# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



CITY OF HAVELOCK
HAVELOCK, NORTH CAROLINA
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# CITY OF HAVELOCK HAVELOCK, NORTH CAROLINA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Prepared by: City of Havelock Finance Department



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# **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

- Transmittal Letter
- List of Principal Officials
- Organizational Chart
- GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting





# CITY OF HAVELOCK

Post Office Box 368 Havelock, N.C. 28532

September 27, 2019

To the Mayor, Board of Commissioners and Citizens of the City of Havelock, North Carolina:

The comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Havelock, North Carolina for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The comprehensive annual financial report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Havelock has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect City assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting standards (GAAP). Because the cost of the internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Havelock's financial statements have been audited by Martin Starnes and Associates, CPA, P.A., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federal and state mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the specific needs of grantor agencies. The single audit must be in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984, Uniform Guidance, and North Carolina's <a href="State Single Audit Implementation Act">State Single Audit Implementation Act</a>. The standards governing Single audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state awards. These auditor reports are available in the Single Audit section of this report.

GAAP requirements specify that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Some information traditionally reported in the transmittal letter is now included in the MD&A as required. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

## The City of Havelock

The City of Havelock, North Carolina is located in Craven County within the eastern coastal plains region of North Carolina and includes, within its municipal boundaries, Marine Corps Air Station Cherry Point (MCAS-CP). Havelock comprises about 20 percent of Craven County's population. The certified population estimate was 20,072 for 2019 and the estimate for 2018 is 20,087. The City presently encompasses 46 miles and employs 123 permanent staff.

The City of Havelock and its residents pride themselves in the quality of life in the community. Most of the community is associated with MCAS-CP as active duty Marines, civil service employees, their dependents, service-oriented business providers, local and state government employees and retirees. The City and its residents continue to strive to improve the programs and services that directly affect the quality of life, health and welfare needs of the Citizens. The City readily welcomes visitors and new residents.

The City, incorporated in 1959, has a council-manager form of government. The governing body is comprised of the Mayor and Five Commissioners who are elected at large. All Board members including the Mayor serve four-year staggered terms. The Board of Commissioners has legislative authority and establishes policies for the City. The Board appoints the City Manager and the City Attorney. The City Manager is the chief executive officer and responsible for implementing Board policies and ordinances, managing daily operations and appointing department directors. The City Manager is also responsible for preparation of the annual operating budgets.

The City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; street maintenance; recreational activities and cultural events; and water and sewer services. This report includes all of the City's activities in delivering and administering these services.

#### City of Havelock's Mission Statement

The City of Havelock's mission is to promote and support the highest quality of life possible for its citizens while recognizing limitations and available resources. Our mission will be accomplished through quality elected and professional leadership, a dedicated workforce and a community of active citizen involvement, according to our Core Values.

# City of Havelock's Core Values

# H-Honesty/Integrity

We strive to be truthful, ethical, loyal and principled. We say what we mean and do what we say. We take a stand on important issues. We deal with the citizens of Havelock, fairly, and maintain a professional relationship with them.

#### A- Accountability

We take responsibility for our actions while delivering cost effective and efficient services. We are responsible to our citizens for the dollars we spend and the quality of service we render. We are responsible for the protection and care of the community's resources for positive purposes.

# V-Value of Service

Our business is to provide service to the community. Our success - the vitality and prosperity of our city-depends on our productivity. We are most productive when working together and with our citizens. We believe, as trustees of public resources, we have an obligation to ensure that city services are delivered without exception to its citizens in a professional, timely and courteous manner.

# **E-Excellence**

We strive to do our best on every assignment, optimizing the use of our time, resources and energy, to provide the highest quality of service to our citizens. The standards of excellence we apply to our service make a direct and powerful difference in the quality of our jobs and the quality of life in our community.

# L-Leadership

We work together to plan, develop recommendations and select the best options available to the citizens of Havelock. We realize that our organization is dependent upon the public's confidence in our commitment to our core values and to meeting our collective goals. We respect the recommendations of our professional staff, recognizing that they are an important part of our team.

#### **O-Openness**

We are responsive to the needs of our community. We conduct business in an open manner and invite our citizens' commentary on our plans. We pledge to be consistent and respectful in all communications, written and verbal, as this is vital for reflective and sound decision making for the Havelock community. We will consider the impact of our decisions on resources and recognize the limitations imposed by our environment.

# **C-Competence**

We will strive to be proficient and effective. We will continually work to improve our knowledge of the profession and individual performances. As individuals, our ability to have an effect on our mission is unlimited. By developing our skills and abilities, we enhance not only our job satisfaction but also the quality of service our city offers.

# K-Knowledge

We are concerned about our natural, historic, economic resources and endeavor to enhance their sustainability for future generations. We will foster intergovernmental relationships that will bring the expertise of others to bear on our decisions. Through effective communication, positive attitudes and shared workloads we can meet our responsibility to the community.

# **The Budget Process**

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Havelock's financial planning and control. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget ordinance adopted by the Board of Commissioners. Activities of General and Enterprise Funds are included in the annual budget ordinance. Project length financial plans are adopted for those projects which are expected to require more than a fiscal year for completion. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the departmental level. The government also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts lapse at year-end. Project budgeted appropriations do not lapse until the completion of the project.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and function. The City Manager may make transfers between line items in the function but not between funds, which require Board approval. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in basic financial statements of this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. Also included in the governmental fund subsection are project-length budget-to-actual comparisons for each governmental fund for which a project-length budget has been adopted (i.e. capital projects funds).

### **Economic Conditions and Outlook**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Havelock operates.

Havelock's economy is driven by Marine Corps Air Station Cherry Point with more than 9,00 active marines. It is home to Fleet Readiness Center East (FRC) which provides maintenance, engineering, and logistics support for aviation operations of the Marine Corps, Navy and other branches of the U.S. military. It is the largest employer of civilians east of Interstate 95 in North Carolina and has an annual payroll of over \$ million. The unemployment rate for June 2019 was 4.2 percent compared with 4.1 percent for the state and 3.7 percent for the nation. The local unemployment rate increased .4 percent while the state's rate was decreased .1 percent While the local economy did not suffer as bad as the national and state economy during the economic downturn, it is not prospering as much now either.

The City is expecting nominal growth in the coming year. All of Eastern North Carolina and especially Havelock was severely impacted in September 2018 by Hurricane Florence. The City and its Citizens have spent the last year rebuilding and will be rebuilding for some time. In planning for the future, the City of Havelock will continue to deliver quality services in the most cost-effective method possible and recover from the epic storm.

# **Major Initiatives**

Planning efforts for the upcoming fiscal year always begin with a planning retreat to present the Board of Commissioners with an overview of issues facing the City. This affords the Board of Commissioners a heightened awareness of possible future projects and programming opportunities as they refine the City's five-year plan and developed guidelines for the upcoming budget year. The City's annual planning session is held in March of each year.

The budget process was difficult as requests far exceeded revenues. The City Manager, Finance Director and Management team whittled the requests and presented the Board of Commissioners with a balanced budget. Sales tax growth is expected to be 1-3% and no there is no growth anticipated in the property tax base.

The tax rate was unchanged at .59 at per hundred for 2018-2019. Water, sewer and solid waste rates were increased by 2.1%. The annual utility rate increases allow the City to meet the mandates that are imposed for drinking water and treating sewer.

The City continues to partner with Allies for Cherry Point's Tomorrow to identify and implement initiatives that protect the health, safety and welfare of the civilian and military communities near MCAS-CP along with initiatives that protect and promote the present and future operational capabilities of MCAS-CP. The City has also worked to increase communication and cooperation among MCAS-CP and surrounding communities and to identify appropriate regulatory and non-regulatory measures to ensure compatibility between existing and future land uses and MCAS-CP air operations.

#### For the Future

The fiscal year 2019-2020 budget was recommended and adopted. The Board of Commissioners made no changes to the tax rate of .59 per hundred, utility rates increased 4.0 percent and solid waste rates were increased by 2.6 percent.

The City expects usage at the Slocum Creek Water Front Park since the parking lot was expanded and a picnic shelter facility is installed. The City also plans to officially open Lewis Farm Park, a new multipurpose athletic field and playground, now that the ball field grass has had a growing season.

The City of Havelock also provides post-retirement health benefits to certain retirees and their dependents. As of the end of the current fiscal year, there are eleven employees receiving these benefits, which are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. Additional information on the City's pension arrangements and post-employment benefits can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Other Information**

North Carolina statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Martin Starnes and Associates, CPA's was selected by the City. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report. The statutes also require the City's audit to include a compliance audit of applicable expenditures of federal and state financial awards, which meets the regulations of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and related OMB Circular A-133. The compliance audit and the related schedule of expenditures of federal and state financial awards are included in the compliance section of this report.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgments**

The Government Finance Officer's Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Havelock for its comprehensive annual financial report ("CAFR") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City has also previously received a Certificate of Achievement for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1990 through June 30, 2017. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the finance department staff. Also, of particular value in the process was Mr. Matt Braswell of Martin Starnes and Associates, CPAs.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the City of Havelock Board of Commissioners, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Frank Bottorff
City Manager

Lee W. Tillman Finance Director

# CITY OF HAVELOCK

# LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

June 30, 2019

# **BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS**

WILL LEWIS, Mayor
DANIEL WALSH
JIM KORR
KAREN LEWIS
BRENDA WILSON
PETE VAN VLIET

# **ADMINISTRATION**

FRANK BOTTORFF
City Manager

LEE TILLMAN
Director of Finance

CINDY MORGAN
City Clerk

RICHARD ZACCARDELLI Fire/Rescue Chief

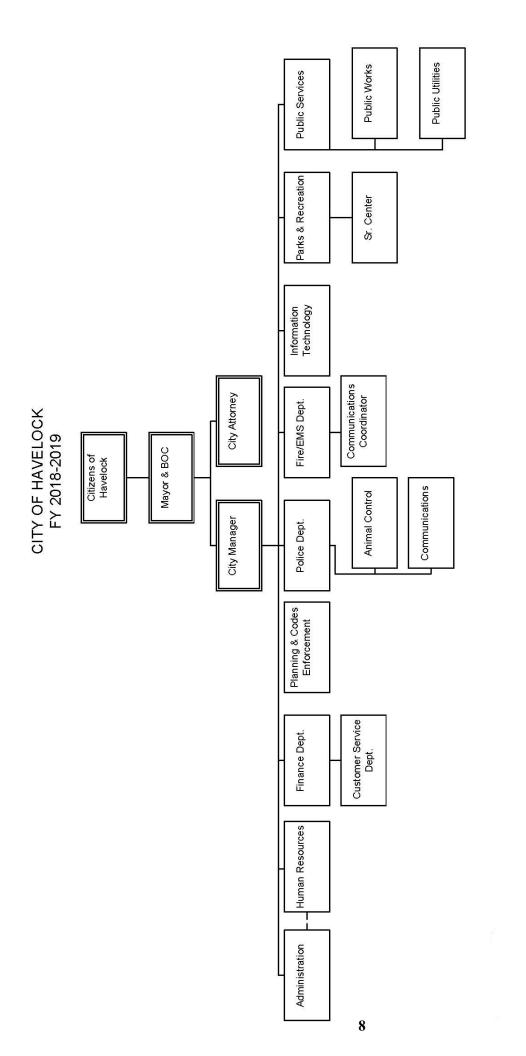
KATRINA MARSHALL
Director of Planning
and Inspections

SUE SAYGER
Director of
Public Services

MARVIN WILLIAMS
Police Chief

CHAD IVES
Director of Information
Technology

TRAVIS ADAMS
Director of Parks
and Recreation





# Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Havelock North Carolina

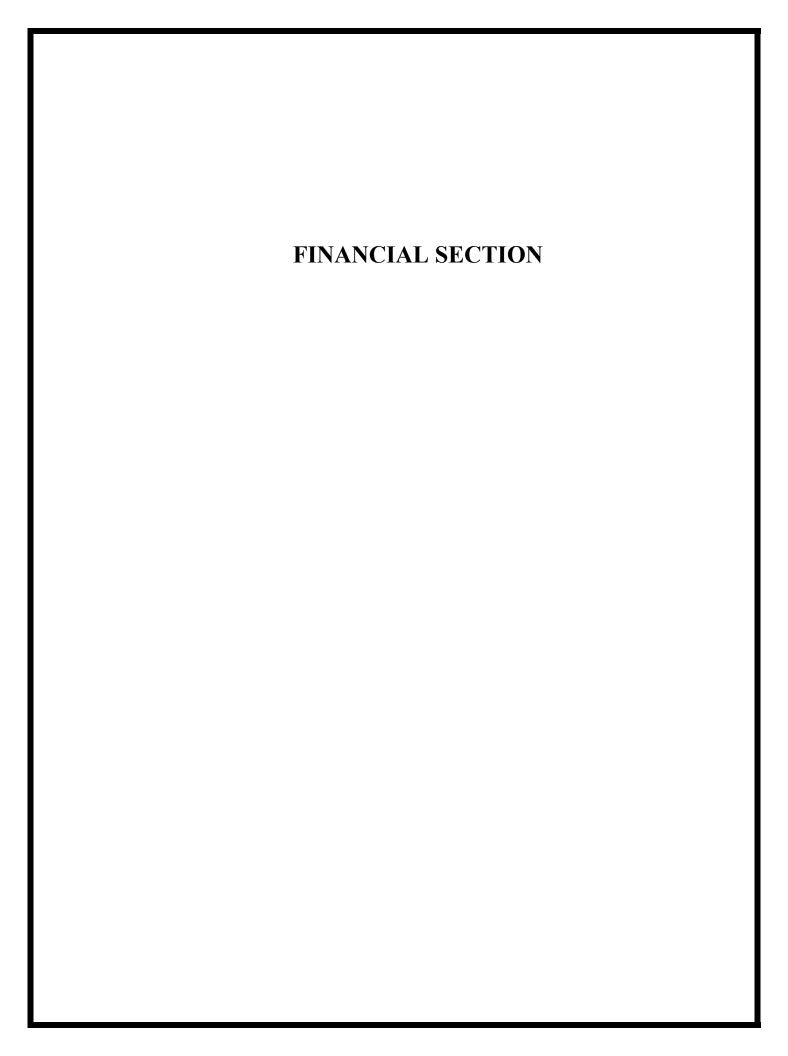
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO









"A Professional Association of Certified Public Accountants and Management Consultants"

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners City of Havelock, North Carolina

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Havelock, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Havelock, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Other Post-Employment Benefits' Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Contributions, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City of Havelock, North Carolina. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, statistical tables as well as the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Costs Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain other procedures; including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide assurance on them.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated September 27, 2019 on our consideration of the City of Havelock's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Havelock's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Havelock's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

Martin Starnes & associated, CPas, P.a.

Hickory, North Carolina September 27, 2019



# Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Havelock (City), we offer readers of the City of Havelock's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 with comparisons to the prior year, where appropriate. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter in the front of this report and the basic financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements, which follow this narrative.

# **Financial Highlights**

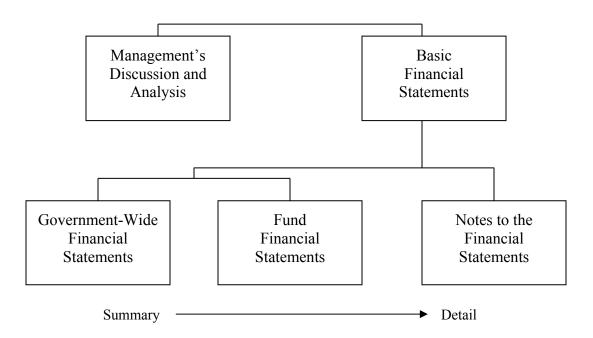
- The City of Havelock's assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$38,453,265.
- The City's total net position increased by \$1,348,253 of which \$238,949 was from business-type activities, while net position of governmental activities increased by \$1,109,304.
- The overall financial position of the City decreased in 2019 as evidenced by a decrease in the unassigned fund balance to \$7,355,502 in the General Fund (a slight increase in total fund balance of \$176,732 in the General Fund) at June 30, which is approximately 45 percent of the budget for fiscal year 2019. This did meet the Board of Commissioners' goal to maintain 32 percent in General Fund balance
- On a government-wide basis for governmental activities, the City had expenses net of program revenues of \$8,111,838. Total program revenues were \$5,622,785, and expenses were \$13,734,623.
- On a government-wide basis for business-type activities, the City had expenses net of program revenues of \$72,651.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City of Havelock's basic financial statements comprise two components: 1) government-wide financial statements, and 2) fund financial statements along with the notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

# **Required Components of Annual Financial Report**

Figure 1



#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The first two statements (Exhibits A and B) in the basic financial statements are the **government-wide financial statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits C through I) are **fund financial statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the fund financial statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the City's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the general statutes can also be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City of Havelock's assets, deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the four reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Havelock include water, sewer, solid waste, and the Havelock Tourist and Event Center.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits A and B of this report.

In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity, the City of Havelock has no component units that must be included in this report.

**Fund Financials Statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

At year-end, the City maintained three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the General Fund, which is the only major governmental fund that the City has. All other nonmajor governmental funds have been combined in a single aggregated presentation.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits C-F of this report.

**Proprietary Funds.** The City of Havelock maintains four different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, solid waste, and the Tourist and Event Center.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer, solid waste, and the Tourist and Event Center. The water, sewer, solid waste, and the Tourist and Event Center funds are all considered major funds of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits G-I of this report.

**Fiduciary Funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City does not have any fiduciary funds.

**Notes to the Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found after Exhibit I of this report.

**Other Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on Schedule A-1, A-2, A-3, A-4, and A-5 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on Schedules C1-E9 of this report.

# **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$38,453,265 at the close of the most recent fiscal year compared to \$37,105,012 for the prior year. The City's net position increased by \$1,348,253 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

A large portion of the City's net position (49.01 percent) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

# City of Havelock's Net Position

Figure 2

	Governmental Activities			ss-Type vities	Total	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$ 13,200,894	\$13,752,941	\$11,895,778	\$11,921,940	\$25,096,672	\$25,674,881
Capital assets	13,442,269	12,641,997	26,077,124	26,492,225	39,519,393	39,134,222
Total assets	26,643,163	26,394,938	37,972,902	38,414,165	64,616,065	64,809,103
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,529,181	1,065,372	282,959	195,930	1,812,140	1,261,302
Liabilities:						
Current	914,366	1,746,605	1,005,308	1,316,844	1,919,674	3,063,449
Non-current	10,829,995	10,430,140	14,837,698	15,124,278	25,667,693	25,554,418
Total liabilities	11,744,361	12,176,745	15,843,006	16,441,122	27,587,367	28,617,867
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Prepaid taxes	6,074	5,431	-	-	6,074	5,431
Pension deferrals	328,230	293,759	53,269	48,336	381,499	342,095
Total deferred inflows of resources	334,304	299,190	53,269	48,336	387,573	347,526
Net Position:						
Net investment in						
capital assets	7,288,247	6,300,569	11,559,108	11,560,871	18,847,355	17,861,440
Restricted	3,757,207	2,801,196	-	-	3,757,207	2,801,196
Unrestricted	5,048,225	5,882,610	10,800,478	10,559,766	15,848,703	16,442,376
Total net position	\$16,093,679	\$14,984,375	\$22,359,586	\$22,120,637	\$38,453,265	\$37,105,012

An additional \$3,757,207 of the City's net position (9.77 percent compared to 7.55 percent for the prior fiscal year) represent resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position \$15,848,703 (41.22 percent) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

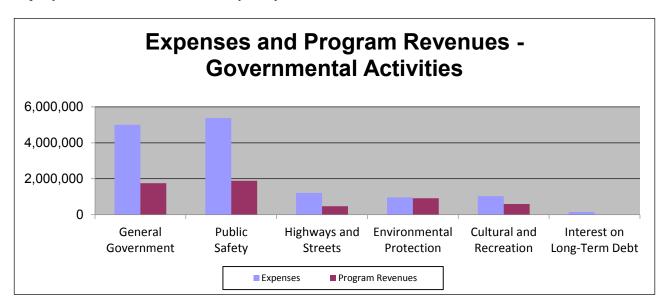
**Governmental Activities.** Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1,109,304. The following factors caused the decrease in governmental activities:

• The main reason for the increase was due to large disaster recovery grants in the current year for unexpected hurricane expenditures in the 2019 fiscal year while holding other expenses steady.

City of Havelock's Changes in Net Position

		Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities		Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,746,716	\$ 1,102,750	\$ 7,562,824	\$ 7,218,104	\$ 9,309,540	\$ 8,320,854
Operating grants and contributions	2,763,115	1,168,000	-	-	2,763,115	1,168,000
Capital grants and contributions	1,112,954	312,171	-	-	1,112,954	312,171
General revenues:						•
Property taxes	5,198,905	5,105,262	-	-	5,198,905	5,105,262
Other taxes	3,914,332	3,727,747	-	-	3,914,332	3,727,747
Investment earnings	330,712	145,357	88,793	63,080	419,505	208,437
Total revenues	15,066,734	11,561,287	7,651,617	7,281,184	22,718,351	18,842,471
				<u> </u>		
Expenses:						
General government	5,004,320	2,227,946	-	-	5,004,320	2,227,946
Public safety	5,378,223	4,703,051	-	-	5,378,223	4,703,051
Highways and streets	1,207,423	1,560,339	-	-	1,207,423	1,560,339
Environmental protection	959,665	71,520	-	-	959,665	71,520
Cultural and recreation	1,031,018	1,241,286	-	-	1,031,018	1,241,286
Interest on long-term debt	153,973	161,897	-	-	153,973	161,897
Water	-	-	2,014,753	2,146,243	2,014,753	2,146,243
Sewer	-	-	4,349,156	4,007,710	4,349,156	4,007,710
Solid waste	-	-	910,128	953,348	910,128	953,348
Tourist and Event Center			361,438	397,427	361,438	397,427
Total expenses	13,734,623	9,966,039	7,635,475	7,504,728	21,370,098	17,470,767
Change in net position						
before transfers	1,332,111	1,595,248	16,142	(223,544)	1,348,253	1,371,704
Transfers in (out)	(222,807)	(333,084)	222,807	333,084	<del>_</del>	
Change in net position	1,109,304	1,262,164	238,949	109,540	1,348,253	1,371,704
Net position, July 1, as previously reported	14,984,375	15,710,429	22,120,637	22,352,752	37,105,012	38,063,181
Restatement		(1,988,218)		(341,655)		(2,329,873)
Net position, July 1, restated	14,984,375	13,722,211	22,120,637	22,011,097	37,105,012	35,733,308
Net position, June 30	\$16,093,679	\$14,984,375	\$22,359,586	\$22,120,637	\$38,453,265	\$37,105,012

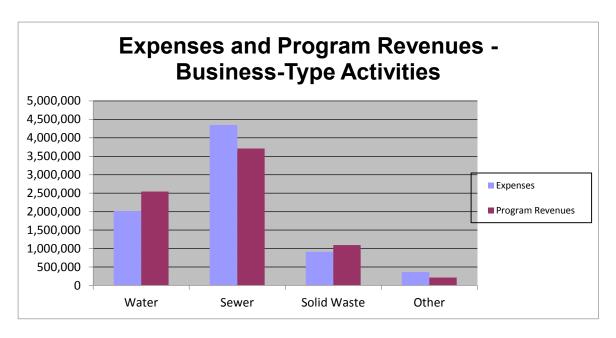
Property taxes increased in the current year by \$93,643.



