CITY OF ROXBORO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ROXBORO, NORTH CAROLINA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

City of Roxboro North Carolina

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019

City Council Members
Merilyn Newell, Mayor
Tim Chandler, Mayor Pro-Tem
Mark Phillips
Reggie Horton
Lawrence (Sandy) Stigall
Byrd Blackwell

Administrative and Financial Staff
Brooks Lockhart, City Manager
Tommy Warren, Assistant City Manager
Daniel Craig, CPA, Finance Officer
Trevie Adams, City Clerk
Nick Herman, City Attorney

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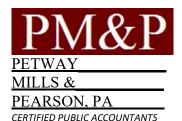
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FINANCIAL SECTION



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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Roxboro, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Roxboro, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Roxboro's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Roxboro, North Carolina as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 11 through 23, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions on pages 76 and 77, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on pages 74 and 75, the Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on page 78 and the Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on page 79, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Roxboro, North Carolina's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administration Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 27, 2020, on our consideration of the City of Roxboro, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The

purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Roxboro, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PETWAY MILLS & PEARSON, PA

Petway Mills a Peauson, PA

Certified Public Accountants Zebulon, North Carolina

February 27, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

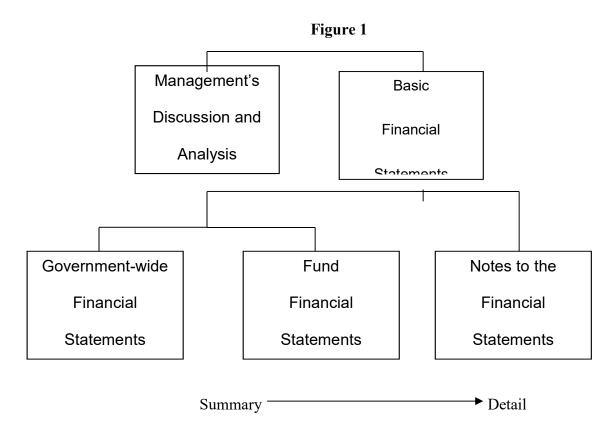
As management of the City of Roxboro, we offer readers of the City of Roxboro's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Roxboro for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Roxboro exceeded its liabilities
 and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$27,980,188 (net
 position).
- The government's total net position decreased by \$358,107, with an overall decrease in net position of governmental type activities of \$207,356 and a decrease in business type activities of \$150,751. The decrease in governmental type activities resulted from increases in expenditures and capital outlay during the year. The decrease in business type activities resulted from increases in expenditures during the year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Roxboro's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,743,723 with a net decrease of \$293,668 in fund balance. Approximately 28.2 percent of this total amount, or \$1,335,495 is non spendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,408,228 or 34.99 percent of total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The City of Roxboro's total debt increased by \$23,321,295 during the current fiscal year.
 Of that increase there was an issuance of \$23,785,000 for construction of the wastewater treatment plant. Payments totaling \$809,478 were made on debt issued in previous years.
- The City of Roxboro maintained its 82 out of 100 bond rating with the North Carolina Municipal Council, Inc. for the 16th consecutive year. This is comparable to a rating of A2 by the national rating agencies.
- The City's Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund reported operating loss of \$425,451 for the current fiscal year which was offset with investment and other earnings to result in a net loss of \$150,751.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Roxboro's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the City through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City of Roxboro.



Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 10) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the City's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the City's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the City's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the City's basic services such as public safety, transportation (streets), environmental protection (sanitation and cemetery), economic development, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the City charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the City of Roxboro. The final category is the component units. The City of Roxboro does not have any component units.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Roxboro, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of City of Roxboro can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The City of Roxboro adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – The City of Roxboro has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Roxboro uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Internal Service Funds – These funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the functions of the County. The County currently has one internal service fund called the Health and Benefit Fund. Actual payments for employee health claims and employee performance pay are recorded.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The City of Roxboro has one fiduciary fund which is an agency fund for the pretax medical savings accounts that employees of the city voluntarily participate in.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 40 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Roxboro's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 72 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

City of Roxboro's Net Position

Figure 2

Governmental Business
Type

	Activi	ties	Activities		Total	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Current and other assets	\$5,329,602	\$5,881,725	\$18,082,178	\$1,191,364	\$23,411,780	\$7,073,089
Net Pension Asset	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital assets	8,202,129	8,497,905	31,541,178	23,678,819	63,155,087	32,176,724
Deferred outflows of resources	1.600,397	810,570	510,630	295,538	<u>2,111,027</u>	<u>1,106,108</u>
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u>15,132,128</u>	<u>15,190,200</u>	<u>50,133,986</u>	<u>25,165,721</u>	65,266,114	40,355,921
Long-term liabilities outstanding	6,069,852	5,499,271	27,970,737	4,268,007	34,040,589	9,767,278
Other liabilities	731,557	1,098,032	2,115,701	687,027	2,847,258	1,785,059
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>369,058</u>	423,880	<u>29,021</u>	41,409	<u>398,079</u>	465,289
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	<u>7,170,467</u>	7,0,21,183	30,115,459	4,996,443	37,285,926	12,017,626
Net position:						
Net Investment in capital assets	5,212,135	5,282,691	3,991,719	19,675,628	9,203,854	24,598,319
Restricted	1,075,377	1,466,145	14,952,421	-	16,027,798	1,466,145
Unrestricted	<u>1,674,149</u>	<u>1,420,181</u>	1,074,387	493,650	<u>2,748,536</u>	<u>1,913,831</u>
Total net position	<u>\$7,961,661</u>	<u>\$8,169,017</u>	\$20,018,527	\$20,169,278	<u>\$27,980,188</u>	<u>\$28,338,295</u>

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Roxboro exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$27,980,188 as of June 30, 2019. The City's net position decreased by \$358,107 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. However, the largest portion (86.33%) reflects the City's net investment in capital assets (e.g.; land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The City of Roxboro uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Roxboro's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City of Roxboro's net position \$1,075,377 (3.84%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$2,748,536 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the City's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 98.48%, which is comparable to the statewide average during 2019 of 98.78%.
- Continued low cost of debt due to the City's high bond rating and lower interest rates.

Governmental activities: Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$207,356. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- The total property tax rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was \$0.67 per \$100 of value, the same rate as the previous year, and vehicle tag fees were increased and revenues of these two items exceeded prior year amounts by \$130,568.
- Sales tax revenues exceeded prior year amounts by \$97,544, an increase of 5.65%
- Expenditures increased by a total of \$859,412(9.68%) mainly due to increased payroll and benefits expense, maintenance expense, increased capital outlay and a road improvement project.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities decreased the City of Roxboro's net position by \$150,751, Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- There was a net increase in revenue of \$220,492(3.75%)
- There was an increase in expenditures in the amount of \$406,798(6.93%) mainly due to increased payroll and benefits expense and maintenance expense.

City of Roxboro Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Govern Activ			Business-Type Activities		tal	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$693,265	\$691,859	\$5,764,107	\$5,869,317	\$6,457,372	\$6,561,176	
Operating grants and							
contributions	646,314	738,740	-	-	646,314	738,740	
Capital grants and							
contributions	-	268,216	-	-	-	268,216	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	4,441,229	4,899,877	-	-	4,441,229	4,899,877	
Local option sales	1,824,115	1,726,571	_	_	1,824,115	1,726,571	
tax							
Other taxes	826,463	240,419	-	-	826,463	240,419	
Grants and contributions							
not restricted to	4 004 005	4 000 740			4 004 005	4 000 740	
specific programs	1,004,365	1,069,712	-	- 04 545	1,004,365	1,069,712	
Other revenues	122,253	<u>87,420</u>	<u>365,017</u>	31,515	<u>122,253</u>	118,935	
Total revenues	<u>9,558,004</u>	<u>9,722,814</u>	<u>6,129,124</u>	<u>5,900,832</u>	<u>15,040,514</u>	<u>15,623,646</u>	
Expenses:							
General government	1,265,018	1,062,750	-	-	1,265,018	1,062,750	
Public safety	5,376,779	5,274,910	-	-	5,376,779	5,274,910	
Transportation	1,456,506	1,359,555	-	-	1,456,506	1,359,555	
Environmental protection	959,955	1,043,835	-	-	959,955	1,043,835	
Economic and physical							
development	586,069	514.466	-	-	586,069	514,466	
Cultural and recreation	147	147	-	-	157	147	
Long-term debt	121,276	119,120	-	-	121,276	119,120	
Water and sewer		=	<u>6,279,875</u>	<u>5,873,077</u>	<u>6,279,875</u>	<u>5,873,077</u>	
Total expenses	9,765,360	9,384,783	<u>6,279,875</u>	<u>5,873,077</u>	<u>16,045,235</u>	<u>15,257,860</u>	
ncrease(decrease) in net position before							
transfers	(207,365)	<u>338,031</u>	<u>(150.751)</u>	<u>27,755</u>	(358,107)	365,786	
Transfers	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Increase(decrease) in net position	(207,356)	338,031	(150,751)	27,755	(358,107)	365,786	
Net position, July -restated	<u>8,169,017</u>	7,830,986	20,169,278	20,141,523	28,338,295	27,972,509	
Net position, June 30	<u>\$7,961,661</u>	\$8,169,017	<u>\$20,018.527</u>	<u>\$20,169,278</u>	\$27,980,188	\$28,338,295	

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Roxboro uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Roxboro's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Roxboro's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Roxboro. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance available of the General Fund was \$3,408,228, while total fund balance was \$4,467,970. The Roxboro City Council has determined that the City should maintain an available fund balance of 25% of general fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the City. The City currently has an available fund balance of 34.99 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 45.87 percent of that same amount.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of City of Roxboro reported a combined fund balance of \$4,743,723 a 5.83 percent decrease from last year, with a net decrease in fund balance of \$293,668. Included in this change in fund balance are decreases in fund balance in the General Fund of \$322,543 and increases in Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds of \$28,875.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the City revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues were more than the budgeted amounts primarily because of increases in sales tax revenue from the State of North Carolina during the year. Expenditures were held in check to comply with its budgetary requirements.

Proprietary Funds. The City of Roxboro's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$991,439. The total change in net position for the Water and Sewer Fund was a decrease of \$150,751. The change in net position in the Water and Sewer Fund is a result of increases in expenditures of payroll and benefits and maintenance expenses.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City of Roxboro's investment in capital assets for its governmental and businesstype activities as of June 30, 2019, totals \$32,176,724 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, sidewalks, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, water and sewer lines, vehicles and construction in progress.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions:

- Purchase of police vehicles at a cost of \$152,845
- Purchase of backhoe/loader at a cost of \$142,827
- Purchase of an air handler truck at a cost of \$125,000
- Purchase of other vehicles at a cost of \$201,990
- Purchases of equipment at a cost of \$121,060
- Purchase of a garbage truck at a cost of \$210,676
- Construction in progress at the wastewater treatment facility of \$8,308,166.
- Dispositions recorded this year included vehicles and equipment.

City of Roxboro's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

Figure 4

	Governmental		Busine	ss-Type				
	Activ	vities	Acti	Activities		Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Land and improvements	\$1,169,234	\$1,169,234	\$860,226	\$860,226	\$2,029,460	\$2,029,460		
Buildings and plant	4,472,025	4,651,962	5,856,077	6,061,194	10,328,102	10,713,156		
Streets and infrastructure	162,013	175,070	-	-	162,013	175,070		
Distribution systems and								
pump stations	-	-	13,985,797	14,431,272	13,985,797	14,431,272		
Equipment and vehicles	2,398,857	2,501,639	992,469	787,684	3,391,326	3,289,323		
Construction in progress	Ξ	_	9.846,609	<u>1,538,443</u>	9,846,609	1,538,443		
Total	<u>\$8,202,129</u>	<u>\$8,497,905</u>	<u>\$31,541,178</u>	<u>\$23,678,819</u>	<u>\$39,743,307</u>	<u>\$32,176,724</u>		

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Management Discussion and Analysis City of Roxboro

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2019, the City of Roxboro did not have any bonded debt outstanding. The City's total outstanding debt as of June 30, 2019 was \$. The debt is secured by liens on the City's buildings, water and sewer lines, vehicles and equipment purchased or constructed with debt proceeds.

City of Roxboro's Outstanding Debt Installment Purchase Agreements and Capital Leases

Figure 5

		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			
						Total	
		2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Installment purchase agreements		\$3,041,169	\$3,210,044	\$27,549,459	\$4,003,191	\$30,590,628	\$7,213,235
Capital leases		<u>117,580</u>	<u>173,905</u>		_	117,580	173,905
	Total outstanding debt	<u>\$3,158,729</u>	<u>\$3,383,949</u>	<u>\$27,549,459</u>	<u>\$4,003,191</u>	<u>\$30,708,208</u>	<u>\$7,387,140</u>

City of Roxboro's Outstanding Debt

The City of Roxboro's total debt increased by \$23,321,068 during the past fiscal year. During the current year the City borrowed \$345,773 to purchase vehicles and equipment and \$23,785,000 for a construction project of the wastewater treatment plant. The City also paid \$809,478 on debt issued in previous years.

As mentioned in the financial highlights section of this document, the City of Roxboro maintained, for the 16th consecutive year, its 82 out of 100 bond rating from the North Carolina Municipal Council, Inc, which is comparable to a rating of A2 by the national rating agencies. This bond rating is a clear indication of the sound financial condition of City of Roxboro. This achievement is a primary factor in keeping interest costs low on the City's outstanding debt. The City of Roxboro does not have any outstanding bonded debt. Therefore, the City has not requested a bond rating from the three major credit rating agencies: Moody's Investor Service, Standard and Poor's Corporation and Fitch Ratings.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for City of Roxboro is \$29,126,271.

Additional information regarding the City of Roxboro's long-term debt can be found in Notes 8 and 9 beginning on page 65 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators will effect the growth and prosperity of the City.

• As of June 2019 the City of Roxboro's unemployment rate of 5.0% is above the state average of 4.4%. The unemployment rate has increased from the 4. % unemployment reported in the previous year.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities: Estimated General Fund revenues for the fiscal year 2020 are \$9,033,710 compared to actual revenues of \$9,298,105 for the current year. The major decrease between the two years will be a decrease in property tax revenues due to a decrease in property values. Local option sale taxes are expected to remain at their current levels. The City will use these revenues to finance programs currently in place.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to increase approximately 12.83% to \$10,990,602 as a result of capital outlay that will occur in 2020 that did not occur in 2019. The City has frozen several vacant positions to reduce expenditures in various departments.

Business – Type Activities: Total expenditures in the Enterprise Fund are expected to decrease approximately 5.82% to \$4,578,901 before debt service and transfers..

Management Discussion and Analysis City of Roxboro

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Director, City of Roxboro, P. O. Box 128, Roxboro, NC 27573.

