# TOWN OF WALLACE WALLACE, NORTH CAROLINA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2019 <u>Mayor</u> Charles C. Farrior Jr.

> Mayor Pro-Tem Warren Hepler

Commissioners Frank Brinkley

Wannetta Carlton

William Carter

Jason Wells

Town Manager
Laurence Bergman

Town Clerk
Jackie Nicholson

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### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Wallace, North Carolina

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wallace, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Town of Wallace ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregated remaining fund information of the Town of Wallace as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Wallace, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 6, 2020 on our consideration of Town of Wallace's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Wallace's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA

Wilmington, North Carolina May 6, 2020



### Town of Wallace Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

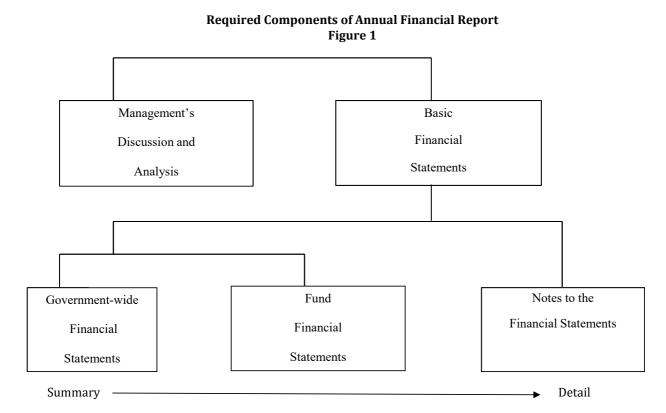
As management of the Town of Wallace, we offer readers of the Town of Wallace's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

### Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Wallace exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$22,823,750 (net position).
- The government's total net position decreased by \$695,029, due to a decrease in both the governmental-type and business-type activities net position.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Wallace's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,736,998 a decrease of \$458,636 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 46 percent of this total amount, or \$791,455 is non spendable, restricted or assigned.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,771,089, or 43% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The Town of Wallace's total installment debt decrease by \$741,390 during the current fiscal year.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Wallace's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Wallace.



### **Basic Financial Statements**

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show additional details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes can also be found in this part of the statements.

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

Management Discussion and Analysis Town of Wallace

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes, sales tax and State and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Wallace. The final category is the component unit although legally separate from the Town, the ABC Board is important to the Town. The Town exercises control over the Board by appointing its members and because the Board is required to distribute its profits to the Town.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Wallace, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Wallace can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

**Governmental Funds** – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Wallace adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

**Proprietary Funds** – Town of Wallace has one proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Wallace uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activities. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow Exhibit 8 of this report.

**Other Information** – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information.

**Interdependence with Other Entities-** The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign government and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

### Town of Wallace's Net Position Figure 2

	Governmental Activities		Busines: Activ	J 1	Total		
	2019	2018		2019	2018	2019	2018
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 2,184,877 7,572,067	\$ 3,008,499 7,890,154	\$	3,496,740 16,219,331	\$ 3,316,838 17,008,592	\$ 5,681,617 23,791,398	\$ 6,325,337 24,898,746
Total assets	9,756,944	10,898,653		19,716,071	20,325,430	29,473,015	31,224,083
Deferred outflows of resources	453,344	286,284		171,515	111,333	624,859	397,617
Long-term liabilities outstanding	1,431,563	1,739,293		5,335,247	5,691,864	6,766,810	7,431,157
Other liabilities	262,942	113,831		99,148	105,132	362,090	218,963
Total liabilities	1,694,505	1,853,124		5,434,395	5,796,996	7,128,900	7,650,120
Deferred inflows of resources	137,054	30,589		8,170	9,748	145,224	40,337
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	6,862,638	6,857,164		11,099,369	11,470,801	17,962,007	18,327,965
Restricted	773,583	910,948		-	-	773,583	910,948
Unrestricted	742,508	1,533,112		3,345,652	3,159,218	4,088,160	4,692,330
Total net position	\$ 8,378,729	\$ 9,301,224	\$	14,445,021	\$ 14,630,019	\$ 22,823,750	\$23,931,243

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Wallace exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$22,823,750 as of June 30, 2019. The Town's net position decreased by \$695,029 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. However, the largest portion \$17,962,007 (79%) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The Town of Wallace uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Wallace's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion to the Town of Wallace's net position \$773,583 (3%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they maybe used. The remaining balance of \$4,088,160 (18%) is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 93.96%.
- Increase in grant revenue for Town.

## Town of Wallace Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Governmental Activities		Business Activi		Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 1,766,063	\$ 1,268,554	\$ 3,078,619	\$ 3,117,056	\$ 4,844,682	\$ 4,385,610	
Operating grants and contributions	622,604	430,187	-	74,246	622,604	504,433	
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	111,115	-	111,115	-	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	1,510,927	1,456,732	-	-	1,510,927	1,456,732	
Other taxes	1,414,329	1,303,502	-	-	1,414,329	1,303,502	
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	-	-	_	_	_	-	
Other	21,703	10,661	19,813	169,734	41,516	180,395	
Total revenues	5,335,626	4,469,636	3,209,547	3,361,036	8,545,173	7,830,672	
Expenses:							
General government	536,321	482,721	-	-	536,321	482,721	
Public Safety	1,619,181	1,590,036	-	-	1,619,181	1,590,036	
Transportation	862,036	895,923	-	-	862,036	895,923	
Environmental protection	460,691	405,873	-	-	460,691	405,873	
Cultural and recreation	629,501	631,588	-	-	629,501	631,588	
Economic Development	1,708,564	153,837	-	-	1,708,564	153,837	
Interest on long-term debt	29,363	20,980	-	-	29,363	20,980	
Water and Sewer	-		3,394,545	3,401,642	3,394,545	3,401,642	
Total expenses	5,845,657	4,180,958	3,394,545	3,401,642	9,240,202	7,582,600	
Increase (decrease) in net position befor	e						
transfers	(510,031)	288,678	(184,998)	(40,606)	(695,029)	248,072	
Transfers		-		-	-	-	
Increase (decrease) in net position	(510,031)	288,678	(184,998)	(40,606)	(695,029)	248,072	
Net position, beginning, previously reported	9,301,224	9,012,546	14,630,019	14,670,625	23,931,243	23,683,171	
Restatement	(412,464)	-	-	-	(412,464)	-	
Net position, beginning, restated	8,888,760	9,012,546	 14,630,019	14,670,625	23,518,779	23,683,171	
Net position, ending	\$ 8,378,729	\$ 9,301,224	\$ 14,445,021	\$ 14,630,019	\$ 22,823,750	\$23,931,243	

**Governmental activities.** Governmental activities decrease the Town's net position by \$510,031. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

### • Increase in expenses.

**Business-type activities.** Business-type activities decreased the Town of Wallace's net position by \$184,998. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

• Decrease in revenues.

### Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Wallace uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds.** The focus of the Town of Wallace's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Wallace's financing requirements.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Wallace. At the end of the current fiscal year, Town of Wallace's unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$1,771,089, while total fund balance reached \$2,562,544. The Governing Body of Town of Wallace has determined the town should maintain an available fund balance of 10% of general fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the Town. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 43% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represent 62% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2019 the governmental funds of Town of Wallace reported a combined fund balance of \$1,736,998, with a net decrease in fund balance of \$458,636. Included in this change in fund balance is an increase in the fund balance in the General Fund.

**General Fund Budgetary Highlights.** During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

**Proprietary Funds.** The Town of Wallace's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$3,345,652. The total change in net position for the Water and Sewer Fund was \$184,988. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Wallace's business-type activities.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** The Town of Wallace's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business–type activities as of June 30, 2019 totals \$23,791,398 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, infrastructure, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

Purchase of vehicles and equipment.

### Town of Wallace's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

	Governmental Activities		Busines: Activ	J 1	Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Land	\$ 1,404,961	\$ 1,404,961	\$ 57,846	\$ 57,846	\$ 1,462,807	\$ 1,462,807	
Buildings and other systems	1,670,057	1,730,602	19,451	24,234	1,689,508	1,754,836	
Plant and distribution system	-	-	15,896,999	16,661,425	15,896,999	16,661,425	
Improvements other than buildings	1,672,811	1,795,552	-	-	1,672,811	1,795,552	
Machinery and equipment	118,228	113,526	162,434	183,558	280,662	297,084	
Vehicles and motorized equipment	691,535	831,037	82,601	81,529	774,136	912,566	
Construction in progress	2,014,475	2,014,475	-	-	2,014,475	2,014,475	
Total	\$ 7,572,067	\$ 7,890,154	\$ 16,219,331	\$ 17,008,592	\$ 23,791,398	\$24,898,746	

Additional information regarding the Town of Wallace's capital assets can be found in the notes of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2019 the Town of Wallace had total debt outstanding of \$5,829,391.

