TOWN OF KELFORD KELFORD, NORTH CAROLINA JUNE 30, 2019

Town Council Members

Bailey Parker, Mayor

James Bland

Wayne Bland

Tim Eaton

Tim Emory

Jim Harrell

Administrative and Financial Staff

Marie Garris, Clerk & Finance Officer

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R. DON JOHNSON, JR., CPA BEN S. McLEAN, CPA

Reply To: Post Office Box 467 Murfreesboro, North Carolina 27855 Telephone: 252-398-5141 Facsimile: 252-398-5142 Email: Don – jmccpa@ncrrbiz.com Ben – bsm@ncrrbiz.com

Ahoskie Office: 400 East Church Street Ahoskie, North Carolina 27910 Telephone/Facsimile: 252-332-4417

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Kelford, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Kelford, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness, of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Kelford, North Carolina as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Kelford, North Carolina. The individual fund statements, and schedules are presented for purposed of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Johnsen, Madea & Company

Johnson, McLean & Company November 20, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

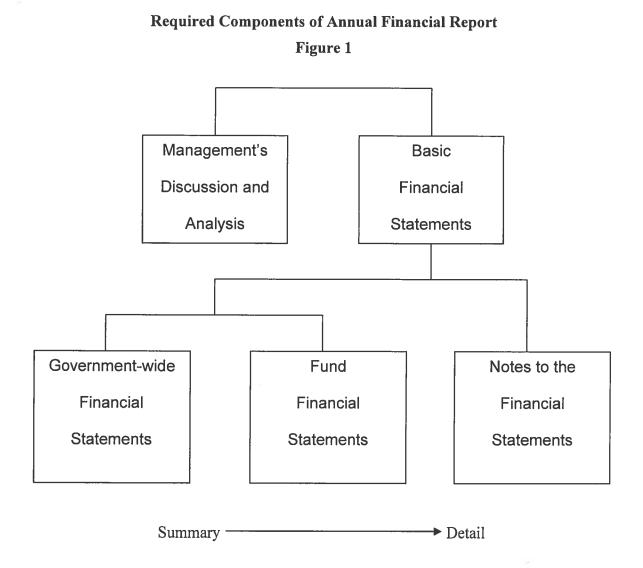
As management of the Town of Kelford, we offer readers of the Town of Kelford's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Kelford for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town of Kelford exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$313,497 (*net position*).
- The government's total net position increased by \$11,397 due to increases in the governmental type activities net position.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Kelford's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$232,626 an increase of \$12,265 compared with the prior year. Approximately 54 percent of this total amount, or \$124,471, is available for spending at the government's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$124,471 or 141 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Kelford's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Kelford.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits A and B) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

Management Discussion and Analysis **Town of Kelford**

The next statements (Exhibits C through E) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are two parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; and 2) the budgetary comparison statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The Town currently does not have a Business-type Activity.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits A and B of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 2) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Kelford, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Kelford are governmental funds types.

Management Discussion and Analysis **Town of Kelford**

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Kelford adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town's, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are included in this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Town of Kelford's Net Position

Figure 2

	Governmental Activities						
	2019 2018 \$ 250 218 \$ 237 9						
Current and other assets	\$	250,218	\$	237,967			
Capital assets		76,687		76,881			
		326,905		314,848			
Long-term liabilities outstanding		_		-			
Other liabilities		13,408		12,748			
		13,408		12,748			
Net positions:							
Invested in capital assets, net of							
related debt		76,687		76,881			
Restricted		42,547		41,408			
Unrestricted		194,263		183,811			
	\$	313,497	\$	302,100			

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Town of Kelford exceeded liabilities by \$313,497 as of June 30, 2019. The Town's net position increased by \$11,397 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. (24.46%) reflects the Town's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town of Kelford uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Kelford's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Kelford's net position (13.57%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of the Town of Kelford's net position \$194,263 (61.97%) is unrestricted.

