TOWN OF GATESVILLE

NORTH CAROLINA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Town Council Members

Elton Winslow, Mayor Nathan Brown, Council Member Doug Lilley, Council Member C. H. Carter, III, Council Member

Administrative and Financial Staff Michelle R. Sawyer, CPA, Finance Officer Lois Hofler, Town Clerk

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 Town of Gatesville, North Carolina Table of Contents June 30, 2019

	Page
Financial Section: Independent Auditor's Report	4-6
Management's Discussion and Analysis	8-15
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position – Exhibit 1	17
Statement of Activities – Exhibit 2	18
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds – Exhibit 3	19
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds – Exhibit 3 continued	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
– Governmental Funds – Exhibit 4	21
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Activities – Exhibit 4	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	
– Governmental Funds – Budget and Actual – Exhibit 5	23
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds – Exhibit 6	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position	
– Proprietary Funds – Exhibit 7	25
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds – Exhibit 8	26
Notes to Financial Statements	28-38
Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Actual and Budget (Non-GAAP)	40-42
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Water Fund Actual and Budget (Non-GAAP)	43
Other Schedules:	
Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	45
Analysis of Current Tax Levy – Town-Wide Levy	46

Financial Section



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Gatesville, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund for the Town of Gatesville, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Town of Gatesville's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit includes performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due from fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates

made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that our audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Gatesville, North Carolina as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where appropriate, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Gatesville's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the underlying accounting and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

May & Place, PA

May & Place, PA Louisburg, NC November 14, 2019 Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis

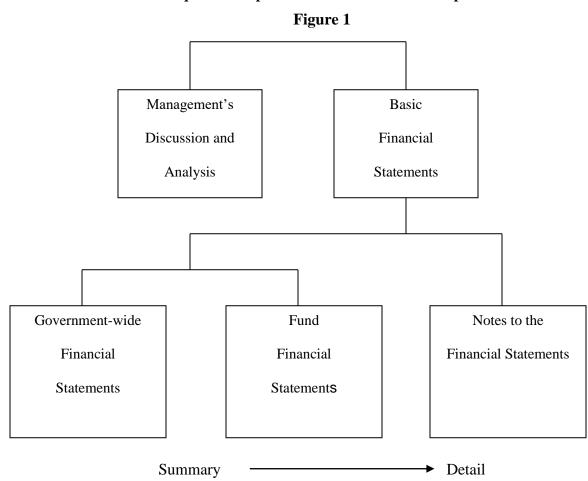
As management of the Town of Gatesville, we offer readers of the Town of Gatesville's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Gatesville for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town of Gatesville exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$1,076,323(*net position*).
- The government's total net position increased by \$45,988 due to increase in governmental net position of \$46,251 and a decrease of \$263 for business-type net position.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Gatesville's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$881,430 with a net increase of \$51,826 in fund balance. Approximately 26.14 percent of this total amount, or \$230,422, is non-spendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$651,008 or 534.76 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Gatesville's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town using government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Gatesville.



Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as general government, public safety, transportation, and environmental protection. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water services offered by the Town of Gatesville.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Gatesville, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Gatesville can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Gatesville adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the

Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – Town of Gatesville has only one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Gatesville uses enterprise funds to account for its water activities. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Interdependence with Other Entities – The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and State laws and federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Town of Gatesville's Net Position

Figure 2

		Governmental Activities					ness tivit	-Type ties	Total				
	_	2019	-	2018		2019	-	2018		2019	_	2018	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	895 741 191 890	\$	844 787 197 980	\$	2 663	\$	2 926	\$	898 404 191 890	\$	847 713 197 980	
Total assets	_	1 087 631	_	1 042 767		2 663	_	2 926		1 090 294		1 045 693	
Other liabilities	_	12 012	-	13 399		1 959	_	1 959	-	13 971		15 358	
Total liabilities	-	12 012	_	13 339		1 959	_	1 959	-	13 971	_	15 358	
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets		191 890		197 980		-		-		191 890		197 980	
Restricted Unrestricted		212 639 671 090	-	270 424 560 964		704	-	967		212 639 671 794		270 424 561 931	
Total net position	\$	1 075 619	\$	1 029 368	\$	704	\$	967	\$	1 076 323	\$	1 030 335	

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Town of Gatesville exceeded liabilities by \$1,076,323 as of June 30, 2019.

