# TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA

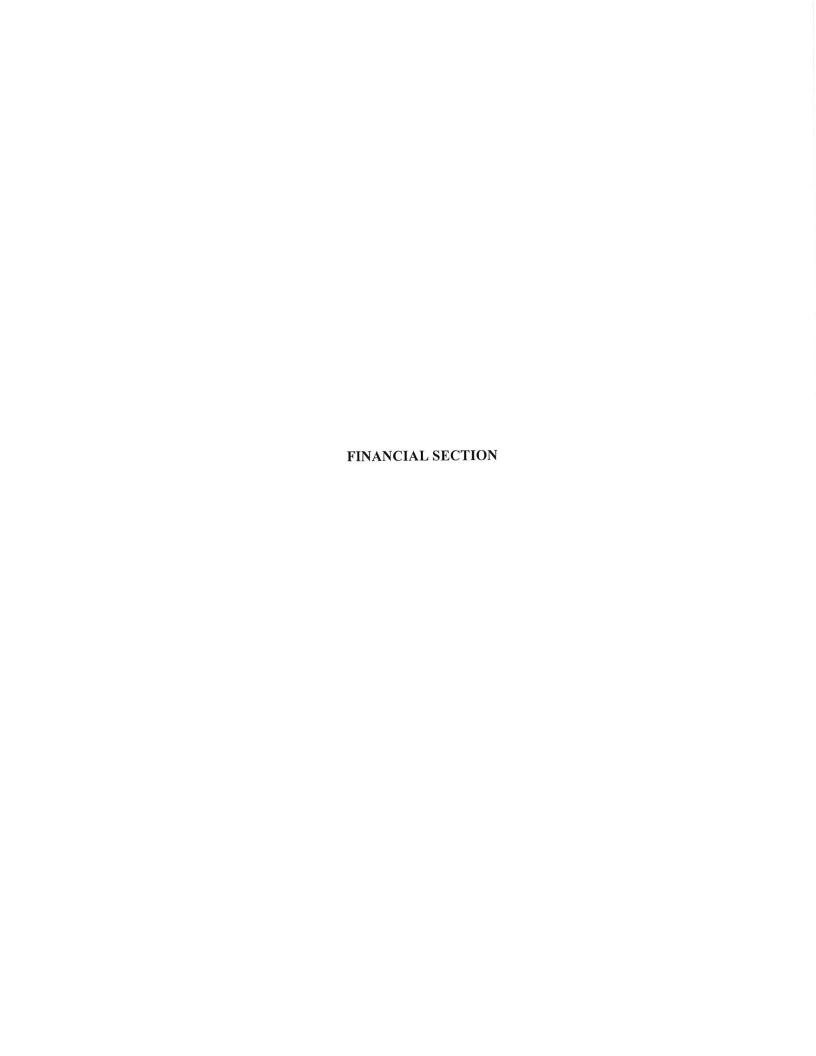
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2020** 

# Town of Walnut Cove, North Carolina Table of Contents June 30, 2020

Exhibit		Page
Exhibit	Financial Section:	
	Members of Board of Commissioners and Town Officials	1
	Independent Auditor's Report	2-4
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	5-15
	Basic Financial Statements:	
	Government-wide Financial Statements:	
1	Statement of Net Position	16
2	Statement of Activities	17
	Fund Financial Statements:	
3	Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	18
4	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds	19-20
5	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Annual Budget and Actual – General Fund	21
6	Statement of Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds	22
7	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	23
8	Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	24-25
9	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	26
	Notes to the Financial Statements	27-52
	Required Supplemental Financial Data:	
	Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) – Local Government Employees' Retirement System	53
	Schedule of Contributions – Local Government Employees' Retirement System	54

	Page
Individual Fund Schedules:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	55-58
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) – Water and Sewer Fund	59-60
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) – Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund	61
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) – License Plate Agency Fund	62-63
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Tele-communications Agency Fund	64
Other Schedules:	
Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	65
Analysis of Current Tax Levy – Town-Wide Levy	66



# TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA JUNE 30, 2020

## MEMBERS OF BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

Nellie Brown, Mayor Elwood Mabe, Mayor Pro-Tem Danny Hairston Thomas Mitchell Joe Bennett

# **TOWN OFFICIALS**

Kim Greenwood, Town Manager Amanda Bryant, Town Clerk and Finance Officer

# GIBSON & COMPANY, P.A.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners Town of Walnut Cove, North Carolina

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit (except as described below), each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Walnut Cove, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Town of Walnut Cove ABC Board, which represents 100 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Town of Walnut Cove ABC Board, is based solely on the report of another auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Discretely Presented Component Unit

As discussed in Note IX to the financial statements, the Town of Walnut Cove ABC Board's auditor issued a qualified opinion on the June 30, 2020 financial statements.

### Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the matters described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Discretely Presented Component Unit" paragraph, the financial statements of the Town of Walnut Cove ABC Board, present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the discretely presented component unit of the Town of Walnut Cove, North Carolina as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Unmodified Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Walnut Cove, North Carolina as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Contributions, on pages 5 through 15 and 53 through 54, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Walnut Cove, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

mpory, P.B.

Winston-Salem, North Carolina

November 25, 2020



### Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Walnut Cove, we offer readers of the Town of Walnut Cove's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Walnut Cove for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this parrative.

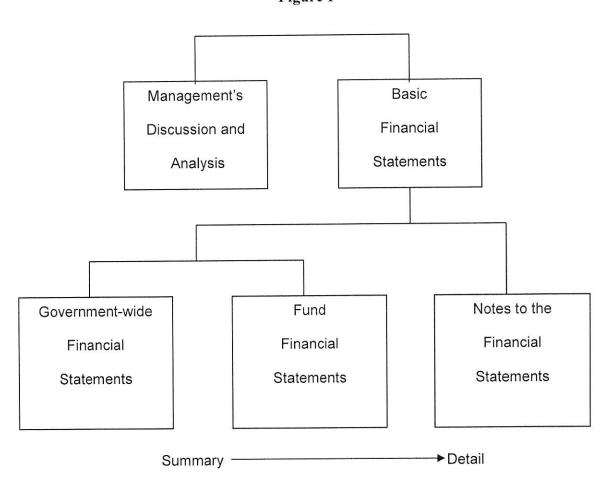
### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Walnut Cove exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$7,082,797 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$328,816 primarily due to an increase in the governmental and business-type activities net position.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Walnut Cove's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,431,191 with a net change of \$172,407 in fund balance. Approximately 13.49 percent of this total amount, or \$193,056, is non-spendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,238,135 or 143.94 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The Town of Walnut Cove's total long-term debt decreased by \$79,679 (9.00%) during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this decrease was the repayments of debt for the new library and bonds.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Walnut Cove's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Walnut Cove.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1



### **Basic Financial Statements**

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Management Discussion and Analysis **Town of Walnut Cove** 

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gage the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and State and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Walnut Cove. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the Town, the ABC Board is important to the Town. The Town exercises control over the Board by appointing its members and the Board is required to distribute its profits to the Town.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Walnut Cove, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Town of Walnut Cove can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Walnut Cove adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied

# Management Discussion and Analysis **Town of Walnut Cove**

with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

**Proprietary Funds** – The Town of Walnut Cove has two proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Walnut Cove use enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity and license plate agency activities. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

**Fiduciary Funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The Town of Walnut Cove has one fiduciary fund which is an agency fund.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 27 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Walnut Cove's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 53 of this report.

**Interdependence with Other Entities:** The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and State laws and federal and State appropriations.

