FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020



Mayor

Carla Strickland

Town Council

Dean Maddox, Mayor Pro Tem Jamie Lockhart Ron Surgeon Alan Marshall

Administrative and Financial Staff

Bobbie Hatley, Town Administrator/Clerk Holly Pacheco, Assistant Town Clerk Jason Petersen, Parks, Recreation and Facilities Director

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Town Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina (the "Town") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these basic financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the basic financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the basic financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the basic financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the basic financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, on pages 3 through 9, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina's basic financial statements. The individual fund budgetary schedules and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund budgetary schedules and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund budgetary schedules and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Bernard Robinson & Company, J.F.P.

Greensboro, North Carolina October 8, 2020

June 30, 2020

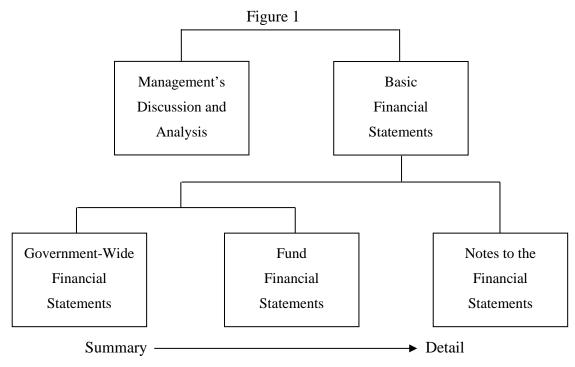
As management of the Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$5,596,663 (net position).
- The government's total net position decreased by \$43,244.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,383,545, a decrease of (\$70,203) in comparison with the prior year. 92% of this total amount, \$2,183,215, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned, assigned and committed fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$940,298, or 160% of total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina.





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Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the Government-Wide Financial Statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 7) are Fund Financial Statements. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are two parts to the fund financial statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; and 2) the budgetary comparison statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the notes. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, supplemental information is provided to show details about the Town's combining statements and budgetary information required by the General Statutes.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements include only the governmental activities category. The governmental activities include all of the Town's basic services such as economic and physical development, recreation, and general administration. Intergovernmental revenues finance most of these activities.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina are governmental funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. All of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting.

This method also has a current financial resource focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Town Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the council; 2) the final budget as amended by the council; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow Exhibit 7 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities - The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations.

Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina's Net Position

Figure 2

	Governmental Activities				
	2020	2019			
Assets:					
Current and other assets	\$ 2,412,502	\$ 2,484,549			
Capital assets, net	3,205,958	3,178,886			
Total assets	5,618,460	5,663,435			
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities	21,797	23,528			
Net Position:					
Net invested in capital assets	3,205,958	3,178,886			
Unrestricted/Restricted	2,390,705	2,461,021			
Total net position	\$ 5,596,663	\$ 5,639,907			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina exceeded liabilities by \$5,596,663 as of June 30, 2020. The Town's net position decreased by \$43,244 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, which was primarily due to a decrease in recreation fees during the year due to the COVID 19 pandemic. A portion of net position (57%) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land and equipment); less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items, if any. The Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The Town currently does not have any debt outstanding. The Town has \$1,242,917 in restricted net position primarily for capital projects, while the remaining balance of net position, \$984,990, is unrestricted.

Particular aspects of the Town's financial operations that positively influenced the total governmental net position:

- Continued analysis of the merits of each type of expenditure to ensure that necessary services are maintained;
- Continued monitoring of the revenue available and any additional sources of revenue that may be available to provide the necessary services to the citizens of the Town; and
- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 98.85%.