**Business-Type Activities.** Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$238,949. In fiscal year 2017-2018, business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$109,540.

Key elements of this increase are as follows:

• Water revenues increased by \$258,142, a 11% increase compared to a decrease of \$25,175 (1.09% decrease) in the prior fiscal year. The increase was a result of a significant increase in fees. Sewer revenues increased by \$141,748, a 4% increase compared to a decreased of \$38,342 (1.06 percent decrease) in FY 17-18. Solid waste revenues increased by \$59,621, or 6 percent, from the prior year due to increased rates. The Tourist and Event Center revenues decreased by \$74,408, or 39 percent decrease. The decrease resulted from the Center being closed for six months due to damages sustained during Hurricane Florence.



# **Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds**

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds.** The focus on the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,887,938, a decrease of \$239,191. Approximately 61.57 percent of this total amount (\$7,319,573) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *non-spendable*, *restricted*, *assigned or committed* to indicate that it is not available for various reasons. These reasons include 1) a portion is unavailable under State statutes; 2) a portion is legally segregated and can only be spent on specific expenditures; or 3) available for appropriation but the City is segregating out portions for specific expenditures.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, available fund balance of the General Fund was \$9,296,758. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both available fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The City has an available fund balance of 71.51 percent of General Fund expenditures and transfers to other funds, while total fund balance represents 87.13 percent of the same amount. Unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$7,355,502 while total fund balance reached \$11,327,569. Other factors concerning the finances of the governmental funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's governmental activities.

**Proprietary Funds.** The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position of the Water Fund increased by \$581,813 at year-end; Sewer Fund net position decreased by \$610,624; Solid Waste Fund net position increased by \$193,370; and the Tourist and Event Center Fund net position increased by \$74,390 at year-end. Other factors concerning the finances of these four funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

During the fiscal year, the City revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available, 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain or expand services. The City increased the General Fund budget revenue estimates by \$581,383. The increase was necessary to incorporate additional funding received during the fiscal year.

Expenditure budgets were increased over the fiscal year primarily to authorize expenditures for hurricane relief, contracts, grant awards, and special studies. Although the City's expenditure budget increased \$4,031,461 over the year, ultimately actual expenditures were \$3,203,723 less than the final budget. Adequate fund balance provided the flexibility so that the City could increase expenditure budgets midfiscal year without having to issue debt.

Differences (funded out of fund balance) between the original budget and the final amended budget were relatively major and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$3,308,208 increase in Hurricane department due to Hurricane Florence \$153,807 increase in storm water for storm water system repairs
- \$251,450 increase in fire for new fire truck
- \$61,525 increase in transfers for additional phase at waterfront park
- \$50,000 increase in Powell Bill and streets for road repairs \$100,000 increase in streets for storm water repair

# **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets.** The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 amounts to \$39,519,393 (net of accumulated depreciation), which is an increase of \$385,171 over the 2017-2018. The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and streets. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current year was 1 percent.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Purchase of software and equipment for \$508,926
- Sewer system line and lift station relocation and rehabilitation of \$879,516
- Purchase of new vehicles and equipment for police, fire and public service departments totaling \$726,756
- Development of new park and playground for \$531,070

# City of Havelock's Capital Assets

	Govern	Governmental		ss-Type			
	Activities		Activ	vities	Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Land	\$ 2,802,762	\$ 2,802,762	\$ 306,658	\$ 306,658	\$ 3,109,420	\$ 3,109,420	
Construction in progress	729,537	409,852	699,933	358,911	1,429,470	768,763	
Buildings	9,853,284	9,840,709	33,846,703	33,727,345	43,699,987	43,568,054	
Other improvements	1,838,451	1,349,933	12,932,590	12,932,590	14,771,041	14,282,523	
Equipment	4,307,632	4,040,765	1,571,912	1,306,331	5,879,544	5,347,096	
Vehicles	4,539,735	4,270,200	1,403,259	1,203,921	5,942,994	5,474,121	
Subtotal	24,071,401	22,714,221	50,761,055	49,835,756	74,832,456	72,549,977	
Accumulated depreciation	(10,629,132)	(10,072,224)	(24,683,931)	(23,343,531)	(35,313,063)	(33,415,755)	
Capital assets, net	\$ 13,442,269	\$ 12,641,997	\$ 26,077,124	\$ 26,492,225	\$ 39,519,393	\$ 39,134,222	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to financial statements in note 3.

**Long-Term Debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had a total debt outstanding of \$20,672,038. Of this amount, there is no debt that comprises the full faith and credit of the government.

#### City of Havelock's Long-Term Debt

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Government	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Notes from direct borrowings						
and direct placements	\$ 6,154,022	\$ 6,341,428	\$ 14,518,016	\$ 14,931,354	\$ 20,672,038	\$ 21,272,782

The City's total debt decreased during the current fiscal year by \$600,744 due to the City's long-term debt payments in the current fiscal year.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 8 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City of Havelock is approximately \$50,200,000, which is significantly greater than the City's outstanding debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in the notes to financial statements in note 8 of this report.

# **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

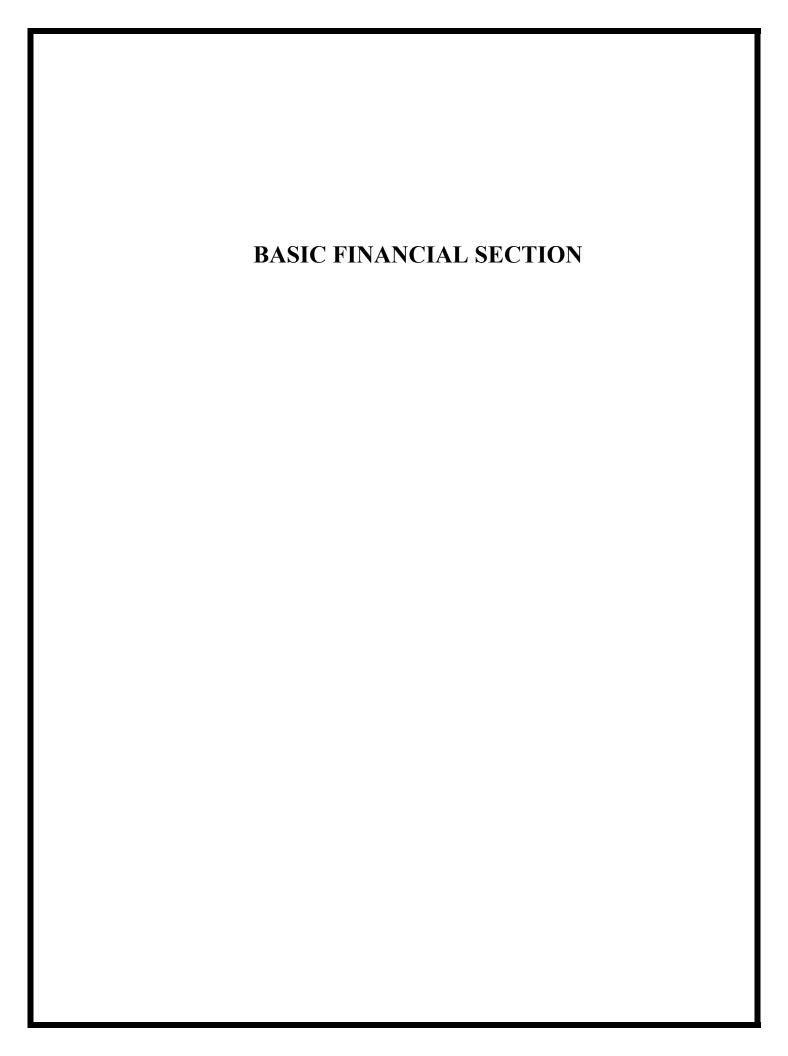
The unemployment rate for the City is 4.2 percent. This is higher than the national rate of 3.7 percent, and on par with the state's rate of 4.1 percent. Inflationary trends in the region compare favorable to national indices. All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2019 fiscal year.

The City tax rate was maintained at .59 cents per hundred. The Board of Commissioners was able to provide all City services while maintaining the tax rate.

The water and sewer rates were increased by 4.0 percent while solid waste rates were increased by 2.6 percent. While the Board is committed to their policy of increasing the rates based on the Consumer Price Index in these funds, they ultimately decided to increase water and sewer rates more due to capital needs in these areas.

# **Requests for Information**

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Havelock's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the Office of the Director of Finance, City of Havelock, Post Office Box 368, Havelock, North Carolina 28532; (252) 444-6403.





## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,219,042	\$ 10,612,560	\$ 20,831,602
Intergovernmental receivables	2,038,495	-	2,038,495
Taxes receivable, net	32,432	-	32,432
Accounts receivable, net	4,005	899,357	903,362
Inventories	3,650	19,521	23,171
Prepaid items	8,302	785	9,087
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	894,968	363,555	1,258,523
Total current assets	13,200,894	11,895,778	25,096,672
Non-current assets:			
Capital assets:	2 522 200	1.007.501	4.520.000
Capital assets, non-depreciable	3,532,299	1,006,591	4,538,890
Capital assets, net	9,909,970	25,070,533	34,980,503
Total capital assets	13,442,269	26,077,124	39,519,393
Total assets	26,643,163	37,972,902	64,616,065
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Pension deferrals	1,325,057	244,079	1,569,136
OPEB deferrals	204,124	38,880	243,004
Total deferred outflows	1,529,181	282,959	1,812,140
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	570,513	105,633	676,146
Prepaid fees	100 201	13,245	13,245
Unearned grant revenue	109,291	522.075	109,291
Current portion of long-term liabilities	234,562	522,875	757,437
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:		2/2.555	262.555
Customer deposits	-	363,555	363,555
Total current liabilities	914,366	1,005,308	1,919,674
Long-term liabilities:			
Net pension liability - LGERS	1,681,098	320,211	2,001,309
Total pension liability - LEOSSA	325,590	-	325,590
Total OPEB liability	2,384,316	454,156	2,838,472
Due in more than one year	6,438,991	14,063,331	20,502,322
Total long-term liabilities	10,829,995	14,837,698	25,667,693
Total liabilities	11,744,361	15,843,006	27,587,367
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Prepaid taxes	6,074	-	6,074
OPEB deferrals	177,211	33,755	210,966
Pension deferrals	151,019	19,514	170,533
Total deferred inflows of resources	334,304	53,269	387,573
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	7,288,247	11,559,108	18,847,355
Restricted for stabilization by state statute	2,131,497	-	2,131,497
Restricted for streets	785,677	-	785,677
Restricted for debt service	430,063	-	430,063
Restricted for culture and recreation	21,725	-	21,725
Restricted for general government	152,803	-	152,803
Restricted for public safety Unrestricted	235,442 5,048,225	10,800,478	235,442 15,848,703
	· <u> </u>		
Total net position	\$ 16,093,679	\$ 22,359,586	\$ 38,453,265

 $\label{the accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.$ 

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Program Revenues					
	 Expenses		Charges for Services	(	Operating Grants and ontributions	_(	Capital Grants and Contributions
Functions/Programs:							
Primary Government:							
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>							
General government	\$ 5,004,320	\$	784,026	\$	969,114	\$	-
Public safety	5,378,223		685,045		1,201,004		-
Highways and streets	1,207,424		-		468,503		-
Environmental protection	959,665		7,945		-		910,864
Cultural and recreation	1,031,018		269,700		124,494		202,090
Interest on long-term debt	 153,973						
Total governmental activities	 13,734,623		1,746,716		2,763,115		1,112,954
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>							
Water Fund	2,014,753		2,544,379		-		-
Sewer Fund	4,349,156		3,709,479		-		-
Solid Waste Fund	910,128		1,095,945		-		-
Tourist and Event Center Fund	 361,438		213,021				
Total business-type activities	 7,635,475		7,562,824				<del>-</del>
Total primary government	\$ 21,370,098	\$	9,309,540	\$	2,763,115	\$	1,112,954

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Net (Expense) I	Revenue	and Changes	in Net	t Position
	 Primary G	overnm	ent		
	vernmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total
Functions/Programs:					
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General government	\$ (3,251,180)	\$	-	\$	(3,251,180)
Public safety	(3,492,174)		-		(3,492,174)
Highways and streets	(738,921)		-		(738,921)
Environmental protection	(40,856)		-		(40,856)
Cultural and recreation	(434,734)		-		(434,734)
Interest on long-term debt	 (153,973)				(153,973)
Total governmental activities	 (8,111,838)		<u>-</u>		(8,111,838)
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>					
Water Fund	-		529,626		529,626
Sewer Fund	-		(639,677)		(639,677)
Solid Waste Fund	-		185,817		185,817
Tourist and Event Center Fund	 		(148,417)		(148,417)
Total business-type activities	 <u>-</u>		(72,651)		(72,651)
Total primary government	 (8,111,838)		(72,651)		(8,184,489)
General Revenues:					
Property tax	5,198,905		-		5,198,905
Sales tax	2,052,334		-		2,052,334
Franchise tax	1,176,375		-		1,176,375
Other taxes	685,623		-		685,623
Investment earnings	 330,712		88,793		419,505
Total general revenues, excluding transfers	9,443,949		88,793		9,532,742
Transfers	 (222,807)		222,807		<u> </u>
Total general revenues and transfers	 9,221,142		311,600		9,532,742
Change in net position	1,109,304		238,949		1,348,253
Net Position:					
Beginning of year - July 1	 14,984,375		22,120,637	-	37,105,012
End of year - June 30	\$ 16,093,679	\$	22,359,586	\$	38,453,265

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Γotal
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,717,278	\$ 501,764	\$	10,219,042
Intergovernmental receivables		1,925,857	112,638		2,038,495
Taxes receivable, net		32,432	-		32,432
Accounts receivable, net		4,005	-		4,005
Due from other funds		35,929	-		35,929
Inventories		3,650	-		3,650
Prepaid items		8,302	-		8,302
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	_	785,677	109,291		894,968
Total assets	\$	12,513,130	\$ 723,693	\$	13,236,823
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	552,409	\$ 18,104	\$	570,513
Due to other funds		-	35,929		35,929
Unearned grant revenue		<u>-</u>	109,291		109,291
Total liabilities		552,409	163,324		715,733
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Unavailable taxes		32,432	_		32,432
Grant receivable		594,646	_		594,646
Prepaid taxes		6,074	_		6,074
Total deferred inflows of resources		633,152			633,152
E INI					
Fund Balances:					
Non-spendable: Prepaids		8,302			8,302
Inventories		3,650	-		3,650
Restricted:		3,030	-		3,030
Stabilization by state statute		2,018,859	112,638		2,131,497
Restricted, other		1,215,740	409,970		1,625,710
Committed:		1,213,740	409,970		1,023,710
Committed for public safety			73,690		73,690
Assigned:		_	73,070		75,070
Assigned, other		725,516	_		725,516
Unassigned		7,355,502	(35,929)		7,319,573
Total fund balances		11,327,569	560,369		11,887,938
	_				,,
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	12,513,130	\$ 723,693		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A) are different because:					
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Long-term liabilities, interest payable, and compensated absences are not due and payable in				1	13,442,269
the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds are used to offset accounts receivable not expected to be received within 90 days of year-end. These receivables are a component of net					(6,673,553)
position in the Statement of Net Position.					627,078
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.					1,325,057
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds.					204,124
Total pension liability - LEOSSA					(325,590)
Net pension liability - LGERS					(1,681,098)
Total OPEB liability					(2,384,316)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.					(151,019)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds.					(177,211)
Net position of governmental activities per Exhibit A				\$	16,093,679

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 5,217,107	\$ -	\$ 5,217,107
Unrestricted intergovernmental	3,914,332	-	3,914,332
Restricted intergovernmental	1,609,915	1,350,838	2,960,753
Licenses and permits	109,116	-	109,116
Sales and services	1,233,902	-	1,233,902
Investment earnings	319,527	11,185	330,712
Miscellaneous	773,169		773,169
Total revenues	13,177,068	1,362,023	14,539,091
Expenditures: Current:			
General government	5,182,437	_	5,182,437
Public safety	5,142,802	164,183	5,306,985
Highways and streets	1,297,754		1,297,754
Environmental protection	-	959,665	959,665
Cultural and recreation	751,632	715,623	1,467,255
Debt service:	,,	,,,	-,,
Principal	187,406	_	187,406
Interest	153,973	-	153,973
Total expenditures	12,716,004	1,839,471	14,555,475
Revenues over (under) expenditures	461,064	(477,448)	(16,384)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers in	-	61,525	61,525
Transfers out	(284,332)		(284,332)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(284,332)	61,525	(222,807)
Net change in fund balances	176,732	(415,923)	(239,191)
Fund Balances:			
Beginning of year - July 1	11,150,837	976,292	12,127,129
End of year - June 30	\$ 11,327,569	\$ 560,369	\$ 11,887,938

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements}.$ 

\$ 1,109,304

#### CITY OF HAVELOCK, NORTH CAROLINA

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit D)	\$	(239,191)
Exhibit D reports revenues using a current financial resources basis, which generally means revenue is recognized when collected, or is expected to be collected, within 90 days of year-end. Exhibit B reports revenues when the earning process is		
complete, regardless of when it is collected. This measurement difference causes		
timing of revenue recognition differences for the following revenue types:  Property taxes, grant receivables and business licenses		527,643
Pension expense		(63,567)
Expenses related to compensated absences, OPEB, incurred but not reported (IBNR), and Law Enforcement Officers' Separation Allowance that do not require current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement.		(103,259)
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement. However, in the Statement of Activities, capital outlay is not an expense, rather it is an increase in capital assets.		1,546,445
Depreciation expense allocates the costs of capital assets over their useful lives. It is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds statement.		(746,173)
Principal repayments are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement. However, in the Statement of Activities, these transactions are not		
an expense, rather they are a decrease in liabilities.		187,406
	ф	1 100 201

Change in net position of governmental activities per Exhibit B

#### GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts			riance with	
		Original		Final	Actual	Over/Under		
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	5,066,242	\$	5,066,242	\$ 5,217,107	\$	150,865	
Unrestricted intergovernmental		3,788,271		3,788,271	3,914,332		126,061	
Restricted intergovernmental		581,925		581,925	1,609,915		1,027,990	
Licenses and permits		70,300		70,300	109,116		38,816	
Sales and services		1,222,225		1,222,225	1,233,902		11,677	
Investment earnings		89,538		89,538	319,527		229,989	
Miscellaneous		132,512		713,895	773,169		59,274	
Total revenues		10,951,013		11,532,396	 13,177,068		1,644,672	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		2,852,574		6,203,180	5,182,437		1,020,743	
Public safety		5,435,449		5,704,877	5,142,802		562,075	
Highways and streets		2,359,705		2,718,132	1,297,754		1,420,378	
Sanitation		30,000		30,000	-		30,000	
Cultural and recreation		867,514		920,514	751,632		168,882	
Debt service:								
Principal		187,500		187,500	187,406		94	
Interest	_	155,524		155,524	 153,973		1,551	
Total expenditures		11,888,266		15,919,727	 12,716,004		3,203,723	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(937,253)		(4,387,331)	 461,064		4,848,395	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Appropriated fund balance		1,160,060		4,671,663	-		(4,671,663)	
Transfers out	_	(222,807)		(284,332)	 (284,332)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		937,253		4,387,331	 (284,332)		(4,671,663)	
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$		176,732	\$	176,732	
Fund Balance: Beginning of year - July 1					 11,150,837			
End of year - June 30					\$ 11,327,569			

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements}.$ 

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Tourist and Event Center Fund	Total
Assets:					
Current assets:	Ф 2.665.221	Ф 5.175.45 <i>6</i>	Ф. 1.072.252	ф. 600. <b>521</b>	Ф. 10.61 <b>2.</b> 560
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,665,231			*	
Accounts receivable, net	281,057	530,176	82,085	6,039 785	899,357
Prepaid items Inventories	8,067	6.425	-	5,019	785
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	185,505	6,435 178,050	=	3,019	19,521 363,555
Total current assets	4,139,860	5,890,117	1,155,437	710,364	11,895,778
Total current assets	4,157,000	3,070,117	1,133,437	710,304	11,075,776
Capital assets:					
Capital assets, non-depreciable	297,847	708,744	-	-	1,006,591
Capital assets, net	7,788,687	15,704,411	187,195	1,390,240	25,070,533
Total capital assets	8,086,534	16,413,155	187,195	1,390,240	26,077,124
Total assets	12,226,394	22,303,272	1,342,632	2,100,604	37,972,902
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Pension deferrals	106,784	91,531	15,254	30,510	244,079
OPEB deferrals	17,010	14,580	2,430	4,860	38,880
Total deferred outflows	123,794	106,111	17,684	35,370	282,959
Liabilities: Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	27,998	65,333	5,624	6,678	105,633
Prepaid fees	-	-	5,021	13,245	13,245
Compensated absences payable	4,361	1,331	586	541	6,819
Current portion of long-term debt	264,824	251,232	-	-	516,056
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:					
Customer deposits	185,505	178,050			363,555
Total current liabilities	482,688	495,946	6,210	20,464	1,005,308
Non-current liabilities:					
Compensated absences payable	39,250	11,983	5,273	4,865	61,371
Other long-term debt	3,269,364	10,732,596	-	-	14,001,960
Total OPEB liability	198,693	170,309	28,385	56,769	454,156
Net pension liability - LGERS	140,092	120,079	20,013	40,027	320,211
Total non-current liabilities	3,647,399	11,034,967	53,671	101,661	14,837,698
Total liabilities	4,130,087	11,530,913	59,881	122,125	15,843,006
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
OPEB deferrals	14,768	12,658	2,110	4,219	33,755
Pension deferrals	8,537	7,318	1,220	2,439	19,514
Total deferred inflows	23,305	19,976	3,330	6,658	53,269
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets	4,552,346	5,429,327	187,195	1,390,240	11,559,108
Unrestricted	3,644,450	5,429,167	1,109,910	616,951	10,800,478
Total net position	\$ 8,196,796	\$ 10,858,494	\$ 1,297,105	\$ 2,007,191	\$ 22,359,586

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Enterpr	ise F	Tunds			
		Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Solid Waste Fund	Courist and vent Center Fund		Total
Operating Revenues:									
Charges for sales and services	\$	2,484,967	\$	3,581,202	\$	1,095,945	\$ 71,629	\$	7,233,743
Miscellaneous revenue		59,412		128,277		<u> </u>	 44,392		232,081
Total operating revenues		2,544,379	_	3,709,479	_	1,095,945	 116,021		7,465,824
Operating Expenses:									
Cost of sales and services:									
Salaries and benefits		579,108		503,086		221,602	142,095		1,445,891
Supplies, maintenance, and administration		973,267		2,572,768		686,158	152,568		4,384,761
Depreciation		376,758		877,996		2,368	 66,775		1,323,897
Total operating expenses		1,929,133	_	3,953,850	_	910,128	 361,438	_	7,154,549
Operating income (loss)		615,246		(244,371)		185,817	 (245,417)		311,275
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):									
Interest income		52,187		29,053		7,553	-		88,793
Restricted intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-	97,000		97,000
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(85,620)		(395,306)					(480,926)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	_	(33,433)		(366,253)		7,553	 97,000		(295,133)
Income (loss) before transfers		581,813		(610,624)		193,370	(148,417)		16,142
Transfers in (out)						<u>-</u>	 222,807		222,807
Change in net position		581,813		(610,624)		193,370	74,390		238,949
Net Position:									
Beginning of year - July 1	_	7,614,983		11,469,118		1,103,735	 1,932,801		22,120,637
End of year - June 30	\$	8,196,796	\$	10,858,494	\$	1,297,105	\$ 2,007,191	\$	22,359,586