Basic Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Primary Government			
	Governmental	Business-type		
	Activities	Activities	Total	
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,952,997		\$ 5,755,752	
Restricted cash and investments	249,437	15,035,369	15,284,806	
Receivables (net):				
Taxes receivables	95,868	-	95,868	
Accounts receivable	92,210	1,244,054	1,336,264	
Accrued interest receivable on taxes	50,980	-	50,980	
Due from other governmental units	755,777	-	755,777	
Notes receivable	35,741	-	35,741	
Due from fiduciary fund	55,618	-	55,618	
Inventory	40,974	-	40,974	
Total current assets	5,329,602	18,082,178	23,411,780	
Non-current assets:				
Capital assets				
Land and improvements	1,169,234	860,226	2,029,460	
Construction in progress	-,	9,846,609	9,846,609	
Total non-depreciable assets	1,169,234	10,706,835	11,876,069	
Buildings and plant	7,172,749	12,804,549	19,977,298	
Streets and infrastructure	298,215	-	298,215	
Distribution system and pump stations	-	23,931,096	23,931,096	
Eqiupment and vehicles	10,857,856	4,364,283	15,222,139	
Total depreciable assets	18,328,820	41,099,928	59,428,748	
Less accumulated depreciation	11,295,925	20,265,585	31,561,510	
Total depreciable assets (net)	7,032,895	20,834,343	27,867,238	
Total capital assets (net)	8,202,129	31,541,178	39,743,307	
Total non-current assets	8,202,129	31,541,178	39,743,307	
Total assets	13,531,731	49,623,356	63,155,087	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	224.254	400.040	100.001	
Contributions to Pension plan - LGERS	334,054	129,910	463,964	
Contributions to Pension plan - LEO	63,898	-	63,898	
OPEB contributions	119,561	46,496	166,057	
Pension deferrals - LGERS	841,093	327,092	1,168,185	
Pension deferrals - LEO	223,451	<u>-</u>	223,451	
OPEB deferrals	18,340	7,132	25,472	
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,600,397	510,630	2,111,027	

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	215,335	1,472,526	1,687,861
Accrued salaries	134,157	51,969	186,126
Accrued interest	39,617	62,379	101,996
Customer deposits	27,225	103,936	131,161
Current maturities of long-term debt			
Capital leases payable	57,954	-	57,954
Installment purchase agreements payable	257,269	424,891	682,160
Total current liabilities	731,557	2,115,701	2,847,258
Non-current Liabilities			
Compensated absences payable	461,699	145,284	606,983
Capital leases payable	59,606	140,204	59,606
Net pension liability - LGERS	1,510,290	587,335	2,097,625
Total pension obligation - LEO	962,373	-	962,373
Total OPEB liability	291,984	113,550	405,534
Installment purchase agreements payable	2,783,900	27,124,568	29,908,468
Total non-current liabilities	6,069,852	27,970,737	34,040,589
Total liabilities	6,801,409	30,086,438	36,887,847
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension deferrals - LGERS	67,524	26,259	93,783
Pension deferrals LEO	294,433	20,239	294,433
OPEB deferrals	7,101	2,762	9,863
Total deferred inflows of resources	369,058	29,021	398,079
Total deletted lilliows of resources	303,030	29,021	390,079
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in capital assets	5,212,135	3,991,719	9,203,854
Restricted for:			
Stabilization by State Statute	825,940	-	825,940
Streets	2,874	-	2,874
Public safety	168,735	-	168,735
Economic and physical development	77,828	-	77,828
Capital projects	-	14,952,421	14,952,421
Unrestricted	1,674,149	1,074,387	2,748,536
Total net position	\$ 7,961,661	\$ 20,018,527	\$27,980,188

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Re	venue and Changes in	Net Position
						rimary Government	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Primary government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General government	\$ 1,265,018	\$ 51,719	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,213,299)	\$ - \$	(1,213,299)
Public safety	5,376,779	9,068	403,161	-	(4,964,550)	-	(4,964,550)
Transportation	1,456,506	8,630	218,394	-	(1,229,482)	-	(1,229,482)
Environmental protection	959,565	623,848	6,096	-	(329,621)	-	(329,621)
Economic and physical development	586,069	-	18,663	-	(567,406)	-	(567,406)
Culture and recreation	147	-	-	-	(147)	-	(147)
Interest on long-term debt	121,276	-	-	-	(121,276)	-	(121,276)
Total governmental activities	9,765,360	693,265	646,314	-	(8,425,781)	-	(8,425,781)
Business-type activities:							
Water and sewer	6,279,875	5,764,107	-	-	_	(515,768)	(515,768)
Total business-type activities	6,279,875	5,764,107	-	-	-	(515,768)	(515,768)
Total primary government	\$ 16,045,235	\$ 6,457,372	\$ 646,314	\$ -	(8,425,781)	(515,768)	(8,941,549)
	General revenue	es:					
	Property tax	es, levied for ge	eneral purpose		4.441.229	-	4,441,229
		sales taxes			1,824,115	-	1,824,115
		and licenses			826,463	-	826,463
			restricted to specific p	rograms	1,004,365	-	1,004,365
		nvestment earni		3	37,567	329,387	366,954
	Donations and		3		28,430	-	28,430
		- sale of assets			9,063	35,630	44,693
	Miscellaneous				47,193	-	47,193
	Total gen	eral revenues a	nd transfers		8,218,425	365,017	8,583,442
	Change i	n net position			(207,356)	(150,751)	(358,107)
	Net position, be	eginning			8,169,017	20,169,278	28,338,295
	Net position, er	nding			\$ 7,961,661	\$ 20,018,527 \$	27,980,188

Fund Financial Statements

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Major Funds				
					Total
				Go	vernmental
		General	Total Non-major Funds		Funds
ASSETS	Φ.	2.704.400	¢ 400.075	Φ.	2.052.007
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and investments	\$	3,764,122		Ф	3,952,997
Receivables, net:		171,609	77,828		249,437
Taxes		95,868			95,868
Accounts		56,672	35,538		92,210
Due from other governmental units		755,692	85		755,777
Notes receivable		-	35,741		35,741
Due from fiduciary fund		55.618	-		55,618
Inventory		40,974	_		40,974
Total assets	\$	4,940,555	\$ 338,067	\$	5,278,622
		1,010,000	7 200,000		-,-:-,
LIABILITIES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued					
liabilities	\$	215,335	\$ -	\$	215,335
Accrued salaries		134,157	-		134,157
Customer deposits		27,225	-		27,225
Due to other funds		-	-		
Total liabilities		376,717	-		376,717
DESERBED INELOWS OF DESCRIPTION					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		05.000			05.000
Property taxes receivable Unavailable revenues		95,868	62,314		95,868 62,314
Total deferred inflows of resources		95,868	62,314		158,182
Total deletted lilliows of resources		93,808	02,314		130,102
FUND BALANCES					
Non Spendable					
Inventories		40.974	-		40.974
Perpetual maintenance		30,269	-		30,269
Restricted					,
Stabilization by State Statute		816,890	9,050		825,940
Economic and physical development		-	77,828		77,828
Streets		2,874	-		2,874
Public Safety - RD		168,735	-		168,735
Assigned					
General government		-	1,183		1,183
Economic and physical development		-	187,692		187,692
Unassigned		3,408,228	-		3,408,228
Total fund balances		4,467,970	275,753		4,743,723
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources and fund balances	\$	4,940,555	\$ 338,067	\$	5,278,622
		, ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

Total fund balance, governmental funds	;	\$ 4,743,723			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:					
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	10 100 051				
Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation	19,498,054 (11,295,925)	8,202,129			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds		1,462,496			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds		137,901			
Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and	d therefore				
are inflows resources in the funds.		50,980			
Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements.		158,182			
Long-term liabilites used in governmental activites are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds					
Capitalized leases		(117,560)			
Installment purchase agreements		(3,041,169)			
Compensated absences		(461,699)			
Net pension liability - LGERS		(1,510,290)			
Total pension liability - LEO		(962,373)			
OPEB Liability		(291,984)			
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds		(361,957)			
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds		(7,101)			
Other long-term liabilities (accrued interest) are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.					
Net position of governmental activities	-	(39,617) \$ 7,961,661			
, ,	=	 			

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Ma	ajor Funds	1		1	
	···	ajor i unuo	i			Total
			Tota	al Non-Major	G	overnmental
	Ge	neral Fund		Funds		Funds
REVENUES						
Ad valorem taxes	\$	4,429,017	\$	-	\$	4,429,017
Local option sales tax		1,824,115		-		1,824,115
Other taxes and licenses		599,571		226,892		826,463
Unrestricted intergovernmental		1,004,365		-		1,004,365
Restricted intergovernmental		627,650		18,663		646,313
Permits and fees		9,068		-		9,068
Sales and services		684,197		-		684,197
Investment earnings		35,435		2,132		37,567
Other		75,624		-		75,624
Total revenues		9,289,042		247,687		9,536,729
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		929,479		10		929,489
Public safety		5,173,531		-		5,173,531
Transportation		1,327,102		-		1,327,102
Environmental protection		866,728		-		866,728
Economic and physical development		295,771		301,842		597,613
Debt service:						
Principal		428,169		-		428,169
Interest and other charges		124,119		-		124,119
Capital outlay		595,655		-		595,655
Total expenditures		9,740,554		301,852		10,042,406
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		(451,512)		(54,165)		(505,677)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from other funds		166,960		249,640		416,600
Transfers to other funds		(250,000)		(166,600)		(416,600)
Proceeds of capital assets		9,063		-		9,063
Proceeds from installment purchases and		•				,
capital lease		202,946		-		202,946
Total other financing sources (uses)		128,969		83,040		212,009
Net change in fund balance		(322,543)		28,875		(293,668)
Fund balances, beginning of year, July 1		4,790,513		246,878		5,037,391
Fund balances, ending of year, June 30	\$	4,467,970	\$	275,753	\$	4,743,723

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(293,668)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	595,655	Ψ	(293,000)
Depreciation expense for governmental assets	(891,431)		
			(295,776)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. New long-term debt issued Principal payment on long-term debt Decrease in accrued interest payable	(202,946) 428,169 2,842		228,065
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year			220,003
are not included on the Statement of Activities			334,054
Benefit payments paid and adminstrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities			63,898
OPEB benefit payments and administrative costs made in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities			119,561
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds			12,210
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Governmental lunds. Compensated absences Pension Expense OPEB Expense			(4,664) (380,213) 9,177
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		\$	(207,356)

City of Roxboro, North Carolina General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

General Fund

				Genera	ai Fur	10		
		Original	Final	Act	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	4,725,597	\$	4,773,851	\$	4,429,017	\$	(344,834)
Local option sales tax		1,585,466		1,841,816		1,824,115		(17,701)
Other taxes and licenses		12,000		65,840		599,571		533,731
Unrestricted intergovernmental		983,647		1,038,408		1,004,365		(34,043)
Restricted intergovernmental		639,276		639,396		627,650		(11,746)
Permits and fees		5,000		5,000		9,068		4,068
Sales and services		667,120		682,120		684,197		2,077
Investment earnings		3,500		20,800		35,435		14,635
Miscellaneous		21,000		45,107		75,624		30,517
Total revenues		8,642,606		9,112,338		9,289,042		176,704
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		1,371,007		1,170,409		929,479		240,930
Public safety		5,026,897		5,173,531		5,173,531		-
Transportation		1,634,803		1,553,069		1,327,102		225,967
Environmental protection		834,582		871,826		866,728		5,098
Economic and physical development		259,280		413,680		295,771		117,909
Parks		750		750		-		750
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		399,386		428,201		428,169		32
Interest and other charges		139,734		124,119		124,119		-
Capital Outlay		897,326		778,038		595,655		182,383
Total expenditures		10,563,765		10,513,623		9,740,554		773,069
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,921,159)		(1,401,285)		(451,512)		949,773
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sales of fixed assets		15,000		15,000		9,063		5,937
Proceeds from installment purchases and								
capital lease		583,392		488,750		202,946		285,804
Transfers to other funds		(75,000)		(325,000)		(250,000)		(75,000)
Transfer from other funds		1,131,557		380,955		166,960		213,995
Contingency		(1,000)		(300)		-		(300)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,653,949		559,405		128,969		(430,436)
Revenues and other sources over (under)								
expenditures and other uses		(267,210)		(841,880)		(322,543)		519,337
Appropriated fund balance		267,210		841,880		-		(841,880)
Revenues, other financing sources, and appropriated fund balance over								
expenditures and other uses	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-		(322,543)	\$	(322,543)
Fund balances, beginning of year, July 1						4,790,513		
Fund balances, end of year, June 30					\$	4,467,970		
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Major

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

	inajo:	Internal Service		
	Enterprise Fund	Fund		
		Health Benefit		
	Sewer Fund	Fund		
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,802,755 \$; -		
Restricted cash and investments	15,035,369	-		
Receivables (net):				
Accounts receivable	1,244,054	_		
Due from other governmental units	1,211,001	_		
	40,000,470			
Total current assets	18,082,178			
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets				
Land and improvements	860,226	=		
Construction in progress	9,846,609	-		
Total non-depreciable assets	10,706,835	-		
'				
Buildings and plant	12,804,549	_		
Distribution system and pump stations	23,931,096	=		
		-		
Equipment and vehicles	4,364,283	-		
Total depreciable assets	41,099,928			
Less accumulated depreciation	20,265,585	-		
Total depreciable assets (net)	20,834,343	-		
Capital assets (net)	31,541,178	-		
Capital access (1161)				
Total noncurrent assets	21 541 170			
	31,541,178	-		
Total assets	49,623,356	-		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Contributions to Pension plan - LGERS	129,910	=		
OPEB contributions	46,496	_		
Pension deferrals - LGERS	327,092	_		
OPEB deferrals				
	7,132			
Total deferred outlfows of resources	510,630	=		
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,472,526	-		
Accrued salaries	51,969	=		
Due to other funds		_		
Accrued interest	62,379	_		
Customer deposits	103,936	-		
Installment purchase agreements payable - current	424,891			
Total current liabilities	2,115,701			
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Other noncurrent liabilities:	115.001			
Compensated absences payable	145,284	-		
Total OPEB liability	113,550	-		
Net pension liability	587,335	-		
Installment purchase agreements payable	27,124,568	-		
Total noncurrent liabilities	27,970,737	_		
Total liabilities	30,086,438			
. otal nazimioo				
DEFENDED INELOWS OF RESOURCES				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	20.5			
Pension deferrals - LGERS	26,259	-		
OPEB deferrals	2,762			
Total deferred inflows of resources	29,021	-		
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	3,991,719	_		
		-		
	4.4.000.404			
Restricted for capital projects	14,952,421	-		
	14,952,421 1,074,387 \$ 20,018,527 \$	-		

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	N	lajor .	Laterand		
	Entorr	rise Fund	Internal Service Fund Health Benefit		
		ter and			
	Sewer F			Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$	5,605,542	\$	111,393	
Water and sewer tapping fees		-		-	
Other operating revenues		158,565		-	
Total operating revenues		5,764,107		111,393	
OPERATING EVERNOES					
OPERATING EXPENSES		102.001			
Billing and collection		193,981		-	
Pump stations		353,851		-	
Meter section		255,386		-	
Raw water supply		79,917		-	
Water line maintenance and construction		646,152		-	
Water treatment plant		1,687,833		-	
Wastewater treatment plant		1,247,793		-	
Wastewater treatment plant II		289,683		-	
Sewer line maintenance and construction		630,412		-	
Internal Service Fund expenses		-		111,393	
Depreciation Total countries our angeles		804,550		- 444 202	
Total operating expenses		6,189,558		111,393	
Operating income (loss)		(425,451)			
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment earnings		329,387		_	
Donations and contributions		-		_	
Sale of fixed assets		35,630		_	
Interest and other charges		(90,317)		_	
Total nonoperating revenue		(==,=)			
(expenses)		274,700			
Income before contributions and					
transfers		(150,751)		_	
		(, - ,			
Capital Contributions		_		_	
Total income after contributions					
and transfers		(150,751)			
Change in net position		(150,751)		_	
Total net position, beginning	2	20,169,278		-	
Total net position, ending		20,018,527	\$	-	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major Fund Enterprise Fund	
	Water and	Internal
	Sewer Fund	Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	\$ 5,497,915	\$ 111,393
Cash paid for goods and services	(1,517,445)	(111,393)
Cash paid to employees for services	(2,523,179)	· - '
Net customer deposits	20,883	-
Other operating revenues	158,565	
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,636,739	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Decrease in due to other funds Donations and contributions	(28,116)	-
Total cash flows used by noncapital financing activities	(28,116)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(8,666,909)	_
Sale of fixed assets	35,630	-
Proceeds from issuance of new debt	23,927,827	
Principal paid on installment purchase agreements	(381,309)	-
Interest paid on installment purchase agreements	(98,178)	
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	14,817,061	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest and dividends	329,387	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	329,387	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	16,755,071	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year, July 1	83,053	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year, June 30	\$ 16,838,124	\$ -

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major Fund Enterprise Fund Water and In Sewer Fund	ternal Service Fund
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation	\$ (425,451) \$ 804,550	<u> </u>
Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(107,627)	-
(Increase) decrease in due from other governmental units (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources-pensions (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources-OPEB Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources-pensions Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources-OPEB Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating activities	(161,464) (53,628) 1,369,832 1,909 20,883 1,494 194,649 (11,973) 3,980 (415) 2,062,190 \$ 1,636,739 \$	- - - - - - - - -
Reconciliation of Cash and Investments Per Statement of Net Assets to Cash and Cash Equivalents Per Statement of Cash Flows:		
Unrestricted cash and investments - Exhibit 7 Restricted cash and investments - Exhibit 7	\$ 1,802,755 15,035,369	
Total cash and cash equivalents - Exhibit 9	\$ 16,838,124	

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019

	Age Flexib			
		Fund	Total	
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	67,949 \$	67,949	
Total current assets	\$	67,949 \$	67,949	
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable - employees	\$	12,331 \$	12,331	
Due to other funds		55,618	55,618	
Total liabilities		67,949	67,949	
Net position: Assets held in trust for pension benefits		-	-	
Total net position	\$	- \$	-	

Note 1 - Description of the Unit

The City of Roxboro, North Carolina (the City) is a political subdivision of Person County located in the Central Piedmont region in the State of North Carolina. The City has a population of 8,181. The City was established in 1855. The City provides services which include general government, public safety, streets, sanitation, planning and zoning. The City maintains a water and sewer system which supplies services to the City and surrounding area on a user charge basis.

