TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2019



J. B. WATSON & Co., P.L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS June 30, 2019

Town Council Members

Minnie P. Staton, Mayor

Johnny Faulk, Mayor Pro Tem

Myra Dalgleish

Cindy Heafner

Jimmy Hildreth

Sissy Stegall

Administrative and Financial Staff

Jerricka Napier, Town Clerk/Finance Officer

Richard Broadaway, Public Works Director

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FINANCIAL SECTION

J. B. WATSON & CO., P.L.L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 120 SOUTH RUTHERFORD STREET P. O. BOX 341 WADESBORO, N.C. 28170

JAMES F. HANNA, CPA DENEAL H. BENNETT, CPA J. DAVID BURNS, CPA TELEPHONE (704) 694-5174 FACSIMILE (704) 694-6970

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Polkton, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Town of Polkton, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Town of Polkton, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Contributions, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance's Schedules of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll, and the Other Postemployment Benefits' Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Town of Polkton, North Carolina. The individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit and the procedures performed as described above, the individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

A Writzen & lo, ALC

Wadesboro, North Carolina October 22, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

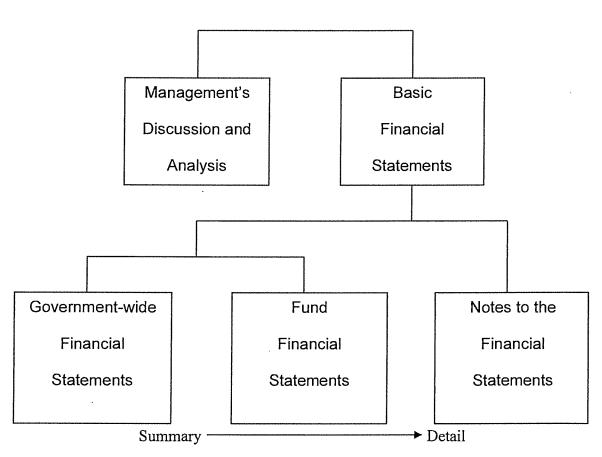
As management of Town of Polkton, we offer readers of Town of Polkton's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Town of Polkton for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Town of Polkton exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$5,094,964 (*net position*).
- The government's total net position increased by \$127,576 primarily due to increases in property taxes, utility charges for services, and investment earnings, as well as decreases in some departmental expenses.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Town of Polkton's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,152,277 with a net increase of \$122,218 in fund balance. Approximately 75 percent of this total amount, or \$1,577,151, is available for spending at the government's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,577,151 or 224 percent of total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Polkton's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Town of Polkton.



Required Components of Annual Financial Report



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3-1 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental fund statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. Following the notes is **required supplementary information**. This section contains funding information about the Town's pension plans and postemployment benefits. Also after the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and State and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by Town of Polkton.

The government-wide financial statements are Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Town of Polkton, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Town of Polkton can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Town of Polkton adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these

current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – Town of Polkton has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Polkton uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 12 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning Town of Polkton's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and postemployment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 39 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities: The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and State laws and federal and State appropriations.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

| | Govern Activ | | Busine: Activ | •• | Total | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|--|---|--------------|--|
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 2,266,716 | \$ 2,118,526 | \$ 1,157,838 | \$ 1,028,450 | \$ 3,424,554 | \$ 3,146,976 | |
| Capital assets | 272,057 | 286,024 | 2,151,897 | 2,207,638 | 2,423,954 | 2,493,662 | |
| Deferred outflows of resources | 86,076 | 63,771 | 17,168 | 12,408 | 103,244 | 76,179 | |
| Total assets and deferred | | | | | | | |
| outflows of resources | 2,624,849 | 2,468,321 | 3,326,903 | 3,248,496 | 5,951,752 | 5,716,817 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Current and other liabilities | 60,362 | 34,752 | 72,922 | 49,953 | 133,284 | 84,705 | |
| Long-term liabilities outstanding | 569,846 | 534,306 | 89,651 | 82,608 | 659,497 | 616,914 | |
| Deferred inflows of resources | 56,045 | 41,825 | 7,962 | 5,985 | 64,007 | 47,810 | |
| Total liabilities and deferred | | | | | | | |
| inflows of resources | 686,253 | 610,883 | 170,535 | 138,546 | 856,788 | 749,429 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Net position: | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 267,263 | 281,230 | 2,151,897 | 2,207,638 | 2,419,160 | 2,488,868 | |
| Restricted | 544,295 | 507,991 | - | - | 544,295 | 507,991 | |
| Unrestricted | 1,127,038 | 1,068,217 | 1,004,471 | 902,312 | 2,131,509 | 1,970,529 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Total net position | \$ 1,938,596 | \$ 1,857,438 | \$ 3,156,368 | \$ 3,109,950 | \$ 5,094,964 | \$ 4,967,388 | |
| | | | | the second s | and the second | | |

Town of Polkton's Net Position Figure 2

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of Town of Polkton exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$5,094,964 as of June 30, 2019. The Town's net position increased by \$127,576 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. However, the largest portion (47.5%) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). Town of Polkton uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Town of Polkton's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of Town of Polkton's net position, \$544,295 (10.9%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$2,131,509 (41.8%) is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Property tax collections were consistent.
- Investment earnings were increased due to investing idle funds with NCCMT.

| | Governmental Activities | | | ess-type ivities | Total | | |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Program Revenues: | | | | | | • | |
| Charges for services | \$ 48,956 | \$ 42,920 | \$ 292,770 | \$ 269,893 | S 341,726 | \$ 312,813 | |
| Operating grants and contributions | 80,775 | 85,715 | - | , - | 80,775 | 85,715 | |
| Capital grants and contributions | 10,300 | 4,820 | - | - | 10,300 | 4,820 | |
| General Revenues: | | • | | | , | | |
| Property taxes | 125,186 | 119,671 | - | - | 125,186 | 119,671 | |
| Other taxes and licenses | 735,481 | 748,654 | | - | 735,481 | 748,654 | |
| Grants and contributions not restricted | | • | - | - | - | · - | |
| Investment earnings, unrestricted | 8,181 | 3,472 | 4,210 | 680 | 12,391 | 4,152 | |
| Miscellaneous, unrestricted | 180 | 3,767 | - | - | 180 | 3,767 | |
| Total Revenues | 1,009,059 | 1,009,019 | 296,980 | 270,573 | 1,306,039 | 1,279,592 | |
| Expenses: | | | | | | | |
| Program Expenses: | | | | | | | |
| General government | 171,083 | 173,395 | - | - | 171,083 | 173,395 | |
| Public safety | 290,721 | 281,762 | - | - | 290,721 | 281,762 | |
| Transportation | 226,097 | 255,930 | - | - | 226,097 | 255,930 | |
| Environmental protection | 44,679 | 43,473 | - | - | 44,679 | 43,473 | |
| Culture and recreation | 23,071 | 19,491 | - | - | 23,071 | 19,491 | |
| Water and sewer | - | <i>.</i> - | 422,812 | 352,329 | 422,812 | 352,329 | |
| Total Expenses | 755,651 | 774,051 | 422,812 | 352,329 | 1,178,463 | 1,126,380 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers | 253,408 | 234,968 | (125,832) | (81,756) | 127,576 | 153,212 | |
| · | | | | | | | |
| Transfers | (172,250) | (95,000) | 172,250 | 95,000 | - | - | |
| Increase in net position | 81,158 | 139,968 | 46,418 | 13,244 | 127,576 | 153,212 | |
| Net Position, July 1 | 1,857,438 | 2,045,323 | 3,109,950 | 3,141,852 | 4,967,388 | 5,187,175 | |
| Restatement | - | (327,853) | - | (45,146) | - | (372,999) | |
| Net Position, July 1, as restated | 1,857,438 | 1,717,470 | 3,109,950 | 3,096,706 | 4,967,388 | 4,814,176 | |
| Net Position, June 30 | <u>\$ 1,938,596</u> | <u>\$ 1,857,438</u> | <u>\$ 3,156,368</u> | <u>\$ 3,109,950</u> | <u>\$ 5,094,964</u> | <u>\$ 4,967,388</u> | |

