TOWN OF GREENEVERS GREENEVERS, NORTH CAROLINA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2020

Mayor

Clifton Williams

Commissioners

Diane Brown

Gregory Carr

Venessa Farrior

Mary James

Timothy Murphy

Town Administrator

Emma Brinson

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Town Commissioners of Greenevers, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Greenevers, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of

significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, , the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Greenevers, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Greenevers, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 22, 2021, on our consideration of Town of Greenevers internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Town of Greenevers internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

<u>Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA</u> Wilmington, North Carolina June 22, 2021



Management's Discussion and Analysis

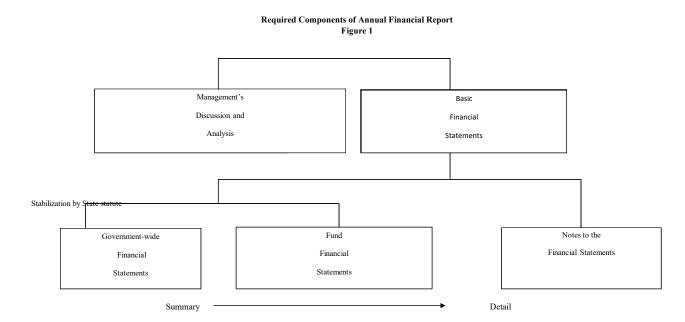
As management of the Town of Greenevers (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town of Greenevers's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Greenevers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Greenevers exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$4,559,891 (net position).
- The Town's total net position increased by \$400,533, due to the capital grants in the Business-type revenue.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Greenevers's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$701,970 with a net increase of \$43,294 in fund balance. Approximately 15% percent of this total amount, or \$105,795 is non spendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$596,175, or 241% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Greenevers's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Greenevers.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show additional details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes can also be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks, environmental protection, and general administration. Property taxes, sales tax, and State and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Greenevers.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Greenevers, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the North Carolina General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Greenevers can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds — Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Greenevers adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – Town of Greenevers has one proprietary fund. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Greenevers uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial

Interdependence with Other Entities- The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign government and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Town of Greenevers's Net Position Figure 2

	Govern	ment	al	Business	-Typ	e		
	Activ	vities		Activi	ities		Total	
	2020		2019	2020		2019	2020	2019
Current and other assets	\$ 777,313	\$	696,507	\$ 167,979	\$	398,004	\$ 945,292	\$ 1,094,511
Capital assets	179,573		191,681	3,525,049		3,173,169	3,704,622	3,364,850
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	956,886		888,188	3,693,028		3,571,173	\$ 4,649,914	4,459,361
Other liabilities	21,559		12,038	28,464		267,540	50,023	279,578
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	 21,559		12,038	28,464		267,540	50,023	279,578
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets	179,573		191,681	3,525,049		3,173,169	3,704,622	3,364,850
Restricted	105,795		208,706	-		-	105,795	208,706
Unrestricted	649,959		475,763	139,515		150,039	789,474	625,802
Total net position	\$ 935,327	\$	876,150	\$ 3,664,564	\$	3,323,208	\$ 4,599,891	\$ 4,199,358

Net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Town of Greenevers exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$4,599,891 as of June 30, 2020. The Town's net position increased by \$400,533 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. However, the largest portion \$3,704,622 (81%) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The Town of Greenevers uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Greenevers's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Greenevers's net position, \$105,795 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$789,474 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

• Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 86.30%.

Town of Greenevers's Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Govern			 Busine	-	1			
		vities			vities			otal	
	 2020		2019	2020		2019	2020		2019
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 1,965	\$	3,800	\$ 258,732	\$	266,320 \$	260,697	\$	270,120
Operating grants and contributions	18,207		18,491	-		23,405	18,207		41,896
Capital grants and contributions	-		-	454,450		266,390	454,450		266,390
General revenues:									
Property taxes	93,516		66,399	-		-	93,516		66,399
Other taxes	205,027		190,585	-		-	205,027		190,585
Grants and contributions not									
restricted to specific programs	-		-	-		-	-		-
Other	 7,896		10,364	1,064		9,509	8,960		19,873
Total revenues	 326,611		289,639	714,246		565,624	1,040,857		855,263
Expenses:									
General government	127,944		85,305	-		-	127,944		85,305
Public safety	24,567		35,668	-		-	24,567		35,668
Cultural and recreation	20,583		26,663	-		-	20,583		26,663
Transportation	94,340		26,092	-		-	94,340		26,092
Water and sewer	-		-	372,890		420,847	372,890		420,847
Total expenses	267,434		173,728	372,890		420,847	640,324		594,575
Increase in net position before transfers	59,177		115,911	341,356		144,777	400,533		260,688
Transfers	-		-	-		-	-		
Increase (decrease) in net position	59,177		115,911	341,356		144,777	400,533		260,688
Net position, July 1	876,150		760,239	3,323,208		3,178,431	4,199,358		3,938,670
Net position, June 30	\$ 935,327	\$	876,150	\$ 3,664,564	\$	3,323,208 \$	4,599,891	\$	4,199,358

