TOWN OF RIVER BEND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RIVER BEND, NORTH CAROLINA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



Town of River Bend North Carolina

Appointed and Administrative Positions

June 30, 2019

Mayor

John Kirkland

Town Council

William Camp Donald Fogle Harry "Bud" McClard Morris "Buddy" Sheffield Irving "Bud" Van Slyke, Jr.* *also serves as Mayor Pro Tem and Finance Officer

Administrative Staff

Delane Jackson	Town Manager
Margaret Theis	Finance Administrator
Ann Katsuyoshi	Town Clerk
Sean Joll	Police Chief
Brandon Mills	Public Works Director

TOWN OF RIVER BEND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2019

	EXHIBIT	PAGE
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditors' Report		9
Management's Discussion and Analysis		12
Basic Financial Statements:		
Government-wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	1	32
Statement of Activities	2	33
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:		
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	3	34
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental		
Funds to the Statement of Net Position	3	34
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in		
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	4	35
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,		
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -		
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	5	36
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in		
Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	6	37
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	7	38
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in		
Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	8	39
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	9	40
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements		42

TOWN OF RIVER BEND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Local Government Employees' Retirement System 70 Schedule of Contributions - Local Government Employees' Retirement System 71 Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability for Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance 72 Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll for Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance 73 Individual Fund Schedules 73 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds 1 75 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund 2 76 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Capital Reserve Fund 3 80 Enterprise Funds: 3 80 80 Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures 4 81 Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures 5 83 Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures 83 83 83		SCHEDULE	PAGE
Local Government Employees' Retirement System70Schedule of Contributions - Local Government Employees' Retirement System71Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability for Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance72Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll for Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance73Individual Fund Schedules73Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds1Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund2Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Capital Reserve Fund3Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Water Fund4Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Sewer Fund5Stepelule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable6	Required Supplementary Information		
Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability for Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance72Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll for Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance73Individual Fund Schedules73Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds175Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund276Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund380Enterprise Funds: Budget and Actual - Capital Reserve Fund380Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Water Fund481Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Sewer Fund583Supplementary Financial Data: Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable686		-	70
Special Separation Allowance72Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll for Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance73Individual Fund Schedules73Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds1Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund2Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Capital Reserve Fund3Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Water Fund4Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Sewer Fund5Supplementary Financial Data:5Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable6	Schedule of Contributions - Local Government Employees' Retirement S	ystem	71
Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance73Individual Fund SchedulesSchedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds175Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund276Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund380Enterprise Funds: Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Water Fund481Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Sewer Fund583Supplementary Financial Data: Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable686		fficers'	72
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds175Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund276Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Capital Reserve Fund380Enterprise Funds: Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Water Fund481Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Sewer Fund583Supplementary Financial Data: Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable686		for Law	73
Balances - Governmental Funds175Balances - Governmental Funds276Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund276Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Capital Reserve Fund380Enterprise Funds: Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Water Fund481Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Sewer Fund583Supplementary Financial Data: Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable686	Individual Fund Schedules		
Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund276Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Capital Reserve Fund380Enterprise Funds: Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Water Fund481Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Sewer Fund583Supplementary Financial Data: Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable686		1	75
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Capital Reserve Fund380Enterprise Funds: Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Water Fund481Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Sewer Fund583Supplementary Financial Data: Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable686	· ·	2	76
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Water Fund481Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Sewer Fund583Supplementary Financial Data: Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable686	· ·	3	80
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Water Fund481Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Sewer Fund583Supplementary Financial Data: Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable686	Enterprise Funds:		
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Sewer Fund583Supplementary Financial Data:686	*	4	81
Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable 6 86	-	5	83
	Supplementary Financial Data:		
	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	6	86
Analysis of Current Year Levy - General Fund Property Tax / 8/	Analysis of Current Year Levy - General Fund Property Tax	7	87

TOWN OF RIVER BEND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2019

	PAGE
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	89
Schedule of Findings and Responses	91
Corrective Action Plan	93
Summary Schedule of Prior Years' Findings	94
Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards	95

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Letter of Transmittal

Certificate of Achievement in Financial Reporting

Distinguished Budget Presentation Award

Map of River Bend

List of Principal Officials

Organizational Chart





C. Briggs Petway, Jr. Phyllis M. Pearson

Zebulon Office P.O. Box 1036 806 N. Arendell Ave. Zebulon, NC 27597 919.269.7405 919.269.8728 Fax

Raleigh Office 9121 Anson Way Raleigh, NC 27615 919-781-1047

www.pmpcpa.com

Memberships:

North Carolina Association of Certified Public Accountants

American Institute Of Certified Public Accountants

Medical Group Management Association

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of River Bend, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of River Bend, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of River Bend's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of River Bend, North Carolina as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 13 through 28, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and Contributions on pages 70 and 71, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on pages 72 and 73, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of River Bend, North Carolina's basic financial statements. The introductory information, combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, statistical section and Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 9, 2019, on our consideration of the Town of River Bend, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of River Bend, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Petway Mills & Pearson, PA

PETWAY MILLS & PEARSON, PA Certified Public Accountants Zebulon, North Carolina

October 9, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Town of River Bend Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

As management of the Town of River Bend, we offer readers of the Town of River Bend's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of River Bend, (the Town), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$6,680,522 (*net position*) at the close of the fiscal year.
- For governmental type activities, the Town's net position showed a decrease of 6.9% at the close of the fiscal year at \$4,795,544. Net position for business-type activities, which exclusively include the Water and Sewer Enterprise Funds, were \$854,884 and \$1,030,094, respectively, for a total of \$1,884,978. This represents a decrease of \$13,564 in the value of net position in the Water Fund, and an increase of \$108,893 in the value of net position in the Sewer Fund. On-going depreciation of the infrastructure, a total of \$202,941, continues to be a significant expense. The government's total net position increased by \$261,491.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,219,541, an increase of \$509,815. Approximately 5% of this amount, or \$162,507, is restricted or non-spendable.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,437,822 or 100% of total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year. The Town Council's policy is that this ratio should be no less than 50% of the completed fiscal year's actual expenditures. For the year ending June 30, 2019, this amounted to \$1,214,180; therefore, the available fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,223,642.
- The Town's total General Obligation bond debt decreased by \$220,000 (10.5%) during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this decrease is the timely payments of debt service expenditures.
- The Town holds an AA+ bond rating by Standard and Poor's Rating Services on its G.O. Series 2013 refunding bonds. The original bonds were used to purchase and upgrade the water and wastewater operations. The Town of River Bend maintains a stable A1 bond rating from Moody's Investor Service.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town with the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of River Bend.



Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the Government-Wide Financial Statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are Fund Financial Statements. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the fund financial statements: 1) the governmental funds statements, 2) the budgetary comparison statements, 3) the proprietary fund statements, and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes is the Required Supplemental Information containing funding information about the Town's pension benefits. Supplemental Information provides detail about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes is located in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the changes in the Town's net position. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and the total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services, such as public safety, transportation, cultural and recreational, and general administration. Property taxes and State distributed sales tax, franchise revenues, and Powell Bill funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide services. These include the water and sewer services provided by the Town of River Bend.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of River Bend, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of River Bend can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*. This method also has a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of River Bend adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Town Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and utilizes the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document.

The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Town Council, 2) the final budget as amended by the Town Council, 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund, and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of River Bend has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of River Bend uses two enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations. These funds are the same as those separate activities shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The Town of River Bend does not have any fiduciary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow Exhibit 9 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of River Bend's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 70 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities. The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and State laws and federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with the U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time, as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of River Bend exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$6,680,522 as of June 30, 2019. The Town's net position decreased by \$261,491 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The largest portion (58%) of total net position is the Town's unrestricted net position, \$3,910,781 that is available for future spending. The Town reports net investments in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) as 39 percent of the total net position. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The remaining balance of \$162,507 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Town of River Bend's Net Position

Figure 2

		nmental vities	Business-Type Activities	Total
	2019	2018	<u>2019</u> <u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u> <u>2018</u>
Assets:				
Current and other assets	\$ 3,280,293	\$ 2,767,686	\$ 2,086,897 \$ 2,022,250	\$ 5,367,190 \$ 4,789,936
Net pension asset - Separation Allowance	-	-		
Net pension asset - LGERS	-	-		
Capital assets, net	2,719,369	2,644,862	1,780,596 1,955,858	4,499,965 4,600,720
Total assets	5,999,662	5,412,548	3,867,493 3,978,108	9,867,155 9,390,656
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Contributions to pension plan, current year - LGERS	56,502	45,746	16,169 14,781	72,671 60,527
Contributions to pension plan, current year - LEO	21,810	31,558	-	21,810 31,558
Pension deferrals	130,410	85,551	40,835 25,707	171,245 111,258
Deferred charges on refunding	-		71,427 80,355	71,427 80,355
Total deferred outflows of resources	208,722	162,855	128,431 120,843	337,153 283,698
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities	1,042,500	81,982	301,335 283,591	1,343,835 365,573
Long-term liabilities	295,554	283,754	1,804,576 2,022,400	2,100,130 2,306,154
Total liabilities	1,338,054	365,736	2,105,911 2,305,991	3,443,965 2,671,727
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Pension deferrals	74,786	57,303	5,035 3,311	79,821 60,614
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	2,719,369	2,644,862	(112,135) (159,089)	2,607,234 2,485,773
Restricted	162,507	146,368		162,507 146,368
Unrestricted	1,913,668	2,361,134	1,997,113 1,948,738	3,910,781 4,309,872
Total net position	\$ 4,795,544	\$ 5,152,364	<u>\$ 1,884,978</u> <u>\$ 1,789,649</u>	\$ 6,680,522 \$ 6,942,013

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Hurricane Florence made landfall on the east coast of North Carolina on 09/14/18 as a slow-moving Category 1 storm, with heavy winds and rains that created major flooding. The Town incurred over \$1,000,000 in related expenditures, the majority was debris removal. The North Carolina Office of Recovery and Resiliency (NCORR) provided the Town with a zero-interest, one-million-dollar loan. The loan is paid back when in receipt of federal and state public assistance funds.
- The North Carolina Office of Recovery and Resiliency (NCORR) provided the Town with a \$300,000 three-year grant to aid in hurricane clean-up and recovery. Federal, state, and county disaster assistance and grant funds received this fiscal year totaled \$56,983.
- The Town Council adopted a tax rate of \$0.24 per hundred dollars of valuation, a decrease of \$0.05. Property tax revenue, including motor vehicles, was down \$142,316 from FY18; fund balance in the amount of \$147,270 was originally budgeted to balance the FY19 budget.
- General Fund departmental expenditures to budget ended favorably, \$365,890, of which \$183,125 is from the Emergency Management Department. Some projects, in the amount of \$59,526, were completed in the next fiscal year.
- The annual comprehensive study of the operations and capital needs of the Water and Sewer systems, using a professionally designed rate model, confirmed that our current utility rates would enable the enterprise funds to cover operating costs, fund capital improvements and maintain cash reserves this

fiscal year as budgeted. Water and sewer rates remained unchanged this fiscal year, however, water rates were reduced last fiscal year.

