TOWN OF HALIFAX HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA

JUNE 30, 2020

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#### **TOWN OF HALIFAX**

#### NORTH CAROLINA

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2020

#### Mayor

John White

#### Town Clerk Holly Borcelo

Commissioners

William Johnson

Lisa Turner

**Christina Wells** 

Jane P. Bass

Patterson Wilson

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**Financial Section** 

JOHNSON, MCLEAN & COMPANY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS P.O. BOX 467 200 NORTH WYNN STREET MURFREESBORO, NORTH CAROLINA 27855

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#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor And Members of the Town of Halifax Halifax, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Halifax, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Halifax's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Halifax, North Carolina as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion to provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Halifax's basic financial statements. The introductory information, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with audit standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory information and the statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide assurance on them.

Im Melean or Company

Johnson, McLean & Company, CPA's Murfreesboro, North Carolina

October 7, 2020

As management of the Town of Halifax, we offer readers of the Town of Halifax's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Halifax for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the Town of Halifax exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$3,506,100 *(net position)*.
- The government's total net position decreased by \$127,881, due to decreases in the business-type activities net position of \$131,375 and a increase of the governmental activities of \$3,494.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Halifax's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$195,993 an increase of \$7,981 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 47 percent of this total amount, or \$92,336, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$92.336 or 51.5 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The Town of Halifax's long- debt decreased by \$2,075 during the current fiscal year. The key factor in the decrease was reduction in notes payable for payments made.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Halifax's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Halifax.



### Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The first two statements (Exhibits A and B) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits C through H) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government.

These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position are the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town's charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Halifax.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits A and B of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements (see Figure 2) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Halifax, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Town of Halifax can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

**Governmental Funds** – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are

## Management Discussion and Analysis **Town of Halifax**

left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Halifax adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town's, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

**Proprietary Funds** – Town of Halifax has one proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Halifax uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are included in this report.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

#### The Town of Halifax's Net Position

#### Figure 2

		Governmental Activities				Busine Activ	•••		Т	ota	1	
		2020	2019			2020		2019		2020		2019
Current and other assets	\$	200,669	\$	189,957	\$	25,944	Ś	82,524	Ś	226,613	Ś	272,481
Capital assets		87,954	·	94,416	,	3,253,179	,	3,298,252		3,341,133	Ŧ	3,392,668
Total assets		288,623		284,373		3,279,123		3,380,776		3,567,746		3,665,149
Long-term liabilities outstanding		14,525		16,600		-				14,525		16,600
Other liabilities		2,951		119		44,169		14,448		47,120		14,567
Total liabilities	-	17,476		16,719		44,169		14,448		61,645		31,167
Net Position:												
Invested in capital assets, net of												
related debt		73,429		94,416		3,253,178		3,298,252		3,326,607		3,392,668
Restricted		103,657		93,074		-		-		103,657		93,074
Unrestricted		94,061		80,164		(18,225)		68,076		75,836		148,240
Total net assets	\$	271,147	\$	267,654	\$	3,234,953	\$	3,366,328	\$	3,506,100	\$	3,633,982

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Town of Halifax exceeded liabilities by \$3,506,100 as of June 30, 2020. The Town's net position decreased by \$127,881 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. However, the largest portion 94.9 percent reflects the Town's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town of Halifax uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Halifax's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Halifax net position (2.9%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions in how they may be used. The remaining balance of the Town of Halifax's net position \$75,836 (2.2%) is unrestricted.

## Management Discussion and Analysis **Town of Halifax**

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

• Continued low amounts of debt for the Town.