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$59,177 thereby accounting for 15% of the total increase in the net position of the Town of Greenevers. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Increased town revenues.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the Town of Greenevers's net position by \$341,356 accounting for 85% of the total increase in the government's net position. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

\$454,450 Capital grant

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Greenevers uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Greenevers's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Greenevers's financing requirements.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Greenevers. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance unassigned in the General Fund was \$596,175 while total fund balance reached \$701,970. The Town currently has an unassigned fund balance of 241% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 283% of the same amount.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Greenevers's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$139,515. The total change in net position was an increase of \$341,356. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Greenevers's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of Greenevers's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2020 totals \$3,704,6222 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, water/sewer systems, machinery and equipment, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

Contruction in progress for CDBG project increased by \$454,450.

Town of Greenevers's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Figure 4

	Goverr Acti	nment vities		Busines Acti	ss-Typ vities		To	otal	
	2020		2019	2020		2019	2020		2019
Land	\$ 75,750	\$	75,750	\$ 36,050	\$	36,050	\$ 111,800	\$	111,800
Construction in progress	-		-	720,840		266,390	720,840		266,390
Buildings and system	21,731		30,469	2,768,159		2,870,728	2,789,890		2,901,197
Land Improvements	82,092		85,465	-		-	82,092		85,465
Equipment and vehicles	 -		-	-		-	-		-
Total	\$ 179,573	\$	191,684	\$ 3,525,049	\$	3,173,168	\$ 3,704,622	\$	3,364,852

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in the notes of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt.

Outstanding Debt Figure 5

	Goverr Acti		Busines Acti	ss-Ty vities		To	otal		
	2020	2019	2020		2019	2020		2019	
Compensated Absences	\$ 7,593	\$ -	\$ 5,930	\$	-	\$ 13,523	\$		_
Total	\$ 7,593	\$ 122,789	\$ 5,930	\$	31,153	\$ 13,523	\$		-

North Carolina General Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue up to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of Greenevers is \$1,486,613.

Additional information regarding the Town of Greenevers's long-term debt can be found in the notes of the Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town.

- Unemployment rates remained low.
- CDBG project still ongoing.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Town Clerk, Town of Greenevers, 314 E. Charity Road, Rose Hill, NC 28458.



Town of Greenevers, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

		Prima	ry Governmen	t	
	 ernmental ctivities		siness-type Activities		Total
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 610,141	\$	116,203	\$	726,344
Restricted cash	77,336		20,820		98,156
Receivables (net)	89,836		30,956		120,792
Capital assets:					
Land, improvements, and construction in progress	75,750		756,890		832,640
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	103,823		2,768,159		2,871,982
Total capital assets	 179,573		3,525,049		3,704,622
Total assets	956,886		3,693,028		4,649,914
LIABILITIES Comment lightilities					
Current liabilities:	12 066		1 714		15 690
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	13,966		1,714		15,680
Current portion of long-term liabilities	7,593		5,930		13,523
Long-term liabilities:					
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:			20.920		20.920
Deposits Total liabilities	 21.550		20,820		20,820
l otal liabilities	 21,559		28,464		50,023
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	179,573		3,525,049		3,704,622
Restricted for:					
Stabilization by State statute	28,459		-		28,459
•	77,336		-		77,336
Unrestricted (deficit)	649,959		139,515		789,474
Total net position	\$ 935,327	\$	3,664,564	\$	4,599,891

Town of Greenevers, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

					Progra	m Revenues		Net (Expense)			Position
							-		Prima	ry Government	
Primary government:											
Governmental Activities:											
General government	\$	127,944	\$	25	\$	-	\$ -	\$ (127,919)	\$	-	\$ (127,919)
Public safety		24,567		1,940		-	-	(22,627)		-	(22,627)
Cultural and recreation		20,583		-		-	-	(20,583)		-	(20,583)
Transportation		94,340		-		18,207	-	(76,133)			(76,133)
Total governmental activities		267,434		1,965		18,207	 -	 (247,262)		-	 (247,262)
Business-type activities:											
Water and Sewer		372,890		258,732		-	454,450	-		340,292	340,292
Total business-type activities	-	372,890		258,732		-	454,450	-		340,292	340,292
Total Primary Government	\$	640,324	\$	260,697	\$	18,207	\$ 454,450	-		340,292	93,030
	6	,									
	Genera Taxe	al revenues: es:									
		operty taxes, le	evied for	general purpos	se			93,516		-	93,516
		ocal option sale						187,378		-	187,378
	Ot	ther taxes and l	icenses					17,649		-	17,649
	Inve	stment earning	s, unrest	ricted				7,374		1,064	8,438
	Miso	cellaneous, unr	estricted					522		-	522
		Total general r	evenues	not including t	ransfers			306,439		1,064	307,503
		nsfers		1. 0				 -		-	 -
		Total general r		and transfers				306,439		1,064	307,503
		Change in net	position					59,177		341,356	400,533
	Net pos	sition, beginning	g					876,150		3,323,208	4,199,358
	Net pos	sition, ending						\$ 935,327	\$	3,664,564	\$ 4,599,891

