Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Prepared by Financial Services Department

Brooke Hunter Financial Services Director

Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina

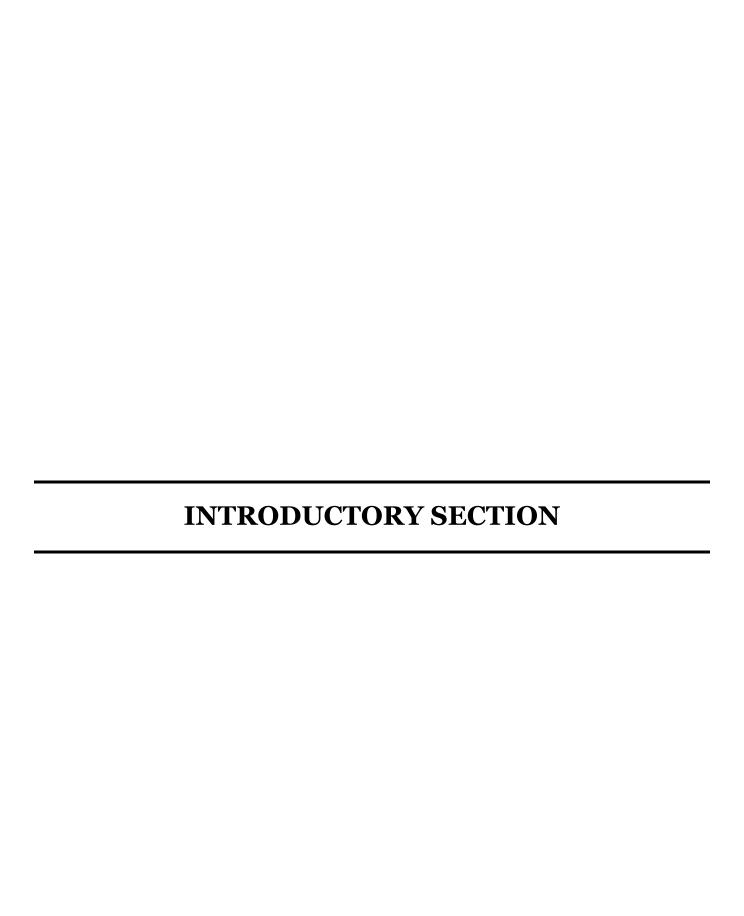
TABLE OF CONTENTS

	INTRODUCTORY SECTION	Page No.
	Letter of Transmittal	i
	Certificate of Achievement	iv
	Organizational Chart	V
	List of Principal Officials	vi
	FINANCIAL SECTION	
	Independent Auditors' Report	1
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
<u>Exhibit</u>	Basic Financial Statements	
	Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
1	Statement of Net Position	16
2	Statement of Activities	17
	Fund Financial Statements:	
3	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	18
4	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	40
E	Statement of Net Position	19
5	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	20
6	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,	20
•	Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of	
	Activities	21
7	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
	Balances - Annual Budget and Actual - General Fund	22
	Notes to Financial Statements	23
<u>Schedule</u>		
	Required Supplementary Information ("RSI")	
RSI-1	Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Local Government Employees' Retirement System	44
RSI-2	Schedule of Contributions - Local Government Employees' Retirement	
RSI-3	SystemSchedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability - Law Enforcement	45
	Officers' Special Separation Allowance	46
RSI-4	Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll - Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance	47
	General Fund:	
1	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
	Budget and Actual - General Fund	48

Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Schedule</u>	FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED)	Page No.
	Community Center Capital Project Fund:	
2	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Community Center Capital Project Fund	52
	Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds:	
3	Schedule by Source	53
4	Schedule by Function and Activity	54
5	Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity	55
	Additional Financial Data	
6	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	56
7	Analysis of Current Tax Levy	57
<u>Table</u>	STATISTICAL SECTION	
	Government-Wide Information:	
1	Net Position by Component	58
2	Changes in Net Position	60
_	Fund Information:	
3	Fund Balances - Governmental Funds by Year	62
4	Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds by Year	64
5	Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	66
6	Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	67
7	Principal Property Tax Payers	68
8	Property Tax Levies and Collections	69
9	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	70
10	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	71
11	Legal Debt Margin Information	72
12	Demographic and Economic Statistics	73
13	Principal Employers	74
14	Full-time Equivalent Employees by Function	75
15	Operating Indicators by Function	76
16	Capital Asset Statistics by Function	78
<u>Schedule</u>	COMPLIANCE SECTION	
	Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
	Government Auditing Standards	80
	Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the	
0	Uniform Guidance and State Single Audit Implementation Act	82
8	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	84
9	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	86





HISTORY, CHARM, AND SOUTHERN HOSPITALITY_

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

October 27, 2020

Dear Mayor, Members of the Village Council, and Citizens:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina (Village) is submitted for your review and use. This report was prepared by the Village's Financial Services Department, and it is the comprehensive publication of the Village's financial position and results of operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The Village, like all other local governments in the State, is required by State law to publish a complete set of financial statements within four months of the close of each fiscal year. The financial statements must be presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and to provide further accountability to citizens and other interested parties by providing a more comprehensive report in lieu of the minimum basic financial statement requirements.

As a comprehensive annual financial report, this document provides financial detail and historical trends beyond the basic financial statements in the Financial Section. The Supplementary Information provides details on the Village's pension plans. The Statistical Section provides trend information on financial performance, revenue capacity, debt capacity, demographic and economic indicators, and operating information. A Compliance Section includes documentation on federal and state grants and awards compliance.

Village management is responsible for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the report. To ensure reliability of the information, Village management has established a comprehensive framework of internal controls. Internal controls protect the Village's assets from loss, theft and misuse and provide reliable information for the preparation of this report. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Village's controls have been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. As management, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete, accurate and reliable in all material respects.

As noted earlier, the Village is required by state law to have an annual independent financial audit. Dixon Hughes Goodman, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, conducted the audit and concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified ("clean") opinion that the Village's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report on the basic financial statements is located at the beginning of the financial section of this report.

In addition to the independent audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit on federal and state financial assistance is also required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200: Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are located in the Compliance Section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Management's discussion and analysis of the basic financial statements (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a prescribed narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A is designed to complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Village

"The Village of Pinehurst is a charming, vibrant community which reflects our rich history and traditions." This vision statement adopted by the Village Council is reflective of what we aspire to be as a community. Our mission is to "promote, enhance, and sustain the quality of life for residents, businesses, and visitors." The Village was incorporated in 1980 and is located in the Sandhills Region of North Carolina. The Village has a land area of approximately 17 square miles, and an estimated population of 17,100. Pinehurst is the largest of eleven municipalities in Moore County. The Village is empowered to levy a property tax on both real estate and personal properties located within its boundaries. It also is empowered, by state statute, to extend its corporate limits by annexation on a limited basis.

The Village has operated under the Council-Manager form of government since its incorporation in 1980. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the Village Council consisting of the mayor and four other members. The Village Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the Village's manager and attorney. The Village Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Village Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the Village, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. Four members of the Village Council and the Mayor are elected to four-year staggered terms. The Council then selects the Mayor Pro-tem and Treasurer from within the Council membership.

The Village provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; planning and building inspections; solid waste services; and recreational activities.

The Pinehurst Village Council is required to adopt a budget by July 1 of each year. The Village's budget ordinance creates a legal limit on spending authorizations and serves as the foundation for Pinehurst's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund and department. The Village Manager is authorized by the budget ordinance to make certain limited transfers within funds to facilitate budget execution consistent with Council intent.

Local Economy

The Village is primarily a residential community with a historically strong growth rate in residential development. Over the past year, the Village saw continued strengthening of the local housing market. In fiscal year (FY) 2020, 189 new homes were constructed in the Village, which is a significant increase from the 122 homes constructed in the previous year.

The tourism industry contributes significantly to the economic well-being of the Village. Moore County ranks eleventh out of one-hundred North Carolina counties in tourism, with an estimated \$563 million in annual tourism generated revenues. This is due primarily to the world-renowned reputation of Pinehurst Resort, which is owned by the privately held company Pinehurst, LLC. The resort's golf, hotel, and spa amenities draw tourists from all over the world as a result of its exceptional quality. Pinehurst Resort hosted the 1999, 2005, and 2014 U.S. Open Golf Championships. In 2014, the back-to-back U.S. Open and U.S. Women's Open Championships generated over \$169 million dollars in economic impact on the local and state economy. Pinehurst Resort is the Village's largest taxpayer and employs approximately 1,500 people.

The Village also claims a top-notch regional health facility, FirstHealth of the Carolinas. FirstHealth is a private, not-for-profit health care system based in Pinehurst which serves 15 counties. FirstHealth is the County's largest private employer, employing approximately 3,600 health care professionals and staff. Their commitment to quality is evidenced by FirstHealth's flagship hospital, Moore Regional, being consistently named among the Top 100 Hospitals in the country.

Long-Term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives

The Village is committed to maintaining a strong financial condition. The Village Council's adopted fund balance policy requires the Village to maintain a minimum unassigned General Fund balance of 15% of actual expenditures

as reported in the Village's CAFR. In addition, when preparing the annual General Fund budget, the total appropriated fund balance should result in anticipated ending total fund balance in the range of 30% to 40% of budgeted expenditures. At June 30, 2020, the General Fund's unassigned fund balance of \$7,305,222 represented 42% of General Fund actual expenditures and total fund balance was 51% of budgeted expenditures. Included in total fund balance this year is \$1 million returned to the Village from the Given Memorial Library capital campaign account.

In FY 2021, the Village adopted its eighth Strategic Operating Plan (SOP). This strategic planning process was adopted as a part of implementing the Malcolm Baldrige Performance Excellence Framework and is designed to provide an integrated approach to organizational performance management. The SOP includes a one-year budget and a five-year financial forecast that incorporates a five-year capital improvement plan (CIP). The SOP is a strategic, results-driven approach to resource allocation that is closely aligned with the Village Council's strategy and achieving the results articulated in the Village's balanced scorecard.

The Village Council adopted nine organizational goals for the 2021 Strategic Operating Plan to achieve that mission. These overarching community goals are as follows: (1) safeguard the community, (2) promote high quality development and appearance, (3) promote a thriving business community, (4) promote transportation mobility and connectivity, (5) protect the environment, (6) promote active living and cultural opportunities, (7) professionally manage a high performing organization, (8) attract and retain an engaged workforce, and (9) maintain a healthy financial condition.

Major initiatives of the FY 2021 Strategic Operating Plan to address these goals include:

- Update the Pinehurst Development Ordinance
- Small area plan for the Village Place/Rattlesnake Trail corridor and Pinehurst South/Highway 5 commercial area
- Develop a comprehensive storm water master plan

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Village for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This was the 27th consecutive year the Village has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Village published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the Village received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 through 2020. We were awarded the Special Performance Measures Recognition in three of those years. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the Village's budget document was judged to be proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the dedicated efforts of the entire staff of the Financial Services Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the mayor and the Village Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Village's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Jeffrey M. Sanborn

Village Manager

Brooke Hunter

Financial Services Director

Broke Hunter



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Village of Pinehurst North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

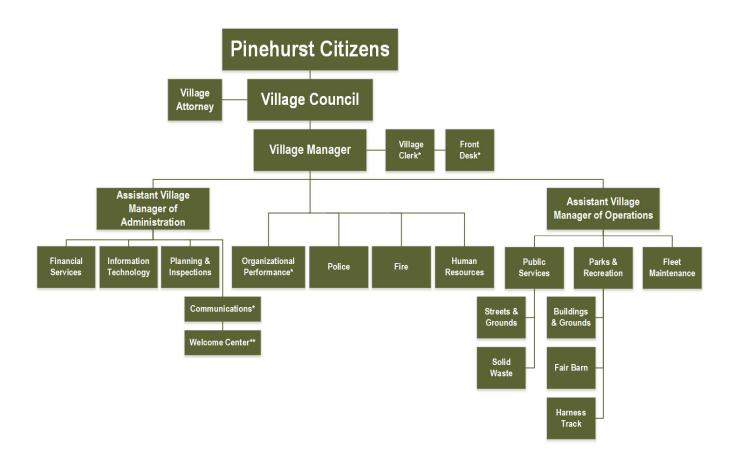
June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina

Organizational Chart June 30, 2020



- * This function is included in the Administration Department.
- ** This function is included in the Community Development Department.

Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina List of Principal Officials June 30, 2020

Elected Officials

John C. Strickland Mayor

Judy Davis Mayor Pro-Tem

Lydia Boesch Treasurer

Kevin Drum Council Member Jane Hogeman Council Member

Appointed Officials

Jeffrey M. Sanborn Village Manager

Natalie Hawkins Assistant Village Manager
Jeff Batton Assistant Village Manager

Michael J. Newman Village Attorney Beth Dunn Village Clerk

Brooke Hunter Financial Services Director

Lauren Craig Organizational Performance Director

Angela Kantor Human Resources Director
Jason Whitaker Chief Information Officer
Glen Webb Interim Police Chief

Carlton Cole Fire Chief

Darryn Burich Planning & Inspections Director

Mike Apke Public Services & Engineering Director

Randy Kuhn Fleet Maintenance Director Mark Wagner Parks & Recreation Director



Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Village Council Village of Pinehurst Pinehurst, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina ("the Village") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise of the Village's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 15, Local Government Employees' Retirement System Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) on page 44, Local Government Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Contributions on page 45, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and the Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on pages 46 and 47 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Village. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepared the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



The introductory information and the statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2020, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

High Point, North Carolina October 27, 2020

Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis

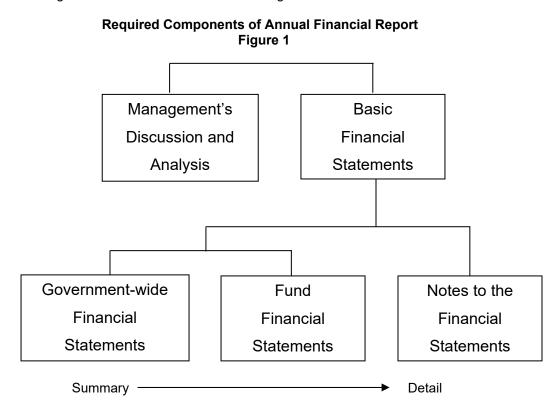
As management of the Village of Pinehurst (the Village), we offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information we have furnished in the Village's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Village exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$35,672,441 (net position).
- The Village's total net position increased by \$2,769,157 primarily due to the return of \$1 million previously contributed by the Village to the Given Memorial Library capital expansion campaign. These funds were returned due to the library's inability to meet fundraising efforts. Other factors contributing to this increase include lower than expected operating expenditures, an increase in capital assets, and the reduction in long-term debt due to scheduled principal payments.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds, consisting of the General Fund and Community Center Capital Project Fund, reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,478,644, an increase of \$1,086,213 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$7,305,222, or 42% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year. This amount is available for spending at the Village's discretion.
- The Community Center Capital Project Fund was established to account for the design and construction of the new Cannon Park Community Center. Estimated design and construction costs were transferred from the General Fund in prior fiscal years. Ending committed fund balance in the Capital Project Fund was \$249,374, which will be used to complete the project.
- The Village's total debt decreased by \$298,687 (68%) during the current fiscal year. The decrease was due
 to scheduled principal payments on existing debt obligations. Total debt outstanding was \$141,600 at the
 2020 fiscal year end.
- The Village had no general obligation bonded debt as of June 30, 2020.
- Throughout the year, the Village's deposits were insured or collateralized as required by State law. Total
 investment earnings were approximately \$171,964, which is equivalent to a return of approximately 1.38%
 on the average amount of cash and cash equivalents during the year. At fiscal year's end, 77% of the
 Village's cash and investments were invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT)
 Term Portfolio and 21% were invested with the NCCMT Government Portfolio.
- The COVID-19 coronavirus pandemic reached North Carolina in March 2020 and continues to affect our community. Several revenue sources have declined as a result of the pandemic, including local option sales tax revenues, investment income, facility rental revenues, and recreation and athletic programming fees.
- The Village has received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for 27 consecutive years. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition awarded in the field of governmental financial reporting.
- For the 2020 fiscal year, the Village received the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the 13th consecutive year from the Government Finance Officers Association for its annual budget. We have also been awarded the Special Performance Measures Recognition in three of those years.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements consist of three components; (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Village through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Village.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-Wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Village's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 7) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Village's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are two parts to the Fund Financial Statements: (1) the governmental funds statements; and (2) the budgetary comparison statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Village's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Village's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Village's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Village's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Village's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Village's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: (1) governmental activities; (2) business-type activities; and (3) component units. The governmental activities include all of the Village's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and State and Federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Village charges customers to provide. The Village does not engage in any business-type activities as of June 30, 2020. The final category is the component unit. The Village does not have any component units as of June 30, 2020.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Village's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the North Carolina General Statutes or the Village's budget ordinance. The Village currently has two funds, the General Fund and the Community Center Capital Project Fund, which are governmental funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. All of the Village's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Village's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Village adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Village, the management of the Village, and the Village Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Village to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Village complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Village succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The statement shows four columns: (1) the original budget as adopted by the Village Council; (2) the final budget as amended by the Council; (3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and (4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

A multi-year project ordinance was adopted for the Community Center Capital Project Fund, as the facility has taken more than one fiscal year to design and build.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 23 of this report.

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Village's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 44 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities - The Village depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the state of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Village is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign government and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

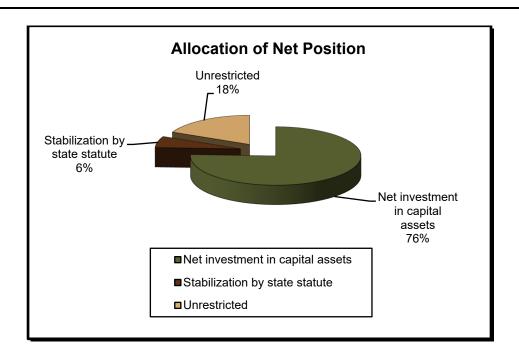
Net Position

The following (Figure 2) reflects condensed information on the Village's net position:

Village of Pinehurst's Net Position Figure 2

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
	2020	2019
Current and other assets	\$ 12,797,809	\$ 12,250,499
Capital assets	27,154,218	25,132,901
Total assets	39,952,027	37,383,400
Deferred outflows of resources	1,941,830	2,017,676
Long-term liabilities outstanding	4,845,103	4,603,521
Other liabilities	1,301,187	1,791,252
Total liabilities	6,146,290	6,394,773
Deferred inflows of resources	75,126	103,019
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	27,012,618	24,692,614
Restricted for:		
Stabilization by state statute	2,233,881	1,923,503
Public safety	-	10,943
Unrestricted	6,425,942	6,276,224
Total net position, ending	\$ 35,672,441	\$ 32,903,284

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Village exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$35,672,441 as of June 30, 2020. The Village's net position increased by \$2,769,157 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The largest portion of net position, \$27,012,618 or 76%, reflects the Village's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, right of ways, buildings, machinery and equipment). The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Village's net position, \$2,233,881, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$6,425,942 is unrestricted.



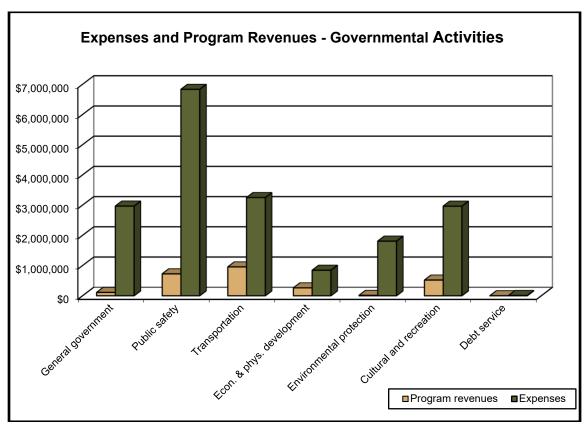
Governmental Activities

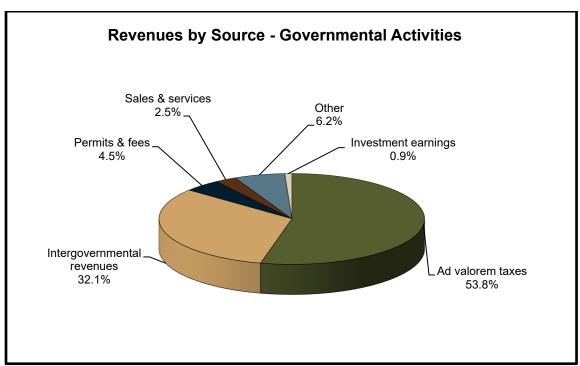
Governmental activities increased the Village's net position by \$2,769,157. Several aspects of the Village's financial operations influenced the positive change in total governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage in the General Fund of 99.92%, which is higher than the statewide average in the Village's population peer group of 99.16%.
- Ad valorem tax revenues increased by \$903,000, or 9%, primarily due to an increase in property values in the 2019 revaluation and continued growth in new home construction.
- Miscellaneous revenues increased by \$953,000, or 286%, due primarily to the return of \$1 million previously contributed by the Village to the Given Memorial Library capital expansion campaign.
- Expenses net of program revenues increased by \$543,000, or 4%. This result was influenced by the following factors:
 - Program expenses were \$392,000, or 2%, higher than in the previous fiscal year. This was primarily
 due to salaries and operating expenses increasing by \$276,000, or 2%, compared to the previous
 fiscal year.
 - Charges for services remained stable and increased by only \$6,000.
 - Operating grants and contributions decreased \$277,000, or 32%, due to significant FEMA Public Assistance funding received for recovery efforts related to Hurricane Florence in the previous year. Minimal operating grant funding was received in the current year.
 - Capital grants and contributions increased by \$119,000, or 30%, due to the receipt of donated streets, right-of-ways, sidewalks, and land in the current fiscal year, while fewer donations were received in the previous year.
 - The Village's net pension expense for the Local Government Employees Retirement System (LGERS) and Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance (LEOSSA) pension plans was \$1,335,000.

