CAMDEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2020

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

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Clerk to the Board Karen Davis

Finance Officer Sally Norfleet

Register of Deeds Tammie Krauss

Tax Administrator Lisa Anderson

<u>Sheriff</u> J. Kevin Jones

County Attorney John Morrison

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FINANCIAL SECTION



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Camden County, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Camden County, North Carolina, as of and for the year then ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Camden County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Camden County ABC Board. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Camden County ABC Board is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Camden County ABC Board and the Camden County TDA were not audited in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial

statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinions, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Camden County, North Carolina as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, the Courthouse and Shiloh FD Fund, and the School Capital Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Other Postemployment Benefits' Schedules of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and related Ratios, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and County Contributions, and the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and County Contributions, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Camden County, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules as well as the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 31, 2021 on our consideration of Camden County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Camden County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA

Wilmington, North Carolina January 31, 2021 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

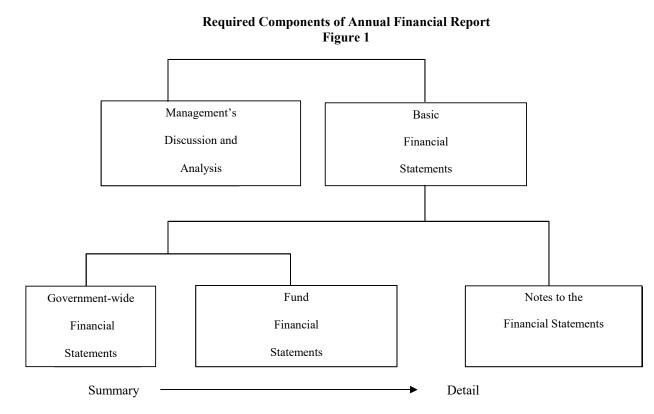
As management of Camden County, we offer readers of Camden County's (the "County") financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Camden County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$40,909,412 (*net position*). The County's net assets are impacted considerably by bonds that the County has issued on behalf of the Camden County Board of Education. The assets are not reflected in the County's financial statements, but the full amount of the long-term debt related to school construction is reflected in the County's financial statements.
- The County's total Net Position increased by \$1,238,458 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, The County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,186,390, after a net increase in fund balance of \$750,336. Approximately 28% of this total amount, or \$4,215,137 is restricted or non-spendable.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance (before any reserves or designations) for the General Fund was \$11,958,689 or 75% total General Fund expenditures for the current fiscal year. Approximately \$5,609,372 remains as unassigned fund balance. This General Fund balance represents an increase of \$807,936, reflective in part by fund balance appropriated to fund the \$2,601,784 increase in School Current Expense appropriation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.
- The County's total debt decreased during the fiscal year by \$1,131,873.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Camden County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Camden County.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits1&2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3-9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the government fund statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary governmental funds statements; 4) the agency fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the County's major and non-major governmental funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Following the Notes is the required supplemental information. This section contains funding information about the County's Other Post Employment Benefit Plan and Pension Plans.

Management Discussion and Analysis Camden County

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the total of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and the total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as general administration, taxation and records, human services, education, and public safety. Property taxes, other taxes, and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those where services are provided and customers are charged for those services. These include the water & sewer services offered by the County. The final category is the component units. The Camden ABC Board and Camden TDA are such units.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Camden County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the North Carolina General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Camden County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary fund.

<u>covernmental runas</u> – Governmental runas are used to account for mose runctions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in the governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a current financial focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The County has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for the South Camden Water & Sewer District operations. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The County has two agency funds. These are the funds for Social Services clients and the Nancy M. and H. Clay Ferebee III Camden County Courthouse Trust.

<u>Notes to the Financial Statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Other Information</u> - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning Camden County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to it's employees.

Camden County's Net Position

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Figure 2												
	Govern	nmental vities		ss-Type vities		Tot	tal					
	2020	2019	2020	2019		2020	2019					
Current and other assets	\$ 13,309,685	\$ 13,625,579	\$ 2,283,818	\$ 3,255,136	\$	15,593,503	\$ 16,880,715					
Restricted Cash Capital assets	3,020,777 14,729,002	1,471,381 14,090,940	- 24,756,958	- 24,587,940		3,020,777 39,485,960	1,471,381 38,678,880					
Total assets	31,059,464	29,187,900	27,040,776	27,843,076		58,100,240	57,030,976					
Deferred outflows of resources	932,999	928,380	87,417	96,619		1,020,416	1,024,999					
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	11,983,097 1,324,005	11,990,018 1,002,839	3,982,410 402,849	4,332,428 838,251		15,965,507 1,726,854	16,322,446 1,841,090					
Total liabilities	13,307,102	12,992,857	4,385,259	5,170,679		17,692,361	18,163,536					
Deferred inflows of resources	486,544	207,864	32,339	13,621		518,883	221,485					
Net Position: Net investment												
in capital assets	13,760,430	13,046,744	20,696,131	20,194,727		34,456,561	33,241,471					
Restricted	4,215,137	2,717,567	-	-		4,215,137	2,717,567					
Unrestricted 223,250 1,151,248			2,014,464	2,560,668		2,237,714	3,711,916					
Total net position	\$ 18,198,817	\$ 16,915,559	\$ 22,710,595	\$ 22,755,395	\$	40,909,412	\$ 39,670,954					

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$40,909,412 as of June 30, 2020. The County's Net Position increased by \$1,238,458 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2020, the increase in this category of net position is due to repayment of long-term debt and the purchase of capital assets from funds provided by grants.

Net position is reported in three net categories: Net investment in capital assets of \$34,456,561 (84%), Restricted assets of \$4,215,137 (10%), and Unrestricted net position of \$2,237,714 (5%). The amount Net investment in capital assets category is defined as the County's investment in County owned capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, automotive equipment, office and other equipment, and infrastructure) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The second category of net position is restricted net position. Restricted resources increased by \$1,497,570 for a total of \$4,215,137 at June 30, 2020. Constraints on use are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or can be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or legislation.

The final category of net position is unrestricted net position. This balance may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. At June 30, 2019, the total unrestricted net position decreased to \$2,237,714. The decrease is primarily attributable the retirement of qualified zone academy bonds that were issued on behalf of the school system. Under North Carolina law, the County is responsible for providing capital funding for the school system. The County has chosen to meet its legal obligation to provide the school system capital funding by using a mixture of County funds, earmarked Local Sales Tax collections, loans, and Qualified Zone Academy Bonds. The assets are funded by the County; however, they are utilized by the school system. Since the County, as the issuing government, acquires no capital assets, the County has incurred a liability without a corresponding increase in assets. At the end of the fiscal year, approximately \$14 million of the outstanding debt on the County's financial statements was related to assets included in the school system's financial statements. The school debt is collateralized by a deed of trust granting, among other things, a first lien of record on the Project, including the land constituting a part of the Project, all other buildings, structures, improvement and fixtures thereon, and all appurtenances thereto of any nature whatsoever, excluding mobile or modular classrooms located on the site at any time, subject to permitted encumbrances. Accordingly, the County makes installment payments under the Installment Financing Agreement for payment of the debt. The County's obligation to make payments under the Installment Financing Agreement constitutes a pledge of the County's faith and credit within the meaning of any constitutional provision. Principal and interest requirements will be provided by an appropriation in the year in which they become due.

The impact of the inclusion of the school system debt without the corresponding assets was offset by the following positive operational initiatives and results:

- Camden County has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the County in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 25% of budgeted expenditures.
- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes (excluding motor vehicles) resulted in maintaining a collection percentage in excess of 97.90%.

Camden County Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Governmental				Busines		• •	T . 1				
		Acti	vitie			Activ	vitie			Tot	al	
		2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Revenues:												
Program Revenues												
Charges for Services	\$	1,315,811	\$	1,382,043	\$	1,639,523	\$	1,516,026	\$	2,955,334	\$	2,898,069
Operating grants and contributions		1,736,258		1,952,651		-		-		1,736,258		1,952,651
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		145,350		1,464,832		145,350		1,464,832
General revenues:												
Property taxes		8,685,354		8,388,466		-		-		8,685,354		8,388,466
Other taxes		4,360,168		4,643,062		-		-		4,360,168		4,643,062
Investment earnings		17,741		171,449		40,363		77,874		58,104		249,323
Other		-		36,276		-		-		-		36,276
Total revenues		16,115,332		16,573,947		1,825,236		3,058,732		17,940,568		19,632,679
Expenses:												
General government		2,445,594		2,039,839				_		2,445,594		2,039,839
Public Safety		4,069,954		4,248,466				_		4,069,954		4,248,466
Economic and physical development		1,935,970		2,220,810				_		1,935,970		2,220,810
Human services		1,519,532		1,376,593				_		1,519,532		1,376,593
Cultural and recreation		783,987		709,881		-		_		783,987		709,881
Education		3,005,878		2,903,100				_		3,005,878		2,903,100
Interest on long-term debt		405,892		400,501		_		_		405,892		400,501
Environmental protection		665,267		716,655		_		_		665,267		716,655
Water						1,870,036		1,808,796		1,870,036		1,808,796
Total expenses		14,832,074		14,615,845		1,870,036		1,808,796		16,702,110		16,424,641
Increase (decrease) in net position before		1 202 250		1 0 5 0 1 0 2		(44,000)		1.040.000		1 0 0 1 5 0		2 200 020
transfers and special items		1,283,258		1,958,102		(44,800)		1,249,936		1,238,458		3,208,038
Transfers		-		-		-		-		-		-
Increase (decrease) in net position		1,283,258		1,958,102		(44,800)		1,249,936		1,238,458		3,208,038
Net position, beginning		16,915,559		14,957,457		22,755,395		21,505,459		39,670,954		36,462,916
Net position, June 30, ending	\$	18,198,817	\$	16,915,559	\$	22,735,595	\$	22,755,395	\$	40,909,412	\$	39,670,954
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Governmental activities: Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$1,283,258.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities decreased the County's net position by \$44,800.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Camden County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2020, the governmental funds of the County reported a combined fund balance of \$15,186,390, a 5% increase over last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$5,609,372 while total fund balance reached \$11,958,689. The County currently has an unassigned fund balance of 42% of GF expenditures while total fund balance represents 91% of the same amount. General Fund balance increased \$807,936, reflective in part by fund balance appropriated to fund the \$457,705 increase in School Current Expense appropriation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Proprietary Funds: The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. The total decrease in net position was \$44,800.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. Camden County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020, totals \$39,485,960 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, buildings, automotive equipment, office and other equipment, and water and sewer lines.

Major capital assets transactions during the year include:

- Construction and equipment in the water district.
- Construction and equipment in the governmental funds.

		nmental ivities		ss-Type vities	Total				
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019			
Land	\$ 5,126,521	\$ 5,126,521	\$ 1,050,394	\$ 1,050,394	\$ 6,176,915	\$ 6,176,915			
Buildings	3,121,630	3,324,738			3,121,630	3,324,738			
Furniture, fixtures and equipment, vehicles	3,032,596	2,071,402	569,419	501,986	3,602,015	2,573,388			
Other improvements	3,256,091	3,415,280	23,137,145	19,209,353	26,393,236	22,624,633			
Construction in Progress	192,164	152,999	-	3,826,207	192,164	3,979,206			
Total	\$ 14,729,002	\$ 14,090,940	\$ 24,756,958	\$ 24,587,940	\$ 39,485,960	\$ 38,678,880			

Camden County's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note III(a)5 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt: As of June 30, 2020, the South Camden Water & Sewer District had total bonded debt outstanding of \$883,069. Other outstanding loans include: Drinking Water State Revolving Loan, \$81,358; State Clean Water Bond Loan, \$101,192. Camden County has \$392,208 in outstanding debt that is related to the capital improvement and additional schools built on behalf of the Camden County School Board; Camden County also has a loan with Sterling National Bank in the amount of \$2,603,000. The County has several installment notes outstanding as well. A summary of total long-term debt as of June 30, 2020 is shown below:

Camden County's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

	Governmental Activities				Busine Activ		• •	Total				
	 2020 2019		2019		2020	2019			2020	2019		
General Obligation Debt	\$ -	\$	-	\$	4,060,827	\$	4,391,310	\$	4,060,827	\$	4,391,310	
Installment Purchases	 9,498,112		9,793,578		-		-		9,498,112		9,793,578	
Total	\$ 9,498,112	\$	9,793,578	\$	4,060,827	\$	4,391,310	\$	13,558,939	\$	14,184,888	

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The debt margin required by local Resolution is 2%. The current debt margin for Camden County (as calculated on assessed real property only) is 0.37% or \$88,653,239. Well below the allowable debt limit for the County. Additional information regarding the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The unemployment rate in the County was at 4.0% on June 30, 2020, compared with a federal rates of 4.0% and a • State rate of 4.2%. The rate for Camden County reduced from the 4.2% at June 30, 2019.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021

Governmental Activities

Several factors will positively affect the economic outlook of the county over the next several fiscal years. Economic forecasts indicate growth in coming years which, while modest, are positive indicators for prospective commercial growth in the county. We have already seen an increase in interest from the retail sectors to locate in Camden County with the recent construction of Camden Towne Center project which will expand the tax base and provide employment. Broadband is being expanded throughout the county due to a USDA grant awarded to Eastern Shore Communications.

Factors that may negatively affect the economic position of the county include the uncertainty surrounding the need for a new County High School expected to cost approximately \$35-\$40 million. Another limiting factor is changes that continue to occur in the state and federal political arena. These changes could create local impacts which causes a large amount of uncertainly for Local Government and Camden County.

Business-type Activities

The County has allocated an additional \$2.65 million in funds for engineering, design and construction of a second wastewater treatment plant to be located in the Courthouse Township. Upon completion, the SCWD expects to be in a better position to provide adequate water and sewer with Camden County. The return on this investment is expected to come from the ability to market adequate capacity for commercial development.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Officer, Camden County, 330 East Hwy. 158, P.O. Box 190, Camden, NC 27921. You can also call 1-252-338-6363 for more information.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	F	rimary Government	t	Component Units				
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Camden County ABC Board	Camden County TDA			
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,648,498	\$ 2,146,207 \$	14,794,705	\$ 270,182 \$	91,491			
Restricted cash	3,020,777	-	3,020,777	-	-			
Taxes receivable, net	214,365	-	214,365	-	-			
Accounts receivable, net	403,989	137,611	541,600	-	747			
Inventories	-	-	-	169,420				
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	5,383				
Accrued interest on taxes receivable	22,850	-	22,850	-	-			
Net pension asset	19,983	-	19,983	-	-			
Capital assets:								
Land, non-depreciable								
improvements, and construction in								
progress	5,318,685	1,050,394	6,369,079	25,405	-			
Other capital assets, net of								
depreciation	9,410,317	23,706,564	33,116,881	118,705				
Total assets	31,059,464	27,040,776	58,100,240	589,095	92,238			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES	932,999	87,417	1,020,416	21,078				
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued								
liabilities	744,357	9,186	753,543	310,167				
Accrued interest payable	81,477	18,161	99,638	-	-			
Compensated absences payable	175,000	38,805	213,805	-	-			
Current-portion of long-term liabilities	323,171	336,697	659,868	-	-			
Long-term liabilities								
Net OPEB Liability	1,066,599	118,511	1,185,110	-	-			
Total pension liability - LEOSSA	429,868	-	429,868	-	-			
Net pension liability - LGERS	1,257,917	139,769	1,397,686	22,940	-			
Compensated absences payable	53,772	-	53,772	-	-			
Due in more than one year	9,174,941	3,724,130	12,899,071	-	-			
Total liabilities	13,307,102	4,385,259	17,692,361	333,107	-			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES	486,544	32,339	518,883					
Total deferred inflows of resources	486,544	32,339	518,883	-				
NET POSITION		00 (0(101						
Net investment in capital assets	13,760,430	20,696,131	34,456,561	108,153				
Stabilization by State Statute	1,180,746	-	1,180,746	-	747			
Register of Deeds	4,507	-	4,507	-	-			
Fire Protection	216,015	-	216,015	-	-			
School Capital	2,601,784	-	2,601,784	-	-			
Unrestricted	\$ 435,335	2,014,464	2,449,799	168,913	91,491			
Total net position	\$ 18,198,817	\$ 22,710,595 \$	40,909,412	\$ 277,066 \$	92,238			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Program Revenues		Net (Expe	on			
		-			_	Р	rimary Government			nent Unit
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Camden County ABC Board	Camden County TDA
Primary government:		Liipeiloeo	50111005	contributions	contributions	neumeo		Total	Doura	county 1211
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$	2,445,594 \$	365,221 \$	433,750 \$	- \$	(1,646,623) \$	\$	(1,646,623)		
Public safety		4,069,954	684,844	154,507	-	(3,230,603)		(3,230,603)		
Cultural and recreation		783,987	29,476	143,037	-	(611,474)		(611,474)		
Economic and physical development		1,935,970	-	119,200	-	(1,816,770)		(1,816,770)		
Human services		1,519,532	-	852,256	-	(667,276)		(667,276)		
Education		3,005,878	150,000	-	-	(2,855,878)		(2,855,878)		
Environmental protection		665,267	86,270	33,508	-	(545,489)		(545,489)		
Interest on long-term debt		405,892	-	-	-	(405,892)		(405,892)		
Total governmental activities	_	14,832,074	1,315,811	1,736,258	-	(11,780,005)	-	(11,780,005)		
Business-type activities:										
Water		1,870,036	1,639,523	-	145,350	-	(85,163)	(85,163)		
Total business-type activities		1,870,036	1,639,523		145,350	-	(85,163)	(85,163)		
	\$	16,702,110 \$	2,955,334 \$	1,736,258 \$	145,350 \$	(11,780,005) \$	(85,163) \$	(11,865,168)		
Component units:										
TDA	\$	15,430 \$	\$	\$					\$ \$	5 (15,430)
ABC Board		1,956,981	1,963,789						6,808	
Total component units	\$	1,956,981 \$	1,963,789 \$	- \$	-				\$ 6,808	5 (15,430)
	Ge	eneral revenues:								
		Taxes:								
		Property taxes, levi	ed for general purpo	se		8,685,354		8,685,354		
		Local option sales t	• • •			1,369,331		1,369,331		
		Other taxes and lice				2,990,837		2,990,837		14,662
	1	Investment earnings,				17,741	40,363	58,104		11,002
		Miscellaneous, unres					,			1,000
		,	enues, special items,	and transfers		13,063,263	40,363	13,103,626		15,778
		Change in net pos				1,283,258	(44,800)	1,238,458	6,808	348
	Ne	t position, beginning				16,915,559	22,755,395	39,670,954	270,258	91,890
		t position, ending			\$	18,198,817 \$	22,710,595 \$	40,909,412	\$ 277,066	\$ 92,238
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			*					