Town of Greenevers, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Gene	eral Fund	 overnmental Funds
ASSETS	'	_	_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	610,141	\$ 610,141
Restricted cash		77,336	77,336
Taxes receivables, net		61,377	61,377
Account receivables, net		28,459	 28,459
Total assets		777,313	 777,313
LIABILITIES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		13,966	 13,966
Total liabilities		13,966	 13,966
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property taxes receivable		61,377	 61,377
Total deferred inflows of resources		61,377	 61,377
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted for:			
Streets - Powell Bill		77,336	77,336
Stabilization by State Statute		28,459	28,459
Unassigned		596,175	596,175
Total fund balances		701,970	701,970
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	777,313	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in			179,573
fund statements.			61,377
Compensated absences			(7,593)
Net Postion of Governmental Activities			\$ 935,327
			 ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

Town of Greenevers, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Gov	Total ernmental
	Gen	eral Fund		Funds
REVENUES			<u> </u>	_
Ad valorem taxes	\$	57,929	\$	57,929
Unrestricted intergovernmental		205,027		205,027
Restricted intergovernmental		18,207		18,207
Permits and fees		1,965		1,965
Sales and services		522		522
Investment earnings		7,374		7,374
Total revenues		291,024		291,024
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government		112,650		112,650
Public safety		24,567		24,567
Transportation		94,340		94,340
Cultural and recreational		16,173		16,173
Total expenditures		247,730		247,730
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		43,294		43,294
Net change in fund balance		43,294		43,294
Fund balances-beginning		658,676		658,676
Fund balances-ending	\$	701,970	\$	701,970

Town of Greenevers, North Carolina Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 43,294
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,	
in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over	
their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in	
the current period.	(12,111)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current	
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:	
Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues	35,587
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require	
the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported	
as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Compensated absences	 (7,593)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 59,177

Town of Greenevers, North Carolina General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Genera	ıl Fun	d		
		riginal		Final		Actual Amounts	Fin F	ance With al Budget Positive (egative)
Revenues:								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	54,000	\$	59,240	\$	57,929	\$	(1,311)
Unrestricted intergovernmental	Ψ	187,750	Ψ	181,250	Ψ	205,027	Ψ	23,777
Restricted intergovernmental		18,490		18,210		18,207		(3)
Permit and fees		2,100		1,965		1,965		-
Sales and services		1,350		525		522		(3)
Investment earnings		9,935		7,520		7,374		(146)
Total revenues		273,625		268,710		291,024		22,314
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		94,060		80,510		112,650		(32,140)
Public safety		41,600		38,600		24,567		14,033
Transportation		100,500		106,845		94,340		12,505
Cultural and recreational		108,540		102,670		16,173		86,497
Total expenditures		344,700		328,625		247,730		80,895
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(71,075)		(59,915)		43,294		103,209
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers (to)/from Other Funds		-		(17,500)		-		(17,500)
Fund Balance Appropriated		71,075		80,415		-		(80,415)
Total other financing sources (uses)		71,075		62,915		-		(62,915)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	3,000		43,294	\$	40,294
Fund Balance, Beginning Fund Balance, Ending					\$	658,676 701,970		

Town of Greenevers, North Carolina Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2020

	Water and Sewer Fund
Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 116,203
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	20,820
Accounts Receivable (net)	30,956
Total current assets	167,979
Capital assets (net of depreciation)	3,525,049
Total assets	3,693,028
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,714
Total current liabilities	1,714
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:	
Deposits	20,820
Compensated absences payable	5,930
Total noncurrent liabilities	26,750
Total liabilities	28,464
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	3,525,049
Unrestricted	139,515
Total Net Position	\$ 3,664,564

Town of Greenevers, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Water and Sewer Fund
Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 252,945
Water & Sewer taps	5,000
Other operating revenues	787_
Total operating revenues	258,732
Operating expenses:	
Salaries and benefits	110,397
Operations	159,924
Depreciation	102,569
Total operating expenses	372,890
Operating income (loss)	(114,158)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	1,064_
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,064
Income (loss) before contributions	
and transfers	(113,094)
Capital contributions	454,450
Change in net position	341,356
Net Postion, beginning	3,323,208
Net Position, ending	\$ 3,664,564

