FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Thomasville, North Carolina

Report On the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Thomasville, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Thomasville Board of Education, which represents 90.07 percent, 112.59 percent, and 88.25 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. We did not audit the financial statements of the Thomasville ABC Board, which represents 9.06 percent, (11.28) percent, and 11.35 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us and, our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Thomasville Board of Education and the Thomasville ABC Board, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the City of Thomasville ABC Board and Thomasville Tourism Commission were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Thomasville, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedule of the Change in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll, the Other Post-Employment Benefits' Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, and the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) and Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economical, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City of Thomasville, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2020 on our consideration of City of Thomasville's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant, agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Thomasville's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Thomasville's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

Martin Starnes & associated, CPas, P.a.

Hickory, North Carolina

October 30, 2020



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Thomasville, we offer readers of the City of Thomasville's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Thomasville for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's financial statements, which follow this parrative.

Financial Highlights

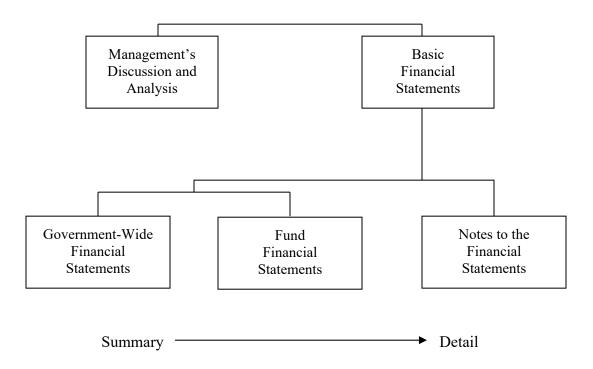
- The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Thomasville exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$30,099,536 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$138,994 due to an increase in business-type activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Thomasville's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,451,836, a decrease of \$7,130,205 in comparison with the prior year. Currently, 45.88% of this total amount, or \$7,548,735, is restricted or non-spendable.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, available fund balance for the General Fund was \$9,513,303, or 38.80%, of total General Fund expenditures and transfers to other funds.
- Water and Sewer Fund current assets increased 13.90%. At June 30, 2020, current assets exceeded current liabilities for the tenth consecutive year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Thomasville's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the City through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City of Thomasville.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits A and B) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-Wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits C through I) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the fund financial statements: 1) the governmental funds statements, 2) the budgetary comparison statements, and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes.** The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **Supplemental Information** is provided to show details about the City's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the City's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the City's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities, 2) business-type activities, and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the City's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and federal and state grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the City charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer and golf services offered by the City of Thomasville. The final category is the component units. Although legally separate from the City, the City School Board, ABC Board, and Tourism Commission are important to the City because the City exercises control over the School Board, ABC Board, and Tourism Commission by appointing its members and setting the local tax rate for the School Board and Tourism Commission. The ABC Board is required to distribute its profits to the City.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits A and B of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Thomasville, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the City of Thomasville can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The City of Thomasville adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds. The City of Thomasville has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Thomasville uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity and for its golf operations. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 26-74 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Thomasville's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 75 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities: The City depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the City is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and state laws and federal and state appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis City of Thomasville's Net Position

Figure 2

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019		
Assets:								
Current and other assets	\$ 18,221,433	\$ 26,763,774	\$ 13,325,743	\$ 11,549,310	\$ 31,547,176	\$ 38,313,084		
Capital assets	22,601,967	15,288,642	42,167,504	42,862,705	64,769,471	58,151,347		
Total assets	40,823,400	42,052,416	55,493,247	54,412,015	96,316,647	96,464,431		
Deferred Outflows								
of Resources:								
OPEB deferrals	1,535,796	1,447,384	337,126	317,718	1,872,922	1,765,102		
Pension deferrals	3,113,538	3,248,542	555,152	638,180	3,668,690	3,886,722		
Total deferred outflows								
ofresources	4,649,334	4,695,926	892,278	955,898	5,541,612	5,651,824		
Liabilities:								
Long-term liabilities	29,739,402	29,059,503	33,725,353	34,784,341	63,464,755	63,843,844		
Other liabilities	2,840,066	3,816,740	5,008,493	3,954,058	7,848,559	7,770,798		
Total liabilities	32,579,468	32,876,243	38,733,846	38,738,399	71,313,314	71,614,642		
Deferred Inflows								
of Resources:								
OPEB deferrals	286,824	294,465	62,961	64,639	349,785	359,104		
Pension deferrals	95,335	170,396	289	11,571	95,624	181,967		
Total deferred inflows								
ofresources	382,159	464,861	63,250	76,210	445,409	541,071		
Net Position:								
Net investment in								
capital assets	8,585,370	9,703,650	7,758,270	7,598,552	16,343,640	17,302,202		
Restricted	6,126,594	13,270,173	-	-	6,126,594	13,270,173		
Unrestricted	(2,200,857)	(9,566,585)	9,830,159	8,954,752	7,629,302	(611,833)		
Total net position	\$ 12,511,107	\$ 13,407,238	\$ 17,588,429	\$ 16,553,304	\$ 30,099,536	\$ 29,960,542		

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Thomasville exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$30,099,536 as of June 30, 2020. The City's net position increased by \$138,994 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. However, (54%) reflects the City's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The City of Thomasville uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City of Thomasville's net position (20%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$7,629,302 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the City's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental and business-type net position:

- General Fund expenditures were 10.6% under budgetary estimates.
- Water and sewer expenses were 19.5% under budgetary estimates.

City of Thomasville's Changes in Net Position

Figure 3

	2020						2019						
		overnmental Activities	Bu	isiness-Type Activities	Total	Go	overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Tota	al		
Revenues:													
Program revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	1,766,373	\$	13,297,031	\$ 15,063,404	\$	1,653,256	\$	13,414,777	\$ 15,06	8,033		
Operating grants and													
contributions		1,027,519		-	1,027,519		1,542,035		-	1,54	2,035		
Capital grants and													
contributions		125,022		103,532	228,554		321,145		-	32	1,145		
General revenues:													
Property taxes		13,230,748		-	13,230,748		12,772,444		-	12,77	2,444		
Other taxes		7,365,726		-	7,365,726		7,151,633		-	7,15	1,633		
Miscellaneous		2,668,697		163,751	2,832,448		2,432,345		(102,485)	2,32	9,860		
Total revenues		26,184,085		13,564,314	39,748,399		25,872,858		13,312,292	39,18	5,150		
Expenses:													
General government		4,652,402		_	4,652,402		4,259,863		_	4.25	9,863		
Public works		5,715,272		_	5,715,272		5,385,986		_		5,986		
Public safety		14,223,112		_	14,223,112		13,336,681		_	13,33			
Economic and physical		, -,			, -,		- / /			- /	-,		
development		_		_	-		716,152		_	71	6,152		
Culture and recreation		1,615,730		_	1,615,730		1,230,234		_		0,234		
Interest on long-term debt		545,658		_	545,658		360,359		_		0,359		
Water and sewer		_		11,879,833	11,879,833		-		11,560,752	11,56	0,752		
Golf course		-		977,398	977,398		-		949,531		9,531		
Total expenses		26,752,174		12,857,231	39,609,405		25,289,275		12,510,283	37,79	9,558		
Change in net position													
before transfers		(568,089)		707,083	138,994		583,583		802,009	1,38	5,592		
Transfers in (out)		(328,042)		328,042	-		(294,576)		294,576		_		
Change in net position		(896,131)		1,035,125	138,994		289,007		1,096,585	1,38	5,592		
Net Position:													
Beginning of year - July 1	_	13,407,238		16,553,304	29,960,542	_	13,118,231		15,456,719	28,57	4,950		
End of year - June 30	\$	12,511,107	\$	17,588,429	\$ 30,099,536	\$	13,407,238	\$	16,553,304	\$ 29,96	0,542		

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$896,131. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- Appropriation of Police Reserve \$155,678
- Appropriation of Recreation Reserve \$275,000
- Appropriation of Fund Balance \$439,543

Business-Type Activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Thomasville's net position by \$1,035,125. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- The City raised water and sewer rates 1.25% as per their 5-year rate study.
- Maintenance and construction expenses were \$907,863 (24.09%) under budgetary estimates.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Thomasville uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Thomasville's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Thomasville's financing requirements. Specifically, available for appropriation fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Thomasville. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Thomasville's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$9,513,303, while total fund balance reached \$13,941,744. The governing body of the City of Thomasville has determined that the City should maintain an unassigned fund balance of 24.0% of General Fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the City. The City currently has an available fund balance of 38.80% of General Fund expenditures and transfers to other funds, while total fund balance represents 56.86% of the same amount.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the City revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. The City decreased the General Fund budget by \$275,072.

Proprietary Funds. The City of Thomasville's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$10,307,641. The total changes in net position for the Water and Sewer Fund were \$910,337. Unrestricted net position of the Golf Course Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$(477,482). Total changes in net position for the Golf Course Fund were \$124,788. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Thomasville's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City of Thomasville's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020 totals \$64,769,471 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found beginning on page 40 of this report.

City of Thomasville's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Figure 4

	 overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities					Total
	2020	2020	2020	2019 20		2019 2019		9 2019	
Land	\$ 1,965,493	\$ 890,316	\$ 2,855,809	\$	1,965,493	\$	662,153	\$	2,627,646
Buildings	14,624,253	263,247	14,887,500		2,733,559		321,823		3,055,382
Other improvements	1,437,988	16,988,613	18,426,601		1,498,306		18,670,893		20,169,199
Infrastructure	607,251	16,621,076	17,228,327		674,706		18,567,382		19,242,088
Equipment									
and vehicles	3,840,082	1,966,775	5,806,857		3,971,691		1,239,026		5,210,717
Construction									
in progress	126,900	5,437,477	5,564,377		4,444,887		3,401,428		7,846,315
Total	\$ 22,601,967	\$ 42,167,504	\$ 64,769,471	\$	15,288,642	\$	42,862,705	\$	58,151,347

Long-Term Debt. As of June 30, 2020, the City of Thomasville had total bonded debt outstanding of \$18,891,210. Of this, \$-0- is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The remainder of the City's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

City of Thomasville's Outstanding Debt Bonds

Figure 5

		nmental vities		ss-Type vities
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Limited obligation bonds Add premiums	\$ 11,100,000 785,107	\$ 11,100,000 828,724	\$ - -	\$ -
Total	\$ 11,885,107	\$ 11,928,724	\$ -	\$ -
Revenue bonds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,540,000	\$ 7,581,667
Add premiums	-	-	467,416	524,610
Less discounts			(1,313)	(2,625)
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,006,103	\$ 8,103,652

The City of Thomasville's total bonded debt decreased by \$1,141,166 during the past fiscal year, primarily due to the payment of debt.

The City's Moody's Investor Service Rating remained at Aa3 in the current fiscal year. The City maintained an A+ rating from Standard and Poor's Corporation.

North Carolina General Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the City of Thomasville is approximately \$103,000,000. The City has \$-0- in bonds authorized but unissued as June 30, 2020.

Additional information regarding the City of Thomasville's long-term debt can be found beginning on page 57 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Economic Factors

• Unemployment in the State of North Carolina was 7.6% as of June 30, 2020, and Davidson County's rate of unemployment was 7.4%. The state unemployment rate has increased from 4.2% as of June 30, 2018, and Davidson County's rate has increased from 4.2% a year ago.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021

Governmental Activities. The General Fund budget for Fiscal Year 2021 has been decreased overall by 9% due to the projected impact of COVID-19. The property tax collection percentage has been lowered by 2.5%, sales tax by 15%, and utility franchise tax by 8%. The City imposed a hiring, travel, and capital expenditure freeze effective July 1, 2020.

Business-Type Activities. The Water and Sewer Fund budget for Fiscal Year 2021 has been reduced by 16% overall due to the Executive Order of the North Carolina Governor which allowed payment plans on customer's delinquent accounts for a period of six months and no late charges on customer accounts. The water and sewer rates in the City will increase by 1.26% as projected in the rate study, which was updated in May, 2017.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Director of Finance, City of Thomasville, P.O. Box 368, Thomasville, North Carolina 27361.





STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Primary G			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Assets:				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,616,686	\$ 10,292,036	\$ 22,908,722	
Restricted cash	1,448,327	439,006	1,887,333	
Receivables:				
Accounts receivable, net	3,923,400	2,086,680	6,010,080	
Net OPEB asset	-	-	-	
Due from other governments	-	-	-	
Due from primary government	-	-	-	
Internal balances	135,124	(135,124)	-	
Inventories	97,896	305,336	403,232	
Investment in joint venture	-	337,809	337,809	
Prepaid items				
Total current assets	18,221,433	13,325,743	31,547,176	
Non-current assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress	2,092,393	6,327,793	8,420,186	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	20,509,574	35,839,711	56,349,285	
Total capital assets	22,601,967	42,167,504	64,769,471	
Total non-current assets	22,601,967	42,167,504	64,769,471	
Total assets	40,823,400	55,493,247	96,316,647	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
OPEB deferrals	1,535,796	337,126	1,872,922	
Pension deferrals	3,113,538	555,152	3,668,690	
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,649,334	892,278	5,541,612	
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	819,462	793,438	1,612,900	
Accrued interest payable	-	117,777	117,777	
Due to component units	14,303	-	14,303	
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	
Prepaid fees	-	46,773	46,773	
Current portion of long-term liabilities	1,978,594	3,660,594	5,639,188	
Liabilities to be paid from restricted assets:				
Customer deposits	27,707	389,911	417,618	
Total current liabilities	2,840,066	5,008,493	7,848,559	
Long-term liabilities:				
Net pension liability	4,320,696	912,024	5,232,720	
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	2,626,148	-	2,626,148	
Total OPEB liability	8,269,854	1,833,097	10,102,951	
Net OPEB liability	-	-	-	
Due in more than one year	14,522,704	30,980,232	45,502,936	
Total long-term liabilities	29,739,402	33,725,353	63,464,755	
Total liabilities	32,579,468	38,733,846	71,313,314	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
OPEB deferrals	286,824	62,961	349,785	
Pension deferrals	95,335	289	95,624	
Total deferred inflows of resources	382,159	63,250	445,409	
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	8,585,370	7,758,270	16,343,640	
Restricted for:				
Stabilization by state statute	4,721,239	-	4,721,239	
Streets	96,375	-	96,375	
Solid waste	44,404	-	44,404	
Public safety	1,264,576	-	1,264,576	
Other purposes	-	-	-	
Unrestricted	(2,200,857)		7,629,302	
Total net position	\$ 12,511,107	\$ 17,588,429	\$ 30,099,536	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