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	<b>Enterprise Funds</b>									
	_	Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Fourist and vent Center Fund		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:										
Cash received from customers	\$	2,642,528	\$	3,715,411	\$	1,024,960	\$	133,046	\$	7,515,945
Cash paid for goods and services		(993,822)		(2,906,610)		(686,366)		(152,970)		(4,739,768)
Cash paid to employees	_	(551,039)	_	(478,201)	_	(214,386)	_	(139,870)	_	(1,383,496)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	1,097,667		330,600		124,208		(159,794)		1,392,681
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:										
Occupancy tax received		-		-		-		97,000		97,000
Transfer in (out)	_		_					222,807		222,807
Net cash provided (used) by										
non-capital financing activities	_		_		_			319,807	_	319,807
Cash Flows from Capital and Related										
Financing Activities:		(217 525)		(545 111)		(141.020)		(5.121)		(009 706)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(217,525) 126,700		(545,111)		(141,029)		(5,131)		(908,796)
Proceeds from issuance of notes payable				(252 102)		-		-		126,700
Principal paid on long-term debt		(286,846)		(253,192)		-		-		(540,038)
Interest paid on long-term debt	_	(85,620)		(395,306)	-	<del>-</del>	_	<u>-</u>	-	(480,926)
Net cash provided (used) for		(4(2,201)		(1.102.600)		(1.41.020)		(5.121)		(1.002.0(0)
capital and related financing activities	_	(463,291)		(1,193,609)		(141,029)		(5,131)		(1,803,060)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:										
Interest received from investments		52,187	_	29,053	_	7,553				88,793
Net increase (decrease) in										
cash and cash equivalents		686,563		(833,956)		(9,268)		154,882		(1,779)
Cash and Cash Equivalents:										
Beginning of year - July 1	_	3,164,173		6,187,462		1,082,620		543,639		10,977,894
End of year - June 30	\$	3,850,736	\$	5,353,506	\$	1,073,352	\$	698,521	\$	10,976,115
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net										
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:										
Operating income (loss)	\$	615,246	\$	(244,371)	\$	185,817	\$	(245,417)	\$	311,275
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to										
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:										
Depreciation		376,758		877,996		2,368		66,775		1,323,897
Changes in assets and liabilities:										
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		75,816		28,482		(73,344)		8,190		39,144
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		1,452		1,245		207		415		3,319
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		4,923		4,219		704		1,405		11,251
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability		4,840		4,149		691		1,383		11,063
(Increase) decrease in inventories		7,009		4,110		(5 (49)		(11.200)		11,158
(Increase) decrease deferred outflows - pension		(39,537)		(33,889)		(5,648)		(11,296)		(90,370)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		47,599		(2.260)		6,800		13,600		67,999
Increase (decrease) deferred inflows - pension		(2,764)		(2,369)		(395)		(790)		(6,318)
Increase (decrease) in trade accounts payable		505		(212.067)		7.000		2.560		(202 005)
and accrued liabilities  Increase (decrease) in prepaid fees	_	505 5,820	_	(313,067) 4,095	_	7,008	_	2,569 3,333	_	(302,985) 13,248
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	1,097,667	\$	330,600	\$	124,208	\$	(159,794)	\$	1,392,681

 ${\it The\ accompanying\ notes\ are\ an\ integral\ part\ of\ the\ financial\ statements}.$ 

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Nature of Operations

The City of Havelock (the "City") was incorporated July 27, 1959 and operates under the Mayor-Board-Manager form of government. Services provided by the City include public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, cultural recreation, planning and zoning, water and sewer, and general and administrative services.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The government's more significant accounting policies are described below.

#### **B.** Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected Mayor and a five-member Council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and all legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government's net position (the City). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed, in whole or in part, by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (1) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues for taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate financial statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities, such as investment earnings.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund**. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, state grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance, and construction.

The City reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

**EPA Brownsfield Capital Project Fund.** This fund is used to account for expenditures related to remediation requested by the EPA.

**Emergency Telephone System Fund.** This fund is used to account for the fees charged to telephone customers to fund the 911 system.

**City Hall Building Capital Project Fund.** This fund is used to account for the expenditures related to the additions and construction of the City Hall building.

**Lewis Farm PARTF Capital Project Fund.** This fund is used to account for expenditures related to the constructing of a new recreation area.

**McCotter Capital Project Fund.** This fund is used to account for expenditures related to McCotter road related capital expenditures.

**Slocum Waterfront Park Capital Project Fund.** This fund is used to account for expenditures related to the constructing of a new waterfront recreation area.

**Fire Annex Building Capital Project Fund**. This fund is used to account for expenses related to demolishing and constructing a new fire annex building.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's water operations.

**Sewer Fund**. This fund is used to account for the City's sewer operations.

**Solid Waste Fund**. This fund is used to account for the City's solid waste operations.

**Tourist and Event Center Fund.** This fund is used to account for the City's tourism operations.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the City are accounted for during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish between operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, state law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the City are susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the City of Havelock because the tax is levied by Craven County and then remitted to and distributed by the state. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual, because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements, with the exception of payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water and sewer funds and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### E. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts comprised of assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate.

#### **Governmental Funds**

**General Fund.** The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, sales tax, state grant, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and recreation.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

**Special Revenue Funds.** Special revenue funds account for specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Emergency Telephone System Fund (nonmajor) is the City's only special revenue fund.

Capital Project Funds. Capital project funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The City has several capital project funds within its governmental fund types: the Fire Annex Building Capital Project Fund (nonmajor), the City Hall Building Capital Project Fund (nonmajor), the Slocum Waterfront Part Capital Project Fund (nonmajor), the Lewis Farm PARTF Capital Project Fund (nonmajor), the McCotter Capital Project Fund (nonmajor), and the EPA Brownsfield Capital Project Fund (major).

#### **Proprietary Funds**

**Enterprise Funds.** Enterprise funds account for those operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or (b) where the governing body has decided that the periodical determination of revenues earned, expense incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City has four enterprise funds: Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Tourist and Event Center Fund, and Solid Waste Fund.

#### F. Budgetary Data

The City's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. Department heads submit budget requests to the City Manager by April 30. After reviewing requests and making adjustments, a proposed budget is submitted to the Board by June 1. The Board holds public hearings, and the final budget ordinance is adopted prior to July 1.

The annual budget ordinance is adopted at the departmental level. Over-expenditures at the department level are considered to be a violation of state statutes for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund, Emergency Telephone System Special Revenue Fund, and enterprise funds. Project budgets are adopted for capital project funds. Appropriations for funds that adopt annual budgets lapse at the end of the budget year. Project budgeted appropriations do not lapse until the completion of the project. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgets are susceptible to amendment at any time and are amended as necessary by the governing board. Individual amendments to the original General Fund budget were not material in relation to the original appropriations, and all amendments were legally made. The budget amounts shown in the combined financial statements represent the budget as amended at June 30, 2019.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The City's budget, however, is prepared in greater detail by individual accounts. The City's management may adjust these accounts within a department without affecting the department's total appropriation. Management cannot make changes to a department's total appropriation without Board approval.

The City is required by state statutes to use encumbrance accounting. Encumbrances are not expenditures but represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. The City has \$647,714 in encumbrances in the General Fund outstanding at year-end.

#### G. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the City are made in Board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by state law (G.S. 159-31). The City may designate as an official depository, any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The City's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT-Government Portfolio, an SEC-registered (2a-7) government money market fund and the NCCMT – Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

#### H. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools monies from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. Investment earnings are allocated to all funds based on the individual fund's cash balance outstanding at the end of each month.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### I. Restricted Assets

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first followed by unrestricted resources as they are needed. Grant revenue received before the earning process is complete is restricted for the intended purpose of the grant until the requirements of the grant are met. Customer deposits held by the City, before any services are supplied, are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. At June 30, 2019, restricted cash in the Water Fund and Sewer Fund represent customer deposits held by the City. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash, because it can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing, or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. At June 30, 2019, restricted cash in the General Fund represents Powell Bill funds held by the City to be appropriated in future years.

#### **Governmental Activities:**

General Fund:	
Streets	\$ 785,677
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
EPA Brownsfield Capital Project Fund:	
Environmental Protection - Unearned grant revenue	 58,650
McCotter Capital Project Fund	
Environmental Protection - Unearned grant revenue	 50,641
Total governmental activities	 894,968
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>	
Water Fund:	
Customer deposits	185,505
Sewer Fund:	
Customer deposits	 178,050
Total business-type activities	 363,555
Total restricted cash	\$ 1,258,523

#### J. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with state statute [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the City levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not considered "available". At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the subsequent year. An amount equal to the receivable is shown as deferred inflow of resources on the combined balance sheet.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### K. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years. Receivables are shown net of the following allowances:

	ernmental activities	Business-Typ Activities				
Ad valorem receivables	\$ 131,277	\$	-			
Water Fund receivables	-		14,057			
Sewer Fund receivables	-		8,959			
Solid Waste Fund receivables	 		2,020			
Total	\$ 131,277	\$	25,036			

#### L. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both governmental-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

#### M. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost greater than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life greater than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or significantly extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

The City capitalizes interest costs which are incurred during the construction period of capital assets.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Depreciation on buildings, plant assets, equipment, and vehicles is computed using the straightline method over estimated useful lives as follows:

Asset	Estimated Useful Lives
Water and sewer system plants	40 years
Buildings	40 years
Line costs - water and sewer systems	25 years
Sewer lift station	25 years
Equipment	10 years
Transportation equipment:	
Trucks and heavy equipment	10 years
Vehicles	5 years

#### N. Compensated Absences

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation days up to a maximum of 240 hours. All vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Vacation pay taken is relieved using the first-in, first-out method. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements. The City's sick leave policy provides for unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave.

Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. In accordance with the provisions of Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

#### O. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The City has two items that meet this criteria, OPEB deferrals and pension deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The City has several items that meet the criteria for this category – prepaid taxes, grant receivable, unavailable taxes, pension deferrals and OPEB deferrals.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### P. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type fund Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts as well as debt issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Q. Net Position/Fund Balances

#### **Net Position**

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

#### **Fund Balances**

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

#### Non-Spendable Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent, because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

*Inventories* – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources. Non-spendable fund balance for inventory at June 30, 2019 is \$3,650.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

*Prepaids* – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the yearend balance of prepaid items, which are not spendable resources. Non-spendable fund balance for prepaids at June 30, 2019 is \$8,302.

#### **Restricted Fund Balance**

This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

	General Fund	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds
Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by state statute [G.S. 159-8(a)]	\$ 2,018,859	\$	112,638
Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the			
balance of the total expended Powell Bill funds.	785,677		
Restricted for Debt Service - portion of fund balance that is restricted for debt service	430,063		<del>-</del> .
Restricted for Culture and Recreation – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for PARTF grant expenditures	-		21,725
Restricted for General Government – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for expenditures related to additions and construction of the new city hall building	-		152,803
Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for certain emergency telephone system expenditures			235,442
Total restricted fund balance	\$ 3,234,599	\$	522,608

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **Committed Fund Balance**

This classification represents the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

#### Fire Annex Building Capital Project Fund:

Committed for Public Safety – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the Board for expenditures related to demolishing and constructing a new fire annex building

73,690

#### **Assigned Fund Balance**

Assigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that the City intends to use for specific purposes. The City's governing body has the authority to assign fund balance.

	 eneral Yund
Assigned for Health Insurance – portion of fund balance that has	
been budgeted by the Board for payment of health insurance claims	
and administrative costs	\$ 261,163
Assigned for Other Miscellaneous Items – portion of fund balance	
that has been budgeted by the Board for various other items, such	
as Appearance Commission, DARE, National Night Out, volunteer	
fire department expenditures, rescue squad expenditures, and seniors	99,152
Assigned for Subsequent Year's Expenditures – portion of fund	
balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not	
already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body	
approves the appropriation.	 365,201
Total assigned fund balance	\$ 725,516

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **Unassigned Fund Balance**

Unassigned fund balance represents the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

The City has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-City funds, and City funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed inorder by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and, lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the City.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 11,327,569
Less:	
Non-spendable	(11,952)
Stabilization by state statute	 (2,018,859)
Available for appropriation	\$ 9,296,758

The City has not officially adopted a fund balance policy.

The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end.

	General
	 Fund
Encumbrances	\$ 647,714

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **R.** Defined Benefit Cost Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City of Havelock's employer contributions are recognized when due and the City of Havelock has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### S. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided are accounted for as revenues or expenses in the government-wide financial statements since they would be treated as such if they involved organizations external to the City. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

#### T. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant areas where estimates are made are allowance for doubtful accounts and depreciation lives.

#### 2. Deposits and Investments

#### A. Deposits

All of the deposits of the City are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the City's agent in the unit's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's agent in the unit's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the City under the Pooling Method, the potential exists

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

for undercollateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits but relies on the State Treasurer of North Carolina to enforce strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City complies with G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2019, the City's deposits had a carrying amount of \$5,178,960 and a bank balance of \$6,585,423, of which \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$6,335,423 was covered by collateral held by the State Treasurer under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2019, the City had \$6,898 cash on hand.

#### **B.** Investments

At June 30, 2019, the City had the following investments and maturities:

	Valuation		Book		
	Measurement		Value at		
Investment Type	Method		6/30/2019	Maturity	Rating
US Government Agencies	Fair Value Level 2	\$	1,990,065	Less than 3 years	AA+
NC Capital Management Trust - Government Portfolio	Fair Value Level 1		10,693,861	N/A	AAAm
NC Capital Management Trust - Term Portfolio	Fair Value Level 1	_	4,220,340	0.11 years	Unrated
Total investments		\$	16,904,266		

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk. The City has no formal investment policy regarding interest rate risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's internal investment policy limits at least half of the City's investment portfolio to maturities of less than 12 months. Also, the City's internal management policy requires purchases of securities to be laddered with staggered maturity dates and limits all securities to a final maturity of no more than three years.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Credit Risk. The City has no formal policy regarding credit risk, but has internal management procedures that limits the City's investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. The investments in US Government Agencies are rated AA+ by Standard and Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investment Service. The City's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2019.

The City's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio is unrated. The Term Portfolio is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. government and agencies, and in high grade money market instruments as permitted under North Carolina General Statutes 159-30 as amended.

#### 3. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in the governmental capital assets during the fiscal year:

		Balance							Balance
	Ju	ıly 1, 2018	Additions	Re	Retirements		ansfers	June 30, 2019	
Governmental Activities:									
By Type:									
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:									
Land	\$	2,802,762	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,802,762
Construction in progress		409,852	319,685		_				729,537
Total non-depreciable capital assets		3,212,614	319,685						3,532,299
Depreciable Capital Assets:									
Buildings		9,840,709	12,575		_		-		9,853,284
Other improvements		1,349,933	488,518		_		-		1,838,451
Equipment		4,040,765	292,740		(25,873)		-		4,307,632
Vehicles		4,270,200	432,927		(139,473)		(23,919)		4,539,735
Total depreciable capital assets		19,501,607	1,226,760		(165,346)		(23,919)		20,539,102
Less Accumulated Depreciation:									
Buildings		2,645,170	231,813		_		-		2,876,983
Other improvements		814,648	41,184		_		-		855,832
Equipment		2,996,873	238,194		(25,873)		-		3,209,194
Vehicles		3,615,533	234,982		(139,473)		(23,919)		3,687,123
Total accumulated depreciation		10,072,224	<u>\$ 746,173</u>	\$	(165,346)	\$	(23,919)		10,629,132
Capital assets, net	\$	12,641,997						\$	13,442,269

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 149,235
Public safety	417,857
Highways and streets	74,617
Cultural and recreation	 104,464
Total	\$ 746,173

The following is summary of changes in the Enterprise Fund type capital assets for the fiscal year:

			Water Fund		
	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2019
Business-Type Activities:					
By Type:					
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Land	\$ 297,847	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 297,847
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Plants	12,008,393	61,748	-	-	12,070,141
Water lines	2,304,418	-	-	-	2,304,418
Equipment	496,173	155,777	(7,416)	-	644,534
Vehicles	236,462	-	-	23,919	260,381
Total depreciable capital assets	15,045,446	217,525	(7,416)	23,919	15,279,474
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Plants	4,492,557	307,792	-	-	4,800,349
Water lines	2,036,526	21,093	-	-	2,057,619
Equipment	389,400	26,785	(7,416)	_	408,769
Vehicles	179,043	21,088		23,919	224,050
Total accumulated depreciation	7,097,526	\$ 376,758	\$ (7,416)	\$ 23,919	7,490,787
Capital assets, net	\$ 8,245,767				\$ 8,086,534

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Sewei	Fund		
		Balance dy 1, 2018		Additions	Retirements		Balance ne 30, 2019
By Type:							
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:							
Land	\$	8,811	\$	-	\$ -	\$	8,811
Construction in progress		358,911		341,022			699,933
Total non-depreciable capital assets		367,722	_	341,022			708,744
Depreciable Capital Assets:							
Plants		19,284,192		52,479	-		19,336,671
Sewer lines		10,628,172		-	-		10,628,172
Equipment		810,158		117,220	-		927,378
Vehicles		620,163		34,390			654,553
Total depreciable capital assets		31,342,685		204,089			31,546,774
Less Accumulated Depreciation:							
Plants		7,415,100		430,730	-		7,845,830
Sewer lines		6,671,309		315,378	-		6,986,687
Equipment		533,988		50,347	-		584,335
Vehicles		343,970		81,541			425,511
Total accumulated depreciation		14,964,367	\$	877,996	<u> </u>		15,842,363
Capital assets, net	<u>\$</u>	16,746,040				\$	16,413,155
				Solid Wa	aste Fund		
		Balance					Balance
	Ju	ıly 1, 2018		Additions	Retirements	Ju	ne 30, 2019
Vehicles	\$	347,296	\$	141,029	\$ -	\$	488,325
Less: Accumulated depreciation		298,762		2,368	<u>-</u>		301,130
Capital assets, net	\$	48,534	\$	143,397	<u> </u>	\$	187,195
			To	urist and Eve	ent Center Fund		
		Balance					Balance
	Ju	ıly 1, 2018		Additions	Retirements	Ju	ne 30, 2019
Buildings	\$	2,434,760	\$	5,131	\$ -	\$	2,439,891
Less: Accumulated depreciation		982,876		66,775			1,049,651
Capital assets, net	\$	1,451,884	\$	71,906	\$ -	\$	1,390,240

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 4. Pension Plan Obligations

#### A. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The City of Havelock is a participating employer in the state-wide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

**Contributions.** Contribution provisions are established by general statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. City of Havelock employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The City of Havelock's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 8.50% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.81% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the City of Havelock were \$410,966 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

**Refunds of Contributions.** City employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$2,001,309 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion was 0.08436%, which was a decrease of 0.00213% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$486,641. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
	C	Outflows of	J	Inflows of
		Resources	]	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	308,754	\$	10,360
Changes of assumptions		531,069		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension				
plan investments		274,720		-
Changes in proportion and differences between City				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		111,598
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		410,966		
Total	\$	1,525,509	\$	121,958

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

\$410,966 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2020	\$ 482,622
2021	314,556
2022	48,092
2023	147,315
2024	 
Total	\$ 992,585

**Actuarial Assumptions.** The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increase	3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are, therefore, not included in the measurement.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections, reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term	
		Expected	
	Target	<b>Real Rate</b>	
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return	
Fixed income	29.0%	1.4%	
Global equity	42.0%	5.3%	
Real estate	8.0%	4.3%	
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%	
Credit	7.0%	6.0%	
Inflation protection	6.0%	4.0%	
Total	<u>100.0%</u>		

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2018 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

**Discount Rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	<b>Decrease</b> (6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	Increase (8.00%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 4,807,314	\$ 2,001,309	\$ (343,435)

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

#### B. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. The City administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the City are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2017, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	3
Active plan members	23
Total	26

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

*Basis of Accounting*. The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

**Actuarial Assumptions.** The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Projected salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation

and productivity factor

Discount rate 3.64 percent

The discount rate used to measure the TPL S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index.

Mortality rates are as follows:

*Deaths After Retirement (Healthy):* RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates projected to the valuation date using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from the valuation date using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 104% for males and 100% for females.

*Deaths Before Retirement:* RP-2014 Employee base rates projected to the valuation date using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from the valuation date using MP-2015.

*Deaths After Retirement (Beneficiary):* RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates projected to the valuation date using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from the valuation date using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 123% for males and females.

*Deaths After Retirement (Disabled):* RP-2014 Disabled Retiree base rates projected to the valuation date using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from the valuation date using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 103% for males and 99% for females.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

**Contributions.** The City is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The City paid \$42,201 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a total pension liability of \$325,590. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$26,708.

<b>Outflows</b> of		Outflows of Inflows	
Ke	sources	Ke	sources
\$	-	\$	34,778
	13,880		13,797
	29,747		_
\$	43,627	\$	48,575
	Ou Re	Resources \$ - 13,880 29,747	Outflows of Resources         In Resources           \$ - \$           13,880           29,747

\$29,747 paid as benefits came due subsequent to the measurement date have been reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30	A	mount
2020	\$	(9,371)
2021		(9,371)
2022		(8,991)
2023		(4,864)
2024		(2,098)
Total	\$	(34,695)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Sensitivity of the City's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.64 percent, as well as what the City's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.64 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.64 percent) than the current rate:

	1% D		Discount		1%	
	Decrease Rate (2.64%) (3.64%)			Rate	Iı	ncrease
			3.64%)	(4.64%)		
Total pension liability	\$	353,413	\$	325,590	\$	300,719

#### Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Beginning balance	\$ 353,995
Service cost	25,560
Interest	10,519
Difference between expected and actual experience	(9,311)
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	(12,972)
Benefit payments	 (42,201)
Net change in total pension liability	 (28,405)
Ending balance of total pension liability	\$ 325,590

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements. The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience completed by the actuary for LGERS for the 5-year period ending 12/31/2014.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	LGERS	<b>LEOSSA</b>	Total
Pension expense	\$ 486,641	\$ 26,708	\$ 513,349
Pension liability	2,001,309	325,590	2,326,899
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.08436%	n/a	-
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 308,754	\$ -	\$ 308,754
Changes of assumptions	531,069	13,880	544,949
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
plan investments	274,720	-	274,720
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequent			
to the measurement date	410,966	29,747	440,713
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,525,509	\$ 43,627	\$ 1,569,136
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 10,360	\$ 34,778	\$ 45,138
Changes of assumptions	-	13,797	13,797
Changes in proportion and differences between			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	111,598		111,598
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 121,958	\$ 48,575	\$ 170,533

#### C. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (the "Plan") a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the City. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

**Funding Policy.** Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the Plan. The City made contributions of \$62,892 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

#### D. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Non-Law Enforcement Employees

All non-law enforcement employees employed by the City participate in the Plan, a defined contribution pension plan administered by Prudential Retirement. Participation begins after the completion of at least three (3) months' continuous employment with the City. The City has no requirement or obligation under state statutes to contribute to this Plan; however, the City has adopted the Supplemental Retirement Plan of North Carolina 401(k) for its non-law enforcement employees. The City Council has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions and contribution requirements of the Plan. The City contributes five percent of each employee's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, employees may make voluntary contributions to the Plan. The City made contributions of \$194,655 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

#### 5. Other Post-Employment Benefits

#### **Healthcare Benefits**

Plan Description. Under the terms of a City resolution, the City administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). The City Board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75. This Plan provides post-employment healthcare benefits to retirees of the City, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System). The City pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits for retirees who began working for the City on or before June 30, 2003. Coverage for all retirees who are eligible for Medicare will be transferred to a Medicare Supplemental plan after qualifying for Medicare. Also, retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the City's group rates. The Board of Commissioners may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the Plan.