### Town of Wallace Outstanding Debt Figure 5

	Governmental Activities			Business Activ		Total		
	2019 2018		2019 2018		2019	2018		
Financing Agreements	\$ 709,429 \$ 1,032,990		\$ \$ 5,119,962 \$ 5,537,		\$ 5,829,391	\$ 6,570,781		
Total	\$	709,429	\$ 1,032,990	\$ 5,119,962	\$ 5,537,791	\$ 5,829,391	\$ 6,570,781	

### Town of Wallace's Outstanding Debt

North Carolina General Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue up to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of Wallace is \$20,350,542.

Additional information regarding the Town of Wallace's long-term debt can be found in the notes of the Basic Financial Statements.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

### Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

**Governmental Activities.** Property taxes are expected to remain the same as the current tax rate. The Town will use increases in revenues to finance programs currently in place. No new revenues are anticipated and other current sources remain constant. Management continually seeks grants and funding form outside sources to supplement the Town's revenue streams.

**Business-type Activities.** The water and sewer rates remained the same.

### **Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Town Manager, Town of Wallace, 316 E. Murray St. or call Town Hall at 910-285-4136.



### Town of Wallace, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Primary Government							
		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	!	Total	_	Town of Wallace ABC Board
ASSETS	•					_		
Current Assets:							_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,218,246	\$	2,093,348	\$	4,311,594	\$	178,124
Restricted cash		52,537		- -		52,537		-
Receivables (net)		796,222		475,392		1,271,614		-
Prepaid items		<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>		-		4,458
Inventories		17,872		28,000		45,872		147,533
Internal balances		(900,000)		900,000		-		-
Non Current Assets:								
Capital assets:								
Land, improvements, and construction in								
progress		3,419,436		57,846		3,477,282		16,302
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		4,152,631		16,161,485	_	20,314,116		46,247
Total capital assets		7,572,067		16,219,331	_	23,791,398		62,549
Total assets		9,756,944		19,716,071		29,473,015		392,664
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	453,344	\$	171,515	\$	624,859	\$	19,345
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	202,644	\$	54,350	\$	256,994	\$	129,626
Accrued interest	,	9,958	Ψ.	9,544	*	19,502	Ψ	-
Compensated absences payable		50,340		35,254		85,594		_
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:		00,000				00,07		
Long-term liabilities:								
Compensated absences payable		43,157		_		43,157		_
Net pension liability - LGERS		553,591		215,285		768,876		8,302
Total pension liability - LEOSSA		125,386		,		125,386		-
Due within one year		218,360		343,591		561,951		_
Due in more than one year		491,069		4,776,371		5,267,440		_
Total liabilities	,	1,694,505		5,434,395		7,128,900		137,928
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	,	137,054		8,170		145,224	_	195
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		6,862,638		11,099,369		17,962,007		62,549
Restricted for:		0,002,000		11,077,007		17,702,007		02,019
Streets		52,537		_		52,537		_
State stabilization		650,566		_		650,566		_
USDA reserve		70,480		_		70,480		_
Working capital		70,700		-		, 0, 700		53,944
Capital improvements		_		_		_		5,000
Unrestricted (deficit)		742,508		3,345,652		4,088,160		152,393
Total net position	\$	8,378,729	\$	14,445,021	- \$ -		<b>\$</b>	273,886
Total lice position	7	0,370,727	: `:	11,170,041	= =	22,023,730	_	2,3,000

### Town of Wallace, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			<b>Program Revenues</b>		Net (Expense)	Revenue and Changes in	Net Position		
		_				` '	Primary Government		
			Charges for	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	Governmental	Business-type		Town of Wallace
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	and	and	Activities	Activities	Total	ABC Board
Primary government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$	536,321 \$	456,467	- :	-	\$ (79,854)	\$ - \$	(79,854) \$	-
Public safety		1,619,181	157,188	151,849	-	(1,310,144)	-	(1,310,144)	-
Cultural and recreation		629,501	66,722	-	-	(562,779)	-	(562,779)	-
Transportation		862,036	263,732	467,986	-	(130,318)	-	(130,318)	-
Economic development		1,708,564	-	-	-	(1,708,564)	-	(1,708,564)	-
Environmental protection		460,691	821,954	2,769	-	364,032	-	364,032	-
Interest on long-term debt		29,363	-			(29,363)		(29,363)	
Total governmental activities	_	5,845,657	1,766,063	622,604		(3,456,990)	<u> </u>	(3,456,990)	
Business-type activities:									
Water and Sewer		3,394,545	3,078,619	_	111,115	_	(204,811)	(204,811)	-
Total business-type activities		3,394,545	3,078,619		111,115	-	(204,811)	(204,811)	-
Total Primary Government	\$	9,240,202 \$	4,844,682	622,604	111,115	(3,456,990)	(204,811)	(3,661,801)	
Component unit:									
ABC Board		1,984,097	1,819,622	_	_	_		_	(164,475)
Total component unit	<u>\$</u>	1,984,097 \$	1,819,622	- 5	<u> </u>		<del></del>		(164,475)
								_	
	Ge	neral revenues:							
		Taxes:							
			vied for general pu	rpose		1,510,927	-	1,510,927	-
		Local option sale:				1,085,089	-	1,085,089	-
		Other taxes and l				329,240	-	329,240	-
				to specific programs		-	-	-	-
		Investment earnings	s, unrestricted			21,703	19,813	41,516	23
		Miscellaneous						-	
		Total general				2,946,959	19,813	2,966,772	23
		Change in net	position			(510,031)	(184,998)	(695,029)	(164,452)
	Ne	t position, beginning a	s previously reporte	ed		9,301,224	14,630,019	23,931,243	219,169
		statement				(412,464)	-	(412,464)	-
	Ne	t position, beginning r	estated			8,888,760	14,630,019	23,518,779	
	Ne	t position, ending				\$ 8,378,729	\$ <u>14,445,021</u> \$	22,823,750 \$	54,717

### Town of Wallace, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Major Funds					
	General	Fund	Hurrica Florence F		Total Non- Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents		15,971	\$ 290	,205 \$	12,070	, ,
Restricted cash		52,537		-	-	52,537
Taxes receivables, net		11,610		-	-	211,610
Inventory Due from other funds		17,872		-	-	17,872
Account receivables, net		00,000		- 421	-	100,000 550,987
Total assets		80,566 18,556	290	626 \$	12,070	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	74,402	124	,752 \$	3,490	202,644
Due to other funds		-	1,000	,000	-	1,000,000
Total liabilities	7	74,402	1,124	752	3,490	1,202,644
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property taxes receivable	21	1,610				211,610
Total deferred inflows of resources	21	1,610		-	-	211,610
Fund balances:						
Non Spendable		7 072				17.072
Inventory Restricted		17,872		-	-	17,872
Stabilization by State Statute	61	50,566		421		650,987
USDA Reserve		70,480		421	-	70,480
Streets - Powell Bill		52,537				52,537
Committed	`	12,337		_	_	32,337
Economic development		_	(834	,547)	8,580	(825,967)
Unassigned	1.73	71,089	(031)	-	-	1,771,089
Total fund balances		52,544	(834	,126)	8,580	1,736,998
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances						
	\$ 2,84	18,556	290	,626_\$	12,070	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.						7,572,067
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not						7,372,007
reported in the funds.  Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in						453,344
fund statements.  Other long-term assets (accrued interest from taxes) are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are						211,610
inflows of resources in the funds.  Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not						33,625
financials uses and therefore are not reported in the funds.  Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not						(802,926)
reported in the funds Other long-term liabilities (accrued interest) are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in						(137,054)
the funds. Net pension liability - LGERS.						(9,958)
						(553,591)
Total pension liability - LEOSSA.						(125,386)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	8,378,729

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	-	Major l	Funds			
	-	General Fund	Hurricane Florence Fund	Total Non- Major Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES	d.	1 F (2 420 d	th.	ф	1 5(2 420	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,562,438 \$	- \$	- \$	, ,	
Unrestricted intergovernmental		1,429,613	125 400	-	1,429,613	
Restricted intergovernmental Permits and fees		143,218	125,489	353,897	622,604	
		787,347	-	-	787,347	
Sales and services		615,702	-	-	615,702	
Miscellaneous		-	351,451	-	351,451	
Investment earnings	-	21,703	476.040	252.007	21,703	
Total revenues	-	4,560,021	476,940	353,897	5,390,858	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		525,459	-	-	525,459	
Public safety		1,498,388	-	-	1,498,388	
Public works and transportation		760,767	-	-	760,767	
Culture and recreation		554,437	-	-	554,437	
Debt Service		353,142	-	-	353,142	
Economic Development		-	1,311,066	397,498	1,708,564	
Environmental protection	_	460,300	<u> </u>	-	460,300	
Total expenditures	_	4,152,493	1,311,066	397,498	5,861,057	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	_					
expenditures		407,528	(834,126)	(43,601)	(470,199)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from other funds		(28,504)	-	-	(28,504)	
Local contribution		-	-	11,563	11,563	
Transfers to other funds		-	-	28,504	28,504	
Installment purchase obligations issued		-	-	-	-	
Total other financing sources and uses		(28,504)	-	40,067	11,563	
Net change in fund balance		379,024	(834,126)	(3,534)	(458,636)	
Fund balances-beginning as previously reported		2,595,984	-	12,114	2,608,098	
Restatement		(412,464)	-	-	(412,464)	
Fund balances-beginning restated		2,183,520		12,114	2,195,634	
Fund balances-ending	\$	2,562,544 \$	(834,126) \$	8,580 \$	1,736,998	

