TOWN OF AUTRYVILLE

NORTH CAROLINA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

MAYOR Richard V. Spell

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

Debra Baxley Grayson Spell Kim Baker Mickie Spell

Denise N. Tyndall

TAX COLLECTOR Cassandra Tyndall <u>CLERK</u> Cassandra Tyndall

TOWN OF AUTRYVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2020

		Page #
<u>exhibit</u> Fii	VANCIAL SECTION	
Inc	dependent Auditor's Report	1-2
Ma	anagement's Discussion and Analysis	3-12
Ba	sic Financial Statements:	
	Government-wide Financial Statements:	
1	Statement of Net Position	13
2	Statement of Activities	14
	Fund Financial Statements	
3	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15
3	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	15
4	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Governmental Funds	16
5	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	17
6	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Annual Budget and Actual - General Fund	18
7	Statement of Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds	19
8	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds	20
9	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	21-22
	Notes to the Financial Statements	23-34
Inc	lividual Fund Financial Statements Section:	
	Statement 1 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	35-37
	Statement 2 Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Water Fund	38-39
Ot	her Schedules:	
	Schedule 1 Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	40
	Schedule 2 Analysis of Current Tax Levy	41

FINANCIAL SECTION

HAIGH, BYRD & LAMBERT, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 1007 HAY STREET FAYETTEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA 28305

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners Autryville, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Autryville, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Autryville, North Carolina as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 12 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Autryville, North Carolina. The individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit, and the procedures performed as described above, the individual fund statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Haigh, Byrd + Lumbert, LLP

Certified Public Accountants Fayetteville, North Carolina November 11, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion for the Town of Autryville

As management of the Town of Autryville, we offer readers of the Town of Autryville's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Autryville for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Autryville exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$899,792 (*net position*).
- The government's total net position decreased by \$6,969 primarily due to decreases in the business type activities net position.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Autryville's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$357,525, an increase of \$35,023 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 5 percent of this total amount, or \$17,704 is non-spendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$339,821 or 272 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Autryville's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Autryville.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report

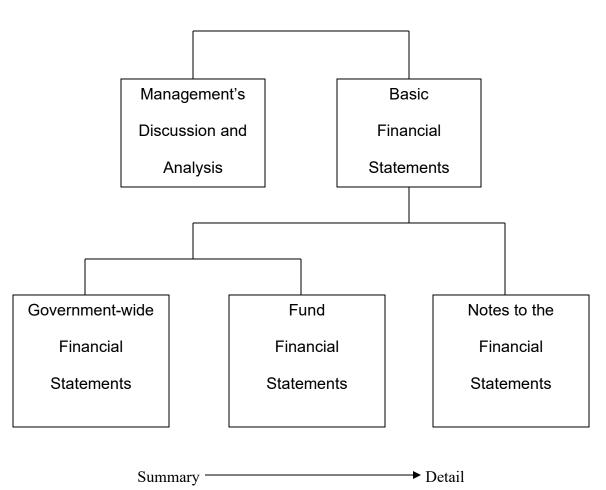


Figure 1

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town of

Management's Discussion and Analysis **Town of Autryville**

Autryville's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a privatesector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as environmental protection, public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state shared revenues finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water service offered by the Town of Autryville. The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 2) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Autryville, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Autryville can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Autryville adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds – The Town of Autryville has one proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Autryville uses its enterprise fund to account for its water activity and operations. This fund is the same as that function shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 23-34 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities: The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign government and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Town of Autryville's Net Position

Figure 2

	Governmental Activities			Busine Activ		Total				
		2020		2019	2020		2019	2020		2019
Current and other assets	\$	361,602	\$	327,740	\$ 39,849	\$	46,053	\$ 401,451	\$	373,793
Capital assets		290,501		316,517	225,093		234,173	515,594		550,690
Total assets		652,103		644,257	264,942		280,226	917,045		924,483
Long-term liabilities outstanding		1,180		174	590		87	1,770		261
Other liabilities		3,910		3,890	11,573		13,571	15,483		17,461
Total liabilities		5,090		4,064	12,163		13,658	17,253		17,722
Net assets:										
Net investment in capital assets		290,501		316,517	225,093		234,173	515,594		550,690
Restricted		17,704		15,218	-		-	17,704		15,218
Unrestricted		338,808		308,458	27,686		32,395	366,494		340,853
Total net assets	\$	647,013	\$	640,193	\$ 252,779	\$	266,568	\$ 899,792	\$	906,761