Village of Pinehurst's Change in Net Position Figure 3

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
	2020	2019
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 1,487,262	\$ 1,481,113
Operating grants and contributions	581,759	859,123
Capital grants and contributions	516,976	397,249
General revenues:		
Property taxes	11,249,478	10,346,079
Grants and contributions not restricted		
to specific programs	6,151,373	6,013,374
Other	1,458,566	594,517
Total revenues	21,445,414	19,691,455
Expenses:		
General government	2,967,823	2,726,379
Public safety	6,832,478	6,528,824
Transportation	3,249,759	3,576,506
Economic and physical development	844,251	1,017,081
Environmental protection	1,808,078	1,661,991
Cultural and recreation	2,964,665	2,754,791
Interest on long-term debt	9,203	18,838
Total expenses	18,676,257	18,284,410
Increase in net position	2,769,157	1,407,045
Net position, July 1	32,903,284	31,496,239
Net position, June 30	\$ 35,672,441	\$ 32,903,284





Business-Type Activities

The Village does not currently engage in business-type activities.

Financial Analysis of the Village's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2020, the governmental funds of the Village reported a combined fund balance of \$11,478,644, an increase of \$1,086,213, or 10%, over last year. Included in this change in fund balance is a decrease in fund balance in the Community Center Capital Project Fund as a majority of construction was completed by the end of the year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$7,305,222, while total fund balance reached \$11,229,270. The Village Council has established by policy that the Village should maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance of 15% of actual general fund expenditures at year end and total fund balance of 30% to 40% of budgeted general fund expenditures when adopting the annual budget. Fund balance at these levels is maintained to meet the cash flow needs of the Village and to be prepared for unforeseen emergencies and opportunities. The Village currently has unassigned fund balance of 42% of actual general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 51% of budgeted expenditures. The statewide average for total fund balance in the Village's population peer group is 56%.

Fund balance in the Village's General Fund increased by \$3,357,297 during the 2020 fiscal year. Key components of this change are as follows:

- Property tax revenue increased approximately \$912,000 from the prior year due to an increase in property values in the 2019 revaluation and adopting a greater than revenue-neutral property tax rate in FY 2020.
- Sales tax revenues increased \$129,000, or 4%, despite a decrease in growth from March through May as
 a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. This year-over-year growth was due to an increase in tourism, overall
 economic activity, and an increase in online sales tax collected statewide prior to the pandemic.
- Several other revenue sources decreased with the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic due to program
 cancellations and public facility closures. Fair Barn facility rental fees, recreation fees, and athletic program
 fees were \$131,000, or 35%, lower than the previous year.
- Investment income was also impacted by the pandemic as interest rates dropped near 0% by the end of March. This revenue source decreased by \$95,000 compared with the prior year.
- Miscellaneous revenue increased with the return of \$1 million previously contributed by the Village to the Given Memorial Library capital expansion campaign after required fundraising efforts were not met.
- Building permits & inspection fees and planning and zoning fees increased by \$130,000, or 29%, due to increased single-family home construction and overall development across the Village.
- Actual operating and capital expenditures were lower than expected.

Proprietary Funds

The Village does not have any proprietary funds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Village employs conservative budgetary practices. Revenue estimates are based on conservative assumptions and projections. Village departments are encouraged to provide a high level of service to the citizens of the Village while working to conserve financial resources.

During the fiscal year, the Village revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: (1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; (2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and (3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Comparing budget to actual amounts, the Village exceeded the originally budgeted operating revenue estimates by \$131,000, or 0.6%. The primary revenues that came in above estimated budget amounts were ad valorem taxes, unrestricted intergovernmental revenues, and restricted intergovernmental revenues. Ad valorem taxes were \$75,000 above budget due to an increase in the property tax base. Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues were \$128,000 above budget, primarily due to increased local option sales taxes received before the impacts of COVID-19. Restricted intergovernmental revenues were \$66,000 above budget, due to a few unanticipated grants received this year. However, sales and services revenues were \$177,000 below budget due to program cancellations and facility closures resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic.

Total expenditures were \$3,988,000, or 18.5%, less than originally budgeted amounts. Expenditures were less than budgeted amounts for the following significant items: (1) a contingency appropriation of \$1 million was used as a budgetary technique to return the \$1 million from the Given Memorial Library capital campaign trust account to fund balance with no intentions of expending these funds in FY 2020, (2) contracted and professional services of \$501,000 were lower than expected, (3) salaries and benefits were \$866,000 lower due to employee vacancies related to turnover, and (4) capital expenditures were \$1,077,000 below budget due primarily to a rescue truck that was on order at year-end and funding planned for two parcels of land that were not purchased by year-end. Other smaller projects and capital items were delayed for various reasons. Several of these items have been reappropriated in fiscal year 2021.

As a result of the variances in revenues and expenditures outlined above, fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$3,357,297 at June 30, 2020. This resulted in the General Fund reporting fund balance of \$11,229,270, a 42.7% increase from the previous year. The two primary reasons for the increase in fund balance was the return of \$1 million from the Given Memorial Library capital campaign account and unfinished capital and operating items that were reappropriated in FY 2021. The amount reappropriated to complete these items was \$1,057,000, which included \$425,000 for a rescue truck that was on order at year end. Another contributing factor was reduced operating expenditures as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. For example, special event, athletic program and recreation program cancellations resulted in lower operating and part-time staffing costs in the Recreation Department. In other departments, projects that were planned for the year simply did not occur due to difficulty obtaining vendors or other delays because of the pandemic.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2020, totals \$27,154,218 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, right of ways, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure such as streets and drainage systems, and construction in progress.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions. There were no significant demolitions or disposals:

- Cannon Park Community Center construction in progress, including additional building design costs of \$33,000 and construction costs of \$2,257,000
- Automated solid waste vehicle replacement costing \$198,000
- Routine replacement of five Police vehicles costing \$189,000
- Donated streets, right-of-ways, and sidewalks of \$482,000

Village of Pinehurst's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

	Government Activities	al Governmental Activities
	2020	2019
Land	\$ 6,264,29	8 \$ 6,232,258
Right of Ways	519,29	8 315,713
Buildings and Improvements	6,541,25	8 7,228,108
Furniture and Equipment	982,26	8 1,037,266
Vehicles	2,827,32	0 2,865,041
Infrastructure	5,294,41	5,042,825
Construction in Progress	4,725,36	0 2,411,690
Total	\$ 27,154,21	8 \$ 25,132,901

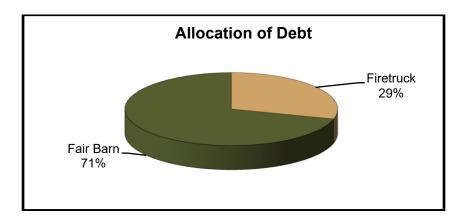
Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2020, the Village had total outstanding debt of \$141,600 in direct borrowing installment purchase agreements collateralized by the assets that are financed. During fiscal year 2020, the Village's total debt decreased by \$298,687, or 68%, due to principal payments as detailed in Note 9.

Village of Pinehurst's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

	Governmental Activities		Governmer Activities			
		2020	2019			
Direct Borrowing Installment Purchase Agreements						
Fire Station	\$	-	\$	166,666		
Fair Barn		100,000		150,000		
Firetrucks		41,600		123,621		
Total	\$	141,600	\$	440,287		



North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Village is \$299,969,676.

Additional information regarding the Village's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following economic indicators and conditions reflect the current operating environment of the Village:

- COVID-19 pandemic: The COVID-19 coronavirus pandemic reached North Carolina in March 2020 and continues to affect our community. Several revenue sources have declined as a result of the pandemic, including local option sales tax revenues, investment income as the Federal Reserve reduced interest rates to near 0%, facility rental revenues as reduced gathering sizes prevent large events, and recreation and athletic programming fees also due to gathering restrictions. We have anticipated some continued revenue decreases in the upcoming budget year; however, in some cases, these revenue reductions will be offset by a decrease in related expenditures. Also, in preparing the FY 2021 Budget this year, Village Council identified several projects to defer by at least one quarter until the financial impact of COVID-19 is clearer.
- Sales tax revenues: Sales tax distributions decreased in March through May 2020 due to the impacts of COVID-19. North Carolina's Governor issued a statewide stay-at-home order in March, which lasted two months. However, once the orders began to lift, the economy saw increases in consumer spending, and June's sales tax collections were significantly higher than last year. Despite the decreases from March to May, overall annual sales tax revenues increased for the fiscal year, and we are anticipating stable sales tax revenue for the upcoming budget year.
- New home construction: The Village added 189 new homes in FY 2020 compared to 122 and 144 in fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. This is the highest number of new homes we have seen since the Great Recession. We project approximately 100 homes to be built in FY 2021 due to the depletion of buildable lots within Village limits and the unknown economic effects of the pandemic on new construction. The steady growth experienced over the past three years has added to our tax base and resulted in additional revenue available to provide and expand high quality municipal services. The Village has also seen significant commercial development over the past three years.
- Growth and development: With population increasing and development continuing, the Village is focusing more resources to address the regulatory and infrastructure needs of the community, including investing in stormwater maintenance projects. Also, the newly adopted 2019 Comprehensive Plan recommended many strategies to address current and projected growth in the Village. These strategies were integrated into the Village's Strategic Operating Plan process. In the FY 2021 Budget, funding was incorporated for the development of a small area plan for the Village Place/Rattlesnake Trail corridor and Pinehurst South/Highway 5 commercial area. Funding for a new Transportation Planner, who will provide consolidated transportation planning services for the Village was also included.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021

Governmental Activities

Revenues of the Village are expected to decrease by 5.6% overall for FY 2021. This is primarily due to the one-time return of \$1 million from the Given Memorial Library capital campaign in FY 2020. Property tax revenues are expected to increase by 1.9% due to tax base growth. For FY 2021, the Village adopted an ad valorem tax rate of \$0.30 per \$100 valuation, the same as the previous year.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are estimated to be \$21,261,917, a decrease of 2.8%. This decrease is due to the \$1 million contingency funding appropriation in FY 2020 that was used as a budgetary technique to return the \$1 million from the library capital campaign to fund balance. Debt service expenditures also continue to decrease as the Village pays down its remaining debt obligations.

In fiscal year 2021, the Village adopted its eighth Strategic Operating Plan (SOP). This strategic planning process was adopted as a part of implementing the Malcolm Baldrige Performance Excellence Framework and is designed to provide an integrated approach to organizational performance management. The SOP includes a one-year budget and a five-year financial forecast that is inclusive of a five-year capital improvement plan (CIP). The SOP is a strategic, results-driven approach to resource allocation that is closely aligned with the Village Council's strategy and achieving the results articulated in the Village's balanced scorecard.

The Village's mission is "to promote, enhance, and sustain the quality of life for residents, businesses, and visitors." The Village Council adopted nine organizational goals for the 2021 Strategic Operating Plan to achieve that mission. The goals are as follows: (1) safeguard the community, (2) promote high quality development and appearance, (3) promote a thriving business community, (4) promote transportation mobility and connectivity, (5) protect the environment, (6) promote active living and cultural opportunities, (7) professionally manage a high performing organization, (8) attract and retain an engaged workforce, and (9) maintain a healthy financial condition.

Major initiatives of the FY 2021 Strategic Operating Plan to address these goals include:

- Update the Pinehurst Development Ordinance
- Small area plan for Village Place/Rattlesnake Trail corridor and Pinehurst South/Highway 5 commercial area
- Develop a comprehensive storm water master plan

Total capital outlays of \$2,223,200 are up 20% compared to the previous fiscal year. The significant capital items included for FY 2021 are as follows:

- Fire pumper tanker replacement (\$625,000)
- Three police vehicle replacements (\$120,000)
- Stormwater drainage projects (\$170,000)
- Construction of pedestrian facilities (\$250,000)
- Magnolia Road streetscape improvements (\$250,000)
- Garbage truck replacement (\$210,000)

Business-Type Activities

The Village does not engage in any business-type activities.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Village's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Brooke Hunter, Financial Services Director at 910-295-8646, or Village of Pinehurst, 395 Magnolia Road, Pinehurst, North Carolina 28374.



Current assets: \$ 10,856,052 Taxes receivables (net) 12,663 Special assessments receivable 21,585 Due from other governments 44,098 Inventories 44,098 Prepaid Items 42,602 Total unrestricted current assets 12,797,809 Non-current assets: *** Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): 6,264,298 Land and non-depreciable improvements 6,264,298 Construction in progress 4,725,360 Right of ways 519,298 Buildings and improvements 6,541,258 Furniture and equipment 982,268 Vehicles 2,227,320 Infrastructure 5,294,416 Total capital assets 27,154,218 Total deferred Outflows of Resources 1,941,830 Persered Outflows of Resources 1,941,830 Current liabilities 1,299,506 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,299,506 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Long-term liabilities 4,310,984 Lo	Assets	Governmental Activities		
Taxes receivables (net) 12,663 Special assessments receivable 2,1585 Other receivables 21,585 Due from other governments 44,098 Inventories 42,602 Total unrestricted current assets 12,797,809 Non-current assets: ***Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land and non-depreciable improvements 6,264,298 Construction in progress 4,725,360 Right of ways 519,298 Buildings and improvements 6,541,258 Furniture and equipment 982,268 Vehicles 2,827,320 Infrastructure 5,294,158 Total capital assets 27,154,218 Total deferred outflows of Resources 1,941,830 Pension deferrals 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,299,506 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,299,506 Accouries payable 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities due within accounc	Current assets:			
Special assessments receivable 5,179 Other receivables 21,585 Due from other governments 1,815,630 Inventories 44,098 Prepaid items 42,602 Total unrestricted current assets 12,797,809 Non-current assets: ************************************	·	\$		
Other receivables 21,585 Due from other governments 1,815,630 Inventories 44,098 Prepaid items 42,602 Total unrestricted current assets 12,797,809 Non-current assets:	` '			
Due from other governments 1,815,630 Inventories 44,098 Prepaid items 42,602 Total unrestricted current assets 12,797,809 Non-current assets: 2 Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): 5 Land and non-depreciable improvements 6,264,298 Construction in progress 4,725,360 Right of ways 519,298 Buildings and improvements 6,541,258 Furniture and equipment 982,268 Vehicles 2,827,320 Infrastructure 5,294,416 Total assets 27,154,218 Total assets 27,154,218 Total deferred outflows of Resources 1,941,830 Pension deferrals 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Current liabilities 1,295,506 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,295,506 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,881 Long-term liabilities uwithin one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred				
Inventories 44,086 Prepaid items 42,602 Total unrestricted current assets 12,797,809 Non-current assets: Septial assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land and non-depreciable improvements 6,264,298 Construction in progress 4,725,300 Right of ways 519,298 Buildings and improvements 6,541,258 Furniture and equipment 982,268 Vehicles 2,827,320 Infrastructure 5,294,416 Total capital assets 27,154,218 Total assets 39,952,027 Deferred Outflows of Resources 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Current liabilities 1,950,60 Accrued interest payable 1,681,80 Accrued interest payable 1,681,80 Accrued interest payable 1,681,80 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 4,310,984 Long-term liabilities 6,146,290				
Prepaid items 42,802 Total unrestricted current assets 12,797,809 Non-current assets: 2 Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): 6,264,298 Land and non-depreciable improvements 6,264,298 Construction in progress 4,725,360 Right of ways 519,298 Buildings and improvements 6,541,258 Furniture and equipment 982,268 Vehicles 2,827,320 Infrastructure 5,294,418 Total capital assets 27,154,218 Total assets 39,952,027 Deferred Outflows of Resources 1,941,830 Pension deferrals 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Liabilities 1,299,506 Accorust jayable and accrued liabilities 1,299,506 Accrued interest payable 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities 57,5126	Due from other governments			
Total unrestricted current assets 12,797,809 Non-current assets: 2 pital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land and non-depreciable improvements 6,264,298 Construction in progress 4,725,360 Right of ways 519,298 Buildings and improvements 6,541,258 Furniture and equipment 982,268 Vehicles 2,827,320 Infrastructure 5,294,416 Total capital assets 27,154,218 Total assets 39,952,027 Deferred Outflows of Resources 1,941,830 Pension deferrals 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Current liabilities 1,941,830 Current liabilities 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total dieferred inflows of Resources 4,310,984 Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net investment in capital assets	Inventories			
Non-current assets: Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land and non-depreciable improvements 6,264,298 Construction in progress 4,725,360 Right of ways 519,298 Buildings and improvements 6,541,258 Furniture and equipment 982,268 Vehicles 2,827,320 Infrastructure 5,294,416 Total capital assets 27,154,218 Total assets 39,952,027 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Liabilities 4,299,506 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,299,506 Accrued interest payable 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities 5,126 Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position 2,233,881	·			
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): 6,264,298 Land and non-depreciable improvements 6,264,298 Construction in progress 4,725,360 Right of ways 519,298 Buildings and improvements 6,541,258 Furniture and equipment 982,268 Vehicles 2,827,320 Infrastructure 5,294,418 Total capital assets 27,154,218 Total assets 39,952,027 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,299,506 Accrued interest payable 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position 27,012,618 Net investment in capital assets	Total unrestricted current assets		12,797,809	
Land and non-depreciable improvements 6,264,298 Construction in progress 4,725,360 Right of ways 519,298 Buildings and improvements 6,541,258 Furniture and equipment 982,268 Vehicles 2,827,320 Infrastructure 5,294,416 Total capital assets 27,154,218 Total assets 39,952,027 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Current liabilities: Accrued interest payable 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 4,310,984 Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Investment in capital assets Restricted for: 27,012,618 Restricted for: 2233,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942	Non-current assets:			
Construction in progress 4,725,360 Right of ways 519,298 Buildings and improvements 6,541,258 Furniture and equipment 982,268 Vehicles 2,827,320 Infrastructure 5,294,416 Total capital assets 27,154,218 Total assets 39,952,027 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Current liabilities: Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,299,506 Accorued interest payable 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position 27,012,618 Net Position 22,33,881 <tr< td=""><td>Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):</td><td></td><td></td></tr<>	Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):			
Right of ways 519,298 Buildings and improvements 6,541,258 Furniture and equipment 982,268 Vehicles 2,827,320 Infrastructure 5,294,416 Total capital assets 27,154,218 Total assets 39,952,027 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Current liabilities Current liabilities 1,299,506 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,299,506 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 27,012,618 Net position 27,012,618 Net investment in capital assets 27,012,618 Restricted for:	Land and non-depreciable improvements		6,264,298	
Buildings and improvements 6,541,258 Furniture and equipment 982,268 Vehicles 2,827,320 Infrastructure 5,294,416 Total capital assets 27,154,218 Total assets 39,952,027 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Liabilities Current liabilities: 2 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,299,506 Accrued interest payable 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities: 2 Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position 27,012,618 Restricted for: 22,33,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942	Construction in progress		4,725,360	
Furniture and equipment 982,268 Vehicles 2,827,320 Infrastructure 5,294,416 Total capital assets 27,154,218 Total assets 39,952,027 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Liabilities Current liabilities 1,299,506 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,299,506 Accrued interest payable 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 4,310,984 Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 27,012,618 Net investment in capital assets 27,012,618 Restricted for: 233,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942	Right of ways		519,298	
Vehicles 2,827,320 Infrastructure 5,294,416 Total capital assets 27,154,218 Total assets 39,952,027 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Liabilities Current liabilities 1,299,506 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities 4,310,984 Total liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position 27,012,618 Restricted for: 22,33,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942	Buildings and improvements		6,541,258	
Infrastructure 5,294,416 Total capital assets 27,154,218 Total assets 39,952,027 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Liabilities Current liabilities: 3,294,183 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,299,506 Accrued interest payable 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities 5,126 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position 27,012,618 Restricted for: 22,33,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942	Furniture and equipment		982,268	
Total capital assets 27,154,218 Total assets 39,952,027 Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension deferrals 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Liabilities Current liabilities: 1 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,299,506 Accrued interest payable 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position 27,012,618 Restricted for: 22,233,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942	Vehicles		2,827,320	
Total assets 39,952,027 Deferred Outflows of Resources 1,941,830 Pension deferrals 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Liabilities Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,299,506 Accrued interest payable 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities 4,310,984 Total liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position 27,012,618 Restricted for: 22,233,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942	Infrastructure		5,294,416	
Deferred Outflows of Resources 1,941,830 Pension deferrals 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,299,506 Accrued interest payable 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities due in more than one year 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 27,012,618 Net Position 27,012,618 Restricted for: 2,233,881 Stabilization by state statute 6,425,942	Total capital assets		27,154,218	
Pension deferrals 1,941,830 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,941,830 Liabilities Current liabilities: 1,299,506 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities: 2 Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 27,012,618 Net Position 27,012,618 Restricted for: 2,233,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942	Total assets		39,952,027	
Liabilities 1,941,830 Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,299,506 Accrued interest payable 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities: 2 Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities of the in more than one year 5,126 Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position 27,012,618 Restricted for: 27,012,618 Stabilization by state statute 2,233,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942			4 0 44 0 0 0	
Liabilities Current liabilities: 1,299,506 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,681 Accrued interest payable 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities of trade in flows of Resources 75,126 Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 27,012,618 Net Position 27,012,618 Restricted for: 3tabilization by state statute 2,233,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942				
Current liabilities: 1,299,506 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,681 Accrued interest payable 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities: 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position 27,012,618 Restricted for: 3tabilization by state statute 2,233,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942	lotal deterred outflows of resources		1,941,830	
Current liabilities: 1,299,506 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,681 Accrued interest payable 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities: 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position 27,012,618 Restricted for: 3tabilization by state statute 2,233,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942	Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 1,299,506 Accrued interest payable 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities: 4,310,984 Total liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources 75,126 Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position 27,012,618 Restricted for: Stabilization by state statute 2,233,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942				
Accrued interest payable 1,681 Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities: 4,310,984 Total liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position 27,012,618 Restricted for: 327,012,618 Restricted for: 2,233,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942			1.299.506	
Long-term liabilities due within one year 534,119 Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities: 4,310,984 Total liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position 27,012,618 Restricted for: 22,33,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942				
Total current liabilities 1,835,306 Long-term liabilities: 4,310,984 Total liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position 27,012,618 Restricted for: 2233,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942				
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 27,012,618 Restricted for: 3,233,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942	·			
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 4,310,984 Total liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 27,012,618 Restricted for: 3,233,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942	Long-term liabilities:			
Total liabilities 6,146,290 Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 27,012,618 Restricted for: 2,233,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942			4,310,984	
Deferred Inflows of ResourcesPension deferrals75,126Total deferred inflows of resources75,126Net PositionNet investment in capital assets27,012,618Restricted for:22,233,881Stabilization by state statute2,233,881Unrestricted6,425,942				
Pension deferrals 75,126 Total deferred inflows of resources 75,126 Net Position 27,012,618 Restricted for: 27,012,618 Stabilization by state statute 2,233,881 Unrestricted 6,425,942	Deferred Inflows of Resources		, ,	
Total deferred inflows of resources Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Stabilization by state statute Unrestricted T5,126 27,012,618 27,012,618 2,233,881 4,233,881 6,425,942			75 126	
Net Position27,012,618Net investment in capital assets27,012,618Restricted for:32,233,881Stabilization by state statute2,233,881Unrestricted6,425,942				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Stabilization by state statute Unrestricted 27,012,618 2,233,881 6,425,942	Total deletied illilows of resources		70,120	
Restricted for: Stabilization by state statute Unrestricted 2,233,881 6,425,942	Net Position			
Restricted for: Stabilization by state statute Unrestricted 2,233,881 6,425,942	Net investment in capital assets		27,012,618	
Unrestricted 6,425,942			•	
Unrestricted 6,425,942	Stabilization by state statute		2,233,881	
Total net position \$ 35,672,441	·			
	Total net position	\$	35,672,441	