 Governmental Activities						
 2020		2019				
\$ 90,418	\$	148,662				
74,809		377,562				
203,502		197,638				
288,815		286,620				
 14,066		14,285				
 671,610		1,024,767				
		<0 0 01 5				
596,922		602,915				
 117,932		176,887				
 714,854		779,802				
\$ (43,244)	\$	244,965				
\$	2020 \$ 90,418 74,809 203,502 288,815 14,066 671,610 596,922 117,932 714,854	2020 \$ 90,418 \$ 74,809 \$ 203,502 288,815 14,066 \$ 671,610 \$ 596,922 \$ 117,932 \$ 714,854 \$				

Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina's Changes in Net Position

Figure 3

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities decreased the Town's net position by \$43,244. Given the significant sum in the unspent fund balance, the Town Council consciously chose to balance the budget by allocating fund balance instead of increasing the property tax rate.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina's financing requirements.

Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$940,298. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both undesignated fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Undesignated and total fund balances represent 160% and 172%, respectively, of total General Fund expenditures.

At June 30, 2020, the governmental funds of the Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina reported a fund balance of \$2,383,545, a 3% decrease over last year. As noted above, a conscious effort was made by the Town's management to minimize increases in current expenditures for all departments.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights - During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Total revenues of the Town were less than budgeted amounts primarily due to less revenue in fees for recreational sports registrations. Expenditures were less than budgeted amounts due to less events hosted due to the COVID 19 pandemic and the overall diligence by the Town to control expenditures to comply with budgetary requirements.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets - Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina's capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2020 totals \$3,205,958 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and fixtures and construction in progress.

Figure 4 **Governmental Activities** 2020 2019 Land \$ \$ 715,000 715,000 Construction in progress 788,182 647,859 Land improvements 992,496 978,450 Building 1,534,075 1,534,075 Furniture and Fixtures 109,124 109,124 4.138.877 3.984.508 Total 932,919 805,622 Less: accumulated depreciation Capital assets, net \$ 3,205,958 \$ 3,178,886

Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina's Capital Assets

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

At year end, the Town didn't have any outstanding debt obligations.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town was experiencing an unemployment rate of 4.8% at June 30, 2020. The seasonally adjusted State rate was 7.6% and the County rate was 9.3%.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities

The Town Council levied a property tax of \$.050 per \$100 value for the fiscal year 2019-2020. This action created a "break-even" budget with no excess funds anticipated to be available for addition to the General Fund balance at the end of the 2019-2020 fiscal year. Town programs and expenses will be monitored closely to ensure the budget remains balanced.

The Town continues to budget and transfer 10% of shared revenues to capital projects. When the Town Council decides on a course of action about improvements to the Town's property, capital projects revenues will be directed to specific projects in accordance with North Carolina General Statute ordinance requirements. The Town currently has two such specific projects, recreation improvements at Volunteer Park and Part F grant improvements to the Community Center.

Programming for Town-sponsored events, such as the youth soccer league, Independence Day, Veterans Day, and the Christmas Parade will be reviewed to ensure appropriate levels of funding.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Town Clerk, P.O. Box 307, Pleasant Garden, North Carolina 27313.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Primary Government
	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,249,704
Taxes receivable, net	7,160
Due from other governments	155,288
Prepaid items	350
Total current assets	2,412,502
Non current assets:	
Capital assets:	
Land and construction in progress	1,503,182
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,702,776
Total capital assets	3,205,958
Total assets	5,618,460
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accrued liabilities	21,797
Net Position	
Net invested in capital assets	3,205,958
Restricted for:	
Stabilization by State Statute	199,980
Capital projects	1,242,917
Unrestricted	947,808
Total net position	\$ 5,596,663

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

	Expenses			N Program Revenues N Capital Charges for Grants and G nses Services Contributions			
Functions/Programs							
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$	596,922	\$	2,438	\$ 74,809	\$	(519,675)
Recreation		117,932		87,980			(29,952)
Total governmental activities	\$	714,854	\$	90,418	\$ 74,809		(549,627)
	Ad v Othe Inves	eral Revem valorem taxes er taxes stment earning tal general re		203,502 288,815 14,066 506,383			
	Change in net position						(43,244)
	Net	Position:					