Retirement	Minimum Age at	Years of Service with City at	Years of Service with NCLGERS at	City
Condition	Retirement	Retirement	Retirement	Contribution
A	Any	5	30	100%
В	55	5	25	100%
C	62	5	15	100%
D	Under 55	5	29	95%
D	Under 55	5	28	90%
D	Under 55	5	27	85%
D	Under 55	5	26	80%
D	Under 55	5	25	75%

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2017, the date of the latest actuarial valuation.

		Law
	General	<b>Enforcement</b>
	<b>Employees</b>	Officers
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	10	-
Terminated plan members entitled to,		
but not yet receiving benefits	-	-
Active plan members	88	29
Total	98	29

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

The City's total OPEB liability of \$2,838,472 was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	
General employees and firefighters	3.50 - 7.75 percent
Law enforcement officers	3.50 - 7.35 percent
Discount rate	3.56 percent prior and 3.89 current
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Pre-Medicare	7.50 percent for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00 percent by 2023

The discount rate is based on June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **Changes in Total OPEB Liability**

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at July 1, 2018	\$	2,769,334	
Changes for the year			
Service cost		184,323	
Interest		96,606	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(2,475)	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(96,958)	
Benefit payments		(112,358)	
Net changes		69,138	
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	2,838,472	

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.56% to 3.89%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 2010 through December 2014, adopted by the LGERS Board.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(2.89%)	(3.89%)	(4.89%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 3,144,362	\$ 2,838,472	\$ 2,567,191

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,459,060	\$ 2,838,472	\$ 3,300,063

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related** to **OPEB**

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$260,871. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Outflows of Resources		Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	62,135	\$	2,196
Changes of assumptions		-		208,770
City benefit payments and plan administrative				
expense made subsequent to the measurement date		180,869		-
Total	\$	243,004	\$	210,966

\$180,869 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2020	\$ (20,058)
2021	(20,058)
2022	(20,058)
2023	(20,058)
2024	(20,058)
Thereafter	(48,541)
Total	\$ (148,831)

#### **Other Employment Benefits**

The City has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, state-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Benefit Plan and not by the City, the City does not determine the number of eligible participants. The City has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the state. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The City considers these contributions to be immaterial.

#### 6. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are comprised of the following:

Source	 Amount
Contribution to pension plan in current fiscal year	\$ 410,966
Benefit payments made for LEOSSA subsequent to measurement date	29,747
Differences between expected and actual experience	308,754
Differences between expected and actual experience - OPEB	62,135
Changes of assumptions	544,949
Net difference between projected and actual	
earnings on pension plan investments	274,720
Benefit payments for OPEB subsequent to measurement date	 180,869
Total	\$ 1,812,140

The balance of deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	Stat	ement of	General Fun			
	Net	Position	<b>Balance Sheet</b>			
Deferred Inflows:						
Taxes receivable (GF)	\$	-	\$	32,432		
Grant receivable		-		594,646		
Prepaid taxes		6,074		6,074		
Differences between expected and actual experience		47,334		-		
Change in assumptions - OPEB		208,770		-		
Change in assumptions - pensions		13,797		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between						
employer contributions and proportionate share						
of contributions - pensions		111,598				
Total	\$	387,573	\$	633,152		

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 7. Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets, at June 30, 2019 is computed as follows:

	vernmental Activities	Bu	usiness-Type Activities
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 13,442,269	\$	26,077,124
Less capital debt	 (6,154,022)		(14,518,016)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,288,247	\$	11,559,108

#### 8. Long-Term Obligations

#### A. Notes Payable

#### **Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt**

\$3,000,000 USDA loan issued July 2010, interest at 4.0%, payable in annual installments of \$216,600, including interest, final payment due in fiscal year 2041; secured by building	\$ 2,504,691
\$744,800 USDA loan issued July 2010, interest at 4.0%, payable in annual installments of \$43,080, including interest, final payment due in fiscal year 2041; secured by building	621,824
\$691,000 USDA loan issued December 2005, interest at 4.25%, payable in annual installments of \$41,184, including interest, final payment due in fiscal year 2036; secured by real estate	490,480
\$1,700,000 USDA note issued May 2015, interest at 3.50%, payable in annual payments in the amount of \$92,446, including interest, final payment is due in fiscal year 2045; secured by real estate	1,559,622
\$549,000 USDA loan issued June 2012, interest at 2.75%, payable in annual installments of \$22,806, including interest, final payment due in fiscal year 2052; secured by real estate	490,136
\$725,000 USDA loan issued October 2009, interest at 4.25%, payable in annual installments of \$56,384, including interest, final payment due in fiscal year 2030; secured by equipment	 487,269
Total governmental activities direct placements payable	\$ 6,154,022

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The future minimum payments of the governmental activities long-term debt installment loans as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30	]	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2020	\$	190,372	\$ 235,816	\$ 426,188
2021		201,874	228,189	430,063
2022		209,802	220,261	430,063
2023		218,046	212,017	430,063
2024		226,614	203,449	430,063
2025-2029		1,273,979	876,336	2,150,315
2030-2034		1,304,818	619,822	1,924,640
2035-2039		1,382,699	361,451	1,744,150
2040-2044		894,432	114,068	1,008,500
2045-2049		186,908	20,211	207,119
2050-2052		64,478	 3,568	 68,046
Total	\$	6,154,022	\$ 3,095,188	\$ 9,249,210

The City's outstanding notes from direct placements related to governmental activities is \$6,154,022 and is comprised of:

A note of \$2,504,691 which is secured with collateral of the West End Fire Station building. The USDA note contains provisions that an event of default would result in (1) the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts become immediately due and payable (2) enforce the City's performance of the applicable covenants of the agreement or recover for the and pay reasonable expenses for repair, maintenance, and operation of the facility to cure the cause of default (3) allow lender to take possession of the facility and to repair, maintain, and operate or rent it and (4) default of the note may be construed by the Federal Government to constitute default under any other not held by the Federal Government.

A note of \$621,824 which is secured with collateral of the West End Fire Station building. The USDA note contains provisions that an event of default would result in (1) the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts become immediately due and payable (2) enforce the City's performance of the applicable covenants of the agreement or recover for the and pay reasonable expenses for repair, maintenance, and operation of the facility to cure the cause of default (3) allow lender to take possession of the facility and to repair, maintain, and operate or rent it and (4) default of the note may be construed by the Federal Government to constitute default under any other not held by the Federal Government.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

A note of \$490,480 which is secured with collateral of the Senior Center building. The USDA note contains provisions that an event of default would result in (1) the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts become immediately due and payable (2) enforce the City's performance of the applicable covenants of the agreement or recover for the and pay reasonable expenses for repair, maintenance, and operation of the facility to cure the cause of default (3) allow lender to take possession of the facility and to repair, maintain, and operate or rent it and (4) default of the note may be construed by the Federal Government to constitute default under any other not held by the Federal Government.

A note of \$1,559,622 which is secured with collateral of Havelock City Hall building. The USDA note contains provisions that an event of default would result in (1) the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts become immediately due and payable (2) enforce the City's performance of the applicable covenants of the agreement or recover for the and pay reasonable expenses for repair, maintenance, and operation of the facility to cure the cause of default (3) allow lender to take possession of the facility and to repair, maintain, and operate or rent it and (4) default of the note may be construed by the Federal Government to constitute default under any other not held by the Federal Government.

A note of \$490,136 which is secured with collateral of the drainage improvements at Joes' Branch. The USDA note contains provisions that an event of default would result in (1) the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts become immediately due and payable (2) enforce the City's performance of the applicable covenants of the agreement or recover for the and pay reasonable expenses for repair, maintenance, and operation of the improvements to cure the cause of default (3) allow lender to take possession of the improvements and to repair, maintain, and operate or rent it and (4) default of the note may be construed by the Federal Government to constitute default under any other not held by the Federal Government.

A note of \$487,269 which is secured with collateral of the Quint Fire Truck. The USDA note contains provisions that an event of default would result in (1) the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts become immediately due and payable (2) enforce the City's performance of the applicable covenants of the agreement or recover for the and pay reasonable expenses for repair, maintenance, and operation of the equipment to cure the cause of default (3) allow lender to take possession of the equipment and to repair, maintain, and operate or rent it and (4) default of the note may be construed by the Federal Government to constitute default under any other not held by the Federal Government.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **Business-Type Activities Long-Term Debt**

Zusiness Type new two Zong Term Zone	
Serviced by Water Fund: \$2,907,000 DENR State Revolving Loan issued December 2000, interest at 2.87%, payable in annual principal installments of \$128,846, and semi-annual interest payments at 2.87% interest, through 2024; secured by plant and equipment	\$ 644,232
\$3,160,000 DEQ State Revolving Loan issued July 2017, interest at 1.63%, payable in annual principal installments of \$158,000, and semi-annual interest payments at 1.63% interest, through 2038; secured by plant and equipment	 2,889,956
Total Water Fund	 3,534,188
Serviced by Sewer Fund: \$8,490,000 USDA loan issued October 2014, interest at 3.25% payable in annual principal installments of \$387,580, including interest through 2054; secured by plant and equipment \$1,753,441 DENR State Revolving Loan issued April 2001, interest at 2.55%, payable in annual principal installments of \$89,175, and semi-annual interest payments, through 2023;	8,023,000
secured by plant and equipment	350,688
\$2,970,000 USDA loan issued October 2007, interest at 4.50%, payable in annual principal installments of \$162,935, including interest through 2047; secured by plant and equipment	 2,610,140
Total Sewer Fund	 10,983,828
Total business-type activities long-term debt	\$ 14,518,016

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The future minimum payments of the business-type activities long-term debt installment loans payable as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

#### **Serviced by Water Fund:**

Year Ending			
June 30	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2020	\$ 264,824	\$ 64,295	\$ 329,119
2021	257,200	58,524	315,724
2022	259,308	52,718	312,026
2023	261,450	46,877	308,327
2024	263,632	41,002	304,634
2025-2029	707,848	152,581	860,429
2030-2034	793,711	92,518	886,229
2035-2038	 726,215	 27,359	 753,574
Total	\$ 3,534,188	\$ 535,874	\$ 4,070,062

#### **Serviced by Sewer Fund:**

Year Ending

I car Laiding					
June 30	 Principal Interest				Total
2020	\$ 251,232	\$	375,494	\$	626,726
2021	263,090		365,638		628,728
2022	270,176		355,876		626,052
2023	276,358		345,501		621,859
2024	195,969		335,221		531,190
2025-2029	1,088,925		1,550,077		2,639,002
2030-2034	1,302,943		1,324,594		2,627,537
2035-2039	1,556,849		1,075,221		2,632,070
2040-2044	1,862,399		798,062		2,660,461
2045-2049	2,155,887		484,777		2,640,664
2050-2054	1,760,000		175,174		1,935,174
Total	\$ 10,983,828	\$	7,185,635	\$	18,169,463

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The City's outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to water fund activities is \$3,534,188 and is comprised of:

A note of \$644,232 which is secured with collateral of water plant upgrades. The NCDENR note contains a provision failure to adopt on or before completion of project, place into effect and agree to maintain the principal sum is paid, a schedule of fees that will adequately provide for proper operation, maintenance and administration of the project and for repayment of all principal of and interest on loans. In the event of default, monies owed to the City by the State of North Carolina may be used to satisfy the debt requirement.

A note of \$2,889,956 which is secured with collateral of water plant backwash basin. The NCDENR note contains a provision failure to adopt on or before completion of project, place into effect and agree to maintain the principal sum is paid, a schedule of fees that will adequately provide for proper operation, maintenance and administration of the project and for repayment of all principal of and interest on loans. In the event of default, monies owed to the City by the State of North Carolina may be used to satisfy the debt requirement.

The City's outstanding notes from direct placements and direct borrowings related to sewer fund activities is \$10,983,828 and is comprised of:

A direct placement note of \$8,023,000 which is secured with collateral of sewer out fall lines. The USDA note contains provisions that an event of default would result in (1) the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts become immediately due and payable (2) enforce the City's performance of the applicable covenants of the agreement or recover for the and pay reasonable expenses for repair, maintenance, and operation of the facility to cure the cause of default (3) allow lender to take possession of the facility and to repair, maintain, and operate or rent it and (4) default of the note may be construed by the Federal Government to constitute default under any other not held by the Federal Government.

A direct placement note of \$2,610,140 which is secured with collateral of sewer out fall lines. The USDA note contains provisions that an event of default would result in (1) the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts become immediately due and payable (2) enforce the City's performance of the applicable covenants of the agreement or recover for the and pay reasonable expenses for repair, maintenance, and operation of the facility to cure the cause of default (3) allow lender to take possession of the facility and to repair, maintain, and operate or rent it and (4) default of the note may be construed by the Federal Government to constitute default under any other not held by the Federal Government.

A direct borrowing note of \$350,688 which is secured with collateral of sewer plant upgrades. The NCDENR note contains a provision failure to adopt on or before completion of project, place into effect and agree to maintain the principal sum is paid, a schedule of fees that will adequately provide for proper operation, maintenance and administration of the project and for repayment of all principal of and interest on loans. In the event of default, monies owed to the City by the State of North Carolina may be used to satisfy the debt requirement.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **B.** Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the changes in the governmental activities long-term debt for the fiscal year:

	Ju	Balance uly 1, 2018	Additions		Retirements		<b>Balance June 30, 2019</b>		Current Portion
By Type of Debt:									
Notes from direct placements	\$	6,341,428	\$	-	\$	(187,406)	\$	6,154,022	\$ 190,372
Total pension liability (LEO)		353,995		36,079		(64,484)		325,590	=
Net pension liabiltiy (LGERS)		1,109,915		571,183		-		1,681,098	-
Total OPEB liability		2,326,241		152,456		(94,381)		2,384,316	-
IBNR		89,345		931,461		(943,176)		77,630	-
Compensated absences		434,875		21,245		(14,219)		441,901	 44,190
Total	\$	10,655,799	\$ 1	,712,424	\$	(1,303,666)	\$	11,064,557	\$ 234,562

The General Fund provides the resources for the retirement of compensated absences payable, liability for claims and judgments, other post-employment benefits, and the pension obligations. The City's legal debt limit is 8% of the City's assessed value of taxable property. The City's legal debt margin as of June 30, 2019 amounts to approximately \$50,200,000.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The following is a summary of changes in the City's business-type activities long-term debt:

#### **Serviced by Water Fund:**

		Balance						Balance	(	Current	
	July 1, 2018		Additions		Retirements		Retirements June 30, 2019		June 30, 2019		Portion
Notes from direct borrowings	\$	3,694,334	\$	126,700	\$	(286,846)	\$	3,534,188	\$	264,824	
Net pension liability (LGERS)		92,493		47,599		-		140,092		-	
Total OPEB liability		193,853		12,705		(7,865)		198,693		-	
Compensated absences		36,896		7,985		(1,270)		43,611		4,361	
Total	\$	4,017,576	\$	194,989	\$	(295,981)	\$	3,916,584	\$	269,185	

#### **Serviced by Sewer Fund:**

	_ <u>J</u>	Balance July 1, 2018		Additions Retir		Retirements		Balance ne 30, 2019	Current Portion
Notes from direct borrowings and direct placement	\$	11,237,020	\$	-	\$	(253,192)	\$	10,983,828	\$ 251,232
Net pension liability (LGERS)		79,280		40,799		-		120,079	-
Total OPEB liability		166,160		10,890		(6,741)		170,309	-
Compensated absences		6,732		8,345		(1,763)		13,314	1,331
Total	\$	11,489,192	\$	60,034	\$	(261,696)	\$	11,287,530	\$ 252,563

#### **Serviced by Solid Waste Fund:**

		alance						Balance		ırrent
	Jul	y 1, 2018	A	dditions	Ret	irements	Jun	e 30, 2019	<u> Po</u>	rtion
Net pension liability (LGERS)	\$	13,213	\$	6,800	\$	-	\$	20,013	\$	-
Total OPEB liability		27,694		1,815		(1,124)		28,385		-
Compensated absences		3,173		3,621		(935)		5,859		586
Total	\$	44,080	\$	12,236	\$	(2,059)	\$	54,257	\$	586

#### **Serviced by Tourist Center and Event Fund:**

	В	alance					]	Balance	C	urrent
	Jul	y 1, 2018	A	dditions	Ret	irements	Jun	e 30, 2019	P	ortion
Net pension liability (LGERS)	\$	26,427	\$	13,600	\$	-	\$	40,027	\$	-
Total OPEB liability		55,386		3,630		(2,247)		56,769		-
Compensated absences		4,564		1,245		(403)		5,406		541
Total	\$	86,377	\$	18,475	\$	(2,650)	\$	102,202	\$	541

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **Sewer Revenue Bonds**

The City has been in compliance with the covenants as to rates, fees, rentals, and charges in Section 5.02 of the Bond Order, authorizing the issuance of the Sewer Revenue Bonds since their adoption. Section 5.02 of the Bond Order requires the debt service parity coverage ratio to be no less than 110.0% and the total debt service coverage ratio to be no less than 100.0%. Also upcoming debt service in the next fiscal year ratio to be no less than 100%.

The debt service parity coverage ratio calculation for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Operating revenues	\$	3,709,479
Operating expenses*		(3,075,854)
Operating income	\$	633,625
Debt service on parity indebtedness	\$	386,712
Debt service coverage ratio		
on parity indebtedness		164%
Other indebtedness related to the combined sewer enterprise system	<u>\$</u>	261,786
Debt service coverage		
ratio on parity and other indebtedness		98%
Annual debt service requirement due in upcoming fiscal year	<u>\$</u>	626,726
Debt service coverage ratio on upcoming fiscal year debt service		101%

<sup>\*</sup>Excludes depreciation and amortization.

The City has pledged future sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay Sewer Enterprise System Revenue Bonds of \$8,490,000 issued in 2014. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the sewer plant expansion and outfall line. The bonds are payable solely from sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2054. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$13,549,810. The principal and interest payments for the current year totaled \$386,712, and total net revenues were \$633,625 respectively.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 9. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. commercial coverage for all risks of loss. The City participates in self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the City obtains property coverage equal to replacement cost values of listed owned property subject to a \$1,000 deductible. The City also purchases liability insurance for general (\$2 million per occurrence), auto (\$3 million per occurrence), public officials (\$1 million per occurrence / \$3 million aggregate), law enforcement (\$1 million per occurrence / \$3 million aggregate), auto physical damage coverage for owned autos at actual cash value, and workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the City upon request. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The City has purchased commercial insurance to cover health claims for its employees and their dependents. The plan has a \$45,000 deductible. The City reimburses participants for deductibles incurred that exceed \$500.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the City's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the City's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Officer and Tax Collector/Deputy City Clerk are individually bonded for \$250,000 and \$50,000, respectively. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$20,000.

The City does not carry flood insurance as it is in an "X" area regarding flood zoning.

The City's employee healthcare program is financed using an entirely self-funded plan. One health plan is available to employees, retirees, covered dependents, and eligible former employees. The City administers the healthcare plan through a self-funded program, supplemented by employee contributions, to pay claims administration and medical claims of the employees and their covered dependents. Specific stop/loss insurance with a deductible of \$45,000 for all occurrences and an aggregate stop/loss insurance of 125% of estimated claims are purchased to limit the City's losses for the overall program. Liabilities of the program are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount of claims that have been incurred, but not reported (IBNRs). The City reasonably expects these claims to be paid within one year of occurrence.

Changes in the City's claims liability balance are as follows:

	2019			2018
Balance, beginning of year	\$	89,345	\$	85,220
Incurred claims (including IBNRs)				
and changes in estimates		931,461		1,072,028
Less claims payments		(943,176)		(1,067,903)
Balance, end of year	\$	77,630	\$	89,345

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 10. Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2019 consist of the following:

Purpose		
From the General Fund to the Slocum Water Front Capital Project Fund for the City's contribution	\$	61,525
From the General Fund to the Tourist Center Fund for operations		222,807
Total transfers	\$	284,332

#### 11. Disaggregation Data for Entity-Wide Receivables and Payables

		vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
<b>Intergovernmental Receivables:</b>					
Sales tax receivable	\$	215,000	\$	-	
Grant receivable		1,640,080		-	
Sales tax refund		183,415			
Total	\$	2,038,495	\$		
<b>Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses:</b>					
Trade payables	\$	366,737	\$	50,211	
Accrued expenses		203,776		55,422	
Total	\$	570,513	\$	105,633	

#### 12. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

The City has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE FOR THE LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2019			2018		2017	
Beginning balance	\$	353,995	\$	395,683	\$	433,530	
Service cost		25,560		22,573		23,781	
Interest on the total pension liability		10,519		14,176		14,243	
Difference between expected and actual experience		(9,311)		(44,126)		-	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(12,972)		22,554		(6,730)	
Benefit payments		(42,201)		(56,865)		(69,141)	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	325,590	\$	353,995	\$	395,683	

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

Information is not available for years prior to 2017. It is intended to be shown for ten years and will be displayed as it becomes available.

# SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE FOR THE LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	 2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 325,590	\$ 353,995	\$ 395,683
Covered payroll	1,092,172	1,102,338	1,187,579
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	29.81%	32.11%	33.32%

#### **Notes to Schedules:**

The City of Havelock has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Information is not available for years prior to 2017. It is intended to be shown for ten years and will be displayed as it becomes available.