JUNE 30, 2020		Component Units		
	Thomasville Board of Education	Alcoholic Beverage Control Board	Thomasville Tourism Commission	
Assets:				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,164,330	\$ 742,171	\$ 218,961	
Restricted cash	-	-	-	
Receivables:				
Accounts receivable, net	142,801	915	-	
Net OPEB asset	40,013	-	-	
Due from other governments	3,775,121	-	-	
Due from primary government	-	-	14,303	
Internal balances	-	-	-	
Inventories	71,552	279,638	-	
Investment in joint venture	-	-	-	
Prepaid items	13,340	9,781	6,063	
Total current assets	6,207,157	1,032,505	239,327	
Non-current assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress	954,713	405,801	-	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	17,826,995	1,075,940	-	
Total capital assets	18,781,708	1,481,741	_	
Total non-current assets	18,781,708	1,481,741		
Track to the second sec	24.000.075	2.514.246	220 227	
Total assets	24,988,865	2,514,246	239,327	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
OPEB deferrals	3,922,713	_	-	
Pension deferrals	4,272,209	57,362	-	
Total deferred outflows of resources	8,194,922	57,362		
Town delened cannot be rescared.				
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,201,731	454,220	2,149	
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-	
Due to component units	-	-	-	
Unearned revenue	3,187	-	-	
Prepaid fees	-	-	-	
Current portion of long-term liabilities	776,503	-	-	
Liabilities to be paid from restricted assets:				
Customer deposits				
Total current liabilities	1,981,421	454,220	2,149	
Long-term liabilities:				
Net pension liability	10,795,112	69,639		
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	10,793,112	09,039	-	
Total OPEB liability	-	-	-	
Net OPEB liability	28,605,144		_	
Due in more than one year	1,120,802		_	
Total long-term liabilities	40,521,058	69,639		
Total long-term habilities	40,321,036	09,039		
Total liabilities	42,502,479	523,859	2,149	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
OPEB deferrals	10,951,799	-	-	
Pension deferrals	160,756	934		
Total deferred inflows of resources	11,112,555	934		
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	18,781,708	1,481,741	=	
Restricted for:	10,701,700	1,701,741	-	
Stabilization by state statute	298,860	_	14,303	
Streets	-	-	- 1,505	
Solid waste	- -	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	_	
Other purposes	177,370	130,975	222,875	
Unrestricted	(39,689,185)	434,099	,-,-	
Total net position	\$ (20,431,247)		\$ 237,178	
Town new position	Ψ (20,731,277)	2,010,013	- 257,170	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs:	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$	4,652,402	\$	197,443	\$	3,880	\$	-	
Public works		5,715,272		961,442		683,940		-	
Public safety		14,223,112		303,034		307,466		10,476	
Economic and physical development		-		-		-		114,546	
Cultural and recreation		1,615,730		304,454		32,233		-	
Debt service:									
Interest and fiscal charges		545,658						<u> </u>	
Total governmental activities		26,752,174		1,766,373		1,027,519		125,022	
Business-Type Activities:									
Water and sewer		11,879,833		12,642,755		-		103,532	
Golf course		977,398		654,276				<u>-</u>	
Total business-type activities		12,857,231	_	13,297,031	-		_	103,532	
Total primary government	\$	39,609,405	\$	15,063,404	\$	1,027,519	\$	228,554	
Component Units:									
Thomasville Board of Education	\$	31,451,375	\$	871,539	\$	27,401,678	\$	5,503	
Alcoholic Beverage Control Board		4,347,921		4,470,211		-		-	
Thomasville Tourism Commission		128,807						<u> </u>	
Total component units	\$	35,928,103	\$	5,341,750	\$	27,401,678	\$	5,503	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Net (Expe	nse) Revenue and	e and Changes in Net Position					
	Pr	imary Government							
Functions/Programs:	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Thomasville Board of Education	Alcoholic Beverage Control Board	Thomasville Tourism Commission			
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$ (4,451,079)	_	\$ (4,451,079)						
Public works	(4,069,890)	_	(4,069,890)						
Public safety	(13,602,136)		(13,602,136)						
Economic and physical development	114,546		114,546						
Cultural and recreation	(1,279,043)		(1,279,043)						
Debt service:	(1,277,043)		(1,277,043)						
Interest and fiscal charges	(545,658)		(545,658)						
C									
Total governmental activities	(23,833,260)	-	(23,833,260)						
Business-Type Activities:									
Water and sewer	-	866,454	866,454						
Golf course		(323,122)	(323,122)						
Total business-type activities	<u>-</u>	543,332	543,332						
Total primary government	(23,833,260)	543,332	(23,289,928)						
Component Units:									
Thomasville Board of Education				\$ (3,172,655)	\$ -	\$ -			
Alcoholic Beverage Control Board				-	122,290	-			
Thomasville Tourism Commission				-	-	(128,807)			
Total component units				(3,172,655)	122,290	(128,807)			
General Revenues:									
Taxes:									
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	13,230,748	-	13,230,748	-	-	-			
Unrestricted appropriations	2,136,295	-	2,136,295	4,641,635	-	-			
Local option sales tax	7,020,283	-	7,020,283	-	-	-			
Video programming tax	170,388	-	170,388	-	-	-			
Solid waste disposal tax	20,616	-	20,616	-	-	-			
Occupancy tax	154,439	-	154,439	-	-	141,896			
Investment earnings, unrestricted	428,038	43,887	471,925	18,069	-	1,150			
Miscellaneous	104,364	-	104,364	1,823,378	-	3,336			
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	119,864	119,864	-	-	-			
Fundraising revenue		<u>-</u>				11,578			
Total general revenues, excluding transfers	23,265,171	163,751	23,428,922	6,483,082	-	157,960			
Transfers	(328,042)	328,042							
Total general revenues and transfers	22,937,129	491,793	23,428,922	6,483,082		157,960			
Change in net position	(896,131)	1,035,125	138,994	3,310,427	122,290	29,153			
Net Position:									
Beginning of year - July 1	13,407,238	16,553,304	29,960,542	(23,741,674)	1,924,525	208,025			
End of year - June 30	\$ 12,511,107	17,588,429	\$ 30,099,536	\$ (20,431,247)	\$ 2,046,815	\$ 237,178			

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		Majo	Nonmajor or Funds Funds					
				General		Other		
		General	Car	oital Projects	Go	vernmental		
		Fund		Fund		Funds		Total
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,310,740	\$	773,909	\$	1,532,037	\$	12,616,686
Restricted cash		1,345,705		96,177		6,445		1,448,327
Taxes receivable, net		470,779		-		110,057		580,836
Accounts receivable, net		635,305		104,364		16,625		756,294
Due from other funds		135,124		-		19,995		155,119
Due from other governments		2,586,270		-		-		2,586,270
Inventories		97,896		<u> </u>				97,896
Total assets	\$	15,581,819	\$	974,450	\$	1,685,159	\$	18,241,428
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,								
and Fund Balances:								
Liabilities:	¢	700.251	¢		ď	22.015	ď	922 266
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	790,351	\$	-	\$	33,015	\$	823,366
Liabilities to be paid from restricted assets:		21,262				6 115		27,707
Deposits Due to other funds		19,995		-		6,445		19,995
		10,399		-		-		10,399
Due to component units	-	-		<u>-</u>	-	20.460		
Total liabilities		842,007				39,460		881,467
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Taxes receivable		470,779		-		110,057		580,836
Miscellaneous receivables		327,289		_				327,289
Total deferred inflows of resources		798,068		<u> </u>		110,057		908,125
Fund Balances:								
Non-spendable:								
Inventories		97,896		-		-		97,896
Restricted:								
Stabilization by state statute		4,330,545		339,764		50,930		4,721,239
Restricted, all other		2,439,038		96,177		194,385		2,729,600
Committed for public safety		-		538,509		-		538,509
Committed for culture and recreation		782,929		-		-		782,929
Committed for economic development		142,444		-		-		142,444
Committed for capital reserve		7,785		-		-		7,785
Assigned for general government		325,000		-		1,310,322		1,635,322
Unassigned		5,816,107		<u> </u>		(19,995)		5,796,112
Total fund balances		13,941,744		974,450		1,535,642		16,451,836
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,								
and fund balances	\$	15,581,819	\$	974,450	\$	1,685,159	\$	18,241,428

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	 Total
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Positions (Exhibit A) are different because:	
Total fund balance of governmental funds	\$ 16,451,836
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	22,601,967
Net pension liability - LGERS	(4,320,696)
Total pension liability	(2,626,148)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds.	1,535,796
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.	3,113,538
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds.	(286,824)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.	(95,335)
Liabilities for earned revenues but considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements	908,125
Total OPEB liability	(8,269,854)
Some liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest, are not due	
and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 (16,501,298)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 12,511,107

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Majo	Nonmajor Funds			
Davanuaga		General Fund	General Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds		Total
Revenues:	¢	11 750 002	¢	e 1.650.226	¢	12 409 220
Ad valorem taxes Other taxes and licenses	\$	11,758,003	\$ -	\$ 1,650,236	\$	13,408,239
Unrestricted intergovernmental		7,365,726 2,136,295	-	-		7,365,726 2,136,295
Restricted intergovernmental		2,130,293	114,546	91,965		984,388
Permits and fees		295,056	114,540	137,535		432,591
Sales and services		1,131,807	-	137,333		1,131,807
Contributions		1,131,807	-	27,113		1,151,807
Investment earnings		336,632	77,373	14,033		428,038
Sales tax refund		330,032	104,364	14,033		104,364
Miscellaneous		192,955	104,504			192,955
Total revenues		24,135,391	296,283	1,920,882		26,352,556
Expenditures: Current:						
		2 101 211		1 702 055		3,885,166
General government Public works		2,101,311 5,149,233	-	1,783,855		5,149,233
Public safety		12,591,667	8,401,095	36,202		21,028,964
Cultural and recreation		1,380,860	0,401,075	30,202		1,380,860
Miscellaneous		4,924				4,924
Debt service:		7,727				7,727
Principal		1,225,021	_	_		1,225,021
Interest and other changes		589,275	_	_		589,275
Capital outlay		678,506	_	_		678,506
Total expenditures		23,720,797	8,401,095	1,820,057		33,941,949
Revenues over (under) expenditures		414,594	(8,104,812)	100,825		(7,589,393)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Installment financing issued		517,230	270,000	-		787,230
Transfers from other funds		10,100	410,000	60,000		480,100
Transfers to other funds		(798,042)	(1,600)	(8,500)		(808,142)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(270,712)	678,400	51,500		459,188
Net change in fund balances		143,882	(7,426,412)	152,325		(7,130,205)
Fund Balances:						
Beginning of year - July 1		13,797,862	8,400,862	1,383,317		23,582,041
End of year - June 30	\$	13,941,744	\$ 974,450	\$ 1,535,642	\$	16,451,836

(896, 131)

CITY OF THOMASVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) are different because:

are different because:	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit D)	\$ (7,130,205)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives	
and reported as depreciation expense.	9,081,763
Depreciation expense allocates the costs of capital assets over their useful lives. It is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds statement.	(1,768,438)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(168,471)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds. Governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these	
differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(743,613)
Principal repayments are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement. However, in the Statement of Activities, these transactions are not an expense, rather	
they are a decrease in liabilities.	1,225,021
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Compensated absences	49,657
Pension expense LGERS	(858,927)
OPEB plan expense	(505,820)
Pension expense LEO	 (77,098)

Total changes in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund						
	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget			
	Original	Final	Actual	Over/Under			
Revenues:							
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 11,398,878	\$ 11,398,878	\$ 11,758,003	\$ 359,125			
Other taxes and licenses	7,581,366	7,581,366	7,365,726	(215,640)			
Unrestricted intergovernmental	2,453,498	2,533,498	2,136,295	(397,203)			
Restricted intergovernmental	717,395	717,395	777,877	60,482			
Permits and fees	319,916	350,713	295,056	(55,657)			
Sales and services	1,187,855	1,187,855	1,131,807	(56,048)			
Contributions	185,799	197,799	141,040	(56,759)			
Investment earnings	221,000	292,503	336,632	44,129			
Miscellaneous	246,800	327,572	192,955	(134,617)			
Total revenues	24,312,507	24,587,579	24,135,391	(452,188)			
Expenditures:							
Current:	2 222 221	2 2 6 2 6 2 2	2 101 211	160.010			
General government	2,222,991	2,269,623	2,101,311	168,312			
Public works	5,728,319	5,842,901	5,340,223	502,678			
Public safety	13,192,836	14,676,355	13,069,783	1,606,572			
Cultural and recreation	1,163,266	1,624,355	1,390,260	234,095			
Miscellaneous	348,782	257,666	4,924	252,742			
Debt service:	1 2 (1 5 10	1.260.040	1 225 221	25.020			
Principal	1,261,549	1,260,049	1,225,021	35,028			
Interest and other changes	597,329	602,629	589,275	13,354			
Total expenditures	24,515,072	26,533,578	23,720,797	2,812,781			
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(202,565)	(1,945,999)	414,594	2,360,593			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Installment financing issued	517,760	517,760	517,230	(530)			
Transfers to other funds	(936,164)	(1,296,664)	(798,042)	498,622			
Transfers from other funds	-	-	10,100	10,100			
Appropriated fund balance	620,969	2,724,903		(2,724,903)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	202,565	1,945,999	(270,712)	(2,216,711)			
Net change in fund balance	\$	\$ -	143,882	\$ 143,882			
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year - July 1			13,797,862				
End of year - June 30			\$ 13,941,744				

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Ma	Major		
	Water and Sewer Fund	Golf Course Fund	Total	
Assets:				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 10,292,036		\$ 10,292,036	
Restricted cash and investments	425,546	13,460	439,006	
Accounts receivable, net - billed	1,303,789	36,946	1,340,735	
Accounts receivable, net - unbilled	745,945	-	745,945	
Inventories	305,336	-	305,336	
Investment in joint venture	337,809	50.406	337,809	
Total current assets	13,410,461	50,406	13,460,867	
Non-current assets:				
Capital assets:	5.020.200	400 405	6 227 722	
Land and other non-depreciable assets	5,828,308	499,485	6,327,793	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	35,395,132	444,579	35,839,711	
Total capital assets, net	41,223,440	944,064	42,167,504	
Total non-current assets	41,223,440	944,064	42,167,504	
Total assets	54,633,901	994,470	55,628,371	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
OPEB deferrals	280,938	56,188	337,126	
Pension deferrals	458,703	96,449	555,152	
Total deferred outflows of resources	739,641	152,637	892,278	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position: Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:		125 124	125 124	
Due to other funds	766 160	135,124	135,124	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Prepaid fees	766,160 39,770	27,278 7,003	793,438 46,773	
Accrued interest payable	116,511	1,266	117,777	
Customer deposits	389,543	368	389,911	
Compensated absences, current	87,828	11,046	98,874	
Current portion of long-term debt	3,422,460	139,260	3,561,720	
Liabilities to be paid from restricted assets:				
Customer deposits	389,543	368	389,911	
Total current liabilities	4,822,272	321,345	5,143,617	
Non-current liabilities:				
Net pension liability- LGERS	755,042	156,982	912,024	
Compensated absences	61,846	21,777	83,623	
Non-current portion of long-term debt	30,690,768	205,841	30,896,609	
Other post-employment benefits obligation	1,537,290	295,807	1,833,097	
Total non-current liabilities	33,044,946	680,407	33,725,353	
Total liabilities	37,867,218	1,001,752	38,868,970	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
OPEB deferrals	52,468	10,493	62,961	
Pension deferrals		289	289	
Total deferred inflows of resources	52,468	10,782	63,250	
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	7,146,215	612,055	7,758,270	
Unrestricted	10,307,641	(477,482)	9,830,159	
Total net position	<u>\$ 17,453,856</u>	\$ 134,573	<u>\$ 17,588,429</u>	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ma		
	Water and Sewer Fund	Golf Course Fund	Total
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for sales and services	\$ 11,933,145	\$ 654,026	\$ 12,587,171
Connection fees	203,066	-	203,066
Other operating revenues	506,544	250	506,794
Total operating revenues	12,642,755	654,276	13,297,031
Operating Expenses:			
Administration	287,010	-	287,010
Billing and collection	605,725	-	605,725
Meter service	264,494	-	264,494
Water treatment plant	1,483,362	-	1,483,362
Construction and maintenance	2,281,712	-	2,281,712
Waste treatment plant	2,506,504	-	2,506,504
Non-capitalized project expenditures	207,724	-	207,724
Golf course clubhouse	-	287,730	287,730
Golf course maintenance	-	524,258	524,258
Depreciation and amortization	3,502,908	163,041	3,665,949
Total operating expenses	11,139,439	975,029	12,114,468
Operating income (loss)	1,503,316	(320,753)	1,182,563
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):			
Investment earnings	43,883	4	43,887
Interest and other charges	(750,420)		(752,789)
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	119,864	119,864
Miscellaneous revenue	37,760	-	37,760
Contribution to Reservoir Recreation Joint Venture	(27,734)	<u>-</u>	(27,734)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(696,511)	117,499	(579,012)
Income (loss) before transfers	806,805	(203,254)	603,551
Transfers from other funds		328,042	328,042
Income (loss) before capital contributions	806,805	124,788	931,593
Capital contributions	103,532		103,532
Change in net position	910,337	124,788	1,035,125
Net Position: Beginning of year - July 1	16,543,519	9,785	16,553,304
End of year - June 30	\$ 17,453,856	\$ 134,573	\$ 17,588,429