Net Position:	
Beginning	5,639,907
Ending	\$ 5,596,663

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2020

		Major Funds			
A secondar	General	Capital Project	Part F Improvements Community Center	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and equivalents	\$ 1,006,787	\$ 1,242,917	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,249,704
Taxes receivable, net	7,160	-	-	-	7,160
Due from other governments	67,766	87,522	-	-	155,288
Due from other funds	-	44,692	-	-	44,692
Prepaid items	350	-		-	350
Total assets	\$ 1,082,063	\$ 1,375,131	\$-	\$ -	\$ 2,457,194
Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities:					
	¢ 01.707	¢	¢	¢	ф 01 707
Accrued liabilities	\$ 21,797	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,797
Due to other funds	44,692	-			44,692
Total liabilities	66,489	-			66,489
Deferred Inflow of Resources:					
Property taxes receivable	7,160	-			7,160
Total deferred inflow of resources	7,160	-			7,160
Fund Balances: Non Spendable:					
Prepaids	350	-	-	-	350
Restricted:					
Stabilization by State Statute	67,766	132,214	-	-	199,980
Committed:					
Major Capital Project Fund	-	1,242,917	-	-	1,242,917
Unassigned	940,298				940,298
Total fund balances	1,008,414	1,375,131	-		2,383,545
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of	_		_		
resources and fund balances	\$ 1,082,063	\$ 1,375,131	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,457,194

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

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TOWN OF PLEASANT GARDEN, NORTH CAROLINA Exhibit 4 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1)

are different because:	
Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds	\$ 2,383,545
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	3,205,958
Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements.	7,160
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 5,596,663

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Major Fund	ls		_			
		General	Capital Part F Improvements Project Community Center			Nonmajor Funds		Total vernmental Funds	
Revenues									
Ad valorem taxes	\$	203,617	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	203,617
Other taxes and licenses		18,610	-		-		-		18,610
Unrestricted intergovernmental									
revenues		270,205	-		-		-		270,205
Investment earnings		397	13,669		-		-		14,066
Grants		-	74,809		-		-		74,809
Fund Appropriation		-	-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		90,418	 -		-		-		90,418
Total revenues		583,247	 88,478		-		-		671,725
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government		469,625	-		-		-		469,625
Recreation		117,932	-		-		-		117,932
Capital outlay		-	 14,048		109,295		31,028		154,371
Total expenditures		587,557	 14,048		109,295		31,028		741,928
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(4,310)	 74,430		(109,295)		(31,028)		(70,203)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Operating transfers to		-	27,023		109,295		31,028		167,346
Operating transfers from		(27,023)	 (140,323)		-		-		(167,346)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(27,023)	 (113,300)		109,295		31,028		-
Net change in fund balances		(31,333)	(38,870)		-		-		(70,203)
Fund balances, beginning	1	1,039,747	 1,414,001						2,453,748
Fund balances, ending	\$ 1	1,008,414	\$ 1,375,131	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2	2,383,545

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

TOWN OF PLEASANT GARDEN, NORTH CAROLINA Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (70,203)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following amounts are by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period:	
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	154,371
Depreciation expense for governmental assets	(127,297)
	27,074
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds. This adjustment represents	
the amount of change in unavailable revenue for tax revenue.	(115)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)	\$ (43,244)

Exhibit 6

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Annual Budget and Actual - General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	198,548	\$	198,548	\$	203,617	\$	5,069
Other taxes and licenses		18,000		18,000		18,610		610
Unrestricted intergovernmental								
revenues		256,250		256,250		270,205		13,955
Investment earnings		425		425		397		(28)
Miscellaneous		136,500		141,750		90,418		(51,332)
Total revenues		609,723		614,973		583,247		(31,726)
Expenditures Current:								
General government		493,109		512,739		469,625		43,114
Recreation		162,600		141,070		117,932		23,138
Total expenditures		655,709		653,809		587,557		66,252
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(45,986)		(38,836)		(4,310)		34,526
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Operating transfers out		(25,625)		(25,625)		(27,023)		(1,398)
Appropriated fund balances		71,611		64,461		-		(64,461)
Total other financing uses		45,986		38,836	,	(27,023)		(65,859)
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$	-		(31,333)	\$	(31,333)
Fund balances, beginning						1,039,747		
Fund balances, ending						1,008,414		

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Pleasant Garden, North Carolina (the "Town") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The Town is a municipal corporation, which is governed by an elected five-member council. The Mayor is elected by the voters of the Town. The Mayor serves as the chairperson of the Town Council.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The Town's governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue source is State-shared revenues. The primary expenditures are for general government services.