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

	2	2019
Service cost	\$	184,323
Interest		96,606
Changes of benefit terms		
Differences between expected and actual experience		(2,475)
Changes of assumptions		(96,958)
Benefit payments		(112,358)
Net change in total OPEB liability		69,138
Total OPEB liability - beginning	2	2,769,334
Total OPEB liability - ending	<u>\$ 2</u>	2,838,472
Covered payroll	\$ 3	,909,995
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		72.60%

#### **Notes to Schedule**

*Changes of Assumptions:* Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year	Rate
2019	3.89
2018	3.56

CITY OF HAVELOCKS'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS\*

**Local Government Employees' Retirement System** 

LU	cai Government E	inployees Kein	ement system			
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City of Havelock's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.08436%	0.08649%	0.08378%	0.09361%	0.09794%	0.10180%
City of Havelock's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 2,001,309	\$ 1,321,328	\$ 1,778,092	\$ 420,115	\$ (577,598)	\$ 1,227,081
City of Havelock's covered payroll	4,867,849	4,842,911	4,547,693	4,342,966	4,332,300	4,321,634
City of Havelock's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	41.11%	27.28%	39.10%	9.67%	( 13.33%)	28.39%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30. This schedule will not present 10 years worth of information until 2023.

# CITY OF HAVELOCK'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

**Local Government Employees' Retirement System** 

	Local Gove	i iiiiiciit E	աբ	ioyees ixen	1 (11	icht System				
		2019		2018		2017	 2016	2015	_	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	410,966	\$	375,048	\$	362,120	\$ 310,939	\$ 335,915	\$	335,088
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		410,966		375,048		362,120	 310,939	 335,915		335,088
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$	
City of Havelock's covered payroll	\$ :	5,150,923	\$	4,867,849	\$	4,842,911	\$ 4,547,693	\$ 4,342,966	\$	4,332,300
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		7.98%		7.70%		7.48%	6.84%	7.73%		7.73%

This schedule will not present 10 years worth of information until 2023.



GENERAL FUND	



	 2019				2018		
	 Final Budget		Actual		variance ver/Under		Actual
Revenues:							
Ad Valorem Taxes:							
Current year property tax	\$ 4,543,767	\$	4,638,071	\$	94,304	\$	4,569,970
Motor vehicle tax - current and delinquent	522,475		578,766		56,291		515,591
Prior years' property tax	 		270		270		34
Total	 5,066,242		5,217,107		150,865		5,085,595
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues:							
Gross receipts tax	20,000		20,853		853		18,289
Payment in lieu of taxes	-		3,156		3,156		-
Franchise tax	1,171,165		1,176,375		5,210		1,168,166
Beer and wine tax	87,500		86,801		(699)		86,937
Local option sales tax	1,924,156		2,052,334		128,178		1,865,479
Hold harmless	550,225		552,614		2,389		548,774
Solid waste disposal tax	13,000		14,061		1,061		13,745
Craven County ABC revenue	 22,225		8,138		(14,087)		26,357
Total	 3,788,271	_	3,914,332		126,061	_	3,727,747
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues:							
Powell Bill	465,000		468,503		3,503		475,091
Federal and state grants	-		944,704		944,704		112
Craven County BOE contribution - school officer	116,925		116,925		-		116,925
Craven County support - recreation	 _		79,783		79,783		76,028
Total	 581,925		1,609,915		1,027,990		668,156
Licenses and Permits:							
Dog and cat licenses	1,750		2,215		465		2,260
Privilege license	-		-		-		30
Beer and wine licenses	800		915		115		855
Permits	 67,750		105,986		38,236		68,215
Total	 70,300	_	109,116		38,816		71,360
Sales and Services:							
Commission - trash stickers	225		235		10		266
Contribution from recreation	17,500		23,517		6,017		26,018
Sale of garbage stickers	10,000		7,710		(2,290)		6,549
EMS billing	696,000		638,096		(57,904)		690,490
Other	 498,500		564,344		65,844		502,689
Total	 1,222,225	_	1,233,902		11,677	_	1,226,012

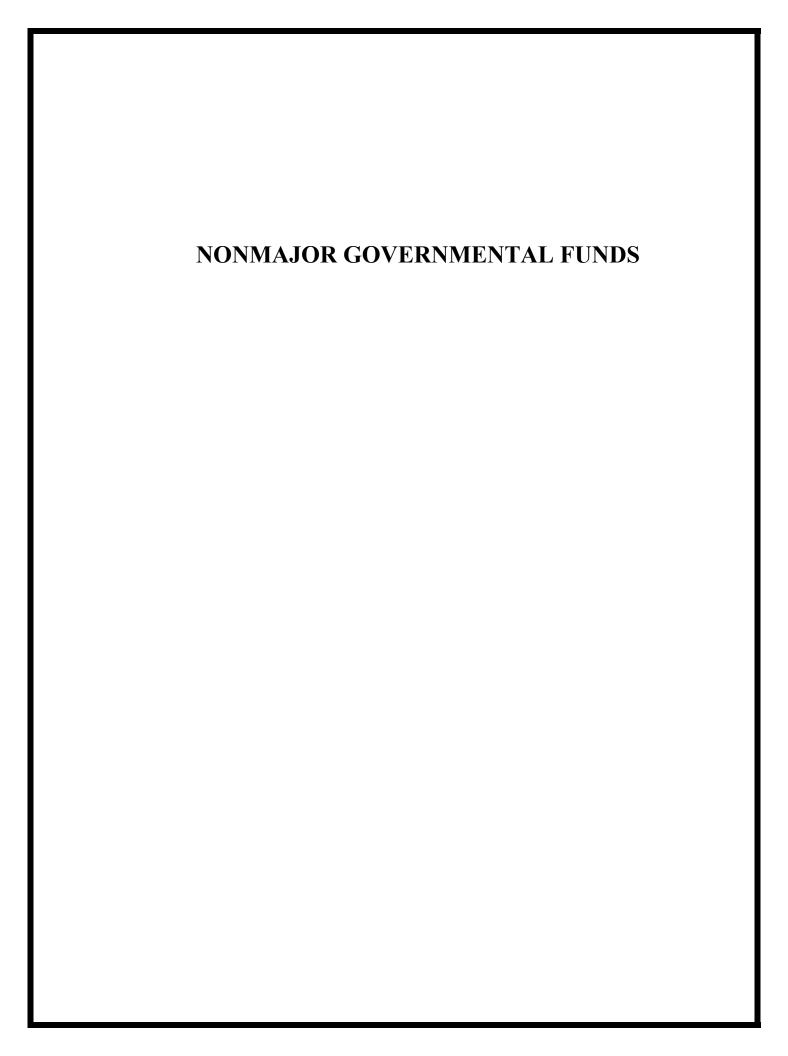
		2018		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual
Interest:				
Investment earnings	85,050	308,076	223,026	133,613
Investment earnings - Powell Bill	4,488	11,451	6,963	5,674
Total	89,538	319,527	229,989	139,287
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Court facility fee and refunds	600	3,552	2,952	555
Insurance proceeds	578,436	590,849	12,413	19,102
Sale of capital assets	-	44,771	44,771	19,041
Miscellaneous	134,859	133,997	(862)	102,353
Total	713,895	773,169	59,274	141,051
Total revenues	11,532,396	13,177,068	1,644,672	11,059,208
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Fees paid to elected officials		49,432		55,249
Operating expenses	-	102,579	-	105,975
Total	172,972	152,011	20,961	161,224
Administration:				
Salaries and benefits		670,077		675,466
Operating expenses		295,782		312,764
Capital outlay		-		4,986
Administration fee credit	-	(151,789)	-	(151,789)
Total	925,636	814,070	111,566	841,427
Grants:				
Salaries and benefits		-		79,688
Operating expenses	<u>-</u>	474	<u>-</u>	3,024
Total	500	474	26	82,712
Finance:				
Salaries and benefits		257,577		249,605
Operating expenses		73,374		50,920
Capital outlay		-		2,103
Administration fee credit	<u>-</u>	(296,164)	<u>-</u>	(296,164)
Total	73,570	34,787	38,783	6,464

Revenue Collections:         Final Budget         Variance Actual Over/Under         Actual Over/Under <th></th> <th></th> <th colspan="3">2019</th>			2019		
Salaries and benefits         170,709         164,092           Operating expenses         158,381         170,667           Capital outlay         314,607         314,607           Total         83,038         14,483         68,555         22,255           Legal Department:           Professional services         85,000         56,391         28,609         64,561           Information Systems:           Salaries and benefits         306,924         297,403           Operating expenses         372,201         337,376           Capital outlay         93,810         84,798           Administrative fee credit         72,1006         695,776         25,20         642,418           Planning and Zoning:           Salaries and benefits         296,478         28,629         9,241           Operating expenses         71,290         68,278         26,248           Public Buildings:           Salaries and benefits         72,455         7,734         358,040           Public Buildings:           Salaries and benefits         72,455         7,734         166,570           Capital outlay         73,835         1,456			Actual		Actual
Operating expenses         158,381         170,667           Capital outlay         314,607         2,103           Administration fee credit         83,038         14,483         68,555         22,255           Legal Department:           Professional services         85,000         56,391         28,609         64,561           Information Systems:           Salaries and benefits         306,924         297,403         373,736           Operating expenses         372,201         337,376         26,201         337,376           Capital outlay         93,810         84,798         44,798         44,718         44,798           Administrative fee credit         721,006         695,776         25,230         642,418         642,718           Planting and Zoning:         296,478         286,949         68,278         286,949         682,788         68,278         68,278         62,278         68,278         62,278         68,278         62,278         68,278         62,278         62,278         62,278         62,278         62,278         62,278         62,278         68,278         62,278         62,278         62,278         62,278         62,278         62,278         62,278         62	Revenue Collections:				
Capital outlay	Salaries and benefits		170,709		164,092
Administration fee credit         (314,607)         (314,607)           Total         83,038         14,483         68,555         22,255           Legal Department:         """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""			158,381		170,667
Total         83,038         14,483         68,555         22,255           Legal Department:         Professional services         85,000         56,391         28,609         64,561           Information Systems:         Salaries and benefits         306,924         297,403         337,376           Capital outlay         93,810         84,798         48,738           Administrative fee credit         721,006         695,776         25,230         642,418           Planning and Zoning:           Salaries and benefits         296,478         286,949           Operating expenses         71,290         68,278           Qapital outlay         409,240         367,768         41,472         358,040           Public Buildings:           Salaries and benefits         72,455         70,734           Operating expenses         128,721         16,6570           Capital outlay         73,835         14,561           Total         424,010         275,011         148,999         251,865           Capital outlay         86,500         86,160         -         -           Departing expenses         3,221,708         2,685,506         -         -           Operating	÷		-		
Legal Department:         85,000         56,391         28,609         64,561           Information Systems:         306,924         297,403         297,403           Salaries and benefits         306,924         297,403         337,376           Capital outlay         93,810         84,798           Administrative fee credit         (77,159)         (77,159)         (77,159)           Total         721,006         695,776         25,230         642,418           Planning and Zoning:         3         296,478         286,949           Salaries and benefits         296,478         286,949           Operating expenses         71,290         68,278           Capital outlay         -         2,813           Total         409,240         367,768         41,472         358,040           Public Buildings:           Salaries and benefits         7,2,455         70,734           Operating expenses         12,8721         166,570           Capital outlay         7,383         14,561           Total         42,4010         275,011         148,999         251,865           Hurricane Expenses:           Salaries and benefits         86,500         86,160 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>•</td>				-	•
Professional services         85,000         56,391         28,609         64,561           Information Systems:         306,924         297,403         393,736         297,403         393,810         84,798         393,810         84,798         62,715         71,159         7	Total	83,038	14,483	68,555	22,255
Information Systems:	Legal Department:				
Salaries and benefits         306,924         297,403           Operating expenses         372,201         337,375           Capital outlay         93,810         84,798           Administrative fee credit         (77,159)         0,71,159           Total         721,006         695,776         25,230         642,418           Planning and Zoning:           Salaries and benefits         296,478         286,949           Operating expenses         71,290         68,278           Capital outlay         -         2,813           Total         409,240         367,768         41,472         358,040           Public Buildings:           Salaries and benefits         72,455         70,734           Operating expenses         128,721         166,570           Capital outlay         73,835         14,561           Total         424,010         275,011         148,999         251,865           Hurricane Expenses:           Salaries and benefits         86,500         86,160         -         -         -           Operating expenses         3,221,708         2,685,506         -         -         -           Total	Professional services	85,000	56,391	28,609	64,561
Operating expenses         372,201         337,376           Capital outlay         93,810         84,798           Administrative fee credit         (77,159)         (77,159)           Total         721,006         695,776         25,230         642,418           Planning and Zoning:           Salaries and benefits         296,478         286,949           Operating expenses         71,290         68,278           Capital outlay         -         2,813           Total         409,240         367,688         41,472         358,040           Public Buildings:           Salaries and benefits         72,455         70,734           Operating expenses         128,721         166,570           Capital outlay         73,835         14,561           Total         424,010         275,011         148,999         251,865           Hurricane Expenses:           Salaries and benefits         86,500         86,160         -         -         -           Operating expenses         3,221,708         2,685,506         -         -         -           Total general government         6,203,180         5,182,437         1,020,743	Information Systems:				
Capital outlay         93,810         84,798           Administrative fee credit         (77,159)         (77,159)           Total         721,006         695,776         25,230         642,418           Planning and Zoning:           Salaries and benefits         296,478         286,949           Operating expenses         71,290         68,278           Capital outlay         1-2         2,813           Total         409,240         367,768         41,472         358,040           Public Buildings:           Salaries and benefits         72,455         70,734           Operating expenses         128,721         166,570           Capital outlay         73,835         14,561           Total         424,010         275,011         148,999         251,865           Hurricane Expenses:           Salaries and benefits         86,500         86,160         -         -           Operating expenses         3,221,708         2,685,506         -         -           Total         3,308,208         2,771,666         536,542         -           Total general government         6,203,180         5,182,437         1,020,743         2,430,966 <td>Salaries and benefits</td> <td></td> <td>306,924</td> <td></td> <td>297,403</td>	Salaries and benefits		306,924		297,403
Administrative fee credit         (77,159)         (77,159)           Total         721,006         695,776         25,230         642,418           Planning and Zoning:           Salaries and benefits         296,478         286,949           Operating expenses         71,290         68,278           Capital outlay         -         2,813           Total         409,240         367,768         41,472         358,040           Public Buildings:           Salaries and benefits         72,455         70,734           Operating expenses         128,721         166,570           Capital outlay         73,835         14,561           Total         424,010         275,011         148,999         251,865           Hurricane Expenses:           Salaries and benefits         86,500         86,160         -         -         -           Operating expenses         3,221,708         2,685,506         -         -         -           Total general government         6,203,180         5,182,437         1,020,743         2,430,966           Public Safety:           Police:         334,995         314,354           Capital outla	Operating expenses		372,201		337,376
Planning and Zoning:         Salaries and benefits         296,478         25,230         642,418           Operating expenses         71,290         68,278         68,278           Capital outlay         71,290         68,278         2,813           Total         409,240         367,768         41,472         358,040           Public Buildings:         Salaries and benefits         72,455         70,734           Operating expenses         128,721         166,570           Capital outlay         73,835         14,561           Total         424,010         275,011         148,999         251,865           Hurricane Expenses:         Salaries and benefits         86,500         86,160         -         -         -           Operating expenses         3,221,708         2,685,506         -         -         -           Total general government         6,203,180         5,182,437         1,020,743         2,430,966           Public Safety:         Public safety:           Police:         2,348,557         2,109,672           Salaries and benefits         2,348,557         2,109,672           Operating expenses         334,995         314,354	Capital outlay		93,810		84,798
Planning and Zoning:           Salaries and benefits         296,478         286,949           Operating expenses         71,290         68,278           Capital outlay         -         2,813           Total         409,240         367,768         41,472         358,040           Public Buildings:           Salaries and benefits         72,455         70,734           Operating expenses         128,721         166,570           Capital outlay         73,3835         14,561           Total         424,010         275,011         148,999         251,865           Hurricane Expenses:           Salaries and benefits         86,500         86,160         -         -         -           Operating expenses         3,221,708         2,685,506         -         -         -           Total         3,308,208         2,771,666         536,542         -         -           Total general government         6,203,180         5,182,437         1,020,743         2,430,966           Public Safety:           Police:         334,955         314,354         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	Administrative fee credit	<u>-</u>	(77,159)	-	(77,159)
Salaries and benefits         296,478         286,949           Operating expenses         71,290         68,278           Capital outlay         -         2,813           Total         409,240         367,768         41,472         358,040           Public Buildings:           Salaries and benefits         72,455         70,734           Operating expenses         128,721         166,570           Capital outlay         73,835         14,561           Total         424,010         275,011         148,999         251,865           Hurricane Expenses:           Salaries and benefits         86,500         86,160         -         -         -           Operating expenses         3,221,708         2,685,506         -         -         -           Total general government         6,203,180         5,182,437         1,020,743         2,430,966           Public Safety:           Police:           Salaries and benefits         2,348,557         2,109,672           Salaries and benefits         2,348,557         2,109,672           Salaries and benefits         334,995         314,354           Operating expenses         334,995	Total	721,006	695,776	25,230	642,418
Operating expenses         71,290         68,278           Capital outlay         -         2,813           Total         409,240         367,768         41,472         358,040           Public Buildings:           Salaries and benefits         72,455         70,734           Operating expenses         128,721         166,570           Capital outlay         73,835         14,561           Total         424,010         275,011         148,999         251,865           Hurricane Expenses:           Salaries and benefits         86,500         86,160         -         -         -           Operating expenses         3,221,708         2,685,506         -         -         -           Total general government         6,203,180         5,182,437         1,020,743         2,430,966           Public Safety:           Police:           Salaries and benefits         2,348,557         2,109,672           Operating expenses         334,995         314,354           Capital outlay         187,376         156,507	Planning and Zoning:				
Capital outlay         -         2,813           Total         409,240         367,768         41,472         358,040           Public Buildings:           Salaries and benefits         72,455         70,734           Operating expenses         128,721         166,570           Capital outlay         73,835         14,561           Total         424,010         275,011         148,999         251,865           Hurricane Expenses:           Salaries and benefits         86,500         86,160         -         -         -           Operating expenses         3,221,708         2,685,506         -         -         -           Total         3,308,208         2,771,666         536,542         -           Total general government         6,203,180         5,182,437         1,020,743         2,430,966           Public Safety:           Police:         Salaries and benefits         2,348,557         2,109,672           Salaries and benefits         2,348,557         2,109,672           Operating expenses         334,995         314,354           Capital outlay         187,376         156,507	Salaries and benefits		296,478		286,949
Public Buildings:         367,768         41,472         358,040           Public Buildings:         72,455         70,734           Salaries and benefits         72,455         70,734           Operating expenses         128,721         166,570           Capital outlay         73,835         14,561           Total         424,010         275,011         148,999         251,865           Hurricane Expenses:           Salaries and benefits         86,500         86,160         -         -         -           Operating expenses         3,221,708         2,685,506         -         -         -           Total         3,308,208         2,771,666         536,542         -         -           Total general government         6,203,180         5,182,437         1,020,743         2,430,966           Public Safety:           Police:         Salaries and benefits         2,348,557         2,109,672           Operating expenses         334,995         314,354           Capital outlay         187,376         156,507	Operating expenses		71,290		68,278
Public Buildings:           Salaries and benefits         72,455         70,734           Operating expenses         128,721         166,570           Capital outlay         73,835         14,561           Total         424,010         275,011         148,999         251,865           Hurricane Expenses:           Salaries and benefits         86,500         86,160         -         -         -           Operating expenses         3,221,708         2,685,506         -         -         -           Total         3,308,208         2,771,666         536,542         -         -           Total general government         6,203,180         5,182,437         1,020,743         2,430,966           Public Safety:           Police:         Salaries and benefits         2,348,557         2,109,672           Operating expenses         334,995         314,354           Capital outlay         187,376         156,507	Capital outlay	_		-	2,813
Salaries and benefits         72,455         70,734           Operating expenses         128,721         166,570           Capital outlay         73,835         14,561           Total         424,010         275,011         148,999         251,865           Hurricane Expenses:           Salaries and benefits         86,500         86,160         -         -         -           Operating expenses         3,221,708         2,685,506         -         -         -           Total         3,308,208         2,771,666         536,542         -         -           Total general government         6,203,180         5,182,437         1,020,743         2,430,966           Public Safety:           Police:         Salaries and benefits         2,348,557         2,109,672           Operating expenses         334,995         314,354           Capital outlay         187,376         156,507	Total	409,240	367,768	41,472	358,040
Operating expenses         128,721         166,570           Capital outlay         73,835         14,561           Total         424,010         275,011         148,999         251,865           Hurricane Expenses:           Salaries and benefits         86,500         86,160         -         -         -         -           Operating expenses         3,221,708         2,685,506         -         -         -         -           Total         3,308,208         2,771,666         536,542         -         -           Total general government         6,203,180         5,182,437         1,020,743         2,430,966           Public Safety:         Police:           Salaries and benefits         2,348,557         2,109,672           Operating expenses         334,995         314,354           Capital outlay         187,376         156,507	Public Buildings:				
Capital outlay         73,835         14,561           Total         424,010         275,011         148,999         251,865           Hurricane Expenses:           Salaries and benefits         86,500         86,160         -         -         -           Operating expenses         3,221,708         2,685,506         -         -         -           Total         3,308,208         2,771,666         536,542         -         -           Total general government         6,203,180         5,182,437         1,020,743         2,430,966           Public Safety:           Police:         Salaries and benefits         2,348,557         2,109,672           Operating expenses         334,995         314,354           Capital outlay         187,376         156,507	Salaries and benefits		72,455		70,734
Total         424,010         275,011         148,999         251,865           Hurricane Expenses:           Salaries and benefits         86,500         86,160         -         -         -           Operating expenses         3,221,708         2,685,506         -         -         -           Total         3,308,208         2,771,666         536,542         -           Total general government         6,203,180         5,182,437         1,020,743         2,430,966           Public Safety:         Police:           Salaries and benefits         2,348,557         2,109,672           Operating expenses         334,995         314,354           Capital outlay         187,376         156,507	Operating expenses		128,721		
Hurricane Expenses:         Salaries and benefits       86,500       86,160       -       -       -         Operating expenses       3,221,708       2,685,506       -       -       -         Total       3,308,208       2,771,666       536,542       -         Total general government       6,203,180       5,182,437       1,020,743       2,430,966         Public Safety:         Police:         Salaries and benefits       2,348,557       2,109,672         Operating expenses       334,995       314,354         Capital outlay       187,376       156,507	÷			-	
Salaries and benefits         86,500         86,160         -         -           Operating expenses         3,221,708         2,685,506         -         -         -           Total         3,308,208         2,771,666         536,542         -           Total general government         6,203,180         5,182,437         1,020,743         2,430,966           Public Safety:           Police:           Salaries and benefits         2,348,557         2,109,672           Operating expenses         334,995         314,354           Capital outlay         187,376         156,507	Total	424,010	275,011	148,999	251,865
Operating expenses         3,221,708         2,685,506         -	Hurricane Expenses:				
Total         3,308,208         2,771,666         536,542         -           Total general government         6,203,180         5,182,437         1,020,743         2,430,966           Public Safety:           Police:           Salaries and benefits         2,348,557         2,109,672           Operating expenses         334,995         314,354           Capital outlay         187,376         156,507	Salaries and benefits	86,500	86,160	-	-
Public Safety:         Police:           Salaries and benefits         2,348,557         2,109,672           Operating expenses         334,995         314,354           Capital outlay         187,376         156,507	Operating expenses	3,221,708	2,685,506		
Public Safety:         Police:       2,348,557       2,109,672         Salaries and benefits       2,348,557       2,109,672         Operating expenses       334,995       314,354         Capital outlay       187,376       156,507	Total	3,308,208	2,771,666	536,542	
Police:         Salaries and benefits       2,348,557       2,109,672         Operating expenses       334,995       314,354         Capital outlay       187,376       156,507	Total general government	6,203,180	5,182,437	1,020,743	2,430,966
Salaries and benefits       2,348,557       2,109,672         Operating expenses       334,995       314,354         Capital outlay       187,376       156,507	Public Safety:				
Operating expenses       334,995       314,354         Capital outlay       187,376       156,507	Police:				
Capital outlay         187,376         156,507	Salaries and benefits		2,348,557		2,109,672
· · ·	Operating expenses				314,354
Total 3,082,598 2,870,928 211,670 2,580,533	Capital outlay	_	187,376	<u>-</u>	156,507
	Total	3,082,598	2,870,928	211,670	2,580,533