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

#### **Town of Walnut Cove's Net Position**

### Figure 2

		Govern Activ	nment vities		Busines Activ	 œ	Total				
	7	2020	V	2019	2020	2019	2020		2019		
Current and other assets	\$	1,467,796	\$	1,337,010	\$ 1,821,250	\$ 1,615,875	\$ 3,289,046	\$	2,952,885		
Capital assets		1,197,386		1,229,935	3,410,214	3,524,588	4,607,600		4,754,523		
Deferred outflows of resources		29,240		29,760	58,190	53,585	87,430		83,345		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		2,694,422		2,5%,705	5,289,654	5,194,048	7,984,076		7,790,753		
Long-term liabilities outstanding		103,850		124,863	533,942	606,599	637,792		731,462		
Other liabilities		52,334		96,107	209,115	205, 164	261,449		301,271		
Deferred inflows of resources		641		1,522	1,397	2,517	2,038		4,039		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		156,825		222,492	 744,454	814,280	 901,279		1,036,772		
Net position:											
Net Investment in capital assets		1,107,548		1,112,539	2,862,743	2,873,666	3,970,291		3,986,205		
Restricted		193,056		182,472	-		193,056		182,472		
Unrestricted		1,236,993		1,079,202	1,682,457	 1,506,102	 2,919,450		2,585,304		
Total net position	\$	2,537,597	\$	2,374,213	\$ 4,545,200	\$ 4,379,768	\$ 7,082,797	\$	6,753,981		

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Walnut Cove exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$7,082,797 as of June 30, 2020. The Town's net position increased by \$328,816 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. However, the largest portion (56.06%) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The Town of Walnut Cove uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Walnut Cove's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Walnut Cove's net position, \$193,056, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$2,919,450 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

• Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues remained stable increasing slightly.

# Town of Walnut Cove's Changes in Net Position Figure 3

		anır tivit	nental ies	Busines Activ		To	Total			
	2020	aivii	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019			
Revenues:										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 99,06	5 \$	92,878	\$ 1,051,879	\$ 960,424	\$ 1,150,944	\$ 1,053,302			
Operating grants and contributions	43,60	4	44,292	-	_	43,604	44,292			
Capital grants and contributions	5,00	0	-		-	5,000	-			
General revenues:										
Property taxes	512,28	7	482,083	-	-	512,287	482,083			
Other taxes		_	-	-	-	-	-			
Grants and contributions not restricted										
to specific programs	359,38	0	345,930	·	標	359,380	345,930			
Other	17,92	9	11,293	115,550	102,759	133,479	114,052			
Total revenues	1,037,26	5	976,476	1,167,429	1,063,183	2,204,694	2,039,659			
Expenses:										
General government	388,92	7	304,833	~	-	388,927	304,833			
Public safety	258,28	4	256,498	-	_	258,284	256,498			
Transportation	43,32	3	39,470		5. <del>=</del> 1	43,323	39,470			
Economic development	29,96	1	103,006	-	-	29,961	103,006			
Environmental protection	87,11	2	83,698	-	a <del>=</del>	87,112	83,698			
Culture and recreation	27,20	3	26,273	-	77-	27,203	26,273			
Special appropriations	35,50	0	33,000	-	-	35,500	33,000			
Interest on long-term debt	3,57	1	4,382	-	: <del>-</del>	3,571	4,382			
Water and sewer	-		-	827,322	822,059	827,322	822,059			
License plate agency	-		/=	174,675	133,144	174,675	133,144			
Total expenses	873,88	1	851,160	1,001,997	955,203	1,875,878	1,806,363			
Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers	163,38	4	125,316	165,432	107,980	328,816	233,296			
Transfers			123,881		(123,881)	-	_			
Increase (decrease) in net position	163,38	4	249,197	165,432	(15,901)	328,816	233,296			
Net position, beginning	2,374,2		2,125,016	4,379,768	4,395,669	6,753,981	6,520,685			
Net position, June 30	\$ 2,537,59	7	\$ 2,374,213	\$ 4,545,200	\$ 4,379,768	\$ 7,082,797	\$ 6,753,981			

Management Discussion and Analysis **Town of Walnut Cove** 

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$163,384.

**Business-type activities**: Business-type activities increased the Town of Walnut Cove's net position by \$165,432.

### Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Walnut Cove uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds**. The focus of the Town of Walnut Cove's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Walnut Cove's financing requirements.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Walnut Cove. At the end of the current fiscal year, Town of Walnut Cove's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$1,238,135 while total fund balance reached \$1,431,191. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 143.94% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 166.39 percent of that same amount.

At June 30, 2020, the governmental funds of Town of Walnut Cove reported a combined fund balance of \$1,431,191 with a net increase in fund balance of \$172,407. Included in this change in fund balance is an increase in the fund balance of the General Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

With revenues increased the Town was able to substantially comply with its budgetary requirements.

Management Discussion and Analysis **Town of Walnut Cove** 

**Proprietary Funds**. The Town of Walnut Cove's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$1,682,457. The total change in net position was \$165,432.

# Capital Asset and Debt Administration

**Capital assets.** The Town of Walnut Cove's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2020, totals \$4,607,600 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, water and sewer distribution systems and facilities, and vehicles.

There were no major capital asset transactions during the year.

# Town of Walnut Cove's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

	Govern				Busine. Activ			Total				
•	2020	2019		2020		2019			2020		2019	
Land and easements	\$ 103,741	\$	103,741	\$	168,102	\$	168,102	\$	271,843	\$	271,843	
Construction in Progress	-		Ŧ		99,629		99,584		99,629		99,584	
Infrastructure	263,654		269,774		-				263,654		269,774	
Buildings and Improvements	799,051		821,041		73,798		75,432		872,849		896,473	
Furniture and equipment	23,926		27,515		11,772		20,413		35,698		47,928	
Vehicles and motorized equipment	1		1		26,291		21,004		26,292		21,005	
Basketball courts and equipment	7,013		7,863		s <del>-</del>		-		7,013		7,863	
Water and Sewer Plant and Distribution System	-		-		3,030,622		3,140,053		3,030,622		3,140,053	
Total	\$ 1,197,386	\$	1,229,935	\$	3,410,214	\$	3,524,588	\$	4,607,600	\$	4,754,523	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note III.A.4 of the Basic Financial Statements.

# Management Discussion and Analysis **Town of Walnut Cove**

**Long-term Debt**. As of June 30, 2020, the Town of Walnut Cove had total debt outstanding of \$805,426. All of this is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

# Town of Walnut Cove's Outstanding Liabilities

Figure 5

	Govern Activ			Busine Activ		•				
,	2020	2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Compensated absences	\$ 12,221	\$ 9,774	\$	20,988	\$	12,119	\$	33,209	\$	21,893
Direct Placement Installment loan	89,838	117,396		-		-		89,838		117,396
Net pension liability	42,402	35,766		92,506		59,128		134,908		94,894
General obligation bonds	-	-		547,471		650,922		547,471		650,922
Total	\$ 144,461	\$ 162,936	\$	660,965	\$	722,169	\$	805,426	\$	885,105

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Town of Walnut Cove is \$10,175,562.

Additional information regarding the Town of Walnut Cove's long-term debt can be found in Note III.B.5 of this report.

# **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town.

- The employment rate in the Town of Walnut Cove has been relatively stable over the last several years.
- The Town generated approximately 31% of its water and sewer revenues from a single industrial textile consumer during the year ended June 30, 2020.

### Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021

Governmental Activities: The tax rate remains stable for the year ending June 30, 2021.