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

et changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (458,636)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized Depreciation expense for governmental assets	116,621 (419,576)	(302,955)
Loss on disposal of asset		15,131
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		131,509
Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of		-
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:		
Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues		(51,511)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Change in compensated absences Pension expense Change in accrued interest		(11,018) (156,330) 218
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
New long-term debt issued Principal payments on long-term debt	323,561	323,561
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ (510,031)

### Town of Wallace, North Carolina General Fund and Annually Budgeted Special Revenue Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Genera	l Fund	
	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,410,846 \$	1,537,141 \$	1,562,438 \$	
Unrestricted intergovernmental		1,460,720	1,369,930	1,429,613	59,683
Restricted intergovernmental		156,000	158,668	143,218	(15,450)
Permits and fees		517,050	800,589	787,347	(13,242)
Sales and services		935,579	615,771	615,702	(69)
Investment earnings	_	18,000	18,376	21,703	3,327
Total revenues	_	4,498,195	4,500,475	4,560,021	59,546
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		526,530	540,899	525,459	15,440
Public safety		1,465,574	1,692,575	1,498,388	194,187
Public works and transportation		846,846	860,872	760,767	100,105
Culture and recreation		842,495	827,205	554,437	272,768
Debt service		355,500	355,517	353,142	2,375
Environmental protection		604,250	565,153	460,300	104,853
Total expenditures		4,641,195	4,842,221	4,152,493	689,728
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(143,000)	(341,746)	407,528	749,274
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from installment purchase		-	320,000	-	
Fund Balance Appropriated		143,000	143,000	-	
Transfers (to)/from		-	(121,254)	(28,504)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	143,000	341,746	(28,504)	(370,250)
Fund balance appropriated		-	-	-	-
Net change in fund balance	\$_	\$_	-	379,024 \$	379,024
Fund balances:					
Beginning of year, July 1, previously reported				2,595,984	
Restatment				(412,464)	
Fund Balance, beginning, restated				2,183,520	
End of year, June 30			-2	2,562,544	

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2019

	M	lajor Enterprise Fund
		Water and Sewer
		Fund
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,093,348
Accounts Receivable (net)		475,392
Due from other funds		900,000
Inventories		28,000
Total current assets	_	3,496,740
Non current assets:		
Capital assets (net)		16,219,331
Total assets	_	19,716,071
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	171,515
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued		
liabilities	\$	54,350
Accrued interest		9,544
Compensated absences payable		35,254
Note payable - current		343,591
Total	_	442,739
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences payable		-
Net pension liability - LGERS		215,285
Note payable - noncurrent		4,776,371
Total	_	4,991,656
Total liabilities	_	5,434,395
Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	8,170
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		11,099,369
Unrestricted		3,345,652
Total net position	\$	14,445,021

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

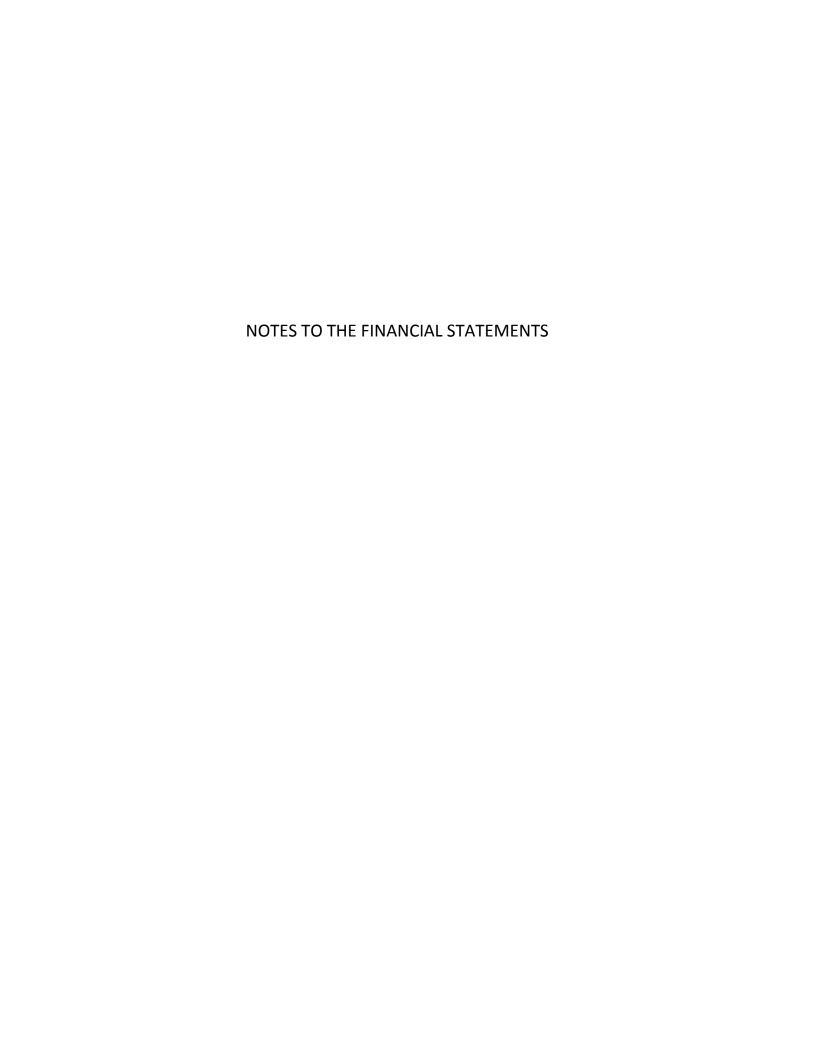
		Major Enterprise Fund
		Water and Sewer
		Fund
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$	3,007,146
Water & Sewer taps		19,056
Other operating revenues		52,417
Total operating revenues		3,078,619
Operating expenses:		
Water maintenance and operation		1,181,615
Sewer maintenance and operation		1,210,716
Depreciation		880,232
Total operating expenses		3,272,563
Operating income		(193,944)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings Insurance proceeds		19,813
Interest and fees		(121,982)
Total nonoperating revenues		(===,: ==)
(expenses)		(102,169)
Income before contributions	and	
transfers		(296,113)
Capital contributions		111,115
Change in net position		(184,998)
Total net position, beginning		14,630,019
Total net position, ending	\$	14,445,021

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u> </u>	Major Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer Fund
	_	
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$	3,078,619
Cash paid for goods and services	Ф	
. 9		(1,412,432)
Cash paid to employees for services		(970,332)
Net cash provided by	_	
operating activities	_	695,855
Cash flows from noncapital financing		
activities:		
Transfers between funds	_	(900,000)
Net cash used by noncapital financing		
activities	_	(900,000)
Cash flows from capital and related		
financing activities:		
Capital Contributions		111,115
Acquisition and construction of		
capital assets		(90,972)
Principal paid on bond maturities		
and note agreements		(417,829)
Interest and fees paid on bond maturities		(117,027)
and notes agreements		(121,982)
Net cash (used) by capital and		(121,702)
related financing activities	-	(519,668)
related infallenig activities	_	(317,000)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest on investments		19,813
interest on investments	_	19,013
Net decrease in cash and cash		
		(704 000)
equivalents		(704,000)
Cash and each aguivalents:		
Cash and cash equivalents:		2 707 240
Beginning of year, July 1		2,797,348
End of year, June 30	\$ _	2,093,348

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

N	Major Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer Fund
\$	(193,944)
_	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
	880,232
	20,958
	300
	(4.00.0)
	(1,396)
	((0.102)
	(60,182)
/	68,648
	(10,501)
	(6,682)
	(1,578)
-	889,799
_	007,777
\$_	695,855
7	



### Town of Wallace, North Carolina Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Wallace and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

### A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Wallace is a municipal corporation, which is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the Town is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the Town's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Town.

### Town of Wallace ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the Town. In addition, the ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the Town. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at Town of Wallace ABC Board, 301 N. Norwood Street, Wallace, North Carolina 28466.

### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type* activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund**. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

**Special Revenue Fund-Hurricane Florence Fund.** This fund is used to account for the funds and expenditures of the Town related to repairs from Hurricane Florence.