• Hurricane Florence created an impact on water and sewer revenues and expenses because of residential flooding and leaks, but no major water or wastewater infrastructure damage was sustained. Insurance and disaster assistance funds were applied for and received for the majority of repairs.

Town of River Bend's Changes in Net Position

		rigure.	3								
	Govern Acti			Busine Acti	• •	Total					
	 2019	2018		2019	2018		2019		2018		
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 60,410	\$ 69,097	\$	1,017,505	\$ 1,183,727	\$	1,077,915	\$	1,252,824		
Operating grants											
and contributions	443,028	89,226		-	-		443,028		89,226		
Capital grants											
and contributions	-	-		-	-		-		-		
General revenues:											
Property taxes	725,978	870,529		-	-		725,978		870,529		
Other taxes	659,572	655,363					659,572		655,363		
Investment earnings,											
unrestricted	50,173	26,544		37,921	19,889		88,094		46,433		
Miscellaneous, unrestricted	 46,933	 -		25,218	 2,800		72,151		2,800		
Total revenues	 1,986,094	 1,710,759		1,080,644	 1,206,416	_	3,066,738	_	2,917,175		
Expenses:											
General government	695,858	687,079		-	-		695,858		687,079		
Public safety	1,329,186	426,631		-	-		1,329,186		426,631		
Transportation	208,321	190,723		-	-		208,321		190,723		
Environmental protection	59,928	59,221		-	-		59,928		59,221		
Cultural and recreational	49,621	51,850		-	-		49,621		51,850		
Water	-	-		470,606	446,522		470,606		446,522		
Sewer	 -	 -		514,709	 478,317		514,709		478,317		
Total expenses	 2,342,914	 1,415,504		985,315	 924,839		3,328,229		2,340,343		
Increase in net position	(356,820)	295,255		95,329	281,577		(261,491)		576,832		
Net Position:											
Beginning of year - July 1	5,152,364	4,857,109		1,789,649	1,508,072		6,942,013		6,365,181		
End of year - June 30	\$ 4,795,544	\$ 5,152,364	\$	1,884,978	\$ 1,789,649	\$	6,680,522	\$	6,942,013		

Figure 3

Governmental Activities. The total net position of the Town decreased by \$261,491; governmental activities accounted for \$356,820 of a decrease to the Town's net position. Key elements that affected net position are as follows:

- Hurricane Florence made the most significant impact on the Town's finances with the cost of debris removal, repairs to our infrastructure, labor costs, and replacement of equipment totaling over \$1,000,000. The North Carolina Office of Recovery and Resiliency (NCORR) provided the Town with a one-million-dollar loan. The loan is paid back when in receipt of federal and state public assistance funds. NCORR also provided a \$300,000 grant for hurricane recovery to cover additional labor cost.
- Ad valorem taxes made up 37% of the governmental activity revenue, but normally run around 50%. Craven County's six-year revaluation, effective FY 2016-17, resulted in a 14.65% reduction in the value of taxable property. The revenue neutral tax rate, in accordance with North Carolina General Statue 159.11, was \$0.3114 and the Town then adopted a tax rate of \$0.3105 per hundred dollars of valuation. This fiscal year the adopted rate was \$0.24 with a total property tax valuation of \$302,649,329; Craven County collection rate was 99.61%. As stated above, \$147,270 of fund balance was originally budgeted to cover the reduced tax revenue.
- Sales & Use Tax revenue, which the County distributes based on the proportion our tax levy bears to the total levy of all local government units in the County, increased slightly from last fiscal year but because the Town Council budgets conservatively, this revenue was greater than budgeted amount by \$27,235.
- Although the Town waved zoning permit fees for almost eleven weeks after Hurricane Florence, zoning permit revenue performed better than the budgeted amount by \$10,319.
- Exhibit 6 in the Basic Financial Statement outlines budget to actual performance in the General Fund for Town expenditures. Each functional area operated well within budgeted amounts, while still maintaining services, which contributed to the Town's net position for the fiscal year. Capital outlays increased capital assets for \$216,176; the General Fund Capital Improvement Plan contributed \$117,470 from Capital Reserves for capital outlay.





Town of River Bend Figure 5. Functional Expenses - Fiscal Year 2019

Business-Type Activities. Business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$95,329. Business-type activities reported for the Town are exclusively the Town's Water and Sewer Fund. The operations are self-supported by their respective user fees, which are determined using guidance from a professionally designed rate model.

- The last sewer utility rate increase of 6.87% was in fiscal year 2015. That increase will help maintain a cash balance projected to be at 73% of expenditures at the end of the next five years.
- The water utility base fee was decreased in fiscal year 2019 in light of sufficient cash reserves to respond to routine maintenance and emergent conditions; operating cash is forecast to be at least 61% of expenditures at the end of the next three years.
- Hurricane Florence impacted billed usage for the enterprise funds. The Town provides 1438 households with water service and 958 households with sewer service; of those, nearly 500 were damaged. Revenues were down over 7% or \$77,000 from FY2018. In addition, Water Fund revenues were reduced by approximately \$90,000 from a budgeted water rate reduction.
- Operating revenues from sewer services adequately covered the operating expenses, resulting in operating income and an increase in net position of \$108,893. Water fund net position decreased by \$13,564.
- The Water Fund cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$19,108, resulting in ending cash balance of \$955,511.
- The Sewer Fund increased its cash and cash equivalents balance by \$90,905, resulting in an ending cash balance of \$901,407.

Exhibits 8 and 9 provide this information in more detail. Both enterprise operations experienced operating efficiencies through the diligent management of staff, which was evidenced by savings in Contracted Services and Maintenance & Repair.

Water Fund:

- The Water Fund decreased net position \$13,564 from last year to \$854,884 at year-end.
- Operating loss was \$14,704, mainly due to a rate reduction, compared to \$124,309 income last year.
- No capital assets were acquired in the current year. The cash-funded capital improvement plan provides for an annual appropriation of \$3,500.
- Depreciation expense reduced net position in the amount of \$107,897, compared to \$107,316 last year.

Sewer Fund:

- The Sewer Fund increased net position \$108,893 from last year to \$1,030,094 at year-end.
- Operating income was \$98,144, down \$91,985 from last year.
- No capital assets were acquired in the current year. The cash-funded capital improvement plan provides for an annual appropriation of \$63,000.
- Depreciation expense reduced net position for \$95,064, compared to \$93,762 last year.

The enterprise funds are self-supporting and user fees are adjusted, taking guidance from the aforementioned rate model to address the cost of operations and capital expenditures identified in the Capital Improvement Plans.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of River Bend uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of River Bend's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Total governmental fund balances were \$3,219,541, an increase of \$509,815 over the prior year. Included in this change is an increase of \$16,807 in fund balance in the Capital Reserve Funds. The Town received a \$300,000, three-year grant from the North Carolina Office of Recovery and Resiliency (NCORR) to hire two employees and purchase a vehicle to assist in the clean-up after Hurricane Florence. Also received was a zero-percent NCORR loan for \$1,000,000 to bridge the gap between Hurricane Florence disaster response and recovery expenses and the receipt of FEMA public assistance. The loan is paid back when in receipt of public assistance funds; payments for \$50,154 were made in fiscal year 2019.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of River Bend. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$2,275,315 and unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,437,822 a 18.8% increase from prior year. Total fund balance reached \$3,219,541. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures.

At year-end, unassigned General Fund balance represents 100% of total General Fund expenditures. The Town Council's policy states this ratio should be no less than 50% of the completed fiscal year's actual General Fund expenditures. Total fund balance represents 133% of total General Fund expenditures and available fund balance represents 94% of that same amount.

The Department of State Treasurer reported the average fund balance of 81.60 percent for the group of nonelectric cities with a population of 2,500 - 9,999 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the Town amended the budget on six occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

The budget was amended for:

- Fund balance was appropriated for various incomplete projects rolled over from FY17-18, \$34,884.
- Funds were appropriated from General Fund balance for additional architectural fees, \$6,000, and Hurricane Florence purchases of emergency goods and services, \$979,089.
- Appropriated fund balance was reduced by \$8,517 resulting from an update of the annual Law Enforcement Separation Allowance payout.
- Contingency funds used to cover the replacement of a sidewalk at Town Hall, \$3,500, a six-month lease for Police Department office space, \$4,900, and funding for merit bonuses, \$13,636.
- Architecture design fees for the Police Community building, \$58,328, were funded by the Capital Reserve Fund.
- Additional revenue was recognized from insurance settlements after Hurricane Florence, \$33,870, County grant funds for mosquito spraying supplies, \$5,012, investment interest, \$18,936, and NCORR grant revenue to offset expenditures, \$52,500.
- Departmental budgets were increased for a December 2018 pay increase for twelve employees, \$37,165, and yoga instructors' payroll, \$4,333.

Excluding restricted intergovernmental revenues, actual operating revenues for the General Fund were greater than the final budget by \$57,196. Ad Valorem tax collections represent 20% of this, or \$11,477. A favorable variance of \$29,470 was realized in Sales tax revenues and the related hold harmless tax as it continues to increase moderately due to the recovering economy. The Town's outdoor storage facilities revenue increased as we reached nearly 100% capacity. Included in Rents revenue are charges to the Enterprise funds for use of facilities. Investment earnings increased and ended with \$4,491 over budget.

Departmental expenditures were less than the final budgeted amounts by \$365,890. Although each functional area contributed to this total amount, the most significant, \$202,284, came from Public Safety due to hurricane disaster response. Total general government also contributed \$77,473.

Details of the budget and actual amounts for revenues and expenditures of the General Fund are presented in the Supplementary Information, Schedule 2, beginning on page 76. The Town complied with its budgetary requirements.

Proprietary Funds. The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail. These funds, which exclusively include the Town's Water and Sewer Funds, reported net position of \$854,888 and \$1,030,094, respectively, for a total of \$1,884,978. This represents an increase of \$95,329 from last fiscal year. As stated before, a key element each year is depreciation, for this year in the Water Fund, \$107,877, and the Sewer Fund, \$95,064. Unrestricted net position of the Water Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$1,997,113.

Other factors concerning the finances of these funds are addressed in the discussion of the Town's businesstype activities. The enterprise funds' users' fees are adjusted as needed to address the cost of operations, minor capital expenditures, and maintain a cash reserve for capital needs.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 totaled \$4,499,965 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, improvements, equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, water and wastewater facilities, and construction in progress. The Town maintains a \$5,000 capitalization threshold. Capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions (there were no significant demolitions or disposals.):

General Fund:

- \$14,540, vinyl seawall off Plantation Drive
- \$59,021, two Dodge Durangos
- \$7,623, Town Hall audio system
- \$134,992 2019 Street Paving Program

Water Fund:

• \$9,156, Wells 1 & 2 improvements

Sewer Fund:

- \$5,603, transfer switch at the wastewater treatment plant
- \$12,940, two diverter boxes on sludge filter at wastewater treatment plant

The Town of River Bend utilizes a well-planned and reasoned approach to major initiatives with a Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), as outlined in the Town's Financial and Budgetary Policies, Section VII, Capital Improvements Policy:

- a. The Town will update and readopt annually a five-year capital improvement plan (CIP) which projects capital needs and details the estimated costs, description and anticipated funding sources for capital projects. A separate CIP will be developed for the General Fund, Water Fund, and Sewer Fund.
- b. The annual update of the CIP will be conducted in conjunction with the annual operating budget process.
- c. The first year of the five-year CIP will be the basis of formal fiscal year appropriations during the annual budget process.
- d. A programming or cost estimation study is eligible for inclusion in the CIP for a project for which a future request is being considered. Such a study is encouraged in order to generate reliable cost estimates for the CIP.
- e. The Town expects to see new capital items generally first appear in the last year of the CIP.

f. The Town acknowledges pay-as-you-go financing as a significant capital-financing source, but will ultimately determine the most appropriate financing structure for each capital project both on an individual basis after examining all relevant factors of the project and in conjunction with the funding of the entire CIP.

