TOWN OF CANDOR, NORTH CAROLINA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2020

Board of Commissioners

Phillip Hearne, Mayor

G. Layton Booker, Mayor Pro-Tem Timothy J. Smith Jerry Brewer David Kellis Daniel Harris

Town Officials

Tammy Kellis, Town Clerk Russell Hollers, Town Attorney

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners Town of Candor, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Candor, North Carolina (the "Town") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Candor, North Carolina as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 10, and the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions on pages 50 and 51, respectively, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on pages 52 and 53, respectively, and the Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on page 54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

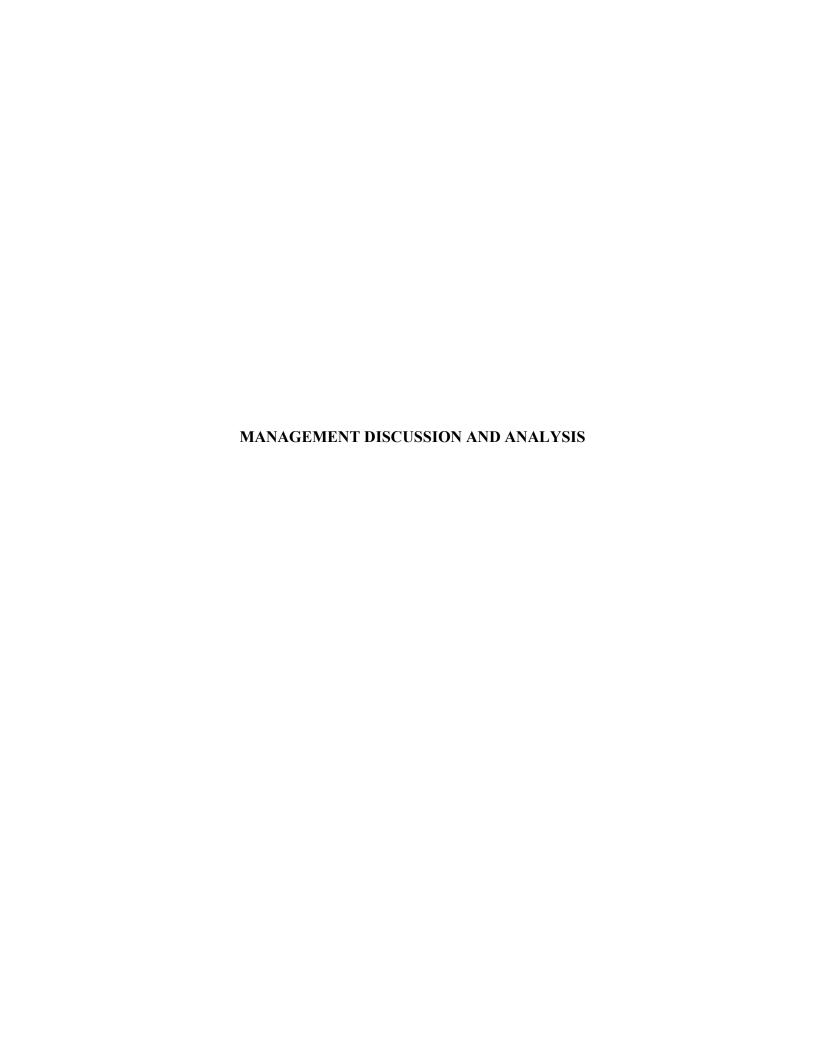
Supplementary and Other Information

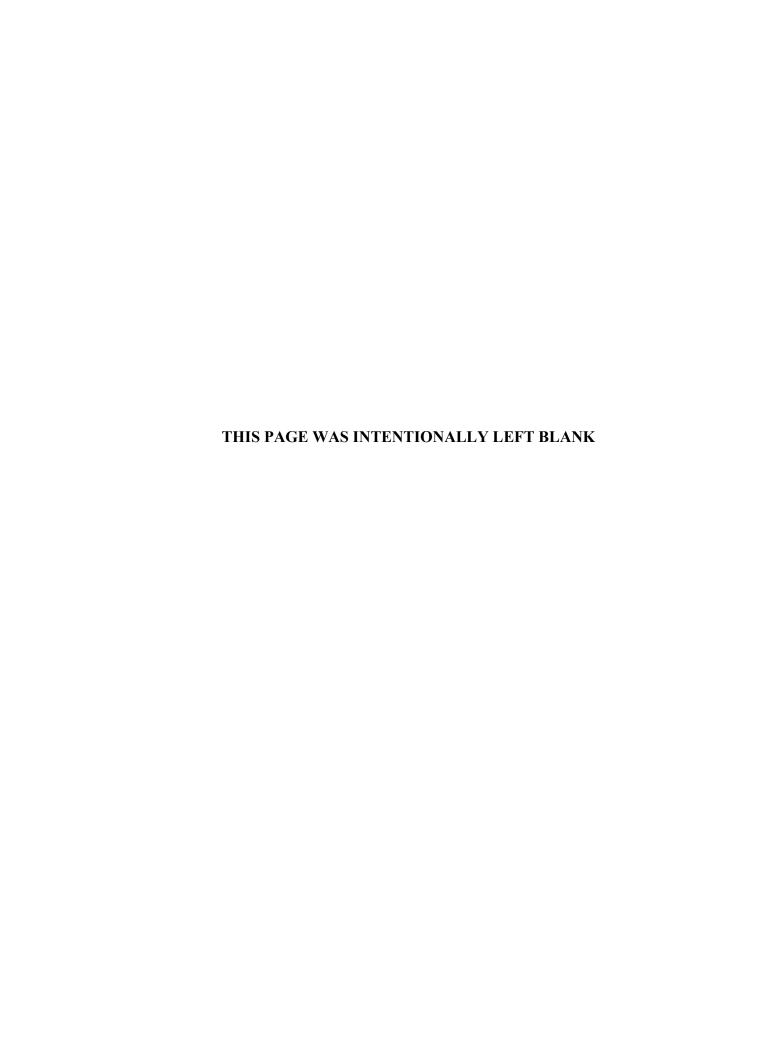
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Candor, North Carolina. The Individual Fund Statements and Schedules (budgetary schedules), and Other Schedules ("supplementary and other information") on pages 55 through 65, are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary and other information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit and the procedures described above, the supplementary and other information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Bernard Robinson & Company, J. S.P.

Greensboro, North Carolina February 23, 2021





As management of the Town of Candor (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to examine the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

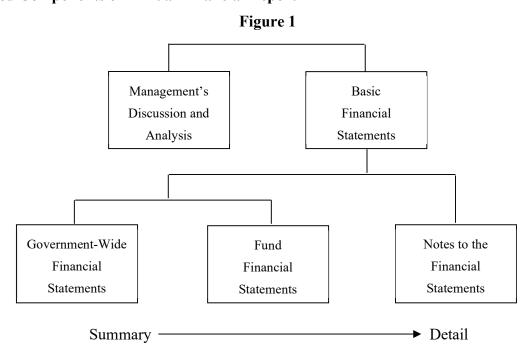
Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Candor exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$4,423,614 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$802,560.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$1,241,914 with a net increase of \$642,758 in fund balances.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$587,780, or 66%, of the total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Candor.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-Wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 11) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statement.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Candor.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Candor, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Candor can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Candor adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Fund - The Town of Candor has one proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Candor uses its enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Town of Candor has one fiduciary fund, which is an agency fund associated with relief for firemen and their families.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 23 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, these reports include certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Candor's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 50 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities – The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and state laws and federal and state appropriations.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis Town of Candor's Net Position Figure 2

	Govern	nmental	Business-Type				
	Activities		Acti	vities	Totals		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Assets:							
Current and other assets	\$ 1,487,419	\$ 655,070	\$ 529,225	\$ 299,846	\$ 2,016,644	\$ 954,916	
Capital assets	922,123	669,570	2,970,124	2,863,027	3,892,247	3,532,597	
Deferred outflows of resources	79,617	85,439	30,101	24,076	109,718	109,515	
Total assets and deferred							
outflows of resources	2,489,159	1,410,079	3,529,450	3,186,949	6,018,609	4,597,028	
Liabilities:							
Long-term liabilities outstanding	762,317	434,788	307,360	367,100	1,069,677	801,888	
Other liabilities	255,150	38,753	66,625	90,506	321,775	129,259	
Deferred inflows of resources	156,636	37,104	46,907	7,723	203,543	44,827	
Total liabilities and deferred							
inflows of resources	1,174,103	510,645	420,892	465,329	1,594,995	975,974	
Net Position:							
Net investment in							
capital assets	438,150	616,819	2,710,697	2,559,204	3,148,847	3,176,023	
Restricted	104,029	160,038	2,710,077	2,337,204	104,029	160,038	
Unrestricted	772,877	122,577	397,861	162,416	1,170,738	284,993	
Total net position	\$ 1,315,056	\$ 899,434	\$ 3,108,558	\$ 2,721,620	\$ 4,423,614	\$ 3,621,054	
1 otal net position	φ 1,515,050	φ 399,434	Φ 3,100,330	\$ 2,721,020	φ τ,τ23,014	φ 3,021,034	

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Candor exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$4,423,614 as of June 30, 2020. The Town's net position increased by \$802,560 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. However, the largest portion (71.2%) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The Town of Candor uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Candor's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town's net position, \$104,029, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$1,170,738 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position, particularly a collection rate of 98.04% for property taxes.

