Audited Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

City Council Members

Stephen Huber, Mayor
Larry Baucom, Mayor Pro Tem
Harry Fletcher
Mandy Watson
Mike Haigler
J.C. Burris
Roger Hypes
Russell Efird

Administrative and Financial Staff

Cesar Correa, City Administrator Stephania Morton, Finance Director

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Locust, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Locust, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the City of Locust ABC Board, which represents 100% of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City of Locust ABC Board, is based solely on the report of another auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the City of Locust ABC Board were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Locust, North Carolina as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 12 and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance - Schedules of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll, on pages 61-62, and the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions, on pages 63 and 64 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City of Locust, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Rowell, Craven & Short, P.A.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report, dated November 6, 2019, on our consideration of City of Locust's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Locust's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rowell, Craven & Short P.A.

Charlotte, North Carolina

November 6, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Locust, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Locust for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

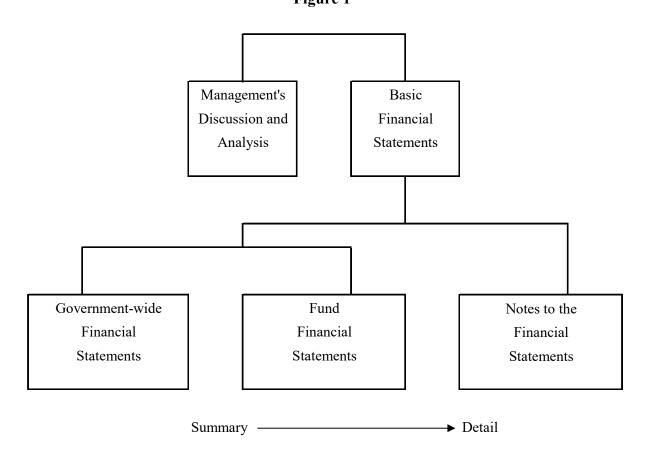
Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Locust exceed its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$21,297,009 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$882,334 primarily due to an increase in actual revenues compared to budgeted revenues, particularly wastewater revenues while expenditures remained steadfast throughout the year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Locust's General Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$3,033,528, an increase of \$368,445 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 9.05% of this total amount or \$274,497 is restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,359,263 or 83.15% of total General Fund expenditures for the 2018-2019 fiscal year.
- During the year, the installment purchase agreement executed in 2003 for expansion of wastewater disposal system was paid off. The amount paid was \$854,172.93 and represents an early payoff of approximately 5.5 years. Annual payments on this loan were \$181,224 per year.
- In May of 2019, an extra payment in the amount of \$100,000 was made against the USDA governmental center loan.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to City of Locust's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the City through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City of Locust.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the City's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the financial status as a whole.

Government-wide Financial Statements - Continued

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the City's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the City's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the City charges customers to provide. These include the sewer services offered by the City of Locust. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the City, the ABC Board is important to the City. The City exercises control over the Board by appointing its members and because the Board is required to distribute its profits to the City.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Locust, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of City of Locust can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds — Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The City of Locust adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – City of Locust has one on-going proprietary fund. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. City of Locust uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer activity. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Capital projects funds have been established to account for additions to the sewer infrastructure.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 25 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Locust's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 60 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities – The City depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the City is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign government and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The City of Locust's Net Position

Figure 2

	Govern	ımental	Busine	ss-type			
	Acti	vities	Acti	vities	Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Current and other assets	\$ 3,578,766	\$ 4,097,595	\$ 1,651,978	\$ 1,451,036	\$ 5,230,744	\$ 5,548,631	
Capital assets	10,356,734	10,739,051	9,417,450	9,554,675	19,774,184	20,293,726	
Deferred outflows of resources	324,157	272,727	48,591	9,015	372,748	281,742	
Total assets	14,259,657	15,109,373	11,118,018	11,014,726	25,377,675	26,124,099	
Long-term liabilities							
outstanding	2,568,447	2,524,552	713,256	1,388,531	3,281,703	3,913,083	
Other liabilities	647,416	1,504,215	102,381	262,145	749,797	1,766,360	
Deferred inflows of resources	44,764	28,926	4,403	1,055	49,167	29,981	
Total liabilities and							
deferred inflows of resources	3,260,627	4,057,693	820,040	1,651,731	4,080,667	5,709,424	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	8,456,451	8,765,278	8,721,535	7,968,487	17,177,985	16,733,765	
Restricted	274,497	364,389	-	-	274,497	364,389	
Unrestricted	2,268,082	1,922,013	1,576,444	1,394,508	3,844,526	3,316,521	
Total net position	\$ 10,999,030	\$ 11,051,680	\$ 10,297,979	\$ 9,362,995	\$ 21,297,009	\$ 20,414,675	

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Locust exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$21,297,009 as of June 30, 2019. The City's net position increased \$882,334 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. However, the largest portion (80.66%) reflects the City's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The City of Locust uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Locust's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Restricted net position relating to state Powell Bill revenues and stabilization required by state statutes total \$274,497. The remaining balance of \$3,844,526 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the City's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a relatively high tax collection percentage of just over 98%.
- Increase in sales tax due to business growth in the city.
- Continue increase in new development and sewer tap fees.

City of Locust Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Govern	nmental	Busines	ss-Type			
	Activities		Activ		Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
_							
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 80,085	\$ 69,624	\$ 1,964,485	\$ 1,507,285	\$ 2,044,570	\$ 1,576,909	
Operating grants							
and contributions	145,358	111,748	-	-	145,358	111,748	
Capital grants							
and contributions	-	346,681	-	-	-	346,681	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	1,562,474	1,532,589	-	-	1,562,474	1,532,589	
Other taxes	163,639	101,605	-	-	163,639	101,605	
Grants and contributions							
not restricted to							
specific programs	1,277,079	1,165,987	-	-	1,277,079	1,165,987	
Other	40,802	17,319	-	-	40,802	17,319	
Total revenues	3,269,437	3,345,553	1,964,485	1,507,285	5,233,922	4,852,838	
Expenses:							
General government	712,870	683,204	-	-	712,870	683,204	
Public safety	1,103,178	983,829	-	-	1,103,178	983,829	
Transportation	656,811	527,329	-	-	656,811	527,329	
Environmental protection	238,672	216,078	-	-	238,672	216,078	
Culture and recreation	368,806	379,333	-	-	368,806	379,333	
Interest on long-term debt	124,210	71,238	-	-	124,210	71,238	
Wastewater	-	-	1,013,038	924,216	1,013,038	924,216	
Total expenses	3,204,547	2,861,011	1,013,038	924,216	4,217,585	3,785,227	
Increase(decrease) in net							
position before transfers	64,890	484,542	951,446	583,069	1,016,337	1,067,611	
position before transfers	04,090	404,342	931,440	383,009	1,010,557	1,007,011	
Transfers	_	30,000	_	(30,000)	_	-	
Transfers		30,000		(30,000)			
Increase(decrease) in net							
position	64,890	514,542	951,446	553,069	1,016,337	1,067,611	
position	04,670	314,342	731,440	333,007	1,010,557	1,007,011	
Net position, July 1 (consolidated)	11,051,680	10,537,138	9,362,995	8,809,926	20,414,675	19,347,064	
Net position, beginning, restated	10,934,140	10,537,138	9,346,533	8,809,926	20,280,673	19,347,064	
1 , 6	-)	-) , 0	-)- 10,0	-)	.,,	- / /	
Net position, June 30	\$ 10,999,030	\$ 11,051,680	\$ 10,297,979	\$ 9,362,995	\$ 21,297,010	\$ 20,414,675	

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$64,890.

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Locust's net position by \$951,446.

Financial Analysis of the City Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Locust uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Locust's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Locust's financing requirements.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Locust. At the end of the current fiscal year, City of Locust's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$2,609,461 while total fund balance reached \$3,033,528. The City follows the Local Government Commission's recommendation in order to maintain an adequate cash flow in the General Fund. The Fund Balance available for appropriation should not drop below 8.0% of total expenditures. This represents approximately one month's average expenditures. The City currently has an available fund balance of 91.96% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 106.91% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of City of Locust reported a combined fund balance of \$3,033,528 with a net increase in fund balance of \$450,177.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the City revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$2,500. Revenues were higher than budgeted amounts primarily due to the fact that the City historically budgets conservatively. Expenditures were held in check to comply with its budgetary requirements.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the wastewater fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$1,576,444. Factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City of Locust's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business–type activities as of June 30, 2019, totals \$19,774,184 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions:

- City purchased 2 police vehicles.
- City purchased ATV and new truck for public works use.
- City had construction in progress totaling \$7,167 related to Market Street Sidewalks project and \$12,654 related to the new City entrance sign.
- City had construction in progress totaling \$75,379 related to Redah and North Basin wastewater system improvements.
- City purchased sewer cleaner and camera equipment for wastewater department use.