			Program Revenue	es	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Transportation Economic and physical development Environmental protection Cultural and recreation Interest on long-term debt	\$ 2,967,823 6,832,478 3,249,759 844,251 1,808,078 2,964,665 9,203	\$ 22,036 683,710 - 261,564 - 519,952	\$ 19,293 41,474 508,052 - 12,940 -	\$ 69,924 - 447,052 - - -	\$ (2,856,570) (6,107,294) (2,294,655) (582,687) (1,795,138) (2,444,713) (9,203)
Total governmental activities	\$ 18,676,257	\$ 1,487,262	\$ 581,759	\$ 516,976	(16,090,260)
	General revenues Ad valorem taxe Unrestricted inte Investment earn Miscellaneous	es ergovernmental			11,249,478 6,151,373 171,964 1,286,602
	Total ger	neral revenues			18,859,417
	Change i	in net position			2,769,157
	Net position, begin	nning			32,903,284
	Net posit	ion, ending			\$ 35,672,441

	Major Funds						
			Co	mmunity		Total	
	General		Center Capital		Governmental		
		Fund		ject Fund		Funds	
Assets	•	10 100 001	•	075 704	•	40.050.050	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,480,331	\$	375,721	\$	10,856,052	
Receivables, net: Taxes		10.663				10.660	
Special assessments		12,663 5,179		-		12,663 5,179	
Other		21,585		_		21,585	
Due from other governments		1,815,630		_		1,815,630	
Inventories		44,098		_		44,098	
Prepaid items		42,602		_		42,602	
r repaid items		42,002	-			42,002	
Total assets	\$	12,422,088	\$	375,721	\$	12,797,809	
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	425,416	\$	126,347	\$	551,763	
Withholdings and accrued expenditures		479,087		-		479,087	
Deposits		268,656		<u>-</u>		268,656	
Total liabilities		1,173,159		126,347		1,299,506	
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable revenues		19,659				19,659	
Total deferred inflows of resources		19,659		<u>-</u>		19,659	
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory		44,098		-		44,098	
Prepaid items		42,602		-		42,602	
Restricted:							
Stabilization by state statute Committed:		2,233,881		-		2,233,881	
Cultural and recreation		-		249,374		249,374	
Assigned:							
Subsequent year's expenditures		1,603,467		-		1,603,467	
Unassigned		7,305,222		-		7,305,222	
Total fund balances		11,229,270		249,374		11,478,644	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		40.405.555	•	075 /	_	40 =0=	
of resources, and fund balances	\$	12,422,088	\$	375,721	\$	12,797,809	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because: Total fund balance, governmental funds Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: Gross capital assets at historical cost	\$ 51,202,629	\$ 11,478,644
Accumulated depreciation	 (24,048,411)	27,154,218
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds		1,941,830
Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in		
the fund statements:		
Taxes receivable	12,663	
Other receivables	1,817	
Assessments receivable	 5,179	19,659
Some liabilities, including notes payable and accrued interest are not due		
and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	(4.004)	
Accrued interest payable	(1,681)	
Compensated absences payable	(703,285)	
Net pension liability	(2,756,320)	
Total pension liability Installment purchases payable	(1,243,898)	(4,846,784)
installment purchases payable	 (141,600)	(4,040,704)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported		
in the funds		 (75,126)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 35,672,441

		Major				
	Community General Center Capital Fund Project Fund		nter Capital	ital Governmer		
Revenues			_		_	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	11,261,143	\$	-	\$	11,261,143
Golf cart licenses		3,215		-		3,215
Unrestricted intergovernmental		6,151,373		-		6,151,373
Restricted intergovernmental		577,505		-		577,505
Permits and fees		938,780		-		938,780
Sales and services		543,264		-		543,264
Investment earnings		159,539		19,679		179,218
Assessment income		26,103		-		26,103
Miscellaneous		1,267,184				1,267,184
Total revenues		20,928,106		19,679		20,947,785
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government		2,511,205		-		2,511,205
Public safety		6,386,218		-		6,386,218
Transportation		3,129,937		-		3,129,937
Economic and physical development		813,014		-		813,014
Environmental protection		1,828,660		-		1,828,660
Cultural and recreation		2,610,360		2,290,763		4,901,123
Debt service:						
Principal		298,687		-		298,687
Interest and other charges		12,146		<u>-</u>		12,146
Total expenditures		17,590,227		2,290,763		19,880,990
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		3,337,879		(2,271,084)		1,066,795
Other Financing Sources						
Sales of capital assets		19,418		<u>-</u>		19,418
Total other financing sources		19,418				19,418
Net change in fund balance		3,357,297		(2,271,084)		1,086,213
Fund balances, beginning		7,871,973		2,520,458		10,392,431
Fund balances, ending	\$	11,229,270	\$	249,374	\$	11,478,644

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities			
are different because:			
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	1,086,213
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,			
in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over			
their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This			
is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the			
current period:			
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	\$ 3,233,696		
Depreciation expense	 (1,726,355)		1,507,341
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not			
included on the Statement of Activities			671,779
Benefit payments paid and administrative expenses for the LEOSSA			
are not included on the Statement of Activities			105,584
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital			
assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) in the current period:			
Donated assets received	513,976		
Gain on disposal of assets	19,418		
Proceeds from disposal of assets	(19,418)		513,976
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that are not reported as revenues			
in the fund statements:			
Special assessment payments	(26,103)		
Change in other deferred inflows	2,003		
Change in deferred tax inflows	(11,665)		(35,765)
	(11,000)		(,)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to			
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term			
debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.			
Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the			
net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt:			
Principal payments			298,687
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the			
use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as			
expenditures in governmental funds:			
Accrued interest payable	2,943		
Compensated absences	(46,497)		
Pension expense	 (1,335,104)		(1,378,658)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		_\$	2,769,157

General Fund Variance with **Budgeted Amounts** Final Budget-**Positive** Actual Original Final **Amounts** (Negative) Revenues: Ad valorem taxes 11,186,000 11,281,000 11,261,143 \$ (19,857)Golf cart licenses 1,500 1,500 1,715 3,215 Unrestricted intergovernmental 6,023,300 6,313,300 6,151,373 (161,927)Restricted intergovernmental 511,100 546.099 577,505 31.406 Permits and fees 925,700 911,700 938,780 27,080 Sales and services 720,700 675,700 543,264 (132,436)(29,461)Investment earnings 180,000 189,000 159,539 24,200 24,200 1,903 Assessments 26,103 1,224,880 Miscellaneous 1,237,205 1,267,184 29,979 Total revenues 20,797,380 21,179,704 20,928,106 (251,598)**Expenditures:** Current: General government 2.759.362 2.733.922 2.511.205 222.717 Public safety 7,512,012 7,642,606 1,256,388 6,386,218 Transportation 3,724,845 3,788,485 3,129,937 658,548 Economic and physical development 1,170,688 1,205,308 813,014 392,294 Environmental protection 1,931,473 1,953,973 1,828,660 125,313 Cultural and recreation 3,167,840 3,252,700 2,610,360 642,340 Contingency 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 Debt service: Principal retirement 298.699 298.699 298.687 12 Interest and fees 1,282 13,428 13,428 12,146 Total expenditures 21,578,347 21,889,121 17,590,227 4.298.894 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (780,967)(709,417)3,337,879 4,047,296 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sales of capital assets 25,000 25,000 19,418 (5,582)19,418 Total other financing sources 25,000 25,000 (5,582)755,967 Fund balance appropriated 684,417 (684,417)Net change in fund balances 3,357,297 3,357,297 Fund balances, beginning 7,871,973 Fund balances, ending \$ 11,229,270

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Village conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Village of Pinehurst is a municipal corporation that is governed by a five-member council. The mayor is directly elected along with the other four council members. For financial reporting purposes, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the Village includes any separate entity for which the Village is financially accountable. For the year ended June 30, 2020, no other entity is included in the Village financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Eliminations of these charges are performed to avoid distortion of the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. These statements report the governmental activities of the Village. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Village's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the Village's funds. Separate statements for each fund category are presented, even though the latter is excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary sources of revenue are ad valorem taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The primary expenditures are for public safety, transportation, cultural and recreation, and general government services.

The **Community Center Capital Project Fund** is used to account for the design and construction of a new community center at Cannon Park.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all governmental funds of the Village are accounted for during the year on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Village gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Village considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the state of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as utilities sales tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Village are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Village because the tax is levied by Moore County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Village funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. As it is the Village's policy to use restricted revenue sources before unrestricted, we first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Village's budgets are adopted as required by North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget ordinance is adopted for the General Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. A project ordinance is adopted for the Community Center Capital Project Fund. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the object level for the General Fund (e.g. operating expenditures and capital outlay) and the object level for the capital project fund. A function is a group of related activities aimed at accomplishing a major service, such as public safety; a department is a component of a function, such as police. The Village manager may authorize all budget transfers within a department and transfers that do not exceed \$10,000 between departments. Transfers between funds require council approval. During the year, several amendments to the original budget became necessary, the effects of which were not material. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

As required by North Carolina General Statutes, Chapter 159, Section 26(d) [hereinafter references to the North Carolina General Statutes will be cited as G.S.], the Village maintains encumbrance accounts, which are considered to be "budgetary accounts." Encumbrances outstanding at year end represent the estimated amounts of the expenditures ultimately to result if unperformed contracts in process at year end are completed.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Village are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Village may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Village may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Village to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the state of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The Village's investments are reported at fair value. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. The NCCMT Term Portfolio is a bond fund, has no rating, and is measured at fair value. As of June 30, 2020, the Term Portfolio has a duration of 0.15 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Village pools moneys from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Village levies ad valorem taxes, except for ad valorem taxes on certain vehicles, on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year, and these taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, no interest or penalties are assessed until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019.

4. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

5. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out method. The inventory of the General Fund consists of expendable supplies and is recorded as an expenditure when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as tangible or intangible assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The minimum capitalization cost for all assets is \$5,000. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class

Right of ways Infrastructure Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Vehicles

Estimated Useful Lives

40 years 20 to 40 years 20 years 3 to 10 years 4 to 20 years

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Village has one item that meets this criterion: pension deferrals for the 2020 fiscal year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Village has several items that meet the criterion for this category - taxes receivable, special assessments receivable, other receivables, and pension deferrals.

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Village provides for the accumulation without any applicable maximum until December 31 of each year. At December 31, employees may carryover two times the employee's annual accrual rate for the current year. This rate varies according to years of employment and position. Any excess hours removed from vacation shall be added to the employee's sick leave balance. The Village has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. Compensated vacation absences are reported in the government-wide financial statements as an expense and a liability as the leave is earned. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Village's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Village has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

10. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide financial statements is classified net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance may be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance. This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories - The portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the yearend balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Prepaid items - The portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents expenditures that were paid in the current fiscal year, but are attributed to the next fiscal year.

Restricted Fund Balance. This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS) is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute." Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of restricted net position and restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Committed Fund Balance. The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a formally adopted resolution approved by a majority vote of a quorum of the Village's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for cultural and recreation - The portion of fund balance that can only be used for the design and construction of the Cannon Park Community Center.

Assigned Fund Balance. The portion of fund balance that the Village intends to use for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Village Council.

Subsequent year's expenditures - The portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The Village Council approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the manager to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within funds up to \$10,000.

Unassigned Fund Balance. The portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. In the general fund, this amount may be negative or positive. However, the general fund is the only governmental fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

For the purpose of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance.

The Village has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Village in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 15% of budgeted expenditures and total fund balance is 30% to 40% of budgeted expenditures. Any portion of the general fund balance in excess of 30% of budgeted expenditures may be appropriated for expenditure by the Village Council.

11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Village's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Village has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Deposits and Investments

A. Deposits

All of the Village's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Village's agents in the unit's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer.

Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Village, these deposits are considered to be held by the Village's agent in the Village's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Village or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Village under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Village has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Village complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2020, the Village's deposits had a carrying amount of \$194,853. The cash balance in the bank at June 30, 2020 totaled \$246,224. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance, thus none was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2020, the Village's petty cash fund totaled \$1,250.

B. Investments

At June 30, 2020, the Village's investment balances were as follows:

	Investment Type	Valuation Measurement <u>Method</u>	 ook Value at ne 30, 2020	<u>Maturity</u>	Rating
NC Capital Management Trust	Government Portfolio	Fair Value Level 1	\$ 2,320,080	N/A	AAAm
NC Capital Management Trust	Term Portfolio	Fair Value Level 1	 8,339,869	0.15 years	Unrated
Total			\$ 10,659,949		

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of Fair Value Hierarchy. Level 1 debt securities are valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Village's investment policy will structure the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations. Also, the Village's investment policy requires the investment of operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer. The Village will minimize this risk by limiting investments to the safest types of securities, pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisers with which the Village will do business, and diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. The Village's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2020. The Village's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio is unrated. The Term Portfolio is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. government and agencies, and in high grade money market instruments as permitted under North Carolina General Statutes 159-30 as amended.

3. Receivables

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2020 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

	<u>G</u>	<u>eneral</u>
Other receivables:		
Harness Track stall rent	\$	1,458
Harness Track events		288
Planning and Inspections fines		<u>54</u>
Total	\$	1,800

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

		ginning alance	<u>lı</u>	ncreases	De	creases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress		6,232,258 2,411,690	\$	35,920 2,324,670	\$	(3,880) (11,000)	\$ 6,264,298 4,725,360
Total capital assets not being depreciated		8,643,948		2,360,590		(14,880)	 10,989,658
Capital assets being depreciated: Right of ways Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Vehicles Infrastructure	;	347,300 2,203,135 3,652,043 6,427,230 6,343,307		214,955 155,698 212,220 404,128 414,961		- (43,030) (118,976) -	562,255 22,358,833 3,821,233 6,712,382 6,758,268
Total	3	8,973,01 <u>5</u>		1,401,962		(162,006)	40,212,971

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Right of ways	\$ 31,587	\$ 11,370	\$ -	\$ 42,957
Buildings and improvements	14,975,027	842,548	-	15,817,575
Furniture and equipment	2,614,777	267,218	(43,030)	2,838,965
Vehicles	3,562,189	441,849	(118,976)	3,885,062
Infrastructure	1,300,482	163,370		1,463,852
Total	22,484,062	1,726,355	(162,006)	24,048,411
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>16,488,953</u>	(324,393)		16,164,560
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 25,132,901	\$ 2,036,197	<u>\$ (14,880)</u>	\$ 27,154,218

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government Public safety Transportation Environmental protection Cultural and recreation	\$ 267,381 444,573 409,715 151,388 453,298
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1.726.355

Construction and Other Capital-Related Commitments. The Village has active construction projects and other capital related commitments as of June 30, 2020. The projects include the construction of the Cannon Park Community Center and the purchase of a replacement rescue truck. At June 30, 2020, the Village's commitments with contractors and vendors are as follows:

<u>Project</u>	Spent to Date	Remaining Commitment
Community center construction Rescue truck	\$ 4,241,331 	\$ 54,502 398,483
Total	<u>\$ 4,241,331</u>	<u>\$ 452,985</u>

5. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations

A. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Village is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the state of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the state of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Village employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Village's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020, was 9.70% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 9.01% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Village were \$671,779 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Refunds of Contributions. Village employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By State law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2020, the Village reported a liability of \$2,756,320 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Village's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Village's proportion was 0.101%, which was a decrease of 0.004% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Village recognized pension expense of \$1,217,618. At June 30, 2020, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	471,952	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		449,234		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Village		67,231		-
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		45,454
Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date		<u>671,779</u>		
Total	\$	1,660,196	\$	45,454

The \$671,779 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:

2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 Thereafter	\$	474,483 140,653 257,356 70,471
Total	\$	942.963

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

	Target Asset Class Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	29.0%	1.4%
Global equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2018 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 6,304,207	\$ 2,756,320	\$ (192,694)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the state of North Carolina.

B. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. The Village of Pinehurst administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Village's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time Village law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance.

At the December 31, 2018 Valuation Date, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	4
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	25
·	
Total	29

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Basis of Accounting. The Village has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions. The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2018 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Discount rate 3.26 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2019.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Series Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

Change in Actuarial Assumptions. On the Prior Measurement Date (December 31, 2018), the Municipal Bond Index Rate, on which the discount rate is based, was 3.64%. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Municipal Bond Index Rate has decreased to 3.26% as of the Measurement Date (December 31, 2019). This resulted in a \$32,858 increase in the Total Pension Liability.

Contributions. The Village is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Village's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Village paid \$85,851 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2020, the Village reported a total pension liability of \$1,243,898. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 based on a December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to December 31, 2019 utilizing updated procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Village recognized pension expense of \$117,486.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments and plan administrative expense made	\$	171,786 52,577	\$	1,064 28,608	
subsequent to the measurement date		57,271		-	
Total	\$	281,634	\$	29,672	

The \$57,271 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:

2021	\$ 43,036
2022	43,503
2023	44,524
2024	35,055
2025	28,573
Thereafter	 -
Total	\$ 194,691

Sensitivity of the Village's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Village's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.26 percent, as well as what the Village's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.26 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.26 percent) than the current rate:

	1% 	Decrease (2.26%)	Dis	count Rate (3.26%)	19	% Increase (4.26%)
Total pension liability	\$	1,335,796	\$	1,243,898	\$	1,159,770

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2020
Beginning balance	\$ 1,025,925
Service Cost	38,255
Interest on the total pension liability	35,781
Differences between expected and actual experience in the	
measurement of the total pension liability	196,930
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	32,858
Benefit payments	(85,851)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 1,243,898

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
Pension expense Pension liability	\$ 1,217,618 2,756,320	\$ 117,486 1,243,898	\$ 1,335,104 4,000,218
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.101%	n/a	.,000,=10
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	471,952	171,786	643,738
Changes in assumptions	449,234	52,577	501,811
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan			
investments	67,231	-	67,231
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequent			
to the measurement date	671,779	57,271	729,050
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	1,064	1,064
Changes of assumptions	-	28,608	28,608
Changes in proportionate and differences between		•	•
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	45,454	-	45,454

C. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Village contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Village. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the state of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Village to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$131,006, which consisted of \$66,255 from the Village and \$64,751 from the law enforcement officers. Since the funds vest immediately, no amounts were forfeited.