Town of Candor's Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Governmental			ss-Type			
	Acti	vities	Acti	vities	Totals		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 20,039	\$ 21,641	\$ 628,616	\$ 682,951	\$ 648,655	\$ 704,592	
Operating grants	127.004	20.171			427.004	20.171	
and contributions Capital grants and	427,804	28,171	-	-	427,804	28,171	
contributions	_	_	401,692	111,868	401,692	111,868	
General revenues:			,	,	,	,	
Property taxes	492,544	469,403	-	-	492,544	469,403	
Grants and contributions							
not restricted to							
specific programs	362,866	345,657	-	-	362,866	345,657	
Other	76,338	84,408	1,847	495	78,185	84,903	
Total revenues	1,379,591	949,280	1,032,155	795,314	2,411,746	1,744,594	
Expenses:							
General government	309,123	245,536	-	-	309,123	245,536	
Public safety	414,807	372,301	-	-	414,807	372,301	
Transportation	111,547	108,721	-	-	111,547	108,721	
Environmental protection	85,582	83,284	-	-	85,582	83,284	
Cultural and recreational	42,910	61,281	-	-	42,910	61,281	
Water and sewer	-	-	645,217	662,150	645,217	662,150	
Total expenses	963,969	871,123	645,217	662,150	1,609,186	1,533,273	
Change in net position	415,622	78,157	386,938	133,164	802,560	211,321	
Net position, beginning	899,434	821,277	2,721,620	2,588,456	3,621,054	3,409,733	
Net position, ending	\$ 1,315,056	\$ 899,434	\$ 3,108,558	\$ 2,721,620	\$ 4,423,614	\$ 3,621,054	

Governmental activities - Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$415,622, thereby accounting for 52% of the total increase in the net position of the Town of Candor. This increase in net position was the result of operating grants received for the new fire department.

Business-type activities - Business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$386,938, accounting for 48% of the total increase in the government's net position. A key element of this increase was due to capital contributions from the Water Pump Station Capital Project Fund.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Candor uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the Town of Candor's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Candor's financing requirements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Candor. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Candor's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$587,780, while the total fund balance was \$691,809. The Governing Body has determined that the Town should maintain an available fund balance of 10% of General Fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the Town. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 66% of General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 78% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2020, governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,241,914 with a net increase in fund balance of \$642,758. Included in this change in fund balance is an increase in fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights – During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues exceeded budget because of increased property tax assessments, higher than anticipated receipts of franchise/telecommunication and local option sales and use tax, and unanticipated insurance recovery funds. A budget amendment of \$55,000 was made to cover the cost of demolition of a small shopping center that was condemned. A lien will be placed on the property for the demolition cost. All departments came in under budget for expenditures.

Proprietary Fund - The Town of Candor's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$397,861. The total increase in the net position of the Water and Sewer Fund was \$386,938.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets - The Town of Candor's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020, totals \$3,892,247 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the water pump improvements totaling \$183,135 and construction of a new fire department totaling \$299,895.

Town of Candor's Capital Assets Figure 4

	 	ernmental ctivities			Business-Type Activities				Totals			
	2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019	
Land	\$ 169,250	\$	169,250	\$	142,162	\$	142,162	\$	311,412	\$	311,412	
Buildings and systems	225,951		223,647		1,667,985		1,761,881		1,893,936		1,985,528	
Construction in process	299,895		-		1,075,719		892,584		1,375,614		892,584	
Infrastructure	113,731		122,630		-		-		113,731		122,630	
Machinery and equipment	41,543		36,690		70,446		39,606		111,989		76,296	
Vehicles and motorized												
equip ment	71,753		117,353		13,812		26,794		85,565		144,147	
Total	\$ 922,123	\$	669,570	\$	2,970,124	\$	2,863,027	\$	3,892,247	\$	3,532,597	

Additional information regarding the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 2 of this report.

Long-Term Debt - As of June 30, 2020 the Town of Candor had \$483,973 and \$259,427, respectively, of debt outstanding relating to the purchase of assets for public safety and water/sewer.

Town of Candor's Outstanding Debt - The Town's total debt increased by \$386,826 (108.50%) during the current fiscal year due to additional borrowings relating to the new fire department.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Town of Candor is \$5,363,833.

Additional information regarding the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 2 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town.

• Two of the Town's largest businesses are expanding, and this will increase our tax base.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021

Governmental Activities. Two debt service payments will come off after the FY 2020-2021 budget year. This will result in a savings of \$12,671 per year.

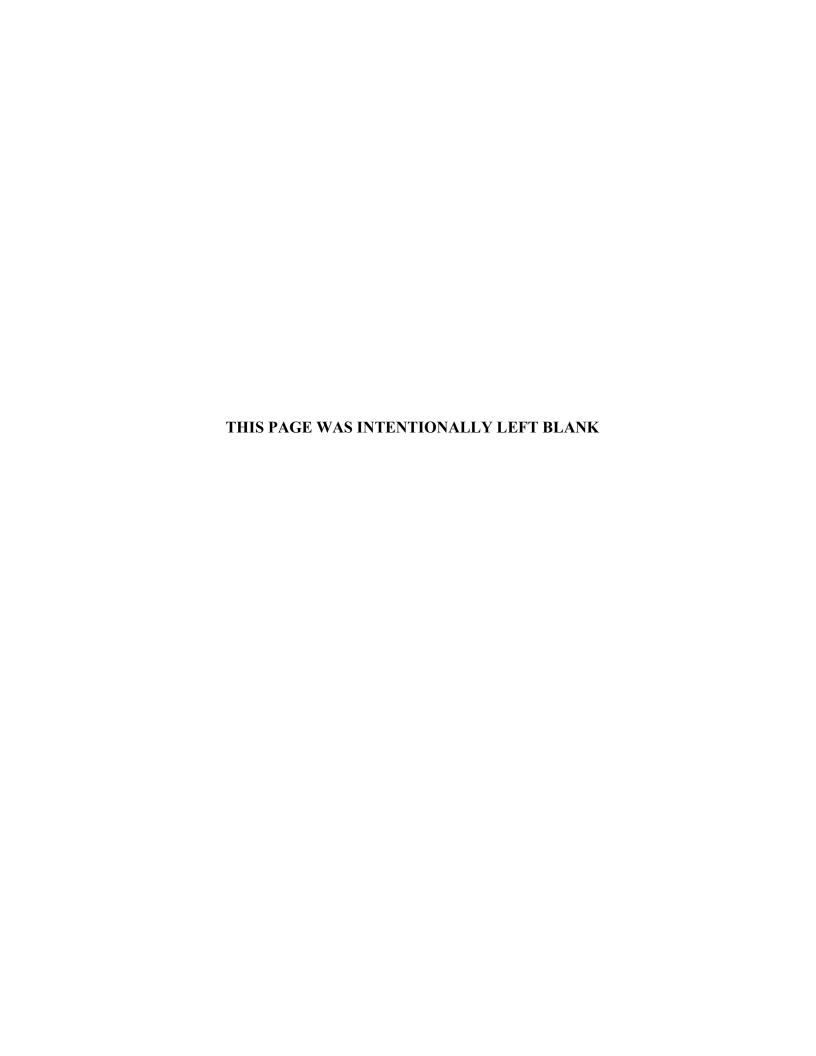
Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to increase approximately 3.5% from the original FY 2019-2020 budget (\$941,221) and drop from the amended budget (\$996,221) to \$973,884.

Business-type Activities. The water and sewer revenues are budgeted to allow us to put funds in the Waste/Water Improvement CD for future projects, as well as be able to budget contingency funds in Water/Sewer Operational funds. FEMA reimbursement funds are expected this budget year to close out projects from 2016.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Office, Town of Candor, North Carolina, P.O. Box 220, Candor, NC 27229. One can also call (910) 974-4221, visit our website www.townofcandornc.com or send an email to townofcandor@embarqmail.com for more information.





TOWN OF CANDOR, NORTH CAROLINA Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