Town of Polkton's Changes in Net Position Figure 3

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$81,158, thereby accounting for 63.6% of the total growth in the net position of Town of Polkton. A key element of this is an increase in property tax revenue; increased rates for water, sewer and garbage; strict cutoff policy; and a decrease in spending for transportation.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased Town of Polkton's net position by \$46,418.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, Town of Polkton uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Town of Polkton's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Town of Polkton's financing requirements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Town of Polkton. At the end of the current fiscal year, Town of Polkton's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$2,016,408, while total fund balance reached \$2,152,277. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 286.5% of General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 305.8% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of Town of Polkton reported a combined fund balance of \$2,152,277 with a net increase in fund balance of \$122,218.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues were slightly more than the budgeted amounts primarily due to conservative budgeting of local option sales taxes. Expenditures were held in check to comply with budgetary requirements.

Proprietary Funds. Town of Polkton's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$1,004,471. The total change in net position for the Water and Sewer Fund was an increase of \$46,418.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. Town of Polkton's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019, totals \$2,423,954 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, streets, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, vehicles, and the water and sewer system.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

- Remodel of the front of Town hall
- Upgrade of the kitchen in Town hall
- Police in-car camera and radar equipment acquired through the Governors Highway Safety Program
- Purchase of a power drive complete threading machine
- Installation of a 6" water vault
- Purchase of additional radio read meters

Management's Discussion and Analysis Town of Polkton

• Purchase a backup generator for the Town hall

Town of Polkton's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Figure 4

| | | Governmental Activities | | | Business-type Activities | | | Total | | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------|----------|---------|-----------------------------|-----------|---|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2019 | | 2018 |
| Land | s | 7,830 | s | 7,830 | s | 81,232 | s | 81,232 | s | 89,062 | s | 89,062 |
| Construction in progress | | - | | - | | 40,000 | | 40,000 | | 40,000 | | 40,000 |
| Land improvements | | 14,742 | | 19,582 | | - | | - | | 14,742 | | 19,582 |
| Infrastructure | | 113,962 | | 120,712 | | - | | - | | 113,962 | | 120,712 |
| Buildings | | 72,192 | | 58,974 | | 54,328 | | 58,365 | | 126,520 | | 117,339 |
| Vehicles and maintenance equipment | | 23,717 | | 39,631 | | 6,492 | | 2,683 | | 30,209 | | 42,314 |
| Equipment and furnishings | | 39,614 | | 39,295 | | - | | - | | 39,614 | | 39,295 |
| Water and sewer system | | • | | - | | 1,969,845 | | 2,025,358 | | 1,969,845 | | 2,025,358 |
| Total | <u>s</u> | 272,057 | <u>s</u> | 286,024 | <u>s</u> | 2,151,897 | S | 2,207,638 | <u>s</u> | 2,423,954 | <u>s</u> | 2,493,662 |

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2019, Town of Polkton had no bonded debt.

General Obligation and Revenue Bonds Figure 5

| x | | nmental vities | Busine Activ | •• | Total | | |
|--------------------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------|------------|--|
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 | |
| General Obligation Bonds | <u>\$</u> | <u>s -</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>s -</u> | <u>s -</u> | |

Town of Polkton's Outstanding Debt

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Town of Polkton is \$3,659,859.

Additional information regarding Town of Polkton's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

There are currently no known plans for significant growth within the Town.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities: There will be slight changes to the budget for purchasing a new vehicle for the police department.

Business-type Activities: The Town plans to maintain water and sewer services at the current level. Meter purchases will only be to replace existing radio read meters as needed. The rates for water, sewer, garbage, and reconnect fee increased for FY 2019-2020.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Officer, Town of Polkton, PO Box 99, Polkton, NC 28135.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

| | Governmental Business-type | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|
| | Activities | Activities | Total | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,668,344 | \$ 1,060,063 | \$ 2,728,407 | | |
| Receivables: | \$ 1,000,01 | \$ 1,000,000 | ¢ _,:=0,:01 | | |
| Taxes receivable | 42,723 | _ | 42,723 | | |
| Accounts receivable (net) | 4,702 | 32,691 | 37,393 | | |
| Accrued interest receivable | 11,354 | - | 11,354 | | |
| Due from other governments | 131,167 | 1,696 | 132,863 | | |
| Inventories | - | 28,117 | 28,117 | | |
| Restricted assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 408,426 | 35,271 | 443,697 | | |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | 2,266,716 | 1,157,838 | 3,424,554 | | |
| CAPITAL ASSETS | | | | | |
| Land and other nondepreciable assets | 7,830 | 121,232 | 129,062 | | |
| Other capital assets (net) | 264,227 | 2,030,665 | 2,294,892 | | |
| TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS | 272,057 | 2,151,897 | 2,423,954 | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 2,538,773 | 3,309,735 | 5,848,508 | | |
| | | | · | | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 86,076 | 17,168 | 103,244 | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 60,259 | 2,192 | 62,451 | | |
| Due to other governments | 103 | 35,459 | 35,562 | | |
| Payable from restricted assets | - | 35,271 | 35,271 | | |
| Long-term liabilities: | | | | | |
| Due within one year | 2,396 | - | 2,396 | | |
| Due in more than one year | 567,450 | 89,651 | 657,101 | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 630,208 | 162,573 | 792,781 | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 56,045 | 7,962 | 64,007 | | |
| NET POSITION | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 267,263 | 2,151,897 | 2,419,160 | | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | |
| Stabilization by State statute | 135,869 | - | 135,869 | | |
| Streets - Powell Bill | 408,426 | - | 408,426 | | |
| Unrestricted | 1,127,038 | 1,004,471 | 2,131,509 | | |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ 1,938,596 | \$ 3,156,368 | \$ 5,094,964 | | |