Capital Project Fund - The Capital Project Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Part F - Grant Improvements for the Community Center - This capital project fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for the Community Center improvements.

The Town reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Volunteer Park Fund – This capital project fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for the Volunteer Park fund.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements - Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town because the tax is levied by Guilford County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues.

Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Capital Project Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal yearend. Project ordinances are adopted for the Volunteer Park Fund and the Part F Grant Improvements for the Community Center Fund. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for all multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1st of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1st. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Capital expenditures over \$5,000 are recorded as general capital assets. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following useful lives to the cost of the assets:

Equipment	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Leasehold improvements	20 years
Buildings	50 years

Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town is non-cumulative over a certain number of days. Vacation is accrued on a calendar-year basis and may be accumulated without any applicable maximum until December 31st of the calendar year. At calendar year end, any employee with more than five days of accumulated leave shall have the excess accumulation credited to sick leave so that only five days are carried forward to January 1st of the next calendar year.

The Town's sick leave policy is cumulative for an unlimited number of days. However, sick time accumulated during employment is not vested and paid to the employee in the event of termination of employment.

The current portion of the accumulated vacation pay is not considered to be material; therefore, no expenditure or liability has been reported in the governmental funds.

Deferred Inflow of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflow of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has one item that meets the criterion for this category which is property taxes receivable.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position - Net position in the government-wide financial statements are classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or b) imposed by law through State statutes.

Fund Balances - In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Prepaid items - portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaid items, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for Capital Project Fund - portion of fund balance assigned by the Board for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-town funds, and town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer does not have the authority to deviate from this policy unless approved by the Town Council if deemed in the best interest of the Town.

The Town has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to 100% of budgeted expenditures. Any portion of the general fund balance in excess of 100% of budgeted expenditures may be appropriated for one-time expenditures as approved by a majority vote of the Town Council and may not be used for any purpose that would obligate the Town in a future budget.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for noninterest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollaterization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and monitors them for compliance. The Town analyzes the financial soundness of any other financial institution used by the Town. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

The Town has no formal policies regarding credit risk, custodial credit risk, or interest rate risk.

At June 30, 2020, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$2,249,604 and a bank balance of \$2,263,925. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$1,763,925 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2020, the Town's petty cash funds totaled \$100.

Receivables

The governmental activities receivables for the governmental funds shown in Exhibit 1 at June 30, 2020 consisted of \$7,160 for taxes and \$155,288 for due from other governments.

Due from other governments consisted of \$43,619 for franchise and sales tax receivable, \$5,745 for sales tax refunds, and \$87,522 the reimbursable PART F Grant.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 715,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 715,000
Construction in progress	647,859	140,323		788,182
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	1,362,859	140,323		1,503,182
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	978,450	14,046	-	992,496
Buildings	1,534,075	-	-	1,534,075
Furniture and fixtures	109,124	_		109,124
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	2,621,649	14,046		2,635,695
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	449,943	78,626	-	528,569
Buildings	313,224	37,987	-	351,211
Furniture and fixtures	42,455	10,684		53,139
Total accumulated depreciation	805,622	\$ 127,297	\$ -	932,919
Total capital assets being depreciated,				
net	1,816,027			1,702,776
Government activity capital assets, net	\$3,178,886			\$3,205,958

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 was charged to the general government function of the primary government.

