REVIEWEDBy SLGFD at 11:13 am, Dec 22, 2021

ALLEGHANY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

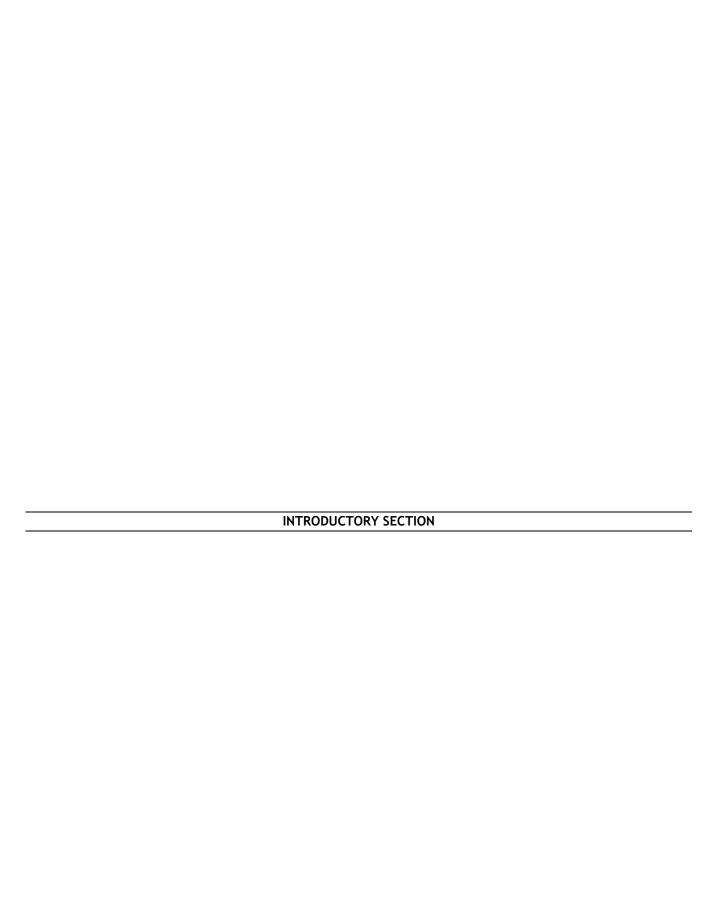
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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ALLEGHANY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS as of JUNE 30, 2021

Bill Osborne, Chairman

Bobby Irwin, Vice Chair John U. Irwin, Jr.

Mechelle Luffman Mark Evans

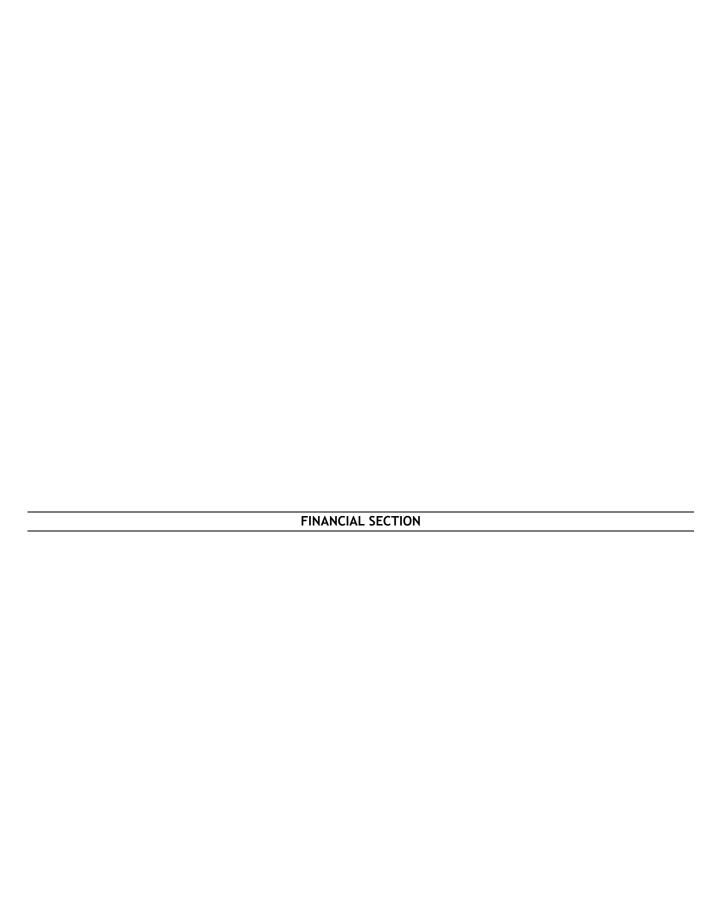
BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS as of NOVEMBER 23, 2021

Bill Osborne, Chairman

Bobby Irwin, Vice Chair John U. Irwin, Jr.