D. Deferred Compensation Plan

The Village offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). The plan, available to all Village employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The Village established the plan and may amend it at its discretion. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan and all income attributable to those amounts are immediately 100% vested to the participant. The Village currently contributes five percent for all regular employees to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$651,593, which consisted of \$295,762 from the Village and \$355,831 in voluntary contributions from employees. Since the funds vest immediately, no amounts were forfeited.

The Village also offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all Village employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan and all income attributable to those amounts are immediately 100% vested to the participant. The Village does not make contributions to the 457 plan.

E. Other Employment Benefits

The Village has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 with a minimum of \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Village, the Village does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Village has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions.

The contributions to Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payrolls, based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Village considers these contributions to be immaterial.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the Village made contributions to the State for death benefits of \$3,550. The Village's required contributions for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented 0.06% and 0.00% of covered payroll, respectively.

The Village also provides group life insurance to all full-time and regular part-time employees who have been employed for a minimum of 30 days. Tier 1 employees, which includes managers, department heads, and assistant department heads, are provided \$50,000 of coverage. All other eligible employees in Tier 2 are covered at \$25,000. The coverage amounts provided under the group term life insurance may change annually.

Each year, the total amount of life insurance coverage provided under the Death Benefit Plan and the group life insurance plan are evaluated. The amount of life insurance coverage in excess of \$50,000 is considered a taxable fringe benefit and an imputed premium value for the excess life insurance benefit is added to each employees taxable earnings for the year.

6. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

Contributions to LGERS pension plan in the current fiscal year	\$ 671,779
Benefit payments to LEOSSA recipients in the current fiscal year	57,271
Difference between actual and expected experience	643,738
Changes in assumptions	501,811
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension	
plan investments	 67,231
Total	\$ 1,941,830

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	 nent of osition		eral Fund nce Sheet
Taxes receivable, less penalties	\$ _	\$	12,663
Other receivables	-		1,817
Special assessments receivable	-		5,179
Changes in assumptions	28,608		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Village			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	45,454		-
Differences between expected and actual experience	 1,06 <u>4</u>	-	
Total	\$ 75,126	\$	19,659

7. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village participates in two self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Village obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$5 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy, and workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Village upon request.

The Village carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

As the Village has no facilities within a FEMA-recognized flood zone, we have elected not to carry additional flood insurance coverage.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Village's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Village's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Officer and Tax Collector are each individually bonded for \$490,000 and \$10,000 respectively. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$500,000.

8. Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2020, the Village was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of Village management and the Village attorney, the ultimate outcome of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Village's financial position.

9. Long-Term Obligations

A. Installment Purchase

Long-term debt obligations of the Village consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

\$1,000,000 direct borrowing building installment purchase dated 3/11/02 due in 40 semi-annual payments consisting of fixed principal of \$25,000 plus interest at 4.60% through March 2022; issued by Bank of America and collateralized by Fair Barn building	\$ 100,000
\$550,000 direct borrowing vehicle installment purchase dated 7/31/13 due in 14 semi-annual payments of \$41,917 through August 2020; interest at 1.75%; issued by First Bank and collateralized by fire truck	 41,600
	\$ 141.600

Each of the direct borrowing installment purchases contracts related to the Fair Barn building and fire truck contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the Village is unable to make payment. The direct borrowing installment purchase related to the fire truck also contains a subjective acceleration clause that allows the lender to accelerate payment of the entire remaining debt to become immediately due if the lender determines that a material adverse change occurs in the Village's financial condition.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for debt are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	<u></u> !	<u>Principal</u>		Interest	
2021 2022	\$	91,600 50,000	\$	4,842 1,725	
	\$	141,600	\$	6,567	

B. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

At June 30, 2020, the Village had a legal debt margin of \$299,969,676.

The following is a summary of changes in the Village's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2020	Current Portion of Balance
Governmental activities: Direct borrowing					
installment purchases Compensated absences Net pension liability (LGERS Total pension liability (LEO)	,	\$ - 459,759 275,799 217,973	\$ (298,687) (413,262) - -	\$ 141,600 703,285 2,756,320 1,243,898	\$ 91,600 442,519 -
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 4,603,521</u>	<u>\$ 953,531</u>	<u>\$ (711,949)</u>	<u>\$ 4,845,103</u>	<u>\$ 534,119</u>

Compensated absences and pension liabilities typically have been liquidated in the general fund.

10. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	Go	<u>vernmental</u>
Capital assets Less: Long-term debt	\$	27,154,218 (141,600)
Net investment in capital assets	\$	27,012,618

11. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$	11,229,270
Less:		
Inventories		44,098
Prepaid items		42,602
Stabilization by state statute		2,233,881
Appropriated fund balance in 2021 Budget		1,603,467
Fund balance policy minimum		2,638,534
Remaining fund balance	<u>\$</u>	4,666,688

The Village's fund balance policy requires the Village to maintain a minimum <u>unassigned</u> General Fund balance of 15% of <u>actual</u> expenditures as reported in the Village's CAFR. In addition, when preparing the annual General Fund budget, the <u>total</u> appropriated fund balance should result in anticipated ending total fund balance in the range of 30%-40% of <u>budgeted</u> expenditures. At June 30, 2020, the General Fund's unassigned fund balance of \$7,305,222 represents 42% of General Fund actual expenditures which is well above the policy minimum. Total fund balance was 51% of budgeted expenditures. The amount by which the fund balance exceeds policy-established minimums may be included as a revenue source when the budget is prepared for the next fiscal year.

The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year end.

Encumbrances	General Fund	Community Center Capital Project Fund
	\$398,483	\$54,502

12. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Employment Security Benefits

The Village has elected to pay the direct cost of employment security benefits in lieu of unemployment payroll taxes. A liability for such payments could accrue in the period following the discharge of an employee.

B. Federal and State-Assisted Programs

The Village has received proceeds from several Federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

13. Uncertainty

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of COVID-19, a novel strain of coronavirus, a pandemic. The extent of the impact on operating and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak. The financial statements do not reflect any adjustments as a result of the subsequent increase in economic uncertainty.

14. Joint Ventures

The Village and the members of the Village's fire department each appoint two members to the five-member local board of trustees for the Firefighters' Relief Fund. The State Insurance Commissioner appoints one additional member to the local board of trustees. The Firefighters' Relief Fund is funded by a portion of the fire and lightning insurance premiums that insurers remit to the State. The State passes these moneys to the local board of the Firefighters' Relief Fund. These distributions are used to assist fire fighters in various ways. The local board of the Firefighters' Relief Fund received a distribution of \$22,264 from the State Insurance Commissioner's office for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The Village obtains an ongoing financial benefit from the Fund for the benefits provided to members of the Village's fire department by the board of trustees. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2020. The Firefighters' Relief Fund does not issue separate audited financial statements. Instead, the local board of trustees files an annual financial report with the State Firefighter's Association. This report can be obtained from the Association at 323 West Jones Street, Suite 401, Raleigh, North Carolina 27603.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information ("RSI") is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

- Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Contributions Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Management's Discussion and Analysis is also RSI. It is presented immediately before the basic financial statements.

Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Government Employees' Retirement System - Last Seven Fiscal Years* Required Supplementary Information RSI-1

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Pinehurst's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.1009%	0.1046%	0.1062%	0.1073%	0.1094%	0.1083%	0.1077%
Pinehurst's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 2,756,320	\$ 2,480,521	\$ 1,621,831	\$ 2,278,539	\$ 490,982	\$ (638,460)	\$ 1,298,199
Pinehurst's covered payroll	\$ 6,857,080	\$ 6,610,895	\$ 6,548,274	\$ 6,380,220	\$ 6,280,547	\$ 6,025,207	\$ 5,731,782
Pinehurst's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	40.20%	37.52%	24.77%	35.71%	7.82%	(10.6%)	22.65%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	90.86%	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30. Also, this schedule is intended to provide information for ten fiscal years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina Schedule of Contributions Local Government Employees' Retirement System - Last Seven Fiscal Years* Required Supplementary Information RSI-2

	2020	2019	2018	2017	 2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 671,779	\$ 549,872	\$ 514,302	\$ 489,064	\$ 424,359	\$ 445,138	\$ 434,315
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	671,779	549,872	514,302	489,064	424,359	445,138	434,315
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _
Pinehurst's covered payroll	\$ 7,275,196	\$ 6,857,080	\$ 6,610,895	\$ 6,548,274	\$ 6,380,220	\$ 6,280,547	\$ 6,025,207
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.23%	8.02%	7.78%	7.47%	6.65%	7.09%	7.21%

^{*} This schedule is intended to provide information for ten fiscal years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

	 2020	 2019	 2018	2017
Beginning balance Service cost	\$ 1,025,925 38,255	\$ 1,034,234 38,687	\$ 943,908 30,672	\$ 951,629 33,042
Interest on the total pension liability Changes of benefit terms	35,781 -	31,998 -	35,521 -	33,003
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension				
liability	196,930	(1,618)	19,179	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	32,858	(34,095)	52,287	(19,441)
Benefit payments	(85,851)	(43,281)	(47,333)	(54,325)
Other changes	 -	-	 -	
Ending balance of the total pension liability **	\$ 1,243,898	\$ 1,025,925	\$ 1,034,234	\$ 943,908

^{*} This schedule is intended to provide information for ten fiscal years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

^{**} The Village of Pinehurst has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Total pension liability ** Covered payroll Total pension liability as a	\$ 1,243,898 1,384,357	\$ 1,025,925 1,336,348	\$ 1,034,234 1,269,779	\$ 943,908 1,313,290
percentage of covered payroll	89.85%	76.77%	81.45%	71.87%

^{*} This schedule is intended to provide information for ten fiscal years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it

^{**} The Village of Pinehurst has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

GENERAL FUND
The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.
 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund

Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 with Comparative Actual Amounts

for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		2020			
			Variance		
	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)	2019	
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes:					
Taxes	\$ 11,276,000	\$ 11,251,875	\$ (24,125)	\$ 10,335,802	
Penalties and interest	5,000	9,268	4,268	13,807	
	11,281,000	11,261,143	(19,857)	10,349,609	
Other licenses:					
Golf cart licenses	1,500	3,215	1,715	2,850	
Total	1,500	3,215	1,715	2,850	
Unrestricted intergovernmental:					
Local option sales tax	3,882,000	3,762,600	(119,400)	3,634,067	
Telecommunications sales tax	78,000	70,147	(7,853)	80,296	
Utilities sales tax	1,044,000	1,038,805	(5,195)	1,044,491	
Video programming	283,000	263,094	(19,906)	282,850	
Hold harmless reimbursements	953,000	943,179	(9,821)	899,279	
Wine and beer tax	73,300	73,548	248	72,391	
Total	6,313,300	6,151,373	(161,927)	6,013,374	
Restricted intergovernmental:					
Powell Bill allocation	498,000	501,098	3,098	498,488	
Controlled substance tax	1,500	1,390	(110)	3,843	
Highway safety grant	34,999	34,999	-	· <u>-</u>	
FEMA disaster relief grant	, <u>-</u>	· -	_	332,164	
Coronavirus relief funds	_	17,793	17,793	-	
Other grants	_	9,285	9,285	11,186	
Solid waste disposal tax	11,600	12,940	1,340	12,448	
Total	546,099	577,505	31,406	858,129	
Darmita and face.					
Permits and fees: Building permits and inspection					
	250,000	242 205	62.205	272.050	
fees	250,000	313,305	63,305	372,950	
Planning and zoning fees	300,000	261,167	(38,833)	71,933	
Fire district	360,000	360,065	65	338,612	
Other permits and fees	1,700	4,243	2,543	11,275	
Total	911,700	938,780	27,080	794,770	
Sales and services:					
Rents, concessions and fees	513,200	456,110	(57,090)	547,250	
Recreation fees	162,500	87,154	(75,346)	142,693	
Total	675,700	543,264	(132,436)	689,943	
Investment earnings:					
Investment income	189,000	159,539	(29,461)	254,921	
Assessments	24,200	26,103	1,903	29,371	

Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 with Comparative Actual Amounts

for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		2020		
			Variance	
	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)	2019
Miscellaneous:				
ABC revenue	\$ 157,700	\$ 159,430	\$ 1,730	\$ 166,697
Library Contribution	1,006,000	1,006,803	803	-
Donations	28,180	32,585	4,405	69,310
Other revenues	45,325	68,366	23,041	46,738
Total	1,237,205	1,267,184	29,979	282,745
Total revenues	21,179,704	20,928,106	(251,598)	19,275,712
Expenditures:				
General government:				
Governing body:				
Operating expenditures	147,150	119,681	27,469	107,832
Total	147,150	119,681	27,469	107,832
Administration:				
Operating expenditures	1,389,840	1,293,102	96,738	1,157,493
Capital outlay	21,792	19,193	2,599	66,124
Total	1,411,632	1,312,295	99,337	1,223,617
i otai	1,411,032	1,312,293	99,337	1,223,017
Financial services:				
Operating expenditures	684,180	662,076	22,104	591,301
Capital outlay	880	794	86	1,680
Total	685,060	662,870	22,190	592,981
Human resources:				
Operating expenditures	488,980	415,366	73,614	404,535
Capital outlay	1,100	993	107	2,940
Total	490,080	416,359	73,721	407,475
Total general government	2,733,922	2,511,205	222,717	2,331,905
Public safety:				
Police: Operating expenditures	3,362,147	3,039,289	322,858	3,007,772
Capital outlay	242,397	224,548	17,849	75,265
Total	3,604,544	3,263,837	340,707	3,083,037
Fire				
Fire:	2 002 177	2 704 040	200 220	0.657.057
Operating expenditures	3,083,177	2,794,949	288,228	2,657,857
Capital outlay	636,423	26,009	610,414	86,374
Total	3,719,600	2,820,958	898,642	2,744,231
Inspections:				
Operating expenditures	317,890	300,904	16,986	224,666
Capital outlay	572	519	53	1,058
Total	318,462	301,423	17,039	225,724
Total public safety	7,642,606	6,386,218	1,256,388	6,052,992

Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 with Comparative Actual Amounts

for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

2020 Variance 2019 **Final Budget Actual** Positive (Negative) Transportation: Public services administration: Operating expenditures \$ 561,270 \$ 520,334 \$ 40,936 \$ 414,064 Capital outlay 24,330 53,454 73,781 49,451 Total 635,051 569,785 65,266 467,518 Streets and grounds: Operating expenditures 1,561,000 1,283,397 277,603 1,707,489 Capital outlay 420,309 268,372 151,937 350,416 Total 1,981,309 1,551,769 429,540 2,057,905 Powell Bill: Operating expenditures 1,172,125 1,008,383 163,742 1,099,936 Total 1,172,125 1,008,383 163,742 1,099,936 Total transportation 3,788,485 3,129,937 658,548 3,625,359 Economic and physical development: Planning: 835,730 Operating expenditures 685,781 149,949 825,546 Capital outlay 928 843 2,331 85 Total 836,658 686,624 150,034 827,877 Community development: Operating expenditures 168,430 126,191 42,239 182,478 Capital outlay 200,220 200,021 199 420 Total 368,650 126,390 242,260 182,898 Total economic and physical development 1,205,308 813,014 392,294 1,010,775 Environmental protection: Solid waste: 1,747,030 1,624,072 122,958 1,503,478 Operating expenditures Capital outlay 206,943 204,588 2,355 7,457 Total 1,953,973 1,828,660 125,313 1,510,935 Total environmental protection 1,953,973 1,828,660 125,313 1,510,935 Cultural and recreation: Recreation: Operating expenditures 1,536,682 346,836 1,883,518 1,412,762 46,489 Capital outlay 53,431 6,942 190,273 Total 1,936,949 353,778 1,583,171 1,603,035

Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 with Comparative Actual Amounts for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Final Budget			2020		
Library: Operating expenditures		Final Budget	Actual		2019
Operating expenditures \$ 195,000 \$ 179,290 \$ 15,710 \$ 125,000 Total 195,000 179,290 15,710 125,000 Harness track: Operating expenditures 583,600 439,306 144,294 508,837 Capital outlay 98,798 80,576 18,222 96,188 Total 682,398 519,882 162,516 605,025 Fair barn: Operating expenditures 375,790 307,658 68,132 288,542 Capital outlay 62,563 20,359 42,204 54,273 Total 438,353 328,017 110,336 342,815 Total cultural and recreation 3,252,700 2,610,360 642,340 2,675,875 Contingency: Operating expenditures 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 - Principal retirement 298,699 298,687 12 297,282 Interest and fees 13,428 12,146 1,282 21,770 Total 312,127 310,833 1,2					
Total 195,000 179,290 15,710 125,000 Harness track: Operating expenditures 583,600 439,306 144,294 508,837 Capital outlay 98,798 80,576 18,222 96,188 Total 682,398 519,882 162,516 605,025 Fair barn: Operating expenditures 375,790 307,658 68,132 288,542 Capital outlay 62,563 20,359 42,204 54,273 Total 438,353 328,017 110,336 342,815 Total cultural and recreation 3,252,700 2,610,360 642,340 2,675,875 Contingency: Operating expenditures 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 Debt service: Principal retirement 298,699 298,687 12 297,282 Interest and fees 13,428 12,146 1,282 21,770 Total 312,127 310,833 1,294 319,052 Total expenditures 21,889,121 17,590,227 4,298,894 17,526,893 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (709,417) 3,337,879 4,047,296 1,748,819 Other financing sources (uses): Sales of capital assets 25,000 19,418 (5,582) 50,481 Transfers to other funds: Capital Project Fund - (4,569,165) Total other financing sources (uses): Sales of capital assets 25,000 19,418 (5,582) (4,518,684) Fund balance appropriated 684,417 - (684,417) - (4,569,165) Fund balance appropriated 684,417 - (684,417) - (7,676,9865) Fund balance, beginning 7,871,973 10,641,838	•	\$ 105.000	¢ 170.200	¢ 15.710	¢ 125,000
Operating expenditures 583,600 model 439,306 model 144,294 model 508,837 model Capital outlay Total 682,398 model 80,768 model 162,222 model 96,188 model Total 682,398 model 519,882 model 162,516 model 605,025 Fair barn:					
Capital outlay Total 98,798 80,576 18,222 96,188 Total 682,398 519,882 162,516 605,025 Fair barn: Operating expenditures 375,790 307,658 68,132 288,542 Capital outlay 62,563 20,359 42,204 54,273 Total 438,353 328,017 110,336 342,815 Total cultural and recreation 3,252,700 2,610,360 642,340 2,675,875 Contingency: Operating expenditures 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 - Principal retirement 298,699 298,687 12 297,282 Principal retirement 298,699 12,146 1,282 21,770 Total 312,127 310,833 1,294 319,052 Total expenditures 21,889,121 17,590,227 4,298,894 17,526,893 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (709,417) 3,337,879 4,047,296 1,748,819 Other financing sources (uses): 25,000 19,	Harness track:				
Total 682,398 519,882 162,516 605,025 Fair barn:	Operating expenditures	583,600	439,306	144,294	508,837
Fair barn: Operating expenditures 375,790 307,658 68,132 288,542 Capital outlay 62,563 20,359 42,204 54,273 Total 438,353 328,017 110,336 342,815 Total cultural and recreation 3,252,700 2,610,360 642,340 2,675,875 Contingency: Operating expenditures 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 - Principal retirement 298,699 298,687 12 297,282 Interest and fees 13,428 12,146 1,282 21,770 Total 312,127 310,833 1,294 319,052 Total expenditures 21,889,121 17,590,227 4,298,894 17,526,893 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (709,417) 3,337,879 4,047,296 1,748,819 Other financing sources (uses): Sales of capital assets 25,000 19,418 (5,582) 50,481 Transfers to other funds: Capital					
Operating expenditures 375,790 307,658 68,132 288,542 Capital outlay 62,563 20,359 42,204 54,273 Total 438,353 328,017 110,336 342,815 Total cultural and recreation 3,252,700 2,610,360 642,340 2,675,875 Contingency: Operating expenditures 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 - Debt service: Principal retirement 298,699 298,687 12 297,282 Interest and fees 13,428 12,146 1,282 21,770 Total 312,127 310,833 1,294 319,052 Total expenditures 21,889,121 17,590,227 4,298,894 17,526,893 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (709,417) 3,337,879 4,047,296 1,748,819 Other financing sources (uses): Sales of capital assets 25,000 19,418 (5,582) 50,481 Total other financing sources 25,000	Total	682,398	519,882	162,516	605,025
Capital outlay Total 62,563 (438,353) 20,359 (328,017) 42,204 (342,015) 54,273 (342,815) Total cultural and recreation 3,252,700 2,610,360 642,340 2,675,875 Contingency: Operating expenditures 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fees 13,428 12,146 1,282 21,770 Total expenditures 21,889,121 17,590,227 4,298,894 17,526,893 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (709,417) 3,337,879 4,047,296 1,748,819 Other financing sources (uses): Sales of capital assets 25,000 19,418 (5,582) 50,481 Transfers to other funds: Capital Project Fund - - - - (4,569,165) Total other financing sources 25,000 19,418 (5,582) 50,481 Total other financing sources 25,000 19,418 (5,582) (4,518,684) Fund balance appropriated 684,417 - (684,417) - Net change in fund balance - <					
Total ultural and recreation 3,252,700 2,610,360 642,340 2,675,875 Contingency: Operating expenditures 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 - 1 Debt service: Principal retirement 298,699 298,687 12 297,282 1nterest and fees 13,428 12,146 1,282 21,770 Total 312,127 310,833 1,294 319,052 Total expenditures 21,889,121 17,590,227 4,298,894 17,526,893 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (709,417) 3,337,879 4,047,296 1,748,819 Other financing sources (uses): Sales of capital assets 25,000 19,418 (5,582) 50,481 Transfers to other funds: Capital Project Fund (4,569,165) Total other financing sources (25,000 19,418 (5,582) (4,518,684) Fund balance appropriated 684,417 - (684,417) - (684,417) Net change in fund balance \$ - 3,357,297 \$ 3,357,297 (2,769,865) Fund balance, beginning 7,871,973 10,641,838					
Total cultural and recreation 3,252,700 2,610,360 642,340 2,675,875 Contingency:					
Contingency: Operating expenditures 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 - Debt service: Principal retirement 298,699 298,687 12 297,282 Principal retirement 298,699 12,146 1,282 21,770 Total 312,127 310,833 1,294 319,052 Total expenditures 21,889,121 17,590,227 4,298,894 17,526,893 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (709,417) 3,337,879 4,047,296 1,748,819 Other financing sources (uses): Sales of capital assets 25,000 19,418 (5,582) 50,481 Transfers to other funds: - - - - (4,569,165) Total other financing sources 25,000 19,418 (5,582) (4,518,684) Fund balance appropriated 684,417 - (684,417) - Net change in fund balance \$ - 3,357,297 \$ 3,357,297 (2,769,865) Fund balance, beginning 7,871,973 10,641,838	Total	438,353	328,017	110,336	342,815
Operating expenditures 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 - Debt service: Principal retirement 298,699 298,687 12 297,282 Interest and fees 13,428 12,146 1,282 21,770 Total 312,127 310,833 1,294 319,052 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (709,417) 3,337,879 4,047,296 1,748,819 Other financing sources (uses): Sales of capital assets 25,000 19,418 (5,582) 50,481 Tansfers to other funds: Capital Project Fund - - - - - (4,569,165) Total other financing sources 25,000 19,418 (5,582) (4,518,684) Fund balance appropriated 684,417 - (684,417) - Net change in fund balance - 3,357,297 \$3,357,297 (2,769,865) Fund balance, beginning 7,871,973 10,641,838	Total cultural and recreation	3,252,700	2,610,360	642,340	2,675,875
Operating expenditures 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 - Debt service: Principal retirement 298,699 298,687 12 297,282 Interest and fees 13,428 12,146 1,282 21,770 Total 312,127 310,833 1,294 319,052 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (709,417) 3,337,879 4,047,296 1,748,819 Other financing sources (uses): Sales of capital assets 25,000 19,418 (5,582) 50,481 Tansfers to other funds: Capital Project Fund - - - - - (4,569,165) Total other financing sources 25,000 19,418 (5,582) (4,518,684) Fund balance appropriated 684,417 - (684,417) - Net change in fund balance - 3,357,297 \$3,357,297 (2,769,865) Fund balance, beginning 7,871,973 10,641,838	Contingency:				
Principal retirement 298,699 298,687 12 297,282 Interest and fees 13,428 12,146 1,282 21,770 Total 312,127 310,833 1,294 319,052 Total expenditures 21,889,121 17,590,227 4,298,894 17,526,893 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (709,417) 3,337,879 4,047,296 1,748,819 Other financing sources (uses): 25,000 19,418 (5,582) 50,481 Transfers to other funds: 25,000 19,418 (5,582) (4,569,165) Total other financing sources 25,000 19,418 (5,582) (4,569,165) Total other financing sources 25,000 19,418 (5,582) (4,518,684) Fund balance appropriated 684,417 - (684,417) - Net change in fund balance \$ - 3,357,297 \$ 3,357,297 (2,769,865) Fund balance, beginning 7,871,973 10,641,838	Operating expenditures	1,000,000		1,000,000	
Interest and fees	Debt service:				
Total 312,127 310,833 1,294 319,052 Total expenditures 21,889,121 17,590,227 4,298,894 17,526,893 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (709,417) 3,337,879 4,047,296 1,748,819 Other financing sources (uses):	Principal retirement	298,699	298,687	12	297,282
Total expenditures 21,889,121 17,590,227 4,298,894 17,526,893 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (709,417) 3,337,879 4,047,296 1,748,819 Other financing sources (uses):	Interest and fees		12,146	1,282	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (709,417) 3,337,879 4,047,296 1,748,819 Other financing sources (uses): Sales of capital assets 25,000 19,418 (5,582) 50,481 Transfers to other funds: Capital Project Fund (4,569,165) Total other financing sources 25,000 19,418 (5,582) (4,518,684) Fund balance appropriated 684,417 - (684,417) - Net change in fund balance \$ - 3,357,297 \$ 3,357,297 (2,769,865) Fund balance, beginning 7,871,973 10,641,838	Total	312,127	310,833	1,294	319,052
over (under) expenditures (709,417) 3,337,879 4,047,296 1,748,819 Other financing sources (uses): Sales of capital assets 25,000 19,418 (5,582) 50,481 Transfers to other funds: - - - (4,569,165) Capital Project Fund - - - (4,569,165) Total other financing sources 25,000 19,418 (5,582) (4,518,684) Fund balance appropriated 684,417 - (684,417) - Net change in fund balance \$ - 3,357,297 \$ 3,357,297 (2,769,865) Fund balance, beginning 7,871,973 10,641,838	Total expenditures	21,889,121	17,590,227	4,298,894	17,526,893
Other financing sources (uses): Sales of capital assets 25,000 19,418 (5,582) 50,481 Transfers to other funds: - - - (4,569,165) Capital Project Fund - - - (4,569,165) Total other financing sources 25,000 19,418 (5,582) (4,518,684) Fund balance appropriated 684,417 - (684,417) - Net change in fund balance \$ - 3,357,297 \$ 3,357,297 (2,769,865) Fund balance, beginning 7,871,973 10,641,838	Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
Sales of capital assets 25,000 19,418 (5,582) 50,481 Transfers to other funds: - - - - (4,569,165) Total other financing sources 25,000 19,418 (5,582) (4,518,684) Fund balance appropriated 684,417 - (684,417) - Net change in fund balance \$ - 3,357,297 \$ 3,357,297 (2,769,865) Fund balance, beginning 7,871,973 10,641,838	over (under) expenditures	(709,417)	3,337,879	4,047,296	1,748,819
Transfers to other funds: Capital Project Fund - - - - (4,569,165) Total other financing sources 25,000 19,418 (5,582) (4,518,684) Fund balance appropriated 684,417 - (684,417) - Net change in fund balance \$ - 3,357,297 \$ 3,357,297 (2,769,865) Fund balance, beginning 7,871,973 10,641,838					
Capital Project Fund - - - - (4,569,165) Total other financing sources 25,000 19,418 (5,582) (4,518,684) Fund balance appropriated 684,417 - (684,417) - Net change in fund balance \$ - 3,357,297 \$ 3,357,297 (2,769,865) Fund balance, beginning 7,871,973 10,641,838		25,000	19,418	(5,582)	50,481
sources 25,000 19,418 (5,582) (4,518,684) Fund balance appropriated 684,417 - (684,417) - Net change in fund balance \$ - 3,357,297 \$ 3,357,297 (2,769,865) Fund balance, beginning 7,871,973 10,641,838					(4,569,165)
sources 25,000 19,418 (5,582) (4,518,684) Fund balance appropriated 684,417 - (684,417) - Net change in fund balance \$ - 3,357,297 \$ 3,357,297 (2,769,865) Fund balance, beginning 7,871,973 10,641,838	Total other financing				
Net change in fund balance \$ - 3,357,297 \$ 3,357,297 (2,769,865) Fund balance, beginning 7,871,973 10,641,838	_	25,000	19,418	(5,582)	(4,518,684)
Fund balance, beginning 7,871,973 10,641,838	Fund balance appropriated	684,417		(684,417)	
	Net change in fund balance	\$ -	3,357,297	\$ 3,357,297	(2,769,865)
	Fund balance, beginning		7,871,973		10,641,838
Fund balance, ending \$ 11,229,270 \$ 7,871,973	Fund balance, ending		\$ 11,229,270		\$ 7,871,973

COMMUNITY CENTER CAPITAL PROJECT FUND
COMMONITY CENTER OAT TIAL TROOLOT TOND
The Community Center Capital Project Fund is used to account for costs incurred in the design and construction of the Cannon Park Community Center.
The Community Center Capital Project Fund is used to account for costs incurred in the design and
The Community Center Capital Project Fund is used to account for costs incurred in the design and construction of the Cannon Park Community Center. • Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual –
The Community Center Capital Project Fund is used to account for costs incurred in the design and construction of the Cannon Park Community Center. • Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual –
The Community Center Capital Project Fund is used to account for costs incurred in the design and construction of the Cannon Park Community Center. • Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual –
The Community Center Capital Project Fund is used to account for costs incurred in the design and construction of the Cannon Park Community Center. • Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual –

Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina Capital Project Fund - Community Center Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Variance	
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 7,983	\$ 19,679	\$ 27,662	\$ 27,662
Expenditures: Cultural and recreation:	·	, , , , , , ,	,	, , , , , , ,	, , , , ,
Design	344,000	293,694	33,301	326,995	17,005
Construction	4,569,165	2,106,996	2,257,462	4,364,458	204,707
Total expenditures	4,913,165	2,400,690	2,290,763	4,691,453	221,712
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,913,165)	(2,392,707)	(2,271,084)	(4,663,791)	249,374
Other Financing Sources: Transfers from other funds: General Fund	4,913,165	4,913,165	-	4,913,165	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 2,520,458	(2,271,084)	\$ 249,374	\$ 249,374
Fund balance, beginning			2,520,458		
Fund balance, ending			\$ 249,374		

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Capital assets are all tangible and intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

- Schedule by Source
- Schedule by Function and Activity
- Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity

Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Source June 30, 2020

	 2020	 2019
Governmental funds capital assets:		
Land	\$ 6,264,298	\$ 6,232,258
Right of ways	562,255	347,300
Buildings and improvements	22,358,833	22,203,135
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	10,533,615	10,079,273
Infrastructure	6,758,268	6,343,307
Construction in progress	 4,725,360	 2,411,690
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 51,202,629	\$ 47,616,963
Investment in governmental funds capital assets		
by source:		
General Fund	\$ 46,904,240	\$ 43,832,550
Donations	 4,298,389	 3,784,413
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 51,202,629	\$ 47,616,963

Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Function and Activity June 30, 2020

	Land	Right of Ways	Buildings	Improvements Other than Buildings	Furniture, Equipment and Vehicles	Infrastructure	Construction In Progress	Total
Function and Activity:								
General government								
Governing body	\$ 3,795,221	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,795,221
Administration	-	-	4,259,809	-	306,583	-	-	4,566,392
Financial services	-	-	-	-	135,259	-	-	135,259
Human resources	-	-	-	-	21,300	-	-	21,300
Information technology	-	-	-	28,388	349,027	-	-	377,415
Buildings and grounds	-	-	436,666	704,711	336,421	29,476	-	1,507,274
Fleet maintenance	25,170		81,456		246,093			352,719
	3,820,391		4,777,931	733,099	1,394,683	29,476		10,755,580
Public safety								
Police	-	-	2,718,612	-	1,247,778	-	-	3,966,390
Fire	161,074	-	3,342,769	-	2,718,676	-	-	6,222,519
Inspections	-	-	-	-	59,554	-	-	59,554
·	161,074	-	6,061,381	-	4,026,008	-	-	10,248,463
Toomanation								
Transportation Public services	66,210		1,204,792		158,790			1,429,792
Streets and grounds	00,210	- 562,255	1,204,792 5,118	1,588,228	2,023,367	5,410,148	-	9,589,116
Powell Bill	-	302,233	5,110	45,713	140,354	21,115	-	207,182
Powell Bill	66,210	562,255	1,209,910	1,633,941	2,322,511	5,431,263		11,226,090
	00,210	302,233	1,209,910	1,000,041	2,322,311	3,431,203		11,220,090
Environmental protection								
Solid waste					1,611,527			1,611,527
					1,611,527			1,611,527
Cultural and recreation								
Recreation	760,373	-	327,098	3,233,926	544,580	1,028,643	-	5,894,620
Harness track	1,456,250	-	1,400,130	353,360	526,596	268,886	-	4,005,222
Fair barn	-	-	2,359,123	268,934	90,321	-	-	2,718,378
	2,216,623	-	4,086,351	3,856,220	1,161,497	1,297,529	-	12,618,220
Faculties and physical development	'							
Economic and physical development Planning	_	_	_	_	17,389	_	_	17,389
r idining					17,389			17,389
					,500			
Construction in progress							4,725,360	4,725,360
	\$ 6,264,298	\$ 562,255	\$ 16,135,573	\$ 6,223,260	\$ 10,533,615	\$ 6,758,268	\$ 4,725,360	\$ 51,202,629

Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes By Function and Activity For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Capital Assets June 30, 2019	Additions	s	Deletions	Adjustments	Capital Assets June 30, 2020	
Function and Activity							
General government	ф 2.762.404	ф <u>э</u> г.(920 \$	(2.000)	c	\$ 3,795,221	
Governing body Administration	\$ 3,763,181 4,550,175	\$ 35,9 16,2		(3,880)	\$ -	\$ 3,795,221 4,566,392	
Financial services	135,259	10,2	-	_	_	135,259	
Human resources	21,300		-	-	-	21,300	
Information technology	357,558	19,8	357	-	-	377,415	
Buildings and grounds maintenance	1 507 074					1 507 274	
Fleet maintenance	1,507,274 335,282	17,4	- 137	-	-	1,507,274 352,719	
r leet maintenance	000,202					002,710	
	10,670,029	89,4	131	(3,880)		10,755,580	
Public safety							
Police	3,869,436	213,3		(64,543)	(51,807)	3,966,390	
Fire	6,201,078	21,4	141	-	-	6,222,519	
Inspections	59,554			<u>-</u>		59,554	
	10,130,068	234,7	745	(64,543)	(51,807)	10,248,463	
Transportation							
Public services	1,381,315	48,4	177	-	-	1,429,792	
Streets and grounds	8,876,523	712,5	593	-	-	9,589,116	
Powell Bill	219,637		- -	(12,455)		207,182	
	10,477,475	761,0)70	(12,455)		11,226,090	
Environmental protection							
Solid waste	1,468,029	197,9	931	(54,433)		1,611,527	
	1,468,029	197,9	931	(54,433)		1,611,527	
Cultural and recreation							
Recreation	5,794,945	44,8	368	_	54,807	5,894,620	
Harness track	3,938,808	79,0		(12,600)	-	4,005,222	
Fair barn	2,690,555	19,8	323	<u>-</u>	8,000	2,718,378	
	12,424,308	143,7	705	(12,600)	62,807	12,618,220	
Economic and physical							
development							
Planning	35,364		<u> </u>	(17,975)		17,389	
	35,364		_	(17,975)		17,389	
Construction is assessed		2 224 6	270	, , , /	(44,000)		
Construction in progress	2,411,690	2,324,6)/U	<u>-</u>	(11,000)	4,725,360	
	\$ 47,616,963	\$ 3,751,5	552 \$	(165,886)	\$ -	\$ 51,202,629	

ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL DATA This section contains additional information on property taxes. Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable Analysis of Current Tax Levy		
This section contains additional information on property taxes. • Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable		
This section contains additional information on property taxes. • Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable		
This section contains additional information on property taxes. • Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable		
This section contains additional information on property taxes. • Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable		
This section contains additional information on property taxes. • Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable		
This section contains additional information on property taxes. • Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable		
This section contains additional information on property taxes. • Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable		
This section contains additional information on property taxes. • Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable		
Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable		
	ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL DATA	
Analysis of Current Tax Levy	ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL DATA This section contains additional information on property taxes.	
	This section contains additional information on property taxes. • Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	
	This section contains additional information on property taxes. • Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	
	This section contains additional information on property taxes. • Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	
	This section contains additional information on property taxes. • Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	
	This section contains additional information on property taxes. • Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	
	This section contains additional information on property taxes. • Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	

Fiscal Year	В	collected salance y 1, 2019			Collections and Credits		Uncollected Balance June 30, 2020	
2019 - 2020	\$	-	\$	11,256,701	\$	11,247,972	\$	8,729
2018 - 2019		10,853		-		8,713		2,140
2017 - 2018		2,129		_		1,331		798
2016 - 2017		79		_		· -		79
2015 - 2016		87		_		-		87
2014 - 2015		199		_		-		199
2013 - 2014		1,166		_		1,112		54
2012 - 2013		708		_		637		71
2011 - 2012		814		_		731		83
2010 - 2011		8,293		<u>-</u>		7,870		423
	\$	24,328	\$	11,256,701	\$	11,268,366	\$	12,663

Reconciliation with Revenues:

Ad valorem taxes - General Fund	\$ 11,261,143
Reconciling items: Interest collected and refunds Refunds/reliefs	(9,268) 16,491
	7,223
Total collections and credits	\$ 11,268,366

				Total Levy		
	Property Valuation	General Fund	Total Levy	Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles	
Original levy: Property taxed at current year's rate Penalties Total	\$ 3,744,461,146 	\$ 0.300	\$ 11,229,838 1,322 11,231,160	\$ 10,530,257 1,322 10,531,579	\$ 699,581 	
Total	3,744,461,146		11,231,100	10,531,579	099,581	
Discoveries: Current year taxes Penalties	9,369,802	Various	26,295 6,566	26,295 6,566	<u>-</u>	
Total	9,369,802		32,861	32,861		
Abatements	(2,440,000)		(7,320)	(7,320)		
Total property valuation	\$ 3,751,390,948					
Net levy			11,256,701	10,557,120	699,581	
Uncollected taxes at June 30			(8,729)	(8,729)		
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 11,247,972	\$ 10,548,391	\$ 699,581	
Current levy collection percentage			99.92%	99.92%	100.00%	

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Village's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information say about the government's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

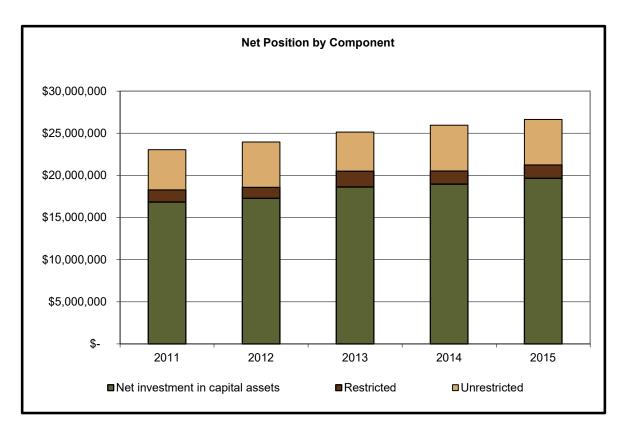
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

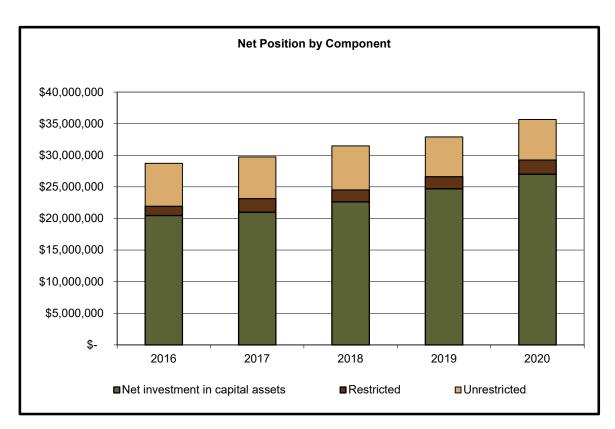
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

