

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



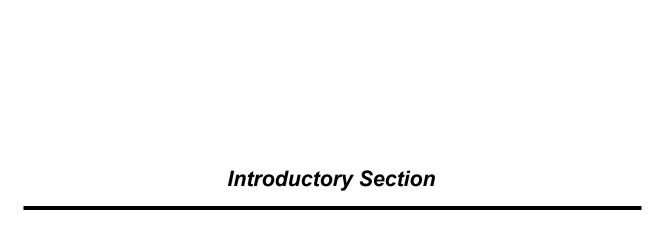
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Town of Oak Island, North Carolina List of Principal Officials June 30, 2019

Mayor and Town Council

Cin Brochure, Mayor
Jeff Winecoff, Mayor Pro Tem
Loman Scott,
Sheila Bell
Charlie Blalock
John Bach

Town Officials

David Kelly Town Manager

Lisa Stites Assistant Town Manager/Town Clerk

W.L. Ingram
Chief of Police
Chris Anselmo
Fire Chief
Chief

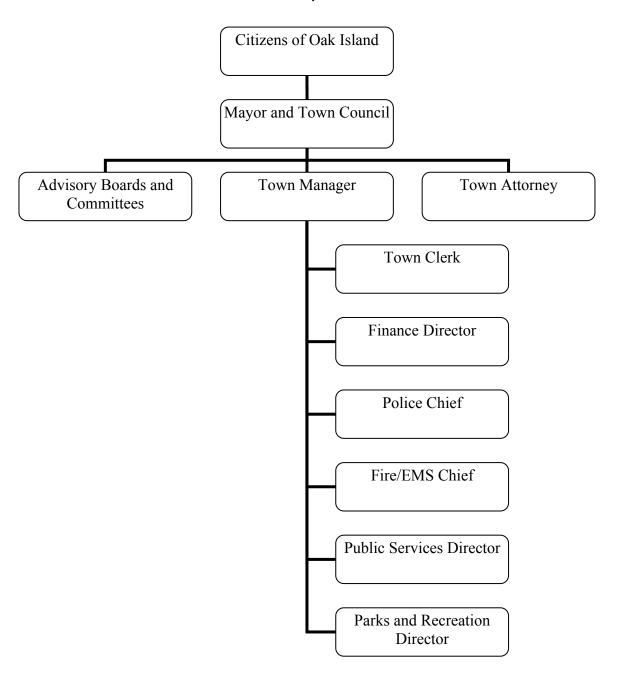
David Hatten Finance Director

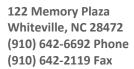
Steve Edwards Development Services Director Rebecca Squires Parks & Recreation Director

Katie Coleman Tax Collector

Town of Oak Island, North Carolina

Organizational Chart June 30, 2019







Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Oak Island, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Oak Island, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Oak Island ABC Board, which represents 100 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Oak Island ABC Board, is based solely on the report of another auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Oak Island ABC Board were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Oak Island, North Carolina as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Beach Renourishment Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Other Post Employment Benefits' Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) and Contributions, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Oak Island, North Carolina. The introductory information, combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules and statistical section, as well as the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 24, 2020 on our consideration of Town of Oak Island's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Oak Island's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

S. Preston Douglas & Associates, LLP

Whiteville, North Carolina January 24, 2020 **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

Management's Discussion and Analysis

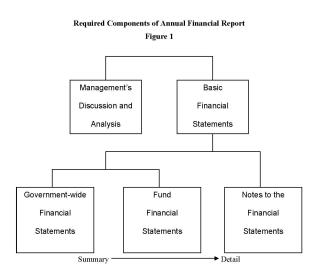
As management of the Town of Oak Island, we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Oak Island for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Oak Island exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$95,859,181(net position).
- The government's total net position decreased by \$16,962 during the period
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Oak Island's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$19,510,628 with a net change of (\$386,823) in fund balance.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$12,203,505 or 69.52% percent of total governmental fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Oak Island's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Oak Island.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-Wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements.

There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements, 2) The budgetary comparison statements, 3) The proprietary fund statements, and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes to the Financial Statements**. The notes explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show additional details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes can also be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to the private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets, deferred outflows of resources, and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gage the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities, 2) business-type activities, and 3) component unit. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as general government, public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and State shared revenues finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and wastewater, solid waste, and storm water services offered by the Town of Oak Island as well as the South Harbour golf course activities. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the Town, the ABC Board is important to the Town. The Town exercises control over the Board by appointing its members and the Board is required to distribute its profits to the Town.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Oak Island, like all other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Town of Oak Island can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and monies that are unexpended at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Oak Island adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities.

The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns:

1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Oak Island uses only one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Oak Island uses enterprise funds to account for its water and wastewater, solid waste, storm water, and golf course operations. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The water and wastewater funds are presented as major funds for the Town, while the solid waste, storm water, and golf course funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for these non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere within this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Town of Oak Island has one fiduciary fund, an agency fund, which is used for funds collected by the Town for fines and forfeitures that are due to the Board of Education in accordance with the laws set forth in the Constitution of the State of North Carolina.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the financial statements of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Oak Island's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on Exhibit A-1 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities. The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign government and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Town of Oak Island's Net Position Figure 2

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	otal		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Current and other	\$20,421,628	\$20,324,341	\$44,051,300	\$39,186,240	\$ 64,472,928	\$59,510,581		
assets								
Capital assets	26,738,581	27,463,987	102,139,258	104,501,094	128,877,839	131,965,081		
Total assets	47,160,209	47,788,328	146,190,558	143,687,334	193,350,767	191,475,662		
Deferred outflows of								
resources	1,424,269	1,116,307	400,056	315,497	1,824,325	1,431,804		
Total assets and								
deferred outflows								
of resources	48,584,478	48,904,635	146,590,614	144,002,831	195,175,092	192,907,466		
Long-term liabilities	6,806,943	7,763,326	84,826,161	88,498,629	91,633,104	96,261,955		
Other liabilities	2,519,587	1,946,228	4,757,230	4,682,573	7,276,817	6,628,801		
Total liabilities	9,326,530	9,709,554	89,583,391	93,181,202	98,909,921	102,890,756		
Deferred Inflows of								
resources	301,591	221,762	104,399	149,234	405,990	370,996		
Total liabilities and								
deferred inflows								
of resources	9,628,121	9,931,316	89,687,790	93,330,436	99,315,911	103,261,752		
Net position								
Net investment in								
capital assets	23,471,325	22,175,880	24,785,594	18,252,459	48,256,919	40,428,339		
Restricted	7,035,554	6,850,045	103,815	3,669,799	7,139,369	10,519,844		
Unrestricted	8,449,478	9,947,394	32,013,415	28,750,137	40,462,893	38,697,531		
Total net position	\$38,956,357	\$38,973,319	\$56,902,824	\$50,672,395	\$95,859,181	\$89,645,714		

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$95,859,181 at the close of the current fiscal year. The Town's net position increased by \$6,213,467 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. By far the largest portion of the Town's net position, 50.34%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should note that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion of net position, \$7,139,369 or 7.45%, represents the Town's resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is \$40,462,893 or 42.21% of the total.

Town of Oak Island's Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Tot	Total			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018			
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 3,600,800	\$ 3,516,587	\$18,066,024	\$19,282,615	\$ 21,666,824	\$22,799,202			
Operating grants and					-	-			
contributions	318,358	412,861	-	-	318,358	412,861			
Capital grants and									
contributions	156,491	4,132,910	6,844,123	994,648	7,000,614	5,127,558			
General revenues:									
Property taxes	7,867,466	7,695,090	-	-	7,867,466	7,695,090			
Local option sales tax	2,150,053	2,183,968	-	-	2,150,053	2,183,968			
Accomodations tax	2,538,039	2,202,209	-	-	2,538,039	2,202,209			
Other	632,236	312,725	156,226	33,360	788,462	346,085			
Total revenues	17,263,443	20,456,350	25,066,373	20,310,623	42,329,816	40,766,973			
_									
Expenses:									
General government	5,936,162	2,620,927	-	-	5,936,162	2,620,927			
Public safety	5,774,177	5,247,129	-	-	5,774,177	5,247,129			
Transportation	1,526,446	1,157,263	-	-	1,526,446	1,157,263			
Environmental protection	1,233,100	6,784,657	-	-	1,233,100	6,784,657			
Cultural and recreation	2,250,127	1,475,350	-	-	2,250,127	1,475,350			
Tourism	46,901	-	-	-	46,901	-			
Interest on long-term debt	104,971	147,026	-	-	104,971	147,026			
Water	-	-	3,127,833	3,086,872	3,127,833	3,086,872			
Wastew ater	-	-	13,326,427	12,266,799	13,326,427	12,266,799			
Non-major funds	-	-	2,481,856	2,171,404	2,481,856	2,171,404			
Total expenses	16,871,884	17,432,352	18,936,116	17,525,075	35,808,000	34,957,427			
Increase in net position									
before transfers and									
special item	391,559	3,023,998	6,130,257	2,785,548	6,521,816	5,809,546			
Transfers	(100,172)	(696,355)	100,172	696,355	-	-			
	, ,	, , ,	,	·					
Increase in net position	291,387	2,327,643	6,230,429	3,481,903	6,521,816	5,809,546			
Net position, beginning	38,973,319	38,480,875	50,672,395	46,732,903	89,645,714	85,213,778			
Restatement	(308,349)	(1,835,199)	-	457,589	(308,349)	(1,377,610			
Net position, beginning,	(555,510)	(1,000,100)		.57,550	(300,070)	(., 5 / / , 5 / 0			
restated	38,664,970	36,645,676	50,672,395	47,190,492	89,337,365	83,836,168			
Net position - June 30	\$38,956,357	\$38,973,319	\$56,902,824	\$50,672,395	\$ 95,859,181	\$89,645,714			
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Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the Town's net position by \$16,962. Revenues and expenses remained relatively similar to the prior fiscal year outside of the Hurricane funding the town received in 2018.

Business-type activities. The business-type activities increased the Town of Oak Island's net position. Net position increased by \$6,230,429. An increase in restricted bond revenue was the key component of the increase in net position.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Oak Island uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of Town of Oak Island reported a combined fund balance of \$19,510,628 with a net decrease in fund balance of \$386,823. Included in this change in fund balance are decreases in the fund balance of the General Fund and the Town's Other Governmental Funds. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Oak Island. At the end of the 2019 fiscal year, the fund balance for the Town of Oak Island's General Fund reached \$13,834,543. Of this, \$1,252,958 was restricted, \$106,511 represented non-spendable inventories and prepaid expenditures and \$271,569 was assigned by the Town for subsequent year's expenditures, leaving an unassigned fund balance of \$12,203,505 available for spending at the Town's discretion. The Governing Body of Town of Oak Island has determined that the Town should maintain an available fund balance of no less than 25% of general fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the Town. The Town's general fund currently has an available fund balance of 69.52% of governmental fund expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories:

- 1. Amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available.
- 2. Amendments made to recognize new funding from external sources, such as federal and State grants.
- 3. Increases in appropriates that become necessary to maintain services and obligations from prior years not completed.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Oak Island's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Town's proprietary funds at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$32,013,415. The change in net position for the Water, Wastewater and Other Enterprise Funds was \$807,168 \$4,449,348 and \$923,913 respectively. The change in net position in the Water Fund is a result of excess charges for service producing revenues that exceed the expenditures in the fund. The Wastewater Fund's increase in net position is due to lowered interest payments and depreciation in that Fund as well as the lowered costs associated with the refinancing of bonds. This is anticipated to occur in the early years of the system's operations and is offset by Sewer Assessment revenues and Sewer District Fees, which are both considered non-operating sources. Since the Water and Wastewater operations together form the Town's Enterprise System, the excess Water Fund revenues help to offset those in the Wastewater Fund for bond covenant coverage test purposes.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration Capital Assets

The Town of Oak Island's investments in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019, totals \$128,877,844 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investments in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, furniture and equipment, infrastructure (including distribution systems), and vehicles.

Town of Oak Island's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Figure 4

		•	guic 4				
	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-Type			
	Activ	rities	Activ	vities	Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Land and CIP	\$ 9,254,457	\$ 9,875,921	\$ 5,931,622	\$ 7,435,088	\$ 15,186,079	\$ 17,311,009	
Buildings	12,161,376	12,702,494	10,630,213	10,889,655	22,791,589	23,592,149	
Improvements	1,844,148	1,369,593	-	-	1,844,148	1,369,593	
Motor Vehicles	596,954	474,764	89,468	41,670	686,422	516,434	
Heavy Motor Vehicles	137,997	190,201	364,132	415,401	502,129	605,602	
Equipment	238,624	201,087	5,112,021	2,846,506	5,350,645	3,047,593	
Office Equipment	5,770	15,143	-	-	5,770	15,143	
Computers and electrical					-	-	
equipment	97,504	109,166	108	108	97,612	109,274	
Infrastructure	2,401,751	2,525,618	70,973,797	73,649,255	73,375,548	76,174,873	
Intangible assets	-	-	9,037,902	9,223,411	\$ 9,037,902	\$ 9,223,411	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 26,738,581	\$ 27,463,987	\$102,139,263	\$104,501,094	\$128,877,844	\$131,965,081	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term debt. As of June 30, 2019, the Town of Oak Island had total bonded debt outstanding of \$78,660,783. 100% of that amount represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (e.g. revenue bonds.) The Town of Oak Island has no outstanding bonded debt backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

Outstanding Liabilities

Figure 5

	Govern	me	ntal	Busines Activities						
	Activ	/itie	s				Total			
	2019		2018	2019		2018	2	2019		2018
Installment purchase	\$ 3,267,256	\$	4,900,883	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3	,267,256	\$	4,900,883
Revolving loans	-		-	8,134,9	94	8,817,344	8	,134,994		8,817,344
Revenue bonds	-		-	78,660,7	83	81,702,723	78	,660,783		81,702,723
Compensated absences	423,788		383,431	123,6	35	104,248		547,423		487,679
OPEB liability	2,456,914		2,449,166	1,283,4	42	1,282,579	3	,740,356		3,731,745
Net pension liability (LGERS)	1,568,291		992,585	519,6	10	328,134	2	,087,901		1,320,719
Total pension liability	724,322		682,477		-	-		724,322		682,477
Total outstanding debt	\$ 8,440,571	\$	9,408,542	\$ 88,722,4	64	\$ 92,235,028	\$ 97	,163,035	\$1	01,643,570

Town of Oak Island Outstanding Debt

North Carolina's general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a governmental unit can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of Oak Island is presently at \$214,110,184 (the amount of additional debt the town could obligate itself to under NC General Statute).

Additional information pertaining to the Town of Oak Island's long-term debt can be found in the notes of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town.

- The Town over the last three years has had continued growth in the number of new building permits issued. This growth will result in an increase to the Town's tax base and in an increase in water and wastewater revenues.
- All debt service payments are fully funded as required by North Carolina State Law. In the last few years, the Town has refinanced outstanding debt to reduce terms, utilize lower interest rates and in turn, save funds for the Town.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities: Town management will continue to prepare budgets to maintain spending where possible. The Town anticipates the funds produced by the increase in its tax base due to the increased building and an effort to reduce expenditures will be able to fund programs currently budgeted for and to build on reserves to fund future capital or operational needs.

Business-type Activities. The Sewer District Fee for utility system users (and potential users) remained the same with no increase. The Town continues to collect Wastewater Assessments to supplement the operations of the wastewater system. Management will continue to examine future rate increases for the generating of system revenues and to continue to reduce operating expenditures where feasible to enable the Town's system to maintain its services to the Town's utility customers.

Future Expenditures and Budget Priorities

The Town has signed a contract with an engineering firm to begin planning for the implementation of a long-term Beach Nourishment program. The funding of the Beach Nourishment program is still undetermined. Possible funding options are from multiple sources including ad valorem taxes, grants, assessments, etc.

Request for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to:

David Hatten, Finance Director Town of Oak Island 4601 E. Oak Island Drive Oak Island, NC 28465

One can also call (910)-278-5011 or visit the Town's website at www.oakislandnc.com for more information.

Basic Financial Statements

	Primary Government						Component Unit		
	G	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		Oak Island ABC Board	
ASSETS									
Current Assets									
Cash and Equivalent	\$	18,440,274	\$	29,659,398	\$	48,099,672	\$	350,254	
Taxes Receivables, Net		276,333		-		276,333		-	
Assessments Receivable		16,575		-		16,575		-	
Accounts Receivable, Net		203,486		2,868,079		3,071,565		-	
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-	
Due From Component Unit		129,161		-		129,161		-	
Inventories		13,111		512,755		525,866		199,574	
Prepaid Items		89,730		-		89,730		11,954	
Total Current Assets		19,168,670		33,040,232		52,208,902		561,782	
Non-current Assets									
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,252,958		8,894,518		10,147,476		290,627	
Restricted Receivables		-,,		1,357,549		1,357,549			
Accrued Interest on Restricted Assets		-		107,596		107,596		_	
Prepaid Bond Insurance		-		651,405		651,405		_	
Capital Assets				,		,			
Land, Non-depreciable Improvements,									
and Construction in Progress		9,254,458		5,931,622		15,186,080		101,178	
Other Capital Assets, Net of		0,20 1, 10		-,,-		.,,		,	
Depreciation		17,484,123		96,207,641		113,691,764		209,437	
Total Capital Assets	-	26,738,581		102,139,263		128,877,844		310,615	
Total Non-current Assets		27,991,539		113,150,331		141,141,870		601,242	
Total Assets		47,160,209		146,190,563		193,350,772		1,163,024	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pension Deferrals		1,416,460		400,056		1,816,516		54,056	
OPEB Deferrals		7,809		-		7,809		2,275	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,424,269	\$	400,056	\$	1,824,325	\$	56,331	

Statement of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2019

		C	Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities	••			
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts Payable and					
Accrued Expenses	\$ 738,679	\$ 465,029 \$	1,203,708	130,005	
Accrued Interest Payable	70,991	292,088	363,079	-	
Customer Deposits	76,289	103,815	180,104	-	
Due to Other Funds	-	-	-	-	
Due to Primary Government	-	-	-	129,161	
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities	1,633,628	3,896,303	5,529,931		
Total Current Liabilities	2,519,587	4,757,235	7,276,822	259,166	
Long-Term Liabilities					
Due In More Than One Year	2,057,416	83,023,109	85,080,525	-	
Net Pension Liability	1,568,291	519,610	2,087,901	39,618	
Total Pension Liability	724,322	-	724,322	-	
OPEB Liability	2,456,914	1,283,442	3,740,356	88,056	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	6,806,943	84,826,161	91,633,104	127,674	
Total Liabilities	9,326,530	89,583,396	98,909,926	386,840	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue	25,734	56,786	82,520	-	
Pension Deferrals	62,891	11,053	73,944	205	
OPEB Deferrals	212,966	36,560	249,526	34,905	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	301,591	104,399	405,990	35,110	
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted For:	23,471,325	24,785,594	48,256,919	310,615	
Stabilization by State Statute	282,879	-	282,879	-	
Streets	970,079	_	970,079	_	
Public Safety	, -	_	, -	_	
Environmental Protection	1,675,518	-	1,675,518	-	
Tourism	3,858,214	-	3,858,214	-	
Cultural and Recreation	142,353	-	142,353	-	
Other Functions	106,511	103,815	210,326	385,719	
Unrestricted	8,449,478	32,013,415	40,462,893	101,071	
Total Net Position	\$ 38,956,357	\$ 56,902,824 \$	95,859,181	5 797,405	

		Program Revenues				
				Operating	Capital	
			Charges	Grants	Grants	
			for	and	and	
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		Services	Contributions	Contributions	
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities:						
General Government	\$ 5,936,162	\$	1,940,618	\$ -	77,251	
Public Safety	5,774,177		1,448,140	-	-	
Transportation	1,526,446		-	318,358	-	
Environmental Protection	1,233,100		-	-		
Cultural and Recreation	2,250,127		212,042	-	79,240	
Tourism	46,901		-	-	-	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	104,971		-	-	-	
Total Governmental Activities	16,871,884		3,600,800	318,358	156,491	
Business-Type Activities:						
Water Operations	3,127,833		4,252,865	-	156,522	
Wastewater Operations	13,326,427		12,164,975	-	5,257,483	
Solid Waste Operations	1,374,879		1,138,700	-	4,619	
Golf Course Operations	230,718		150,772	-	1,100	
Stormwater Operations	587,441		347,328	-	-	
Pier Complex	288,818		11,384	-	1,424,399	
Total Business-Type Activities	18,936,116		18,066,024	-	6,844,123	
Total Primary Government	\$ 35,808,000	\$	21,666,824	\$ 318,358	\$ 7,000,614	
Component Units:						
Oak Island ABC Board	\$ 3,238,497	\$	3,267,242	\$ -	\$ -	
Total Component Units	\$ 3,238,497	\$	3,267,242	\$ -	\$ -	

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Primary Government

Functions/Programs	G	overnmental Activities	Вι	usiness-Type Activities	Total	C	omponent Units
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$	(3,918,293)	\$	-	\$ (3,918,293)	\$	-
Public Safety		(4,326,037)		-	(4,326,037)		-
Transportation		(1,208,088)		-	(1,208,088)		-
Environmental Protection		(1,233,100)		-	(1,233,100)		-
Cultural and Recreation		(1,958,845)		-	(1,958,845)		-
Tourism		(46,901)		_	(46,901)		-
Interest on Long-Term Debt		(104,971)		-	(104,971)		-
Total Governmental Activities		(12,796,235)		-	(12,796,235)		
Business-Type Activities:							
Water Operations		-		1,281,554	1,281,554		-
Wastewater Operations		-		4,096,031	4,096,031		_
Solid Waste Operations		-		(231,560)	(231,560)		_
Golf Course Operations		-		(78,846)	(78,846)		_
Stormwater Operations		_		(240,113)	(240,113)		_
Pier Complex		_		1,146,965	1,146,965		_
Total Business-Type Activities		-		5,974,031	5,974,031		-
Total Primary Government		(12,796,235)		5,974,031	(6,822,204)		-
Component Units:							
Oak Island ABC Board		-		-	-		28,745
Total Component Units	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	28,745
General Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property Taxes, Levied for General							
Purpose		7,867,466		-	7,867,466		-
Local Option Sales Taxes		2,150,053		-	2,150,053		-
Accomodations Taxes		2,538,039		-	2,538,039		-
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		122,189		154,502	276,691		2,867
Miscellaneous		506,930		1,724	508,654		-
Sale of Capital Assets and Materials		3,117		-	3,117		-
Total General Revenues		13,187,794		156,226	13,344,020		2,867
Transfers		(100,172)		100,172	-		-
Total General Revenues, Special Items,							
and Transfers		13,087,622		256,398	13,344,020		2,867
Change in Net Position		291,387		6,230,429	6,521,816		31,612
Net Position - Beginning Previously							
Reported		38,973,319		50,672,395	89,645,714		765,793
Restatement		(308,349)		-	(308,349)		-
Net Position Beginning Restated		38,664,970		50,672,395	89,337,365		765,793
Net Position -Ending	\$	38,956,357	\$	56,902,824	\$ 95,859,181	\$	797,405