Camden County, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

				Major				NonMajor		Tatal
		General Fund		Courthouse and Shiloh FD	Se	chool Capital Fund	0	Other Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash, including time deposits	\$	11,170,669	\$	151,553 \$		\$		1,326,276 \$		12,648,498
Restricted cash	Ψ	-	Ψ	-		2,597,212		423,565		3,020,777
Accounts receivable, net		605,332		7,772				5,250		618,354
Due from other funds		776,757		-		-		-		776,757
Total assets	\$	12,552,758	\$	159,325 \$	_	2,597,212 \$	_	1,755,091 \$		17,064,386
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued										
liabilities		239,467		2,640		-		502,250		744,357
Due to other funds		-		-		-		776,757		776,757
Total liabilities		239,467		2,640		-		1,279,007		1,521,114
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Property taxes receivable		212,085		1,756		-		524		214,365
Prepaid taxes		142,517		-		-		-		142,517
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	354,602		1,756		-		524		356,882
Fund balances:										
Restricted		1 1 70 00 4		6.016				4 726		1 100 746
Stabilization by State Statute Register of Deeds		1,170,004		6,016		-		4,726 4,507		1,180,746 4,507
Fire Protection		-		- 148,913		-		67,102		216,015
School Capital		-		-		2,597,212		4,572		2,601,784
Committed						2,007,212		1,572		2,001,701
Capital Reserve		4,967,228		-				-		4,967,228
Tax Revaluation		-		-		-		356,844		356,844
Economic Development		-		-		-		37,809		37,809
Unassigned		5,821,457		-		-		-		5,821,457
Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		11,958,689		154,929		2,597,212		475,560		15,186,390
resources and fund balances	\$	12,552,758	\$	159,325 \$		2,597,212 \$		1,755,091		

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because: Net pension asset. 19,983 Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. 912,478 Benefit payments and pension administration costs for LEOSSA are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position 20,521 Deferred inflows of resources in fund statements for taxes receivable. 214,365 Other assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are not accrued as income in the 22,850 funds. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. 14,729,002 OPEB and Pension related deferrals. (344,027) Long-term debt included as net position below (includes the addition of long-term debt and principal payments during the year.) (9,808,361) Net pension liability - LEOSSA. (429,868) Net OPEB liability. (1,066,599) Net pension liability - LGERS. (1,257,917) Net position of governmental activities 18,198,817

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

REVENUES Courthouse and Shiloh FD School Capital Fund Other Governmental Funds Total Governmental Funds REVENUES \$ 8,505,200 \$ 70,144 \$ -			Мај	jor			NonMajor		
Ad valorem taxes \$ 8,505,200 \$ 70,144 \$ \$ 76,050 \$ 8,651,394 Other taxes and licenses 3,356,277 277,925 973,760 176,501 4,784,463 Other taxes and licenses 3,356,277 277,925 973,760 176,501 4,784,463 Other taxes and licenses 1,066,982 - - 265,302 1,322,284 Restricted intergovernmental 1,066,982 - - 20 20 Permits and fees 836,582 9,000 - 93,359 938,941 Sales and services 146,324 - 150,000 29,456 325,780 Investment tearnings 13,576 547 2,067 1,550 17,740 Miscellaneous 50,037 713 4 - 50,754 Total revenues 14,020,636 358,329 1,125,831 642,238 16,147,034 EXPENDITURES Current Current - 5,025 2,295,809 Curbent 3,891,108 170,456 - 6,502 6861,959 Hu		General Fun	d			-			
Other taxes and licenses 3,356,277 277,925 973,760 176,501 4,784,463 Unrestricted intergovernmental 1,066,982 - - 265,302 1,332,284 Local Contributions - - 20 20 Permits and fees 836,582 9,000 - 93,359 938,941 Investment earnings 13,576 547 2,067 1,550 17,740 Miscellaneous 50,037 713 4 - 50,754 Total revenues 14,020,636 358,329 1,125,831 642,238 16,147,034 EXPENDITURES - - 5,025 2,295,809 9,941 10,456 860,653 4,922,217 Environmental protection 541,399 - - 3,3929 575,328 Economic and physical development 91,2776 - 978,960 1,817,756 Cutrue and recreation 655,906 - - - 1,317,626 Intergovernmental: - - - <td< td=""><td>REVENUES</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>• •</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	REVENUES				• •				
Unrestricted intergovernmental 45,658 - - - 45,658 Restricted intergovernmental 1,066,992 - - 265,302 1,332,284 Local Contributions - - 20 20 20 Permits and fees 836,582 9,000 - 93,359 938,941 Sales and services 144,6324 - 150,000 29,456 325,780 Investment earnings 13,576 547 2,067 1,550 17,740 Miscellaneous 50,037 713 4 - 50,754 Total revenues 14,020,636 358,329 1,125,831 642,238 16,147,034 EXPENDITURES - - 5,025 2,295,809 Public safety 3,891,108 170,456 860,653 4,922,217 Economic and physical development 912,776 - - 1,317,626 Intergovernmental: Education 3,005,878 - - 3,005,878 Debt service: - 11,4	Ad valorem taxes	\$ 8,505,20	0 \$	70,144	\$	-	\$	76,050 \$	8,651,394
Restricted intergovernmental 1,066,982 - - 265,302 1,332,284 Local Contributions - - - 20 20 Permits and fees 836,582 9,000 - 93,359 938,941 Sales and services 146,324 - 150,000 29,456 325,780 Investment earnings 13,576 547 2,067 1,550 17,740 Miscellaneous 50,037 713 4 - 50,754 Total revenues 14,020,636 358,329 1,125,831 642,238 16,147,034 EXPENDITURES - - 5,025 2,295,809 Public safety 3,891,108 170,456 860,653 4,922,217 Environmental protection 541,399 - - 26,053 681,959 Cuture and recreation 655,906 - - 1,317,626 - - 1,317,626 Intergovernmental: - - 1,317,626 - - 3,005,878	Other taxes and licenses	3,356,27	7	277,925		973,760		176,501	4,784,463
Local Contributions - - - 20 20 Permits and fees 836,582 9,000 - 93,359 938,941 Sales and services 146,324 - 150,000 29,456 325,780 Investment earnings 13,576 547 2,067 1,550 17,740 Miscellaneous 50,037 713 4 - 50,754 Total revenues 14,020,636 358,329 1,125,831 642,238 16,147,034 Current: - - 5,025 2,295,809 Public safety 3,891,108 10,456 - 860,653 4,922,217 Environmental protection 541,399 - - 33,929 575,328 Economic and physical development 912,776 - - 978,960 1,891,736 Human services 1,317,626 - - 1,317,626 - - 1,317,626 Intergovernmental: - - 13,212,00 627,200 - 2,064,622	Unrestricted intergovernmental	45,65	8	-		-		-	45,658
Permits and fees 836,582 9,000 - 93,359 938,941 Sales and services 146,324 - 150,000 29,456 325,780 Investment earnings 13,576 547 2,067 1,550 17,740 Miscellaneous 50,037 713 4 - 50,754 Total revenues 14,020,636 358,329 1,125,831 642,238 16,147,034 EXPENDITURES - - 50,25 2,295,809 Public safety 3,891,108 170,456 - 800,653 4,922,217 Environmental protection 541,399 - - 33,229 575,328 Economic and physical development 912,776 - 978,960 1,891,736 Culture and recreation 655,906 - - 1,317,626 Intergovernmental: - 1,317,626 - - 1,317,626 Principal 597,224 445,321 - 123,210 1,165,755 Debt service: - -	Restricted intergovernmental	1,066,98	2	-		-		265,302	1,332,284
Sales and services 146,324 - 150,000 29,456 325,780 Investment earnings 13,576 547 2,067 1,550 17,740 Miscellaneous 50,037 713 4 - 50,754 Total revenues 14,020,636 358,329 1,125,831 642,238 16,147,034 EXPENDITURES - 5,025 2,295,809 9 10,17456 500,653 4,922,217 Environmental protection 541,399 - - 33,929 575,328 Economic and physical development 912,776 - 978,960 1,891,736 Culture and recreation 655,906 - 2,6053 681,959 Human services 1,317,626 - - 1,317,626 Intergovernmental: - - 3,005,878 - - 3,005,878 Debt service: - 11,423 - 123,210 1,165,755 Principal 597,224 445,321 - 123,210 1,165,755	Local Contributions	-		-		-		20	20
Investment earnings 13,576 547 2,067 1,550 17,740 Miscellaneous 50,037 713 4 - 50,754 Total revenues 14,020,636 358,329 1,125,831 642,238 16,147,034 EXPENDITURES General government 2,290,783 - - 5,025 2,295,809 Public safety 3,891,108 170,456 - 860,653 4,922,217 Environmental protection 541,399 - - 339,29 575,328 Economic and physical development 912,776 - - 978,960 1,891,736 Culture and recreation 655,906 - - 1,317,626 - - 1,317,626 Intergovernmental: - - - 1,317,626 - - 3,005,878 Debt service: - - 11,423 - 3,005,878 - - 3,005,878 Debt service: - - 11,423 - 2,064,622	Permits and fees	836,58	2	9,000		-		93,359	938,941
Miscellaneous 50,037 713 4 - 50,754 Total revenues 14,020,636 358,329 1,125,831 642,238 16,147,034 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 2,290,783 - - 5,025 2,295,809 Public safety 3,891,108 170,456 - 860,653 4,922,217 Environmental protection 541,399 - - 33,929 575,328 Economic and physical development 912,776 - - 978,960 1,891,736 Culture and recreation 655,906 - - 26,053 681,959 Human services 1,317,626 - - 1,317,626 Intergovernmental: - 11,423 36,792 48,215 Education 3,005,878 - - 2,064,622 15,904,523 Debt service: - 11,423 - 2,064,622 15,904,523 Total expenditures 807,936 (268,871) 1,125,831 <t< td=""><td>Sales and services</td><td>146,32</td><td>4</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>150,000</td><td></td><td>29,456</td><td>325,780</td></t<>	Sales and services	146,32	4	-		150,000		29,456	325,780
Total revenues 14.020.636 358,329 1,125,831 642,238 16,147,034 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 2,290,783 - - 5,025 2,295,809 Public safety 3,891,108 170,456 - 860,653 4,922,217 Environmental protection 541,399 - - 33,929 575,328 Economic and physical development 912,776 - 978,960 1,891,736 Culture and recreation 655,906 - - 26,053 681,959 Human services 1,317,626 - - - 3,005,878 Debt service: - - - 3,005,878 - - - 3,005,878 Debt service: - - 1,1423 - - 3,005,878 Principal 597,224 445,321 - - - 3,005,878 Dett service: - - - 2,064,622 15,904,523 Total expenditures	Investment earnings	13,57	6	547		2,067		1,550	17,740
EXPENDITURES Current: General government 2,290,783 - - 5,025 2,295,809 Public safety 3,891,108 170,456 - 860,653 4,922,217 Environmental protection 541,399 - - 33,929 575,328 Economic and physical development 912,776 - - 978,960 1,891,736 Culture and recreation 655,906 - - 26,053 681,959 Human services 1,317,626 - - 1,317,626 Intergovernmental: - - 3,005,878 - - 3,005,878 Debt service: - - 1,1423 - 3,005,878 - - 1,305,878 Dett service: - - 11,423 - 3,005,878 - - - 1,305,878 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over - - 11,423 - 36,792 48,215 Total expenditures - -	Miscellaneous	50,03	7	713		4		-	50,754
Current: General government $2,290,783$ - - $5,025$ $2,295,809$ Public safety $3,891,108$ $170,456$ - $860,653$ $4,922,217$ Environmental protection $541,399$ - - $33,929$ $575,328$ Economic and physical development $912,776$ - - $978,960$ $1,891,736$ Culture and recreation $655,906$ - - 26,053 $681,959$ Human services $1,317,626$ - - $1,317,626$ Intergovernmental: - - $3,005,878$ - - $3,005,878$ Debt service: - - 123,210 $1,165,755$ 1,165,755 Interest - 11,423 - $3,0792$ $48,215$ Total expenditures $807,936$ (268,871) $1,125,831$ $(1,422,384)$ $242,511$ Proceeds of long-tern debt - - - - - - Proceeds of long-tern debt - - - - - - -	Total revenues	14,020,63	6	358,329		1,125,831		642,238	
General government 2,290,783 - - 5,025 2,295,809 Public safety 3,891,108 170,456 - 860,653 4,922,217 Environmental protection 541,399 - - 33,929 575,328 Economic and physical development 912,776 - 978,960 1,891,736 Culture and recreation 655,906 - - 26,053 681,959 Human services 1,317,626 - - 1,317,626 Intergovernmental: - - 3,005,878 - - 3,005,878 Debt service: - - 11,423 - 3,6792 48,215 Principal 597,224 445,321 - 2,064,622 15,904,523 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures - 13,212,700 627,200 - 2,064,622 15,904,523 Funceds of long-term debt - - - - - - Transfers to other funds - - - <td>EXPENDITURES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	EXPENDITURES								
Public safety 3,891,108 170,456 - 860,653 4,922,217 Environmental protection 541,399 - - 33,929 575,328 Economic and physical development 912,776 - 978,960 1,891,736 Culture and recreation 665,5906 - 26,053 681,959 Human services 1,317,626 - - 1,317,626 Intergovernmental: - - 3,005,878 - - 3,005,878 Debt service: - - 11,423 - 3,005,878 - - 3,005,878 Debt service: - - 11,423 - 3,005,878 - - - 1,65,755 Interest - 11,423 - 3,004,622 15,904,523 - <td>Current:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Current:								
Environmental protection 541,399 - - 33,929 575,328 Economic and physical development 912,776 - 978,960 1,891,736 Culture and recreation 655,906 - - 26,053 681,959 Human services 1,317,626 - - 1,317,626 Intergovernmental: - - 3,005,878 - - 3,005,878 Debt service: - - 11,423 - 3,005,878 - - 3,005,878 Debt service: - - 11,423 - 3,005,878 - - 3,005,878 Total expenditures 597,224 445,321 - 123,210 1,165,755 Interest - 11,423 - 3,6,792 48,215 Total expenditures 807,936 (268,871) 1,125,831 (1,422,384) 242,511 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - - - - - - - - -	General government	2,290,78	3	-		-		5,025	2,295,809
Economic and physical development $912,776$ $978,960$ $1,891,736$ Culture and recreation $655,906$ $26,053$ $681,959$ Human services $1,317,626$ $1,317,626$ Intergovernmental: $3,005,878$ Education $3,005,878$ $3,005,878$ Debt service: $11,423$ - $36,792$ Principal $597,224$ $445,321$ - $123,210$ $1,165,755$ Interest $11,423$ - $36,792$ $48,215$ Total expenditures $13,212,700$ $627,200$ - $2,064,622$ $15,904,523$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures $807,936$ $(268,871)$ $1,125,831$ $(1,422,384)$ $242,511$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCESProceeds of long-term debtTransfers to other fundsTransfers from other fundsTotal other financing sources and usesNet change in fund balance $807,936$ $(268,871)$ $1,125,831$ $(914,560)$ $750,335$ Fund balances-beginning, restated $11,150,754$ $423,800$ $1,471,381$ $1,390,120$ $14,436,055$	Public safety	3,891,10	8	170,456		-		860,653	4,922,217
Culture and recreation 655,906 - - 26,053 681,959 Human services 1,317,626 - - 1,317,626 Intergovernmental: - - 3,005,878 - - 3,005,878 Debt service: - - 123,210 1,165,755 1 1 165,755 Interest - 11,423 - 36,792 48,215 Total expenditures 13,212,700 627,200 - 2,064,622 15,904,523 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 807,936 (268,871) 1,125,831 (1,422,384) 242,511 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - - - - Proceeds of long-term debt - - - - - Transfer to component unit - <td>Environmental protection</td> <td>541,39</td> <td>9</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>33,929</td> <td>575,328</td>	Environmental protection	541,39	9	-		-		33,929	575,328
Human services 1,317,626 - - 1,317,626 Intergovernmental: Education 3,005,878 - - 3,005,878 Debt service: - - 123,210 1,165,755 Principal 597,224 445,321 - 123,210 1,165,755 Interest - 11,423 - 36,792 48,215 Total expenditures 13,212,700 627,200 - 2,064,622 15,904,523 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 807,936 (268,871) 1,125,831 (1,422,384) 242,511 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - - 507,824 507,824 Proceeds of long-term debt - - - - - Transfer to component unit - - - - - Transfers to other funds - - - - - Total other financing sources and uses - - - - - - Net change in fund balance 807,936 (268,871) 1,125,831 (914,560) 750,335 </td <td>Economic and physical development</td> <td>912,77</td> <td>6</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>978,960</td> <td>1,891,736</td>	Economic and physical development	912,77	6	-		-		978,960	1,891,736
Intergovernmental: 3,005,878 - - 3,005,878 Education 3,005,878 - - 3,005,878 Debt service: - 123,210 1,165,755 Principal 597,224 445,321 - 123,210 1,165,755 Interest - 11,423 - 36,792 48,215 Total expenditures 13,212,700 627,200 - 2,064,622 15,904,523 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 807,936 (268,871) 1,125,831 (1,422,384) 242,511 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - - 507,824 507,824 Proceeds of long-term debt - - - - - Transfer to component unit - - - - - Transfers to other funds - - - - - - Total other funds - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <t< td=""><td>Culture and recreation</td><td>655,90</td><td>6</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>26,053</td><td>681,959</td></t<>	Culture and recreation	655,90	6	-		-		26,053	681,959
Education 3,005,878 - - - 3,005,878 Debt service: - - - 3,005,878 - - - 3,005,878 Debt service: - - 11,423 - 123,210 1,165,755 Interest - 11,423 - 36,792 48,215 Total expenditures 13,212,700 627,200 - 2,064,622 15,904,523 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over - 807,936 (268,871) 1,125,831 (1,422,384) 242,511 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - - - - - Proceeds of long-term debt -	Human services	1,317,62	6	-		-		-	1,317,626
Debt service: 977,224 445,321 - 123,210 1,165,755 Interest - 11,423 - 36,792 48,215 Total expenditures 13,212,700 627,200 - 2,064,622 15,904,523 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 807,936 (268,871) 1,125,831 (1,422,384) 242,511 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 807,936 (268,871) 1,125,831 (1,422,384) 242,511 OTHER Financing sources - - - 507,824 507,824 Transfer to component unit - - - - - Transfers to other funds - - - - - Total other funds - - - - - - Total other financing sources and uses -	Intergovernmental:								
Principal 597,224 445,321 - 123,210 1,165,755 Interest - 11,423 - 36,792 48,215 Total expenditures 13,212,700 627,200 - 2,064,622 15,904,523 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 807,936 (268,871) 1,125,831 (1,422,384) 242,511 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - - - - 507,824 507,824 Proceeds of long-term debt - - - - - - Transfer to component unit - - - - - - Transfers from other funds - - - - - - - Total other financing sources and uses -	Education	3,005,87	8	-		-		-	3,005,878
Interest - 11,423 - 36,792 49,215 Total expenditures 13,212,700 627,200 - 2,064,622 15,904,523 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 807,936 (268,871) 1,125,831 (1,422,384) 242,511 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Proceeds of long-term debt - - 507,824 507,824 Transfer to component unit - - - - - - Transfers to other funds - - - - - - Total other financing sources and uses -<	Debt service:								
Total expenditures 13,212,700 627,200 - 2,064,622 15,904,523 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 807,936 (268,871) 1,125,831 (1,422,384) 242,511 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Proceeds of long-term debt - - 507,824 507,824 507,824 Transfer to component unit - <td< td=""><td>Principal</td><td>597,22</td><td>4</td><td>445,321</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>123,210</td><td>1,165,755</td></td<>	Principal	597,22	4	445,321		-		123,210	1,165,755
Total expenditures 13,212,700 627,200 - 2,064,622 15,904,523 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 807,936 (268,871) 1,125,831 (1,422,384) 242,511 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Proceeds of long-term debt - - 507,824 507,824 507,824 Transfer to component unit - <td< td=""><td>Interest</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>11,423</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>36,792</td><td>48,215</td></td<>	Interest	-		11,423		-		36,792	48,215
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 807,936 (268,871) 1,125,831 (1,422,384) 242,511 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Proceeds of long-term debt - - 507,824 507,824 Proceeds of long-term debt - - - 507,824 507,824 Transfer to component unit - - - - - Transfers to other funds - - - - - Transfers from other funds - - - - - Total other financing sources and uses - - 507,824 507,824 507,824 Net change in fund balance 807,936 (268,871) 1,125,831 (914,560) 750,335 Fund balances-beginning, restated 11,150,754 423,800 1,471,381 1,390,120 14,436,055	Total expenditures	13,212,70	0			-		2,064,622	15,904,523
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Proceeds of long-term debt - - 507,824 507,824 Transfer to component unit - - - - - Transfer to component unit - - - - - - Transfers to other funds -				·				<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Proceeds of long-term debt - - 507,824 507,824 Transfer to component unit - - - - - Transfer to component unit - - - - - - Transfers to other funds -	expenditures	807,93	6	(268,871)		1,125,831		(1,422,384)	242,511
Transfer to component unit -	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers to other funds - </td <td>Proceeds of long-term debt</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>507,824</td> <td>507,824</td>	Proceeds of long-term debt	-		-		-		507,824	507,824
Transfers from other funds - - - - Total other financing sources and uses - - 507,824 507,824 Net change in fund balance 807,936 (268,871) 1,125,831 (914,560) 750,335 Fund balances-beginning, restated 11,150,754 423,800 1,471,381 1,390,120 14,436,055	Transfer to component unit	-		-		-		-	-
Total other financing sources and uses - - 507,824 507,824 Net change in fund balance 807,936 (268,871) 1,125,831 (914,560) 750,335 Fund balances-beginning, restated 11,150,754 423,800 1,471,381 1,390,120 14,436,055	Transfers to other funds	-		-		-		-	-
Net change in fund balance 807,936 (268,871) 1,125,831 (914,560) 750,335 Fund balances-beginning, restated 11,150,754 423,800 1,471,381 1,390,120 14,436,055	Transfers from other funds	-		-		-		-	-
Fund balances-beginning, restated 11,150,754 423,800 1,471,381 1,390,120 14,436,055	Total other financing sources and uses	-	_	-		-		507,824	507,824
	Net change in fund balance	807,93	6	(268,871)		1,125,831		(914,560)	750,335
Fund balances-ending \$ 11,958,690 154,929 \$ 2,597,212 \$ 475,560 \$ 15,186,390									
	Fund balances-ending	\$ 11,958,69	0	154,929	\$	2,597,212	\$	475,560 \$	15,186,390