Town of Greenevers, North Carolina Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers \$ 492,883 Cash paid for goods and services (104,466) Net eash provided (used) by operating activities (28) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: - Change in due to/from Net eash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities: - Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: - Capital contributions 454,450 Net eash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities - Cash flows from investing activities: - Interest on investments 1,064 Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,036 Beginning of year, July 1 135,987 End of year, June 30 \$ 137,023 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: - Operating income (loss) \$ (114,158) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: - Operating income (loss) \$ (114,158) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ (114,158) Changes in assets, deferred outflo		Water and Sewer Fund
Cash received from customers \$ 492,883 Cash paid for goods and services (104,466) Cash paid to employees for services (104,466) Net cash provided (used) by operating activities (28) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: - Change in due to/from Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities: - Acquisition and construction of capital assets (454,450) Capital contributions 454,450 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities - Cash flows from investing activities: - Interest on investing activities: 1,064 Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,036 Reginning of year, July 1 135,987 End of year, June 30 \$ 137,023 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: - Operating income (loss) \$ (114,158) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: - Depreciation 102,569 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: - (Increase) decrease		
Cash paid for goods and services (388,445) Cash paid to employees for services (104,466) Net cash provided (used) by operating activities (28) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Change in due to/from Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities: - Acquisition and construction of capital assets (454,450) Capital contributions 454,450 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities - Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments 1,064 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,036 Beginning of year, July 1 135,987 End of year, June 30 \$ 137,023 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ (114,158) Operating income (loss) \$ (114,158) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to reconcile operating activities: \$ (12,569) Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: \$ (28,51) Increase (decrease) in accounts \$ (28,51) receivable 231,061		
Cash paid to employees for services		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities: (28) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: (28) Change in due to/from		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: (28) Change in due to/from Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities - Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: (454,450) Acquisition and construction of capital assets (454,450) Capital contributions Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities - Cash flows from investing activities: - Interest on investments 1,064 Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,036 Beginning of year, July 1 135,987 End of year, June 30 \$ 137,023 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ (114,158) Operating income (loss) \$ (114,158) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ (10,256) Depreciation 102,569 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: \$ (231,061) Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay \$ (391) Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay \$ (391) Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay \$ (300) Increase (decrease) in accrued vaca		(104,466)
- Change in due to/from	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(28)
Change in due to/from	Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	(20)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: (454,450) Acquisition and construction of capital assets (454,450) Capital contributions 454,450 Net eash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities - Interest on investing activities: 1,064 Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,036 Beginning of year, July 1 135,987 End of year, June 30 \$ 137,023 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ (114,158) Operating income (loss) \$ (114,158) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: 102,569 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 231,061 Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay 5,931 Increase (decrease) in accounts (228,521) Increase (decrease) in deposits 3,090 Total adjustments 114,130 Net cash provided by operating 114,130		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets (454,450) Capital contributions 454,450 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities - Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments 1,064 Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,036 Beginning of year, July 1 135,987 End of year, June 30 \$ 137,023 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ (114,158) Operating income (loss) \$ (114,158) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: 102,569 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: 102,569 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: 231,061 Increase (decrease) in accounts 231,061 Increase (decrease) in accounts 231,061 Increase (decrease) in accounts (228,521) Increase (decrease) in deposits 3,090 Total adjustments 114,130 Net cash provided by operating 114,130	Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	
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Capital contributions 454,450 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities - Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments 1,064 Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,036 Beginning of year, July 1 135,987 End of year, June 30 \$ 137,023 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ (114,158) Operating income (loss) \$ (114,158) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: 102,569 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: 102,569 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: 231,061 Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable 231,061 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued vacation pay 5,931 Increase (decrease) in deposits 3,090 Total adjustments 3,090 Total adjustments 114,130		(454,450)
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Interest on investments 1,064 Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,036 Beginning of year, July 1 End of year, June 30 135,987 End of year, June 30 \$ 137,023 Reconcilitation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (114,158) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ (114,158) Depreciation 102,569 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: \$ (231,061) Increase) decrease in accounts \$ (228,521) Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay 5,931 Increase (decrease) in accounts \$ (228,521) Increase (decrease) in deposits \$ 3,090 Total adjustments \$ 3,14,130 Net cash provided by operating \$ 114,130	•	-
Interest on investments 1,064 Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,036 Beginning of year, July 1 End of year, June 30 135,987 End of year, June 30 \$ 137,023 Reconcilitation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (114,158) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ (114,158) Depreciation 102,569 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: \$ (231,061) Increase) decrease in accounts \$ (228,521) Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay 5,931 Increase (decrease) in accounts \$ (228,521) Increase (decrease) in deposits \$ 3,090 Total adjustments \$ 3,14,130 Net cash provided by operating \$ 114,130		
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End of year, June 30 \$ 137,023 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (114,158) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation \$ 102,569\$ Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable \$ 231,061\$ Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay \$ 5,931\$ Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ (228,521)\$ Increase (decrease) in deposits \$ 3,090\$ Total adjustments \$ 114,130\$ Net cash provided by operating	Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,036
End of year, June 30 \$ 137,023 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (114,158) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation \$ 102,569\$ Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable \$ 231,061\$ Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay \$ 5,931\$ Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ (228,521)\$ Increase (decrease) in deposits \$ 3,090\$ Total adjustments \$ 114,130\$ Net cash provided by operating	Beginning of year, July 1	135,987
net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (114,158) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation \$ 102,569\$ Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable \$ 231,061\$ Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay \$ 5,931\$ Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ (228,521)\$ Increase (decrease) in deposits \$ 3,090\$ Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities payable and accrued liabilities (228,521) Increase (decrease) in deposits Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities payable and accrued liabilities (228,521) Increase (decrease) in deposits Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating	Operating income (loss)	\$ (114,158)
operating activities: Depreciation 102,569 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 231,061 Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay 5,931 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (228,521) Increase (decrease) in deposits 3,090 Total adjustments 114,130 Net cash provided by operating		
Depreciation Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in deposits Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating	1 *	
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in deposits Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in deposits Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating		102,569
receivable 231,061 Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay 5,931 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (228,521) Increase (decrease) in deposits 3,090 Total adjustments 114,130 Net cash provided by operating		
Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in deposits Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating 5,931 (228,521) 3,090 114,130	` '	221.061
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in deposits Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating (228,521) 3,090 114,130		
payable and accrued liabilities (228,521) Increase (decrease) in deposits 3,090 Total adjustments 114,130 Net cash provided by operating		5,931
Increase (decrease) in deposits Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating 3,090 114,130		(228 521)
Total adjustments 114,130 Net cash provided by operating	1 7	
Net cash provided by operating		
		\$ (28)