Town of River Bend's Capital Assets
Figure 6

				Figu	re	0					
	(Government	al A	Activities	B	Business-Ty	ре	Activities	 Т	otal	
		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Land	\$	929,320	\$	929,320	\$	183,357	\$	183,357	\$ 1,112,677	\$	1,112,677
Construction in progress		43,500		43,500		220,070		220,070	263,570		263,570
Plant and distribution system		-		-		5,800,615		5,772,919	5,800,615		5,772,919
Furniture and equipment		-		-		278,749		278,749	278,749		278,749
Building and improvements		1,306,821		1,306,821		8,960		8,960	1,315,781		1,315,781
Equipment and vehicles		421,869		377,943		-		-	421,869		377,943
Infrastructure		2,018,998		1,869,466		-		-	 2,018,998		1,869,466.00
Subtotal		4,720,508		4,527,050		6,491,751		6,464,055	 11,212,259		10,991,105
Less accumulated depreciation		(2,001,139)		(1,882,188)		(4,711,156)		(4,508,197)	 (6,712,295)		(6,390,385)
Capital assets, net	\$	2,719,369	\$	2,644,862	\$	1,780,596	\$	1,955,859	\$ 4,499,965	\$	4,600,720

Additional information on the Town's capital assets is found in Note 3 to the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Debt. As of June 30, 2019, the Town had total bonded debt outstanding of \$1,875,000, all of which is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

Town of River Bend's Long-Term Debt

Figure 7

	G	overnment	al A	Activities	B	Business-Ty	pe	Activities		Тс	Total			
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018		
General obligation bonds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,875,000	\$	2,095,000	\$	1,875,000	\$	2,095,000		
Unamortized premium on bonds		-		-		89,158		100,302		89,158		100,302		
Compensated absences		42,960		36,320		23,979		17,036		66,939		53,356		
Net pension liability (LGERS)		225,027		167,079		70,567		53,983		295,594		221,062		
Total pension liability (LEO)		64,083		111,227						64,083		111,227		
Total debt	\$	332,070	\$	314,626	\$	2,058,704	\$	2,266,321	<u>\$</u>	2,390,774	<u>\$</u>	2,580,947		

In the process to advance refund the Series 2004 General Obligation bonds in 2013, the Town of River Bend received an upgrade in our Standard and Poor's rating to AA- and a stable A1 rating with Moody's Investor Service. In November of 2013, Standard and Poor's performed a routine evaluation of many of their ratings. Because of this evaluation, the Town of River Bend received our third rating upgrade in four years, moving from AA- to AA+. This bond rating is a clear indication of consistently sound financial operations with ample reserves.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt is found starting on page 65 in the notes to the basic financial statements. The Town's legal debt margin at June 30, 2019 was \$23,300,000.

Economic Factors

The Town of River Bend is a small residential community in Craven County, home to approximately 3,000 people. Located several miles from the City of New Bern on Highway 17 South, residents are employed by industry and government within a wide radius of the Town, while a high percentage is retirees. Local area economy is experiencing a steady recovery; Craven County unemployment rate of 4.8% is close to the State seasonally adjusted rate of 4.2%, along with the national rate of 3.7% at the end of June 2019. Craven County unemployment rate at the end of June 2018 was reported at 4.4%, the State average, 4.2%, and a national average of 4.0%.

Budget Highlights and Rates for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities. The budget represents the commitment of the Town Council to the mission statement established in the Town's Comprehensive Plan, and responds to the goals the Council established at their Work Session in January 2019. These goals are the foundation upon which the budget is built. We invite you to review the annual budget report on our website www.riverbendnc.org/finance. This is the eighth year the Town has been awarded the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award by the Government Finance Officers Association.

The General Fund budget is formulated in compliance with the Financial and Budgetary Policies, which stipulate a minimum contingency level of one percent of budgeted General Fund expenditures and a target of no less than 50% unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. General Fund revenues and other financing sources are budgeted at \$1,740,903, a 3.78% decrease from the 2019 fiscal year-end budgeted revenues, (after deducting \$1,000,000 for hurricane expenses) and a 13.44% decrease compared to year-end revenues. Included in this amount is NCORR Recovery Grant revenue, \$93,700, for the corresponding department expenditures.

The Council adopted a tax rate of \$0.26, up slightly from the prior year's rate of \$0.24. Appropriated fund balance was used to balance the budget in the amount of \$96,111. We anticipate receiving \$912,211 in requested public assistance funds this fiscal year. As of this date, we have received \$668,975. These funds pay down the zero-percent NCORR loan our financial reports show outstanding, \$949,846 at June 30, 2019.

Diligent management of all Town resources, which includes a qualified professional staff, is critical in providing services to maintain the quality of life expected by the residents of our Town. The Town of River Bend budget supports twenty full-time, three part-time employees and several recreation instructors. Personnel costs, including benefits, represent 45% of the total combined operating budget. Following the guidance of the Council, the budget reflects a 1.5% cost-of-living increase and 1% for longevity increases. An additional 2% merit pool is available to recognize outstanding performance of individual employees.

Included in the budget is an allocation for \$13,500 to fund the Law Enforcement Officers' Separation Allowance. Our financial obligation for eligible retirees is \$15,177 this year.

Each year our contracted engineer reviews an evaluation he performed on all our streets in order to determine the priority for our paving funds. We budget to follow the plan, which includes paving one street and providing patching on several other streets. The estimated cost is well above what we receive from the State through the Powell Bill appropriation so local revenue of \$46,800 will be budgeted to complete this project.

Capital Improvement Plans (CIP) are used to plan for capital needs in each major fund area in order to sustain and improve infrastructure and operations within the financial capacity of the Town. No funds were budgeted to set aside in the Capital Reserve Fund for this year.

The only CIP budgeted expenditures this year is for the replacement of information technology hardware, \$5,800. Storm water maintenance is an ongoing focus for the Town and specific projects will be funded, as they are prioritized and emergent issues addressed when necessary. Swale drainage in several areas of the Town that were flooded from Hurricane Florence are included in a project funded by public assistance.

Included in the governmental CIP is a detailed plan for keeping our information technology equipment up to date. In fiscal year 2012, we migrated to "the cloud" which means our servers are maintained at a remote site by our IT contractor. This cost effective approach enabled us to reduce the amount of CIP funding for IT from \$10,000 per year to \$6,000 per year, while providing us with the necessary disaster recovery capability and efficient public e-mail retention. Due to reductions in the costs of our remaining hardware, particularly for mobile data terminals used by the police department, we were able to reduce CIP funding to \$2,000 in FY 2014.

After careful consideration during ten building utilization strategy (BUS) special meetings, the Town Council established a capital projects fund on September 19, 2019 to renovate the Town Hall and build a police department and community building for \$1,300,000. The renovation will address upgrading the restrooms to be ADA (Americans with Disabilities Act) compliant, replacing a failing sewer line, along with a creating a new exterior entrance and lobby to the meeting hall and restrooms. The new building will provide office space for the professional needs of our police department and offer kitchen facilities and a large meeting area for community events as well as a command post for emergency operations. These projects will be funded by General Fund and Capital Reserve fund balance.

Business-Type Activities. The adopted rate schedule reflects no rate changes in the Water Fund and Sewer Fund. Using the professionally designed utility rate model, revenues are projected and the necessary expenditures identified to maintain the infrastructure, pay debt service, and attain the appropriate level of cash reserves to sustain the quality of services provided by our community water and wastewater systems. Debt service accounts for 26% and 21% of the total expenditures for the Water Fund and the Sewer Fund, respectively. Based upon the proposed expenditures and revenue projections, the cash balance in this utility is sufficient to respond to unknown conditions; there are no identified long-term capital needs that require the continued building of cash reserves. At the end of the next three years, it is projected that Water Fund cash reserves will be 61% of expenditures.

According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the consumer price index increased 6.87% since the last sewer rate increase in FY 2011. This factor was applied to the FY 2015 rates to arrive at the rates approved in the FY 2015 budget. Business, commercial, and industrial rates are determined by Equivalent Residential Units and changed proportionately. At the end of the next five years, it is projected that the Sewer Fund cash reserves will be at 73% of expenditures.

Water Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) annually budgeted funds remains at \$3,500 in this fiscal year. These funds support the vehicle replacement plan, well pump replacements, and all other planned or emergency cash-funded capital expenditures. As explained above, the Water Fund has sufficient cash reserves to address these needs. There are no CIP expenditures planned for the Water Fund this fiscal year.

Sewer Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) annually budgeted funds of \$63,000 support the vehicle replacement plan and all other planned or emergency cash-funded capital expenditures. In fiscal year 2020,

we plan to purchase a mobile back-up generator, \$21,000 and upgrade the digesters' coating at the wastewater treatment plant, \$5,000.

The FY 2015 project in the sewer enterprise was a contract for the design and permitting for renovation and upgrades to the wastewater treatment plant to continue to serve residents who are currently served by the collection and treatment systems. No plans have been made to change the permitted capacity of the treatment plant; rather, the Council is attempting to remain proactive in their approach to maintaining the life of the plant and to be ready for changes in nutrient limits that may occur in the permit renewal process. The design and permitting phase of the project, costing \$210,000, resulted in the Town obtaining a construction permit from the State in January 2016 to allow us to renovate and upgrade the wastewater treatment plant. On October 11, 2018, we received notification that our approved NPDES discharge permit for the wastewater treatment plant includes no major changes from the application submitted. The Council will address further funding decisions each year during the budget process.

This budget reflects the Council's commitment to maintaining and improving this community and positioning it to be financially sound in the future.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Margaret Theis, Finance Administrator, 45 Shoreline Drive, River Bend, North Carolina 28562-8970 or finance@riverbendnc.org. Get to know us on the Town of River Bend's web site: www.riverbendnc.org.