City of Locust's Capital Assets Net of Depreciation

Figure 4

	Govern	nmental	Business-Type			
	Acti	vities	Activities Tota	Total		
	2019	2018	2019 2018 2019	2018		
Land	\$ 693,782	\$ 693,782	\$ - \$ - \$ 693,782	\$ 693,782		
Buildings and systems	2,812,549	2,963,309	9,417,450 9,554,675 12,229,999	12,517,983		
Machinery and equipment	143,911	177,493	143,911	177,493		
Infrastructure	6,402,467	6,672,579	- 6,402,467	6,672,579		
Vehicles and motorized equipment	271,044	218,728	271,044	218,728		
Construction in progress	32,981	13,160	32,981	13,160		
Total	\$ 10,356,734	\$ 10,739,051	\$ 9,417,450 \$ 9,554,675 \$ 19,774,184 \$	\$ 20,293,725		

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 2 of the Basic Financial Statements.

City of Locust's Outstanding Debt Capitalized Leases and Installment Purchases

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2019, the City of Locust had total debt outstanding of \$2,596,198.

Figure 5

	Govern Activ	nmental vities		ss-Type vities	Total		
	2019	т п		2019 2018		2018	
Governmental Center loan Installment purchases	\$ 1,900,283	\$ 1,973,773	\$ - 695,915	\$ - 1,586,188	\$ 1,900,283 695,915	\$ 1,973,773 1,586,188	
Total	\$ 1,900,283	\$ 1,973,773	\$ 695,915	\$ 1,586,188	\$ 2,596,198	\$ 3,559,961	

City of Locust's Outstanding Debt

The City of Locust's total debt had a net decrease of \$963,763 during the past fiscal year.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for City of Locust is \$35,303,970. Additional information regarding City of Locust's long-term debt can be found in Note 2 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the City of Locust:

- The City's unemployment rate remained stable from the prior year.
- Occupancy rates on office and retail space remained steady through the year.
- Commercial growth is increasing as evidenced by the increased sales taxes collected.

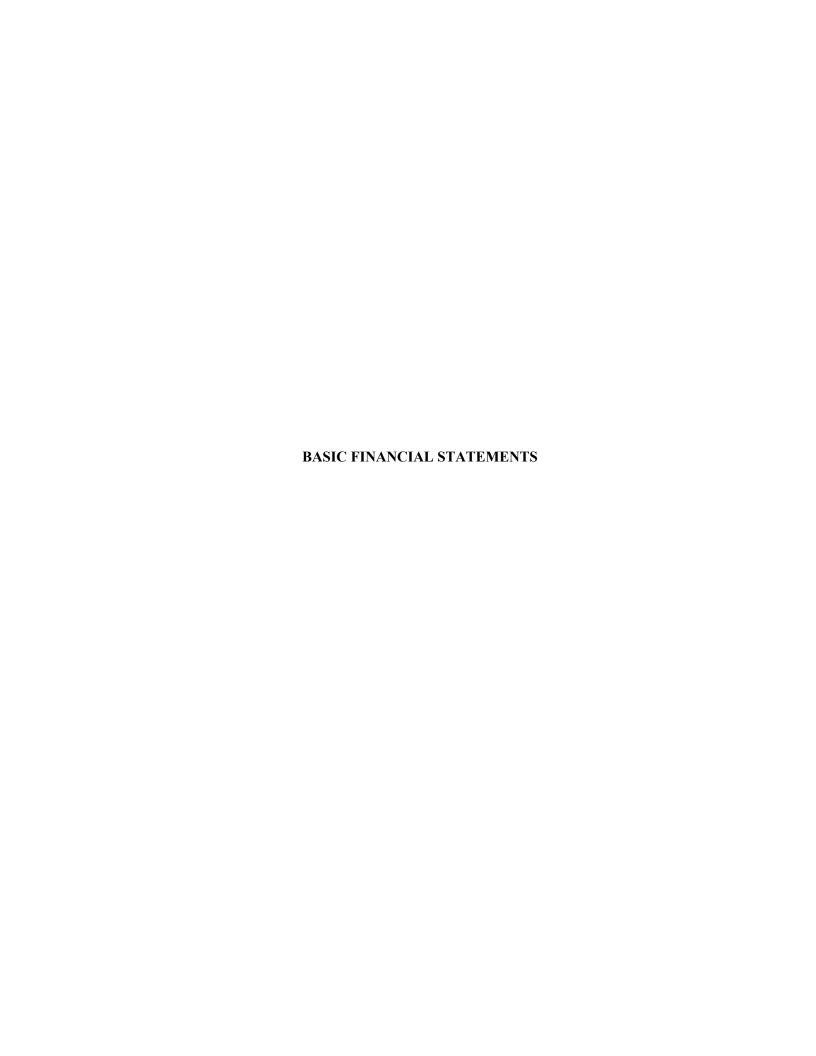
Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019

Governmental Activities: Property taxes and revenues from permits and fees are expected to remain steady as compared to the current year. Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to remain steady for budget year 2019-2020

Business – **type Activities:** The Enterprise Fund is expected to remain steady compared to the current year. General operating expenses will remain steady for budget year 2019-2020.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the <u>City of Locust</u> finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the office of Cesar Correa, P.O. Box 190, Locust N.C. 28097 or e-mail to <u>CityAdmin@locustnc.com</u>.



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Covernmental		Business-type			City of Locust		
		overnmental Activities	1	Activities		Total		of Locust C Board
ASSETS		Activities		Activities		1 Otal	AD	C Doaru
Current assets:	ø	2 ((0 27(ø	051 922	¢	2 (21 100	¢.	249 275
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,669,276	\$	951,833	\$	3,621,109	\$	248,275
Taxes receivable		66,628		151.706		66,628		-
Accounts receivable (net)		3,138		151,726		154,864		-
Internal balances		172.052		459,418		459,418		
Due from other governments		173,052				173,052		-
Prepaid items		81,305		-		81,305		15,364
Inventories		-		-		-		231,570
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		585,367		89,001		674,368		-
Total current assets		3,578,766		1,651,978		5,230,744		495,209
Non-current assets:								
Capital assets (Note 1):								
Land, non-depreciable improvements,								
and construction in progress		726,763		-		726,763		-
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		9,629,971		9,417,450		19,047,421		3,786
Total capital assets		10,356,734		9,417,450		19,774,184		3,786
Other Assets:		-		-		_		40
Total assets		13,935,500		11,069,428		25,004,928		499,035
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-			, ,				
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year		89,163		6,433		95,596		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		216,925		42,158		259,083		471
Deferred outflows related to pensions - LEOSSA		18,069		42,136		18,069		4/1
Total deferred outflows of resources		324,157		48,591		372,748		
		324,137		40,391		372,740		
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		43,384		-		43,384		143,815
Accrued interest payable		64,689		2,307		66,996		-
Internal balances		459,418		-		459,418		-
Customer deposits		-		53,680		53,680		-
Current portion of long-term liabilities		79,925		46,394		126,319		-
Total current liabilities		647,416		102,381		749,797		143,815
Long-term liabilities:								
Due in more than one year		1,916,768		649,521		2,566,289		_
Pension liability - LGERS		401,481		63,735		465,216		12,601
Pension liability - LEOSSA		250,198		-		250,198		-
Total long-term liabilities		2,568,447		713,256		3,281,703		12,601
Total liabilities		3,215,863		815,637		4,031,500		156,416
	-	3,213,003		613,037		7,031,300	-	150,410
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		21.701		4 400		27.00		22.4
Pension deferrals		31,504		4,403		35,907		334
Pension deferrals - LEOSSA		13,260		-		13,260		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		44,764		4,403		49,167		334
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		8,456,451		8,721,535		17,177,986		3,786
Restricted for:								
Stabilization by state statue		216,813		-		216,813		-
Streets - Powell Bill		57,684		-		57,684		-
Working capital		-		-		· -		60,276
Unrestricted		2,268,082		1,576,444		3,844,526		278,694
Total net position	\$	10,999,030	\$	10,297,979	\$	21,297,009	\$	342,756
			_					

