	(161,038)
Reconciliation From Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:				
Reconciling Items:				
Debt service			10,266	
Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable			22.267	
recognition Capital outlay			33,367 115,995	
Depreciation			(223,549)	
Total Reconciling Items			(63,921)	
Change in Net Position		\$	(224,959)	

### SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year	<u>.</u>	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2018		Additions		Collections and Credits		Uncollected Balance June 30, 2019
2018-2019 2017-2018 2016-2017 2015-2016 2014-2015	\$	1,990 1,082 1,283 1,070	\$	188,660 - - - -	\$	186,510 1,039 243 270 280	\$	2,150 951 839 1,013 790
2013-2014 2012-2013 2011-2012 2010-2011 2009-2010		1,130 997 671 335 432		- - - -		237 282 41 15 30		893 715 630 320 402
2008-2009	\$	9,402	\$ <u></u>	188,660	\$ <b>_</b>	412 189,359		8,703
Less: Allowance for doubtful a	d valo	orem taxes rece	ivable	e			•	
Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable -	Net						\$	8,703
Reconciliation with Revenues: Taxes - Ad Valorem Amounts Written Off for Ta Per Statute of Limitat Adjustments Less: Penalties & Interest C	ions						\$	185,790 412 4,127 (970)
Total Collections and Credits							\$	189,359

### ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY TOWN-WIDE LEVY

								Levy	
	-	Property Valuation	То	own-Wid	le	Total Levy	Property excluding Registered Motor Vehicles		Registered Motor Vehicles
Original Levy:	_		='			·		-	
Property taxed at current year's rate	\$	41,463,736	\$	0.455	\$_	188,660 \$	163,612	\$	25,048
<b>Total Original Levy</b>	-	41,463,736	-		=	188,660	163,612	-	25,048
<b>Total Property Valuation</b>	\$ _	41,463,736	=						
Net levy						188,660	163,612		25,048
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2019					-	(2,150)	(2,150)		
Current year's taxes collected					\$ _	186,510 \$	161,462	\$	25,048
Current levy collection percentage					=	98.86%	98.69%	:	100.00%



### WILLIAM R. HUNEYCUTT

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT PLIC

216 West North Street Albemarle, NC 28001 Phone: (704) 983-5012 Fax: (704) 983-5109 379 South Cox Street Asheboro, NC 27203 Phone: (336) 626-9970 Fax: (336) 626-5981

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Commissioners Town of Franklinville Franklinville, North Carolina

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Franklinville, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Franklinville, North Carolina's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated January 13, 2020.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Town of Franklinville, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Franklinville, North Carolina's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during my audit, I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. I did identify certain deficiencies in internal control discussed in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-01 that I consider to be significant deficiencies.

Town of Franklinville Franklinville, North Carolina Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Franklinville, North Carolina's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-01.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

William R. Huneycutt, CPA, PLLC Albemarle, North Carolina

Wella Rothmyst, CPA, PLLC

March 13, 2020

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unmodif		dited		
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	X	no
Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	X	yes		none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted		yes	X	no

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Concluded)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II. Findings Related to the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements

Significant Deficiency:

#### Finding 2019-01:

Material Noncompliance - Significant Deficiency

Criteria: G.S. 159-26 requires the local government to establish an accounting system to show

in detail the assets, liabilities, equities, revenues, and expenditures of the local

government unit.

Condition: The Town of Franklinville incurred and paid expenditures from the Powell Bill fund

during the year ended June 30, 2019. These expenditures were not recorded on the

ledger of the Town.

Effect: This causes a misstatement of the financial statements and potential misuse of Powell

Bill funds.

Cause: Expenditures were made without proper recording to the general ledger of the Town.

Recommendation: The Town should record Powell Bill expenditures as incurred, and reconcile the Powell

Bill cash account on a monthly basis to ensure all transactions are properly recorded.

Views of responsible officials and corrective action. The Town agrees with this finding. Powell Bill expenditures will be recorded as incurred in future periods. Additionally, reconciliations of this specific bank account will be performed on a monthly basis.

#### Finding 2019-02:

Material Noncompliance - Significant Deficiency

Criteria: G.S. 159-26 requires the local government to establish an accounting system to show

in detail the assets, liabilities, equities, revenues, and expenditures of the local

government unit.

Condition: The Town of Franklinville recorded payroll related expenses to payroll liability accounts

incorrectly during the year ended June 30, 2019.

Effect: This error caused payroll liabilities on the ledger to be materially overstated.

Cause: Payroll related expenditures were improperly recorded to the ledger.

Recommendation: Auditor recommends Town review payroll entries each pay period, or at least monthly,

to ensure payroll liabilities are properly reported and allocated amongst the funds and

departments.

Views of responsible officials and corrective action. The Town agrees with this finding. Payroll related expenditures will be reviewed regularly for accuracy of reporting and for coding to proper account.

### CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Finding 2019-01:

Name of contact person: Beverly O'Brien, Finance Officer

Corrective action plan: Town personnel will record Powell Bill transactions as incurred and

reconcile corresponding bank accounts on a monthly basis.

Proposed completion date: Immediately.

Finding 2019-02:

Name of contact person: Beverly O'Brien, Finance Officer

Corrective action plan: Town personnel will review payroll related entries regularly to ensure

proper coding and reporting on the ledger.

Proposed completion date: Immediately.