Town of Kelford Changes in Net position

Figure 3

	A	ernmental ctivities 2019	Governmental Activities 2018		
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-	
Operating grants and contributions		8,239		8,414	
Capital grants and contributions		-		-	
General revenues:				~~ ~~~	
Property taxes		26,405		26,130	
Other taxes Grants and contributions not restricted		62,171		61,098	
to specific programs Other		- 2,809		- 2,953	
Total revenues		99,624		98,595	
				30,000	
Expenses:					
General government		37,423		35,780	
Public safety		7,000		7,000	
Transportation		12,728		16,555	
Environmental protection		25,454		24,081	
Culture and recreation		5,622		5,309	
Interest		-			
Total expenses		88,227	88,725		
Increase in net positions before transfers		11,397		9,870	
Transfers					
Transfers	·				
Increase (decrease) in net positions		11.397		9.870	
Net position, July 1		302,100		292,230	
the position, only i		002,100			
Net position, June 30	\$	313,497	\$	302,100	

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$11,397. Total revenue was \$99,624 compared to the previous year total of \$98,595. Expenses were \$88,227 compared to \$88,725 for 2018.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Kelford uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Kelford's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Kelford's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Kelford. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$124,471 while total fund balance was \$232,626. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 141 percent of total General Fund expenditures and total fund balance was 264 percent.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of Town of Kelford reported a combined fund balance of \$232,626, a 5.6 percent increase from last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town did not revise the budget during the year. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. The Town did not have any budget amendments during the year.

Revenues were \$17,606 more than budgeted as the Town received more revenue in Ad Valorem taxes and Unrestricted Intergovernmental than expected. Expenditures were held in check and were \$52,067 less than what was budgeted to comply with its budgetary requirements.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of Kelford's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities and total activities as of June 30, 2019, totals \$76,687 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

The Town had an addition of \$6,410 in Other Improvements for the Street department. The Town did not have any disposal during the year.

Town of Kelford's Capital Assets Figure 4

(net of depreciation)

	Govern Activ		Govern Activ	
	201	19	201	18
Land	\$	17,353	\$	17,353
Buildings and systems		31,086		32,163
Equipment		8,436		12,092
Other Improvements		19,812		15,273
Total	\$	76,687	\$	76,881

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in notes of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2019, the Town of Kelford did not have any Long-term debt.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of Kelford is \$581,714. The Town does not have any bonds authorized or un-issued at June 30, 2019.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following indicators reflect Kelford and the surrounding area economic condition.

- High unemployment.
- Kelford has no industry and no significant jobs have been created.
- Elderly population.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities: Property taxes remained at 36 cents per \$100 valuation.

The beginning 2020 General Fund budget was set at \$148,300.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Town Administrator P.O. Box 97, Kelford, North Carolina, (252) 344-2691.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Town Of Kelford, North Carolina Statement Of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Primary Government					
	Governmental					
	Activities	Total				
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 203,487	\$ 203,487				
Restricted cash	32,537	32,537				
Taxes receivables (net)	3,322	3,322				
Accrued interest receivable on taxes	862	862				
Accounts receivable (net)	10,010	10,010				
Total current assets	250,218	250,218				
Capital assets (Note 1):						
Land	17,353	17,353				
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	59,334	59,334				
Total capital assets	76,687	76,687				
Total assets	326,905	326,905				
	020,000					
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	13,408	13,408				
Total liabilities	13,408	13,408				
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	76,687	76,687				
Restricted	10,007	70,007				
Stabilization by state statute	10,010	10,010				
Streets	32,537	32,537				
Unrestricted	194,263	194,263				
Total net position	\$ 313,497	\$ 313,497				

		Town o Sta For the	Town of Kelford, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019	Carolina ties 30, 2019			Ĭ	
			Program Revenues	S	<u>Net (Expens</u>	<u>Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position</u>	Changes in	Net Position
			Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and		Primary Government	<u>/ernment</u>	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Contribution s	Contribution s	Govern Activ	Governmental Activities	-	Total
Primary government: Governmental Activities:)				
General government	\$ 37,423	، ج	، ب	۰ ج	θ	(37,423)	\$	(37.423)
Public safety	7,000		I	ı		(000))		(000)
Transportation	12,728		8,239	t		(4,489)		(4,489)
Environmental protection	25,454		ı	ı		(25,454)		(25,454)
Cultural and recreation Total rovernmental	5,622		T	L		(5,622)		(5,622)
activities (See Note 1)	88,227	5	8,239			(79,988)		(79,988)
Total primary government	\$ 88,227	↔	\$ 8,239	•		(79,988)		(79,988)
	General revenues:							
	Taxes:	ė						
	Property taxes	Property taxes, levied for general purpose	al purpose.			26,405		26,405
						02,171		171,20
	Unrestricted inv	Unrestricted investment earnings				209		209
	Miscellaneous					2,600		2,600
	EXILAUIUIIIAI VIE	EXMADIANTIALY NEWLY DAM ON MINUTANCE RECOVERY	ance recovery			t		1
	Total genera	Il revenues, speci	Total general revenues, special items, and transfers	sfers		91,385		91,385
	Change in net position	et position				11,397		11,397
	Net position-beginning	ning				302,100		302,100
	Net position-ending	ິດ			¢	313,497	в	313,497