Assets Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Total Assets Current assets: \$1,277,090 \$476,813 \$1,753,093 Taxes receivable 18,224 50,023 50,023 Accounts receivable - 50,023 50,023 Note receivable, current portion 5,453 - 5,453 Due from other governments 81,581 - 81,581 Restricted eash and cash equivalents 93,032 2,389 95,421 Total current assets 1,475,380 529,225 2,004,605 Nor-current assets, on concurrent portion 12,039 - 12,039 Land, non-depreciable improvements 469,145 1,217,881 1,687,026 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 452,978 1,752,243 2,205,221 Total non-current assets 79,417 30,101 109,718 Total deferred Outflows of Resources 79,617 30,101 109,718 Element liabilities 209,789 24,588 234,377 Current liabilities 209,789		Primary Government					
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Cash and cash equivalents \$1,277,090 \$476,813 \$1,753,903 Taxes receivable 18,224 - 18,224 Accounts receivable - 50,023 50,023 Note receivable, current portion 5,453 - 5,453 Due from other governments 81,581 - 81,581 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 93,032 2,389 95,421 Total current assets 1,475,380 529,225 2,004,605 Non-current assets 469,145 1,217,881 1,687,026 Other capital assets net of depreciation 452,978 1,752,243 2,205,221 Total assets 2,940,542 3,499,349 5,908,891 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 79,617 30,101 109,718 Total deferred uniflows of resources <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>							
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Accounts receivable, current portion 5,453 50,023 50,023 Note receivable, current portion 5,453 - 5,453 Due from other governments 81,581 - 81,581 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 93,032 2,389 95,421 Total current assets: 1,475,380 529,225 2,004,605 Non-current assets: 12,039 - 12,039 Land, non-depreciable improvements 469,145 1,217,841 1,687,026 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 452,978 1,752,243 2,205,221 Total non-current assets 934,162 2,970,124 3,904,286 Total assets 2,409,542 3,499,349 5,908,891 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 79,617 30,101 109,718 Total deferred outflows of resources 79,617 30,101 109,718 Liabilities Accounts payable 209,789 24,588 234,377 Current portion of long-term liabilities 45,361	<u>.</u>		\$ 476,813				
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Due from other governments 81,581 - 81,581 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 93,032 2,389 95,421 Total current assets 1,475,380 529,225 2,004,605 Non-current assets - 12,039 Lond, non-depreciable improvements 469,145 1,217,881 1,687,026 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 452,978 1,752,243 2,205,221 Total non-current assets 934,162 2,970,124 3,904,286 Total assets 934,162 2,970,124 3,904,286 Total assets 79,617 30,101 109,718 Liabilities Current liabilities Current liabilities: 209,789 24,588 234,377 Current portion of long-term liabilities 45,361 39,648 85,009 Payable from restricted assets - 2,389 2,389 Total current liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Deferred I			50,023	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents 93,032 2,389 95,421 Total current assets 1,475,380 529,225 2,004,605 Non-current assets: *** Note receivable, non-current portion** Land, non-depreciable improvements** Other capital assets, net of depreciation** Total non-current assets** 934,162 1,217,881 1,687,026 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 452,978 1,752,243 2,205,221 Total non-current assets** 1		*	-				
Total current assets 1,475,380 529,225 2,004,605 Non-current assets: 12,039 - 12,039 Land, non-depreciable improvements 469,145 1,217,881 1,687,026 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 452,978 1,752,243 2,205,221 Total non-current assets 934,162 2,970,124 3,904,286 Total assets 2,409,542 3,499,349 5,908,891 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 79,617 30,101 109,718 Total deferred outflows of resources 79,617 30,101 109,718 Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable 209,789 24,588 234,377 Current portion of long-term liabilities 45,361 39,648 85,009 Payable from restricted assets - 2,389 2,389 Total current liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities 1,017,467 373,985 1,391,452 Deferred Infl		•	-				
Non-current assets: Note receivable, non-current portion 12,039 - 12,039 Land, non-depreciable improvements 469,145 1,217,881 1,687,026 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 452,978 1,752,243 2,205,221 Total non-current assets 934,162 2,970,124 3,904,286 Total assets 2,409,542 3,499,349 5,908,891 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 79,617 30,101 109,718 Total deferred outflows of resources Total deferred outflows of resources Current liabilities: Accounts payable 209,789 24,588 234,377 Current portion of long-term liabilities 45,361 39,648 85,009 Payable from restricted assets - 2,389 2,389 Total current liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities Due in more than one year 762,317 307,360 1,069,677 Total liabilities 1,017,467 <	_						
Note receivable, non-current portion 12,039 - 12,039 Land, non-depreciable improvements 469,145 1,217,881 1,687,026 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 452,978 1,752,243 2,205,221 Total non-current assets 934,162 2,970,124 3,904,286 Total assets 2,409,542 3,499,349 5,908,891 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 79,617 30,101 109,718 Total deferred outflows of resources 79,617 30,101 109,718 Liabilities Current liabilities 209,789 24,588 234,377 Current portion of long-term liabilities 45,361 39,648 85,009 Payable from restricted assets - 2,389 2,389 Total current liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities 10,17,467 373,985 1,391,452 Due in more than one year 762,317 307,360 1,069,677 Total liabilities 921 395	Total current assets	1,475,380	529,225	2,004,605			
Land, non-depreciable improvements 469,145 1,217,881 1,687,026 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 452,978 1,752,243 2,205,221 Total non-current assets 934,162 2,970,124 3,904,286 Total assets 2,409,542 3,499,349 5,908,891 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 79,617 30,101 109,718 Total deferred outflows of resources Total deferred outflows of resources Current liabilities: Accounts payable 209,789 24,588 234,377 Current portion of long-term liabilities 45,361 39,648 85,009 Payable from restricted assets - 2,389 2,389 Total current liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities Due in more than one year 762,317 307,360 1,069,677 Total liabilities 1,017,467 373,985 1,316 OPEB deferrals 921 395 1,316 <td>Non-current assets:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Non-current assets:						
Other capital assets, net of depreciation 452,978 1,752,243 2,205,221 Total non-current assets 934,162 2,970,124 3,904,286 Total assets 2,409,542 3,499,349 5,908,891 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 79,617 30,101 109,718 Total deferred outflows of resources 79,617 30,101 109,718 Liabilities Accounts payable 209,789 24,588 234,377 Current portion of long-term liabilities 45,361 39,648 85,009 Payable from restricted assets - 2,389 2,389 Total current liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities Due in more than one year 762,317 307,360 1,069,677 Total liabilities 1,017,467 373,985 1,391,452 Deferred Inflows of Resources Persision deferrals 921 395 1,316 OPEB deferrals 155,715	Note receivable, non-current portion	12,039	-	12,039			
Total non-current assets 934,162 2,970,124 3,904,286 Total assets 2,409,542 3,499,349 5,908,891 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 79,617 30,101 109,718 Total deferred outflows of resources 79,617 30,101 109,718 Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable 209,789 24,588 234,377 Current portion of long-term liabilities 45,361 39,648 85,009 Payable from restricted assets - 2,389 2,389 Total current liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities: 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities: 1,017,467 373,985 1,391,452 Due in more than one year 762,317 307,360 1,069,677 Total liabilities 921 395 1,316 OPEB deferrals 921 395 1,316 OPEB deferrals 155,715 46,512	Land, non-depreciable improvements	469,145	1,217,881	1,687,026			
Total assets 2,409,542 3,499,349 5,908,891 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 79,617 30,101 109,718 Total deferred outflows of resources 79,617 30,101 109,718 Liabilities Current liabilities: 209,789 24,588 234,377 Current portion of long-term liabilities 45,361 39,648 85,009 Payable from restricted assets - 2,389 2,389 Total current liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities: 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities: 1,017,467 373,985 1,391,452 Due in more than one year 762,317 307,360 1,069,677 Total liabilities 921 395 1,316 OPER deferred inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 921 395 1,316 OPEB deferrals 155,715 46,512 202,227 Total deferred inflows of resources 156,636	Other capital assets, net of depreciation	452,978	1,752,243	2,205,221			
Deferred Outflows of Resources 79,617 30,101 109,718 Pension deferrals 79,617 30,101 109,718 Total deferred outflows of resources 79,617 30,101 109,718 Liabilities Urrent liabilities: Current liabilities: 209,789 24,588 234,377 Current portion of long-term liabilities 45,361 39,648 85,009 Payable from restricted assets - 2,389 2,389 Total current liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities: Total liabilities: Due in more than one year 762,317 307,360 1,069,677 Total liabilities 1,017,467 373,985 1,391,452 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 921 395 1,316 OPEB deferrals 155,715 46,512 202,227 Total deferred inflows of resources 156,636 46,907 203,543 Net Position Net restricted for Stabilization by State Statute <	Total non-current assets	934,162	2,970,124	3,904,286			
Pension deferrals 79,617 30,101 109,718 Total deferred outflows of resources 79,617 30,101 109,718 Liabilities Current liabilities: 8 209,789 24,588 234,377 Current portion of long-term liabilities 45,361 39,648 85,009 Payable from restricted assets - 2,389 2,389 Total current liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities: 307,360 1,069,677 Total liabilities 1,017,467 373,985 1,391,452 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 921 395 1,316 OPEB deferrals 155,715 46,512 202,227 Total deferred inflows of resources 156,636 46,907 203,543 Net Position 438,150 2,710,697 3,148,847 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 10,997 - 10,997 Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestri	Total assets	2,409,542	3,499,349	5,908,891			
Total deferred outflows of resources 79,617 30,101 109,718 Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable 209,789 24,588 234,377 Current portion of long-term liabilities 45,361 39,648 85,009 Payable from restricted assets - 2,389 2,389 Total current liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities: 307,360 1,069,677 Total liabilities 1,017,467 373,985 1,391,452 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 921 395 1,316 OPEB deferrals 155,715 46,512 202,227 Total deferred inflows of resources 156,636 46,907 203,543 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 438,150 2,710,697 3,148,847 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 10,997 - 10,997 Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861	Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Total deferred outflows of resources 79,617 30,101 109,718 Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable 209,789 24,588 234,377 Current portion of long-term liabilities 45,361 39,648 85,009 Payable from restricted assets - 2,389 2,389 Total current liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities: 307,360 1,069,677 Total liabilities 1,017,467 373,985 1,391,452 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 921 395 1,316 OPEB deferrals 155,715 46,512 202,227 Total deferred inflows of resources 156,636 46,907 203,543 Net Position Vert Position 2,710,697 3,148,847 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 10,997 - 10,997 Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861 1,170,738	Pension deferrals	79,617	30,101	109,718			
Liabilities Current liabilities: 209,789 24,588 234,377 Current portion of long-term liabilities 45,361 39,648 85,009 Payable from restricted assets - 2,389 2,389 Total current liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities: 307,360 1,069,677 Total liabilities 1,017,467 373,985 1,391,452 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 921 395 1,316 OPEB deferrals 155,715 46,512 202,227 Total deferred inflows of resources 156,636 46,907 203,543 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 438,150 2,710,697 3,148,847 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 10,997 - 10,997 Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861 1,170,738	Total deferred outflows of resources			·			
Current liabilities: 209,789 24,588 234,377 Current portion of long-term liabilities 45,361 39,648 85,009 Payable from restricted assets - 2,389 2,389 Total current liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities: 307,360 1,069,677 Total liabilities 1,017,467 373,985 1,391,452 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 921 395 1,316 OPEB deferrals 155,715 46,512 202,227 Total deferred inflows of resources 156,636 46,907 203,543 Net Position Very Position 2,710,697 3,148,847 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 10,997 - 10,997 Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861 1,170,738	Liabilities						
Accounts payable 209,789 24,588 234,377 Current portion of long-term liabilities 45,361 39,648 85,009 Payable from restricted assets - 2,389 2,389 Total current liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities: Variable of the control of th							
Current portion of long-term liabilities 45,361 39,648 85,009 Payable from restricted assets - 2,389 2,389 Total current liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities: - 307,360 1,069,677 Total liabilities 1,017,467 373,985 1,391,452 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 921 395 1,316 OPEB deferrals 155,715 46,512 202,227 Total deferred inflows of resources 156,636 46,907 203,543 Net Position 438,150 2,710,697 3,148,847 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 10,997 - 10,997 Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861 1,170,738		200 780	24 588	23/1377			
Payable from restricted assets - 2,389 2,389 Total current liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities: 762,317 307,360 1,069,677 Total liabilities 1,017,467 373,985 1,391,452 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 921 395 1,316 OPEB deferrals 155,715 46,512 202,227 Total deferred inflows of resources 156,636 46,907 203,543 Net Position 438,150 2,710,697 3,148,847 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 10,997 - 10,997 Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861 1,170,738	÷ •	*					
Total current liabilities 255,150 66,625 321,775 Long-term liabilities: 762,317 307,360 1,069,677 Total liabilities 1,017,467 373,985 1,391,452 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 921 395 1,316 OPEB deferrals 155,715 46,512 202,227 Total deferred inflows of resources 156,636 46,907 203,543 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 438,150 2,710,697 3,148,847 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 10,997 - 10,997 Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861 1,170,738		-3,301	*				
Long-term liabilities: 762,317 307,360 1,069,677 Total liabilities 1,017,467 373,985 1,391,452 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 921 395 1,316 OPEB deferrals 155,715 46,512 202,227 Total deferred inflows of resources 156,636 46,907 203,543 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 438,150 2,710,697 3,148,847 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 10,997 - 10,997 Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861 1,170,738	•	255 150					
Due in more than one year 762,317 307,360 1,069,677 Total liabilities 1,017,467 373,985 1,391,452 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 921 395 1,316 OPEB deferrals 155,715 46,512 202,227 Total deferred inflows of resources 156,636 46,907 203,543 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 438,150 2,710,697 3,148,847 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 10,997 - 10,997 Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861 1,170,738		255,150	00,023	321,773			
Total liabilities 1,017,467 373,985 1,391,452 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 921 395 1,316 OPEB deferrals 155,715 46,512 202,227 Total deferred inflows of resources 156,636 46,907 203,543 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 438,150 2,710,697 3,148,847 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 10,997 - 10,997 Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861 1,170,738	_						
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 921 395 1,316 OPEB deferrals 155,715 46,512 202,227 Total deferred inflows of resources 156,636 46,907 203,543 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 438,150 2,710,697 3,148,847 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 10,997 - 10,997 Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861 1,170,738							
Pension deferrals 921 395 1,316 OPEB deferrals 155,715 46,512 202,227 Total deferred inflows of resources 156,636 46,907 203,543 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 438,150 2,710,697 3,148,847 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 10,997 - 10,997 Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861 1,170,738	Total liabilities	1,017,467	373,985	1,391,452			
OPEB deferrals 155,715 46,512 202,227 Total deferred inflows of resources 156,636 46,907 203,543 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 438,150 2,710,697 3,148,847 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 10,997 - 10,997 Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861 1,170,738	Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Total deferred inflows of resources 156,636 46,907 203,543 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 438,150 2,710,697 3,148,847 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 10,997 - 10,997 Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861 1,170,738	Pension deferrals	921	395	1,316			
Net Position 438,150 2,710,697 3,148,847 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 10,997 - 10,997 Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861 1,170,738	OPEB deferrals	155,715	46,512	202,227			
Net investment in capital assets 438,150 2,710,697 3,148,847 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 10,997 - 10,997 Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861 1,170,738	Total deferred inflows of resources	156,636	46,907	203,543			
Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 10,997 - 10,997 Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861 1,170,738	Net Position						
Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861 1,170,738	Net investment in capital assets	438,150	2,710,697	3,148,847			
Restricted for Streets 93,032 - 93,032 Unrestricted 772,877 397,861 1,170,738	Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute	10,997	-	10,997			
	Restricted for Streets	93,032	-	93,032			
Total net position \$ 1,315,056 \$ 3,108,558 \$ 4,423,614	Unrestricted	772,877	397,861	1,170,738			
	Total net position	\$ 1,315,056	\$ 3,108,558	\$ 4,423,614			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities

			Program Revenues						
	Expenses			Charges for Services		Operating Grants		Capital Grants	
Functions/Programs									
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	309,123	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Public safety		414,807		-		-		-	
Transportation		109,322		-		427,181		-	
Environmental protection		85,582		20,039		623		-	
Cultural and recreational		42,910		-		-		-	
Interest on long-term debt		2,225		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities		963,969		20,039		427,804		-	
Business-type activities:									
Water and sewer		645,217		628,616		-		401,692	
Total business-type activities		645,217		628,616		-		401,692	
Total primary government	\$	1,609,186	\$	648,655	\$	427,804	\$	401,692	

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Positio					
	Primary Government					
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total			
Functions/Programs						
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ (309,123)	\$ -	\$ (309,123)			
Public safety	(414,807)	-	(414,807)			
Transportation	317,859	-	317,859			
Environmental protection	(64,920)	-	(64,920)			
Cultural and recreational	(42,910)	-	(42,910)			
Interest on long-term debt	(2,225)		(2,225)			
Total governmental activities	(516,126)		(516,126)			
Business-type activities:						
Water and sewer		385,091	385,091			
Total business-type activities		385,091	385,091			
Total primary government	(516,126)	385,091	(131,035)			
General Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes, levied for general purpose	492,544	-	492,544			
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	362,866	-	362,866			
Unrestricted investment earnings	5,454	1,847	7,301			
Miscellaneous	70,884		70,884			
Total general revenues excluding transfers	931,748	1,847	933,595			
Transfers						
Total general revenues and transfers	931,748	1,847	933,595			
Change in net position	415,622	386,938	802,560			
Net position, beginning	899,434	2,721,620	3,621,054			
Net position, ending	\$ 1,315,056	\$ 3,108,558	\$ 4,423,614			

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Major Governmental Funds					Total
			N	New Fire	Go	vernmental
	Ge	neral Funds	Department			Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	936,659	\$	340,431	\$	1,277,090
Restricted cash		93,032		-		93,032
Receivables						
Taxes, net		18,224		-		18,224
Due to/from other funds		(400,000)		400,000		-
Due from other governments		81,581		-		81,581
Total assets	\$	729,496	\$	740,431	\$	1,469,927
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	19,463	\$	190,326	\$	209,789
Total liabilities		19,463		190,326		209,789
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property taxes receivable		18,224		-		18,224
Total deferred inflows of resources		18,224		-		18,224
Fund Balances						
Restricted for:						
Stabilization by state statute		10,997		-		10,997
Streets		93,032		-		93,032
Unassigned		587,780		550,105		1,137,885
Total fund balances		691,809		550,105		1,241,914
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	729,496	\$	740,431	\$	1,469,927

Balance Sheet

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Pos	ition (Exhibit 1)	
are different because:		
Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds		\$ 1,241,914
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Gross capital assets at historical cost	2,243,467	
Accumulated depreciation	(1,321,344)	922,123
Note receivable		17,492
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not		
reported in the funds		79,617
Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources		
in funds statements		18,224
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial		
uses and therefore are not reported in the funds -		
Gross long-term debt	(88,572)	
Long-term debt included as net position below (includes the addition		
of long-term debt and principal payments during the year)	(431,222)	
Net pension obligation	(123,301)	
Total pension liability	(79,950)	
OPEB liability	(84,633)	(807,678)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not		
reported in the funds		(921)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not		
reported in the funds		(155,715)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,315,056

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

	Major Gove	Major Governmental Funds		
		New Fire	Total Governmental	
	General Fund	Department	Funds	
Revenues				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 490,513	\$ -	\$ 490,513	
Unrestricted intergovernmental	362,866	-	362,866	
Restricted intergovernmental	27,804	400,000	427,804	
Sales and services	20,039	_	20,039	
Investment earnings	5,454	-	5,454	
Miscellaneous	76,337	_	76,337	
Total revenues	983,013	400,000	1,383,013	
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	304,784	-	304,784	
Public safety	355,299	299,895	655,194	
Transportation - streets	86,774	-	86,774	
Environmental protection	83,247	_	83,247	
Cultural and recreational	39,253	_	39,253	
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	18,778	_	18,778	
Interest and other charges	2,225	_	2,225	
Total expenditures	890,360	299,895	1,190,255	
Revenues over expenditures	92,653	100,105	192,758	
Other Financing Sources				
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-	450,000	450,000	
Total other financing sources	-	450,000	450,000	
Net change in fund balances	92,653	550,105	642,758	
Fund balances, beginning	599,156	<u> </u>	599,156	
Fund balances, ending	\$ 691,809	\$ 550,105	\$ 1,241,914	

Exhibit 6

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	642,758
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	310,595		
Depreciation expense for governmental assets	(58,042)		252,553
Payments on note receivable recognized as revenue			(5,453)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities			23,116
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues			2,031
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. New long-term debt issued Principal payments on long-term debt			(450,000) 18,778
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Pension expense OPEB plan expense	(63,656) (4,505)		(68,161)
Total abanges in not negition of governmental activities		•	415,622
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		Φ	413,022

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Annual Budget and Actual - General Fund