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Majo	5				
	General	Ren	Beach ourishment	Total Non-Major Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 12,704,194	\$	676,879	\$ 5,059,201	\$	18,440,274
Restricted Cash	1,252,958	Ą	070,075	y 3,033,201 -	Y	1,252,958
Receivables (net):	1,232,336					1,232,336
Taxes	273,748		2,585	_		276,333
Assessments	16,575		2,363	_		16,575
Accounts	203,486		_	_		203,486
Due from Component Unit	129,161		_	_		129,161
Due from Other Funds	123,101		_	_		123,101
Inventories	13,111		_	-		13,111
			-	-		
Prepaids	89,730					89,730
Total Assets	\$14,682,963	\$	679,464	\$ 5,059,201	\$	20,421,628
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	678,684		-	59,995		738,679
Due to Other Funds	-		-	-		-
Customer Deposits	76,289					76,289
Total Liabilities	754,973			59,995		814,968
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF REOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue	25,734			-		25,734
Property Taxes Receivable	67,713		2,585	-		70,298
,			_,,,,,			,
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	93,447		2,585			96,032
FUND BALANCES						
Non Spendable						
Inventories	12,307		_	_		12,307
Prepaids	94,204		_	-		94,204
Restricted:	- 1,		_	_		
Stabilization by State Statute	282,879		_	-		282,879
Streets - Powell Bill	970,079		_	-		970,079
Public Safety	-		_	-		-
Environmental Protection	_		676,879	998,639		1,675,518
Tourism	_		-	3,858,214		3,858,214
Cultural and Recreation	_		_	142,353		142,353
Assigned				_ ,555		- ,555
Subsequent Year's Expenditures	271,569		_	_		271,569
Unassigned:	12,203,505		_	_		12,203,505
Total Fund Balances	13,834,543		676,879	4,999,206		19,510,628
			,	1,220,200		,0,020
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$14,682,963	\$	679,464	\$ 5,059,201	\$	20,421,628

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

		Go	Total overnmental Funds
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds		\$	19,510,628
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation	40,346,694 (13,608,113)		26 720 501
Accumulated depreciation	(13,006,113)		26,738,581
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds			1,416,460
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds			7,809
Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund state	ements		70,298
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial us therefore are not reported in the funds.	es and		
Installment notes payable	(3,267,256)		
Compensated absences payable	(423,788)		
OPEB Liability	(2,456,914)		
Net Pension Liability	(1,568,291)		
Total Pension Liability	(724,322)		(8,440,571)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the	ne funds		(62,891)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the f	unds		(212,966)
Other long term liabilities (accrued interest) are not due and payak	le in the		
current period and therefore are not reported in the funds			(70,991)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	38,956,357

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major	r Funds		
	General	Beach Renourishment	Total Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 7,880,492	\$ 520,293	\$ -	\$ 8,400,785
Other Taxes and Licenses	2,150,053		2,017,746	4,167,799
Unrestricted Intergovernmental	1,257,121	-	-	1,257,121
Restricted Intergovernmental	1,921,968	-	-	1,921,968
Sales and Services	674,427	-	-	674,427
Permits and Fees	212,042	-	-	212,042
Investment Earnings	122,189	-	-	122,189
Miscellaneous	82,675	404,075	20,180	506,930
Total Revenues	14,300,967	924,368	2,037,926	17,263,261
Expenditures Current:				
General Government	4,786,420	-	_	4,786,420
Public Safety	5,269,800	-	_	5,269,800
Transportation	1,708,263	-	-	1,708,263
Environmental Protection		1,181,386	51,714	1,233,100
Tourism	-	-	46,901	46,901
Cultural and Recreational	1,498,997		1,265,651	2,764,648
Debt Service:			, ,	, ,
Principal	1,633,628	-	-	1,633,628
Interest and Other Charges	110,269	-	-	110,269
Total Expenditures	15,007,377	1,181,386	1,364,266	17,553,029
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures	(706,410)	(257,018)	673,660	(289,768)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	272.064	500 000	020.402	4 004 056
Transfers from Other Funds	373,864	500,000	930,192	1,804,056
Transfers to Other Funds	(549,228)	-	(1,355,000)	(1,904,228)
Sales of Materials	2,410	-	-	2,410
Sales of Materials	707			707
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(172,247)	500,000	(424,808)	(97,055)
Sources (Oses)	(172,247)	300,000	(424,808)	(37,033)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(878,657)	242,982	248,852	(386,823)
Fund Balance - Beginning	14,713,200	433,897	4,750,354	19,897,451
Net Change in Fund Balance	(878,657)	242,982	248,852	(386,823)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 13,834,543	\$ 676,879	\$ 4,999,206	\$ 19,510,628

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (386,823	3)
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over the assets' estimated lives and reported as depreciation expense.			
This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation			
in the current period.	\$ 1,885,544		
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized Depreciation expense for governmental assets	(1,052,439)	833,105	5
Donation of Assets to Enterprise Funds		(1,591,27	1)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year			
are not included on the Statement of Activities		376,793	3
Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for			
the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities		35,690	0
OPEB benefit payments and administrative costs made in the			
current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		149,237	7
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current			
financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.			
Amount of Donated Assets Change in unavailable revenue for property tax revenues		10,091 (13,026	
Change in unavailable revenue for property tax revenues		(13,020	יו
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources			
to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of			
long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of			
governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net			
position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Principal payments on long-term debt	1,633,628		
Decrease in accrued interest payable	5,298	1,638,926	6
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require			
the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported			
as expenditures in governmental funds:	(
Compensated absences	(40,357)		
Pension Expense LGERS Pension Expense LEOSSA	(407,296) (76,060)		
OPEB plan expense	(237,622)	(761,335	5)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 291,387	7

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund						
_		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budg Positive (Negative	get
Revenues	<u>,</u>	7.746.776	¢ 7.746.776	¢	7,000,403	ć 422	746
Ad Valorem Taxes Other Taxes and Licenses	\$	7,746,776	\$ 7,746,776	\$	7,880,492	•	3,716
Unrestricted Intergovernmental		1,665,784 754,625	1,665,784 754,625		2,150,053 1,257,121		,269 2,496
Restricted Intergovernmental		1,935,071	1,961,441		1,921,968		,490 ,473)
Permits and Fees		469,500	469,500		674,427		,,473) 1,927
Sales and Services		139,900	139,900		212,042		,142
Investment Earnings		55,000	55,000		122,189		,189
Miscellaneous		21,102	21,102		82,675		,573
Total Revenues		12,787,758	12,814,128		14,300,967	1,486	
Expenditures Current							
General Government		2,309,462	3,600,262		4,786,420	(1,186	,158)
Public Safety		4,937,475	5,152,688		5,269,800	(117	,112)
Transportation		2,168,699	2,503,699		1,708,263	795	,436
Cultural and Recreation		1,078,334	1,623,779		1,498,997	124	,782
Debt Service							
Principal		1,633,628	1,633,628		1,633,628		-
Interest and Other Charges		139,104	139,104		110,269	28	,835
Contingency		-	-		-		-
Total Expenditures		12,266,702	14,653,160		15,007,377	(354	,217)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		521,056	(1,839,032)		(706,410)	1,132	,622
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers from Other Funds		886,754	1,768,410		373,864	(1,394	,546)
Transfers to Other Funds		(355,632)	(355,632)		(549,228)	(193	,596)
Sales of Capital Assets		-	-		2,410	2	,410
Sales of Materials		-	-		707		707
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	531,122	\$ 1,412,778	\$	(172,247)	\$ (1,585	,025)
Fund Balance Appropriated		(1,052,178)	426,254		-	426	5,254
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	-	(878,657)	(878	3,657)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year					12,707,380		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$ -	=	(878,657)	\$ (878	3,657)
Fund Balance - End of Year					11,828,723		
A legally adopted Capital Reserve Fund is consinto the General Fund for reporting purposes:		ted					
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	-				2,005,820		
Fund Balance - End of Year				\$	13,834,543		

Major Special Revenue Fund - Beach Renourishment Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Beach Renourishment Fund					
		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues						_
Other Taxes and Licenses Restricted Ad Valorem Tax Receipts Other Operating Revenues	\$	507,364	\$	507,364	\$ 520,293	\$ 12,929
Parking Citations		-		-	13,460	13,460
Delta Project Refund		-		-	390,615	390,615
Total Revenues		507,364		507,364	924,368	417,004
Expenditures Current Environmental Protection						
Engineering- Oak Island Master Plan		1,820,000		1,820,000	1,094,782	725,218
Engineering- FEMA Turtle Restoration		-		834,890	86,604	748,286
Total Environmental Protection		1,820,000		2,654,890	1,181,386	1,473,504
Total Expenditures		1,820,000		2,654,890	1,181,386	1,473,504
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,312,636)		(2,147,526)	(257,018)	1,890,508
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers from Other Funds		2,177,897		2,177,897	500,000	(1,677,897)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,177,897		2,177,897	500,000	(1,677,897)
Appropriated Fund Balance		865,261		30,371		30,371
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	242,982	\$ 242,982
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year					433,897	_
Fund Balance - End of Year					\$ 676,879	

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

	Мај	or Funds	Non-Major Funds	
	Water Fund	Wastewater Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total
	water runu	runa	Funus	TOTAL
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 15,191,216	\$ 14,121,518	\$ 346,664	\$ 29,659,398
Accounts Receivables (net):	933,379	1,660,998	273,702	2,868,079
Inventories	200,715	308,547	3,493	512,755
Total Current Assets	16,325,310	16,091,063	623,859	33,040,232
Non-Current Assets				
Restricted Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	103,815	8,790,703	-	8,894,518
Assessments Receivables (net):	-	1,239,012	-	1,239,012
Sewer District Fees Receivable (net)	-	118,537	-	118,537
Accrued Interest Receivable		107,596		107,596
Total Restricted Assets	103,815	10,255,848	-	10,359,663
Other Assets				
Prepaid Bond Insurance Costs	-	651,405	-	651,405
Capital Assets				
Land and Construction in Progress	145,068	3,304,611	2,481,943	5,931,622
Other Capital Assets, Net of				
Depreciation	4,834,384	90,410,962	962,295	96,207,641
Capital Assets	4,979,452	93,715,573	3,444,238	102,139,263
Total Non-Current Assets	5,083,267	104,622,826	3,444,238	113,150,331
TOTAL ASSETS	21,408,577	120,713,889	4,068,097	146,190,563
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension Deferrals	133,337	151,085	115,634	400,056
OPEB Deferrals		-		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF				
RESOURCES	\$ 133,337	\$ 151,085	\$ 115,634	\$ 400,056

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

	Majo	or Funds	Non-Major Funds	
	Water Fund	Wastewater Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities	ć 424 7 02	ć 100.422	ć 400.400	ć 424.404
Accounts Payable	\$ 134,783 12,312		\$ 100,198	\$ 424,404
Salaries Payable Accrued Interest Payable	12,312	16,816 292,088	11,497	40,625
Due to Other Funds	-	292,088	-	292,088
Customer Deposits	103,815	-	-	103,815
Compensated Absences Payable, Current	37,783	- 47,857	- 37,995	123,635
Installment Notes Payable, Current	57,765	47,637	37,333	123,033
Revenue Notes Payable, Current	_	697,668		697,668
Revenue Bonds Payable, Current	_	3,075,000	_	3,075,000
Total Current Liabilities	288,693	4,318,852	149,690	4,757,235
rotal Garrent Liabilities	200,033	1,310,032	113,030	1,737,233
Non-current Liabilities				
Other Postemployment Benefits	639,808	318,989	324,645	1,283,442
Net Pension Liability	163,954	211,477	144,179	519,610
Revenue Notes Payable, Non-current	-	7,437,326	, =	7,437,326
Revenue Bonds Payable, Non-current	-	75,585,783	-	75,585,783
Total Non-Current Liabilities	803,762	83,553,575	468,824	84,826,161
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,092,455	87,872,427	618,514	89,583,396
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unearned Revenue	43,421	13,365	-	56,786
Pension Deferrals	3,248	4,477	3,328	11,053
OPEB Deferrals	-	21,518	15,042	36,560
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	46,669	39,360	18,370	104,399
NET DOCUTION				
NET POSITION	4.070.453	16 264 004	2 444 220	24 705 504
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,979,452	16,361,904	3,444,238	24,785,594
Restricted Customer Deposits	103,815	-	103.000	103,815
Unrestricted	15,319,523	16,591,283	102,609	32,013,415
NET POSITION OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$ 20,402,790	\$ 32,953,187	\$ 3,546,847	\$ 56,902,824

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major	Funds	N <u>on-Major Fund</u> s	
	Water Fund	Wastewater Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total
Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 3,928,151	\$ 12,164,975	\$ 1,648,184	\$ 17,741,310
Other Operating Revenues	324,714			324,714
Total Operating Revenues	4,252,865	12,164,975	1,648,184	18,066,024
Operating Expenses				
Administration	267,859	-	294,586	562,445
Water Purchases	961,466	-	-	961,466
Waste Collection and Treatment	-	5,925,774	1,317,056	7,242,830
Maintenance	1,133,736	-	277,417	1,411,153
Other Operating	-	-	452,284	452,284
Depreciation	764,772	4,014,024	130,422	4,909,218
Total Operating Expenses	3,127,833	9,939,798	2,471,765	15,539,396
Operating Income (Loss)	1,125,032	2,225,177	(823,581)	2,526,628
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment Earnings	-	37,181	-	37,181
Assessment Interest	-	117,321	-	117,321
System Development Fees	-	539,546	-	539,546
Other Non-operating Revenue		1,724	-	1,724
Interest and Other Charges	-	(3,386,629)	-	(3,386,629)
Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	-	(2,690,857)		(2,690,857)
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and				
Transfers	1,125,032	(465,680)	(823,581)	(164,229)
Capital Contributions	156,522	4,717,937	1,420,027	6,294,486
Transfers In	25,614	600,000	374,036	999,650
Transfers Out	(500,000)	(352,909)	(46,569)	(899,478)
Change in Net Position	807,168	4,499,348	923,913	6,230,429
Net Position- Beginning	19,595,622	28,453,839	2,622,934	50,672,395
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 20,402,790	\$ 32,953,187	\$ 3,546,847	\$ 56,902,824

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Statement of Cash Flows-Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major Enter	prise Funds	Non-Major		
	Water	Wastewater	Enterprise		
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total	
	'				
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 3,965,585	\$ 12,518,330	\$ 1,649,683	\$ 18,133,598	
Cash Paid for Goods and Services	(1,903,780)	(4,711,692)	(1,610,031)	(8,225,503)	
Cash Paid to Employees	(684,607)	(1,012,065)	(712,952)	(2,409,624)	
Customer Deposits Received	55,946	-	-	55,946	
Customer Deposits Returned	(63,077)	-	-	(63,077)	
Other Operating Revenue	324,714			324,714	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in)					
Operating Activities	1,694,781	6,794,573	(673,300)	7,816,054	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Operating Grants Received	_	_	_	_	
Sale of Materials	_	_	_	_	
Transfers from Other Funds	25,614	600,000	374,036	999,650	
Transfers to Other Funds	(500,000)	(352,909)	(36,271)	(889,180)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital	(300,000)	(332,303)	(30,271)	(003,100)	
Financing Activities	(474,386)	247,091	337,765	110,470	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related					
Financing Activities					
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(263,444)	(678,381)	(76,881)	(1,018,706)	
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-	
Principal Paid on Debt	-	(3,632,441)	-	(3,632,441)	
Interest and Other Charges	-	(3,394,415)	-	(3,394,415)	
Sewer Assessment Interest	-	145,075	-	145,075	
Contributions	146,522	6,040,978	5,719	6,193,219	
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related					
Financing Activities	(116,922)	(1,519,184)	(71,162)	(1,707,268)	
Cash Flows Provided by Investing Activities					
Interest on Investments	_	37,181	-	37,181	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	_	37,181		37,181	
		37,101		0.,101	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and					
Cash Equivalents	1,103,473	5,559,661	(406,697)	6,256,437	
Cash and Cash Equivalents -July 1					
cash and cash Equivalents Sury 1	14,191,558	17,352,560	753,361	32,297,479	
				A 00	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30	\$ 15,295,031	\$ 22,912,221	\$ 346,664	\$ 38,553,916	

Statement of Cash Flows-Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major Enterprise Funds				Non-Major		
		Water	•	/astewater		nterprise	
		Fund		Fund		Funds	 Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities							
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	1,125,032	\$	2,225,177	\$	(823,581)	\$ 2,526,628
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities							
Depreciation		764,772		4,014,024		130,422	4,909,218
Changes in Assets and Liabilities (Increase) Decrease in:							
Receivables		37,434		353,355		1,889	392,678
Inventory		(70,408)		63,757		(390)	(7,041)
Deferred Outflows of Resources for							
Pensions		(51,512)		(47,157)		(45,807)	(144,476)
Deferred Outflows of Resources for							
OPEB		29,889		14,861		(550)	44,200
Increase (Decrease) in:							
Net Pension Liability		60,655		76,886		53,933	191,474
Deferred Inflows of Resources for							
Pensions		(6,014)		(7,544)		(5,159)	(18,717)
Deferred Inflows of Resources for							
OPEB		(29,645)		6,779		4,754	(18,112)
Accounts Payable		(164,553)		81,537		6,813	(76,203)
Customer Deposits		(7,131)		-		-	(7,131)
Unearned Revenue		(4,745)		1,495		-	(3,250)
Accrued Wages		3,259		3,757		(1,146)	5,870
Accrued Vacation Pay		7,748		6,783		4,856	19,387
OPEB Liability		-		863		666	1,529
Total Adjustments		569,749		4,569,396		150,281	 5,289,426
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating							
Activities	\$	1,694,781	\$	6,794,573	\$	(673,300)	\$ 7,816,054

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Assets	Total	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5	500
Total Assets	\$ 5	500
Liabilities		
Intergovernmental Payable	\$ 5	500
Total Liabilities	\$ 5	500

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Oak Island and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Oak Island is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the town and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the Town is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the Town's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Town.

Town of Oak Island ABC Board

The Town of Oak Island ABC Board is a municipal corporation, which is governed by a Board appointed by the town. In addition, the ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the Town. The Town of Oak Island ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the Town may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at Oak Island ABC Board, 5402 East Oak Island Drive, Oak Island, NC 28465.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including the fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for administration, police, inspections, and parks and recreation. Additionally, the Town has legally adopted Capital Reserve Fund. Under GASB 54 guidance the Capital Reserve Fund is consolidated in the General Fund. The budgetary comparison for the Capital Reserve fund has been included in the supplemental information.

Beach Tax Special Revenue Fund. This fund was developed after a Council approved split of the Accommodations tax fund and is used to account for the restricted tax revenues for beach re-nourishment.

Beach Re-Nourishment Special Revenue Fund. This fund is used to account for the continued environmental protection projects for our beaches

The Town reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Beach Preservation Special Revenue Fund. This fund is used to account for the donations that are restricted for publicizing and preserving the beach.

Accommodations Tax Special Revenue Fund. This fund is used to account for part of the accommodations tax revenues that are restricted for use for a particular purpose.

Pier Project Capital Projects Fund. This fund is used to account for the rebuilding of the Oak Island pier.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's water fund operations.

Wastewater Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's wastewater operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The Town reports the following non-major enterprise funds:

Solid Waste Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's solid waste operations.

South Harbour Golf Course Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's maintenance and operation of the golf course.

Sewer District Fee Fund. This fund is used to account for fees charged for the availability of sewer service. These fees can only be used for payment of debt of the wastewater system.

Storm Water Fund. This fund is used to account for fees charged for the Town's storm water operations.

Pier Complex Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's maintenance and operation of the pier complex.

The Town reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary Fund. Fiduciary funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. A fiduciary fund is used to report on assets held in trust for others.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's general ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered shared revenue for the Town of Oak Island because the tax is levied by Brunswick County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net positions available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Capital Reserve Fund, Accommodations Tax Fund, Beach Preservation Fund, Beach Tax Fund, Pier Project Fund, Water Fund, Wastewater Fund, Solid Waste Fund, South Harbour Golf Course Fund, Stormwater Fund, and Sewer District Fee Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project budget ordinances are adopted for the Capital Project funds. The Wastewater Capital Project Fund and the Sewer District Fee Fund are consolidated with the Wastewater Fund for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. The Town Manager is authorized to transfer appropriations within a fund as he sees necessary; however, the governing board must approve any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or change functional appropriations by more than \$1,000. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town and the ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's and the ABC Board's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at no cost. The securities of the NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price.

In accordance with State law, the Town has invested in securities which are callable, and which provide for periodic interest rate increases in specific increments until maturity. These investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income and considers all cash and investments to be cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the Town's enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. As a part of the 2009 Series, 2011 Series, 2015 Series, and 2017 Series Enterprise System Bond issuances, the Town established funds that could be drawn from as an assurance of the system's ability to meet annual debt payments. Those funds are held in special accounts that may be only used for this purpose should system revenues not be adequate to provide for the payments. These accounts are designated Debt Service Reserve accounts. Additionally, there are Interest Accounts where the interest drawn on these reserve accounts is deposited. The earnings in these accounts offset a portion of the interest expense associated with the related bond's next scheduled debt service payment. Unexpended loan funds in the Town Hall Replacement Project are also categorized as restricted because they only can be used for the purpose for which they were borrowed. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per NC G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41-4.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

3. Restricted Assets (Continued)

Town of Oak Island's Restricted Cash

Governmental Activities		
General Fund	Streets	\$ 970,079
	Stabilization by State Statute	282,879
Beach Renourishment Fund	Environmental Protection	676,879
Beach Tax Fund	Environmental Protection	998,639
Accomodations Tax Fund	Tourism	3,858,214
Beach Preservation Fund	Cultural and Recreation	89,399
Pier Project Fund	Cultural and Recreation	52,954
Total Governmental Activities		\$ 6,929,043
Business-type Activities		
Water Fund	Customer Deposists	\$ 103,815
Wastewater Fund	Unexpended Bond Revenue	8,790,703
Total Business-type Activities		\$ 8,894,518
Total Restricted Cash		\$ 15,823,561

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018. As allowed by state law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

6. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the Town are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The Town's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures as used rather than when purchased.

The inventories of the Town's general and enterprise funds consist of expendable supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of these inventories is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased. The cost of these inventories is expensed when sold rather when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization cost is \$5,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consisting mainly of road networks, are not reported, because the Town is a Phase III town under GASB 34, and is not required to report those assets. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Infrastructure	30
Utility Systems I	40
Utility Systems II	50
Utility Systems III	60
Buildings	40
Improvements	10-25
Motor Vehicles	5
Heavy Motor Vehicles	10
Computer and Electric Equipment	5
Office Equipment	10
Equipment	10
Intangible Assets	30

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

7. Capital Assets (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings	30-40
Furniture and Equipment	5-10
Paving	15

The Town and ABC Board evaluate prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether impairment of a capital asset has occurred. A capital asset is generally considered impaired if both (a) the decline in service utility of the capital asset is large in magnitude and (b) the event or change in circumstance is outside the normal life cycle of the capital asset. Impaired capital assets that will no longer be used by the Town are reported at the lower of carrying value or fair value. Impairment losses on capital assets that will continue to be used by the Town are measured using the method that best reflects the diminished service utility of the capital asset. Any insurance recoveries received as a result of impairment events or changes in circumstances resulting in the impairment of a capital asset are netted against the impairment loss.

8. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town currently has two items that meet this criterion, contributions made to the pension plan in the 2018 fiscal year and OPEB benefits paid. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The town has several items that meet the criterion for this category-prepaid taxes, property taxes receivable, prepaid assessments, assessments receivable, and pension deferrals.

9. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

9. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of both the Town and the ABC Board provides for the accumulation of up to two hundred forty (240) hours earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of compiling accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

Both the Town and the ABC Board's sick leave policies provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since neither the Town nor the ABC Board has any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

11. Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories – portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Prepaids – portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaid expenses, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)]. North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. This calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which is restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face sheet.

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Tourism – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for certain tourism related purposes. This amount represents the balance of the unexpended accommodations tax receipts.

Restricted for Cultural and Recreation – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for certain cultural and recreation related purposes. This amount represents the balance of funds restricted by donors for beach preservation as well as the pier project.

Restricted for Environmental Protection – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for certain environmental protection related purposes. This amount represents the balance of funds restricted for beach re-nourishment.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

11. Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town of Oak Island's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for Capital Projects - portion of fund balance committed by Town Council for certain capital project related purposes. This amount represents the balance in the legally budgeted capital reserve fund.

Committed for Transportation – portion of fund balance committed by Town Council for upcoming vehicle purchases.

Assigned Fund balance – portion of fund balance that the Town of Oak Island intends to use for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Oak Island has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-town funds, town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed by in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it in the best interest of the Town.

12. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Oak Island's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of Oak Island has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Significant Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statues

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the expenditures made in the Town of Oak Island's General Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the governing board for general government activities by \$354,217. The expenditures made in the Town of Oak Island's Solid Waste and Stormwater Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the governing board for business activities by \$301,754 and \$65,876 respectively. These over-expenditures occurred because of unplanned repair expenditures caused by Hurricane Florence. Management and the Board will closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town and the ABC Board are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's and the ABC Board's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town, the ABC Board, or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town and the ABC Board have no formal policy regarding custodial risk for deposits but rely on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Assets (Continued)

1. Deposits (Continued)

At June 30, 2019, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$49,455,395 and a bank balance of \$47,274,940. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2019, the Town's petty cash funds totaled \$1,050. The carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$639,381 and the bank balance was \$588,980. Of the bank balance, \$358,812 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was maintained in institutions collateralizing deposits using the pooling method. At June 30, 2019, the ABC Board's cash on hand totaled \$1,500.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town and the ABC Board have no formal policy regarding credit risk. At June 30, 2019 The Town's investment balances were as follows:

Investments by Type	Valuation Measurement Method	Book Value at 6/30/2019	Maturity	Rating
NC Capital Management Trust -		0.00,000		g
Government Portfolio	Market	\$ 347,137	N/A	AAAm
US Bank	Market	\$ 8,443,566	N/A	AAAm
Total:		\$ 8,790,703		

All investments were measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1 debt securities are valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' benchmark quoted prices.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Assets (Continued)

3. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts (Continued)

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2019 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

Enterprise Funds:	
Water Fund	80,329
Wastewater Fund:	
Wastewater Billing	75,391
Sewer District Fees	1,197
Solid Waste Fund	 29,820
Total Enterprise Funds	186,737
Total	\$ 186,737

A. Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Governmental activities:	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 9,756,584	\$ 742,077	\$ 1,244,204	\$ 9,254,457
Construction in progress	119,337	-	119,337	-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	9,875,921	742,077	1,363,541	9,254,457
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	17,359,495	-	216,384	17,143,111
Motor vehicles	1,886,442	257,935	25,818	2,118,559
Heavy motor vehicles	2,040,142	122,449	-	2,162,591
Equipment	1,421,831	97,639	12,500	1,506,970
Office equipment	177,840	-	-	177,840
Other structures/improvements	3,098,301	702,555	355,109	3,445,747
Computers/electrical equipment	800,556	15,092	-	815,648
Infrastructure	3,721,770	-	-	3,721,770
Total capital assets being depreciated:	30,506,377	1,195,670	609,811	31,092,236
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	4,657,001	435,564	110,830	4,981,735
Motor vehicles	1,411,678	135,745	25,818	1,521,605
Heavy motor vehicles	1,849,941	174,653	-	2,024,594
Equipment	1,220,744	47,602	-	1,268,346
Office equipment	162,697	9,373	-	172,070
Other structures/improvements	1,728,708	118,324	245,433	1,601,599
Computers/electrical equipment	691,390	26,754	-	718,144
Infrastructure	1,196,152	123,867	-	1,320,019
Total accumulated depreciation	12,918,311	1,071,882	382,081	13,608,112
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	17,588,066	_		17,484,124
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 27,463,987	_		\$ 26,738,581

A. Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 278,739
Public safety	590,732
Transportation	24,882
Cultural and recreational	 158,087
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,052,440

	Beginning			Ending
Business-type activities:	Balances	Balances Increases Decreases		Balances
Water Fund				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 135,068	\$ 10,000	\$ -	\$ 145,068
Construction in progress	2,462,274	-	2,462,274	-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,597,342	10,000	2,462,274	145,068
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	134,596	-	-	134,596
Motor vehicles	288,734	25,614	-	314,348
Equipment	439,765	2,700,103	-	3,139,868
Computers/electrical equipment	93,727	-	-	93,727
Utility systems I	1,973,903	-		1,973,903
Utility systems III	4,631,870	-	-	4,631,870
Total capital assets being depreciated:	7,562,595	2,725,717	-	10,288,312
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	79,595	2,197	-	81,792
Motor vehicles	265,479	10,332	-	275,811
Equipment	347,817	133,542	-	481,359
Computers/electrical equipment	93,619	-	-	93,619
Utility systems I	1,266,516	42,329	-	1,308,845
Utility systems III	2,636,130	576,372	-	3,212,502
Total accumulated depreciation	4,689,156	764,772	-	5,453,928
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,873,439	_		4,834,384
Water Fund capital assets, net	\$ 5,470,781	=		\$ 4,979,452

A. Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning						Ending	
Business-type activities:	Balances Increases De		ecreases	Balances				
Wastewater Fund								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	3,147,739	\$	156,872	\$	-	\$	3,304,611
Future treatment rights		285,397		-		-		285,397
Construction in progress		-		-		-		-
Total capital assets not being depreciated		3,433,136		156,872		-		3,590,008
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		13,266,014		-		-		13,266,014
Motor vehicles		110,070		51,228		-		161,298
Heavy motor vehicles		180,711		-				180,711
Equipment		8,329,446		574,653		-		8,904,099
Utility systems I		27,067		-		-		27,067
Utility systems II		85,279,342		-				85,279,342
Intangible assets		11,961,437		-		-		11,961,437
Total capital assets being depreciated:	1	19,154,087		625,881		-	1	.19,779,968
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		2,505,813		350,155		-		2,855,968
Motor vehicles		110,068		5,977		-		116,045
Heavy motor vehicles		180,711		-		-		180,711
Equipment		5,646,752		989,417		-		6,636,169
Utility systems I		12,371		-		-		12,371
Utility systems II		14,374,638		2,269,569		-		16,644,207
Intangible assets		2,810,026		398,906		-		3,208,932
Total accumulated depreciation		25,640,379		4,014,024		-		29,654,403
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	!	93,513,708	_					90,125,565
Wastewater Fund capital assets, net	\$	96,946,844	=				\$	93,715,573

A. Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Solid Waste Fund Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings \$ 5,304 \$ 0.0 \$ 29,534 23,250 Motor vehicles 52,784 -0.29,534 23,250 Heavy motor vehicles 999,138 -0.29,534 1,027,692 Total capital assets being depreciated: 1,057,226 -0.29,534 1,027,692 Buildings 3,277 1,057 -0.29,534 1,027,692 Motor vehicles 34,371 2,645 19,444 17,572 Heavy motor vehicles 34,371 2,645 19,444 17,572 Heavy motor vehicles 719,841 44,029 -0.2 763,871 Total accumulated depreciated, registrated assets being depreciated, registrated assets being depreciated, registrated assets being depreciated, registrated assets penale depreciated assets being depreciated assets registrated assets not being depreciated. 2899,737 becreases Belding South Harbor Golf Course Fund 88,000 \$ 0.0 \$ 1,404,610 \$ 0.0 \$ 1,404,610 \$ 0.0 \$ 1,404,610 \$ 0.0 \$ 1,404,610 \$ 0.0 \$ 0.0 \$ 0.0		begiiiiiiig					Lituing
Part Part		Balances		Increases	De	ecreases	Balances
Buildings \$ 5,304 \$. \$ 29,534 23,250 Motor vehicles 52,784 - 29,534 23,250 Heavy motor vehicles 999,138 - 29,534 23,250 Total capital assets being depreciated: 1,057,226 - 29,534 1,027,692 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings 3,277 1,057 - 43,34 Motor vehicles 34,371 2,645 19,444 17,572 Heavy motor vehicles 719,841 44,029 - 763,871 Total accumulated depreciation 757,489 47,731 19,444 785,777 Total capital assets being depreciated, net \$ 299,737 \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$.	Solid Waste Fund						
Motor vehicles 52,784 - 29,534 23,250 Heavy motor vehicles 999,138 - 29,534 1,027,692 Less accumulated accumulated depreciation for: 8,000 1,057,226 - 29,534 1,027,692 Buildings 3,277 1,057 - 4,334 Motor vehicles 34,371 2,645 19,444 17,572 Heavy motor vehicles 719,841 44,029 - 763,871 Total accumulated depreciation 757,489 47,731 19,444 785,777 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 299,737 241,915 Solid Waste Fund capital assets, net \$ 299,737 Decreases Balances Business-type activities: 8 Beginning Decreases Balances South Harbor Golf Course Fund Capital assets not being depreciated: 1,404,610 - - 1,404,610 Total capital assets being depreciated: 1,404,610 - - 1,404,610 Capital assets being depreciated: </td <td>Capital assets being depreciated:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Capital assets being depreciated:						
Heavy motor vehicles 999,138 - 999,134 Total capital assets being depreciated: 1,057,226 - 29,534 1,027,692 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 3,277 1,057 - 4,334 Motor vehicles 34,371 2,645 19,444 17,572 19,414 17,572 1,057 - 763,871 1,057 - 763,871 1,057 - 763,871 1,057 - 763,871 1,057 - 763,871 1,057 - 763,871 1,057 - 763,871 1,057 - 763,871 - 763,871 - 763,871 - 763,871 - 763,871 - 763,871 - 763,871 - 763,871 - 763,871 - 763,871 - 763,871 - 763,871 - 763,871 - 763,871 - 763,871 - 763,871 - 763,871 - \$61,41 - 861,41 - - 861,41	Buildings	\$ 5,304	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5,304
Total capital assets being depreciated: 1,057,226 - 29,534 1,027,692	Motor vehicles	52,784		-		29,534	23,250
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings 3,277 1,057 - 4,334 Motor vehicles 34,371 2,645 19,444 17,572 Heavy motor vehicles 719,841 44,029 - 763,871 Total accumulated depreciation 757,489 47,731 19,444 785,777 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 299,737 - 241,915 Solid Waste Fund capital assets, net \$ 299,737 Increases Decreases Balances Business-type activities: Balances Increases Decreases Balances South Harbor Golf Course Fund Balances Increases Decreases Balances Land \$ 1,404,610 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,404,610 Total capital assets not being depreciated: 1,404,610 - - 1,404,610 Capital assets being depreciated: 28,905 - - 98,205 Equipment 170,849 - - 269,054 Total capital assets being depreciated: 269,054	Heavy motor vehicles	999,138		-		-	999,138
Buildings 3,277 1,057 - 4,334 Motor vehicles 34,371 2,645 19,444 17,572 Heavy motor vehicles 719,841 44,029 - 763,871 Total accumulated depreciation 757,489 47,731 19,444 785,777 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 299,737 - 241,915 Solid Waste Fund capital assets, net 8eginning Increases Decreases Balances Business-type activities: 8eginning Increases Decreases Balances South Harbor Golf Course Fund 51,404,610 5 5 5 1,404,610 Total capital assets not being depreciated: 1,404,610 5 5 5 1,404,610 Capital assets being depreciated: 1,404,610 5 5 5 98,205 Equipment 170,849 5 5 98,205 Equipment 170,849 5 5 269,054 Total capital assets being depreciated: 269,054 5 5	Total capital assets being depreciated:	 1,057,226		-		29,534	1,027,692
Motor vehicles 34,371 2,645 19,444 17,572 Heavy motor vehicles 719,841 44,029 - 763,871 Total accumulated depreciation 757,489 47,731 19,444 785,777 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 299,737 241,915 \$ 241,915 Solid Waste Fund capital assets, net Beginning Decrease Balances Business-type activities: Balances Increases Decrease Balances South Harbor Golf Course Fund Land \$ 1,404,610 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,404,610 Total capital assets not being depreciated: 1,404,610 - \$ 1,404,610 - \$ 1,404,610 - \$ 1,404,610 - \$ 1,404,610 - \$ 1,404,610 - \$ 1,404,610 - \$ 1,404,610 - \$ 1,404,610 - \$ 1,404,610 - \$ 1,404,610 - \$ 1,404,610 - \$ 1,404,610 - \$ 1,404,610 - \$ 1,404,610 - \$ 1,404,610 - \$ 1,404,610 -	Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Heavy motor vehicles 719,841 44,029 - 763,871 Total accumulated depreciation 757,489 47,731 19,444 785,777 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 299,737 241,915 Solid Waste Fund capital assets, net 8eginning ncreases Decreases Balances Business-type activities: 8alances Increases Decreases Balances South Harbor Golf Course Fund Capital assets not being depreciated 1,404,610 □ □ 1,404,610 Total capital assets not being depreciated 1,404,610 □ □ 1,404,610 Capital assets being depreciated 98,205 □ □ 98,205 Equipment 170,849 □ □ 170,849 Total capital assets being depreciated: 269,054 □ □ 269,054 Less accumulated depreciation for: 25,779 2,455 □ 28,234 Equipment 91,972 9,806 □ 101,778 Total accumulated depreciation 117,751 12,261 <td< td=""><td>Buildings</td><td>3,277</td><td></td><td>1,057</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>4,334</td></td<>	Buildings	3,277		1,057		-	4,334
Total accumulated depreciation 757,489 47,731 19,444 785,777 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 299,737 241,915 Solid Waste Fund capital assets, net 299,737 Ending Beginning beginning Beginning Business-type activities: Balances Decreases Balances South Harbor Golf Course Fund Capital assets not being depreciated: 1,404,610 Decreases Balances Land 1,404,610 Decreases 1,404,610 Total capital assets not being depreciated 1,404,610 Decreases 1,404,610 Capital assets being depreciated: 28,205 Decreases 98,205 Equipment 170,849 Decreases 170,849 Total capital assets being depreciated: 269,054 Decreases 269,054 Less accumulated depreciation for: 25,779 2,455 Decreases 28,234 Equipment 91,972 9,806 Decreases 101,778 Total accumulated depreciation 117,751 12,261 Decreases	Motor vehicles	34,371		2,645		19,444	17,572
Total capital assets being depreciated, net 299,737 241,915 Solid Waste Fund capital assets, net 8eginning Ending Business-type activities: 8alances Increases Decreases Balances South Harbor Golf Course Fund Capital assets not being depreciated: Land \$1,404,610 - - \$1,404,610 Total capital assets being depreciated: 1,404,610 - - 1,404,610 Capital assets being depreciated: 98,205 - - 98,205 Equipment 170,849 - - 170,849 Total capital assets being depreciated: 269,054 - - 269,054 Less accumulated depreciation for: 25,779 2,455 - 28,234 Equipment 91,972 9,806 - 101,778 Total capital assets being depreciation 117,751 12,261 - 130,012 Total capital assets being depreciated. 151,303 - - 139,042	Heavy motor vehicles	719,841		44,029		-	763,871
Beginning	Total accumulated depreciation	757,489		47,731		19,444	785,777
Business-type activities: Balances Increases Decreases Balances South Harbor Golf Course Fund Capital assets not being depreciated: Variable of the properties of	Total capital assets being depreciated, net	299,737					 241,915
Business-type activities:BalancesIncreasesDecreasesBalancesSouth Harbor Golf Course FundCapital assets not being depreciated:SalancesIncreasesDecreasesBalancesLand\$ 1,404,610\$ - \$ - \$ 1,404,610Total capital assets not being depreciated1,404,610 1,404,610Capital assets being depreciated:Buildings98,205 98,205Equipment170,849 10,70849Total capital assets being depreciated:269,054 269,054Less accumulated depreciation for:Buildings25,7792,455- 28,234Equipment91,9729,806- 101,778Total accumulated depreciation117,75112,261- 130,012Total capital assets being depreciated, net151,303- 139,042	Solid Waste Fund capital assets, net	\$ 299,737					\$ 241,915
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land \$ 1,404,610 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,404,610 Total capital assets not being depreciated 1,404,610 1,404,610 Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings 98,205 98,205 Equipment 170,849 170,849 Total capital assets being depreciated: 269,054 269,054 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings 25,779 2,455 - 28,234 Equipment 91,972 9,806 - 101,778 Total accumulated depreciation 117,751 12,261 - 130,012 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 151,303 139,042	Business-type activities:			Increases	De	ecreases	_
Land \$ 1,404,610 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,404,610 Total capital assets not being depreciated 1,404,610 1,404,610 Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings 98,205 98,205 Equipment 170,849 170,849 Total capital assets being depreciated: 269,054 269,054 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings 25,779 2,455 - 28,234 Equipment 91,972 9,806 - 101,778 Total accumulated depreciation 117,751 12,261 - 130,012 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 151,303 139,042	South Harbor Golf Course Fund						
Capital assets being depreciated: 1,404,610 - - 1,404,610 Buildings 98,205 - - 98,205 Equipment 170,849 - - 170,849 Total capital assets being depreciated: 269,054 - - 269,054 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 25,779 2,455 - 28,234 Equipment 91,972 9,806 - 101,778 Total accumulated depreciation 117,751 12,261 - 130,012 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 151,303 139,042	Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings 98,205 - - 98,205 Equipment 170,849 - - 170,849 Total capital assets being depreciated: 269,054 - - 269,054 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings 25,779 2,455 - 28,234 Equipment 91,972 9,806 - 101,778 Total accumulated depreciation 117,751 12,261 - 130,012 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 151,303 139,042	Land	\$ 1,404,610	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,404,610
Buildings 98,205 - - 98,205 Equipment 170,849 - - 170,849 Total capital assets being depreciated: 269,054 - - 269,054 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings 25,779 2,455 - 28,234 Equipment 91,972 9,806 - 101,778 Total accumulated depreciation 117,751 12,261 - 130,012 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 151,303 139,042	Total capital assets not being depreciated	 1,404,610		-		-	1,404,610
Equipment 170,849 - - 170,849 Total capital assets being depreciated: 269,054 - - 269,054 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings 25,779 2,455 - 28,234 Equipment 91,972 9,806 - 101,778 Total accumulated depreciation 117,751 12,261 - 130,012 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 151,303 139,042	Capital assets being depreciated:						
Total capital assets being depreciated: 269,054 - - 269,054 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings 25,779 2,455 - 28,234 Equipment 91,972 9,806 - 101,778 Total accumulated depreciation 117,751 12,261 - 130,012 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 151,303 139,042	Buildings	98,205		-		-	98,205
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings 25,779 2,455 - 28,234 Equipment 91,972 9,806 - 101,778 Total accumulated depreciation 117,751 12,261 - 130,012 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 151,303 139,042	Equipment	170,849		-		-	170,849
Buildings 25,779 2,455 - 28,234 Equipment 91,972 9,806 - 101,778 Total accumulated depreciation 117,751 12,261 - 130,012 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 151,303 139,042	Total capital assets being depreciated:	269,054		-		-	269,054
Equipment 91,972 9,806 - 101,778 Total accumulated depreciation 117,751 12,261 - 130,012 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 151,303 139,042	Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Total accumulated depreciation 117,751 12,261 - 130,012 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 151,303 139,042	Buildings	25,779		2,455		-	28,234
Total capital assets being depreciated, net 151,303 139,042	Equipment	91,972		9,806		-	101,778
	Total accumulated depreciation	117,751		12,261		-	130,012
SHGC Fund capital assets, net \$ 1,555,913 \$ 1,543,652	Total capital assets being depreciated, net	151,303					 139,042
	SHGC Fund capital assets, net	\$ 1,555,913	•				\$ 1,543,652

Beginning

Ending

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Вє	eginning				Ending
Business-type activities:	В	alances	Increases	D	ecreases	Balances
Stormwater Fund						
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Motor vehicles		29,038	-		-	29,038
Heavy motor vehicles		173,751	-		-	173,751
Equipment		180,955	72,521		-	253,476
Infrastructure		37,154	-		-	37,154
Total capital assets being depreciated:		420,899	72,521		-	493,419
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		-	-		-	-
Motor vehicles		29,038	-		-	29,038
Heavy motor vehicles		27,511	17,375		-	44,886
Equipment		126,105	15,220		-	141,325
Infrastructure		10,426	1,238		-	11,664
Total accumulated depreciation		193,080	33,833		-	226,913
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		227,819				266,506
Stormwater Fund capital assets, net	\$	227,819				\$ 266,506

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginr	ning						Ending
Business-type activities:	Balan	ces		Increases	Deci	reases		Balances
Pier Complex Fund								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	-	\$	1,077,333	\$	-	\$	1,077,333
Total capital assets not being depreciated		-		1,077,333		-		1,077,333
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		-		216,383		-		216,383
Equipment		-		16,860		-		16,860
Infrastructure		-		474,446		-		474,446
Total capital assets being depreciated:		-		707,689		-		707,689
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		-		119,961		-		119,961
Equipment		-		12,500		-		12,500
Infrastructure		-		260,396		-		260,396
Total accumulated depreciation		-		392,857		-		392,857
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		-	_					314,832
Pier Complex Fund capital assets, net	\$	-	=				\$	1,392,165
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 104,50	1,094	=				\$ 1	.02,139,263

A. Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	В	eginning						Ending
Governmental activities:	В	alances	Inc	creases	Dec	reases	В	alances
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	101,178	\$	-	\$	-	\$	101,178
Total capital assets not being depreciated		101,178		-		-		101,178
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		330,523		-		-		330,523
Other improvements		15,000						15,000
Equipment and furniture		146,719		-		-		146,719
Total capital assets being depreciated:		492,242		-		-		492,242
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		141,157		8,263		-		149,420
Other improvments		15,000		-		-		15,000
Equipment and furniture		108,136		10,249		-		118,385
Total accumulated depreciation		264,293		18,512		-		282,805
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		227,949						209,437
ABC Board capital assets, net	\$	329,127					\$	310,615

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan and Post Employment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Oak Island and the ABC Board is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local government entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members — nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of Oak Island employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Oak Island's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018, was 8.50% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.75% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Oak Island were \$502,111 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions, or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported a liability of \$2,087,901 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the Town's proportion was .08801%, which was an increase of 0.00156% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$542,759. At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		D	eferred	
	Outflows of		ln	flows of	
	R	esources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	322,113	\$	10,809	
Changes of assumptions		554,048		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments		286,606		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between Town					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		16,435		34,261	
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		502,111		-	
Total	\$ 1	1,681,313	\$	45,070	

\$502,111 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 539,843
2021	356,189
2022	67 <i>,</i> 587
2023	170,513
2024	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ 1,134,132

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.5 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

B. Liabilities (Continued)

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

1%	Discount	1%					
Decrease	Rate	Increase					
(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)					
\$ 5,015,312	\$ 2,087,901	\$ (358,295)					

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description

The Town of Oak Island administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of credible service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five years or more of credible service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2017, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	1
Active plan members	23
Total	24

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statements 73.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Discount rate 3.64%

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2017.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

4. Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$20,641 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$724,322. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$76,060.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

4. Contributions (Continued)

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 107,928	\$ -
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	27,275	28,874
Benefit payments and plan administrative		
expenses made subsequent to the measurment date		
Total	\$ 135,203	\$ 28,874

No amount was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	24,915
2021	24,915
2022	24,915
2023	25,764
2024	4,930
Thereafter	890

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

4. Contributions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.64 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.64 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.64 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(2.64%)	(3.64%)	(4.64%)
Total pension liability	\$ 779,765	\$ 724,322	\$ 673,347

Town of Oak Island, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special SeparationAllowance June 30, 2019

	2019	
Beginning balance	\$	682,477
Service Cost	·	30,143
Interest on the total pension liability		21,002
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expeted and actual experience		
in the measurement of the total pension liability		52,430
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(26,040)
Benefit payments		(35,690)
Other changes	<u></u>	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	724,322

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

	LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
Pension Expense	\$ 542,759	\$ 76,060	\$ 618,819
Pension Liability	2,087,901	724,322	2,812,223
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.08801	n/a	0.08801
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	322,113	107,928	430,041
Changes of assumptions	554,048	27,275	581,323
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
plan investments	286,606	-	286,606
Changes in proportion and differences between	-	-	-
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	16,435	-	16,435
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequen	it		
to the measurment date	502,111	-	502,111
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	10,809	-	10,809
Changes of assumptions	-	28,874	28,874
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
plan investments	-	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	34,261	-	34,261

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may also make voluntary contributions to the plan. In addition, the Town has elected to match up to two percent of the contributions made by the employees not engaged in law enforcement to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan.

Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$117,498, which consisted of \$56,455 for general employees the Town and \$61,043 for the law enforcement officers. No amounts were forfeited.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

d. Other Postemployment Benefit

1. Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. Under the terms of a Town resolution, the Town administers a single employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). As of July 1, 2007, this plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the Town, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least 20 years of creditable service with the Town.

Prior to July 1, 2007, employees qualified for similar level benefits after a minimum of five years of creditable service with the Town. The Town pays the full cost of coverage for employees' benefits through private insurers and employees have the option of purchasing dependent coverage at the Town's group rates. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2007 who retire with a minimum of 20 years of credible service also have the option of purchasing coverage for themselves and dependents at the Town's group rate. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2007 who retire with less than 20 years of service are not eligible for postemployment benefit coverage. Retirees who qualify for coverage receive the same benefits as active employees. Coverage for all retirees who are eligible for Medicare will be transferred to a Medicare Supplemental plan after qualifying for Medicare. The Town Council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

An employee who has a minimum of fifteen years in the North Carolina Local Government Employees Retirement System ("NCLGERS"), and a minimum of five years of creditable service to the Town, and are fifty-five years of age or older may continue health insurance with the Town until age sixty-five. The retiree shall share the cost of coverage at the rate of 5% for every year of service to the NCLGERS below twenty-five years. Medicare supplemental insurance shall be offered to retirees sixty-five or older who meet the above criteria with all costs being borne by the retiree. Continuation of coverage for the retiree's spouse or family may be allowed until the retiree reaches age sixty-five, provided all costs are borne by the retiree.

An employee retiring from the Town of Oak Island who has a minimum of twenty-five years in the NCLGERS, a minimum five years of creditable service with the Town and who is fifty years of age or older, may continue health insurance coverage with the Town until age sixty-five at no cost to the retiree. Medicare supplemental insurance shall be offered to retirees sixty-five or older who meet the above criteria with all costs being borne by the retiree. Continuation of coverage for the retiree's spouse or family shall be available until the retiree reaches age sixty-five, provided all costs are borne by the retiree.

An employee retiring from the Town of Oak Island who has five continuous years of service with the Town, and thirty continuous years of service to the NCLGERS, regardless of age, may continue health insurance coverage with the Town until age sixty-five at no cost to the retiree. Medicare supplemental insurance shall be offered to retirees sixty-five or older who meet the above criteria with all costs being borne by the retiree. Continuation of coverage for the retiree's spouse or family may be allowed until the retiree reaches age sixty-five, provided all costs are borne by the retiree.

Under either of the above, service with the Town of Long Beach or Town of Yaupon Beach will qualify as service to the Town of Oak Island. The Town Council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

d. Other Postemployment Benefit (Continued)

1. Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

Membership in the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2017, the date of the latest actuarial valuation

	General	Law Enforcement
	Employees	Officers
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	11	-
Terminated plan members entitled to, but not		
yet receiving benefits	-	-
Active plan members	80	21
Total	91	21

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$3,740,356 was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary Increases	
General Employees	3.5 percent-7.5 percent
Law Enforcement Officers	3.5 percent-7.35 percent
Discount rate	3.89
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Pre-Medicare	7.5% for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate
	rate of 5.00% by 2023
Medicare	5.50% for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate
	rate of 5.00% by 2023

The discount rate is based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

d. Other Postemployment Benefit (Continued)

	Total	OPEB Liability
Balance at July 1, 2018	\$	3,731,745
Service Cost		184,147
Interest		129,385
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		
in the measurement of the total pension liability		8,969
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(117,515)
Benefit payments		(196,375)
Net changes		8,611
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	3,740,356

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.18% to 3.89%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustment for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010- December 31, 2014.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89%) than the current discount rate:

1%	Discount	1%
Decrease	Rate	Increase
(2.89%)	(3.89%)	(4.89%)
\$ 4,109,844	\$ 3,740,356	\$ 3,409,346

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. <u>Liabilities (Continued)</u>

1. Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

d. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
Town's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,294,907	\$ 3,740,356	\$ 4,272,106

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$273,798. At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Out	flows of sources	Infl	ows of ources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions and other inputs Benefit payments and plan administrative expenses made subsequent to the measurment date	\$	7,809 - -	\$ 2	108 49,418 -
Total	\$	7,809	\$ 2	49,526

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	39,734
2020	39,734
2021	39,734
2022	39,734
2023	39,734
Thereafter	(43,047)

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. <u>Liabilities (Continued)</u>

2. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one- year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employers who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump-sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest month's salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the postemployment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

3. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Resources</u>

The Town has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources are comprised of the following:

Source		Amount		
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year Benefit payments made and administrative expenses for LEOSSA	\$	502,111		
Benefit payments made and administrative expenses for OPEB		-		
Differences between expected and actual experience		437,850		
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		581,323		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings Changes in proportion and differences between Town		286,606		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		16,435		
Total	\$	1,824,325		

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Liabilities (Continued)

3. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Resources (continued)</u>

The balance in deferred inflows of resources is comprised of the following:

	Statement of		General Fund	
	Net Position		tion Balance She	
Prepaid Taxes (General Fund)	\$	25,734	\$	25,734
Prepaid Assessments (Water and Water Sewer Fund)		56,786		
Taxes receivable, less penalties (General Fund and Beach				
Renourishment Fund)		-		70,298
Changes in assumptions		278,292		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		10,917		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer		-		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		34,261		-
Total	\$	405,990	\$	96,032

4. Risk Management

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The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in two self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability, auto liability and workers' compensation in excess of \$1,000,000 and property in excess of \$500,000. The property liability pool has an aggregate limit for the total property losses in a single year, with the reinsurance limit based upon a percentage of the total insurance values.

The Town provides health, dental, vision and life insurance through a commercial vendor. Employee health claims are insured to with no lifetime limit. Employees can provide dependent if desired.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town carries flood insurance through the National Flood Insurance Program ("NFIP") for Town Hall. Town Hall was required to obtain flood insurance as part of their installment purchase agreement. The Town does not feel that additional flood insurance is necessary because the danger of flooding as defined by the insurance companies is low.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29 the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer and tax collector are bonded for \$100,000 and \$50,000 respectively. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$50,000.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Liabilities (Continued)

4. Risk Management (Continued)

The Town of Oak Island ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has property, general liability, auto liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage. The ABC Board also has liquor legal liability coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

5. Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2019, the Town was a defendant to the following claims and lawsuits. In the opinion of the Town's management and the Town Attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters could possibly have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position.

1.) Johnson, et al v. Oak Island. In December 2015; the Town was sued in Brunswick County Superior Court by the owners of several vacant, undeveloped properties located in the Town. The property owners assert a number of claims alleging that the Town's Sewer District Fee ("SDF"), which was authorized by the General Assembly in special enabling legislation enacted in 2006, is unconstitutional as it is currently being applied and administered by the Town. Plaintiffs claim that the fee is being applied and administered in ways that violate certain provisions of Article V of the North Carolina Constitution and the general equal protection and due process provisions found in Article I, Section 19 of the North Carolina Constitution. They seek to maintain the suit on their own behalf and on behalf of a class of persons consisting of the owners of all undeveloped lots and parcels within the sewer district. In addition to asking for declaratory and injunctive relief, the plaintiffs also pray for a refund of sewer district fees previously paid by the owners of the undeveloped properties in the district. In 2018 the Town moved for summary judgment in this case. The superior court judge presiding granted the Town's Motion and dismissed this case. The Plaintiffs thereafter appealed, and the case was heard in the North Carolina Court of Appeals in January of 2019. On July 2nd, 2019, the North Carolina Court of Appeals, by a vote of 2-1, reversed the Trial Court's dismissal of the case finding that the Town does not have the authority to assess the SDF against undeveloped parcels owned by the Plaintiffs 1 Nevertheless, one of the three North Carolina Court of Appeals' Judges that heard the appeal entered a dissenting opinion finding that the Town could lawfully charge the SDF. This is significant in that by lodging a dissent, the Town has a right to an immediate appeal to the North Carolina Supreme Court. The Town has appealed the Court of Appeals ruling to the North Carolina Supreme Court. That appeal will be heard before the Court on February 4, 2020. The North Carolina League of Municipalities and the Town of Holden Beach have both filed amicus curiae briefs in support of the Town's position on appeal and we believe the North Carolina Supreme Court will reverse the North Carolina Court of Appeals' decision and affirm the ruling of the trial court dismissing the case. If the trial court's decision is reversed, an adverse judgment could potentially impact the Town in two ways. First, if the Town is enjoined from applying and administering the sewer district fee in the current manner, then the Town will be required to identify a replacement source of revenue to support its outstanding bonded indebtedness associated with its sewer system. Second, if plaintiffs were to be successful on their claim for refund of fees paid in previous years, then the Town would incur an additional monetary liability. Because it cannot be determined at this stage of the litigation for which years, if any, a refund might be ordered, the Town cannot presently quantify this contingency with any reasonable certainty. This is particularly so given that there has been no class certification at this time.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Liabilities (Continued)

- 5. <u>Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities (Continued)</u>
- builder who alleges it paid "impact fees" (water and sewer capacity or impact fees) to the Town. The suit was filed on July 10, 2019. The Plaintiff is attempting to certify as a class all developers/persons who paid such fees to the Town within the three years preceding the filing of the suit. The Interlocal Risk Financing Fund of North Carolina (the Town's risk pool) retained Dan Hartzog, Jr. to defend the action. Mr. Hartzog and his firm are defending several other similar suits filed throughout the State of North Carolina. This case is presently in the discovery phase. The Town is vigorously defending and intends to proceed to the highest level of appellate court if the Town does not prevail. The Town predominant defense that all impact fees charged to builders and developers were equitable and just and represent costs associated with said builders and developers use of the existing water and sewer systems, not for future expansion of the town's systems. The Town will move for summary judgment in this case at the conclusion of discovery. If the Court rules in favor of the Plaintiff on the merits and on class action certification and enters judgment accordingly, the Town will then appeal to the North Carolina Court of Appeals. Any decision from the North Carolina Court of Appeals would take over a year; and the appeal could be further prolonged by

2). CFL Homes v Town of Oak Island This action is a potential class action against the Town brought by a

Because of the uniqueness of the Town's defense in this action, there are no similar cases that allow an accurate prediction of the outcome. The most that I can say is that, in my opinion, the Town has the better position on liability. Part of the problem in making prediction in this action is that the decision from our appellate courts is subject to the political makeup of the appellate court that ultimately addresses the issues. The composition of the Court of Appeals' judges hearing any given matter is always an unknown. The composition of the North Carolina Supreme Court could change before this case is finally decided.

at least another year if either party appeals to the North Carolina Supreme Court.

If the Town were to lose on liability, and if class action is certified, the Town could face significant liability, however, that number is unknown at this time. This case is only six months old and the Town is presently assessing the amount of impact fees at issue.

3). *Cashwell, et al v. Town of Oak Island* This case was initially filed August 30, 2019, constitutes Brad Johnson's fourth challenge to Oak Island's SDF (see discussion on Johnson, el al v. Oak Island, above). The Complaint and First Amended Complaint purport to assert claims, among other matters, for violation of equal protection and taking of property without just compensation in violation of the United States Constitution. Similar claims under the Constitution of the State of North Carolina are argued by counsel for Mr. Johnson and his wife in the Johnson, el al v. Oak Island appeal presently pending before the Supreme Cou11 of North Carolina. There is no real distinction between the Plaintiffs' state and federal constitutional claims. The Supreme Court of North Carolina has held, the requirements of equal protection and due process are, for all practical purposes, are the same under both the State and Federal Constitutions. This case and the case before the Supreme Court both involve Mr. Johnson and his wife's contentions as to constitutionality of the sewer district fee. Resolution of the constitutional claims by the Supreme Court of North Carolina Johnson, el al v. Oak Island discussed above govern this disposition of this case. Accordingly, this case presents no additional liability to the Town other than to which the Town may be exposed as discussed above regarding Mr. Johnson's previously filed case.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

6. Long-Term Obligations

a. Installment Purchases

The Town has entered into various installment purchase contracts to finance the acquisition and renovation of various land and facilities. These installment purchase contracts are outlined as follows:

Governmental Activities

On July 1, 2015, the Town entered into an installment purchase contract with BB&T for construction of police headquarters, due in annual principal installments of \$320,000 plus interest of 2.25% through September 2021.

On July 1, 2015 the Town entered into an installment purchase contract with BB&T for construction of fire stations at Yaupon Beach and South Harbour, due in annual principal installments of \$572,100 plus interest of 2.25% through September 2021.

On July 1, 2015, the Town entered into an installment purchase contract with BB&T for additional financing for the construction of police headquarters, due in annual principal installments of \$153,528 in odd years, and \$158, 528 in even years, plus interest of 2.25% through September 2021.

On July 1, 2015, the Town entered into an installment purchase contract with BB&T for the construction of Town Hall, due in annual principal installments of \$588,000 plus interest of 2.25% through September 2021.

Annual debt service payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2019, including \$139,104 of interest, are as follows:

	Governmental-Type Activites		
Years Ending June 30:	Principal		Interest
2020	1,633,628		92,736
2021	 1,633,628		46,368
Total	\$ 3,267,256	\$	139,104

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

6. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

b. Revolving Loans

In January 2008, the Town entered into a \$9,000,000 revolving loan from the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources for a sanitary sewer project. The revolving loan requires bi-annual interest payments due on November 1 and May 1 and an annual principal payment due on May 1; interest is at 2.10%. Through June 30, 2013 the Town had drawn \$7,525,146. The period for withdrawals has expired and there will be no future withdrawals.

Additionally, in March 2009, the Town was approved for a second revolving loan from the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources in the amount of \$8,500,000 for a sanitary sewer project. The revolving loan requires bi-annual interest payments due on November 1 and May 1 and an annual principal payment due on May 1; interest is at 2.48%. Through June 30, 2013 the Town had drawn \$6,579,167. The period for withdrawals has expired and there will no future withdrawals.

Annual debt service payments of the revolving loans as of June 30, 2019, including \$1,110,612 of interest, are as follows:

	Business-type Activities			
Years Ending June 30:	Principal	Interest		
2020	697,867	186,013		
2021	713,739	170,141		
2022	729,974	153,906		
2023-2027	3,906,725	512,675		
2028-2033	2,086,689	87,877		
Total	\$ 8,134,994	\$ 1,110,612		

c. Revenue Bonds

\$10,670,000 Enterprise System Bonds, series 2011, net of \$77,888 issuance discount issued for wastewater system improvements. Principal installments are due annually on June 1 with semiannual interest payments due on December 1 and June 1, at an annual interest rate of 2.25% to 5.75%.

321,935

\$41,110,000 Enterprise System Bonds, series 2015, net of \$4,298,140 issuance premium issued for wastewater system improvements. Principal installments are due annually on June 1 with semiannual interest payments due on December 1 and June 1, at an annual interest rate of 2.25% to 5.00%.

44,031,712

\$32,695,000 Enterprise System Bonds, series 2017, net of \$3,030,944 issuance premium issued for wastewater system improvements. Principal installments are due annually on June 1 with semiannual interest payments due on December 1 and June 1, at an annual interest rate of 3.00% to 5.00%.

34,307,136

\$ 78,660,783

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

6. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

c. Revenue Bonds

The future payments of the revenue bonds are as follows:

Years Ending June 30:	Principal	Interest
2020	3,400,584	3,262,632
2021	3,558,630	3,111,319
2022	3,718,630	2,949,819
2023	3,888,630	2,780,319
2024	4,068,630	2,602,319
2025-2029	23,248,150	10,065,846
2030-2034	28,163,150	5,175,582
Thereafter	8,614,379	369,388
Total	\$ 78,660,783	\$ 30,317,224

The Town has been in compliance with the covenants as to rates, fees, rental, and charges in Section 704 of the Bond Order, authorizing the issuance of the Enterprise System Bonds, Series 2008A, 2009, 2011, 2015, and 2017. Section 704(A) of the Bond Order requires the sum of (i) Income available for debt service for such fiscal year and (ii)) 15% of the balance in the Revenue Fund as of the last day of the preceding fiscal year will not be less than the sum of (1) 120% of the long-term debt service requirement for parity indebtedness for such fiscal year and (2) 100% of the long-term debt service requirement for subordinated indebtedness, System G.O. indebtedness and System Other Indebtedness for such fiscal year. Section 704(B) requires income available for debt service for such fiscal year will not be less than 100% of the long-term debt service requirement for parity indebtedness, subordinated indebtedness, System G.O. indebtedness and System Other Indebtedness for such fiscal year.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

6. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

c. Revenue Bonds (Continued)

The debt service coverage calculation for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Operating and Non-operating Revenues	\$ 10,579,206
Sewer District Fee	6,954,005
Sewer Assessment Revenue	852,535
Total Revenues*	18,385,746
Current Expenses**	(8,310,300)
Income Available for Debt Service	10,075,446
15% of the Balance of the Revenue Fund	3,892,949
Total	13,968,395
100% of the Long Term Debt Service requirement for parity indebtedness, subordinated indebtedness, System G.O. indebtedness, and System Other Indebtedness for 2019. Additional 20% of the Long Term Debt Service Requirement for Parity Indebtedness for 2019. Total	\$ 7,221,396 1,267,486 8,488,882
Coverage Test 704(a)	1.65
Coverage Test 704(b)	1.40

^{*}In accordance with the Revenue Bond trust agreement assessment revenues shall be included in revenues if and to the extent specified in the Officer's Certificate filed in such fiscal year. In the current year \$852,535 in assessment revenue was included.

The Town has pledged future water and wastewater customer revenues, net of specified current expenses, to repay \$78,660,783 in water and wastewater revenue bonds issued in January 2011 and July 2015, and February 2017. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the extension to the wastewater system to the entire island. The bonds are payable solely from water and wastewater income available for debt service and are payable through 2036. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds, net of issuance premium, is \$110,227,723. Principal and interest paid for the current year was \$7,221,397. Section 706 (b) of the Bond Order requires that the amount held by the Trustee be reported in the audit report.

^{*}Per rate covenants, this does not include depreciation expense of \$4,778,976.

^{**} Per rate covenants, this does not include revenue bond interest expense of \$3,588,956.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. <u>Liabilities (Continued)</u>

6. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

c. Revenue Bonds (Continued)

At June 30, 2019 US Bank and North Carolina Cash Management Trust as Trustees for the Town of Oak Island held the following deposits:

Enterprise Systems Bonds, Series 2009 Special Reserve Account	\$ -
Enterprise Systems Bonds, Series 2011 Special Reserve Account	346,595
Enterprise Systems Bonds, Series 2015 Special Reserve Account	214
Enterprise Systems Bonds, Series 2017 Special Reserve Account	8,443,894
Total on deposit with trustee	\$ 8,790,703

d. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Beginning			Ending	Current
	Balances	ncreases	Decreases	Balance	Portion
Governmental activities:					
Installment purchase	\$ 4,900,883	\$ -	\$ (1,633,627)	\$ 3,267,256	\$ 1,633,628
Compensated absences	383,431	40,357	-	423,788	-
Other postemployment benefits	2,449,166	7,748	-	2,456,914	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)	992,585	575,706	-	1,568,291	-
Total Pension Liability	682,477	 41,845		724,322	
Governmental activity					
long-term liabilities	\$ 9,408,542	\$ 665,656	\$ (1,633,627)	\$ 8,440,571	\$ 1,633,628
		 ·			
Business-type activities:					
State revolving loan	8,817,344	-	(682,350)	8,134,994	682,151
Revenue bonds	81,702,723	-	(3,041,940)	78,660,783	3,214,152
Net pension liability (LGERS)	328,134	191,476		519,610	-
Other postemployment benefits	1,282,579	863	-	1,283,442	-
Compensated absences	104,248	 19,387		123,635	
Business-type activities					
long-term liabilities	\$ 92,235,028	\$ 211,726	\$ (3,724,290)	\$ 88,722,464	\$ 3,896,303

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2019, consist if the following:

From the General Fund to the Pier Complex Fund	\$ 233,076
From the General Fund to the Pier Project Fund	166,152
From the General Fund to the South Harbour Golf Course Fund	50,000
From the General Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund	175,000
From the Accomodations Fund to the Pier Project Fund	855,000
From the Beach Tax Fund to the Beach Beach Renourishment Fund	500,000
From the Pier Project Fund to the Pier Complex Fund	90,960
From the Water Fund to the Wastewater	500,000
From the Wastewater Fund to the Water Fund	25,614
From the Wastewater Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund	327,295
From the Capital Reserve Fund to the General Fund	522,368
From the Capital Reserve Fund to the Wastewater Fund	100,000
From the Solid Waste Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund	36,469
From the South Harbour Golf Course Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund	5,000
From the Sewer District Fund to the Wastewater Fund	3,620,650
From the Stormwater Fund to the Stormwater Capital Reserve Fund	5,100
Total	\$ 7,212,684

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs and projects that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as matching funds for various grant programs.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made a one-time transfer from the General Fund to the Pier Complex Fund of \$233,076 for repairs of the Pier Complex.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made a one-time transfer from the General Fund and the Accommodations Fund to the Pier Project Fund of \$166,152 and \$855,000 respectively to finance the building of the Oak Island Pier.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made a one-time transfer from the General Fund to the South Harbour Golf Course Fund of \$50,000 to assist with the funding of the maintenance of the Golf Course.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made transfers of \$175,000 from the General Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund for future capital outlay.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made a one-time transfer from the Beach Tax Fund to the Beach Renourishment Fund of \$500,000 to assist with beach renourishment costs caused by Hurricane Florence.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

C. Interfund Balances and Activity (Continued)

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made a one-time transfer from the Pier Project Fund to the Pier Complex fund of \$90,960 for repairs to the Pier Complex. This money was incorrectly allocated for the pier itself and should have been transferred to the Pier Complex.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made a one-time transfer from the Water Fund to the Wastewater Fund of \$500,000 to assist in the funding of the debt service of the Wastewater Fund.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made a one-time transfer from the Wastewater Fund to the Water Fund of \$25,614 for the purchase of a vehicle which was originally appropriated for the Wastewater Fund.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made a one-time transfer from the Wastewater Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund of \$327,295 for future capital outlay.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made transfers from the Capital Reserve Fund to the General Fund of \$407,368 for the purchase of police cars and public safety equipment and \$115,000 for capital outlay of the Middleton park project.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made a one-time transfer from the Capital Reserve Fund to the Wastewater Fund of \$100,000 for the purchase of equipment.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made a one-time transfer from the Solid Waste Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund of \$36,469 for future capital outlay.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made a one-time transfer from the South Harbour Golf Course Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund of \$5,000 for future capital outlay.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made a one-time transfer from the Sewer District Fund to the Wastewater Fund of \$3,620,650 to assist in the funding of the debt service of the Wastewater Fund.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made a one-time transfer from the Stormwater Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund of \$5,100 for future capital outlay.