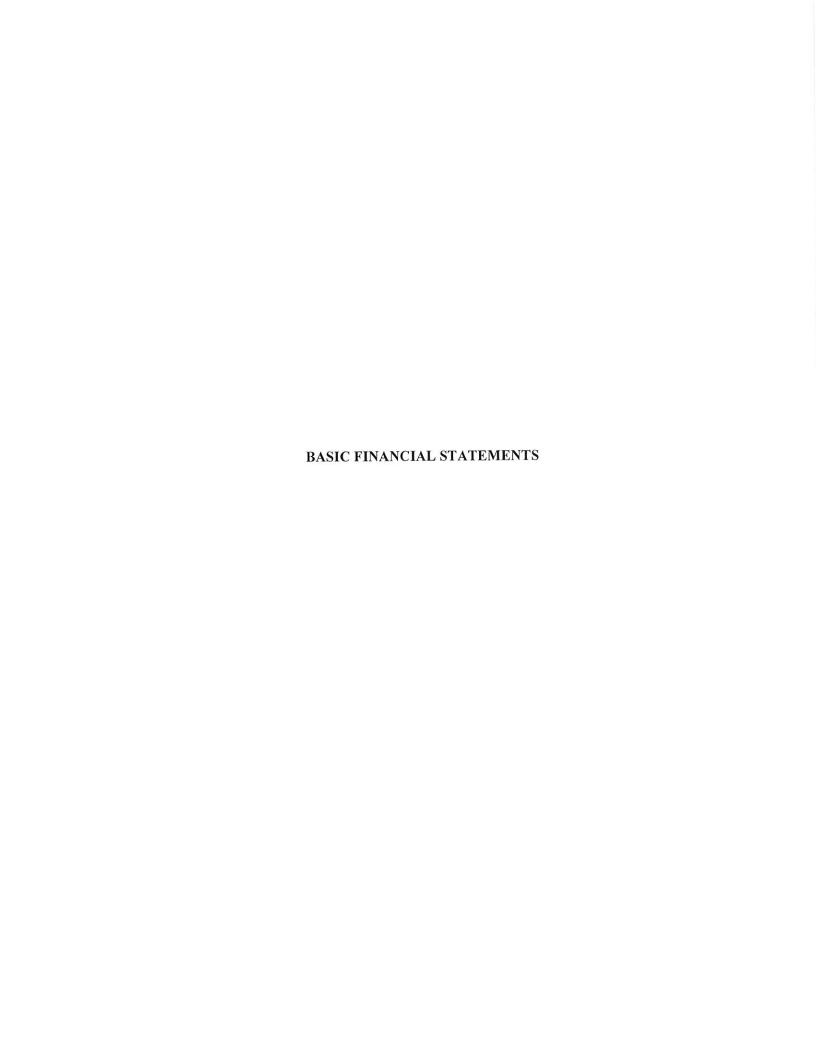
Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are projected to be \$939,312. There is an overall inccrease in the General Fund due substantially to an increase in Administrative expenditures.

Management Discussion and Analysis **Town of Walnut Cove** 

**Business-type Activities:** Water and sewer rates remained consistent during this fiscal year 2020-21. A series of capital improvements are planned for the Town's wastewater system, which will direct budgeting and capital expenditures over the next several budget cycles. Further increases in utility rates will be necessary to pay for upgrades.

### **Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the office of the Town Manager, Town of Walnut Cove, 208 West Third Street, Walnut Cove, NC 27052. One can also call 336-591-4809, visit our website <a href="www.townofwalnutcove.org">www.townofwalnutcove.org</a> or send an email to <a href="townmanagerwe@embarqmail.com">townmanagerwe@embarqmail.com</a> for more information.



# TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

		Pr	imar	y Governme	nt		T	own of
		vernmental Activities		siness-type Activities		Total	Wal	nut Cove C Board
ASSETS								
Current assets:				1 272 222		0.0000010	•	17.000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,249,858	\$	1,516,785	\$	2,766,643	\$	17,000
Taxes receivables (net)		24,882		227.762		24,882 237,763		
Accounts receivable (net)		10.75		237,763		237,703		116,150
Other receivables		70,430		26,030		96,460		110,130
Due from other governments  Due from component unit		40,541		20,030		40,541		
Inventories		-		9,820		9,820		126,361
Prepaid items		_		-		<b>=</b> 0		4,997
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		82,085		30,852		112,937		-
Total current assets		1,467,796		1,821,250		3,289,046		264,508
Non-current assets: Capital assets:								
Land, non-depreciable improvements, and		102.741		267 721		371,472		
construction in progress Other capital assets, net of depreciation		103,741 1,093,645		267,731 3,142,483		4,236,128		33,665
Total capital assets		1,197,386		3,410,214		4,607,600		33,665
Total assets		2,665,182		5,231,464		7,896,646		298,173
Total assets		2,000,102						
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension deferrals		29,240		58,190		87,430		9,692
Total deferred outflows of resources		29,240		58,190		87,430		9,692
A CANADA MANAGA								
LIABILITIES  Comment liabilities								
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses		11,723		42,164		53,887		33,609
Accrued interest payable		11,723		451		451		-
Rent deposit		_		8,625		8,625		-
Due to primary government		-		-				40,541
Due to other governments		-		-		-		33,215
Current portion of long-term liabilities		40,611		127,023		167,634		170
Payable from restricted assets		÷		30,852		30,852		
Total current liabilities		52,334		209,115		261,449		107,365
Long-term liabilities:								
Net pension liability		42,402		92,506		134,908		6,553
Due in more than one year	·	61,448		441,436	93 D000000	502,884		
Total liabilities		156,184		743,057		899,241		113,918
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension deferrals		641		1,397		2,038		-
Total deferred outflows of resources		641		1,397		2,038		
NET POSITION				0.0/0.510		2.050.201		22 (65
Net Investment in capital assets		1,107,548		2,862,743		3,970,291		33,665
Restricted for:		110.071				110 071		_
Stabilization by State Statute		110,971		-		110,971 82,085		-
Streets Other functions		82,085		15		82,083		39,128
Other functions Unrestricted		1,236,993		1,682,457		2,919,450		121,154
Total net position	\$	2,537,597	\$	4,545,200	\$	7,082,797	\$	193,947
. o net position	1776							

# TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Program Revenues						Net (Ex	pense) Reven	ue and	Changes in Net Po	sition	
											imary Gover			
			(	Charges for		-		tal Grants and		overnmental	Business-ty	•		Town of Walnut
Functions/Programs	I	Expenses		Services	and Con	tributions	Contributions			Activities	Activities		Total	Cove ABC Board
Primary government:														
Governmental Activities:														
General government	\$	388,927	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(388,927) \$	5	- 5	\$ (388,927)	\$
Public safety		258,284		21,852				-		(236,432)		-	(236,432)	14
Transportation		43,323		-		42,563		-		(760)		-	(760)	-
Economic development		29,961		-		-		-		(29,961)		-	(29,961)	
Environmental protection		87,112		77,213		1,041		-		(8,858)		-	(8,858)	
Cultural and recreation		27,203		-				5,000		(22,203)		-	(22,203)	=
Special appropriations		35,500						-		(35,500)		-	(35,500)	-
Interest on long-term debt		3,571		-		-		-		(3,571)		-	(3,571)	
Total governmental activities		873,881		99,065		43,604		5,000		(726,212)			(726,212)	
Business-type activities:														
Water and sewer		827,322		865,364		-		-		-	38	.042	38,042	-
License plate agency		174,675		186,515		-		-		-	11	,840	11,840	
Total business-type activities	-	1,001,997		1,051,879		-		-			49	,882	49,882	-
Total primary government	\$	1,875,878	\$	1,150,944	\$	43,604	\$	5,000	=	(726,212)	49	,882	(676,330)	2:
Component unit:														
ABC Board	\$	1,276,007		1,305,828	\$	-	\$	-		-		-		29,821
Total component unit	\$	1,276,007	\$	1,305,828	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 5	\$	- :	\$ -	\$ 29,821
		al revenues:												
	Tax P		levied	I for general pur	pose					512,287		-	512,287	
	C	Other taxes								110		-	110	_
	Gra	ints and contrib	bution	s not restricted t	to specific	programs				359,380		-	359,380	-
	Unr	restricted inves	tment	earnings	•					4,861		321	5,182	
		scellaneous		Ü						12,958	115	,229	128,187	-
	Total	general revenu	es not	including trans	fers					889,596		,550	1,005,146	-
	Transf			9	-					-	110	-	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1-
		Total general	l rever	nues and transfer	rs					889,596	115	,550	1,005,146	-
		Change in ne								163,384		,432	328,816	29,821
														2,021
	Net po	osition, beginn	ing							2,374,213	4,379	768	6,753,981	164,126

# TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		Aajor Fund	
			Total
			Governmental
		General	Funds
ASSETS	\$	1,249,858	\$ 1,249,858
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted Cash	'D	82,085	82,085
Taxes receivable (net)		24,882	24,882
Due from other governments		70,430	70,430
Due from component unit		40,541	40,541
Total assets		1,467,796	1,467,796
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		11,723	11,723
Total liabilities	A <del></del>	11,723	11,723
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		24 882	24 882
Property taxes receivable		24,882	24,882 24,882
Total deferred inflows of resources		24,882	24,002
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted		110.071	110.071
Stabilization by State Statute		110,971 82,085	110,971 82,085
Streets		1,238,135	1,238,135
Unassigned Total fund balances	-	1,431,191	1,431,191
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	1,467,796	-
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of			
Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial			
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Gross capital assets at historical cost	\$	1,655,973	
Accumulated depreciation	Facilities I	(458,587)	1,197,386
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not			
reported in the funds			29,240
Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in			24.002
fund statements.			24,882
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not			
financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds			(42,402)
Net pension liability  Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not			(42,402)
reported in the funds			(641)
Other long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, accrued			* *
interest, pension and other postemployment benefits, and			
compensated absences are not due and payable in the current			
period and therefore are not reported in the funds.			(102,059)
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 2,537,597

# TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Major Fund	
		Total
		Governmental
	General Fund	Funds
REVENUES		e 507.507
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 507,597	\$ 507,597
Other taxes and licenses	110	110
Unrestricted intergovernmental	359,380	359,380
Restricted intergovernmental	48,604	48,604
Permits and fees	21,852	21,852
Sales and services	77,213	77,213
Investment earnings	4,861	4,861
Miscellaneous	12,959	12,959
Total revenues	1,032,576	1,032,576
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General government	372,409	372,409
Public safety	257,230	257,230
Transportation	37,203	37,203
Economic development	29,961	29,961
Environmental protection	87,112	87,112
Cultural and recreation	9,624	9,624
Special appropriations	35,500	35,500
Debt service:		
Principal	27,559	27,559
Interest and other charges	3,571	3,571
Total expenditures	860,169	860,169
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		
expenditures	172,407	172,407
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers from other funds	-3	1 <del>7</del> 0
Transfers to other funds	•	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-
Net change in fund balance	172,407	172,407
Fund balances, beginning,	1,258,784	
Fund balances, ending	\$ 1,431,191	<b>5</b> 3
Tana salahos, shang		(continued)

# TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 172,407
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized Depreciation expense for governmental assets	\$ (32,549)	(32,549)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		11,353
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues		4,690
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal payments on long-term debt		27,559
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Compensated absences	(2,447) (17,629)	(20,076)
Pension (expense) revenue  Total changes in net position of governmental activities	 (17,029)	\$ 163,384

# TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Genera	al F	und		
		<del></del>			Actual	Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive
	(	Original	Final		Amounts	(1)	Negative)
Revenues:							
Ad valorem taxes	\$	473,941	\$ 473,941	\$	507,597	\$	33,656
Other taxes and licenses		-	7 <b>=</b>		110		110
Unrestricted intergovernmental		272,908	272,908		359,380		86,472
Restricted intergovernmental		51,800	51,800		48,604		(3,196)
Permits and fees		11,000	11,000		21,852		10,852
Sales and services		65,000	65,000		77,213		12,213
Investment earnings		700	700		4,861		4,161
Miscellaneous		6,000	6,000		12,959		6,959
Total revenues		881,349	881,349		1,032,576		151,227
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		362,057	362,057		372,409		(10,352)
Public safety		258,314	258,314		257,230		1,084
Transportation		62,000	62,000		37,203		24,797
Economic development		36,963	36,963		29,961		7,002
Environmental protection		87,707	87,707		87,112		595
Cultural and recreation		10,000	10,000		9,624		376
Special appropriations		37,300	37,300		35,500		1,800
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		26,130	26,130		27,559		(1,429)
Interest and other charges		878	878		3,571		(2,693)
Total expenditures		881,349	881,349		860,169		21,180
Revenues over (under) expenditures		9	¥		172,407		172,407
Other financing sources (uses):							
Tranfers from other funds		-	-				-
Tranfers to other funds	-		 				
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	 		-		
Fund balance appropriated		5	ä		ä		
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$ -	=	172,407	\$	172,407
Fund balances, beginning					1,258,784	_	
Fund balances, ending				_\$	1,431,191	=	

# TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Major Enterprise Funds					
		Water and License Plate				
		Sewer Fund	Agenc	<u>y</u>		Total
ASSETS						
Current assets:		== 0.10	e 20	066	ď	1 516 705
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,477,819	\$ 38	,966	\$	1,516,785
Accounts receivable (net) - billed		219,915		3-3		219,915 17,848
Accounts receivable (net) - unbilled		17,848		-		17,040
Other receivables		0.540	1.5	,482		26,030
Due from other governments		8,548 9,820	17	,402		9,820
Inventories		30,852		-		30,852
Restricted cash and cash equivalents  Total current assets		1,764,802	56	,448		1,821,250
Total current assets		1,704,802		2,110		1,021,200
Non-current assets:						
Capital assets:  Land and other non-depreciable assets		267,731		-		267,731
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		3,068,685	73	3,798		3,142,483
Capital assets		3,336,416		3,798		3,410,214
Total non-current assets	8	3,336,416		3,798		3,410,214
	() <del></del>					
Total assets	)3 <del></del>	5,101,218	130	),246		5,231,464
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension deferrals		35,707		2,483		58,190
Total deferred outflows of resources		35,707	22	2,483		58,190
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		32,354	Ç	,810		42,164
Accrued interest payable		451		11#		451
Rent deposit		8,625		-		8,625
Compensated absences - current		10,587	10	),401		20,988
General obligation bonds payable - current		106,035		1070		106,035
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:				50 <b>4</b> 0		20.052
Customer deposits		30,852		-		30,852
Total current liabilities	-	188,904	20	),211		209,115
Non-current liabilities:						
Net pension liability		56,661	3.5	5,845		92,506
General obligation bonds payable - non-current	<u> </u>	441,436		12		441,436
Total non-current liabilities		498,097	35	5,845		533,942
Total liabilities	-	687,001	50	5,056		743,057
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						1 205
Pension deferrals		856		541		1,397
Total deferred inflows of resources		856		541		1,397
NET POSITION			200.00			
Net Investment in capital assets		2,788,945		3,798		2,862,743
Unrestricted	_	1,660,123	22	2,334		1,682,457
Total net position	_\$	4,449,068	\$ 90	5,132	\$	4,545,200

# TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Major Enterp				
	Water and			License Plate		e and gen
		Sewer Fund	Agency		Total	
OPERATING REVENUES						
Water charges	\$	512,420	\$	-	\$	512,420
Sewer charges		342,173		-		342,173
Water and sewer taps				-		=
Other operating revenues		10,771		186,515		197,286
Total operating revenues		865,364		186,515		1,051,879
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Water and sewer operations		684,711		-		684,711
Agency operations		: <del>-</del>		173,041		173,041
Depreciation		127,785		1,634		129,419
Total operating expenses		812,496		174,675		987,171
Operating income (loss)		52,868		11,840		64,708
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Rental income		115,229		-		115,229
Investment earnings		321		-		321
Interest expense		(14,826)		150		(14,826)
Total nonoperating revenues						
(expenses)		100,724		-		100,724
Income (loss) before						
contributions and transfers		153,592		11,840		165,432
Transfers to other funds		S-				(=)
Change in net position		153,592		11,840		165,432
Total net position, beginning		4,295,476		84,292		4,379,768
Total net position, ending	_\$_	4,449,068	\$	96,132	\$	4,545,200

# TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Major Enterp Water and Sewer		License Plate Agency	m 1
		Fund	Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$	827,681 \$	178,194 \$	1,005,875
Cash paid for goods and services	Ψ	(384,403)	8,879	(375,524)
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services		(274,557)	(163,455)	(438,012)
Customer deposits received		12,475		12,475
Customer deposits returned		(10,375)	±a −	(10,375)
Other operating revenues		10,771	-	10,771
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		181,592	23,618	205,210
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers to other funds		-	-	-
Total cash flows used by noncapital financing activities		-	_	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(15,045)	9	(15,045)
Principal paid on general obligation bonds		(103,451)	-	(103,451)
Interest paid on debt		(14,911)	-	(14,911)
Capital contribution				(100 105)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	4	(133,407)		(133,407)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				117.000
Rental income		115,229	=	115,229
Interest income		321	-	321
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	115,550	-	115,550
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		163,735	23,618	187,353
Balances, beginning		1,344,936	15,348	1,360,284
Balances, ending	\$	1,508,671 \$	38,966 \$	1,547,637