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay decreases in fiscal year. 1,388,295 Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized 1,388,295 1,388,295 Depreciation expense for governmental assets (685,233) 703,062 Cost of asset disposed of during the year (65,000) Contributions and pension administration costs for OPEB are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position 99,371 99,371 Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities 245,224 20,521 Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities 245,224 33,960 The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: 33,960 The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. 295,466 Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide and related items. 295,466 Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expendit	Net changes in fund balance - total government funds	\$	750,335
Depreciation expense for governmental assets (685,233) 703,062 Cost of asset disposed of during the year (65,000) Contributions and pension administration costs for OPEB are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position 99,371 Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities 20,521 Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities 285,224 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: 33,960 The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. 295,466 Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. 4,788 Compensated absences (13,572) Pension expense (787,044) Other postemployment benefits (43,853) (839,681)	expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays increases exceeded		
703,062 Cost of asset disposed of during the year (65,000) Contributions and pension administration costs for OPEB are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position 99,371 Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities 20,521 Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities 285,224 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: 33,960 The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. 295,466 Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. 4,788 Compensated absences (13,572) Pension expense (787,044) Other postemployment benefits (43,853) (839,681)	Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized 1,388,295		
Cost of asset disposed of during the year(65,000)Contributions and pension administration costs for OPEB are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position99,371Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities20,521Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities285,224Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:33,960The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources in the treatment of Activities do 	Depreciation expense for governmental assets (685,233)		
Contributions and pension administration costs for OPEB are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position 99,371 Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities 20,521 Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities 285,224 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: 33,960 The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. 295,466 Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. 4,788 Compensated absences (13,572) 295,466 Marcue interest 4,788 (13,572) Pension expense (787,044) (13,572) Pension expense (787,044) (13,573) Marcue interpense (13,572) (13,573) Pension expense (787,044) (13,573) Other postemployment benefits (43,853)		_	703,062
are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of 99,371 Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the 20,521 Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal 20,521 Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal 285,224 Revenues in the statement of activities 285,224 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: 33,960 The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. 295,466 Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. 4,788 Compensated absences (13,572) Pension expense (787,044) Other postemployment benefits (43,853) (839,681) (839,681)	Cost of asset disposed of during the year		(65,000)
LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities20,521Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities285,224Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:33,960The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long- term debt and related items.295,466Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.4,788 (13,572) Pension expense(13,572) (787,044) (14,853)Other postemployment benefits(43,853)(839,681)	are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of		99,371
year are not included on the Statement of Activities285,224Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:33,960The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long- term debt and related items.295,466Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.4,788 (13,572) (787,044) (14,853)Maccrued interest Other postemployment benefits4,788 (13,572) (43,853)(839,681)			20,521
provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:33,960The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long- term debt and related items.295,466Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.4,788 (13,572) Pension expense(787,044) (43,853)Other postemployment benefits(13,572) (43,853)(839,681)			285,224
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long- term debt and related items. 295,466 Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest 4,788 Compensated absences (13,572) Pension expense (787,044) Other postemployment benefits (43,853)	provide current financial resources are not reported as		33,960
not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest 4,788 Compensated absences (13,572) Pension expense (787,044) Other postemployment benefits (43,853) (839,681)	resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-		295,466
Compensated absences(13,572)Pension expense(787,044)Other postemployment benefits(43,853)(839,681)	not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
	Compensated absences(13,572)Pension expense(787,044)		(839.681)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities\$ 1,283,258			
	Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,283,258

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund						
							Variance
		Onicianal	Final				With Final
		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Positive (Negative)
	-	Duuget	Duuget		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:							
Ad valorem taxes	\$	8,400,370 \$	8,400,370	\$	8,505,200	\$	104,830
Other taxes and licenses		2,239,500	2,239,500		2,617,100		377,600
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues		81,300	81,300		45,658		(35,642)
Restricted intergovernmental revenues		1,293,612	1,308,339		1,066,982		(241,357)
Permits and fees		1,573,678	1,573,678		836,582		(737,096)
Sales and services		88,950	143,950		146,324		2,374
Local contributions		-	-		-		-
Investment earnings		47,000	47,000		7,971		(39,029)
Miscellaneous		38,746	40,544		50,037		9,493
Total revenues		13,763,156	13,834,681		13,275,854		(558,827)
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government		2,245,315	2,344,388		2,290,783		53,605
Public safety		4,059,407	3,902,766		3,891,108		11,658
Economic and physical development		686,904	717,904		541,399		176,505
Environmental protection		919,929	919,929		912,776		7,153
Human Services		1,303,855	1,356,220		1,317,626		38,594
Cultural and recreational		619,644	665,372		655,906		9,466
Intergovernmental:		019,044	003,372		033,900		9,400
Education		3,005,878	3,005,878		2 005 070		
Debt service:		5,005,676	5,005,676		3,005,878		-
		F07 334	F07 224		507 224		
Principal retirement		597,224	597,224		597,224		-
Interest Total expenditures	-		- 13,509,681		- 13,212,700		296,981
Revenues over (under) expenditures		325,000	325,000		63,154		(261,846)
			,		,		
Other financing sources (Uses)							
Transfers from other funds		-	-		-		-
Transfers to other funds		-	-		-		-
Proceeds from Installment Loan		-	-		-		-
Fund Balance Appropriated		(325,000)	(325,000)		-		325,000
Total other financing sources and uses		(325,000)	(325,000)		-		325,000
Net change in fund balance	\$	- \$	-		63,154	\$	63,154
	_					=	
Fund Balances - Beginning					6,928,307		
Fund Balances - Ending			5	\$	6,991,461	-	
A locally hydroted Special Capital Fund is concelidated							
A legally budgeted Special Capital Fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting puposes:	L						
				t	720 177		
Other taxes and licenses			:	\$	739,177		
Investment earnings					5,605		
Transfer-in from General Fund					-		
Expenditures					-		
Fund Balance, Beginning					4,222,446	-	
Fund Balance, Ending (Exhibit 4)				Þ	11,958,689	_	

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Courthouse and Shiloh FD					
		0				Variance With Final
	_	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$	65,392	\$	65,392 \$	\$ 70,144 \$	4,752
Other taxes and licenses		261,568		261,568	277,925	16,357
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues		-				-
Restricted intergovernmental revenues		-		-	-	-
Permits and fees		9,000		9,000	9,000	-
Sales and services		-				-
Local contributions		-				-
Investment earnings		1,500		1,500	547	(953)
Miscellaneous		-		339,501	713	(338,788)
Total revenues	_	337,460		676,961	358,329	(318,632)
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government		-		-	-	-
Public safety		219,846		219,846	170,456	49,390
Economic and physical development		-		-	-	-
Environmental protection		-		-	-	-
Human Services		-		-	-	-
Cultural and recreational		-		-	-	-
Intergovernmental:		-		-	-	-
Education		-		-	-	-
Debt service:		-		-	-	-
Principal retirement		117,614		445,692	445,321	371
Interest		-		11,423	11,423	-
Total expenditures		337,460		676,961	627,200	49,761
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-		-	(268,871)	(268,871)
Other financing sources (Uses)						
Transfers from other funds		-		-	-	-
Transfers to other funds		-		-	-	-
Proceeds from Installment Loan		-		-	-	-
Fund Balance Appropriated		-		-	-	-
Total other financing sources and uses		-		-	-	-
Net change in fund balance	\$	-			(268,871) \$	(268,871)
Fund Balances - Beginning					423,800	
Fund Balances - Ending				4	154,929	
0						

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		School Capital Fund						
	-	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other taxes and licenses		982,495		982,495		973,760		(8,735)
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		-
Restricted intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		-
Permits and fees		-		-		-		-
Sales and services		-		-		-		-
Local contributions		150,000		150,000		150,000		-
Investment earnings		15,000		1,500		2,067		567
Miscellaneous		5		5		4		(1)
Total revenues	_	1,134,000		1,134,000		1,125,831		(8,169)
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Economic and physical development		-		-		-		-
Environmental protection		-		-				-
Human Services		-		-		-		-
Cultural and recreational		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental:								
Education		-		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	_	1,134,000		1,134,000		-		1,134,000
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-		-		1,125,831		1,125,831
Other financing sources (Uses)								
Transfers from other funds		-		-		-		-
Transfers to other funds		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance Appropriated		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources and uses		-		-		-		-
	_							
Net change in fund balance	\$_	-	\$	-		1,125,831	\$_	1,125,831
Fund Balances - Beginning						1,471,381		
Fund Balances - Ending					\$	2,597,212	-	

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2020

	Major
	South Camden
	Water & Sewer
	District
Assets	
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,146,207
Accounts receivable, net	137,611
Total Current Assets	2,283,818
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Land and non-depreciable assets	1,050,394
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	23,706,564
Capital assets (net)	24,756,958
Total noncurrent assets	24,756,958
Total Assets	27,040,776
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	87,417
Total deferred outflows of resources	87,417
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	9,186
Current portion of long-term debt	336,697
Compensated absences	38,805
Accrued Interest	18,161
Due to other funds	-
Total Current Liabilities	402,849
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absences	-
Other postemployment benefits	118,511
Net pension liability	139,769
Long term obligations payable	3,724,130
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,982,410
Total Liabilities	4,385,259
Deferred Inflows of Resources	32,339
Total deferred inflows of resources	32,339
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	20,696,131
Unrestricted	2,014,464
Total Net Position	\$ 22,710,595

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Major
	South Camden
	Water & Sewer
	District
Operating revenues:	
Charges for Services - Water	1,368,399
Charges for Services - Sewer	150,635
Hook-up connection fees and taps	86,495
Penalties	27,180
Miscellaneous	6,814
Total Operating Revenues	1,639,523
Operating expenses:	
Reverse osmosis plant	423,420
Water distribution	397,384
Wastewater operations	292,255
Depreciation	607,597
Total operating expenses	1,720,656
Total Operating Income (Loss)	(81,133)
Nonoperating Revenues(Expenses):	
Interest income	40,363
Interest expense	(149,380)
Total Nonoperating Revenues	
(Expenses)	(109,017)
Capital Contributions	145,350
Transfers from other funds	
Changes in net position	(44,800)
Net position, beginning	22,755,395
Total net position, Ending	\$ 22,710,595

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash Received from Customers/others Second Seco	South Camden Water & Sewer District 1,678,101
Cash Received from Customers/others \$ Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	1 678 101
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	1 678 101
Cash paid to employees for services	1,070,101
	(958,947)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(583,028)
_	136,126
Cash Flows from (use by) capital and related financing activities:	
Capital contributions	
Federal and State grants	145,350
Principal repayments on long-term debt Debt proceeds	(328,583)
Acquisition of capital assets	(776,616)
Interest income	40,363
Interest expense	(149,380)
Net cash flows provided (used) by capital financing activities	(1,068,866)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash	
equivalents	(932,740)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	3,078,947
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$	2,146,207
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) \$	(81,133)
Adjustments to reconcile operating	
income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts	607,597
receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts	38,578
payable and accrued liabilities	(458,668)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	29,550
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest	(555)
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability	(21,439)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	
of resources for pensions	9,202
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	10 710
of resources for pensions Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay	18,718
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>(5,724)</u> 136,126

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2020

Assets	_	Agency Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,544
Liabilities and Net Position		
Miscellaneous liabilities Total liabilities	_	25,544 25,544
Net Position	\$	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CAMDEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Camden County and its component units conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The County, which is governed by a five-member board of commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County and its component units, legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. South Camden Water and Sewer District (*the District*) exists to provide and maintain a water system for the County residents within the District. The District is reported as an enterprise fund in the County's financial statements. The Camden County ABC Board (*the Board*) and Camden County TDA, which has a June 30 year-end, are presented as if they are separate proprietary funds of the County (discrete presentation). The blended presentation methods presents component units as a department or unit of the County, and offers no separate presentation as with the discrete method.

Component Unit	Reporting Method	Criteria for Inclusion	Separate Financial Statement
South Camden Water and Sewer District	Blended	Under State law [NCGS 162A-89], the County's board of commissioners also serve as the governing board for the District	None issued.
Camden County TDA	Discrete	The members of the TDA Board's governing board are appointed by the County.	Camden County Finance P.O. Box 190 Camden, NC 27921
Camden County ABC Board	Discrete	The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the County. The ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the County	Camden County ABC Board P.O. Box 22 Camden, NC 27921

B. Basis of Presentation - Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus - Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental*, *proprietary*, and *fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating items such as investment earnings are ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Special Capital Fund is a legally budgeted fund under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 it is consolidated in the General Fund.

School Capital Fund - This fund is used to account for the resource of the school projects.

Courthouse and Shiloh FD – This fund is used to account for the fire needs.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

South Camden Water and Sewer District Fund: This fund is used to account for the operations of the water and sewer district within the County.

The County reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds: Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others. The County maintains the following Agency Funds: the Social Services Fund, which accounts for moneys deposited with the Department of Social Services for the benefit of certain individuals; the Nancy M and H. Clay Ferebee III Fund which holds donated monies by Mr. and Mrs. Ferebee to be used for the restoration of the Camden County Courthouse.

Non-major Funds: The County's non- major governmental funds are the Automation Enhancement and Preservation Fund, the Watershed Fund, the Dismal Swamp Visitor Center Fund, the South Mills VFD Fund, the Joyce Creek Drainage Fund, the Community Park Trust Fund, the Eco Dev Fund, the School Fund, the Revaluation Fund, Cares Act 19 Fund, and the Scattered Housing Grant Fund. These funds are used to report specific special revenues and capital projects.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for agency funds which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County, are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Fire Districts, and Special Capital Fund, and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for Capital Projects Fund and the Enterprise Capital Projects Funds, which are consolidated with the enterprise operating fund for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for multi-year funds. Amendments are required for revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$5,000. The governing board must approve all amendments. During the year, several material amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County, Camden County TDA, and Camden County ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County, the TDA, and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County, the TDA, and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State Law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County, Camden County TDA, and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The majority of the County, Camden County TDA, and the ABC Board's investments are carried at fair value. Non-participating interest earning investment contracts are accounted for at cost.

The North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), which consists of two SEC-registered funds, is authorized by G.S. 159-30(c)(8). One of these funds, the Government Portfolio is a 2a7 fund which invests in treasuries and government agencies and is rated AAAm by S&P. The second fund, the Term Portfolio, is a short-term bond fund investing in treasuries, government agencies, and money market instruments allowed under G.S. 159-30. The Term Portfolio has no rating. Both the Government Portfolio and the Term Portfolio are reported at fair value.

Ownership of the STIP is determined on a fair market valuation basis as of fiscal year end in accordance with the STIP operating procedures. STIP investments are valued by the custodian using Level 2 inputs which in this case involves inputs - other than quoted prices - included within Level 1 that are either directly or indirectly observable for the asset or liability. The STIP is valued at \$1 per share. The STIP portfolio is unrated and had a weighted average maturity at June 30, 2020 of 1.3 years. Under the authority of G.S. 147-69.3, no unrealized gains or losses of the STIP are distributed to participants of the fund.

The BIF is measured at fair value using Level 2 inputs and is based upon units of participation. Units of participation are calculated monthly based upon inflows and outflows as well as allocations of net earnings. BIF does not have a credit rating, was valued at \$1 per unit and had an average maturity of 7.97 years at June 30, 2020.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County and the TDA pool moneys from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers demand deposits and investments purchased with an original maturity of 90 days or less, which are not limited as to use, to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019. As allowed by State law, the County has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes, which are paid prior to the due date. In the County's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

4. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

5. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The inventory of the ABC Board consists of materials and supplies held for consumption or resale. The cost of the inventory carried by the ABC Board is recorded as an expense as it is consumed or sold.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

6. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Minimum capitalization cost is \$3,000 for all capital assets. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

The County holds title to certain Camden County Board of Education properties that have not been included in the County's capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board of Education give the Board of Education full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the Board of Education, once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Camden County Board of Education.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset Class</u>	Years
Buildings	30
Improvements	25
Plant and Distribution	40
Furniture and equipment	10
Vehicles	5-10
Computer equipment	10

Capital assets of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

<u>Asset Class</u>	Years
Buildings	25
Furniture & Equipment	5-10

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has one item that meets this criterion: contributions made to the OPEB or pension plans in the current fiscal year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has only two items that meet the criterion for this category: prepaid taxes and other OPEB or pension plan deferrals.

8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other longterm obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source.

9. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The vacation policies of the County, and the ABC Board, generally provides for the accumulation of up to 240 hours earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the County's government-wide and proprietary funds, and the ABC Board, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as leave as earned. The TDA has no employees.

The sick leave policies of the County and the ABC Board provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since none of the entities have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made by the County or its component unit.

10. Restricted Assets

Money in the School Capital Projects Fund is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 159-18 through 22.

School Capital Projects Fund Monies	\$ 2,597,212
Unspent Cares Act 19 Funds Total	\$ 423,565 3,020,777

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is knows as "restricted by State statute". *Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall no exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget.* Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net Position and Restricted Fund Balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Register of Deeds - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds' office.

Restricted for Fire Protection - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for fire protection expenditures.

Restricted for School Capital- portion of fund balance that can only be used for School Capital per G.S. [159-18-22].