Assets were donated to and from various funds during the 2019 fiscal year. These assets were better utilized in other areas of the Town's operations. The following assets were donated during the year:

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made a one-time donation of land, buildings, equipment and other structures from the General Fund to the Pier Complex Fund of \$1,077,333, \$105,554, \$1,229, \$240,284 respectively. The town began operations of the Pier Complex during the fiscal year.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made a one-time donation of land from the General Fund to the Wastewater Fund of \$156,872.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made a one-time donation of land from the General Fund to the Water Fund of \$10,000.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the Town made a one-time donation of a vehicle from the Solid Waste Fund to the General Fun with a net book value of \$10,091.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

D. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total Fund Balance - General Fund	\$ 13,834,543
Less:	
Inventories	12,307
Prepaids	94,204
Stabilization by State Statute	282,879
Streets-Powell Bill	970,079
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2020 budget	271,569
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 12,203,505

IV. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

A. Cape Fear Council of Governments

The Town in Conjunction with four counties and forty other municipalities established the Cape Fear Council of Governments ("Council"). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The Town paid membership fees of \$1,391 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Complete financial information for the Council can be obtained from the Council's administrative offices at 1480 Harbour Drive, Wilmington, NC 28401.

B. Brunswick County Airport Commission

The Town in conjunction with Brunswick County and the Town of Southport established the Brunswick County Airport Commission. The purpose of the Commission is to acquire land, establish, construct, own, control, lease, equip, improve, maintain, operate, and regulate airports or landing fields within the County, to provide and maintain an airport facility for the use of the general aviation public and to promote the economic development of Brunswick County. The Town of Oak Island appoints two members and the Town of Southport appoints one member to the Commission while Brunswick County appoints a total of four. The Town is not obligated to furnish any funds to the Commission, but in the past has made contributions, during the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town made no contributions to the Commission. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the Commissions, so no equity interest has been reflected in the Town's financial statements at June 30, 2018. Complete financial information for the Airport Commission can be obtained at the airport's administrative offices at 380 Long Beach Road, Southport, NC 28461.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

IV. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION (Continued)

C. West Brunswick Regional Water Reclamation Facility

The Facility is owned, operated and maintained by Brunswick County, The Town of Oak Island, Town of Holden Beach, Town of Shallotte and the County have entered into a wastewater service agreement for a portion of the treatment capacity in the plant. Currently the Town of Oak Island is allocated treatment of three million gallons per day. Each participant is charged capacity service fees based on their share of capacity in the plant. Participants are also charged treatment service fees based on their share of capacity in the plant, Participants are also charged treatment service fees based on metered flow they send to the plant. The participant fees and costs allocation to the County for their flow are combined so that the operating and maintenance costs of the plant are recovered by county retail revenues and participant service fees on a proportional and breakeven basis. Each participant can appoint one representative and one alternate to an Oversight Committee. This committee makes budget and operating recommendations to the County Commissioners. During the year ended June 30, 2019 the Town of Oak Island recorded \$2,818,998 in capacity fees and \$541,931 in service fees to Brunswick County.

V. SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

VI. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events occurring after June 30, 2019 were evaluated by management on January 24, 2020 to ensure that any subsequent events that met the criteria for recognition and or disclosure in these financial statements have been included. In management's opinion, there are no events that require disclosure in these financial statements.

VII. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES/RESTATEMENT

A. Prior Period Adjustments and Restatements

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Town determined that deferred outflows and inflows for OPEB were incorrectly calculated. The net effect of the restatement decreased the net position by \$308,349.

Required Supplementary

Financial Data

Town of Oak Island's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Five Fiscal Years* Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Oak Island's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (%)	0.08801%	0.08645%	0.08699%	0.09498%	0.09820%
Oak Island's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (\$)	\$ 2,087,901	\$ 1,320,717	\$ 1,846,219	\$ 426,265	\$ (579,307)
Oak Island's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 5,743,021	\$ 5,266,305	\$ 5,453,950	\$ 5,142,211	\$ 4,448,635
Oak Island's Proportion Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its					
Covered-Employee Payroll	36.36%	25.08%	33.85%	8.29%	-13.02%
Plan fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension/Liability**	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30. Additional years' information will be presented as it becomes available.

^{**}This percentage is the same for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

Town of Oak Island's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Five Fiscal Years Local Government Employee's Retirement System

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 502,111	\$ 444,399	\$ 397,390	\$ 372,877	\$ 367,082
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	502,111	444,399 -	397,390	371,073 1,804	380,603 (13,521)
Oak Island's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 6,312,651	\$ 5,743,021	\$ 5,266,305	\$ 5,453,950	\$ 5,142,211
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	7.95%	7.74%	7.55%	6.80%	7.40%

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2019

	 2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 682,477 \$	519,423 \$	518,458
Service Cost	30,143	27,560	26,520
Interest on the total pension liability	21,002	19,651	17,963
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience			
in the measurement of the total pension liability	52,430	95,673	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(26,040)	40,811	(12,934)
Benefit payments	(35,690)	(20,641)	(30,584)
Other changes	-	-	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 724,322 \$	682,477 \$	519,423

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior year ending December 31.

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2019

	 2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability Covered payroll Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 724,322 1,256,034 57.67%	\$ 682,477 1,168,794 58.39%	\$ 519,423 1,083,115 47.96%

Notes to the schedules:

Town of Oak Island has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 73 to pay related benefits.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2019

Total OPEB Liability	 2019		2018	
Service Cost	\$ 184,147	\$	198,295	
Interest	129,385		111,618	
Changes of benefit terms	-		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience	8,969		(146)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(117,515)		(198,451)	
Benefit payments	(196,375)		(174,331)	
Net Change in total OPEB liability	 8,611		(63,015)	
Total OPEB liability-beginning	3,731,745	3	3,794,760	
Total OPEB liability-ending	3,740,356		3,731,745	
	 ·			
Covered payroll	\$ 4,408,979	\$ 4	4,408,979	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	84.83%		84.64%	

Notes to Schedule

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumption and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year	Rate
2019	3.89%
2018	3.18%

Individual Fund Statements and Schedules Governmental Funds

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Ad Valorem Taxes			
Current Year	\$	\$ 7,469,004	Ś
Prior Years	*	45,487	т
Motor Vehicle Tax		318,294	
Penalties and Interest		47,707	
Total Ad Valorem Taxes	7,746,776		133,716
Other Taxes and Licenses			
Local Option Sales Tax			
1%		831,588	
1/2% 40		457,552	
1/2% 42		428,626	
1/2% 44		432,287	
Total Other Taxes and Licenses	1,665,784	2,150,053	484,269
Unrestricted Intergovernmental			
Beer and Wine Tax		32,964	
Utility Franchise Tax		773,178	
Telecommunications Tax		20,841	
Video Programming Revenue		145,606	
ABC Profit Distribution		284,532	
Total Unrestricted Intergovernmental	754,625	1,257,121	502,496
Restricted Intergovernmental			
NC Control Substance Tax Distribution		1,438	
PARTF Grant		79,240	
Brunswick County Transit Grant		10,000	
Brunswick County Fire District Fees		1,446,702	
State Street Aid Allocation		308,358	
FEMA Reimbursement		60,385	
CAMA Reimbursement		6,775	
Veterans Park Brick Donations		9,070	
Total Restricted Intergovernmental	1,961,441	1,921,968	(39,473)
Permits and Fees			
Homeowners Recovery Fund		2,590	
Building Permits		432,002	
Inspection Fees		146,066	
Other Permits and Fees		93,769	
Total Permits and Fees	\$ 469,500	\$ 674,427	204,927

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Continued)

Budget and Actual

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Sales and Services			
Recreation Department Fees	\$ \$	140,034	\$
Splash Pad Rental		300	
Fire Service Fees		15,335	
Weight Room Fees		47,450	
Merchandising		6,893	
Mosquito Control		2,030	
Total Sales and Services	139,900	212,042	72,142
Investment Earnings			
General Fund		122,189	-
Total Investment Earnings	55,000	122,189	67,189
Miscellaneous			
Donations		6,699	
Civil Citations		7,391	
Turtle Program		499	
Miscellaneous		68,086	
Total Miscellaneous	21,102	82,675	61,573
Total Revenues	12,814,128	14,300,967	1,486,839
Expenditures			
Governing Board			
Salaries and Wages		46,200	
Employee Benefits		4,343	
Operating Expenditures		117,401	
Donations:			
Brunswick Family Assistance		2,000	
Chamber of Commerce		5,000	
Oak Island Senior Citizens		1,500	
Oak Island Park Conservancy		265	
Sea Biscuit Wildlife Shelter		1,000	
Oak Island Water Rescue		36,000	
Brunswick County Airport		15,000	
Total Governing Board	\$ 326,842 \$	228,709	\$ 98,133

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Continued)

Budget and Actual

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Administration			
Salaries and Wages	\$ \$	843,595	\$
Employee Benefits	Ψ Ψ	334,339	Ψ
Operating Expenditures		498,201	
Hurricane Florence Repairs		1,826,557	
Capital Outlay		757,169	
Total Administration	2,914,368	4,259,861	(1,345,493)
Facilities Management			
Salaries and Wages		87,546	
Employee Benefits		33,062	
Operating Expenditures		169,392	
Capital Outlay		7,850	
Total Facilities Management	359,052	297,850	61,202
Total General Government	3,600,262	4,786,420	(1,186,158)
Public Safety			
Police			
Salaries and Wages		1,366,343	
Employee Benefits		542,298	
Operating Expenditures		254,622	
Capital Outlay		183,063	
Total Police	2,279,383	2,346,326	(66,943)
Fire			
Salaries and Wages		1,335,673	
Employee Benefits		399,211	
Operating Expenditures		418,807	
Capital Outlay		-	
Total Fire	2,077,674	2,153,691	(76,017)
Developmental Services			
Salaries and Wages		518,780	
Employee Benefits		191,458	
Operating Expenditures		36,876	
Capital Outlay	<u></u>	22,669	
Total Developmental Services	795,631	769,783	25,848
Total Public Safety	\$ 5,152,688 \$	5,269,800	\$ (117,112)

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Continued)

Budget and Actual

	Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Transportation				
Public Works				
Administration				
Salaries and Wages	\$	\$	111,857	\$
Employee Benefits			50,111	
Operating Expenditures			11,529	
Total Administration, Public Works	189,50)8	173,497	16,011
Operations				
Salaries and Wages			255,176	
Employee Benefits			99,309	
Operating Expenditures			787,072	
Capital Outlay	-		221,427	
Total Operations, Public Works	2,130,23	86	1,362,984	767,252
Street Repair and Construction				
Salaries and Wages			5,053	
Employee Benefits			8	
Operating Expenditures			2,407	
Total Fleet Maintenance	8,00	00	7,468	532
Fleet Maintenance				
Salaries and Wages			99,582	
Employee Benefits			35,832	
Operating Expenditures			28,900	
Total Fleet Maintenance	175,9	55	164,314	11,641
Total Transportation	2,503,69	99	1,708,263	795,436
Cultural and Recreation				
Recreation				
Salaries and Wages			280,969	
Employee Benefits			114,521	
Operating Expenditures			259,276	
Capital Outlay	A	٠٠ ٠	693,366	4 100 0
Total Recreation	\$ 1,480,48	30 \$	1,348,132	\$ 132,348

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Continued)

Budget and Actual

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Community Resource Center			
Salaries and Wages	\$	\$ 104,631	\$
Employee Benefits		34,427	
Operating Expenditures		11,807	
Total Community Resource Center	143,299	150,865	(7,566)
Total Cultural and Recreation	1,623,779	1,498,997	124,782
Debt Service			
Principal	1,633,628	1,633,628	-
Interest and Fees	139,104	110,269	28,835
Total Debt Service	1,772,732	1,743,897	28,835
Total Expenditures	 14,653,160	15,007,377	(354,217)
Revenues Over (Under)			
Expenditures	(1,839,032)	(706,410)	\$ 1,132,622
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers from Other Funds Capital Reserve Fund Solid Waste Fund Transfers to Other Funds	746,368 4,000	522,368 -	(224,000) (4,000)
Capital Reserve Fund	(618,049)	(175,000)	443,049
Pier Complex	(266,152)	(233,076)	33,076
Pier Project	(200,132)	(166,152)	(166,152)
South Harbour Golf Course Fund	(89,480)	(50,000)	39,480
Sale of Capital Assets	(65, 166)	2,410	2,410
Sale of Materials	 -	707	707
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(223,313)	(98,743)	124,570
Appropriated Fund Balance	2,062,345	-	2,062,345
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	(805,153)	\$ (805,153)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		12,707,380	
Fund Balance - End of Year	:	\$ 11,902,227	

Special Revenue-Beach Renourishment Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Mawianaa
	Final		Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Revenues			
Other Taxes and Licenses			
Restricted Ad Valorem Tax Receipts		520,293	
Other Operating Revenues			
Parking Citations		13,460	
Delta Project Refund		390,615	
Total Revenues	507,364	924,368	(417,004)
Expenditures			
Environmental Protection			
Engineering- Oak Island Master Plane		1,094,782	
Engineering- FEMA Turtle Restoration		86,604	
Total Environmental Protection	2,685,261	1,181,386	1,503,875
Total Expenditures		_,	_,
•	2,685,261	1,181,386	1,503,875
Revenues Over (Under)			
Expenditures	(2,177,897)	(257,018)	1,920,879
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2 477 007	500.000	(4 677 007)
Transfers from Other Funds	2,177,897	500,000	(1,677,897)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,177,897	500,000	(1,677,897)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources			
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	242,982 \$	242,982
		· <u></u>	· ·
Fund Balance Beginning of the Year		433,897	
Fund Balance End of the Year	\$	676,879	

Capital Reserve Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues	\$ - \$	- \$	-		
Total Revenues	 =	-	-		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Appropriated Fund Balance	(1,636,091)	-	1,636,091		
Transfer from Other Funds	2,079,178	548,864	(1,530,314)		
Transfer to Other Funds	 (443,087)	(622,368)	(179,281)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(73,504)	(73,504)		
Revenues and Other Financing Sources					
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	(73,504) <u>\$</u>	(73,504)		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		2,005,820			
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	1,932,316			

Note: This fund is budgeted separately, but is consolidated in the General Fund for reporting purposes

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Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Acco	omodations Tax Fund	Beach Tax Fund	Pr	Beach reservation Fund	Pier Project Fund	Go	otal Other vernmental cial Revenue Funds
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,873,760	\$ 1,040,348	\$	89,720	\$ 55,373	\$	5,059,201
Total Assets		3,873,760	1,040,348		89,720	55,373		5,059,201
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable		15,546	41,709		321	2,419		59,995
Total Liabilities		15,546	41,709		321	2,419		59,995
Fund Balances								
Restricted								
Tourism		3,858,214	_		_	_		3,858,214
Environmental Protection		-	998,639		-	_		998,639
Cultural and Recreation		-	-		89,399	52,954		142,353
Total Fund Balances		3,858,214	998,639		89,399	52,954		4,999,206
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	3,873,760	\$ 1,040,348	\$	89,720	\$ 55,373	\$	5,059,201

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Acc	omodations Tax Fund	Beach Tax Fund	Pı	Beach reservation Fund	Pier Project Fund	otal Other vernmental Special Revenue Funds
Revenues							
Other Taxes and Licenses	\$	1,210,225	\$ 807,521	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,017,746
Miscellaneous		-	-		20,180	-	20,180
Total Revenues		1,210,225	807,521		20,180	_	2,037,926
rotal nevenues		1,210,223	007,321		20,100		2,037,320
Expenditures							
Tourism		46,901			-	-	46,901
Environmental Protection		-	51,714		-	-	51,714
Cultural and Recreation		-	-		15,354	1,250,297	1,265,651
Total Expenditures		46,901	51,714		15,354	1,250,297	1,364,266
Revenues Over (Under)						(4.0=0.00=)	c=0 cc0
Expenditures		1,163,324	755,807		4,826	(1,250,297)	673,660
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers from Other Funds		-	-		-	930,192	930,192
Transfers to Other Funds		(855,000)	(500,000)		-	-	(1,355,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(855,000)	(500,000)		-	930,192	(424,808)
Net Change in Fund Balance		308,324	255,807		4,826	(320,105)	248,852
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		3,549,890	742,832		84,573	373,059	4,750,354
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	3,858,214	\$ 998,639	\$	89,399	\$ 52,954	\$ 4,999,206

Special Revenue-Accomodations Tax Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Other Taxes and Licenses			
Accomodations Tax Receipts	\$	1,210,225	
Total Other Taxes and Licenses	\$ 2,307,364	1,210,225 \$	(1,097,139)
Total Revenues	 2,307,364	1,210,225	(1,097,139)
Expenditures			
Tourism			
Salaries and Wages		5,649	
Fringe Benefits		432	
Professional Services		1,000	
Utilities		4,805	
Greenhouse		2,215	
Tourism and Marketing		4,595	
Bulkhead Repairs		6,200	
Supplies		131	
Contracted Services		21,639	
Ice Machine Lease	 120.167	235	02.566
Total Tourism	 129,467	46,901	82,566
Total Expenditures	 129,467	46,901	82,566
Revenues Over (Under)	2,177,897	1,163,324	(1,014,573)
Expenditures			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers to Other Funds			
Pier Project	 (2,177,897)	(855,000)	1,322,897
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (2,177,897)	(855,000)	1,322,897
Revenues and Other Financing Sources			
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	308,324	308,324
Fund Balance Beginning of the Year		3,549,890	
Fund Balance End of the Year	\$	3,858,214	

Special Revenue-Beach Tax Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Variance
	Final		Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
	Duuget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues			
Other Taxes and Licenses		807,521	
Total Other Taxes and Licenses	851,000	807,521	(43,479)
		·	, , , ,
Total Revenues	851,000	807,521	(43,479)
	•		_
Expenditures			
Environmental Protection		40.004	
Lockwood Folly Dredging Project		10,004	
Other Operating Expenditures Total Cultural and Recreational	F01.019	41,710	F40 204
Total Cultural and Recreational	591,918	51,714	540,204
Total Expenditures	591,918	51,714	540,204
Revenues Over (Under)	259,082	755,807	496,725
Expenditures		·	<u>, </u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers to Other Funds			
Beach Renourishment Fund	259,082	(500,000)	(240,918)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	259,082	(500,000)	(240,918)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources			
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	255,807 <u>\$</u>	255,807
Fund Balance Beginning of the Year		742,832	
	_		
Fund Balance End of the Year	<u>\$</u>	998,639	

Special Revenue-Beach Preservation Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
_			
Revenues			
Miscellaneous		.	
Fundraisers	\$	\$ 12,104	\$
Donations		1,196	
Memberships		6,180	
Miscellaneous	24.222	700	(4.040)
Total Miscellaneous	24,228	20,180	(4,048)
Total Revenues	24,228	20,180	(4,048)
Expenditures			
Cultural and Recreational			
Salaries		3,732	
Fringe Benefits		286	
Miscellaneous Supplies		2,993	
Organization Membership Dues		188	
Fundraiser Events		2,639	
Miscellaneous		951	
Beach Preservation Newsletter		930	
Beach Ambassador Expenses		276	
Beach Lover's Campaign		3,359	
Total Cultural and Recreational	24,228	15,354	8,874
Total Expenditures	24,228	15,354	8,874
Revenues Over (Under)			
Expenditures		4,826	4,826
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	4,826 <u> </u>	\$ 4,048
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	-	84,573	
Fund Balance - End of Year	<u>-</u>	\$ 89,399	

Pier Project Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual

From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Current Total to			
Revenues Restricted Intergovernmental Insurance Recovery FEMA Assistance Total Restricted Intergovernmental	\$ 55,586 2,101,875 2,157,461	\$ 55,586 129,375 184,961	\$ - - -	\$ 55,586 129,375 184,961	\$ - (1,972,500) (1,972,500)		
Total Revenues	2,157,461	184,961	-	184,961	(1,972,500)		
Expenditures Current Engineering Services Pier House Improvements Pier Construction	300,000 160,000 2,590,668	111,788 11,500 443,123	148,592 143,101 958,604	260,380 154,601 1,401,727	39,620 5,399 1,188,941		
Total Expenditures	3,050,668	566,411	1,250,297	1,816,708	1,233,960		
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (893,207)	\$ (381,450)	\$ (1,250,297)	\$ (1,631,747)	\$ (738,540)		
Other Financing Sources Transfers In: Accomodations Tax Fund General Fund Transfers Out: Pier Complex Fund	834,125 150,042 (90,960)	663,549 90,960 -	855,000 166,152 (90,960)	1,518,549 257,112 (90,960)	684,424 107,070 -		
Total Other Financing Sources	893,207	754,509	930,192	1,684,701	791,494		
Net Change in Fund Blance	\$ -	\$ 373,059	\$ (320,105)	\$ 52,954	\$ 52,954		
Fund Balance-Beginning of the Year			373,059				
Fund Balance-Beginning of the Year			\$ 52,954				

Individual Fund Statements and Schedules Proprietary Funds

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Water Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services:			
Utility Charges	\$	3,544,711	
Reconnect Fees	Y	100,105	
Late Fees		40,320	
Water Taps		243,015	
Other Operating Revenues		324,714	
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 3,925,004	4,252,865	\$ 327,861
Nonoperating Revenues			
System Development Fees		146,522	
Interest Earnings			
Total Nonoperating Revenues	146,000	146,522	522
Total Revenues	 4,071,004	4,399,387	328,383
Expenditures			
Water Administration			
Salaries and Wages		131,959	
Employee Benefits		40,331	
Cost of Water		961,466	
Other Operating Expenditures		91,497	
Total Waste Administration	 1,536,185	1,225,253	310,932
Water Maintenance			
Salaries and Wages		402,897	
Employee Benefits		128,967	
Other Operating Expenditures		594,823	
Capital Outlay		263,444	
Total Water Maintenance	\$ 1,534,819 \$	1,390,131	\$ 144,688