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Program Revenues
	E	Charges for
E 10	Expenses	Services
Functions/Programs		
Primary government: Governmental Activities:		
	¢ 712.070	¢ (110
General government	\$ 712,870	\$ 6,118
Public safety	1,103,178	-
Transportation	656,811	-
Environmental protection	238,672	-
Cultural and recreational	368,806	
Interest on long-term debt	124,210	<u> </u>
Total governmental activities	3,204,547	80,085
Business-type activities:		
Wastewater	1,013,038	1,964,485
Total business-type activities	1,013,038	1,964,485
Total primary government	\$ 4,217,585	\$ 2,044,570
Component Unit: ABC Board	\$ 1,912,577	\$ 2,028,669
Total component unit	\$ 1,912,577	\$ 2,028,669
1	- 1,512,617	

Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

Operating Capital		Changes in Net Position Primary Government							
Grants and Contributions				Total		City of Locust ABC Board			
\$ 1,609 36,296 107,453	\$ - - - - -	\$	(705,143) (1,066,882) (549,358) (238,672) (294,839) (124,210)	\$	- - - - -	\$	(705,143) (1,066,882) (549,358) (238,672) (294,839) (124,210)	\$	- - - - -
145,358			(2,979,104)				(2,979,104)		
					951,446		951,446		
	<u> </u>				951,446		951,446		
\$ 145,358	\$ -	\$	(2,979,104)	\$	951,446	\$	(2,027,658)	\$	
\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	\$	116,092 116,092
General revenues:									· · · · ·
Other taxes and l	governmental revenue		1,562,474 163,639 1,277,079 18,275 22,527		- - - -		1,562,474 163,639 1,277,079 18,275 22,527		(39,313)
	es, not including transfers:		3,043,994		-		3,043,994		(39,313)
Transfers Total gener	al revenues and transfers		3,043,994				3,043,994		(39,313)
Change in r	net position		64,890		951,446		1,016,336		76,779
Restatement	ng, previously reported		11,051,680 (117,540)		9,362,995 (16,462)		20,414,675 (134,002)		265,977 -
Net position, beginni Net position, ending	ng restated	\$	10,934,140 10,999,030	\$	9,346,533 10,297,979	\$	20,280,673 21,297,009	\$	265,977 342,756

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Major Funds					Total		
		General Fund	Capital Project Funds		Governmental Funds			
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,669,277	\$	-	\$	2,669,277		
Restricted cash		585,366		-		585,366		
Taxes receivable		69,766		-		69,766		
Due from other governments		173,052		-		173,052		
Prepaid expenses		81,305		_	-	81,305		
Total assets		3,578,766				3,578,766		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		43,386		-		43,386		
Due to other funds		459,417				459,417		
Total liabilities		502,803		-		502,803		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Property taxes receivable		42,435		-		42,435		
Total deferred inflows of resources		42,435		-		42,435		
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted								
Stabilization by state statue		216,813		-		216,813		
Streets - Powell Bill		57,684		-		57,684		
Nonspendable								
USDA Reserves		68,265		-		68,265		
Prepaid expenses		81,305		-		81,305		
Assigned - LEOSSA liability		250,198		-		250,198		
Unassigned		2,359,263				2,359,263		
Total fund balances		3,033,528				3,033,528		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	3,578,766	\$		\$	3,578,766		

Exhibit 3
Continued

Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds \$ 3,033,528 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds statement. Gross capital assets at historical cost \$ 15,780,729 Accumulated depreciation (5,423,995)10,356,734 Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. 89,162

Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Pension related liabilities and deferrals, net (461,450)

Some liabilities, including leases payable, installment loan, compensated absences payable, and other postemployment benefits are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources

(1,996,691)

42,435

(64,689)

Net position of governmental activities

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the

Accrued interest

statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

10,999,030

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Major Funds Market Stro Sidewalks Capital Proj Fund	Total
REVENUES	4 5 5	7.074	Φ 1.505.054
Ad valorem taxes		7,954 \$	- \$ 1,587,954
Other taxes and licenses		8,449	118,449
Unrestricted intergovernmental		7,079	1,277,079
Restricted intergovernmental		3,750	143,750
Sales and services		0,085	80,085
Investment earnings		3,275	18,275
Miscellaneous	69	9,327	69,327
Total revenues	3,294	4,919	- 3,294,919
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	598	3,409 7	,167 605,576
Public safety	1,052	2,652	1,052,652
Transportation	460),908	460,908
Environmental protection	238	3,673	238,673
Economic and physical development		-	-
Culture and recreation	288	3,242	288,242
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement	73	3,490	73,490
Interest and other charges	125	5,202	125,202
Total expenditures	2,837	7,575 7	2,844,742
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	457	7,344 (7	450,177
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfer to Capital Project Fund	(7	7,167)	(7,167)
Transfer from Water and Sewer Fund		-	-
Transfer from General Fund		<u> </u>	7,167
Total other financing sources	(7	7,167)7	-,167
Net change in fund balance	450	0,177	- 450,177
Fund balance, beginning, previously stated	2,665	5,083	- 2,665,083
Restatement		1,732)	- (81,732)
Fund Balance, beginning, restated	2,583		2,583,351
Fund balance, end of year		3,528 \$	- \$ 3,033,528

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities of Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

because.			
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	450,177
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.			
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	\$ 131,822		
Construction in progress- current year	19,821		
Depreciation expense for governmental assets	(533,959)	((382,316)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities.			(89,162)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues	(25,480)		(25,480)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal payments on long-term debt	73,490		
Decrease in accrued interest payable	992		74,482
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures.	t		
Compensated absences	(7,744)		
Pension expense	44,932		37,188
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		\$	64,890
		_	

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	¢ 1.460.000	¢ 1.460.000	¢ 1.507.054	© 127.054
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,460,000	\$ 1,460,000	\$ 1,587,954	\$ 127,954
Other taxes and licenses	22,500 978,500	77,388 1,031,639	118,449	41,061
Unrestricted intergovernmental Restricted intergovernmental	397,751	403,291	1,277,079 143,750	245,440 (259,541)
Sales and services	65,000	74,995	80,085	5,090
Investment earnings	6,000	6,600	18,275	11,675
Miscellaneous	22,500	26,685	69,327	42,642
Total revenues	2,952,251	3,080,598	3,294,919	214,321
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	646,653	646,808	598,409	48,399
Public safety	1,129,991	1,133,732	1,052,652	81,080
Transportation	463,487	496,257	460,908	35,349
Environmental protection	238,596	238,596	238,673	(77)
Economic and physical development	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Culture and recreation	292,499	302,724	288,242	14,482
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	47,542	73,490	73,490	-
Interest and other charges	69,695	125,203	125,202	1
Total expenditures	2,889,463	3,017,810	2,837,575	180,234
Revenues over (under) expenditures	62,788	62,788	457,344	394,555
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers to Capital Project Fund (Market Street)	(250,000)	(250,000)	(7,167)	(242,833)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(250,000)	(250,000)	(7,167)	242,833
Fund balance appropriated	187,212	187,212		(187,212)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	450,177	\$ 450,176
Fund balance, beginning, previously stated			2,665,083	
Restatement			(81,732)	
Fund balance, beginning, restated			2,583,351	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 3,033,528	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2019

	Major Enterprise Fund	
	Wastewater Fund	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	951,833
Accounts receivable, net		151,727
Due from other funds		459,418
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		89,001
Total current assets	1,	,651,978
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Capital assets, net of depreciation	9,	,417,450
Total noncurrent assets	9,	,417,450
Total assets	11,	,069,428
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Contributions to pension plan		6,433
Deferred outflows related to pensions		42,158
Total deferred outflows of resources		48,591
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accrued liabilities		2,307
Customer deposits		53,680
Installment obligations payable - current		46,394
Total current liabilities		102,381
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Net pension liability		63,735
Installment obligations payable - noncurrent		649,521
Total noncurrent liabilities		713,256
Total liabilities		815,637
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension deferrals		4,403
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	8,	,721,535
Restricted		-
Unrestricted	1,	,576,444
Total net position	\$ 10,	,297,979

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major Enterprise Fund	
	Wastewater Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$	1,098,292
Sewer taps and fees		450,624
System development fees		402,400
Other operating revenues		13,169
Total operating revenues		1,964,485
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Administration		153,244
Waste collection and treatment		551,072
Depreciation		287,292
Total operating expenses		991,608
Operating income		972,876
NON-OPERATING EXPENSES		
Interest and other charges		21,430
Total non-operating expenses		21,430
Income before contributions and transfers		951,446
Change in net position		951,446
Total net position, previously reported		9,362,995
Restatement		(16,462)
Total net position, beginning restated		9,346,533
Total net position, ending	\$	10,297,979