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Exhibit B

Town Of Kelford, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	<u>M</u> aj	or	Fu	nd	S	
--	-------------	----	----	----	---	--

	i	orrunas		Total
	c	General	Gov	/ernmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	203,487	\$	203,487
Restricted cash Receivables, net:		32,537		32,537
Taxes		3,322		3,322
Accounts		10,010		10,010
Total assets		249,356		249,356
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		13,408		13,408
Total liabilities		13,408		13,408
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property taxes receivable		3322		3322
Total deferred inflows of resources	·	3322		3322
Fund balances: Restricted				
Stabilization by state statute		10,010		10,010
Streets Assigned		32,537		32,537
Subsequent year's expenditures		65,608		65,608
Unassigned		124,471		124,471
		232,626		232,626
Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources		232,020		202,020

position (Exhibit A) are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	76,687
Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	862
Liabilities for earned but deferred inflows in fund statements.	 3,322
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 313,497

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement. 5

Exhibit C

Town Of Kelford, North Carolina Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures, & Changes In Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>Ma</u>	jor Funds	Gov	Total ernmental
	Ger	eral Fund		Funds
REVENUES Ad valorem taxes Other taxes and licenses Unrestricted intergovernmental Restricted intergovernmental Sales & Services Investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$	27,079 62,171 8,239 2,600 209	\$	27,079 - 62,171 8,239 2,600 209
Total revenues		100,298		100,298
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Transportation Environmental protection Culture and recreation		37,082 6,500 16,818 24,959 2,674		37,082 6,500 16,818 24,959 2,674
Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		88,033 12,265
Other financing sources (uses): Insurance Recovery Net change in fund balance		12,265		- 12,265
Fund balances-beginning		220,361		220,361
Fund balances-ending	\$	232,626	\$	232,626

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Town Of Kelford, North Carolina Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures, & Changes In Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 12,265
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period	(194)
Accrued interest on tax receivable	(171)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in deferred inflows for tax revenues	 (503)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 11,397

Town Of Kelford, North Carolina General Fund And Annually Budgeted Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes In Fund Balance - Budget And Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Genera	al F	und		
_		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes	¢	02.055	¢	00.055	•	07.070	•	0.70/
Other taxes and licenses	\$	23,355	\$	23,355	\$	27,079	\$	3,724
Unrestricted intergovernmental		48,998		48,998		- 62,171		13,173
Restricted intergovernmental		8,239		8,239		8,239		-
Sales & Services		2,100		2,100		2,600		500
Investment earnings		-		-		209		209
Miscellaneous Total revenues		82,692		82,692		- 100,298		17,606
	P	02,092		02,092		100,290		17,000
Expenditures: Current:								
General government		37,100		37,100		37,082		18
Public safety		6,500		6,500		6,500		-
Transportation		58,200		58,200		16,818		41,382
Environmental protection Cultural and recreation		25,000 13,300		25,000 13,300		24,959 2,674		41 10,626
Total expenditures		140,100		140,100		88,033		52,067
·								02,001
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(57,408)		(57,408)		12,265		69,673
Other financing sources (uses): Insurance Recovery		-		-		-		-
Fund balance appropriated	¢	57,408		57,408		-		(57,408)
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$	-	\$	-		12,265	\$	12,265
Fund balances, beginning of year						220,361		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Fund balances, end of year					\$	232,626		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Note I. Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Kelford conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Town of Kelford is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a fivemember council.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Statements for the fund category – *governmental* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. The Town of Kelford doesn't have nonmajor funds.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial

resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Kelford because the tax is levied by Bertie County ad then remitted to and distributed by the State. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annual budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$2,500. The total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the governing board. During the year, there were no budget amendments recorded. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year of the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate as an official depository any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30 (c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain nonguaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursements and investments to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4