Water Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Total Expenditures	\$ 3,071,004 \$	2,615,384 \$	455,620
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In			
Wastewater Fund	25,614	25,614	-
Transfers Out			
Wastewater Fund	(1,025,614)	(500,000)	525,614
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,000,000)	(474,386)	525,614
Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>-</u>	1,309,617	1,309,617
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:			
Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	1,309,617	
Reconciling Items:			
Capital Outlay		263,444	
Capital Contribution-Captial Asset Donation from General Fund		10,000	
Depreciation Expense		(764,772)	
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows of			
Resources - Pensions		51,512	
(Increase) Decrease in Net Pension Liability		(60,655)	
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows of			
Resources - Pensions		6,014	
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows of			
Resources-OPEB		(29,889)	
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows of			
Resources-OPEB		29,645	
(Increase) Decrease in OPEB Liability		-	
(Increase) Decrease in:			
Accrued Vacation Pay	_	(7,748)	
Total Reconciling Items	_	(502,449)	
Change in Net Position	<u>\$</u>	807,168	

Wastewater Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Operating Revenues				
Charges for Services:				
Utility Charges	Ç	4,699,954		
Caswell Beach Utility Charges		300,213		
Sewer Taps		210,803		
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 5,200,000	5,210,970 \$	10,970	
Nonoperating Revenues				
System Development Fees		539,546		
Assessments		852,535		
Interest on Assessments		117,321		
Interest Earned		37,181		
Wastewater Treatment Capacity Lease		173,077		
Bond refunding proceeds		1,724		
Total Nonoperating Revenues	1,661,183	1,721,384	60,201	
Total Revenues	6,861,183	6,932,354	71,171	
Expenditures				
Waste Collection				
Salaries and Wages		367,328		
Employee Benefits		143,946		
Other Operating Expenditures		811,367		
Maintenance and Repair		444,407		
Total Waste Collection	1,921,538	1,767,048	154,490	
Waste Treatment				
Salaries and Wages		281,706		
Employee Benefits		120,637		
County Treatment Capital Charge		2,818,998		
County Treatment Service Fees		541,931		
Other Operating Expenditures		334,245		
Maintenance and Repair		93,795		
Total Waste Treatment	4,491,577	4,191,312	300,265	
Debt Service				
Principal Payments		3,632,441		
Interest		3,588,956		
Total Debt Service	7,221,397	7,221,397	-	
Capital Outlay				
Equipment .		625,881		
Motor Vehicle		52,500		
Total Capital Outlay	678,381	678,381	-	
Total Expenditures	14,312,893	13,858,138	454,755	
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (7,451,710)	\$ (6,925,784) \$	525,926	

Wastewater Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Fund Balance Appropriated	\$ -	\$ - \$	-
Transfers in:			
Sewer District Fund	7,584,428	3,620,650	(3,963,778)
Water Fund	500,000	500,000	-
Capital Reserve Fund	100,000	100,000	-
General	156,872	-	(156,872)
Transfers out:			
Water fund	(489,590)	(25,614)	463,976
Capital Reserve Fund	(400,000)	(327,295)	72,705
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 7,451,710	3,867,741	(3,583,969)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	(3,058,043) \$	(3,058,043)

Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:

Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Over (Under) Expenditures (3,058,043)Reconciling Items: **Principal Retirement** 3,632,441 **Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs** (76,462)Amortization of Premium and Discount 310,347 Increase in Restricted Unexpended Bond Revenue 3,640,452 Capital Outlay 625,881 156,872 Capital Contribution-Captial Asset Donation from General Fund **Depreciation Expense** (4,014,024)Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows of **Resources - Pensions** 47,157 (Increase) Decrease in Net Pension Liability (76,886)(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions 7,544 Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows of Resources-OPEB (14,861)(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows of Resources-OPEB (6,779)(Increase) Decrease in OPEB Liability (863)(Increase) Decrease in: Accrued Vacation Pay (6,783)Sewer District Fund 6,954,005 Sewer District Fees Transfer to Wastewater Fund (3,620,650) **Total Reconciling Items** 7,557,391 **Change in Net Position** 4,499,348

Combining Statement of Net Postion Other Enterprise Funds June 30, 2019

			Non-Ma	ajor En	nter	prise Funds				
		Solid Waste Fund	Harbo Golf Co	South Harbour Golf Course Fund		Stormwater Fund		Pier Complex Fund		Total
ASSETS										
Current Assets										
Cash and Investments	\$	70,217	\$ 5	6,981	\$	127,784	\$	91,682	\$	346,664
Accounts Receivable (net)		188,644		-		85,058		-		273,702
Inventories		-		3,493		-		-		3,493
Total Current Assets		258,861	6	0,474		212,842		91,682		623,859
Noncurrent Assets										
Capital Assets:										
Land and Improvements		-	1,40	4,610		-		1,077,333		2,481,943
Buildings		5,304	9	8,205		37,154		216,382		357,045
Motor Vehicles		23,250		-		29,038		-		52,288
Heavy Vehicles		999,138		-		173,751		-		1,172,889
Equipment		-	17	0,849		253,476		16,860		441,185
Other Structures		-		-		-		474,446		474,446
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(785,777)	(13	0,012)		(226,913)		(392,856)		(1,535,558)
Total Non-current Assets		241,915	1,54	3,652		266,506		1,392,165		3,444,238
Total Assets	_	500,776	1,60	4,126		479,348		1,483,847		4,068,097
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pension Deferrals		65,225	1	9,296		30,866		247		115,634
OPEB Deferrals		-		-		-		-		-
Total Deferred Outflows of Reources		65,225	1	9,296		30,866		247		115,634
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities										
Accounts Payable		84,381		2,803		456		12,558		100,198
Salaries Payable		4,733		2,321		4,443		-		11,497
Compensated Absences		19,133		6,881		11,736		245		37,995
Total Current Liabilities		108,247	1	2,005		16,635		12,803		149,690
Noncurrent Liabilities										
Other Postemployment Benefits		264,153		-		60,492		-		324,645
Net Pension Liability		80,793	2	7,034		36,062		290		144,179
Total Non-current Liabilities		344,946	2	7,034		96,554		290		468,824
Total Liabilities		453,193	3	9,039		113,189		13,093		618,514
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pension Deferrals		1,923		1,405		-		-		3,328
OPEB Deferrals		12,239		-		2,803		-		15,042
Total Deferred Inflows of Reources	\$	14,162	\$	1,405	\$	2,803	\$	-	\$	18,370

Combining Statement of Net Postion Other Enterprise Funds June 30, 2019

NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	\$ 241,915 (143,269)	\$ 1,543,652 39,326	\$ 266,506 127,716	\$ 1,392,165 78,836	\$ 3,444,238 102,609
Total Net Position	\$ 98,646	\$ 1,582,978	\$ 394,222	\$ 1,471,001	\$ 3,546,847

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Other Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Non-Major E	nterprise Funds		
	Solid Waste Fund	South Harbour Golf Course Fund	Stormwater Fund	Pier Complex Fund	Total
Operating Revenues					
Charges for Services					
Charges for Collection	\$ 1,138,700	\$ 150,772	\$ 347,328	\$ 11,384	\$ 1,648,184
Total Operating Revenues	1,138,700	150,772	347,328	11,384	1,648,184
Operating Expenses					
Administration	-	47,043	247,543	-	294,586
Waste Collection and Treatment	1,317,056	-	-	-	1,317,056
Repairs and Maintenance	-	-	277,417	-	277,417
Other Operating	-	171,413	28,647	252,224	452,284
Depreciation	47,732	12,262	33,834	36,594	130,422
Total Operating Expenses	1,364,788	230,718	587,441	288,818	2,471,765
Operating Income	(226,088)	(79,946)	(240,113)	(277,434)	(823,581)
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(226,088)	(79,946)	(240,113)	(277,434)	(823,581)
Contributions and Transfers					
Transfers in	-	50,000	-	324,036	374,036
Transfers to Other Funds	(36,469)		(5,100)	-	(46,569)
Contributions	(5,472)	1,100	-	1,424,399	1,420,027
Total Contributions and Transfers	(41,941)	46,100	(5,100)	1,748,435	1,747,494
Change in Net Position	(268,029)	(33,846)	(245,213)	1,471,001	923,913
Net Position - Beginning of Year	366,675	1,616,824	639,435		2,622,934
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 98,646	\$ 1,582,978	\$ 394,222	\$ 1,471,001	\$ 3,546,847

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Combining Statement of Cash Flows Other Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Non-Major E	nterprise Funds		
	Solid Waste Fund	South Harbour Golf Course Fund	Stormwater Fund	Pier Complex Fund	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Cash Received from Customers and Users	\$ 1,142,498	\$ 150,382	\$ 345,419	\$ 11,384	\$ 1,649,683
Cash Paid for Goods and Services	(967,100)		. ,	(228,506)	(1,610,031)
Cash Paid to Employees	(346,252)			(10,872)	(702,654)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	(170,854)	• • •	. , ,	(227,994)	(663,002)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Transfers from Other Funds	-	50,000	-	324,036	374,036
Transfers to Other Funds	(36,469)	(5,000)	(5,100)	-	(46,569)
Net Cash Used by Noncapital	(36,469)	45,000	(5,100)	324,036	327,467
Financing Activities					
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition and Construction					
of Capital Assets	_	_	(72,521)	(4,360)	(76,881)
Contributions	4,619	1,100	(72,321)	(4,300)	5,719
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related	4,619	1,100	(72,521)	(4,360)	(71,162)
Financing Activities					
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(202,704)	(17,514)	(278,161)	91,682	(406,697)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1	272,921	74,495	405,945	-	753,361
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30	\$ 70,217	\$ 56,981	\$ 127,784	\$ 91,682	\$ 346,664

Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Other Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Noi	n-Major En	iter	prise Funds			
	Solid Waste Fund		South Harbour olf Course Fund	St	ormwater Fund	Pie Com Fui	plex	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities								
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (226,088)	\$	(79,946)	\$	(240,113)	\$ (27	7,434)	\$ (823,581)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities								
Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities (Increase) Decrease in:	47,732		12,262		33,834	3	6,594	130,422
Accounts Receivable	3,798		-		(1,909)		-	1,889
Inventory Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions	- (25,501)		(390) (4,958)		- (15,101)		- (247)	(390) (45,807)
Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB	12,340		-		2,826		-	15,166
Increase (Decrease) in:								
Net Pension Liability Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources -	30,027 (2,935)		5,836 (571)		17,780 (1,653)		290	53,933 (5,159)
OPEB	-		-		- ()		-	-
Accounts Payable	(5,282)		192		(654)	1	.2,558	6,814
Unearned Revenue	- (2 7E1)		- 740		- 866		-	- (1 1 <i>1</i> Γ\
Accrued Wages Accrued Vacation Pay OPEB liability	(2,751) (2,194)		3,221 -		3,584		245 -	(1,145) 4,856
Total Adjustments	 55,234		16,332		39,573	4	9,440	160,579
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ (170,854)	\$	(63,614)	\$	(200,540)	\$ (22	27,994)	\$ (663,002)

Solid Waste Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Operating Revenues					
Charges for Services					
Charges for collection	 \$	1,138,700			
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 1,072,000	1,138,700 \$	66,700		
Nonoperating Revenues					
Solid Waste Disposal Tax		4,256			
Interest Earnings		-			
Beach Access Recycling Grant		-			
Other Nonoperating Revenue		363			
Total Nonoperating Revenues	 4,503	4,619	116		
Total Revenues	 1,076,503	1,143,319	66,816		
Expenditures					
Salaries and Wages		253,360			
Employee Benefits		85,216			
Operating Expenditures		295,128			
Maintenance and Repair		47,455			
Recycling Program		544,163			
Yard Waste Recycling		79,997			
Capital Outlay		-			
Total Sanitation Operation Expenditures	1,003,565	1,305,319	(301,754)		
Total Expenditures	1,003,565	1,305,319	(301,754)		
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 72,938 \$	(162,000) \$	(234,938)		

Solid Waste Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers out:					
Capital Reserve	\$ (36,469) \$	(36,469) \$	-		
General Fund	 (36,469)	-	36,469		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(72,938)	(36,469)	36,469		
Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	(198,469) \$	(198,469)		
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis					
(Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:					
Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(198,469)			
Reconciling Items:					
Depreciation Expense		(47,732)			
Capital Outlay		-			
Asset Donated to the General Fund		(10,091)			
(Increase) Decrease in Accrued Vacation Pay		2,194			
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows of					
Resources-Pensions		25,501			
(Increase) Decrease in Net Pension Liability		(30,027)			
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows of					
Resources-Pensions		2,935			
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows of					
Resources-OPEB	<u></u>	(12,340)			
Total Reconciling Items		(69,560)			
Change in Net Position	\$	(268,029)			

South Harbour Golf Course Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Variance
	Final		Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
	 		(110811111)
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services			
Annual Membership	\$	24,909	
Green Fee Play		118,985	
Merchandise Sales		6,878	
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 151,800	150,772	\$ 1,028
Nonoperating Revenues			
Interest Earnings		-	
Sponsorships		1,100	
Total Nonoperating Revenues	1,100	1,100	-
Total Revenues	152,900	151,872	1,028
Expenditures			
Administration			
Salaries and Wages		31,850	
Employee Benefits		2,447	
Operating Expenditures		12,746	
Total Administration	 72,371	47,043	25,328
Maintenance			
Salaries and Wages		72,895	
Employee Benefits		20,473	
Operating Expenditures		74,517	
Total Maintenance	 160,009	167,885	(7,876)
Capital Outlay			
Equipment		-	
Total Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	 232,380	214,928	17,452
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (79,480) \$	(63,056)	\$ (16,424)

South Harbour Golf Course Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in:			
General Fund	\$ 89,480 \$	50,000 \$	(39,480)
Transfers out:			
Capital Reserve	 (10,000)	(5,000)	5,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 79,480	45,000	(34,480)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Over (Under) Expenditures			
	\$ -	(18,056) \$	(18,056)
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual: Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Over (Under) Expenditures Reconciling Items		(18,056)	
Depreciation		(12,262)	
(Increase) Decrease in Accrued Vacation Pay		(3,221)	
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows of			
Resources-Pensions		4,958	
(Increase) Decrease in Net Pension Liability		(5,836)	
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows of			
Resources-Pensions Total Reconciling Items		571 (15,790)	
Change in Net Position	\$	(33,846)	

Stormwater Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Operating Revenues Charges for Services		245 027	
Stormwater Fees - Residental Stormwater Fees - Commercial	\$	\$ 316,937 30,391	\$
Total Operating Revenues	 563,041	347,328	(215,713)
Total Revenues	 563,041	347,328	(215,713)
Expenditures			
Salaries and Wages		177,773	
Employee Benefits		52,132	
Operating Expenditures		28,647	
Maintenance and Repair		287,617	
Capital Outlay		72,521	
Total Expenditures	552,814	618,690	(65,876)
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 10,227	\$ (271,362)	\$ (281,589)

Stormwater Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	!	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out:				
Capital Reserve		\$	(5,100)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(10,227)	(5,100)	5,127
Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Over (Under) Expenditures		<u>-</u> _	(276,462)	(276,462)
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:				
Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Over (Under) Expenditures		_	(276,462)	
Reconciling Items:				
Depreciation Expense			(33,834)	
Capital Outlay			72,521	
(Increase) Decrease in Accrued Vacation Pay Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows of			(3,584)	
Resources-Pensions			15,100	
(Increase) Decrease in Net Pension Liability (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows of			(17,781)	
Resources-Pensions Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows of			1,653	
Resources-OPEB			(2,826)	
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows of Resources-OPEB			-	
(Increase) Decrease in OPEB Liability			_	
Total Reconciling Items			31,249	
Change in Net Position		\$	(245,213)	

Pier Complex Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services			
Facility Rental		7,845	
Merchandise Sales		436	
Food and Beverage Sales		3,103	
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 25,001	11,384	\$ (13,617)
Total Revenues	 25,001	11,384	(13,617)
Expenditures			
Salaries and Wages		10,074	
Employee Benefits		1,174	
Operating Expenditures		240,688	
Capital Outlay		4,360	
Total Expenditures	 382,113	256,296	125,817
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (357,112) \$	(244,912)	\$ 112,200

Pier Complex Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Final Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in:				
General Fund	\$ 266,152	\$ 233,076	\$	(33,076)
Pier Project Fund	 90,960	90,960		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 357,112	324,036		(33,076)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Over (Under) Expenditures				
	\$ -	79,124	\$	79,124
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:				
Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Over (Under) Expenditures		79,124		
Reconciling Items				
Capital Outlay		4,360		
Capital Contributions-Capital Assets from General Fund		1,424,399		
Depreciation		(36,594)		
(Increase) Decrease in Accrued Vacation Pay Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows of		(245)		
Resources-Pensions		247		
(Increase) Decrease in Net Pension Liability		(290)	-	
Total Reconciling Items		1,391,877	-	
Change in Net Position		\$ 1,471,001	=	

Sewer District Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Final Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Nonoperating Revenues				
Sewer Distric Fees-Current Sewer Distric Fees-Prior Years	\$ 	\$ 6,933,191 20,814	\$	6,933,191 20,814
Total Nonoperating Revenues	 7,241,300	6,954,005		(287,295)
Total Revenues	 7,241,300	6,954,005		(287,295)
Expenditures Total Expenditures	 			
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	 7,241,300	6,954,005		(287,295)
, <i>,</i> ,	 ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, , , , , , ,
Other Financing Uses: Transfers Out:				
Sewer Distric Fees-Current	 (7,241,300)	(3,620,650)		3,620,650
Revenue and Other Financing Sources				
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ 3,333,355	\$	3,333,355

Other Schedules

Fiscal Year	ı	collected Balance e 30, 2018		Additions and djustments	nd and			ncollected Balance ne 30, 2018
2018-19	\$	-	\$	8,316,166	\$	8,284,493	\$	31,673
2017-18		63,161		-		50,385		12,776
2016-17		14,190		-		6,356		7,834
2015-16		7,766		-		3,333		4,433
2014-15		6,116		-		2,106		4,010
2013-14		4,218		-		1,829		2,389
2012-13		3,210		-		1,140		2,070
2011-12		3,325		-		709		2,616
2010-11		1,685		-		1,332		353
2009-10		2,333		-		951		1,382
2008-09		1,206				444		762
	\$	107,210	\$	8,316,166	\$	8,353,078		70,298
Ad Valorem Taxes Recei	vable - N	let					\$	70,298
Reconcilement with Rev	enues							
Ad Valorem Taxes - Gen Reconciling Items:	eral Fun	d and Beach Re	enourish	nment			\$	8,400,785
Interest Collected								(2,340)
Penalties Collected								(45,367)
Taxes Written Off								-
Total Collections and C	redits						\$	8,353,078

Analysis of Current Tax Levy Town-Wide Levy June 30, 2019

				Tota	al Lev	у	
	Т	own-Wid	e		Property Excluding		
		Rate			Registered		Registered
	Property	Per		Amount	Motor		Motor
	 Valuation	\$100		of Levy	 Vehicles		Vehicles
Original Levy: Property Taxed at							
Current Year's Rate	\$ 2,717,799,598	0.3100	\$	8,425,179	\$ 8,106,885	\$	318,294
Total Levy	 2,717,799,598			8,425,179	 8,106,885		318,294
Discoveries:							
Current and Previous Year Taxes	1,746,852			5,415	5,415		-
Releases							
Property Taxes -							
Current Year's Rate	 (2,328,452)			(7,218)	 (7,218)		-
Total Property Valuations	\$ 2,717,217,998						
Net Levy				8,423,376	8,105,082		318,294
Uncollected Taxes at June 30, 2019				(70,298)	 (70,298)		
Current Year's Taxes Collected			\$	8,353,078	\$ 8,034,784	\$	318,294
Current Levy Collection Percentage			_	99.17%	99.13%		100.00%

Statistical Section

This part of the Town of Oak Island's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information say about the Town of Oak Island's overall financial condition. The schedules included in this section can be categorized as follows:

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The Town implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2004

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Net Position By Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental activities				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	16,607,639	17,522,549	18,239,987	18,669,603
Restricted	2,738,128	6,567,058	5,288,746	6,355,004
Unrestricted	5,111,876	2,828,017	3,240,343	4,280,053
Total governmental activities net position	24,457,643	26,917,624	26,769,076	29,304,660
Business-type activities				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	28,836,777	22,390,247	22,380,413	21,260,926
Restricted		30,693,040	20,509,542	20,922,210
Unrestricted	(4,794,831)	(2,122,361)	4,560,440	3,103,347
Total business-type activities net position	24,041,946	50,960,926	47,450,395	45,286,483
Primary government				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	45,444,416	39,912,796	40,620,400	39,930,529
Restricted	2,738,128	37,260,098	25,798,288	27,277,214
Unresticted	317,045	705,656	7,800,783	7,383,400
Total primary government net position	48,499,589	77,878,550	74,219,471	74,591,143

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
18,743,833	18,515,755	19,348,092	21,295,948	22,175,880	23,471,325
6,816,053	6,478,048	7,716,212	7,272,466	6,850,045	7,035,554
6,213,562	8,238,462	8,747,940	9,912,461	9,947,394	8,449,478
31,773,448	33,232,265	35,812,244	38,480,875	38,973,319	38,956,357
21,175,561	21,789,047	20,149,688	20,338,449	18,252,459	24,785,594
20,922,210	18,617,616	20,922,210	3,669,799	3,669,799	-
2,794,452	5,283,646	8,356,724	22,792,235	28,750,137	32,117,230
44,892,223	45,690,309	49,428,622	46,800,483	50,672,395	56,902,824
39,919,394	40,304,802	39,497,780	41,634,397	40,428,339	48,256,919
27,738,263	25,095,664	28,638,422	10,942,265	10,519,844	7,035,554
9,008,014	13,522,108	17,104,664	32,704,696	38,697,531	40,566,708
76,665,671	78,922,574	85,240,866	85,281,358	89,645,714	95,859,181