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services Customer deposits received Other operating revenues Net cash provided by operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net due to (from) other fund Total cash flows provided by non-capital financing activities CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED Acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on installment financing agreements Cash used by capital and related financing activities Net cash used by capital and related financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Balances, beginning Balances, ending Details on cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents S 1,919,305 (117,551) (117,51) (117,551)		Major Enterprise Fund	
Cash received from customers \$ 1,919,305 Cash paid for goods and services (585,261) Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services (117,551) Customer deposits received 4,750 Other operating revenues 13,169 Net cash provided by operating activities 1,234,412 CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 835,117 Total cash flows provided by non-capital financing activities 835,117 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED 835,117 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED (150,067) Principal paid on installment financing agreements (890,272) Transfer to General Fund - Interest and fees paid on installment financing agreements (25,141) Net cash used by capital and related financing activities (25,141) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,004,049 Balances, beginning 36,785 Balances, ending \$ 1,040,834 Details on cash and cash equivalents: \$ 951,833 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 8 9,001		Wast	ewater Fund
Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services Customer deposits received Other operating revenues Net cash provided by operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net due to (from) other fund Total cash flows provided by non-capital financing activities CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED Acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on installment financing agreements Regreements Net cash used by capital and related financing activities Net cash used by capital and related financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Balances, ending Details on cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents (117,551) (127,4412 (150,067)	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services (117,551) Customer deposits received 4,750 Other operating revenues 13,169 Net cash provided by operating activities 1,234,412 CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 835,117 Net due to (from) other fund 835,117 Total cash flows provided by non-capital financing activities 835,117 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED (150,067) Acquisition of capital assets (150,067) Principal paid on installment financing agreements (890,272) Transfer to General Fund - Interest and fees paid on installment financing agreements (25,141) Net cash used by capital and related financing activities (1,065,480) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,004,049 Balances, beginning 36,785 Balances, ending \$ 1,040,834 Details on cash and cash equivalents: \$ 951,833 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 89,001	Cash received from customers	\$	1,919,305
for services (117,551) Customer deposits received 4,750 Other operating revenues 13,169 Net cash provided by operating activities 1,234,412 CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 835,117 Net due to (from) other fund 835,117 Total cash flows provided by non-capital financing activities 835,117 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED (150,067) Acquisition of capital assets (890,272) Principal paid on installment financing agreements (890,272) Transfer to General Fund - Interest and fees paid on installment financing agreements (25,141) Net cash used by capital and related financing activities (1,065,480) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,004,049 Balances, beginning 36,785 Balances, ending \$ 1,040,834 Details on cash and cash equivalents: \$ 951,833 Restricted cash and cash equivalents \$ 89,001	Cash paid for goods and services		(585,261)
Customer deposits received Other operating revenues Net cash provided by operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net due to (from) other fund Total cash flows provided by non-capital financing activities CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED Acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on installment financing agreements Transfer to General Fund Interest and fees paid on installment financing agreements Net cash used by capital and related financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Balances, beginning Balances, ending Details on cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents \$ 951,833 Restricted cash and cash equivalents \$ 89,001	Cash paid to or on behalf of employees		
Other operating revenues13,169Net cash provided by operating activities1,234,412CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES835,117Net due to (from) other fund835,117Total cash flows provided by non-capital financing activities835,117CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED(150,067)Acquisition of capital assets(150,067)Principal paid on installment financing agreements(890,272)Transfer to General Fund-Interest and fees paid on installment financing agreements(25,141)Net cash used by capital and related financing activities(1,065,480)Net increase in cash and cash equivalents1,004,049Balances, beginning36,785Balances, ending\$ 1,040,834Details on cash and cash equivalents:\$ 951,833Cash and cash equivalents\$ 951,833Restricted cash and cash equivalents89,001	for services		(117,551)
Net cash provided by operating activities 1,234,412 CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net due to (from) other fund 835,117 Total cash flows provided by non-capital financing activities 835,117 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED Acquisition of capital assets (150,067) Principal paid on installment financing agreements (890,272) Transfer to General Fund - (890,272) Transfer to General Fund (25,141) Net cash used by capital and related financing activities (1,065,480) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (1,004,049) Balances, beginning 36,785 Balances, ending \$ 1,040,834 Details on cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 951,833 Restricted cash and cash equivalents	Customer deposits received		4,750
activities 1,234,412 CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net due to (from) other fund 835,117 Total cash flows provided by non-capital financing activities 835,117 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED Acquisition of capital assets (150,067) Principal paid on installment financing agreements (890,272) Transfer to General Fund Interest and fees paid on installment financing agreements (25,141) Net cash used by capital and related financing activities (1,065,480) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,004,049 Balances, beginning 36,785 Balances, ending \$1,040,834 Details on cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents \$951,833 Restricted cash and cash equivalents \$9,001	Other operating revenues		13,169
activities 1,234,412 CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net due to (from) other fund 835,117 Total cash flows provided by non-capital financing activities 835,117 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED Acquisition of capital assets (150,067) Principal paid on installment financing agreements (890,272) Transfer to General Fund Interest and fees paid on installment financing agreements (25,141) Net cash used by capital and related financing activities (1,065,480) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,004,049 Balances, beginning 36,785 Balances, ending \$ 1,040,834 Details on cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 951,833 Restricted cash and cash equivalents \$ 89,001	Net cash provided by operating		
Net due to (from) other fund Total cash flows provided by non-capital financing activities CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED Acquisition of capital assets Acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on installment financing agreements Transfer to General Fund Interest and fees paid on installment financing agreements Net cash used by capital and related financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Balances, beginning Details on cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents 8 39,001	* * * * * *		1,234,412
Net due to (from) other fund Total cash flows provided by non-capital financing activities CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED Acquisition of capital assets Acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on installment financing agreements (890,272) Transfer to General Fund Interest and fees paid on installment financing agreements (25,141) Net cash used by capital and related financing activities (1,065,480) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Balances, beginning Balances, ending Details on cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents 89,001			
Total cash flows provided by non-capital financing activities CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED Acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on installment financing agreements Transfer to General Fund Interest and fees paid on installment financing agreements Net cash used by capital and related financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Balances, beginning Details on cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents \$ 951,833 Restricted cash and cash equivalents			835 117
financing activities 835,117 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED Acquisition of capital assets (150,067) Principal paid on installment financing agreements (890,272) Transfer to General Fund - Interest and fees paid on installment financing agreements (25,141) Net cash used by capital and related financing activities (1,065,480) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,004,049 Balances, beginning 36,785 Balances, ending \$1,040,834 Details on cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents \$951,833 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 89,001	· /		033,117
Acquisition of capital assets (150,067) Principal paid on installment financing agreements (890,272) Transfer to General Fund Interest and fees paid on installment financing agreements (25,141) Net cash used by capital and related financing activities (1,065,480) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (1,004,049) Balances, beginning 36,785 Balances, ending \$1,040,834 Details on cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents \$951,833 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 89,001			835 117
Acquisition of capital assets (150,067) Principal paid on installment financing agreements (890,272) Transfer to General Fund - Interest and fees paid on installment financing agreements (25,141) Net cash used by capital and related financing activities (1,065,480) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,004,049 Balances, beginning 36,785 Balances, ending \$1,040,834 Details on cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents \$951,833 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 89,001			033,117
Principal paid on installment financing agreements (890,272) Transfer to General Fund			(150.067)
agreements (890,272) Transfer to General Fund Interest and fees paid on installment financing agreements (25,141) Net cash used by capital and related financing activities (1,065,480) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,004,049 Balances, beginning 36,785 Balances, ending \$ 1,040,834 Details on cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 951,833 Restricted cash and cash equivalents \$ 89,001			(130,007)
Transfer to General Fund Interest and fees paid on installment financing agreements Net cash used by capital and related financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Balances, beginning Balances, ending Details on cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents 89,001			(890 272)
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Balances, beginning Balances, ending Balances, ending State of the sequivalents and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents 89,001			
Balances, ending \$ 1,040,834 Details on cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 951,833 Restricted cash and cash equivalents \$ 89,001	equivalents		1,004,049
Details on cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents \$ 951,833 Restricted cash and cash equivalents	Balances, beginning		36,785
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 951,833 Restricted cash and cash equivalents \$ 89,001	Balances, ending	\$	1,040,834
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 951,833 Restricted cash and cash equivalents \$ 89,001	Details on cash and cash equivalents:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents 89,001	•	\$	951,833
		•	
Total \$ 1.040.834	Total	\$	1,040,834

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major Enterprise Fund	
	Wastewater Fund	
Reconciliation of operating income		
to net cash provided by operating		
activities:		
Operating income	\$	972,876
Adjustments to reconcile operating		
income to net cash provided by		
operating activities:		
Depreciation		287,292
Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources and		
liabilities:		-
Increase in current year pension deferred outflows		1,504
Increase in accounts receivable		(32,010)
Increase in customer deposits		4,750
Net cash provided by operating		
activities	\$	1,234,412

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Locust and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Locust, North Carolina, in Stanly County is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a seven-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the City is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the City's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

City of Locust ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the City. In addition, the ABC Board is required by state statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the City. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at City of Locust ABC Board, 1008 Main Street, Locust, NC 28097.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

Capital Project Funds. These funds are used to account for the construction of sidewalks and improvements under the Market Street Sidewalks project.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Wastewater Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's wastewater operations.