Note 2- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Roxboro conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Roxboro is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Other non-operating revenues, such as investment earnings, are ancillary activities.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, sanitation, cemeteries, economic development, and general government services.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

The Vehicle Tags Special Revenue Fund- This fund is used to account for vehicle license fees used for maintenance of City streets.

The Revolving Loan CDBG Fund- This fund is used to account for grant funds that are restricted for economic development.

The Old Durham Road Upgrade Project Fund- This fund is used to account for grant funds that are restricted for upgrading the Old Durham Road for transportation standards and safety.

Storm Water Fund- This fund is used to account for funds related to the Storm Water Project.

The City reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Utility Fund- This fund is used to account for the City's water and sewer operations.

The City reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds- Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency funds are used to account for assets the City holds on behalf of others. The City maintains the following agency fund: the Flexible Spending Fund, which accounts for funds held on behalf of the City's employees in a pretax medical savings accounts.

Internal Service Funds- Internal service funds are used to report on any activity that provides goods or services to other funds, departments or agencies of the City, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City has one internal service fund, the Health and Benefit Fund, which is used to administer payments for employee health claims and employee performance pay. Expenditures of the City staff, employed in the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund are not eliminated in the preparation of consolidating for financial statement purposes.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the City are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The City's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (excluding grant project funds), and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Enterprise Fund Capital Projects Funds. The Enterprise Fund projects are consolidated with their respective operating funds for reporting purposes

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with the accounting system used to record transactions. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change departmental appropriations by more than \$2,500. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several immaterial amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the City are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The City may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The City's investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition and non-money market investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The securities of the NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, are valued at fair values, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT- Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value. Money market investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

The unexpended proceeds of an installment purchase agreements held in escrow account by the City's agent are classified as restricted assets for the Enterprise Funds because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the installment agreements were originally issued. Customer deposits held by the City before any services are supplied and restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

City of Roxboro Restricted Cash

Governmental Activities	
General Fund	
Streets - Powell Bill	\$ 2,874
Public Safety	168,735
Revolving Loan Fund	
Economic and physical development	 77,828
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 249,437
Description of Assessment Assessment	
Business-type Activities	
Water and Sewer Fund	
Customer Deposits	\$ 82,948
Escrow Account	14,952,421
Total Business-type Activities	15,035,369
Total Restricted Cash	\$ 15,284,806

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the City levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest and penalties do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1. Notices of tax liens for delinquent taxes may be advertised on or after March 1st.

5. Assessments

Assessments for improvements are recorded as a receivable on the assessment date. In the fund financial statements, the City recognizes as revenue that portion collected during the year, and the balance is recorded as deferred revenue. Uncollected assessments are written off as bad debts after ten years. As of June 30, 2019, all outstanding assessments for street, water and sewer improvements have been paid in full.

6. Notes Receivable

Notes receivable from companies receiving funds from the City for the purpose of improving levels of employment and income within the City and for the renovation of buildings within the City limits of Roxboro are recorded as receivables when expanded by the City to the Company on the date of disbursement. In the Special Revenue Fund financial statements, the City recognizes as revenue the portion collected during the year, and the balance is recorded as deferred revenue.

Loans receivable are stated at the amount of unpaid principal, adjusted for unearned discounts and fees and origination costs are amortized by the interest method, generally over the remaining contractual term of the related loans, and reported as an adjustment to interest income.

7. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

8. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the City are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The City's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures as used rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

9. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, \$5,000; buildings, improvements, substations, lines and other plant and distribution systems, \$15,000; infrastructure, \$20,000; furniture, computers, software and equipment, \$5,000; and vehicles and motorized equipment historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consisting of the road network, sidewalks and other assets are not capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Infrastructure	20 years
Plant and buildings	10-67 years
Distribution system and pump station	12-100 years
Heavy equipment and motor vehicles	2-25 years
Automobiles and light trucks	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5-10 years
Software	5 years
Computer equipment	5 years

10. Deferred outflows/Inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The City has six items that meet this criterion, contributions made to the LGERS pension plan in the 2019 fiscal year, contributions made to the LEO pension plan in the 2019 fiscal year, OPEB contributions, OPEB deferrals, LGERS pension deferrals, and LEO pension deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The City has three items for this category, OPEB deferrals, LGERS pension deferrals, and LEO pension deferrals.

11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance cost, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

12. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the City provide for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the City's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The City has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that accumulated vacation pay and salary-related payments that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year is not considered to be material; therefore, no current liability has been reported in the government-wide financial statements.

The City's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the City does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

13. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories - portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents the year-end fund balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Perpetual maintenance – Cemetery resources that are required to be retained in perpetuity for maintenance of the City's cemeteries.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Economic and Physical Development – The economic and physical development portion of fund balance that is restricted for economic development.

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Public Safety – The public safety portion of fund balance that is restricted it RD reserve for the USDA payment on the police building.

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the City of Roxboro's City Council. Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the City Council.

Assigned fund balance – portion of fund balance that the City of Roxboro intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The City Council approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the City Manager to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within funds up to \$2,500.

Assigned for general government – portion of fund balance of the Vehicle Tags Fund that is assigned for future use for this fund.

Assigned for economic and physical development – portion of fund balance of the Stormwater Fee Fund that is assigned for future use for this fund.

Unassigned fund balance – portion of total fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The City of Roxboro has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-city funds, city funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the City.

The City of Roxboro has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the City in such manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 25% of budgeted expenditures. Budgeted expenditures are defined as total amount budgeted less amounts budgeted for financed capital outlay, grant expenditures and any one time intergovernmental transfers. Any portion of the general fund balance in excess of 35% of budgeted expenditures may be appropriated for capital expenditures and may not be used for any purpose that would obligate the City in a future budget.

14. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City of Roxboro's employer contributions are recognized when due and the City of Roxboro has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

15. Other Resources

The General Fund provides the basis of local resources for other governmental funds. These transactions are recorded as "transfers-out" in the General Fund and "transfers-in" in the receiving fund.

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

- A. Significant Violations of Finance Related Legal and Contractual Provisions
- **1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes** The following immaterial findings have been reported in the management letter.

The audit report was submitted late due to the change in accounting software.

B. Deficit Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Fund

None.

C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

None.

Note 4 - Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the City are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the City's agents in the City's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary

capacity for the City, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's agents in the City's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the City under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The City complies with the provision of G.S. 159-31 when designing official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2019, the City's deposits had a carrying amount of \$18,632,581 and a bank balance of \$18,312,101. The City has deposits in only banks using the Pooling Method. Of the bank balances, \$878,388 was covered by federal depository insurance. At June 30, 2019, the City's petty cash fund totaled \$750.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2019, the City's had \$2,407,228 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The City has no policy regarding credit risk.

3. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amount of taxes receivable presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position includes penalties levied and outstanding net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

Fund	6/30/2019
General Fund:	
Taxes receivable	\$ 95,868
Accounts receivable	92,210
Total - General Fund	 188,078
Water and Sewer Fund:	
Accounts receivable	 1,244,054
Total - Water and Sewer Fund	 1,244,054
Total	\$ 1,432,132

4. Notes Receivable

Notes receivable at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

1.25% note due from Renewell LLC payable in monthly installments of \$516, including interest, beginning February 26, 2015 and succeeding through January, 2020. The note is secured by a deed of trust on real property located on Depot Street, Roxboro, North Carolina.

\$3,993

1.25% note due from Amylynn, LLC payable in monthly installments of \$378, including interest, beginning December 2, 2017 and each succeeding month through November 2, 2022. The note is secured by a deed of trust on real property located in Roxboro, North Carolina.

17,546

1.25% note due from Strickland and Jones Funeral Service, LLC payable in monthly installments of \$516, including interest, beginning August 31, 2016 and each succeeding month through September 30, 2021. The note is secured by a deed of trust on real property located in Roxboro, North Carolina.

14,202

Total notes receivable

\$35,741

5. Capital Assets

Governmental Activities

Capital asset activity for the City for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decrease	es	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 1,169,234	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,169,234
Construction in Progress	-	-		-	-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,169,234	-		-	1,169,234
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings	7,172,749	-		-	7,172,749
Streets and infrastructure	298,215	-		-	298,215
Equipment, vehicles and motorized equipment	10,262,203	595,655		-	10,857,858
Total capital assets being depreciated	17,733,167	595,655		-	18,328,822
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Buildings	2,520,787	179,937		-	2,700,724
Streets and infrastructure	123,146	13,056		-	136,202
Equipment, vehicles and motorized equipment	7,760,563	698,438		-	8,459,001
Accumulated depreciation	10,404,496	\$ 891,431	\$	-	11,295,927
Total capital assets, depreciated, net	7,328,671				7,032,895
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 8,497,905				\$ 8,202,129

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 37,229
Public safety	530,061
Transportation	205,146
Environmental protection	0
Economic and physical development	118,848
Cultural and recreation	147
Total depreciation expense	\$ 891,431

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 860,226	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 860,226
Construction in progress	1,538,443	8,308,166	-	9,846,609
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,398,669	8,308,166	-	10,706,835
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and plant	12,804,549	-	-	12,804,549
Distribution system	23,931,096	-	-	23,931,096
Equipment	3,040,817	212,492	-	3,253,309
Vehicles	964,723	146,251	-	1,110,974
Total capital assets being depreciated	40,741,185	358,743	-	41,099,928
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and plant	6,743,355	205,117	-	6,948,472
Distribution system	9,499,824	445,475	-	9,945,299
Equipment	2,420,408	97,871	-	2,518,279
Vehicles	797,448	56,087	-	853,535
Accumulated Depreciation	19,461,035	\$ 804,550	\$ -	20,265,585
Capital assets, depreciated, net	 21,280,150			20,834,343
Business-type activities capital asset	\$ 23,678,819		_	\$ 31,541,178

B. Liabilities

- 1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations
- a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The City of Roxboro is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local government entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consist of 13 members — nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serves as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov

LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Benefits Provided. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's vears of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. City of Roxboro employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The City of Roxboro's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 8.50% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.75% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the City of Roxboro were \$463,964 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions – City employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By State law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$2,097,625 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion was 0.08842%, which was a decrease of 0.00338% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$539,724. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows of Resources	_	ed Inflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 323,614	\$	10,859
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	556,629		-
pension plan investments	287,942		-
Changes in proportion and differences between City			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-		82,924
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 463,964		
Total	\$ 1,632,149	\$	93,783

\$463,964 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2019	\$ 527,456
2020	335,456
2021	51,298
2022	160,191
2023	 -
	\$ 1,074,401

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,
	including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		
	Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
City's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$ 5,038,676	\$ 2,097,625	\$ (359,964)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description.

The City of Roxboro administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained age 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full time law enforcement officers of the City are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2017, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Inactive members currently receiving benefits	3
Active plan members	28
Total	31

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting. The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions.

The entry age actuarial cost method used in the December 31, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases	3.50 – 8.10 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Discount rate	2.98 percent

The discount rate is based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2017.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

4. Contributions.

The City is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The City paid \$59,424 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a total pension liability of \$962,373. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2019 the City recognized pension expense of \$49,793.

	d Outflows of sources	 ed Inflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 183,749	\$ 248,013
Changes of assumptions	39,702	46,420
City benefit payments and plan administrative expense made		
subsequent to the measurement date	63,898	-
Total	\$ 287,349	\$ 294,433

\$63,898 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Future amortization:

Year Ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 61,339
2021	61,339
2022	61,339
2023	59,612
2024	50,176
Thereafter	628
	\$ 294,433

Sensitivity of the City's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.64 percent, as well as what the City's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.64 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.64 percent) than the current rate:

	1%			Discount		1%		
	I	Decrease		Rate	l:	ncrease		
City's proportionate share of the total		(2.64%)		(3.64%)		(4.64%)		
pension liability (asset)	\$	1,044,312	\$	962,373	\$	887,863		

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2019
Beginning balance	\$ 774,959
Service cost	41,884
Interest on the total pension liability	23,550
Changes of benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actuarial experience	219,778
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	(38,374)
Benefit payments	(59,424)
Other	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 962,373

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

Pension Expense Pension Liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability	LGERS \$ 539,724 2,097,625 0.08842%	LEOSSA \$ 49,793 962,373 n/a	Total \$ 589,517 3,059,998
Deferred of Outflows of Resources Differences between expected and actual			
experience	323,614	183,749	507,363
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and	556,629	39,702	596,331
actual earnings on plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate	287,942	-	287,942
share of contributions	-	63,898	63,898
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequent to the measurement date	463,964	82,524	546,488
Deferred of Inflows of Resources Differences between expected and actual			
experience	10,859	248,013	258,872
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and	-	46,420	46,420
actual earnings on plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate	-	-	-
share of contributions	82,924	-	82,924

c. <u>Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers</u>

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the City. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. The report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers and other employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$216,312, which consisted of \$126,804 from the City and \$89,508 from the law enforcement officers.

d. Firefighter's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund

Plan Description. The State of North Carolina contributes, on behalf of the City of Roxboro, to the Firefighter's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (Fund), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation administered by the State of North Carolina. The fund provides pension benefits for eligible fire and rescue squad workers that have elected to become members of the Fund. Article 86 of G.S. chapter 58 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State house of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Firefighter's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Firefighter's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Benefits Provided. FRSWPF provides retirement and survivor benefits. The present retirement benefit is \$170 per month. Plan members are eligible to receive the monthly benefit at age 55 with 20 years of creditable service as a firefighter or rescue squad worker, and have terminated duties as a firefighter or rescue squad worker. Eligible beneficiaries of members who die before beginning to receive the benefit will receive the amount paid by the member who die after beginning to receive benefits will be paid the amount the member contributed minus the benefits collected.

Contributions. Plan members are required to contribute \$10 per month to the Fund. The State, a non-employer contributor, funds the plan through appropriations. The City has elected to contribute the required \$10 per month to the Fund on behalf of each plan member. Total contributions from the City for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$17,952. Contribution provisions are established by General Statue 58-86 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly.

Refunds of Contributions. Plan members who are no longer eligible or choose not to participate in the plan may file an application for a refund of their contributions. Refunds include the member's contributions and contributions paid by others on the member's behalf. No interest will be paid on the amount of the refund. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by FRSWPF.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the City reported no liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, as the State provides 100% pension support to the City through its appropriations to the FRSWPF. The total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City and supported by the State was \$4,560. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing updated procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The City's proportion of the net pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers. As the City is not projected to make any future contributions to the plan, its proportionate share at June 30, 2017 and at June 30, 2016 was 0%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$4,560 and revenue of \$4,560 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the City reported no deferred outflows of resources and no deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation
Salary increases
Investment of return

3.0% Not applicable

7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

For more information regarding actuarial assumptions, including mortality tables, the actuarial experience study, the consideration of future ad hoc COLA amounts, the development of the projected long-term investment returns, and the asset allocation policy, refer to the discussion of actuarial assumptions for the LGERS plan in Section a. of this note.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

e. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. Under the terms of a City resolution, the City administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB plan). As of March 11, 1980, this plan provides post-employment health care benefits to retirees of the City, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least ten years of creditable service with the City. The City pays the full cost coverage for these benefits through private insurers for a maximum of 3 years or until the retired employee reaches age 65. The City's retirees may not purchase coverage for their dependents at the City's group rates. The City council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

		Law	
	General	Enforcement	
	Employees:	Officers:	
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	3	-	
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits			
,	-	-	
Active plan members	87	31	
Total	90	31	

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$405,534 was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.75 percent, including wage inflation

Discount rate 3.50 percent

Pre Medicare-7.50% for 2017 decresing to an ultimate

Healthcare cost trend rates rate of 5.00% by 2023

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of the measurement date.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at July 1, 2017	\$	391,322	
Changes for the year			
Service cost		21,775	
Interest		13,059	
Changes of benefit terms		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		27,057	
Changes of assumptions		1,749	
Benefit payments		(49,428)	
Net changes		14,212	
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	405,534	

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.56% to 3.50%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 2010 through December 2014.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease Dis		1% Decrease Discount Rate (3.50%)		1%	Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$	372,788	\$	405,534	\$	442,627

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	Decrease	Discount Rate	1%	6 Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$	430,293	\$ 405,534	\$	382,480

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$42,326. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Def	erred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments and administrative costs made	\$ 23,925 1,547	\$	- 9,863
subsequent to the measurement date	166,057		-
Total	\$ 191,529	\$	9,863

\$166,057 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2019	\$ 1,849
2020	1,849
2021	1,849
2022	1,849
2023	1,849
Thereafter	 6,364
	\$ 15,609

2. Other Employment Benefits

The City has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest month's salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000.