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Camden County's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Capital Reserve – This fund is used to account for the land, building, and infrastructure acquisitions. Committed for Tax Revaluation – portion of fund balance that can only be used for Tax Revaluation.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that the County intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditure - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the manager to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within funds up to \$100,000.

Unassigned Fund Balance - the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

Camden County has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the County in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 20% of budgeted expenditures. Any portion of the general fund balance in excess of 25% of budgeted expenditures may be appropriated for one-time expenditures and may not be used for any purpose that would obligate the County in a future budget.

The County of Camden has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-county funds, county funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County.

12. Defined Benefit Pension and OPEB Plans

The County participates in three cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State; the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (LEOSSA) (collectively, the "state-administered defined benefit pension plans"). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. Investments are reported at fair value.

Reconciliation of Government-wide & Fund Financial Statements

1. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance-total governmental funds and net position-governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$3,012,427 consists of the following elements as follows:
Description
Amount

• •		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in	<i>•</i>	22 000 205
the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental activities column)	\$	23,909,285
Less accumulated depreciation		(9,180,283)
Net capital assets		14,729,002
Net pension asset.		19,983
Benefit payments and pension administration costs for LEOSSA.		20,521
		20,321
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position.		912,478
		,170
Deferred inflows of resources reported in the fund statements but not the government-wide		214,365
Accrued interest receivable less the amount claimed as unearned revenue in the government-wide		
statements as these funds are unavailable in the fund statements		22,850
OPEB and pension related deferrals.		(344,027)
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements:		
Long-term debts, including bonds and notes payable		(9,498,112)
Accrued interest payable		(81,477)
Net pension liability - LGERS		(1,257,917)
Net pension liability - LEOSSA OPEB payable		(429,868) (1,066,599)
Compensated absences		(228,772)
Total adjustment	\$	3,012,427

2. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities,

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of \$532,923 as follows:

Description		Amount
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the Statement o Activities	f \$	1,388,295
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the Statement of Activities but not in the fund statements	è.	(685,233)
Cost of asset disposed of during the year		(65,000)
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but again affect only the statement of net position in the government-wide statements	t	803,290
New long-term debt issued		(507,824)
Contributions to the OPEB and pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities Benefit payments and administration costs for LEOSSA		99,371 285,224 20,521
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in fund statements Increase/Decrease in deferred inflows of resources- taxes receivable- at year end	l	33,960
Expenses reported in the Statement of Activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements. This includes accrued interest payable compensated absences, pension expense and OPEB.		(839,681)
Total adjustment	\$	532,923
Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability		

A. Significant Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

None.

II.

B. Deficit Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds

The Economic Development Fund and the Scattered Housing Grant Fund had deficit fund balances at June 30, 2020 related to grant timing issues.

C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

None.

- III. Detail Notes on All Funds
 - A. Assets
 - 1. <u>Deposits</u>

All of the County's, TDA's, and the ABC Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's, TDA's, or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County, TDA, and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by their agent in the entities' name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County or the ABC Board, or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County, TDA, or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for the under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions. The County relies on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institutions. The County analyzes the financial soundness of any other financial institution used by the County. The County complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The TDA and ABC Board have no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2020, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$3,547,871 and a bank balance of \$3,819,902. Of the bank balance, \$702,015 was covered by federal depository insurance, the remainder was covered by the pooling method.

At June 30, 2020, Camden County had a carrying and bank balance amount of \$25,544 in the fiduciary fund.

At June 30, 2020, Camden County had \$625 of cash on hand.

At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of deposits for Camden County ABC Board was \$270,182. All of these amounts were covered by federal depository insurance.

At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of deposits for Camden County TDA was \$91,491. All of these amounts were covered by federal depository insurance.

2. Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the County's investments consisted of \$14,266,986 in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The County has no formal policy on credit risk. The ABC Board held no investments at June 30, 2020.

3. Property Tax - Use-Value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the general statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forestland may be taxed by the County at the present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the two preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that could become due if present-use value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Year Levied	Tax	Interest		Total
2017	1,109,759	261,51	B\$	1,371,277
2018	1,120,833	163,68	9	1,284,522
2019	1,110,573		-	1,110,573
Total	\$ 3,341,165	\$ 425,20	7 \$	3,766,372

4. Receivables

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	 Accounts	Taxes & Related Accrued Interest	Due From Other overnments	Total
Governmental Activities: General Other Governmental	\$:	\$ 358,935 2,280	\$ 393,247 10,742	\$ 752,182 13,022
Total Receivables Allowance for Doubtful Total Governmental	\$ - - -	\$ - (124,000) 237,215	\$ - - 403,989	\$ - (124,000) 641,204
Business-Type Activities: Water/Sewer receivables	\$ 183,675	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 183,675
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts Total Business-Type	\$ (46,064) 137,611	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (46,064) 137,611

5. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balances July 1, 2019		Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances June 30, 2020
Governmental Activities:	 				·
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 5,126,521	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 5,126,521
Construction in Progress	 152,999		39,165	-	192,164
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 5,279,520		39,165	-	5,318,685
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	6,143,714		-	-	6,143,714
Other improvements	5,142,302		-	-	5,142,302
Equipment	2,117,537		24,583	-	2,142,120
Vehicles and motor equipment	3,974,642		1,324,547	(136,725)	5,162,464
Total capital assets being depreciated	 17,378,195		1,349,130	(136,725)	18,590,600
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	2,818,976		203,108	-	3,022,084
Other improvements	1,727,022		159,189	-	1,886,211
Equipment	1,306,201		79,193	-	1,385,394
Vehicles and motor equipment	2,714,576		243,743	(71,725)	2,886,594
Total accumulated depreciation	 8,566,775	\$	685,233	\$ (71,725)	 9,180,283
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	8,811,420				9,410,317
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 14,090,940	-			\$ 14,729,002

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$	119,841
Public Safety		335,866
Environmental Protection		42,186
Economic and Physical Development		7,797
Human Services		122,278
Cultural and Recreational		57,265
Total Depreciation Expense	\$	685,233
	-	

		Beginning Balances July 1, 2019		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balances June 30, 2020
Business-type Activities								, , ,
Water & Sewer District								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,050,394	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,050,394
Construction in progress		3,826,207		-		(3,826,207)		-
Total capital assets not being depreciated		4,876,601		-		(3,826,207)		1,050,394
Capital assets being depreciated:		04400.044						
Plant and distribution systems		26,198,364		4,517,493		-		30,715,857
Furniture and equipment		100,326		24,583		-		124,909
Vehicles and motor equipment		616,963		60,747		-		677,710
Total capital assets being depreciated		26,915,653		4,602,823		-		31,518,476
Less accumulated depreciation for:		6 0 0 0 0 1 1						
Plant and distribution systems		6,989,011		589,701		-		7,578,712
Furniture and equipment		75,142		3,412		-		78,554
Vehicles and motor equipment		140,161	<i>•</i>	14,485	<i>•</i>	-		154,646
Total accumulated depreciation		7,204,314	\$	607,598	\$	-		7,811,912
		10 = 11 000						
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<i>•</i>	19,711,339	-				<i>•</i>	23,706,564
Total Water and Sewer Fund District, Net	\$	24,587,940					\$	24,756,958
Discretely presented component unit ABC Board:								
Land	\$	25,405						
Buildings	Ŧ	97,995						
Equipment		20,710						
Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$	144,110	-					
	+	111,110	-					
B. <u>Liabilities</u>								
1. <u>Payables</u>								
Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2020, were as follows:								

	Vendors		Ac	crued Interest	Total		
Governmental Activities	\$	744,357	\$	81,477	\$	825,834	
Business-type Activities	\$	9,186	\$	18,161	\$	27,347	

2. Pension Plan and Other Post Employment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. Camden County and the ABC Board are participating employers in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic postretirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020, was 9.70% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 9.04% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$316,915 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Refunds of Contributions – County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the County reported a liability of \$1,397,686 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the County's proportion was .05118%, which was a increase of 0.00472% (measured as of June 30, 2019) from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019. (measured as of June 30, 2018)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$632,736. At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	I	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	_
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	239,319	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		227,800		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		34,092		-
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions		32,151	15,09	0
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		316,915		-
Total	\$	850,277	\$ 15,09	0
				-

\$316,915 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2021	254,038
2022	79,041
2023	139,043
2024	46,150
2025	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 518,272

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary Increases	3.50 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan actuary currently uses mortality rates based on the *RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table* that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	=

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2018 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1 % Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
County's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$3,196,763	\$1,397,686	(\$97,712)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

(1) <u>Plan Description</u> - Camden County administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The County has made no contributions to this plan. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At the December 31, 2018, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees Receiving Benefits	2
Terminated Plan Members Entitled to,	
But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Plan Members	17
Total	19

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting - The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

(3) Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2018 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation Salary increases Discount rate 2.5 percent 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and productivity factor 3.26 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of June 30, 2019

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ending December 31, 2014.

Mortality Rate

Deaths After Retirement (Healthy): Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table. The RP-2014 annuitant tables have no rates prior to age 50. The RP-2014 Total Data Set Employee Mortality table is used for ages less than 50.

Deaths After Retirement (Disabled): Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Disabled Annuitants Mortality Table. Rates for male members are multiplied by 103% for all ages. Rates for female members are multiplied by 99% for all ages.

Deaths Before Retirement: Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set Employee Mortality Table.

Mortality Projection: All mortality rates are projected from 2014 using generational improvement with Scale MP-2015.

(4) Contributions

The County is required by article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The County paid \$20,521 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the County reported a total pension liability of \$429,868. The total pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 based on a December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$50,128.

	Deferred Outflows	of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions and other inputs	\$	138,744 \$ 24,835	41,148 10,461	
County benefit payments and administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date.	- ¢	163.579 \$		-
	۵	103,379 \$	51,609	<u> </u>

The County paid \$0 in benefit payments and \$0 in administrative expenditures subsequent to the measurement date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions which will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	_
2021	18,900
2022	18,900
2023	19,498
2024	22,931
2025	29,946
Thereafter	1,795
	\$ 111,970

\$0 paid as benefits came due and \$0 of administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.26 percent, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.26 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.26 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	6 Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1% Increase
		(2.26%)		(3.26%)	(4.26%)
Total pension liability	\$	473,126	\$	429,868	\$ 390,865

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

		2020
Beginning balance	\$	237,690
Service Cost		22,950
Interest on the total pension liability		8,278
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience i	n	
the measurement of the total pension liability		166,164
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		15,307
Benefit payments		(20,521)
Other changes		-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	429,868

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description - The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of the State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy - Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$267,897, which consisted of \$168,947 from the County and \$98,950 from the law enforcement officers.

d. Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description. Camden County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a noncontributory, defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Resisters of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions. Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,181 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the County reported an asset of \$19,983 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2019, the County's proportion was 0.10122%, which was a decrease of 0.01064% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$4,221. At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows o	of	
	Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resource	es
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	- \$ -	964
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		204	-
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,585	402
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,181	
Total	\$	2,970 \$	1,366

\$1,181 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2021	(263)
2022	726
2023	356
2024	(396)
2025	-
Total	\$ 423

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary Increases	3.50 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	3.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2020 is 1.4%.

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2020 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.75 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Discount Rate	1% Increase
	1 % Decrease (2.75%)	(3.75%)	(4.75%)
County's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	(\$1,346)	(\$19,983)	(\$20)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

e. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for LGERS and ROD was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of June 30, 2019, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2018. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	LGERS	ROD	LEOSSA		<u>Total</u>
Proportionate Share of Net Pension					
Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,397,686	5 \$ (19,983)) n/a	\$	1,377,703
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.05118%	0.10122%	n/a		
Total Pension Liability	\$ -	- \$ -	\$ 429,868	3 \$	429,868
Pension Expense	\$ 632,736	5 \$ 4,221	\$ 50,128	3 \$	687,085

As June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	LGERS	ROD	<u>LEOSSA</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 239,319	\$-\$	138,744 \$	378,063
Changes of assumptions	227,800	-	24,835	252,635
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	34,092	204	-	34,296
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	32,151	1,585	-	33,736
County contributions (LGERS, ROD)/benefit payments and administration costs (LEOSSA) subsequent to the measurement date	316,915	1,181	-	318,096
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ - 5	\$ 964 \$	41,148 \$	42,112
Changes of assumptions	-	-	10,461	10,461
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	15,090	402	-	15,492

f. Other Post Employment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

<u>Plan Description</u> - Under the terms of the County resolution, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). As of July 1, 2006, this plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the County, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least twenty years of creditable service with the County. The County pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits through private insurers. The County Board may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan. If hired after January 8, 2013 no health benefits will be paid for retirees.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2019, the date of latest actuarial valuation:

	Employees
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	8
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	31
Total	39

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The County pays the full cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits paid to qualified retirees under a County resolution that can be amended by the County Board. The County has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$1,185,110 was measured as of December 31, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases	3.5 percent, average, including inflation
Discount rate	3.50 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.00% for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate
	rate of 4.50% by 2026

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of the measurement date.

Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at July 1, 2019	\$	1,399,501
Changes for the year		
Service cost		55,212
Interest		52,879
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and		
actual experience		(266,186)
Changes in assumptions or other		
inputs		24,788
Benefit Payments		(81,084)
Net changes		(214,391)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	1,185,110

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.89% to 3.50%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 2010 through December 2014.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Discount Rate	1% Increase
	1 % Decrease (2.50%)	(3.50%)	(4.50%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$1,279,217	\$1,185,110	\$1,099,575

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1 % Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$1,083,051	\$1,185,110	\$1,303,694

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$45,556.. At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow	ws of	
	Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,590 \$	232,396
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-	-
Changes of assumptions		20,306	75,905
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		-	-
Total	\$	23,896 \$	308,301

\$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30

i inaca jane oo	
2021	(62,535)
2022	(62,535)
2023	(62,535)
2024	(62,535)
2025	(32,628)
Thereafter	(1,637)
Total	\$ (284,405)

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

	 ed Outflows of esources	Ir	eferred flows of esources
(Pensions, OPEB) - difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 381,653	\$	274,508
(Pensions, OPEB) - Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings (Pensions) - change in proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportionate	34,296		-
share of contributions	33,736		15,492
(Pensions, OPEB) - change in assumptions	252,635		86,366
Contributions to pension plan subsequent to measurement date (LGERS, ROD)	318,096		-
Benefit payments for the OPEB plan paid subsequent to measurement date	-		-
Benefit payments and admin costs paid subsequent to the measurement date (LEOSSA)	-		-
Prepaid taxes not yet earned (General)	-		142,517
Taxes receivable, net, less penalties (General)	-		212,085
Taxes receivable, net, less penalties (Special Revenue)	 -		2,280
Total	\$ 1,020,416	\$	733,248

f. Other Employment Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

4. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners. Through these pools, the County obtains property coverage equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to a limit of \$125.5 million for any one occurrence, general, auto, professional and employment practices liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, auto physical damage coverage for owned autos, at actual cash value, crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence, workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits and health and dental insurance for County employees. The pools are audited annually by Certified Public Accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the County upon request. Two of the pools are reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrence losses in excess of \$500,000 up to a \$2 million limit for liability coverage, \$600,000 of aggregate annual losses in excess of \$50,000 per occurrence for property, auto physical damage and crime coverage, and single occurrence losses of \$350,000 for workers' compensation. For health and dental insurance, the County is insured through Blue Cross Blue Shield of North Carolina, a private insurance company.

The County carries flood insurance on the renovated courthouse. Other buildings are not insured for flood.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the County's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Officer is bonded for \$550,000, the tax collector is bonded for \$50,000 and the sheriff is bonded for \$25,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$15,000.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and no claims have been made in the past three years.

Camden County ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Board has commercial property, general liability, auto liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage. The Board does have liquor legal liability coverage. In accordance with G.S. 18B-803, the ABC Board's employees that have access to the Board's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. Employees are bonded under an employment practices bond for up to \$5,000 per claim. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

5. Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2020, the County was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the County's management and the County attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position.

- 6. Long-Term Obligations
- a. Installment Purchases

As authorized by State law [G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1], the County has financed various property acquisitions for use by Camden County Board of Education by installment purchase. The installment purchases were issued pursuant to a deed of trust that requires that legal title remain with the County as long as the debt is outstanding. The County has entered into a lease with Camden County Board of Education that transfers the right and responsibilities for maintenance and insurance of the property to the Board of Education. The lease calls for nominal annual lease payments and also contains a bargain purchase option. The lease term is the same as that of the installment purchase obligation. Due to the economic substance of the transaction, the capital assets associated with the installment purchase obligation are recorded by the Board of Education. These loans are included in the loans described below.

The direct placement installment purchases of the County, including the Qualified Zone Academy Bonds, are outlined below:

\$1,000,000 direct placement loan from Bank of America, N.A. for renovation and modernization of Camden High School and Camden Middle School. The note is secured by a deed of trust on the two schools and calls for an annual payments of \$50,000 plus 4.4%. This note was paid off and refinanced with a principal amount of \$572,000 and calls for annual payments of \$52,150 plus interest at 2.29%. Matures in 2024.	156,454
\$264,000 direct placement loan from Rural Housing Service to finance courthouse renovations. The loan is secured by the courthouse. The note calls for annual payments of \$20,297 including interest at 4.5%. Matures in 2026.	104,649
\$725,000 direct placement loan from BB&T dated August 16, 2010 for the construction of a Fire Station Building. The loan is secured by the asset purchased. The loan calls for annual payments of \$36,250 plus interest at 3.89%. Matures in 2027.	398,750
\$507,824 direct placement loan from Xenith Bank for the purchase of Pierce Pumper Truck. The loan is secured with the property. The loan is secured by the asset purchased. The loan calls for annual payments of \$61,595 for 5 years plus interest at 2.2%. Matures in 2025.	465,173
\$10,000,000 direct placement loan from US Department of Agriculture for the construction of an intermediate school. The note calls for annual payments of \$520,000 for 40 years which includes interest at 4.125%. Matures in 2049.	 8,373,086
	\$ 9,498,112

b. General Obligation Indebtedness

All general obligation bonds serviced by the County's general fund are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County. South Camden Water and Sewer District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major water and sewer capital improvements. These bonds, which are recorded in the Water District Fund, are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the District. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.