Capital Project Funds. These funds are used to account for the construction of wastewater system major improvements and additions.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the City are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the sewer system. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the City of Locust because the tax is levied by Stanly and Cabarrus Counties and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues, which are unearned at year-end, are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net positions available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The City's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Capital Project Fund. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. All amendments must be approved by the governing board and the Board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

All deposits of the City and the ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State Law (G.S. 159-31). The City and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the City and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The City's and the ABC Board's investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments - Continued

The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at fair value. The NCCMT Term Portfolio is a bond fund, has no rating and is measured at fair value. As of June 30, 2019, the Term portfolio has a duration of .11 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the City before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected.

Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136.41.4.

Governmental Activities General Fund		
Streets - Powell Bill	\$	57,684
USDA Reserves	,	68,265
Due to Wastewater Fund		459,418
Total governmental activities		585,367
Business-type Activities Wastewater Fund		
Customer deposits		53,680
Delinquent accounts offset by state garnishments		35,321
Total Business-type Activities		89,001
Total Restricted Cash	\$	674.368

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the City levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018. As allowed by State law, the City has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the City's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

5. <u>Inventory and Prepaid Items</u>

The inventory of the ABC Board is valued at lower of cost (first-in, first out), which approximates market.

The inventory of the ABC Board consists of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of this inventory is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as items are used.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, buildings, and improvements, \$20,000; infrastructure, \$100,000; equipment and furniture, \$5,000; computer software and computer equipment, \$5,000; vehicles and motorized equipment, \$10,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The City has elected not to report major general infrastructure assets, such as the road network, retroactively as permitted for Phase Three governments. Thus, any amounts expended for infrastructure prior to July 1, 2003, are not reported as capital assets. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

6. Capital Assets – continued

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Infrastructure	50
Buildings	30
Improvements	25
Vehicles	6
Furniture and equipment	10
Computer equipment	5
Computer software	3

Property and equipment of the ABC Board are stated at cost and are being depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Equipment	10
Leasehold improvements	10
Furniture and fixtures	5-10
Office equipment	3-7

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The City of Locust has two items that meets this criterion, contributions made to the pension plan in the 2019 fiscal year and an unamortized pension expense. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The City of Locust has two items that meet the criterion for this category – property taxes receivable and pension deferrals.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

8. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

9. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the City provides for the accumulation of leave without any maximum until December 31 of each year. Effective with the last payroll in the calendar year, any employee with more than 5 days of accumulated leave shall have the excess accumulation removed so that only 5 days are carried forward to January 1 of the next calendar year. For the City's government-wide funds and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The City has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The City's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the City does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

10. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as investment in capital assets; restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by state statute - No North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Working Capital – North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission Rule [.0902] defines working capital as the total of cash, investments and inventory less all unsecured liabilities. An ABC board shall set its working capital requirements at not less than two weeks' average gross sales of the last fiscal year or greater than four months' average gross sales of the last fiscal year. Average gross sales mean gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic beverages less distributions required by State law [G.S. 18B-805(b), (2), (3), (4).

Assigned fund balance – portion of fund balance that City of Locust intends to use for specific purposes.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The City of Locust for purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

10. Net Position/Fund Balances

Fund Balances - continued

The City of Locust follows the Local Government Commission's recommendation in order to maintain an adequate cash flow in the General Fund. The Fund Balance available for appropriation should not drop below 8.0% of total expenditures. This represents approximately one month's average expenditures.

11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to or deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City of Locust's employer contributions are recognized when due and the City of Locust has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS**

A. ASSETS

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the City of Locust and the ABC Board are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the City's or the ABC Board's agent in these unit's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's and the ABC Board's agent in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interestbearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City, the ABC Board, or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the City and the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

A. ASSETS

1. <u>Deposits</u> – continued

method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The City complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The ABC Board has no formal policy regarding custodial risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2019, the City's deposits had a carrying amount of \$1,752,549 and a bank balance of \$1,816,116. Bank balances of the City, totaling \$250,000 were fully covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining balance of \$1,566,116 was collateralized under the Pooling Method. The carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$246,276 and the bank balance was \$283,128. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance. As of June 30, 2019, the City's petty cash fund totaled \$200, and the ABC Board's cash on hand totaled \$2,000.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2019, the City of Locust had \$2,542,728 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio, which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The City has no policy regarding credit risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

- A. ASSETS
- 3. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases	De	ecreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:						_
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	693,782	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 693,782
Construction in process		13,160	19,821		-	32,981
Total capital assets not being						
depreciated		706,942	19,821		-	726,763
Capital assets being depreciated:					<u></u>	
Buildings		2,546,843	-		-	2,546,843
Other improvements		1,797,763	-		-	1,797,763
Furniture and equipment		652,697	-		-	652,697
Computer equipment		202,920	-		-	202,920
Vehicles and motorized equipment		760,798	131,822		29,707	862,913
Infrastructure		8,990,830	-		-	8,990,830
Total capital assets being depreciated	' <u>'</u>	14,951,851	131,822		29,707	15,053,966
Less accumulated depreciation for:		, ,				
Buildings		584,886	80,360		-	665,246
Other improvements		796,411	70,400		-	866,811
Furniture and equipment		475,205	33,581		-	508,786
Computer equipment		202,920	-		-	202,920
Vehicles and motorized equipment		542,070	79,506		29,707	591,869
Infrastructure		2,318,251	270,112			2,588,363
Total accumulated depreciation		4,919,743	533,959		29,707	5,423,995
Total capital assets being						
depreciated, net		10,032,108				9,629,971
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	10,739,050				\$ 10,356,734

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 108,718
Public safety	80,807
Transportation	269,200
Culture and recreation	75,234
Total depreciation expense	\$ 533,959

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

A. ASSETS

3. <u>Capital Assets</u> – continued

Business-type activities

	Beginning						Ending
	 Balance	I	Increases		reases	Balance	
Wastewater Fund Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Construction in progress	\$ 58,171	\$	75,379	\$	_	\$	133,550
Total capital assets not being depreciated	58,171		75,379		_		133,550
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Plant and distribution system	13,628,125		-		-		13,628,125
Furniture and maintenance equipment	 98,926		74,688				173,614
Total capital assets being depreciated	13,727,051		74,688				13,801,739
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Plant and distribution system	4,164,985		275,230		-		4,440,215
Furniture and maintenance equipment	65,562		12,062		_		77,624
Total accumulated depreciation	4,230,547		287,292		-		4,517,839
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	9,496,504						9,283,900
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$ 9,554,675					\$	9,417,450

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

A. ASSETS

4. Construction Commitments

The City of Locust has construction in process for sidewalks and improvements related to the Market Street Sidewalks and Improvements capital project as of June 30, 2019. Completion of the project is anticipated during fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

The City also has construction in process for wastewater improvements related to Redah Pump Station and the North Basin Sanitary Improvement project

5. Discretely presented component unit

Activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Ве	eginning					I	Ending
	E	Balance	In	creases	Decreases		Balance	
ABC Board								
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Furniture and fixtures	\$	7,259	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,259
Equipment		15,895		-		-		15,895
Leasehold improvements		-		-		-		-
Office equipment		30,832		-				30,832
Total capital assets								
being depreciated		53,986		-		-		53,986
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Furniture and fixtures		5,532		126		-		5,658
Equipment		12,369		549		-		12,918
Office equipment		30,652		972		-		31,624
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	48,553	\$	1,647	\$	-	\$	50,200
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net		5,433						3,786
ABC capital assets, net	\$	5,433					\$	3,786

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan and Post-employment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The City of Locust is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Government Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410 or by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