All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The City has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll, based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. Because the benefit payments are made by the Death Benefit Plan and not by the City, the City does not determine the number of eligible participants. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City did not make contributions to the State for death benefits as determined by the State.

The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The City considers these contributions to be immaterial.

The City provides \$15,000 of group term life insurance to all full time employees. The City also provides \$2,500 of life insurance for dependents of City employees. The monthly premium for life insurance is \$4.53 for employees and \$.88 for dependents. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City paid \$6,881 in life insurance premiums for City employees and their dependents.

3. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, which is available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The City has complied with the changes in the laws which govern the City's Deferred Compensation Plan, requiring all assets of the plan to be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. Formerly, the undistributed amounts which had been deferred by the plan participants were required to be reported as assets of the City. Effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998, and in accordance with GASB Statement 32, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans," the City's Deferred Compensation Plan is no longer reported within the City's Agency Funds.

4. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

The City has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

	 Amount
Contributions to pension plan - LGERS	\$ 463,964
Contributions to pension plan - LEO	63,898
OPEB Contributions	166,057
Pension deferrals - LGERS	1,168,185
Pension deferrals - LEO	223,451
OPEB deferrals	25,472
Total	\$ 2,111,027

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

General Fund:		Amount
Property taxes receivable	\$	95,868
Unavailable revenues		62,314
	\$	158,182
Government-wide Activities:	F	Amount
Pension deferrals - LGERS	\$	93,783
Pension deferrals - LEO		294,433
OPEB deferrals		9,863
	\$	398,079

5. Commitments

A. Fire Protection Services-Person County

The City of Roxboro has approved a contract to provide fire protection and inspection services for a term of five years beginning September 1, 1999 and ending August 31, 2004 to residents of Person County. Under the terms of this agreement, Person County will pay the City \$366,621 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. Annual increases will be based on the Consumer Price Index. If the annual budget or actual expenditures incurred by the City's fire department decreases by more than 7% in any one fiscal year or more than 15% over the life of this contract, Person County will receive a refund from the City. This refund would be in proportion to the percentage decrease in the City's expenditures for the fire department. The agreement will automatically renew at the end of the five-year term unless a written

notice of intent not to renew the agreement is adopted by either the City or County. The county may cancel the fire inspection services section of the contract and reduce the annual payment to the City by 38% of the City's budget for the Fire Inspections department. The County has exercised its right to cancel fire inspection service and reduce its payment for the fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2004. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 the City received \$389,072 from Person County for fire protection services.

B. Building Leases

On November 11, 2003, the City of Roxboro entered into an agreement with the Food Pantry of Roxboro and Person County, a North Carolina charitable organization. Under the terms of this agreement the City will lease its old Public Works building located at 704 Franklin Street in Roxboro, to the Food Pantry for a term of one year ending on November 30, 2004. The lease will continue on a month-to-month basis after November 30, 2004. The Food Pantry will use the building as a storage and distribution center for food to assist low income families. The Food Pantry has agreed to pay for all utilities during the term of the lease. The rent for the one-year term of this lease is \$1.

C. Major Capital Projects

The City has entered into a direct borrowing agreement with SunTrust Institutional Finance in the amount of \$5,300,000 to finance the construction of a necessary water quality process. The property is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. This financing also refinanced an existing loan for the triple tier water lines. The direct borrowing agreement requires 9 annual payments of \$470,824 and 6 annual payments of \$352,437, including interest at 2.52% per year until October 2028. Debt service expenditures will be budgeted annually in the Enterprise Fund.

The City has entered into a direct borrowing agreement with United States Department of Agriculture in the amount of \$23,785,000 to finance the wastewater treatment plant upgrade project. The plant is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The direct borrowing agreement requires annual interest payments at 3.30% per year and a lump sum repayment of principal of \$23,785,000 in the year ending June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2019, the City had \$15,611,653 available funds to complete the remaining construction.

D. Emergency 911 Communications

On October 1, 1999, the City of Roxboro entered into an agreement with Person County whereby the County will provide Emergency 911 communications services to the City of Roxboro. The County will be responsible for funding all 911 equipment purchases and for providing insurance coverage on this equipment. The City will furnish its existing building located at 301 Hill Street in Roxboro for use as the new E-911 Center. the City will also provide insurance coverage for the building.

Operating costs for the E-911 center will be allocated between the City and County based on the same formula for the allocation of sales tax distributions received from the State of North Carolina. Currently, the City of Roxboro and Person County receive 125.9% and 87.1%, respectively, of sales tax distributions from the State. The County will pay all operating expenses for the E-911 Center. The City will reimburse the County on a quarterly basis for its share of operating expenses. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City paid \$121,419 to Person County for the City's share of operating costs. The City's estimated share of operating expenses for the E-911 Center for the year ending June 30, 2019, is \$95,000. The term of this agreement is a ten-year period ending September 30, 2009. The agreement was renewed by consent of the City and County for an additional ten years.

E. Inter-Local Regional Water Agreement

On March 25, 2003, the City of Roxboro, Person County and the City of Yanceyville entered into an inter-local Agreement to establish a Public Enterprise for a Water Supply and Distribution System. The purpose of this agreement is to establish a regional water system to supply water vital to the public health, welfare and economic growth of Roxboro, Person County, Yanceyville and Caswell County. The parties agree to construct, operate, maintain and repair a raw water intake and treatment facility located on the Dan River in Caswell County and water lines from the Dan River to the Town of Yanceyville, City of Roxboro and Town of Milton. The total estimated cost of this regional water system is \$26,000,000 which

may be financed by installment purchase agreements, revenue bonds, general obligation bonds, State and Federal grants, water revenues, and any other available resources. Construction of the project will begin whenever it is economically feasible and after the parties have obtained the necessary financing for this project. The cost of construction and the water revenues will be divided among the parties as outlined in the Inter-Local Agreement. All parties agree to work together to obtain the necessary funds, permits, easements and real property necessary for this project to be completed. The term of this agreement if forty years beginning March 25, 2003 and ending March 25, 2043.

Under the terms of the Inter-Local Agreement, the City of Yanceyville will acquire the real property and easements necessary for the project in Caswell County. The City of Roxboro and Person County will acquire the necessary property and easements in Person County.

Roxboro will construct and operate the raw water intake, treatment facility and water line from the Dan River to Roxboro. Roxboro will also apply for a water withdrawal permit from the State of North Carolina to withdraw up to 10 million gallons per day from the Dan River. Yanceyville will construct and operate the water lines to Yanceyville and Milton including a small water treatment facility for the City of Milton. Roxboro and Person County further agree to pay for all costs associated with legal representation to defend this Inter-Local Agreement in the event of any legal challenge brought by a third party alleging any invalidity of the Agreement or in the event it is necessary to bring a legal action against a third party to protect this Agreement.

F. Tower Lease Agreement

On July 1, 1999, the City of Roxboro entered into a lease agreement with Piedmont Communications Company, Inc. The term of the lease is a nine-year period beginning July 1, 1999, and ending June 30, 2008, with an option to renew for an additional ten-year period. Piedmont Communications Company, Inc. will construct a communications tower on land owned by the City of Roxboro. Each party may locate up to three antennas on this tower at no charge. Piedmont Communications Company, Inc. shall pay all expenses for construction and operation of the tower except those expenses directly related to the land owned by the City. Piedmont shall also bill and collect all third party antenna user fees during the term of the lease. Piedmont shall retain all user fees collected for the first year of this agreement or until Piedmont recovers its cost of construction. Beginning with the second year of this agreement, Piedmont shall pay the following percentages of third party revenue collected to the City of Roxboro:

2 nd year	20%
3 rd year	30%
4 th year	40%
5 th year and each subsequent year	50%

As of June 30, 2019, Piedmont Communications has not yet recovered its initial construction costs. Upon termination of this lease, Piedmont will retain ownership of the communications tower and all related equipment. Piedmont agrees to remove the tower and equipment from the City's property within three months of termination. On November 13, 2015 the City executed an agreement to purchase this tower and equipment for \$45,000.

G. Main Street Pavilion at Merritt Commons

On December 12, 2006, Person County Recreation Arts and Parks Department donated the Main Street Pavilion at Merritt Commons to the City of Roxboro. The Pavilion is located in Historic UpCity Roxboro. Roxboro UpCity Development Corporation constructed the facility, which was paid for from proceeds of a recreation grant from the State of North Carolina and by the contributions from the citizens and businesses of Person County. The facility will be used for parades, concerts, Christmas celebrations, weddings and many other civic, recreational and social activities. Roxboro Development Group will manage the facility. The City of Roxboro owns the Pavilion and is therefore responsible for its maintenance including repairs, insurance, landscaping and utilities.

H. Water Tower Maintenance Agreement

On May 12, 2000, the City entered into a direct borrowing contract to finance the renovation of a water storage tank owned by the City. The financing contract required a down payment of \$67,915 and three annual installments of \$67,915 beginning on September 1, 2000. This agreement is unsecured and does not include any provision for interest. The cost of the renovation was \$252,069. The last payment includes a maintenance agreement in the amount of \$19,588. The City was not obligated beyond the first four payments. However, the contract also includes an optional maintenance agreement beginning in the fifth year at \$21,742 per year. The maintenance agreement will be adjusted for inflation every three years with increases limited to no more than 5% annually. The annual payment for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 was \$34,196. The maintenance agreement expired on September 1, 2011.

6. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets: errors and omissions: injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in two self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the City obtains general liability coverage of \$2 million and auto liability coverage of \$3 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to a \$2 million lifetime limit. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability, auto liability and property in excess of \$500,000 and \$300,000 up to statutory limits for workers' compensation. The property liability pool has an aggregate limit for the total property losses in a single year, with the reinsurance limit based upon a percentage of the total insurance values.

Effective July 1, 2013, the City changed its previous, traditional premium payment of only health insurance coverage for employees and their families to a fully-insured, high deductible healthcare plan (HDHP) with participation in the City's medical expense reimbursement plan (MERP), administered by MedCost Benefit Services. The HDHP provides for each participant to have a deductible of \$7,500 on their health insurance coverage. The MERP provides that participant is subject to \$3,300 of that deductible and the City pays the remaining \$4,200 of the deductible. Payments of premiums for the HDHP are treated as expenditures in the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund, according to the function of the employees and retirees. Payments of the deductible per the MERP, up to the annual limit, are accounted for in the Internal Service Fund – Health and Benefit Fund, and are then reimbursed by the funds and reported as expenditures in the funds. The City's expenditures for the MERP totaled \$0 in the General Fund and \$111,393 in the enterprise Fund during the year ended June 30, 2019.

The City of Roxboro's property insurance through the North Carolina League of Municipalities includes flood insurance on buildings located in Flood Zones B, C or X with a \$25,000 deductible. Property not located within Flood Zones B, C and X property located on or over a body of water, open structures, bridges, walks, piers and docks are not covered. The City of Roxboro does not carry any additional flood insurance. Except for sewage pump stations located along some small creeks in Flood Zone AE, all City of Roxboro buildings and facilities are located within Flood Zone X. Also, there are no major rivers located within the City limits which are subject to flooding during periods of heavy rain.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the City's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the City's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Director and Tax Collector are each individually bonded for \$250,000 each. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$500,000.

The City carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

7. Lease Obligations

A. Operating Leases

The City leases copiers and fax machines for the Administration, Finance, Police, Fire, Public Works, Water and Wastewater Treatment Departments under a five-year operating lease beginning August 8, 2018 and expiring August 7, 2023

The lease requires monthly rental payments of \$1,036 plus \$0.031 and \$0.004 per copy for color and black and white copiers, respectively, after a certain amount of copies. Rental expense under these obligations was \$18,005 for the year ended June 30, 2019 including insurance and maintenance fees.

The City leases a postage meter for the Finance Department under a sixty month operating lease beginning November 20, 2013 and expiring November 20, 2018. The lease requires quarterly rental payments of \$573. Rental expense under this lease obligation was \$2,188 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The City leases two ice machines for the Garage and Waste Water Treatment Departments under month-to-month operating leases. The leases require monthly rental payments of \$75 and \$90, respectively. Rental expenses under these lease obligations were \$1,140 and \$1,080, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The City leases a mobile office building for the Water Treatment Plant under a one-year operating lease beginning November 1, 2008 and expiring October 31, 2009. The lease requires monthly rental payments of \$356 with an option to renew the lease on a month-to-month basis upon expiration. Rental expense under this lease obligation was \$5,007 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

B. Capital Leases

The City has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

The first agreement was executed on July 28, 2013 to lease a garbage truck and requires four annual payments of \$53,975. This agreement was paid off during 2017. The second agreement was executed on October 29, 2013 to lease a street sweeper and required four annual payments of \$62,817. This agreement was paid off during 2017. The final agreement was executed on August 4, 2016 to lease police software equipment and required four annual payments of \$61,305.

For the City of Roxboro, the future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Year Ending June 30	1	Amount		
2020	\$	61,305		
2021		61,305		
Total minimum lease payments		122,610		
Less: amount representing interest		5,050		
Present value of the minimum lease payments	\$	117,560		

C. Direct Borrowing Agreements

On March 5, 2008, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement with the United States Department of Agriculture for the construction of a Police Station. The building is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The mortgage contract requires 30 annual payments of \$192,935 including principal and interest at 4.375% beginning March 5, 2009 through March 5, 2038. The mortgage loan is secured by a deed of trust on the new Police Station located at the corner of Reams Avenue and Lamar Street in Roxboro.

\$2,454,447

On June 19, 2017, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement to purchase a fire truck in the amount of \$360,000 with Piedmont Electric Membership Corporation. The vehicle is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The loan agreement requires 10 annual payments of \$36,000 beginning September 1, 2017 including interest at 0% until September 1, 2027.

\$288,000

On June 26, 2017, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement to finance the purchase of four police vehicles in the amount of \$96,300 with a local financial institution. The vehicles are pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The loan agreement requires 4 annual payments of \$25,245 beginning June 1, 2018 including interest at 1.98% until June 1, 2021.

\$49.034

On June 29, 2016, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement to finance the purchase of three police vehicles and a utility truck in the amount of \$261,000 with a local financial institution. The vehicles are pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. This loan agreement requires 4 annual payments of \$67,799 beginning June 1, 2017, including interest of 1.60% until June 1, 2020.

\$ 66,742

On September 18, 2018, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement to purchase an air truck in the amount of \$100,000 with Piedmont Electric Membership Corporation. The vehicle is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The loan agreement requires 5 annual payments of \$20,800 beginning January 31, 2019 including interest at 0% until January 31, 2023.

\$80,000

On June 25, 2019, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement to purchase police vehicles in the amount of \$102,946 with Roxboro Savings Bank. The vehicles are pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The loan agreement requires 4 annual payments of \$27,438 beginning June 1, 2020 including interest at 2.68% until June 1, 2023.

\$102,946

Total governmental activities direct borrowings \$3,041,169

On May 20, 2010, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement to finance the Brooks Pump Station project in the amount of \$173,255 with the State of North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources Division of Water Quality. The station is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The loan agreement requires 20 annual principal payments of \$8,663 beginning May 1, 2011 including interest at 0% until May 1, 2030.

\$95,290

On October 17, 2013, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement to refinance the loan balance of \$943,835 for the loan referenced above as the triple tier water lines. Additional loan proceeds of \$4,356,165 were advanced for construction of the water plant MIEX processing equipment. The property is pledged for collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The MIEX Loan of \$5,300,000 was financed by STI Institutional and Government Inc. and requires 9 annual payments of \$470,824 beginning October 17, 2014 and 6 annual payments of \$352,437 beginning October 17, 2023, all including interest of 2.52% until October 17, 2028. This agreement is secured by approximately 25 acres of real property owned by the City in Person County, North Carolina.

\$3,526,342

On June 25, 2019, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement to purchase a backhoe in the amount of \$142,827 with Roxboro Savings Bank. The backhoe is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The loan agreement requires 4 annual payments of \$38,068 beginning June 1, 2020 including interest at 2.68% until June 1, 2023.

\$142,827

\$3,764,459

D. Direct Placement Agreement

On July 24, 2018, the City entered into a direct placement agreement to finance the Wastewater Treatment Plant project in the amount of \$23,785,000 with the United States Department of Agriculture. The property is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The loan agreement requires 2 annual interest payments of \$790,322 in fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 at an interest rate of 3.30% and a lump sum repayment during the year ending June 30, 2022.