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Major				
		Water and Sewer Fund	Golf Course Fund		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Cash received from customers	\$	12,695,215	\$ 626,22	1	\$ 13,321,436
Cash paid for goods and services		(4,046,674)	(291,11	7)	(4,337,791)
Cash paid to employees for services		(2,664,709)	(485,96	9)	(3,150,678)
Customer deposits received (paid)		9,068		_	9,068
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		5,992,900	(150,86	<u>(5</u>)	 5,842,035
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:					
Contribution to Reservoir Recreation Joint Venture		(27,734)		-	(27,734)
Miscellaneous non-operating revenue		37,760		-	37,760
Due to (from) other funds		-	(126,53	7)	(126,537)
Transfers (to) from other funds		<u>-</u>	328,04	2	328,042
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	_	10,026	201,50	5	 211,531
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(2,664,651)	(374,57	(0)	(3,039,221)
Principal payments on long-term debt		(3,230,154)	(89,74	$\cdot 0)$	(3,319,894)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-	132,46	1	132,461
Capital grant proceeds		103,532		-	103,532
Interest expense		(764,714)	(2,36	9)	(767,083)
Proceeds from issuance of debt		2,195,873	268,52	0.	2,464,393
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(4,360,114)	(65,69	<u>(8</u>)	 (4,425,812)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Interest and dividends		58,177		4	58,181
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		58,177		4	 58,181
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,700,989	(15,05	(4)	1,685,935
Cash and Equivalents:					
Beginning of year - July 1		9,016,593	28,51	4	 9,045,107
End of year - June 30	\$	10,717,582	\$ 13,46	0	\$ 10,731,042

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	<u> Major</u>				
		Vater and ewer Fund	Golf Course Fund		Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash					
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,503,316	\$	(320,753)	\$ 1,182,563
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to					
net cash provided (used) by operating activates:					
Depreciation and amortization		3,502,908		163,041	3,665,949
Change in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		31,292		(27,455)	3,837
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(4,344)		-	(4,344)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		97,332		19,466	116,798
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of					
resources for pensions		(9,312)		(1,970)	(11,282)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of					
resources for pensions		69,191		13,838	83,029
(Increase) decrease in joint venture		23,001		=	23,001
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		683,175		(16,806)	666,369
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for OPEB		(16,173)		(3,235)	(19,408)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for OPEB		(1,398)		(280)	(1,678)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows		-		(595)	(595)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable		(5,254)		1,864	(3,390)
Increase (decrease) in other post-employment benefits		110,098		22,020	132,118
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		9,068		<u>-</u>	 9,068
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	5,992,900	\$	(150,865)	\$ 5,842,035

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Thomasville (the "City") and its discretely presented component units conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation, which is governed by an elected Mayor and a sevenmember Council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The discretely presented component units presented below are reported jointly in a separate column in the City's financial statements in order to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

Thomasville Board of Education

The members of the Thomasville Board of Education (the "Board of Education") are appointed by the City Council. In addition, the City sets the rate of and levies the school supplement tax remitted to the Board of Education annually. The Thomasville Board of Education, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a governmental fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the Thomasville Board of Education may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at 400 Turner Street, Thomasville, North Carolina 27360.

Thomasville Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC) Board

The members of the governing body of the Thomasville ABC Board (the "ABC Board") are appointed by the City Council. In addition, the ABC Board is required by state statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the City. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the Thomasville Alcohol Beverage Control (ABC) Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative office at 1414 National Highway, Thomasville, North Carolina 27360.

Thomasville Tourism Commission

The members of the governing board of the Thomasville Tourism Commission (the "Commission") are appointed by the City Council. In addition, the City collects an occupancy tax, remitting 95% of such taxes collected to the Commission, SL 1993-453. The Commission, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a governmental fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the Commission may be obtained from the entity's administrative office at 44 West Main Street, Thomasville, North Carolina 27360.

Thomasville Public Facilities Corporation

This legally separate non-profit corporation assists the City in obtaining long-term financing (i.e., certificates of participation). Once obtained, the debt and any related assets are transferred to the City. As such, no assets or liabilities of the corporation existed at June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the effect of internal activities upon revenues and expenses. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed, in whole or in part, by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. The effects of interfund activity have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, federal and state grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, streets and highways, sanitation, parks and recreation, and general government services.

General Capital Projects Fund. The General Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and Sewer Fund. The Water and Sewer Fund is used to account for the City's water and sewer operations. The primary revenue source is charges to water and sewer customers on a monthly basis. The primary expenses are water treatment, sewer treatment, distribution and collection lines, and administration.

Golf Course Fund. The Golf Course Fund is used to account for the operation of the City municipal golf course.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the City are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, state law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the City of Thomasville because the tax is levied by Davidson and Randolph Counties and then remitted to and distributed by the state. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

On-behalf payments made by the state to the Fireman's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Plan for employees of the City are recognized as revenues and expenditures during the period in which the state makes the contributions to the Plan. Also, the state's contributions to the Fireman's Relief Fund, which have been spent by the local board of trustees for various salary supplements and stipends for employees, have been recognized as revenues and expenditures during the period in which those payments were received.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The City's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, the special revenue funds (city school supplement, police restitution and forfeitures, stormwater, cemetery, and beautification), and the enterprise funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for all other special revenue funds, the capital projects funds, and the Enterprise Capital Project Fund, which are consolidated with the operating funds for reporting purposes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. The City Manager is authorized by the budget ordinance to transfer appropriations between functional areas within a fund up to \$10,000; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$10,000 must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant areas where estimates are made are allowance for doubtful accounts and depreciation lives.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows /Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the City are made in Board-designated official depositories and are secured or required by state law [G.S. 159-31]. The City may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30 (c)] authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust ("NCCMT").

The City's and the ABC Board's investments are reported at fair value. The NCCMT-Government Portfolio, an SEC-registered (2a7) government money market fund, is measured at fair value. The NCCMT-Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. The NCCMT-Term Portfolio is bond fund, has no rating and is measured at fair value. As of June 30, 2020, The Term portfolio has a duration of .15 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools monies from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered to be cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash

The unexpended debt proceeds of the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and the Water and Sewer Fund are classified as restricted cash because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the debt was originally issued. Developer deposits held by the City are restricted to the services for which the deposit was collected. Customer deposits held by the City before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing, or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

Governmental Activities:

General Fund:		
Developer deposits	\$	21,262
Streets		96,375
Unspent debt proceeds		1,228,068
Capital Projects Fund:		
Unspent debt proceeds		96,177
Cemetery Fund:		
Customer deposits		6,445
Total governmental activities		1,448,327
Business-Type Activities: Water and Sewer Fund:		
Customer deposits		389,543
Unspent debt proceeds		36,003
Golf Course Fund:		
Customer deposits		368
Unspent debt proceeds		13,092
Total business-type activities		439,006
	ф	1 007 222
Total restricted cash	\$	1,887,333

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with state law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the City levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. These taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019. As allowed by state law, the City has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the City's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the City are valued at cost (first-in, first-out method), which approximates market. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

The inventories of the City's enterprise funds consist of materials and supplies held for consumption. The cost of these inventories is recorded as an expense as the inventories are consumed or sold.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than a certain amount and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems – \$25,000; infrastructure – \$100,000; and furniture, equipment and vehicles – \$5,000. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Es timate d
Asset Class	Useful Life
Infrastructure and buildings	10 to 50 years
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	5 to 15 years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The City has two items that meet this criteria, pension deferrals and OPEB deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The City has several items that meet the criteria for this category –property taxes receivable, miscellaneous receivables, pension deferrals, and OPEB deferrals.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the City provide for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave, with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the City's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary related payments are recorded as the leave is earned on a first-in, first-out basis. The portion of time estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The City's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited amount of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the City does not have any obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, the laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

State law [G.S. 159-13 (b) (16)] restricts the appropriation of fund balance or fund equity for the subsequent year's budget to an amount not to exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts as those amounts stand at the close of the fiscal year preceding the budget year.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Restricted Fund Balance: This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "Restricted by State Statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as non-spendable. Outstanding encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of restricted net position and restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Public Works – portion of fund balance that is available for appropriation but legally segregated for a \$2.00 per ton excise tax on solid waste collected by the N.C. Department of Revenue and distributed quarterly to the City. The funds are designated to promote and fund recycling in Thomasville.

Restricted for Streets – portion of fund balance that is available for appropriation but legally segregated for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue source for public safety related activities such as restitution and forfeitures.

Restricted fund balance at June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	General	General tal Projects	Go	Other overnmental
Purpose	 Fund	 Fund		Funds
Restricted, All Other:				
Streets	\$ 96,375	\$ -	\$	-
Public works	44,404	-		-
Public safety	 2,298,259	 96,177		194,385
Total	\$ 2,439,038	\$ 96,177	\$	194,385

Restricted net position on Exhibit A varies from restricted fund balance on Exhibit C by the amount of unspent debt proceeds of \$1,324,245 as of June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Committed Fund Balance: This classification represents the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for Economic Development – represents the portion of fund balance committed by the governing body for future economic development related purposes.

Committed for Capital Reserve – represents the portion of fund balance committed by the governing body for future capital related purposes.

Committed for Public Safety – represents the portion of fund balance committed by the governing body for public safety related purposes.

Committed for Culture and Recreation – represents the portion of fund balance committed by the governing body for culture and recreation related purposes.

Assigned Fund Balance: Assigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that the City of Thomasville intends to use for specific purposes. The City's governing body has the authority to assign fund balance. The Manager and Finance Officer, as granted in the officially adopted budget ordinance, have been granted limited authority to assign fund balance.

Assigned for General Government – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the Board for general governmental activities for subsequent years' expenditures, beautification, community development, and cemetery usage.

Unassigned Fund Balance: Unassigned fund balance represents the portion of fund balance that has not been assigned to another fund or is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund is the only fund that can report positive unassigned Fund balance.

The City of Thomasville has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following order: bond/debt proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-City funds, and City funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the City or when required by grant or other contractual agreements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The City has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund, which instructs management to conduct the business of the City in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 24.0% of the budgeted operating expenditures (excluding capital outlay). Any portion of the General Fund balance in excess of 24.0% of budgeted operating expenditures may be appropriated for capital items valued at \$10,000 or greater. If fund balance falls below 12.0%, no appropriation can be made from fund balance unless it is an emergency appropriation.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation.

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 13,941,744
Less:	
Inventories	(97,896)
Stabilization by state statute	 (4,330,545)
Total available fund balance	\$ 9,513,303

The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end.

Governmental Activities:	
General Fund	\$ 1,301,135
Capital Projects Fund	235,400
Nonmajor funds	 14,310
Total governmental activities	\$ 1,550,845
Business-Type Activities:	
Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 6,418,155
Golf	 5,144
Total business-type activities	\$ 6,423,299

Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City of Thomasville's employer contributions are recognized when due and the City of Thomasville has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

2. Detail Notes On All Funds

A. Assets

Deposits

All of the deposits of the City are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the City's agent in the respective unit's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's agent in their name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the City under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The City complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2020, the City's deposits had a carrying amount of \$20,687,124 and a bank balance of \$20,749,294. The City also had petty cash of \$2,100. Of the bank balance, \$1,500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

Investments

At June 30, 2020, the City's investment balances were as follows:

	Valuation	Book		
	Measurement	Value as		
Investment by Type	Method	of 6/30/20	Maturity	Rating
NC Capital Management Trust - Government Portfolio	Fair Value Level 1	\$ 4,106,831	N/A	AAAm

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets. The City has no policy regarding credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Receivables

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

			Due From					
						Other		
	A	Accounts	_	Taxes	Go	vernments	Total	
Governmental Activities:								
General	\$	635,305	\$	960,779	\$	2,586,270	\$ 4,182,354	ļ
Other governmental		120,989		290,057			411,046)
Total receivables		756,294		1,250,836		2,586,270	4,593,400)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	_		_	(670,000)		<u>-</u>	(670,000	<u>)</u>)
Total governmental activities	\$	756,294	\$	580,836	\$	2,586,270	\$ 3,923,400)
Business-Type Activities:								
Water and sewer	\$	2,138,704	\$	-	\$	156,030	\$ 2,294,734	ļ
Golf course			_	<u>-</u>		36,946	36,946	į.
Total receivables		2,138,704		-		192,976	2,331,680)
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(245,000)	_			<u>-</u>	(245,000	<u>)</u>)
Total business-type activities	\$	1,893,704	\$		\$	192,976	\$ 2,086,680)

Amounts due from governmental agencies consist of the following:

	 County	State		Total	
Governmental Funds:					
General Fund:					
Property taxes	\$ 172,683	\$	=	\$	172,683
Sales and use tax distribution	-		1,761,731		1,761,731
Utilities franchise and					
telecommunications tax	-		459,002		459,002
Sales tax refund	 		192,854		192,854
Total governmental funds	\$ 172,683	\$	2,413,587	\$	2,586,270
Business-Type Funds:					
Water and Sewer Fund:					
Sales tax refund	\$ 	\$	156,030	\$	156,030
Golf Course Fund:					
Sales tax refund	 		36,946		36,946
Total business-type funds	\$ 	\$	192,976	\$	192,976

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	June 30, 2020
Governmental Activities:					
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Land	\$ 1,965,493	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,965,493
Construction in progress	4,444,887	8,058,229		12,376,216	126,900
Total non-depreciable capital assets	6,410,380	8,058,229		12,376,216	2,092,393
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Buildings	7,076,846	-	-	12,261,216	19,338,062
Other improvements	4,146,221	-	-	115,000	4,261,221
Infrastructure	2,358,196	-	-	-	2,358,196
Equipment and vehicles	17,290,906	1,023,534	41,963		18,272,477
Total depreciable capital assets	30,872,169	1,023,534	41,963	12,376,216	44,229,956
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings	4,343,287	370,522	-	-	4,713,809
Other improvements	2,647,915	175,318	-	-	2,823,233
Infrastructure	1,683,490	67,455	-	-	1,750,945
Equipment and vehicles	13,319,215	1,155,143	41,963		14,432,395
Total accumulated depreciation	21,993,907	\$ 1,768,438	\$ 41,963	\$ -	23,720,382
Total depreciable capital assets, net	8,878,262				20,509,574
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 15,288,642				\$ 22,601,967

Depreciation was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 45,256
Public works	473,111
Public safety	1,068,980
Recreation	 181,091
Total	\$ 1,768,438

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The following is a summary of changes in the business-type capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	June 30, 2020
Business-Type Activities:					
Water and Sewer Fund:					
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Land	\$ 162,668	\$ 228,163	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 390,831
Construction in progress	3,401,428	1,628,181		407,868	5,437,477
Total non-depreciable capital assets	3,564,096	1,856,344		407,868	5,828,308
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Buildings	7,582,068	-	-	-	7,582,068
Other improvements	38,211,904	-	-	-	38,211,904
Infrastructure	58,260,900	-	-	407,868	57,853,032
Equipment and vehicles	3,832,133	808,307			4,640,440
Total depreciable capital assets	107,887,005	808,307		407,868	108,287,444
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings	7,263,657	58,000	-	-	7,321,657
Other improvements	19,548,138	1,679,963	-	-	21,228,101
Infrastructure	39,693,518	1,538,438	-	-	41,231,956
Equipment and vehicles	2,828,210	282,388			3,110,598
Total accumulated depreciation	69,333,523	\$ 3,558,789	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	72,892,312
Total depreciable capital assets, net	38,553,482				35,395,132
Water and Sewer Fund capital assets, net	42,117,578				41,223,440