Mechelle Luffman Mark Evans

OTHER OFFICIALS





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Commissioners Alleghany County Sparta, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Alleghany County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Alleghany County, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 18 to the financial statements, in 2021, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 84. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Restatement of Beginning Balances

As described in Note 19 to the financial statements, in 2021, the County restated beginning balances to reflect the requirements of GASB Statement No. 84 and correction of prior balances. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 5-13 and 73-78 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Alleghany County, North Carolina's basic financial statements. The introductory section and supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Supplementary and Other Information (Continued)

The supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 23, 2021, on our consideration of Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 23, 2021

Robinson, Famer, Cox associates

ALLEGHANY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

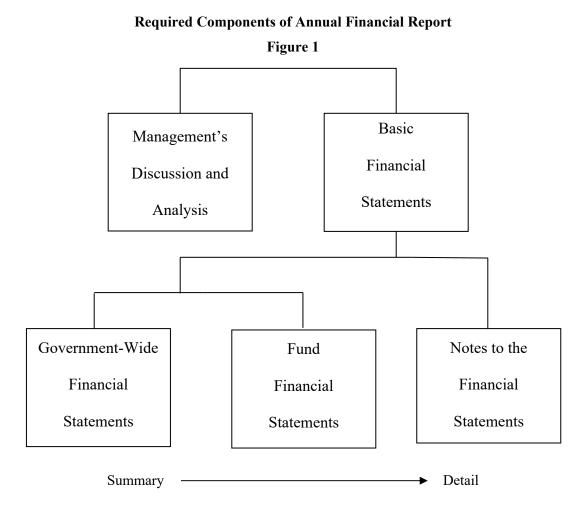
As management of Alleghany County, we offer readers of Alleghany County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Alleghany County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of Alleghany County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year by \$10,809,969 (*net position*).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Alleghany County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,256,506. Approximately 22% of this total amount, or \$1,575,611, is restricted as to how it can be spent. Approximately 22% of the total ending governmental fund balance, or \$1,570,955, is reported in funds other than the General Fund.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, available fund balance for the General Fund totaled \$4,452,146, or 27%, of total General Fund expenditures and transfers to other funds for the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Alleghany County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Alleghany County.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-Wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 11) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the fund financial statements: 1) the governmental funds statements, 2) the budgetary comparison statements, 3) the proprietary fund statements, and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements.

Following the notes is the **Required Supplemental Information**. This section contains funding information about the County's pension and OPEB plans.

After the required supplemental information, **Supplemental Information** is provided to show details about the County's funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities, 2) business-type activities, and 3) component unit. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services, such as public safety, economic and physical development, human services, and general administration. Property taxes and federal and State grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the County charges customers to provide. These include the landfill services offered by Alleghany County. The final category is component units of which the County has one, the Tourism Development Authority.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Alleghany County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Alleghany County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*. This method also has a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Alleghany County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the general statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the

County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds. Alleghany County has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Alleghany County uses an Enterprise Fund to account for its landfill operations. This fund represents business-type activity in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Alleghany County has three fiduciary funds. The Jail Inmate Fund, Town of Sparta Tax Fund, and the Library fund are all considered custodial funds. The Jail Inmate Fund is the balance held by inmates in the County jail. The Town fund manages the billing and collection of Town taxes. The Library fund is a balance held for the use of the Library Board.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning Alleghany County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on Schedule A-1 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis Alleghany County's Net Position