\$23,785,000

Total business-type activities agreements \$ 27,549,459

9. Long-Term Debt

a. General Obligation Indebtedness

At June 30, 2019, the City of Roxboro had a legal debt margin of \$29,126,271. On November 3, 2006, the City of Roxboro received a bond rating of 82 from the North Carolina Municipal Council.

b. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the City's Governmental Activities for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Governmental Activities:		Balance 7/1/2018		Increases	D	ecreases		Balance 6/30/2019		Current Portion
Direct Borrowing Installment purchases		77 1720 10		1110104303		20104303		0/00/2010		Ortion
Police vehicles/truck	φ	51,153	\$		\$	51,153	\$		\$	
Police verifices/fluck	φ	2,536,415	φ	-	φ	81,968	Φ	- 2,454,447	Φ	85,553
Police vehicles				-						
		72,831		-		23,797		49,034		24,272
Police vehicles & utility truck		132,409		-		65,667		66,742		66,742
Police & street vehicles		93,236		-		93,236		-		-
Fire truck		324,000		-		36,000		288,000		36,000
Air truck		-		100,000		20,000		80,000		20,000
Police vehicles		-		102,946		-		102,946		24,702
Total		3,210,044		202,946		371,821		3,041,169		257,269
Capital Leases:										
Police software		173,908		-		56,348		117,560		57,954
Total		173,908		-		56,348		117,560		57,954
Net pension liability (LGERS)		1,009,764		500,526		-		1,510,290		
Total pension liability (LEO)		774,959		187,414		-		962,373		-
Total OPEB liability		281,752		10,232		-		291,984		_
Compensated absences		457,035		4,664		_		461,699		_
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		,		.,				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
	\$	5,907,462	\$	905,782	\$	428,169	\$	6,385,075	\$	315,223
:	_	0,00.,.02	_	000,: 02	_	0,.00	_	0,000,0.0	_	
Business-Type Activities:										
Direct Borrowing Installment purchases										
Brooks pump station	\$	103,953	\$	_	\$	8,663	\$	95,290	\$	8,663
Miex project	Ψ	3,898,988	Ψ	_	Ψ	372,646	Ψ	3,526,342	Ψ	381,956
Backhoe		3,030,300		142,827		372,040		142,827		34,272
Direct Placement Installment Purchase		-		142,021		-		142,021		34,212
				22 705 000				22 705 000		
Wastewater Treatment Plant		4 000 044		23,785,000		204 200		23,785,000		404.004
Total		4,002,941		23,927,827		381,309		27,549,459		424,891
Network P. 199 (LOTEO)		000 000		404.040				F07.00F		
Net pension liability (LGERS)		392,686		194,649		-		587,335		-
Total OPEB liability		109,580		3,970		-		113,550		-
Compensated absences		143,790		1,494		-		145,284		
	\$	4,648,997	\$	24,127,940	\$	381,309	\$	28,395,628	\$	424,891
:										

c. Debt-Service Requirements

The following table summarizes the annual debt service requirements to maturity for all long-term debt outstanding (excluding compensated absences and claims and judgements):

Direct Borrowing Agreements

	Direct Borrowing Agreements							
Governmental Activities:		Principal		Interest		Total		
2020	\$	257,269	\$	112,962	\$	370,231		
2021		195,400		107,026		302,426		
2022		175,224		101,950		277,174		
2023		180,161		97,175		277,336		
2024		137,536		91,399		228,935		
2025-2029		686,331		386,344		1,072,675		
2030-2034		716,405		248,270		964,675		
2035-2039		692,843		78,895		771,738		
Total governmental activities	\$	3,041,169	\$	1,224,021	\$	4,265,190		

	Direct Borrowing and Placement Agreements							
Business-Type Activities		Principal		Interest		Total		
2020	\$	424,891	\$	882,986	\$	1,307,877		
2021		435,403		872,474		1,307,877		
2022		24,231,213		466,503		24,697,716		
2023		457,523		60,259		517,782		
2024		312,213		48,887		361,100		
2025-2029		1,679,556		125,666		1,805,222		
2030-2034		8,660		0		8,660		
Total business-type activities	\$	27,549,459	\$	2,456,775	\$	30,006,234		

10. Interfund Balances and Activity

Balances due to/from other funds as of June 30, 2019, consist of the following:

Balances Due to/from Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Agency Fund: Flexible Spending Fund	\$55.618

This interfund receivable and payable of the Agency Fund represents the minimum balance in the Medical Flexible Spending checking accounts necessary to avoid bank service charges and overdrafts due to payments for medical expenses on behalf of employees through the City's pretax medical flex plan which may become due prior to the transfer of payroll deductions to these accounts from the General and Enterprise Funds.

11. Interfund Transfers

Transfers to/from other funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, consist of the following:

Transfers to/from Other Funds	Amount
From the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund	\$ (249,640)
From the General Fund to the LEO Separation Fund	(360)
From the Stormwater Project Fund to the General Fund	(25,000)
From the Vehicle Tags Fund to the General Fund	(141,600)
Total transfers from other funds - Exhibit 4	(416,600)
To the General Fund from the Stormwater Fund	25,000
To the Capital Projects Fund from the General Fund	249,640
To the General Fund from the Vehicle Tags Fund	141,600
To the LEO Separation Fund from the General Fund	360
Total transfers to other funds - Exhibit 4	416,600
Net transfers - Exhibit 2	\$ -

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues from various funds to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts providing matching funds for various grant programs.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City transferred \$25,000 from the General Fund to the Stormwater Fund to pay for related expenses. The City transferred \$249,640 from the General Fund to the Old Durham Road Upgrade Project Fund to pay for related expenses of the project. The City transferred \$141,600 from the Vehicle Tags Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund to pay for maintenance of City streets. The City transferred \$360 from the General Fund to the LEO Separation Fund to pay for related expenses.

12. On-Behalf Payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City of Roxboro has recognized on-behalf payments for pension contributions made by the State as a revenue and an expenditure of \$0 for the 16 volunteer firemen and the 21 employed firemen who perform firefighting duties for the City's fire department. The volunteers and employees elected to be members of the Firemen and Rescue Workers' Pension Fund, a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system established and administered by the State of North Carolina. The Plan is funded by a \$10 monthly contribution paid by the City of Roxboro for each member, investment income, and a state appropriation.

A. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	Governmental	Business-type
Capital Assets	\$ 8,202,129	\$ 31,541,178
Less: long term debt	3,158,369	27,549,459
Add: debt reserve requirements	168,375	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 5,212,135	\$ 3,991,719

B. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total Fund Balance - General Fund	\$ 4,467,970
Less:	
Inventories	40,974
Perpetual maintenance	30,269
Stabilization by State Statute	816,890
Streets - Powell Bill	2,874
Public safety - RD reserve	168,735
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 3,408,228

The City has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the City in such a manner that available fund balance is at least to or greater than 25% of budgeted expenditures. Budgeted expenditures for this policy is total expenditures not including capital amounts that are financed, grant expenditures and other intergovernmental amounts.

13. Jointly Governed Organizations

A. Kerr-Tar Regional Council of Governments

The City, in conjunction with five counties and fourteen other municipalities established the Kerr-Tar Regional Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The City paid membership fees of \$4,424 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

B. Person Tourism Development Authority

The City, in conjunction with Person County, established the Person Tourism Development Authority (Authority). The Authority was created to expend the net proceeds of a 5% room occupancy tax levied, tourism, and conventions, sponsor tourist-related events and activities, and finance tourist-related capital projects in Person County. The City and County each appoint three members to the Authority's governing board. Person County also serves as fiscal agent for the Authority.

14. Joint Ventures

A. Firemen's Relief Fund

The City and the members of the City's fire department each appoint two members to the five-member local board of trustees for the Firemen's Relief Fund. The State Insurance Commissioner appoints one additional member to the local board of trustees. The Firemen's Relief Fund is funded by a portion of the fire and lightning insurance premiums which insurers remit to the State. The State passes these moneys to the local board of the Firemen's Relief Fund. The funds are used to assist fire fighters in various ways.

The City obtains an ongoing financial benefit from the Fund for the on-behalf of payments for salaries and fringe benefits made to members of the City's fire department by the board of trustees. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2019. The Firemen's Relief Fund does not issue separate audited financial statements. Instead, the local board of trustees files an annual financial report with the State Firemen's Association. This report can be obtained from the Association at 323 West Jones Street, Suite 401, Raleigh, North Carolina 27603.

15. Related Organization

The five-member board of the City of Roxboro Housing Authority is appointed by the mayor of the City of Roxboro. The City is accountable for the Housing Authority because it appoints the governing board; however, the City is not financially accountable for the Housing Authority. The City of Roxboro is also disclosed as a related organization in the notes to the financial statements for the City of Roxboro

Housing Authority. Complete financial statements for the Housing Authority can be obtained from the Authority's offices at 500 Mt. Bethel Church Street, Roxboro, NC 27573.

16. Related Party Transactions

The City appropriated \$14,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 to the Uptown Roxboro Group, a nonprofit organization dedicated to economic development in the Historic UpCity Roxboro business district. The City has supported the Uptown Roxboro Group, formerly the Roxboro Development Group, and each year since its inception and presently in addition to the annual appropriation amounts, the executive director of the organization is an employee of the City. The City also provides office space for the director.

17. <u>Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies</u>

A. Federal and State Assisted Programs

The City has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any requires refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

B. Unemployment Taxes

The City elected to pay the direct cost of employment security benefits in lieu of unemployment payroll taxes. A liability for benefit payments could accrue in the year following discharge of an employee.

18. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated events from the date of the balance sheet through the date the report is available to be issued which is the date of the independent auditors' report. The City has not evaluated subsequent events after that date. There were no subsequent events during this period that required disclosure.

19. Special Item - Sale of Fixed Assets

In 2019, the City sold fixed assets that were fully depreciated. The revenue from the sales were \$9,063 for the General Fund and \$35,630 for the Water and Sewer Fund.

20. Claims and Judgments

At June 30, 2019, the City was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the City's management and the City attorney, the ultimate outcome of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles. Presentation conforms to requirements of Local Government Commission in North Carolina.

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability for Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Contributions to Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability for Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Plan

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Last Three Years

		2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$	774,959	\$1,033,521	\$1,020,555
Service cost		41,884	39,061	42,793
Interest on the total pension liability		23,550	39,071	35,735
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of	1			
the total pension liability		219,778	(350,077)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(38,374)	56,040	(26,385)
Benefit payments		(59,424)	(42,657)	(39,177)
Other changes		-	-	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	962,373	\$ 774,959	\$1,033,521

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Last Three Years

	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 962,373	\$ 774,959	\$1,033,521
Covered payroll	1,366,874	1,458,030	1,527,771
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	70.41%	53.15%	67.65%

Notes to the schedules:

The City of Roxboro has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 73 to pay related benefits.

City of Roxboro, North Carolina City of Roxboro's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Six FiscalYears*

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Roxboro's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%	2019 0.08842%	2018 0.09180%	2017 0.09500%	2016 0.10311%	2015 0.09940%	2014 0.10580%
Roxboro's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$2,097,625	\$1,402,450	\$2,016,220	\$ 462,751	\$ (586,208)	\$1,275,296
Roxboro's covered-employee payroll	\$5,790,091	\$5,503,674	\$5,440,961	\$5,412,549	\$5,369,553	\$5,158,642
Roxboro's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	36.23%	25.48%	37.06%	8.55%	(10.92%)	24.72%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	102.64%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

City of Roxboro, North Carolina City of Roxboro's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Six Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 463,964	\$ 433,894	\$ 415,783	\$ 373,886	\$ 391,552	\$ 382,632
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	463,964	433,894	415,783	373,886	391,552	382,632
Contribution deficency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Roxboro's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,797,811	\$ 5,790,091	\$ 5,503,674	\$ 5,440,961	\$ 5,412,549	\$ 5,369,553
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.00%	7.49%	7.55%	6.87%	7.23%	7.13%

City of Roxboro, North Carolina City of Roxboro's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Five Years*

Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Roxboro's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%
Roxboro's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City of Roxboro	48,582 \$ 48,582	43,432 \$ 43,432	32,265 \$ 32,265	27,819 \$ 27,819	24,013 \$ 24,013
Roxboro's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,006,228	\$ 988,815	\$ 968,794	\$ 986,817	\$ 939,491
Roxboro's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-	4.83%	4.39%	3.33%	2.82%	2.56%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension	89.69%	89.35%	84.94%	91.40%	93.42%

^{*} The amounts presented are for the prior fiscal year.

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability Required Supplementary Information

Total OPEB Liability	2019	2018
Service cost	\$ 21,775	\$ 22,578
Interest	13,059	12,248
Changes of benefit terms	-	-
Differences between expected and actual	27,057	-
Changes of assumptions	1,749	(12,833)
Benefit payments	(49,428)	(74,588)
Net change in total OPEB liability	14,212	(52,595)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	391,322	443,917
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 405,534	\$ 391,322
Covered payroll	4,306,008	4,586,074
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	9.42%	

Notes to Schedule

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal year	Rate
2019	3.89%
2018	3.56%

INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

This section contains additional information on the Governmental and Proprietary Funds (budget to actual comparison).

				Variance Positive
Parrament	_	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes:				
	\$	4 702 026	4,341,204 \$	
Taxes - current year's levy Taxes - prior year's levy	Φ	4,703,036 52,000	4,341,204 \$ 61,970	
Penalties and interest		18,815	25,843	
Total	_	4,773,851	4,429,017	(344,834)
Total	_	1,770,001	1,120,017	(011,001)
Local Option Sales Tax:				
Article 39: 1 percent		675,058	598,999	
Article 40: .5 percent		388,433	407,006	
Article 42: .5 percent		277,939	294,753	
Article 44: .5 percent		89,177	93,347	
Hold Harmless - Person County		411,209	430,010	
Total	_	1,841,816	1,824,115	(17,701)
	_	<u> </u>		•
Other taxes and licenses:				
Gross receipts tax rental vehicles		11,000	15,595	
Beer and wine licenses		1,000	-	
DMV licenses		53,840	581,177	
Business registration fees	_		2,799	500 704
Total	_	65,840	599,571	533,731
Unrestricted intergovernmental:				
Payments in lieu of taxes		2,000	1,261	
Telecommunications sales tax		101,791	89,006	
Utility sales tax		566,058	600,167	
Piped natural gas tax		36,093	41,146	
Video franchise fee		67,366	61,779	
Beer and wine tax		39,500	35,448	
Person County ABC Board		73,100	58,153	
Sales tax refund		152,500	117,405_	
Total	_	1,038,408	1,004,365	(34,043)
Restricted intergovernmental:				
Powell Bill allocation		224,000	218,394	
NC League of Municipalities Grant		224,000	1,500	
US Department of Justice		_	3,609	
Solid waste disposal tax		6,500	6,095	
Fire inspection fees		2,000	1,700	
Person County - fire contract		373,968	389,072	
Controlled substance tax		3,000	1,674	
Court awards forfeited property		120	250	
Court facilities		6,500	5,356	
On-behalf of payments - Fire and Rescue		23,308	-,	
Total	_	639,396	627,650	(11,746)

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Permits and fees:			
Zoning and other permits	5,000	9,068	
Total	5,000	9,068	4,068
Sales and services:			
Refuse collection	633,700	623,848	
Sale of recyclable materials	500	-	
Parking penalties	6,000	8,630	
Rental income	40,000	51,693	
Garage sales	-	-	
Cemetary - sale of lots	1,920_	26_	
Total	682,120	684,197	2,077
Investment earnings	20,800	35,435	14,635
Miscellaneous			
Donations	21,860	28,430	
Insurance proceeds	11,000	17,531	
Miscellaneous revenues	12,247_	29,663	
Total	45,107	75,624	30,517
Total revenues	9,112,338	9,289,042	176,704
Expenditures: General Government Governing Body			
Salaries and employee benefits	76,153	66,329	
Operating expenditures	161,952	167,505	
Contracted services	2,000	1,223	
Enterprise fund - reimbursement	(116,348)	(111,300)	
Total	123,757	123,757	
Administration			
Salaries and employee benefits	534,583	523,414	
Operating expenditures	63,982	50,963	
Contracted services	60,000	80,144	
Capital outlay	(224.744)	- (220 667)	
Enterprise fund - reimbursement Total	<u>(324,711)</u> 333,854	<u>(320,667)</u> 333,854	
i Otai			

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Finance	buuget	Actual	(Negative)
Salaries and employee benefits	156,148	152,348	
Operating expenditures	26,835	30,811	
Contracted services	125,300	115,784	
Sales tax	153,100	117,695	
Enterprise fund - reimbursement	(157,895)	(117,077)	
Total	303,488	299,561	3,927
Tax Collection			
Contracted services	69,843	66,779	
Total	69,843	66,779	3,064
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Building and Grounds			
Salaries and employee benefits	73,094	74,028	
Operating expenditures	147,950	89,459	
Capital outlay	-	-	
Enterprise fund - reimbursement	(71,200)	(65,266)	
Total	149,844	98,221	51,623
Communication and Tower			
Operating expenditures	170,000	1,670	
Contracted services	5,000	-	
Total	175,000	1,670	173,330
Cafaty and Dynahasina			
Safety and Purchasing	C.F.		
Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures	65	-	
Contracted services	20,650	11,222	
Enterprise fund - reimbursement	(6,092)	- (5,585)	
Total	14,623	5,637	8,986
I Olai	14,023	3,031	0,900
Total general government	1,170,409	929,479	240,930