	Fiscal Year					
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	
Governmental activities Net investment in capital						
assets	\$ 16,842,082	\$ 17,271,349	\$ 18,615,943	\$ 18,953,996	\$ 19,648,800	
Restricted for: Stabilization by state statute Public Safety	1,422,691	1,291,963	1,882,835	1,568,981	1,601,410	
Municipal Service District	14,084	14,354	-	-	-	
Unrestricted	4,756,832	5,372,934	4,631,746	5,417,136	5,381,405	
Total net position, previously reported Restatement	23,035,689	23,950,600	25,130,524 	25,940,113 	26,631,615 	
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 23,035,689	\$ 23,950,600	\$ 25,130,524	\$ 25,940,113	\$ 26,631,615	



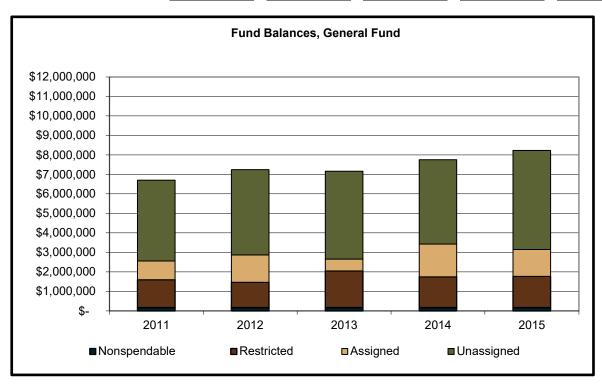
	Fiscal Year					
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
Governmental activities Net investment in capital						
assets	\$ 20,467,990	\$ 20,980,863	\$ 22,631,590	\$ 24,692,614	\$ 27,012,618	
Restricted for:						
Stabilization by state statute	1,474,901	2,165,724	1,881,641	1,923,503	2,233,881	
Public Safety	-	-	2,672	10,943	-	
Municipal Service District	-	-	-	-	-	
Unrestricted	6,777,854	6,594,835	6,980,336	6,276,224	6,425,942	
Total net position,						
previously reported	28,720,745	29,741,422	31,496,239	32,903,284	35,672,441	
Restatement	(628,284)					
Total governmental						
activities net position	\$ 28,092,461	\$ 29,741,422	\$ 31,496,239	\$ 32,903,284	\$ 35,672,441	



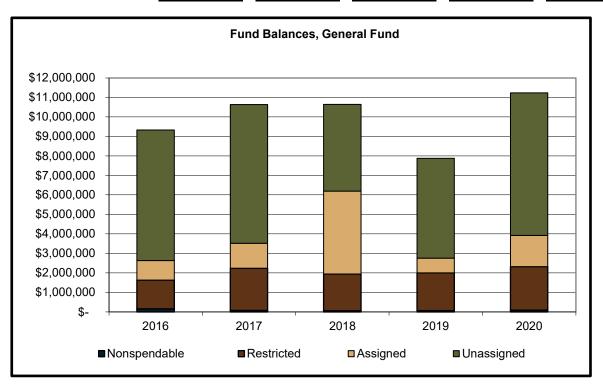
	Fiscal Year					
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	
Expenses						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 2,001,438	\$ 2,144,319	\$ 1,611,659	\$ 2,168,794	\$ 2,220,764	
Public safety	5,415,839	5,454,487	\$ 1,611,659 5,582,355	\$ 2,168,794 5,803,531	5,653,753	
Transportation						
•	2,460,277	2,511,804	2,475,382	2,369,495	2,325,248	
Economic and physical	4 400 200	1 250 262	1 540 000	1 500 150	1 567 700	
development	1,422,329	1,250,263	1,542,829	1,566,159	1,567,788	
Environmental protection	1,352,912	1,337,891	1,275,525	1,402,623	1,526,924	
Cultural and recreation	1,795,985	1,919,013	2,100,673	2,746,748	2,647,805	
Interest on long-term debt	141,320	108,919	88,541	82,192	69,243	
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ 14,590,100	\$ 14,726,696	\$ 14,676,964	\$ 16,139,542	\$ 16,011,525	
Program Revenues						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services:						
General government	\$ -	\$ 1,740	\$ 1,775	\$ 2,230	\$ 2,045	
Public safety	398,609	422,878	469,345	490,364	φ 2,043 507,962	
Transportation	10,000	10,000	10,500	19,000	17,000	
Economic and physical	10,000	10,000	10,500	19,000	17,000	
development	25,615	49,827	57,745	39,567	51,363	
Cultural and recreation	497,313	510,856	509,113	•	672,851	
		,		1,268,417	•	
Operating grants and contributions	957,837	827,939	533,380	546,089	1,025,870	
Capital grants and contributions		<u>-</u>	207,252	42,563	320,235	
Total governmental activities						
program revenue	\$ 1,889,374	\$ 1,823,240	\$ 1,789,110	\$ 2,408,230	\$ 2,597,326	
Total governmental						
activities net expense	\$ (12,700,726)	\$ (12,903,456)	\$ (12,887,854)	\$ (13,731,312)	\$ (13,414,199)	
General Revenues and Other						
Changes in Net Position						
Governmental activities:						
Taxes:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 9,615,930	\$ 9,483,953	\$ 9,567,944	\$ 9,763,042	\$ 9,785,054	
Franchise taxes	44,913	-	-	-	-	
Unrestricted intergovernmental	3,892,476	4,071,702	4,162,616	4,271,703	4,979,172	
Investment earnings	23,665	27,125	12,947	10,424	9,796	
Miscellaneous	228,207	235,587	324,271	495,732	197,599	
Total governmental activities						
general revenue	\$ 13,805,191	\$ 13,818,367	\$ 14,067,778	\$ 14,540,901	\$ 14,971,621	
Change in Governmental						
Activities Net Position	\$ 1,104,465	\$ 914,911	\$ 1,179,924	\$ 809,589	\$ 1,557,422	
	. , . ,		. , ., .			

		Fiscal Year				
Covernmental activities: General governmental activities: General governmental governmental governmental activities: Transportation 2,451,039 2,495,248 3,2507,278 3,276,500 3,249,759 Transportation 2,451,039 2,755,861 3,185,140 3,576,500 3,249,759 Economic and physical development 677,747 765,422 700,647 1,017,048 1,808,078 Cultural and recreation 1,339,842 1,453,148 1,470,406 1,661,991 1,808,078 Cultural and recreation 2,527,443 2,700,389 2,875,926 2,754,791 2,964,665 Interest on long-term debt 54,120 40,296 28,933 18,838 9,203 Total governmental activities expenses \$15,326,314 \$16,281,049 \$16,976,054 \$18,284,410 \$18,676,257 Program Revenues \$15,326,314 \$16,281,049 \$16,976,054 \$18,284,410 \$18,676,257 Program Revenue \$15,93,88 \$3,943 \$10,140 \$24,541 \$22,036 Public safety \$59,814 \$722,337 \$677,954 \$718,467 \$683,710 Canonic and physical \$15,93,88 \$10,140 \$10,90 \$10,		2016	2017		2019	2020
Covernmental activities: General governmental activities: General governmental governmental governmental governmental activities: Transportation 2,481,039 2,755,861 3,185,140 3,576,506 3,249,759 Transportation 2,481,039 2,755,861 3,185,140 3,576,506 3,249,759 Environmental protection 1,399,842 1,453,148 1,470,406 1,661,991 1,808,078 Cultural and recreation 2,527,443 2,700,389 2,875,926 2,754,791 2,964,665 Interest on long-term debt 54,120 40,296 28,933 18,838 9,203 Total governmental activities expenses \$15,326,314 \$16,281,049 \$16,976,054 \$18,284,410 \$18,676,257 Program Revenues \$15,326,314 \$16,281,049 \$16,976,054 \$18,284,410 \$18,676,257 Program Revenue \$15,93,88 \$3,943 \$10,140 \$24,541 \$22,036 Public safety \$59,814 \$722,337 \$677,954 \$718,467 \$683,710 Public safety \$59,368 \$3,562 \$85,317 \$77,246 \$261,564 Cultural and recreation \$70,300 \$716,909 \$701,082 \$60,859 \$519,952 Operating grants and contributions \$230,788 \$2,130,465 \$2,552,044 \$2,737,485 \$2,585,997 Total governmental activities \$15,307,304 \$14,150,584 \$14,424,010 \$15,546,925 \$16,090,260 Program Revenue \$15,328,610 \$14,150,584 \$14,424,010 \$10,346,079 \$11,249,478 \$14,240,100 \$10,346,079 \$11,249,478 \$14,240,100 \$10,346,079 \$	Evnoncos					
Separal government	•					
Public safety		¢ 2501749	¢ 2.405.249	¢ 2507.279	¢ 2.726.370	¢ 2.067.923
Transportation	<u> </u>	, , , , ,	. , ,			
Commic and physical development 677,747 765,422 700,647 1,017,081 844,251 Environmental protection 1,399,842 1,453,148 1,470,406 1,661,991 1,808,078 1,017,081 1,808,078 1,470,406 1,661,991 1,808,078 1,470,406 1,661,991 1,808,078 1,470,406 1,661,991 1,808,078 1,470,406 1,661,991 1,808,078 1,470,406 1,661,991 1,808,078 1,808,676,257 1,676,091 1,808,078 1,808,0			· ·			
Charge in Covernmental protection 1,399,842 1,453,148 1,470,406 1,661,991 1,808,078 1,80	•	2,461,039	2,733,001	3,100,140	3,376,506	3,249,759
Environmental protection 1,399,842 1,453,148 1,470,406 1,661,991 1,808,078 Cultural and recreation Interest on long-term debt 54,120 2,700,389 2,875,926 2,754,791 2,964,665 Interest on long-term debt 54,120 40,296 28,933 18,838 9,203 Total governmental activities: Covernmental activities: Charges for services: General government \$ 8,836 \$ 3,943 \$ 10,140 \$ 24,541 \$ 22,036 Public safety 569,814 722,337 677,954 718,467 683,710 Transportation 5 9,588 83,562 85,317 77,246 261,564 Cultural and recreation 730,300 716,999 701,082 660,859 519,952 Operating grants and contributions 230,788 1,2130,465 \$ 2,552,044 \$ 2,737,485 \$ 2,585,997 Total governmental activities \$ (13,217,904) \$ (14,150,584) \$ (14,424,010) \$ (15,546,925) \$ (16,090,260) Ceneral Revenues and Other Changes in N	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	677 747	765 400	700 647	1 017 001	044.054
Cultural and recreation Interest on long-term debt Interest on long-term debt Interest on long-term debt 54,120 2,927,432 2,003 2,875,926 2,754,791 2,964,665 Total governmental activities expenses activities expenses \$ 15,326,314 \$ 16,281,049 \$ 16,976,054 \$ 18,284,410 \$ 18,676,257 Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services: General government \$ 8,836 \$ 3,943 \$ 10,140 \$ 24,541 \$ 22,036 Public safety \$ 569,814 722,337 677,954 718,467 683,710 Tansportation \$ 59,368 83,562 85,317 77,246 261,564 Cultural and recreation 730,300 716,909 701,082 660,859 519,952 Operating grants and contributions 230,788 - 559,349 397,249 516,976 Total governmental activities program revenue \$ (13,217,904) \$ (14,150,584) \$ (14,424,010) \$ (15,546,925) \$ (16,090,260) Governmental activities net expense \$ 9,		· ·	•	·		· ·
Interest on long-term debt						
Total governmental activities expenses \$ 15,326,314 \$ 16,281,049 \$ 16,976,054 \$ 18,284,410 \$ 18,676,257 Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services: General government \$ 8,836 \$ 3,943 \$ 10,140 \$ 24,541 \$ 22,036 Public safety \$ 569,814 \$ 722,337 \$ 677,954 \$ 718,467 \$ 683,710 Transportation \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$			· ·			
Revenues	Interest on long-term debt	54,120	40,296	28,933	18,838	9,203
Covernmental activities: Charges for services: S		\$ 15,326,314	\$ 16,281,049	\$ 16,976,054	\$ 18,284,410	\$ 18,676,257
Covernmental activities: Charges for services: S	Program Revenues					
Charges for services: General government	_					
General government \$ 8,836 \$ 3,943 \$ 10,140 \$ 24,541 \$ 22,036 Public safety 569,814 722,337 677,954 718,467 683,710 Transportation - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>						
Public safety 569,814 722,337 677,954 718,467 683,710 Transportation -		\$ 8.836	\$ 3,943	\$ 10.140	\$ 24.541	\$ 22,036
Transportation	S .				* /-	
Economic and physical development		000,014	722,007	077,004	7 10,407	-
development 59,368 83,562 85,317 77,246 261,564 Cultural and recreation 730,300 716,909 701,082 660,859 519,952 Operating grants and contributions 509,304 603,714 518,202 859,123 581,759 Capital grants and contributions 230,788 - 559,349 397,249 516,976 Total governmental activities program revenue \$ 2,108,410 \$ 2,130,465 \$ 2,552,044 \$ 2,737,485 \$ 2,585,997 Total governmental activities net expense \$ (13,217,904) \$ (14,150,584) \$ (14,424,010) \$ (15,546,925) \$ (16,090,260) General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes: Ad valorem taxes \$ 9,699,296 \$ 9,998,398 \$ 10,143,940 \$ 10,346,079 \$ 11,249,478 Franchise taxes		-	-	-	_	-
Cultural and recreation 730,300 716,909 701,082 660,859 519,952 Operating grants and contributions 509,304 603,714 518,202 859,123 581,759 Capital grants and contributions 230,788 - 559,349 397,249 516,976 Total governmental activities program revenue \$2,108,410 \$2,130,465 \$2,552,044 \$2,737,485 \$2,585,997 General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes: Ad valorem taxes \$9,699,296 \$9,998,398 \$10,143,940 \$10,346,079 \$11,249,478 Franchise taxes - - - - - - - Unrestricted intergovernmental 5,328,610 5,478,926 5,641,380 6,013,374 6,151,373 Investment earnings 25,872 62,911 146,038 261,291 171,964 Miscellaneous 253,256 259,310 247,469 333,226 1,286,602 Change in Governmental \$15,307,034 \$15,799,545		E0 260	92 562	05 217	77 046	261 561
Operating grants and contributions 509,304 230,788 603,714 518,202 559,349 359,123 397,249 581,759 516,976 Total governmental activities program revenue \$ 2,108,410 \$ 2,130,465 \$ 2,552,044 \$ 2,737,485 \$ 2,585,997 Total governmental activities net expense \$ (13,217,904) \$ (14,150,584) \$ (14,424,010) \$ (15,546,925) \$ (16,090,260) General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes: Ad valorem taxes \$ 9,699,296 \$ 9,998,398 \$ 10,143,940 \$ 10,346,079 \$ 11,249,478 Franchise taxes - <td>•</td> <td>· ·</td> <td>,</td> <td>·</td> <td>·</td> <td>*</td>	•	· ·	,	·	·	*
Capital grants and contributions 230,788 - 559,349 397,249 516,976 Total governmental activities program revenue \$ 2,108,410 \$ 2,130,465 \$ 2,552,044 \$ 2,737,485 \$ 2,585,997 Total governmental activities net expense \$ (13,217,904) \$ (14,150,584) \$ (14,424,010) \$ (15,546,925) \$ (16,090,260) General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes: S (13,217,904) \$ 9,998,398 \$ 10,143,940 \$ 10,346,079 \$ 11,249,478 Franchise taxes		,		,		
Total governmental activities program revenue \$2,108,410 \$2,130,465 \$2,552,044 \$2,737,485 \$2,585,997 Total governmental activities net expense \$(13,217,904) \$(14,150,584) \$(14,424,010) \$(15,546,925) \$(16,090,260) General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes: Ad valorem taxes \$9,699,296 \$9,998,398 \$10,143,940 \$10,346,079 \$11,249,478 Franchise taxes \$		·	603,714	·	·	•
Total governmental activities net expense \$ 2,108,410 \$ 2,130,465 \$ 2,552,044 \$ 2,737,485 \$ 2,585,997 Total governmental activities net expense \$ (13,217,904) \$ (14,150,584) \$ (14,424,010) \$ (15,546,925) \$ (16,090,260) General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes: Ad valorem taxes \$ 9,699,296 \$ 9,998,398 \$ 10,143,940 \$ 10,346,079 \$ 11,249,478 Franchise taxes \$	Capital grants and contributions	230,788		559,349	397,249	516,976
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position \$ (13,217,904) \$ (14,150,584) \$ (14,424,010) \$ (15,546,925) \$ (16,090,260) Governmental activities: Taxes: Ad valorem taxes \$ 9,699,296 \$ 9,998,398 \$ 10,143,940 \$ 10,346,079 \$ 11,249,478 Franchise taxes - - - - - - Unrestricted intergovernmental 5,328,610 5,478,926 5,641,380 6,013,374 6,151,373 Investment earnings 25,872 62,911 146,038 261,291 171,964 Miscellaneous 253,256 259,310 247,469 333,226 1,286,602 Total governmental activities general revenue \$ 15,307,034 \$ 15,799,545 \$ 16,178,827 \$ 16,953,970 \$ 18,859,417		\$ 2,108,410	\$ 2,130,465	\$ 2,552,044	\$ 2,737,485	\$ 2,585,997
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position \$ (13,217,904) \$ (14,150,584) \$ (14,424,010) \$ (15,546,925) \$ (16,090,260) Governmental activities: Taxes: Ad valorem taxes \$ 9,699,296 \$ 9,998,398 \$ 10,143,940 \$ 10,346,079 \$ 11,249,478 Franchise taxes - - - - - - Unrestricted intergovernmental 5,328,610 5,478,926 5,641,380 6,013,374 6,151,373 Investment earnings 25,872 62,911 146,038 261,291 171,964 Miscellaneous 253,256 259,310 247,469 333,226 1,286,602 Total governmental activities general revenue \$ 15,307,034 \$ 15,799,545 \$ 16,178,827 \$ 16,953,970 \$ 18,859,417	Total governmental					
Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes: Ad valorem taxes \$ 9,699,296 \$ 9,998,398 \$ 10,143,940 \$ 10,346,079 \$ 11,249,478 Franchise taxes - - - - - - Unrestricted intergovernmental 5,328,610 5,478,926 5,641,380 6,013,374 6,151,373 Investment earnings 25,872 62,911 146,038 261,291 171,964 Miscellaneous 253,256 259,310 247,469 333,226 1,286,602 Total governmental activities general revenue \$ 15,307,034 \$ 15,799,545 \$ 16,178,827 \$ 16,953,970 \$ 18,859,417 Change in Governmental	<u> </u>	\$ (13,217,904)	\$ (14,150,584)	\$ (14,424,010)	\$ (15,546,925)	\$ (16,090,260)
Governmental activities: Taxes: Ad valorem taxes \$ 9,699,296 \$ 9,998,398 \$ 10,143,940 \$ 10,346,079 \$ 11,249,478 Franchise taxes	General Revenues and Other					
Taxes: Ad valorem taxes \$ 9,699,296 \$ 9,998,398 \$ 10,143,940 \$ 10,346,079 \$ 11,249,478 Franchise taxes -	Changes in Net Position					
Ad valorem taxes \$ 9,699,296 \$ 9,998,398 \$ 10,143,940 \$ 10,346,079 \$ 11,249,478 Franchise taxes	Governmental activities:					
Franchise taxes -	Taxes:					
Unrestricted intergovernmental Investment earnings 5,328,610 5,478,926 5,641,380 6,013,374 6,151,373 Investment earnings 25,872 62,911 146,038 261,291 171,964 Miscellaneous 253,256 259,310 247,469 333,226 1,286,602 Total governmental activities general revenue \$ 15,307,034 \$ 15,799,545 \$ 16,178,827 \$ 16,953,970 \$ 18,859,417 Change in Governmental	Ad valorem taxes	\$ 9,699,296	\$ 9,998,398	\$ 10,143,940	\$ 10,346,079	\$ 11,249,478
Investment earnings 25,872 62,911 146,038 261,291 171,964	Franchise taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings 25,872 62,911 146,038 261,291 171,964	Unrestricted intergovernmental	5,328,610	5,478,926	5,641,380	6,013,374	6,151,373
Miscellaneous 253,256 259,310 247,469 333,226 1,286,602 Total governmental activities general revenue \$ 15,307,034 \$ 15,799,545 \$ 16,178,827 \$ 16,953,970 \$ 18,859,417 Change in Governmental	_					
general revenue \$ 15,307,034	g .	·	•	·		
general revenue \$ 15,307,034	Total governmental activities					
•	•	\$ 15,307,034	\$ 15,799,545	\$ 16,178,827	\$ 16,953,970	\$ 18,859,417
	Change in Governmental	_	_	_	_	_
	•	\$ 2,089,130	\$ 1,648,961	\$ 1,754,817	\$ 1,407,045	\$ 2,769,157