(continued)

# TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Water and Sewer Fund		License Plate	Total
			Agency	
			Fund	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided by operating activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$	52,868 \$	11,840 \$	64,708
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		127,785	1,634	129,419
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities				
and deferred inflows of resources:				
(Increase) in accounts receivable		(6,060)	-	(6,060)
(Increase) Decrease in due from other governments		(3,524)	(8,438)	(11,962)
(Increase) Decrease in inventory		-	-	E
(Increase) Decrease in deferred outlows of resources -				
pensions		(3,402)	(1,203)	(4,605)
Increase (Decrease) in net pension liability		21,303	12,075	33,378
Increase (Decrease) in deferred inflows of resources -				
pensions		(649)	(471)	(1,120)
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued				
liabilities		(13,099)	3,582	(9,517)
Increase (Decrease) in compensated absences		4,270	4,599	8,869
Increase (Decrease) in customer deposits		2,100	j <b>e</b> .	2,100
Total adjustments		128,724	11,778	140,502
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	181,592 \$	23,618 \$	205,210

# TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Comm A	Tele- Communications Agency Fund	
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,700	
Liabilities			
Liabilities: Accounts payable and liabilities		2,700	
Net Position			
Reserved for Employees Retirement System			
Total net position	\$	_	

# Note I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Walnut Cove and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

## A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Walnut Cove is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a four-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the Town is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the Town's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Town.

### Town of Walnut Cove ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the Town. In addition, the ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute portions of its surpluses to the General Fund of the Town. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at the Town of Walnut Cove ABC Board, Walnut Cove, North Carolina.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

## Note I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

## B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including the fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

**General Fund**. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations. A Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund has been consolidated into the Water and Sewer Fund for financial reporting purposes. The budgetary comparison for the Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund has been included in the supplemental information.

License Plate Agency Fund. This fund is used to account for the License Plate Agency that is operated by the Town.

The Town reports the following fund types:

**Fiduciary Funds**. These funds account for the assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Fiduciary funds include the following funds:

**Agency Fund.** Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency funds are used to account for assets the Town holds on behalf of others. The Town maintains one agency fund, the Tele-Communications Agency Fund, which accounts for moneys deposited with the Town of Walnut Cove to pay for the monitoring of the improvements to a cell tower within the Town.

# Note I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

# Note I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

## C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues such as the utilities sales tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Walnut Cove because the tax is levied by Stokes County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

### D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. The enterprise fund projects are consolidated with their respective operating fund for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. All amendments must be approved by the governing board and the Board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

# E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

### 1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town and the ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law (G. S. 159-31). The Town and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G. S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

#### 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income and considers all cash and investments to be cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

## TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Note I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

#### 3. Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purposes as outlined in G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

Town of Walnut Cove Restricted	Cash	
Governmental Activities		
General Fund		
	Streets	\$ 82,085
Total governmental activities		 82,085
Business-type Activities Water and Sewer Fund		
	Customer deposits	30,852
Total Business-type Activities		 30,852
Total Restricted Cash		\$ 112,937

#### 4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G. S. 105-347 and G. S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1<sup>st</sup> (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6<sup>th</sup>. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes which are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

#### 5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

## TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Note I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

#### 6. Inventories and Prepaid items

The inventories of the Town and the ABC Board are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. The inventory of the Town's Enterprise Fund consists of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of this inventory is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased. The ABC Board inventory consists of alcoholic beverages for resale and is recorded as cost of sales when sold.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

#### 7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The plant and equipment in the proprietary funds are recorded at original cost at the time of acquisition. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Infrastructure	50 years
Computer and electronic equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5 years
Furniture and equipment	7-10 years
Building	50 years
Basketball courts	20 years

Property and equipment of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings	50 years
Building Improvements	15 years
Store Furniture	10 years
Office Equipment	5 years

#### Note I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

#### 8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meets this criterion, pension deferrals for the 2020 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has two items that meet this criterion for this category - property taxes receivable and pension deferrals.

#### 9. Long Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to 240 hours earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences are recorded as the leave is earned. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

Employees of the Town and ABC Board shall earn sick leave at the rate of ten working days per full calendar year. Since the Town and ABC Board do not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

ABC Board employees may accumulate up to two weeks earned vacation and such leave is fully vested when earned. All vacation must be taken each year.

### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

#### 11. Net Position/Fund Balances

#### **Net Position**

Note I.

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

#### **Fund Balances**

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of two classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Walnut Cove has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-town funds, town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

#### Note I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

#### 12. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Walnut Cove's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of Walnut Cove has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Note II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

#### A. Significant Violations of Finance -Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

#### 1. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the expenditures made in the Town's General Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the governing board for general government by \$10,352 and for debt service by \$4,122. These over-expenditures occurred because of unanticipated expenditures. Management and the Board will more closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

#### Note III. Detail Notes on All Funds

#### A. Assets

#### 1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town and the ABC Board are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's and the ABC Board's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town, the ABC Board, or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town and the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum

#### Note III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### A. Assets (Continued)

#### 1. Deposits (Continued)

capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The ABC Board has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2020, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$2,490,231 and a bank balance of \$2,522,394. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. The carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$15,200 and the bank balance was \$88,300. All of the bank balances of the ABC Board were covered by federal depository insurance. At June 30, 2020, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$150 and the fiduciary funds cash totaled \$2,700.

#### 2. Investments

At June 30, 2020, the Town of Walnut Cove had \$389,199 invested in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk. The ABC Board has no investments.

#### 3. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2020 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General Fund:	
Taxes receivable	\$ 9,763
Accounts receivable	 -
Total	9,763
Enterprise Funds	82,750
Total	\$ 92,513

#### Note III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### A. Assets (Continued)

#### 4. Capital Assets

**Primary Government** 

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances Increases Decrease		reases		Ending Balances			
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	103,741	\$	-	\$	-	\$	103,741
Construction in progress		-						-
Total capital assets not being depreciated		103,741	XXX +> XXX -> XX	-		-		103,741
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Infrastructure		305,989		-		-		305,989
Buildings and improvements		1,099,507		- 1,099,				
Vehicles and motorized equipment		12,799		_		_		12,799
Furniture and equipment		108,177		_		-		108,177
Basketball courts and equipment		25,760		-		-		25,760
Total capital assets being depreciated	Name of the last	1,552,232		-		-		1,552,232
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Infrastructure		36,215		6,120		-		42,335
Buildings and improvements		278,466	2	1,990		_		300,456
Vehicles and motorized equipment		12,798		12		-		12,798
Furniture and equipment		80,662		3,589		-		84,251
Basketball courts and equipment		17,897		850		-		18,747
Total accumulated depreciation		426,038	3	2,549		-		458,587
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		1,126,194						1,093,645
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	1,229,935	-				\$	1,197,386

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Total depresation expense	W. Control of the Con	
Total depreciation expense	\$	32,549
Cultural and recreational	4.	17,579
Transportation		6,120
Public safety		1,054
General government	\$	7,796