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Fina F	iance with I Budget - Positive Tegative)
Revenues	ф	460,000	Ф	460,000	Ф	400.513	Φ	20.712
Ad valorem taxes	\$	460,800	\$	460,800	\$	490,513	\$	29,713
Unrestricted intergovernmental		310,196		310,196		362,866		52,670
Restricted intergovernmental		29,500		29,500		27,804		(1,696)
Sales and services		19,960		19,960		20,039		79
Investment earnings		7,500		7,500		5,454		(2,046)
Miscellaneous	-	113,265		168,265		76,337		(91,928)
Total revenues		941,221		996,221		983,013	-	(13,208)
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		275,039		330,039		304,784		25,255
Public safety		375,925		375,925		355,299		20,626
Transportation - streets		113,863		113,863		86,774		27,089
Environmental protection		97,968		97,968		83,247		14,721
Cultural and recreational		57,250		57,250		39,253		17,997
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		18,778		(18,778)
Interest and other charges		21,176		21,176		2,225		18,951
Total expenditures		941,221		996,221		890,360		105,861
Revenues over expenditures						92,653		92,653
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers from other funds				-				-
Total other financing sources								
Fund balance appropriated								
Net changes in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-		92,653	\$	92,653
Fund balances, beginning						599,156		
Fund balances, ending					\$	691,809		

Statement of Fund Net Position

Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2020

	Major Enterprise Fund	
	Water and	
	Sewer Fund	Total
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 476,813	\$ 476,813
Account receivables, net	50,023	50,023
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	2,389	2,389
Total current assets	529,225	529,225
Capital assets:		
Land and other non-depreciable assets	1,217,881	1,217,881
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	1,752,243	1,752,243
Total noncurrent assets	2,970,124	2,970,124
Total assets	3,499,349	3,499,349
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pension deferrals	30,101	30,101
Total deferred outflows of resources	30,101	30,101
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	24,588	24,588
Compensated absences - current	1,000	1,000
Installment purchases - current	38,648	38,648
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:	,	ŕ
Customer deposits	2,389	2,389
Total current liabilities	66,625	66,625
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Net pension liability	52,843	52,843
Total OPEB liability	25,280	25,280
Compensated absences - noncurrent	8,458	8,458
Installment purchases - noncurrent	220,779	220,779
Total noncurrent liabilities	307,360	307,360
Total liabilities	373,985	373,985
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension deferrals	395	395
OPEB deferrals	46,512	46,512
	46,907	46,907
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	2,710,697	2,710,697
Unrestricted	397,861	397,861
Total net position	\$ 3,108,558	\$ 3,108,558
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this state		·

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

	Major Ent	Major Enterprise Fund		
	Water and			
	Sewer Fund	Total		
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 606,722	\$ 606,722		
Other operating revenues	21,894	21,894		
Total operating revenues	628,616	628,616		
Operating expenses:				
Water and treatment and distribution	316,780	316,780		
Wastewater collection and treatment	221,618	221,618		
Depreciation	104,280	104,280		
Total operating expenses	642,678	642,678		
Operating loss	(14,062)	(14,062)		
Non-operating revenues (expenses):				
Investment earnings	1,847	1,847		
Interest expense	(2,539)	(2,539)		
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(692)	(692)		
Net loss before contributions and transfers	(14,754)	(14,754)		
Capital contributions	401,692	401,692		
Change in net position	386,938	386,938		
Total net position, beginning	2,721,620	2,721,620		
Total net position, ending	\$ 3,108,558	\$ 3,108,558		

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Fund

Cash flows from operating activities:Water and Sewer FundTotalCash received from customers\$ 624,095\$ 624, 624, 624, 624, 624, 624, 624, 624,
Cash flows from operating activities:Cash received from customers\$ 624,095\$ 624,Cash paid for goods and services(412,817)(412,817)Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services(134,036)(134,036)Other operating revenues21,89421,
Cash received from customers\$ 624,095\$ 624,Cash paid for goods and services(412,817)(412,Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services(134,036)(134,Other operating revenues21,89421,
Cash paid for goods and services (412,817) (412, Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services (134,036) (134, Other operating revenues 21,894 21,
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services (134,036) (134, Other operating revenues 21,894 21,
Other operating revenues 21,894 21,
Net cash provided by operating activities 99,136 99,
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:
Acquisition and construction of capital assets (211,377)
Principal paid on installment purchases (44,396) (44,
Interest paid on installment purchases (2,539)
Capital contributions - federal grant 202,182 202,
Capital contributions - other grant 199,510 199,
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities 143,380 143,
Cash flows from investing activities:
Interest and dividends 1,847 1,
Net cash provided by investing activities 1,847 1,
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 244,363 244,
Balances, beginning 234,839 234,
Balances, ending \$ 479,202 \$ 479,
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:
Operating income \$ (14,062) \$ (14,
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by
operating activities:
Depreciation 104,280 104,
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities:
Accounts receivable 14,984 14,
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions (6,025)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (26,270) (26,
Customer deposits 2,389 2,
Compensated absences (308)
Net pension liability 23,215 23.
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions (412)
OPEB liability (38,251) (38,
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB 39,596 39,
Total adjustments 113,198 113,
Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 99,136 \$ 99,

Exhibit 11

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Fund

	Fireman's Relief Fund	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 64,664	
Liabilities: Intergovernmental payable	\$ 64,664	

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Candor (the "Town") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The Town is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements include all funds and account groups that are controlled by the Town.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type* activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a specific function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a specific program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including the fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes and State-shared revenues. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

New Fire Department Capital Project Fund - This fund is used to account for the expenses associated with construction of the Town's new fire department.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations. A Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund has been consolidated into the Water and Sewer Fund for financial reporting purposes. The budgetary comparison for the Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund has been included in the supplemental information.

The Town reports the following fund types:

Agency Fund – Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. An agency fund is used to account for assets the Town holds on behalf of others. The Town maintains a Fireman's Relief Fund for the assistance of firemen and their families.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements - The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements - Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, state law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the state of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when the vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as utilities franchise tax collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town because the tax is levied by Montgomery County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the new fire department capital project fund and the water and sewer capital project fund. The water and sewer capital projects are consolidated with the water and sewer fund for reporting purposes. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1st of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The appropriations in the various funds are formally budgeted on a departmental basis. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level. The finance officer has authority to allocate the department totals to objects of expenditures within the department as necessary. The budget is amended by the Board of Commissioners on a periodic basis as required

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

by changing conditions. The budget amounts reflected in the accompanying financial statements represent the budget as amended to statement date.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by the State law (G.S. 159-31). The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law (G.S. 159-30(c)) authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high-quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. The NCCMT-Term is bond fund, has no rating and is measured at fair value. At June 30, 2020, the Term portfolio has a duration of .15 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income and considers all cash and investments to be cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. Restricted cash includes \$93,032 restricted for streets in the governmental fund and \$2,389 restricted for customer deposits in the water and sewer fund.

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law (G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)), the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes which are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Infrastructure	30 years
Buildings	10-40 years
Furniture and office equipment	5-10 years
Plant and distribution systems	10-50 years
Vehicles	5-15 years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element called *deferred outflows* of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meets this criterion, pension deferrals for the 2020 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has two items that meet the criterion for this category – property taxes receivable, and pension deferrals.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position - Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances - In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of three classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "Restricted by State Statute." *Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as non-spendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.*

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that the Town of Candor intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Unassigned Fund Balance - the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Finance Officer has been given the authority to spend resources in the order deemed in the best interest of the Town. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are spent from restricted fund balance first, followed by assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Candor's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of Candor has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

Deposits

All deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in its name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all Pooling Method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2020, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$942,615 and a bank balance of \$963,272. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2020, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$100.

Investments

At June 30, 2020, the Town's investment balances consisted of NC Capital Management Trust – Government Portfolio of \$906,609. The NC Capital Management Trust – Government Portfolio had a valuation measurement method of fair value level 1 and a rating of AAAm.

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets. Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1 debt securities are valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Interest Rate Risk: The Town has no formal investment policy regarding interest rate risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Town's internal investment policy limits the Town's investment policy to maturities of less than 12 months.

Credit Risk: The Town has no formal policy regarding credit risk, but has internal management procedures that limit the Town's investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. The investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carries a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2020.

Custodial Credit Risk: The Town has no formal policy on custodial credit risk in the event of the failure of the counterparty where the Town could not recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Management procedures require a utilization of a third-party custodial agent for book entry transactions, all of which shall be held in the Town's name to limit custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Town's Board places no limit on the amount that the Town may invest in any one issuer. More than 5% of the Town's investments are in the NC Capital Management Trust Governmental Portfolios.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Receivables

Governmental activities receivables for the General Fund consist of \$18,224 for outstanding taxes and \$81,581 due from other governments.

Business-Type activities receivables for the Water and Sewer Fund consist of \$50,023 for customer accounts.

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position are net of allowances for doubtful accounts, if any.

Due from other governments consisted of the following:

	Go	Governmental	
		Activities	
County funds	\$	12,644	
Sales tax reimbursement		37,133	
Utilities franchise tax		24,346	
Vehicle tax		7,458	
	\$	81,581	

Receivables – Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2020 are net of allowances for doubtful accounts in the amount of \$23,955 for taxes receivable.