	Fiscal Year								
		2011		2012		2013	2014		2015
General Fund						_			
Nonspendable:									
Inventory	\$	46,747	\$	48,745	\$	43,640	\$ 44,071	\$	44,494
Prepaid items		128,567		124,714		127,308	130,586		124,296
Restricted:									
Stabilization by state statute		1,422,691		1,291,963		1,882,835	1,568,980		1,601,410
Public safety		-		-		-	-		-
Assigned:									
Subsequent year's									
expenditures		959,020		1,405,864		601,175	1,687,710		1,375,639
Unassigned		4,145,184		4,373,169		4,506,790	 4,317,497		5,079,263
Total general fund	\$	6,702,209	\$	7,244,455	\$	7,161,748	\$ 7,748,844	\$	8,225,102
All Other Governmental Funds Restricted:									
Municipal Service District Committed:	\$	14,084	\$	14,354	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
General government		25,892		24,982					_
Cultural and recreation		8,657		24,902		_	_		_
Special revenue fund		0,007		_		_	_		_
expenditures		10,218		10,642		10,755	 2,894		
Total all other governmental funds	\$	58,851	\$	49,978	\$	10,755	\$ 2,894	\$	



	Fiscal Year								
		2016		2017		2018	2019		2020
General Fund									
Nonspendable:									
Inventory	\$	39,799	\$	36,653	\$	39,993	\$ 48,427	\$	44,098
Prepaid items		118,979		35,236		19,878	20,135		42,602
Restricted:									
Stabilization by state statute		1,474,901		2,165,724		1,881,641	1,923,503		2,233,881
Public safety		-		-		2,672	10,943		-
Assigned:									
Subsequent year's									
expenditures		1,001,685		1,284,513		4,249,380	755,967		1,603,467
Unassigned		6,689,980		7,110,976		4,448,274	 5,112,998		7,305,222
Total general fund	\$	9,325,344	\$	10,633,102	\$ 1	0,641,838	\$ 7,871,973	\$ 1	1,229,270
All Other Governmental Funds Restricted:									
Municipal Service District	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Committed:									
General government		-		-		-	-		-
Cultural and recreation		-		-		186,877	2,520,458		249,374
Special revenue fund expenditures						_	 		
Total all other governmental funds	\$		\$	-	\$	186,877	\$ 2,520,458	\$	249,374



	Fiscal Year					
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	
Revenues						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 9,609,611	\$ 9,486,491	\$ 9,561,126	\$ 9,771,682	\$ 9,792,365	
Other taxes and licenses	42,976	1,740	1,775	2,230	2,010	
Unrestricted intergovernmental	3,894,413	4,071,702	4,162,616	4,271,703	4,979,172	
Restricted intergovernmental	957,549	826,718	532,860	548,073	1,069,055	
Permits and fees	446,838	480,999	535,247	1,252,453	578,554	
Sales and services	497,714	501,690	517,744	564,975	629,899	
Investment earnings	23,951	28,345	13,468	10,714	9,836	
Assessments	34,648	25,460	12,412	11,791	20,116	
Miscellaneous	167,838	221,513	265,399	266,641	182,310	
Total revenues	15,675,538	15,644,658	15,602,647	16,700,262	17,263,317	
Expenditures						
General government	1,840,989	1,933,779	2,106,278	2,196,930	2,133,743	
Public safety	5,049,620	5,053,316	5,197,380	5,856,007	5,543,484	
Transportation	2,382,430	2,558,524	2,178,585	2,792,152	2,789,063	
Economic and physical						
development	1,472,447	1,455,559	2,160,239	1,454,418	1,624,275	
Environmental protection	1,268,744	1,468,031	1,350,737	1,456,374	1,586,800	
Cultural and recreation	1,781,382	1,809,654	2,280,905	2,694,676	2,633,384	
Debt service:						
Principal	891,764	748,878	478,298	378,829	420,917	
Interest and other charges	150,635	116,592	91,151	83,098	73,615	
Capital outlay	15,083	910	-	-	-	
Total expenditures	14,853,094	15,145,243	15,843,573	16,912,484	16,805,281	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	822,444	499,415	(240,926)	(212,222)	458,036	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers to other funds	(34,648)	(34,117)	(52,380)	(7,933)	(2,897)	
Transfers from other funds	34,648	34,117	52,380	7,933	2,897	
Sales of capital assets	32,478	33,958	59,493	241,457	15,328	
Issuance of debt	-	-	59,503	550,000	-	
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	32,478	33,958	118,996	791,457	15,328	
Net change in fund balances	854,922	533,373	(121,930)	579,235	473,364	
Fund balances, beginning	5,906,138	6,761,060	7,294,433	7,172,503	7,751,738	
Fund balances, ending	\$ 6,761,060	\$ 7,294,433	\$ 7,172,503	\$ 7,751,738	\$ 8,225,102	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	7.4%	6.2%	4.3%	3.1%	3.2%	

Notes:

The capital outlay used to calculate debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures can be found in Exhibit 6

			Fiscal Year		
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Revenues					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 9,697,697	\$ 9,996,412	\$ 10,142,650	\$ 10,349,609	\$ 11,261,143
Other taxes and licenses	8,745	2,180	2,475	2,850	3,215
Unrestricted intergovernmental	5,328,610	5,478,926	5,641,380	6,013,374	6,151,373
Restricted intergovernmental	509,245	603,437	517,964	858,129	577,505
Permits and fees	632,033	801,574	761,918	794,770	938,780
Sales and services	729,626	719,515	709,419	689,943	543,264
Investment earnings	25,932	63,189	146,276	262,285	179,218
Assessments	45,741	39,102	31,607	29,371	26,103
Miscellaneous	195,642	197,420	214,839	282,745	1,267,184
Total revenues	17,173,271	17,901,755	18,168,528	19,283,076	20,947,785
Expenditures					
General government	2,142,750	2,164,459	2,288,440	2,331,905	2,511,205
Public safety	5,443,314	5,564,978	6,404,850	6,052,992	6,386,218
Transportation	2,774,071	3,276,715	3,590,267	3,625,359	3,129,937
Economic and physical					
development	874,566	764,595	700,149	1,010,775	813,014
Environmental protection	1,576,998	1,312,900	1,639,564	1,510,935	1,828,660
Cultural and recreation	2,854,719	3,176,328	3,035,778	4,918,823	4,901,123
Debt service:					
Principal	406,502	368,531	329,223	297,282	298,687
Interest and other charges	57,721	43,717	32,160	21,770	12,146
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	16,130,641	16,672,223	18,020,431	19,769,841	19,880,990
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	1,042,630	1,229,532	148,097	(486,765)	1,066,795
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers to other funds	_	_	(344,000)	(4,569,165)	_
Transfers from other funds	_	_	344,000	4,569,165	_
Sales of capital assets	57,612	78,226	47,516	50,481	19,418
Issuance of debt	-	· -	-	· -	· -
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	57,612	78,226	47,516	50,481	19,418
Net change in fund balances	1,100,242	1,307,758	195,613	(436,284)	1,086,213
Fund balances, beginning	8,225,102	9,325,344	10,633,102	10,828,715	10,392,431
Fund balances, ending	\$ 9,325,344	\$ 10,633,102	\$ 10,828,715	\$ 10,392,431	\$ 11,478,644
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	3.3%	2.8%	2.3%	1.9%	1.9%

Notes:

The capital outlay used to calculate debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures can be found in Exhibit 6

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Less Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value
2011	2010	\$ 3,312,056,948	\$ 339,862,923	\$ 16,599,447	\$ 309,316,950	\$ 3,359,202,368	0.280	\$ 3,325,942,939
2012	2011	3,333,807,236	348,341,880	17,750,788	309,216,950	3,390,682,954	0.280	3,377,174,257
2013	2012	3,368,430,240	346,142,700	17,669,146	312,873,330	3,419,368,756	0.280	3,398,974,907
2014	2013	3,433,539,072	346,239,540	17,443,205	314,499,090	3,482,722,727	0.280	3,474,384,205
2015	2014	3,433,872,218	357,593,290	16,969,593	316,220,133	3,492,214,968	0.280	3,481,769,659
2016	2015	3,352,781,389	375,083,970	19,365,934	404,357,860	3,342,873,433	0.290	3,342,873,433
2017	2016	3,398,349,498	375,641,253	19,308,922	405,681,620	3,387,618,053	0.295	3,379,844,411
2018	2017	3,438,503,505	382,281,151	20,624,370	405,969,480	3,435,439,546	0.295	3,357,544,513
2019	2018	3,495,942,470	391,820,521	20,871,399	405,458,520	3,503,175,870	0.295	3,432,467,049
2020	2019	3,737,721,744	427,481,221	23,759,023	437,571,040	3,751,390,948	0.300	3,738,306,874

Moore County Tax Department

Notes:

Assessed valuations are established by the Moore County Board of Commissioners at 100% of estimated market value. A revaluation of real property is required by the North Carolina General Statutes at least every eight years. Property was last revalued in FY 2020.

Estimated actual taxable value is calculated using information provided in Moore County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

		Direct Rates	Overlappir	ping Rates	
Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Total Direct Rate	Village of Pinehurst Municipal Service District	Moore County (1)	
2011	2010	0.280	0.05	0.485	
2012	2011	0.280	0.05	0.485	
2013	2012	0.280	0.05	0.485	
2014	2013	0.280	-	0.485	
2015	2014	0.280	-	0.485	
2016	2015	0.290	-	0.495	
2017	2016	0.295	-	0.495	
2018	2017	0.295	-	0.495	
2019	2018	0.295	-	0.505	
2020	2019	0.300	-	0.550	

(1) Moore County Tax Department

Notes:

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the Village of Pinehurst. Not all overlapping rates apply to all property owners; for example, although the county property tax rates apply to all Village of Pinehurst property owners, the Municipal Service District rates apply only to 25 property owners whose property is located within that district's geographic boundaries.

In fiscal year 2013 the Municipal Service District fund was closed and all operations were absorbed into the General Fund. Starting in fiscal year 2014, the cost of operations is funded by the Direct Tax.

	202	0	2011			
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		
Pinehurst LLC	\$ 182,417,845	4.86%	\$ 163,446,800	4.87%		
Pinehurst Surgical Clinic	28,766,340	0.77%	27,156,035	0.81%		
Pinehurst Medical	26,747,410	0.71%	17,975,290	0.54%		
Country Club of North Carolina	18,987,520	0.51%	32,020,713	0.95%		
Duke Energy Progress, Inc.	17,295,922	0.46%	11,327,060	0.34%		
The Greens at Arboretum LLC	12,449,190	0.33%	-	-		
Quail Haven Properties of Pinehurst, LLC	10,218,540	0.27%	-	-		
MTMM Associates (Carolina Eye Assoc.)	9,302,210	0.25%	10,289,611	0.31%		
Pinewild Project Limited PTNS	9,248,079	0.25%	28,826,969	0.86%		
Pinehurst Senior Apartments, LLC	6,491,750	0.17%	-	-		
SCOP (Surgery Center of Pinehurst)	-	-	7,377,562	0.22%		
Branch Banking and Trust Co.	-	-	6,011,662	0.18%		
Francis Maser		<u>-</u>	5,613,400	0.17%		
Total	\$ 321,924,806	8.58%	\$ 310,045,102	9.23%		

Moore County Tax Department

Notes:

FY 2020 and FY 2011 data are for tax years 2019 and 2010 respectively.

Pinehurst, LLC includes: Resorts of Pinehurst Inc., Pinehurst, Inc., Pinehurst LLC and Resorts of Pinehurst, Inc.

		Tarres Landa d	Collected v	0-11	4!!	Tatal Calla	otione to Data	
Fiscal Year	Tax year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year (1)	Fiscal Year of	Percentage of Levy	Su	ections in bsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy (1)
2011	2010	\$ 9,606,203	\$ 9,588,105	99.81%	\$	14,103	\$ 9,602,208	99.96%
2012	2011	9,477,624	9,463,405	99.85%		14,136	9,477,541	100.00%
2013	2012	9,558,275	9,538,561	99.79%		19,643	9,558,204	100.00%
2014	2013	9,756,980	9,748,024	99.91%		8,902	9,756,926	100.00%
2015	2014	9,774,886	9,772,350	99.97%		2,337	9,774,687	100.00%
2016	2015	9,692,375	9,686,105	99.94%		6,183	9,692,288	100.00%
2017	2016	9,992,459	9,983,263	99.91%		9,117	9,992,380	100.00%
2018	2017	10,136,740	10,129,986	99.93%		5,956	10,135,942	99.99%
2019	2018	10,334,013	10,323,160	99.89%		8,713	10,331,873	99.98%
2020	2019	11,256,701	11,247,972	99.92%		-	11,247,972	99.92%

Moore County Tax Department

Notes:

(1) Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year have been adjusted for Collections in Subsequent Years.

Fiscal Year	Calendar Year	Governmental Activities Installment Financing (1)		Percentage of Personal Income (2)	Per	Capita (2)
2011	2010	\$	3,259,244	0.75%	\$	240
2012	2011		2,510,366	0.48%		170
2013	2012		2,091,572	0.34%		140
2014	2013		2,262,742	0.35%		149
2015	2014		1,841,825	0.26%		119
2016	2015		1,435,323	0.18%		91
2017	2016		1,066,792	0.13%		66
2018	2017		737,569	0.10%		45
2019	2018		440,287	0.06%		26
2020	2019		141,600	0.02%		8

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Details regarding outstanding debt can be found in Note 9 of the notes to the financial statements.

⁽²⁾ See Table 12 for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the calendar year.

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding		Estimated Percentage Applicable (2)	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt	
Moore County (1) Debt repaid with property taxes:					
Moore County general obligation debt	\$	136,950,000	27.36%	\$	37,474,288
Other debt:					
Moore County LOB		13,418,000	27.36%		3,671,632
Capital lease		365,767	27.36%		100,087
Moore County installment loans		42,922,000	27.36%		11,744,953
Subtotal, overlapping debt					52,990,960
Village of Pinehurst direct debt					141,600
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	53,132,560

Notes:

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the Village. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the Village. This process recognizes that, when considering the Village's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident-therefore responsible for repaying the debt-of each overlapping governments.

- (1) Source: Moore County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)
- (2) For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the Village of Pinehurst's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value. Taxable assessed property values as of June 30, 2019 were used to determine the overlapping debt percentage.

Fiscal Year	Debt Limit	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	Legal Debt Margin	Legal Debt Margin as a Percent of Debt Limit
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	\$ 268,736,189 271,245,476 273,549,500 278,617,818 279,377,197 267,429,875 271,009,444 274,835,164 280,254,070 300,111,276	\$ 3,259,244 2,510,366 2,091,572 2,262,742 1,841,825 1,435,323 1,066,792 737,569 440,287 141,600	\$ 265,476,945 268,744,270 271,457,928 276,355,076 277,535,372 265,994,552 269,942,652 274,097,595 279,813,783 299,969,676	98.79% 99.08% 99.24% 99.19% 99.34% 99.46% 99.61% 99.73% 99.84% 99.95%
Legal Debt Margin C Assessed valuation	Calculation for Fiscal	Year 2020	\$ 3,751,390,948 x 0.08	
Debt limit - 8.0% of as Gross debt: Capital leases Authorized and unis Installment purchas	ssued bonds se agreements		- - 141,600 141,600	\$ 300,111,276
Less: statutory deduc	tions of debt applicable to c	lebt limit (net debt)	-	141,600
Legal debt n		, ,		\$ 299,969,676

Fiscal Year	Calendar Year	Population (1)	Personal Income	Per Capita Income (2)	Median Age (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2011	2010	13,601	\$ 434,198,324	\$ 31,924	58.4	9.5%
2012	2011	14,783	526,777,422	35,634	58.4	8.9%
2013	2012	14,979	608,671,665	40,635	60.6	8.6%
2014	2013	15,150	650,586,450	42,943	60.9	6.3%
2015	2014	15,525	708,033,150	45,606	60.8	5.4%
2016	2015	15,763	778,093,206	49,362	61.1	5.1%
2017	2016	16,123	798,136,869	49,503	61.4	4.1%
2018	2017	16,452	729,679,104	44,352	60.1	4.2%
2019	2018	16,754	771,907,042	46,073	59.3	4.5%
2020	2019	17,100	824,117,400	48,194	61.2	7.3%

- (1) Office of State Budget and Management.
- (2) U.S. Census Bureau.
- (3) North Carolina Employment Security Commission.

Notes

Per Capita Income is adjusted annually after the Decennial Census calendar year by the annual average inflation rate.

Unemployment rate information is a calendar year adjusted annual average in Southern Pines-Pinehurst area.

	20	20	20	11
Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total Employment	Employees	Percentage of Total Employment
First Health of the Carolinas (1)	3,600	54.42%	2,585	44.72%
Pinehurst, LLC (2)	1,499	22.66%	1,105	19.12%
Total		77.08%		63.84%

- (1) Human Resources Department at First Health of the Carolinas.
- (2) Human Resources Department at Pinehurst, LLC f/n/a Resorts of Pinehurst Inc.

Notes:

2020 employment is based on calendar year 2019.

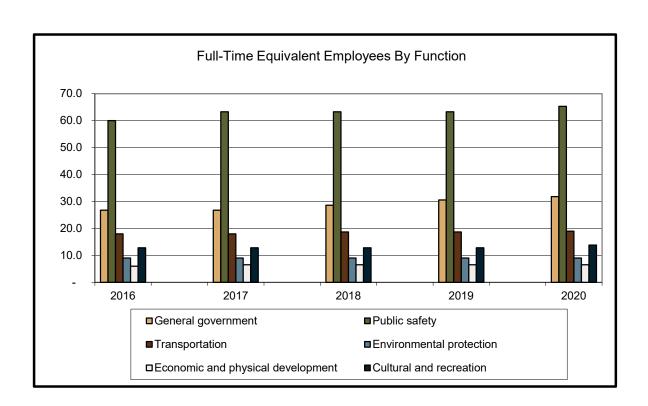
GASB 44 requires comparative data for the current calendar year and nine years prior. 2010 adjusted Census Data was used for 2011 and 2020 to estimate the percentage of total employment.

			Fu	II-Time Eq	uivalent E	mployees	as of June	30		
Function	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General government	24.5	24.5	26.0	26.8	26.8	26.8	26.8	28.6	30.6	31.8
Public safety	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	63.3	63.3	63.3	65.3
Transportation	17.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.7	18.7	19.0
Environmental protection	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
Economic and physical										
development	7.5	6.5	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5
Cultural and recreation	11.1	10.8	11.8	11.8	12.1	12.8	12.8	12.8	12.8	13.8
Total	129.1	128.8	130.8	131.6	131.9	132.6	136.4	138.9	140.9	145.4

Village of Pinehurst Human Resources Department

Notes:

A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.