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION

Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants Management's Discussion & Analysis Basic Financial Statements Notes to the Financial Statements Required Supplementary Information Other Supplementary Information

Town of River Bend Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

				nary Government	;	
	Governm			Business-type		
	Activit	ies		Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Current assets:	^		¢	1 00 4 01 0	¢	1 2 1 2 2 1 2
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,	421,930	\$	1,896,918	\$	4,318,848
Taxes receivables (net)		4,614		-		4,614
Accounts receivable (net)		5,575		174,284		179,859
Prepaid items		199		-		199
Due from other governments		156,733		-		156,733
Total current assets	2,	589,051		2,071,202		4,660,253
Noncurrent asset:		(01 0 40		15 (05		506 005
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		691,242		15,695		706,937
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress		972,820		403,427		1,376,247
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		746,549		1,377,169		3,123,718
Total capital assets (net)		719,369		1,780,596		4,499,965
Total noncurrent assets		410,611		1,796,291		5,206,902
Total assets	5,	999,662		3,867,493		9,867,155
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year - LGERS		56,502		16,169		72,671
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year - LEO		21,810		-		21,810
Pension deferrals		130,410		40,835		171,245
Deferred charge on refunding		-		71,427		71,427
Total deferred outflows of resources		208,722		128,431		337,153
		200,722		120,151		557,105
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		53,178		31,512		84,690
Accrued expenses		324		-		324
Unearned revenue - rents		2,636		-		2,636
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		-		15,695		15,695
Current portion of compensated absences		36,516		17,984		54,500
Current portion of long-term debt		949,846		236,144		1,185,990
Total current liabilities	1,	042,500		301,335		1,343,835
Non-current liabilities:						
Non-current portion of compensated absences		6,444		5,995		12,439
Net pension liability - LGERS		225,027		70,567		295,594
Total pension liability - LEO		64,083		-		64,083
Non-current portion of long-term debt		-		1,728,014		1,728,014
Total long-term liabilities		295,554		1,804,576		2,100,130
Total liabilities	1,	338,054		2,105,911		3,443,965
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension deferrals		74,786		5,035		79,821
Total deferred inflows of resources		74,786		5,035		79,821
		/ 1,/00		5,055		75,021
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	2,	719,369		(112,135)		2,607,234
Restricted for:						
Stabilization by State Statute		162,507		-		162,507
Streets		-		-		-
Unrestricted		913,668		1,997,113		3,910,781
Total net position	\$ 4,	795,544	\$	1,884,978	\$	6,680,522

Town of River Bend Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

]	Prog	ram Revenu	es		Γ	Net (Expense	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	venue and Ch Position	ang	ges in Net
			C	harges for	G	Grants and		oital Grants and	Governmental		• 1		nt	
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Co	ontributions	Co	ntributions	1	Activities	A	Activities		Total
Primary government:														
Governmental Activities:	¢	(05.059	¢	44.020	¢		¢		¢	((51.020)	¢		¢	((51.020)
General government	\$	695,858	\$	44,020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(651,838)	\$	-	\$	(651,838)
Public safety		1,329,186		310		356,983		-		(971,893)		-		(971,893)
Transportation		208,321		-		86,045		-		(122,276)		-		(122,276)
Environmental protection		59,928		16,080		-		-		(43,848)		-		(43,848)
Cultural and recreational		49,621		-		-		-		(49,621)		-		(49,621)
Total governmental activities		2,342,914		60,410		443,028		-		(1,839,476)		-		(1,839,476)
Business-type activities:														
Water fund		470,606		428,400		-		-		-		(42,206)		(42,206)
Sewer fund		514,709		589,105		-		-		-		74,396		74,396
Total business-type activities		985,315		1,017,505		-		-		-		32,190		32,190
Total primary government	\$	3,328,229	\$	1,077,915	\$	443,028	\$	-		(1,839,476)		32,190		(1,807,286)
		neral revenues d valorem tax								725,978		_		725,978
	L	ocal option sa	ales 1	axes						359,236		-		359,236
	F	ranchise taxes	5							119,954		-		119,954
	C	ther taxes and	d lice	enses						180,382		-		180,382
	Iı	nterest earned	on i	nvestments, u	nres	tricted				50,173		37,921		88,094
	S	pecial item - g	gain	on sale of cap	oital a	assets				3,150		-		3,150
		fiscellaneous.		-						43,783		25,218		69,001
		Total gene								1,482,656		63,139		1,545,795
		Change in								(356,820)		95,329		(261,491)
	Net	position, be								5,152,364		1,789,649		6,942,013
		position, en	-	0					\$	4,795,544	\$		\$	6,680,522

Exhibit 3

Town of River Bend Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	0 4 1 0 0 0 2 0 1 2		
		Ge	neral Fund
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Receivables, net:		\$	2,421,930 691,242
Taxes Accounts			4,614 5,575
Prepaid items			199
Due from other governments			156,733
Total assets		\$	3,280,293
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable		\$	53,178
Accrued expenses			324
Unavailable revenue - rents			2,636
Total liabilities			56,138
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOU	RCES		4 (14
Property taxes receivable Total deferred inflows of resources			4,614
			4,014
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted			162 507
Stabilization by State Statute Committed:			162,507
General Government capital outlay	,		432,035
Assigned			187,177
Unassigned			2,437,822
Total fund balances			3,219,541
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			
resources and fund balances		\$	3,280,293
	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the		0.710.270
	funds. Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year		2,719,369
	are deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net		
	position.		78,312
	Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in		
	fund statements.		4,614
	Long-term loan		(949,846)
	Pension related deferrals		55,624
	Net pension liability		(225,027)
	Total pension liability		(64,083)
	Other long-term liabilities (compensated absences) are not		
	1 1 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
	due and payable in the current period and therefore are not		
	due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Net position of governmental activities	\$	(42,960) 4,795,544

Exhibit 4

Town of River Bend Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	
REVENUES		
Ad valorem taxes	\$	728,213
Other taxes and licenses		468,267
Unrestricted intergovernmental		189,185
Restricted intergovernmental		445,147
Permits and fees		16,390
Sales and services		79,278
Investment earnings		50,173
Miscellaneous		8,526
Total revenues		1,985,179
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General government		556,085
Public safety		1,366,425
Transportation		184,803
Environmental protection		61,131
Cultural and recreational		43,740
Capital outlay		216,176
Total expenditures		2,428,360
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		
expenditures		(443,181)
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(443,181)
Other financing sources:		
Loan proceeds		1,000,000
Principal payment		(50,154)
Sale of capital assets		3,150
Total other financiang sources		952,996
Revenues and other sources over expenditures and other sources		509,815
Fund balances, beginning		2,709,726
Fund balances, ending	\$	3,219,541

Exhibit 5

509,815

Town of River Bend
Reconciliation of the
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in	

the current period.

216,176	
(141,669)	
	74,507
	78,312
	2,027
	_,,
	(2,236)
	,

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Long-term loan Compensated absences Pension expense Rounding	Ň	(949,846) (6,640) (62,759)
Rounding Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	(356,820)
Town of River Bend General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Genera	al Fu	nd		
					Fi	nal Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Act	ual Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 716,736	\$ 716,736	\$	728,213	\$	11,477
Other taxes and licenses	440,600	440,600		468,267		27,667
Unrestricted intergovernmental	192,600	192,600		189,185		(3,415)
Restricted intergovernmental	90,100	147,612		445,147		297,535
Permits and fees	5,900	5,900		16,390		10,490
Sales and services	39,448	73,318		79,278		5,960
Investment earnings	16,469	35,405		39,896		4,491
Miscellaneous	8,000	8,000		8,526		526
Total revenues	 1,509,853	1,620,171		1,974,902		354,731
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	531,420	633,031		556,085		76,946
Public safety	542,598	1,567,802		1,366,425		201,377
Transportation	202,828	207,388		184,803		22,585
Environmental protection	84,294	99,434		61,131		38,303
Cultural and recreational	43,472	54,195		43,740		10,455
Capital Outlay	175,500	232,400		216,176		16,224
Total expenditures	 1,580,112	2,794,250		2,428,360		365,890
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (70,259)	(1,174,079)		(453,458)		720,621
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers from other funds	72,642	130,970		117,470		(13,500)
Transfers to other funds	(137,500)	(137,500)		(124,000)		13,500
Sale of capital assets	3,700	3,700		3,150		(550)
Loan Proceeds	-	-		1,000,000		1,000,000
Principal Payment	-	-		(50,154)		(50,154)
Contingency	(38,675)	(16,639)		-		16,639
Appropriated fund balance	170,092	1,193,548		-		(1,193,548)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 70,259	1,174,079		946,466		(227,613)
Revenues and other sources over (under)						
expenditures and other uses	\$ -	\$ -	=	493,008	\$	493,008
Fund balances, beginning				2,294,498		
Fund balances, ending			\$	2,787,506		
	 1					

Town of River Bend Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2019

	Major Enterprise Funds				
	Wa	ater Fund		wer Fund	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	995,511	\$	901,407 \$	1,896,918
Accounts receivable, net		81,026		93,258	174,284
Prepaid items		-		-	-
Total current assets		1,076,537		994,665	2,071,202
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		6,607		9,088	15,695
Capital assets:					
Land and construction in progress		118,171		285,256	403,427
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		702,274		674,895	1,377,169
Capital assets (net)		820,445		960,151	1,780,596
Total noncurrent assets		827,052		969,239	1,796,291
Total assets		1,903,589		1,963,904	3,867,493
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year		7,645		8,524	16,169
Pension deferrals		19,297		21,538	40,835
Deferred charge on refunding		38,329		33,098	71,427
Total deferred outflows of resources		65,271		63,160	128,431
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		5,937		25,575	31,512
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		6,607		9,088	15,695
Compensated absences - current		8,813		9,171	17,984
Current portion of long-term debt		126,719		109,425	236,144
Total current liabilities		148,076		153,259	301,335
		-))
Non-current liabilities:					
Other noncurrent liabilities:		2 0 2 9		2.057	5 005
Compensated absences		2,938 33,351		3,057 37,216	5,995 70,567
Net pension liability Long-term debt		927,231		800,783	1,728,014
Total noncurrent liabilities		963,520		841,056	1,728,014
Total liabilities		1,111,596		994,315	2,105,911
		1,111,570		<i>yy</i> 1 , <i>y</i> 1 <i>y</i>	2,105,911
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension deferrals		2,380		2,655	5,035
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,380		2,655	5,035
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		(195,176)		83,041	(112,135)
Unrestricted		1,050,060		947,053	1,997,113
Total net position	\$	854,884	\$	1,030,094 \$	1,884,978

Town of River Bend Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major Enterprise Funds					
	Wa	ater Fund	S	ewer Fund	Total	
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$	407,796	\$	580,444 \$	988,240	
Water and sewer taps		2,800		1,250	4,050	
Other operating revenues		17,804		7,411	25,215	
Total operating revenues		428,400		589,105	1,017,505	
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Administration		262,199		275,276	537,475	
Operations		74,197		121,647	195,844	
Depreciation and amortization		106,708		94,038	200,746	
Total operating expenses		443,104		490,961	934,065	
Operating income (loss)		(14,704)		98,144	83,440	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment earnings		21,002		16,919	37,921	
Interest and other charges		(27,502)		(23,748)	(51,250)	
Other non-operating revenues (expenses)		7,640		17,578	25,218	
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		1,140		10,749	11,889	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(13,564)		108,893	95,329	
Transfers to other funds		-		-	-	
Total income (loss) after contributions and transfers		(13,564)		108,893	95,329	
Change in net position		(13,564)		108,893	95,329	
Total net position, beginning		868,448		921,201	1,789,649	
Total net position, ending	\$	854,884	\$	1,030,094 \$	1,884,978	