#### **Town of Halifax Changes in Net Position** Figure 3

		emmental ctivities 2020	ernmental ctivities 2019	Business Type Activities 2020		Business Type Activities 2019		Activities				Total 2020			Total 2019
Revenues:															
Program revenues:	-			-		-			_	_					
Charges for services	\$	37,287	\$ 39,111	\$	145,388	\$	148,647	\$ 182,67		\$	187,758				
Operating grants and contrib		10,790	65,706		-			10,79	0		65,706				
Capital grants and contributio		-	-				-		-		-				
General revenues:		~~ ~~~							-						
Property taxes		80,738	76,731		-			80,73			76,731				
Other taxes		57,932	55,728		<u></u>			57,93	2		55,728				
Capital Grants		-	-		-		-		-		-				
Grants and contributions not res		-													
to specific programs		-			-				-		-				
Other		396	1,751		•		1	39			1,752				
Total revenues		187_143	239,027		145,388		148,648	332,53	1		387,675				
Expenses:															
General government		66,839	67,366		-		-	66,83	9		67,366				
Public safety		11,253	11,253		-		1.23	11,25	3		11,253				
Transportation		97,107	21,741		-		-	97,10	7		21,741				
Public works		-	94,983		-				-		94,983				
Culture and recreation		7,450	11,672		-		0.23	7.45	0		11,672				
Eonomic development		1,000	1,000		-		-	1.00	0		1,000				
Water and sewer			· _		276,763		266,060	276,76	3		266,060				
Total expenses		183,649	208,015		276,763		266,060	460,4			474,075				
Increase in net assets before transf		3,494	31,012		(131,375)		(117,412)	(127,88	31)		(86,400)				
Transfers		-	-						-						
Increase in net assets		3,494	31.012		(131,375)		(117,412)	(127,88	31)		(86,400)				
Net Position, July 1		267,653	236,641		3,366,328		3,483,740	3,633,98			3,720,381				
Net Position, June 30	\$	271,147	\$ 267,653	\$	3,234,953	\$	3,366,328	\$ 3,506,10	00	\$	3,633,981				

**Governmental activities**. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$3,494. Revenues were \$51,884 less than last year mainly due to the Town receiving a public Wi-Fi grant of \$50,000 the previous year. Expenditures were \$24,366 less than last year. For the current year presentation public works and transportation were combined.

**Business-type activities**. Business-type activities decreased the Town of Halifax's net position by \$131,375 mainly due to utility rates not covering depreciation. Revenues were \$3,260 less than last year, and expenditures were \$10,703 more than last year.

#### Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Halifax uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds**. The focus of the Town of Halifax's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Halifax's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Halifax. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$92,336, while total fund balance was \$195,993. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 51.5 percent of total General Fund expenditures while total fund balance is 109 percent.

At June 30, 2020, the governmental funds of Town of Halifax reported a combined fund balance of \$195,993, a 4.2 percent increase over last year. The increase is completely from the General Fund.

**General Fund Budgetary Highlights**: During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget several times. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues were \$15,257 less than budgeted. Expenditures were \$23.238 less than budgeted. The town was under budget in all expenditure classifications.

**Proprietary Funds.** The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to a deficit of \$18,225. The decrease in net position was \$131,375 for the current year. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town's business-type activities.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** The Town of Halifax's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020, totals \$3,341,133 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, vehicles, and construction in progress.

The Town had additions in the Business-type activities in the amount of \$54,991 related to the water and sewer fund collection system.

#### Town of Halifax's Capital Assets Figure 4

Land		vernmental Activities 2020 32,801	Activities 2019 32,801	Bi	Activities 2020	Business-type Activities 2019 \$ 11,712		s	Total 2020 44,513		Total 2019 44,513
Construction in progress	s		\$ -	Ŷ	-	2	-	0	-	5	-
Buildings and systems		39,258	40.995		3,177,451		3.213.196		3.216,709		3,254,191
Machinery and equipment		6,419	10,264		64,016		73,344		70,435		83,608
Infrastructure Vehicles and motorized		9,478	10,358		-		-		9,478		10,358
equipment		(2)	 (2)		-				(2)		(2)
Total	\$	87,954	\$ 94,416	\$	3,253,179	\$	3,298,252	S	3.341,133	\$	3,392,668

#### (net of depreciation)

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in notes of the Basic Financial Statements

**Long-term Debt**. As of June 30, 2020, the Town of Halifax had a notes payable outstanding of \$14,525. All of which is debt backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

#### Town of Halifax's Outstanding Debt -General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

#### Figure 5

		Govern Activ		Busin Act	ess-ty ivities			T	otal	
	20	020	2019	2020		2019		2020		2019
General obligation bonds	<b>\$</b> 1	4,525	\$ 16,600	\$	- \$		-	\$ 14,525	\$	16.600
Revenue bonds		-	-		-		-	\$ -	\$	
Total	*	4,525	\$ 16.600	\$ 	- \$		-	\$ 14,525	\$	16,600

The Town of Halifax's total debt decreased by the amount of the principal payments made during the year.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Town of Halifax is \$957,050. The Town has \$ 0 in bonds authorized and un-issued at June 30, 2020.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following indicators reflect Halifax and the surrounding area economic condition.