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	June 30, 2020
Golf Course Fund:					
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Land	499,485	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	499,485
Total non-depreciable capital assets	499,485				499,485
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Buildings	3,111,116	-	-	-	3,111,116
Improvements	51,491	-	-	-	51,491
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	1,194,174	374,570	302,208		1,266,536
Total depreciable capital assets	4,356,781	374,570	302,208		4,429,143
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings	3,107,704	576	-	-	3,108,280
Improvements	44,364	2,317	-	-	46,681
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	959,071	103,484	232,952		829,603
Total accumulated depreciation	4,111,139	\$ 106,377	\$ 232,952	<u> </u>	3,984,564
Total depreciable capital assets, net	245,642				444,579
Golf Course Fund capital assets, net	745,127				944,064
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 42,862,705				\$ 42,167,504

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The total net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2020 is composed of the following elements:

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities		
Capital assets	\$	22,601,967	\$	42,167,504		
Long-term debt		(15,340,842)		(34,458,329)		
Unspent debt proceeds		1,324,245		49,095		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	8,585,370	\$	7,758,270		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

B. Liabilities

Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

			Sal	aries and]	Ending
	V	endors	_ <u>B</u>	Be ne fits	В	alances
Governmental activities	\$	31,706	\$	787,756	\$	819,462
Business-type activities	\$	7,916	\$	785,522	\$	793,438

Construction Commitments

The government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2020, the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

			F	Remaining
Project	Spe	nt-to-Date	Co	mmitment
Hank Branch Phase 1 project	\$	70,072	\$	36,951
North Hamby Creek Outfall Phase 3 project		778,916		4,770,141
Total	\$	848,988	\$	4,807,092

Pension Plan Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The City is a participating employer in the state-wide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The LGERS is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The state's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. City of Thomasville employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The City of Thomasville's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020, was 9.70% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 8.95% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the City of Thomasville were \$1,279,215 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Refunds of Contributions – City employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the City reported a liability of \$5,232,720 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportion was 0.19161%, which was a decrease of 0.00161% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,326,686. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	F	Resources	Re	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	895,974	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		852,847		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		127,633		-
Changes in proportion and differences between City				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		59,315		12,601
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,279,215		
Total	\$	3,214,984	\$	12,601

\$1,279,215 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Total
2021	\$ 941,970
2022	308,616
2023	519,658
2024	152,924
2025	-
Thereafter	 _
Total	\$ 1,923,168

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increase 3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and productivity factor Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are, therefore, not included in the measurement. The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Fixed income	29.0%	1.4%
Global equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation protection	<u>6.0</u> %	4.0%
Total	<u>100.0</u> %	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%		
	Decrease	Rate	Increase		
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)		
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$11,968,187	\$ 5,232,720	\$ (365,818)		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. The City administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85% of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

All full-time law enforcement officers of the City are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2018, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	8
Active plan members	68
Total	76

A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria, which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2018 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increase 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Discount rate 3.26 percent

The discount rate used to measure the TPL is the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

Contributions. The City is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The City paid \$147,631 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the City reported a total pension liability of \$2,626,148. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 based on a December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$246,096.

	Οι	Deferred outflows of esources	In	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	242,557	\$	-
Changes of assumptions City benefit payments and plan administrative expense		140,337		83,023
made subsequent to the measurement date		70,812		
Total	\$	453,706	\$	83,023

\$70,812 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30	A	mount
2021	\$	64,910
2022		64,910
2023		69,526
2024		53,397
2025		47,128
Thereafter		
Total	\$	299,871

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Sensitivity of the City's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.26 percent, as well as what the City's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.26 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.26 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Discount		1%		
	Decrease (2.26%)		Rate (3.26%)		Increase (4.26%)		
Total pension liability	\$ 2,859,035	\$	2,626,148	\$	2,412,950		

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2020
Beginning balance	\$ 2,282,150
Service cost	100,803
Interest on the total pension liability	80,383
Differences between expected and actual experience	
in the measurement of the total pension liability	227,161
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	83,282
Benefit payments	(147,631)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 2,626,148

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for a five year period ended December 31, 2014.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	LGERS	_]	LEOSSA		Total
Pension expense	\$ 2,326,686	\$	246,096	\$2	,572,782
Pension liability	5,232,720		2,626,148	7	,858,868
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.19161%		n/a		-
Deferred of Outflows of Resources:					
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 895,974	\$	242,557	\$1	,138,531
Changes of assumptions	852,847		140,337		993,184
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on plan investments	127,633		-		127,633
Changes in proportion and differences between					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	59,315		-		59,315
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid					
subsequent to the measurement date	1,279,215		70,812	1	,350,027
Deferred of Inflows of Resources:					
Changes of assumptions	\$ -	\$	83,023	\$	83,023
Changes in proportion and differences between					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	12,601		-		12,601

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The City contributes to Supplemental Retirement Income Plans (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the City. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the CAFR for the State of North Carolina. The state's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) Plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Comptroller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute each month an amount equal to 5.0% of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to their plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$274,413, which consisted of \$183,902 from the City and \$90,511 from the law enforcement officers. No amounts were forfeited.

In addition to law enforcement officers, the City has allowed other employees to contribute to the Plan. During the year ended June 30, 2020, other employees contributed \$138,306 to the Plan. The City elected not to make a contribution for other employees during the year ended June 30, 2020. No amounts were forfeited.

Other Employment Benefits

The City has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, state-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the Death Benefit Plan, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of continuing membership service in the Death Benefit Plan at the time of death, are eligible for death benefits. Lump-sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the City; the City does not determine the number of eligible participants.

The City has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the state. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The City considers these contributions to be immaterial.

Other Post-Employment Benefits – Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. In addition to providing pension benefits, the City, by resolution, has elected to provide healthcare benefits to retirees of the City who retire from the North Carolina Local Government Employees' Retirement System under a normal or early retirement and has at least 15 consecutive years of service with the City at the time of retirement is eligible to participate in the City's healthcare plan upon retirement. Employees retiring due to a disability retirement are not eligible to participate in the City's healthcare plan upon retirement. Retired employees meeting the criteria discussed herein will be provided hospitalization in the same manner as the active City employees. Retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the City's group rates. Currently, 33 retirees are eligible for post-retirement health benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City made payments for post-retirement health benefits premiums of \$321,390. The City purchases insurance from a private carrier for healthcare coverage. A separate report was not issued for the Plan. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan. The City Council may amend the benefit provisions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Coverage will continue until the retiree becomes Medicare eligible at which time the City's subsidized retiree healthcare benefits will end. Retirees not qualifying for the City's subsidized health insurance plan may continue coverage for themselves and their dependents at their expense. The retiree may continue dependent coverage and pay the full cost of this coverage if enrolled in dependent coverage at the time of retirement. Dependent coverage terminates when the dependent reaches the age of 65.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 14 of GASB Statement 75.

Membership of the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

		Law
	General	Enforcement
	Employees	Officers
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	36	8
Active plan members	269	68
Total	305	76

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$10,102,951 was measured as of June 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Real wage growth	1.00 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation:	
General employees	3.50 to 7.75 percent
Firefighters	3.50 to 7.75 percent
Law enforcement officers	3.50 to 7.35 percent
Municipal bind index rate:	
Prior measurement date	3.89 percent
Measurement date	3.50 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates:	
Pre-Medicare	7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.75 percent by 2028

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The discount rate used to measure the TOL was based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB			
	<u>Liability</u>			
Balance at beginning of year	\$	9,368,960		
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		386,326		
Interest		358,261		
Differences between expect and				
actual experience		(53,950)		
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		364,744		
Benefit payments		(321,390)		
Net changes		733,991		
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	10,102,951		

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.89% to 3.50%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014 adopted by the LGERS Board.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Decrease
	(2.50%)	(3.50%)	(4.50%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 11,110,585	\$ 10,102,951	\$ 9,197,790

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%		1%
	Decrease	Current	Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$ 8,901,070	\$ 10,102,951	\$ 11,528,885

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$942,557. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	O	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,234,385	\$	101,933	
Changes of assumptions		414,432		247,852	
Benefit payments and administrative costs made					
subsequent to the measurement date		224,105			
Total	\$	1,872,922	\$	349,785	

\$224,105 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows or outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2021	\$ 197,970
2022	197,970
2023	197,970
2024	197,970
2025	197,970
Thereafter	 309,182
Total	\$ 1,299,032

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The City has two deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources are comprised of the following:

Source	Amoun	Amount	
OPEB deferrals	\$ 1,872,9) 22	
Pension deferrals	3,668,6	590	
Total	\$ 5,541,6	512	

The balance in deferred inflows of resources for the City of Thomasville at year-end is composed of the following elements:

	 Amount
OPEB deferrals	\$ 349,785
Pension deferrals	95,624
Miscellaneous accounts receivable (General Fund)	327,289
Taxes receivable (Special Revenue Fund)	110,057
Taxes receivable (General Fund)	470,779
Total	\$ 1,003,749

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the City obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the City upon request.

The City carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss, including employee health coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City does not carry flood insurance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the City's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the City's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Director of Finance is individually bonded for \$100,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket plan for \$100,000 in a loss related to dishonesty, forgery, or alteration, and \$5,000 for theft.

Long-Term Obligations

Installment Purchase Contracts

Serviced by Governmental Funds:

SunTrust - for purchase of equipment, issued February 2019 in the amount of \$1,100,000, payable in 96 monthly installments of \$38,579, including interest at 2.92%. The equipment is held as collateral.	\$ 942,265
SunTrust - for purchase of various equipment, issued February 2019 in the amount of \$686,000, payable in 59 monthly installments of \$36,814, including interest at 2.83%. The equipment is held as collateral. 70.0% of this debt is serviced by the governmental funds.	365,554
Branch Banking & Trust - for the purchase of various vehicles and equipment, issued December 2016 in the amount of \$1,618,725, payable in 20 quarter-annual installments of \$42,101, including interest at 1.54%. The vehicles and equipment are held as collateral. 76.0% of this debt is serviced by the General Fund.	378,925
Motorola Solutions Financing - for the purchase of equipment, issued September 2016 in the amount of \$1,769,780, payable in 5 annual installments of \$373,857, including interest at 2.840%. The equipment is held as collateral.	718,005
Regions Equipment Finance - for purchase of various vehicles and equipment, issued November 2015 in the amount of \$563,500, payable in four annual installments of \$29,243, including interest at 1.5%. The vehicles and equipment are held as collateral. 35% of this debt is serviced by governmental funds.	20,355
Branch Banking & Trust - for the purchase of various vehicles and equipment, issued October 2017 in the amount of \$589,500, payable in 20 quarter-annual installments of \$31,019, including interest at 2.00%. The vehicles and equipment are held as collateral. 95.0% of this debt is serviced by the General Fund.	286,780
Branch Banking & Trust - for the purchase and improvement of property, issued December 2019 in the amount of \$1,231,500, payable in 19 quarter-annual installments of \$68,455, including interest at 2.11%. The property is held as collateral. 42% of this debt is serviced by governmental activities.	492,470
Energy United Electrical Membership Corporation - for the purchase of vehicles and equipment, issued February 2020 in the amount of \$270,000, payable in 10 bi-annual installments of \$27,000, with no interest. The vehicles and equipment are held as collateral.	251,381
Total governmental funds	\$ 3,455,735

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$942,265 is secured by a security interest in various equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the equipment securing the loan and the City will relinquish all rights to the equipment.

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$365,554 is secured by a security interest in various equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the equipment securing the loan and the City will relinquish all rights to the equipment.

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$378,925 is secured by a security interest in various vehicles and equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the vehicles and equipment securing the loan and the City will relinquish all rights to the vehicles and equipment.

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$718,005 is secured by a security interest in various equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the equipment securing the loan and the City will relinquish all rights to the equipment.

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$20,355 is secured by a security interest in various equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the equipment securing the loan and the City will relinquish all rights to the equipment.

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$286,780 is secured by a security interest in various vehicles and equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the vehicles and equipment securing the loan and the City will relinquish all rights to the vehicles and equipment.

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$492,470 is secured by a security interest in various property. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the property securing the loan and the City will relinquish all rights to the property.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$251,381 is secured by a security interest in various vehicles and equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the vehicles and equipment securing the loan and the City will relinquish all rights to the vehicles and equipment.

Serviced by Business-Type Funds:

Water and Sewer Fund:	
SunTrust - for purchase of various equipment, issued February 2019 in the amount of \$686,000, payable in 59 monthly installments of \$36,814, including interest at 2.83%. The equipment is held as collateral. 22.0% of this debt is serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund.	\$ 114,888
Branch Banking & Trust - for the purchase of various vehicles and equipment, issued December 2016 in the amount of \$1,618,725, payable in 20 quarter-annual installments of \$42,101, including interest at 1.54%. The vehicles and equipment are held as collateral. 15.0% of this debt is serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund.	74,788
Regions Equipment Finance - for purchase of various vehicles and equipment, issued November 2015 in the amount of \$563,500, payable in four annual installments of \$29,243, including interest at 1.5%. The vehicles and equipment are held as collateral. 45% of this debt is serviced by the Water & Sewer Fund.	26,171
Branch Banking & Trust - for the purchase of various vehicles and equipment, issued October 2017 in the amount of \$589,500, payable in 20 quarter-annual installments of \$31,019, including interest at 2.00%. The vehicles and equipment are held as collateral. 5.0% of this debt is serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund.	15,093
Branch Banking & Trust - for the purchase and improvement of property, issued December 2019 in the amount of \$1,231,500, payable in 19 quarter-annual installments of \$68,455, including interest at 2.11%. The property is held as collateral. 50.0% of this debt is serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund.	586,275
Total Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 817,215

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to water and sewer of \$114,888 is secured by a security interest in various equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the equipment securing the loan and the City will relinquish all rights to the equipment.

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to water and sewer of \$74,788 is secured by a security interest in various vehicles and equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the vehicles and equipment securing the loan and the City will relinquish all rights to the vehicles and equipment.

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to water and sewer of \$26,171 is secured by a security interest in various vehicles and equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the vehicles and equipment securing the loan and the City will relinquish all rights to the vehicles and equipment.

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to water and sewer of \$15,093 is secured by a security interest in various vehicles and equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the vehicles and equipment securing the loan and the City will relinquish all rights to the vehicles and equipment.

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to water and sewer of \$586,275 is secured by a security interest in various property. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the property securing the loan and the City will relinquish all rights to the property.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Golf Course Fund:

Regions Equipment Finance - for purchase of various vehicles and equipment, issued November 2015 in the amount of \$563,500, payable in four annual installments of	
\$29,243, including interest at 1.5%. The vehicles and equipment are held as collateral. 20% of this debt is serviced by the Golf Course Fund.	\$ 11,631
SunTrust - for purchase of various equipment, issued February 2019 in the amount of \$686,000, payable in 59 monthly installments of \$36,814, including interest at 2.83%. The equipment is held as collateral. 8.0% of this debt is serviced by the Golf Course Fund.	41,777
	71,///
Branch Banking & Trust - for the purchase of various vehicles and equipment, issued December 2016 in the amount of \$1,618,725, payable in 20 quarter-annual installments of \$42,101, including interest at 1.54%. The vehicles and equipment are held as collateral. 9.0% of this debt is serviced by the Golf Fund.	44,873
-	44,673
Branch Banking & Trust - for the purchase and improvement of property, issued December 2019 in the amount of \$1,231,500, payable in 19 quarter-annual installments of \$68,455, including interest at 2.11%. The property is held as collateral. 8.0% of this debt is serviced by the Golf Fund.	93,804
	,
Branch Banking & Trust - for the purchase of various equipment, issued February 2020 in the amount of \$170,000, payable in 10 quarter-annual installments of \$17,492, including interest at 2.29%.	153,016
Total Golf Course Fund	345,101
Total business-type funds	\$ 1,162,316

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to the golf course of \$11,631 is secured by a security interest in various vehicles and equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the vehicles and equipment securing the loan and the City will relinquish all rights to the vehicles and equipment.