			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Public safety:			
Police Department			
Salaries and employee benefits	2,016,720	1,972,835	
Vehicle maintenance	75,000	109,449	
Repairs and maintenance	8,800	6,290	
Operating expenditures	189,823	295,043	
Contracted services	34,800	23,198	
Capital outlay	238,750	152,845	
Total	2,563,893	2,559,660	4,233
Criminal Investigation Division			
Salaries and employee benefits	348,401	317,917	
Vehicle maintenance	7,000	5,645	
Operating expenditures	39,335	35,285	
Contracted services	10,000	11,413	
Total	404,736	370,260	34,476
Narcotics Division			
Salaries and employee benefits	176,725	177,936	
Vehicle maintenance	3,500	3,203	
Operating expenditures	45,550	40,360	
Contracted services	9,100	10,726	
Total	234,875	232,225	2,650
Animal Control			
Salaries and employee benefits	56,318	56,537	
Vehicle maintenance	1,000	429	
Operating expenditures	5,320	4,931	
Contracted services	-	-	
Total	62,638	61,897	741
Total police department	3,266,142	3,224,042	42,100
Fire Department			
Salaries and employee benefits	1,510,448	1,465,089	
Vehicle maintenance	51,000	61,260	
Repairs and maintenance	41,000	29,362	
Operating expenditures	156,520	183,109	
Contracted services	4,000	3,826	
Capital outlay	244,460	165,463	
Total	2,007,428	1,908,109	99,319
		, -,	,-

			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Fire Inspections			
Salaries and employee benefits	214,379	215,324	
Vehicle maintenance	3,000	1,362	
Operating expenditures	24,820	20,501	
Total	242,199	237,187	5,012
Total fire department	2,249,627	2,145,296	104,331
Emergency Communications			
Contracted services	135,000	121,419	
Operating expenditures	800	1,082	
Total	135,800	122,501	13,299
Total public safety	5,651,569	5,491,839	159,730
Transportation:			
Public Works Administration			
Salaries and employee benefits	365,871	359,249	
Vehicle maintenance	4,500	2,680	
Repairs and maintenance	1,000	54	
Operating expenditures	24,772	30,410	
Contracted services	4,200	4,900	
Capital outlay	-	-	
Enterprise fund - reimbursement	(203,405)	(200,355)	
Total	196,938	196,938	
Public Works Building			
Operating expenditures	120,500	86,245	
Repairs and maintenance	7,000	5,053	
Capital outlay	-	-	
Enterprise fund - reimbursement	(9,734)	(8,923)	
Total	117,766	82,375	35,391

			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Garage			
Salaries and employee benefits	201,900	179,261	
Vehicle maintenance	4,500	4,207	
Repairs and maintenance	1,000	-	
Operating expenditures	30,540	(1,447)	
Contracted services	15,000	3,116	
Capital outlay	17,500	5,919	
Enterprise fund - reimbursement	(102,432)	(79,993)	
Total	168,008	111,063	56,945
Street Maintenance			
Salaries and employee benefits	418,717	412,679	
Vehicle maintenance	19,000	14,953	
Repairs and maintenance	6,000	9,977	
Operating expenditures	85,495	55,638	
Contracted services	11,000	-	
Capital outlay	<u></u> _		
Total	540,212	493,247	46,965
Powell Bill			
Vehicle maintenance	15,000	5,780	
Repairs and maintenance	3,000	-	
Operating expenditures	215,750	173,356	
Capital outlay	<u></u> _	-	
Total	233,750	179,136	54,614
Street Cleaning			
Salaries and employee benefits	54,995	48,375	
Vehicle maintenance	13,000	15,645	
Repairs and maintenance	3,500	-	
Operating expenditures	1,670	1,060	
Capital outlay	<u></u> _		
Total	73,165	65,080	8,085
Street Lighting			
Utilities - street and traffic lights	223,230	205,182	
Total	223,230	205,182	18,048
		200,102	10,010
Total transportation	1,553,069	1,333,021	220,048

			Variance
	Dudget	A at a l	Positive
Environmental Protection	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Residential Garbage Collection			
Salaries and employee benefits	145,122	130,295	
Vehicle maintenance	53,000	67,853	
Repairs and maintenance	2,000	650	
Operating expenditures	122,910	136,082	
Contracted services	800	-	
Capital outlay	300,000	271,428	
Total	623,832	606,308	17,524
Commercial Garbage Collection			
Salaries and employee benefits	133,019	129,622	
Vehicle maintenance	46,000	50,920	
Repairs and maintenance	-	-	
Operating expenditures	239,280	236,528	
Total	418,299	417,070	1,229
Total solid waste disposal	1,042,131	1,023,378	18,753
Cemetary			
Salaries and employee benefits	104,865	93,867	
Vehicle maintenance	5,000	4,470	
Repairs and maintenance	3,000	3,128	
Operating expenditures	16,830	13,307	
Contracted Services	-	6	
Total	129,695	114,778	14,917
Total environmental protection	1,171,826	1,138,156	33,670
Economic and Physical Development			
Planning and Zoning			
Salaries and employee benefits	152,960	145,423	
Vehicle maintenance	750	113	
Operating expenditures	169,970	78,174	
Contracted services	52,000	39,411	
Capital outlay	-	-	
Total	375,680	263,121	112,559

			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Community Investment			
Roxboro Area Chamber of Commerce Personality	2,000	2,000	
Fourth of July Fireworks	10,500	5,150	
Senior Citizens Center/Person Co Council on Aging	-	-	
Part-time EDC position	7,500	7,500	
Person County Rescue Squad	2,000	2,000	
Person County Museum of History	5,000	5,000	
Roxboro Merchants Association Christmas	3,500	3,500	
Piedmont Community College	7,500	7,500	
Total	38,000	32,650	5,350
Total economic and physical development	413,680	295,771	117,909
Parks			
Operating expenditures	750	_	
Total parks	750		750
Debt service			
Installment purchase agreements			
Police department	192,935	254,240	
Police department Police vehicles and truck	84,465	82,046	
Police vehicles and tritick Police vehicles and utility truck	112,093	148,203	
Police and street vehicles	70,028	140,203	
Capital lease payments	10,020	-	
Residential garbage collection	92,799	67,799	
rtesidential garbage collection	32,133	01,199	
Total debt service	552,320	552,288	32
Total expenditures	10,513,623	9,740,554	773,069
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,401,285)	(451,512)	949,773

			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Other financing sources (uses):			<u> (****9******)</u>
Transfers - in			
Vehicle Tags Fund	145,000	141,600	
Stormwater Project Fund	25,000	25,000	
Internal Service Fund	165,955	-	
LEO Spearation Fund	45,000	360	
Transfers - out			
Internal Service Fund	(75,000)	-	
Capital Project Fund	(250,000)	(250,000)	
Proceeds from installment purchases and capital lease	488,750	202,946	
Contingency	(300)	-	
Sale of fixed assets	15,000	9,063	
Total	559,405	128,969	(430,436)
Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other	(0.44,000)	(200 540)	540.007
financing uses	(841,880)	(322,543)	519,337
Appropriated Fund Balance	841,880		(841,880)
Revenues, other financing sources, and appropriated fund balance over expenditures and other uses	<u>\$ -</u>	(322,543)	\$ (322,543)
Fund balance, beginning of year, July 1		4,790,513	
Fund balance, end of year, June 30		\$4,467,970	

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Vehicle Tags Fund: This fund is used to account for proceeds from the sale of license tags for vehicles in the City of Roxboro.

Revolving Loan Community Development Block Grant Fund: This fund is used to account for the Community Development Block Grant proceeds being used for economic development.

Stormwater Fee Fund: This fund is used to account for fees charged with proceeds to be used for stormwater project of the City.

Old Durham Road Upgrade Project Fund: This fund is used to account for the grant funds that are restricted for upgrading the Old Durham Road for transportation standards and safety.

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Vehicle Tags Fund	R	Revolving Loan Fund		Stormwater Fee Fund		d Durham Road rade Project Fund		tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets										
Current assets:	•	4.400	•		•	407.000	•		•	400.075
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and investments	\$	1,183	\$	77,828	\$	187,692	\$	-	\$	188,875 77,828
Accounts receivable		-		26,573		8,965		-		35,538
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governmental units		85		-		-		-		85
Notes receivable		-		35,741		-		-		35,741
Total assets	\$	1,268	\$	140,142	\$	196,657	\$	-	\$	338,067
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Current Liabiliites										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenues		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		-		-		-		-		
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenues		-		62,314		-		-		62,314
Fund balances Restricted										
Stabilization by State Statute		85		_		8,965		_		9,050
Economic development		-		77,828		0,303		_		77,828
Assigned		1,183		-		187,692		-		188,875
Total fund balances		1,268		77,828		196,657		-		275,753
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resouces, and										
fund balances	\$	1,268	\$	140,142	\$	196,657	\$	-	\$	338,067

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 /ehicle Tags Fund	Revolving Loan Stormwater Fund Fee Fund		urham Road e Project Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues:							
Other taxes and licenses	\$ 142,274	\$ -	\$	84,618	\$ -	\$	226,892
Unresticted intergovernmental revenues	-	-		-	-		-
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	-	18,663		-	-		18,663
Investment earnings	 54_	778		1,300	 		2,132
Total revenues	 142,328	19,441		85,918			247,687
Expenditures Current:							
General Government	10	_		_	_		10
Economic and physical development	-	30,548		20,272	251,022		301,842
Capital Outlay:							· -
Economic and physical development	-	-		-	-		-
Total expenditures	10	30,548		20,272	251,022		301,852
Revenues over (under) expenses	142,318	(11,107)		65,646	(251,022)		(54,165)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers (in)	_	_		_	249,640		249,640
Transfers (out)	(141,600)	_		(25,000)	-		(166,600)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(141,600)			(25,000)	249,640		83,040
E (15:) (1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	718	(11,107)		40,646	(1,382)		28,875
manong sources over expenditures	710	(11,107)		40,040	(1,502)		20,013
Fund balance, beginning of year, July 1	 550	 88,935		156,011	1,382		246,878
Fund balance, ending of year, June 30	\$ 1,268	\$ 77,828	\$	196,657	\$ 	\$	275,753

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - Vehicles Tags Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budget		Actual	ı	ariance Positive Jegative)
Revenues:						
Other taxes and licenses:	_		_		_	
Vehicle tags	\$	160,048	\$	142,274	\$	(17,774)
Penalties and interest		500		-		(500)
Total		160,548		142,274		(18,274)
Investment earnings		50		54		4
Total revenues		160,598		142,328		(18,270)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government:						
Tax collection		15,598		10		15,588
Total expenditures		15,598		10		15,588
Revenues over						
(under) expenditures		145,000		142,318		(2,682)
Other financing (uses): Transfers out						
To General Fund		145,000		141,600		(3,400)
Total other financing sources (uses)		145,000		141,600		(3,400)
Revenues and other						
financing sources over						
(under) expenditures	\$	-	=	718	<u>\$</u>	718
Fund balance, beginning of year, July 1				550		
Fund balance, ending of year, June 30			\$	1,268	=	

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Community Development Block Grant Revolving Loan Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Budget		Actual	ance sitive ative)
Revenues:				
Restricted intergovernmental revenues:				
Principal payment on loans	\$ 32,000	\$	17,995	\$ (14,005)
Interest payment on loans	 2,000		668	(1,332)
Total	 34,000		18,663	(15,337)
Investment earnings	 100		778	678
Total revenues	 34,100		19,441	(14,659)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Economic and physical development:				
Community development	101,800		30,000	71,800
Legal fees	2,000		548	1,452
Contingency	 2,100			2,100
Total expenditures	 105,900		30,548	75,352
Appropriated Fund Balance	 71,800		-	(71,800)
Revenues over				
(under) expenditures	\$ 	=	(11,107)	\$ (11,107)
Fund balance, beginning of year, July 1			88,935	
Fund balance, ending of year, June 30		\$	77,828	

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - Stormwater Fee Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Project Authorization			<u> </u>				Actual						
	J	une 30, 2018	Ame	ndment	•	June 30, 2019		Prior Years		Current Year		tal Project To Date	F	/ariance avorable <u>favorable)</u>
Revenues:														
Other taxes and licenses:	•	004.000	•		•	004.000	•	500 570	•	04.040	Φ.	074 407	•	(400 000)
Stormwater fees	\$	804,060	\$	-	\$	804,060	\$	586,579	\$	84,618	\$	671,197	\$	(132,863)
Investment earnings		-		-				945		1,300		2,245		2,245
Total revenues		804,060		-		804,060		587,524		85,918		673,442		(130,618)
Expenditures: Current:														
Economic and physical development:														
Contracted services		400,000		-		400,000		181,813		20,272		202,085		197,915
Repairs and maintenance		114,660		-		114,660		-				-		114,660
Total expenditures		514,660		-		514,660		181,813		20,272		202,085		312,575
Revenues over (under) expenditures		289,400		-		289,400		405,711		65,646		471,357		181,957
Other Financing Sources:														
Transfers-out:		(000 400)				(000 400)		(0.40.700)		(05.000)		(074 700)		44.700
To General Fund		(289,400)		-		(289,400)		(249,700)		(25,000)		(274,700)		14,700
Total other financing sources		(289,400)		-		(289,400)		(249,700)		(25,000)		(274,700)		14,700
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	\$		\$		\$		\$	156,011		40,646	\$	196,657	\$	196,657
Fund balance, beginning of year, July 1										156,011				
Fund balance, ending of year, June 30									\$	196,657				

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Old Durham Road Upgrade Project Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Pro	oject Authoriza	tion		Actual			
	June 30, 2018	Amendment	June 30, 2019		rior ears	Current Year	Total Project To Date	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:								
Revenues								
Contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total revenues					-	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
Expenditures: Current:								
Economic and physical development:								
Administration	-	-	-		466	_	466	(466)
Street Improvements	500,000	-	500,000	1	98,152	251,022	449,174	50,826
Total expenditures	500,000	-	500,000	1	98,618	251,022	449,640	50,360
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(500,000)	-	(500,000)	(1	98,618)	(251,022)	(449,640)	50,360
Other Financing Sources: Transfers-in:								
From General Fund	500,000	-	500,000	2	200,000	249,640	449,640	(50,360)
Total other financiing sources	500,000	-	500,000	2	200,000	249,640	449,640	(50,360)
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	1,382	(1,382)	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>
Fund balance, beginning of year, July 1						1,382		
Fund balance, ending of year, June 30					:	\$ -	:	

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Water and Sewer Utility Fund: This fund is used to account for the City's water and sewer operations. The following Capital Project Funds have been consolidated with the Water Sewer Utility Fund for financial reporting purposes.