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| For the Tear Ended Suite 30, 2019 | | | Program Revenues | i | Net (Expense) R | evenue and Change | s in Net Position |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| | Expenses | Charges for Services | Operating Grants and Contributions | Capital Grants and Contributions | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total |
| Functions/Programs: | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 171,083 | \$- | \$- | \$- | \$ (171,083) | | |
| Public safety | 290,721 | 6,333 | - | 10,300 | (274,088) | - | (274,088) |
| Transportation | 226,097 | · – | 80,775 | - | (145,322) | - | (145,322) |
| Environmental protection | 44,679 | 42,623 | - | - | (2,056) | - | (2,056) |
| Culture and recreation | 23,071 | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | (23,071) | | (23,071) |
| Total governmental activities | 755,651 | 48,956 | 80,775 | 10,300 | (615,620) | | (615,620) |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | |
| Water and sewer | 422,812 | 292,770 | | | - | (130,042) | (130,042) |
| | <u> </u> | \$ 341,726 | <u>\$ 80,775</u> | <u>\$ 10,300</u> | (615,620) | (130,042) | (745,662) |
| | General revent Taxes: | es: | | | | | |
| | Property taxe | s, levied for genera | l purposes | | 125,186 | - | 125,186 |
| | Other taxes a | nd licenses | | | 735,481 | - | 735,481 |
| | Grants and cor | tributions not restr | icted to specific pro | grams | - | - | - |
| | Investment ear | nings, unrestricted | | | 8,181 | 4,210 | 12,391 |
| | Miscellaneous | unrestricted | | | 180 | - | 180 |
| | | Total gener | ral revenues not in | cluding transfers | 869,028 | 4,210 | 873,238 |
| | Transfers | | | | (172,250) | 172,250 | |
| | | Т | otal general reven | ues and transfers | 696,778 | 176,460 | 873,238 |
| | | | Chan | ge in net position | 81,158 | 46,418 | 127,576 |
| | Net position, b | eginning | | | 1,857,438 | 3,109,950 | 4,967,388 |
| | | | Ne | t position, ending | \$ 1,938,596 | \$ 3,156,368 | \$ 5,094,964 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 2

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

| | General Fund |
|--|-----------------|
| ASSETS | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,668,344 |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | 408,426 |
| Taxes receivable | 42,723 |
| Accounts receivable | 4,702 |
| Due from other governments | 131,167 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 2,255,362 |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ 60,259 |
| Due to other governments | 103 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 60,362 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | |
| Property taxes receivable | 42,723 |
| Prepaid taxes | |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 42,723 |
| FUND BALANCES | |
| Restricted: | |
| Stabilization by State statute | 135,869 |
| Streets - Powell Bill | 408,426 |
| Assigned: | |
| Subsequent year's expenditures | 30,831 |
| Unassigned | 1,577,151 |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | 2,152,277 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF | |
| RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES | \$ 2,255,362 |

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINAExhibit 3-2RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCESHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITIONJune 30, 2019June 30, 2019

| Fund balances - Total governmental funds (Exhibit 3-1) | \$ 2,152,277 |
|---|---------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net positie (Exhibit 1) are different because: | on |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | s 272,057 |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are not reported in the funds. | 86,076 |
| Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable on taxes) are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are inflows of resources in the funds. | 11,354 |
| Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements. | 42,723 |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are not reported in the funds. | (56,045) |
| Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: | |
| Installment purchase payable | (4,794) |
| Compensated absences payable | (20,078) |
| Net pension liability (LGERS) | (86,147) |
| Total pension liability (LEO) | (14,418) |
| Total OPEB liability | (444,409) |
| Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 1) | <u>\$ 1,938,596</u> |

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | General Fund | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| REVENUES | | |
| Ad valorem taxes | \$ | 124,824 |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental | | 732,339 |
| Restricted intergovernmental | | 83,917 |
| Permits and fees | | 5,325 |
| Sales and services | | 42,623 |
| Investment earnings | | 8,181 |
| Miscellaneous | | 1,188 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | 998,397 |
| EXPENDITURES | | |
| Current: | | |
| General government | | 177,095 |
| Public safety | | 259,609 |
| Transportation | | 207,565 |
| Environmental protection | | 44,679 |
| Culture and recreation | | 14,981 |
| Debt service: | | |
| Principal retirement | | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | | 703,929 |
| REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES | | 294,468 |
| OTHER FINANCING USES | | |
| Transfers to other funds | | (172,250) |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | | 122,218 |
| FUND BALANCE, beginning | | 2,030,059 |
| FUND BALANCE, ending | <u>\$</u> | 2,152,277 |

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit 4-2

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4-1) | \$ | 122,218 |
|--|--------|---------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibate are different because: | oit 2) |) |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, however, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by | f | |
| which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period: Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation | | 21,384 (45,651) |
| Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the statement of activities. | | 21,138 |
| Benefit payments paid and administrative expenses for the LEOSSA are not included on the statement of activities. | | 1,234 |
| OPEB benefit payments and administrative expenses incurred in the current fiscal year are not included on the statement of activities. | | 11,776 |
| Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: Change in accrued interest receivable on taxes | | 938 |
| Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues Amount of donated assets | | (576) 10,300 |
| The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to govern- mental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items: Principal payments on long-term debt | 5 | - |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: | | |
| Change in compensated absences payable Pension expense | | (5,518) (30,188) |
| OPEB plan expense Total change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2) | \$ | (25,897) 81,158 |
| | | |

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| DEVENUES | | Driginal Budget | | Final Budget | | Actual | W] | Variance vith Final Positive Negative) |
|--|-----------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------|---------------|---|
| REVENUES | • | 110.000 | ٩ | 110.000 | ¢ | 104 004 | ው | 14.004 |
| Ad valorem taxes | \$ | 110,000 | \$ | 110,000 | \$ | 124,824 | \$ | 14,824 |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental Restricted intergovernmental | | 685,700 87,600 | | 685,700 87,600 | | 732,339 83,917 | | 46,639 (3,683) |
| Permits and fees | | 87,800 800 | | 800 | | 5,325 | | 4,525 |
| Sales and services | | 38,950 | | 38,950 | | 42,623 | | 4, <i>323</i> 3,673 |
| | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Investment earnings Miscellaneous | | 2,215 | | 2,215 | | 8,181 | | 5,966 |
| Miscenaneous | | 600 | | 600 | | 1,188 | | 588 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | 925,865 | | 925,865 | | 998,397 | | 72,532 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | 183,405 | | 193,360 | | 177,095 | | 16,265 |
| Public safety | | 269,877 | | 269,877 | | 259,609 | | 10,268 |
| Transportation | | 307,330 | | 221,889 | | 207,565 | | 14,324 |
| Environmental protection | | 45,820 | | 48,591 | | 44,679 | | 3,912 |
| Culture and recreation | | 20,300 | | 18,700 | | 14,981 | | 3,719 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | | 1,198 | | 1,198 | | - | | 1,198 |
| Contingency | | 9,955 | | ••• | | | | <u> </u> |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | | 837,885 | | 753,615 | <u> </u> | 703,929 | | 49,686 |
| REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES | | 87,980 | | 172,250 | | 294,468 | | 122,218 |
| OTHER FINANCING USES | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers to other funds | <u></u> | (87,980) | | (172,250) | | (172,250) | . | v 🙀 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | <u>\$</u> | - | <u>\$</u> | | | 122,218 | <u>\$</u> | 122,218 |
| FUND BALANCE, beginning | | | | | | 2,030,059 | | |
| FUND BALANCE, ending | | | | | <u>\$</u> | 2,152,277 | | |

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2019

| June 50, 2019 | Water and |
|---|---------------------|
| | Sewer Fund |
| ASSETS | |
| | |
| CURRENT ASSETS | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,060,063 |
| Accounts receivable (net) | 32,691 |
| Due from other governments | 1,696 |
| Inventories | 28,117 |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | 35,271 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | 1,157,838 |
| NONCURRENT ASSETS | |
| Capital assets: | |
| Land and other nondepreciable assets | 121,232 |
| Other capital assets (net) | 2,030,665 |
| TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS | 2,151,897 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 3,309,735 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 17,168 |
| LIABILITIES | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 2,192 |
| Due to other governments | 35,459 |
| Liabilities payable from restricted assets: | |
| Customer deposits | 35,271 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | 72,922 |
| NONCURRENT LIABILITIES | |
| Compensated absences payable | 5,318 |
| Net pension liability | 20,846 |
| Total OPEB liability | 63,487 |
| TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES | 89,651 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 162,573 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 7,962 |
| NET POSITION | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 2,151,897 |
| Unrestricted | 1,004,471 |
| | |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | <u>\$ 3,156,368</u> |