Figure 2

	Govern	mental	Busine	ess-Type		
	Activ	vities	Acti	vities	To	otal
		(Restated)		_		(Restated)
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Assets:						
Current and other						
assets	\$ 8,527,001	\$ 5,855,189	\$ 355,353	\$ 226,616	\$ 8,882,354	\$ 6,081,805
Capital assets, net	20,412,237	21,412,185	458,881	484,314	20,871,118	21,896,499
Total assets	28,939,238	27,267,374	814,234	710,930	29,753,472	27,978,304
Deferred Outflows						
of Resources	3,622,537	1,409,996	195,363	70,526	3,817,900	1,480,522
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities	1,959,799	2,093,226	144,757	116,660	2,104,556	2,209,886
Other liabilities	18,189,565	16,071,210	688,884	632,236	18,878,449	16,703,446
Total liabilities	20,149,364	18,164,436	833,641	748,896	20,983,005	18,913,332
Deferred Inflows						
of Resources	1,632,111	1,938,555	146,287	98,793	1,778,398	2,037,348
Net Position:						
Net investment in						
capital assets	16,059,706	16,227,862	418,685	405,127	16,478,391	16,632,989
Restricted	1,493,232	1,016,778	-	-	1,493,232	1,016,778
Unrestricted (deficit)	(6,772,638)	(8,670,261)	(389,016)	(471,360)	(7,161,654)	(9,141,621)
Total net position	(0,772,030)	(0,070,201)	(505,510)	(171,500)	(7,101,001)	(2,111,021)
(deficit)	\$ 10,780,300	\$ 8,574,379	\$ 29,669	\$ (66,233)	\$ 10,809,969	\$ 8,508,146

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Alleghany County exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$10,809,969 as of June 30, 2021. The County's net position increased by \$2,301,823 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The largest portion of net position, \$16,478,391, reflects the County's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, and equipment). Alleghany County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Alleghany County's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Several particular aspects of the County's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a collection percentage of 98.54%
- Monitoring of operating expenses including consolidating expenses as much as possible.

Alleghany County's Changes in Net Position

Figure 3

		nmental ivities			Busines Activ			To	tal		
	-	Restate	ed	_							Restated
	2021	2020			2021		2020		2021		2020
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 1,891,498	\$ 1,656	,202	\$	1,173,475	\$	1,074,605	\$	3,064,973	\$	2,730,807
Operating grants and											
contributions	3,861,479	3,250	,139		-		-		3,861,479		3,250,139
Capital grants and contributions	166,198	122	,401		-		-		166,198		122,401
General revenues:											
Property taxes	11,431,809	10,380	,725		-		-		11,431,809		10,380,725
Other taxes	3,577,015	2,771	,806		-		-		3,577,015		2,771,806
Grants and contributions not											
restricted to specific programs	70,366	81	,397		-		-		70,366		81,397
Investment earnings,											
unrestricted	167	33	,427		15		4,231		182		37,658
Miscellaneous	236,417	25	,909						236,417	_	25,909
Total revenues	21,234,949	18,322	,006	_	1,173,490	_	1,078,836	_	22,408,439	_	19,400,842
Expenses:											
General government	6,074,864	5,261	,707		-		-		6,074,864		5,261,707
Public safety	5,326,809	5,035	,925		-		-		5,326,809		5,035,925
Economic and physical											
development	496,162	500	,886		-		-		496,162		500,886
Environmental protection	-	23	,420		-		-		-		23,420
Human services	3,464,739	3,578	,849		-		-		3,464,739		3,578,849
Cultural and recreation	272,392	380	,461		-		-		272,392		380,461
Education	3,305,011	3,465	,599		-		-		3,305,011		3,465,599
Interest on long-term debt	89,051	118	,472		-		-		89,051		118,472
Solid waste					1,077,588		982,169	_	1,077,588		982,169
Total expenses	19,029,028	18,365	,319		1,077,588	_	982,169		20,106,616		19,347,488
Change in net											
position before transfers	2,205,921	(43	,313)		95,902		96,667		2,301,823		53,354
Transfers in (out)										_	
Change in											
net position	2,205,921	(43	<u>,313</u>)		95,902	_	96,667		2,301,823	_	53,354
Net Position (Deficit):											
Beginning of year, as restated	8,574,379	8,617	,692		(66,233)		(162,900)		8,508,146		8,454,792
End of year	\$ 10,780,300	\$ 8,574	,379	\$	29,669	\$	(66,233)	\$	10,809,969	\$	8,508,146

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$2,209,408. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

• Overall revenues increased by \$2,912,943. The increase in revenue combined with a \$660,222 increase in expenses, generated the current year increase in net position. Property tax revenues increased approximately \$1,051,084 due the completion of a revaluation. The tax rate was not adjusted due to increased property values in the County. A revenue neutral rate was calculated and published. The County's largest expenses are for general government (32%) and public safety (28%.) The largest increases were in general government (\$813,157 or 15%) due to COVID-19 hazard pay, increased overtime, and other mitigation costs.