- WWTP Project Fund

Variance

	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Charges for services:			
Water sales	\$ 3,278,544	\$ 2,901,072	\$ (377,472)
Water service fees	28,700	39,609	10,909
Sewer use charges	2,007,508	1,751,203	(256,305)
Water capital fees	493,585	484,353	(9,232)
Sewer capital fees	248,420	245,373	(3,047)
Septic tank permits and fees	54,600	114,284	59,684
Penalties	41,400	69,648	28,248
Total	6,152,757	5,605,542	(547,215)
Water and sewer tapping fees			
Other operating revenues:			
Fishing licenses	1,500	1,534	34
Permit fees - Lake Roxboro	28,975	32,697	3,722
Miscellaneous billing	-	3,808	3,808
Miscellaneous income	5,044	552	(4,492)
Sales tax refund	-	-	-
Insurance proceeds	-	1,768	1,768
Total	35,519	40,359	4,840
Total operating revenues	6,188,276	5,645,901	(542,375)
Nonoperating revenues:			
Donations and contributions	-	-	-
Interest earnings	2,100	10,319	8,219
Total nonoperating revenues	2,100	10,319	8,219
Total revenues	6,190,376	5,656,220	(534,156)

Variance

Budget Actual Negative				Positive
Billing and Collection: Salaries and employee benefits Salaries and employee benefits Repairs and maintenance College Colleg		Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Salaries and employee benefits 63,051 63,120 Repairs and maintenance - - Other operating expenditures 93,000 92,276 General fund - reimbursement 32,866 30,127 Total 188,917 185,523 3,394 Pump Stations: Salaries and employee benefits 124,377 126,582 2,500 1,660 Repairs and maintenance 56,500 67,766 01,660 67,766 01,660 67,766 01,660 67,766 01,660 69,277 0,766 01,660 69,277 0,766 01,660 69,277 0,766 01,676 01,776 0,776 0,776 0,776 0,776 0,776 0,776 0,776 0,776 0,776 0,776 0,776 0,776 0,777 0,776 0,776 0,777 0,776 0,776 0,776 0,776 0,777 0,776 0,776 0,777 0,777 0,777 0,777 0,777 0,777 0,777 0,776 0,777 0,777 0,777 <t< td=""><td>Expenditures:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Expenditures:			
Repairs and maintenance	Billing and Collection:			
Other operating expenditures 93,000 92,276 General fund - reimbursement 32,866 30,127 Total 188,917 185,523 3,394 Pump Stations: Salaries and employee benefits 124,377 126,582 Contracted services 2,500 1,660 Repairs and maintenance 56,500 67,766 Other operating expenditures 50,820 35,759 Utilities 63,900 69,277 Capital outlay 44,071 36,780 General fund - reimbursement 68,818 63,083 70tal 10,079 Meter Section: Salaries and employee benefits 96,605 98,037 10,079 Meter Section: 2,500 - - 2,000 230 Other operating expenditures 2,500 - - 2,000 230 Other operating expenditures 156,015 116,525 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000		63,051	63,120	
General fund - reimbursement 32,866 30,127 Total 188,917 185,523 3,394 Pump Stations: 3,394 188,917 126,582 3,394 Captal and employee benefits 124,377 126,582 4,600 6,600 67,766 6,600 67,766 6,600 67,766 6,600 67,766 6,600 69,776 6,600 69,277 6,600 69,277 6,600 69,277 6,600 69,277 6,600 69,277 7,600 6,600 69,277 7,600	•	-	-	
Total 188,917 185,523 3,394	. • .			
Pump Stations: Salaries and employee benefits 124,377 126,582 Contracted services 2,500 1,660 Repairs and maintenance 56,500 67,766 Other operating expenditures 50,820 35,759 Utilities 63,900 69,277 Capital outlay 44,071 36,780 General fund - reimbursement 68,818 63,083 Total 410,986 400,907 10,079 Meter Section: Salaries and employee benefits 96,605 98,037 Contracted services 2,500 -				
Salaries and employee benefits 124,377 126,582 Contracted services 2,500 1,660 Repairs and maintenance 56,500 67,766 Other operating expenditures 50,820 35,759 Utilities 63,900 69,277 Capital outlay 44,071 36,780 General fund - reimbursement 68,818 63,083 Total 410,986 400,907 10,079 Meter Section: Salaries and employee benefits 96,605 98,037 Contracted services 2,500 - Repairs and maintenance 2,000 230 Other operating expenditures 156,015 116,525 General fund - reimbursement 52,466 48,094 Total 309,586 262,886 46,700 Raw Water Supply: Salaries and employee benefits 56,003 56,669 Contracted services 1,000 781 Repairs and maintenance 4,700 4,487 Other operating expenditures 7,27	Total	188,917	185,523	3,394
Contracted services 2,500 1,660 Repairs and maintenance 56,500 67,766 Other operating expenditures 50,820 35,759 Utilities 63,900 69,277 Capital outlay 44,071 36,780 General fund - reimbursement 68,818 63,083 Total 410,986 400,907 10,079 Meter Section: 2,500 - Salaries and employee benefits 96,605 98,037 Contracted services 2,500 - Repairs and maintenance 2,000 230 Other operating expenditures 156,015 116,525 General fund - reimbursement 52,466 48,094 Total 309,586 262,886 46,700 Raw Water Supply: Salaries and employee benefits 56,003 56,669 Contracted services 1,000 781 7,700 6,931 6,931 6,931 6,931 6,931 6,931 6,931 6,931 6,931 6,931 6,932 6,931	Pump Stations:			
Repairs and maintenance 56,500 67,766 Other operating expenditures 50,820 35,759 Utilities 63,900 69,277 Capital outlay 44,071 36,780 General fund - reimbursement 68,818 63,083 Total 410,986 400,907 10,079 Meter Section: Salaries and employee benefits 96,605 98,037 Contracted services 2,500 - Repairs and maintenance 2,000 230 Other operating expenditures 156,015 116,525 General fund - reimbursement 52,466 48,094 Total 309,586 262,886 46,700 Raw Water Supply: Salaries and employee benefits 56,003 56,669 Contracted services 1,000 781 78,700 6,931 General fund - reimbursement 16,472 15,098 1,479 Water Line Maintenance and Construction: 85,445 83,966 1,479 Water Line Maintenance and Construction: Salaries and employee benefits	Salaries and employee benefits	124,377	126,582	
Other operating expenditures 50,820 35,759 Utilities 63,900 69,277 Capital outlay 44,071 36,780 General fund - reimbursement 68,818 63,083 Total 410,986 400,907 10,079 Meter Section: Salaries and employee benefits 96,605 98,037 98,037 Contracted services 2,500 - - Repairs and maintenance 2,000 230 0 -	· ·	2,500	1,660	
Utilities 63,900 69,277 Capital outlay 44,071 36,780 General fund - reimbursement 68,818 63,083 Total 410,986 400,907 10,079 Meter Section: Salaries and employee benefits 96,605 98,037 Contracted services 2,500 - Repairs and maintenance 2,000 230 Other operating expenditures 156,015 116,525 General fund - reimbursement 52,466 48,094 Total 309,586 262,886 46,700 Raw Water Supply: Salaries and employee benefits 56,003 56,669 56,669 Contracted services 1,000 781 78 78 78 General fund - reimbursement 16,472 15,098 15,098 16,479 15,098 1,479 Water Line Maintenance and Construction: Salaries and employee benefits 427,266 418,594 41,479 Water Line Maintenance 6,300 35,569 41,479 41,479 Water Line Ma	Repairs and maintenance	56,500	67,766	
Capital outlay 44,071 36,780 General fund - reimbursement 68,818 63,083 Total 410,986 400,907 10,079 Meter Section: Salaries and employee benefits 96,605 98,037 Contracted services 2,500 - Repairs and maintenance 2,000 230 Other operating expenditures 156,015 116,525 General fund - reimbursement 52,466 48,094 Total 309,586 262,886 46,700 Raw Water Supply: Salaries and employee benefits 56,003 56,669 56,669 Contracted services 1,000 781 781 781 781 Repairs and maintenance 4,700 4,487 4487 </td <td>Other operating expenditures</td> <td>50,820</td> <td>35,759</td> <td></td>	Other operating expenditures	50,820	35,759	
General fund - reimbursement 68,818 63,083 Total 410,986 400,907 10,079 Meter Section: Salaries and employee benefits 96,605 98,037 Contracted services 2,500 - Repairs and maintenance 2,000 230 Other operating expenditures 156,015 116,525 General fund - reimbursement 52,466 48,094 Total 309,586 262,886 46,700 Raw Water Supply: Salaries and employee benefits 56,003 56,669 56,669 Contracted services 1,000 781 <td>Utilities</td> <td>63,900</td> <td>69,277</td> <td></td>	Utilities	63,900	69,277	
Total 410,986 400,907 10,079 Meter Section: 3daries and employee benefits 96,605 98,037 Contracted services 2,500 - Repairs and maintenance 2,000 230 240 2	Capital outlay	44,071	36,780	
Meter Section: Salaries and employee benefits 96,605 98,037 Contracted services 2,500 - Repairs and maintenance 2,000 230 Other operating expenditures 156,015 116,525 General fund - reimbursement 52,466 48,094 Total 309,586 262,886 46,700 Raw Water Supply: Salaries and employee benefits 56,003 56,669 Contracted services 1,000 781 781 Repairs and maintenance 4,700 4,487<	General fund - reimbursement	68,818	63,083	
Salaries and employee benefits 96,605 98,037 Contracted services 2,500 - Repairs and maintenance 2,000 230 Other operating expenditures 156,015 116,525 General fund - reimbursement 52,466 48,094 Total 309,586 262,886 46,700 Raw Water Supply: Salaries and employee benefits 56,003 56,669 Contracted services 1,000 781 Repairs and maintenance 4,700 4,487 Other operating expenditures 7,270 6,931 General fund - reimbursement 16,472 15,098 Total 85,445 83,966 1,479 Water Line Maintenance and Construction: Salaries and employee benefits 427,266 418,594 Contracted services 6,300 35,569 Repairs and maintenance 3,500 4,229 Other operating expenditures 123,930 102,024 Capital outlay 304,684 190,226 General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030	Total	410,986	400,907	10,079
Contracted services 2,500 - Repairs and maintenance 2,000 230 Other operating expenditures 156,015 116,525 General fund - reimbursement 52,466 48,094 Total 309,586 262,886 46,700 Raw Water Supply: Salaries and employee benefits 56,003 56,669 Contracted services 1,000 781 Repairs and maintenance 4,700 4,487 Other operating expenditures 7,270 6,931 General fund - reimbursement 16,472 15,098 Total 85,445 83,966 1,479 Water Line Maintenance and Construction: Salaries and employee benefits 427,266 418,594 Contracted services 6,300 35,569 Repairs and maintenance 3,500 4,229 Other operating expenditures 123,930 102,024 Capital outlay 304,684 190,226 General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030	Meter Section:			
Contracted services 2,500 - Repairs and maintenance 2,000 230 Other operating expenditures 156,015 116,525 General fund - reimbursement 52,466 48,094 Total 309,586 262,886 46,700 Raw Water Supply: Salaries and employee benefits 56,003 56,669 Contracted services 1,000 781 Repairs and maintenance 4,700 4,487 Other operating expenditures 7,270 6,931 General fund - reimbursement 16,472 15,098 Total 85,445 83,966 1,479 Water Line Maintenance and Construction: Salaries and employee benefits 427,266 418,594 Contracted services 6,300 35,569 Repairs and maintenance 3,500 4,229 Other operating expenditures 123,930 102,024 Capital outlay 304,684 190,226 General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030	Salaries and employee benefits	96,605	98,037	
Repairs and maintenance 2,000 230 Other operating expenditures 156,015 116,525 General fund - reimbursement 52,466 48,094 Total 309,586 262,886 46,700 Raw Water Supply: Salaries and employee benefits 56,003 56,669 Contracted services 1,000 781 Repairs and maintenance 4,700 4,487 Other operating expenditures 7,270 6,931 General fund - reimbursement 16,472 15,098 Total 85,445 83,966 1,479 Water Line Maintenance and Construction: Salaries and employee benefits 427,266 418,594 Contracted services 6,300 35,569 Repairs and maintenance 3,500 4,229 Other operating expenditures 123,930 102,024 Capital outlay 304,684 190,226 General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030	· ·		-	
Other operating expenditures 156,015 116,525 General fund - reimbursement 52,466 48,094 Total 309,586 262,886 46,700 Raw Water Supply: Salaries and employee benefits 56,003 56,669 56,669 Contracted services 1,000 781	Repairs and maintenance		230	
General fund - reimbursement 52,466 48,094 Total 309,586 262,886 46,700 Raw Water Supply: Salaries and employee benefits 56,003 56,669 56,669 Contracted services 1,000 781 <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>116,525</td> <td></td>	•		116,525	
Total 309,586 262,886 46,700 Raw Water Supply: Salaries and employee benefits 56,003 56,669 Contracted services 1,000 781 Repairs and maintenance 4,700 4,487 Other operating expenditures 7,270 6,931 General fund - reimbursement 16,472 15,098 Total 85,445 83,966 1,479 Water Line Maintenance and Construction: 247,266 418,594 Contracted services 6,300 35,569 Repairs and maintenance 3,500 4,229 Other operating expenditures 123,930 102,024 Capital outlay 304,684 190,226 General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030	. • .			
Salaries and employee benefits 56,003 56,669 Contracted services 1,000 781 Repairs and maintenance 4,700 4,487 Other operating expenditures 7,270 6,931 General fund - reimbursement 16,472 15,098 Total 85,445 83,966 1,479 Water Line Maintenance and Construction: Salaries and employee benefits 427,266 418,594 Contracted services 6,300 35,569 Repairs and maintenance 3,500 4,229 Other operating expenditures 123,930 102,024 Capital outlay 304,684 190,226 General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030	Total	309,586	262,886	46,700
Salaries and employee benefits 56,003 56,669 Contracted services 1,000 781 Repairs and maintenance 4,700 4,487 Other operating expenditures 7,270 6,931 General fund - reimbursement 16,472 15,098 Total 85,445 83,966 1,479 Water Line Maintenance and Construction: Salaries and employee benefits 427,266 418,594 Contracted services 6,300 35,569 Repairs and maintenance 3,500 4,229 Other operating expenditures 123,930 102,024 Capital outlay 304,684 190,226 General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030	Raw Water Supply:			
Contracted services 1,000 781 Repairs and maintenance 4,700 4,487 Other operating expenditures 7,270 6,931 General fund - reimbursement 16,472 15,098 Total 85,445 83,966 1,479 Water Line Maintenance and Construction: Salaries and employee benefits 427,266 418,594 Contracted services 6,300 35,569 Repairs and maintenance 3,500 4,229 Other operating expenditures 123,930 102,024 Capital outlay 304,684 190,226 General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030		56,003	56,669	
Repairs and maintenance 4,700 4,487 Other operating expenditures 7,270 6,931 General fund - reimbursement 16,472 15,098 Total 85,445 83,966 1,479 Water Line Maintenance and Construction: Salaries and employee benefits 427,266 418,594 Contracted services 6,300 35,569 Repairs and maintenance 3,500 4,229 Other operating expenditures 123,930 102,024 Capital outlay 304,684 190,226 General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030				
Other operating expenditures 7,270 6,931 General fund - reimbursement 16,472 15,098 Total 85,445 83,966 1,479 Water Line Maintenance and Construction: Salaries and employee benefits 427,266 418,594 Contracted services 6,300 35,569 Repairs and maintenance 3,500 4,229 Other operating expenditures 123,930 102,024 Capital outlay 304,684 190,226 General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030	Repairs and maintenance		4,487	
General fund - reimbursement 16,472 15,098 Total 85,445 83,966 1,479 Water Line Maintenance and Construction: Salaries and employee benefits 427,266 418,594 Contracted services 6,300 35,569 Repairs and maintenance 3,500 4,229 Other operating expenditures 123,930 102,024 Capital outlay 304,684 190,226 General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030	•			
Total 85,445 83,966 1,479 Water Line Maintenance and Construction: Salaries and employee benefits 427,266 418,594 Contracted services 6,300 35,569 Repairs and maintenance 3,500 4,229 Other operating expenditures 123,930 102,024 Capital outlay 304,684 190,226 General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16,472		
Salaries and employee benefits 427,266 418,594 Contracted services 6,300 35,569 Repairs and maintenance 3,500 4,229 Other operating expenditures 123,930 102,024 Capital outlay 304,684 190,226 General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030	Total	85,445	83,966	1,479
Contracted services 6,300 35,569 Repairs and maintenance 3,500 4,229 Other operating expenditures 123,930 102,024 Capital outlay 304,684 190,226 General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030	Water Line Maintenance and Construction:			
Repairs and maintenance 3,500 4,229 Other operating expenditures 123,930 102,024 Capital outlay 304,684 190,226 General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030	Salaries and employee benefits	427,266	418,594	
Other operating expenditures 123,930 102,024 Capital outlay 304,684 190,226 General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030	Contracted services	6,300	35,569	
Other operating expenditures 123,930 102,024 Capital outlay 304,684 190,226 General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030	Repairs and maintenance			
Capital outlay 304,684 190,226 General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030	•			
General fund - reimbursement 126,578 116,030	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	304,684	190,226	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	126,578		
352,250	Total	992,258	866,672	125,586

i or the riscar	rear Ended Julie 30, 20		
			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Water Treatment Plant:			
Salaries and employee benefits	697,002	713,858	
Contracted services	96,000	98,845	
Repairs and maintenance	88,500	141,974	
Other operating expenditures	629,908	488,939	
Capital outlay	92,000	26,242	
General fund - reimbursement	326,653	299,431	
Total	1,930,063	1,769,289	160,774
Wastewater Treatment Plant:			
Salaries and employee benefits	713,819	700,121	
Contracted services	7,000	4,948	
Chemicals	54,000	53,236	
Utilities	104,800	95,370	
Repairs and maintenance	55,000	57,231	
Other operating expenditures	144,246	171,343	
Capital outlay	95,400	69,665	
General fund - reimbursement	240,826	220,756	
Total	1,415,091	1,372,670	42,421
Wastewater Treatment Plant II:			
Salaries and employee benefits	72,689	72,591	
Contracted services	11,000	3,960	
Repairs and maintenance	19,800	13,750	
Other operating expenditures	46,475	30,797	
General fund - reimbursement	25,662	23,523	
Total	175,626	144,621	31,005
Sewer Line Maintenance and Construction:			
Salaries and employee benefits	250,175	248,159	
Contracted services	40,000	127,201	
Repairs and maintenance	3,000	85,509	
Other operating expenditures	105,645	94,857	
Capital outlay	201,586	35,830	
General fund - reimbursement	101,476	93,018	
Total	701,882	684,574	17,308