Note Receivable

The Town has a note receivable that calls for monthly payments including interest of \$501 through July 2023. Principal repayments on the note are: 2021 \$5,453; 2022 \$5,661; 2023 \$5,877 and 2024 \$501.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Town for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 169,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 169,250
Capital assets not being depreciated:		299,895		299,895
Total capital assets not being depreciated	169,250	299,895		469,145
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	953,525	-	-	953,525
Infrastructure	157,523	-	-	157,523
Equipment	185,515	10,700	-	196,215
Vehicles and motorized equipment	467,059			467,059
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,763,622	10,700		1,774,322
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	716,314	11,260	-	727,574
Infrastructure	38,541	5,251	-	43,792
Equipment	147,158	7,514	-	154,672
Vehicles and motorized equipment	361,289	34,017		395,306
Total accumulated depreciation	1,263,302	\$ 58,042	\$ -	1,321,344
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	500,320			452,978
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 669,570			\$ 922,123

Depreciation expense was charged to functions or programs of the government activities as follows:

General Government	\$ 7,027
Public Safety	25,304
Transportation	22,054
Cultural and Recreational	3,657
Total depreciation expense	\$ 58,042

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

	Beginning Balances	~ ~				Ending Balances
Business-Type Activities:						
Water and Sewer Fund:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 142,162	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 142,162		
Construction in process	892,584	183,135		1,075,719		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,034,746	183,135		1,217,881		
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings	65,470	-	-	65,470		
Plant and Distribution Systems	4,217,429	28,242	-	4,245,671		
Furniture and maintenance equipment	253,799	-	-	253,799		
Vehicles	60,863			60,863		
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,597,561	28,242	_	4,625,803		
Less accumulated depreciation for:				·		
Buildings	21,827	1,637	-	23,464		
Plant and Distribution Systems	2,533,771	85,921	-	2,619,692		
Furniture and maintenance equipment	172,770	10,583	-	183,353		
Vehicles	40,912	6,139	-	47,051		
Total accumulated depreciation	2,769,280	\$ 104,280	\$ -	2,873,560		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,828,281			1,752,243		
Water and Sewer activity capital assets,						
net	2,863,027			2,970,124		
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,863,027			\$ 2,970,124		

B. Liabilities

Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description: The Town of Candor is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and the State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town of Candor's employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020, was 9.70% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 8.95% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Candor were \$30,257 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Refunds of Contributions - Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a liability of \$176,144 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019 (measurement date), the Town's proportion was 0.00645%, which was an increase of 0.00102% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$79,729. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	30,160	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		28,709		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		4,296		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Town				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		6,915		1,316
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		30,257		-
Total	\$ 100,337 \$		1,316	

\$30,257 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2021	\$ 32,266
2022	11,838
2023	18,963
2024	 5,697
Total	\$ 68,764

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3%

Salary increases 3.5% to 8.10%, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	29.0%	1.4%
Global equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation protection	6.0%	4.0%
	100.0%	<u>.</u>

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2018 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1%		Discount			1%
	Decrease		Rate]	Increase
	((6.00%)	(7.00%)		((8.00%)
Town's proportionate share of					•	
the net pension liability (asset)	\$	402,875	\$	176,144	\$	(12,314)

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Pension plan Fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description: The Town of Candor administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85% of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2018, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	-
Terminated plan member entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	4
	4

A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting: The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions

Salary increases

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2018 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

ons, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation

2.5%

3.5% to 7.35%, including inflation and productivity factor

Discount rate 3.26%

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

The discount rate is based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2018.

Mortality rates are based on the following:

Deaths After Retirement (Healthy): RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates projected to the valuation date using MP-2015, projected forward generationally to the valuation date using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 104% for males and 100% for females.

Deaths Before Retirement: RP-2014 Employee base rates projected to the valuation date using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from the valuation date using MP-2015.

Deaths After Retirement (Beneficiary): RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates projected to the valuation date using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 123% for males and females.

Deaths After Retirement (Disabled): RP-2014 Disabled Retiree base rates projected to the valuation date using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 103% for males and 99% for females.

Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. No benefits came due for the reporting period.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$79,950. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 based on a December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$8,044.

	$\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{c}}$	Deferred Outflows of		ferred	
	Out			Inflows of	
	Re	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	6,057	\$	_	
Changes of assumptions		3,324		-	
Town benefit payments and plan administrative expenses					
made subsequent to the measurement date				-	
	\$	9,381	\$	-	

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2021	\$ 1,636
2022	1,636
2023	1,585
2024	941
2025	944
Thereafter	 2,639
	\$ 9,381

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.26%, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.26%) or one percentage point higher (4.26%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
	((2.26%)		(3.26%)		(4.26%)	
T 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ď.	00.000	¢.	70.050	Ф	70.075	
Total pension liability	\$	89,880	2	79,950	3	70,975	

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	365
Service cost 4,3	505
Interest on the total pension liability 2,0	043
Changes of benefit terms -	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	
in the measurement of the total pension liability 13,9	909
Changes of assumptions or other inputs 3,5	520
Benefit payments -	-
Other changes -	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability \$ 79,9	950

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2018.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Following is information relates to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
Pension expense	\$ 79,729	\$ 8,044	\$ 87,773
Pension liability	176,144	79,950	256,094
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.006%	n/a	
Deferred Outflow of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experiences	30,160	6,057	36,217
Change in assumptions	28,709	3,324	32,033
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on plan investments	4,296	-	4,296
Changes in proportion and differences between			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	6,915	-	6,915
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid			
subsequent to the measurement date	30,257	-	30,257
Deferred Inflow of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experiences	-	-	-
Change in assumptions	-	-	_
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on plan investments	-	-	_
Changes in proportion and differences between			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,316	-	1,316

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description: The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan ("Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers and other employees employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy: Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The law enforcement officers also may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$7,437 from the Town.

Other Postretirement Benefits (OPEB)

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description: Under the terms of a Town resolution, the Town administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the "HCB Plan"). The Town Board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided: This plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the Town, provided they work 15 years for the Town and have 30 years of total service to governments within the State of North Carolina. The Town pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits from the time of retirement through age 65. The Town pays the full cost of coverage for employees' benefits through private insurers and employees have the option of purchasing dependent coverage at the Town's group rates. Retirees receive the same benefits as active employees. The Town may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

Retirees receiving benefits	1
Retired plan member entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	10
	11

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$109,913 was measured as of June 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases:

General employees 3.5 to 7.75%, including inflation Law enforcement officers 3.5 to 7.35%, including inflation

Discount rate 3.50%

Healthcare cost trend rates:

Pre-medicare 7.0% for 2019 decreasing to ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2026

The discount rate is based on the yield of the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-

year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at July 1, 2019	\$ 276,222
Changes for the year	
Service cost	22,373
Interest	10,677
Changes in benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(195,659)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(175)
Benefit payments	(3,525)
Net changes	(166,309)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 109,913

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.89% to 3.50%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using scale MP-2015.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 2010 through December 2014.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50 percent) than the current discount rate:

		1%	I	Discount		1%
	Ι	Decrease		Rate	I	ncrease
		(2.50%)		(3.50%)	(4.50%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	126,232	\$	109,913	\$	95,923

Sensitivity to the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		1%	Discount	1%
	Γ	ecrease)	Rate	Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	90,515	\$ 109,913	\$ 134,774

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$9,375. At June 30, 2020 the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Det	ferred	Ι	Deferred
	Outf	lows of	It	nflows of
	Res	ources	R	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	177,904
Changes of assumptions		-		24,323
Benefit payments and administrative costs made				
subsequent to the measurement date		-		-
Total	\$	-	\$	202,227

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2021	\$ 23,675
2022	23,675
2023	23,675
2024	23,675
2025	23,675
Thereafter	83,852
	\$ 202,227

Other Employment Benefit

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System ("Death Benefit Plan"), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-saving plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources reported on the Statement of Net Position are comprised of the following:

Contributions to pension plan in the current fiscal year	\$ 30,257
Differences between expected and actual experience	36,217
Changes of assumptions	32,033
Net difference between projected and actual	4,296
Changes in proportion and differences between employer	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	6,915
Total	\$ 109,718

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	Statement of		General Fund	
	Net Position		Net Position Balance	
Taxes receivable, less penalties (General Fund)	\$	-	\$	18,224
Differences between expected and actual experience		177,904		-
Changes in assumptions		24,323		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,316		-
Total	\$	203,543	\$	18,224

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits and employee health coverage. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Medical stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the North Carolina League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town is not required to carry flood insurance because the Town is not in an area of the State that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is individually bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are under a \$10,000 blanket bond.

Long-Term Obligations

Installment Purchase

The Town has two notes to purchase vehicles for public works, one note to purchase equipment, one note to purchase a sewer cleaning machine, one note for improvements to a water pump station, and one note for construction of the new fire department. The financing requires principal payments with interest rates of 4.00%, 4.00%, 3.66%, 5.60%, 4.49%, and 2.40% respectively. Annual debt service payments as of June 30, 2020, including interest, are as follows:

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 42,361	\$ 12,924	\$ 38,648	\$ 11,796
2022	36,612	11,228	32,152	9,942
2023	22,500	9,855	24,097	8,471
2024	22,500	9,307	25,179	7,389
2025	22,500	8,760	26,309	6,258
Thereafter	337,500	65,701	113,042	11,473
Total	\$ 483,973	\$ 117,775	\$259,427	\$ 55,329

Change in Long-Term Liabilities

Compensated absences for governmental activities have typically been liquidated in the General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

	Begi	nning						Enc	ding	(Curre	ent	
	Bala	nces	Increa	Increases		Decreases		Balances			Portion		
Governmental Activities:													
Installment purchases	\$ 5	2,751	\$ 450.	,000	\$	18,	778	\$ 483	3,973	\$	42,	361	
Compensated absences	3	5,821		-			-	3.5	5,821		3,	000	
Total OPEB liability	21	2,691		-	1	128,	058	84	4,633			-	
Net pension liability (LGERS)	9	9,189	24,	,112			-	123	3,301			-	
Net pension liability (LEO)	5	6,113	23,	837			-	79	9,950			-	
Governmental activities													
long-term liabilities	\$ 45	6,565	\$ 497.	949	\$ 1	146,	836	\$ 80′	7,678	\$	45,	361	
-													
]	Beginning							Ending		C	urrent	
		Balances	Ir	creases		De	ecreases		Balance	S	F	ortion	
Business-Type Activities:					_								
Water and Sewer Fund													
Installment purchases	\$	303,823	\$	-		\$	44,396	\$	259,42	27	\$	38,648	
Compensated absences		15,383		-			5,925		9,45	8		1,000	
Total OPEB liability		63,531		-			38,251		25,28	30		-	
Net pension liability (LGERS	S)	29,638		23,205			-		52,84	3		-	
Total business-type									· · · · · ·				
long-term liabilities	\$	412,375	\$	23,205		\$	88,572	\$	347,00	8	\$	39,648	
$\boldsymbol{\omega}$		/		,	_		,		,			, -	

NOTE 3 - FUND BALANCE

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance-General Fund	\$ 691,809
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	10,997
Streets	93,032
Remaining fund balance	\$ 587,780

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - JOINT VENTURE

The Town participates in a joint venture with Montgomery County and the four other towns in the County in the operating of the Montgomery Municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control (the "Board"). The Board is composed of one board member appointed by each of the five towns in the County. The County does not appoint a board member. Both the Town and the County receive profit distributions from the Board as required by State Statute. The total amount received by the Town for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$2,862.