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Autryville exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$899,792 as of June 30, 2020. The Town of Autryville net position decreased by \$6,969 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The largest portion, \$515,594, reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The Town of Autryville uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Autryville's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Autryville's net position \$17,704 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$366,494 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes attained a tax collection percentage of 100%, which is a little more than the statewide average
- Increase in state shared revenues

Town of Autryville Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Governmental Activities				Business Type Activities					Total		
		2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	13,074	\$	12,843	\$	91,711	\$	92,948	\$	104,785	\$	105,791
Operating grants and contributions		10,835		10,917		-		-		10,835		10,917
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		-		-		-		-
General revenues:		-		-		-		-		-		-
Property taxes		62,585		56,163		-		-		62,585		56,163
Unrestricted intergovernmental		71,860		70,206		-		-		71,860		70,206
Other		352		2,660		2		112		354		2,772
Total revenues		158,706		152,789		91,713		93,060		250,419		245,849
Expenses:												
General government		52,814		52,200		-		-		52,814		52,200
Public safety		9,100		8,900		-		-		9,100		8,900
Highw ays/streets		37,022		86,662		-		-		37,022		86,662
Sanitation		49,852		48,302		-		-		49,852		48,302
Culture and recreation		3,098		7,606		-		-		3,098		7,606
Interest on long-term debt		-		-		-		-		-		-
Water		-		-		105,502		101,398		105,502		101,398
Total expenses		151,886		203,670		105,502		101,398		257,388		305,068
Increase (Decrease) in net position		6,820		(50,881)		(13,789)		(8,338)		(6,969)		(59,219)
Net position, July 1		640,193		691,074		266,568		274,906		906,761		965,980
Net position, June 30	\$	647,013	\$	640,193	\$	252,779	\$	266,568	\$	899,792	\$	906,761

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net assets by \$6,820.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities decreased the Town of Autryville's net assets by \$13,789.

Financial Analysis of the Town of Autryville Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Autryville uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Autryville's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Autryville's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Autryville. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$339,821 while total fund balance amounted to \$357,525. At year end the Town had available fund balance of 272% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 286% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2020, the general fund was the only governmental fund of Town of Autryville.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues were greater than the budgeted amounts primarily because some state shared revenues that the Town received were greater than anticipated. Additionally operating expenditures were less than expected.

Proprietary Funds. The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net assets of the Water Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$27,686. The total decrease in net assets for this fund was \$13,789. The factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of Autryville's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business–type activities as of June 30, 2020, totals \$515,594 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, infrastructure, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

There were no major capital asset transactions during the year.

Town of Autryville's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Figure 4

	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities								Тс	otal	
		2020		2019		2020		2019	2020		2019
Land	\$	44,692	\$	44,692	\$	8,198	\$	8,198 \$	52,890	\$	52,890
Buildings and systems		67,004		70,734		216,895		225,975	283,899		296,709
Improvements other than buildings		9,247		12,284		-		-	9,247		12,284
Machinery and equipment		3,441		3,705		-		-	3,441		3,705
Infrastructure		166,117		185,102		-		-	166,117		185,102
Total	\$	290,501	\$	316,517	\$	225,093	\$	234,173 \$	515,594	\$	550,690

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in note III.A.3. of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town of Autryville fully liquidated its outstanding bonded indebtedness.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Town of Autryville is \$987,088.

Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021

Governmental Activities: Property taxes (benefiting from the economic growth) and state shared revenues are expected to remain at approximate current levels. Budgeted revenues reflect an increase of 2.2%. Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund include capital outlay of approximately \$24,000. Operating expenditures are expected to be slightly more than current year levels.

Business – type Activities: The water revenue and general operating expenses will remain at prior year levels in the upcoming year. Budgeted revenues in the Water Fund are \$5,280 more than the current year and budgeted expenditures include capital outlay of approximately \$6,085.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Town Hall Office at PO Drawer 10, Autryville, NC 28318 or call 910-525-4567.