The town reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Fund-Sidewalk Fund. This fund is used to account for the funds and expenditures of the Town for sidewalk installation.

Capital Project Fund-Airport Project Fund. This fund is used to account for the funds and expenditures of the Town for airport projects.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

**Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund.** This fund is used to account for the water and sewer operations of the Town. A Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund has been consolidated into the Water and Sewer Fund for financial reporting purposes. The budgetary comparison for the Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund has been included in the supplemental information

### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Wallace because the tax is levied by the County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

### D. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Special Revenue Grant Project Fund, and the Sewer Capital Project Fund. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than 10%. The governing board must approve all amendments. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

### 1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town and the ABC board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town and the ABC board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town and the ABC board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town and the ABC board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's and the ABC Board's investments are reported at fair value. The NCCM Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at fair value. The NCCMT-Term Portfolio is bond fund, has no rating and is measured at fair value. As of June 30, 2019, the Term Portfolio has a duration of .11 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

In accordance with State law, the Town has invested in securities which are callable, and which provide for periodic interest rate increases in specific increments until maturity. These investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

### 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income and considers all cash and investments to be cash and cash equivalents. The ABC board considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

### 3. Restricted Assets

Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because they can only be expended only for the purposes outlined in G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4

### Town of Wallace Restricted Cash

Governmental Activities		
General Fund	Streets	\$ 52,537
Total governmental activities		\$ 52,537
Total Restricted Cash		\$ 52,537

### 4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1<sup>st</sup> the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1<sup>st</sup> (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6<sup>th</sup> These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes which are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

### 5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

### 6. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the Town and the ABC board are valued at cost (first in, first out), which approximates market.

The inventories of the Town's enterprise funds and those of the Town of Wallace ABC Board consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of these inventories are expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

### 7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, \$10,000; buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$15,000; infrastructure, \$20,000; furniture and equipment, \$5,000; computer software and equipment, \$5,000; and vehicles \$5,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated on a class life basis at the following rates:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	50
Improvements	20
Vehicles	5
Furniture and equipment	10
Computer software and equipment	5

Property, plant, and equipment of the ABC board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings	10-40
Furniture & Equipment	5-10
Vehicles	3-5
Leasehold Improvements	10-20
Computers, etc.	3

### 8. <u>Deferred outflows/inflows of resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town does have one item that meet this criterion, pension deferrals for the 2019 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has only two items that meet the criterion for this category - property taxes receivable and deferrals of pension expense.

### 9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### 10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the Town and the ABC Board provide for a maximum carryover of two weeks earned vacation pay from one calendar year to the next. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

Both the Town and the ABC Board's sick leave policies provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since neither the Town nor the ABC Board has any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

### 11. Net Position/Fund Balances

### **Net Position**

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

### **Fund Balances**

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories - portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net Position and Restricted Fund Balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for USDA - As of June 30, 2019, this portion of fund balance represents the reserve required by the USDA promissory note. This reserve account must be maintained and increased to eventually total the sum of one full annual payment for each of the USDA loans, \$119,855. Payments into the reserve account must be made annually equal to 10% of the loan payment until this balance is reached. At June 30, 2019 this reserve account totaled \$70,480.

Committed Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Town of Wallace's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for Economic Development - portion of fund balance assigned by the board for economic development.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that the Town of Wallace intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however the budget ordinance authorizes the manager to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within funds up to \$100,000.

Unassigned Fund Balance - the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Wallace has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy; bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-town funds, town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

### 12. Defined Benefit Cost - Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

- II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability
- A. Significant Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions
  - 1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

None.

2. Contractual Violations

None.

B. <u>Deficit Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds</u>

The Airport Project and Hurricane Florence Funds have a deficit fund balance due to timing issues related to income.

### III. Detail Notes on All Funds

### A. Assets

### 1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town and the ABC Board are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's or ABC board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town or ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's or ABC Boards agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town, the ABC Board, or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town and the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town and the ABC Board have no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2019, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$4,363,831 and a bank balance of \$4,625,501. Of the bank balance, \$763,420 was covered by the federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. The carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$176,324 and a bank balance of \$156,965. All of the ABC Board bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance. At June 30, 2019, the Town's petty cash and the ABC Board's fund totaled \$300 and \$1,800 respectively.

### 2. Investments

At June 30, 2019 the Town held no investments.

### 3. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

			Taxes and Related		Due From Other				
	A	Accounts	Ac	crued Interest	Go	overnments	Other		Total
Governmental Activities:									
General	\$	156,833	\$	245,235	\$	393,733	\$	-	\$ 795,801
Other Governmental		-		-		421		-	421
Total Receivables		156,833		245,235		394,154		-	796,222
Allowance for doubtful accounts		-		-		-		_	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	156,833	\$	245,235	\$	394,154	\$	_	\$ 796,222
Business-Type Activities:									
Water and Sewer	\$	440,444	\$	-	\$	34,948	\$	_	\$ 475,392
Total Receivables		440,444		-		34,948		-	475,392
Allowance for doubtful accounts		-		-		-		_	
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	440,444	\$	-	\$	34,948	\$	_	\$ 475,392

# 4. Capital Assets

# **Primary Government**

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	В	Beginning						Ending
	]	Balances	Increases	Transfers		De	ecreases	Balances
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,404,961	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,404,961
Construction in progress		2,014,475	-		-		-	2,014,475
Total capital assets not being depreciated		3,419,436	-		-		-	3,419,436
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		2,674,855	-		-		-	2,674,855
Other improvements		3,496,120	-		-		-	3,496,120
Equipment		979,471	49,436		-		-	1,028,907
Vehicles and motorized equipment		2,649,124	67,185		-		(37,826)	2,678,483
Total capital assets being depreciated		9,799,570	116,621		-		(37,826)	9,878,365
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		944,253	60,545		-		-	1,004,798
Other improvements		1,700,568	122,741		-		-	1,823,309
Equipment		865,945	44,733		-		-	910,678
Vehicles and motorized equipment		1,818,087	191,555		-		(22,695)	1,986,947
Total accumulated depreciation		5,328,853	\$ 419,576	\$	-	\$	(22,695)	5,725,734
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		4,470,717	 					4,152,631
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	7,890,154					=	\$ 7,572,067

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$ 12,549
Public Safety	169,501
Public works and transportation	145,877
Environmental protection	16,128
Cultural and recreational	75,522
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 419,576

## **Business-Type Activities:**

business-Type Activities:							
	Beginni	ing					Ending
	Balanc	es	Increases	Transfers	Decreases	S	Balances
Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 57	7,846 \$	-	\$ -	\$	- \$	57,846
Construction in progress		-	-	-		-	-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	57	7,846	-	-		-	57,846
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Plant and Distribution Systems	30,291	1,883	27,935	-		-	30,319,818
Equipment	1,069	9,536	31,450	-		-	1,100,986
Vehicles	515	5,034	31,587	-		-	546,621
Buildings	91	1,344	-	-		-	91,344
Total capital assets being depreciated	31,967	7,797	90,972	-		-	32,058,769
Less accumulates depreciation for:							
Plant and Distribution Systems	13,630	),458	792,361	-		-	14,422,819
Equipment	885	5,978	52,574			-	938,552
Vehicles	433	3,505	30,515	-		-	464,020
Buildings	67	7,110	4,783	-		-	71,893
Total accumulated depreciation	15,017	7,051 \$	880,233	\$ -	\$		15,897,284
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	16,950	0,746		·			16,161,485
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 17,008	3,592				\$	16,219,331
						_	

#### **Discretely Presented Component Unit:**

The capital assets for the ABC Board at June 30, 2019 are composed as follows:

	Beginning				Ending					
	В	alances		Increases	Transfers		De	ecreases		Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	16,302	\$	=	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,302
Total capital assets not being depreciated		16,302		=		-		-		16,302
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Buildings and improvements		57,557		-				-		57,557
Equipment		30,182		27,528				19,515		38,195
Furniture and Fixtures		21,145		=				-		21,145
Total capital assets being depreciated		108,884		27,528		-		19,515		116,897
Less accumulated depreciation		81,921	\$	4,178			\$	15,450		70,650
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	26,963								46,247
ABC Board capital assets, net	\$	43,265	:						\$	62,549

#### B. <u>Liabilities</u>

#### 1. Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	Payroll Related						
	,	Vendors		Liabilities		Total	
Governmental activities:							
General	\$	56,346	\$	18,056	\$	74,402	
Other governmental activities		128,242		-		128,242	
Total Governmental activities		184,588		18,056		202,644	
Business-type activities: Water and Sewer Enterprise		35,806		18,544		54,350	
Total business-type activities	\$	35,806	\$	18,544	\$	54,350	

#### 2. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations

#### a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 8.50% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.75% for general employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$182,652 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported a liability of \$768,876 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Town's proportion was 0.0324%, which was an decrease of 0.0019% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$207,253. At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Defe	ferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience \$	118,619	\$ 3,980	
Changes of assumptions	204,030		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	105,543	-	
Changes in proportion and differences between Town's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,711	25,198	
Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	182,652	-	
Total \$	612,555	\$ 29,178	

\$182,652 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2020	198,891
2021	126,018
2022	17,446
2023	58,370
2024	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ 400,725

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary Increases 3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of position plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2018 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	-	1 % Decrease (6.00%)		Discount Rate (7.00%)		1% Increase (8.00%)
Town's proportionate share of the net						
pension liability (asset)	\$	1,846,907	\$	768,876	\$	(131,943)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

#### b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

#### 1. Plan Description

The Town of Wallace administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town has made no contributions to this plan.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2018, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees currently receiving benefits	1
Current employees:	
Inactive Members	-
Active Members	12
Total	13

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

#### 3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Discount rate 3.64 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2018.