Town of River Bend Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	W	ater Fund		_	
		ater runu	Se	wer Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received from customers	\$	425,507	\$	582,666 \$	1,008,173
Cash paid for goods and services		(192,155)		(229,235)	(421,390)
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services		(143,432)		(159,521)	(302,953)
Net customer deposits		(760)		(679)	(1,439)
Other operating revenues		25,444		24,989	50,433
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		114,604		218,220	332,824
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Interfund activity					
		-		-	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		-		-	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(9,156)		(18,542)	(27,698)
Principal paid on long-term debt		(118,056)		(101,944)	(220,000)
Interest and other costs paid on long-term debt		(27,502)		(23,748)	(51,250)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing					
activities		(154,714)		(144,234)	(298,948)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Investment earnings		21,002		16,919	37,921
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		21,002		16,919	37,921
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(19,108)		90,905	71,797
Balances, beginning		1,014,619		810,502	1,825,121
Balances, ending	\$	995,511	\$	901,407 \$	1,896,918

(continued)

Town of River Bend Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major Enterprise Funds					
	Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Total	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by						
operating activities	¢	(14.704)	¢		02 440	
Operating income	\$	(14,704)	\$	98,144 \$	83,440	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash						
provided by operating activities:		105.005		0		
Depreciation		107,897		95,064	202,961	
Amortization		(1,189)		(1,026)	(2,215)	
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		17,263		5,582	22,845	
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		(164)		(183)	(347)	
(Decrease) in net pension liability		1,230		8,706	9,936	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources -						
pensions		815		909	1,724	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		809		8,167	8,976	
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		(760)		(679)	(1,439)	
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		3,407		3,536	6,943	
Total adjustments		129,308		120,076	249,384	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	114,604	\$	218,220 \$	332,824	
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Net amortization of bond premium and deferred charges on						
refunding	\$	1,189	\$	1,026 \$	2,215	

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of River Bend, North Carolina (the Town) conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Town is a municipal corporation governed by an elected Mayor and five-members of the Town Council with a Manager-Council form of government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental and business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include: 1) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental and proprietary* - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating items are ancillary activities, such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund. The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Capital Reserve Fund is a legally budgeted fund under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, it is consolidated in the General Fund.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's water operations.

Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's sewer operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue, because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town, are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of River Bend because the tax is levied by Craven County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific costreimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant areas where estimates are made are the allowances for doubtful accounts and asset depreciation lives.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, the Capital Reserve Fund, the enterprise funds and their respective capital reserve funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end.

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level for all annually budgeted funds. The Budget Officer is authorized to reallocate any appropriations within departments, to execute interfund and interdepartmental transfers in emergency situations, and to execute interdepartmental transfers in the same fund, including contingency appropriations, not to exceed \$5,000. Notification of such transfers shall be made to the Town Council at its next meeting following the transfer. Any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the governing board. During the year, six amendments to the original budget were necessary.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in Board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNow accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT- Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT- Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools monies from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Restricted cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2019 for customer deposits were \$15,694. The Town also maintains a Capital Reserve Fund that is consolidated with the General Fund. The money held in the Capital Reserve Fund is presented as restricted cash in the General Fund. The money held in the General Fund received from the NCDORR Recovery Grant is presented as restricted cash. Restricted cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2019 for the General Fund was \$691,242.

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

6. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

7. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Minimum capitalization cost for the Town's assets are \$5,000. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings and systems	30 years
Maintenance and construction equipment	5 years
Furniture and office equipment	5 years
Medium and heavy motor vehicles	5 years
Automobiles and light trucks	5 years
Computer software and equipment	5 years

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has three items that meets this criterion - contributions made to the pension plan in the current fiscal year, deferrals of pension expense that result from the implementation of GASB Statement 68, and a deferred charge on refunding of bonds that would have previously been classified as an asset. In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has two items that meet the criterion for this category - property taxes receivable and deferrals of pension expense that result from the implementation of GASB Statement 68.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the Town provide for the accumulation of up to 30 days of earned vacation leave, with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide presentation, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Prepaid Items - portion of fund balance that is not an available resource, because it represents the year-end balance of prepaid items, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance: This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - represents the portion of fund balance that is restricted by State statute [G.S.159-8(a)]. Amount restricted at June 30, 2019 was \$162,507.

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Committed Fund Balance: This classification represents the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote of the Town of River Bend's Town Council (highest level of decision- making authority). The Town Council can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority vote by the members of the Town Council and through the adoption of an ordinance.

Committed for General Government Capital Outlay - portion of fund balance that has been set aside for future capital outlay by the members of the Town Council. At June 30, 2019, commitment for capital outlay was \$432,035.

Assigned Fund Balance: Assigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that the Town Council has budgeted to use for specific purposes. The Town Council has the authority to assign fund balance through a majority vote.

Subsequent year's expenditures – A portion of fund balance is appropriated in the FY 2019-20 budget to balance the budget, \$173,970.

Law Enforcement Separation Allowance - portion of fund balance that is appropriated for the cash that was previously held in the Law Enforcement Separation Allowance Fund. At June 30, 2019, assigned fund balance for this purpose was \$13,207.

Unassigned Fund Balance: Unassigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Department, as directed by the Finance Officer, will use resources in the following hierarchy as appropriate: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-Town funds, and Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it's in the best interest of the Town.

The Town has adopted a formal fund balance policy. For the General Fund the Town shall maintain an unassigned fund balance of no less than 50% of the actual expenditures of the then completed fiscal year. These funds will be utilized to avoid cash flow interruptions, generate interest income, eliminate the need for short-term borrowing, and maintain the Town's credit ratings. The fund balance may be purposefully drawn down below the target percentage for emergencies, economic influences, non-recurring expenditures, or major capital projects. If the fund balance falls below the target percentage for two consecutive years, the Town will replenish funds by direct appropriation in the next budget developed for the fiscal year after the occurrence is known. In that instance, the Town will annually appropriate 25% of the difference between the target percentage level and the actual balance until the target level is met. In the event appropriating 25% is not feasible, the Town will appropriate a lesser amount and shall reaffirm by Council resolution its commitment to fully replenish the fund balance over a longer period of time.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 3,219,541
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	162,507
Streets	-
General Government capital outlay	432,035
LEO Separation Allowance	13,207
FY 2019-20 Fund Balance Appropriated	173,970
Fund balance policy	1,223,642
Remaining fund balance	\$ 1,214,180

Reconciliation of the General Fund - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Exhibit 6) to the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit 4)

The Capital Reserve Fund is a legally budgeted fund that is consolidated into the General Fund for fund balance reporting purposes under the requirements of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. Exhibit 6 presents only the General Fund and Exhibit 4 presents the General Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund consolidated as follows:

End of year (Exhibit 6) - June 30	\$ 2,787,506
Capital Reserve Fund:	
Revenues:	
Investment earnings	10,277
Expenditures:	
Transfers in - General Fund	124,000
Transfers out - General Fund	(117,470)
Fund balance:	
Beginning of year - July 1	415,228
End of year (Exhibit 4) - June 30	3,219,541

12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of River Bend's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of River Bend has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

- A. Significant Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions
- 1. <u>Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes</u> None.
- 2. <u>Contractual Violations</u> None.
- B. <u>Deficit in Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds</u> None.
- C. <u>Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations</u> None.

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds

- A. Assets
- 1. Deposits

All of the Town's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with the securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in its name.

The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for noninterest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollaterization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2019, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$405,801 and a bank balance of \$447,166. The Town only has deposits in institutions that collateralize under the Pooling Method. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$197,166 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. The Town had petty cash of \$1,100 at June 30, 2019.

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (continued)

2. Investments

At June 30, 2019, the Town had \$4,618,884 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk.

3. <u>Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts</u>

Disaggregation information and allowance for doubtful accounts related to receivables reported at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	A	Accounts		Taxes	Total	
Governmental Activities:						
General	\$	-	\$	7,512	\$	7,512
Wildwood storage receivables		9,540		-		9,540
Other receivables		2,203		-		2,203
Due from other governments		156,733		-		156,733
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(6,168)		(2,898)		(9,066)
Total governmental activities	\$	162,308	\$	4,614	\$	166,922
		Water	5	Sewer		Total
Business-type Activities:						
Accounts	\$	66,506	\$	53,317	\$	119,823
Unbilled receivables		65,358		95,178		160,536
Due from other governments		-		-		-
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(50,838)		(55,237)		(106,075)
Total business-type activities	\$	81,026	\$	93,258	\$	174,284

Due from other governments consisted of the following:

	e rnme ntal ctivitie s	ss-Type vities
Local option sales tax	\$ 128,804	\$ -
Sales tax refund receivable	14,328	-
Due from Craven County	 13,601	 -
Total	\$ 156,733	\$ -

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (continued)

4. Capital Assets

Governmental Activities

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances	
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 929,320	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 929,320	
Construction in progress	43,500	-	-	43,500	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	972,820	-	-	972,820	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	1,306,821	-	-	1,306,821	
Equipment and vehicles	377,943	66,644	22,718	421,869	
Infrastructure	1,869,466	149,532	-	2,018,998	
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,554,230	216,176	22,718	3,747,688	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	1,034,890	25,622	-	1,060,512	
Equipment and vehicles	316,598	23,818	22,718	317,698	
Infrastructure	530,700	92,229	-	622,929	
Total accumulated depreciation	1,882,188	\$ 141,669	\$ 22,718	2,001,139	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,672,042			1,746,549	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,644,862	=		\$ 2,719,369	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$ 92,085
Public Safety	14,167
Transportation	28,334
Cultural & Recreational	 7,083
Total depreciation expense	\$ 141,669

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (continued)

Business-Type Activities

Capital assets activity for the Water Fund for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 118,171	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 118,171
Total capital assets not being depreciated				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Plant and distribution systems	3,148,653	9,156	-	3,157,809
Buildings and improvements	4,480	-	-	4,480
Furniture and equipment	143,973	-	-	143,973
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,297,106	9,156	-	3,306,262
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Plant and distribution systems	2,369,935	102,776	-	2,472,711
Buildings and improvements	896	112	-	1,008
Furniture and equipment	125,260	5,009	-	130,269
Total accumulated depreciation	2,496,091	\$ 107,897	\$-	2,603,988
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	801,015			702,274
Total water capital assets, net	\$ 919,186	-		\$ 820,445

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (continued)

Capital assets activity for the Sewer Fund for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

		ginning	In	creases	Deci	reases	F	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	65,186	\$	-	\$	-	\$	65,186
Construction in progress		220,070		-		-		220,070
Total capital assets not being depreciated		285,256		-		-		285,256
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Plant and distribution systems	2	,624,264		18,542		-		2,642,806
Buildings and improvements		4,480		-		-		4,480
Furniture and equipment		134,777		-		-		134,777
Total capital assets being depreciated	2	,763,521		18,542		-		2,782,063
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Plant and distribution systems	1	,895,142		89,944		-		1,985,086
Buildings and improvements		896		112		-		1,008
Furniture and equipment		116,066		5,008		-		121,074
Total accumulated depreciation	2	2,012,104	\$	95,064	\$	-		2,107,168
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		751,417						674,895
Total sewer capital assets, net	1	,036,673	•					960,151
-			•					
Total business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 1	,955,859	-				\$	1,780,596