		2018		
	Final		Variance	
	Budget	Actual	Over/Under	Actual
Fire:				
Salaries and benefits		662,860		624,693
Operating expenses		446,810		190,670
Capital outlay	-	49,737	-	8,434
Total	1,443,428	1,159,407	284,021	823,797
<b>Emergency Medical Services:</b>				
Salaries and benefits		741,739		695,633
Operating expenses		159,218		165,586
Capital outlay	_	134,498	-	
Total	1,086,222	1,035,455	50,767	861,219
Animal Control:				
Salaries and benefits		69,360		69,259
Operating expenses	_	7,652	_	7,369
Total	92,629	77,012	15,617	76,628
Total public safety	5,704,877	5,142,802	562,075	4,342,177
Highways and Streets:				
Public Works:				
Salaries and benefits		113,608		103,645
Operating expenses	_	54,140	_	40,757
Total	244,723	167,748	76,975	144,402
Central Garage:				
Salaries and benefits		92,804		91,322
Operating expenses		29,359		29,360
Street lights and traffic signals	_	146,655	-	136,772
Total	299,377	268,818	30,559	257,454
Powell Bill Funds:				
Salaries and benefits		120,407		112,208
Operating expenses	_	222,301	_	231,828
Total	492,194	342,708	149,486	344,036
Non-Powell Bill Funds:				
Salaries and benefits		186,146		217,554
Operating expenses		147,299		520,826
Capital outlay	<u>-</u>	185,035	_	296,363
Total	1,681,838	518,480	1,163,358	1,034,743
Total highways and streets	2,718,132	1,297,754	1,420,378	1,780,635

		2019			
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual	
Sanitation:					
Operating expenses				18,871	
Total sanitation	30,000		30,000	18,871	
Cultural and Recreation:					
Recreation:					
Salaries and benefits		455,280		464,782	
Operating expenses		237,824		244,718	
Capital outlay		58,528		68,474	
Total	920,514	751,632	168,882	777,974	
Total cultural and recreation	920,514	751,632	168,882	777,974	
Debt Service:					
Principal		187,406		180,350	
Interest		153,973		161,897	
Total debt service	343,024	341,379	1,645	342,247	
Total expenditures	15,919,727	12,716,004	3,203,723	9,692,870	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,387,331)	461,064	4,848,395	1,366,338	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers out	(284,332)	(284,332)	-	(680,534)	
Appropriated fund balance	4,671,663		(4,671,663)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,387,331	(284,332)	(4,671,663)	(680,534)	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	176,732	\$ 176,732	685,804	
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year - July 1		11,150,837		10,465,033	
End of year - June 30		\$ 11,327,569		\$ 11,150,837	





#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

	T	mergency elephone System Fund	I	City Hall Building Capital Oject Fund	]	wis Farm PARTF Capital oject Fund	McCotter Capital Project Fund		
Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	236,179	\$	152,803	\$	39,092	\$	-	
Accounts receivable		-		-		4,290		-	
Restricted cash and investments								50,641	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	236,179	\$	152,803	\$	43,382	\$	50,641	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,									
and Fund Balances:									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	737	\$	-	\$	17,367	\$	-	
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-	
Unearned grant revenue						-		50,641	
Total liabilities		737				17,367		50,641	
Fund Balances:									
Restricted:									
Stabilization for state statute		-		-		4,290		-	
Public safety		235,442		-		-		-	
Culture and recreation		-		-		21,725		-	
General government		-		152,803		-		-	
Committed:									
Public safety		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned						<u> </u>			
Total fund balances		235,442		152,803		26,015			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,									
and fund balances	\$	236,179	\$	152,803	\$	43,382	\$	50,641	

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

	EPA Brownsfield Capital Project Fund		Slocum Waterfront Park Capital Project Fund		B	re Annex Building Capital oject Fund	 Total	
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	73,690	\$ 501,764	
Accounts receivable		-		108,348		-	112,638	
Restricted cash and investments		58,650				<u>-</u>	 109,291	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	58,650	\$	108,348	\$	73,690	\$ 723,693	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 18,104	
Due to other funds				35,929		_	35,929	
Unearned grant revenue		58,650		-		_	109,291	
Total liabilities		58,650	-	35,929			163,324	
Fund Balances: Restricted:								
Stabilization for state statute		_		108,348		_	112,638	
Public safety		-		-		_	235,442	
Culture and recreation		-		-		-	21,725	
General government		-		-		-	152,803	
Committed:								
Public safety		-		-		73,690	73,690	
Unassigned				(35,929)			 (35,929)	
Total fund balances				72,419		73,690	 560,369	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,								
and fund balances	\$	58,650	\$	108,348	\$	73,690	\$ 723,693	

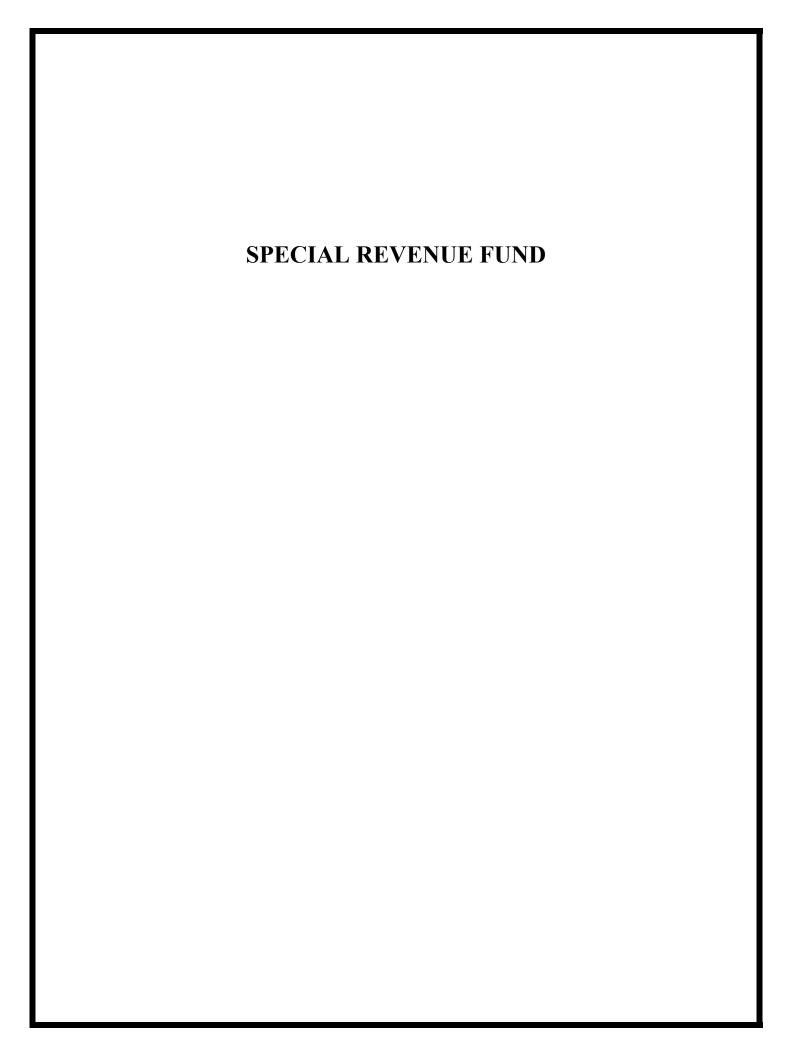
#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Emergency Telephone System Fund	City Hall Building Capital Project Fund	Lewis Farm PARTF Capital Project Fund	McCotter Capital Project Fund
Revenues:				
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 189,083	\$ -	\$ (33,755)	\$ 18,315
Investment income	11,185			
Total revenues	200,268		(33,755)	18,315
Expenditures:				
Public safety	164,183	-	-	-
Environmental protection	-	-	-	18,315
Culture and recreation			347,911	
Total expenditures	164,183		347,911	18,315
Revenues over (under) expenditures	36,085		(381,666)	<del>-</del>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in				
Total other financing sources (uses)				
Net change in fund balances	36,085	-	(381,666)	-
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of year - July 1	199,357	152,803	407,681	<del>-</del>
End of year - June 30	\$ 235,442	\$ 152,803	\$ 26,015	\$ -

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	(	EPA ownsfield Capital ject Fund	W: Pai	Slocum aterfront rk Capital oject Fund	Fire Annex Building Capital Project Fund		Total
Revenues:							
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	941,350	\$	235,845	\$ -	\$	1,350,838
Investment income							11,185
Total revenues	-	941,350		235,845		_	1,362,023
Expenditures:							
Public safety		-		-	-		164,183
Environmental protection		941,350		-	-		959,665
Culture and recreation				367,712			715,623
Total expenditures	-	941,350		367,712		_	1,839,471
Revenues over (under) expenditures		<u>-</u>		(131,867)			(477,448)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in				61,525			61,525
Total other financing sources (uses)				61,525			61,525
Net change in fund balances		-		(70,342)	-		(415,923)
Fund Balances:							
Beginning of year - July 1				142,761	73,690		976,292
End of year - June 30	\$		\$	72,419	\$ 73,690	\$	560,369



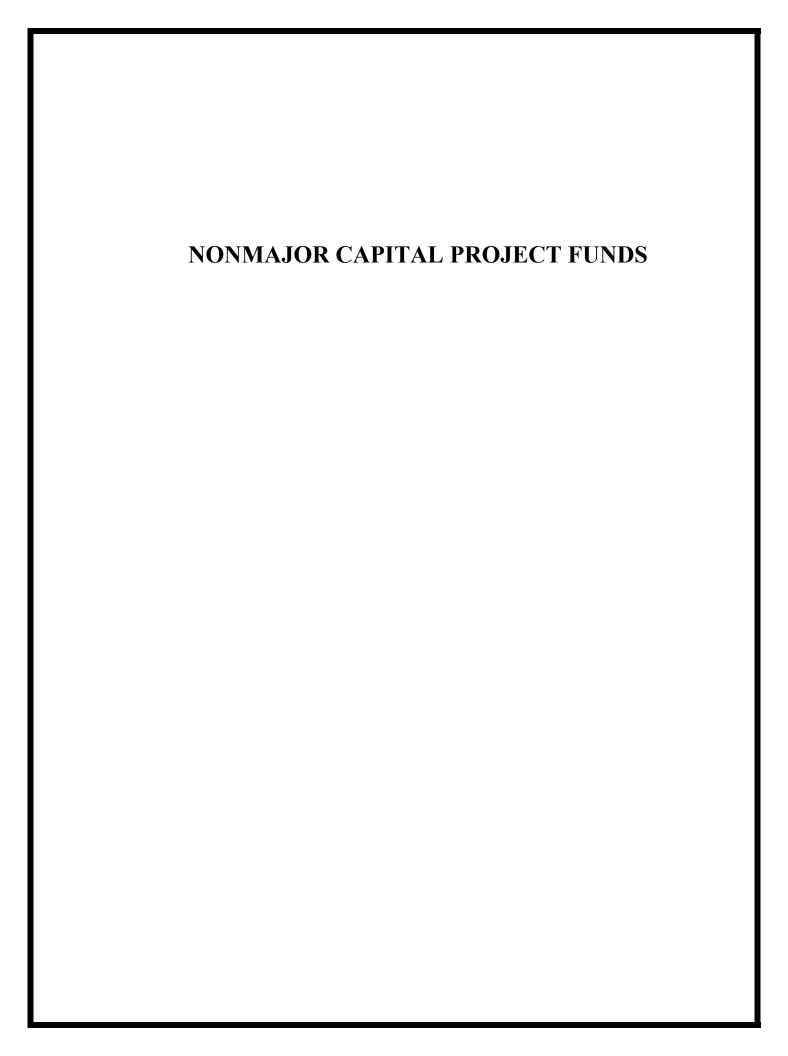




EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	 2019						
	 Budget		Actual		ariance er/Under		Actual
Revenues:							
Restricted Intergovernmental:							
911 access charges	\$ 142,549	\$	189,083	\$	46,534	\$	164,456
Investment earnings	 3,000		11,185		8,185		6,070
Total revenues	 145,549		200,268		54,719		170,526
<b>Expenditures:</b>							
<b>Public Safety:</b>							
Databasing	33,043		23,672		9,371		23,053
Operating expenses	111,075		57,532		53,543		93,266
Capital outlay	 95,000		82,979		12,021		93,230
Total public safety	 239,118		164,183		74,935		209,549
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(93,569)		36,085		129,654		(39,023)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Appropriated fund balance	 93,569				(93,569)		<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	\$ 		36,085	\$	36,085		(39,023)
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year - July 1			199,357				238,380
End of year - June 30		\$	235,442			\$	199,357







EPA BROWNSFIELD CAPITAL PROJECT FUND
NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

						Actual		
•		Project thorization	Prior Years		Current Year			Total
Revenues:								
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$	1,000,000	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	941,350	\$	941,350
Expenditures: Environmental Protection:								
Professional services		1,000,000		2,450		941,350		943,800
Trofessional services		1,000,000			-	7.1,500	-	<i>y</i> .2,000
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-		(2,450)		-		(2,450)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		-		2,450		_		2,450
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$		\$		\$	

CITY HALL BUILDING CAPITAL PROJECT FUND
NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Actual				
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total		
Revenues:						
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ 100,000		
Interest income		184		184		
Total revenues	100,000	100,184		100,184		
<b>Expenditures:</b>						
General Government:						
Professional services	65,000	74,757	-	74,757		
Capital outlay	2,300,000	2,157,033	-	2,157,033		
Debt service	1,700,000	1,526,692		1,526,692		
Total expenditures	4,065,000	3,758,482		3,758,482		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,965,000)	(3,658,298)		(3,658,298)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Long-term debt issued	3,400,000	3,200,000	-	3,200,000		
Transfers in	565,000	611,101		611,101		
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,965,000	3,811,101		3,811,101		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 152,803	\$ -	\$ 152,803		

MCCOTTER CAPITAL PROJECT FUND
NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Project Authorization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total	
Revenues:								
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$	119,155	\$	50,199	\$	18,315	\$	68,514
Expenditures:								
<b>Environmental Protection:</b>								
Professional services				49,629		16,741		66,370
Capital outlay				570		1,575		2,145
Total expenditures		119,155	_	50,199		18,315	_	68,514
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	

LEWIS FARM PARTF CAPITAL PROJECT FUND NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

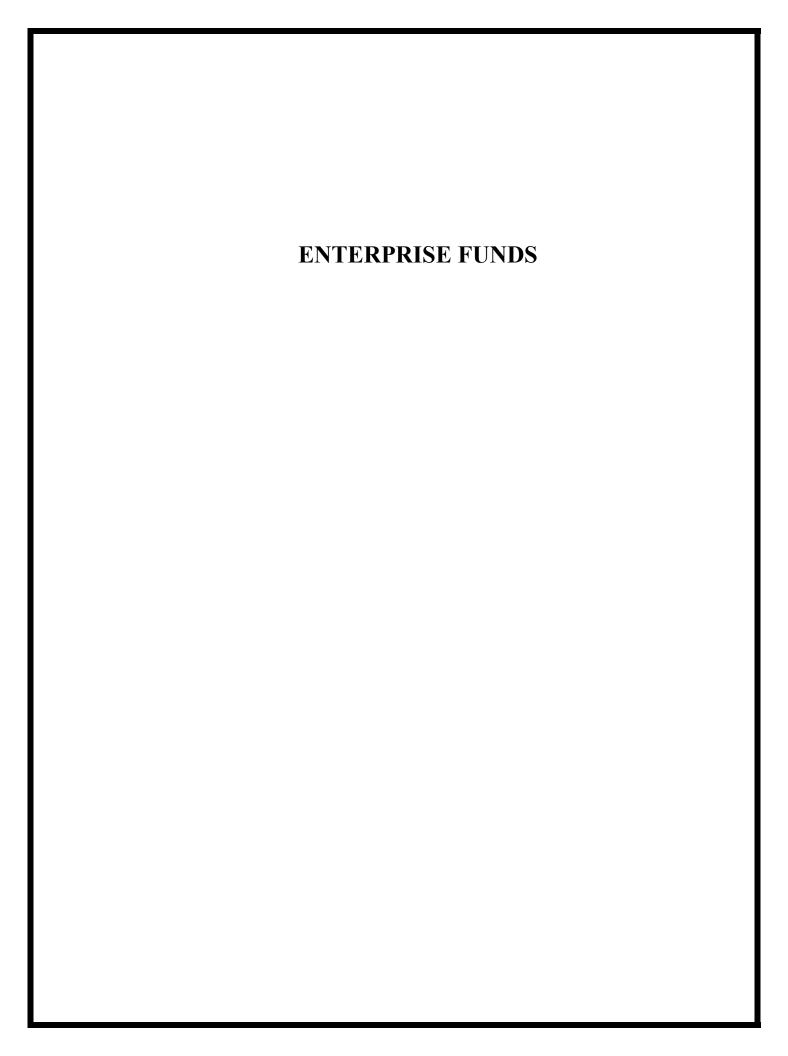
						Actual	
	Project Authorization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total
Revenues:							
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$	500,000	\$	533,755	\$	(33,755)	\$ 500,000
<b>Expenditures:</b>							
General Government:							
Professional services				35,666		26,424	62,090
Capital outlay				408,050		321,487	 729,537
Total expenditures		817,642		443,716		347,911	 791,627
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(317,642)		90,039		(381,666)	(291,627)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		317,642		317,642			 317,642
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	\$	407,681	\$	(381,666)	\$ 26,015

SLOCUM WATERFRONT PARK CAPITAL PROJECT FUND NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Actual					
	Project Authorization			Prior Years		Current Year		Total	
Revenues:								_	
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$	325,475	\$	157,698	\$	235,845	\$	393,543	
Expenditures:									
General Government:									
Professional services				11,717		323		12,040	
Capital outlay				116,220		367,389		483,609	
Total expenditures		500,000		127,937		367,712		495,649	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(174,525)		29,761		(131,867)		(102,106)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in		174,525		113,000		61,525		174,525	
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	142,761	\$	(70,342)	\$	72,419	

FIRE ANNEX BUILDING CAPITAL PROJECT FUND
NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Acti	ual	
	Project Authorization		Prior Years	Current Year		Total
<b>Expenditures:</b>						
Public Safety:						
Professional services			\$ 33,417	\$	-	\$ 33,417
Contracted services			123,150		-	123,150
Capital outlay			 719,743			 719,743
Total expenditures	\$	950,000	 876,310			 876,310
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(950,000)	(876,310)		-	(876,310)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		950,000	 950,000			 950,000
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$ 73,690	\$		\$ 73,690





ENTERPRISE FUND - WATER
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budg	get		Actual		Variance ver/Under
Revenues:						
Operating revenues:						
Charges for sales and services:						
Water charges		97,100	\$	2,484,967	\$	(12,133)
Miscellaneous		59,000		59,412		412
Total operating revenues	2,5:	56,100	-	2,544,379		(11,721)
Non-operating revenues:						
Interest income (loss)		22,650		45,905		23,255
Total revenues	2,5	78,750		2,590,284		11,534
Expenditures:						
Operating expenditures:						
Cost of sales and services:						
Salaries and employee benefits				562,594		
Supplies and administration				865,281		
Repairs and maintenance				82,266		
Capital outlay				164,772		
Total costs of sales and services				1,674,913		
Debt service:						
Principal repayment				286,846		
Interest				85,620		
Total debt service				372,466		
Total operating expenditures	3,0	75,300		2,047,379		1,027,921
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(4)	96,550)		542,905		1,039,455
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Appropriated fund balance	4	96,550		_		(496,550)
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$	_		542,905	\$	542,905
(under) experiences and other imatering uses	9			342,703	Ψ	312,703
Reconciliation of Modified Accrual Basis with Accrual Basis:						
Reconciling items:				(27.6.750)		
Depreciation				(376,758)		
Capital reserve fund interest				6,281		
Increase deferred outflows - pension Capital project expenditures, not capitalized				39,537		
Increase in net pension liability				(25,720) (47,599)		
Decrease deferred inflows - pension				2,764		
(Increase) decrease in other post-employment benefits				(4,840)		
Decrease in deferred outflow - OPEB				(1,452)		
Increase in deferred outflow - OPEB				(4,923)		
Principal payment				286,846		
Capital outlay, capitalized				164,772		
Capital Callay, Suprainzed			-			
Change in net position			\$	581,813		

WATER CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - SCADA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Actual					
	Project Authorization		Prior Years		Current Year			Total
Expenditures:								
Professional fees	\$	250,000	\$	249,646	\$	-	\$	249,646
Capital outlay		1,470,000		1,476,703		-		1,476,703
Miscellaneous		10,000		22		-		22
Total expenditures		1,730,000		1,726,371		<u>-</u>	_	1,726,371
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,730,000)		(1,726,371)		-		(1,726,371)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Intrafund transfer in		1,730,000		1,450,000		_		1,450,000
intrarund transfer in		1,750,000	_	1,450,000				1,430,000
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$		\$	(276,371)	\$		\$	(276,371)

WATER CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - BACKWASH BASIN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Project Authorization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total
Expenditures:							
Professional fees	\$	-	\$	339,403	18,095	\$	357,498
Capital outlay		_		2,534,298	60,378		2,594,676
Miscellaneous		_		1,598			1,598
Total expenditures		3,160,000		2,875,299	78,473	_	2,953,772
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(3,160,000)		(2,875,299)	(78,473)		(2,953,772)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Issuance of long-term debt		3,160,000	_	2,921,256	126,700	_	3,047,956
Revenues and other financing sources over							
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$	_	\$	45,957	\$ 48,227	\$	94,184