 $Mortality\ rates\ are\ based\ on\ the\ RP-2000\ Mortality\ tables\ with\ adjustments\ for\ mortality\ improvements\ based\ on\ Scale\ AA.$ 

#### 4. Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$0 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$125,386. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$2,677.

	Deferred Outflo	ws of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	116,045
Changes of assumptions		12,304	6,811
Town benefit payments and plan administrative expense made subsequent to the measurement date.	es	-	-
Total	\$	12,304 \$	122,856

\$0 paid as benefits came due and \$0 of administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2020	(22,795)
2021	(22,795)
2022	(22,795)
2023	(22,451)
2024	(19,716)
Thereafter	-
	\$ (110,552)

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.64 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.64 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.64 percent) than the current rate:

	1 % Decrease ( 2.64%)	Discount Rate (3.64%)	1% Increase ( 4.64%)	_
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$133,720	\$125,386	\$117,843	

#### Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	 2019
Beginning balance	\$ 246,910
Service Cost	12,587
Interest on the total pension liability	7,531
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the	(120,573)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(3,900)
Benefit payments	(17,169)
Other changes	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 125,386

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

#### Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	LGERS		LEOSSA		Total	
Pension Expense	\$	207,253	\$	2,677	\$	209,930
Pension Liabilities		768,876		125,386		894,262
Proportionate share of the net pension liability		0.0324%	N	/A		
Deferred of Outflows of Resources						
Differences between expected and actual experience		118,619		-		118,619
Changes of assumption		204,030		12,304		216,334
Net difference between projected and actual earnings						
on plan investments		105,543		-		105,543
Changes in proportion and differences between						
contributions and proportionate share of contributions Benefit payments and administrative costs paid		1,711		-		1,711
subsequent to the measurement date		182,652				182,652
subsequent to the measurement date		102,032		-		102,032
Deferred of Inflows of Resources						
Difference between expected and actual experience		3,980		116,045		120,025
Changes of assumptions		-		6,811		6,811
Net difference between projected and actual earnings						
on plan investments		-		-		-
Changes in proportion and differences between		25 100				25 100
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		25,198		-		25,198

#### c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers and other employees employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The law enforcement officers may also make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The Town made contributions of \$35,954 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

#### d. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan, and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

#### 3. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The Town has two deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

Source			 Amount
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year			\$ 182,652
Benefit payments made and administrative expenses for LEOSSA			-
Differences between expected and actual experience			118,619
Changes of assumptions			216,334
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments			105,543
Changes in proportion and differences between Town's contributions and proportionate share of contributions			 1,711
Total			\$ 624,859
Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:			
	Statement of Net Position	General Fund Balance Sheet	

## 4. Risk Management

Pension Deferrals

Taxes Receivable less penalties (General Fund)

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, and workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Excess insurance coverage is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large worker's compensation claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, and excess policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually be certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request. The Town maintains employee health insurance through Cigna and the employees have an unlimited lifetime limit on coverage.

\$

145.224

\$

211,610

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in ay of the past three fiscal years.

The Town has automatic flood coverage through their property insurance with the League of Municipalities. The property is insured up to \$5,000,000 with a per occurrence deductible of \$50,000.

The Town also carries commercial flood insurance through the Hartford in various assets related to the Town's sewer treatment facilities.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's NCLM insurance policy covers the Town against employee dishonesty (\$25,000 limit, \$250 deductible), forgery or alteration (\$25,000 limit, \$250 deductible), and theft of money and securities (\$5,000 limit, \$250 deductible). The Town has adopted this system of blanket faithful performance bonding as an alternative to individual bonds. The finance officer and tax collector are individually bonded for \$50,000.

Town of Wallace ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has property, general liability, workers' compensation, fidelity bond, and employee health coverage's. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### 5. Claims, Judgments, and Contingent Liabilities

No claims or judgments existed as of June 30, 2019.

#### 6. Long Term Obligations

#### a. Installment Purchases

#### **Governmental Activities**

#### USDA - Depot Loan I

The Town borrowed \$210,000 direct placement contract to finance a portion of the Depot renovation on November 2, 2006. Payments are due on November 2 of each year in the amount of \$12,922. The interest rate on this note is 4.375%. The amortization period for the note is 30 years. The lender has been granted a secured interest in the asset. A reserve account is maintained by the Town which is a loan requirement of the USDA, see note I, E, 9. The balance at June 30, 2019 was \$162,430.

#### USDA - Depot Loan II

The Town borrowed \$215,000 direct placement contract to finance a portion of the Depot renovation on November 2, 2006. Payments are due on November 2 of each year in the amount of \$13,229. The interest rate on this note is 4.375%. The amortization period for this note is 30 years. The lender has been granted a secured interest in the asset. A reserve account is maintained by the Town which is a loan requirement of the USDA, see note I, E, 9. The balance at June 30, 2019 is \$158,647.

#### USDA - Fire Truck

The Town borrowed \$450,000 direct placement contract to finance the purchase of a fire truck on July 7, 2010. Payments are due annually on July 7th of each year in the amount of \$33,112. The interest rate on this note is 4.00%. The amortization period for this note is 20 years. The lender has been granted a secured interest in the asset. A reserve account is maintained by the Town which is a loan requirement of the USDA, see note I, E, 9. The balance at June 30, 2019 is \$191,169.

#### BB&T - Mill Pond

The Town borrowed \$240,000 direct placement contract to finance the purchase of land on August 26, 2015. Payments are due annually on August 26th of each year in the amount of \$50,858. The interest rate on this note is 1.97%. The amortization period for this note is 4 years. The lender has been granted a secured interest in the asset. The balance at June 30, 2019 is \$49,956.

#### Four Oaks Bank & Trust

The Town borrowed \$123,081 direct placement contract to finance the purchase of vehicles on December 20, 2017. Payments are due annually on July 20th in the amount of \$41,989. The interest rate on this note is 1.46%. The amortization period for this note is 3 years. The lender has been granted a secured interest in the asset. The balance at June 30, 2019 is \$41,377.

#### First Bank - Police Cars

The Town borrowed \$86,928 direct placement contract to finance the purchase of vehicles on August 9, 2017 Payments are due annually on August 9th in the amount of \$28,976. The interest rate on this note is 2.00%. The amortization period for this note is 3 years. The lender has been granted a secured interest in the asset. The balance at June 30, 2019 is \$57,952.

#### First Bank - PD Vehicle

The Town borrowed \$70,711 direct placement contract to finance the purchase of vehicles on April 19, 2018. Payments are due annually on August 30th in the amount of \$22,814 to \$24,335. The interest rate on this note is 3.23%. The amortization period for this note is 3 years. The lender has been granted a secured interest in the asset. The balance at June 30, 2019 is \$47,897.

## **Business-Type Activities**

#### USDA - Water Tank

The Town borrowed \$947,000 direct placement contract to finance the Tin City Water Tank project on April 16, 2007. Payments are due annually on April 16 of each year in the amount of \$49,244. The interest rate on this note is 4.125%. The amortization period for this note is 40 years. The lender has been granted a secured interest in the asset. A reserve account is maintained by the Town which is a loan requirement of the USDA, see note I, E, 9. The balance at June 30, 2019 is \$811,672.

## Capital Grant for State Revolving Funds - Regional Wastewater Treatment Plant

The Town has borrowed \$6,188,200 that was approved for by the State to fund the regional wastewater treatment plant in the Town. Loan payments will not be required until after the completion of the project. The loan will be payable over a maximum twenty year period and the interest rate on this note will be 2.5%. Balance at June 30, 2019 is \$4,022,070.

## **NCDENR**

The Town has borrowed \$138,258 that was approved for by the State to fund sanitary sewer rehabilitation (CS370445-05) on May 1, 2013. Payments are annually of \$3,456 with no stated interest rate. \$69,129 of the total amount has been forgiven. Balance at June 30, 2019 is \$48,390.