Town of Kelford Restricted Cash		
Governmental Activities		
General Fund	Streets	\$ 32,537
Total governmental activities		\$ 32,537
Total Restricted Cash		\$ 32,537

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1; however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, \$1,000; buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distributions systems, \$1,000; infrastructure, \$5,000; furniture and equipment, \$1,000 and vehicles, \$1,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2004 consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Useful Lives	
Buildings	40 years	
Improvements	20 years	
Furniture and equipment	10 years	
Computer equipment	10 years	

7. <u>Deferred inflows of resources</u>

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town of Kelford has only one item that meets the criteria for this category – property taxes receivable.

8. Compensated Absences

The town does not provide for the accumulation of vacation or sick pay.

9. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net assets in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balances can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Reserved for streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Assigned – This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Designated for subsequent year's expenditures for the 2019-2020 budget ordinance.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

Note II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

- A. Material Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions
 - 1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

None

2. Contractual Violations

None

Note III. Detail Notes On All Funds And Account Groups

A. <u>Assets</u>

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in the unit's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in their name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled

collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2019, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$236,004 and a bank balance of \$236,004. Of the bank balance, all was covered by federal depository insurance, and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method.

At June 30, 2019, the Town of Kelford had \$20 cash on hand.

2. <u>Receivables – Allowance for Doubtful Accounts</u>

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>06/</u>	<u>/30/19</u>
General Fund		
Taxes receivable	<u>\$</u>	<u>68</u>

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:			Decreases	Datarioco
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 17,353	\$-	\$-	\$ 17,353
Capital assets being depreciated:			······································	
Building	43,081	-	-	43,081
Other Improvements	40,873	6,410	-	47,283
Equipment	58,385	-	-	58,385
Total capital assets being depreciated	142,339	6,410	-	148,749
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	10,918	1,077	-	11,995
Other Improvements	25,600	1,871	-	27,471
Equipment	46,293	3,656	-	49,949
Total accumulated depreciation	82,811	6,604	-	89,415
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	59,528			59,334
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 76,881		-	\$ 76,687

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 341	
Environmental protection	495	
Public safety	500	
Transportation	2,320	
Culture & recreation	 2,948	
Total depreciation expense	\$ 6,604	

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan Obligations

The Town of Kelford does not participate in any type of retirement system.

2. Deferred inflows of resources

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	Unavailab	le Revenue	Unearned Revenue		
Property Taxes receivable	\$	3,322	\$	-	
Total	\$	3,322	\$	-	

3. Risk Management

The town is exposed to various risks of loss related torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial coverage for protection against loss of the Town's assets. The town carries no liability coverage except that required for vehicles. The Town carries no flood insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any give time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is individually bonded for \$50,000.

Note IV. Joint Ventures

The Town in conjunction with the Town of Roxobel, participates in the operation of the Roxobel-Kelford Cemetery. Each town appoints 50% of the board members and has ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture. The towns contributed \$2,500 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The participating governments do not have an equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019.

Note V. Summary Disclosure Of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provisions have been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

Note VI. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note VII Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

There have been no events that occurred between June 30, 2019 and the date of this report that have significant effect on the Town.

INDIVIDUAL FUND

FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND SCHEDULES

5

Town Of Kelford , North Carolina General Fund Statements Of Revenues, Expenditures & Changes In Fund Balance - Budget & Actual For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues:	E	Budget	 Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Ad Valorem Taxes:						
Taxes Penalties and Interest	\$	-	\$ 26,514 565	\$	-	
Total		23,355	 27,079		3,724	
Other Taxes & Licenses: Privilege licenses			 			
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues:						
Local option sales taxes		-	35,681		-	
Beer and wine tax		-	989		-	
Hold harmless tax Solid waste disposal tax		-	16,174		-	
Telecommunications sales tax		-	161 1,355		-	
Utility franchise tax		-	7,811		-	
Total	·	48,998	 62,171		13,173	
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues:						
Powell Bill allocation		8,239	 8,239		-	
Sales & Services						
Community Building		2,100	 2,600		500	
Investment Earnings		-	 209		209	
Miscellaneous			 		-	
Total revenues	\$	82,692	\$ 100,298	\$	17,606	