The Town's net position increased by \$45,988 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. However, the largest portion (62.42%) reflects the Town's unrestricted net assets. The Town of Gatesville uses these unrestricted assets to provide services to citizens. The Town of Gatesville's net investment in capital assets of \$191,890 is reported net of any outstanding related debt. An additional portion of the Town of Gatesville's net position, \$222,619 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 96.76%. The statewide average in fiscal year 2019 was 98.78%.
- Increased local option sales tax revenues representing a 6.04% growth over the previous year.
- Maintaining total expenditures within budgeted amounts.

Town of Gatesville's Changes in Net Position

Figure 3

	_	Governmental Activities 2019	 Governmental Activities 2018	. <u>-</u>	Business-Type Activities 2019	-	Business-Type Activities 2018
Revenues:	_		 			-	
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$	1 200	\$ 1 200	\$	-	\$	
Operating grants and contributions		9 022	9 065		-		-
Capital grants and contributions		-	-		-		-
General Revenues							
Property taxes		53 787	62 254		-		-
Other taxes		109 375	104 050		-		-
Unrestricted investment earnings		695	1 734		-		-
Miscellaneous revenue	_	-	 1 000		-	_	-
Total revenues	_	174 079	 179 303		-	_	-
Expenses:							
General government		39 594	45 754		-		-
Public safety		10 251	7 248		-		-
Transportation		56 461	55 577		-		-
Environmental protection		21 522	20 432		-		-
Cultural and recreation		-	4 000		-		-
Cemetery		-	1 600		-		-
Water system		-	-		263		298
Total expenses		127 828	134 611		263	-	298
Increase (Decrease) in net position	_	46 251	 44 692		(263)	-	(298)
Net position, July 1		1 029 368	 984 676		967	_	1 265
Net position, June 30	\$	1 075 619	\$ 1 029 368	\$	704	\$_	967

Governmental activities: Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$46,251 thereby accounting for 4.49% of the total growth in the net position of the Town of Gatesville.

Certain key elements for the governmental funds:

- Local option sales tax revenues increased by \$5,177 (6.04% increase).
- Property tax revenues decreased by \$8,736 or 14.09%.
- Maintaining expenditures within total budgeted amounts.
- Investment in capital assets.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities decreased the Town of Gatesville's net position by \$263 accounting for 0.026% of the total decrease in the government's net position. Key elements of this activity are as follows:

• Town has limited expenditures remaining that are associated with the water system.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Gatesville uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Gatesville's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Gatesville's financing requirements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Gatesville. At the end of the current fiscal year, Town of Gatesville's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$651,008 while total Fund Balance was \$881,430. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 534.76% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 724.03% of that same amount.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of Town of Gatesville reported a combined fund balance of \$881,430 with a net increase in fund balance of \$51,826.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the Town revised its budget. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Total revenues exceeded budgeted revenue primarily because of higher local option sales taxes while the Town was able to maintain total expenditures with in total budgeted amount. Note that only two department budgets were adjusted due to a transfer of expenditures.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Gatesville's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$704. The total change in net position for this fund was a \$263

decrease. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Gatesville's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Town of Gatesville's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business–type activities as of June 30, 2019 totals \$197,980 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, other improvements, motorized vehicles and equipment, and infrastructure.

Capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions and disposals:

• Purchase of additional land to expand the cemetery.

	Tow		Gatesvill Net of Dej Figu	prec	iation)	sset	5		
	Gover Act	nme ivitie				ness-' ctiviti	Туре ies	To	tal
	 2019		2018		2019		2018	 2019	2018
Land Buildings Other improvements Equipment Vehicles and motorized equip Infrastructure	\$ 68 189 71 089 3 946 17 - 48 649	\$	68 189 75 775 6 009 17 - 47 990	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ 68 189 \$ 71 089 3 946 17 - 48 649	68 189 75 775 6 009 17 - 47 990
Total	\$ 191 890	\$	197 980	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 191 890 \$	197 980

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note III.A.3 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town.

- Retail sales are expected to remain consistent or increase slightly.
- Unemployment in Gates County is and continues to be ongoing problem for the Town. The Town is located in Gates County which had an unemployment rate in June 2019 of 4.60 percent while the state rate was at 4.40 percent and a national rate of 3.70 percent.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities:

- The Town of Gatesville has maintained the \$0.19 per \$100 valuation property tax rate for the 2019-2020 fiscal year.
- Budgeted revenues for sales taxes increased by \$4,000 for the 2019-2020 fiscal year. Street and

Health Department expenditures increased due to increased disposal costs and an increase in streetlight expense. Powell Bill funds will be used as needed to make necessary street repairs and maintenance that were estimated at \$5,000. Fund balance was appropriated at \$10,000 due to decrease in appropriations from anticipated revenues.