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Basic Financial Statements

TOWN OF AUTRYVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 343.731	\$ 35,965	\$ 379.696
Taxes receivable (net)	143	φ 00,000	¢ 070,000 143
Accrued interest receivable on taxes	25	-	25
Accounts receivable (net)		7,124	7.124
Due from other governments	14,135	328	14,463
Internal balances	3,568	(3,568)	-
Restricted cash and equivalents	-	-	-
Total current assets	361,602	39,849	401,451
Capital assets (Note 1)			
Land, non-depreciable improvements, and other construction in progress	44,692	8,198	52,890
Other capital assets, net of	44,002	0,100	52,000
depreciation	245,809	216,895	462,704
Total capital assets	290,501	225,093	515,594
Total assets	\$ 652,103	\$ 264,942	\$ 917,045
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued interest payable Customer deposits Internal balances Long-term liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Total liabilities	\$ 3,910 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 858 - 10,715 - - 590 12,163	\$ 4,768 - 10,715 - - 1,770 17,253
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	290,501	225,093	515,594
Stabilization by State Statute	17,704	-	17,704
Streets		-	-
Unrestricted	338,808	27,686	366,494
Total net position	\$ 647,013	\$ 252,779	\$ 899,792
	÷ 011,010	÷ 202,110	÷ 000,102

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT 1

TOWN OF AUTRYVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2020

	<u>Program Revenues</u> Operating Grants Capital Grants							Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net position- Primary Government					
<u>Functions/Programs</u> Governmental Activities:	E	<u>xpenses</u>		arges for Services	-	and antributions	and <u>Contributions</u>	G	overnmental <u>Activities</u>	Business Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>		
General government	\$	52.814	\$	-	\$	-	\$-	\$	(52,814)	\$ -	\$ (52,814)		
Public safety	÷	9,100	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	-	-	Ŷ	(9,100)	-	(9,100)		
Transportation		37,022		-		10.835	-		(26,187)	-	(26,187)		
Environmental protection		49,852		13,074		-	-		(36,778)	-	(36,778)		
Culture and recreation		3,098		-		-	-		(3,098)	-	(3,098)		
Total governmental activities		,									<u>_</u>		
(See Note 1)		151,886		13,074		10,835	-		(127,977)	-	(127,977)		
Business-type activities: Water Total business-type activities		105,502 105,502		91,711 91,711		-	-		-	(13,791) (13,791)	(13,791) (13,791)		
Total primary government	\$	257,388	\$	104,785	\$	10,835	\$-		(127,977)	(13,791)	(141,768)		
	General revenues: Taxes: Property taxes, levied for general purposes Other taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to a specific purpose Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous						ourpose		62,585 71,860 134 218		62,585 71,860 136 218		
				tal general					134,797	2	134,799		

Total general revenues Change in net position

Net position, beginning Net position, ending

EXHIBIT 2

 266,568
 906,761

 252,779
 \$ 899,792

(6,969)

(13,789)

6,820

640,193 647,013 \$

\$

TOWN OF AUTRYVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

ASSETS		Major Funds General <u>Fund</u>	 Total ernmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and equivalents Receivables, net		\$ 343,731 -	\$ 343,731 -
Taxes Due from other governments Due from other funds		143 14,135 3,568	143 14,135 3,568
Total assets		\$ 361,578	\$ 361,578
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Total liabilities		\$ 3,910 3,910	\$ 3,910 3,910
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes receivable Total deferred inflows of resources		<u> </u>	 <u>143</u> 143
FUND BALANCES Restricted			
Stabilization by State Statute Streets Assigned		17,704 -	17,704 -
Subsequent year's expenditures Unassigned Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances		339,821 357,525 \$ 361,578	 - 339,821 357,525
not financial resource reported in the funds	1) are different because: n governmental activities are es and therefore are not ssets - at historical cost	758,915 (468,414)	290,501
from taxes) are not a	ts (accrued interest receivable vailable to pay for current herefore are deferred.		25
Liabilities for earned inflows of resources	revenues considered deferred in fund statements.		143
	used in governmental activities are reported in the funds. n debt	e not financial uses	(1,181)
Net position of gover	nmental activities		\$ 647,013