Town of Greenevers, North Carolina Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Greenevers conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Greenevers (the "Town") is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member Board of Commissioners. As required by generally accepted accounting

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports one major governmental fund:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water & Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations. A Water and Sewer Capital Projects fund has been consolidated into the Water and Sewer Fund for financial reporting purposes. The budgetary comparison for the Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund has been included in the supplemental information.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments when applicable. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at yearend on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of
Greenevers because the tax is levied by Duplin County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most
intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable
until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than
program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific costreimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are
both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply costreimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Grant Projects, Special Revenue Fund and the Enterprise Capital Projects Fund. The Enterprise Fund projects are consolidated with their respective operating fund for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$2,500. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several immaterial amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and Super-NOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments generally are reported at fair value. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. The NCCMT-Term Portfolio is bond fund, has no rating and is measured at fair value. At June 30, 2020, the Term Portfolio has a duration of .15 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing, or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

Town of Greenevers Restricted Cash

Governmental Activities General Fund		
	Streets	\$ 77,336
Total governmental activities		\$ 77,336
Business-type Activities		
Water and Sewer Fund		
	Customer Deposits	\$ 20,820
Total Business-type activities		\$ 20,820
Total Restricted Cash		\$ 98,156

3. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes which are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

4. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

5. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as items are used.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows; land, \$10,000; buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$15,000; infrastructure, \$20,000; furniture and equipment, \$5,000; and vehicles, \$5,000. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings	30
Improvements	20
Furniture and equipment	10
Vehicles and motorized equipment	5

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applied to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has no items that meets this criterion. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *Deferred Inflows of Resources*. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has only one item that meet the criterion for this category-property taxes receivable.

9. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides:

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days per year. Vacation leave is fully vested when earned.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for the accumulation of earned sick leave for an indefinite period. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

10. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Committed Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town of Greenevers's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purposes requires majority action by the governing body. The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that the Town of Greenevers intends to use for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Significant Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

Timeliness of audit submission. Noncompliance with budget.

2. Contractual Violations

None.

B. Deficit in Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds

None.

C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the expenditures made in the Town's General Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the governing board for the general government by \$32,140. Management and the Board will more closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2020, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$824,500 and a bank balance of \$814,559. The bank balances of the Town were covered by federal depository insurance in the amount of \$250,000. The remaining funds are covered through the pooling method.

2. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2020 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General Fund:

Taxes receivable \$ 642

Total General Fund \$ 642

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Ве	eginning				Ending
	Balances		Increases		Decreases	Balances
Governmental activities:						_
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	75,750	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 75,750
Total capital assets not being depreciated		75,750		-	-	75,750
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Land improvements		134,947		-	-	134,947
Buildings		349,572		-	-	349,572
Equipment		26,000		-	-	26,000
Total capital assets being depreciated		510,519		-	_	510,519
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Land improvements		49,482		3,373	-	52,855
Buildings		319,103		8,738	-	327,841
Equipment		26,000		-	-	26,000
Total accumulated depreciation		394,585	\$	12,111	\$ -	406,696
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		115,934				103,823
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	191,684	:			\$ 179,573

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$ 7,701
Cultural and recreational	4,410
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 12,111

	В	eginning					Ending
	Balances Increases		De	creases	Balances		
Business-Type activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	36,050	\$	-	\$	- \$	36,050
Construction in progress		266,390		454,450		-	720,840
Total capital assets not being depreciated		302,440		454,450		-	756,890
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings		371,872		-		-	371,872
Plant & Distribution System		4,058,459		-		-	4,058,459
Vehicles		15,297		-		-	15,297
Total capital assets being depreciated	·	4,445,628		-		-	4,445,628
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		371,757		115		-	371,872
Plant & Distribution System		1,187,846		102,454		-	1,290,300
Vehicles		15,297		-		-	15,297
Total accumulated depreciation		1,574,900	\$	102,569	\$	-	1,677,469
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		2,870,728					2,768,159
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$	3,173,168	•			\$	3,525,049

B. Liabilities

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	Statement of Net Position	Genera	al Fund Balance
			Sheet
Taxes Receivable (net)	\$ -	\$	61,377
	\$	- \$	61,377

4. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. General liability, auto liability, police professional liability and public officials liability in excess of \$1,000,000; property in excess of \$500,000 and \$500,000 up to statutory limits for workers' compensation.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town does not carry any flood insurance because the Town is not located in a flood plain.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer and tax collector are each individually bonded for \$50,000 and teh administrative assistant is bonded for \$10,000.