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to the golf course of \$41,777 is secured by a security interest in various equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the equipment securing the loan and the City will relinquish all rights to the equipment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to the golf course of \$44,873 is secured by a security interest in various vehicles and equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the vehicles and equipment securing the loan and the City will relinquish all rights to the vehicles and equipment.

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to the golf course of \$93,804 is secured by a security interest in various property. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the property securing the loan and the City will relinquish all rights to the property.

The City's outstanding note from direct placements related to the golf course of \$153,016 is secured by a security interest in various equipment. Upon the failure to pay or make timely payments or the failure to budget/appropriate for the debt service, the outstanding principal and interest are due. Upon default, the lender will take possession of the equipment securing the loan and the City will relinquish all rights to the equipment.

Annual debt service requirements for the City's direct placement installment purchase notes are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total Debt Due			
June 30	Principal		Interest	Principal Interest		Principal		Interest			
2021	\$ 1,121,624	\$	97,549	\$	376,022	\$	21,993	\$	1,497,646	\$	119,542
2022	999,067		74,813		304,893		14,689		1,303,960		89,502
2023	459,422		48,911		214,846		8,739		674,268		57,650
2024	384,290		27,774		187,771		4,176		572,061		31,950
2025	228,996		10,753		78,784		624		307,780		11,377
2026 - 2029	262,336							_	262,336		-
Total	\$ 3,455,735	\$	259,800	\$	1,162,316	\$	50,221	\$	4,618,051	\$	310,021

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Water/Sewer 2004, 2009, and 2012 Revenue Bonds:

The City issued Combined Enterprise System Revenue Bonds (Series 2009) totaling \$7,080,000 on November 25, 2009. These bonds bear interest at rates varying from 3.00% to 4.00% to advance refund the 1997A and 1997B Water and Sewer Refunding Bonds to finance improvements to the Combined Enterprise System. Principal and interest will be provided by appropriation in the year in which they become due.

\$ 490,000

The City issued Combined Enterprise System Revenue Bonds (Series 2012) totaling \$10,745,000 on May 10, 2012. These bonds bear interest at rates varying from 2.00% to 4.75% to advance refund the 2002 and 2003 Water and Sewer Refunding Bonds to finance improvements to the Combined Enterprise System. Principal and interest will be provided by appropriation in the year in which they become due.

6,050,000

Total revenue bonds

\$ 6,540,000

The revenue bonds are secured by pledged water and sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses to repay revenue bonds. In the event of a default, the City agrees to pay to the purchaser, on demand, interest on any and all amounts due and owing by the City under the related agreements.

Revenue Bond Indebtedness

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Water and Sewer Fund								
June 30	_ <u>F</u>	Principal]	Interest	Total				
2021	\$	955,000	\$	254,125	\$	1,209,125			
2022		990,000		215,925		1,205,925			
2023		770,000		176,325		946,325			
2024		800,000		145,525		945,525			
2025		835,000		113,525		948,525			
2026-2030		2,190,000		159,038		2,349,038			
Total	\$	6,540,000	\$	1,064,463	\$	7,604,463			

At June 30, 2020, the City of Thomasville had a legal debt margin of approximately \$103,000,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Direct Borrowing Revolving Loan Payables

On January 6, 2006, the City was approved for a maximum loan amount of \$27,000,000 from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency passed through the North Carolina Department of Environmental and Natural Resources under the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund program. The loan proceeds were being used to upgrade the wastewater treatment plant. The loan is repayable at 2.31% for 20 years. The loan repayment schedule based on the maximum loan of \$27,000,000 calls for semi-annual principal and interest repayments that amount to \$1,700,230 annually for 20 years. The total amount outstanding at June 30, 2020 was \$13,677,840.

On March 14, 2011, the City was approved for a \$59,354 loan from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency passed through the North Carolina Department of Environmental and Natural Resources under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act, Drinking Water State Revolving Fund program. The loan proceeds were being used to install solar mixers at various water treatment plant locations. The loan is repayable at 0% for 20 years. The loan repayment schedule calls for annual principal repayments that amount to approximately \$3,100 annually for 20 years. The total amount outstanding at June 30, 2020 was \$29,586.

On June 4, 2012, the City was approved for a \$521,273 loan from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency passed through the North Carolina Department of Environmental and Natural Resources under the North Carolina Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund program. The loan proceeds were being used for a Sanitary Sewer project. The loan is repayable at 0% for 20 years. The loan repayment schedule calls for annual principal repayments that amount to approximately \$26,064 annually for 20 years. The total amount outstanding at June 30, 2020 was \$312,764.

On October 15, 2012, the City was approved for a \$1,233,394 loan from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency passed through the North Carolina Department of Environmental and Natural Resources under the North Carolina Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund program. The loan proceeds were being used for a Fairgrove Water Main Improvement project. The loan is repayable at 0% for 20 years. The loan repayment schedule calls for annual principal repayments that amount to approximately \$61,670 annually for 20 years. The total amount outstanding at June 30, 2020 was \$778,094.

On December 30, 2013, the City was approved for a \$695,750 loan from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency passed through the North Carolina Department of Environmental and Natural Resources under the North Carolina Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund program. The loan proceeds were being used for a Northside Pump Station Sewer project. The loan is repayable at 2.00% for 20 years. The loan repayment schedule calls for annual principal repayments that amount to approximately \$34,788 annually for 20 years. The total amount outstanding at June 30, 2020 was \$487,025.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

On February 24, 2014, the City was approved for a \$3,169,646 loan from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency passed through the North Carolina Department of Environmental and Natural Resources under the North Carolina Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund program. The loan proceeds were being used for a North Hamby Creek Outfall Sewer project. The loan is repayable at 2.00% for 20 years. The loan repayment schedule calls for annual principal repayments that amount to approximately \$158,482 annually for 20 years. The total amount outstanding at June 30, 2020 was \$1,982,086.

On August 1, 2014, the City was approved for a \$241,293 loan from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency passed through the North Carolina Department of Environmental and Natural Resources under the North Carolina Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund program. The loan proceeds were being used for the East Davidson Sewer project. The loan is repayable at zero percent for 20 years. The loan repayment schedule calls for annual principal repayments that amount to approximately \$12,065 annually for 20 years. The total amount outstanding at June 30, 2020 was \$168,905.

On October 4, 2016, the City was approved for a \$3,176,801 loan from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency passed through the North Carolina Department of Environmental and Natural Resources under the North Carolina Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund program. The loan proceeds were being used for a Pilot Area Sewer project. The loan is repayable at 0% for 20 years. The loan repayment schedule calls for annual principal repayments that amount to approximately \$158,840 annually for 20 years. The total amount outstanding at June 30, 2020 was \$2,996,650.

On April 4, 2017, the City was approved for a \$822,924 loan from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency passed through the North Carolina Department of Environmental and Natural Resources under the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund program. The loan proceeds were being used to upgrade the wastewater treatment plant. The loan is repayable at 1.84% for 20 years. The loan repayment schedule based on the maximum loan of \$822,924 calls for semi-annual principal and interest repayments that amount to approximately \$\$41,146 annually for 20 years. The total amount outstanding at June 30, 2020 was \$428,700.

On June 30, 2017, the City was approved for a \$5,140,783 loan from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency passed through the North Carolina Department of Environmental and Natural Resources under the North Carolina Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund program. The loan proceeds were being used for a North Hamby Creek Outfall Sewer project. The loan is repayable at 1.40% for 20 years. The loan repayment schedule calls for semiannual principal repayments that amount to approximately \$283,400 annually for 20 years. The total amount outstanding at June 30, 2020 was \$4,573,983.

On May 1, 2018, the City was approved for a \$4,041,778 loan from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency passed through the North Carolina Department of Environmental and Natural Resources under the North Carolina Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund program. The loan proceeds were being used for a North Hamby Creek Outfall Sewer project. The loan is repayable at 0.84% for 20 years. The loan repayment schedule calls for semiannual principal repayments that amount to approximately \$202,089 annually for 20 years. The total amount outstanding at June 30, 2020 was \$34,510.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

On May 1, 2018, the City was approved for a \$952,411 loan from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency passed through the North Carolina Department of Environmental and Natural Resources under the North Carolina Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund program. The loan proceeds were being used for a Hank Branch Sewer project. The loan is repayable at 0% for 20 years. The loan repayment schedule calls for annual principal repayments that amount to approximately \$47,621 annually for 20 years. The total amount outstanding at June 30, 2020 was \$819,767.

The City's outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to business-type activities is not secured by a pledge of the faith and credit of the State of North Carolina or of the City but is payable solely from the revenues of the project or benefited systems, or other available funds. The note contains provisions that an event of default would result in (1) any other monies due to the City from the state may be withheld by the state and applied to the payment of the outstanding note.

Total outstanding direct borrowing revolving loan payables at June 30, 2020 are \$26,289,910.

Year Ending	Water and Sewer Fund									
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total							
2021	\$ 2,174,817	\$ 406,976	\$ 2,581,793							
2022	2,241,250	397,434	2,638,684							
2023	2,239,400	356,296	2,595,696							
2024	2,272,811	314,939	2,587,750							
2025	2,306,993	272,812	2,579,805							
2026-2030	10,375,686	704,427	11,080,113							
2031-2035	3,548,183	130,783	3,678,966							
2036-2040	1,130,770	7,720	1,138,490							
Total	\$ 26,289,910	\$ 2,591,387	\$ 28,881,297							

Water/Sewer Revenue Bonds

The City has been in compliance with the covenants as to rates, fees, rentals, and charges in Section 704 of the bond order, authorizing the issuance of the Water and Sewer Revenue bonds, Series 2004, 2009, and 2012 since their adoption. Section 704(a) of the Bond Order requires the debt service parity coverage ratio to be no less than 125.0% and the total debt service coverage ratio to be no less than 100.0%. Additional indebtedness constituted by the Series 2004 revenue bonds is to be considered in the calculation of the debt service parity coverage ratio.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The debt service parity coverage ratio calculation for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Operating revenues Operating expenses* Operating income	\$ 12,642,755
Debt service on parity indebtedness	\$ 1,327,918
Debt service on parity indebtedness	377%
Other indebtedness related to the Combined Enterprise System	\$ 2,664,323
Pro-forma debt service coverage ratio on parity and other indebtedness	125%

^{*}Excludes depreciation and amortization

The City has pledged future water and sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay Combined Enterprise System revenue bonds (\$7,080,000 issued in 2009, \$10,745,000 issued in 2012, and \$3,500,000 issued in 2004). Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the sewer line extensions to annexed areas. The bonds are payable solely from water and sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2028. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 35% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$7,604,463. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total net revenues were \$1,327,918 and \$12,642,755, respectively.

Limited Obligation Bonds

On December 4, 2018, the City issued \$11,100,000 in limited obligation bonds, Series 2018 to fund construction for the City's new police facility. These 20-year bonds have interest rates varying between 4% and 5%. The total shown is net of the unamortized bond premium of \$872,341 associated with the bonds.

\$ 11,100,000

Total \$ 11,100,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

In the event of a default, the City agrees to pay to the purchaser, on demand, interest on any and all amounts due and owing by the City under the related agreements.

Year Ending June 30		Principal	 Interest
2021	\$	400,000	\$ 503,800
2022		430,000	483,800
2023		645,000	462,300
2024		645,000	430,050
2025		645,000	397,800
2026-2030		3,215,000	1,505,500
2031-2035		3,200,000	768,000
2036-2040	_	1,920,000	 153,600
Total	\$	11,100,000	\$ 4,704,850

The future payments presented above have not been adjusted by the net of unamortized bond premiums of \$785,107.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2020.

	Balance				Current
	July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2020	Maturities
Governmental Activities:					
Direct placement installment purchases	\$ 3,893,526	\$ 787,230	\$ (1,225,021)	\$ 3,455,735	\$ 1,121,624
Net pension obligation (LGERS)	3,788,612	532,084	-	4,320,696	-
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	2,282,150	343,998	-	2,626,148	-
Total other post-employment liability	7,667,981	601,873	-	8,269,854	-
Compensated absences	1,210,113	381,384	(431,041)	1,160,456	413,353
Direct placement limited obligation bonds	11,100,000	-	-	11,100,000	400,000
Add: unamortized bond premium	828,724		(43,617)	785,107	43,617
Total limited obligation bonds	11,928,724		(43,617)	11,885,107	443,617
Total governmental activities	\$ 30,771,106	\$ 2,646,569	\$ (1,699,679)	\$ 31,717,996	\$ 1,978,594
Serviced by Water and Sewer Fund:					
Direct placement installment purchases	\$ 381,138	\$ 615,750	\$ (179,673)	\$ 817,215	\$ 236,762
Revenue bonds	7,581,667	-	(1,041,667)	6,540,000	955,000
Add: unamortized bond premium	524,610	-	(57,194)	467,416	57,194
Less: unamortized bond discount	(2,625)	1,312		(1,313)	(1,313)
Total revenue bonds	8,103,652	1,312	(1,098,861)	7,006,103	1,010,881
Direct borrowing note payable	26,718,601	1,580,123	(2,008,814)	26,289,910	2,174,817
Compensated absences	154,928	85,657	(90,911)	149,674	87,828
Net pension obligation (LGERS)	657,710	97,332	-	755,042	-
Total other post-employment liability	1,427,192	110,098		1,537,290	<u> </u>
	¢ 27 442 221	\$ 2,400,272	¢ (2 279 250)	¢ 26.555.224	¢ 2.510.200
Total water and sewer	\$ 37,443,221	\$ 2,490,272	\$ (3,378,259)	\$ 36,555,234	\$ 3,510,288
Serviced by Golf Course Fund:			. (00 = 40)		440.450
Direct placement installment purchases	\$ 166,321	\$ 268,520	\$ (89,740)		\$ 139,260
Total other post-employment liability	273,787	22,020	-	295,807	- ,
Net pension obligation (LGERS)	137,516	19,466	(10.419)	156,982	11.046
Compensated absences	30,959	12,282	(10,418)	32,823	11,046
Total golf course	\$ 608,583	\$ 322,288	\$ (100,158)	\$ 830,713	\$ 150,306

Compensated absences, pension obligations, and other post-employment benefit liabilities for governmental activities typically have been liquidated in the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

C. Revenue, Expenditures, and Expenses

On-Behalf Payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries

The City has recognized as revenue and an expenditure on-behalf payments for fringe benefits of \$13,628 for the stipend benefits paid to eligible fireman by the local Board of Trustees of the Fireman's Relief Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Under state law, the local Board of Trustees for the fund receives an amount each year, which the Board may use at its own discretion for eligible firemen or their dependents.

D. Interfund Balances and Activity

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2020 consist of the following:

Due to the City School Supplement Fund from the General Fund for property taxes	\$	19,995
Due to the General Fund from the Golf Course Fund for cash deficit at year-end		135,124
Total	\$	155,119
Transfers to/from other funds during the year end June 30, 2020 consist of the	follo	owing:
From the General Fund to the Golf Course Fund for debt payments	\$	328,042
From the General Fund to the Police Restitution and Forfeitures Fund for annual contribution		10,000
From the General Fund to the Beautification Fund for annual contribution		40,000
From the General Fund to the Cemetery Fund for annual contribution		10,000
From Capital Project Fund to General Fund to close project		1,600
From General Fund to Capital Project Fund for annual contribution		410,000
From the Community Development Block Grant Fund to the General Fund to close project		8,500
Total	\$	808,142

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

3. Related Organization

The five-member Board of the City of Thomasville Housing Authority is appointed by the Mayor of the City of Thomasville. The City is accountable for the housing authority because it appoints the governing board; however, the City is not financially accountable for the housing authority. The City of Thomasville is also disclosed as a related organization in the notes to the financial statements for the City of Thomasville Housing Authority.