Business-Type Activities. Business-type activities increased Alleghany County's net position by \$95,902. Key elements of this increase are as follow:

- Annual escalating costs of operations including increased contractual costs from solid waste disposal facility, and scrap tire facility.
- Realized better collections through the Tax Office regarding the household solid waste fees.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Alleghany County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Alleghany County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Alleghany County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Alleghany County. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance available in the General Fund was \$4,452,146 while total fund balance was \$5,685,551. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both available fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Available fund balance represents 27% of net General Fund expenditures and transfers to other funds, while total fund balance represents 35% of that same amount.

At June 30, 2021, the governmental funds of Alleghany County reported a combined fund balance of \$7,256,506, an increase of \$2,479,842 over last year. The General Fund and other Governmental Funds experienced an overall increase in fund balance, while the County Buildings Capital Project Fund experienced a decrease of (\$61,622) due to mainly the expenditure on courthouse renovations.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Proprietary Funds. Alleghany County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail. Net position (deficit) of the Landfill Fund at the end of the fiscal year totaled \$29,669.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. Alleghany County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021 totaled \$20,871,118 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, improvements, and equipment.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include:

- Completed construction of senior citizen center with cost incurred of approximately \$365,000.
- Start of construction of courthouse improvements.
- Purchase of temporary living units for citizens due to the earthquake.
- Purchase of several vehicles for public safety and transportation.
- Removing the pool from use as it was not to be repaired from earthquake damage.

Alleghany County's Capital Assets Figure 4

	Govern	me	ntal	Busines	ss-T	Гуре				
	 Activ	vitie	es	 Activ	itie	es .	_	То	tal	
			Restated							Restated
	 2021		2020	 2021		2020	_	2021		2020
Land	\$ 507,639	\$	513,769	\$ 110,183	\$	110,183	\$	617,822	\$	623,952
Buildings	23,478,329		23,490,442	342,698		342,698		23,821,027		23,833,140
Improvements	7,396,896		7,424,061	115,343		115,343		7,512,239		7,539,404
Machinery and										=
equipment	5,448,612		5,250,128	553,907		524,269		6,002,519		5,774,397
Construction in										=
progress	 564,089		393,454	 			_	564,089		393,454
Total	37,395,565		37,071,854	1,122,131		1,092,493		38,517,696		38,164,347
Less: accumulated										
depreciation	 (16,983,328)		(15,659,669)	 (663,250)		(608,179)		(17,646,578)		(16,267,848)
Capital assets, net	\$ 20,412,237	\$	21,412,185	\$ 458,881	\$	484,314	\$	20,871,118	\$	21,896,499

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-Term Debt Alleghany County's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

	Gover	nme	ntal	Busine	ss-T	ype				
	 Acti	vitie	es	Acti	vities	3	To	tal		
	2021		2020	2021		2020	 2021		2020	
Installment purchase notes	\$ 4,495,390	\$	5,656,889	\$ 40,196	\$	79,187	\$ \$ 4,535,586		\$ 5,736,076	

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue up to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Alleghany County is approximately \$135,000,000.

Additional information regarding Alleghany County's long-term debt, including details of pension liability, compensated absences, OPEB, and accrued landfill closure and post-closure care costs, can be found in the notes of this audited financial report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Government Activities. The County adopted FY 21/22 budget including the following highlights:

- 2% cost of living increase for all full-time employees
- Adding 4 dispatchers and continue transitioning to EMD's
- Adding 2 law enforcement positions in the Sheriff's Office and Jail
- Adding an IT Administrator to the administrative staff
- Converting the part-time Veteran's Service Office employee to full-time
- Establish \$50,000 escrow account for future revaluation expenses
- Included \$100,000 for relocation of dispatch center and will work with NC PSAP Board on related grant funding
- Will continue to repair County buildings from earthquake damage

The overall property tax rate will remain the same at .597 per \$100 of value. The County implemented a Fire District Tax on July 1, 2020. The rate for the Fire District Tax will stay the same at the following rates:

Cherry Lane: .04 per \$100 of value Laurel Springs: .07 per \$100 of value Sparta: .03 per \$100 of value Glade Creek: .07 per \$100 of value Piney Creek: .06 per \$100 of value

Business–Type Activity. The Alleghany County Transfer Facility adopted FY21/22 budget including the following highlights:

- 2% cost of living increase for all full-time employees
- Purchase of a used roll-off truck for the facility and \$80,000 in other improvements
- Added a solid waste fee for permanent site campers
- Lowered disposal and transportation cost for solid waste as a result of the recent bid award

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Officer, P.O. Box 366, Sparta, North Carolina 28675.