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Expenses				
Governmental activities:				
General Government	2,818,584	2,778,225	2,736,767	3,129,366
Public Safety	5,708,808	5,627,760	5,466,506	4,458,998
Transportation	1,220,894	1,175,304	2,596,254	930,438
Environmental Protection	201,611	186,828	2,390,234	23,831
Cultural and Recreation	1,327,630	1,260,386	1,264,960	1,108,161
Tourism	1,327,030	1,200,380	1,204,900	1,108,101
Interest on long-term debt	547,956	654,795	600,751	550,489
-	11,825,483	11,683,298	12,891,722	10,201,283
Total governmental activities expenses	11,825,485	11,003,290	12,091,722	10,201,203
Business-type activities: Water	2,360,243	2 204 420	2 400 664	1 655 047
		2,384,420	2,400,664	1,655,847
Wastewater	1,305,677	9,135,515	13,052,025	12,800,557
Solid Waste	857,941	927,608	1,004,513	914,958
Golf Course	256,183	258,018	246,743	207,432
Stormwater	-	-	-	-
Pier Complex		- 12 705 561	-	-
Total business-type activities expenses:	4,780,044	12,705,561	16,703,945	15,578,794
Total primary government expenses	16,605,527	24,388,859	29,595,667	25,780,077
Program Revenues				
Governmental activities:				
Charges of services:				
General Government	260,452	286,690	245,924	233,974
Public Safety	1,426,437	1,551,164	1,447,452	1,381,941
Transportation	-	-	-	-
Environmental Protection	268,250	266,223	271,142	276,893
Cultrual and Recreation	142,649	124,152	145,861	162,849
Operating grants and contributions	674,770	785,599	629,907	411,336
Capital grants and contributions	3,615,699	129,225	16,236	1,441
Total government activities program revenue	6,388,257	3,143,053	2,756,522	2,468,434
Business-type activities:				
Charges of services:				
Water	2,869,997	3,194,533	3,116,147	3,168,232
Wastewater	876,112	2,206,517	5,664,011	6,425,573
Solid Waste	847,213	847,437	845,919	862,931
Golf Course	131,266	132,919	135,714	123,993
Stormwater	-	-	-	-
Pier Complex	-	-	-	-
Operating grants and contributions	5,715	5,825	49,909	3,872
Capital grants and contributions	4,862,482	34,194,519	3,240,574	3,787,571
Total business-type activities program revenue	9,592,785	40,581,750	13,052,274	14,372,172
Total primary government program revenues	15,981,042	43,724,803	15,808,796	16,840,606
Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Governmental activities	(5,437,226)	(8,540,245)	(10,135,200)	(7,732,849)
Business-type activities	4,812,741	27,876,189	(3,651,671)	(1,206,622)
Total primary government net revenue	(624,485)	19,335,944	(13,786,871)	(8,939,471)
i otal pilillal y government het levenue	(024,463)	17,333,344	(13,700,071)	(0,333,471)

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Table 1

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
2,797,601	2,447,635	2,516,788	2,877,541	2,620,927	5,936,162
4,348,192	4,486,670	6,781,142	4,986,023	5,247,129	5,774,177
1,675,984	1,847,906	967,976	1,184,313	1,157,263	1,526,446
156,499	143,027	380,320	-	6,784,657	1,233,100
1,006,435	4,390,206	1,772,305	1,255,071	1,475,350	2,250,127
-	-	-	-	-	46,90
471,343	515,501	479,146	272,071	147,026	104,97
10,456,054	13,830,945	12,897,677	10,575,019	17,432,352	16,871,88
4 050 404	4 000 000	2 000 500	2.455.044	2 225 272	2.427.02
1,852,484	1,922,893	2,039,590	2,166,011	3,086,872	3,127,83
12,756,238	12,853,774	12,774,267	19,417,518	12,266,799	13,326,42
896,411	1,055,665	1,162,144	1,139,955	1,419,362	1,374,87
205,132	194,819	226,332	243,277	237,088	230,71
-	-	-	303,889	514,954	587,44
-	16 027 151	16 202 222		47 525 075	288,81
15,710,265 26,166,319	16,027,151	16,202,333 29,100,010	23,270,650 33,845,669	17,525,075	18,936,11 35,808,00
20,100,319	29,858,096	29,100,010	33,643,009	34,957,427	33,808,00
354,336 1,072,612	796,887 1,560,975	1,421,249 1,117,548	2,057,261 830,500	1,931,935 1,415,204	1,940,61 1,448,14
1,072,012	1,300,973	1,117,546	-	1,413,204	1,440,14
348,804	198,002	631,204			
	130,002	031,201	-	-	
120,742	2,317,941	156,928	- 155,687	- 169,448	212,04
	•		155,687 366,159	169,448 412,861	
120,742 354,166 1,822	2,317,941	156,928			318,35
354,166	2,317,941 309,095	156,928 309,969	366,159	412,861	318,35 156,49
354,166 1,822	2,317,941 309,095 8,020	156,928 309,969 309,596	366,159 691,700	412,861 4,132,910	318,35 156,49
354,166 1,822	2,317,941 309,095 8,020	156,928 309,969 309,596	366,159 691,700	412,861 4,132,910	318,35 156,49 4,075,64
354,166 1,822 2,252,482	2,317,941 309,095 8,020 5,190,920	156,928 309,969 309,596 3,946,494	366,159 691,700 4,101,307	412,861 4,132,910 8,062,358	318,35 156,49 4,075,64 4,252,86
354,166 1,822 2,252,482 3,512,854	2,317,941 309,095 8,020 5,190,920 4,145,086	156,928 309,969 309,596 3,946,494 4,871,588	366,159 691,700 4,101,307 5,069,632	412,861 4,132,910 8,062,358 5,196,253	318,35 156,49 4,075,64 4,252,86 12,164,97
354,166 1,822 2,252,482 3,512,854 7,325,872	2,317,941 309,095 8,020 5,190,920 4,145,086 8,500,771	156,928 309,969 309,596 3,946,494 4,871,588 9,820,349	366,159 691,700 4,101,307 5,069,632 12,493,584	412,861 4,132,910 8,062,358 5,196,253 12,500,387	318,35 156,49 4,075,64 4,252,86 12,164,97 1,138,70
354,166 1,822 2,252,482 3,512,854 7,325,872 922,232	2,317,941 309,095 8,020 5,190,920 4,145,086 8,500,771 949,762	156,928 309,969 309,596 3,946,494 4,871,588 9,820,349 1,155,593	366,159 691,700 4,101,307 5,069,632 12,493,584 1,078,887	412,861 4,132,910 8,062,358 5,196,253 12,500,387 1,106,054	318,35 156,49 4,075,64 4,252,86 12,164,97 1,138,70 150,77
354,166 1,822 2,252,482 3,512,854 7,325,872 922,232 125,185	2,317,941 309,095 8,020 5,190,920 4,145,086 8,500,771 949,762	156,928 309,969 309,596 3,946,494 4,871,588 9,820,349 1,155,593	366,159 691,700 4,101,307 5,069,632 12,493,584 1,078,887 153,209 313,513	412,861 4,132,910 8,062,358 5,196,253 12,500,387 1,106,054 160,057	318,35 156,49 4,075,64 4,252,86 12,164,97 1,138,70 150,77 347,32
354,166 1,822 2,252,482 3,512,854 7,325,872 922,232	2,317,941 309,095 8,020 5,190,920 4,145,086 8,500,771 949,762	156,928 309,969 309,596 3,946,494 4,871,588 9,820,349 1,155,593	366,159 691,700 4,101,307 5,069,632 12,493,584 1,078,887 153,209	412,861 4,132,910 8,062,358 5,196,253 12,500,387 1,106,054 160,057	318,35 156,49 4,075,64 4,252,86 12,164,97 1,138,70 150,77 347,32
354,166 1,822 2,252,482 3,512,854 7,325,872 922,232 125,185	2,317,941 309,095 8,020 5,190,920 4,145,086 8,500,771 949,762 114,742	156,928 309,969 309,596 3,946,494 4,871,588 9,820,349 1,155,593 131,638	366,159 691,700 4,101,307 5,069,632 12,493,584 1,078,887 153,209 313,513	412,861 4,132,910 8,062,358 5,196,253 12,500,387 1,106,054 160,057	318,35 156,49 4,075,64 4,252,86 12,164,97 1,138,70 150,77 347,32 11,38 6,844,12
354,166 1,822 2,252,482 3,512,854 7,325,872 922,232 125,185 - - 4,246 3,493,407 15,383,796	2,317,941 309,095 8,020 5,190,920 4,145,086 8,500,771 949,762 114,742	156,928 309,969 309,596 3,946,494 4,871,588 9,820,349 1,155,593 131,638	366,159 691,700 4,101,307 5,069,632 12,493,584 1,078,887 153,209 313,513	412,861 4,132,910 8,062,358 5,196,253 12,500,387 1,106,054 160,057 319,864	318,35 156,49 4,075,64 4,252,86 12,164,97 1,138,70 150,77 347,32 11,38 6,844,12 24,910,14
354,166 1,822 2,252,482 3,512,854 7,325,872 922,232 125,185 - 4,246 3,493,407	2,317,941 309,095 8,020 5,190,920 4,145,086 8,500,771 949,762 114,742 - 4,574 3,255,066	156,928 309,969 309,596 3,946,494 4,871,588 9,820,349 1,155,593 131,638 - 209,231 4,057,999	366,159 691,700 4,101,307 5,069,632 12,493,584 1,078,887 153,209 313,513 - 34,911 1,075,417	412,861 4,132,910 8,062,358 5,196,253 12,500,387 1,106,054 160,057 319,864	318,35 156,49 4,075,64 4,252,86 12,164,97 1,138,70 150,77 347,32 11,38 6,844,12 24,910,14
354,166 1,822 2,252,482 3,512,854 7,325,872 922,232 125,185 - 4,246 3,493,407 15,383,796 17,636,278	2,317,941 309,095 8,020 5,190,920 4,145,086 8,500,771 949,762 114,742 - - 4,574 3,255,066 16,970,001 22,160,921	156,928 309,969 309,596 3,946,494 4,871,588 9,820,349 1,155,593 131,638 - 209,231 4,057,999 20,246,398 24,192,892	366,159 691,700 4,101,307 5,069,632 12,493,584 1,078,887 153,209 313,513 - 34,911 1,075,417 20,219,153 24,320,460	412,861 4,132,910 8,062,358 5,196,253 12,500,387 1,106,054 160,057 319,864 - 994,648 20,277,263	318,35 156,49 4,075,64 4,252,86 12,164,97 1,138,70 150,77 347,32 11,38 6,844,12 24,910,14 28,985,79
354,166 1,822 2,252,482 3,512,854 7,325,872 922,232 125,185 - 4,246 3,493,407 15,383,796 17,636,278 (8,203,572)	2,317,941 309,095 8,020 5,190,920 4,145,086 8,500,771 949,762 114,742 - 4,574 3,255,066 16,970,001 22,160,921	156,928 309,969 309,596 3,946,494 4,871,588 9,820,349 1,155,593 131,638 - 209,231 4,057,999 20,246,398 24,192,892 (8,951,183)	366,159 691,700 4,101,307 5,069,632 12,493,584 1,078,887 153,209 313,513 - 34,911 1,075,417 20,219,153 24,320,460 (6,473,712)	412,861 4,132,910 8,062,358 5,196,253 12,500,387 1,106,054 160,057 319,864 - 994,648 20,277,263 28,339,621 (9,369,994)	212,04 318,35 156,49 4,075,64 4,252,86 12,164,97 1,138,70 150,77 347,32 11,38 6,844,12 24,910,14 28,985,79
354,166 1,822 2,252,482 3,512,854 7,325,872 922,232 125,185 - 4,246 3,493,407 15,383,796 17,636,278	2,317,941 309,095 8,020 5,190,920 4,145,086 8,500,771 949,762 114,742 - - 4,574 3,255,066 16,970,001 22,160,921	156,928 309,969 309,596 3,946,494 4,871,588 9,820,349 1,155,593 131,638 - 209,231 4,057,999 20,246,398 24,192,892	366,159 691,700 4,101,307 5,069,632 12,493,584 1,078,887 153,209 313,513 - 34,911 1,075,417 20,219,153 24,320,460	412,861 4,132,910 8,062,358 5,196,253 12,500,387 1,106,054 160,057 319,864 	318,35 156,49 4,075,64 4,252,86 12,164,97 1,138,70 150,77 347,32 11,38 6,844,12 24,910,14 28,985,79

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	
General Revenue and Other Changes in Net Position					
Governmental activities:					
Taxes					
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	5,928,590	6,699,824	6,866,837	7,016,323	
Local option sales tax	1,640,696	1,639,858	1,458,619	1,476,163	
Accommodation Tax	887,478	950,143	1,068,434	1,128,868	
Other Taxes	-	-	48,303	12,059	
Grants and contributions not restricted	581,317	65,128	613,268	616,694	
Unrestricted investment earnings	14,201	610,523	7,701	5,225	
Miscellaneous	63,305	15,586	83,571	93,101	
Law Suit Settlement					
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	-	62,481	-	-	
Extraordianary item-environmental remediation	(90,404)	(21,022)	(33,081)	-	
Special Items	-	-	-	-	
Transfers in (out)	(1,349,300)	977,705	(127,000)	(80,000)	
Total governmental activities	7,675,883	11,000,226	9,986,652	10,268,433	
Business-type activities:					
Interest and investment earnings	9,856	20,496	14,140	18,119	
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	
Gain on sale of assets	-	-	-	-	
Transfers in (out)	1,349,300	(977,705)	127,000	80,000	
Total business-type activities	1,359,156	(957,209)	141,140	98,119	
Total primary government	9,035,039	10,043,017	10,127,792	10,366,552	
Changes in Net Position					
Governmental activities	2,238,657	2,459,981	(148,548)	2,535,584	
Business-type activities	6,171,897	26,918,980	(3,510,531)	(1,108,503)	
Total primary government	8,410,554	29,378,961	(3,659,079)	1,427,081	

Table 2

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
6,812,760	7,284,500	7,373,718	7,445,239	7,695,090	7,867,466
1,531,327	1,687,594	1,475,318	1,897,533	2,183,968	2,150,053
1,166,651	1,284,187	1,083,546	1,446,852	2,202,209	2,538,039
62,711	-	-		-	_,555,655
660,137	-	_	_	-	-
3,594	2,742	19,162	49,949	113,227	122,189
172,239	270,734	897,067	105,640	144,003	506,930
625,000	-	-	-	-	-
· -	-	436,084	15,071	55,495	3,117
	-	-	(1,085,390)	-	-
(292,059)	(5,356)	-	-	-	-
(70,000)	(242,163)	306,249	432,084	(696,355)	(100,172)
10,672,360	10,282,238	11,591,144	10,306,978	11,697,637	13,087,622
6,617	5,379	497	2,136	23,593	154,502
4,491	4,702	-	2,931	9,767	1,724
-	-	-	-	-	-
70,000	(107,000)	(306,249)	(432,084)	696,355	100,172
81,108	(96,919)	(305,752)	(427,017)	729,715	256,398
10,753,468	10,185,319	11,285,392	9,879,961	12,427,352	13,344,020
2,468,788	1,642,213	2,639,961	3,833,266	2,327,643	291,387
(245,361)	845,931	3,738,313	(3,478,514)	3,481,903	6,230,429
2,223,427	2,488,144	6,378,274	354,752	5,809,546	6,521,816

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General Fund					
Reserved	3,121,360	-	-	-	-
Unreserved					
Designated	-	-	-	-	-
Undesignated	2,549,135	-	-	-	-
Non-spendable	-	33,756	25,457	12,972	26,712
Restricted	-	3,058,316	1,381,631	1,594,929	1,399,510
Committed	-	424,667	425,139	425,432	425,432
Assigned	-	388,199	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	2,668,659	3,372,614	4,307,979	6,031,718
Total general fund	5,670,495	6,573,597	5,204,841	6,341,312	7,883,372
All Other Governmental Funds					
Reserved	318,271	-	-	-	-
Unreserved, reported in:					
Special Revenue Funds	3,142,790	-	-	-	-
Capital Projects Funds	470,366	-	-	-	-
Non-Spendable in Special Revenue Funds	-	55,435	56,163	56,163	56,163
Restricted in Special Revenue Funds	-	3,453,307	3,850,952	4,771,566	5,416,543
Committed in Capital Projects Funds	-	536,664	421,564	385,389	385,881
Total all other governmental funds	3,931,427	4,045,406	4,328,679	5,213,118	5,858,587

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2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
106,53	49,548	669,379	19,909	577,803
1,252,95	1,406,623	822,821	1,262,840	231,413
271,56	745,460	380,835	483,205	435,714
	-	-	-	-
12,203,50	12,511,569	10,625,878	8,798,773	8,238,462
13,834,54	14,713,200	12,498,913	10,564,727	9,483,392
	_	_	_	_
	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
5,676,08	5,186,495	6,052,978	5,905,638	5,233,118
	-	-	-	-
5,676,08	5,186,495	6,052,978	5,905,638	5,233,118
19,510,62	19,899,695	18,551,891	16,470,365	14,716,510

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Revenues				
Ad valorem taxes	5,942,136	6,505,967	6,735,314	6,890,355
Other taxes and licenses	2,533,834	2,632,584	2,571,414	2,649,447
Unrestricted intergovernmental	581,317	610,523	613,268	616,694
Restricted intergovernmental	1,908,855	2,032,749	1,717,301	1,439,435
Permits and fees	189,532	335,236	293,638	297,489
Sales and services	635,174	632,458	613,350	623,556
Investment earnings	29,465	19,301	9,795	6,683
Miscellaneous	224,287	164,816	280,752	165,581
Total revenues	12,044,600	12,933,634	12,834,832	12,689,240
Expenditures				
General Government	5,662,558	2,635,942	2,565,883	2,872,851
Public Safety	5,228,736	5,190,729	5,519,623	3,934,916
Transportation	1,063,382	1,099,366	2,445,600	802,832
Environmental protection	186,713	171,984	211,712	120,781
Cultural and recreational	1,185,947	1,203,127	1,070,600	858,003
Debt Service:				
Interest	719,169	752,320	655,200	596,245
Principal	1,551,011	1,928,790	1,642,697	1,402,702
Total expenditures	15,597,516	12,982,258	14,111,315	10,588,330
Excess of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(3,552,916)	(48,624)	(1,276,483)	2,100,910
Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)				
Debt Issuances	-	88,000	318,000	-
Transfers in	1,368,766	3,695,659	360,078	-
Transfers Out	(2,718,066)	(2,717,954)	(487,078)	(80,000)
Special Items	-	-	-	-
Sale of Capital Assets			<u> </u>	-
Total other financing	(1,349,300)	1,065,705	191,000	(80,000)
sources (uses)				
Net change in fund balances	(4,902,216)	1,017,081	(1,085,483)	2,020,910
Capital outlay included in				
total expenditures	3,332,698	579,263	745,806	185,009
Debt service as a percentage				

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
7,031,553	7,626,159	7,156,543	7,461,694	7,461,694	7,695,090
2,717,387	2,977,147	1,475,318	3,344,385	3,344,385	4,386,177
660,137	796,887	1,117,456	927,645	927,645	1,031,475
1,396,215	3,502,037	1,443,937	1,875,540	1,875,540	5,817,584
348,334	405,913	628,504	336,617	336,617	347,803
510,718	464,172	467,801	978,569	978,569	808,070
3,594	2,742	19,120	49,949	49,949	113,227
782,957	180,395	112,191	109,278	109,278	273,378
3,450,895	15,955,452	12,420,870	15,083,677	15,083,677	20,472,804
2,628,089	2,398,394	2,498,959	2,639,184	2,639,184	2,447,289
3,763,473	4,222,273	5,124,685	4,611,679	4,611,679	4,734,325
1,534,817	1,730,833	959,743	1,113,871	1,113,871	1,245,695
138,990	134,960	384,110	-	-	6,564,561
755,862	4,164,295	655,503	2,331,345	2,331,345	1,713,860
539,172	514,707	479,146	272,071	272,071	147,026
1,555,186	1,682,906	2,319,916	1,903,628	1,903,628	1,633,628
0,915,589	14,848,368	12,422,062	12,871,778	12,871,778	18,486,384
2,535,306	1,107,084	(1,192)	2,211,899	2,211,899	1,986,420
-	-	784,876	-	-	-
2,929,959	617,968	28,767	695,158	695,158	4,026,726
2,999,959)	(860,131)	(120,000)	(263,114)	(263,114)	(4,723,081)
(292,059)	(5,356)	-	-	-	-
14,282	112,250	436,084	15,071	15,071	55,495
(347,777)	(135,269)	1,129,727	447,115	447,115	(640,860)
2,187,529	971,815	1,128,535	2,659,014	2,659,014	1,345,560
					·
56,476	207,953	1,466,073	466,252	466,252	629,953

Governmental Activities Tax Revenue By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Occupancy Tax	Franchise Tax	Video Programming Tax	Alcohol Beverage Tax	Total
2010	5,942,136	1,640,696	887,658	441,436	187,180	11,961	9,111,067
2011	6,505,967	1,639,858	950,143	466,017	192,221	37,877	9,792,083
2012	6,866,837	1,458,619	1,068,434	381,608	157,974	29,593	9,963,065
2013	6,890,355	1,520,579	1,128,868	421,555	153,897	27,754	10,143,008
2014	7,031,553	1,531,327	1,166,651	440,598	153,498	30,401	10,354,028
2015	7,626,159	1,691,355	770,603	541,157	115,489	33,805	10,778,568
2016	7,156,543	1,475,318	659,385	959,952	74,998	31,387	10,357,583
2017	7,479,356	1,897,496	1,446,852	706,173	151,047	33,335	11,714,259
2018	7,695,090	2,183,968	2,202,209	718,682	149,591	32,610	12,982,150
2019	7,880,492	2,150,053	2,017,746	773,178	145,606	32,964	13,000,039

Note: During FY 07-08, Franchise Fees were eliminated by the State and replaced by the Video Programming Tax.