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit 7

| | Water and | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| OPERATING REVENUES | Sewer Fund | |
| Charges for services | \$ 285,797 | |
| Other operating revenues | \$ 285,777 6,973 | |
| | | |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES | 292,770 | |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 95,115 | |
| Office expenses | 3,144 | |
| Utilities | 909 | |
| Supplies | 4,556 | |
| Tests, permits, and fees | 3,795 | |
| Water purchases | 52,506 | |
| Sewer charges | 153,802 | |
| Repairs and maintenance | 25,607 | |
| Insurance | 2,486 | |
| Depreciation | 67,550 | |
| Mobile phones | 729 | |
| Public service vehicle | 11,106 | |
| Miscellaneous | 1,507 | |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 422,812 | |
| OPERATING LOSS | (130,042) | |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES | | |
| Investment earnings | 4,210 | |
| LOSS BEFORE TRANSFERS | (125,832) | |
| TRANSFERS | 172,250 | |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | 46,418 | |
| NET POSITION, beginning | 3,109,950 | |
| | | |
| NET POSITION, ending | \$ 3,156,368 | |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Exhibit 8 Page 1 of 2

| | Water and |
|---|---------------------|
| | Sewer Fund |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | |
| Cash received from customers | \$ 280,611 |
| Cash paid for goods and services | (238,757) |
| Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services | (90,855) |
| Customer deposits received | 13,580 |
| Customer deposits returned/applied | (10,895) |
| Other operating cash receipts | 6,973 |
| NET CASH USED BY | |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | (39,343) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | |
| Transfers from other funds | 172,250 |
| Transfers from other funds | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES | |
| Acquisition of capital assets | (11,809) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | |
| Investment earnings | 4,210 |
| NET INCREASE IN CASH | |
| AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 125,308 |
| | 1=0,000 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning | 970,026 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ending | <u>\$ 1,095,334</u> |
| | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | |
| Unrestricted | \$ 1,060,063 |
| Restricted | 35,271 |
| | \$ 1,095,334 |

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINAExhibit 8STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDSPage 2 of 2For the Year Ended June 30, 2019Water and
Sewer FundWater and
Sewer FundWater and
Sewer FundRECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH
USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:Water and
Sewer Fund

| SED DI CIERAINO ACTIVITES. | |
|---|--------------|
| Operating loss | \$ (130,042) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash | |
| used by operating activities: | |
| Depreciation | 67,550 |
| (Increase) decrease in: | |
| Accounts receivable (net) | (5,186) |
| Due from other governments | (163) |
| Inventories | 1,269 |
| Deferred outflows of resources - pensions | (4,760) |
| Increase (decrease) in: | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 1,530 |
| Due to other governments | 18,754 |
| Customer deposits | 2,685 |
| Compensated absences payable | 129 |
| Net pension liability | 6,727 |
| Total OPEB liability | 187 |
| Deferred inflows of resources - pensions | (110) |
| Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB | 2,087 |
| | |

NET CASH USED BYOPERATING ACTIVITIES\$ (39,343)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Town of Polkton conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. REPORTING ENTITY

Town of Polkton is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a fivemember council.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component units, if any. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - *governmental and proprietary* - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds, when applicable.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other nonoperating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013, and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for Town of Polkton because the tax is levied by Anson County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

D. BUDGETARY DATA

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted as needed. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND EQUITY

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The NCCMT - Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

RESTRICTED ASSETS

Customer deposits held by the Town are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes outlined in G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018.

ALLOWANCES FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the receivables written off in prior years, as well as the receivables at year end deemed to be uncollectible. At June 30, 2019, the Town expects to collect all accounts receivable.

INVENTORIES

Inventories are maintained for the Water and Sewer Fund supplies. The inventories are valued at cost. The costs of these inventories are expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 16, 2015, are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015, are recorded at acquisition value. The minimum capitalization limit is \$1,000. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and have not been capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

| Land improvements | 15 years |
|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Infrastructure | 30 years |
| Buildings | 30 – 39 years |
| Vehicles and maintenance equipment | 5-10 years |
| Equipment and furnishings | 5 – 10 years |
| Water and sewer system | 50 years |

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has several items that meet this criterion – contributions made to the OPEB and pension plans in the current fiscal year and OPEB and pension related deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has three items that meet the criterion for this category – prepaid taxes (when applicable), property taxes receivable, and OPEB and pension related deferrals.

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State statute.

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Town does not have any nonspendable fund balance.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina legislature in the 1930's designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS) is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". *Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget year.* Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation". RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. RSS is included as a component of restricted fund balance Sheet and restricted net position on the Statement of Net Position.

Restricted for streets - Powell Bill – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town's governing board (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation. The Town does not have any committed fund balance this year.

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that the Town intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Unassigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Town has not adopted a minimum fund balance policy, but follows the State Treasurer's guidance.

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION AND OPEB PLANS

The Town participates in two cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State - the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (LEOSSA) (collectively, the "stateadministered defined benefit pension plans") - and one other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) the Health Care Plan (the HC Plan). For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the stateadministered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Town of Polkton's employer contributions are recognized when due and Town of Polkton has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the HC Plan and additions to/deductions from the HC Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the HC Plan. For this purpose, the HC Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments for all plans are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. ASSETS

DEPOSITS

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all Pooling Method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2019, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$2,564,693 and a bank balance of \$2,568,185. Of the bank balance, \$538,041 was covered by federal depository insurance, and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2019, the Town's bank balances exceeded federally insured limits by \$2,030,144. All deposits of the Town are insured or collateralized under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2019, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$179.

INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2019, the Town's investments consisted of \$607,232 in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio. The North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT) is a SEC registered money market fund allowable by G.S. 159-30(c)(8). The NCCMT Government Portfolio is a 2a-7 fund maintaining an AAAm rating from Standard and Poor's. The NCCMT Government Portfolio is reported at fair value.

The Town has no formal policy regarding credit risk, but has internal management procedures that limit the Town's investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30.

At June 30, 2019, the Town's investment balances were as follows:

| | Reported | Fair |
|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| | Value | Value |
| North Carolina Capital Management | | |
| Trust Government Portfolio | \$ 607,232 | \$ 607,232 |

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

| | Beginning Balances | Increases | Decreases | Ending Balances |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---|--------------------|
| Governmental activities: | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | <u>\$ 7,830</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$ 7,830</u> |
| | | | | |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land improvements | 74,870 | - | - | 74,870 |
| Infrastructure | 202,485 | - | - | 202,485 |
| Buildings | 110,871 | 20,167 | - | 131,038 |
| Vehicles and maintenance equipment | 295,554 | - | - | 295,554 |
| Equipment and furnishings | 119,295 | 11,517 | | 130,812 |
| | 803,075 | 31,684 | | 834,759 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Land improvements | 55,288 | 4,840 | - | 60,128 |
| Infrastructure | 81,773 | 6,750 | - | 88,523 |
| Buildings | 51,897 | 6,949 | - | 58,846 |
| Vehicles and maintenance equipment | 255,923 | 15,914 | - | 271,837 |
| Equipment and furnishings | 80,000 | 11,198 | - | 91,198 |
| | 524,881 | 45,651 | | 570,532 |
| | 278,194 | | | 264,227 |
| Governmental activities | | | | |
| capital assets, net | \$ 286,024 | | | <u>\$ 272,057</u> |