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The total net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2019 is composed of the following elements:

	Governmental Business-Type Activities							
	Activities		Water Fund S		Sewer Fund		Total	
Capital assets	\$	2,719,369	\$	820,445	\$	960,151	\$	4,499,965
Deferred outflows of resources-refunding		-		38,329		33,098		71,427
Less: Debt related to capital assets		-	(1,053,950)		(910,208)		(1,964,158)
Net investment in capital assets	\$	2,719,369	\$	(195,176)	\$	83,041	\$	2,607,234

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (continued)

- B. Liabilities
- 1. Accounts Payable

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	Vendors	
Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$ 53,178	
Business-Type Activities:		
Water Fund	\$	5,937
Sewer Fund		25,575
Total	\$	31,512

2. Pension Plan and Other Post-Employment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town is a participating employer in the state-wide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local government entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454 or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (continued)

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of River Bend employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of River Bend's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 8.50% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.75% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of River Bend were \$72,671 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By State law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported a liability of \$295,594 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the Town's proportion was 0.012%, which was a decrease of 0.004% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$80,720. At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows Resources	In	eferred flows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 45,603	\$	1,530
Changes of assumptions	78,439		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
pension plan investments	40,576		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Town			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2,741		19,775
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 72,671		-
Total	\$ 240,030	\$	21,305

\$72,671 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ 74,171
2020	47,679
2021	4,404
2022	19,800
2023	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ 146,054

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.20 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (continued)

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease (6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	Increase (8.00%)
Town's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$ 710,042	\$ 295,594	\$ (50,726)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description

The Town administers a public employee retirement system (the *Separation Allowance*). A single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time Town law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2017, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	4
Terminated plan member entitled to	
but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	4
Total	8

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statements 73.

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (continued)

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was in the December 31, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 7.35, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Discount rate	3.64 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2017.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

4. Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. For the current year, the Town contributed \$21,810, or 6.5% of annual covered payroll. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this Plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$29,814 as benefit came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$64,083. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018 utilizing procedures incorporating the actuarial assumption. For the year ended June 30, 2019 the Town recognized pension expense of (\$2,032).

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	25,363
Changes of assumptions		3,886		2,360
Town benefit payments and plan administrative expense				
made subsequent to the measurement date		21,810		-
Total	\$	25,696	\$	27,723

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (continued)

\$3,886 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Future amortization:

Year Ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 2,100
2021	1,786
2022	0
2023	0
2024	0
Thereafter	0
	\$ 3,886

\$29,814 paid as benefits came due subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.64 percent, as well as the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.64 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.64 percent) than the current rate:

		1%		iscount		1%		
	Decrease Rate				In	[ncrease		
Town's proportionate share of the net	(2.64%)		(3	6.64%)	(4	1.64%)		
pension liability (asset)	\$	69,468	\$	64,083	\$	59,204		

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (continued)

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	 2019
Beginning balance	\$ 111,227
Service cost	3,821
Interest on the total pension liability	3,044
Changes of benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actuarial experience	(21,674)
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	(2,521)
Benefit payments	(29,814)
Other	 -
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 64,083

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

The following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (continued)

	LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
Pension Expense	\$ 80,720	\$ (2,032) \$	5 78,688
Pension Liability	295,594	64,083	359,677
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.01447%	N/A	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	45,603	-	45,603
Changes of assumptions	78,439	3,886	82,325
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan			
investments	40,576	-	40,576
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	2,741	-	2,741
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequent to			
the measurement date	72,671	21,810	94,481
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,530	25,363	26,893
Changes of assumptions	-	2,360	2,360
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan			
investments	-	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	19,775	-	19,775

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401 (k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to 5% of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the Plan.

The Town made contributions of \$14,886 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (continued)

3. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to law enforcement employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump-sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Town made contributions to the State for death benefits of \$1,272. The Town's required contributions for law enforcement officers represented 0.14% of covered payroll.

The Town provides full-time employees with group-term life insurance in the amount of 1.5 times the employee's base salary rounded up to the nearest \$1,000. Internal Revenue Service (IRS) regulations dictate that the cost of group-term life insurance provided to an employee by his employer for coverage that exceeds \$50,000, which I ncludes the LGERS death benefits, is taxable to the employee as a fringe benefit. The cost of the excess coverage also is included in the taxable wages for Social Security and FICA calculation purposes.

4. Deferred Compensation Plans

The Town also offers, to employees not engaged in law enforcement, a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401 (k). Employee participation is discretionary and is limited to the amount allowable under the Internal Revenue Code. For each qualified employee, the Town contributes 5% of the employee's pre-tax annual compensation to the Plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$45,468, which consisted of \$30,582 from the Town and \$14,886 from the employees. A separate report was not issued for the Plan because the required contributions are considered immaterial to the financial statements.

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Unavailable Revenues

The amount of deferred outflows of resources is an unamortized deferred charge on refunding for the Water and Sewer Funds' bond refunded in fiscal year 2013. The amount on the government-wide and fund financial statement is \$71,427. The second item included in deferred outflows of resources is contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year and totals \$94,481. The final item included in deferred outflows of resources is pension deferrals and totals \$171,245. Of that amount \$3,886 are benefit payments made for the LEOSSA subsequent to the measurement date. The remaining \$167,359 are pension deferrals related to LGERS.

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (continued)

The balance in deferred inflows of resources (unavailable revenue) on the fund financial statement and unavailable revenue on the government-wide statement at year-end is composed of the following elements:

Taxes receivable, net (General Fund)	\$ 4,614
Pension deferrals	\$ 79,821

6. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town purchases commercial coverage from a private insurer. Through this coverage, the Town obtains general liability of \$3 million, excess liability coverage of \$2 million, auto liability of \$1 million per occurrence, and blanket property damage coverage for replacement cost up to \$7.8 million per year. Workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits is provided by a private insurer.

As the Town does not have structures within an area required by FEMA to carry flood insurance, the Town has elected not to carry flood insurance. The exception to this now are the two buildings (Public Works and the Water Fund Lab) that flooded during Hurricane Florence; we received FEMA funding for repairs and subsequently purchased flood insurance for those structures. The Finance Officer and Tax Collector are individually bonded for \$60,000 and \$10,000, respectively.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

7. Long-Term Obligations

a. <u>General Obligation Indebtedness - Enterprise Funds</u>

The Town's Water Fund and Sewer Fund issued general obligation bonds in 1995 to provide funds for the purchase of the water and sewer systems from a private company, Carolina Water Service. The remainder of the bond amount was used in 1999 for sewer upgrades and to extend water lines and install hydrants to afford fire protection throughout the Town. The 2004 bond refunding resulted in a savings of \$2,484,429 and shortened the length of the original general obligation debt by twelve years. The bonds were refunded once again in 2013, which resulted in another savings of \$274,678. The terms of the new debt remains unchanged from the 2004 Series, with maturity in 2027. These bonds, which are recorded in the Water and Sewer Funds, are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the Town. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.

The Town's general obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2019 are comprised of the following:

Serviced by the Water Fund:

\$1,588,336 General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Series 2013, due on June 1 in installments beginning June 1, 2014 through June 1, 2027; interest varying from 2% to 3%

\$1,006,109

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (continued)

Serviced by the Sewer Fund:

\$1,371,664 General Obligation Refunding Bonds-Series 2013, due on June 1 in installments beginning June 1, 2014 through June 1, 2027; interest varying from 2% to 3%

\$868,891

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Servic	ed by the Wate	r Fund	Servic	r Fund			
Year								
Ending June	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total		
2020	\$ 120,739	\$ 25,140	\$ 145,879	\$ 104,261	\$ 21,710	\$ 125,971		
2021	126,105	22,726	148,831	108,895	19,624	128,519		
2022	128,788	20,204	148,992	111,212	17,446	128,658		
2023	128,788	17,628	146,416	111,212	15,222	126,434		
2024	126,105	15,052	141,157	108,895	12,998	121,893		
2025-2027	375,584	22,618	398,202	324,416	19,532	343,948		
Total	\$ 1,006,109	\$ 123,368	\$ 1,129,477	\$ 868,891	\$ 106,532	\$ 975,423		

b. Statutory Debt Limitation

The Town is subject to the Municipal Finance Law of North Carolina which limits the amount of net bonded debt (exclusive of revenue and special assessment bonds). The Town may have outstanding to 8% of the appraised value of property subject to taxation. At June 30, 2019, the Town's legal debt margin was approximately \$23,300,000.

c. Deferred Bond Refunding Charges/Premium

The Town had \$125,000 unamortized bond refunding charges and \$156,022 premium from the 2013 advanced refunding issue. The unamortized bond refunding charges are reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position, and the advanced refunding is including in long-term debt. At June 30, 2019, the remaining unamortized balances for the refunding charge and premium were \$71,427 and \$89,158, respectively.

d. Indebtedness - Governmental Fund

On March 6, 2019 the Town entered into a direct borrowing for a \$1,000,000 interest free loan from the North Carolina Office of Recovery and Resiliency for hurricane relief. The loan will be paid off as expenses are approved and refunded by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. The Town paid off \$50,154 during 2019 with the remaining balance being \$949,846.

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (continued)

e. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in the Town's governmental activities long-term debt:

	-	Balance					I	Balance	-	Current		
	Jul	y 1, 2018	Increases		Decreases		Decrease		Jur	June 30, 2019		Portion
Direct borrowing NCORR	\$	-	\$	1,000,000	\$	50,154	\$	949,846	\$	949,846		
Compensated Absences		36,320		6,640		-		42,960		36,516		
Net pension liability (LGERS)		167,079		57,948		-		225,027		-		
Total pension liability (LEO)		111,227		-		47,144		64,083				
	\$	314,626	\$	1,064,588	\$	97,298	\$	1,281,916	\$	986,362		

The following is a summary of changes in the Town's business-type activities long-term debt:

	Balance Ily 1, 2018					Current Portion			
-	,								
Direct placement general obligation bond	\$ 1,124,165	\$	-	\$	118,056	\$	1,006,109	\$	120,739
Unamortized premium on bonds	53,821		-		5,980		47,841		5,980
Compensated Absences	8,344		3,407		-		11,751		8,813
Net pension liability (LGERS)	25,510		7,841		-		33,351		-
Total Water Fund	1,211,840		11,248		124,036		1,099,052		135,532
Direct placement general obligation bond	970,835		-		101,944		868,891		104,261
Unamortized premium on bonds	46,481		-		5,164		41,317		5,164
Compensated Absences	8,692		3,536		-		12,228		9,171
Net pension liability (LGERS)	28,473		8,743		-		37,216		-
Total Sewer Fund	1,054,481		12,279		107,108		959,652		118,596
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 2,266,321	\$	23,527	\$	231,144	\$	2,058,704	\$	254,128

Compensated absences and pension obligations typically have been liquidated in the General Fund. Compensated absences are accounted for on a FIFO (first-in, first-out) basis.