15

TOWN OF AUTRYVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

EXHIBIT 4

	Major Funds General <u>Fund</u>	s Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues:		
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 63,76	5 \$ 63,765
Other taxes and licenses		
Unrestricted intergovernmental	71,86	
Restricted intergovernmental	10,83	5 10,835
Sales and services	13,07	4 13,074
Investment earnings	13	4 134
Miscellaneous	21	
Total revenues	159,88	6 159,886
Expenditures:		
Current:		
General government	48,61	2 48,612
Public safety	9,10	0 9,100
Transportation	18,03	7 18,037
Environmental protection	48,84	5 48,845
Culture and recreation	26	9 269
Total expenditures	124,86	3 124,863
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over expenditures	35,02	3 35,023
Net change in fund balance	35,02	3 35,023
Fund balances, beginning	322,50	2 322,502
Fund balances, ending	\$ 357,52	5 \$ 357,525

TOWN OF AUTRYVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 35,023
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded outlays in the current period.		
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized Depreciation expense for governmental assets	\$ 1,175 (27,191)	(26,016)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues		(1,180)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences		 (1,007)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ 6,820

TOWN OF AUTRYVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

EXHIBIT 6

	General Fund								
5	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Revenues:	¢ 57.400	¢ 57.400	ф <u>со 76</u> г	ф <u>ссс</u>					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 57,100 66,525	\$ 57,100	\$ 63,765	\$ 6,665					
Unrestricted intergovernmental		66,525	71,860	5,335					
Restricted intergovernmental Sales and services	11,000	11,000	10,835	(165)					
	11,000 140	11,000 140	13,074 134	2,074					
Investment earnings Miscellaneous	140	140	218	(6) 218					
Total revenues	145,765	145,765	159,886	14,121					
Total revenues	145,705	145,705	159,000	14,121					
Expenditures: Current:									
General government	46,824	46,824	48,612	(1,788)					
Public safety	9,100	9,100	9,100	-					
Transportation	18,500	18,500	18,037	463					
Environmental protection	59,449	59,449	48,845	10,604					
Culture and recreation	5,000	5,000	269	4,731					
Contingency	6,892	6,892		6,892					
Total expenditures	145,765	145,765	124,863	20,902					
Revenue over (under) expenditures			35,023	35,023					
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer from other funds	-	-	-	-					
Fund balance appropriated	-	-	-						
Total other financing		-							
sources (uses)									
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	35,023	\$ 35,023					
Fund balance, beginning Fund balance, ending (Exhibit 4)			<u>322,502</u> \$ 357,525						
			+ 000.,020						

TOWN OF AUTRYVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2020

EXHIBIT 7

ASSETS Current assets:	<u>Major Enterprise Fund</u> <u>Water Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,965	\$ 35,965
Accounts receivable (net)	7,124	7,124
Due from other governments	328	328
Total current assets	43,417	43,417
Capital assets		
Land, non-depreciable improvements,		
and other construction in progress	8,198	8,198
Other capital assets, net of	216 905	216 905
depreciation Total capital assets	<u>216,895</u> 225,093	216,895 225,093
Total assets	\$ 268,510	\$ 268,510
Current liabilities:	\$ 858	\$ 858
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Customer deposits	۵۵۵ 10,715	۵38 10,715
Due to other funds	3,568	3,568
Total current liabilities	15,141	15,141
Noncurrent liabilities: Other noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	590 590 15,731	590 590 15,731
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	225,093	225,093
Unrestricted	27,686	27,686
Total net position	\$ 252,779	\$ 252,779

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF AUTRYVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Maion Fratannica Frand	EXHIBIT 8		
	<u>Major Enterprise Fund</u> <u>Water Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Operating revenue:				
Charges for service	\$ 88,760	\$ 88,760		
Other operating revenue	2,951	2,951		
Total operating revenue	91,711	91,711		
Operating expenses:				
Administration	16,916	16,916		
Operations	74,745	74,745		
Depreciation	13,841	13,841		
Total operating expenses	105,502	105,502		
Operating income (loss)	(13,791)	(13,791)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Investment earnings	2	2		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2	2		
Change in net position	(13,789)	(13,789)		
Total net position, beginning	266,568	266,568		
Total net position, ending	\$ 252,779	\$ 252,779		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF AUTRYVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

•	Acies Esternice Fund	EXHIBIT 9
<u> </u>	<u>Iajor Enterprise Fund</u> <u>Water Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers	\$ 90,774	\$ 90,774
Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to or on behalf of employees	(70,901) (23,024)	(70,901) (23,024)
Customer deposits received(returned) Other operating revenues Net cash provided by operating activities	494 	494 <u>2,951</u> 294
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Due to(from) other funds	3,255	3,255
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVI Purchase of capital assets Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	TIES (4,761) (4,761)	(4,761) (4,761)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investments Net cash from investing activities	2	2
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,210)	(1,210)
Balance - beginning	37,175	37,175
Balance - ending	\$ 35,965	\$ 35,965