Town Of Kelford , North Carolina General Fund Statements Of Revenues, Expenditures & Changes In Fund Balance - Budget & Actual For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Expenditures: General government:					
Governing body:					
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ -	\$ 5,340	\$ -		
Professional services	-	7,110	• •		
Total	12,500	12,450	50		
Administration:					
Salaries and employee benefits	-	6,459	-		
Other operating expenditures	-	17,535	-		
Total	24,600	23,994	606		
Taxes:					
Collection fees	-	638	-		
Total	-	638	(638)		
Total general government	37,100	37,082	18		
Public safety: Fire/rescue: Contribution to fire, rescue Other Operating Expenditures	-	6,500	-		
Total public safety	6,500	6,500			
Transportation: Streets and highways:					
Salaries and employee benefits	-	1,292	-		
Contracted services	-	1,037	-		
Utilities	-	8,079	-		
Capital Outlay		6,410	-		
Total transportation	58,200	16,818	41,382		
Environmental protection: Sanitation:					
Garbage and collection fees		13,389	-		
Cemetary expense	-	2,500	-		
Contracted services	-	9,070	-		
Other operating expenditures		-			
Total environmental protection	25,000	24,959	41		
Culture and recreation:					
Capital Outlay	-	-	-		
Utilities Other operating expenditures		2,076	-		
Other operating expenditures Total culture and recreation	- 13,300	<u> </u>	10 606		
rotal culture and recreation	13,300	2,0/4	10,626		

Town Of Kelford , North Carolina General Fund Schedule Of Revenues, Expenditures & Changes In Fund Balance - Budget & Actual For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable _(Unfavorable)		
Total expenditures	\$ 140,100	\$ 88,033	\$ 52,067		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(57,408)	12,265	69,673		
Other financing sources (uses): Insurance Recovery	-	-	-		
Fund balance appropriated	57,408		(57,408)		
Excess of revenue & other sources Over (under) expenditures & other uses	_\$	12,265	\$ 12,265		
Fund balance:					
Beginning of year, July 1 End of year, June 30		220,361 \$ 232,626			

OTHER SCHEDULES

This section contains information required on property taxes

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

-Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Town Of Kelford, North Carolina Schedule Of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2019

	В	collected alance e 30, 2018	Additions		llections d Credits	B	ollected alance 30, 2019
2018-2019 2017-2018 2016-2017 2015-2016 2014-2015 2013-2014 2012-2013 2011-2012 2010-2011 2009-2010 2008-2009	\$	1,655 521 183 302 386 179 265 91 130 191	\$	26,192 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 24,636 1,128 251 165 186 148 - - - - 191	\$	1,556 527 270 18 116 238 179 265 91 130
	\$	3,903	\$	26,192	\$ 26,705		3,390
	Less:	allowance for	uncollect	ible accounts:			(68)
	Ad va	lorem taxes re	ceivable,	net		\$	3,322
	Reco	ncilement wit	h Reven	ues			

Taxes-Ad Valorem-General Fund Amount written off Per Statute of Limitations Less penalties and interest collected	\$ 27,079 191 (565)
Total collections and credits	\$ 26,705

Town Of Kelford, North Carolina Analysis Of Current Tax Levy June 30, 2019

	Property Excluding								
	Property Valuation Rate				Total		gistered	Registered Motor Vehicles	
		valuation	Rate		Levy	WOLC	or venicies		or venicles
Original levy: Property taxed at current Penalties Total	\$	7,271,426	0.0036	\$	26,177 <u>15</u> 26,192	\$	21,276 <u>15</u> 21,291	\$	4,901 4,901
Abatements Total property valuation	\$	7,271,426							
Net levy					26,192		21,291		4,901
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2019					(1,556)		(1,556)		
Current year's taxes collected				\$	24,636	\$	19,735	\$	4,901
Percent current year collected					94.06%		92.69%		100.00%