The County's general obligation bonds are payable at June 30, 2020, are comprised of the following individual issues:

Serviced by South Camden Water and Sewer District:

\$1,600,000 - 1996 Water District bonds with annual installments of \$17,000 to \$66,000 through June 1, 2036; interest at 4.875%. These Bonds were refinanced with a principal amount of \$1,274,000 with annual installments of \$93,493 plus interest at 3.89%.	\$ 883,069
Other Loans:	
Drinking Water State Revolving Direct Borrowing: a loan of \$813,581 calling for 20 annual principal payments of \$40,679 plus interest at 2.87% (payable semiannually). This Note was refinanced during 2013 with a principal amount of \$406,791 with varying annual installments plus interest at 2.19%. Matures in 2022.	81,358
State DWSRF Revolving Direct Borrowing: A loan of \$1,367,122 calling for 20 annual principal payments of \$68,356 plus interest at 2.50%. At year end \$1,307,360 has been drawn down on the loan amount. This associated project was completed during the year and half of the outstanding principal was forgiven. The new payments will be for 20 years at \$32,684 with no	
stated interest rate. Matures in 2032.	392,208
State Clean Water Bond Direct Borrowing: A loan of \$1,922,657 calling for 19 annual principal payments of \$101,192 plus interest at 4.02%. This Note was refinanced during 2013 with a principal amount of \$910,732 with varying annual installments	
plus interest at 2.09%. Matures in 2021.	101,192
Sterling National Bank Loan: A direct placement loan of \$2,800,000 dated May 10, 2018 calling for 20 annual principal payments of \$98,000 to \$196,000 plus interest at 3.87%. The loan is secured by the property purchased. Matures in 2038.	 2,604,900
Total	\$ 4,062,727

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's and District's general obligation bonds and loans are as follows:

Year Ending		 mental vities	Business Type Activities					
June 30,	Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest		
2021	\$ 323,171	\$ 386,215	\$	336,697	\$	138,983		
2022	332,706	374,476		241,806		129,691		
2023	342,629	361,548		207,517		122,270		
2024	300,810	348,617		214,000		115,491		
2025	311,506	336,457		221,580		108,461		
2026-2030	1,586,520	1,489,598		1,221,246		426,815		
2031-2035	1,456,643	1,181,018		1,052,981		216,255		
2036-2040	1,738,533	861,466		566,900		44,312		
2041-2045	2,127,934	472,066		-		-		
2046-2050	977,660	60,809		-		-		
Total	\$ 9,498,112	\$ 5,872,270	\$	4,062,727	\$	1,302,278		

At June 30, 2020 Camden County had a legal debt margin of \$88,653,239.

c. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the County's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

	(Balance 5/30/2019		Increases]	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2020		Current Portion
Governmental Activities:									
Direct Placement Installment									
Purchases	\$	9,793,578	\$	507,824	\$	(803,290)	\$ 9,498,112	\$	323,171
OPEB		1,259,551		-		(192,952)	1,066,599		-
Net pension liability (LGERS)		991,971		265,946		-	1,257,917		-
Net pension liability (LEOSSA)		237,690		192,178		-	429,868		-
Compensated absences		215,200		186,551		(172,979)	228,772		175,000
Total governmental									
activities	\$	12,497,990	\$	1,152,499	\$	(1,169,221)	\$ 12,481,268	\$	498,171
		Balance					Balance		Current
	6	5/30/2019		Additions	R	etirements	6/30/2020		Portion
Business Type Activities:									
General obligation debt	\$	4,391,310	\$	-	\$	(328,583)	\$ 4,062,727	\$	336,697
OPEB		139,950		-		(21,439)	118,511		-
Net pension liability (LGERS)		110,219		29,550		-	139,769		-
Compensated Absences		44,529		33,641		(39,365)	38,805		38,805
	¢	4 (0(000	¢	(2.101	¢	(200.207)		¢	275 502
Total business type activities	\$	4,686,008	\$	63,191	\$	(389,387)	\$ 4,359,812	\$	375,502

Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated in the general fund and are accounted for on a LIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

Debt Related to Capital Activities - Of the total Governmental Activities debt listed only \$968,572 relates to assets the County holds title.

C. Interfund Balances and Transfer Activity

The composition of internal balances as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Receiva	ıble Fund
Payable Fund	Gener	al Fund
Scattered Housing Grant Fund	\$	751,818
Economic Development Fund		24,939
Total	\$	776,757

The above was for operating expenditures while awaiting grant monies.

D. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 11,958,689
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	1,170,004
Capital Reserve	4,967,228
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 5,821,457

III. Joint Ventures

Developmental Disabilities & Substance abuse Services

The County participates in a joint venture to provide mental health services. East Carolina Behavioral Health (ECBH)coordinates these services through third party providers. The County is one of nineteen county governments participating as a joint venture. Camden County appointed one board member (commissioner) to the ECBH's finance committee. The venture was established as a joint venture among the participating counties to coordinate funding from federal and State agencies and also to realize economies of scale in the providing of mental health services. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments and ECBH, the County appropriated \$20,000 to the ECBH to supplement its activities. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the ECBH, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2020 Complete financial statements can be obtained from the ECBH's office at 112 Health Drive, Greenville, North Carolina 27834-7704.

Central Communications/Emergency Management System

The Emergency Management System was established as a joint venture between Camden County, Pasquotank County, and the City of Elizabeth City to coordinate grant funds and realize economies of scale. Each entity appoints one member to the governing board. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$319,959 to the System to supplement its activities. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the System, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2020. Complete financial statements for the System can be obtained from the System's office at 103 S. Road Street, Elizabeth City, North Carolina 27909.

Albemarle District Jail

The operation of the Jail is shared with two other counties in the surrounding area. Each county's contributions are based on a per capita assessment based on the most recent census figures available, and each county appoints one or more members to the Board. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$176,245 to the Jail to supplement its activities. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Jail, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2020. Complete financial statements for the Jail can be obtained from the Jail's office at 320 S. Hughes Blvd., Elizabeth City, North Carolina 27907.

Albemarle Commission

The County is a member of the Albemarle Commission, which is a voluntary association of county governments. The Commission was established as a joint venture among the participating counties to coordinate funding from federal and State agencies. – the makeup is 1 elected official from each of the 10 counties with a term that does not expire unless the individual is no longer an elected official or another appointment is made by the county. Four at-large members that rotate off the AC Board every 2 years. Currently, the members until the end of the month, are from Currituck, Dare, Gates and Hyde. Starting in January, the members will be from Pasquotank, Perquimans, Tyrrell and Washington until December 31st 2019. On January 1, 2019 the members will be from Camden Chowan Currituck and Dare. The County paid membership fees of \$9,251 to the Commission during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Regional Confinement Facility

The County is a member of the Regional Jail Facility, which is an agreement of three county governments to provide financing, construction and operation of a regional jail. The Facility was established as a joint venture among the participating counties to coordinate funding from local, federal, and State agencies. The County contributed \$303,312 to the Facility during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Albemarle Regional Health Services (ARHS)

Albemarle Regional Health Services is a voluntary association of seven county governments. ARHS was established as a joint venture among the participating counties to coordinate funding from federal and State agencies and to realize economies of scale in providing health care services. The County contributed \$37,633 to ARHS during the year ended June 30, 2020. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in ARHS, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2020. Complete financial statements can be obtained at ARHS's office on 711 Roanoke Avenue, Elizabeth City, North Carolina 27909.

IV. Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

V. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

There are no subsequent events that would have a material affect on the financial statements. Subsequent events have been analyzed through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability -Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Contributions - Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Register of Deeds

Schedule of Contributions - Register of Deeds

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability - Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll - Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Camden County, North Carolina Camden County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Seven Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	 2020 0.05118%	2019 0.04646%	 2018 0.04970%	 2017 0.05110%	 2016 0.04870%	 2015 0.0489%	 2014 0.0452%
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 1,397,686	\$ 1,102,190	\$ 759,278	\$ 1,084,513	\$ 218,383	\$ (288,268)	\$ 544,834
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,270,415	\$ 3,112,093	\$ 3,089,454	\$ 3,034,188	\$ 2,915,721	\$ 2,883,647	\$ 2,788,528
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	42.74%	35.42%	24.58%	35.74%	7.49%	(10.00%)	19.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	92.00%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	98.79%	102.64%	94.35%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

** This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

Camden County, North Carolina Camden County's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Seven Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 316,915	\$ 260,864	\$ 240,505	\$ 235,455	\$ 208,510	\$ 220,612	\$ 219,096
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	316,915	260,864	240,505	235,455	208,510	220,612	219,096
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -						
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,450,004	\$ 3,270,415	\$ 3,112,093	\$ 3,089,454	\$ 3,034,188	\$ 2,915,721	\$ 2,883,647
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	9.19%	7.98%	7.73%	7.62%	6.87%	7.57%	7.60%

Camden County, North Carolina Camden County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Seven Fiscal Years*

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)		0.10122%		0.11186%		0.10657%		0.11030%		0.09520%	0.1010%		0.1130%
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$	(19,983)	\$	(18,572)	\$	(18,190)	\$	(20,622)	\$	(22,066) \$	(22,909)	\$	(24,145)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability **		153.31%		153.77%		160.17%		197.29%		193.88%	190.50%		188.75%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

** This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the ROD plan.

Camden County, North Carolina Camden County's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Seven Fiscal Years

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

	2	2020	:	2019	:	2018	:	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,181	\$	3,817	\$	3,592	\$	3,476	\$ 3,024	\$ 3,631	\$ 3,821
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		1,181		3,817		3,592		3,476	3,024	3,631	3,821
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Camden County, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2020

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	237,690	263,319	269,827	258,110
Service Cost	22,950	18,007	16,365	18,554
Interest on the total pension liability	8,278	8,043	10,281	9,072
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of				
the total pension liability	166,164	(22,941)	(49,014)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	15,307	(11,127)	22,818	(7,942)
Benefit payments	(20,521)	(17,611)	(6,958)	(7,967)
Other changes	-	-	-	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 429,868 \$	237,690 \$	263,319	269,827

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

Camden County, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2020

	2020			2019	2018	2017		
Total pension liability Covered payroll Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	429,868 796,360 53.98%		237,690 633,413 37.53%	\$ 263,319 699,488 37.64%	\$	269,827 769,983 35.04%	

Notes to the schedules:

Camden County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Camden County, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Healthcare Benefits Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	 2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$ 55,212	56,912 \$	61,214
Interest	52,879	48,580	42,356
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(266,186)	4,942	(24,332)
Changes of assumptions	24,788	(43,588)	(75,041)
Benefit payments	(81,084)	(63,376)	(30,464)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 (214,391)	3,470	(26,267)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 1,399,501	1,396,031	1,422,298
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 1,185,110	1,399,501 \$	1,396,031
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,394,749	1,812,821 \$	1,812,821
County's OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	84.97%	77.20%	77.01%

Notes to Schedule

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

<u>Fiscal year</u>	Rate
2018	3.56%
2019	3.89%
2020	3.50%

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Duuget		Actual		(Negative)
Ad Valorem Taxes:					
	\$	\$	8,443,850	\$	
Penalties and Interest	Ψ	Ψ	61,350	Ψ	
Total	8,400,370		8,505,200		104,830
	0,100,070		0,000,200		10 1,000
Other Taxes and Licenses:					
Local option sales tax			1,369,331		
Telecommunications tax			735,206		
Scrap tire disposal tax			11,078		
Video franchise fee			38,242		
White goods tax			3,533		
Medicaid hold harmless			459,710		
Total	2,239,500	_	2,617,100	_	377,600
Unrestricted Intergovernmental revenues:					
Beer and wine tax			44,929		
Payments in lieu of taxes			729		
ABC profit distribution			-		
Total	81,300	_	45,658	_	(35,642)
Restricted Intergovernmental:					
State and Federal Grants			1,033,975		
ABC profits for law enforcement			5,684		
Solid waste disposal tax			7,548		
Court facilities fees			19,775		
Total	1,308,339	_	1,066,982	_	(241,357)
Permits and Fees:					
Gun permits			22,587		
Fines and forfeitures			53,311		
Register of Deeds			221,717		
Election fees			849		
Business registration fee			390		
Other fees			3,353		
Building permits and inspections, including land use fee			534,375	_	
Total	1,573,678		836,582		(737,096)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

Sales and Services:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Rent and Concessions		47,929	
Jail fees		1,894	
Officer fees		96,501	
Total	143,950	146,324	2,374
Total	115,550	110,521	2,071
Investment Earnings: Interest	47,000	7,971	(39,029)
Miscellaneous:			
Sale of fixed assets		591	
Insurance proceeds		2,765	
Sale of recyclables		15,918	
Other		30,763	
Total	40,544	50,037	9,493
TOTAL REVENUES	13,834,681	13,275,854	(558,827)
Expenditures:			
General Government:			
Governing body		79,890	
Administration		520,770	
Finance		197,429	
Tax administration		562,927	
Personnel		54,866	
Legal		17,550	
Register of deeds		270,154	
Elections		133,313	
Public buildings		429,760	
Fleet vehicles		848	
Capital outlay		-	
Court facilities		23,276	
Total general government	2,344,388	2,290,783	53,605

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Public Safety:			
Sheriff		1,703,969	
Jail		303,312	
Regional jail		176,245	
Juvenile justice and delinquency program		74,764	
School resource officer		72,851	
Inspections		217,335	
Contribution to fire districts		449,810	
Emergency management		572,863	
Central communications		319,959	
Total	3,902,766	3,891,108	11,658
Economic and physical development:			
Economic development		40,751	
Agricultural extension		135,291	
Planning		286,982	
Albemarle commission		9,251	
Resource conservation and development		750	
Soil/water conservation		68,374	
Total	717,904	541,399	176,505
Human services:			
Health:			
Albemarle mental health		20,000	
Nutrition program		27,550	
Regional health		37,633	
Other health programs		29,706	
Total human services	129,547	114,889	14,658
Transportation: Traffic	3,060	1,974	1,086
	3,000	1,7/4	1,000

	Final		Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Social services:		1.0.1.6.1.60	
Administration		1,046,169	
Medical travel		5,736	
County provided assistance		46,381 6,051	
Adoptions Aid to the blind program		838	
Foster care		23,804	
Crisis intervention		21,270	
Work first program		17,140	
LIEAP expenses		25,137	
Other assistance		8,237	
Total social services	1,223,613	1,200,763	22,850
Total Human Services	1,356,220	1,317,626	38,594
Cultural and Recreational:			
Recreation		259,445	
Library		239,304	
College of the Albemarle		40,000	
Senior citizens services		117,157	
Total Cultural and Recreational	665,372	655,906	9,466
Environmental protection:			
Public works administration		106,826	
Forestry program		50,436	
Sanitation		755,514	
Total environmental protection	919,929	912,776	7,153
Education:			
Public Schools:			
Current Expense		2,600,000	
Capital Outlay	3,005,878	405,878	
Total Education	3,005,878	3,005,878	
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement		597,224	
Interest and Fees			
Total Debt Service	597,224	597,224	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	13,509,681	13,212,700	296,981
Revenues over Expenditures	325,000	63,154	(261,846)

Other financing sources (uses): Fund Balance Appropriated Transfers (to)/from Other Funds: Special revenue - school capital fund Special revenue - capital reserve Water and sewer district Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Final Budget (325,000)	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative) 325,000
Net change in fund balance	\$	63,154	\$63,154
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1		6,928,307	
End of year, June 30		\$6,991,461	

OTHER MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Major Governmental Funds - Fire Districts Fund- Courthouse & Shiloh Major Governmental Funds - Special Capital Fund Major Governmental Funds - School Capital Fund

			2020	Variance
	Budget	_	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Other taxes Land sale Investment earnings Total Revenue	\$ 807,062	\$ -	739,177 - 5,605 744,782	\$ (62,280)
Expenditures Operating expenses Capital outlay Total Expenditures	1,132,062	_	-	1,132,062
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(325,000)	-	744,782	1,069,782
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from other funds Proceeds from Lease Purchase Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	325,000 - 325,000	_	-	(325,000)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	-	-	744,782	744,782
Fund Balance Appropriated	-	_	-	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 		744,782	\$ 744,782
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1		_	4,222,446	
End of Year, June 30		\$ =	4,967,228	

Camden County, North Carolina Fire District Funds - Courthouse and Shiloh Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