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental departments as follows:

| General government | \$ 7,622 |
|------------------------|-------------|
| Public safety | 18,266 |
| Transportation | 11,673 |
| Culture and recreation | 8,090 |
| | |

| \$ 45,651 |
|--------------|
| |

| | Beginning Balances | Increases | Decreases | Ending Balances |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Business-type activities: | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 81,232 | \$- | \$- | \$ 81,232 |
| Construction in progress | 40,000 | | - | 40,000 |
| | 121,232 | | | 121,232 |
| | | | | |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings | 121,104 | - | - | 121,104 |
| Vehicles and maintenance equipment | 43,908 | 5,040 | - | 48,948 |
| Water and sewer system | 3,114,299 | 6,769 | _ | 3,121,068 |
| | 3,279,311 | 11,809 | - | 3,291,120 |
| | | | | |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Buildings | 62,739 | 4,037 | - | 66,776 |
| Vehicles and maintenance equipment | 41,225 | 1,231 | - | 42,456 |
| Water and sewer system | 1,088,941 | 62,282 | | 1,151,223 |
| | 1,192,905 | 67,550 | | 1,260,455 |
| | | | | |
| | 2,086,406 | | | 2,030,665 |
| Business-type activities | | | | |
| capital assets, net | \$ 2,207,638 | | | <u>\$ 2,151,897</u> |

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2019, was \$67,550.

B. LIABILITIES

PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT OBLIGATIONS

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description: Town of Polkton is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G. S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided: LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with five years of creditable service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions: Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of Polkton employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. Town of Polkton's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 8.50% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.90% for general employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from Town of Polkton were \$26,071 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions: Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By State law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported a liability of \$106,993 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Town's proportion was 0.00451% (measured as of June 30, 2018), which was a decrease of 0.00032% from its proportion as of June 30, 2018 (measured as of June 30, 2017).

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$33,519. At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|-------|
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | |
| experience | \$ | 16,506 | \$ | 554 |
| Changes of assumptions | | 28,393 | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | | | |
| earnings on pension plan investments | | 14,687 | | - |
| Changes in proportion and differences between | | | | |
| Town contributions and proportionate | | | | |
| share of contributions | | 4,577 | | 2,267 |
| Town's contributions subsequent to the | | | | |
| measurement date | | 26,071 | | |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | 90,234 | <u>\$</u> | 2,821 |

\$26,071 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ending | | |
|-----------------|-----------|--------|
| <u>June 30,</u> | | |
| 2020 | \$ | 30,576 |
| 2021 | | 18,709 |
| 2022 | | 3,888 |
| 2023 | | 8,169 |
| 2024 | | - |
| Thereafter | | |
| | <u>\$</u> | 61,342 |

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Inflation | 3.0 percent |
|---------------------------|---|
| Salary increases | 3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and |
| | productivity factor |
| Investment rate of return | 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation |

The plan currently uses mortality rates based on the *RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table* that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e., general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

| | | Long-Term Expected |
|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| <u>Asset Class</u> | Target Allocation | Real Rate of Return |
| Fixed Income | 29.0% | 1.4% |
| Global Equity | 42.0% | 5.3% |
| Real Estate | 8.0% | 4.3% |
| Alternatives | 8.0% | 8.9% |
| Credit | 7.0% | 6.0% |
| Inflation Protection | 6.0% | 4.0% |
| Total | 100.0% | |

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% | Discount | 1% |
|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| | Decrease | Rate | Increase |
| | (6.00%) | (7.00%) | (8.00%) |
| Town's proportionate share of | | | |
| the net pension liability (asset) | \$ 257,006 | \$ 106,993 | \$ (18,361) |

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description: Town of Polkton administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2017, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of two active plan members.

A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting: The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement No. 73.

Actuarial Assumptions: The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2017, valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Inflation | 2.5 percent |
|------------------|---|
| Salary increases | 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and |
| | productivity factor |
| Discount rate | 3.64 percent |

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2017.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

Contributions: The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$-0- as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$14,418. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, based on a December 31, 2017, actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$2,241.

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------|----------------------------------|-------|
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | |
| experience | \$ | 183 | \$ | 2,324 |
| Changes of assumptions | | 729 | | 751 |
| Town benefit payments and plan | | | | |
| administrative expenses incurred subsequent | | | | |
| to the measurement date | | 322 | | |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | 1,234 | <u>\$</u> | 3,075 |

\$-0- paid as benefits came due and \$322 of administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ending | |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| <u>June 30,</u> | |
| 2020 | \$ (405) |
| 2021 | (405) |
| 2022 | (405) |
| 2023 | (405) |
| 2024 | (400) |
| Thereafter | (143) |
| | <u>\$ (2,163</u>) |

Sensitivity of the Town's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.64 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.64 percent) or one percentage point higher (4.65 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% | Discount | 1% |
|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | Decrease (2.64%) | Rate (3.64%) | Increase (4.64%) |
| Total pension liability | \$ 15,732 | \$ 14,418 | \$ 13,185 |

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability – Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance:

| Balance at December 31, 2017 | \$ | 12,180 |
|---|----------|--------|
| Service cost | · | 2,261 |
| Interest on the total pension liability | | 385 |
| Change of benefit terms | | |
| Differences between expected and actuarial experience | | 212 |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | (620) |
| Benefit payments | | - |
| Other changes | | - |
| Delayer at December 21, 2010 | ወ | 14 410 |
| Balance at December 31, 2018 | <u>)</u> | 14,418 |

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five year period ended December 31, 2014.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

| Franze. | LGERS | LEOSSA | Total |
|--|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Pension expense | \$ 33,519 | \$ 2,241 | \$ 35,760 |
| Pension liability | 106,993 | 14,418 | 121,411 |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | 0.00483% | n/a | |
| Deferred outflows of resources: | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | 16,506 | 183 | 16,689 |
| Changes of assumptions | 28,393 | 729 | 29,122 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings | | | |
| on plan investments | 14,687 | - | 14,687 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between Town | | | |
| contributions and proprotionate share of contributions | 4,577 | - | 4,577 |
| Benefit payments and administrative expenses incurred | | | |
| subsequent to the measurement date | 26,071 | 322 | 26,393 |
| | 90,234 | 1,234 | 91,468 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | 554 | 2,324 | 2,878 |
| Changes of assumptions | - | 751 | 751 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings | | | |
| on plan investments | _ | | - |
| Changes in proportion and differences between Town | | | |
| contributions and proprotionate share of contributions | 2,267 | - | 2,267 |
| | 2,821 | 3,075 | 5,896 |
| | | | |

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers and General Employees

Plan Description: The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410 or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy: Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The Town has elected to make the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan available to general employees. The Town contributes four percent of each general participant's salary, and the employees may make voluntary contributions. All amounts contributed are vested immediately.

The Town made contributions of \$14,230 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT – HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

Plan Description: Under the terms of a Town resolution, the Town administers a single-employer, defined benefit Health Care Plan (the HC Plan). The Town Council has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided: The HC Plan provides postemployment health care benefits to retirees of the Town, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least 20 years of creditable service with the Town. The Town pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits through private insurers. Health care, prescription drug, dental, vision benefits, and life insurance are provided in the Town's group health insurance plan to eligible retirees for their lifetime. The retiree may continue dependent coverage (and pay the full cost of this coverage) if enrolled in dependent coverage at the time of retirement. Dependent coverage terminates upon the retiree's death. The Town is currently paying the dependent vision and dental coverage for one retiree. This subsidy is not expected to continue for any future retirees. The Town Council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the HC Plan.