Business – type Activities:

• Water expenditures are expected to remain the same as the prior year with no increases.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Officer, Town of Gatesville, P.O. Box 1, Gatesville, N.C. 27938.

Basic Financial Statements

Exhibit 1

Town of Gatesville, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
ASSETS			-			
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	823 858	\$	318	\$	824 176
Taxes receivables (net)		2 156		-		2 156
Accrued interest receivable		143		-		143
Accounts receivable (net)		100		-		100
Due from other governments		20 588		-		20 588
Prepaid items		7 782		-		7 782
Internal balances		(386)		386		-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		41 500	_	1 959		43 459
Total current assets		895 741	-	2 663		898 404
Non-current assets:						
Capital assets: (Note 3):						
Land, non-depreciable						
improvements, and construction in progress		68 189		-		68 189
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		123 701	-	-		123 701
Total capital assets		191 890	-	-		191 890
Total assets		1 087 631	-	2 663		1 090 294
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		11 782		-		11 782
Payroll liabilities		230		-		230
Customer deposits		-	-	1 959		1 959
Total current liabilities		12 012	-	1 959		13 971
Total liabilities		12 012	-	1 959		13 971
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		191 890		-		191 890
Restricted for:		00.770				00 660
Stabilization by State Statute		20 668		-		20 668
Streets – Powell Bill		41 500		-		41 500
Public safety		150 451		-		150 451
Unrestricted	¢	671 110	م -	704	¢	671 814
Total net position	\$	1 075 619	\$ -	704	\$	1 076 323

Exhibit 2

Town of Gatesville, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Program Revenues			-	Net (Expens	e) Ro	evenue and Changes in	n Net P	osition	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	<u> </u>	Charges For Services	. <u>-</u>	Operating Grants And Contributions	_	Capital Grants And Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Primary government:														
Governmental Activities: General government Public safety	\$	39 594 10 251	\$	1 200	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(38 394) (10 251)	\$	- \$	\$	(38 394) (10 251)
Transportation		56 461		-		9 022		-		(47 439)		-		(47 439)
Environmental protection		21 522		-		-		-		(21 522)		-		(21 522)
Cultural and recreation		-								-		-		-
Cemetery		-	·		• -		-		-	-	- •	-		-
Total governmental activities (See Note I)		127 828		1 200		9 022	_		-	(117 606)				(117 606)
Business-type activities:														
Water		263		-		-	_	-		-		(263)		(263)
Total business-type activities		263	·	-		-	-	-		-		(263)		(263)
Total primary government	\$	128 091	\$	1 200	\$	9 022	\$	-	-	(117 606)		(263)		(117 869)
		eral revenues Taxes:	laviad							53 787				53 787
				l for general purpo is not restricted to		fic programs				109 375		-		109 375
		Unrestricted inve			speer	ine programs				695		-		695
	1	Miscellaneous		Ū.						-		-		
		Total general rev							-	163 857		-		163 857
		Change in net								46 251		(263)		45 988
				eviously reported					¢	1 029 368	-	967	r —	1 030 335
	Net	position, ending							ð -	1 075 619	\$	704 \$	Þ	1 076 323

Town of Gatesville, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	-	Governmental Fund General Fund
ASSETS	_	General Fund
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	823 858
Receivables, net:	Ψ	025 050
Taxes		2 156
Accounts		2 130 100
Due from other governments		20 588
Prepaid items		7 782
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		41 500
Total assets	\$	895 984
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	11 782
Payroll liabilities		230
Due to other funds		386
Total liabilities	_	12 398
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property taxes receivable		2 156
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	2 156
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable:		
Prepaid items		7 782
Restricted:		
Stabilization by State Statute		20 688
Streets – Powell Bill		41 500
Committed:		
Public safety		150 452
Assigned:		
Subsequent year's expenditures		10 000
Unassigned	_	651 008
Total fund balances	_	881 430
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund	\$	
balances	ф —	895 984

Exhibit 3 (continued)

Town of Gatesville Balance Sheet Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because: Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are therefore are not reported in the funds.		\$	881 430
Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation	\$ 602 813 (410 923)	-	191 890
Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds			143
Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements			2 156
Net position of governmental activities		\$	1 075 619