B. Liabilities

- 1. Pension Plan and Post-employment Obligations continued
 - a. <u>Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System</u> continued

LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. City of Locust employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The City of Locust's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 8.50% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.75% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the City of Locust were \$95,596 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions — City employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$465,216 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan and Post-employment Obligations - continued

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – continued

The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion was 0.01961%, which was a decrease of 0.00098% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$117,189. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 red Inflows desources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	71,772	\$ 2,408
Changes of assumptions		123,450	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investments		63,861	-
Changes in proportion and differences between			
City of Locust contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions		-	33,499
City of Locust contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		95,595	-
Total	\$	354,678	\$ 35,907

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

B. Liabilities

- 1. Pension Plan and Post-employment Obligations continued
 - a. <u>Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System</u> continued

\$95,596 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City of Locust contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability asset in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 111,248
2021	71,108
2022	8,128
2023	32,692
2024	-
Thereafter	 -
	\$ 223,176

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are, therefore, not included in the measurement.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan and Post-employment Obligations – continued

a. <u>Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System</u> – continued

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected
Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
29.0%	1.4%
42.0%	5.3%
8.0%	4.3%
8.0%	8.9%
7.0%	6.0%
6.0%	4.0%
100.0%	
	29.0% 42.0% 8.0% 8.0% 7.0% 6.0%

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan and Post-employment Obligations – continued

a. <u>Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System</u> – continued

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City of Locust share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City of Locust's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the City of Locust's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease 6.00%	Rate 7.00%	Increase 8.00%
City's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,117,490	\$ 465,216	\$ (79,834)

Pension Plan fiduciary net position. Detail information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan

Plan Description. The City of Locust contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers and other full-time City employees. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North General Assembly.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute, each month, an amount equal to five percent of each law enforcement officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers and other full-time City employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan. The City will match full-time City employees' contributions up to five percent collectively. The City made contributions of \$46,941 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

B. Liabilities

- 1. Pension Plan and Post-employment Obligations continued
 - c. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description

The City of Locust administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 and who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12 D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the City are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2016, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Category	Number
Inactive Members Currently Receiving Benefits	-
Active Plan Members	12
Total	12

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined on GASB Statement 73.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

B. Liabilities

- 1. Pension Plan and Post-employment Obligations continued
 - c. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Discount rate 3.64 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2017.

Mortality rates are based on the Rp-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

Contributions

The City is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

B. Liabilities

- 1. Pension Plan and Post-employment Obligations continued
 - c. <u>Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance</u>

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a total pension liability of \$250,198. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$23,382.

	Deferred Outflows		D	eferred Inflows
		of		of
		Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	6,905	\$	146
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		11,164		12,772
Benefit payments and administrative expenses				
subsequent to the measurement date		-		342
Total	\$	18,069	\$	13,260

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 972
2021	972
2022	972
2023	972
2024	1,354
Thereafter	(91)
	\$ 5,151

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan and Post-employment Obligations - continued

c. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

Sensitivity of the City's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.64 percent, as well as what the City's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.64 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.64 percent) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(2.64%)	(3.64%)	(4.64%)
Total Pension Liability	\$ 273,553	\$ 250,198	\$ 228,933

	2019	2018	2017
Beginning Balance	\$231,033	\$195,905	\$182,271
Service Cost	14,767	12,284	12,753
Interest on the total pension liability	7,301	7,562	6,507
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience			
in the measurement of the total pension liability	8,039	(202)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(10,942)	15,484	(5,626)
Benefit payments	-	-	-
Other changes			
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$250,198	\$231,033	\$195,905

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

B. Liabilities

2. Total Expense, Liabilities and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
Pension Expense Pension Liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 117,189 465,216 0.01961%	\$ 23,382 250,198 N/A	\$ 140,571 715,414
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of Assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between	71,772 123,450 63,861	6,905 11,164 -	78,677 134,614 - 63,861
contributions and proportionate share of contributions Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequent to the measurement date	-	- -	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources	0.004		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of Assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	8,904 - -	146 12,772 -	9,050 12,772
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequent to the measurement date	24,844	342	24,844 342

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

B. Liabilities

3. <u>Deferred outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

The City has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

Source		Amount
Local Government Employees Retirement Plan: Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	s	95,595
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	Ψ	71,772 123,450
Net difference between projected and actual earnings Changes in proportion and differences between		63,861
employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-
Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance: Benefit payments made and administrative		
expenses for LOESSA		-
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions		6,905 11,164
	\$	372,747

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

Source	Statement of Net Position		General Fund Balance Sheet	
Prepaid taxes (General Fund)	\$	-	\$	-
Property taxes receivable (General Fund)		-		42,435
Local Government Employees Retirement Plan: Differences between expected and actual experience		2,408		_
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions		33,499		-
Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance:				
Benefit payments made and administrative				
expenses for LOESSA		342		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		146		-
Changes of assumptions		12,772		-
	\$	49,167	\$	42,435

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

B. Liabilities

4. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Through commercial insurance carriers, the City obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health insurance.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City of Locust does not hold any flood insurance. The City is not located in an area of the State that is designated as a flood plain or located close to a river, lake, or stream.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the City's employee who handles or has in his custody more than one hundred dollars (\$100) at any given time shall, before being entitled to assume his duties, give a faithful performance bond with sufficient sureties payable to the City. The finance officer is bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are insured against theft in the amount of \$5,000 per occurrence.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

B. Liabilities

5. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

a. <u>Capital Leases</u>

Historically, the City has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. At June 30, 2019 there were no leases still open.

b. Installment Purchases

On July 18, 2012, the City converted the construction loan for its Government Center into a long-term loan of \$2,107,446 with the U.S. Department of Agriculture, payable on July 18 of each year consisting of principal and interest with total annual payments for each fiscal year of \$98,692 through July 2052 including interest at 3.5%.

\$ 3,355,528

The future minimum principal and interest payments of the Governmental Center's installment purchase agreement as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Governmental Center Loan

Year Ending June 30	Principal]	Interest		Total
2020	\$	30,647	\$	68,045	\$	98,692
2021		31,720		66,972		98,692
2022		32,830		65,862		98,692
2023		33,979		64,713		98,692
2024		35,168		63,524		98,692
Thereafter	1	,735,939	1	,126,129		2,862,068
Total	\$ 1	,900,283	\$ 1	,455,245	\$ 3	3,355,528

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

5. Long-Term Obligations

b. <u>Installment Purchases</u> - continued

The City has entered into agreements to finance the acquisition and/or construction of certain assets such as land, facilities, sewer lines and equipment for use in the City's sewer operations. Installment purchase agreements at June 30, 2019 consist of one agreement as described below:

Installment purchase agreement for expansion of the wastewater
disposal system, payable on May 1 of each year in installments
of \$46,394 through May 2034, including interest at 2.0%, secured
by equipment.

Total installment purchase agreements serviced by the
Enterprise Fund.

\$ 695,916

The future minimum principal and interest payments of the Enterprise Fund's installment purchase agreements as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

D ' -	_	A
Business-	l vne	Activities
Dubiliebb .	· ypc	1101111105

Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		 Total
2020	\$	46,394	\$	13,918	\$ 60,312
2021		46,394 12,990		12,990	59,384
2022		46,394	394 12,063		58,457
2023		46,394	11,135		57,529
2024		46,394	10,207		56,601
2025-2034		463,946		51,034	514,980
Total	\$	695,916	\$	111,347	\$ 807,263

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

5. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u> – continued

c. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Balance			Balance	Current Portion
	July 01, 2018	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2019	of Balance
Governmental Activities:					
Governmental Center loan	\$ 1,973,773	\$ -	\$ 73,490	\$ 1,900,283	\$ 31,720
Capitalized leases	-	-	-	-	-
Installment purchases	-	-	-	-	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)	305,017	96,464	-	401,481	-
Compensated absences	88,666	7,744	-	96,410	48,205
Law Enforcement Separation	231,033	19,165		250,198	
Governmental Activity:					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 2,598,489	\$ 123,373	\$ 73,490	\$ 2,648,372	\$ 79,925
Business-type Activities:					
Installment purchases	\$ 1,586,188	\$ -	\$ 890,272	\$ 695,916	\$ 46,394
Net pension liability (LGERS)	9,540	54,194		63,734	
Business-type Activity:					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 1,595,728	\$ 54,194	\$ 890,272	\$ 759,650	\$ 46,394
ABC Board:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the General Fund.

6. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance-General Fund	3,033,528
Less:	
Stabilization by state statute	216,813
Streets - Powell Bill	57,684
Nonspendable - USDA Reserves	68,265
Nonspendable - Prepaid expenses	81,305
Assigned - LEOSSA Pension Liability	250,198
Unassigned	2,359,263

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

6. Fund Balance – continued

The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end.

Encumbrances	General Fund	Non-Major Funds
	\$ 16,430	\$ -

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The City has received proceeds from several State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds would be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

The City maintains one operating checking account from which all disbursements are made and into which all deposits are made for both the general fund and the wastewater fund. That checking account is recorded in the general fund. Typically, there are no true transfers between these two funds recorded. Rather, a payable is recorded for monies deposited into the checking account for items such as monthly wastewater fees income and a receivable is recorded for disbursements made for expenditures appropriately recorded in the wastewater fund. For the year ended June 30, 2019, there were no transactions recorded as a transfer between the funds, hence the balances below.

These internal balances represent the net receivables and payables remaining after the elimination of any interfund activity within governmental and business-type activities.

	R	eceivable		Payable
General Fund	\$	-	\$	459,418
Wastewater Fund		459,418		-
	\$	459,418	\$	459,418

NOTE 5 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City of Locust has evaluated all subsequent events through November 6, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 6 - **RESTATEMENTS**

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City determined that certain amounts related to the total of deferred outflows and deferred inflows recorded in relation to the Local Government Employees' Retirement System pension were not properly calculated at the end of fiscal year June 30, 2018. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows were adjusted to reflect accurate beginning of the year balances for GASB presentation in the government-wide statements. The effect was a \$35,808 decrease to governmental funds net position and a \$16,462 decrease to business type activities net position. There is no effect on beginning governmental funds fund balances in the modified accrual basis statements for this restatement.

During the fiscal year ended June 30,2019, the City determined that accounts receivable for intergovernmental revenues was overstated by \$81,732. This overstatement was a result of the probable cumulative effect of small increases each year in the City's 1% sales tax revenues issued by the State of North Carolina. Accounts receivable were adjusted to actual at June 30, 2019 by the City and fund balance adjusted to actual at the beginning of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability -Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance
- City of Locust's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) for Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- City of Locust's Contributions to Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2019

	2019	2018	2017
Beginning Balance	\$231,033	\$195,905	\$182,271
Service Cost	14,767	12,284	12,753
Interest on the total pension liability	7,301	7,562	6,507
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience			
in the measurement of the total pension liability	8,039	(202)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(10,942)	15,484	(5,626)
Benefit payments	_	-	-
Other changes			
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$250,198	\$231,033	\$195,905

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2019

	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability Covered payroll	\$250,198 537,259	\$231,033 513,445	\$195,905 505,898
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	46.57%	45.00%	38.72%

Notes to the schedules:

The City of Locust has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

City of Locust's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Six Fiscal Years*

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

	2019	2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	2014
City of Locust's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.01961%	0.02059%	0.02001%	0.02056%	0.02097%	0.01940%
City of Locust's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 465,216	\$ 314,558	\$ 424,680	\$ 92,273	\$ (123,670)	\$ 233,844
City of Locust's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,063,607	\$ 1,042,867	\$ 1,001,802	\$ 1,010,818	\$ 983,047	\$ 860,277
of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	43.74%	30.16%	42.39%	9.13%	(12.58%)	27.18%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

City of Locust's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Six Fiscal Years

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

	2019	2018	2017	 2016	 2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 95,596	\$ 83,548	\$ 78,045	\$ 69,147	\$ 70,138	\$ 70,137
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	95,596	83,548	78,045	69,147	70,138	70,137
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ =	\$ 	\$ =
City of Locust's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,177,953	\$ 1,063,607	\$ 1,042,867	\$ 1,001,802	\$ 1,010,818	\$ 983,047
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.12%	7.86%	7.48%	6.90%	6.94%	7.13%



General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Budget	7 Tetuar	(regative)
Ad valorem taxes:			
Taxes	\$ 1,460,000	\$ 1,580,070	\$ 120,070
Interest	<u> </u>	7,884	7,884
Total	1,460,000	1,587,954	127,954
Other taxes and licenses:			
Motor vehicle fees	_	33,490	33,490
Vision cable franchise	17,500	17,921	421
Business registrations and permits	59,888	67,038	7,150
Total	77,388	118,449	41,061
Unrestricted intergovernmental:			
Local option sales taxes	658,139	835,228	177,089
Utility franchise tax	170,000	213,243	43,243
Solid waste fee	190,000	213,947	23,947
Beer and wine tax	13,500	14,661	1,161
Total	1,031,639	1,277,079	245,440
Restricted intergovernmental:			
Powell Bill allocation	107,370	107,372	2
Powell Bill interest	100	82	(18)
Court fees	5,000	2,962	(2,038)
Powell Fund Reserve	40,821	-	(40,821)
Other state grants	250,000	33,334	(216,666)
Total	403,291	143,750	(259,541)
Sales and service:			
Recreation proceeds	69,995	73,967	3,972
Building rental	5,000	6,118	1,118
Total	74,995	80,085	5,090
Investment earnings	6,600	18,275	11,675
Miscellaneous	26,685	69,327	42,642
Total revenues	3,080,598	3,294,919	214,321

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:	Dudget	Actual	(Negative)
General government:			
Salaries and employee benefits	426,621	417,734	8,887
Professional services	25,500	20,310	5,190
Membership dues	10,100	10,069	31
Other operating expenditures	184,587	150,296	34,291
Total general government	646,808	598,409	48,399
Public safety:			
Police:			
Salaries and employee benefits	897,231	836,849	60,382
Vehicle maintenance	52,580	44,597	7,983
Other operating expenditures Capital outlay	99,921 84,000	102,267 68,938	(2,346) 15,062
•			
Total public safety	1,133,732	1,052,651	81,081
Transportation:			
Streets and highways:	156 100	1.60.67.6	5.5 64
Salaries and employee benefits	176,420	168,656	7,764
Paving and repairs Other operating expenditures	52,869 193,761	52,867 163,847	2 29,914
Capital outlay	73,207	75,538	(2,331)
Total transportation	496,257	460,908	35,349
-			35,5 15
Environmental protection: Solid waste contracted services	238,596	238,673	(77)
Total environmental protection	238,596	238,673	(77)
•		230,073	(77)
Economic development:	1.000		1.000
Economic development	1,000		1,000
Total economic development	1,000	<u> </u>	1,000
Culture and recreation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	147,239	146,049	1,190
Other operating expenditures	155,485	142,193	13,292
Capital outlay		0	
Total culture and recreation	302,724	288,242	14,482

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Debt service:		·	
Principal retirement	73,490	73,490	-
Interest and other charges	125,203	125,202	1
Total debt service	198,693	198,692	1
Total expenditures	3,017,810	2,837,575	180,235
Revenues over (under) expenditures	62,788	457,344	394,556
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfer to Market Street Capital Project Fund	(250,000)	(7,167)	(242,833)
Total other financing uses	(250,000)	(7,167)	(242,833)
Fund balance appropriated	187,212		187,212
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	450,177	\$ 338,935
Fund balance, beginning, previously reported	1	2,665,083	
Restatement		(81,732)	
Fund balance, beginning, restated		2,583,351	
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 3,033,528	

Market Street Sidewalks Capital Project Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Variance						
	Project			Prior		Current		Total		Positive	
	Authorization		Years		,	Year	T	o Date	(Negative)		
Revenues											
Safe Route to Schools Grant	\$	250,000	\$		\$		\$		\$	(250,000)	
Total revenues		250,000								(250,000)	
Expenditures - Market Street Sidewalks											
Construction		250,000		_		-		-		250,000	
Legal and administration		19,900		13,160		7,167		20,327		(427)	
Total expenditures		269,900		13,160		7,167		20,327		249,573	
Other financing sources and uses											
Transfer from general fund		19,900		13,160		7,167		20,327		(427)	
Total other financing sources		19,900		13,160		7,167		20,327		(427)	
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$			-	\$		\$		
Fund balance, beginning of ye	ar										
Fund balance, end of year					\$						