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF AUTRYVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Major Entornaigo Fund	EXHIBIT 9 <u>Total</u>	
	<u>Major Enterprise Fund</u> <u>Water Fund</u>		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities			
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities	\$ (13,791)	\$ (13,791)	
Depreciation	13,841	13,841	
Change in assets and liabilities			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	1,739	1,739	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(2,491)	(2,491)	
Increase (decrease) in vacation payable	503	503	
Increase (decrease) in deposits	493	493	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 294	\$ 294	

Notes to the Financial Statements

TOWN OF AUTRYVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Autryville conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Autryville is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a fivemember board.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements : The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - *governmental and proprietary* - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance, and sanitation services.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's water operations.

I. -continued

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statues, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgements, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1,2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statues. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several immaterial amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

I. -continued

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(d)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town had no investments at June 30, 2020.

The Town does not have a formal investment policy.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G. S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

I. -continued

- E. -continued
 - 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, \$10,000; buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$15,000; infrastructure, \$20,000; furniture and equipment, \$500; and vehicles, \$1,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

In July 2003, the Town increased its capitalization policy for Furniture and Equipment from \$100 to \$500 and for Vehicles from \$500 to \$1,000 to improve the efficiency in keeping the accounting records.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated <u>Useful Lives</u>
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	50
Improvements	25
Vehicles	6
Furniture and equipment	7-10
Computer equipment	3

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources,* represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town does not have any items classified as *Deferred Outflows of Resources* at year end. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has only one item that meets the criterion for this category - property taxes receivable.

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

I. -continued

E. -continued

8. continued

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to fifteen days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

10. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statue.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent. The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

I. -continued

- E. -continued
 - 10. continued

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S.159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State Statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Committed Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town of Autryville's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that the Town of Autryville intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures - portion of the fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation and the governing body may modify the appropriations.

Unassigned Fund Balance - the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purpose or other funds.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Excess of Expenditure over Appropriation

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the expenditures made in the Town's General Fund exceeded authorized appropriations made by the governing board for administration activities by \$1,859. The over-expenditure resulted from an unexpected increase in building repairs in response to weather related disasters. Management and the Board will more closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in the future.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

- A. Assets
- 1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in their name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interestbearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town, or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2020, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$379,596 and a bank balance of \$383,378. The collected balances exceeded federal depository insurance coverage by \$67,864 at June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2020 the Town's petty cash funds totaled \$100.

The Town does not have a formal investment policy.

2. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Assets have not been reduced for any allowances for doubtful accounts since all receivables are considered collectible.

III. -continued

3. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	0	Beginning Balances Increases		Decreases		Ending Balances		
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	44,692	\$	-	\$	-	\$	44,692
Total capital assets not being								
depreciated		44,692		-		-		44,692
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		145,479		-		-		145,479
Other improvements		64,280		-		-		64,280
Equipment		65,745		1,175		-		66,920
Vehicles and motorized equipment		42,846		-		-		42,846
Infrastructure being depreciated		394,698		-		-		394,698
Total capital assets being depreciated		713,048		1,175		-		714,223
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		74,745		3,730		-		78,475
Other improvements		51,996		3,037		-		55,033
Equipment		62,040		1,439		-		63,479
Vehicles and motorized equipment		42,846		-		-		42,846
Infrastructure		209,596		18,985		-		228,581
Total accumulated depreciation		441,223	\$	27,191	\$	-		468,414
Total capital assets being depreciated,								
net		271,825						245,809
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	316,517					\$	290,501

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 5,377
Environmental protection	-
Cultural and recreational	2,829
Transportation	18,985
Total depreciation	\$ 27,191

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

III. -continued

A. -continued

3. Capital Assets - continued

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances	
Water Fund					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 8,198	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,198	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	8,198	-	-	8,198	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Plant and distribution systems	687,576	4,761	-	692,337	
Furniture and maintenance equipment	3,584	-		3,584	
Total capital assets being depreciated	691,160	4,761	-	695,921	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Plant and distribution systems	461,644	13,798	-	475,442	
Furniture and maintenance equipment	3,541	43		3,584	
Total accumulated depreciation	465,185	\$ 13,841	\$ -	479,026	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	225,975			216,895	
Water fund capital assets, net	234,173			225,093	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 234,173			\$ 225,093	