The pro shop at the City's golf course is owned and operated by a City employee. The employee leases the space for the pro shop from the City. The City's income from the lease for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$5,400.

4. Joint Venture

The municipalities of Thomasville and Lexington, North Carolina, jointly own and operate a waterworks reservoir system. Both cities' governing bodies have authority, under resolutions adopted individually, to acquire, construct, improve, maintain, and jointly operate this system. Both cities have authority to issue bonds or other means of financing as necessary to acquire, construct, and/or improve the system. There are no bonds outstanding for the joint venture at June 30, 2020, and there are no bonds authorized but unissued. The cities' governing boards also have joint control over budgeting the operation.

As of May 1, 2000, the two cities and their county of location, Davidson County, entered into an agreement to form the Lake Thom-A-Lex Recreation Authority. This Authority, consisting of five members appointed by the governmental parties, is responsible for the oversight and promotion of operations related to recreation at Lake Thom-A-Lex.

Costs of operation are shared equally between both cities and the County. The City maintains control over the financial records and its share to the cost of operations is included as a non-operating expense in the Water and Sewer Fund. The City of Lexington and Davidson County are billed by Thomasville for their share of the costs.

Effective July 1, 2009, Davidson County began maintaining control over the financial records of the operation of the lake.

The City has a 50% interest in the venture and an ongoing financial responsibility for Lake Thom-A-Lex. The City's equity interest as of June 30, 2020 was \$337,809, which is shown in the government-wide financial statements. There is no distribution of net income. Net position remains in the joint venture for future operational needs of the system.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Assets, other than the construction in progress, consist of 1,034 acres of land, an earthen dam constructed in 1957, a boat house, piers, boats, and a vehicle, which are jointly owned. Costs of these assets are listed below as well as a condensed balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance.

	<u>June 30, 2020</u>				
Assets:					
Cash	\$	314,001			
Accounts receivable		38,615			
Land		223,395			
Buildings		15,000			
Other improvements		1,190,537			
Equipment		87,018			
		1,868,566			
Less: accumulated depreciation		(1,192,948)			
Total assets	\$	675,618			
Net position	\$	675,618			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	June	e 30, 2020
Revenues:		
Permits, rentals, concessions, etc.	\$	48,361
Contributions:		
City of Thomasville		27,734
City of Lexington		27,734
Davidson County		27,734
Total revenues		131,563
Expenditures:		
Salaries and employee benefits		107,343
Operating expenditures		28,182
Total expenditures		135,525
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(3,962)
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis		
(Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:		
Reconciling items:		
Depreciation expense		(42,040)
Change in net position		(46,002)
Net Position:		
Beginning of year - July 1		721,620
End of year - June 30	\$	675,618

5. Jointly Governed Organization

The City, in conjunction with six counties and 25 other municipalities, established the Piedmont Triad Regional Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and state agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The City paid membership fees of \$5,682 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

6. Summary Disclosure

Federal and State-Assisted Programs

The City has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

7. Subsequent Events

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a coronavirus (COVID-19), a pandemic. As a result, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to negatively impact City revenues. At the current time, we are unable to quantify the potential effects of this pandemic.



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Law Embrechient Officers Special Separation Anowalice									
	2020		2019		2018			2017	
Beginning balance	\$	2,282,150	\$	2,250,595	\$	2,024,832	\$	1,980,847	
Service cost		100,803		103,778		87,491		92,355	
Interest on the total pension liability		80,383		69,246		76,479		69,524	
Differences between expected and actual experience									
in the measurement of the total pension liability		227,161		72,218		10,701		-	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		83,282		(95,177)		138,101		(51,090)	
Benefit payments		(147,631)	_	(118,510)		(87,009)		(66,804)	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	2,626,148	\$	2,282,150	\$	2,250,595	\$	2,024,832	

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

^{*}Information is not required to be presented retroactively. This schedule will not present 10 years' worth of information until fiscal year 2026.

SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL - LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2020	20 2019		2018		2017
Total pension liability	\$ 2,626,148	\$	2,282,150	\$	2,250,595	\$ 2,024,832
Covered payroll	3,729,584		3,478,115		3,398,634	3,302,883
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	70.41%		65.61%		66.22%	61.30%

Notes to the Schedules:

The City of Thomasville has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

^{*}Information is not required to be presented retroactively. This schedule will not present 10 years' worth of information until fiscal year 2026.

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Sther 1 ost Empl	oyment i	Jenents		Other rost Employment Benefits									
		2020	2019		2018								
Service cost	\$	386,326	\$ 299,600	\$	325,027								
Interest		358,261	255,206		219,563								
Differences between expected and actual experience		(53,950)	1,636,465		(85,292)								
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		364,744	125,277		(387,094)								
Benefit payments		(321,390)	 (230,578)		(166,115)								
Net change in total OPEB liability		733,991	2,085,970		(93,911)								
Total OPEB liability - beginning		9,368,960	 7,282,990		7,376,901								
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	10,102,951	\$ 9,368,960	\$	7,282,990								
Covered payroll	\$	12,617,153	\$ 12,617,153	\$	11,532,764								
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		80.07%	74.26%		63.15%								

Notes to the Required Schedules:

Changes of Assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year	Rate
2020	3.50%
2019	3.89%
2018	3.56%

Information is not required to be presented retroactively. This schedule will not present 10 years' worth of information until fiscal year 2027.

CITY OF THOMASVILLE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

Local Government Employees' Retirement System 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 City's proportion of the net pension 0.19161% liability (asset) (%) 0.19322% 0.19549% 0.19443% 0.22027% 0.22390% 0.20665% City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$) \$ 5,232,720 \$ 4,583,838 \$ 2,986,545 \$ 4,126,454 \$ 927,431 \$ (1,299,035) \$ 2,698,855 City's covered payroll \$ 13,520,908 \$ 12,908,313 \$ 12,481,074 \$ 12,019,822 \$ 11,492,069 \$ 11,566,597 \$ 11,056,772 City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll 38.70% 35.51% 23.93% 34.33% 8.07%(11.23%)24.41% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability** 90.86% 98.09% 94.35% 91.63% 94.18% 91.47% 102.64%

Information is not required to be presented retroactively. This schedule will not present 10 years' worth of information until fiscal year 2023.

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**}This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

CITY OF THOMASVILLE'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Local Government Employees' Retirement System 2016 2020 2019 2018 2017 2015 2014 \$ 1,279,215 \$ 1,084,367 \$ 1,002,354 \$ 939,207 \$ Contractually required contribution 826,217 \$ 825,904 \$ 824,112 Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions 1,279,215 1,084,367 1,002,354 939,207 826,217 825,904 <u>\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5 - \$ </u> Contribution deficiency (excess) City of Thomasville's covered payroll \$13,893,378 \$13,520,908 \$12,908,313 \$12,481,074 \$12,019,822 \$11,492,069 \$11,566,597 Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 6.87% 7.19% 9.21% 8.02% 7.77% 7.53% 7.12%

Information is not required to be presented retroactively. This schedule will not present 10 years' worth of information until fiscal year 2023.

	Budget		 Actual		Variance ver/Under
Revenues:					
Ad Valorem Taxes:					
Current year - property	\$	10,773,878	\$ 11,107,097	\$	333,219
Prior years - property		450,000	479,102		29,102
Penalties and interest		175,000	 171,804		(3,196)
Total		11,398,878	 11,758,003		359,125
Other Taxes and Licenses:					
Local option sales tax		7,396,394	7,005,273		(391,121)
Video programming		-	170,388		170,388
Business privilege license		16,000	15,010		(990)
Solid waste disposal tax		18,972	20,616		1,644
Occupancy tax		150,000	 154,439		4,439
Total		7,581,366	 7,365,726		(215,640)
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues:					
Telecommunications sales tax		-	122,934		122,934
Piped natural gas tax		-	47,635		47,635
Franchise tax		2,177,498	1,481,521		(695,977)
Beer and wine tax		125,000	116,542		(8,458)
Payments in lieu of taxes		30,000	23,328		(6,672)
ABC distributions		176,000	330,707		154,707
On-behalf payments:					
Fire and rescue		25,000	 13,628		(11,372)
Total		2,533,498	 2,136,295		(397,203)
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues:					
Powell Bill		707,395	683,940		(23,455)
Federal grant		-	13,561		13,561
ABC distribution		10,000	18,546		8,546
State grant		-	36,750		36,750
CARES act			 25,080		25,080
Total		717,395	 777,877		60,482
Permits and Fees:					
Building permits and inspection fees		350,713	 295,056		(55,657)
Total		350,713	295,056		(55,657)

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Sales and Services:			
Court costs and fines	10,000	3,446	(6,554)
Recreation revenues	339,300	304,384	(34,916)
Disposal fees	838,555	823,977	(14,578)
Total	1,187,855	1,131,807	(56,048)
Contributions	197,799	141,040	(56,759)
Investment Earnings	292,503	336,632	44,129
Miscellaneous	327,572	192,955	(134,617)
Total revenues	24,587,579	24,135,391	(452,188)
Expenditures: General Government: Mayor and Council:			
Salaries and employee benefits		81,732	
Operating expenditures		242,511	
Payment to Thomasville Tourism Commission		141,896	
Reimbursement from other funds	_	(55,961)	
Total	490,212	410,178	80,034
Administration: Salaries and employee benefits		470,238	
Operating expenditures		66,824	
Reimbursement from other funds		(157,263)	
Total	411,854	379,799	32,055
		317,177	
Personnel: Salaries and employee benefits		217,633	
Operating expenditures		30,151	
Reimbursement from other funds		(72,220)	
Total	189,135	175,564	13,571
City Hall:			
Salaries and employee benefits		55,534	
Operating expenditures		94,083	
Reimbursement from other funds		(44,467)	
Total	116,454	105,150	11,304

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Finance:			
Salaries and employee benefits		489,111	
Operating expenditures		93,805	
Reimbursement from other funds		(163,746)	
Total	428,831	419,170	9,661
MIS:			
Salaries and employee benefits		164,641	
Operating expenditures		296,851	
Capital outlay		43,210	
Reimbursement from other funds		(141,859)	
Total	371,513	362,843	8,670
Legal:			
Salaries and employee benefits		148,605	
Operating expenditures		7,472	
Reimbursement from other funds		(46,441)	
Total	121,624	109,636	11,988
Tax Collection:			
Contract services	140,000	138,971	1,029
Total	140,000	138,971	1,029
Total general government	2,269,623	2,101,311	168,312
Public Works:			
Building:			
Salaries and employee benefits		182,951	
Operating expenditures		74,912	
Total	266,170	257,863	8,307
Engineering:			
Salaries and employee benefits		322,074	
Operating expenditures		15,097	
Capital outlay		8,894	
Reimbursement from other funds		(99,255)	
Total	257,695	246,810	10,885

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Streets and Highways:			
Salaries and employee benefits		757,999	
Street lighting		405,146	
Operating expenditures		181,609	
Capital outlay	1 607 193	53,433	200.005
Total	1,697,182	1,398,187	298,995
Powell Bill:			
Salaries and employee benefits		230,565	
Operating expenditures		431,515	
Total	735,434	662,080	73,354
Fleet Services:			
Salaries and employee benefits		268,449	
Operating expenditures		33,198	
Reimbursement from other funds		(97,602)	
Total	247,419	204,045	43,374
Solid Waste:			
Salaries and employee benefits		1,412,127	
Operating expenditures		968,121	
Capital outlay		190,990	
Total	2,639,001	2,571,238	67,763
Total public works	5,842,901	5,340,223	502,678
Public Safety:			
Police Department:			
Salaries and employee benefits		5,655,957	
Operating expenditures		1,187,356	
Capital outlay		178,722	
Total	7,318,678	7,022,035	296,643
Fire Department:			
Salaries and employee benefits		4,470,745	
Operating expenditures		622,076	
Capital outlay		299,394	
Total	6,602,047	5,392,215	1,209,832

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Inspection:			
Salaries and employee benefits		407,380	
Operating expenditures		70,759	
Capital outlay		18,891	
Reimbursement from other funds	_	(142,441)	
Total	370,216	354,589	15,627
Radio Service:			
Operating expenditures		156,701	
Capital outlay		110,043	
Reimbursement from other funds		(71,002)	
Total	260,383	195,742	64,641
Diaming and Janing.			
Planning and Zoning: Salaries and employee benefits		93,258	
Operating expenditures		11,944	
Total	125,031	105,202	19,829
Total public safety	14,676,355	13,069,783	1,606,572
Cultural and Recreation:			
Administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits		154,005	
Operating expenditures	_	11,978	
Total	174,705	165,983	8,722
Organized Programs:			
Salaries and employee benefits		320,218	
Operating expenditures		47,570	
Total	430,179	367,788	62,391
Areas and Facilities:			
Salaries and employee benefits		224,676	
Operating expenditures		622,413	
Capital outlay		9,400	
Total	1,019,471	856,489	162,982
Total cultural and recreation	1,624,355	1,390,260	234,095
Total cultural and recreation	1,027,333	1,370,400	254,093

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement		1,225,021	
Interest and fees		589,275	
Total debt service	1,862,678	1,814,296	48,382
Miscellaneous expenditures	257,666	4,924	252,742
Total expenditures	26,533,578	23,720,797	2,812,781
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,945,999)	414,594	2,360,593
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Installment financing	517,760	517,230	(530)
Transfers from:			
Capital Project Fund	-	1,600	-
Community Development Block Grant Fund	-	8,500	-
Transfers to:			
Police Restitution and Forfeitures Fund	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
Capital Project Fund	(323,122)	-	323,122
Cemetery Fund	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
General Capital Projects Fund	(560,000)	(410,000)	150,000
Community Development Block Grant Fund	(25,500)	-	25,500
Golf Course Enterprise Fund	(328,042)	(328,042)	-
Beautification Fund	(40,000)	(40,000)	-
Appropriated fund balance	2,724,903	<u> </u>	(2,724,903)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,945,999	(270,712)	(2,216,711)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	143,882	\$ 143,882
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of year - July 1	_	13,797,862	
End of year - June 30	<u>\$</u>	13,941,744	

GENERAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Actual								
	Au	Project thorization		Prior Years		Current Year		Closed Projects		Total to Date		Variance ver/Under
Revenues:												
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	417,500	\$	400,000	\$	114,546	\$	(400,000)	\$	114,546	\$	(302,954)
Contributions		19,600		19,600		-		(19,600)		-		(19,600)
Investment earnings		200,000		125,154		77,373		-		202,527		2,527
Sales tax refund				56,033		104,364				160,397		160,397
Total revenues		637,100	_	600,787	_	296,283	_	(419,600)		477,470	_	(159,630)
Expenditures:												
Public Safety:												
Police Headquarters:												
Operating expenditures	_	14,482,766		5,367,191	_	8,276,095	_		_	13,643,286	_	839,480
FEMA Assistance to Firefighters:												
Equipment	_	125,000	_		_	125,000	_			125,000	_	
Economic and Physical Development:												
Downtown Revitalization Grant:												
Operating expenditures		419,600		418,000	_			(418,000)	_			419,600
Total expenditures		15,027,366		5,785,191	_	8,401,095	_	(418,000)		13,768,286		1,259,080
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(14,390,266)	_	(5,184,404)	_	(8,104,812)	_	(1,600)	_((13,290,816)		1,099,450
Other Financing Sources (Uses):												
Installment financing		270,000		-		270,000		-		270,000		-
Limited obligation bonds		11,100,000		11,100,000		-		-		11,100,000		-
Bond premium		872,341		872,341		-		-		872,341		-
Transfers from General Fund		1,732,925		1,322,925		410,000		-		1,732,925		-
Transfer to General Fund		-		-		(1,600)		1,600		-		-
Transfers from Police Restitution & Forfeitures Fund		290,000		290,000		-		-		290,000		-
Appropriated fund balance		125,000		-		-		-		-		(125,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		14,390,266		13,585,266		678,400		1,600		14,265,266		(125,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	8,400,862	\$	(7,426,412)	\$		\$	974,450	\$	974,450