5. Claims, Judgements, and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2020, there were no lawsuits against the Town that materially impact it's financial statements.

6. Long Term Obligations

a. Changes in General Long-Term Liabilities

During the year ended June 30, 2020 the following changes occurred in installment purchase in the:

	Balance	C				Balance	Current
	06/30/19	1	Increases	Γ	Decreases	06/30/20	Portion
Governmental activities: Compensated absences Governmental activity	\$	- 9	5 11,948	\$	(4,355) \$	7,593	\$ 4,554
long-term liabilities	\$	- 5	11,948	\$	(4,355) \$	7,593	\$ 4,554
Business-type activities: Compensated absences	\$ -	. (8,173	\$	(2,243) \$	5,930	\$ 8,307
Business-type activity long-term liabilities	\$	- 3	8,173	\$	(2,243) \$	5,930	\$ 8,307

State statute provides for a legal debt limit of eight percent of the Town's appraised valuation. The Town's legal debt margin as of June 30, 2020 amounts to \$1,486,613.

Compensated absences for governmental activities have typically been liquidated in the General Fund.

D. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	Governmental	Business-type
Capital assets	\$ 179,573	\$ 3,525,049
less: long term debt	-	-
Net investment in capital asset	\$ 179,573	\$ 3,525,049

E. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 701,970
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	28,459
Streets - Powell Bill	77,336
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 596,175

IV. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several Federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

V. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

There are no subsequent events that would have a material affect on the financial statements. Subsequent events have been analyzed through June 22, 2021 that the financial statements were available to be issued.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.

Town of Greenevers, North Carolina General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues:		Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Ad valorem taxes:	_		_		_
Taxes	\$		\$	56,355	\$
Penalties and interest	_			1,574	
Total ad valorem taxes		59,240		57,929	(1,311
Unrestricted intergovernmental:					
Utilities sales tax				14,904	
Local option sales taxes				187,378	
Beer and wine tax				2,745	
Total unrestricted intergovernmental		181,250	_	205,027	23,777
Restricted intergovernmental:					
Powell Bill allocation				18,207	
Total restricted intergovernmental		18,210	_	18,207	(3
Permits and fees:					
Zoning Permits				25	
Charges for services				1,940	
Total permits and fees	_	1,965	_	1,965	_
Sales and services:					
Refuse				350	
Miscellaneous				172	
Total sales and services		525	_	522	(3
Investment earnings		7,520	_	7,374	(146
Total Revenues		268,710	_	291,024	22,314

Town of Greenevers, North Carolina General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:	<u> </u>	_	
General government:			
Administration:			
Salaries and benefits		38,878	
Operating expense		73,772	
Total administration	80,510	112,650	(32,140)
Total general government	80,510	112,650	(32,140)
Public Safety:			
Police:			
Contracted services		10,599	
Total police	25,700	10,599	15,101
Fire:			
Contributions		13,968	
Total fire	12,900	13,968	(1,068)
Total public safety	38,600	24,567	14,033
Transportation (Powell Bill):			
Operating expense		94,340	
Total transportation	106,845	94,340	12,505

Town of Greenevers, North Carolina General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Variance
		D 1 4	A . 1	Positive
Cultural/Recreation:		Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Parks and recreation				
Salaries & benefits			2.701	
			3,791	
Operating expense	_	12.200	1,706	7.002
Total parks and recreation		13,390	5,497	7,893
Community Center				
Salaries & benefits			3,791	
Operating expense			6,885	
Total community center		89,280	10,676	78,604
Total cultural and recreation	_	102,670	16,173	86,497
Total Expenditures		328,625	247,730	68,390
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(59,915)	43,294	103,209
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers to other funds		(17,500)	_	17,500
Fund balance appropriated		80,415	_	(80,415)
Total		62,915		(62,915)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	3,000	43,294 \$	40,294
Fund balances, beginning			658,676	
Fund balances, ending		\$	701,970	

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Town of Greenevers, North Carolina Water & Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Charges for services:			
Water & Sewer sales:		\$ 252,945	
Water taps		5,000	
Other operating revenues		787	
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 275,500	258,732	\$ (16,768)
Nonoperating revenues:			
Interest earnings	1,325	1,064	
Total Non-Operating Revenues	1,325	1,064	(261)
Total revenues	276,825	259,796	(17,029)
Expenditures:			
Water and Sewer Operations:			
Salaries and benefits		104,468	
Utilities		11,422	
Contracted services		99,076	
Maintenance and repairs		8,460	
Departmental supplies and materials		22,959	
Vehicle operations		9,195	
Other		8,811	
Total expenditures	299,325	264,391	34,934
Stabilization by State statute			
Transfers in (out)	22,500	_	(22,500)
Total other financing sources (uses):	22,500		(22,500)
Revenues and other sources over			
expenditures and other uses	\$ -	\$ (4,595)	\$ (4,595)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:			
Revenues over (under) expenditures		\$ (4,595)	
Reconciling items:			
Capital contributions		454,450	
Increase in accrued vacation payable		(5,930)	
Depreciation		(102,569)	
Total reconciling items		345,951	
Change in Net Position		\$ 341,356	