III. -continued

B. Liabilities

1. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	• • • • •	vailable venue	Unearned Revenue		
Taxes receivable (net)	\$	<u>143</u> 143	\$		
	Þ	143	Þ	-	

2. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, and workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability, auto liability and property in excess of \$500,000 and \$300,000 up to statutory limits for workers' compensation. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess, and stop loss policies purchased can be obtained by contacting the Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. These pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There has been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town does not hold any flood insurance. The Board of Commissioners considered the possibility of obtaining flood coverage but at that time, the cost of the insurance was excessive when they considered the risk of loss.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through the League of Municipalities. The finance director and the tax collector are individually bonded for \$50,000 and \$10,000, respectively. Other employees are insured under the blanket crime coverage provisions of the Town's insurance provider.

3. Claims and Judgments

The Town was not a defendant in any lawsuits at June 30, 2020.

4. Long-Term Obligations

a. General Obligation Indebtedness

General obligation bonds issued to finance the construction of a municipal water system are to be retired by the resources of the water operations and are reported as long-term debt on the Water Fund. All bonds are collateralized by the faith, credit, and taxing power of the Town. Principal and interest requirements are appropriated when due.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

III. -continued

B. <u>-continued</u>

At June 30, 2020 the Town of Autryville had a legal debt margin of \$987,088.

b. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental activities:		lance 1, 2019	Ad	lditions	Retire	ments		alance 30, 2020		t Portion alance
Compensated absences Total Governmental activities	\$ \$	174 174	\$ \$	1,006 1,006	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	1,180 1,180	\$ \$	-
Business-type activities: Compensated absences Total Business-type activities	\$ \$	87 87	\$ \$	503 503	\$ \$	-	\$	590 590	\$ \$	-

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

IV. A. Interfund Balances and Activity

Balance due to/from other funds at June 30, 2020 consists of the following:

Due to the General Fund for the allocation of costs from the Water Fund	\$ 3,568
	\$ 3,568

V. A. <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u>

tal assets	225.093
	220,000
less: long-term debt	-
nvestment in capital asset	225,093
0	

B. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 357,525
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	17,704
Streets - Powell Bill	-
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2020-21 Budget	-
Remaining Fund Balance	339,821

Outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end. The Town had no encumbrances at year-end.

C. Subsequent events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 11, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

SUPPLEMENTARY STATEMENTS

Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

Statement 1

				2020		
	Budget			Actual	F	ariance Positive egative)
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes:						
Current year	\$	55,000	\$	61,693	\$	6,693
Prior year		2,000		1,172		(828)
Penalties and interest		100		900		800
Total ad valorem taxes		57,100		63,765		6,665
Unrestricted intergovernmental:						
Local option sales tax		52,000		56,850		4,850
Franchise tax		14,000		14,061		61
Solid waste disposal tax		130		150		20
Beer and wine tax		-		345		345
Tax refunds		395		454		59
Total unrestricted intergovernmental		66,525		71,860		5,335
Restricted intergovernmental:						
Powell Bill allocation		11,000		10,835		(165)
Total restricted intergovernmental		11,000		10,835		(165)
Sales and services:						
Garbage collection		11,000		13,074		2,074
Investment earnings		140		134		(6)
Miscellaneous:						
Miscellaneous		-		218		218
Contributions		-		-		
Total miscellaneous				218		218
Total revenues		145,765		159,886		14,121