Note 4 - Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Note 5 - Reimbursement of General Fund Expenditures

The Town's Water Fund and Sewer Fund receive the benefit of administrative services and other employees paid for by the General Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Water Fund and the Sewer Fund each reimbursed the General Fund \$84,521 in accordance with the Town's indirect cost plan. The reimbursement was reported as expenses in the Water Fund and Sewer Fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the General Fund.

The Town's General Fund receives the benefit of the Water Fund and the Sewer Fund employees. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the General Fund reimbursed the Water Fund and the Sewer Fund \$34.902 each, in accordance with the Town's indirect cost plan. The reimbursement was reported as expenditures in the General Fund and as a reduction of expenses in the Water Fund and the Sewer Fund.

Note 6 - Subsequent Events

The Town has evaluated events from the date of the balance sheet through the date the report is available to be issued which is the date of the independent auditors' report. The Town has not evaluated subsequent events after that date. There were no subsequent events during this period that require disclosure.

<u>Note 7 – Continuing Obligations</u>

The Town entered into a contract with K.A. Jones and Design Management for mowing and landscaping services. The contract agrees that the Town will pay \$7,100 annually for landscaping and \$20,200 annually for mowing services until February 29, 2020.

The Town entered into a contract with Cintas Corporation for uniform services. The contract agrees that the Town will pay an average cost of \$8,000 per year until May 1, 2020.

The Town entered into a contract with 100 Business Plaza, LLC for office space for the Police Department. The contract agrees that the Town will pay \$750 per month until December 31, 2019 with an option for another six month renewal.

The Town entered into a 60-month contract effective August 1, 2019 with VC3, Inc. for cloud based Virtual Office services and security. The contract agrees that the Town will pay approximately \$43,000 per year.

The Town entered into a contract with VC3, Inc. for voice solutions. The Town will pay \$5,500 per year until January 31, 2023.

<u>Note 8 – Transfers</u>

The General Fund transferred \$124,000 to the Capital Reserve Fund, and the Capital Reserve Fund transferred \$117,470 to the General Fund. These funds were allocated for capital acquisitions.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles. Presentation conforms to requirements of Local Government Commission in North Carolina.

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset for Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Contributions to Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability for Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll for Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Town of River Bend Town of River Bend's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Five Fiscal Years* Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2019	2018	2017	2016	 2015
River Bend's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.01246%	0.01447%	0.01430%	0.01268%	0.01409%
River Bend's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 295,594	\$ 221,062	\$ 303,494	\$ 56,906	\$ (83,096)
River Bend's covered payroll	\$ 783,565	\$ 798,855	\$ 810,291	\$ 803,165	\$ 777,738
River Bend's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	37.72%	27.67%	37.45%	7.09%	(10.68%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	94.18%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

Town of River Bend Town of River Bend's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Five Fiscal Years Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 72,671	\$ 60,527	\$ 59,842	\$ 55,392	\$ 57,802
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	72,671	60,527	59,842	55,392	57,802
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -
River Bend's covered payroll	\$ 908,407	\$ 783,565	\$ 798,855	\$810,291	\$ 803,165
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.00%	7.72%	7.49%	6.84%	7.20%

Town of River Bend Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2019

	2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 111,227 \$	143,109 \$	161,530
Service cost	3,821	5,367	5,907
Interest on the total pension liability	3,044	4,934	5,269
Changes on benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the			
measurement of the total pension liability	(21,674)	(19,705)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(2,521)	8,086	(1,730)
Benefit payments	(29,814)	(30,564)	(27,867)
Other changes	-	-	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 64,083 \$	111,227 \$	143,109

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.
Town of River Bend Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2019

	2019		2018		2017
Total pension liability	\$	64,083	\$ 111,227	\$	143,109
Covered payroll		189,509	293,489		306,026
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		33.82%	37.90%		46.76%

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of River Bend has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND SCHEDULES

This section contains additional information on the Governmental and Proprietary Funds (budget to actual comparison) and other schedules (ad valorem taxes receivable and current tax levy).

Town of River Bend Governmental Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

			(Capital				Total
	(General	I	Reserve			(General
		Fund		Fund	Elim	inations		Fund
Revenues:								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	728,213	\$	-	\$	-	\$	728,213
Other taxes and licenses		468,267		-		-		468,267
Unrestricted intergovernmental		189,185		-		-		189,185
Restricted intergovernmental		445,147		-		-		445,147
Permits and fees		16,390		-		-		16,390
Sales and services		79,278		-		-		79,278
Investment earnings		39,896		10,277		-		50,173
Miscellaneous		8,526		-		-		8,526
Total revenues		1,974,902		10,277		-		1,985,179
Expenditures:								
General government		563,708		_		_		563,708
Public safety		1,425,446		_		_		1,425,446
Transportation		319,795		_		_		319,795
Environmental protection		75,671		_		_		75,671
Cultural and recreational		43,740		_		_		43,740
Total expenditures		2,428,360				-		2,428,360
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(453,458)		10,277				(443,181)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers from other funds		117,470		124,000	(241,470)		-
Transfers to other funds		(124,000)		(117,470)		241,470		-
Principal payment		(50,154)		-		-		(50,154)
Loan proceeds		1,000,000		-		-		1,000,000
Sale of capital assets		3,150		-		-		3,150
Total other financing sources (uses)		946,466		6,530		-		952,996
Net change in fund balance		493,008		16,807		-		509,815
Fund Balances:								
Beginning of year - July 1	_	2,294,498		415,228		-		2,709,726
End of year - June 30	\$	2,787,506	\$	432,035	\$	-	\$	3,219,541

		2018		
	Final	2019	Variance	
	Budget	Actual	Over/Under	Actual
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes:				
Taxes	\$ 716,736	\$ 728,213	\$ 11,477	\$ 870,529
Other taxes and licenses:				
Local option sales tax	332,000	359,235	27,235	349,934
Piped natural gas tax	-	52	52	-
Hold harmless tax	93,400	95,635	2,235	101,416
Telecommunications sales tax	15,200	13,345	(1,855)	13,580
Total other taxes and licenses	440,600	468,267	27,667	464,930
Unrestricted intergovernmental:				
Utility franchise tax	119,000	119,954	954	118,750
Video programming	60,100	56,187	(3,913)	58,438
Beer and wine tax	13,500	13,044	(456)	13,245
Total unrestricted intergovernmental	192,600	189,185	(3,415)	190,433
Restricted intergovernmental:				
Federal and State grants	57,512	356,983	299,471	-
Solid waste disposal tax	2,100	2,119	19	2,089
Powell Bill allocation	88,000	86,045	(1,955)	89,226
Total restricted intergovernmental	147,612	445,147	297,535	91,315
Permits and fees:				
Zoning permits	3,000	13,319	10,319	3,881
Animal licenses	2,400	2,761	361	3,297
Court cost fees	500	310	(190)	409
Total permits and fees	5,900	16,390	10,490	7,587
Sales and services:				
Rents and concessions	38,248	44,020	5,772	45,347
Contributions and refunds	1,200	879	(321)	1,125
Miscellaneous	33,870	34,379	509	12,949
Total sales and services	73,318	79,278	5,960	59,421
Investment earnings	35,405	39,896	4,491	21,267
Miscellaneous:				
Miscellaneous revenue	8,000	8,526	526	-
Total miscellaneous	8,000	8,526	526	-
Total revenues	1,620,171	1,974,902	354,731	1,705,482

		2018		
	Final		Variance	
	Budget	Actual	Over/Under	Actual
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Governing Body				
Salaries and benefits	21,800	21,231	569	24,155
Other operating expenditures	16,235	9,715	6,520	8,407
Salaries allocated to Water and Sewer	(9,904)	(9,904)		(8,450)
Total governing body	28,131	21,042	7,089	24,112
Administration:				
Salaries and benefits	234,580	229,070	5,510	214,495
Other operating expenditures	73,728	67,065	6,663	67,983
Salaries allocated to Water and Sewer	(53,712)	(53,712)	-	(51,164)
Total administration	254,596	242,423	12,173	231,314
		,		-)-
Finance:				
Salaries and benefits	93,750	93,398	352	91,401
Other operating expenditures	61,601	58,839	2,762	54,468
Salaries allocated to Water and Sewer	(46,875)	(46,875)		(44,998)
Total finance	108,476	105,362	3,114	100,871
Tax Listing:				
Contracted services	10,246	9,518	728	11,191
Legal:				
Professional services	24,000	21,157	2,843	28,710
Toressional services		21,137	2,043	20,710
Elections:				
Contracted services		-		4,631
Public Buildings:				
Salaries and benefits	15,172	14,148	1,024	13,566
Other operating expenditures	145,476	100,901	44,575	112,963
Capital outlay	8,150	7,623	527	24,776
Total public buildings	168,798	122,672	46,126	151,305
1 6)		-)
Central Services - Planning:				
Salaries and benefits	63,282	62,071	1,211	51,455
Other operating expenditures	6,435	2,247	4,188	3,676
Salaries allocated to Water and Sewer	(22,783)	(22,784)	1	(21,182)
Total central services - planning	46,934	41,534	5,400	33,949
Total general government	641,181	563,708	77,473	586,083

		2019		2018
	Final		Variance	
	Budget	Actual	Over/Under	Actual
Public Safety: Police:				
Salaries and benefits	475,280	475,224	56	348,077
Other operating expenditures	54,168	46,656	7,512	100,817
Salaries allocated to Water and Sewer	(4,195)	(4,194)	(1)	(4,222)
Capital outlay	32,750	31,021	1,729	-
Total police	558,003	548,707	9,296	444,672
Emergency Management				
Emergency Management Salaries and benefits	36,400	14,308	22,092	
Other operating expenditures	100,750	44,440	56,310	-
Contracted services	867,440	762,717	104,723	_
Total emergency management	1,004,590	821,465	183,125	
Total emergency management	1,004,370	621,405	105,125	
Recovery Grant NCORR-FDLG-004				
Salaries and benefits	22,500	13,309	9,191	-
Other operating expenditures	2,000	1,328	672	-
Capital outlay	28,000	28,000		
Total recovery grant NCORR_FDLG-004	52,500	42,637	9,863	-
Animal Control:				
Salaries and benefits	16,216	15,681	535	11,482
Other operating expenditures	400	114	286	3,167
Salaries allocated to Water and Sewer	(3,157)	(3,158)	1	(3,012)
Total animal control	13,459	12,637	822	11,637
Total public safety	1,628,552	1,425,446	203,106	456,309
		, ,		<u>, </u>
Transportation:				
Powell Bill:				
Salaries and benefits	40,542	39,218	1,324	36,211
Other operating expenditures	14,300	6,795	7,505	12,651
Salaries allocated to Water and Sewer	(7,893)	(7,892)	(1)	(7,530)
Contracted services	1,500	17	1,483	5,611
Capital outlay	133,500	134,992	(1,492)	98,768
Total Powell Bill	181,949	173,130	8,819	145,711
Non-Powell Bill:				
Salaries and benefits	56,858	54,898	1,960	50,701
Other operating expenditures	66,151	60,074	6,077	17,842
Salaries allocated to Water and Sewer	(11,050)	(11,050)	-	(10,542)
Utilities	40,000	38,902	1,098	38,184
Contracted services	6,980	3,841	3,139	23,731
Capital outlay		-		42,929
Total Non-Powell Bill	158,939	146,665	12,274	162,845
Total transportation	340,888	319,795	21,093	308,556