- High unemployment. The unemployment rate for the area is 9.5% compared to the State rate of 7.3% (September, 2020).
- No significant jobs have been created.
- The Town received a grant to provide public Wi-Fi service to the business area. It is hoped this service will bring people to the business area.

#### Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021

**Governmental Activities:** Property taxes remained the same as last year, 66 cents per \$100 valuation. Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund (including Powell Bill) for the 2021 budget was set at \$195,185 compared to \$179,262 for the final 2020 actual expenditures.

**Business – type Activities:** An operating expense budget for 2021 was set at \$157,710 as compared to last year's actual expenses of \$176,699. Water and sewer rates were increased to cover expenses for the 2021 year.

#### **Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Town Clerk, P.O. Box 222, Halifax, NC 27839, and phone (252) 583-6571.

**Basic Financial Statements** 

#### TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

		t				
	Governmental	Business-type				
	Activities	Activities	<u> </u>			
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 95,287	\$ -	\$ 95,287			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	90,724	-	90,724			
Taxes receivables (net)	1,290	-	1,290			
Accrued interest receivable on taxes	435	<u></u>	435			
Accounts receivable (net)	12,933	25,944	38,877			
Total current assets	200,669	25,944	226,613			
Capital assets						
Land, non-depreciable improvements	32,801	11,712	44,513			
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	55,153	3,241,467	3,296,620			
Total capital assets	87,954	3,253,179	3,341,133			
Total assets	288,623	3,279,123	3,567,746			
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:						
Check written inexcess of bank balance	-	20,137	20,137			
Accounts payable	2,951	10,242	13,193			
Customer deposits	-	13,790	13,790			
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year	2,075	-	2,075			
Due in more than one year	12,450	-	12,450			
Total liabilities	17,476	44,169	61,645			
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	73,429	3,253,178	3,326,607			
Stabilization by State statute	12,933	-	12,933			
Streets	32,624	-	32,624			
Escrow	8,000	-	8,000			
Wifi	50,100	-	50,100			
Unrestricted	94,061	(18,225)	75,836			
Total net position	\$ 271,147	\$ 3,234,953	\$ 3,506,100			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

			TOWN S For	TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2020	H CAROLINA VITIES 9 30, 2020			
				Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Re	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	Net Assets
						P	Primary Government	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Primary government: Governmental ∆ctivities:								
General government	φ	66,839	\$ 5,649		۱ د	\$ (61,190)	\$ 1 \$	(61,190)
Public safety		11,253		•	•	(11,253)	•	(11,253)
Transportation		97,107	31,352	9,100	I	(56,655)		(56,655)
Economic development		1,000				(1,000)		
		/,450	987	1,690	1	(5,4/4)	1	(5,474)
Total governmental activities (See Note 1)		183,649	37,287	10,790	×	(135,572)	1	(135,572)
Business-type activities: Water and sewer		276,763	145,388				(131,375)	(131,375)
Total business-type activities	33	276,763	145,388			•	(131,375)	(131,375)
Total primary government	ф	460,412	\$ 182,675	\$ 10,790	•	\$ (135,572)	\$ (131,375) \$	(266,947)
	Gen	General revenues:						
	<u>a</u> u.	Taxes: Property taxes, levied for	levied for general purpose	ourpose		80.738	•	80.738
	. 0	Other taxes				57,932	٠	57,932
	ΞΨ.	Miscellaneous			9	358	•	358
	ŋ	Total concerts		the second fraction		38		120,066
		I otal general revenues,	÷.	special items, and itansiers		000,851	4 11 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	138,000
	Net J	Change in net position Net position-beginning	t position ing			3,494 267,653	(131,375) 3,366,328	(127,881) 3,633,981
	Net p	Net position-ending	1			\$ 271,147	\$ 3,234,953 \$	3,506,100