The Town has borrowed \$374,779 that was approved for by the State to fund sanitary sewer rehabilitation (CS370445-06) on May 1, 2015. Payments are annually of \$14,864 with no stated interest rate. Balance at June 30, 2019 is \$237,830.

The future minimum payments of the direct placement installment purchases as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	 Government	al A	ctivities	Business-Type	e Ac	tivities
Year Ended	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2020	\$ 218,360		22,109	\$ 343,591	\$	133,916
2021	129,658		17,365	344,247		125,526
2022	78,256		14,059	344,929		117,108
2023	13,763		12,084	345,639		108,664
2024	14,365		10,432	346,378		100,189
2025-2029	81,821		48,934	1,744,095		372,722
2030-2034	101,356		29,400	1,145,499		163,447
2035-2039	71,850		6,367	172,981		88,103
2040-2044	-		-	193,531		52,689
2045-2049	-		-	139,072		11,383
Total	\$ 709,429	\$	160,750	\$ 5,119,962	\$	1,273,747

# d. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental activities:	Balance 1-Jul-18		Increases	Decreases	Balance sases 30-Jun-19			Current Portion	
Compensated absences Net pension liability (LGERS) Total pension liability (LEOSSA) Direct Placement Installment Purchases	\$	82,479 377,066 246,910 1,032,990	\$ 61,358 176,525 -	\$	(50,340) - (121,524) (323,561)	\$	93,497 553,591 125,386 709,429	\$	50,340 - - 218,360
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	\$	1,739,445	\$ 237,883	\$	(495,425)	\$	1,481,903	\$	268,700
Business-type activities: Water and Sewer Fund Compensated Absences Net pension liability (LGERS) Direct Placement Installment Purchases Total Water and Sewer Fund	\$	41,936 146,637 5,537,791 5,726,364	\$ 36,300 68,648 - 104,948	\$	(42,982) - (417,829) (460,811)	\$	35,254 215,285 5,119,962 5,370,501	\$	35,254 - 343,591 378,845

At June 30, 2019, the Town of Wallace had a legal debt margin of \$20,350,542.

#### C. Interfund Balances and Activity

None.

#### IV. Related Party Transactions

None.

# V. <u>Jointly Governed Organization</u>

The Town, in conjunction with nine counties and fifty other municipalities, established the Eastern Carolina Council. The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board,. The Town paid membership fees of \$3,700 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

#### Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

#### VI. Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

#### D. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 2,562,544
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	650,566
Streets - Powell Bill	52,537
Inventories	17,872
Debt Requirements - USDA	70,480
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 1,771,089

The Town of Wallace has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 10% of budgeted expenditures. Any portion of the general fund balance in excess of 10% of budgeted expenditures may be appropriated for one-time expenditures and may not be used for any purpose that would obligate the Town in a future budget.

## VII. Interfund Balances and Activity

## a. Transfers to/from Other Funds

Transfers in (out) for the year ended June 30, 2018 are summarized below:

Fund	 To	F	rom	Purpose			
Airport Project Fund	\$ 28,504		Operations				
General Fund	:	\$	28,504				

#### b. Interfund Balances

The composition of internal balances as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Payable Fund	Receivable Fund					
Hurricane Florence Fund	\$		1,000,000			
Receivable Fund						
General Fund	='	100,000	-			
Water and Sewer Fund		900,000	-			
TOTAL	\$	1,000,000 \$	1,000,000			

All of the above were for operating expenditures.

#### VIII. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

There are no subsequent events that would have a material affect on the financial statements. Subsequent events have been analyzed through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

## IX. Restatement

The Town completed a thorough examination of several aged receivables relating to a completed capital project. The examination resulted in restating the general fund by \$412,464 as these receivables were determined to not be collectable. As a result, net position for the governmental activities decreased \$412,464.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accounting principals.

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Contributions – Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability - Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll - Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Town of Wallace's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Six Fiscal Years

# Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.0324%	0.0343%	0.0365%	0.0352%	0.0333%	0.0340%
Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 768,876	\$ 523,703	\$ 775,501	\$ 158,155	\$ (196,149)	409,831
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,098,125	\$2,108,050	\$2,035,722	\$1,904,940	\$1,853,469	1,827,389
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	36.65%	24.84%	38.09%	8.30%	( 10.58%)	22.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Town of Wallace's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Six Fiscal Years

# Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 182,652	\$ 161,705	\$ 157,146	\$ 138,509	\$ 136,619	132,150
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 182,652	161,705	157,146	138,509	132,150	132,150
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$2,287,262	\$2,098,125	\$2,108,050	\$2,035,722	\$1,904,940	1,853,469
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	7.99%	7.71%	7.45%	6.80%	7.17%	7.13%

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2019

	 2019	2018
Beginning balance	\$ 246,910	\$ 246,089
Service Cost	12,587	14,012
Interest on the total pension liability	7,531	9,168
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the		
measurement of the total pension liability	(120,573)	(23,616)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(3,900)	18,426
Benefit payments	(17,169)	(17,169)
Other changes		_
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 125,386	\$ 246,910

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2019

	 2019		
Total pension liability	\$ 125,386 \$	246,910	
Covered payroll	524,166	584,906	
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	23.92%	42.21%	

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Wallace has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

# **GENERAL FUND**

The General Fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.

Revenues:	_	Budget	 Actual	 Variance Positive (Negative)
Ad valorem taxes: Taxes	\$		\$ 1,512,573	\$
Penalties and interest			49,865	
Total		1,537,141	 1,562,438	25,297
Unrestricted intergovernmental: ABC Revenue Local option sales taxes Utilities sales tax Telecommunications sales tax Video franchise fee Beer and wine tax Insurance proceeds Tax Refunds Total	-	1,369,930	 68,593 1,085,089 196,791 24,430 19,700 17,106 16,774 1,130 1,429,613	 59,683
Restricted intergovernmental: ABC revenue for law enforcement Solid waste disposal tax Powell Bill allocation			17,900 2,769 114,089	
Other grants	_	450 (10	 8,460	
Total	_	158,668	 143,218	 (15,450)

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Permits and fees:			
Garbage Fees		630,159	
Planning/zoning fees		5,325	
Miscellaneous fees		48,748	
Fire fees		93,152	
Public safety fees/donations	000 500	9,963	(40.040)
Total	800,589	787,347	(13,242)
Sales and services: Airport sales/rents		263,732	
Storm drain fees		191,795	
Library fees		13,509	
Recreation fees		53,213	
Mowing		1,875	
Concessions		18,502	
Rent		73,076	
Total	615,771	615,702	(69)
Investment earnings	18,376	21,703	3,327
Total Revenues	4,500,475	4,560,021	59,546
General government:			
Administration:			
Salaries & benefits		90,231	
Operating expense		24,489	
Tree project		-	
Information technology		56,772	
Chamber of Commerce		-	
Capital Outlay	450 101	-	
Total	172,494	171,492	1,002

			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Finance and Taxes:			
Salaries & benefits		121,200	
Operating expense		33,617	
Capital Outlay			
Total	155,729	154,817	912
Governing board:			
Salaries & benefits		24,574	
Professional services		16,524	
Operating expense		7,107	
Capital Outlay			
Total	50,686	48,205	2,481
Planning:			
Salaries & benefits		47,940	
Operating expense		10,284	
Capital Outlay		-	
Total	68,790	58,224	10,566
Public buildings:			
Salaries & benefits		-	
Operating expense		92,721	
Capital Outlay			
Total	93,200	92,721	479
Total General Government	540,899	525,459	15,440
Environmental:			
Salaries & benefits		77,923	
Operating expense		39,034	
Capital Outlay		18,449	
Contracted Services		402,817	
Total	565,153	460,300	104,853

			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Public works and transportation: Streets:			
Salaries & benefits		220,035	
Operating expense		367,862	
Capital Outlay		9,689	
Total	648,635	597,586	51,049
Airport:			
Salaries & benefits		66,338	
Fuel for resale		61,707	
Operating expense Capital Outlay		35,136	
Total	212,237	163,181	49,056
Total Public Works	860,872	760,767	100,105
Public Safety: Police:			
Salaries & benefits		1,140,966	
Operating expense		187,810	
Capital Outlay		56,438	
Total	1,498,216	1,385,214	113,002
Animal control:			
Salaries & benefits		7,780	
Operating expense Capital Outlay		6,443	
Total	19,481	14,223	5,258
Fire:			
Salaries & benefits		14,988	
Operating expense		83,963	
Capital Outlay			
Total	174,878	98,951	75,927
Total Public Safety	1,692,575	1,498,388	194,187