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds

Town of Greenevers, North Carolina

CDBG - Capital Project

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Project		Variance		
	ization	Year	Year	Date	(Negative)
Revenues - Project:					
Restricted intergovernmental:					
CDBG Grant	\$ 1,638,800	\$ 266,390	\$ 424,450	\$ 690,840	\$ (947,960)
USDA Grant			30,000	30,000	30,000
Total revenues	1,638,800	266,390	454,450	720,840	(917,960)
Expenditures - Project:					
Construction	1,475,000	228,390	379,400	607,790	867,210
Administration	163,800	38,000	75,050	113,050	50,750
Total expenditures	1,638,800	266,390	454,450	720,840	917,960
Revenues over (under) expenditures		175,828		175,828	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers from (to) other funds	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources	-	-			
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -
Stabilization by State statute					
Fund balance, beginning					
Fund balance, ending			\$ -		

OTHER SCHEDULES

This section includes additional information on property taxes.

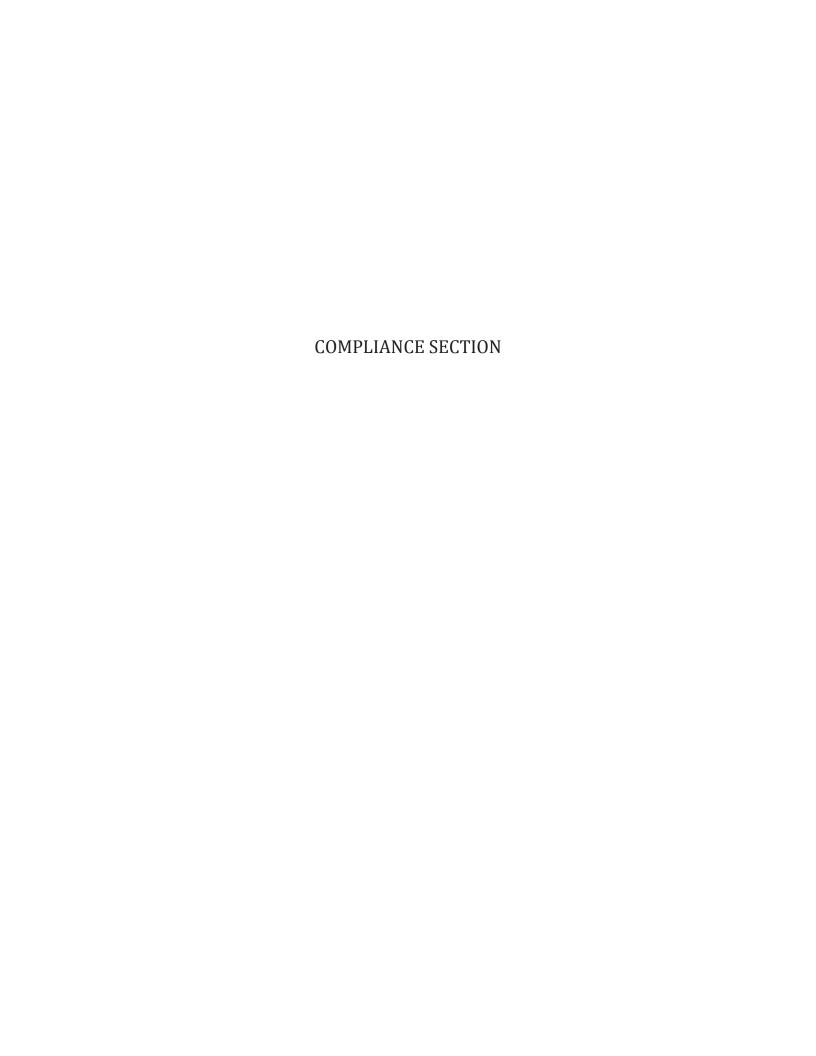
- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Town of Greenevers, North Carolina Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2019	A	dditions	llections l Credits	В	collected Balance 2 30, 2020
2019 - 2020	\$ -	\$	55,748	\$ 48,112	\$	7,636
2018 - 2019	3,285		-	670		2,615
2017 - 2018	1,731		-	140		1,591
2016 - 2017	1,253		-	-		1,253
2015 - 2016	12,034		-	841		11,193
2014 - 2015	10,122		-	667		9,455
2013 - 2014	8,372		-	905		7,467
2012 - 2013	7,744		-	710		7,034
2011 - 2012	7,711		-	683		7,028
2010 - 2011	6,720		-	615		6,105
2009 - 2010	4,899			4,899		-
	\$ 63,871	\$	55,748	\$ 58,242	\$	61,377
	Less: Allowance for Ad valorem taxes re				\$	(642) 60,735
	Reconcilement with	revenue	<u>s:</u>			
	Ad valorem taxes - Reconciling items: Interest & Penalt	:			\$	57,929 313
	Subtotal					313
	Total collections an	d credits			\$	58,242
Stabilization by	y State statute					