Alleghany County, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

		Pı	rima	ary Governme	nt			Component Unit
	Go	overnmental	В	usiness-type			T	ourism Development
		Activities		Activities		Total		Authority
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,408,750	Ś	281,577	Ś	6,690,327	Ś	158,528
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		.,,	•	- /-	•	-,,-	•	,-
Taxes receivable		218,532		-		218,532		-
Accounts receivable		476,645		73,776		550,421		15,863
Due from other governmental units		1,060,809		-		1,060,809		-
Prepaid items		16,384		-		16,384		-
Restricted assets:		,				ŕ		
Cash and cash equivalents		310,890		-		310,890		-
Net pension asset		34,991		-		34,991		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		,				ŕ		
Land		507,639		110,183		617,822		-
Buildings		14,058,818		127,058		14,185,876		-
Improvements		3,964,885		58,481		4,023,366		-
Equipment and vehicles		1,316,806		163,159		1,479,965		-
Construction in progress		564,089		-		564,089		
Total assets	Ś	28,939,238	\$	814,234	\$	29,753,472	Ś	174,391
	<u> </u>	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				.,,		,
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension related items	\$	1,496,645	\$	114,277	\$	1,610,922	\$	-
OPEB related items		2,125,892		81,086		2,206,978		-
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	3,622,537	\$	195,363	\$	3,817,900	\$	-
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	185,154	\$	93,530	\$	278,684	\$	500
Accrued salaries	·	308,170	·	· -	·	308,170	·	-
Accrued interest payable		54,653		-		54,653		-
Unearned grant revenue		40,858		-		40,858		-
Long-term liabilities:								
Due within one year		1,370,964		51,227		1,422,191		-
Due in more than one year		18,189,565		688,884		18,878,449		-
Total liabilities	\$	20,149,364	\$	833,641	\$	20,983,005	\$	500
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred revenue - prepaid taxes	\$	79,305	\$	-	\$	79,305	\$	-
Pension related items		30,213		1,508		31,721		-
OPEB related items	_	1,522,593		144,779		1,667,372		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	1,632,111	\$	146,287	\$	1,778,398	\$	<u> </u>
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	16,059,706	\$	418,685	\$	16,478,391	\$	-
Restricted:								
Stabilization by State Statute		1,133,969		-		1,133,969		-
Other		146,577		-		146,577		-
Recreation		108,064		-		108,064		-
Register of Deeds		69,631		-		69,631		-
Register of Deeds pension		34,991				34,991		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		(6,772,638)		(389,016)		(7,161,654)		173,891
Total net position	\$	10,780,300	\$	29,669	\$	10,809,969		173,891

Alleghany County, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Prog	Program Revenues				Net (Exp Chang	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	and 'n	
					Operating	Capital] I	Prim	Primary Government	ent	Ö	Component Unit
Functions/Programs	Ш	Expenses	Charges for Services		Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions		Governmental B <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total	Touris	Tourism Development Authority
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:												
General government administration	s	6,074,864	\$ 478,312	12 \$	676,048	· \$	S	(4,920,504) \$	•	\$ (4,920,504)	4) \$	
Public safety		5,326,809	1,338,965	. 69	1,130,356	•		(2,857,488)	•	(2,857,488)	· (8	•
Economic and physical development		496,162	3,908	80	•	•		(492,254)	•	(492,254)	. 4	
Environmental protection			•		25,433	•		25,433		25,433	3	
Human services		3,464,739	68,138	38	2,029,642	110,934		(1,256,025)	•	(1,256,025)	2)	
Cultural and recreational		272,392	2,175	75	•	•		(270,217)	•	(270,217)	(
Education		3,305,011	•		•	55,264		(3,249,747)	٠	(3,249,747)	(2	
Interest on long-term debt		89,051	•		•	•		(89,051)		(89,051)	-	
Total governmental activities	ş	19,029,028	\$ 1,891,498	\$ 86	3,861,479	\$ 166,198	~	(13,109,853) \$		\$ (13,109,853)	3) \$	
Business-type activities: Landfill	٧	1,077,588	5 1,173,475	75 \$		· •	Ś	·	95,887	\$ 95.887	\$	
Total primary government	· s		\$ 3,064,973		3,861,479	\$ 166,198	1	(13,109,853) \$	95,887	\$ (13,0		
COMPONENT UNIT:		!						•				
Tourism Development Authority	s	49,343	5	٠ >		٠.	ا ا	s -	•		s	(49,343)
Total component unit	ς	49,343	40	\$	•		- ~	\$	•	- \$	S	(49,343)
	Gener	General revenues:										
	Taxes:	S:										
	PA	Ad valorem taxes					\$	11,431,809 \$	•	\$ 11,431,809	\$ 6	•
	Loc	Local option sales tax	tax					3,201,534	•	3,201,534	4	•
	Oth	Other taxes and licenses	censes					375,481	•	375,481	_	
	Unre	stricted revenu	es from use	of mone	Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property			167	15	182	2	_
	Misce	Miscellaneous						236,417		236,417	7	
	Gran	ts and contribu	tions not res	tricted t	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	ams		70,366	•	70,366	9	155,609
	Total	Total general revenues	nes				\$	15,315,774 \$	15	\$ 15,315,789	\$ 6	155,610
	Chang	Change in net position		-			\$	2,205,921 \$	95,902	s	ۍ د د	106,267
	Net po	Net position - beginning, as restated Net position - ending	ing, as restal	Dej			v	8,5/4,3/9	(66,233)	\$,508,146	ر و و	67,624
	ואבר אר	יאורוטוו - בווחוווצ					٠	000,000,001	27,007	Դ		170,071