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year			Public		Less	Total Taxable	Total Direct
Ended	Real	Personal	Service	Motor	Tax Exempt	Assessed	Tax
June 30	Property	Property	Companies	Vehicles	Property	Value	Rate
2010	4,180,139,988	27,063,889	16,788,818	55,585,536	10,002,490	4,269,575,741	0.1400
2011	4,189,866,332	39,721,852	17,141,597	54,725,092	11,008,727	4,290,446,146	0.1550
2012	2,399,746,526	24,372,523	17,024,122	57,466,173	7,987,556	2,490,621,788	0.2750
2013	2,449,726,454	19,158,930	16,672,444	60,055,636	11,123,655	2,534,489,809	0.2750
2014	2,487,456,775	11,964,755	15,860,319	85,781,004	10,922,121	2,590,140,732	0.2750
2015	2,562,328,870	22,453,252	16,431,960	74,194,545	11,171,900	2,664,236,727	0.2750
2016	2,356,385,149	24,348,200	17,769,388	-	11,128,265	2,387,374,472	0.2750
2017	2,397,469,996	27,160,669	19,135,751	-	11,258,182	2,432,508,234	0.2900
2018	2,474,590,496	35,616,877	19,700,946	94,377,861	25,056,550	2,599,229,630	0.2900
2019	2,682,179,360	27,160,669	19,135,751	-	11,258,182	2,717,217,598	0.3100

Source: Town's Tax Department

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (Rate per \$100 of Assessed Value)

				Overlapping Rates		
		Town of Oak Island		Brunswick County	Smithville Township	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Operating Rate	Debt Service Rate	Total Town Rate			Total Direct & Overlapping Rates
2010	0.08679	0.05321	0.1400	0.3050	0.0225	0.4675
2011	0.09247	0.06253	0.1550	0.3050	0.0400	0.5000
2012	0.18248	0.09252	0.2750	0.5400	0.0400	0.8550
2013	0.19620	0.07880	0.2750	0.5400	0.0400	0.8550
2014	0.19414	0.08086	0.2750	0.5400	0.0400	0.8550
2015	0.19414	0.08086	0.2750	0.5400	0.0400	0.8550
2016	0.15776	0.11724	0.2750	0.5400	0.0400	0.8550
2017	0.19968	0.09032	0.2900	0.4850	0.0400	0.8150
2018	0.22149	0.06851	0.2900	0.4850	0.0400	0.8150
2019	0.22797	0.05203	0.3100	0.4850	0.0400	0.8350

Notes:

- (1) Property is revalued every four years. Property was revalued in January 1999, 2003, 2007 and 2011, and 2015 will be revalued in 2019.
- (2) The property tax rates listed above are based on unit-wide tax rates. Certain motor vehicles were taxed at the preceding year's rate.
- (3) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners with the Town of Oak Island. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Town of Oak Island property owners (e.g. the rates for the Smithville Township apply only to the town's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the Smithville Township).
- (4) The Smithville Township is a hospital district. The levy collected is specific for debt retirement and capital improvements.
- (5) Components of the Overlapping Rates are not available

Source: Town of Oak Island and Brunswick County Tax Department

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	Total Tax Levy for		Collected within the Collection Fiscal Year of Levy Subseque		Total Collectio	ns to Date	Outstanding Delinquent
June 30	Fiscal Year	Amount	% of Levy	Years	Amount	% of Levy	Taxes
2010	5,973,528	5,743,851	96.16%	227,344	5,971,195	99.96%	2,333
2011	6,645,496	6,314,365	95.02%	329,446	6,643,811	99.97%	1,685
2012	6,830,366	6,510,859	95.32%	316,182	6,827,041	99.95%	3,325
2013	6,971,984	6,629,931	95.09%	338,843	6,968,774	99.95%	3,210
2014	7,120,396	6,829,735	95.92%	286,443	7,116,178	99.94%	4,218
2015	7,327,088	7,160,619	97.73%	160,353	7,320,972	99.92%	6,116
2016	6,516,395	6,497,759	99.71%	10,870	6,508,629	99.88%	7,766
2017	7,202,721	7,102,479	98.61%	86,052	7,188,531	99.80%	14,190
2018	7,771,518	7,707,160	99.17%	1,197	7,708,357	99.19%	63,161
2019	8,423,376	8,353,078	99.17%	-	8,353,078	99.17%	70,298

Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Five Years Ago

		Fisc	al Year 201	9	Fisc	al Year 201	4
				Percentage			Percentage
				of Total			of Total
		2019		Town	2014		Town
		Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
	Types of	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Property	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
Brunswick Electric Membership Corp	Utility	15,526,087	1	0.46%	13,934,105	1	0.54%
MDI Management Inc.	Developer	9,343,110	2	0.28%	N/A	N/A	
Equity Investments	Developer	8,110,680	3	0.24%	N/A	N/A	
DWE III LLC& Ladane Enterprises	Developer	6,169,710	4	0.18%	10,239,440	2	0.40%
	Commercial &						
Lowes Food Stores Inc.	Residential	5,016,112	5	0.15%	N/A	N/A	
DWE II LLC	Developer	4,527,740	6	0.14%			
Capel Jesse Etals	Residential	3,599,980	7	0.11%	6,665,416	3	0.26%
Wilmington Holding Corp	Developer	3,483,750	8	0.10%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Oak Island Property Holdings LLC	Residential	2,579,000	9	0.08%	2,572,500	5	0.10%
Bright Parsun LLC	Developer	2,802,290	10	0.08%	N/A	N/A	N/A
St James Plantation Prop	Residential	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,193,130	9	0.08%
South Shore Real Estate	Residential	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,469,840	6	0.10%
Food Lion LLC	Commercial	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,737,674	4	0.11%
	Commercial &						
Pacula Family Rev Trust	Residential	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,368,270	7	0.09%
Air Travel LLC	Aviation	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,092,283	8	0.08%
		61,158,459		1.83%	45,272,658		1.75%

Source: Town's Tax Department

Total Tax Value 3,352,019,256 2,590,140,732

Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental	Activities		Business-Type Activities					
								Ratio	
Fiscal Year					State		Total	Debt to	
Ended	Installment	Capital	Installment	Revenue	Revolving	Capital	Primary	Personal	Per
June 30	Purchases	Leases	Purchases	Notes & Bonds	Loan Fund	Lease	Government	Income ⁽¹⁾	Capita ⁽¹⁾
2010	16,506,893	957,441	666,237	82,489,298	10,766,911	-	111,386,780	3.33%	16,421
2011	14,777,319	846,226	584,086	92,133,921	11,116,037	-	119,457,589	3.43%	17,490
2012	13,317,801	981,046	497,933	90,945,948	12,604,726	-	118,347,454	3.22%	16,900
2013	12,097,885	798,259	407,586	88,617,974	12,008,450	-	113,930,154	2.92%	16,379
2014	10,877,969	462,990	312,838	86,226,777	11,398,628	-	109,279,202	N/A	N/A
2015	9,658,053	-	213,476	83,856,303	10,774,948	-	104,502,780	N/A	14,228
2016	9,170,916	-	109,275	81,858,221	10,137,096		101,275,508	2.27%	13,749
2017	6,998,189	-		85,071,477	9,484,525		101,554,191	2.21%	13,488
2018	4,900,883	-		75,360,000	8,817,564		89,078,447	4.55%	10,699
2019	3,267,256	-		78,660,788	8,134,994		90,063,038	4.55%	10,596

Note: Details regarding the town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

 $^{^{(1)}}$ See the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for Personal Income and Population data.

Direct and Underlying Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2019

Governmental Unit Debt repaid with property taxes	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Brunswick County's general obligation debt	69,965,000	13.40%	9,375,310
Town of Oak Island direct debt	3,267,256	100.00%	3,267,256
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 12,642,566

Source: County Debt Outstanding and Estimated Percentage Applicable to Town provided by Brunswick County Finance

				Total Debt
				as a
Fiscal Year		Total Debt	Legal	Percentage
Ended	Debt	Applicable	Debt	of Debt
June 30	Limit	to Limit	Margin	Limit
2010	341,566,059	17,464,334	324,101,725	5.11%
2011	343,632,700	15,623,544	328,009,156	4.55%
2012	199,249,743	14,298,846	184,950,897	7.18%
2013	214,951,330	12,896,145	202,055,185	6.00%
2014	200,832,130	11,340,958	189,491,172	5.65%
2015	213,139,460	9,658,053	203,481,407	4.53%
2016	190,989,958	8,448,140	182,541,818	4.42%
2017	217,377,440	6,998,189	210,379,251	3.22%
2018	207,938,370	4,900,883	203,037,487	3.60%
2019	217,377,440	3,267,256	214,110,184	1.50%
Calculation of Leg	al Debt Margin for Fisca	al Year 2019		
Assessed value of	taxable property			2,717,217,998
				x 0.08
Debt limit- (8 % of	assessed value)			217,377,440
Debt applicable to				3,267,256
Total capital leas	•			-
Total amount of d	ebt applicable to debt li	mit (net deht)		3,267,256
Legal debt margin	• •	······ (······························		214,110,184
				1,110,104

Note: Under State finance law, the Town's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed eight percent (8%) of total assessed property value.

Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Seven Fiscal Years

		Enterprise Funds								_
Fiscal		<u>.</u>			A 11 5		5.1.	T . 101	6	
Year	Operating	Operating	Sewer		<u>All Er</u>	terprise Parity	Debt	<u>Iotal Otr</u>	ner System In	<u>aeptness</u>
Ended	and	Expenses	District	Net						
. 20	Non-operating	Less	Fee	Available	5		-	D:		-
June 30	Revenue	Depreciation	Revenue	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	13,242,439	6,104,613	1,968,750	9,106,576	2,170,000	4,659,907	6,829,907	986,496	323,133	1,309,629
2014	13,568,869	6,558,787	2,004,788	9,014,870	2,260,000	4,576,933	6,836,933	1,004,443	299,547	1,303,990
2015	13,200,321	6,574,254	2,292,332	10,818,399	3,073,041	3,756,697	6,829,738	723,042	275,436	998,478
2016	12,515,651	7,070,458	2,965,116	11,879,967	2,730,000	3,821,426	6,551,426	761,626	236,852	998,478
2017	14,966,641	7,016,800	2,598,711	10,548,552	2,840,000	3,507,651	6,347,651	666,981	216,699	883,680
2018	15,951,775	8,387,701	2,313,875	9,877,949	2,950,000	3,393,120	6,343,120	682,351	201,530	883,881
2019	11,431,741	8,310,300	6,954,005	10,075,446	2,950,090	3,387,426	6,337,516	682,351	201,530	883,881
Required C	overage:									
Fiscal										
Year	Net	15%	Total	Total	20% Parity	Total +	Coverage			
Ended	Available	Unrestricted	Available	Debt	Debt	20% Parity	100%	120%		
June 30	Revenue	Net Assets	Revenue	Service	Service	Debt	Parity	Parity		
2013	9,106,576	490,670	9,597,246	8,139,536	1,365,981	9,505,517	1.12	1.01		
2014	9,014,870	776,269	9,791,139	8,140,923	1,367,387	9,508,309	1.11	1.03		
2015	10,818,399	776,269	11,594,668	7,828,216	1,365,948	9,194,164	1.38	1.26		
2016	11,879,967	1,690,835	13,570,802	7,549,904	1,310,285	8,860,189	1.57	1.53		
2017	10,548,552	2,440,410	12,988,962	7,227,001	1,268,624	8,500,861	1.46	1.53		
2018	9,877,949	3,416,625	13,294,574	7,227,001	1,445,400	8,672,401	1.84	1.53		
2019	10,075,446	6,892,949	16,968,395	7,221,396	1,267,486	8,488,882	1.65	1.40		

Notes:

- (1) The Town issued wastewater revenue bonds in 2008, 2009, 2011, 2015, and 2017 $\,$
- (2) Non-operating Revenues include investment earnings.
- (3) Operating expenses are exclusive of depreciation and interest expense.
- (4) All enterprise fund debt service includes Revenue Bonds, State loans and other installment debt plus accrued interest at fiscal year end.
- $(5) \quad 15\% \ of \ Unrestricted \ Net \ Assets \ is \ calculated \ as \ 15\% \ of \ the \ previous \ fiscal \ year \ ending \ Cash \ and \ Investment \ Balance$
- (6) In accordance with the Revenue Bond Trust Agreement definition of "Revenue", "Assessment Revenues shall not be included in Revenues in the Fiscal Year of receipt if and to the extent that an Officer's Certificate is filed that specifies that such amounts shall not be included in Revenues in such Fiscal Year, and such amounts shall be included in Revenues if and to the extent specified in an Officer's Certificate filed in future Fiscal Years."

Demographic and Economic Stats Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Population ⁽²⁾	Personal Income ⁽¹⁾ (in thousands)	Per Capita Income ⁽¹⁾	Median Age ⁽³⁾	School Enrollment ⁽³⁾	Unemployment Rate ⁽¹⁾
2010	6,783	3,347,269	30,973	47.7	769	10.2%
2011	6,830	3,482,031	31,615	48.0	769	10.3%
2012	7,003	3,674,444	32,628	48.4	769	10.3%
2013	6,956	3,899,674	33,715	48.8	769	9.1%
2014	7,088	4,192,401	N/A	49.3	769	6.9%
2015	7,345	4,300,000	30,462	51.4	769	6.8%
2016	8,297	4,500,000	50,996	50.00	850	6.60%
2017	7,529	4,600,000	46,955	50.2	900	5.0%
2018	8,326	4,820,010	36,874	51	1000	4.9%
2019	8,500	5,845,674	41,357	57.3	900	5.4%

Note: Personal Income, Per Capita Income and Unemployment Rates are not available for the Town of Oak Island. Statistics for Brunswick County were used.

Source:

⁽¹⁾ Brunswick County Finance Department

⁽²⁾ Office of State Budget and Management

⁽³⁾ State Data Center, 2010 Census Data

TOWN OF OAK ISLAND, NORTH CAROLINAPrincipal Employers for Brunswick County
Current and Nine Years Ago

		Fi	scal Year 2	019	ı	Fiscal Year	2010
				Percentage			Percentage
		Number		of Total	Number		of Total
	Type of	of		County	of		County
Name of Employer	Business	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Brunswick County Board of Educ	Education	1,947	1	3.61%	1,945	1	4.07%
County of Brunswick	Local Government	1,035	2	1.92%	1,030	2	2.15%
Wal-Mart Associates, Inc.	Retail	932	3	1.73%	750	4	1.57%
Duke Energy	Utility	850	3	1.57%	833	2	1.74%
Brunswick Novant Medical	Medical Care Facility	700	5	1.30%	458	6	0.96%
Food Lion, Inc.	Grocery	520	6	0.96%	549	5	1.15%
Brunswick Community College	Education	481	7	0.89%	456	7	0.95%
Lowe's Food	Grocery	409	9	0.76%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dosher Memorial Hospital	Medical Care Facility	364	8	0.67%	353	9	0.74%
DAK Americas	Dacron Polyester Fiber	N/A	N/A	N/A	381	8	0.80%
Troon Golf	Yacht Manufacture	N/A	N/A	N/A	300	10	0.63%
Lowes Home Centers	Home Improvement	250	10	N/A	343	9	N/A
Totals		7,488		13.41%	7,398		14.76%

Note: Economic data on total Town employment is not available. The above table is based on Brunswick County employment data.

Source: Brunswick County Finance Department

Full-time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function Last Ten Years

Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Administration	14	16	16	16	16	16	17	17	17	17
Public Safety										
Police	26	25	25	23	23	23	23	24	24	24
Communications	6	6	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Animal Control	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0
Fire	20	19	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22
Development Serivces	12	11	8	6	6	6	8	8	8	14
Public Works	2	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Fleet Maintenance	4	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Building and Ground	6	8	9	9	4	4	4	3	3	2
Street Department	8	7	7	5	5	5	6	6	6	8
Cultural and Recreation	10	9	7	6	4	4	8	6	6	5
Utility										
Water	12	12	10	9	9	9	11	8	8	12
Sewer	4	7	7	7	7	7	11	11	11	12
Solid Waste	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3
Stormwater	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	5
Golf Course	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Capital Projects	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	138	136	127	116	110	110	122	117	117	131

Source: Town's human resource department

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Public Safety						
Police						
Number of calls dispatched ⁽¹⁾	12,042	12,620	11,741	10,029	10,332	10,332
Number of physical arrests	301	331	288	322	285	285
Number of violations	2,070	4,255	2,741	2,688	3,139	3,139
Fire	2,070	.,_55	2,7 . 2	2,000	3,233	0,100
Number of Fire runs	249	258	215	280	319	319
Number of EMS and Rescue runs ⁽²⁾	945	942	948	916	888	888
Code Enforcement/Building permits						
Number of building permits	2,184	1,286	1,448	1,681	1,875	1,875
Number of inspections	8,532	13,278	9,941	8,549	7,994	7,994
Transportation	,	•	,	•	•	•
Streets						
New streets paved (miles)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Streets resurfaced (miles)	0.00	0.00	12.04	0.00	4.58	0.00
Environmental Protection						
Sanitation						
Refuse collected (tons)	4,000	4,100	13,148	NA	NA	NA
Bulky/Brush collected (tons)	2,300	2,300	1,200	1,500	8,011	8,011
Recyclables collected (tons)	650	670	820	863	1,250	1,250
Cultural and Recreation						
Number of Participants:						
weight fitness program	22,624	22,858	23,521	23,532	21,352	21,352
Fitness class	5,990	5,980	5,466	5,267	4,267	4,267
Athletic program	11,549	12,153	14,984	13,171	13,981	13,981
Teen program	4,234	3,744	2,409	3,743	448	448
Community Center program	7,834	7,907	7,466	6,849	1,437	1,437
Skate Park	1,625	1,335	1,722	1,735	1,711	1,711
Number of Ocean Education Center	2,151	2,268	2,760	1,083	939	939
Number of Nature Center participants	3,664	3,376	3,684	3,527	1,623	1,623
Number of paid golf course rounds played	17,832	11,048	12,442	10,595	9,063	9,063
Number of youth and miscellaneous program	4,884	5,017	6,375	6,861	2,953	2,953
particpants						
Water						
Number of water customers	8,236	8,240	8,042	8,021	8,378	8,700
Average daily water consumption (gallons)	878,257	878,700	749,542	739,818	804,170	804,170
Wastewater						
Number of sewer customers	929	4,241	7,542	7,974	8,004	8,100
Sewer average daily treatment (gallons)	145,425	663,900	580,289	591,917	543,838	543,838

Notes:

Source: Various Town Departments

⁽¹⁾ The Town implemented the 911 Communication System in Fiscal Year 2007. It turned over these operations to the County in September of 2012.

⁽²⁾EMS service was turned over to Brunswick County in Fiscal Year 2005 then reverted back to Town in 2006.

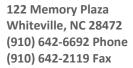
2016	2017	2018	2019
10,899	10,899	9,737	9,800
563	563	238	400
3,645	3,645	2,779	3,000
300	491	434	450
983	949	641	650
2,636	2,768	3,399	3,300
10,767	11,305	15,000	12,000
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NA	NA	NA	NA
11,250	14,100	15,200	18,000
1,116	1,194	2,100	2,100
1,110	1,154	2,100	2,100
21,459	21,566	26,724	25,000
4,288	4,310	4,489	4,600
14,051	14,121	14,786	14,800
450	452	4,084	4,200
1,444	1,451	6,490	150
1,720	1,728	1,543	1,500
944	948	64	0
1,631	1,639	1,847	1,900
9,108	9,154	8,855	9,000
2,968	2,983	19,561	3,000
•	•	,	,
8,829	9,015	9,395	0
812,000	891,683	805,920	0
8,318	8,505	8,574	0
537,866	601,219	692,399	0

Capital Assets by Function Last Ten Years

Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Public Safety					
Police	•	•	•	•	
Police Stations	2	2	2	2	2
Police Patrol Units	26	26	26	26	25
Police Motorcycle Units	1	1	1	1	1
Fire	3	3	3	3	2
Fire Stations Fire Trucks	6	6	6	6	3 6
FIRE TRUCKS	0	б	О	0	б
Fransportation					
Streets -Paved (miles)	96.00	96.00	96	96	96
Sidewalks (miles)	7.68	7.68	7.68	7.68	7.68
invironmental Protection					
Curbside Truck	2	3	2	2	2
Leaf Machine	2	2	2	2	2
Beach Trash Truck	2	3	2	2	2
Cultural and Recreation					
Parks	17	17	17	17	17
Tennis Courts	6	6	6	6	6
Playgrounds	1	2	2	2	2
Baseball/Softball fields	5	5	5	5	5
Soccer Fields	1	1	1	1	1
Recreation Center	1	1	1	1	1
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1
Golf Courses	1	1	1	1	1
Croquet Court	1	1	1	1	1
Disc Golf Course	1	1	1	1	1
Fishing Pier	1	1	1	1	1
Dog Park	1	1	1	2	2
Vater					
Water Mains (miles)	120	120	120	120	120
Fire Hydrants	800	800	800	800	800
Average daily water consumption (in gallons)	878,257	878,700	749,542	739,818	804,170
Peak daily demand (in gallons)	2,488,000	2,485,000	2,111,000	2,174,330	2,188,950
Vastewater					
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	20	106	106	106	106
Lift Stations	15	34	34	34	34
Man Holes	220	220	245	245	245
Sewer Treatment Capacity (in gallons)	400,000	2,535,308	3,400,000	3,400,000	3,400,000

Source: Various Town Departments

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Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Oak Island, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely present component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Oak Island, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Town of Oak Island, North Carolina's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 24, 2019. The financial statements of the Town of Oak Island Board of Alcoholic Control were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Oak Island, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Oak Island, North Carolina's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Oak Island, North Carolina's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for a limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Oak Island, North Carolina's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

S. Preston Douglas & Associates, LLP

Whiteville, North Carolina January 24, 2020





Report On Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; In accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance; and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Town Council Town of Oak Island, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Oak Island, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Oak Island's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Town of Oak Island's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations, contracts and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion for each of the Town of Oak Island's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of Oak Island's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Oak Island's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Town of Oak Island complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Town of Oak Island is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town of Oak Island's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Oak Island's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

S. Preston Douglas & Associates, LLP

Whiteville, NC January 24, 2020





Report On Compliance For Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; In accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance; and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Town Council Town of Oak Island, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Town of Oak Island, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Oak Island's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Town of Oak Island's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with state statutes, regulations, contracts and the terms and conditions of its state awards applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion for each of the Town of Oak Island's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of Oak Island's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Oak Island's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Town of Oak Island complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Town of Oak Island is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town of Oak Island's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Oak Island's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

S. Preston Douglas & Associates, LLP

Whiteville, NC January 24, 2020

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I. Summary of A	uditor's Results		
<u>Financial Statements</u>			
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	X	No
Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not			
considered to be material weaknesses	X Yes		None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	Yes	Х	No
Federal Awards			
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major			
federal programs	Unmodified		
Internal control over major federal programs:			
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	X	No
Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not			
considered to be material weaknesses	Yes	X	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	Yes	X	No
Any audit finding disclosed that is required to be reported			
in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)	Yes	X	No
Identification of major Federal programs:			
Program Name			
NC Department of Public Safety-Presidentially Declared Disaster			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish			
between Type A and Type B programs	\$750,000		
between Type A and Type B programs	\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee	Yes	x	No
State Awards			
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major state programs Internal control over major state programs:	Unmodified		
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	х	No
Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not	163		
considered to be material weaknesses	Yes	х	None reported
Any audit finding disclosed that is required to be reported			ivone reported
in accordance with the State Single Audit			
Implementation Act	Yes	х	No
implementation Act		^	_ '*0

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Identification of major State programs:

Program Name

NC Department of Natural and Cultural Resources/ Parks and Recreation Trust Fund (PARTF)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II - Financial Statement Findings and Questioned Costs

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

Finding: 2019-001 Excess Expenditures over Appropriations

Criteria: G.S. 159-8(a) states that all moneys received and expended by a local government or public authority should be included in the budget ordinance.

Condition: The Finance Officer understimated department expenditures when preparing budget amendments.

Effect: Money was spent that had not been appropriated

Identification of a repeat finding: This is a repeat finding from an audit three years prior, 2016-01

Cause: Money was spent for unplanned repair expenditures caused by Hurricane Florence

Recommendation: Institute a process to ensure that only those amounts appropriated are actually spent.

Views of responsible officials and panned corrective actions

Town officials agree with this finding and recommended action to ensure that only those amounts appropriated are actually spent.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None Reported



Corrective Action Plan
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

Finding 2019-01

Name of Contact Person: David Hatten, Finance Officer

Corrective Action: Institute a process to ensure that only those amounts appropriated are actually spent. Monitor budget reports more closely.

Proposed Completion Date: The Board will implement the above procedure immediately.

Section III -	Federal A	Award	Findings
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None Reported

Section IV - State Award Findings

None Reported

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Findings:

There were no audit findings from the previous year.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Grantor / Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Award Number/ State Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal (Direct Pass- through) Expenditures	State Contract Number	State Expenditures
Federal Grants:					
Cash Programs:					
US Department of Homeland Security					
NC Department of Public Safety					
Presidentially Declared Disaster	97.036		\$ 1,826,557		\$ -
State Grants:					
Cash Assistance					
NC Department of Environmental Quality					
Marine Resources Fund				7232	110,600
Public Beach & Coastal Waterfront Access Pro	gram			7139	109,460
NC Department of Transportation					
Powell Bill		DOT-4			42,146
NC Department of Natural and Cultural/					
Parks and Recreation Trust Fund					
PARTF Grant				18-865	693,366
Total assistance			\$ 1,826,557		\$ 955,572

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:

1. Basis of presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of the Town of Oak Island under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town of Oak Island, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Town of Oak Island.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Principles

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

3.Indirect Cost Rate

The Town of Oak Island has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

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