The Town and the members of the Town's fire department each appoint two members to the five-member local board of trustees for the Firemen's Relief Fund. The State Insurance Commissioner appoints one additional member to the local board of trustees. The Firemen's Relief Fund is funded by a portion of the fire and lightening insurance premiums that insurers remit to the State. The State passes these moneys to the local board of the Firemen's Relief Fund. The funds are used to assist firefighters in various ways.

The Town obtains an ongoing financial benefit from the Fund on-behalf-of payments for salaries and fringe benefits made to members of the Town's fire department by the board of trustees. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Town reported no payments. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2020. The Firemen's Relief Fund does not issue separate audited financial statements. Instead, the local board of trustees files an annual financial report with the State Firemen's Association. This report can be obtained from the Association at 323 West Jones Street, Suite 401, Raleigh, North Carolina 27603.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability for Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Contributions to Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Funding Progress for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Employer Contributions for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability



Town of Candor's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Required Supplementary Information

Last Seven Fiscal Years *

Local Government	Employees! I	Retirement System	1

• •	•							
		2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	2016	 2015	2014
Town of Candor's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) (%)		0.00645%	0.00543%	0.00447%	0.00461%	0.00570%	0.00550%	0.00550%
Town of Candor's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$	176,144	\$ 128,818	\$ 68,289	\$ 97,840	\$ 25,581	\$ (32,436)	\$ 50,626
Town of Candor's covered-employee payroll	\$	341,520	\$ 301,241	\$ 304,451	\$ 278,113	\$ 336,267	\$ 304,079	\$ 333,326
Town of Candor's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		51.58%	42.76%	22.43%	35.18%	7.61%	-9.65%	16.65%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability **		90.86%	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{**}}$ This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll June 30, 2020

	2020		2019		2018		2017	
Total pension liability	\$	79,950	\$	56,113	\$	61,626	\$	50,843
Covered payroll		151,635		105,705		110,754		124,678
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		52.73%		53.08%		55.64%		40.78%

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Candor has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 73 to pay related benefits.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability June 30, 2020

	2020		2019		2018		2017
Beginning balance	\$	56,113	\$	61,626	\$	50,843	\$ 47,026
Service cost		4,365		3,205		3,067	4,087
Interest on the total pension liability		2,043		1,947		1,963	1,679
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience							
in the measurement of the total pension liability		13,909		(7,250)		(1,490)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		3,520		(3,415)		7,243	(1,949)
Benefit payments		-		-		-	-
Other changes							
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	79,950	\$	56,113	\$	61,626	\$ 50,843

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 79,950	\$ 56,113	\$ 61,626	\$ 50,843
Covered payroll	151,635	105,705	110,754	124,678
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	52.73%	53.08%	55.64%	40.78%

Notes to the Schedules:

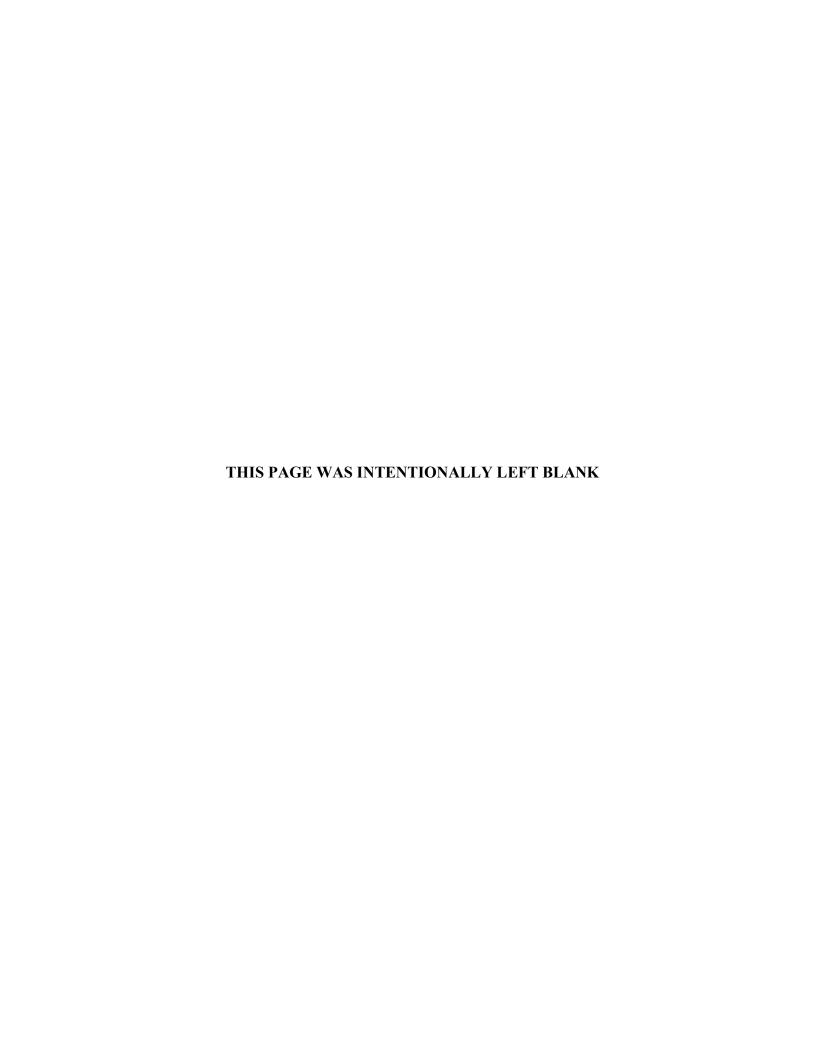
The Town of Candor has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 73 to pay related benefits.

TOWN OF CANDOR, NORTH CAROLINA Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2020

	2020	2019	2018
Balance at July 1, 2019	\$ 276,222	\$ 262,821	\$ 256,673
Changes for the year			
Service cost	22,373	23,172	25,127
Interest	10,677	9,294	7,639
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(195,659)	(2,618)	174
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(175)	(12,922)	(20,948)
Benefit payments	(3,525)	(3,525)	(5,844)
Net changes	(166,309)	13,401	6,148
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 109,913	\$ 276,222	\$ 262,821
Covered payroll	296,408	341,520	279,873
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	37.08%	80.88%	93.91%

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year	Rate
2020	3.50%
2019	3.89%
2018	3.56%







Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund (Page 1 of 4)

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes:					
Taxes		\$ 446,609			
Penalties and interest		4,762			
Prior year's taxes		39,142			
Total	\$ 460,800	490,513	\$ 29,713		
Unrestricted intergovernmental:					
Local option sales tax		223,635			
Video franchise tax		2,247			
Utility franchise tax		97,872			
Sales tax refund		23,190			
Gas tax refund		2,598			
Beer and wine excise tax		3,615			
ABC profit distribution		2,862			
Telecommunications sales tax		6,847			
Total	310,196	362,866	52,670		
Restricted intergovernmental:					
Powell Bill allocation		27,181			
Solid waste disposal tax		623			
Total	29,500	27,804	(1,696)		
Sales and services:					
Sanitation fees		20,039			
Total	19,960	20,039	79		
Investment earnings	7,500	5,454	(2,046)		
Miscellaneous	168,265	76,337	(91,928)		
Total revenues	996,221	983,013	(13,208)		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund (Continued) (Page 2 of 4)

	D. d 4	A -41	Variance Positive
Expenditures:	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
General government:			
Administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits		\$ 88,978	
Telephone and postage		1,701	
Departmental supplies		1,597	
Insurance and bonds		3,895	
Tax collection fees		10,623	
Other operating expenditures		106,983	
Contracted services		39,492	
Total		253,269	
Public buildings:			
Maintenance and repairs		15,951	
Utilities		13,169	
Insurance and bonds		3,895	
Capital outlay		18,500	
Total		51,515	
Total general government	\$ 330,039	304,784	\$ 25,255
Public safety:			
Police department:			
Salaries and employee benefits		222,790	
Maintenance and repairs		15,178	
Departmental supplies		5,832	
Insurance		3,895	
Other operating expenditures		41,373	
Total		289,068	
Fire:			
Salaries and employee benefits		1,290	
Maintenance and repairs		12,054	
Departmental supplies		5,238	
Grant expense		19,105	
Other operating expenditures		28,544	
Total		66,231	
Total public safety	375,925	355,299	20,626

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund (Continued) (Page 3 of 4)