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

Part			Ma	ajor					
ASSETS Fund Fund Fund Fund Total Cash and cash equivalents \$ 4,986,900 \$ 0.00 \$ 1,422,160 \$ 6,408,750 Prepaid times 206,233 \$ 1,422,160 \$ 216,038 Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): 2206,233 \$ 12,300 \$ 218,532 Accounts receivable 460,361 \$ 16,284 \$ 16,608,000 Due from other governmental units 10,600,000 \$ 119,707 \$ 75,253 \$ 310,600,000 Restricted assets: 3 115,720 \$ 119,917 \$ 75,253 \$ 310,600,000 Cash acquivalents \$ 115,720 \$ 119,917 \$ 75,253 \$ 310,600,000 Total assets \$ 115,720 \$ 119,917 \$ 75,253 \$ 310,600,000 Cash acquivalents \$ 16,849,712 \$ 119,917 \$ 75,253 \$ 310,600,000 Cash acquivalents \$ 146,969 \$ 2,547 \$ 35,538 \$ 185,154,600 Cash acquivalents \$ 146,969 \$ 2,547 \$ 35,638 \$ 185,154,600 Accruedt liabilities \$ 79,305 \$ 79,305 \$ 79,				Cou	unty Buildings		Other		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents \$ 4,986,590 \$ 0.0 \$ 1,432,160 \$ 6,408,750 Prepaid items 206,232 10.34 16,384 16,384 Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): 2206,232 10.00 112,300 218,532 Accounts receivable 460,361 10.00 16,284 476,645 Due from other governmental units 1,000,809 10.00 16,284 476,645 Due from other governmental units 1,157,200 119,917 75,253 310,600,800 Restricted assets: 308,170 119,917 75,253 310,800 Cash and cash equivalents 115,720 119,917 75,253 310,800 Total assets \$ 146,969 2,547 35,638 \$ 189,020 Cash and cash equivalents \$ 146,969 2,547 35,638 \$ 189,020 Cash and cash equivalents \$ 146,969 2,547 35,638 \$ 189,020 Cash and cash equivalents \$ 2,469,000 \$ 2,547 \$ 35,638 \$ 18,020 Cash and cash equivalents			General	Ca	pital Project	Go	vernmental		
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 4,986,590 \$ 1,422,160 \$ 6,048,750 Prepaid items 0 16,348 10,388 Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): 206,232 0 12,300 218,532 Accounts receivable 460,361 0 16,284 476,645 Due from other governmental units 1,060,809 0 1,060,809 0 1,060,809 Restricted assets: 315,729 119,917 77,525 310,809 Cash and cash equivalents 5,6829,712 119,917 77,525 310,809 Total assets 5,6829,712 119,917 77,525 310,809 Accounts payable 5,6829,712 119,917 75,253 310,809 Accounts payable 5,146,969 2,547 \$ 35,638 4,842,104 Accued liabilities 308,170 0 5 308,170 Unavailable revenue - prepaid taxes 5,79,305 5 7,6,496 534,182 Unavailable revenue - EM5 receivable 206,232 0 12,300 218,532			Fund		Fund		Funds		Total
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 4,986,590 \$ 1,422,160 \$ 6,048,750 Prepaid items 0 16,348 10,388 Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): 206,232 0 12,300 218,532 Accounts receivable 460,361 0 16,284 476,645 Due from other governmental units 1,060,809 0 1,060,809 0 1,060,809 Restricted assets: 315,729 119,917 77,525 310,809 Cash and cash equivalents 5,6829,712 119,917 77,525 310,809 Total assets 5,6829,712 119,917 77,525 310,809 Accounts payable 5,6829,712 119,917 75,253 310,809 Accounts payable 5,146,969 2,547 \$ 35,638 4,842,104 Accued liabilities 308,170 0 5 308,170 Unavailable revenue - prepaid taxes 5,79,305 5 7,6,496 534,182 Unavailable revenue - EM5 receivable 206,232 0 12,300 218,532	ASSETS								