2020 Variance Final Variance Budget Actual (Unfavorable) Revenues: \$ \$ 70,144 Ad valorem taxes \$ 70,144 Restricted intergovernmental Other taxes 277,925 Investment earnings 547 Other fees 9,000 Miscellaneous 712 Total Revenues 676,961 258,328 (318,633) Expenditures: 9 Public safety: 548 Salaries and benefits 2,860 Operating expenses 167,596 Capital outlay - Debt service: Principal and Interest 676,961 Total Expenditures - Other Financing Sources (Uses): - Proceeds of long-term debt - Total Other Financing - Sources (Uses) - Proceeds of our-triancing - Sources (Uses) - Proceeds Over (Under) Uses - Revenues and Other Financing - Sources Over (Under) Uses - Revenues and Other Financing - Sources Over (Under) Uses - Revenues in fund balance \$ Beginning of Year, July 1 423,800				
Final BudgetFavorable (Unfavorable)Revenues: Ad valorem taxes\$\$\$Ad valorem taxes\$\$\$Restricted intergovernmental Other taxes277,925 547 0ther fees\$\$Investment earnings\$\$\$Other fees9,000 712 Total Revenues712 676,961\$\$Expenditures: 			2020	
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes \$ \$ 70,144 \$ Ad valorem taxes \$ \$ 70,144 \$ Restricted intergovernmental 277,925 Other taxes 277,925 Investment earnings 547 Other fees 9,000 Miscellaneous 676,961 358,328 (318,633) Expenditures: Public safety: Public safety: Salaries and benefits 2,860 Operating expenses Debt service: Principal and Interest 456,744 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures - (268,872) (268,872) Proceeds of long-term debt - - Total Other Financing Revenues and Other Financing .			Actual	Favorable
Restricted intergovernmental 277,925 Other taxes 277,925 Investment earnings 547 Other fees 9,000 Miscellaneous 712 Total Revenues 676,961 358,328 (318,633) Expenditures: Public safety: Salaries and benefits 2,860 Operating expenses 167,596 Capital outlay - Debt service: Principal and Interest 456,744 Total Expenditures 676,961 627,200 Poperating expenses 167,596 Capital outlay - Debt service: Principal and Interest 456,744 Total Expenditures - (268,872) Other Financing Sources (Uses): - Proceeds of long-term debt - - Total Other Financing - - Sources (Uses) - - Revenues and Other Financing - - Sources (Uses) - - Fund Balance Appropriated - - Beginning of Year, July 1 423,800 </td <td>Revenues:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td><u>()</u></td>	Revenues:			<u>()</u>
Other taxes $277,925$ Investment earnings 547 Other fees $9,000$ Miscellaneous 712 Total Revenues $676,961$ $358,328$ $(318,633)$ Expenditures: $9,000$ Public safety: $2,860$ Salaries and benefits $2,860$ Operating expenses $167,596$ Capital outlay $-$ Debt service: Principal and Interest $456,744$ Total Expenditures $676,961$ Gotta Current debt $-$ Transfer to General Fund $-$ Total Other Financing $-$ Sources (Uses) $-$ Sources (Uses) $-$ Proteeds of long-term debt $-$ Total Other Financing $-$ Sources (Uses) $-$ Proteeds of long-term debt $-$ Total Other Financing $-$ Sources (Uses) $-$ Proteeds of Uses) $-$ Investore over (Under) Uses $-$ Cata Other Financing $-$ Sources Over (Under) Uses $-$ Cata Balance Appropriated $-$ Hud Balance $-$ Beginning of Year, July 1 $423,800$	Ad valorem taxes	\$	\$ 70,144	\$
Investment earnings 547 Other fees 9,000 Miscellancous 712 Total Revenues 676,961 358,328 (318,633) Expenditures: Public safety: Public safety: 2,860 Operating expenses 167,596 Capital outlay - Debt service: Principal and Interest 456,744 Total Expenditures 676,961 627,200 Merenues Over (Under) Expenditures - (268,872) Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - Proceeds of long-term debt - - Total Other Financing - - Sources (Uses) - - Proceeds of long-term debt - - Total Other Financing - - Sources (Uses) - - - Proceeds of Netr Financing - - - Sources Over (Under) Uses - (268,872) (268,872) Fund Balance Appropriated - - - Hud Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1 423,	Restricted intergovernmental		-	
Other fees9,000Miscellaneous712Total Revenues676,961358,328(318,633)Expenditures:Public safety:Salaries and benefits2,860Operating expenses167,596Capital outlay-Debt service: Principal and Interest456,744Total Expenditures676,961G27,20049,761Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures-Cher Financing Sources (Uses):-Proceeds of long-term debt-Total Other Financing-Sources (Uses)-Proceeds of long-term debt-Total Other Financing-Sources (Uses)-Proceeds of long-term debtTotal Other Financing-Sources Over (Under) Uses-(268,872)(268,872)Fund Balance Appropriated-Beginning of Year, July 1423,800				
Miscellaneous 712 Total Revenues 676,961 358,328 (318,633) Expenditures: Public safety: 2,860 Operating expenses 167,596 Capital outlay - - - - Debt service: Principal and Interest 676,961 627,200 49,761 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures - (268,872) (268,872) Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - - Proceeds of long-term debt - - - Total Other Financing - - - Sources (Uses) - - - Revenues and Other Financing - - - Sources Over (Under) Uses - - - Revenues and Other Financing - - - Sources Over (Under) Uses - - - Fund Balance Appropriated - - - Her change in fund balance \$ - (268,872) \$ (268,872) Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1 423,800 - -				
Total Revenues676,961358,328(318,633)Expenditures: Public safety: Salaries and benefits2,860 0perating expenses167,596 				
Expenditures: Public safety: Salaries and benefits2,860 Qperating expensesOperating expenses167,596 Capital outlayDebt service: Principal and Interest456,744 Total ExpendituresTotal Expenditures676,961G27,20049,761Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures-Coher Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds of long-term debt-Proceeds of long-term debt-Transfer to General Fund-Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)-Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Uses-Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Uses-Fund Balance AppropriatedMet change in fund balance\$_Beginning of Year, July 1423,800		(7()(1		(210 (22)
Public safety: Salaries and benefits2,860 0perating expensesOperating expenses167,596 167,596Capital outlay-Debt service: Principal and Interest456,744 627,200Total Expenditures676,961Gereal Expenditures-(268,872)(268,872)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds of long-term debt-Proceeds of long-term debt-Transfer to General Fund-Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)-Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Uses-Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Uses-Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Uses-Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Uses-Cathage in fund balance\$-Product Cathage in fund balance\$Beginning of Year, July 1423,800	Total Revenues	676,961	358,328	(318,633)
Public safety: Salaries and benefits2,860 0perating expensesOperating expenses167,596 167,596Capital outlay-Debt service: Principal and Interest456,744 627,200Total Expenditures676,961Gereal Expenditures-(268,872)(268,872)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds of long-term debt-Proceeds of long-term debt-Transfer to General Fund-Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)-Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Uses-Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Uses-Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Uses-Cef8,872)(268,872)Fund Balance AppropriatedMet change in fund balance\$Beginning of Year, July 1423,800	Expenditures:			
Salaries and benefits2,860Operating expenses167,596Capital outlay-Debt service: Principal and Interest456,744Total Expenditures676,961G27,20049,761Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures-(268,872)(268,872)Other Financing Sources (Uses):Proceeds of long-term debt-Transfer to General Fund-Total Other Financing-Sources (Uses)-Proceeds of long-term debtTotal Other Financing-Sources (Uses)Revenues and Other Financing-Sources Over (Under) Uses-(268,872)(268,872)Fund Balance AppropriatedNet change in fund balance\$Beginning of Year, July 1423,800	·			
Capital outlay-Debt service: Principal and Interest456,744Total Expenditures676,961G27,20049,761Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures-(268,872)(268,872)Other Financing Sources (Uses):-Proceeds of long-term debt-Transfer to General Fund-Total Other Financing-Sources (Uses)-Revenues and Other Financing-Sources Over (Under) Uses-(268,872)(268,872)Fund Balance Appropriated-Net change in fund balance\$Beginning of Year, July 1423,800			2,860	
Debt service: Principal and Interest Total Expenditures456,744 676,96149,761Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures-(268,872)(268,872)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds of long-term debtTransfer to General FundTotal Other Financing Sources (Uses)Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) UsesRevenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Uses-(268,872)(268,872)(268,872)Fund Balance AppropriatedNet change in fund balance\$-(268,872)\$(268,872)Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1423,800423,800	Operating expenses		167,596	
Total Expenditures676,961627,20049,761Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures-(268,872)(268,872)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds of long-term debtTransfer to General FundTotal Other Financing Sources (Uses)Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) UsesRevenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Uses-(268,872)(268,872)(268,872)Fund Balance AppropriatedNet change in fund balance\$_(268,872)\$(268,872)Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1423,800423,800	Capital outlay		-	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures - (268,872) (268,872) Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - - Proceeds of long-term debt - - - Transfer to General Fund - - - Total Other Financing - - - Sources (Uses) - - - Revenues and Other Financing - - - Sources Over (Under) Uses - (268,872) (268,872) Fund Balance Appropriated - - - Net change in fund balance \$ _ (268,872) \$ (268,872) Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1 423,800 423,800 423,800	Debt service: Principal and Interest		456,744	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds of long-term debt - Transfer to General Fund - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Uses - Fund Balance Appropriated - Net change in fund balance \$ Beginning of Year, July 1 423,800	Total Expenditures	676,961	627,200	49,761
Proceeds of long-term debt - - - Transfer to General Fund - - - Total Other Financing - - - Sources (Uses) - - - Revenues and Other Financing - - - Sources Over (Under) Uses - (268,872) (268,872) Fund Balance Appropriated - - - Net change in fund balance \$ - (268,872) \$ (268,872) Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1 423,800 423,800 423,800 423,800	Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(268,872)	(268,872)
Proceeds of long-term debt - - - Transfer to General Fund - - - Total Other Financing - - - Sources (Uses) - - - Revenues and Other Financing - - - Sources Over (Under) Uses - (268,872) (268,872) Fund Balance Appropriated - - - Net change in fund balance \$ _ (268,872) \$ (268,872) Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1 423,800 423,800 423,800	Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfer to General Fund - - - Total Other Financing - - - Sources (Uses) - - - Revenues and Other Financing - - - Sources Over (Under) Uses - (268,872) (268,872) Fund Balance Appropriated - - - Net change in fund balance \$ - (268,872) \$ Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1 423,800 423,800		-	_	_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Uses-(268,872)Fund Balance AppropriatedNet change in fund balance\$-Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1423,800	-	-	-	_
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Uses - (268,872) (268,872) Fund Balance Appropriated - - - - Net change in fund balance \$ - (268,872) \$ (268,872) Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1 423,800 423,800 423,800 423,800				
Sources Over (Under) Uses - (268,872) (268,872) Fund Balance Appropriated - - - - Net change in fund balance \$ - (268,872) \$ (268,872) Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1 423,800 423,800 423,800	Sources (Uses)	-	-	
Sources Over (Under) Uses - (268,872) (268,872) Fund Balance Appropriated - - - - Net change in fund balance \$ - (268,872) \$ (268,872) Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1 423,800 423,800 423,800	Revenues and Other Financing			
Net change in fund balance \$	•	-	(268,872)	(268,872)
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1 423,800	Fund Balance Appropriated	-	-	
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1 423,800				
Beginning of Year, July 1 423,800	Net change in fund balance	\$ 	(268,872)	\$ (268,872)
	Fund Balance:			
End of Vear June 30 © 154 028			423,800	
μησοι τοα, juic 50 φ 154,720	End of Year, June 30		\$ 154,928	

				2020		
	-	Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Other taxes	\$		\$	973,760	\$	
Local contributions Miscellaneous	·			150,000		
Investment earnings	_			4 2,067		
Total Revenues	-	1,134,000	_	1,125,831		(8,169)
Expenditures: Education:						
Operating expenses				-		
Debt service: Principal Debt service: Interest				-		
Total Expenditures	-	1,134,000	_	-		1,134,000
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-	_	1,125,831		1,125,831
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfer from other funds Transfer to other funds		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		_			
Revenues and Other Financing						
Sources Over (Under) Uses		-		1,125,831		1,125,831
Fund Balance Appropriated	-	-	_	-		
Net change in fund balance	\$			1,125,831	S	5 1,125,831
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1			_	1,471,381		
End of Year, June 30			\$	2,597,212		

Camden County, North Carolina Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

				Special Reve	nue Funds					Capital Project Funds				
	Automation Enhancement and Preserva- tion Fund	Watershed Fund	Dismal Swamp Visitor Center	South Mills VFD	Joyce Creek Drainage Fund	Community Park Trust	Eco Dev Fund	School Fund	Revaluation Fund	Cares Act 19	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Scattered Housing Grant	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets:														
Cash and investments Restricted Cash Accounts receivable Taxes receivable (net)	\$ 4,507 - - -	\$ 315,493 - - - -	\$ 65,508 - 255 -	129,884 - 3,580 524	\$ 333,068 - - -	\$ 116,400 \$ - 891 -	\$ - \$ - - -	4,572 \$ - - -	356,844 \$ - - -	- \$ 423,565 - -	1,326,276 \$ 423,565 4,726 524	-	\$ - 5 - - -	\$ 1,326,276 423,565 4,726 524
Total Assets	\$ 4,507	\$ 315,493	\$ 65,763	133,988	\$ 333,068	\$ 117,291	\$ <u> </u>	4,572 \$	356,844 \$	423,565 \$	1,755,091 \$	-	\$	\$ 1,755,091
Liabilities and Fund Balances:														
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Due from other funds Total liabilities	\$ - 	\$ 	\$ 4,035 	62,782 - 62,782	\$	\$ 3,423 5 	\$ - \$ 24,939 24,939	- \$	5 - \$ 	423,565 \$ - 423,565	493,805 \$ 24,939 518,744	8,445 751,818 760,263	\$ 8,445 5 751,818 760,263	\$ 502,250 776,757 1,279,007
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes receivable				524							524			524
Total deferred inflows of resource	es -	-		524				-			524	-		524
Fund Balances: Restricted														
Stabilization by State Statute Register of Deeds Fire Protection Committed	- 4,507 -	- - -	255 - -	3,580 - 67,102	- - -	891 - -	-	-	- - -	-	4,726 4,507 67,102	-	- - -	4,726 4,507 67,102
Tax Revaluation School capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 4,572	356,844	-	356,844 4,572	-	-	356,844 4,572
Economic development Total fund balances	- 4,507	315,493 315,493	61,473 61,728	- 70,682	333,068 333,068	112,977 113,868	(24,939) (24,939)	4,572	- 356,844	-	798,072 1,235,823	(760,263) (760,263)	(760,263) (760,263)	37,809 475,560
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 4,507	\$	\$ 65,763	133,988	\$333,068	\$ <u>117,291</u>	\$ <u> </u> \$	4,572 \$	s <u> </u>	423,565 \$	1,755,091 \$	-	\$ <u> </u>	\$1,755,091

Camden County, North Carolina Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

					For the Fis	cal Year Ended	June 30, 2020							
				Speci	al Revenue Funds							Capital Project Fund		
	Auto Enhancement and Preserva- tion Fund	Watershed Fund	Dismal Swamp Visitor Center	South Mills VFD	Joyce Creek Drainage Fund	Community Park Trust	Eco Dev Fund	School Fund	Revaluation Fund	Cares Act 19	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Scattered Housing Grant	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:														
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ - 5	-	\$ - \$	43,383	\$ 32,667 \$	- \$	- \$		- \$	- 5		-	\$ - \$	-,
Other taxes	-	-	-	171,885	-	-	-	4,616	-	-	176,501	-	-	176,501
Local contributions	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	20
Donations		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	5	344	-	151	401	184	-	-	465	-	1,550	-	-	1,550
Sales	-	-	29,456	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,456	-	-	29,456
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Federal and State grants Fees	- 6,909	-	142,857	-	-	-	119,182	-	-	3,245	265,284	18	18	265,302
Total revenues	6,909	86,450 86,794	172,333	215,419	33.068	184	- 119,182	4,616	465	- 3,245	93,359 642,220	- 18	- 18	93,359 642,238
1 otal revenues	6,914	86,794	1/2,333	215,419	33,068	184	119,182	4,010	405	3,245	642,220	18	18	642,238
Expenditures:														
General government	5,025	_			_	_	_	_	_	_	5,025			5,025
Public safety	5,025	_	-	860,653	_	-	_	_	-	_	860,653	_	-	860,653
Environmental protection		33,929	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	33,929	-		33,929
Economic and physical development		-	179,427	-	6,699	-	35,313		-	3,245	224,684	754,276	754,276	978,960
Cultural and recreation			-	-	-	26,053	-	-	-	-	26,053	-	-	26,053
Education		-		-	-	-	-		-		-	-		-
Debt service:														
Principal retirement	-	-	-	123,210	-	-	-	-	-	-	123,210	-		123,210
Interest and fees	-	-	-	36,792	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,792	-		36,792
Total Expenditures	5,025	33,929	179,427	1,020,655	6,699	26,053	35,313	-		3,245	1,310,346	754,276	754,276	2,064,622
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,889	52,865	(7,094)	(805,236)	26,369	(25,869)	83,869	4,616	465		(668,126)	(754,258)	(754,258)	(1,422,384)
Revenues over (onder) Expenditures	1,007	52,005	(7,071)	(003,230)	20,507	(23,007)	03,007	1,010	105		(000,120)	(731,230)	(731,230)	(1,122,301)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):														
Proceeds of long-term debt	-	-	-	507,824	-	-	-	-	-	-	507,824	-	-	507,824
Transfers from (to) other sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers from (to) CU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers from (to) other sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u> </u>	507,824		<u> </u>	-		<u> </u>	-	507,824	-		507,824
Net change in Fund Balance	1,889	52,865	(7,094)	(297,412)	26,369	(25,869)	83,869	4,616	465	-	(160,302)	(754,258)	(754,258)	(914,560)
Fund balances:														
Beginning of Year, July 1	2,618	262,628	68,822	368,094	306,699	139,737	(108,808)	(44)	356,379	-	1,396,125	(6,005)	(6,005)	1,390,120
End of year, June 30	\$ 4,507	315,493	\$ 61,728 \$	70,682	\$333,068_\$	113,868 \$	(24,939) \$	4,572 \$	356,844 \$	- 5	\$ 1,235,823 \$	(760,263)	\$ (760,263) \$	475,560

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Camden County, North Carolina Automation Enhancement and Preservation Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

				2020	
		E' 1			Variance
		Final Budget		Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
		Budget		Tietuur	(Olliavolable)
Revenues					
Fees	\$		\$	6,909	\$
Investment Earnings				5	
Other income					
Total revenues		5,025	•	6,914	1,889
Expenditures:					
Operating expenses				5,025	
Total Expenditures		5,025	•	5,025	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-	ī	1,889	1,889
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers from Other Funds				-	
Transfers to Other Funds				-	
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)		-		-	
Revenues and Other Financing					
Sources Over (Under) Uses		-		1,889	1,889
Fund Balance Appropriated		-			
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		1,889	\$ 1,889
	:		1		
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of Year, July 1				2,618	
End of Year, June 30			\$	4,507	

	_	Final Budget	2020 Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Fees	\$		\$ 86,450	\$
Grants			-	
Investment earnings			344	
Total revenues		109,275	86,794	22,481
Expenditures: Operating expenses			33,929	
Total Expenditures		109,275	33,929	75,346
Total Expenditures		109,275	33,929	75,540
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		_	52,865	52,865
			,	
Net change in fund balance		-	52,865	52,865
Fund Balance Appropriated		-		
Net change in fund balance	\$		52,865	\$ 52,865
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of Year, July 1			262,628	
End of Year, June 30			\$ 315,493	

		2020	
	D' 1		Variance
	Final Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Dudget	Actual	(Chiavorable)
Revenues			
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	\$ 142,857	\$
Sales		29,456	
Local contributions Total Revenue	1 124 000	20	(061.667)
Total Revenue	1,134,000	172,333	(961,667)
Expenditures			
Salaries and benefits		148,203	
Operating expenses		31,224	
Total Expenditures	1,134,000	179,427	954,573
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	(7,094)	(7,094)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from other funds			
Proceeds from Lease Purchase	-	-	-
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)			
Revenues and Other Financing Sources		(7,004)	(7.004)
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	-	(7,094)	(7,094)
Fund Balance Appropriated			
Net change in fund balance	\$ _	(7,094)	\$ (7,094)
Fund Balance:		(0.000	
Beginning of Year, July 1		68,822	
End of Year, June 30		\$ 61,728	
		i	

				2020		
		Final Budget		Actual	_	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes	\$		\$	43,383	\$	
Other taxes				171,885	·	
Investment earnings				151		
Other grants Other fees				-		
Total Revenues		554,353	_	215,419	-	(338,934)
Expenditures:						
Public safety:				5 405		
Salaries and benefits Operating expenses				5,425 347,404		
Capital outlay				507,824		
Debt service: Principal and Interest				160,002		
Total Expenditures		1,062,177	_	1,020,655	-	41,522
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(507,824)		(805,236)	-	(297,412)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from Installment Loan Transfer to General Fund		507,824		507,824		-
Total Other Financing			-		-	
Sources (Uses)		507,824	_	507,824	-	-
Revenues and Other Financing						
Sources Over (Under) Uses		-		(297,412)		(297,412)
Fund Balance Appropriated			_	-	-	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		(297,412)	\$	(297,412)
-	+			()	-	(=, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Fund Balance:				268 004		
Beginning of Year, July 1				368,094		
End of Year, June 30			\$	70,682		

			2020		
	Final Budget		Actual	_	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$	\$	32,667	\$	
Grants			-		
Investment earnings		_	401	_	
Total Revenues	45,085		33,068	_	(12,017)
Expenditures:					
Environmental Protection:					
Operating expenses			6,699		
Capital outlay			-		
Total Expenditures	45,085		6,699	_	38,386
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		_	26,369	_	26,369
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from Installment Loan Transfer to General Fund Total Other Financing	-		-	_	
Sources (Uses)	-		-	_	-
Revenues and Other Financing					
Sources Over (Under) Uses	-		26,369		26,369
Fund Balance Appropriated		_		_	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -		26,369	\$_	26,369
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1		_	306,699		
End of Year, June 30		\$	333,068		

		2020	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Restricted Intergovernmental	\$	\$ -	\$
Local Contributions		-	
Investment earnings Total Revenue	1.000	<u>184</u> 184	(016)
Total Revenue	1,000	184	(816)
Expenditures			
Operating expenses		26,053	
Capital outlay		-	
Total Expenditures	27,000	26,053	947
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(26,000)	(25,869)	131
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers from other funds	-	_	_
Proceeds from Lease Purchase	-	-	-
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)	_	-	
Revenues and Other Financing Sources			
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(26,000)	(25,869)	131
	(20,000)	(20,000)	101
Fund Balance Appropriated	26,000	-	(26,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	(25,869)	\$ (25,869)
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of Year, July 1		139,737	
End of Year, June 30		\$ 113,868	

		2020	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Restricted Intergovernmental Local contributions Miscellaneous Investment earnings Total Revenue	\$ 819,540	\$ 119,182 - - - 119,182	\$ (700,358)
Expenditures Operating expenses Capital outlay Total Expenditures	819,540	35,313	784,227
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	83,869	83,869
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from other funds Proceeds from Lease Purchase Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		- 	-
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	-	83,869	83,869
Fund Balance Appropriated	_		
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	83,869	\$ 83,869
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1		(108,808)	
End of Year, June 30		\$ (24,939)	

		2020	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Tax penalties and interest Investment earnings	\$	\$ 4,616	\$
Total Revenue	8,100	4,616	(3,484)
Expenditures			
Operating expenses Capital outlay		-	
Total Expenditures	8,100	-	8,100
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		4,616	4,616
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers from other funds Proceeds from Lease Purchase	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	-	4,616	4,616
Fund Balance Appropriated			
Net change in fund balance	\$ _	4,616	\$ 4,616
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of Year, July 1		(44)	
End of Year, June 30		\$ 4,572	