Wastewater Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Sewer charges Sewer taps and fees System development fee collections Other operating revenues	\$ 926,200 251,555 175,385 550	\$ 1,098,375 450,624 402,400 13,169	\$ 172,175 199,069 227,015 12,619
Total operating revenues	1,353,690	1,964,568	610,878
Expenditures: Wastewater administration: Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures	136,272 38,431	119,055 32,685	17,217 5,746
Total wastewater administration	174,703	151,740	22,963
Waste collection and treatment: Sewage collection system: Maintenance Other operating expenditures Utility service fees Primary waste treatment Total waste collection and treatment	88,175 41,000 83,350 364,161 576,686	87,823 26,562 82,207 354,482 551,074	352 14,438 1,143 9,679 25,612
Debt service:			
Interest and other charges Principal retirement	25,260 898,391	25,141 890,272	119 8,119
Total debt service	923,651	915,413	8,238
Capital Outlay: Maintenance equipment Total capital outlay	76,130 76,130	74,688 74,688	1,442 1,442
Total expenditures	1,751,170	1,692,915	58,255
Other financing sources: Transfers (to) from other funds: Wastewater capital projects funds Capital Reserve fund	(75,385) (100,000)	(75,379)	(6) 100,000
Total transfers (to) from other funds	(175,385)	(75,379)	99,994
Fund Balance Reserves Total other financing sources	572,865 397,480	(75,379)	(572,865) (472,871)
Revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	<u>\$</u>	\$ 196,274	\$ 196,274

Wastewater Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:

Revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$ 196,274
Reconciling items:	
Principal retirement	890,272
Pension expense	(1,586)
Accrued interest payable	3,711
Capital outlay	150,067
Depreciation	(287,292)
Total reconciling items	755,172
Net Income	\$ 951,446

Redah P/S Improvement Capital Project Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Actual					
Project		Prior	Current	Total	Positive			
	Authorization	Years	Year	To Date	(Negative)			
Revenues								
	\$ -	_ \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Total revenues	-	-	-	-	-			
Expenditures - Redah PS & FM Improve	ements							
Construction	949,685	_	_	_	949,685			
Easement and land acquisition	15,000	_	_	_	15,000			
Technical services	78,755	39,895	16,241	56,136	22,619			
Legal and administration	42,900				42,900			
Total expenditures	1,086,340	39,895	16,241	56,136	1,030,204			
Other financing sources and uses								
Transfer from wastewater fund	1,086,340	39,895	16,241	56,136	1,030,204			
Total other financing sources	1,086,340	39,895	16,241	56,136	1,030,204			
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -			
Fund balance, beginning of ye	ear							
Fund balance, end of year			\$ -					

N Basin Sanitary Improvement Capital Project Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Variance				
	Project	Prior	Current	Total	Positive		
	Authorization	Years	Year	To Date	(Negative)		
Revenues	¢	¢	¢.	¢.	¢.		
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Total revenues							
Expenditures - N Basin Sanitary Improv	rements						
Construction	2,847,189	-	-	-	2,847,189		
Legal and administration	480,772	2,651	59,138	61,789	418,983		
T. (1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 227 061	2 (51	50 120	(1.700	2 266 172		
Total expenditures	3,327,961	2,651	59,138	61,789	3,266,172		
Other financing sources and uses							
Transfer from general fund	3,327,961	2,651	59,138	61,789	3,266,172		
Total other financing sources	3,327,961	2,651	59,138	61,789	3,266,172		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -		
Fund balance, beginning of you	ear						
Fund balance, end of year			\$ -				

OTHER SCHEDULES

This section contains additional information required on property taxes.

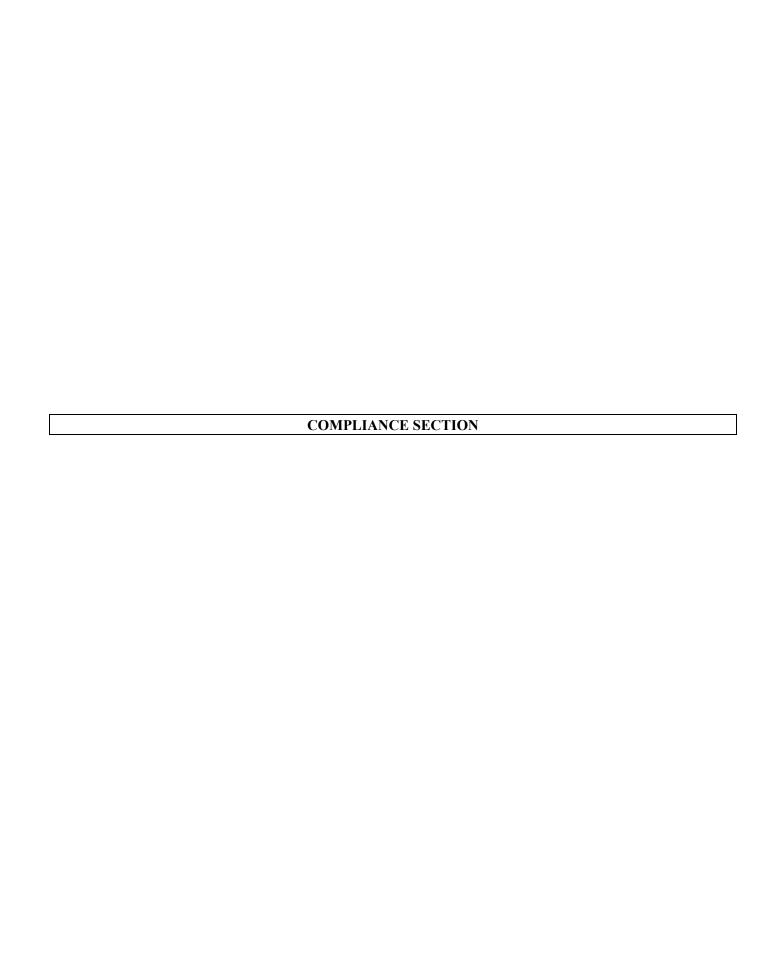
- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2019

	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2018	Additions		Collections and Credits		ncollected Balance ne 30, 2019
2018 - 2019	\$ -	\$	1,588,679	\$	1,561,615	\$ 27,064
2017 - 2018	28,670		-		15,949	12,721
2016 - 2017	15,346		-		5,183	10,163
2015 - 2016	6,536		-		2,950	3,586
2014 - 2015	3,634		-		889	2,745
2013 - 2014	2,642		-		32	2,610
2012 - 2013	3,031		-		442	2,589
2011 - 2012	2,358		-		1,462	896
2010 - 2011	2,098		-		(473)	2,571
2009 - 2010	1,909		-		227	1,682
2008 - 2009	1,691				1,691	
	\$ 67,915	\$	1,588,679	\$	1,589,966	\$ 66,628
Reconcilement with revenues:						
Ad Valorem Taxes - General l	Fund					1,587,954
Reconciling items:						
Discounts Interest collected Taxes written off						8,331 (7,884) 1,565
Total collections and	credits					\$ 1,589,966

Analysis of Current Tax Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

						Total Levy			
						Property Excluding			
			City-wide			Registered	Registered		
		Property			Amount	Motor	Motor		
		Valuation	Rate		of Levy	Vehicles	Vehicles		
Original levy: Property taxed at current year's rate	\$	440,900,892	0.36	\$	1,587,243	\$ 1,447,946	\$ 139,297		
Discoveries: Current year taxes		1,873,658	0.36		6,745	6,745	-		
Abatements									
Current year rate		(1,474,922)	0.36		(5,310)	(5,310)	-		
Total property valuation	\$	441,299,628							
Net levy					1,588,679	1,449,382	139,297		
Less, uncollected tax at June 30, 2019					27,064	27,064			
Current year's taxes collected				\$	1,561,615	\$ 1,422,318	\$ 139,297		
Current levy collection percentage					98.30%	98.13%	100.00%		





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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Locust, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregated remaining fund information of the City of Locust, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise the City of Locust's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 6, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the City of Locust ABC Board, as described in our report on the City of Locust's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Locust's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Locust's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Locust's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. Given these limitations during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Locust's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rowell, Craven & Short, P. X.

Charlotte, North Carolina

November 6, 2019

Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I. Summary of Auditors' Results

<u>Financial Statements</u>				
Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting:				
• Material weakness(es) identified?	 yes	X	no	
• Significant Deficiency(ies) identified that are are not considered to be material weaknesses	 yes	X	no	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	yes	X	no	

Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

None Reported.

Schedule 4

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Finding: None

Status:

Schedule 5

CITY OF LOCUST, NORTH CAROLINA

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Federal (Dir and Pass-Thro Expenditure	ugh)	Exp	State Expenditures		Local enditures
Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title								
State Grants:								
N.C. State Public School Fund								
Stanly County Administrative Unit			\$	-	\$	33,334	\$	22,225
N.C. Department of Transportation:								
Powell Bill			-			107,372		
Total assistance- State programs						140,706		22,225
Total assistance			\$		\$	140,706	\$	22,225

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards includes the federal and state grant activity of the City of Locust and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.