Prepaid items	1.552.15	Ś	4.986.590	Ś	-	Ś	1,422,160	Ś	6.408.750
Receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles): 206,232	·	•	-	•	-	•		•	
Taxes receivable 206,232 - 12,000 218,302 Accounts receivable 460,361 - 16,284 476,643 Due from other governmental units 1,060,809 - - 1,060,809 Restricted assets: - 115,720 119,917 75,253 310,809 Cash and cash equivalents 115,720 119,917 75,253 310,809 Total assets 5,6829,712 119,917 75,253 310,809 Cash and cash equivalents 115,720 119,917 75,253 310,809 Total assets 116,849 2,547 3,5438 8,842,010 Cash and cash equivalents 308,170 0 3,08,170 1 40,858 40,858 40,858 40,858 40,858 40,858 40,858 40,858 40,858 40,858 10,868 20,242 0 2,040 5,041,858 2,041,858 10,868 2,043,858 2 2 2 2 2 2,052,958 2 2,073,935 2	•						,		,
Accounts receivable 460,361 16,284 476,645 Due from other governmental units 1,060,809 1,060,809 Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents 115,720 119,917 75,253 310,809 Total assets \$6,829,712 \$119,917 75,253 310,809 CASH and cash equivalents \$116,608 2,547 \$154,231 \$8,492,010 CAST and cash equivalents \$146,699 2,547 \$35,638 \$185,154 CACCOURTS payable \$146,699 2,547 \$35,638 \$185,154 Accounts payable \$308,170 \$1 \$308,170 Accounts payable \$308,170 \$2 \$308,170 Accounts payable \$308,170 \$308,170			206,232		-		12,300		218,532
Pube from other governmental units 1,060,809 1,0			•		-		•		
Restricted assets: 115,720 119,917 75,523 310,800 Total assets \$ 6,829,712 \$ 119,917 75,523 \$ 310,800 LABILITIES Accrued liabilities \$ 146,969 2,547 \$ 35,638 \$ 185,154 Cunear revenue \$ 308,170 \$ 2,547 \$ 35,638 \$ 185,154 Unearred revenue \$ 2,545 \$ 2,547 \$ 308,170 \$ 40,858 40,858 Total liabilities \$ 455,139 \$ 2,547 \$ 76,408 \$ 34,858 Total liabilities \$ 79,305 \$ 2,547 \$ 76,408 \$ 34,858 Unavailable revenue - prepaid taxes \$ 79,305 \$ \$ 2,547 \$ 76,408 \$ 79,305 Unavailable revenue - 2MS receivable \$ 79,305 \$ \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2,304 \$ 2,348,335 \$ 2 \$ 2,306 \$ 2,349,385 \$ 2 \$ 2,306 \$ 2,349,385 \$ 2 \$ 2,306 \$ 2,349,385 \$ 2 \$ 2,306 \$ 2,306,385 \$ 2,306,385 \$ 2,306,385 \$ 2,306,385 \$ 2,306,385 \$ 2,306,38	Due from other governmental units		•		-		-		
Total assets \$ 6,829,712 \$ 119,917 \$ 1,542,381 \$ 8,492,010									
Clabilities	Cash and cash equivalents		115,720		119,917		75,253		310,890
Accounts payable \$ 146,969 2,547 \$ 35,638 \$ 185,154 Accrued liabilities 308,170 - - 308,170 Unearned revenue - - - 40,858 40,858 Total liabilities \$ 455,139 \$ 2,547 \$ 76,406 \$ 534,182 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - prepaid taxes \$ 79,305 \$ - \$ 79,305 \$ - \$ 79,305 \$ 79,305 \$ - \$ 79,305 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 16,348 \$ 16,348 \$ 16,348 \$ 16,348 \$ 16,348 \$ 16,348 \$ 16,348 \$ 16,348 \$ 16,34	Total assets	\$	6,829,712	\$	119,917	\$	1,542,381	\$	8,492,010
Accounts payable \$ 146,969 2,547 \$ 35,638 \$ 185,154 Accrued liabilities 308,170 - - 308,170 Unearned revenue - - - 40,858 40,858 Total liabilities \$ 455,139 \$ 2,547 \$ 76,406 \$ 534,182 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - prepaid taxes \$ 79,305 \$ - \$ 79,305 \$ - \$ 79,305 \$ 79,305 \$ - \$ 79,305 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 12,300 218,532 \$ 16,348 \$ 16,348 \$ 16,348 \$ 16,348 \$ 16,348 \$ 16,348 \$ 16,348 \$ 16,348 \$ 16,34									