B. Liabilities

Deferred Inflow of Resources

The balance in deferred inflow of resources fund statements is composed of unavailable revenues which consist of property tax receivables at June 30, 2020.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, property coverage, workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits, and employee health coverage. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town carries flood insurance through the Interlocal Risk Financing Fund of North Carolina. The policy has a limit of insurance for a single occurrence of \$5,000,000.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer and tax collector are each individually bonded for \$50,000 and \$10,000, respectively. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$20,000.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The Town offers its employees a deferred compensation plan in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") Section 457. The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees or other beneficiaries until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The Town has no administrative involvement and does not perform the investing function. The Town has no fiduciary accountability for the plan and, accordingly, plan assets and related liabilities to plan participants are not included in the basic financial statements.

Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 1,008,414
Less:	
Prepaid items	350
Stabilization by State Statute	67,766
Appropriated fund balance for 2021 budget	21,819
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 918,479

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Interfund Balances and Activity

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2020 consist of \$44,692 due from the General Fund to the Capital Project Fund for transfers that have yet to be deposited into the Capital Project Fund's bank account.

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2020 consist of the following:

	 Tran	sfers		
	From		То	Purpose
General Fund	\$ 27,023	\$	-	To allocate 10% ABC sales,
Capital Project Fund	140,323		27,023	Franchise utility tax, and beer and
Volunteer Park	-		109,295	wine tax revenue and transfer
Nonmajor governmental fund	 -		31,028	funds for project expenditures
Total operating transfers	\$ 167,346	\$	167,346	