		2019		2018
	Final		Variance	
	Budget	Actual	Over/Under	Actual
Environmental Protection:				
Salaries and benefits	24,325	23,533	792	21,724
Other operating expenditures	12,200	3,719	8,481	33,092
Salaries allocated to Water and Sewer	(4,736)	(4,736)	-	(4,518)
Contracted services	67,645	38,615	29,030	10,002
Capital outlay	30,000	14,540	15,460	6,951
Total environmental protection	129,434	75,671	53,763	67,251
Cultural and recreational:				
Salaries and benefits	28,658	28,114	544	28,766
Other operating expenditures	18,175	12,241	5,934	16,978
Salaries allocated to Water and Sewer	(4,736)	(4,736)	-	(4,518)
Contracted services	12,098	8,121	3,977	4,660
Total cultural and recreational	54,195	43,740	10,455	45,886
Total expenditures	2,794,250	2,428,360	365,890	1,464,085
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,174,079)	(453,458)	720,621	241,397
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers from other funds:	130,970	117,470	(13,500)	85,693
Transfers to other funds:	(137,500)	(124,000)	13,500	(139,110)
Sale of capital assets	3,700	3,150	(550)	-
Loan Proceeds	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-
Principal Payment	-	(50,154)	(50,154)	-
Contingency	(16,639)	-	16,639	-
Appropriated fund balance	1,193,548	-	(1,193,548)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,174,079	946,466	(227,613)	(53,417)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	493,008	\$ 493,008	187,980
Fund balances, beginning		2,294,498		2,106,518
Fund balances, ending		\$ 2,787,506		\$ 2,294,498

Town of River Bend Capital Reserve Fund

			2018							
	Budget		Actual				VarianceActualOver/Under		Actual	
Revenues										
Investment earnings	\$	6,000	\$	10,277	\$	4,277	\$	5,277		
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers out		(117,470)		(117,470)		-		(60,693)		
Transfers in		124,000		124,000		-		114,110		
Future procurement		(12,530)		-		12,530		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(6,000)		6,530		12,530		53,417		
Net change in fund balance	\$			16,807	\$	16,807		58,694		
Fund Balance:										
Beginning of year - July 1				415,228				356,534		
End of year - June 30			\$	432,035			\$	415,228		

Town of River Bend Water Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 With Comparative Actual Amounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2018		
	Final		Variance	
	Budget	Actual	Over/Under	Actual
Revenues:				
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 428,972	\$ 407,796	\$ (21,176)	\$ 520,427
Water taps	1,250	2,800	1,550	2,500
Other operating revenues	15,746	17,804	2,058	18,095
Total operating revenues	445,968	428,400	(17,568)	541,022
Non-Operating Revenues:				
Interest earnings	18,250	21,002	2,752	11,744
Miscellaneous	-	7,640	7,640	-
Total non-operating revenues	18,250	28,642	10,392	11,744
Total revenues	464,218	457,042	(7,176)	552,766
Expenditures:				
Water Administration:				
Salaries and benefits	141,561	143,432	(1,871)	132,077
Allocated costs reimbursed by General Fund	(34,902)	(34,902)	-	(33,405)
Operating expenses	158,122	152,885	5,237	129,339
Repairs and maintenance	1,500	784	716	9,000
Capital outlay				11,001
Total administration	266,281	262,199	4,082	248,012
Water Operations:				
Operating expenses	96,516	80,509	16,007	32,226
Repairs and maintenance	12,500	5,116	7,384	25,615
Capital outlay	9,200	9,156	44	
Total operations	118,216	94,781	23,435	57,841
Debt Services:				
Principal repayment	118,056	118,056	-	115,372
Interest	27,502	27,502		29,809
Total debt service	145,558	145,558	-	145,181
Total expenditures	530,055	502,538	27,517	451,034

Town of River Bend Water Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 With Comparative Actual Amounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2018		
	Final		Variance	
	Budget	Actual	Over/Under	Actual
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(65,837)	(45,496)	20,341	101,732
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	1,400
Transfers to other funds:	-	-	-	-
Designated/future capital outlay	(29,508)	-	29,508	-
Appropriated fund balance	95,345	-	(95,345)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	65,837	-	(65,837)	1,400
Revenue and other financing sources over				
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$-	(45,496)	\$ (45,496)	\$ 103,132
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis				
(Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:				
Reconciling items:				
Depreciation		(107,897)		
Amortization		1,189		
Capital outlay		9,156		
Repayment of long-term debt principal		118,056		
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences		(3,407)		
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensic	ons	7,809		
Increase in net pension liability		7,841		
(Increase) in deferred inflows of resources - pensio	ons	(815)		
Change in net position		\$ (13,564)		

Town of River Bend Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018 With Comparative Actual Amounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		2018		
	Final		Variance	
	Budget	Actual	Over/Under	Actual
Revenues:				
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 632,089	\$ 580,444	\$ (51,645)	\$ 631,952
Sewer taps	1,400	1,250	(150)	2,500
Other operating revenues	7,585	7,411	(174)	8,253
Total operating revenues	641,074	589,105	(51,969)	642,705
Non-Operating Revenues:				
Interest earnings	15,056	16,919	1,863	8,145
Miscellaneous	-	17,578	17,578	-
Total non-operating revenues	15,056	34,497	19,441	8,145
Total revenues	656,130	623,602	(32,528)	650,850
Expenditures:				
Sewer Administration:				
Salaries and benefits	161,775	159,521	2,254	150,425
Allocated costs reimbursed by General Fund	(34,902)	(34,902)	-	(33,405)
Operating expenses	156,490	149,931	6,559	125,470
Repairs and maintenance	750	725	25	9,000
Capital outlay	-	-	-	11,000
Total administration	284,113	275,275	8,838	262,490
Sewer Operations:				
Operating expenses	138,925	126,359	12,566	65,256
Repairs and maintenance	23,264	8,294	14,970	35,716
Capital outlay	21,000	18,542	2,458	-
Total operations	183,189	153,195	29,994	100,972
Debt Services:				
Principal repayment	101,944	101,944	-	99,628
Interest	23,748	23,748	-	25,741
Other costs	-	-	-	-
Total debt service	125,692	125,692	-	125,369
Total expenditures	592,994	554,162	38,832	488,831

Town of River Bend Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018 With Comparative Actual Amounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		2018		
	Final			
	Budget	Actual	Over/Under	Actual
Revenues over (under) expenditures	63,136	69,440	6,304	162,019
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	1,400
Transfers to other funds:	-	-	-	-
Designated/future capital outlay	(63,136)	-	63,136	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(63,136)	-	63,136	1,400
Revenue and other financing sources over				
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	69,440	\$ 69,440	\$ 163,419
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis				
(Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:				
Reconciling items:				
Depreciation		(95,064)		
Amortization		1,026		
Capital outlay		18,542		
Repayment of long-term debt principal		101,944		
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences		(3,536)		
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensio	ns	8,707		
Increase in net pension liability		8,743		
(Increase) in deferred inflows of resources - pensic	ons	(909)		
			
Change in net position		\$ 108,893		

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This section contains additional information required on property taxes.

Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Schedule 6

	Une	collected						Uncollected
Fiscal	В	alance			Collections			Balance
Year	June	30, 2018		Additions		and Credits	<u>-</u>	June 30, 2019
2018-2019	\$	-	\$	727,923	\$	725,369	\$	2,554
2017-2018		4,383		-		2,869		1,514
2016-2017		247		-		6		241
2015-2016		195		-		4		191
2014-2015		190		-		27		163
2013-2014		460		- 21			439	
2012-2013		744					744	
2011-2012		729		- 89			640	
2010-2011		445					445	
2009-2010		588		-		7		581
2008-2009		469		-		469		-
	\$	8,450	\$	727,923	\$	728,861	\$	7,512
	Less: all	owance for un	colle	ectible accounts -	taxes	5		(2,898)
	Ad valor	em taxes rece	ivahl	e-net			\$	4,614
			1140				Ψ	1,011
	Reconcil	lement with re	<u>venu</u>	es:				
	A d valar	an taxas Can	ama 1	Enned			¢	728 212

Town of River Bend Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2019

Ad valorem taxes-General Fund	\$ 728,213
Taxes written off, statute of limitations	469
Miscellaneous adjustments	 179
Total collections and credits	\$ 728,861

Town of River Bend Analysis of Current Tax Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Total Levy		vy	
	Town - Wide		Property excluding Registered		R	egistered		
	Property Valuation	F	Rate	Total Levy	,	Motor Vehicles	1	Motor Vehicles
Original levy	\$302,649,329	\$	0.24	\$ 726,358	\$	646,375	\$	79,983
Discoveries	724,908		0.24	1,740		1,740		-
Abatements	(322,296)		0.24	 (774)		(774)		-
Total Property Valuation	\$303,051,941							
Net levy				727,324		647,341		79,983
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2019				 (2,554)		(2,554)		-
Current year's taxes collected				\$ 724,770	\$	644,787	\$	79,983
Current levy collection percentage				 99.65%		99.61%		100.00%
Prior Year's Collection Percentage				 99.50%		99.44%		100.00%

COMPLIANCE SECTION



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

C. Briggs Petway, Jr. Phyllis M. Pearson

Zebulon Office P.O. Box 1036 806 N. Arendell Ave. Zebulon, NC 27597 919.269.7405 919.269.8728 Fax

Raleigh Office 9121 Anson Way Raleigh, NC 27615 919-781-1047

www.pmpcpa.com

Memberships:

North Carolina Association of Certified Public Accountants

American Institute Of Certified Public Accountants

Medical Group Management Association Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of River Bend River Bend, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of River Bend, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of River Bend's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 9, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of River Bend's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of River Bend's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of River Bend's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Petway Mills & Peauson, PA

PETWAY MILLS & PEARSON, PA Certified Public Accountants Zebulon, North Carolina

October 9, 2019

Town of River Bend Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

SECTION I. - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	Х	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes	Х	_none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	yes	Х	no

Town of River Bend Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

SECTION II. – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None.

Town of River Bend Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

SECTION II. - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None Required.

Town of River Bend Summary Schedule of Prior Year's Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

There were no prior year audit findings.

Town of River Bend Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	State/ Pass-through Grantor's	
Grantor/Pass-through/ Grantor-Program Title	Number	Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS		
US Department of Homeland Security Federal Emergency Management Agency		\$ 37,616
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS		37,616
STATE AWARDS		
NC Department of Transportation Powell Bill	DOT-4	173,130
NC Office of Recovery and Resiliency State Grants for Financially Distressed Local Governments	NCORR-FDLG-004	42,637
US Department of Homeland Security Federal Emergency Management Agency		12,538
TOTAL STATE AWARDS		228,305
TOTAL FEDERAL AND STATE ASSISTANCE		\$ 265,921

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Awards:

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards includes the State grant activity of the Town under the programs of the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2019. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Town of River Bend, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the Town of River Bend.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3: Indirect Costs

The Town has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.