#### Note III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### A. Assets (Continued)

#### 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beg	inning						Ending	
	Ba	lances		Increases	D	ecreases		Balances	
Business-type activities:									
License Plate Agency Fund									
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		\$ -	
Construction in progress		-		-		-			
Total capital assets not being depreciated						-			
Capital assets being depreciated:								Access to the second	
Building and improvements		81,695		-		3-3		81,695	
Furniture and maintenance equipment		-				-		<u>.</u>	
Vehicles and motorized equipment		-		•		-			
Total capital assets being depreciated		81,695				-		81,695	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Building and improvements		6,263		1,634		-		7,897	
Furniture and maintenance equipment		-		-		-		- 1	
Vehicles and motorized equipment		-				-		-	
Total accumulated depreciation		6,263		1,634		-		7,897	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		75,432					32	73,798	
License plate agency fund capital assets, net		75,432					300	73,798	
	р	eginning						Ending	
		Balances		Increases	De	creases		Balances	
Pusings two activities		Julanees		mercuses	De	creases		Balances	
Business-type activities: Water and Sewer Fund									
Capital assets not being depreciated:	¢	160 100	¢		\$		\$	168,102	
Land and easements	\$	168,102	Þ	- 45	Þ		Ф		
Construction in progress		99,584		45				99,629	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		267,686		45		-	-	267,731	
Capital assets being depreciated:		io without anaxon						< 0.0 / 1.00	
Plant and distribution system		6,324,198		•		~		6,324,198	
Furniture and maintenance equipment		331,484		=		#		331,484	
Vehicles and motorized equipment	(1) <u></u>	254,881		15,000		-		269,881	
Total capital assets being depreciated	8	6,910,563		15,000		-		6,925,563	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Plant and distribution system		3,184,145		109,431		4		3,293,576	
Furniture and maintenance equipment		311,071		8,641		-		319,712	
Vehicles and motorized equipment		233,877		9,713		7#		243,590	
Total accumulated depreciation		3,729,093		127,785				3,856,878	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	-	3,181,470					900000	3,068,685	
Water and Sewer fund capital assets, net	-	3,449,156	- 0					3,336,416	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	3,524,588	7.69				\$	3,410,214	
Dustiness-type activities capital assets, net	Ψ_	3,521,500	-						

#### Note III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### A. Assets (Continued)

#### 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

#### Discretely presented component unit

Activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

		eginning Balances	Increases	Dec	creases		Ending Balances
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings	\$	30,117	\$ -	\$	-	\$	30,117
Building Improvements		52,682	7,120		-		59,802
Store furniture and equipment		54,268	-		-		54,268
Total capital assets being depreciated		137,067	7,120		-		144,187
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		29,757	358		=		30,115
Building Improvements		33,591	1,847		=		35,438
Store furniture and equipment		44,431	538		-		44,969
Total accumulated depreciation		107,779	2,743		_	2000012392	110,522
ABC Board capital assets, net	\$	29,288				\$	33,665

#### B. Liabilities

#### 1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations

#### a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Walnut Cove is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

#### Note III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

- B. Liabilities (Continued)
  - 1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)
    - a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of Walnut Cove employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarily determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Walnut Cove's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020, was 8.95% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Walnut Cove were \$30,522 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### Note III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### B. Liabilities (Continued)

#### 1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

#### a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a liability of \$134,908 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Town's proportion was 0.00494%, which was a increase of 0.00094% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$64,451. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 23,100	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions	21,988		_	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Town	3,291		-	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	8,529		2,038	
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 30,522		-	
Total	\$ 87,430	\$	2,038	

#### Note III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### B. Liabilities (Continued)

#### 1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

#### a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

\$30,522 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year ended June 30:

2021	\$ 26,635
2022	8,980
2023	13,955
2024	5,298
2025	ä
Thereafter	-

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons.

#### Note III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### B. Liabilities (Continued)

#### 1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

#### a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2018 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

#### Note III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### B. Liabilities (Continued)

#### 1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

#### a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

1%	Discount	1	1%
Decrease (6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	Increase (8.00%)	
\$ 308 558	\$ 134 908	\$	(9,431)
	Decrease	Decrease Rate (6.00%) (7.00%)	Decrease Rate Inc. (6.00%) (7.00%) (8.

*Pension plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

## Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	LGERS	Total
Pension Expense	\$ 64,451	\$ 64,451
Pension Liability	134,908	134,908
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.00494%	
Deferred of Outflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	23,100	23,100
Changes of assumptions	21,988	21,988
	21,700	21,700
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan	3,291	3,291
investments	3,291	3,291
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions	9.520	0.520
and proportionate share of contributions	8,529	8,529
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequent to	20.522	20, 522
the measurement date	30,522	30,522
Deferred of Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	) <del></del> :	-
Changes of assumptions		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan		
investments	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions		
and proportionate share of contributions	2,038	2,038
and proportionate share of contributions	,	<b>3</b> 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

#### Note III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

- B. Liabilities (Continued)
  - 1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)
    - b. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement and All Other Full-Time Employees

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers and all other full-time employees of the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

**Funding Policy**. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary and five percent of each other employee's salary. All amounts contributed are vested immediately. All employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$35,890 which consisted of \$18,244 from the Town and \$17,646 from the employees.

#### c. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

#### Note III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### B. Liabilities (Continued)

#### 2. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The Town has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

Source	F	Amount
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	\$	30,522
Differences between expected and actual experience		23,100
Changes of assumptions		21,988
Net differences between projected and actual		3,291
Changes in proportion and differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		8,529
Total	\$	87,430

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	ent of Net	neral Fund ance Sheet
Taxes Receivable, less penalties (General Fund)	\$ -	\$ 24,882
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	=
Changes in proportion and differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2,038	 _
Total	\$ 2,038	\$ 24,882

#### Note III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### B. Liabilities (Continued)

#### 3. Commitments

**Solid waste collection:** The Town has entered into an agreement for solid waste collection expiring in June 2025 for approximately \$70,000 per year.

#### 4. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Excess insurance coverage is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large workers' compensation claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Medical stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town carries flood insurance through the Interlocal Risk Financial Fund of North Carolina. The policy carries a coverage limit of \$5,000,000 and a \$50,000 deductible clause.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is individually bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$10,000.

In accordance with G.S. 18B-700(i), each ABC Board member and the employees designated as the general manager and finance officer are bonded in the amount of \$50,000 secured by a corporate surety.

In accordance with G.S. 18B-803(b) and (c) all ABC Board employees who have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$25,000.

The Town of Walnut Cove ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injury to employees; and natural disasters. The ABC board has property, general liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage. The ABC Board also has liquor legal liability. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### B. Liabilities (Continued)

#### 5. Long-Term Obligations

#### a. Direct Placement Installment Purchase

\$203,949 – direct placement bank installment note for the Library due in seven annual installments of \$31,130 including interest at 3.0% through September 2022. The property is pledged as collateral while the debt is outstanding.

\$89,838

Annual debt service payments of the installment purchase to maturity are as follows:

		(	Governmenta	l Acti	vities
	Year Ending June 30	F	rincipal	I	nterest
2021		\$	28,390	\$	2,740
2022			29,288		1,842
2023			32,160		918
Total		\$	89,838	\$	5,500

#### b. General Obligation Indebtedness

General obligation bonds issued to finance the construction of facilities utilized in the operations of the water and sewer system and which are being retired by its resources are reported as long-term debt in the Water and Sewer Fund. All general obligation bonds are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the Town. Principal and interest requirements are appropriated when due.

#### Note III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

- B. Liabilities (Continued)
  - 5. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)
    - b. General Obligation Indebtedness (Continued)

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

Serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund:

\$1,213,425 General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2013, dated July 18, 2013, bearing interest at 2.47% due in monthly installments of \$9,864 including interest through May 18, 2025.

\$547,471

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

		Business-type Activities							
	Year Ending		n		T				
	June 30		Principal		Interest				
	2021	\$	106,035	\$	12,327				
	2022		108,684		9,679				
	2023		111,399		6,963				
	2024		114,182		4,181				
	2025		107,171		1,328				
Total		\$	547,471	\$	34,478				

#### Note III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### B. Liabilities (Continued)

#### 5. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

#### c. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Compensated absences for governmental activities has typically been liquidated in the General Fund.