		2020	
			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures:			
General government Administration			
Operating expenses - legal	\$	- \$ -	\$ -
Salaries and employee benefits	18,73 ²		3,797
Operating expenses	22,493		(7,347)
Capital outlay	3,000	0 1,175	1,825
Tax collections	200		(134)
Total administration	44,424	4 46,283	(1,859)
Elections	2,400	2,329	71
Total general government	46,824	4 48,612	(1,788)
Public safety:			
Police:			
Operating expenses			
Total police Fire:			
Contracted services	9,100	9,100	_
Total fire	9,100		-
Total public safety	9,100		-
Transportation:			
Streets and highways	11.000	0 470	0.004
Contracted services - Powell Operating expenses - Street -other	11,000	0 8,179 - 15	2,821 (15)
Capital outlay		- 15	(15)
Capital Outlay	11,000	0 8,194	2,806
Street lights:			
Contracted services	7,500	9,843	(2,343)
Total transportation	18,500	0 18,037	463
Environmental protection:			
Sanitation			
Salaries and employee benefits	35,229	9 39,205	(3,976)
Operating expenses	8,020	9,640	(1,620)
Contracted services	1,200		1,200
Capital outlay	15,000		15,000
Total environmental protection	59,449	9 48,845	10,604
Culture and recreation:			
Operating expenses	3,500	269	3,231
Capital outlay	1,500		1,500
Total culture and recreation	5,000		4,731
Debt service:			
Principal retirement		_	_
Interest and fees			-
Total debt service			-
Contingency	6,892	2	6,892
Total expenditures	145,765	5 124,863	20,902

	B	udget	 Actual	F	ariance Positive legative)
Revenue over (under) expenditures	\$		\$ 35,023	\$	35,023
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer from(to) other funds Fund balance appropriated Total other financing sources (uses)		- - -	 -		- - -
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$		35,023	\$	35,023
Fund balance, beginning			 322,502		
Fund balance, ending			\$ 357,525		

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Water - This fund is used to account for the Town's water operations.

WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

	2020						
	Budget		Actual		Fa	ariance vorable avorable)	
Revenues: Charges for services Water sales Water and sewer tap fees	\$	87,000 -	\$	88,760 1,550	\$	1,760 1,550	
Service charges Total operating revenue		2,000 89,000		1,401 91,711		(599) 2,711	
Nonoperating revenues: Interest earnings Refunds and recoveries Total nonoperating revenue		- 110 110		2		2 (110) (108)	
Total revenue		89,110		91,713		2,603	
Expenditures:							
Administration Salaries and employee benefits Travel and training Advertising Departmental supplies Laboratory fees Insurance and bonds Telephone Utilities Other				9,956 - 50 1,145 861 1,751 728 266 2,159			
Total administration		20,300		16,916		3,384	

Statement 2

		2020	
	Pudgot	Actual	Variance Favorable
Expenditures - continued Operations:	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Salaries and employee benefits Water purchases Repairs and maintenance Supplies and training	\$	\$ 13,068 37,996 22,523	\$
Truck repairs and maintenance Utilities		220 434	
Total operations	76,310	74,241	2,069
Debt service: Interest payment Principal payment			
Total debt service			
Capital outlay	500		500
Total expenditures	97,110	91,157	5,953
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(8,000)	556	8,556
Other financing sources (uses) Retained earnings appropriated (surplus) Total other financing sources (uses)	8,000 8,000		(8,000) (8,000)
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	<u>\$ -</u>	556	\$ 556
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual: Reconciling items:			
Vacation pay accrual Purchase of capital assets		(504)	
Depreciation Total reconciling items		(13,841) (14,345)	
Change in net position		\$ (13,789)	

Other Schedules

This section contains additional information required on property taxes.

* Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

* Analysis of Current Tax Levy

SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE June 30, 2020

Schedule 1

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Ba	ollected alance 30, 2019	Additions		Collections Iditions and Credits		Uncollected Balance June 30, 2020		
2020 2019 2018 2017 2016	\$	- 814 358 - -	\$	61,693 - - - -	\$	61,693 814 358 - -	\$		
2015 and prior		151		-		8		143	
	\$	1,323	\$	61,693	\$	62,873	\$	143	
Reconciliation with revenues: Ad valorem taxes - General I Interest collected Adjustments	Fund						\$	63,765 (900) 8	
Total collections and cr	edits						\$	62,873	

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY June 30, 2020

Schedule 2

				Total Levy	
	Total Property Valuation	Rate	Levy	Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles
Original levy:					
Property taxed at current year's rate	\$ 12,338,600	0.50%	\$ 61,693	\$ 52,065	\$ 9,628
Total property valuation	\$ 12,338,600				
Discoveries	-		-	-	-
Releases and adjustments					
Net levy	\$ 12,338,600		61,693	52,065	9,628
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2020					<u> </u>
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 61,693	\$ 52,065	\$ 9,628
Current levy collection percentage			100.00%	100.00%	100.00%