Membership of the HC Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2017, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

| | | Law |
|---|------------------|-------------|
| | General | Enforcement |
| | <u>Employees</u> | Officers |
| Retirees receiving benefits | 1 | 1 |
| Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet | | |
| receiving benefits | - | - |
| Active plan members | 4 | 2 |
| Total | 5 | 3 |

Total OPEB Liability: The Town's total OPEB liability of \$507,896 was measured as of June 30, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs: The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

| Inflation Salary increases | 2.50 percent 3.50 percent, average, including inflation |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Discount rate | 3.89 percent |
| Healthcare cost trend rates | Pre-Medicare – 7.50% for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2023 |
| | Medicare – 5.50% for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2020 |

The discount rate is based on the yield of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index as of the measurement date.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

| Balance at July 1, 2017 | <u>\$ 506,402</u> |
|--|----------------------|
| Changes for the year: | |
| Service cost | 21,649 |
| Interest | 17,861 |
| Changes of benefit terms | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | (1,009) |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | (27,521) |
| Benefit payments | <u>(9,486</u>) |
| Net changes | 1,494 |
| Balance at June 30, 2018 | <u>\$ 507,896</u> |

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.56% to 3.89%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 2010 through December 2014.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.89 percent) or one percentage point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

| | 1% | Discount | 1% |
|----------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Decrease | Rate | Increase |
| | (2.89%) | (3.89%) | (4.89%) |
| Total OPEB liability | \$ 598,330 | \$ 507,896 | \$ 436,060 |

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

| | 1% | Current | 1% |
|----------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Decrease | Rate | Increase |
| Total OPEB liability | \$ 429,814 | \$ 507,896 | \$ 608,898 |

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB: For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$27,671. At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|--------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | - | \$ | 1,168 |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments and administrative expenses | | - | | 56,943 |
| incurred subsequent to the measurement date | | 11,776 | | |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | 11,776 | <u>\$</u> | 58,111 |

\$11,776 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year Ending | | |
|-------------|---------------------|--|
| June 30, | | |
| 2020 | \$ (11,839) | |
| 2021 | (11,839) | |
| 2022 | (11,839) | |
| 2023 | (11,839) | |
| 2024 | (8,397) | |
| Thereafter | (2,358) | |
| | <u>\$ (58,111</u>) | |

OTHER EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the postemployment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll, based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Town made contributions to the State for death benefits of \$469. The Town's required contributions for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented 0.15% and 0.14% of covered payroll, respectively.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

| Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year (LGERS) | \$ | 26,071 |
|--|----|---------|
| Benefit payments and administrative expenses incurred subsequent | | |
| to the measurement date (LEOSSA) | | 322 |
| Benefit payments and administrative expenses for OPEB incurred | | |
| subsequent to the measurement date | | 11,776 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 16,689 |
| Changes of assumptions | | 29,122 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on | | |
| plan investments | | 14,687 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between employer | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 4,577 |
| | Φ. | 102.044 |
| | \$ | 103,244 |

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

| | | neral Fund Balance Sheet | | tement of t Position |
|--|-----------|--------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|
| Prepaid taxes (General Fund) | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Taxes receivable, less penalties (General Fund) | | 42,723 | | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | - | | 4,046 |
| Changes of assumptions | | - | | 57,694 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between employer | | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | ••••••• | | | 2,267 |
| | <u>\$</u> | 42,723 | \$ | 64,007 |

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town obtains general liability coverage of \$5 million, auto liability coverage of \$5 million per incident, and workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits. The Town carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town participates in the National Flood Insurance Plan (NFIP). The Town does not own any property that is within an area that is designated as a Flood Hazard Area. As additional Flood Hazard Areas are designated within the limits of the Town, the need to carry flood insurance through the NFIP will be reconsidered.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is bonded for \$50,000. Public officials and the remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$50,000.

COMMITMENTS

In September 2013, the Town entered into a water tank management contract. The annual fee is \$35,869 the first 3 contract years and \$12,041 for years 4 through 6. In year 7 and each third anniversary, the annual fee is to be adjusted to reflect the current cost of service. The adjustment is not to exceed 5% per annum. Any unpaid balance of the first three annual fees is payable should the Town cancel the contract in the first three years. The contract is for an indefinite period of time. The Town paid and expensed \$12,041 in the year ended June 30, 2019.

CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

At June 30, 2019, the Town had no litigation pending.

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Installment Purchase

On June 5, 2018, the Town entered into a direct borrowing installment purchase contract with a vendor to finance the purchase of equipment for law enforcement. The financing contract requires \$770 for the first year and \$1,198 annually for years two through five at 0% interest. In the event of default, the vendor will invoice the Town the entire remaining amount. The contract is serviced by the General Fund.

<u>\$ 4,794</u>

Year Ending Governmental Activities June 30, Principal Interest 2020 \$ 2,396 \$ _ 2021 1,199 2022 1,199 \$ 4,794 \$ _

Annual debt service payments of the installment purchase as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in the Town's long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2019:

| | | Balance ly 1, 2018 | Īr | icreases | | ecreases | | Balance e 30, 2019 | V | Due Vithin 1e Year |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------------------|----|--------------------------|
| | <u> </u> | <u>iy 1, 2010</u> | <u> </u> | leicases | | | <u> </u> | 0 30, 2017 | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Direct borrowing installment | | | | | | | | | | |
| purchase | \$ | 4,794 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 4,794 | \$ | 2,396 |
| Compensated absences | | 14,560 | | 5,518 | | - | | 20,078 | | - |
| Net pension liability (LGERS) | | 59,670 | | 26,477 | | - | | 86,147 | | - |
| Total pension liability (LEO) | | 12,180 | | 2,238 | | - | | 14,418 | | - |
| Total OPEB liability | | 443,102 | | 1,307 | | | | 444,409 | - | - |
| | <u>\$</u> | 534,306 | \$ | 35,540 | <u>\$</u> | | \$ | 569,846 | \$ | 2,396 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Compensated absences | \$ | 5,189 | \$ | 129 | \$ | - | \$ | 5,318 | \$ | - |
| Net pension liability (LGERS) | | 14,119 | | 6,727 | | - | | 20,846 | | - |
| Total OPEB liability | | 63,300 | | 187 | | | | 63,487 | | - |
| | \$ | 82,608 | \$ | 7,043 | <u>\$</u> | | <u>\$</u> | 89,651 | \$ | - |

Compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the General and Water and Sewer Funds and are accounted for on a LIFO basis, assuming employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

At June 30, 2019, Town of Polkton had a legal debt margin of \$3,659,859.

OPERATING LEASES

The Town leases office equipment and garbage containers under various noncancellable operating leases. The annual minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2019, including the most recent renewal, are as follows:

| Year Ending | |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| <u>June 30,</u> | |
| 2020 | \$ 43,234 |
| 2021 | 42,210 |
| 2022 | 42,210 |
| 2023 | 42,210 |
| 2024 | 35,175 |
| | |
| | <u>\$ 205,039</u> |

Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2019, was \$45,594.

C. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2019, consist of the following:

| | <u> </u> | <u>m</u> | | To |
|--|---------------|-------------|-----------|---------|
| <i>General Fund</i> To Water and Sewer Fund | \$ | - | \$ | 172,250 |
| Water and Sewer Fund | | | | |
| From General Fund | 172 | ,250 | | |
| | <u>\$ 172</u> | <u>,250</u> | <u>\$</u> | 172,250 |

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts providing matching funds for various grant programs. The Town also transfers a portion of the local option sales tax revenue from the General Fund to the Water and Sewer Fund each year to help with operating costs.

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NOTE 3 - JOINT VENTURES

Rocky River Rural Planning Organization

The Town participates in a joint venture, Rocky River Planning Organization (RPO), with 3 counties and 13 other municipalities to work cooperatively with each other and the North Carolina Department of Transportation to enhance transportation planning opportunities for rural areas in the region. Rocky River RPO is the only RPO in the State not housed in a Council of Governments. The RPO's fiscal agent is the County of Stanly. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the RPO, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019. In accordance with the agreement between the participating governments and the RPO, the Town paid \$866 to the RPO during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, for membership dues. Complete financial statements for the RPO may be obtained from the RPO's office at 1000 North First Street, Suite 17; Albemarle, North Carolina 28001.

North Carolina Rural Water Association

The Town also participates in a joint venture, North Carolina Rural Water Association (NCRWA), with other municipal and county water systems and related businesses in North Carolina to help attain the highest standards in drinking water and wastewater service. NCRWA is governed by a volunteer board of directors from the association's membership. None of the participating governments or businesses have any equity interest in NCRWA, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019. In accordance with the agreement between the Town and NCRWA, the Town paid \$265 to NCRWA during the year ended June 30, 2019, for membership dues based upon the Town's water connections. Complete financial statements for NCRWA can be obtained from NCRWA's office at PO Box 540, Welcome, North Carolina 27374.

NOTE 4 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

FEDERAL AND STATE ASSISTED PROGRAMS

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles:

- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) for Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Contributions for Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) Last Six Fiscal Years*

| | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%) | 0.00451% | 0.00483% | 0.00428% | 0.00476% | 0.00334% | 0.00310% |
| Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) (\$) | \$ 106,993 | \$ 73,789 | \$ 90,836 | \$ 21,363 | \$ (19,698) | \$ 37,367 |
| Town's covered payroll | \$ 300,063 | \$ 284,981 | \$ 283,772 | \$ 259,994 | \$ 199,335 | \$ 171,861 |
| Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll | 35.66% | 25.89% | 32.01% | 8.22% | 9.88% | 21.74% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability** | 91.63% | 94.18% | 91.47% | 98.09% | 102.64% | 94.35% |

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended June 30.

** This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Last Six Fiscal Years

| | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|------------|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Contractually required contribution | \$ 26,071 | \$ 23,650 | \$ 21,691 | \$ 19,788 | \$ 18,709 | \$ 14,228 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | 26,071 | 23,650 | 21,691 | 19,788 | 18,709 | 14,228 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$</u> |
| Town's covered-employee payroll | \$ 319,404 | \$ 300,063 | \$ 284,981 | \$ 283,772 | \$ 259,994 | \$ 199,335 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 8.16% | 7.88% | 7.61% | 6.97% | 7.20% | 7.14% |

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY June 30, 2019

| | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Beginning balance | \$ 12,180 | \$ 12,004 | \$ 10,137 |
| Service cost | 2,261 | 1,920 | 1,852 |
| Interest on the total pension liability | 385 | 463 | 362 |
| Changes of benefit terms | - | - | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | | |
| in the measurement of the total pension liability | 212 | (3,214) | - |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | (620) | 1,007 | (347) |
| Benefit payments | - | - | - |
| Other changes | ••• | | _ |
| Ending balance of the total pension liability | <u>\$ 14,418</u> | <u>\$ 12,180</u> | <u>\$ 12,004</u> |

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended December 31.

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TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER'S SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL June 30, 2019

| | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Total pension liability | \$ 14,418 | \$ 12,180 | \$ 12,004 | \$ 10,137 |
| Covered payroll | \$ 112,601 | \$ 107,849 | \$ 110,572 | \$ 110,572 |
| Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll | 12.80% | 11.29% | 10.86% | 9.17% |

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Polkton has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 73 to pay related benefits nor does the plan provide pay related benefits.

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS June 30, 2019

| | | 2019 | | 2018 |
|---|-----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Service cost | \$ | 21,649 | \$ | 24,533 |
| Interest | | 17,861 | | 15,649 |
| Changes of benefit terms | | | | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | (1,009) | | (451) |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | (27,521) | | (48,446) |
| Benefit payments | | (9,486) | . | (9,486) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | | 1,494 | | (18,201) |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | | 506,402 | | 524,603 |
| Total OPEB liability - ending | <u>\$</u> | 507,896 | \$ | 506,402 |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 300,063 | \$ | 289,677 |
| Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll | | 169.26% | | 174.82% |

Notes to schedule:

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

| Fiscal Year | Rate |
|-------------|-------|
| 2019 | 3.89% |
| 2018 | 3.56% |
| 2017 | 3.01% |

INDIVIDUAL FUND

STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA

Exhibit A-1 Page 1 of 3

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------------------------|
| REVENUES | <u></u> | | |
| Ad valorem taxes | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 110,000 | \$ 122,680 | \$ 12,680 |
| Penalties and interest | | 2,144 | 2,144 |
| Total | 110,000 | 124,824 | 14,824 |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental | | | |
| Local option sales tax | 630,000 | 672,794 | 42,794 |
| Telecommunications sales tax | 8,500 | 9,195 | 695 |
| Utilities sales tax | 32,000 | 35,882 | 3,882 |
| Piped natural gas sales tax | - | 1 . | 1 |
| Video franchise fee | 1,700 | 1,618 | (82) |
| Beer and wine tax | 13,500 | 12,849 | (651) |
| Total | 685,700 | 732,339 | 46,639 |
| Restricted intergovernmental | | | |
| Solid waste disposal tax | 1,600 | 2,216 | 616 |
| Powell Bill allocation | 85,000 | 80,775 | (4,225) |
| Controlled substance tax | 1,000 | 926 | (74) |
| Total | 87,600 | 83,917 | (3,683) |
| Permits and fees | 800 | 5,325 | 4,525 |
| Sales and services | | | |
| Refuse collection | 38,950 | 42,623 | 3,673 |
| Investment earnings | 2,215 | 8,181 | 5,966 |
| Miscellaneous | 600 | 1,188 | 588 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 925,865 | 998,397 | 72,532 |

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

Exhibit A-1 Page 2 of 3

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Final | | Variance Positive |
|--------------------------------|---------|---------|----------------------|
| | Budget | Actual | (Negative) |
| EXPENDITURES | | | |
| General government | | | |
| Governing body | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | - | 12,885 | - |
| Professional services | - | 15,000 | - |
| Other operating expenditures | | 3,677 | - |
| Total | 32,895 | 31,562 | 1,333 |
| Finance | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | - | 73,088 | - |
| Other operating expenditures | | 37,434 | |
| Total | 123,410 | 110,522 | 12,888 |
| Public buildings | | | |
| Operating expenditures | - | 14,844 | - |
| Capital outlay | _ | 20,167 | • |
| Total | 37,055 | 35,011 | 2,044 |
| Elections | | | |
| Operating expenditures | - | - | - |
| Total general government | 193,360 | 177,095 | 16,265 |
| Public safety | | | |
| Police | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | - | 196,066 | - |
| Other operating expenditures | - | 36,277 | |
| Capital outlay | | 1,217 | |
| Total | 243,577 | 233,560 | 10,017 |
| Fire | | | |
| Operating expenditures | 25,000 | 24,789 | 211 |
| Inspections | | | |
| Operating expenditures | 1,300 | 1,260 | 40 |
| Total public safety | 269,877 | 259,609 | 10,268 |