Governmental activities:		eginning Balance	Ir	ncreases	1	Decreases	Ending Balance	rent Portion f Balance
Direct Placement Installment purchase	\$	117,396	\$	=	\$	27,558	\$ 89,838	\$ 28,390
Compensated absences		9,774		2,447		·=::	12,221	12,221
Net pension liability (LGERS)		35,766		6,636		-	42,402	-
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$	162,936	\$	9,083	\$	27,558	\$ 144,461	\$ 40,611
Business-type activities: General obligation bonds	\$	650,922	\$	-	\$	103,451	\$ 547,471	\$ 106,035
Net pension liability (LGERS)		59,128		33,378		-	92,506	-
Compensated absences	V	12,119		8,869		-	20,988	 20,988
Business-type activity long-term liabilities	\$	722,169	\$	42,247	\$	103,451	\$ 660,965	\$ 127,023

At June 30, 2020, the Town has a legal debt margin of \$10,175,562.

#### C. Net Investment in Capital Assets

Go	vernmental	Business-type			
\$	1,197,386	\$	3,410,214		
	89,838		547,471		
\$	1,107,548	\$	2,862,743		
	\$ \$	\$ 1,197,386 89,838	\$ 1,197,386 \$ 89,838		

#### Note III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### D. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 1,431,191
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	110,971
Streets - Powell Bill	82,085
Remaining Fund Balance	1,238,135

#### Note IV. Jointly Governed Organization

The Town, in conjunction with twelve counties and sixty other municipalities, established the Piedmont Triad Regional Council. The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The Town paid membership fees of \$770 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

#### Note V. Related Party Transactions

The ABC Board's building is erected on land leased from the Town of Walnut Cove. The term of the present lease is for 20 years from July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2031. The Board expects that the lease can be extended at the end of the lease period and has established a 50-year life for depreciation of the building. The agreement provides for annual rental of 12% of net profit derived from the sale of alcoholic beverages. There is no stipulated minimum amount. Upon termination of the lease including any extensions of the lease period, the building and fixtures attached to the building and improvements on the lot shall be the property of the Town of Walnut Cove.

#### Note VI. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

#### **Federal and State Assisted Programs**

The Town has received proceeds from federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

#### Note VII. Economic Dependence

Approximately 31% of water and sewer billings during the year ended June 30, 2020 were to an industrial textile consumer, which is the single largest water customer of the Town.

#### Note VIII. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 25, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### Note IX. Qualified Opinion on Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Walnut Cove ABC Board's auditor has issued a qualified opinion on the June 30, 2020 financial statements on August 10, 2020. The Walnut Cove ABC Board financial statements reflect a claim from the former manager in the amount of \$141,520 at June 30, 2019. An additional claim was recorded for the year ended June 30, 2020 in the amount of \$23,489 and bonding insurance has been collected in the amount of \$50,000. The balance due at June 30, 2020 amounted to \$115,009. This matter is currently under investigation by the State Bureau of Investigation and the amount that will ultimately be collectible cannot be determined at the date of the report. Neither were they able to determine the cash receipts beyond the amount recorded.



# Town of Walnut Cove, North Carolina Town of Walnut Cove's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Seven Fiscal Years \*

#### Local Government Employees' Retirement System

		2020	2019	 2018	2017	 2016	 2015	_	2014
Walnut Cove's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.	.00494%	0.00400%	0.00480%	0.00458%	0.00396%	0.00434%		0.00870%
Walnut Cove's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$	134,908	\$ 94,894	\$ 73,331	\$ 97,203	\$ 17,772	\$ (25,595)	\$	104,868
Walnut Cove's covered payroll	\$ :	349,813	\$ 311,484	\$ 331,047	\$ 301,338	\$ 205,768	\$ 263,294	\$	438,863
Walnut Cove's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		38.57%	30.47%	22.15%	32.26%	8.64%	( 9.72%)		23.90%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**		90.86%	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%		94.35%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

#### Town of Walnut Cove, North Carolina Town of Walnut Cove's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Seven Fiscal Years

#### Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 30,522	\$ 26,392	\$ 23,704	\$ 23,824	\$ 20,619	\$ 14,663	\$ 18,916
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	30,522	26,392	23,704	23,824	20,619	14,663	18,916
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -
Walnut Cove's covered payroll	\$ 349,289	\$ 349,813	\$ 311,484	\$ 331,047	\$ 301,338	\$ 205,768	\$ 263,294
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.74%	7.54%	7.61%	7.20%	6.84%	7.13%	7.18%



## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes:				
Taxes	\$	\$		\$
Penalties and interest			4,079	
Total		473,941	507,597	33,656
Other taxes and licenses:				
Privilege licenses			110	110
Total	-	-	110	110
Unrestricted intergovernmental:			155 401	
Local option sales taxes			175,421	
Telecommunications sales tax			7,600	
Utility sales tax			73,549	
Video franchise fee			7,689	
Beer and wine tax			5,918	
City hold harmless			65,210	
ABC profit distribution			23,993	06.472
Total		272,908	359,380	86,472
Restricted intergovernmental:				
Powell Bill allocation			42,563	
Proceeds for library - Stokes County			-	
Proceeds for library - Walnut Cove Library			5,000	
Solid waste disposal tax			1,041	
Total	-	51,800	48,604	(3,196)
Permits and fees:				
Court fees			4	
Inspections - buildings			20,888	
Inspections - fire			960	10.052
Total	-	11,000	21,852	10,852
Sales and services:			77.212	
Garbage collection fees		(5,000	77,213 77,213	12,213
Total		65,000		12,213
Investment earnings		700	4,861	4,161
Miscellaneous:				
ABC rent			11,309	
Other			1,650	-
Total		6,000	12,959	6,959
Total revenues	8	881,349	1,032,576	151,227
				(tid)

(continued)

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Variance
	960 W 1770		Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures:			
General government:			
Governing Board:		10.000	
Per Diem - Town Commissioners and Mayor		10,000	
Payroll taxes		765	
Advertising		663	
Legal services		6,510	
Auditing		17,716	
Dues and subscriptions		4,207	
Planning board expenses		480	
Miscellaneous expense		4,407	
Total		44,748	
Finance and Administration:			
Salaries and wages		148,285	
Salaries and wages - part-time		32,844	
Salaries and wages - long		589	
Contract services		-	
Employee benefits - 401k		6,860	
Advertising		-	
Office supplies		3,155	
Printing		651	
Postage		651	
Telephone		9,099	
Travel		458	
Training		103	
Bonding and insurance		1 <del>10</del>	
Payroll taxes		13,590	
Retirement		11,354	
Hospital insurance		13,091	
Tax collections - county		13,600	
Elections		-	
System support		5,250	
Dues and subscriptions		1,662	
Workers compensation		5,766	
Bank charges		870	
EDP supplies and services		374	
Miscellaneous expenses		5,477	
Total		273,729	
Public buildings:			
Electricity		5,296	
Natural gas		710	
Town maintenance		7,700	
Town improvements		34,271	
Building repairs		4,212	
Cleaning services		7,212	
		1,216	
Janitorial supplies		527	
Miscellaneous expenses		53,932	
Total Total general government	362,057	372,409	(10,352

(continued)

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Public safety:	Dudget	retual	(Tiegative)
Police:			
Stokes county sheriff's department		150,280	
Taining			
Total	-	150,280	
Fire:			
Contract protection		105,000	
System support		-	
Dues and subscriptions		1,950	
Miscellaneous		106.050	
Total	250 214	106,950	1,084
Total public safety	258,314	257,230	1,084
Transportation:			
Streets:		26,314	
Street improvements		10,634	
Electric power - streetlights		10,034	
Bank charges Miscellaneous expenses		250	
Total transportation	62,000	37,203	24,797
Total transportation	02,000	27,200	
Economic development:		5,162	
Code enforcement		12,299	
Inspections		12,500	
Economic development  Total economic development	36,963	29,961	7,002
		27,701	,,,,,
Environmental protection: Garbage collection		59,406	
Recycling		27,706	
Total environmental protection	87,707	87,112	595
Culture and recreation:			
Events		9,624	
Small Town Main Street		-	
Total culture and recreation	10,000	9,624	376
Special appropriations:			
Library		27,500	
Senior services support		8,000	
Total special appropriations	37,300	35,500	1,800

(continued)