Joint Ventures

The Town, in conjunction with 61 other municipalities in 12 counties, is a member of the Piedmont Triad Regional Council ("PTRC"). The participating governments established PTRC to coordinate various funding received from federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the PTRC's governing board. The Town paid membership fees of \$978 to PTRC during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual - General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues Ad valorem taxes Taxes \$ 198,348 \$ 203,617 \$ 5,269 Penalties and interest 200 - (200) Total ad valorem taxes 198,548 2003,617 $5,069$ Other Taxes and Licenses Sales tax 8,000 9.958 1.958 Cable TV franchise tax 10,000 8,652 (1,348) Total other taxes and licenses 18,000 18,610 610 Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues Franchise tax 170,000 171,804 1,804 Beer and wine tax 20,000 20,030 30 Local option sales tax 52,250 59,997 7,747 Greensboro ABC revenues 14,000 18,374 4,374 Total unrestricted intergovernmental revenues 256,250 270,205 13,955 Investment Earnings 425 397 (28) Miscellaneous 141,750 90,418 (51,332) Total miscelaneous 265,410 263,214 <th>D</th> <th>Budget</th> <th>Actual</th> <th colspan="3">Variance Positive (Negative)</th>	D	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Taxes \$ 198,348 \$ 203,617 \$ 5,269 Penalties and interest 200 - (200) Total ad valorem taxes $198,548$ $203,617$ $5,069$ Other Taxes and Licenses Sales tax $8,000$ $9,958$ $1,958$ Cable TV franchise tax $10,000$ $8,652$ $(1,348)$ Total other taxes and licenses $18,000$ $18,610$ 610 Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues Franchise tax $170,000$ $171,804$ $1,804$ Beer and wine tax $20,000$ $20,030$ 30 Local option sales tax $52,250$ $59,997$ $7,747$ Greensboro ABC revenues $14,000$ $18,374$ $4,374$ Total urestricted intergovernmental revenues $2256,250$ $270,205$ $13,955$ Investment Earnings 425 397 (28) Miscellaneous $141,750$ $90,418$ $(51,332)$ Total miscellaneous $141,750$ $90,418$ $(51,332)$ Total revenues $614,973$ $583,247$ $(31,726)$						
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Greensboro ABC revenues $14,000$ $18,374$ $4,374$ Total unrestricted intergovernmental revenues $256,250$ $270,205$ $13,955$ Investment Earnings 425 397 (28) Miscellaneous 8 425 397 (28) Miscellaneous 93,200 $53,829$ $(39,371)$ Other $48,550$ $36,589$ $(11,961)$ Total miscellaneous $141,750$ $90,418$ $(51,332)$ Total revenues $614,973$ $583,247$ $(31,726)$ Expenditures General Government $604,973$ $583,247$ $(21,726)$ Capital outlay $ -$ Operating expenses $247,329$ $206,411$ $40,918$,				
Total unrestricted intergovernmental revenues $256,250$ $270,205$ $13,955$ Investment Earnings 425 397 (28) Miscellaneous $8ccreation fees$ $93,200$ $53,829$ $(39,371)$ Other $48,550$ $36,589$ $(11,961)$ Total miscellaneous $141,750$ $90,418$ $(51,332)$ Total revenues $614,973$ $583,247$ $(31,726)$ Expenditures $60vernment$ $265,410$ $263,214$ $2,196$ Gapital outlay $ -$ Operating expenses $247,329$ $206,411$ $40,918$	-					
Miscellaneous Recreation fees $93,200$ $53,829$ $(39,371)$ Other $48,550$ $36,589$ $(11,961)$ Total miscellaneous $141,750$ $90,418$ $(51,332)$ Total revenues $614,973$ $583,247$ $(31,726)$ Expenditures General Government Governing Board Administration: Salaries and employee benefits $265,410$ $263,214$ $2,196$ Capital outlay - - - - - Operating expenses $247,329$ $206,411$ $40,918$	Total unrestricted intergovernmental revenues					
Recreation fees 93,200 53,829 (39,371) Other 48,550 36,589 (11,961) Total miscellaneous 141,750 90,418 (51,332) Total revenues 614,973 583,247 (31,726) Expenditures 6000000000000000000000000000000000000	Investment Earnings	425	397	(28)		
Other $48,550$ $36,589$ $(11,961)$ Total miscellaneous $141,750$ $90,418$ $(51,332)$ Total revenues $614,973$ $583,247$ $(31,726)$ Expenditures $614,973$ $583,247$ $(31,726)$ General Government 60 $265,410$ $263,214$ $2,196$ Capital outlayOperating expenses $247,329$ $206,411$ $40,918$	Miscellaneous					
Total miscellaneous $141,750$ $90,418$ $(51,332)$ Total revenues $614,973$ $583,247$ $(31,726)$ Expenditures $614,973$ $583,247$ $(31,726)$ General Government $6000000000000000000000000000000000000$	Recreation fees	93,200	53,829	(39,371)		
Total revenues614,973583,247(31,726)ExpendituresGeneral GovernmentGoverning Board Administration:Salaries and employee benefits265,410263,2142,196Capital outlayOperating expenses247,329206,41140,918	Other	48,550	36,589	(11,961)		
ExpendituresGeneral GovernmentGoverning Board Administration:Salaries and employee benefits265,410263,2142,196Capital outlay-Operating expenses247,329206,41140,918	Total miscellaneous	141,750	90,418	(51,332)		
General GovernmentGoverning Board Administration:Salaries and employee benefits265,410263,2142,196Capital outlay-Operating expenses247,329206,41140,918	Total revenues	614,973	583,247	(31,726)		
Governing Board Administration:265,410263,2142,196Salaries and employee benefits265,410263,2142,196Capital outlayOperating expenses247,329206,41140,918	Expenditures					
Salaries and employee benefits 265,410 263,214 2,196 Capital outlay - - - Operating expenses 247,329 206,411 40,918	-					
Capital outlay -	Governing Board Administration:					
Capital outlay -	Salaries and employee benefits	265,410	263,214	2,196		
Operating expenses 247,329 206,411 40,918		-	_	-		
	Operating expenses	247,329	206,411	40,918		
	Total general government	512,739	469,625	43,114		