Town of Gatesville, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Governmental Fund
		General Fund
REVENUES		
Ad valorem taxes	\$	53 273
Unrestricted intergovernmental		109 375
Restricted intergovernmental		8 975
Sales and services		1 200
Investment earnings		742
Total revenues	_	173 565
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General government		32 845
Public safety		10 252
Transportation		50 849
Environmental protection		21 523
Capital outlay		6 270
Total expenditures		121 739
Excess (deficiency) of		
revenues over expenditures	_	51 826
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers to other funds		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-
Net change in fund balances	_	51 826
Fund balances, beginning		829 604
Fund balances, ending	\$	881 430
-	=	

Exhibit 4 (continued)

Town of Gatesville, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds		\$ 51 826
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized Depreciation expense for governmental assets	\$ 6 270 (12 361)	(6 091)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current Financial resources are not reported as revenues in funds. Change in accrued interest receivable on Ad Valorem taxes Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues	\$ (104) 620	 516
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ 46 251

Town of Gatesville, North Carolina General Fund and Annually Budgeted Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Genera	al F	und		
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 53 400	\$	53 400	\$	53 273	\$	(127)
Unrestricted intergovernmental	97 300		97 300		109 375		12 075
Restricted intergovernmental	9 000		9 000		8 975		(25)
Sales and services	1 200		1 200		1 200		-
Investment earnings	1 600		1 600		742	_	(858)
Total revenues	162 500		162 500		173 565	_	11 065
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	40 000		40 000		32 845		7 155
Public safety	20 000		20 000		10 252		9 748
Transportation and utilities	58 000		60 100		57 119		2 981
Environmental protection	22 000		22 000		21 523		477
Miscellaneous	2 500		400		-	_	400
Total expenditures	142 500		142 500		121 739	_	20 761
Revenues over (under) expenditures	20 000		20 000		51 826		31 826
Fund Balance appropriated	(20 000)		(20 000)		-	_	20 000
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$ 	-	i.	51 826	\$ _	51 826
Fund balances, beginning Fund balances, ending				\$	829 604 881 430		

Town of Gatesville, North Carolina Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	E	nterprise Fund
		Water Fund
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	318
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		1 959
Due from other funds		386
Total current assets		2 663
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets, net of depreciation		-
Total noncurrent assets		-
Total assets		2 663
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Customer deposits		1 959
Total current liabilities		1 959
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		-
Unrestricted		704
Total net position	\$	704

Exhibit 7

Town of Gatesville, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Enterprise <u>Fund</u> Water Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ -
Total operating revenues	-
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Administration	263
Water treatment and distribution	-
Depreciation	
Total operating expenses	263
Operating income (loss)	(263)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment earnings	-
Interest and other charges	
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	
Change in net position	(263)
Total net position previously reported	967
Total net position, ending	\$704

Exhibit 8

Town of Gatesville, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	-	Enterprise Fund Water Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	\$	-
Cash paid for goods and services		(263)
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services		-
Customer deposits received (returned) net		-
Other operating revenues (expenses)		-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u> </u>	(263)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Due to (from) other funds		-
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	—	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investments		-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	_	(263)
		2 5 4 0
Balances, beginning		2 540
Balances, ending	\$ _	2 277
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(263)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	÷ _	()
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		-
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		-
Total adjustments		-
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(263)

Notes to the Financial Statements

Town of Gatesville, North Carolina Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Gatesville conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Gatesville is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a threemember commission. The Town is located in northeastern North Carolina and has a population of 321. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental and proprietary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. Any remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for administration, public safety, street maintenance, waste disposal and cemetery services.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's water operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods relating to a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General

capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem tax receivables are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Gatesville because the tax is levied by Gates County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Grant Projects, the Capital Projects Fund, and the Enterprise Fund Capital Projects Funds. The enterprise fund projects are consolidated with their respective operating fund for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. The budget officer (town clerk/finance director) is authorized to transfer monies from one appropriation to another within the same fund not to exceed 10% of the total fund. Any such transaction is required to be reported to the Town Commission at its next regular meeting. All other amendments must be approved by the governing board. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principle office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and Super NOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S.159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high-quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool is measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT-Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and certificates of deposit. The Town considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

Restricted Cash		
Governmental Activities		
Total governmental activities	Streets – Powell Bill	\$ 41 500
Business-type Activities		
Water Fund	Customer deposits	\$ 1 959
Total business-type activities		\$ 1 959
Total Restricted Cash		\$ 43 459

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: \$25,000 for infrastructure, and \$5,000 for all other assets. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Estimated
Useful Lives
50
40
10-20
10
10

8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of*

Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town does not have any items that meet this criterion. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has one item that meet the criterion for this category – property taxes receivable.