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	p. i	A - 4 1	Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Debt service:	26,130	27,559	(1,429)
Principal retirement	878	3,571	(2,693)
Interest and other charges		31,130	(4,122)
Total debt service	27,008	31,130	(4,122)
Total expenditures	881,349	860,169	21,180
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	172,407	172,407
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers from other funds			
Enterprise Funds	i i	**	-
Transfers to other funds			
Water and Sewer Fund			
Total other financing sources (uses)			
Fund balance appropriated	ā	<b>E</b>	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	172,407	\$ 172,407
Fund balances, beginning Fund balances, ending		1,258,784 \$ 1,431,191	

# TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Operating revenues:			
Water charges		\$ 512,420	
Sewer charges		342,173	
Water and sewer taps		-	
Other operating revenues		10,771	
Total operating revenues	\$ 809,406	865,364	\$ 55,958
Nonoperating revenues:			
Rental income		115,229	
Interest earnings		321	
Total nonoperating revenues	80,000	115,550	35,550
Total revenues	889,406	980,914	91,508
Expenditures:			
Operating expenses:			
Labor		155,836	
Part-time labor		18,306	
Equipment repairs and maintenance		7,866	
Building repairs		1,016	
Vehicle repairs		5,764	
Electric power		65,390	
Natural gas		856	
Payroll taxes		12,747	
Retirement expense		11,806	
Hospital insurance		30,354	
Workers compensation		12,427	
Employee benefits - 401k		6,904	
Postage		3,417	
Gas and oil - vehicle supplies		8,724	
Professional services		14,379	
Uniforms		4,727	
Safety supplies		1,485	
Telephone		13,660	
Water tank maintenance		30,263	
Well house repair		317	
Training/continuing education		1,911	
Dues and subscriptions		3,285	
Water system repairs		37,939	
Office supplies		2,031	
Material supplies		3,596	
Sewer system repairs		58,374	
		83,119	
Water purchase		4,147	
System support		7,17/	
Insurance and bonding		838	
WWTP road repair			
WWTP repairs and maintenance		21,507 10,765	
Well repairs			
Bank charges		4,037	
Miscellaneous		4,543	110.05
Total operating expenses	752,414	642,336	(continued

# TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)
Debt service:					
Interest and other charges			14,911		
Principal retirement			103,451		
Total debt service	121,992		118,362		3,630
Capital outlay:					
Equipment			15,000		
Total capital outlay	15,000		15,000		
Total expenditures	889,406		775,698		113,708
Revenues over expenditures	-		205,216		205,216
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfer from other fund					
General Fund	-		-		.5
Transfer to other fund					
Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund	to		5 to 10 to 1		-
General Fund	-				-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-			-	-
Fund balance appropriated	-		÷		2
Revenues and other sources over (under)	¢.		205 216	¢	205,216
expenditures and other uses	\$ -	-	205,216	\$	203,216
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:					
Revenues and other sources over (under)					
expenditures and other uses		\$	205,216		
Reconciling items:			782 727		
Principal retirement			103,451		
Capital outlay			15,000		
Decrease in accrued interest			85		
Increase in compensated absences			(4,271)		
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions	S		3,402		
Increase in net pension liability			(21,303)		
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions	i		649		
Depreciation			(127,785)		
Bad debts			(20,852)		
Capital contributions			-		
Transfer to Water and Sewer Capital Project Fund		9 <u>445-0-0</u> 0	-		
Total reconciling items			(51,624)		
Change in net position		\$	153,592		

# TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Project Author - ization	Author - Prior		Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues - Pump Station Project: Restricted intergovernmental: Clean Water State Revolving Loan Total restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$	\$ - 	\$ -	
Expenditures - Pump Station Project: Construction Engineering Legal and right-of-way Property and easements Professional services Construction contingency	98,700 - - 1,300	71,323 22,805 - 60	- - - - 45	71,323 22,805 - 105	27,377 (22,805) - 1,195	
Total expenditures	100,000	94,188	45	94,233	5,767	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(100,000)	(94,188)	(45)	(94,233)	5,767	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers from other funds: From Sewer Fund From General Fund Total other sources	100,000	100,000		100,000		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ 5,812	\$ (45)	\$ 5,767	\$ 5,767	

#### TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA LICENSE PLATE AGENCY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Operating revenues:		Φ 156 240	
Service fees		\$ 156,348	
Notary fees		27,753	
Bill pay fees		2 414	
Other operating revenues	n 157.451	2,414	\$ 29,064
Total operating revenues	\$ 157,451	186,515	\$ 29,004
Nonoperating revenues:			
Interest earnings		<u>-</u>	
Total nonoperating revenues			-
Total revenues	157,451	186,515	29,064
Expenditures:			
Operating expenses:			
Labor		103,386	
Part-time labor		3,391	
Building repairs		785	
Payroll taxes		7,851	
Retirement expense		7,362	
Hospital insurance		21,734	
Employee benefits - 401k		4,480	
Telephone		2,771	
Training		174	
Equipment repairs		391	
Printing		52	
Travel		106	
Office supplies		3,153	
Novelty items		584	
Miscellaneous		1,821	
Total operating expenses	157,451	158,041	(590)
Debt service:			
Interest and other charges		-	
Principal retirement		#	
Total debt service		-	
			(continued)

#### TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA LICENSE PLATE AGENCY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual	P	oriance ositive egative)
Capital outlay:	Baaget				<u> </u>
Equipment			<del></del>		
Total capital outlay	-		-		-
Total expenditures	157,451		158,041	1	(590)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>-</u>		28,474		28,474
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfer from other fund					
General Fund	-				-
Total other financing sources (uses)		Name of the last o			-
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$ -		28,474	\$	28,474
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:  Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		\$	28,474		
Reconciling items: Capital outlay			_		
Increase in compensated absences			(4,599)		
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pension	S		1,203		
Increase in net pension liability			(12,075)		
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions	3		471		
Depreciation			(1,634)		
Capital contributions			-		
Total reconciling items			(16,634)		
Change in net position		\$	11,840		

# TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA TELE-COMMUNICATIONS AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Beginning Balance				Ending Balance	
Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,665	\$	35 \$	-	\$	2,700
Liabilities: Tele-Communications	\$ 2,665	\$	35 \$		\$	2,700



#### TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE JUNE 30, 2020

Fiscal Year		ncollected Balance ne 30, 2019		Additions		Collections And Credits		Uncollected Balance ine 30, 2020
2019-2020	\$	_	\$	513,270	\$	496,452	\$	16,818
2018-2019	Φ	14,296	Ψ	515,270	Ψ	6,494		7,802
2017-2018		4,162		<b>E</b> 3		1,146		3,016
2016-2017		2,844		=		149		2,695
2015-2016		1,753		-		414		1,339
2014-2015		2,037		=		1,040		997
2013-2014		1,402		-		625		777
2012-2013		2,096		-		1,433		663
2011-2012		606		-		368		238
2010-2011		544		-		320		224
2009-2010		522		-		446		76
2008-2009		509		-		509	Westernam	-
	\$	30,771	\$	513,270	\$	509,396		34,645
	G	s: allowance for eneral Fund valorem taxes ro					\$	9,763 24,882
	Rec	oncilement to re	evenues:					
		valorem taxes - conciling items		Fund			\$	507,597
		nterest collected						(4,079)
	I	Discounts allow	ed and rel	leases				5,369
	7	Taxes written of	f				-	509
		Subtotal						1,799
	Tota	al collections an	d credits				\$	509,396

# TOWN OF WALNUT COVE, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY TOWN-WIDE LEVY JUNE 30, 2020

					Total	Levy
			Town - Wide		Property excluding Registered	Registered
		Property Valuation	Rate	Total Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles
Original levy: Property taxed at current rate	\$	128,317,500	0.40	\$ 513,270	\$ 470,764	\$ 42,506
Discoveries - current and prior years		-	0.40	-	-	-
Releases		_	0.40			
Total property valuation	\$	128,317,500				
Net levy				513,270	470,764	42,506
Unpaid (by taxpayer) taxes at June 30, 20	20			(16,818)	(16,818)	-
Current year's taxes collected				\$ 496,452	\$ 453,946	\$ 42,506
Current levy collection percentage				96.72%	96.43%	100.00%