	Budget	Actual		variance Positive Vegative)
Expenditures (Continued):				
Transportation - streets:				
Salaries and employee benefits		\$ 23,477		
Maintenance and repairs		28,567		
Utilities		21,384		
Insurance		3,895		
Other operating expenditures		7,406		
Capital outlay		2,045		
Total transportation - streets	\$ 113,863	86,774	\$	27,089
Environmental protection: Sanitation:				
Salaries and employee benefits		21,139		
Contracted services		62,108		
Total environmental protection	97,968	83,247		14,721
Cultural and recreational:				
Library:		10.504		
Other operating expenditures		 12,524		
Total		 12,524		
Parks and recreational:				
Other operating expenditures		 7,373		
Total		 7,373		
Cemetery:				
Other operating expenditures		1,636		
Total		1,636		
Marketplace:				
Utilities		1,488		
Other operating expenditures		 11,581		
Total		13,069		
Farmers market:				
Utilities		756		
Other operating expenditures		3,895		
Total		4,651		

Schedule 1

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund (Continued) (Page 4 of 4)

						ariance ositive	
	Buc	lget	1	Actual	(Negative)		
Total cultural and recreational	\$	57,250	\$	39,253	\$	17,997	
Debt service:							
Principal retirement				18,778			
Interest and other charges				2,225			
Total debt service		21,176		21,003		173	
Total expenditures	9	96,221		890,360		105,861	
Revenues over (under) expenditures				92,653		92,653	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers from capital project fund		-		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		_	
Fund balance appropriated							
Net change in fund balance	\$	_		92,653	\$	92,653	
Fund balance, beginning				599,156			
Fund balance, ending			\$	691,809			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Capital Projects Fund - New Fire Department From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Variance			
	Project	Prior	Current	Total to	Positive	
	Authorization	Years	Year	Date	(Negative)	
Revenues:						
County grant funds	\$ 400,000	\$ -	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000	\$ -	
Total revenues	400,000		400,000	400,000		
Expenditures:						
Construction			293,783			
Other expenditures			6,112			
Total expenditures	850,000		299,895	299,895	550,105	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(450,000)		100,105	100,105	550,105	
Other financing sources:						
Proceeds from issuance of debt			450,000	450,000		
Total other financing sources	450,000		450,000	450,000		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	550,105	\$ 550,105	\$ 550,105	
Fund balance, beginning						
Fund balance, ending			\$ 550,105			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures

and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)

Schedule 3

(Page 1 of 2)

Water and Sewer Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Non-operating revenues: Interest earned on investments Penalties and miscellaneous Total non-operating revenues		Variance Positive
Operating revenues: Water and sewer Taps/connection fees Total operating revenues Non-operating revenues: Interest earned on investments Penalties and miscellaneous Total non-operating revenues 1 Total revenues Expenditures: Water: Salaries and employee benefits Telephone and postage Water purchase	lget Actual	(Negative)
Water and sewer Taps/connection fees Total operating revenues Non-operating revenues: Interest earned on investments Penalties and miscellaneous Total non-operating revenues 1 Total revenues Expenditures: Water: Salaries and employee benefits Telephone and postage Water purchase		
Taps/connection fees Total operating revenues Non-operating revenues: Interest earned on investments Penalties and miscellaneous Total non-operating revenues 1 Total revenues Expenditures: Water: Salaries and employee benefits Telephone and postage Water purchase		
Total operating revenues Non-operating revenues: Interest earned on investments Penalties and miscellaneous Total non-operating revenues 1 Expenditures: Water: Salaries and employee benefits Telephone and postage Water purchase	\$ 619,752	
Non-operating revenues: Interest earned on investments Penalties and miscellaneous Total non-operating revenues 1 Total revenues 67 Expenditures: Water: Salaries and employee benefits Telephone and postage Water purchase	1,954	
Interest earned on investments Penalties and miscellaneous Total non-operating revenues Total revenues 67 Expenditures: Water: Salaries and employee benefits Telephone and postage Water purchase	61,000 621,706	\$ (39,294)
Penalties and miscellaneous Total non-operating revenues 1 Total revenues 67 Expenditures: Water: Salaries and employee benefits Telephone and postage Water purchase		
Total non-operating revenues Total revenues 67 Expenditures: Water: Salaries and employee benefits Telephone and postage Water purchase	1,847	,
Total revenues 67 Expenditures: Water: Salaries and employee benefits Telephone and postage Water purchase	21,521	
Expenditures: Water: Salaries and employee benefits Telephone and postage Water purchase	10,550 23,368	12,818
Water: Salaries and employee benefits Telephone and postage Water purchase	71,550 645,074	(26,476)
Salaries and employee benefits Telephone and postage Water purchase		
Telephone and postage Water purchase		
Water purchase	49,571	
	981	
Maintenance and supplies	142,034	
**	44,605	
Insurance	3,895	
Capital outlay	35,696	
Contracted services	14,886	· •
Other operating expenditures	22,423	_
Total 34	42,300 314,091	28,209
Sewer:		
Salaries and employee benefits	102,280	
Telephone and postage	857	,
Maintenance and supplies	42,621	
Insurance	4,482	
Utilities	25,768	
Capital outlay	28,242	•
Contracted services	7,835	
Other operating expenditures	25,339	<u> </u>
Total 32	20,793 237,424	83,369
Debt service:		
Interest	2,539	1
Principal retirement	23,274	<u> </u>
Total		
Total expenditures 72	58,457 25,813	32,644

Page 60

Schedule 3 (Page 2 of 2)

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures

and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)

Water and Sewer Fund

		Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(50,000)	\$ 67,746	\$	117,746	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers to other funds:						
Capital project fund		-	(32,567)		(32,567)	
Total other financing sources (uses)			(32,567)		(32,567)	
Fund balance appropriated		50,000			(50,000)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	\$ 35,179	\$	35,179	
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis:						
Reconciling items:						
Principal retirement			23,274			
Grant revenue from Water Pump Station Fund			401,692			
Capital outlay			28,242			
Depreciation			(104,280)			
Decrease in accounts receivable			(14,984)			
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pension		(6,025)				
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pension		(412)				
Increase in net pension liability			23,215			
Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB			39,596			
Decrease in OPEB liability			(38,251)			
Decrease in compensated absences			 (308)			
Total reconciling items			351,759			
Change in net position			\$ 386,938			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund - Water Pump Stations From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Actual						Variance	
		Project		Prior	(Current	,	Total to		Positive	
	Au	thorization		Years Year			Date		(Negative)		
Revenues:											
Restricted intergovernmental:											
FEMA grant	\$	542,000	\$	111,868	\$	202,182	\$	314,050	\$	(227,950)	
Other grant revenue		248,000		_		199,510		199,510		(48,490)	
Total revenues		790,000	111,868		401,692		513,560			(276,440)	
Expenditures:											
Construction				841,107		170,387		1,011,494			
Engineering				35,542		502		36,044			
Interest				8,198		11,446		19,644			
Other expenditures				7,737		800		8,537			
Total expenditures		1,140,000		892,584		183,135		1,075,719		(64,281)	
Revenue over (under) expenditures		(350,000)		(780,716)	-	218,557		(562,159)		(212,159)	
Other financing sources (uses):											
Proceeds from issuance of debt		350,000		254,912		_		254,912		(95,088)	
Transfer in from water & sewer fund		=		-		32,567		32,567		32,567	
Principal payments on debt		-				(21,122)		(21,122)		(21,122)	
Total other financing sources		350,000		254,912		11,445		266,357		(83,643)	
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)											
e x pe nditure s	\$	_	\$	(525,804)	\$	230,002	\$	(295,802)	\$	(295,802)	

Schedule 5

Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Fireman's Relief Fund

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balances
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 60,250	\$ 4,414	\$ -	\$ 64,664
Liabilities Intergovernmental payable	\$ 60,250	\$ 4,414	\$ -	\$ 64,664

TOWN OF CONDOR, NORTH CAROLINA Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year	I	Balance 200, 2019		Additions		ections and ner credits		ncollected Balance e 30, 2020
2019-2020	\$	_	\$	499,425	\$	489,634	\$	9,791
2018-2019	Ψ	5,987	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,121	Ψ	4,866
2017-2018		3,779		_		211		3,568
2016-2017		7,731		-		441		7,290
2015-2016		6,877		-		41		6,836
2014-2015		5,424		-		-		5,424
2013-2014		1,518		-		-		1,518
2012-2013		1,142		-		31		1,111
2011-2012		959		-		-		959
2010-2011		817						817
	\$	34,234	\$	499,425	\$	491,479		42,180
Less: allowance for	r uncolle	ctible accounts						23,956
Net Ad Valorem ta	axes rece	eivable - net					\$	18,224
Reconcilement to r	evenues:							
Ad Valorem taxes	s - Gene	ral fund					\$	490,513
Reconciling items	:							
Fees								(1,743)
Taxes written off	• •							1,035
Other								1,674
Total collection	s and cre	edits					\$	491,479

			Total Levy		
				Property	
	Town	-Wide Le	evy	Excluding	
				Registered	Registered
	Property		Total	Motor	Motor
	Valuation	Rate	Levy	Vehicles	Vehicles
Original Levy:					
Property taxed at current rate	\$75,107,057	0.65	\$488,196	\$449,150	\$ 39,046
Penalties	-		3,212	3,212	-
Total original levy	75,107,057		491,408	452,362	39,046
Discoveries - current and prior years	1,233,385		8,017	8,017	
Total property valuation	\$76,340,442				
Net levy			499,425	460,379	39,046
Unpaid (by taxpayer) taxes at June 30, 2	9,791	9,791			
Current year's taxes collected			\$489,634	\$450,588	\$ 39,046
Current levy collection percentage			98.04%	97.87%	100.00%