ENTERPRISE FUND - SEWER
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:			
Operating revenues:			
Charges for sales and services:			
Sewer charges	\$ 3,650,000		
Miscellaneous	47,000	128,277	81,277
Total operating revenue	3,697,000	3,709,479	12,479
Non-operating revenues:			
Interest income (loss)	15,500	22,771	7,271
Total revenues	3,712,500	3,732,250	19,750
Expenditures:			
Operating expenditures:			
Cost of sales and services:			
Salaries and employee benefits		488,932	
Supplies and administration		1,959,364	
Repairs and maintenance		599,481	
Capital outlay		204,089	
Total costs of sales and services		3,251,866	
Debt service:			
Principal repayment		253,192	
Interest		395,306	
Total debt service		648,498	
Total expenditures	6,158,623	3,900,364	2,258,259
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,446,123)	(168,114)	2,278,009
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers out	-	-	-
Appropriated fund balance	2,446,123		(2,446,123)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,446,123		(2,446,123)
Revenues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	(168,114)	\$ (168,114)
Reconciliation of Modified Accrual Basis with Accrual Basis:			
Depreciation		(877,996)	
Increase deferred outflows - pension		33,889	
Increase in net pension liability		(40,799)	
Decrease deferred inflows - pension		2,369	
(Increase) decrease in other post-employment benefits		(4,149)	
Capital Reserve Fund interest		6,282	
Capital project expenditures, not capitalized		(13,923)	
Decrease in deferred outflow - OPEB		(1,245)	
Increase in deferred inflow - OPEB		(4,219)	
Long-term debt principal payment		253,192	
Capital outlay items capitalized		204,089	
Change in net position		\$ (610,624)	

# SEWER CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - SEWER PLANT EXPANSION AND OUTFALL LINE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Actual	
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total
Revenues:				
Interest income	\$ -	\$ 10,541	\$ -	\$ 10,541
Expenditures:				
Professional fees	1,025,000	511,179	-	511,179
Capital outlay	10,584,000	9,749,402	-	9,749,402
Miscellaneous	25,000	1,083	-	1,083
Debt service	8,546,000	8,545,864		8,545,864
Total expenditures	20,180,000	18,807,528		18,807,528
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(20,180,000)	(18,796,987)		(18,796,987)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Issuance of long-term debt	16,980,000	16,980,000	-	16,980,000
Intrafund transfer in	3,200,000	3,200,000		3,200,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	20,180,000	20,180,000		20,180,000
Revenues and other financing sources over				
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,383,013	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,383,013

# SEWER CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - UTILITY LINE RELOCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Project Authorization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total
Revenues:							
Miscellaneous	\$	100,000	\$	53,185	\$ -	\$	53,185
Expenditures:							
Professional fees		-		127,426	13,923		141,349
Capital outlay				358,911	341,022		699,933
Total expenditures		856,000		486,337	354,945		841,282
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(756,000)		(433,152)	(354,945)		(788,097)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Intrafund transfer in		756,000		756,000			756,000
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$</u>	_	\$	322,848	\$ (354,945)	\$	(32,097)

ENTERPRISE FUND - SOLID WASTE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budget	 Actual	ariance er/Under
Revenues:				
Operating revenues:				
Charges for sales and services:				
Solid waste charges	\$	1,023,150	\$ 1,095,945	\$ 72,795
Non-Operating Revenues:				
Interest income		8,500	 7,553	 (947)
Total revenues		1,031,650	 1,103,498	 71,848
Expenditures:				
Operating expenditures:				
Cost of sales and services:				
Salaries and employee benefits			219,243	
Supplies and administration			663,684	
Repairs and maintenance			22,474	
Capital outlay			 141,029	
Total costs of sales and services			 1,046,430	
Total expenditures		1,159,674	 1,046,430	 113,244
Revenues and other financing sources over				
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$		57,068	\$ 57,068
Reconciliation of Modified Accrual Basis with Accrual Ba	sis:			
Depreciation			(2,368)	
Increase deferred outflows - pension			5,648	
Increase in net pension liability			(6,800)	
Decrease deferred inflows - pension			395	
(Increase) decrease in other post-employment benefits			(691)	
Decrease in deferred outflow - OPEB			(207)	
Increase in deferred inflow - OPEB			(704)	
Capital outlay items capitalized			 141,029	
Change in net position			\$ 193,370	

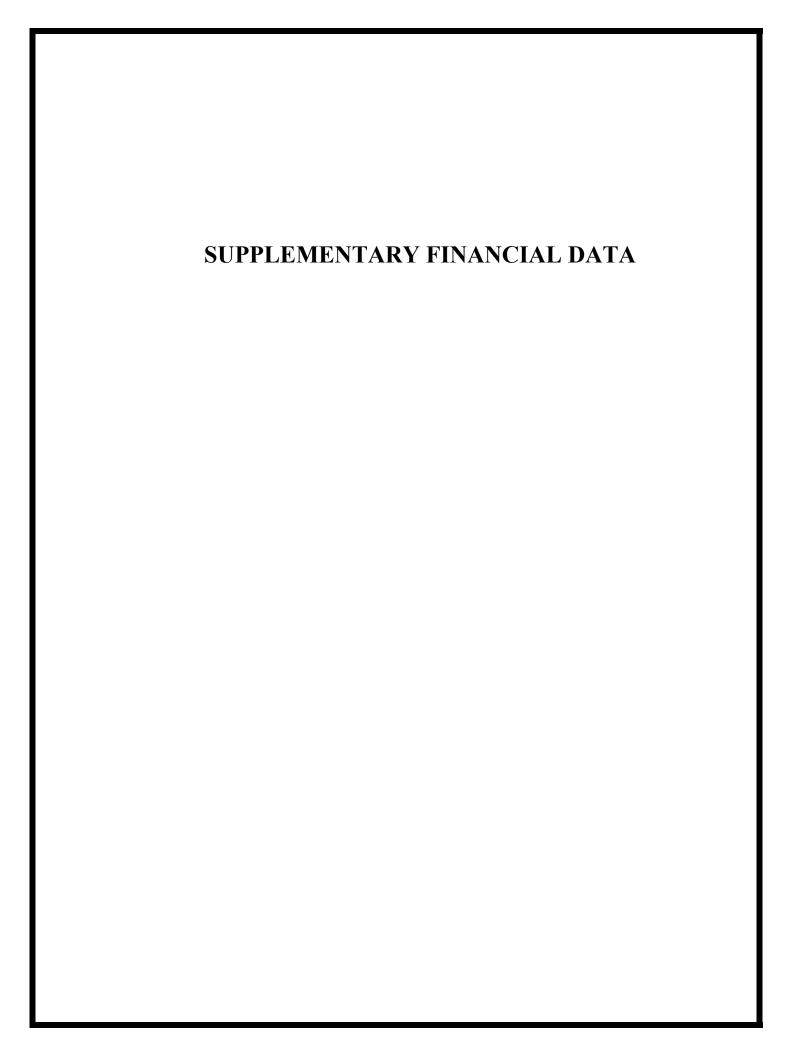
# ENTERPRISE FUND - TOURIST AND EVENT CENTER SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget			Actual		Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:							
Operating revenues:							
Charges for sales and services:							
Facilities rent	\$	115,175	\$	71,629	\$	(43,546)	
Miscellaneous		30,500		44,392		13,892	
Total operating revenues		145,675		116,021		(29,654)	
Non-operating revenues:							
Occupancy tax		97,000		97,000		<del>-</del>	
Total revenues		242,675		213,021		(29,654)	
Expenditures:							
Operating expenditures:							
Cost of sales and services:							
Salaries and employee benefits				137,378			
Supplies and administration				114,472			
Repairs and maintenance				18,170			
Capital outlay				5,131			
Exhibits expense				19,926			
Total costs of sales and services			_	295,077			
Total expenditures		465,482		295,077		170,405	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(222,807)		(82,056)		140,751	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		222,807	_	222,807			
Revenues and other financing sources over							
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$</u>			140,751	\$	140,751	
Reconciliation of Modified Accrual Basis with Accrual Basis:							
Depreciation				(66,775)			
Increase deferred outflows - pension				11,296			
Decrease in deferred outflow - OPEB				(415)			
Increase in deferred inflow - OPEB				(1,405)			
Increase in net pension liability				(13,600)			
Decrease deferred inflows - pension				790			
Capital outlay items capitalized				5,131			
(Increase) decrease in OPEB				(1,383)			
Change in net position			\$	74,390			

ENTERPRISE FUND - CAPITAL RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	B	Budget		Actual		Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:							
Non-operating revenues:							
Interest income	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	12,563	\$	12,563	







# SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE JUNE 30, 2019

Fiscal Year	1	icollected Balance ly 1, 2018	1	Additions	Collections and Credits	ncollected Balance ne 30, 2019
2018-2019	\$		\$	5,223,509	\$ 5,191,080	\$ 32,429
2017-2018		16,155		-	9,712	6,443
2016-2017		6,022		-	2,908	3,114
2015-2016		4,207		-	1,914	2,293
2014-2015		6,048		-	3,270	2,778
2013-2014		24,541		-	1,610	22,931
2012-2013		35,148		-	1,061	34,087
2011-2012		26,009		-	1,492	24,517
2010-2011		21,157		-	2,183	18,974
2009-2010		18,020		-	1,877	16,143
2008-2009		16,827			 16,827	 
Total	\$	174,134	\$	5,223,509	\$ 5,233,934	163,709
Less: Allowance for une	collectible	e ad valorem ta	axes re	ceivable		 (131,277)
Ad valorem taxes receiv	able, net					\$ 32,432
Reconciliation with Re	venues:					
Taxes, ad valorem - Gen	eral Fund					\$ 5,217,107
Arrears written off for ta	ax year 20	08-2009				
per Statute of Limitation	ons					 16,827
Total collections and cre	edits					\$ 5,233,934

# ANALYSIS OF CURRENT YEAR TAX LEVY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Total Levy			
	1 3		Total Levy	Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles		
Original Levy:							
Property taxed at current year's rate	\$ 885,644,237	\$ 0.590	\$ 5,225,301	\$ 4,598,133	\$ 627,168		
Abatements	(303,729)		(1,792)	(1,792)			
Total property valuation	\$ 885,340,508						
Net Levy			5,223,509	4,596,341	627,168		
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2019			32,429	32,429			
<b>Current Year's Taxes Collected</b>			\$ 5,191,080	\$ 4,563,912	\$ 627,168		
<b>Current Levy Collection Percentage</b>			99.38%	99.29%	100.00%		
Prior Year Levy Collection Percentage			99.68%	99.65%	100.00%		

# STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Havelock's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	108-110
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	111-118
Debt Capacity  These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	119-122
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	123-124
Operating Information  These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	125-126

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.



City of Havelock

Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Yea	Year				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net nosition	\$ 3,807,910 2,274,617 5,175,112	\$ 3,908,182 976,614 6,026,215 8,10,911,011	\$ 4,699,072 1,201,385 4,702,268 8,10,602,725	\$ 5,045,723 1,023,347 4,991,201 8,11,060,271	\$ 5,519,721 1,696,334 5,176,059 8.12,392,114	\$ 5,708,365 2,317,900 6,227,049 8,14,253,314	\$ 5,824,398 2,756,966 7,248,220 8,15,829,584	\$ 5,824,398 2,756,966 7,248,220 8,15,829,584	\$ 6,300,569 2,801,196 5,882,610	\$ 7,288,247 3,757,207 5,048,225 8,16,093,679
			) 1			-		00000		0,000
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 8,941,867	\$ 9,202,664	\$ 11,150,859	\$ 11,382,120	\$ 12,244,456	\$ 11,873,567	\$ 11,808,087	\$ 11,808,087	\$ 11,560,871	\$ 11,559,108
Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	9,211,020 \$ 18,152,887	10,122,186 \$ 19,324,850	8,905,273 \$ 20,056,132	9,690,226 \$ 21,072,346	9,373,991 \$ 21,618,447	10,324,335 \$ 22,197,902	10,544,665 \$ 22,352,752	10,544,665 \$ 22,352,752	10,559,766 \$ 22,120,637	10,800,478 \$ 22,359,586
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 12,749,777 2,274,617	\$ 13,110,846 976,614	\$ 15,849,931 1,201,385	\$ 16,427,843 1,023,347	\$ 17,764,177 1,696,334	\$ 17,581,932 2,317,900	\$ 17,632,485 2,756,966	\$ 17,632,485 2,756,966	\$ 17,861,440 2,801,196	\$ 18,847,355 3,757,207
Unrestricted Total primary government net position	14,386,132 \$ 29,410,526	16,148,401 \$ 30,235,861	13,607,541 \$ 30,658,857	14,681,427 \$ 32,132,617	14,550,050 \$ 34,010,561	16,551,384 \$ 36,451,216	17,792,885 \$ 38,182,336	17,792,885 \$ 38,182,336	16,442,376 \$ 37,105,012	15,848,703 \$ 38,453,265

City of Havelock
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	0000	2044	2042	2000	Fisca	Fiscal Year	2016	7000	2040	2010
	0107	- 107	2102	202	1 07	202	0107	107	0.04	8107
Expenses										
Governmental activities.	¢ 1 080 572	¢ 2170 632	C 2 447 607	¢ 2270301	e 2 205 405	¢ 2060313	300 486	090 080 0	\$ 227 046	¢ F 004 320
Public Safety		4.806								
Highways and streets	1,220,300	1.133.896	1,539,765	1 478 680	1,213,686	1,156,033	966.550	887.467	1.560.339	1.207.424
Environmental protection	; '		1		74,506	213,595	166,469	12,468	71,520	959,665
Culture and recreations	864,000	867,587	853,944	1,048,043	815,465	832,935	847,265	886,256	1,241,286	1,031,018
Interest on long-term debt	64,434	200,118	397,638	244,992	236,945	253,873	178,010	175,494	161,897	153,973
Total governmental activities expenses	8,203,030	9,178,954	9,902,047	9,760,751	9,705,061	9,402,764	9,309,044	9,612,875	9,966,039	13,734,623
Business-type activities										
Water	1,616,786	2,030,596	1,763,697	1,639,411	1,695,142	1,906,359	1,825,652	2,079,724	2,146,243	2,014,753
Sewer	2,901,023	2,838,681	2,566,556	2,782,740	2,528,613	2,896,978	3,040,205	3,953,418	4,007,710	4,349,156
Sanitation			754,011	818,853	786,320	847,268	936,680	867,313	953,348	910,128
Other	972,672	1,034,536	400,950	478,114	462,481	413,106	392,551	398,340	397,427	361,438
Total business-type activities expenses Total primary government expenses	\$ 13.693.511	5,903,813 \$ 15,082,767	\$ 15.387.261	5,719,118 \$ 15,479,869	\$ 15,177,617	6,063,711	6,195,088	\$ 16.911.670	\$ 17,504,728	\$ 21.370.098
		1000	-	0		, ,	1			0
Program Revenues Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 332,942		\$ 332,322	\$ 240,305	\$ 369,659	\$ 306,047	\$ 170,270	\$ 345,265	\$ 121,652	\$ 784,026
Public Safety	758,455	902,589	/64,263	731,181	863,562	792,191	873,905	/61,/15	/43,29/	685,045
Highways and streets	' 0	, 6	, 6	, 00	' 00	' 60	, 20	' ''		, 1,
Environmental protection	3,868	4,218	4,610	4,526	3,898	3,660	3,591	3,795	6,815	7,945
Culture and recreations	150,564	153,181	205,743	174,740	179,781	239,739	239,505	271,839	230,986	269,700
Operating greats and contributions	- 2077 70 4	- 1 1 4 5 7 4 7	1 220 652	- 4000 1	- 070 070	- 086 380 1	- 447 464	1 085 800	1 160 000	- 769 446
Capital grants and contributions	000,100,1	85.568	73 734	7 183	172 272	1,510,255	617.768	406.350	312 171	1 112 954
Total governmental activities programs revenues	2,323,194	2,589,429	2,661,324	2,248,108	2,565,188	3,917,261	3,052,500	2,854,564	2,582,921	5,622,785
Business-type activities: Charges for services:										
Water	1,973,159	1,877,135	1,820,558	1,785,904	1,902,607	1,876,497	1,893,925	2,311,412	2,286,237	2,544,379
Sewer	3,037,556	3,187,289	3,382,037	3,256,698	3,423,486	3,403,940	3,441,432	3,606,073	3,567,731	3,709,479
Other	681,128	841,472	822,409	877,102	959,200	7,226,962	934,925	8/0,0/8	1,036,324	1,095,945
Operating grants and contributions Canital grants and contributions	25,000		217,932	275,933	283,585		228,994	246,587	327,812	213,021
Total business-type activities program revenues	\$5,716,843	\$5,905,896	\$6,242,936	\$6,195,637	\$6,568,878	\$6,507,399	\$6,499,276	\$7,140,150	\$7,218,104	\$7,562,824
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 8,040,037	\$ 8,495,325	\$ 8,904,260	\$ 8,443,745	\$ 9,134,066	\$ 10,424,660	\$ 9,551,776	\$ 9,994,714	\$ 9,801,025	\$ 13,185,609

City of Havelock
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

10 2011 2012 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8,643 \$ 4,255,278 \$ 4,272,576 \$ 4,438,418 \$ 4,469,420 \$ 4,496,412 \$ 4,887,046 \$ 5,082,534 \$ 5,105,262 \$ 5,198,905	3,456,802 2,993,853 3,018,748 3,018,894 3,290,524 1,619,631 1,794,936 1,865,479 1,201,246 1,177,168 1,168,166 - 624,072 683,434 694,102	88,608 42,511 25,887 11,790 16,163 17,053 38,426 31,808 145,357 330,712	15,483)       . (398,221)       (242,516)       92,942       (237,369)       (252,677)       (222,662)       (333,084)       (222,807)         56,546       \$ 7,754,591       \$ 6,894,095       \$ 7,226,440       \$ 7,597,419       \$ 7,566,620       \$ 8,117,744       \$ 8,547,218       \$ 8,645,282       \$ 9,221,142	12,450         \$ 33,729         \$ 16,020         \$ 12,247         \$ 12,834         \$ 7,764         \$ 22,590         \$ 37,648         \$ 63,080         \$ 88,793           15,483         97,000         398,221         242,516         (92,942)         237,369         252,677         222,662         333,084         222,807           130,729         414,241         254,763         (80,108)         245,133         275,267         260,310         396,164         311,600           33,074         \$ 1,167,149         \$ 411,094         \$ 190,316         \$ 1,553,868         \$ 2,165,388         \$ 1,630,262         \$ 975,540         \$ 1,036,653	\$ 1.165.066
	\$ (7,240,723) 757,722 (\$6,483,001)	\$ 4.272.576	2,993,853		. (398,221) - (398,221) 591 \$ 6,894,095 \$	29 \$ 16,020 398,221 229 444,241 49 \$ 411,094	\$ (346,628)
2010 20	\$ (5,879,836) \$ (6,5 226,362 (\$5,653,474) (\$6,5	\$ 3,708,643 \$ 4,2		38,608	(345,483) \$ 6,156,546 \$ 7,7	<b>←</b>	\$ 276,710 \$ 1,1
	Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government net expense	General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities: Taxes Ad Valorem taxes	Other taxes and licenses Inter-governmental Licenses and Permits	Sales and Services Gain on sale of capital asset Investment Earnings Miscellandus	miscellariedus Transfers Total governmental activities	Business-type activities: Investment Earnings Transfers Total business-type activities Total primary government	Change in Net Position Governmental activities

City of Havelock
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues By Source
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	Total	6,006,661	7,618,391	6,705,725	6,896,226	6,986,449	7,672,597	8,166,579	8,594,934	8,667,980	8,998,160
		<i>↔</i>									
Franchise	Тах	\$ 1,130,185	1,809,905	1,066,445	1,095,139	1,027,514	1,152,045	1,201,246	1,177,168	1,168,166	1,176,375
Sales	Tax	\$ 1,207,685	1,501,608	1,451,371	1,378,710	1,443,105	1,958,154	2,093,978	2,331,590	2,414,253	2,604,948
Motor Vehicle	Tax	\$ 402,862	283,711	316,430	358,759	495,800	358,687	408,895	506,225	515,591	578,766
Property	Tax	\$ 3,265,929	4,023,167	3,871,479	4,063,618	4,020,030	4,203,711	4,462,460	4,579,951	4,569,970	4,638,071
Fiscal	Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

City of Havelock
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisc	Fiscal Year				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Find										
	11	•	•	€	€	•	•	•	€	•
Keserved	\$ 2,758,421	,	·	·	·	·	•	, A	, A	, A
Unreserved	3,444,847	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Non Spendable	•	16,936	16,488	8,389	12,601	5,330	14,137	5,979	14,630	11,952
Restricted	•	1,623,126	1,068,870	1,117,864	1,148,675	966,286	1,529,067	1,833,141	1,898,594	3,234,599
Committed	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Assigned		735,950	1,891,082	522,527	549,326	769,015	771,283	862,374	1,367,015	725,516
Unassigned	•	4,670,815	3,962,176	4,693,486	4,884,041	5,724,845	6,664,374	7,743,539	7,870,598	7,355,502
Total General Fund	\$ 6,203,268	\$ 7,046,827	\$6,938,616	\$ 6,342,266	\$ 6,594,643	\$ 7,465,476	\$ 8,978,861	\$ 10,445,033	\$11,150,837	\$ 11,327,569
All other governmental funds										
Reserved	966 \$	· \$	· \$	· \$	· \$	· \$	· \$	ا ج	' \$	' \$
Unreserved, reported in:		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
Special revenue funds	813,580		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Capital projects funds	(529,756)		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Restricted in Capital Project		•	•	•	•	165,776	585,427	665,445	703,245	287,166
Restricted in Special revenue	•	651,491	399,200	93,260	44,373	564,272	203,406	238,380	199,357	235,442
Committed in Capital Project		524,726	820,925	81,752	1,415,896	73,690	73,690	73,690	73,690	73,690
Unassigned	1	1	ı	1	1	(73,300)	(62,835)	1	1	(35,929)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 284,820	\$ 1,176,217	\$ 1,220,125	\$ 175,012	\$ 1,460,269	\$ 730,438	\$ 799,688	\$ 977,515	\$ 976,292	\$ 560,369

The City adopted GASB statement 54 for the year ending 2011. Prior to the time, fund balance was properly referred to as reserved (nonspendable or restrictions on expenditures or unreserved (spendable).