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Cultural and recreation:			
Parks and recreation:			
Salaries & benefits		172,348	
Operating expense		174,090	
Capital Outlay		5,463	
Total	619,813	351,901	267,912
10001	017,010	551,701	207,712
Library:			
Salaries & benefits		155,872	
Operating expense		30,327	
Capital Outlay		-	
Total	189,797	186,199	3,598
Depot:			
Salaries & benefits		-	
Operating expense		16,337	
Capital Outlay			
Total	17,595	16,337	1,258
Total Culture and Recreation	827,205	554,437	272,768
5.1.0			
Debt Service:		222 = 44	
Debt principal		323,561	
Debt interest		29,581	
Total	355,517	353,142	2,375
Total Expenditures	4,842,221	4,152,493	689,728
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(341,746)	407,528	749,274

Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from installment purchase	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Transfers (to)/from other funds	(121,254)	(28,504)	-
Total \$_	198,746	(28,504) \$	(227,250)
Fund Balance Appropriated	143,000	-	(143,000)
Net change in fund balance \$=	-	379,024 \$	379,024
Fund balances:  Beginning of year, July 1, previously reported Restatment Fund Balance, beginning, restated End of year, June 30	\$ <u></u>	2,595,984 (412,464) 2,183,520 2,562,544	

# OTHER MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

Major Governmental Funds - Hurricane Florence Fund

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - Hurricane Florence Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2019

Revenues: Investment Income Insurance proceeds Restricted Revenue Total	\$	dget \$	Actual - 351,451 125,489 476,940	\$ -	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures: Current: Environmental:			1,311,066		
Total expenditures	1,50	0,000	1,311,066	_	188,934
Revenues over expenditures		-	(834,126)		(834,126)
Fund Balance Appropriated		-	-		-
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In (Out)		<u>-</u> _	-	_	
Net change in fund balance	\$		(834,126)	\$_	(834,126)
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1 End of year, June 30		\$ <u></u>	- (834,126)		

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Combining Balance Sheet Non Major Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Assets	_	Sidewalk Fund	Airport Project Fund		2019 Totals
Cash and Investments	\$	12,070	\$ -	\$	12,070
Accounts Receivable	_	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		-
Total Assets	=	12,070	-	_ =	12,070
Liabilities and Fund Dalances					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	- 5	\$ 3,490 -	\$	3,490 -
Total current liabilities	-	-	3,490		3,490
Fund Balances: Restricted Stabilization by State Statute Economic development Total Fund Balance	<u>-</u>	12,070 12,070	(3,490		- 8,580 8,580
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ =	12,070	· -	_\$_	12,070

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non Major Governmental Funds

# For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues:		Sidewalk Fund		Project Fund	2019 Totals
	φ		ф	11 F(2) d	11 5(2
Local Revenues Investment Income	\$	-	\$	11,563 \$	11,563
Restricted Revenue		- -		353,897	353,897
Miscellaneous		-		-	-
Total Revenues		-		365,460	365,460
Expenditures: Current:					
Economic Development	_	-		397,498	397,498
Revenues over expenditures		-		(32,038)	(32,038)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In (Out)		-		28,504	28,504
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1 End of year, June 30	<b>\$</b> -	12,070 12,070		44 (3,490) \$	12,114 8,580

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - Sidewalk Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2019

	_	Budget		Actual	 Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Investment Income	\$		\$	-	\$
Local revenues				-	
Restricted Revenue	_			-	
Total	-	-	-	-	 -
Expenditures: Current: Economic and physical development:					
Total expenditures	_	-	-	-	 -
Revenues over expenditures		-		-	-
Fund Balance Appropriated		-		-	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In (Out)	-	-		-	 -
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>_</u>	-	:	-	\$ -
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1 End of year, June 30			\$	12,070 12,070	

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Airport Project Fund

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)

				Actual		Variance
		Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Positive (Negative)
Revenues-Airport Projects:	_	Authorization	rears	rear	Date	(Negative)
Restricted intergovernmental:						
Grant	\$	100.000 \$	165,343 \$	353,897 \$	519,240 \$	419,240
Local revenues	Ţ	10,000	10,133	11,563	21,696	11,696
Interest income		10,000	10,133	11,505	21,030	11,030
Total revenues	_	110,000	175,476	365,460	540,936	430,936
	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		· ·	•
Expenditures-Airport Projects:						
Repairs and maintenance		-	-	-	-	-
Professional services		10,000	9,155	397,498	406,653	(396,653)
Contracted services		-	-	-	-	-
ROW		100,000	166,277	-	166,277	(66,277)
Contingency			-	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	-
Total expenditures	_	110,000	175,432	397,498	572,930	(462,930)
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-	44	(32,038)	(31,994)	(31,994)
( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_			(- ,,	(- / /	(- / /
Other financing sources:						
Transfer to/from general fund		-	-	28,504	28,504	28,504
Total other financing sources	_	-	-	28,504	28,504	28,504
Revenues and other sources over						
(under) expenditures	\$	- \$	44 \$	(3,534) \$	(3,490) \$	(3,490)

# ENTERPRISE FUNDS

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues: Charges for services: Water sales:	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Residential &			
Commercial	\$	3,007,146	\$
Miscellaneous Total	3,186,347	3,007,146	(179,201)
Water taps	16,650	19,056	2,406
Other operating revenues	50,000	52,417	2,417
Total Operating Revenues	3,252,997	3,078,619	(174,378)
Nonoperating revenues:    Miscellaneous    Interest earnings    Total Revenues	17,900 3,270,897	19,813 3,098,432	1,913 (172,465)
Expenditures: Administration: Salaries and benefits Operating Expenses Capital Outlay Total water administration	471,798	276,959 97,860 - 374,819	96,979
Water Operations: Salaries and benefits Repairs and maintenance System maintenance Water testing Information technology Utilities Supplies Operating expenditures Capital outlay Total	0.5000	299,337 15,069 149,044 4,905 56,095 69,205 16,049 197,092	
10141	867,939	806,796	61,143

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Sewer Operations:			
Salaries and benefits		394,036	
Repairs and maintenance		13,591	
System maintenance		205,358	
Utilities		276,504	
Insurance		34,823	
Supplies		14,335	
Waste Water testing		49,007	
Contract services		76,681	
Operating expenditures		119,963	
Capital outlay		90,972	
Total	1,386,190	1,275,270	110,920
Debt service:			
Interest and fees		121,982	
Principal retirement		417,829	
Total debt service	544,970	539,811	5,159
Total expenditures	3,270,897	2,996,696	274,201
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in (out)	-	-	-
Capital contributions	-	61,115	61,115
Fund balance appropriated	-	- -	-
Total other financing sources			
(uses):		61,115	61,115
und balance appropriated			
Revenues and other sources over			

# Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:

Revenues over expenditures	\$_	162,851
Reconciling items:		
Capital outlay		90,972
Depreciation		(880,232)
Capital contributions from project fund		50,000
Transfers (in) out to capital project		-
Expenses from project fund		(25,912)
Principal payments		417,829
Change in compensated absences		6,682
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(68,648)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		
of resources for pensions		60,182
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows		
of resources for pensions		1,578
Increase (decrease) in Inventory		(300)
Total reconciling items		(347,849)
Change in net position	\$	(184,998)

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund - FEMA Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)

					Actual				Variance
		Project	Prior		Current		Total to		Positive
		Authorization	Years		Year		Date	_	(Negative)
Revenues-Water & Sewer Projects:									
Restricted intergovernmental:	_	+				_			(
FEMA	\$	997,457 \$	516,901 \$	Ş	-	\$	516,901	\$	(480,556)
Insurance proceeds		2,543	2,571		-		2,571		28
Interest income	_	-	=		-	_	-		-
Total revenues	_	1,000,000	519,472	_	-		519,472	_	(480,528)
Expenditures-Water & Sewer Projects:									
Repairs and maintenance		461,120	461,118		-		461,118		2
Professional services		9,642	9,642		_		9,642		-
Contracted services		344,432	338,846		-		338,846		5,586
Other storm related		184,806	48,784		-		48,784		136,022
Contingency		-	-		_		-		-
Total expenditures	_	1,000,000	858,390		-	_	858,390		141,610
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_	<del>-</del> -	(338,918)	_	-		(338,918)	_	(338,918)
Other financing sources:									
Transfer to/from water & sewer		-	900,000		-		900,000		900,000
Total other financing sources		-	900,000		-	_	900,000		900,000
Revenues and other sources over									
(under) expenditures	\$	- \$	561,082 \$	\$	_	\$	561,082	\$	561,082

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund- Force Main Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)

						Actual			Variance
		Project		Prior		Current	Total to	•	Positive
	_/	Authorization		Years	_	Year	Date		(Negative)
Revenues-Water & Sewer Projects:									
Restricted intergovernmental:									
Grants	\$	830,000	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	(830,000)
Insurance proceeds		-		-		-	-		-
Local revenues		429,060		-		-	-		(429,060)
Interest income		-		-		-	-		-
Total revenues	_	1,259,060	_	-		-	_		(1,259,060)
Expenditures-Water & Sewer Projects:									
Repairs and maintenance		-		-		-	-		-
Professional services		228,500		-		8,243	8,243		220,257
Contracted services		50,000		-		-	-		50,000
Construction		861,100		-		-	-		861,100
Contingency		119,460		-	_	4,701	4,701		114,759
Total expenditures	_	1,259,060	_	-		12,944	12,944	_	1,246,116
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_	-		-		(12,944)	(12,944)		(12,944)
Other financing sources:									
Transfer to/from water & sewer	_	_		-					-
Total other financing sources	_	-	_	-			-		-
Revenues and other sources over									
(under) expenditures	\$_	-	\$	-	_\$_	(12,944) \$	(12,944)	\$_	(12,944)