	2020					
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues						
Ad Valorem taxes	\$	\$		\$		
Investment earnings			465			
Total Revenue	255,000		465		(254,535)	
Expenditures						
Operating expenses			-			
Capital outlay			-			
Total Expenditures	255,000		-		255,000	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			465		465	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers from other funds			-		-	
Proceeds from Lease Purchase			-		-	
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	-		-			
Revenues and Other Financing Sources						
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	-		465		465	
Fund Balance Appropriated						
Net change in fund balance	\$ 		465	\$	465	
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of Year, July 1			356,379			
			i			
End of Year, June 30		\$	356,844			

		2020	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Ad Valorem taxes	\$	\$ -	\$
Investment earnings		-	
Restricted Intergovernmental Total Revenue	5,000	3,245 3,245	(1,755)
Total Revenue	5,000	5,245	(1,755)
Expenditures			
Operating expenses		3,245	
Capital outlay		-	
Total Expenditures	5,000	3,245	1,755
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from other funds		-	-
Proceeds from Lease Purchase			
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)			
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	_	_	_
Fund Balance Appropriated			
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	-	\$
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1			
End of Year, June 30		\$ 	

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds

Camden County, North Carolina Scattered Housing Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues:	-	Project Author - ization	_	Prior Years		Actual Current Year		Total to Date	_(Variance Favorable Unfavorable)
Restricted:										
Restricted Intergovernmental	\$	1,000,000	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Grant 11-C-2305		-				-		-		
Grant 05-C-1356		850,969				-		-		
Grant 08-C-1817		242,676				-		-		
SFR 12 Grant SRSF Grant		80,891				-		- 18		
Total Revenues	-	283,657 2,458,193		1,521,761		<u>18</u> 18		1,521,779		(936,414)
Total Revenues	-	2,438,195		1,521,701		18		1,521,779		(930,414)
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Economic and physical										
development:	-	2,458,193	_	1,529,898	_	754,276	_	2,284,174		174,019
Revenues over expenditures	-	-	_	(8,137)		(754,258)		(762,395)	_	(762,395)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in (out)		-		-		-		-		-
Local contribution		-		2,132		_		2,132		(2,132)
Total Other Financing	-		_	2,102	_			2,102	-	(2,102)
Sources (Uses)		_		2,132		_		2,132		(2,132)
Sources (Oses)	-		_	2,132				2,132	_	(2,132)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$_	(6,005)	\$	(754,258)	\$_	(760,263)	\$	(760,263)
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1					_	(6,005)				
End of Year, June 30					\$	(760,263)				

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Camden County, North Carolina Enterprise Fund - Water & Sewer District Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		2020						
		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					_			
Operating Revenues								
Water sales	\$		\$	1,258,399	\$			
Tap on Fees				86,495				
Penalties				27,180				
Miscellaneous Total water sales		1 4(9 (02		-	_	(0((10)))		
l otal water sales		1,468,693		1,372,074		(96,619)		
Waste water sales				150,635				
Miscellaneous				-				
Total waste water sales		235,585		150,635	-	(84,950)		
Total Operating Revenues	_	1,704,278		1,522,709	_	(181,569)		
		· · · ·		· · · ·	_	<u>, </u>		
Nonoperating Revenues								
Interest on Investments		3,000		117	_	(2,883)		
Total Revenues		1,707,278		1,522,826	_	(184,452)		
Expenditures:								
Reverse osmosis plant								
Salaries and employee benefits				218,181				
Repairs and maintenance				13,957				
Chemicals				40,515				
Utilities				93,305				
Operating expenses Total		466,778		48,896	-	51,924		
10141		400,778		414,854	_	51,924		
Water distribution:								
Salaries and employee benefits				252,888				
Repairs and maintenance				15,421				
Supplies				14,027				
Contracted services				30,669				
Operating expenses		105.100		72,379		10 71 :		
Total		435,128		385,384		49,744		

Camden County, North Carolina Enterprise Fund - Water & Sewer District Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	_	2020							
	_	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)			
Waste Water treatment: Salaries and employee benefits Repairs and maintenance Utilities Contracted services Supplies Operating expenses Total	=	323,852	_	111,959 20,781 39,401 7,440 5,137 91,537 276,255	_	47,597			
Budgetary Appropriations: Capital Outlay Interest Paid Debt Principal Total	_	1,350,000	_	776,616 149,380 328,583 1,254,579	_	95,421			
Total Expenditures		2,575,758		2,331,072	_	244,686			
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(868,480)		(808,246)		60,234			
Other Financing Sources and (Uses): Debt Proceeds Capital Contributions Transfer from other funds Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_			- - - -	_	- - -			
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenses and Other Uses		(868,480)		(808,246)		60,234			
Appropriated Fund Balance		868,480		-		(868,480)			
Revenues, Other Sources and Appropriated Fund Balance Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$		\$	(808,246)	\$	(808,246)			

Camden County, North Carolina Enterprise Fund - Water & Sewer District Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020	
		Variance
Final		Positive
Budget	Actual	(Negative)

Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:

Revenues, Other Sources and Appropriated	
Fund Balance Over (Under)	
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ (808,246)
Reconciling items:	
Capital Outlay	776,616
Principal Payments	328,583
Change in accrued vacation pay	5,724
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability	(29,550)
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows	
of resources for pensions	(9,202)
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows	
of resources for pensions	(18,718)
Change in accrued OPEB	21,439
Change in accrued interest	555
Other income from Water	
Capital Projects Fund	110,000
Interest income from Water	
Capital Projects Fund	40,246
Capital contributions in Water	
Capital Project Fund	145,350
Depreciation	(607,597)
Total reconciling items	 763,446
	 (11.000)
Change in net position	\$ (44,800)

Camden County, North Carolina Water and Sewer District Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Restricted intergovernmental - Rural Center \$ $3,400,000$ \$ $3,489,950$ \$ - \$ $3,489,950$ \$ 89, Restricted intergovernmental - CWMTF Funds $3,564,011$ $3,096,007$ - $3,096,007$ (468, Restricted intergovernmental - CDBG $600,000$ $600,000$ - $600,000$ (468, Other $7,5995$ $1,011,412$ $110,000$ $1,121,412$ $1,1045,$ Interest Income - $26,130$ $1,178$ $27,308$ $27,$ Total Revenues $7,639,916$ $8,223,499$ $111,178$ $8,334,677$ $694,$ Expenditures: Sewer Construction: $26,130$ $1,178$ $27,308$ $27,$ Legal fees $51,292$ - $51,292$ <			Project Author - ization	_	Prior Years		Actual Current Year		Total to Date	_	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Restricted intergovernmental - CWMTF Funds $3,564,011$ $3,096,007$ $ 3,096,007$ $(468, Restricted intergovernmental - CDBG 600,000 694, 61,000 11,178 27,308 27, 694, 11,020, 11,000,000 11,178 8,334,677 694, 11,463,078 11,463,078 11,463,078 11,463,078 11,463,078 - $	Revenues:	¢	2 400 000	¢	2 400 050	<i>^</i>		<i>^</i>	2 400 0 50	<i>•</i>	00.050
Restricted intergovernmental - CDBG $600,000$ $600,000$ $ 600,000$ Other Interest Income $ 26,130$ $1,11,12$ $110,000$ $1,121,412$ $1,045,$ Interest Income $ 26,130$ $1,178$ $27,308$ $27,$ Total Revenues $7,639,916$ $8,223,499$ $111,178$ $8,334,677$ $694,$ Expenditures: Sewer Construction: Legal fees $51,292$ $ 51$	8	\$, ,	\$		\$	-	\$	· · ·	\$	89,950
Other75,905 $1,011,412$ $110,000$ $1,121,412$ $1,045,$ Interest Income- $26,130$ $1,178$ $27,308$ $27,$ Total Revenues $7,639,916$ $8,223,499$ $111,178$ $8,334,677$ $694,$ Expenditures:Sewer Construction: $Legal fees$ $51,292$ - $51,292$ $694,$ Land $70,360$ - $70,360$ - $70,360,$ $70,360,$ $111,178,$ $8,334,677,$ $694,$ Collection system $1,463,078,$ - $51,292,$ - $51,292,$ $111,178,$ $8,334,677,$ $694,$ Collection system $1,463,078,$ - $70,360,$ - $70,360,$ $110,169,078,$ - $70,360,$ Construction $6,818,231,$ - $6,818,231,$ - $6,818,231,$ - $6,818,231,$ $50,2362,$ Spray fields $302,362,$ - $302,362,$ - $302,362,$ $73,448,$ - $73,448,$ - $73,448,$ -Total $11,089,899,$ $9,224,472,$ - $9,224,472,$ $1,865,$ $1,132,$ $6,889,795,$ $2,560,$ Other Financing Sources (Uses): $-1,132, 1,307,809,59,Transfers In950,000,582,291,-582,291,367,367,Total Other Financing- 582,291,367,$	e		, ,				-		· · ·		(468,004)
Interest Income 1.178 27,308 27, Total Revenues $7,639,916$ $8,223,499$ $111,178$ $8,334,677$ 694 , Expenditures: Sewer Construction: $Legal fees$ $51,292$ $ 51,292$ $ 51,292$ Land $70,360$ $ 70,360$ $ 70,360$ Expenditures: $70,360$ $ 70,360$ $ 70,360$ Land $70,360$ $ 70,360$ $ 70,360$ Collection system $1,463,078$ $ 1,463,078$ $ 445,701$ Collection system $1,463,078$ $ 1,463,078$ $ 445,701$ $ 445,701$ Collection system $1,463,078$ $ 1,463,078$ $ 302,362$ $ 302,362$ $ 302,362$ $ 302,362$ $ 302,362$ $ 302,362$ $ 73,448$ $ 73,448$ $ 73,448$ $ 73,448$ $ 73,448,983$ $ 1,132,861$ $-$	e		· · · · ·		,		-		,		-
Total Revenues 7,639,916 8,223,499 111,178 8,334,677 694 Expenditures: Sewer Construction: Legal fees 51,292 - 51,292 - 51,292 Land 70,360 - 70,360 - 70,360 Engineering 445,701 - 445,701 - 445,701 Collection system 1,463,078 - 1,463,078 - 1,463,078 Construction 6,818,231 - 6,818,231 - 6,818,231 Spray fields 302,362 - 302,362 - 73,448 - 73,448 - 73,448 - 73,448 - 73,448 - 73,448 - 73,448 - 73,448 - 73,448 - 73,448 - 73,448 - 73,448 - 73,448 - 73,448 - 73,448 - 73,448 - 73,448 - 73,448 - 74,483,079 5,560,079 5,560,079 5,560,079			75,905				,				
Expenditures: Sewer Construction: Legal fees 51,292 - 51,292 Land 70,360 - 70,360 Engineering 445,701 - 445,701 Collection system 1,463,078 - 1,463,078 Construction 6,818,231 - 6,818,231 Spray fields 302,362 - 302,362 Fund reserves 73,448 - 73,448 Total 11,089,899 9,224,472 - 9,224,472 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - - 1,132,861 Fund balance appropriated 1,132,861 - - - 1,132,869 Transfers In 950,000 582,291 - 582,291 367, Total Other Financing 040,000 582,291 - 582,291 367,			- 7 620 016		,	_	/	_	,	_	27,308 694,761
Sewer Construction:Legal fees $51,292$ - $51,292$ Land $70,360$ - $70,360$ Engineering $445,701$ - $445,701$ Collection system $1,463,078$ - $1,463,078$ Construction $6,818,231$ - $6,818,231$ Spray fields $302,362$ - $302,362$ Fund reserves $73,448$ - $73,448$ Total $11,089,899$ $9,224,472$ -Populations $(3,449,983)$ $(1,000,973)$ $111,178$ Revenues over expenditures $(3,449,983)$ $(1,000,973)$ $111,178$ Other Financing Sources (Uses):Fund balance appropriated $1,132,861$ Revolving loan funds $1,367,122$ $1,307,809$ -Total Other Financing950,000 $582,291$ - $582,291$ Total Other Financing $950,000$ $582,291$ -	Total Revenues		7,039,910		8,223,499		111,178		8,334,077	_	094,/01
Legal fees $51,292$ - $51,292$ Land $70,360$ - $70,360$ Engineering $445,701$ - $445,701$ Collection system $1,463,078$ - $1,463,078$ Construction $6,818,231$ - $6,818,231$ Spray fields $302,362$ - $302,362$ Fund reserves $73,448$ - $73,448$ Total $11,089,899$ $9,224,472$ -P,224,472- $9,224,472$ $1,865,$ Revenues over expenditures $(3,449,983)$ $(1,000,973)$ $111,178$ Other Financing Sources (Uses):Fund balance appropriated $1,132,861$ Revolving loan funds $1,367,122$ $1,307,809$ -Total Other Financing950,000 $582,291$ - $582,291$ Total Other Financing $950,000$ $582,291$ - $582,291$	Expenditures:										
Land $70,360$ - $70,360$ Engineering $445,701$ - $445,701$ Collection system $1,463,078$ - $1,463,078$ Construction $6,818,231$ - $6,818,231$ Spray fields $302,362$ - $302,362$ Fund reserves $73,448$ - $73,448$ Total $11,089,899$ $9,224,472$ -Question of the reserves $(3,449,983)$ $(1,000,973)$ $111,178$ Revenues over expenditures $(3,449,983)$ $(1,000,973)$ $111,178$ Other Financing Sources (Uses):Fund balance appropriated $1,132,861$ $1,307,809$ 59, $1,307,809$ 59,Transfers In950,000 $582,291$ - $582,291$ Total Other Financing $950,000$ $582,291$ -	Sewer Construction:										
Engineering $445,701$ - $445,701$ Collection system $1,463,078$ - $1,463,078$ Construction $6,818,231$ - $6,818,231$ Spray fields $302,362$ - $302,362$ Fund reserves $73,448$ - $73,448$ Total $11,089,899$ $9,224,472$ - $9,224,472$ Itin construction $(3,449,983)$ $(1,000,973)$ $111,178$ $(889,795)$ $2,560,$ Other Financing Sources (Uses): $1,132,861$ $1,132,$ Revolving loan funds $1,367,122$ $1,307,809$ - $1,307,809$ 59, $70,000$ $582,291$ - $582,291$ $367,$ Total Other Financing $950,000$ $582,291$ - $582,291$ $367,$	Legal fees				51,292		-		51,292		
Collection system $1,463,078$ - $1,463,078$ Construction $6,818,231$ - $6,818,231$ Spray fields $302,362$ - $302,362$ Fund reserves $73,448$ - $73,448$ Total $11,089,899$ $9,224,472$ - $9,224,472$ Revenues over expenditures $(3,449,983)$ $(1,000,973)$ $111,178$ $(889,795)$ $2,560,$ Other Financing Sources (Uses): $1,132,861$ 1,132,Revolving loan funds $1,367,122$ $1,307,809$ - $1,307,809$ 59,Transfers In950,000 $582,291$ - $582,291$ $367,$ Total Other Financing $950,000$ $582,291$ - $582,291$ $367,$	Land				70,360		-		70,360		
Construction $6,818,231$ - $6,818,231$ Spray fields $302,362$ - $302,362$ Fund reserves $73,448$ - $73,448$ Total $11,089,899$ $9,224,472$ - $9,224,472$ Revenues over expenditures $(3,449,983)$ $(1,000,973)$ $111,178$ $(889,795)$ $2,560,$ Other Financing Sources (Uses):1,132,Fund balance appropriated $1,132,861$ 1,132,Revolving loan funds $1,367,122$ $1,307,809$ -1,307,80959,Transfers In $950,000$ $582,291$ - $582,291$ $367,$ Total Other Financing $1000,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,10$	Engineering				445,701		-		445,701		
Spray fields $302,362$ - $302,362$ Fund reserves $73,448$ - $73,448$ Total $11,089,899$ $9,224,472$ -Revenues over expenditures $(3,449,983)$ $(1,000,973)$ $111,178$ Other Financing Sources (Uses): $1,132,861$ Fund balance appropriated $1,367,122$ $1,307,809$ -Revolving loan funds $1,367,122$ $1,307,809$ -Transfers In $950,000$ $582,291$ - $582,291$ Total Other Financing $367, 367, 367, 367, 367, 367, 367, 367, $	Collection system				1,463,078		-		1,463,078		
Fund reserves $73,448$ - $73,448$ Total $11,089,899$ $9,224,472$ - $9,224,472$ $1,865$ Revenues over expenditures $(3,449,983)$ $(1,000,973)$ $111,178$ $(889,795)$ $2,560$ Other Financing Sources (Uses): $1,132,861$ $1,132$ Revolving loan funds $1,367,122$ $1,307,809$ - $1,307,809$ 59Transfers In $950,000$ $582,291$ - $582,291$ 367	Construction				6,818,231		-		6,818,231		
Total 11,089,899 9,224,472 - 9,224,472 1,865, Revenues over expenditures (3,449,983) (1,000,973) 111,178 (889,795) 2,560, Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - - 1,132,861 - - 1,132, Revolving loan funds 1,367,122 1,307,809 - 1,307,809 59, Transfers In 950,000 582,291 - 582,291 367, Total Other Financing - - 582,291 367,	Spray fields				302,362		-		302,362		
Revenues over expenditures (3,449,983) (1,000,973) 111,178 (889,795) 2,560, Other Financing Sources (Uses): Fund balance appropriated 1,132,861 - - 1,132, Revolving loan funds 1,367,122 1,307,809 - 1,307,809 59, Transfers In 950,000 582,291 - 582,291 367, Total Other Financing - - - 582,291 367,	Fund reserves				73,448		-		73,448		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): - - - 1,132,861 Fund balance appropriated 1,132,861 - - 1,132, Revolving loan funds 1,367,122 1,307,809 - 1,307,809 59, Transfers In 950,000 582,291 - 582,291 367, Total Other Financing - - - 582,291 367,	Total		11,089,899		9,224,472	_	-		9,224,472	_	1,865,427
Fund balance appropriated 1,132,861 - - 1,132, Revolving loan funds 1,367,122 1,307,809 - 1,307,809 59, Transfers In 950,000 582,291 - 582,291 367, Total Other Financing - - - 582,291 367,	Revenues over expenditures		(3,449,983)		(1,000,973)		111,178		(889,795)		2,560,188
Revolving loan funds 1,367,122 1,307,809 - 1,307,809 59, Transfers In 950,000 582,291 - 582,291 367, Total Other Financing - - 582,291 367,	Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Revolving loan funds 1,367,122 1,307,809 - 1,307,809 59, Transfers In 950,000 582,291 - 582,291 367, Total Other Financing - - 582,291 367,	Fund balance appropriated		1,132,861		-		-		-		1,132,861
Total Other Financing			1,367,122		1,307,809		-		1,307,809		59,313
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Transfers In		950,000		582,291		-		582,291		367,709
Sources (Uses) 3,449,983 1,890,100 - 1,890,100 1,559,	Total Other Financing										
	Sources (Uses)		3,449,983		1,890,100	_		_	1,890,100	_	1,559,883
Revenues, Other Sources Over (Under)	Revenues, Other Sources Over (Under)										
		\$	-	\$	889,127		111,178	\$	1,000,305	\$	1,000,305

Camden County, North Carolina Water and Sewer District Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Aut	oject hor - ution	_	Prior Years		Actual Current Year		Total to Date	_	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:	¢ 1.4	(1.100	¢	0.405.500	¢	145.250	¢	0.551.116	٩	1 107 01 (
Restricted intergovernmental - CWMTF		64,100	\$	2,425,766	\$	145,350	\$	2,571,116	\$	1,107,016
Restricted intergovernmental - RC Grant		49,875 00,000		693,600 200,000		-		693,600 200,000		43,725
Restricted intergovernmental - Golden Leaf Restricted intergovernmental - DOT Grant		69,810		200,000 276,868		-		200,000		7,058
Other	2	09,810		270,808		-		270,808		75,099
Interest Income		-		87,356		39.068		126,424		126,424
Total Revenues	2,5	83,785	_	3,758,689	_	184,418	_	3,943,107	-	1,359,322
Expenditures:										
Sewer improvements	5.5	19,510		5,519,070		-		5,519,070		440
Professional services		15,000		19,796		51,255		71,051		43,949
Fund reserves		-		-		-		-		-
Total	5,6	34,510	_	5,538,866	_	51,255	_	5,590,121	-	44,389
Revenues over expenditures	(3,0	50,725)		(1,780,177)		133,163		(1,647,014)		1,403,711
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Fund balance appropriated		35,725		-		-		-		(35,725)
Debt proceeds	2,8	00,000		2,800,000		-		2,800,000		-
Transfers In	2	15,000				-		-		(215,000)
Total Other Financing		<u> </u>	_		_				-	
Sources (Uses)	3,0	50,725	_	2,800,000		-		2,800,000	_	(250,725)
Revenues, Other Sources Over (Under)										
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	-	\$	1,019,823	_	133,163	\$	1,152,986	\$	1,654,436

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others.