TOWN OF PLEASANT GARDEN, NORTH CAROLINA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Recreation			
Operating expenses	\$ 141,070	117,932	\$ 23,138
Total expenditures	653,809	587,557	66,252
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(38,836)	(4,310)	34,526
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Operating transfers out	(25,625)	(27,023)	1,398
Appropriated fund balance	64,461	-	64,461
Total other financing uses	38,836	(27,023)	65,859
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ (31,333)	\$ (31,333)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Annually Budgeted Major Capital Project Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Grants	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 74,809	\$ 74,809
Investment earnings			13,669	13,669
Total revenues			88,478	88,478
Expenditures General government:				
Project expenses	140,323	140,323	14,048	126,275
Revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(140,323)	(140,323)	74,430	214,753
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers in	140,323	140,323	27,023	(113,300)
Operating transfers out	-	-	(140,323)	(140,323)
Appropriated fund balance				
Total other financing sources				
(uses)	140,323	140,323	(113,300)	(253,623)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	(38,870)	\$ (38,870)
Fund balances, beginning Fund balances, ending			1,414,001 \$ 1,375,131	

Schedule 2

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Volunteer Park Fund

From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Expenditures	Project Authorization		Prior Year		Current Year		Total to Date	
Capital outlay								
Planning fees	\$	75,004	\$	43,619	\$	-	\$	43,619
Construction		375,020		392,195		31,028		423,223
Contingency		18,751		10,784		-		10,784
Total expenditures		468,775		446,598		31,028		477,626
Other Financing Sources Transfers in		468,775		446,598		31,028		477,626
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	_		-	\$	_
Fund balances, beginning Fund balances, ending					\$	-		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Part F Grant Improvements at Community Center Fund From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Project Authorization		 Prior Year		Current Year		Total to Date
Expenditures							
Capital outlay							
Construction Management	\$	45,439	\$ 31,700	\$	22,190	\$	53,890
Construction		306,561	 169,561		87,105		256,666
Total expenditures		352,000	 201,261		109,295		310,556
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers in		352,000	 201,261		109,295		310,556
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$ -		-	\$	-
Fund balances, beginning Fund balances, ending				\$	-		

Schedule 4

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Year	В	Uncollected Balance July 1, 2019		dditions	ollections d Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2020		
Property taxes:								
2019 - 2020	\$	-	\$	202,168	\$ 199,839	\$	2,329	
2018 - 2019		2,742		-	1,666		1,076	
2017 - 2018		1,165		-	508		657	
2016 - 2017		433		-	94		339	
2015 - 2016		280		-	26		254	
2014 - 2015		159		-	9		150	
2013 - 2014		257		-	16		241	
2012 - 2013		273		-	18		255	
2011 - 2012		294		-	17		277	
2010 2011		196		-	16		180	
2009 - 2010		202		-	17		185	
2008 - 2009		290		-	7		283	
2007 - 2008		465		-	20		445	
2006 - 2007		280		-	14		266	
2005 - 2006		237		-	14		223	
	\$	7,273	\$	202,168	\$ 202,281			
Ad valorem taxes receivable, ne	t					\$	7,160	
Reconciliation of collections and Ad valorem taxes: General Fund	l credits	with reve	nues:			\$	203,617	
Reconciling items: Discounts, write-offs, releases							(986)	
Miscellaneous adjustments Total collections and credits						\$	(350) 202,281	

				Total	Levy
				Property Excluding	
	Property Valuation (Million)	Rate	Total Levy	Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles
Original Levy: Property taxed at		Katt			<u>vemeles</u>
current year's rate Penalties	\$ 406,820,000 826,000	$0.050 \\ 0.050$	\$ 203,410 413	\$ 182,130 413	\$ 21,280
Total original levy	407,646,000		203,823	182,543	21,280
Discoveries	(3,654,000)	0.050	(1,827)	(1,827)	
Abatements	344,000	0.050	172	172	
Total property valuation	\$ 404,336,000				
Net levy			\$ 202,168	\$ 180,888	\$ 21,280
Uncollected taxes at June	30, 2020		2,329	2,329	
Current year's taxes colle	ected		\$ 199,839	\$ 178,559	\$ 21,280
Current levy collection pe	rcentage		98.85%	98.71%	100.00%