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

# **EXHIBIT B**

d i

**Fund Financial Statements** 

87,954

435

1,290

271,147

\$

#### TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Maj	or Funds				
	General		Non-Ma	or Funds		Total
ASSETS						
Current Assets:	_					
Cash and temporary cash equivalents	\$	95,287	\$	-	\$	95,287
Restricted cash		90,724		-		90,724
Taxes receivable		1,290		-		1,290
Accounts receivable		12,933		-		12,933
Total Assets	<u> </u>	200,234	· · · ···	-	-	200,234
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		2,951		-		2,951
Total liabilities		2,951		-		2,951
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property Taxes Uncollected		1,290		-		1,290
Fund balances:						
Restricted						
Stabilizaton by State statute		12,933		-		12,933
Streets		32,624		-		32,624
Escrow		8,000		-		8,000
Wifi grant		50,100				50,000
Unassigned		92,336		-		92,336
Total fund balances		195,993		-		195,893
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	200,234	\$		\$	200,134

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit A) are different

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.

Liabilities for earned but unavailable revenues in fund statements.

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds (14,525)

Net position of governmental activities

#### TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES & CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Maj	or Funds	То	tal		Total
REVENUES:	General Fund		Non-I	Major		ernmental Funds
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	80,838	\$		\$	80,838
Other Taxes and Licenses	Ψ	35,108	ψ	-	φ	35,108
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues		22,824		_		22,824
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues		9,100		_		9,100
Sales and Service		31,352		-		31,352
Investment Earnings		38		-		38
Other		7,983		**		7,983
Total Revenues		187,243				187,243
EXPENDITURES						
General Government		65,121		_		65,121
Public Safety		11,000		_		11,000
Transportation		10,323		-		10,323
Public Works		85,290		_		85,290
Recreation		4,453		-		4,453
Economic Development		1,000		-		1,000
Debt Service:		,				1,000
Principal		2,075		-		2,075
Total Expenditures		179,262		-		179,262
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		7,981		-		7,981
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfer to Water and Sewer		-		-		-
Revenue and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures		7,981		-		7,981
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		188,012				188,012
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	195,993	\$	-	\$	195,993

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.  $$6^{\circ}$$ 

#### TOWN OF HALIFAX STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 7.981 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. (6, 462)Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues (62) Accrued interest on tax receivable (38)The issuance of long-tern debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of longterm debt relation items. 2,075 Principal payments on long-term debt Total changes in net position of governmental activities 3,494 \$

#### TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ANNUAL BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2020

	General Fund								
			dget			Actual	Fina	ance With Il Budget ositive	
	0	riginal		Final		Amount	(Negative)		
REVENUES:	<b>.</b>	00 775	•	00 775	٠	00.000	•	(0,007)	
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	83,775	\$	83,775	\$	80,838	\$	(2,937)	
Other Taxes and Licenses		31,660		31,660		35,108		3,448	
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues		24,000		24,000		22,824		(1,176)	
Sales and Service		9,610		9,610		9,100		(510)	
		31,000		31,000 50		31,352		352	
Investment Earnings Miscellaneous		50				38		(12)	
		15,850		22,405		7,983		(14,422)	
Total Revenues		195,945		202,500		187,243		(15,257)	
EXPENDITURES									
General Government		66,245		66,245		65,121		1,124	
Public Safety		11,000		11,000		11,000		-	
Transportation		20,675		20,675		10,323		10,352	
Economic Development		1,000		1,000		1,000		-	
Public Works		88,950		95,505		85,290		10,215	
Cultural and Recreational		6,000		6,000		4,453		1,547	
Debt Service:									
Principal		2,075		2,075		2,075		-	
Total Expenditures		195,945		202,500		179,262		23,238	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures						7,981		7,981	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Fund Balance Appropriated		-		-		-		-	
Total Other Financing Sources						-		1	
Revenues and Other Sources Over									
(Under) Expenditures	\$					7,981	\$	7,981	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING JULY 1						188,012			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING JUNE 30			\$	-	\$	195,993			

#### TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2020

		and Sewer Fund
ASSETS:	· · · ·	
Current assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-
Accounts Receivable (net) - billed		25,944
Total Current Assets		25,944
Capital Assets:		
Land and Other Non-Depreciable Assets		11,712
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation		3,241,467
Capital Assets (net)		3,253,179
Total Assets		3,279,123
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Checks Written in Excess of Bank Balance		20 427
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		20,137
Customer Deposits		10,242 13,790
Total Current Liabilities		44,169
NET POSITION		
Net Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		3,253,178
Unrestricted		(18,225)
Total Net Position	\$	3,234,953

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES & CHANGES IN FUND - NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2020

OPERATING REVENUE:		
Charges for Services	\$	145,388
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Water & Sewer Department		
Salaries		22,887
Payroll Taxes		1,886
Office Supplies		487
Telephone & Postage		4,568
Professional Fees		17,376
Repairs & Maintenance		3,049
Utilities		112,703
Depreciation		100,064
Laboratory Analysis		8,768
Insurance		1,776
Supplies		903
Advertising		858
Dues		945
Training		493
Total Operating Expense		276,763
Operating Income (Loss)		(131,375)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES ( EXPENSES)		
Interest Income		-
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		~
Net (Loss) Income Before Transfers and Capital Contributions		(131,375)
Change in Net Position		(131,375)
Net Position - July 1, 2019		3,366,328
Net Position - June 30, 2020	\$	3,234,953
	Ψ	0,204,000

#### TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAR0LINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid for Goods and Services Cash Paid to or on Behalf of Employees for Services Customer Deposits Received Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 143,228 (142,489) (24,772) 147 (23,886)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Capital Outlay Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	 (54,991) (54,991)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest	 <u> </u>
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Balances - Beginning of the Year Balances - End of the Year	 (78,877) 58,740 (20,137)
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operations: Depreciation	(131,375) 100,064
(Increase) Decrease in: Water Accounts Receivable (Decrease) Increase in:	(2,160)
Accounts Payable Customer Deposits Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 9,438 147 (23,886)

#### TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Halifax conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Halifax is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

*Fund Financial Statements*: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental and proprietary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund.** The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

The Town reports the following non-major governmental fund:

None.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

#### TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.) JUNE 30, 2020

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the state of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town because the tax is levied by Halifax County and them remitted to and distributed by the State. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

#### D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$2,500. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Revenue and Fund Equity

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit

accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The Town investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition and non-money market investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The securities of the NCCMT Cash Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value. Money market investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. Non-participating interest earning investment contracts are reported at cost.

In accordance with State law, the Town has invested in securities which are callable and which provide for periodic interest rate increases in specific increments until maturity. These investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

#### 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

#### 3. Restricted Assets

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-4101 thru 136-4104. Building escrow is for proceeds for the sale of a building required to be held in escrow for 5-years.

Town of Halifax Restricted Cash	
Governmental Activities	
General Fund - Streets	\$ 32,624
Building Escrow	8,000
Wi-fi Grant	 50,100
Total restricted cash	\$ 90,724

#### 4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

#### 5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land,

#### TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.) JUNE 30, 2020

\$1,000; Buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$1,000; infrastructure, \$20,000; furniture and equipment, \$1,000; and vehicles, \$1,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives	
Infrastructure	30 - 50	
Buildings	50	
Improvements	25	
Vehicles	6	10
Furniture and equipment	10	
Computer equipment	3	

#### 7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has no item that meets this criterion. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has only one item that meets the criterion for this category – property taxes receivable.

#### 8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs except for prepaid cost, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance cost are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 9. Net Position/Fund Balances

#### Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

#### Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balances can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Escrow – Proceeds from the sale of a building are required to be held in escrow for 5-years

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

#### II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

#### A. Significant Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

1. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriation

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Town's and the Water and Sewer Fund expenditures exceeded budget in the amount of \$18,680. The over-expenditure occurred because of unexpected increase cost in utilities. Management and the Board will more closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

#### B. Deficit in Fund Balance Not Appropriated in Subsequent Year's Budget Ordinance

The Water and Sewer Fund has a deficit unrestricted fund balance of \$18,225. The Town has increased water/sewer rates to cover the deficit.