Camden County, North Carolina Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	 Balance July 1, 2019	Net Change		Balance June 30, 2020
Social Services Fund:				
Cash and Investments	\$ 17,104	\$ 6,823	\$	23,927
Liabilities	\$ 17,104	\$ 6,823	-\$	23,927
Nancy M. and H. Clay Ferebee Fund				
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,596	\$ 21	\$	1,617
Liabilities	\$ 1,596	\$ 21	\$	1,617
Total - All Agency Funds:				
Cash and Investments	\$ 18,700	\$ 6,844	\$	25,544
Liabilities	\$ 18,700	\$ 6,844	\$	25,544

This section includes additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy
- Secondary Market Disclosures
- Ten Largest Taxpayers

Camden County, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year		Incollected Balance uly 1, 2019	-	Additions	-	Collections And Credits		Uncollected Balance June 30, 2020
2019-2020	\$		\$	8,465,554	\$	8,288,085	\$	177,469
2018-2019		150,038		16,251		111,377		54,912
2017-2018		52,894		16,308		43,906		25,296
2016-2017		21,331		15,241		22,807		13,765
2015-2016		13,271		-		4,636		8,635
2014-2015		12,371		18		496		11,893
2013-2014		13,201		-		1,280		11,921
2012-2013		13,986		-		1,114		12,872
2011-2012		11,017		-		300		10,717
2010-2011		8,696		-		91		8,605
2009-2010		8,331		-		8,331		-
TOTALS	\$	305,136	\$	8,513,372	\$	8,482,423	\$	336,085
	Le	ss: Allowance for	runcoll	ectable taxes	_		-	(124,000)

\$

\$

\$

212,085

8,505,200

(61,350)

(61,000) (631) <u>39,204</u> (22,777)

8,482,423

Ad valorem taxes - General Fund

Reconcilement with revenues:

Ad valorem taxes - General Fund Reconciling items:

Penalties and Interest

Collection of Old Taxes

Total Collections and Credits

Total Reconciling Items

Release

90

Camden County, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy County - Wide Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

							Total Levy						
	_	County - v Property Valuation			Property excluding Registered Motor Vehicles			Registered Motor Vehicles					
Original levy: Property Taxes at Current Year Rate Total Original Levy	\$	1,225,136,087 1,225,136,087	0.6900%	\$	8,453,439 8,453,439	\$	7,577,147 7,577,147	\$	876,292 876,292				
Discoveries: Current year taxes Total Discoveries	_	1,569,275 1,569,275	0.6900%		10,828 10,828	_	10,828 10,828	_	<u>-</u>				
Abatements Current Year Taxes Total Abatements	_	186,522 186,522	0.6900%		1,287 1,287	_	1,287 1,287	_	-				
Total for Year	\$	1,226,891,884			8,465,554		7,589,262		876,292				
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2020					177,469	_	177,469	_	-				
Current year's taxes collected				\$	8,288,085	\$	7,411,793	\$_	876,292				
Current levy collection percentage					97.90%	_	97.66%	_	100.00%				

Secondary Market Disclosures:

Assessed Valuation:		
Assessment Ratio ¹	(%
Real Property	\$ 958,212,707	
Personal Property ³	227,735,338	
Public Service Companies ²	 40,943,839	
Total Assessed Valuation	1,226,891,884	
Tax Rate per \$100		
Levy (includes discoveries, releases and abatements) ³	\$ 8,465,554	

In addition to the County-wide rate, the following table lists the levies by the County on behalf and fire protection districts for the fiscal year ended June 30:

Fire Protection Districts

¹ Percentage of appraised value has been established by statute.

² Valuation of railroads, telephone companies and other utilities as

determined by the North Carolina Property Tax Commission.

³ The levy includes penalties and multi-rate for motor vehicles.

101,695

\$

Camden County, North Carolina Schedule of Ten Largest Taxpayers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Taxpayer Type of Business		2019 Assessed Valuation		Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	
E & J Holding LLC	Real Estate	\$	49,308,406	4.02%	
Northern Agriculture III LLC	Agricultural		14,315,652	1.17%	
Albemarle Elec Membership Corp	Utility		9,121,014	0.74%	
Dominion North Carolina Power	Utility		7,068,261	0.58%	
Blue Sky Development, LLC	Apartment Complex		6,552,609	0.53%	
Black Gold Farms	Agricultural		3,538,551	0.29%	
Academi Training Center, Inc.	Training Facility		3,194,493	0.26%	
John E Ferebee Farming, Inc.	Waste Disposal & Collection		3,070,725	0.25%	
Eastern Carolina Const., Inc.	Real Estate		2,725,362	0.22%	
Coastal Forest Products Co.	Agricultural		2,670,290	0.22%	
Total	-	\$	101,565,362	8.28%	

COMPLIANCE SECTION



Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. 4024 Oleander Drive Suite 3 Wilmington, North Carolina 28403 Telephone (910) 791-4872 Fax (910) 395-4872

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Camden County Camden County, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Camden County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Camden County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2021. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by those auditors. The financial statements of the Camden County ABC Board and the Camden Tourism Development Authority were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Camden County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Camden County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Camden County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA

Wilmington, North Carolina January 31, 2021



Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. 4024 Oleander Drive Suite 3 Wilmington, North Carolina 28403 Telephone (910) 791-4872 Fax (910) 395-4872

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Camden County Camden County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Camden County, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Camden County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Camden County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and State statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Camden County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Camden County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Camden County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Camden County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2020 – 001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Camden County's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the schedule of findings and questioned costs. Camden County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Camden County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Camden County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2020 – 002 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Camden County's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying corrective action plan. Camden County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Po., PA

Wilmington, North Carolina January 31, 2021

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements						
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance to GAAP: Unmodified						
Internal control over financial reportir	ıg:					
Material weaknesses identified?		Yes	<u>X</u> No			
Significant Deficiency(s) identifie	d?	Yes	X None Reported			
Noncompliance material to financial st	atements noted?	Yes	<u>X</u> No			
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major federal pro	ograms:					
Material weaknesses identified?		Yes	<u>X</u> No			
Significant Deficiency(s) identified? X Yes None Reported						
Type of auditor's report issued on com	pliance for major federal prog	grams: Unmodifi	ed.			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? <u>X</u> Yes <u>No</u>						
Identification of major federal programs:						
CFDA Numbers Names of Federal Program or Cluster						
93.778	Medical Assistance Program	1				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between						
Type A and Type B Programs\$ 750,000						
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes	<u>X</u> No			

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Significant Deficiency/Noncompliance

US Department of Agriculture Passed through the NC Dept. of Health and Human Services Program Name: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX) CFDA # 93.778 Finding: 2020 - 001 Eligibility

Criteria: In accordance with 42 CFR 435, documentation must be obtained as needed to determine if a recipient meets specific standards, and documentation must be maintained to support eligibility determinations. In accordance with 2 CFR 200, management should have an adequate system of internal controls procedures in place to ensure an applicant is properly determined or redetermined for benefits.

Condition: There were five errors discovered during our procedures that inaccurate information was entered when determining eligibility. Five applicant/beneficiaries that received assistance for which the recipient was not eligible

Questioned Costs: The amount of claims paid on behalf of the above ineligible participants for fiscal year ending 6/30/2020 did not exceed the threshold for a questioned cost determination.

Context: We examined 60 Medicaid applicants to re-determine eligibility. These findings were disclosed in a separately issued spreadsheet to the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services and are being reported with the financial statement audit as it relates to Medicaid administrative cost compliance audit.

Effect: For those certifications/re-certifications there was a chance that information was not properly documented and reconciled to NC FAST which affect countable resource and a participant could have been approved for benefits that they were not eligible.

Identification of a repeat finding: This is a repeat finding from the immediate previous audit, 2019-002.

Cause: Ineffective record keeping and ineffective case review process, incomplete documentation, and incorrect application of rules for purposes of determining eligibility.

Recommendation: Files should be reviewed internally to ensure proper documentation is in place for eligibility. Workers should be retrained on what files should contain and the importance of complete and accurate record keeping. We recommend that all files include online verifications, documented resources of income and those amounts agree to information in NC FAST.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The County agrees with the finding. Supervisors will perform second party reviews to ensure proper documentation is contained in files to support eligibility determinations. Workers will be retrained on what information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record keeping, and reserve calculations. The County finance office will also participating in the review process.

Significant Deficiency

US Department of Agriculture Passed through the NC Dept. of Health and Human Services Program Name: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX) CFDA # 93.778 Finding: 2020 – 002 Eligibility

Criteria: Medicaid for Aged, Blind and Disabled case records should contain documentation that verifications were done in preparation of the application and these items will agree to reports in the NC FAST system. In this process, documentation should be present and agree back to the records in the NC FAST system. Any items discovered in the process should be considered resources and explained within the documentation.

Condition: There were twenty five (25) technical errors discovered during our procedures that resources in the county documentation and those same resources contained in NC FAST were not the same amounts or files containing resources were not properly documented to be considered countable or non-countable.

Questioned Costs: There was no affect to eligibility and there were no questioned costs.

Context: We examined 60 Medicaid applicants to re-determine eligibility. These findings were disclosed in a separately issued spreadsheet to the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services and are being reported with the financial statement audit as it relates to Medicaid administrative cost compliance audit.

Effect: For those certifications/re-certifications there was a chance that information was not properly documented and reconciled to NC FAST which affect countable resource and a participant could have been approved for benefits that they were not eligible.

Identification of a repeat finding: This is a repeat finding from the immediate previous audit, 2019-001.

Cause: Ineffective record keeping and ineffective case review process, incomplete documentation, and incorrect application of rules for purposes of determining eligibility.

Recommendation: Files should be reviewed internally to ensure proper documentation is in place for eligibility. Workers should be retrained on what files should contain and the importance of complete and accurate record keeping. We recommend that all files include online verifications, documented resources of income and those amounts agree to information in NC FAST.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The County agrees with the finding. Supervisors will perform second party reviews to ensure proper documentation is contained in files to support eligibility determinations. Workers will be retrained on what information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record keeping, and reserve calculations. The County finance office will also participating in the review process.

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None Reported.



Post Office Box 70, 117 NC Hwy 343 North Camden, NC 27921

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

None Reported.

2020 – 001 Eligibility

Name of contact Person: Craig Patterson, Director of Social Services

Corrective Action: Procedures and controls are being developed for caseworkers to follow. Medicaid caseworkers will receive additional training on the newly created "Documentation Policy" to remind each of the policies and procedures to be followed in the application process. Supervisors will review action reports regularly to determine if correct was taken and that action was correctly closed out. Workers will be retrained on what information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record keeping, and reserve calculations.

Proposed Completion Date: Certain controls are currently being created and reviewed. Management will continue to monitor the progress of this issue and modify the controls as needed.

2020 – 002 Eligibility

Name of contact Person: Craig Patterson, Director of Social Services

Corrective Action: Procedures and controls are being developed for caseworkers to follow. Medicaid caseworkers will receive additional training on the newly created "Documentation Policy" to remind each of the policies and procedures to be followed in the application process. Supervisors will review action reports regularly to determine if correct was taken and that action was correctly closed out. Workers will be retrained on what information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record keeping, and reserve calculations.

Proposed Completion Date: Certain controls are currently being created and reviewed. Management will continue to monitor the progress of this issue and modify the controls as needed.

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None Reported.

CAMDEN COUNTY CAMDEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Status:	2019-001	Still occurring.
	2019-002	Still occurring.
	2016-001	Corrected.
	2016-002	Corrected.

CAMDEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Federal (Direct & Pass-through) <u>Expenditures</u>	State <u>Expenditures</u>	Passed-through to <u>Subrecipients</u>	Local <u>Expenditures</u>
1(a)	1(b)		1(c)(d),2	1(d)	1(e)	1(d)
Federal Awards: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture						
Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services: Division of Social Services: Administration:						
State Administrative Matching Grants for the						
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.561		124,154 124,154			<u>124,154</u> 124,154
<u>U.S. Dept. of Treasury</u> Passed-through the Office of State Budget and Management NC Pandemic Recovery Office						
Coronavirus Relief Fund (Note 6) Total U.S. Dept. of Treasury	21.019		3,245 3,245	-		
U. S. Department of Homeland Security Passed-through N.C. Dept. of Public Safety: Division of Emergency Management Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially						
Declared Disasters) Total U. S. Department of Homeland Security	97.036		2,074 2,074	691 691		
U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services Passed-through N.C. Department of Health and Human Services Division of Social Services						
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Cluster TANF - Work First Total TANF Cluster	93.558		78,764 78,764	-	-	57,293 57,293
Foster Care and Adoption Cluster (Note 4 & 6)						
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658		26,791	7,153	-	11,958
Foster Care	N/A 93.659		2,042 106	-	-	-
Adoption Assistance Total Foster Care and Adoption Cluster (Note 4 & 6)	93.039		28,939	7,153	-	106
Child Support Enforcement	93.563		49,484	(72)	-	25,563
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance						
Administration Energy Assistance Payments	93.568 93.568		3,851 25,137	-	-	-
Crisis Intervention Program	93.568		21,270	-	-	-
Total Low-Income Home Energy Assistance			50,258	-	-	-
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program - Permanency Planning - Families for Kid	93.645		3,906	<u> </u>		1,302
Total Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program			3,906			1,302
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.674		2,664	230	-	-
SSBG - Other Service and Training Division of Aging and Adult Services	93.667		41,809	-	-	13,936
Division of Social Services: SSBG - Adult Protective Care Total Social Serice Block Grant	93.667		25,698 67,507		<u> </u>	13,936
Division of Child Development and Early Education: Subsidized Child Care (Note 4) Child Care Development Fund Cluster						
Child Care Development Fund Cluster Division of Social Services: Child Care Development Mandatory and Match						
Fund-Administration	93.596		15,164	-		
Total Child Care Fund Cluster Total Subsidized Child Care (Note 4)			15,164	-		
rotar Substatzed Child Care (Note 4)			13,104			

CAMDEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Grantor/Pass-through <u>Grantor/Program Title</u> 1(a)	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u> 1(b)	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Federal (Direct & Pass-through) <u>Expenditures</u> 1(c)(d),2	State <u>Expenditures</u> 1(d)	Passed-through to <u>Subrecipients</u> 1(e)	Local <u>Expenditures</u> 1(d)
Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services: Division of Health Benefits Division of Social Services: Administration:						
Medical Assistance Program (Note 6) Total Medical Assistance Program	93.778		<u>363,470</u> 363,470	236 236		135,588 135,588
Division of Social Services: Administration:						
State Children's Insurance Program - N.C. Health Choice Choice (Note 6)	93.767		14,968 14,968	95 95		1,149
Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Insurance: Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program MIPPA Grant Total Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program	93.071		1,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
-						
Total U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services			676,124	7,642		246,896
Total federal awards			805,597	8,333	<u> </u>	371,049
State Awards: <u>N.C. Dept. of Commerce</u> Rural Economic Development Grant Tatel N.C. Dept. of Commerce		U-493	<u> </u>	35,165		
Total N.C. Dept. of Commerce <u>N.C. Department of Environmental Quality</u> Division of Waste Management Soil Conservation State Match NC Agriculture Cost Share - Technical Assistance Total N.C. Dept. Environmental Quality				35,165 3,600 24,255 27,855		
Division of Social Services				<u> </u>		
ST Child Welfare/CPS/CS LD State Foster Home Work First Non Reimbursable CSE Disaster Non Reimbursable			-	2,179 1,667 -	-	1,667 1,915 2,344
County Funded Programs Total Division of Social Service			<u> </u>	3,845		137,640 143,565
Total N. C. Department of Health and Human Services N.C. Dept. of Insurance				3,845		143,565
SHIIP Grant Total N.C. Dept. of Insurance			<u> </u>	3,500 3,500		
<u>N.C. Dept. of Public Safety</u> Juvenile Crime Prevention Programs Governor's Crime Commissior			-	62,265 21,282	-	-
Total Juvenile Crime Prevention Programs Total N. C. Department of Public Safety				83,547 83,547		
<u>N.C. Dept. of Transportation</u> Dismal Swamp Welcome/Visitor Center Total N.C. Dept. of Transportation		DOT-13	<u> </u>	142,857 142,857	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Administrative Office of the Courts Safe Roads Act			-	1,029	-	-
Total State awards				297,798		143,565
Total federal and State awards			805,597	306,131		514,615

CAMDEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		State/	Federal			
	Federal	Pass-through	(Direct &		Passed-through	
Grantor/Pass-through	CFDA	Grantor's	Pass-through)	State	to	Local
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures	Expenditures	Subrecipients	Expenditures
1(a)	1(b)		1(c)(d),2	1(d)	1(e)	1(d)

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of the Camden County under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Camden County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of Camden County.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate

Camden County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance

Note 4: Cluster of Programs

The following are clustered by the NC Department of Health and Human Services and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes: Subsidized Child Care and Foster Care and Adoption

Note 5: Benefit Payments Issued by the State

The amounts listed below were paid directly to individual recipients by the State from federal and State moneys. County personnel are involved with certain functions primarily eligibility determinations that cause benefit payments to be issued by the State. These amounts disclose this additional aid to County recipients that do not appear

Program Title	CFDA No.	Federal	State
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women Infant and Children	10.557	1,277	-
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.551	1,049,875	-
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	23,325	-
Adoption Assistance	93.659	20,158	4,552
Family Preservation	93.556	333	-
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	5,564,138	2,505,445
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	85,022	6,570
Child Welfare Services Adoption	N/A	-	5,428
SAA/SAD HB 1030	N/A	-	-
SC/SA Domiciliary Care	N/A	-	45,929

Note 6: Coronavirus Relief Funds

Camden County received \$426,810 of funding from the Coronavirus Relief Fund (21.019) and is scheduled to receive \$210,906 in July 2020. At least twenty-five percent (25%) of the funds are mandated to go to municipalities within Camden County, at the discretion of the County. Municipalities are to have a plan to spend these funds by September 1, 2020, or any funds received are to be returned to the County. Counties and municipalities are liable to the State for funds not spent in accordance with US Dept. of Treasury, the granting agency, guidelines. According to the Office of State Budget and Management, the State's pass-through agency, municipalities are considered subrecipients of the Counties. However, under state statute, municipalities are liable to the State, not the County, for any misused or misspent funds. CRF must be spent during the period March 1, 2020 to December 31, 2021.