9. Compensated Absences

The Town does not provide vacation or sick leave.

10. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net Position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute. Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". *Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget.* Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within

RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Town of Gatesville's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation. The Town has fund balances at June 30, 2019 committed to the Fire Department.

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that Town of Gatesville intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Gatesville has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-town funds, town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

II. <u>Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability</u>

A. <u>Significant Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions</u>

During the fiscal year the Town invested in an annuity through Athene via First Citizens Investor Services. The annuity was in violation of North Carolina General Statute 159-30. The funds invested in the annuity were returned to the Town in June 2019.

B. Deficit in Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds

None.

C. <u>Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations</u>

None.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. <u>Assets</u>

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town these deposits are held by the Town's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town, or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collaterization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2019, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$867,635 and a bank balance of \$880,200. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder balance of \$562,152 was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2019, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$0.

2. <u>Receivables – Allowances for Doubtful Accounts</u>

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2019 is net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General Fund: Taxes receivable

\$<u>150</u>

3. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2019, were follows:

1 5 5		Beginning			,			Ending
	_	Balances		Increases		Decreases		Balances
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	68 189	\$	-	\$	- \$	S	68 189
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	68 189		-		-		68 189
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		187 437		-		-		187 437
Other improvements		45 390		-		-		45 390
Equipment		22 831		-		-		22 831
Vehicles and motorized equipment		154 092		-		-		154 092
Infrastructure	_	118 604		6 270		-		124 874
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	528 354		6 270		-		534 624
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		111 662		4 686		-		116 348
Other improvements		39 381		2 063		-		41 444
Equipment		22 814		-		-		22 814
Vehicles and motorized equipment		154 092		-		-		154 092
Infrastructure	_	70 613		5 612		-		76 225
Total accumulated depreciation	_	398 562	\$	12 361	\$	-		410 923
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		129 792	_		. —			123 701
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	197 981				\$	S_	191 890
General government			\$	6 749				

General government	Ψ	0717
Transportation and utilities		5 612
Total depreciation expense	\$	12 361

B. Liabilities

1.Pension Plan Obligations

The Town does not participate in any type of retirement systems.

2. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The Town of Gatesville deferred outflow of resources is comprised of the following:

Prepaid taxes (General Fund)	\$ -
Taxes receivables (General Fund)	2 156
Total	\$ 2 156

3. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town has property and general liability insurance coverage with a limit of \$300,000 per occurrence, \$500,000 aggregate. The Town currently has no flood insurance coverage.

The Town's volunteer fire department has property and general liability coverage with a \$1,000,000 limit and a commercial automobile policy of a \$1,000,000 limit, as well as umbrella excess liability coverage.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded for \$10,000 for each occurrence.

4. Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2019 the Town was not a defendant to any lawsuits.

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2019 consist of the following:

Due to the General Fund for prior years' operating expenditures from:

Water Fund

\$ 386

The interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

D. Fund Balances

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total Fund Balance – General Fund	\$ 881 430
Less:	
Prepaid items	7 782
Stabilization by State Statute	20 688
Streets-Powell Bill	41 500
Public safety	150 452
Subsequent year's expenditures	10 000
Remaining fund balance	 651 008

IV. <u>Related Party Transactions</u>

There were no related party transactions noted during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

V. Extraordinary Item

The Town transferred its water system on October 1, 2013 to the County of Gates. The Water Fund bank account in the amount of \$2,277 and customer deposits in the amount of \$1,959 remain in the fund.