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Exhibit A-1 Page 3 of 3

Variance

| | Final | | Positive |
|---|-----------|-----------|-------------------|
| | Budget | Actual | (Negative) |
| Transportation | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | - | 144,943 | - |
| Other operating expenditures | | 62,622 | - |
| Total transportation | 221,889 | 207,565 | 14,324 |
| Environmental protection | | | |
| Sanitation | | | |
| Contracted services | - | 44,570 | - |
| Other operating expenditures | | 109 | |
| Total sanitation | 48,591 | 44,679 | 3,912 |
| Culture and recreation | | | |
| Operating expenditures | 18,700 | 14,981 | 3,719 |
| Dakt comine | | | |
| Debt service Principal retirement | 1,198 | | 1,198 |
| 1 melpai temenent | 1,170 | | 1,190 |
| Contingency | - | | - |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 753,615 | 703,929 | 49,686 |
| REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES | 172,250 | 294,468 | 122,218 |
| OTHER FINANCING USES | | | |
| Transfers to Water and Sewer Fund | (172,250) | (172,250) | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | <u>\$</u> | 122,218 | <u>\$ 122,218</u> |
| FUND BALANCE, beginning | | 2,030,059 | |
| | | | |

FUND BALANCE, ending

- 46 -

\$ 2,152,277

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA

Exhibit B-1 Page 1 of 2

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - WATER AND SEWER FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------------------------|
| REVENUES | | 3 | |
| Operating revenues: | | | |
| Water sales | \$ 89,936 | \$ 126,055 | \$ 36,119 |
| Sewer charges | 120,914 | 159,742 | 38,828 |
| Total charges for services | 210,850 | 285,797 | 74,947 |
| Other operating revenues | 1,000 | 6,973 | 5,973 |
| Total operating revenues | 211,850 | 292,770 | 80,920 |
| Nonoperating revenues: | | | |
| Investment earnings | 500 | 4,210 | 3,710 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 212,350 | 296,980 | 84,630 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | |
| Administration and operations: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | - | 90,984 | - |
| Office expenses | - | 3,144 | - |
| Utilities | - | 909 | - |
| Supplies | - | 4,556 | - |
| Tests, permits, and fees | - | 3,795 | - |
| Repairs and maintenance | - | 25,607 | - |
| Insurance | - | 2,486 | - |
| Mobile phones | - | 729 | - |
| Public service vehicle | - | 11,106 | - |
| Miscellaneous | | 1,507 | |
| Total | 148,141 | 144,823 | 3,318 |
| Water purchases | 55,500 | 52,506 | 2,994 |
| Sewer charges | 169,000 | 153,802 | 15,198 |
| Capital outlay | 11,959 | 11,809 | 150 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 384,600 | 362,940 | 21,660 |

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) - WATER AND SEWER FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

.

| | Final Budget | | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|--|-----------------|-------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES | (172,250) | | (65,960) | 106,290 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | |
| Transfers from General Fund | 172,250 | | 172,250 | ••• |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | <u> </u> | \$ | 106,290 | <u>\$ 106,290</u> |
| RECONCILIATION FROM BUDGETARY B (MODIFIED ACCRUAL) TO FULL ACCRUA NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | | \$ | 106,290 | |
| RECONCILING ITEMS: | | | | |
| Capital outlay | | | 11,809 | |
| Depreciation Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPE | תי | | (67,550) | |
| Increase in OPEB liability | D D | | (2,087) (187) | |
| Increase in deferred outflows of resources - per | nsions | | 4,760 | |
| Increase in net pension liability | | | (6,727) | |
| Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pen | isions | <u></u> | 110 | |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION (EXHIBIT 7) | | <u>\$</u> | 46,418 | |

OTHER SCHEDULES

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE June 30, 2019

| Fiscal Year | Uncollected Balance June 30, 2018 | Additions | Collections and Credits | Uncollected Balance June 30, 2019 |
|-------------|---|-------------------|----------------------------|---|
| 2018-2019 | \$- | \$ 123,519 | \$ 114,031 | \$ 9,488 |
| 2017-2018 | 11,332 | - | 5,538 | 5,794 |
| 2016-2017 | 6,058 | - | 935 | 5,123 |
| 2015-2016 | 4,709 | - | 561 | 4,148 |
| 2014-2015 | 4,723 | - | 589 | 4,134 |
| 2013-2014 | 4,583 | - | 561 | 4,022 |
| 2012-2013 | 3,929 | - | 84 | 3,845 |
| 2011-2012 | 2,591 | - | 59 | 2,532 |
| 2010-2011 | 2,304 | - | 164 | 2,140 |
| 2009-2010 | 1,666 | - | 169 | 1,497 |
| 2008-2009 | 1,404 | | 1,404 | |
| | \$ 43,299 | <u>\$ 123,519</u> | <u>\$ 124,095</u> | <u>\$ 42,723</u> |

Reconcilement with revenues:

| Ad valorem taxes - General Fund | \$ | 124,824 |
|--|-----------|---------|
| Reconciling items: | | |
| Collection of taxes previously written off | | - |
| Taxes written off | | 1,415 |
| Interest collected | | (2,144) |
| | <u>\$</u> | 124,095 |

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY - TOWN-WIDE LEVY For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total Levy

| | Tc | wn-wide | Property Excluding | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Property Valuation | Rate | Amount of Levy | Registered Motor Vehicles | Registered Motor Vehicles |
| Original levy: | | | | | |
| Property taxed at current | | | | | • • • • • • • |
| year's rate | \$ 45,743,684 | \$ 0.27 | \$ 123,508 | \$ 107,804 | \$ 15,704 |
| Penalties and adjustments | - | | | | |
| Total | 45,743,684 | | 123,508 | 107,804 | 15,704 |
| Discoveries: | | | | | |
| Current and prior year taxes | 8,336 | 0.27 | 21 | 21 | - |
| Releases | (3,781) | | (10) | (10) | |
| Total property valuation | \$ 45,748,239 | | | | |
| Net levy | | | 123,519 | 107,815 | 15,704 |
| Unpaid (by taxpayer) taxes at June 3 | 0, 2019 | | (9,488) | (9,488) | |
| Current year's taxes collected | | | <u>\$ 114,031</u> | <u>\$ 98,327</u> | <u>\$ 15,704</u> |
| Current levy collection percentage | | | <u>92.32%</u> | <u>91.20%</u> | <u>100.00%</u> |

TOWN OF POLKTON, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | | State/ | Grant Funds Expended | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------|--------------|----------------------|------------------|--------------|--|
| | Federal | Pass-through | Federal (Direct | | | |
| Grantor/Pass-Through | CFDA | Grantor's | & Pass-through) | State | Local | |
| Grantor/Program Title | Number | Number | Expenditures | Expenditures | Expenditures | |
| State Grants: | | | | | | |
| Cash assistance: | | | | | | |
| NC Dept. of Transportation: | | | | | | |
| Powell Bill | | | <u>\$</u> | \$ 25,534 | <u>\$</u> | |
| Total assistance | | | <u>\$</u> - | <u>\$ 25,534</u> | <u> </u> | |

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of Town of Polkton under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2019. Because the SEFSA presents only a selected portion of the operations of Town of Polkton, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Town of Polkton.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.