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

			N	onmajor Special	l Rev	venue Funds		
		ity School ipplement	Police Restitution and Forfeitures			Stormwater		Cemetery
		Fund		Fund		Fund	_	Fund
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,711	\$	197,310	\$	1,241,905	\$	69,186
Restricted cash		-		-		-		6,445
Taxes receivable, net		110,057		-		-		-
Accounts receivable, net		-		-		16,625		-
Due from other funds		19,995						
Total assets	\$	141,763	\$	197,310	\$	1,258,530	\$	75,631
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,								
and Fund Balances:								
Liabilities:								
Accrued expenses	\$	31,706	\$	412	\$	-	\$	26
Liabilities to be paid from restricted assets:								
Deposits		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	6,445
Total liabilities		31,706		412			_	6,471
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable taxes		110,057	-	-				-
Fund Balances:								
Restricted:								
Stabilization by state statute		19,995		2,513		27,872		450
Restricted, all other		-		194,385		-		-
Assigned		-		-		1,230,658		68,710
Unassigned		(19,995)						
Total fund balances	-			196,898		1,258,530		69,160
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,								
resources, and fund balances	\$	141,763	\$	197,310	\$	1,258,530	\$	75,631

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

		Nonmaj	or Special Revenue Funds				
	Beau	utification Fund	Safety	blic y Grant und	Community Development Block Grant Fund		Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds
Assets:	¢.	11.025	Ф		Ф	Ф	1 522 025
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,925	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,532,037
Restricted cash Taxes receivable, net		-		-	-		6,445 110,057
Accounts receivable, net		-		-	-		16,625
Due from other funds		-		-	-		19,995
Total assets	\$	11,925	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -	\$	
Total assets	Þ	11,923	<u>\$</u>		<u> </u>	Ф	1,685,159
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:							
Accrued expenses	\$	871	\$	_	\$ -	\$	33,015
Liabilities to be paid from restricted assets:	Ψ	0/1	Ψ	_	Ψ -	Ψ	33,013
Deposits		_		_	-		6,445
Total liabilities		871				-	39,460
Total manning		<u> </u>	-				
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Unavailable taxes		-		_			110,057
				_			
Fund Balances: Restricted:							
Stabilization by state statute		100		-	-		50,930
Restricted, all other		-		-	-		194,385
Assigned		10,954		-	-		1,310,322
Unassigned							(19,995)
Total fund balances		11,054					1,535,642
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,							
resources, and fund balances	\$	11,925	\$	_	\$ -	\$	1,685,159
,							

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Nonmajor Spec	ial Revenue Fund	S
		City School upplement Fund	Police Restitution and Forfeitures Fund	Stormwater Fund	Cemetery Fund
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,650,236	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted intergovernmental		-	86,829	-	-
Permits and fees		-	-	137,465	-
Contributions		-	-	-	3,880
Investment earnings			1,524	12,049	
Total revenues		1,650,236	88,353	149,514	3,880
Expenditures: Current:					
General government		1,650,236	_	38,147	6,773
Public safety		1,030,230	31,066	30,147	0,775
Total expenditures	_	1,650,236	31,066	38,147	6,773
Revenues over (under) expenditures		<u>-</u>	57,287	111,367	(2,893)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers from General Fund		_	10,000	-	10,000
Transfers to General Fund		-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)			10,000		10,000
Net change in fund balances		-	67,287	111,367	7,107
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of year - July 1			129,611	1,147,163	62,053
End of year - June 30	<u>\$</u>		\$ 196,898	\$ 1,258,530	\$ 69,160

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Nonmajo	or Special Revenu				
	Beautification Fund	Public Safety Grant Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,650,236		
Restricted intergovernmental	-	5,136	-	91,965		
Permits and fees	70	-	-	137,535		
Contributions	23,233	-	-	27,113		
Investment earnings	460			14,033		
Total revenues	23,763	5,136	-	1,920,882		
Expenditures: Current:						
General government	88,699	_	_	1,783,855		
Public safety	-	5,136	_	36,202		
Total expenditures	88,699	5,136		1,820,057		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(64,936)			100,825		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers from General Fund	40,000	-	-	60,000		
Transfers to General Fund	-	-	(8,500)	(8,500)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	40,000		(8,500)	51,500		
Net change in fund balances	(24,936)	-	(8,500)	152,325		
Fund Balances:						
Beginning of year - July 1	35,990		8,500	1,383,317		
End of year - June 30	\$ 11,054	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,535,642		

	 Budget	Actual	riance r/Under_
Revenues:			
Ad Valorem Taxes:			
Current year - property	\$ 1,609,649	\$ 1,581,636	\$ (28,013)
Prior years - property	 75,500	 68,600	(6,900)
Total revenues	 1,685,149	 1,650,236	 (34,913)
Expenditures:			
General Government:			
Operating expenditures	 1,685,149	 1,650,236	34,913
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	-	\$
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of year - July 1		 	
End of year - June 30		\$ _	

POLICE RESTITUTION AND FORFEITURES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	 Budget	 Actual	Variance Over/Under		
Revenues:					
Restricted Intergovernmental:					
Forfeitures and restitution	\$ 54,075	\$ 77,508	\$	23,433	
Controlled substance tax	11,000	9,321		(1,679)	
Investment earnings	 	 1,524		1,524	
Total revenues	 65,075	 88,353		23,278	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public Safety:					
Current operating	 83,225	 31,066		52,159	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (18,150)	 57,287		75,437	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Appropriated fund balance	8,150	-		(8,150)	
Transfer from General Fund	 10,000	 10,000		_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 18,150	 10,000		(8,150)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ _	67,287	\$	67,287	
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year - July 1		 129,611			
End of year - June 30		\$ 196,898			

	Budget		Actual		Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:						
Stormwater fees	\$	103,380	\$	137,465	\$	34,085
Investment earnings				12,049		12,049
Total revenues		103,380		149,514		46,134
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government:						
Current operating	-	114,627		38,147		76,480
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(11,247)		111,367		122,614
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Appropriated fund balance		11,247		<u>-</u>		(11,247)
Net change in fund balance	\$			111,367	\$	111,367
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year - July 1				1,147,163		
End of year - June 30			\$	1,258,530		

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:				
Contributions	\$ -	\$ 3,880	\$ 3,880	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government:				
Current operating	14,798	6,773	8,025	
Capital outlay	57,019		57,019	
Total expenditures	71,817	6,773	65,044	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(71,817)	(2,893)	68,924	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Appropriated fund balance	61,817	-	(61,817)	
Transfer from General Fund	10,000	10,000	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	71,817	10,000	(61,817)	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	7,107	\$ 7,107	
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year - July 1		62,053		
End of year - June 30		\$ 69,160		

	Budget		Actual		Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:					0,0	
Operating revenues:						
Sales and rents	\$	100	\$	70	\$	(30)
Contributions		23,208		23,233		25
Total operating revenues		23,308		23,303		(5)
Non-operating revenues:						
Investment earnings		500		460		(40)
Total revenues		23,808		23,763		(45)
Expenditures:						
Current operating:						
General government		98,693		88,699	-	9,994
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(74,885)		(64,936)		9,949
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in - General Fund		40,000		40,000		-
Appropriated fund balance		34,885				(34,885)
Total other financing sources (uses)		74,885		40,000		(34,885)
Net change in fund balance	\$			(24,936)	\$	(24,936)
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year - July 1				35,990		
End of year - June 30			\$	11,054		

PUBLIC SAFETY GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Actual					
	Project <u>Authorization</u>	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date			
Revenues:				· ·			
Restricted Intergovernmental:							
Justice Assistance Grant (15)	\$	\$ 22,751	\$ -	\$ 22,751			
Justice Assistance Grant (12)	10,221		5,136	5,136			
Total revenues	10,221	22,751	5,136	27,887			
Expenditures:							
Justice Assistance Grant (15):							
Operations and maintenance		22,751		22,751			
Total	<u> </u>	22,751		22,751			
Justice Assistance Grant (12):							
Equipment	5,496		5,136	5,136			
Governor's Highway Safety Grant:							
Equipment	4,725	<u>-</u>					
Total expenditures	10,221	22,751	5,136	27,887			
Net change in fund balance	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Project Prior Authorization Years		Current Closed Year Projects		Total to Date	Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:							
Restricted Intergovernmental:							
Building Re-Use Grant Wildcat Territory	\$ 161,500	\$ 73,769	\$ -	\$ (73,769)	\$ -	\$ (161,500)	
Building Re-Use Grant Tractor Supply	25,000	-	-	-	-	(25,000)	
Contribution	51,750	25,000	-	(25,000)	-	(51,750)	
Building Re-Use Grant Mohawk Industries	500,000	500,000	-	(500,000)	-	(500,000)	
Building Re-Use Grant Unilin	300,000	-	-	-	-	(300,000)	
Building Re-Use Grant Minnewawa	210,000					(210,000)	
Total revenues	1,248,250	598,769		(598,769)		(1,248,250)	
Expenditures:							
General Government:							
Building Re-Use Grant:							
Operating expenditures Wildcat Territory	170,000	73,769	-	(73,769)	-	170,000	
Operating expenditures Tractor Supply	26,250	-	-	-	-	26,250	
Building Re-Use Grant Mohawk Industries	525,000	525,000	-	(525,000)	-	525,000	
Building Re-Use Grant Unilin	315,000	-	_	-	-	315,000	
Building Re-Use Grant Minnewawa	220,500	-	-	-	-	220,500	
Total expenditures	1,256,750	598,769		(598,769)		1,256,750	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(8,500)	-	-	-	-	8,500	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers (to) from General Fund	8,500	8,500	(8,500)			(8,500)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 8,500	\$ (8,500)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under		
Revenues:					
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for Services:			402102		
Water and sewer charges	\$ 11,829,962	\$ 11,933,145	\$ 103,183		
Connection Fees:					
Water and sewer taps	35,000	76,200	41,200		
Reconnection fees	180,000	126,866	(53,134)		
Total connection fees	215,000	203,066	(11,934)		
Total charges for services and connection fees	12,044,962	12,136,211	91,249		
Restricted Intergovernmental:					
Other operating revenues	548,885	506,544	(42,341)		
Total operating revenues	12,593,847	12,642,755	48,908		
Non-operating revenues:					
Miscellaneous	3,290	3,290	-		
Interest earned on investments	60,000	34,694	(25,306)		
Total non-operating revenues	63,290	37,984	(25,306)		
Total revenues	12,657,137	12,680,739	23,602		
Expenditures:					
Administration:	44.5.500				
Salaries and employee benefits	116,632	113,155	3,477		
Administrative fees	11,361	11,361	2 201		
Other departmental expenditures	6,639	4,358	2,281		
Total administration	134,632	128,874	5,758		
Billing and Collection:					
Salaries and employee benefits	342,307	341,508	799		
Telephone and postage	51,810	48,930	2,880		
Administrative fees	41,521	41,521	-		
Contract services	52,727	52,088	639		
Other departmental expenditures	37,178	28,612	8,566		
Total billing and collection	525,543	512,659	12,884		
Meter Service:					
Salaries and employee benefits	214,799	214,528	271		
Supplies	1,994	1,996	(2)		
Administrative fees	20,581	20,581	- 123		
Other departmental expenditures	21,266	18,136	3,130		
Total meter service	258,640	255,241	3,399		

WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Water Treatment Plant:			
Salaries and employee benefits	652,901	544,890	108,011
Utilities	186,200	154,357	31,843
Supplies and maintenance materials	344,755	315,920	28,835
Repairs and maintenance	188,793	113,574	75,219
Administrative fees	263,821	263,821	-
Other departmental expenditures	116,844	78,474	38,370
Capital outlay	1,258,163	557,213	700,950
Total water treatment plant	3,011,477	2,028,249	983,228
Construction and Maintenance:			
Salaries and employee benefits	889,018	844,320	44,698
Supplies and maintenance materials	445,706	346,492	99,214
Repairs and maintenance	75,890	32,813	43,077
Contract services	677,397	596,569	80,828
Administrative fees	205,799	205,799	-
Other departmental expenditures	729,016	227,961	501,055
Capital outlay	745,666	606,675	138,991
Total construction and maintenance	3,768,492	2,860,629	907,863
Waste Treatment Plant:			
Salaries and employee benefits	869,980	850,791	19,189
Utilities	294,938	294,375	563
Supplies and maintenance materials	128,485	114,739	13,746
Repairs and maintenance	270,818	221,938	48,880
Contract services	385,333	348,929	36,404
Administrative fees	549,174	549,174	-
Other departmental expenditures	138,224	103,426	34,798
Capital outlay	70,850	_	70,850
Total waste treatment plant	2,707,802	2,483,372	224,430
Contribution to joint venture	32,600	27,734	4,866
Miscellaneous	275,000	<u>-</u>	275,000
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement	3,737,725	3,230,154	507,571
Interest and fees	817,109	764,714	52,395
Total debt service	4,554,834	3,994,868	559,966
Total expenditures	15,269,020	12,291,626	2,977,394
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,611,883)	389,113	3,000,996

WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Installment financing	618,544	686,539	67,995
Transfer from Water and Sewer Capital Reserve Fund	1,376,133	1,376,133	-
Transfer to Water and Sewer Capital Reserve Fund	(300,000)	(300,000)	-
Transfer to Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund	-	(346,812)	(346,812)
Appropriated retained earnings	917,206		(917,206)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,611,883	1,415,860	(1,196,023)
Revenues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$ 1,804,973	\$ 1,804,973
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis			
(Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:			
Revenues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures and other financing uses		\$ 1,804,973	
Reconciling items:			
Payment of debt principal		3,230,154	
Depreciation and amortization		(3,502,908)	
Capital outlay expenditures		1,163,888	
Capital project fund expenditures not capitalized		(207,724)	
Transfer to Capital Reserve Fund		300,000	
Transfer to Water Capital Project Fund		346,812	
Installment financing issued		(686,539)	
Capital Project fund revenues		138,002	
Transfer from Water and Sewer Capital Reserve Fund		(1,376,133)	
Change in compensated absences		5,254	
Change in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		16,173	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		1,398	
Change in OPEB liability		(110,098)	
Investment earnings in capital reserve		9,189	
Change in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		(69,191)	
Change in net pension liability		(97,332)	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		9,312	
Bad debt expense		(79,187)	
Change in accrued interest		14,294	
Total reconciling items		(894,636)	
Change in net position		\$ 910,337	