City of Havelock
Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year					
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 3,668,791	\$ 4,310,266	\$ 4,209,805	\$ 4,425,587	\$ 4,515,830	\$ 4,562,398	\$ 4,872,255	\$ 5,086,176	\$ 5,085,595	\$ 5,217,107
Intergovernmental	3,694,293	3,456,802	2,993,853	3,018,748	3,018,894	3,290,524	3,444,949	4,769,304	4,823,444	3,914,332
Licenses and Permits	242,303	1,188,191	1,163,946	799,809	997,142	117,169	142,999	131,372	71,360	2,960,753
Sales and Services	851,007	230,781	273,598	150,182	229,363	1,188,690	1,314,328	1,249,870	1,226,012	109,116
Other taxes	•	1,028,763	1,035,655	983,037	1,056,450	1,656,951	1,448,332	•	•	1,233,902
Investment Earnings	38,608	42,511	25,887	11,790	16,163	17,053	38,426	31,808	145,357	330,712
Miscellaneous	193,369	141,694	188,125	272,017	298,278	326,381	146,841	306,371	141,051	773,169
Total revenues	8,688,371	10,399,008	698'068'6	9,661,170	10,132,120	11,159,166	11,408,130	11,574,901	11,492,819	14,539,091
Expenditures										
General government	1,827,405	2,084,386	2,453,383	2,113,766	2,964,195	1,943,545	2,182,609	2,343,194	2,430,966	5,076,123
Public Safety	5,734,219	4,391,151	4,888,960	4,409,207	4,763,445	4,486,630	4,493,280	4,575,210	3,626,477	4,935,373
Highways and streets	1,078,355	954,793	724,838	1,271,528	1,188,591	1,154,320	916,163	852,443	1,780,635	1,051,583
Environmental Protection						213,595	166,469	12,468	71,520	929,665
Culture and recreation	745.833	762.451	771.458	965.741	74.506	743.021	756.998	814,717	1,178,905	1.408.727
Capital Outlay	1 164 092	355,912	732 138	1 90 1 98 1	807.341	2 029 703	682 439	716 454	925 249	782 625
Debt Service	1 '		) '				i '		1	) '
Principal	146.065	560.545	137.536	152.902	152.405	1.656.108	196.850	198.260	180.350	187.406
Interest	64 434	200 118	397 638	244 992	236,945	253,873	178 010	175 494	161 897	153 973
Other charaes										
Total expenditures	10,760,403	9309,356	10,105,951	11,060,117	10,187,428	12,480,795	9,572,818	9,688,240	10,355,999	14,555,475
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures										
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	•	250,000	400,000	1	565,001	131,742	000'09	•	347,450	61,525
Transfers out Debt issued	(345,483)	(550,000)	(798,221)	(242,516)	(472,059)	(369,111)	(312,677)	(222,662)	(680,534)	(284,332)
Capital lasess	000,1	0,0	000,010		000,000,1	000,000				
Sale of Capital assets									' '	
Total other financing sources (uses)	525,517	646,300	150,779	(242,516)	1,592,942	1,462,631	(252,677)	(222,662)	(333,084)	(222,807)
Net Change in fund balances	\$ (1.546.515)	\$ 1.735.952	\$ (64.303)	\$ (1.641,463)	\$ 1.537.634	\$ 141,002	\$ 1.582.635	\$ 1.663.999	\$ 803.736	\$ (239,191)
)									Ш	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	2.2%	9.3%	1.7%	2.2%	4.4%	18.3%	4.4%	4.2%	3.6%	2.9%

City of Havelock

General Governmental Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Total	\$ 6,006,661	7,618,391	6,705,725	6,896,226	7,392,220	7,672,597	8,166,579	8,594,934	8,667,980	8,998,160
Franchise	Тах	\$ 1,130,185	1,809,905	1,066,445	1,095,139	1,027,514	1,152,045	1,201,246	1,177,168	1,168,166	1,176,375
Sales	Тах	\$ 1,207,685	1,501,608	1,451,371	1,378,710	1,848,876	1,958,154	2,093,978	2,331,590	2,414,253	2,604,948
Motor Vehicle	Тах	\$ 402,862	283,711	316,430	358,759	495,800	358,687	408,895	506,225	515,591	99,766
Property	Тах	\$ 3,265,929	4,023,167	3,871,479	4,063,618	4,020,030	4,203,711	4,462,460	4,579,951	4,569,970	4,638,071
Fiscal	Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

City of Havelock
Assessed Valued and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

Assessed	Value as a	Percentage of	Actual Value	84.83%	83.51%	83.33%	83.27%	89.42%	101.84%	101.95%	78.61%	105.92%	%58.66
Estimated	Actual	Taxable	Value	1,170,140,743	1,725,758,904	1,870,493,256	1,908,938,037	1,755,090,700	1,530,398,011	1,485,086,460	1,530,666,496	863,971,280	780,513,610
Total	Direct	Тах	Rate	0.49	0.53	0.465	0.465	0.465	0.465	0.485	0.51	0.59	0.59
	Total Taxable	Assessed	Value	936,112,594	1,380,607,123	1,496,394,605	1,527,150,429	1,526,165,826	1,515,245,556	1,470,382,634	1,172,677,480	865,163,390	730,031,799
	Less:	Tax Exempt	Real Property	56,531,980 \$	60,545,225	62,361,582	62,410,409	43,261,010	43,301,835	43,734,853	30,615,421	49,930,655	49,312,794
	Personal Property	Motor	Vehicles	80,911,865 \$	83,729,677	114,328,602	120,917,634	132,730,323	132,855,579	79,534,706	109,884,803	92,194,068	124,638,305
	perty	Commercial	Property	344,168,677 \$	450,932,412	582,140,703	599,604,924	604,299,615	592,509,388	593,068,533	598,999,218	241,767,652	244,185,329
	Real Property	Residential	Property	567,564,032 \$	2011 906,490,259 450,932,412	862,286,882	869,038,280	832,396,899	833,182,424	841,514,248	494,408,880	581,132,325	410,520,959
	·	Fiscal	Year	2010 \$	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

Property located in the City of Havelock was revalued by the Craven County Tax Office. The new values were effective for the 2017 Fiscal Year.

Source: Craven County Tax Office

### **City of Havelock**

# Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	City Of Havelock Tax Rate	Overlapping Rate Craven County Tax Rate	Total Direct & Overlapping Rates
2010	\$ 0.4650	\$ 0.6100	\$ 1.0750
2011	0.4650	0.4728	0.9378
2012	0.4650	0.4728	0.9378
2013	0.4650	0.4675	0.9325
2014	0.4650	0.4675	0.9325
2015	0.4850	0.4675	0.9525
2016	0.5100	0.4675	0.9775
2017*	0.5900	0.5394	1.1294
2018	0.5900	0.5394	1.1294
2019	0.5900	0.5394	1.1294

<sup>\*</sup>Property assessment values were re-valued effective Fiscal year 2017. The tax rate was proposed revenue neutral.

Source: City of Havelock Finance Department and Craven County Tax Office

**City of Havelock**Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	ections to Date	Percentage of Levy	99.57%	%65.66	99.49%	99.57%	99.84%	%65.66	99.39%	99.62%	99.91%	- 4,596,341 99.96%
	Total Coll	Amount	3,285,232	3,598,998	3,693,332	4,433,442	4,540,814	4,573,286	4,817,614	4,575,184	4,556,477	4,596,341
		l	છ									
	Collections in	Subsequent Years	71,933	73,419	92,211	109,062	53,709	1,049	4,801	34	270	•
	ŏ	Subs	↔									
		Percentage of Levy	97.25%	97.44%	97.04%	97.30%	%89.86	99.57%	99.29%	99.62%	99.91%	%96.66
	Collections	Amount	3,208,683	3,521,462	3,602,390	4,332,406	4,488,118	4,572,237	4,812,813	4,575,150	4,556,207	4,596,341
		'	↔									
Total Tax	Levy for	Fiscal Year	\$ 3,299,396	3,613,925	3,712,112	4,452,486	4,548,225	4,592,055	4,847,423	4,592,584	4,560,519	4,598,133
Fiscal Year	Ended	June 30	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

**City of Havelock**Principal Property Taxpayers
June 30, 2019

	Percentage of	Total Taxable	Assessed	Value	1.91%	1.17%	0.75%	0.61%	%250	0.55%	0.47%	0.46%	0.45%	0.42%	7.36%
2009				Rank	_	7	က	4	2	9	7	∞	တ	10	
		Taxable	Assessed	Value	14,991,628	9,165,350	5,856,814	4,771,920	4,427,505	4,308,106	3,698,470	3,585,300	3,546,340	3,313,570	57,665,003
					Property Management/Development \$	Property Management/Development	Public Utility	Property Management/Development	Public Utility	Public Utility	Property Management/Development	Property Management/Development	Property Management/Development	Property Management/Development	<i>€</i> 9
	Percentage of	Total Taxable	Assessed	Value	3.67%	1.89%	1.36%	0.83%	0.83%	0.80%	0.70%	0.68%	0.65%	0.64%	12.04%
2019				Rank	~	7	က	4	2	9	7	∞	0	10	
		Taxable	Assessed	Value	\$ 28,628,464	14,735,274	10,605,280	6,441,880	6,264,554	6,221,540	5,436,680	5,290,666	5,049,917	4,952,530	Totals \$ 93,626,785
				Taxpayer	Property Management/Development	Property Management/Development	Property Management/Development	Property Management/Development	Property Management/Development	Property Management/Development	Property Management/Development	Public Utility	Property Management/Development	Property Management/Development	Tot

Source: Craven County Tax Office

City of Havelock
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Per	Capita	\$ 229	542	522	827	982	954	928	895	1,016	1,017
	Total	Primary	Government	\$ 12,988,888	12,350,186	11,910,986	19,633,462	20,359,863	20,094,378	19,517,307	18,909,040	21,272,782	20,672,038
		Installment	Loans	\$ 583,833	485,062	174,167	144,400	109,566	53,200	38,634	•		1
Business-Type Activities		Water	Bonds	\$ 1,803,848	1,675,002	1,546,155	1,417,310	1,288,463	1,159,618	1,030,772	901,924	3,694,334	3,534,188
Busir		Sewer	Bonds	\$ 5,420,123	4,923,283	4,512,361	12,546,351	12,088,838	11,964,672	11,727,863	11,485,338	11,237,020	10,983,828
		Installment	Loans	\$ 5,181,084	5,266,839	5,678,303	5,525,401	6,872,996	6,916,888	6,720,038	6,521,778	6,341,428	6,154,022
Governmental Activities	Special	Assessment	Bonds	s	•	•		•	•	•	•		•
Gov	General	Obligation	Bonds	- ج	•	•		•	•	•	•		•
		Fiscal	Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.
 Percentage of Personal Income cannot be calculated because separate personal income is not available for the City of Havelock.
 See demographic statistics for population data.

Note:

## City of Havelock Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Governmental Activities	Less: Amounts Available in Debt				Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of	Per
Year	_	Debt	Service Fund	_	Total	_	Property (1)	Capita (2)
2010	\$	5,181,084	\$ -	\$	5,181,084	_	<del>-</del>	239
2011		5,266,839	-		5,266,839		-	235
2012		5,678,303	-		5,678,303		-	249
2013		5,525,401	-		5,525,401		-	242
2014		6,872,996	-		6,872,996		-	290
2015		6,916,888	-		6,916,888		-	334
2016		6,720,038	-		6,720,038		-	319
2017		6,521,778	-		6,521,778		-	310
2018		6,341,428	-		6,341,428		-	300
2019		6,154,022	-		6,154,022		-	303

#### **City of Havelock**

#### Direct and Overlapping Activities Debt As of June 30, 2019

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes: County Subtotal, overlapping debt City of Havelock direct debt	\$48,310,496	23.38%	\$ 11,294,994 6,154,022
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 17,449,016

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provide by the Craven

County Tax Office. Debt outstanding is provided by Craven County Finance Office.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt to those overlapping governments that is borne by the taxpayers of the City of Havelock. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the taxpayers should be taken

into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property tax values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the City's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the City's total taxable assessed value.

City of Havelock
Legal Debt Margin Information
Last Ten Fiscal Years

City of Havelock

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Unemployment Rate (4)										
School Enrollment (3)	4,418	4,239	4,224	4,294	3,852	3,533	4,241	4,153	4,064	4,068
Median Age	34.4	34.4	34.4	34.4	36.5	36.5	36.5	36.5	36.5	36.5
Per Capita Personal Income (2)	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Personal Income (2)	l			1	1	1	1	ı	ı	ı
Population (1)	23,739	20,735	21,067	21,022	21,128	20,940	20,364	20,735	20,087	20,072
Fiscal Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

Note: Sources:

(1) Office of State Budget and Management. (2) Personal Income are not shown because separate personal income is not available for the City of Havelock.

(3) Craven County Board of Education

(3) Unemployment rates for Craven County total.

City of Havelock
Full-time Equivalent City Employees by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Full-time	Equivalent Em	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30	June 30			
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function										
General government Public Safety	21	24	21	22	21	21	27	22	22	22
Police										
Officers	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
Civilians	7	7	7	80	∞	80	80	∞	80	80
Fire/EMS										
Firefighters and officers	16	19	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	18
Highways and Streets	13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	12	13
Sanitation	~	~	_	_	_	~	_	_	_	~
Culture and recreation	တ	တ	<b>o</b>	0	0	80	∞	80	80	∞
Water	တ	6	<b>o</b>	6	<b>o</b>	6	တ	6	0	10
Sewer	=	<del>-</del>		7		7		7	7	12
Tourist and Event Center	2	2	2	7	2	2	2	2	2	2
Total	118	121	121	123	122	120	119	120	120	123

Source: City of Havelock Personnel Office.

City of Havelock
Operating Indicators by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Finnskinn	2010	2011	2012	2013	Fiscal Year	Year 2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Number of permits issued	578	911	1,028	629	711	924	1,002	848	952	1,901
Physical arrests Accidents E911	1,458 556 31,589	2,109 597 33.465	1,822 623 31,232	1,599 699 35.277	1,277 506 32,549	1,688 508 37,294	776 585 32.357	805 557 29.404	735 622 27.598	800 628 26.868
Number of calls answered	691	613	533	584	517	526	486	490	582	654
Number of calls answered	2,053	1,985	2,117	2,185	2,170	2,271	2,233	1,719	2,517	2,518
Culture and recreation Recreation Participants	136,035	128,360	106,398	96,664	94,183	100,542	118,605	79,894	78,902	69,043
Number of miles of main Number of connections Average daily consumption (000s of gallons)	79 5,222 1,126	71 5,363 964	72 5,400 1,400	72 5,143 1,160	72 5,615 1,100	80 5,625 959	80 5,638 1,041	80 5,573 976	80 5,583 1,043	80 5,602 925
e Number of containers*	4,857	4,949	4,970	4,936	4,865	4,865	4,971	4,979	4,893	4,971
Number of miles of main Number of connections Average daily treatment (000s of gallons)	80 5,270 1,495	74 5,248 1,476	74 5,208 1,300	74 5,002 1,400	74 5,732 1,450	74 5,638 1,530	74 5,704 1,308	74 5,586 1,057	74 5,600 1,487	74 5,710 903
Tourist and Event Center Event Days (1)	227	176	204	219	217	200	181	199	218	124

<sup>\*</sup> City did not start contracting for solid waste until 2010.

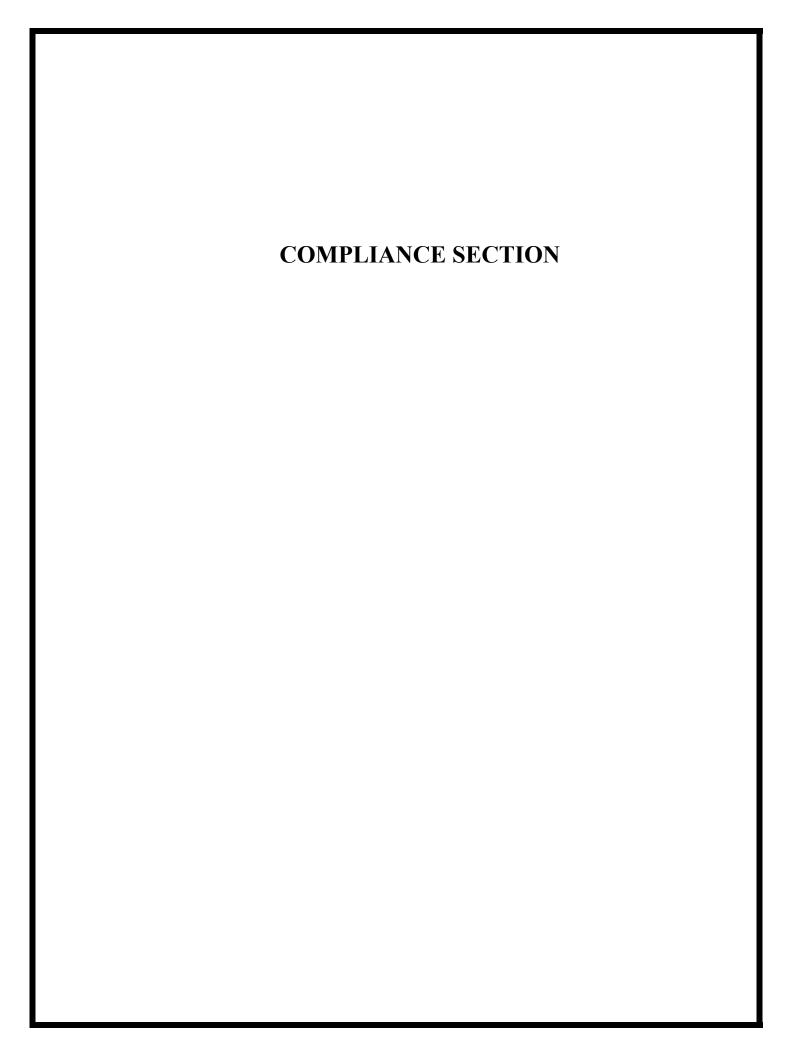
Source: City of Havelock Departmental Activity Reports.

City of Havelock
Operating Indicators by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
	_	~	~	-	~	_	_	~	~	_
	58	59	58	58	58	59	59	58	59	59
	7 7	7 7	7 7	S) I	2 1	2 1	2 1	2 1	Ω I	2 1
	4	4	4	ဂ	ဂ	ဂ	ဂ	ဂ	ဂ	ဂ
	2	7	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
sets	44.13	44.13	44.13	44.13	46.00	46.00	46.00	46.00	46.00	46.00
arks	7	1	1	7	7	7	1	7	12	12
rts	က	က	က	က	က	ဂ	က	က	က	ဂ
Centers	7	7	2	2	7	7	7	7	7	2
Playgrounds	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
niles of main	79	79	72	72	72	80	80	80	80	80
S	580	580	567	567	567	569	566	566	565	566
ally capacity (000s of gallons)	2,100	2,100	2,800	2,800	2,800	2,800	2,800	2,800	2,800	2,800
niles of main	80	80	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74
aily treatment capacity (000s of gallons)	2,250	2,250	2,800	2,800	2,800	2,800	2,800	2,800	2,800	2,800
ē	~	~	<b>←</b>	~	_	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	~	_	~
Function Police Stations Fire Stations Fire Stations Fire Trucks EMS Stations EMS Units Streets Miles of Stre Touris and recreation Number of Formis Couring C	Function Police Stations Fire Stations EMS Stations EMS Stations EMS Units Streets Miles of Streets Mumber of Parks Tennis Courts Recreation Centers Number of Playgrounds Number of miles of main Fire hydrants Maximum daily capacity (000s of gallons) Sewer Number of miles of main Fire hydrants Maximum daily treatment capacity (000s of gallons) Tourist and Event Centers Centers	is kks inters ingrounds iygrounds y capacity (000s of gallons) y capacity (000s of gallons) y treatment capacity (000s of gallons)	1   29   29   29   29   29   29   29	1	1	2010   2011   2012   2013   2011   2012   2013   2011   2013   2011   2013   2011   2013   2011   2013   2011   2013   2011   2013   2011   2013   2011	2010   2011   2012   2013   2014   2014   2015   2014   2015   2014   2015   2014   2015	The state of the latter capacity (1900s of gallons)   The state of the latter capacity (1900s of gal	S and the search of main and the set of main of the set of main and the set of main of the set of main and the set of main are always and the set of main are always and the set of main are and the set of main are always and the set of th	2010   2011   2012   2013   2014   2015   2016   2017

Source: City of Havelock Fixed Asset System and GIS.









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#### Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners City of Havelock, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Havelock, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Havelock's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2019.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Havelock's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Havelock's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Havelock's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

Martin Starnes & associates, CPas, P.a.

Hickory, North Carolina September 27, 2019



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#### Report On Compliance For Each Major Federal Program And Report On Internal Control Over Compliance Required By The Uniform Guidance And The State Single Audit Implementation Act

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners City of Havelock, North Carolina

#### Report On Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Havelock, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Havelock's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. City of Havelock's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of City of Havelock's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Havelock's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Havelock's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, City of Havelock complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Report On Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of City of Havelock is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of Havelock's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Havelock's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is reasonable possibility that material non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

Martin Starnes & associated, CPas, P.a.

Hickory, North Carolina September 27, 2019

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#### Report On Compliance For Each Major State Program; Report On Internal Control Over Compliance Required By The Uniform Guidance; And The State Single Audit Implementation Act

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners City of Havelock, North Carolina

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the City of Havelock's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Havelock's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The City of Havelock's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state awards applicable to its state programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Havelock's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, applicable sections of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Havelock's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Havelock's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major State Program**

In our opinion, the City of Havelock complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the City of Havelock is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Havelock's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program to determine our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

Martin Starnes & associated, CPas, P.a.

Hickory, North Carolina

September 27, 2019

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 1. Summary of Auditor's Results

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance to GAAP:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

• Material weakness(es) identified?

• Significant deficiency(s) identified? None reported

Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?

No

#### **Federal Awards**

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

• Significant deficiency(s) identified? None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major federal programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR

200.516(a)? No

Identification of major federal programs:

Federal Program CFDA Number

Disaster Grants – Public Assistance

(Presidentially declared disasters) 97.036

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

Type A and Type B Programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **State Awards**

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Internal contro	over major state	nrograma
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•	Material	weakness(es)	identified?	No
•	materiai	weakhessies	identified:	110

• Significant deficiency(s) identified? None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major state programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act?

No

Identification of major state programs:

#### Program Name

EPA Brownsfield (Phoenix Recycling Site) Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially declared disasters)

2. Findings Related to the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements

None reported.

3. Findings and Questioned Costs Related to the Audit of Federal Awards

None reported.

4. Findings and Questioned Costs Related to the Audit of State Awards

None reported.

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR'S AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

None reported.

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Fed. (Direct & Pass-Through) Expenditures	State Expenditures	Pass-Through to Subrecipients
Federal Grant:					
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:					
Passed-Through N.C Department of Public Safety:					
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	69348	\$ 1,145,582	\$ 381,860	\$ -
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency					
Passed-through N.C. Department of Environmental Quality					
Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster (Note 3):					
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Fund	66.458	CS370429-06	126,700		
State Programs:					
N.C. Department of Environmental Quality:					
EPA Brownsfield (Phoenix Recycling Site)		TK060418	-	941,350	-
, , ,					
N.C. Department of Environment and Natural Resources:					
North Carolina Coastal Management Program (CAMA Grant)		5061	-	235,845	-
N.C. Department of Environment and Natural Resources					
PARTF Grant		2013-748		56,284	
Total N.C. Department of Environment and Natural Resources			_	292,129	_
Total N.C. Department of Environment and Natural Resources				2,12,12	
N.C. Department of Transportation:					
Powell Bill		DOT-4		365,516	
Total federal expenditures			\$ 1,272,282		
Total state expenditures				\$ 1.980.855	
Total state expenditures				- 1,700,000	

#### Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and state grant activity of the City of Havelock under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the SEFSA presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Havelock, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City of Havelock.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### Note 3 - Loans Outstanding

City of Havelock had the following loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2019 for loans that the grantor/pass-through grantor has still imposed continuing compliance requirements. Loans outstanding at the beginning of the year and loans made during the year are included in the SEFSA. The balance of loans outstanding at June 30, 2019 consist of:

		Pass-Through	
	CFDA	Grantor's	Amount
Program Name	Number	Number	Outstanding
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Fund	66.458	CS370429-06	\$ 2,889,956

#### Note 4 - Indirect Cost Rate

The City has elected not to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.