#### III. Detail Notes On All Funds

- A. Assets
  - 1. Deposits

All of the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2020, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$165,839 and a bank balance of \$183,523. The bank balances of the Town were covered by federal depository insurance in the amount of \$250,000. The Town has \$35 cash on hand at year end.

#### 2. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in Exhibit A, Statement of Net Assets, do not reflect any provision for allowances for doubtful accounts, because any doubtful accounts are considered to be immaterial.

#### 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	eginning alances		Increases	Decr	reases	E	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 32,801	\$	÷.	\$	-	\$	32 801
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings	58,074	\$	-	\$	-	\$	58,074
Equipment	48,989		-		-		48,989
Vehicles and motorized equipment	7,572		-				7,572
Infrastructure	63,834		-		-		63,834
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 178,469	\$	-	\$	-	\$	178,469
Less accumulated depreciation for:	 						
Buildings	\$ 17,079	\$	1,737	\$	-	\$	18,816
Equipment	38,725		3,845		-		42,570
Vehicles and motorized equipment	7,574		-		-		7,574
Infrastructure	53,476		880		-		54,356
Total accumulated depreciation	116 854		6,462				123,316
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 61,615				<u> </u>		55,153
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 94,416	•				\$	87,954

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Total depreciation expense	\$ 6,462
Recreation	 2,997
Public works	84
Transportation	1,410
Public safety	253
General government	\$ 1,718

#### TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.) JUNE 30, 2020

	Beginning Balances	łr	icreases	Deci	reases	Ending Balances
Business-type activities:						
Water and Sewer Fund						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 11,712	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 11,712
Construction in progress	 -		-		-	-
	\$ 11,712	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 11,712
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Plant and distribution systems	\$ 4,421,601	\$	54,991	\$	-	\$ 4,476,592
Furniture and maintenance equipment	199,604		-		-	199,604
	\$ 4,621,205	\$	54,991	\$	-	\$ 4,676,196
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Plant and distribution systems	\$ 1,208,405	\$	90,736	\$	-	\$ 1,299,141
Furniture and maintenance equipment	126,260		9,328		-	135,588
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 1,334,665	\$	100,064	\$	-	\$ 1,434,729
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 3,286,540					 3,241,467
Water and Sewer fund capital assets, net	\$ 3,298,252	-				\$ 3,253,179

#### B. Liabilities

#### 1. Pension Plan Obligations

The Town employees do not participate in the Local Government Employee's Retirement System. The Town does not have a police force and, therefore, no provision for Law Enforcement Retirement.

#### 2. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	Deferred Inflows
Taxes Receivable (General Fund)	1,290

#### 3. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town insures itself against such losses through the use of commercial insurance coverage. The Town has general liability coverage of one million dollars, utility vehicle liability coverage of \$300,000 per accident and \$100,000 per person, and worker's compensation coverage of \$100,000.

The Town carries other commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town does not carry flood insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The mayor and finance officer are individually bonded for \$50,000.

#### 4. Long-Term Obligations

a. Notes Payable

Notes payable at June 30, 2020 are comprised of the following individual agreements:

Governmental Activities:

A direct placement installment purchase of \$41,500 to finance the purchase of the Town Hall (collateralized by the building) from Halifax County on May 31, 2008. The note is payable in twenty annual equal principal payments of \$2,075 with no interest.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Town's note payable are as follows:

		Governmental Activities						
	_Pr	incipal	Inte	rest		Total		
2020	\$	2,075	\$	-	\$	2,075		
2021		2,075		-		2,075		
2022		2,075		-		2,075		
2023		2,075		-		2,075		
2024		2,075		-		2,075		
2025-2026		4,150		-		4,150		
	\$	14 525	\$	-	\$	14,525		

#### b. Changes in Long-Term Debt

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in Governmental activities:

	_	alance y 1, 2013	Addi	tions	Reti	rements	 alance y 1, 2020	- +	rrent rtion
By type of debt Direct Placement Installment Purchase Compensated Absences	\$	16,600	\$	-	\$	2,075	\$ 14,525	\$ 2	2,075
	\$	16,600	\$	-	\$	2,075	\$ 14,525	\$ 2	2,075

#### IV. Related Party Transactions

None.