VI. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant money to grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

Town of Gatesville, North Carolina General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	 Actual	 Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Ad valorem taxes:			
Taxes \$	-	\$ 52 981	\$ -
Interest	-	 292	 -
Total	53 400	 53 273	 (127)
Unrestricted intergovernmental:			
Local option sales taxes	-	90 935	-
Utility franchise and sales tax	-	16 825	-
Beer and wine tax	-	1 378	-
Solid waste disposal tax		 237	 -
Total	97 300	 109 375	 12 075
Restricted intergovernmental:			
Powell Bill allocation	-	8 975	-
Police grants	-	-	
Library funds		 -	 -
Total	9 000	 8 975	 (25)
Sales and services:			
Rent	-	1 200	-
Total	1 200	 1 200	 -
Investment earnings	1 600	 742	 (858)
Total Revenues	162 500	 173 565	 11 065

Town of Gatesville, North Carolina General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

6 500	6 459	
6 500	6 459	
6 500	6 4 5 9	
6 500	0 457	-
	6 459	41
-	6 000	-
-	6 500	-
-	160	-
-	1 000	-
-	2 607	-
-	1 406	-
-	4 000	-
-	4 165	-
	548	
33 500	26 386	7 114
40 000	32 845	7 155
-	8 652	-
-	1 600	-
20 000	10 252	9 748
20 000	10 252	9 748
-	21 523	-
-	910	-
-	16 248	-
-	11 382	-
-	786	-
-	6 270	-
60 100	57 119	2 981
-	21 523	-
22 000		477
	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Town of Gatesville, North Carolina General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Miscellaneous	400		400
Total Expenditures	142 500	121 739	20 761
Revenues over (under) expenditures	20 000	51 826	31 826
Fund balance appropriated	(20 000)		20 000
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	51 826	\$ 51 826
Fund Balances, beginning Fund Balances, ending		\$ 829 604 881 430	-

Town of Gatesville, North Carolina Water Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budget	-	Actual	_	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Water sales:						
Residential and commercial	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Revenues	-	-	-		-	
Expenditures:						
Water Administration:						
Salaries and employee benefits		-		-		-
Travel		-		-		-
Office supplies		-		-		-
Utilities Other executing expenses		-		263		-
Other operating expenses Total Water Administration		-	-	263	-	(263)
Total water Administration			-	203	-	(203)
Water Treatment and Distribution:						
Insurance		-		-		-
Supplies		-		-		-
Repairs and Maintenance		-		-		-
Water Usage		-		-		
Water Analysis		-	-	-	_	
Total Water Treatment and Distributions		-	-	-	-	- (0(2))
Total Expenditures	•		-	263	-	(263)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-		-	(263)	_	(263)
Revenues and other sources over						
expenditures and other uses:	\$	-	\$	(263)	\$	(263)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:						
Reconciling items: Depreciation Transfer of Water System to Gates County Total reconciling items			-	-		
Change in net position			\$	(263)		

Other Schedules

This section contains additional information required on property taxes and USDA requested data.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Fiscal Year	 Uncollected Balance June 30, 2018		Additions	-	Collections And Credits	 Uncollected Balance June 30, 2019
2018-2019	\$ -	\$	60 054	\$	58 105	\$ 1 949
2017-2018	1 384		-		1 177	207
2016-2017	4		-		4	-
2015-2016	-		-		-	-
2014-2015	-		-		-	-
2013-2014	18		-		-	18
2012-2013	47		-		-	47
2011-2012	38		-		-	38
2010-2011	25		-		-	25
2009-2010	22		-		-	22
2008-2009	 92	_	-	_	92	 -
	\$ 1 630	\$	60 054	\$	59 378	 2 306

Town of Gatesville, North Carolina Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2019

Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts: General Fund	 150
Ad valorem taxes receivable – net	\$ 2 156
Reconcilement with revenues:	
Ad valorem taxes – General Fund	\$ 53 273
Reconciling items: Interest collected	(202)
	(292)
Releases	6 305
Taxes written off	 92
Subtotal	6 051
Total collections and credits	\$ 59 378

Town of Gatesville, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy Town – Wide Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

							Total Levy				
		Town-Wide Property Total					Property Excluding Registered Motor		Registered Motor		
		Valuation	Rate		Levy	_	Vehicles		Vehicles		
Original levy: Property taxed at current rate	\$	32 322 942	0.19	\$	61 414	\$	48 026	\$	13 388		
Penalties	Ψ		0.17	Ψ	-	Ψ		Ψ	15 500		
Total		32 322 942			61 414	\$	48 026	\$	13 388		
Discoveries: Current year taxes		_	0.19		_		_		_		
Prior year taxes Penalties		_	0.17		-	_	-		- - -		
Releases Total property valuation	\$	(715 563) 31 607 379	0.19		(1 360)	_	(1 360)				
Net levy					60 054		46 666		13 388		
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2019					1 949	_	1 931		17		
Current year's taxes collected				\$	58 105	\$	44 734	\$	13 371		
Current levy collection percentage					96.76%	-	95.86%		99.87%		