Punction Punction
Financial services: Purchase orders issued 295 269 299 338 297 Purchase orders issued 2,444 2,365 1,840 1,641 1,509 Vendor Checks issued 2,444 2,365 1,840 1,641 1,509 Vendor EFTs issued - 401 620 998 1,009 Human resources:
Financial services: Purchase orders issued 295 269 299 338 297 Vendor checks issued 2,444 2,365 1,840 1,641 1,509 Worker EFTs issued - 401 620 998 1,009 Human resources: Workers' compensation lost time (days) 425 33 74 144 39 Employee turnover rate 8.5% 10.7% 11.4% 7.9% 14.3% Fleet maintenance: Vehicles maintenance: Vehicles maintenance completed (2) (2) (2) (9) 99 97 Equipment maintenance completed (2) (2) (2) (2) (9) 99 96 18 240 Public Safety 186 297 269 218 240 290 218 240 290 218 240 240 240 297 269 218 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240
Purchase orders issued 295 269 299 338 297 Vendor checks issued 2,444 2,365 1,840 1,641 1,509 Vendor EFTs issued - 401 620 998 1,009 Human resources: - 401 620 998 1,009 Workers' compensation lost time (days) 425 33 74 144 39 Employee turnover rate 8.5% 10.7% 11.4% 7.99 14.3% Fleet maintenance: 2 (2) (2) (2) 99 97 Equipment maintained (2) (2) (2) (2) 69 61 Public Safety 8 297 269 218 240 Public fire & life safety classes 176 191 254 307 342 Incident calls 1,031 865 982 993 1,052 Structure fires 58 35 43 28 14 Inspections (1)
Vendor checks issued 2,444 2,365 1,840 1,641 1,509 Vendor EFTs issued - 401 620 998 1,009 Human resources: "** 401 620 998 1,009 Human resources: "** "** 401 402 998 1,03% Employee turnover rate 8.5% 10.7% 11.4% 7.9% 14.3% Fleet maintenance: "** 10.7% 11.4% 7.9% 14.3% Fleet maintenance templeted (2) (2) (2) (2) 99 97 Equipment maintained (2) (2) (2) (2) 99 97 Equipment maintained (2) (2) (2) (2) 99 97 Equipment maintained (2) (2) (2) (2) 69 61 Provaltative maintained (2) (2) (2) 20 20 182 307 342 Insuitive fire fire fire fire fire fire fire fir
Numain resources: Worker's compensation lost time (days)
Human resources: Workers' compensation lost time (days)
Workers' compensation lost time (days) 425 33 74 144 39 Employee turnover rate 8.5% 10.7% 11.4% 7.9% 14.3% Fleet maintenance: Vehicles maintained (2) (2) (2) 99 97 Equipment maintained (2) (2) (2) 69 61 Preventative maintenance completed 254 297 269 218 240 Public Safety 254 297 269 218 240 Public Safety 254 297 269 218 240 Public Safety 254 297 269 218 240 Inspections 176 191 254 307 342 Incident calls 1,031 865 982 993 1,052 Structure fires 58 35 43 28 14 Inspections (1) 784 1,174 950 1,898 756 Child passenger seat inspections 28
Employee turnover rate 8.5% 10.7% 11.4% 7.9% 14.3% Fleet maintenance: Vehicles maintained (2) (2) (2) (2) (99 97 (20)
Employee turnover rate 8.5% 10.7% 11.4% 7.9% 14.3% Fleet maintenance: 10.7% 11.4% 7.9% 14.3% Vehicles maintained (2) (2) (2) (2) 99 97 Equipment maintained (2) (2) (2) 69 61 Preventative maintenance completed 254 297 269 218 240 Public Safety 8 254 297 269 218 240 Public Fire Suffer commendation and protections: 8 358 358 358 352 933 1,052 Public fire & life safety classes 1,031 865 982 993 1,052 Structure fires 58 35 43 28 14 Inspections (1) 784 1,174 950 1,898 756 Child passenger seat inspections 228 120 182 170 170 Police protection: 233 165 184 239 <
Fleet maintenance: Vehicles maintained (2)
Equipment maintained (2) (2) (2) (2) 69 61 Preventative maintenance completed 254 297 269 218 240 Public Safety **Public Safety** Fire protection: **Public fire & life safety classes 176 191 254 307 342 Incident calls 1,031 865 982 993 1,052 Structure fires 58 35 43 28 14 Inspections (1) 784 1,174 950 1,898 756 Child passenger seat inspections 228 120 182 170 170 Police protection: **Physical arrests 233 165 184 239 575 Citations issued 3,053 1,998 1,208 2,082 1,757 Response to calls/officer initiated activity 14,362 13,364 10,901 13,041 11,742 Traffic accidents 476 414 447 422 433
Equipment maintained (2) (2) (2) 69 61 Preventative maintenance completed 254 297 269 218 240 Public Safety Fire protection: Fire protection: Public fire & life safety classes 176 191 254 307 342 Incident calls 1,031 865 982 993 1,052 Structure fires 58 35 43 28 14 Inspections (1) 784 1,174 950 1,898 756 Child passenger seat inspections 228 120 182 170 170 Police protection: Physical arrests 233 165 184 239 575 Citations issued 3,053 1,908 1,208 2,082 1,757 Response to calls/officer initiated activity 14,362 13,364 10,901 13,041 11,742 Traffic accidents 476 414 447 422 433
Preventative maintenance completed 254 297 269 218 240 Public Safety Fire protection: Fire protection: Fire protection: Public fire & life safety classes 176 191 254 307 342 Incident calls 1,031 865 982 993 1,052 Structure fires 58 35 43 28 14 Inspections (1) 784 1,174 950 1,898 756 Child passenger seat inspections 228 120 182 170 170 Physical arrests 233 165 184 239 575 Citations issued 3,053 1,908 1,208 2,082 1,757 Response to calls/officer initiated activity 14,362 13,364 10,901 13,041 11,742 Traffic accidents 476 414 447 422 43 Inspections: Inspections: Building inspections conducted (1) 4,
Public Safety Fire protection: Public fire & life safety classes 176 191 254 307 342 1001
Fire protection: Public fire & life safety classes 176 191 254 307 342 Incident calls 1,031 865 982 993 1,052 Structure fires 58 35 43 28 14 Inspections (1) 784 1,174 950 1,898 756 Child passenger seat inspections 228 120 182 170 170 Police protection: Physical arrests 233 165 184 239 575 Citations issued 3,053 1,908 1,208 2,082 1,757 Response to calls/officer initiated activity 14,362 13,364 10,901 13,041 11,742 Traffic accidents 476 414 447 422 433 Inspections: Building inspections conducted (1) 4,370 3,832 4,608 7,540 5,469 Certificates of occupancy issued 197 48 68 79<
Public fire & life safety classes 176 191 254 307 342 Incident calls 1,031 865 982 993 1,052 Structure fires 58 35 43 28 14 Inspections (1) 784 1,174 950 1,898 756 Child passenger seat inspections 228 120 182 170 170 Police protection: Physical arrests 233 165 184 239 575 Citations issued 3,053 1,908 1,208 2,082 1,757 Response to calls/officer initiated activity 14,362 13,364 10,901 13,041 11,742 Traffic accidents 476 414 447 422 433 Inspections: Building inspections conducted (1) 4,370 3,832 4,608 7,540 5,469 Certificates of occupancy issued 197 48 68 79 116 Transportation Refuse colle
Incident calls
Structure fires 58 35 43 28 14 Inspections (1) 784 1,174 950 1,898 756 Child passenger seat inspections 228 120 182 170 170 Police protection: 328 120 182 170 170 Police protection: Physical arrests 233 165 184 239 575 Citations issued 3,053 1,908 1,208 2,082 1,757 Response to calls/officer initiated activity 14,362 13,364 10,901 13,041 11,742 Traffic accidents 476 414 447 422 433 Inspections: 8 4,608 7,540 5,469 Certificates of occupancy issued 197 48 68 79 116 Transportation Street resurfacing (miles) 6.4 4.5 3.6 5.0 4.5 Environmental Protection Refuse coll
Inspections (1) 784 1,174 950 1,898 756 Child passenger seat inspections 228 120 182 170 170 Police protection: Physical arrests 233 165 184 239 575 Citations issued 3,053 1,908 1,208 2,082 1,757 Response to calls/officer initiated activity 14,362 13,364 10,901 13,041 11,742 Traffic accidents 476 414 447 422 433 Inspections: Building inspections conducted (1) 4,370 3,832 4,608 7,540 5,469 Certificates of occupancy issued 197 48 68 79 116 Transportation Street resurfacing (miles) 6.4 4.5 3.6 5.0 4.5 Environmental Protection Refuse collected (tons annually) 4,124 3,808 3,856 3,988 3,973 Homes receiving service 7,736 7,812 7,877
Child passenger seat inspections 228 120 182 170 170 Police protection: Physical arrests 233 165 184 239 575 Citations issued 3,053 1,908 1,208 2,082 1,757 Response to calls/officer initiated activity 14,362 13,364 10,901 13,041 11,742 Traffic accidents 476 414 447 422 433 Inspections: 8 8 7,540 5,469 Certificates of occupancy issued 197 48 68 79 116 Transportation 8 6.4 4.5 3.6 5.0 4.5 Environmental Protection 8 6.4 4.5 3.6 5.0 4.5 Environmental Protection 8 7,736 7,812 7,877 7,955 8,107 Recyclables collected (tons annually) 1,734 1,807 1,913 2,025 2,115 Economic and Physical Development
Police protection: Physical arrests 233 165 184 239 575 Citations issued 3,053 1,908 1,208 2,082 1,757 Response to calls/officer initiated activity 14,362 13,364 10,901 13,041 11,742 Traffic accidents 476 414 447 422 433 Inspections: 8 8 79 5,469 Certificates of occupancy issued 197 48 68 79 116 Transportation 8 6.4 4.5 3.6 5.0 4.5 Environmental Protection 8 8 79 116 Environmental Protection 8 8 79 4.5 Environmental Protection 8 3,808 3,856 3,988 3,973 Homes receiving service 7,736 7,812 7,877 7,955 8,107 Recyclables collected (tons annually) 1,734 1,807 1,913 2,025 2,115
Physical arrests 233 165 184 239 575 Citations issued 3,053 1,908 1,208 2,082 1,757 Response to calls/officer initiated activity 14,362 13,364 10,901 13,041 11,742 Traffic accidents 476 414 447 422 433 Inspections: 8 476 414 447 422 433 Inspections: 8 476 414 447 422 433 Inspections: 8 8 79 116 Transportation 197 48 68 79 116 Transportation 8 64 4.5 3.6 5.0 4.5 Environmental Protection 8 4.124 3,808 3,856 3,988 3,973 Homes receiving service 7,736 7,812 7,877 7,955 8,107 Recyclables collected (tons annually) 1,734 1,807 1,913 2,025 2,115
Citations issued 3,053 1,908 1,208 2,082 1,757 Response to calls/officer initiated activity 14,362 13,364 10,901 13,041 11,742 Traffic accidents 476 414 447 422 433 Inspections: Building inspections conducted (1) 4,370 3,832 4,608 7,540 5,469 Certificates of occupancy issued 197 48 68 79 116 Transportation Street resurfacing (miles) 6.4 4.5 3.6 5.0 4.5 Environmental Protection Refuse collected (tons annually) 4,124 3,808 3,856 3,988 3,973 Homes receiving service 7,736 7,812 7,877 7,955 8,107 Recyclables collected (tons annually) 1,734 1,807 1,913 2,025 2,115 Economic and Physical Development Building permits issued 239 287 275 313 289
Response to calls/officer initiated activity 14,362 13,364 10,901 13,041 11,742 Traffic accidents 476 414 447 422 433 Inspections: Building inspections conducted (1) 4,370 3,832 4,608 7,540 5,469 Certificates of occupancy issued 197 48 68 79 116 Transportation Street resurfacing (miles) 6.4 4.5 3.6 5.0 4.5 Environmental Protection Refuse collected (tons annually) 4,124 3,808 3,856 3,988 3,973 Homes receiving service 7,736 7,812 7,877 7,955 8,107 Recyclables collected (tons annually) 1,734 1,807 1,913 2,025 2,115 Economic and Physical Development Building permits issued 239 287 275 313 289
Traffic accidents 476 414 447 422 433 Inspections: Building inspections conducted (1) 4,370 3,832 4,608 7,540 5,469 Certificates of occupancy issued 197 48 68 79 116 Transportation Street resurfacing (miles) 6.4 4.5 3.6 5.0 4.5 Environmental Protection Refuse collected (tons annually) 4,124 3,808 3,856 3,988 3,973 Homes receiving service 7,736 7,812 7,877 7,955 8,107 Recyclables collected (tons annually) 1,734 1,807 1,913 2,025 2,115 Economic and Physical Development Building permits issued 239 287 275 313 289
Inspections: Building inspections conducted (1)
Building inspections conducted (1) 4,370 3,832 4,608 7,540 5,469 Certificates of occupancy issued 197 48 68 79 116 Transportation Street resurfacing (miles) 6.4 4.5 3.6 5.0 4.5 Environmental Protection Refuse collected (tons annually) 4,124 3,808 3,856 3,988 3,973 Homes receiving service 7,736 7,812 7,877 7,955 8,107 Recyclables collected (tons annually) 1,734 1,807 1,913 2,025 2,115 Economic and Physical Development Building permits issued 239 287 275 313 289
Certificates of occupancy issued 197 48 68 79 116 Transportation Street resurfacing (miles) 6.4 4.5 3.6 5.0 4.5 Environmental Protection Refuse collected (tons annually) 4,124 3,808 3,856 3,988 3,973 Homes receiving service 7,736 7,812 7,877 7,955 8,107 Recyclables collected (tons annually) 1,734 1,807 1,913 2,025 2,115 Economic and Physical Development 8 239 287 275 313 289
Transportation Street resurfacing (miles) 6.4 4.5 3.6 5.0 4.5 Environmental Protection Refuse collected (tons annually) 4,124 3,808 3,856 3,988 3,973 Homes receiving service 7,736 7,812 7,877 7,955 8,107 Recyclables collected (tons annually) 1,734 1,807 1,913 2,025 2,115 Economic and Physical Development Building permits issued 239 287 275 313 289
Street resurfacing (miles) 6.4 4.5 3.6 5.0 4.5 Environmental Protection Refuse collected (tons annually) 4,124 3,808 3,856 3,988 3,973 Homes receiving service 7,736 7,812 7,877 7,955 8,107 Recyclables collected (tons annually) 1,734 1,807 1,913 2,025 2,115 Economic and Physical Development Building permits issued 239 287 275 313 289
Environmental Protection Refuse collected (tons annually) 4,124 3,808 3,856 3,988 3,973 Homes receiving service 7,736 7,812 7,877 7,955 8,107 Recyclables collected (tons annually) 1,734 1,807 1,913 2,025 2,115 Economic and Physical Development Building permits issued 239 287 275 313 289
Refuse collected (tons annually) 4,124 3,808 3,856 3,988 3,973 Homes receiving service 7,736 7,812 7,877 7,955 8,107 Recyclables collected (tons annually) 1,734 1,807 1,913 2,025 2,115 Economic and Physical Development Building permits issued 239 287 275 313 289
Homes receiving service 7,736 7,812 7,877 7,955 8,107 Recyclables collected (tons annually) 1,734 1,807 1,913 2,025 2,115 Economic and Physical Development Building permits issued 239 287 275 313 289
Recyclables collected (tons annually) 1,734 1,807 1,913 2,025 2,115 Economic and Physical Development Building permits issued 239 287 275 313 289
Economic and Physical Development Building permits issued 239 287 275 313 289
Building permits issued 239 287 275 313 289
Code compliance investigations 501 577 596 522 639
Cultural and Recreation
Recreation:
Program participants 1,739 1,748 1,591 1,807 1,986
Athletics participants 2,296 1,934 1,838 1,442 1,736
Harness track:
Standardbred stalls leased 276 259 223 240 236
Facilities reserved (days) 32 32 103 125 38
Fair barn:
Events 113 113 102 122 133
Rental days 120 113 112 199 205

Various Village departments

Notes

- (1) Fiscal Year 2014 includes inspections conducted for the USGA at the US Open Championship venue
- (2) Information is not available

	Fiscal Year					
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
<u>Function</u>						
General Government						
Financial services:						
Purchase orders issued	323	384	401	378	432	
Vendor checks issued	1,490	1,377	1,415	1,289	1,554	
Vendor EFTs issued	1,070	1,071	972	1,046	974	
Human resources:						
Workers' compensation lost time (days)	8	8	5	1	80	
Employee turnover rate	12.6%	13.1%	8.3%	12.2%	15.7%	
Fleet maintenance:						
Vehicles maintained	98	103	100	101	102	
Equipment maintained	62	62	67	59	77	
Preventative maintenance completed	228	234	236	248	231	
Public Safety						
Fire protection:						
Public fire & life safety classes	438	563	617	606	381	
Incident calls	1,245	1,754	1,670	1,891	1,686	
Structure fires	4	10	7	5	1	
Inspections	184	186	257	204	169	
Child passenger seat inspections	183	136	104	104	60	
Police protection:	100	100	104	104	00	
Physical arrests	651	739	296	392	330	
Citations issued	2,603	2,750	3,368	3,770	2,990	
Response to calls/officer initiated activity	14,923	16,613	16,809	18,103	17,547	
Traffic accidents	635	654	658	652	578	
Inspections:	000	004	030	032	370	
Building inspections conducted	5,656	6,633	7,614	7,008	7,642	
=	91	130	216	7,008 240	260	
Certificates of occupancy issued	91	130	210	240	200	
Transportation	2.1	3.1	E 7	3.9	1 5	
Street resurfacing (miles)	2.1	3.1	5.7	3.9	4.5	
Environmental Protection	4.406	4.060	2.062	4 500	E 040	
Refuse collected (tons annually)	4,106	4,062	3,962	4,522	5,018	
Homes receiving service	8,196	8,326	8,467	8,531	8,562	
Recyclables collected (tons annually)	1,935	2,060	2,066	1,702	1,208	
Economic and Physical Development	0.45	0.47	0.40	007	000	
Building permits issued	315	347	348	337	362	
Code compliance investigations	774	1,251	1,156	1,045	1,372	
Cultural and Recreation						
Recreation:						
Program participants	2,634	2,950	3,061	2,678	1,600	
Athletics participants	1,699	1,922	1,847	1,665	1,792	
Harness track:						
Standardbred stalls leased	256	252	215	193	172	
Facilities reserved (days)	52	40	39	38	62	
Fair barn:						
Events	112	121	124	104	83	
Rental days	177	159	150	107	102	

Various Village departments

Notes:

- (1) Fiscal Year 2014 includes inspections conducted for the USGA at the US Open Championship venue
- (2) Information is not available

	Fiscal Year							
Function	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015			
Public safety:								
Fire protection:								
Stations	2	2	2	2	2			
Fire trucks	6	6	6	7	6			
Police protection:								
Stations	1	1	1	1	1			
Police vehicles	21	22	23	24	26			
Transportation:								
Miles of streets	105.57	105.57	105.90	105.66	106.08			
Maintenance vehicles	23	25	24	25	25			
Sidewalks, greenways								
and bike paths (If)	45,258	47,898	49,482	68,313	68,653			
Environmental protection:								
Refuse collection trucks	17	15	15	15	16			
Economic and physical								
development:								
Storm water drainage areas	29	38	48	57	66			
Cultural and recreation:								
Number of parks	4	4	4	5	5			
Park acreage	294	294	294	294	294			
Greenway trails (miles)	6.3	6.3	6.8	6.8	6.8			
Playgrounds	3	3	3	3	3			
Baseball/softball diamonds	2	2	2	2	2			
Soccer fields	2	2	2	2	2			

Various Village departments

	Fiscal Year								
Function	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020				
Public safety:									
Fire protection:									
Stations	2	2	2	2	2				
Fire trucks	6	6	6	6	6				
Police protection:									
Stations	1	1	1	1	1				
Police vehicles	29	26	29	27	29				
Transportation:									
Miles of streets	106.35	106.35	106.75	106.98	107.40				
Maintenance vehicles	23	25	24	22	22				
Sidewalks, greenways									
and bike paths (If)	71,663	79,272	82,757	83,179	85,344				
Environmental protection:									
Refuse collection trucks	17	13	14	12	12				
Economic and physical									
development:									
Storm water drainage areas	80	84	92	106	116				
Cultural and recreation:									
Number of parks	5	5	5	5	5				
Park acreage	294	294	294	294	294				
Greenway trails (miles)	7.1	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.6				
Playgrounds	3	3	3	3	3				
Baseball/softball diamonds	2	2	2	2	2				
Soccer fields	2	2	2	2	2				

Various Village departments

COMPLIANCE SECTION

This section contains the reports and schedules listed below:

- Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
- Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for the Major State Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and State Single Audit Implementation Act
- Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
- Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Village Council Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina ("Village"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Village's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

High Point, North Carolina October 27, 2020

Dixon Hughes Goodnan LLP



Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for the Major State Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and State Single Audit Implementation Act

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Village Council Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for the Major State Program

We have audited Village of Pinehurst, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on its major state program for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Village of Pinehurst's major state program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state program.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance of the Village of Pinehurst's major state program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) as described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, applicable sections of the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Village of Pinehurst's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Village of Pinehurst's compliance.

Opinion on the Major State Program

In our opinion, the Village of Pinehurst complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major state program for the year ended June 30, 2020.



Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Village of Pinehurst is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Village of Pinehurst's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for the major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with applicable sections of the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Pinehurst's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on applicable sections of Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

High Point, North Carolina

Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP

October 27, 2020

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

1. Summary of Auditors' Results

<u>Financial Statements</u>			
Type of auditors' report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP	<u>Unmodified</u>		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	X	No
 Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses 	Yes	X	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X	No
State Awards			
Internal control over major state programs:			
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	X	No
 Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses 	Yes	X	None reported
Noncompliance material to state award	Yes	X	No
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major state program:	<u>Unmodified</u>		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act?	Yes	X	No
Identification of major state program:	Powell Bill		

2. Financial Statement Findings

There were no findings related to the financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

3. State Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings related to state awards for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

4. Prior Year Audit Findings

There were no prior year audit findings.

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title Federal awards:	Federal CFDA Number	State/ Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures		State Expenditures		Local Expenditures	
<u>U.S. Department of Justice</u> Bullet-Proof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	Direct	\$	2 525	æ		¢	2 525
Bullet-Proof Vest Partnership Program	10.007	Direct	Ф	3,535	\$	-	\$	3,535
U.S. Department of the Treasury Equitable Sharing Program - Federal Forfeiture Passed through NC Office of State Budget and Management NC Pandemic Recovery Office: Passed through Moore County Coronavirus	21.016	Direct		11,093		-		-
Relief Fund	21.019	S.L. 2020-80		17,793		-		-
U.S. Department of Transportation Passed through N.C. Department of Transportation: Governor's Highway Safety Program Highway Planning and Construction Program	20.600 20.205-1CL	PT-2019-06-28 DOT-18		34,999 2,700		300		34,999 -
Total federal awards				70,120		300		38.534
State awards:				70,120		300		30,334
N.C. Department of Transportation Powell Bill		DOT-4				501,098		
Total state awards						501,098		
Total federal and state awards			\$	70,120	\$	501,398	\$	38,534

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards (SEFSA) includes the Federal and State grant activity of the Village of Pinehurst under the programs of the federal government and the state of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Village, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Village.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The Village has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

3. Coronavirus Relief Funds

The Village received \$17,793 of funding from the Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF) (21.019) from Moore County in FY 2020. The Village has a plan to spend these funds approved by the Office of State Budget and Management. According to the Office of State Budget and Management, the State's pass-through agency, municipalities are considered subrecipients of the Counties. However, under the state statute, municipalities are not liable to the County for any misused or misspent funds. CRF must be spent during the period of March 1, 2020 to December 30, 2020.