#### V. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

#### Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

#### VI. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

There have been no events which occurred between June 30, 2020 and the date of this report which have significant effect on the Town.

Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

#### TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET & ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2020 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019)

	2020						2019		
		Budaet		Actual	Fa	ariance vorable avorable)		Actual	
REVENUES:									
Ad Valorem Taxes:									
Current Year	\$	-	\$	79,566	\$	-	\$	76,571	
Prior Years		-		581		-		680	
Penalties and Interest		-		691		-		19	
Total		83,775		80,838		(2,937)		77,270	
Other Taxes and Licenses									
Local Option Sales Tax		-		32,158		~		31,667	
Zoning		-		120		-		400	
Permits & Fees		-		285		-			
Sales Tax Refund		-		2,545		-		_	
Total		31,660		35,108		3,448		32,067	
Uprostricted Interney commented Devenues									
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues: Utility Franchise Tax		-		21,856		-		22,481	
Beer and Wine Tax		-		968		_		981	
Total		24,000		22,824		(1,176)	<u></u>	23,462	
Restricted Intergovernmental: Powell Bill Allotment									
		-		8,920		-		9,032	
Solid Waste Disposal		-		180		-		159	
Total		9,610		9,100		(510)		9,191	
Sales and Service:									
Garbage Collection Fees		-		22,466		-		21,693	
Yard Trash Fees		-		8,886		-		9,446	
Total		31,000		31,352		352		31,139	
Investment Earnings		50		38		(12)		43	
Other:									
Street Fair		_		250		-		_	
Donations		-		1,690		_		1,243	
Powell Bill Reimbursement		_		1,030		-		7,972	
Recreation		-		286		-		5,431	
Miscellaneous		-		108		_		1,708	
Insurance Claims		-		5,649		-		1,700	
Wi-fi Grant		-				-		50,000	
Total		22,405		7,983		(14,422)		66,354	
Total Revenues	\$	202,500	\$	187,243	\$	(15,257)	\$	239,526	
			-	,2.0	<u> </u>	1.0,201)		200,020	

#### STATEMENT 1 PAGE 2 OF 3

#### TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET & ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2020 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019)

		2019		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
EXPENDITURES:			(	
General Government:				
Salaries:	<u>,</u>	¢ 10.045	¢	¢ 00.044
Salaries and Employee Benefits Professional Services	\$-	\$       18,215 14,933	\$-	\$      22,614 10,459
Insurance	-	14,533	-	5,208
Dues and Subscriptions	-	2,092	-	2,570
Telephone and Postage	-	4,345	-	4,590
Utilities	-	4,372	-	3,754
Other Operating Expenses		9,597		10,949
Total General Government	66,245	65,121	1,124	60,144
Duble Sefety				
Public Safety: Fire Department	-	11,000	-	11,000
Total Public Safety	11,000	11,000		11,000
		,		
Transportation:				
Street Lights	-	10,323	•	10,968
Street Improvements		-		9,363
Total Transportation	20,675	10,323	10,352	20,331
Public Works:				
Salaries and Employee Benefits	-	39,401	-	46,653
Maintenance & Repair	-	14,849	-	4,302
Other Operating Expenditures	-	7,657	-	12,949
Landfill, Recycle & Garbage Collection Fee	-	23,383	-	30,995
Total Public Works	95,505	85,290	10,215	94,899
Recreation				
Fire Works	6,000	4,453	1,547	8,675
Economic Development	1,000	1,000		1,000
Debt Service				
Principle	2,075	2,075		2,075
Total Expenditures:	202,500	179,262	23,238	198,124
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	7,981	(7,981)	41,402
Other Einspeing Sources				
Other Financing Sources: Fund Balance Appropriated	_	_	-	-
Tuna balance Appropriated	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	•		· · ·	

#### TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET & ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2020 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019)

		2019				
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual		
Revenue & Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 7,981	\$ 7,981	\$ 41,402		
FUND BALANCE: Beginning of Year - July 1		188,012		146,570		
End of year - June 30		\$ 195,993		<u>\$ 187,972</u>		

#### TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES & EXPENDITURES BUDGET & ACTUAL, NON-GAAP, MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS WATER & SEWER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2020 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019)

		2019				
₩	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual		
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Charges for Services:	\$ -	\$ 144,147	\$ -	\$ 146,852		
Other operating revenues Tap & Connection Fees		400				
Penalties	-	100	-	-		
Total operating revenues	158,000	<u> </u>	(12,612)	<u> </u>		
		110,000	(12,012)			
NON-OPERATING REVENUES:						
Interest Earned	10	-	(10)	1_		
Total Revenues	158,010	145,388	(12,622)	148,648		
EXPENDITURES:						
Operations:						
Salaries	-	22,887	-	29,395		
Payroll Taxes & Benefits	-	1,886	-	2,198		
Office Supplies	-	487		3,363		
Inspection	-	-	-	420		
Professional Fees	-	17,376	-	9,735		
Repairs & Maintenance	-	3,049	-	8,833		
Utilities	-	112,703	-	98,344		
Advertising & Election	-	858	-	32		
Supplies	-	903	-	2,319		
Insurance	-	1,776	-	1,422		
Capital Outlay	-	54,991	-	2,245		
Laboratory Analysis	-	8,768	5 <del>.</del>	8,532		
Telephone & Postage	-	4,568	-	5,445		
Training	**	493	-	114		
Dues		945	-	265		
Total Operating Expenditures	213,010	231,690	18,680	172,662_		
Revenues Over Expenditures	(55,000)	(86,302)	(31,302)	(24,014)		
Other Sources & (Uses):			38			
Appropriated Fund Balance	55,000		-	-		
Transfer to General Fund		-	~	-		
	55,000		-			
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	\$ (86,302)	\$ (31,302)	\$ (24,014)		

#### TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES & EXPENDITURES BUDGET & ACTUAL, NON-GAAP, MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS WATER & SEWER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2020 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019)

	2020						2019		
_	Budget	Actual		Variance Favorable Actual (Unfavorable)		Actual			
<b>Reconciliation of Modified Accrual Basis:</b>									
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		\$	(86,302)	\$		\$	(24,014)		
Reconciling Items Depreciation Capital Outlay Total Reconciling Items			(100,064) 54,991 (45,073)		-		- - -		
Net Income		\$	(131,375)	\$		\$	(24,014)		

**Other Schedules** 

#### TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE June 30, 2020

	Ba Jui	ollected lance ne 30, 2019	Additions		Collections and Credits		Uncollected Balance June 30, 2020	
2019-2020	\$	-	\$	80,155	\$	79,566	\$	589
2018-2019		328		-		272		56
2017-2018		216		-		160		56
2016-2017		204		-		149		55
2015-2016		55		-		-		55
2014-2015		48		-		-		48
2013-2014		121		-		-		121
2012-2013		99		-		-		99
2011-2012		110		-		-		110
2010-2011		102		-		-		102
2009-2010		70		-		70		-
TOTALS	\$	1,353	\$	80,155	\$	80,217	\$	1,291

Reconciliation with Revenues: Taxes-Ad Valorem-General Fund Ad Valorem Tax Written Off Discounts Allowed & Releases	\$ 80,838 70
Subtotal	80,908
Less Penalties and Interest Collected	(691)
Tota Collections and Credits	<u>\$ 80,217</u>

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#### TOWN OF HALIFAX, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY June 30, 2020

	Total Property Valuation Rate		Amount of Levy		Property Excluding Registered <u>Motor Vehicles</u>		Registered Motor Vehicles	
Original Levy: Property Taxes at Current Years Rate Releases Total	\$ 12,427,727 (283,030) \$ 12,144,697	0.66% 0.66% 0.66%	\$	82,023 (1,868) 80,155	\$	71,879 (1,868) 70,011	\$	10,144 0 10,144
Uncollected June 30, 2020				(589)		(589)		
Current Years Taxes Collected			\$	79,566	\$	69,422	\$	10,144
Current Levy Collection Percentage				99.57%		<u>99.5</u> 0%		100.00%