	D		Positive
		A at : - !	
Debt service:	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Installment purchase agreements			
Interest - MIEX water plant project	_	98,178	
Principal - Brooks Pump Station	8,663	8,663	
Principal - MIEX water plant project	470,824	372,646	
Total debt service	479,487	479,487	-
Total expenditures	6,689,341	6,250,595	438,746
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(498,965)	(594,375)	(95,410)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Sale of fixed assets	35,000	35,630	
Transfers in			
From Internal Service Fund	82,705	-	
From Water Fund	-	544,152	
From Capital Reserve Fund	1,075,524	1,075,524	
From Capital Project	7,065	3,490	
Transfers out To Internal Service Fund	(60 E00)		
To Water Fund	(60,500)	- (2.400)	
	(7,065) (459,500)	(3,490)	
To Capital Project Fund Proceeds from capital lease	319,276	- 142,827	
Contingency	(493,540)	142,021	
Total other financing sources	(493,340)		
(uses)	498,965	1,798,133	1,299,168
Revnues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses		1,203,758	1,203,758
Appropriated fund balance			
evenues and other sources over (under)			
expenditures and other uses	\$ -	\$ 1,203,758	\$ 1,203,758

Variance

			Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis			
(modified accrual) to full accrual:			
Revenues and other sources over			
expenditures and other uses			
		\$ 1,203,758	
Reconciling items:			
Debt retirement - installment purchases			
Brooks Pump Station		8,663	
MIEX water plant project		372,646	
Total debt retirement		381,309	
Capital outlay - buildings		-	
Capital outlay - distribution system		-	
Capital outlay - equipment		212,492	
Capital outlay - vehicles		146,251	
Total capital outlay		358,743	
Capital project funds			
Sales tax refund		118,206	
Interest income		319,068	
Transfer to Enterprise Fund		(1,619,676)	
Depreciation		(804,550)	
Capital lease		(142,827)	
Increase in compensated absences		(1,494)	
Decrease in accrued interest payable		7,861	
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		161,464	
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		53,628	
Increase in net pension liabilty		(194,649)	
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		11,973	
Increase in OPEB liability		(3,980)	
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		415	
Total reconciling items		(1,354,509)	
Change in net position		\$ (150,751)	

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City of Roxboro, North Carolina Enterprise Fund - Waste Water Treatment Plant Project Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Modified Accrual Basis) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Pro	ject Authorizat	ion	Actual				
	June 30, 2018	•		Prior Years	Current Year	Total Project To Date	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:								
Other operating revenues:								
Sales tax refund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,702	\$ -	\$ 3,702	\$ 3,702	
Interest on debt proceeds	· _	· _	_	-	28,177	-	-	
Investment earnings					290,891	290,891	290,891	
Total revenues	<u>-</u>			3,702	319,068	322,770	322,770	
Expenditures:								
Professional fees - engineering	1,989,359	_	1,989,359	1,538,443	444,673	1,983,116	6,243	
Professional fees - construction	-	22,035,000	22,035,000	-	7,863,494	7,863,494	14,171,506	
Total expenditures	1,989,359	22,035,000	24,024,359	1,538,443	8,308,167	9,846,610	14,177,749	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,989,359)	(22,035,000)	(24,024,359)	(1,534,741)	(7,989,099)	(9,523,840)	14,500,519	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in (out):								
To Water and Sewer Utility Fund	-	-	-	(289,507)	-	(289,507)	(289,507)	
From Water and Sewer Utility Fund	1,630,541	-	1,630,541	1,640,000	-	1,640,000	9,459	
To Capital Reserve Fund	-	(1,750,000)	(1,750,000)	-	(1,619,676)	(1,619,676)	130,324	
Proceeds from capital lease	335,007	-	335,007	-	-	-	(335,007)	
Proceeds from revenue bond anticipation note	-	23,785,000	23,785,000	-	23,785,000	23,785,000	-	
Fund balance appropriation	23,811	-	23,811		-	-	(23,811)	
Total other financing sources	1,989,359	22,035,000	24,024,359	1,350,493	22,165,324	23,515,817	(508,542)	
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		\$14,176,225	\$13,991,977	\$13,991,977	

Internal Service Fund

Internal Service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or other departments of the City.

Insurance Fund: This fund is used to account for the City's insurance transactions.

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Internal Service Fund - Health Benefits Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:				
Contribution from General Fund	\$ 71,040	\$ -	\$ (71,040)	
Contribution from Water and Sewer Fund	13,460	111,393	97,933	
Total revenues	84,500	111,393	26,893	
Expenditures:				
Health Insurance	84,500	111,393	(26,893)	
Total expenditures	84,500	111,393	(26,893)	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	222,786	\$ 222,786	
Fund Balance: Beginning of year, July 1				
End of year, June 30		\$ -		
Total revenues		\$ 111,393		
Total expenditures		111,393		
Change in net position		\$ -		

Agency Fund

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.

Flexible Spending Fund: This fund accounts for assets held by the City for its employees' payroll deductions from employees under the City's pretax Medical Flex Plan to be used for payment of employees' medical expenses.

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Agency Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Flexible Spending Fund	_	Balance July 1, 2018		Addtitions		<u>Deductions</u>		Balance June 30, 2019	
Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	57,263	\$	10,686	\$	-	\$	67,949	
Total assets	\$	57,263	\$	10,686	\$	-	\$	67,949	
Liabilities:									
Due to other funds	\$	44,989	\$	10,629	\$	-	\$	55,618	
Accounts payable - employees		12,274		57				12,331	
Revenues over (under) expenditures									
Total liabilities	\$	57,263	\$	10,686	\$	-	\$	67,949	

OTHER SCHEDULES

This section contains additional information required on property taxes.

Schedule of Cash and Investment Balances

Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Schedule of Transfers

Schedule of Bonded Debt and Other Long-term Debt

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Schedule of Cash and Investment Balances June 30, 2019

	·	Carrying Value		Cost Value		Market Value
Cash and Investments in the Form of:						
Cash:	_				_	
On hand	\$	750	\$	750	\$	750
In demand deposits In escrow deposits		18,700,529		18,700,529		18,700,529
In time deposits		_		_		_
Certificates of deposit		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		-
Total cash		18,701,279		18,701,279		18,701,279
Other investments:						
North Carolina Capital Management Trust		2,407,228		2,407,228		2,407,228
Total other investments		2,407,228		2,407,228		2,407,228
Total cash and other investments	\$	21,108,507	\$	21,108,507	\$	21,108,507
	U	nrestricted		Restricted		Total
Distribution by Funds: General Fund	\$	3,764,122	\$	171,609	\$	3,935,731
Special Revenue Funds:						
Vehicle Tags Fund		1,183		-		1,183
Ridge Road Project Fund		-		-		-
Stormwater Fee Fund		187,692		-		187,692
Community Development Block Grant Funds Revolving Loan Fund		_		77,828		77,828
Old Durham Road Upgrade Project Fund		<u>-</u>		-		
Total special revenue Funds		188,875		77,828		266,703
Capital Projects Fund		-		-		-
Enterprise Fund		1,802,755		15,035,369		16,838,124
Agency Funds						
Flexible Spending Fund		67,949				67,949
Total agency funds		67,949				67,949
Total cash and investments- all funds	\$	5,823,701	\$	15,284,806	\$	21,108,507

City of Roxboro, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2019

	Uncollected			Releases	Ur	ncollected
Fiscal	Balance			and		Balance
Year	June 30, 2018	Additions	Collections	Credits	Jun	e 30, 2019
2018-2019	\$ -	\$ 5,156,526	\$ 5,089,663	\$ -	\$	66,863
2017-2018	76,670	-	35,962	(183)		40,891
2016-2017	30,388	-	9,325	14		21,049
2015-2016	17,511	-	3,734	3		13,774
2014-2015	14,452	-	4,128	3		10,321
2013-2014	14,426	-	2,698	3		11,725
2012-2013	12,329	-	1,189	-		11,140
2011-2012	11,057	-	549	49		10,459
2010-2011	10,499	-	93			10,406
2009-2010	8,667	-	329	-		8,338
2008-2009	6,302		304	-		5,998
	\$ 202,301	\$ 5,156,526	\$ 5,147,974	\$ (111)	\$	210,964

Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts General Fund	 (115,096)
Ad valorem taxes receivable-net	\$ 95,868
Reconcilement with revenues:	
Ad valorem taxes-General Fund Reconciling items:	\$ 4,429,017
Interest collected	(25,843)
Collection fee paid for vehicle tax	(2,682)
Revenue - Vehicle Tags Fund	142,274
Revenue - DMV taxes	581,177
Adjustments	8,886
Releases	 15,145
Subtotal	718,957
Total collections	\$ 5,147,974

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy City-Wide Levy

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

												Tota	l Levy
												Property	
				Public	Senior			Cit	y-Wide			Excluding Registered	Registered
	Real	Personal	Motor	Utility	Citizens	Property		Property	Late Listing	Vehicle	Total	Motor	Motor
	Property	Property	Vehicles	Companies	Exemption	Valuation	Rate	Tax	Penalty	Tags	Levy	Vehicles	Vehicles
Original Levy:													
Property taxed at current year's rate Public utilities Motor vehicles:	\$463,511,071 -	\$175,028,806 -	\$ -	\$ - 14,857,987	\$ (7,239,014) -	\$631,300,863 14,857,987	0.670 0.670	\$ 4,229,716 99,549	\$ 3,715	\$ -	\$ 4,233,431 99,549	\$ 4,233,431 99,549	\$ -
Taxed at DMV			90,601,279			90,601,279	0.670	607,028		141,800	748,828		748,828
Total original levy	463,511,071	175,028,806	90,601,279	14,857,987	(7,239,014)	736,760,129		4,936,293	3,715	141,800	5,081,808	4,332,980	748,828
Discoveries: Property taxed at current year's rate	_	12,310,513			_	12,310,513	0.670	82,480	487		82,967	82,967	
Property taxed at current year's rate Property taxed at prior year's rate		12,310,313					0.670						
Total discoveries		12,310,513				12,310,513		82,480	487		82,967	82,967	
Abatements: Property taxed at current year's rate Property taxed at prior year's rate	- -	1,139,909	- -	-	- -	1,139,909	0.670 0.670	7,637 -	612	-	8,249	8,249 -	- -
Total abatements		1,139,909				1,139,909		7,637	612		8,249	8,249	
Total property valuation	463,511,071	186,199,410	90,601,279	14,857,987	(7,239,014)	747,930,733							
Net Levy								5,011,136	3,590	141,800	5,156,526	4,407,698	748,828
Less uncollected taxes at June 30, 2019								66,420	443_		66,863	66,863	
Current year's taxes collected								\$ 4,944,716	\$ 3,147	\$ 141,800	\$ 5,089,663	\$ 4,340,835	\$ 748,828
Current levy collection percentage											98.70%	98.48%	100.00%

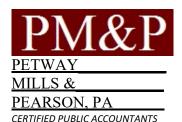
City of Roxboro, North Carolina Schedule of Transfers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Transfers					
		From	То			
Transfers From/To Other Funds:						
General Fund	\$	250,000	\$	166,600		
Special Revenue Funds						
Vehicle Tags Fund		141,600		-		
Stormwater Fund		25,000		-		
Capital Projects Fund		-		249,640		
LEO Separation Fund		-		360		
Total transfers- other funds	\$	416,600	\$	416,600		

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Schedule of Bonded Debt and Other Long-Term Debt For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

			. mornoda re	Amount Outstanding	00, 2010		Amount Outstanding	Debt	Service
	Date of	Interest	Maturity	June 30,	Changes Du		June 30,		nts 2019-2020
	Issuance	Rate	Date	2018	Issued	Retired	2019	Principal	Interest
Governmental Activities:									
Capital Leases									
Police software	26-Aug-16	2.85%	26-Aug-20	173,908	-	56,348	117,560	57,954	3,351
Total Capital Lease debt				173,908		56,348	117,560	57,954	3,351
Direct Borrowing Agreements:									
Police vehicles/truck	30-Jun-15	1.57%	1-Jun-19	51,153	-	51,153	-	-	-
Police station	12-Sep-06	4.38%	30-Sep-36	2,536,415	-	81,968	2,454,447	85,553	107,382
Police vehicles	30-Jun-14	2.48%	30-Jun-19	93,236	-	93,236	-	-	-
Police vehicles & utility truck	29-Jun-16	1.60%	1-Jun-20	132,409	-	65,667	66,742	66,742	1,071
Police vehicles	26-Jun-17	1.98%	1-Jun-21	72,831	-	23,797	49,034	24,272	973
Fire truck	19-Jun-17	0.00%	1-Sep-26	324,000	-	36,000	288,000	36,000	-
Air truck	18-Sep-18	0.00%	31-Jan-23	-	100,000	20,000	80,000	20,000	800
Police vehicles	25-Jun-19	2.68%	1-Jun-23	-	102,946	-	102,946	24,702	2,736
Total direct borrowing debt				3,210,044	202,946	371,821	3,041,169	257,269	112,962
Total Governmental Debt				\$ 3,383,952	\$ 202,946	\$428,169	\$ 3,158,729	\$ 315,223	\$ 116,313
Business Type Activities:									
Direct Borrowing Agreements:									
MIEX Water Plant Project	17-Oct-13	2.52%	30-Oct-20	\$ 3,898,988	\$ -	\$372,646	\$ 3,526,342	\$ 381,956	\$ 88,868
Brooks Pump Station	30-Jun-10	0.00%	30-Jun-30	103,953	-	8,663	95,290	8,663	-
Backhoe	25-Jun-19	2.68%	1-Jun-23	-	142,827	-	142,827	34,272	3,796
Direct Placement Agreements:									
Wastewater Treatment Plant	24-Jul-18	3.30%	30-Jun-22		23,785,000		23,785,000		790,322
Total Business type debt				4,002,941	23,927,827	381,309	27,549,459	424,891	882,986
Total long-term debt				\$ 7,386,893	\$ 24,130,773	\$809,478	\$ 30,708,188	\$ 740,114	\$ 999,299

COMPLIANCE SECTION



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American Institute Of Certified Public Accountants

Medical Group Management Association

Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Roxboro, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Roxboro, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Roxboro's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 27, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Roxboro's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Roxboro's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Roxboro's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matter that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Petway Mills & Pearson, PA PETWAY MILLS & PEARSON, PA

Certified Public Accountants Zebulon, North Carolina

February 27, 2020



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Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Roxboro, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Roxboro's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Uniform Guidance Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on the City of Roxboro's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019. The City of Roxboro's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City of Roxboro's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing* Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Roxboro's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Roxboro's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Roxboro complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Roxboro is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the

City of Roxboro's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

PETWAY MILLS & PEARSON, PA

Petway Mills & Pearson, PA

Certified Public Accountants Zebulon, North Carolina

February 27, 2020

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

SECTION I. - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>			
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	Χ	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes	Х	none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	yes	Х	no
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major federal program:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	Х	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes	Х	no
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal program:	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance?	yes	Х	no
Identification of major federal program:			
Program Name United States Department of Agriculture	CFDA # 10.760		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs	\$ 750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes	X	no

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

SECTION II. - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

SECTION II. - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None required

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None required

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Summary Schedule of Prior Years' Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

SECTION II. - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

There were no findings in 2018.

CITY OF ROXBORO, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Federal CFDA	State/ Pass-through Grantor's	
Grantor/Pass-through/ Grantor-Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS			
U.S. Department of Agrictulture Direct Program			
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	10.760		\$ 23,785,000
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			23,785,000
STATE AWARDS			
NC Department of Commerce Direct Program NC Rural Center			1,500
NC Department of Transportation Direct Program			.,,
Powell Bill		DOT-4	282,404
TOTAL STATE AWARDS			283,904
TOTAL FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS			\$ 24,068,904

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards includes the federal and State grant activity of the City of Roxboro under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (*Uniform Guidance*) and of the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Roxboro, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows for the City of Roxboro.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the Schedule of Federal and State Awards are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

The City of Roxboro has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Loans

The City of Roxbord		

	CFDA#	Balance	
U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.760	\$ 23,785,	000