Town of Greenevers, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy Town - Wide Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

						Total	Levy	
	Т	Town - Wide				roperty egistered	Re	gistered
	Property			Total	Motor		Motor	
0.1.1.11	Valuation	Rate		Levy	V	ehicles	V	ehicles
Original levy: Property taxed at current	.		•		•	46.60=		0.064
year's rate Penalties	\$ 18,582,667	0.30	\$	55,748	\$	46,687	\$	9,061
Total	18,582,667			55,748		46,687		9,061
Total property valuation	\$ 18,582,667							
Net levy				55,748		46,687		9,061
Uncollected taxes at June 30,	2020			7,636		7,636		
Current year's taxes collected			\$	48,112	\$	39,051	\$	9,061
Current levy collection percent	ntage			86.30%		83.64%		100.00%





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Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners Greenevers. North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Greenevers for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprises the Town of Greenevers basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Greenevers internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Greenevers internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be significant deficiencies. Listed as items 2020-001, 2020-002, 2020-003.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Greenevers financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2020-003.

Town of Greenevers Response to Findings

The Town of Greenevers responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

<u>Thompson</u>, <u>Price</u>, <u>Scott</u>, <u>Adams & Co.</u>, <u>PA</u> Wilmington, North Carolina June 22, 2021

Town of Greenevers, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section I. Summary of Auditors' Results	
<u>Financial Statements</u>	
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial st GAAP: Unmodified	catements audited were prepared in accordance to
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes <u>X</u> _No
Significant Deficiency(s) identified?	X Yes No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	X Yes No

Town of Greenevers, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

2020-001 Segregation of Duties

Criteria: Duties should be segregated to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are handled appropriately.

Condition: There is a lack of segregation of duties among Town personnel.

Effect: Transactions could be mishandled.

Cause: There are a limited number of personnel for certain functions.

Identification of a repeat finding: This is a repeat finding from the immediate previous audit, 2019-001.

Recommendation: The duties should be separated as much as possible, and alternative controls should be used to compensate for lack of separation. The governing board should provide some of these controls.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The Town agrees with this finding and will adhere to the corrective action plan to follow.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

2020-002 Timeliness of Audit Report Submission.

Criteria: The June 30, 2020 audit was submitted passed the required due date. This is a violation of G.S. 159-33.

Condition: Required reports to the State of North Carolina were not filed by the required due date.

Context: The Town was unable to produce all the paperwork needed in a timely manner for the auditor to be able to complete the audit.

Effect: The reports are a requirement of General Statutes, lateness created the statue violation.

Cause: A delay in getting the audit firm information it needed to complete the audit.

Identification of a repeat finding: This is not a repeat finding.

Recommendation: The town has implemented steps to prevent this in the future.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The Town agrees with this finding and has already taken action.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY/NONCOMPLIANCE

2020-003 Noncompliance with Budget

Criteria: G.S. 159-28(a) states that no obligation may be incurred in a function accounted for in a fund included in the budget ordinance unless the budget ordinance includes an appropriation authorizing the obligation and an unencumbered balance remains in the appropriation sufficient to pay in the current fiscal year the sums obligated by the transaction for the current fiscal year.

Condition: The Town expended more for the General Fund than was appropriated for in the annual budget ordinance.

Effect: Monies were spent that had not been obligated and appropriated.

Cause: The Town exceeded budget expenditures in the General Fund while budget amendments were not adopted.

Identification of a repeat finding: This is not a repeat finding.

Recommendation: Before an obligation is to incur that will exceed the amount that was previously approved in the budget ordinance, an amendment to the budget should be adopted.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The Town will continue to monitor the budgets on a monthly basis to ensure compliance.

Town of Greenevers, North Carolina

Corrective Action Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2020 - 001

Name of Contact Person: Emma Brinson, Town Administrator

> The duties will be separated as much as possible and alternative controls will be used to compensate for lack of separation. The

Corrective Action: governing board will become more involved in providing some

of these controls.

Proposed Completion Date: The Board will implement the above procedure immediately.

2020 - 002

Name of Contact Person: Emma Brinson, Town Administrator

Corrective Action: The town will ensure timeliness of required Corrective Action:

filings.

Proposed Completion Date: The Board will implement the above procedure immediately.

2020 - 003

Name of Contact Person: Emma Brinson, Town Administrator

Corrective Action: The board will start evaluating this deficiency

to ensure that proper budgets are completed as well as budget Corrective Action:

amendments.

Proposed Completion Date: The Board will implement the above procedure immediately.