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund- Valley Protein Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)

						Actual				Variance
		Project		Prior		Current		Total to		Positive
		Authorization	_	Years		Year	_	Date	_	(Negative)
Revenues-Water & Sewer Projects:										
Restricted intergovernmental:										
Grants	\$	4,383,947	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(4,383,947)
Insurance proceeds		-		-		-		-		-
Local revenues		50,000		-		50,000		50,000		-
Interest income		-		-		-		-		-
Total revenues	_	4,433,947	_	-		50,000	_	50,000	_	(4,383,947)
Expenditures-Water & Sewer Projects:										
Repairs and maintenance		-		-		-		-		-
Professional services		228,500		-		12,968		12,968		215,532
Contracted services		50,000		-		-		-		50,000
Construction		861,100		-		-		-		861,100
Contingency		119,460		-		-		-		119,460
Total expenditures	_	1,259,060	_	-		12,968	_	12,968	-	1,246,092
Revenues over (under) expenditures		3,174,887		-		37,032		37,032		(3,137,855)
Other financing sources:									· <u> </u>	
Transfer to/from water & sewer		-		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources		-	_	-		-	_	-	_	-
Revenues and other sources over										
(under) expenditures	\$	3,174,887	\$_		\$_	37,032	\$	37,032	\$	(3,137,855)

# **OTHER SCHEDULES**

This section includes additional information on property taxes.

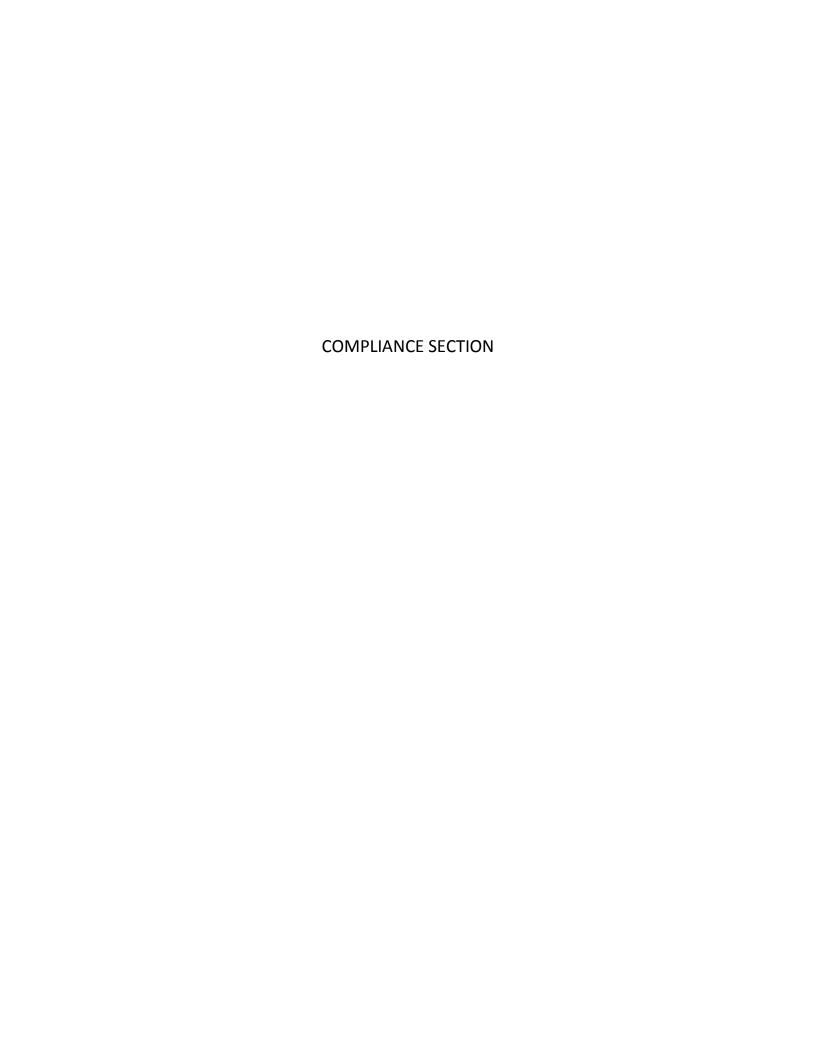
- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2018		Additions	Collections And Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2019
2018-2019 2017-2018 2016-2017 2015-2016 2014-2015 2013-2014 2012-2013 2011-2012 2010-2011 2009-2010 2008-2009	\$ 106,694 75,770 39,799 17,758 8,803 1,692 1,641 1,731 996 966 \$ 255,850	\$	1,474,198	\$ (1,385,214) (51,805) (36,730) (18,170) (16,009) (7,477) (672) (526) (832) (329) (674) (1,518,438)	\$ 88,984 54,889 39,040 21,629 1,749 1,326 1,020 1,115 899 667 292 211,610
	Ad valorem taxes receiva		t		\$ 211,610
	Ad valorem taxes - Gener Reconciling items: Discounts, Releases, Ref Interest collected Total collections and cred	unds			\$ 1,562,438 5,865 (49,865) 1,518,438

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy Town - Wide Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

					To	otal Levy
	Property Valuation	own - Wid	e	Total Levy	Property excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles
Original levy:		· <del></del>			_	
Property taxed at current year's rate Penalties	\$ 263,249,643	\$ 0.56	\$	1,474,198 \$	1,360,013 \$	114,185 -
Total	263,249,643			1,474,198	1,360,013	114,185
Total property valuation	\$ 263,249,643					
Net levy				1,474,198	1,360,013	114,185
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2019				(88,984)	(88,984)	
Current year's taxes collected			\$	1,385,214 \$	1,271,029 \$	114,185
Current levy collection percentage			:	93.96%	93.46%	100.00%





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# Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Wallace, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Wallace as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprises Town of Wallace's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 6, 2020. The financial statements of the Town of Wallace ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Wallace's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Wallace's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be significant deficiencies, listed as 2019-001 and 2019-002.

## Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Wallace's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Town of Wallace's Response to Findings

The Town of Wallace's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA

Wilmington, North Carolina May 6, 2020

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I. Summary of	Au	ıdıtor	SI	Results
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Finar	rcial	Statem	onte
rinai	แลเ	манен	C111.5

 $\label{thm:condition} \begin{tabular}{ll} Type of report the auditor is sued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance to GAAP: Unmodified \\ \end{tabular}$ 

Internal control over financial reporting:

•	Material weakness(es) identified?	<u>y</u> es	X_no
•	Significant Deficiency(s) identified?	<u>X</u> yes	no
	ncompliance material to financial atements noted?	yes	<u>X</u> no

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

# **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

## SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

2019 – 001 Segregation of Duties

Criteria: Duties should be segregated to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are handled appropriately.

Condition: There is a lack of segregation of duties among Town personnel.

Effect: Transactions could be mishandled.

Cause: There are a limited number of personnel for certain functions.

Identification of a repeat finding: This is a repeat finding from the immediate previous audit, 2018-001.

Recommendation: The duties should be separated as much as possible, and alternative controls should be used to compensate for lack of separation. The governing board should provide some of these controls.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The Town agrees with this finding and will adhere to the corrective action plan to follow.

2019 -002 Restatement of previously issued financial statements to reflect the correction of a misstatement.

Criteria: Within the governmental activities prior receivables had been calculated incorrectly relating to a capital project.

Condition: Management did not receive the applied for receivables.

Effect: Assets amounts were overstated for that receivable in prior years.

Cause: Condition was created due to various conditions and interpretation of how management selected to report those items.

Recommendation: The Town will consider new methods of determining how receivables are reported.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The Town agrees with this finding and will address this issue.

# Town of Wallace, North Carolina Corrective Action Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

# **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

# SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

2019 – 001 Segregation of Duties

Name of contact person: Charles C. Farrior Jr., Mayor

Corrective Action: The duties will be separated as much as possible and alternative

controls will be used to compensate for lack of separation. The governing board will become more involved in providing some of

these controls.

Proposed Completion Date: The Board will implement the above procedure immediately.

2019 – 002 Restatement of previously issued financial statements to reflect the correction of a

misstatement.

Name of contact person: Charles C. Farrior Jr., Mayor

Corrective Action: The receivable accounts will be reconciled to ensure accurate

reporting information.

Proposed Completion Date: The Board will implement the above procedure immediately