WATER AND SEWER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMBINED REVENUE BONDS AND STATE REVOLVING LOAN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Closed Projects	Total to Date	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:						
Sales tax refund	\$ -	\$ 97,875	\$ 34,470	\$ (39,420)	\$ 92,925	\$ 92,925
Restricted intergovernmental	3,000,000	-	103,532	-	103,532	(2,896,468)
Miscellaneous revenue	-	32,009	-	-	32,009	32,009
Total revenues	3,000,000	129,884	138,002	(39,420)	228,466	(2,771,534)
Expenditures:						
Pilot Area Main Improvement - engineering	499,465	296,231	-	-	296,231	203,234
Pilot Area Main Improvement - contingency	130,651	-	-	-	-	130,651
Pilot Area Water Main Improvement - construction	2,783,849	2,858,850	-	-	2,858,850	(75,001)
Hank Branch Phase I - engineering	163,000	17,496	-	-	17,496	145,504
Hank Branch Phase 1 - contingency	92,000	-	-	-	-	92,000
Hank Branch Phase 1 - construction	918,000	-	702,072	-	702,072	215,928
Kennedy Road - Engineering	60,000	-	-	-	-	60,000
Kennedy Road - construction	447,060	407,868	-	-	407,868	39,192
Kennedy Road - contract services	10,588	10,588	-	-	10,588	-
Kennedy Road- Contingency	22,353	-	-	-	-	22,353
North Hamby Creek Outfall Phase 2 - construction	6,389,016	5,338,122	-	(5,338,122)	-	6,389,016
North Hamby Creek Outfall Phase 2 - engineering	211,784	211,785	-	(211,785)	-	211,784
North Hamby Creek Outfall Phase 2 - closing costs	136,252	113,360	-	(113,360)	-	136,252
North Hamby Creek Outfall Phase 2 - contingency	211,784	-	-	-	-	211,784
North Hamby Creek Outfall Phase 3 - construction	5,834,619	-	778,916	-	778,916	5,055,703
North Hamby Creek Outfall Phase 3 - engineering	792,060	-	104,131	-	104,131	687,929
North Hamby Creek Outfall Phase 3 - closing costs	166,689	-	123,368	-	123,368	43,321
North Hamby Creek Outfall Phase 3 - contingency	291,731	<u>-</u>				291,731
Total expenditures	19,160,901	9,254,300	1,708,487	(5,663,267)	5,299,520	13,861,381
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(16,160,901)	(9,124,416)	(1,570,485)	5,623,847	(5,071,054)	11,089,847
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
State revolving loan	15,502,260	8,116,429	1,509,334	(5,140,783)	4,484,980	11,017,280
Transfers from Water and Sewer Fund	485,013	474,425	346,812	(136,252)	684,985	(199,972)
Appropriated retained earnings	173,628	-	-	-	-	173,628
Total other financing sources (uses)	16,160,901	8,590,854	1,856,146	(5,277,035)	5,169,965	10,990,936
Revenues and other financing sources over						
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$</u>	\$ (533,562)	\$ 285,661	\$ 346,812	\$ 98,911	\$ 98,911

WATER AND SEWER CAPITAL RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual	Variance Over/Under		
Revenues:						
Investment earnings	\$ 	\$	9,189	\$	9,189	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers:						
From Water and Sewer Fund	300,000		300,000		_	
To Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund	(1,676,133)		(1,376,133)		300,000	
Appropriated fund balance	1,376,133				(1,376,133)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 	_	(1,076,133)		(1,076,133)	
Revenues and other financing sources over						
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	(1,066,944)	\$	(1,066,944)	

GOLF COURSE ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:			
Operating revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 613,627	\$ 654,026	\$ 40,399
Interest	-	4	4
Miscellaneous	21,194	250	(20,944)
Total revenues	634,821	654,280	19,459
Expenditures:			
Golf Course Clubhouse:			
Salaries and employee benefits	180,072	178,003	2,069
Other departmental expenditures	61,358	61,358	-
Capital outlay	299,277	299,277	
Total golf course clubhouse	540,707	538,638	2,069
Golf Course Maintenance:			
Salaries and employee benefits	359,669	359,669	-
Other departmental expenditures	148,675	148,675	-
Capital outlay	87,873	87,873	
Total golf course maintenance	596,217	596,217	
Debt Service:			
Debt principal	96,788	89,740	7,048
Interest	4,751	2,369	2,382
Total debt service	101,539	92,109	9,430
Contingency	5,000		5,000
Total expenditures	1,243,463	1,226,964	16,499
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(608,642)	(572,684)	35,958
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfer from General Fund	328,042	328,042	-
Installment note issued	280,600	268,520	(12,080)
Total other financing sources (uses)	608,642	596,562	(12,080)
Revenues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u> </u>	\$ 23,878	\$ 23,878

GOLF COURSE ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis		 	
(Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:			
Revenues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures and other financing uses		\$ 23,878	
Reconciling items:			
Depreciation		(163,041)	
Installment note issued		(268,520)	
Capital outlay expenditures		387,150	
Capital items not charged to capital outlay		(12,580)	
Gain (loss) on sale of assets		119,864	
Change in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		(13,838)	
Change in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		3,235	
Change in net pension liability		(19,466)	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		1,880	
Change in compensated absences		(1,864)	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		280	
Change in OPEB liability		(22,020)	
Debt principal		89,740	
Total reconciling items		100,820	
Change in net position		\$ 124,698	

SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE - GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2020

Fiscal Year		ncollected Balance ily 1, 2019	_	Additions	Collections nd Credits	Incollected Balance Ine 30, 2020
2019-2020	\$		\$	11,579,146	\$ 11,192,036	\$ 387,110
2018-2019		358,710		-	181,423	177,287
2017-2018		224,677		-	84,148	140,529
2016-2017		108,095		-	42,004	66,091
2015-2016		84,193		-	30,936	53,257
2014-2015		48,496		-	22,982	25,514
2013-2014		72,468		-	21,406	51,062
2012-2013		98,650		-	58,003	40,647
2011-2012		35,762		-	17,413	18,349
2010-2011		66,370		-	65,437	933
2009-2010		635			 635	
Total	\$	1,098,056	\$	11,579,146	\$ 11,716,423	960,779
Less allowance for un	collectible	e ad valorem tax	es recei	vable		 490,000
Ad valorem taxes rece	eivable, ne	÷t				\$ 470,779
Ad Valorem Taxes R General Fund	Receivable	, Net				\$ 470,779
Reconcilement With Ad valorem taxes - Go						\$ 11,758,003
Amounts written off p						(635)
Collection of prior tax	es writter	off				12,623
Discounts allowed						105,793
Releases allowed						12,443
Interest and penalties	collected					 (171,804)
Total collections and	credits					\$ 11,716,423

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Total Levy			
	(City-Wide	Property Excluding Registered	Registered			
	Property		Total	Motor	Motor		
Original Laure	Valuation	Rate	Levy	Vehicles	Vehicles		
Original Levy: Total property taxed at current year's rate	\$ 1,809,130,519	\$ 0.60	\$ 10,958,323	\$ 9,999,679	\$ 958,644		
Registered motor vehicles taxed at prior year's taxes	27,020,806	0.60	162,125	\$ 7,777,077	162,125		
Total	1,836,151,325	0.00	11,120,448	9,999,679	1,120,769		
Discoveries:							
Current year taxes	76,449,675		458,698	458,698			
Total property valuation	\$ 1,912,601,000	(a)					
Net Levy			11,579,146	10,458,377	1,120,769		
Less uncollected taxes at June 30, 2020			387,110	383,587	3,523		
Current Year's Taxes Collected			\$ 11,192,036	\$ 10,074,790	\$ 1,117,246		
Current Levy Collection Percentage			96.66%	96.33%	99.69%		
(a) Total property valuation consists							
of the following:	Ф 1 452 111 042						
Real property Personal property	\$ 1,453,111,843 404,414,498						
Public utilities property	55,074,659						
Table diffuse property							
Total	\$ 1,912,601,000						

SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE - CITY SCHOOL FUND JUNE 30, 2020 $\,$

Fiscal Year]	ncollected Balance ly 1, 2019	1	Additions	Collections nd Credits	ncollected Balance ne 30, 2020
2019-2020	\$	_	\$	1,665,901	\$ 1,573,426	\$ 92,475
2018-2019		82,192		-	40,629	41,563
2017-2018		48,330		-	16,802	31,528
2016-2017		34,091		-	9,517	24,574
2015-2016		27,929		-	7,896	20,033
2014-2015		26,035		-	5,174	20,861
2013-2014		18,793		-	5,231	13,562
2012-2013		19,818		-	4,585	15,233
2011-2012		19,599		-	4,704	14,895
2010-2011		18,400		-	3,067	15,333
2009-2010		35,084		_	 35,084	 <u>-</u>
Total	\$	330,271	\$	1,665,901	\$ 1,706,115	290,057
Less allowance for un	ncollectible	ad valorem tax	es recei	vable		 180,000
Ad valorem taxes reco	eivable, ne	t				\$ 110,057
Ad Valorem Taxes F City School Fund	Receivable	, Net				\$ 110,057
Reconcilement With Ad valorem taxes - Constant Amounts written off properties Collection of prior tax Discounts allowed	ity School per statute	Supplement Fur of limitations	nd			\$ 1,650,236 (35,084) 1,911
Releases allowed						100,238
Interest and penalties	collected					 (11,186)
Total collections and	credits					\$ 1,706,115

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY - CITY SCHOOL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

							Total Levy				
		City-	Wide]	Property Excluding Registered Motor	R	Registered		
	Property Valuation	Rate				Total Levv		Motor Vehicles			
Original Levy:	, municipal				20,5		Vehicles		· Chicies		
Total property taxed at current year's rate	\$ 820,865,137	\$	0.20	\$	1,641,670	\$	1,514,455	\$	127,215		
Registered motor vehicles taxed at prior year's rate	12,085,363		0.20	_	24,231	_		_	24,231		
Total	832,950,500			_	1,665,901	_	1,514,455		151,446		
Total property valuation	\$ 832,950,500										
Net Levy					1,665,901		1,514,455		151,446		
Less uncollected taxes at June 30, 2020					92,475		92,063		412		
Current Year's Taxes Collected				\$	1,573,426	\$	1,422,392	\$	151,034		
Current Levy Collection Percentage					94.45%		93.92%		99.73%		

PROPERTY VALUATION AND LEVY OF TOP TEN COMPANIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	 Real Value	Personal Value						_ •		 School Levy
Unilin Flooring NC/North America	\$ 59,940,280	\$	51,074,284	\$ 1	11,014,564	\$	666,088	\$ =		
Ennis Paint Inc.	4,741,860		26,648,934	3	31,390,794		188,345	-		
Old Dominion Freight Lines	5,671,150		21,368,207	2	27,039,357		162,236	-		
Duke Energy Corp	-		22,007,609	2	22,007,609		132,046	-		
Wal-Mart	14,942,400		2,115,329		17,057,729		102,346	-		
Shelba D. Johnson Trucking Inc.	3,015,300		12,018,877		15,034,177		90,205	-		
Transcontinental TVL LLC	-		11,464,778		11,464,778		68,789	22,930		
Brass Craft/Thomas MFG	2,447,800		6,740,876		9,188,676		55,132	18,378		
Xceldyne Group LLC	2,074,290		6,711,028		8,785,318		52,712	-		
Parkdale America LLC	832,590		7,321,229		8,153,819		48,923	 16,307		
Total	\$ 93,665,670	\$	167,471,151	\$ 20	61,136,821	\$	1,566,822	\$ 57,615		



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Thomasville, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Thomasville as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Thomasville's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2020. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the City of Thomasville Board of Education and the City of Thomasville ABC Board, as described in our report on the City of Thomasville's financial statements. The financial statements of the Thomasville Tourism Commission and the City of Thomasville ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with the Thomasville Tourism Commission and the City of Thomasville ABC Board.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Thomasville's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Thomasville's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for limited purposes described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Thomasville's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

Martin Starnes & associated, CPas, P.a.

Hickory, North Carolina

October 30, 2020



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Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; Required by the Uniform Guidance; and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Thomasville, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Thomasville's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Thomasville's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The City of Thomasville's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for the compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Thomasville's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Thomasville's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Thomasville's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Thomasville complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Thomasville is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Thomasville's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Thomasville's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination or deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

Martin Starnes & associates, CPas, P.a.

Hickory, North Carolina

October 30, 2020



"A Professional Association of Certified Public Accountants and Management Consultants"

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; Required by the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Thomasville, North Carolina

Report On Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the City of Thomasville, North Carolina's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Thomasville's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The City of Thomasville's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state awards applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Thomasville's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, applicable sections of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Thomasville's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Thomasville's compliance.

Opinion On Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the City of Thomasville complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report On Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Thomasville is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Thomasville's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Thomasville's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirement of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

Martin Starnes & associated, CPas, P.a.

Hickory, North Carolina

October 30, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

1. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

• Material weakness(es) identified?

• Significant deficiency(s) identified? None reported

Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over federal programs:

• Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(s) identified?
 None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major federal programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to

be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of major federal programs:

Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster 66.458
USDA Rural Economic Development Grant 10.854

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

Type A and Type B programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

State Awards

Internal control over major state programs:

• Material weakness(es) identified?

• Significant deficiency(s) identified? None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major state programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act?

Implementation Act?

Identification of major state programs:

Program Name

Powell Bill

2. Financial Statements Findings

None reported.

3. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

4. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

No prior year findings.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State/Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures	State Expenditures	Pass-Through to Subrecipients
Federal Awards:					
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Passed-through N.C. Department of Environmental Quality Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster: Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Total Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster	66.458 66.458	E-SRP-W-17-0051 CS370619-06	\$ 1,006,416 702,072 1,708,488	\$ - - -	\$ - -
U.S. Department of Justice Office of Justice Programs Edward Programs Office of Justice Programs	16.738	2017-DJ-BX-0696	5 126		
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16./38	2017-DJ-BX-0696	5,136	-	-
Offices, Boards and Divisions Equitable Sharing Program	16.922		7,527	-	-
Federal Emergency Management Agency- U.S. Department of Homeland Security Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044	EMW-2017-FO-00489	114,546	-	-
U.S. Department of Agriculture Rural Business Cooperative Service Passed through Energy United Electrical Membership Corporation	10.054		221 000		
Rural Economic Development Loans and Grants	10.854		231,900	-	-
U.S. Department of Treasury Equitable Sharing Program Passed through the Office of	21.016		23,540	-	-
State Budget and Management NC Pandemic Recovery Office Passthrough Davidson County					
COVID-19 / Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	02-29-03	25,080	-	-
State Grants:					
N.C. Department of Commerce NC Local Capacity Grant Award - Downtown Strong			-	18,000	-
N.C. Department of Transportation Powell Bill	DOT-4	32570		662,080	<u>-</u> <u>\$</u> -
Total federal grants			\$ 2,116,217		
Total state grants				\$ 680,080	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

(1) Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of the City of Thomasville under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Thomasville, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City of Thomasville.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

The City of Thomasville has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(3) Coronavirus Relief Funds:

The City of Thomasville received \$25,080 of funding from the Coronavirus Relief Fund (21.019) from Davidson County in accordance with HB 1043 and HB 1023. The City of Thomasville has a plan to spend these funds approved by OSBM. According to the Office of State Budget and Management, the State's pass-through agency, municipalities are considered subrecipients of the Counties; however, municipalities are not liable to the County for any misused or misspent funds. CRF must be spent during the period March 1, 2020 to December 30, 2020.

(4) Loans Outstanding:

The City of Thomasville had the following loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2020 for loans that the grantor/pass-passthrough grantor has still imposed continuing compliance requirements. Loans outstanding at the beginning of the year and loans made during the year are included in the SEFSA. The balance of loans outstanding at June 30, 2020 consist of:

	Pass-Through				
	CFDA	Grantor's	Amount Outstanding		
Program Title	Number	Number			
Clean Water State Revolving Loan	66.458	CS370619-03	\$	4,857,383	
Clean Water State Revolving Loan	66.458	E-SRP-W-17-0051		34,510	
Clean Water State Revolving Loan	66.458	CS370619-06		819,767	
Drinking Water State Revolving Loan	66.468	H-LRX-F-17-1903		449,864	
Drinking Water State Revolving Loan	66.468	H-LRX-F-16-1909		3,154,368	
USDA Rural Economic Development Grant	10.854			251,379	