Accrued liabilities 308,170 c 308,178 1 308,178 1 308,178 40,858 40,3485 40,3485 40,3485 40,3485 40,3485 40,3485 40,3485 40,3485 40,3485 40,3485 40,3485 40,3485 40,3485 40,3485	LIABILITIES								
Unearned revenue - - 40,858 40,858 Total liabilities \$ 455,139 \$ 2,547 \$ 76,496 \$ 534,182 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - prepaid taxes \$ 79,305 \$ 9 \$ 79,305 \$ 79,305 \$ 12,300 218,532 Unavailable revenue - ad valorem taxes receivable 403,485 - 0 403,485 Unavailable revenue - EMS receivable 403,485 - 0 403,485 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 689,022 \$ 0 \$ 12,300 \$ 701,322 FUND BALANCES Vision Balances For Balances \$ 689,022 \$ 16,384	• •	\$	•		2,547	\$	35,638	\$	-
Stabilization by State Statute Stabilization by State Statute			308,170		-		-		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - prepaid taxes \$ 79,305 \$ - \$ - \$ 79,305 Unavailable revenue - ad valorem taxes receivable 206,232 - 12,300 218,532 Unavailable revenue - EMS receivable 403,485 - 0 - 403,485 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 689,022 \$ - \$ 12,300 \$ 701,322 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid items \$ - \$ 16,384 \$ 16,384 Prepaid items \$ - \$ 11,117,685 - 16,284 \$ 1,333,969 Other 69,631 117,370 146,577 333,578 Recreation - 69,631 117,370 146,577 333,578 Recreation - 40,089 108,064 108,064 Committed 46,089 108,064 108,064 Unassigned 10,462,764 10,662,76 1,166,276 Unassigned 4,452,146 1,452,186 - 4,452,146 Total fund balances 5,685,551 117,370 \$ 1,453,585 \$ 7,256,506					-				
Unavailable revenue - prepaid taxes \$ 79,305 \$ - \$ 12,300 218,532 Unavailable revenue - ad valorem taxes receivable 206,232 - 12,300 218,532 Unavailable revenue - EMS receivable 403,485 \$ 12,300 \$ 701,322 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: \$ 16,384 \$ 16,384 \$ 16,384 Prepaid items \$ - \$ \$ 16,384 \$ 16,384 \$ 16,384 Restricted: * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Total liabilities	\$	455,139	\$	2,547	\$	76,496	\$	534,182
Unavailable revenue - ad valorem taxes receivable 206,232 12,300 218,532 Unavailable revenue - EMS receivable 403,485 - - 403,485 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 689,022 \$ 12,300 701,322 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid items \$ - \$ 16,384 \$ 16,384 Restricted: **** Stabilization by State Statute 1,117,685 - \$ 16,284 1,133,969 Other 69,631 117,370 146,577 333,578 Recreation - 69,631 117,370 146,577 333,578 Committed 46,089 - 108,064 108,064 Assigned - - 1,166,276 1,166,276 Unassigned 4,452,146 - - 4,452,146 Total fund balances 5,685,551 \$ 117,370 \$ 1,453,585 \$ 7,256,506	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - EMS receivable 403,485 - - 403,485 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 689,022 \$ - \$ 12,300 \$ 701,322 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid items \$ 16,384 \$ 16,384 Prepaid items \$ 16,384 \$ 16,384 Restricted: \$ 1,117,685 - \$ 16,284 1,133,969 Other 69,631 117,370 146,577 333,578 Recreation - - 108,064 108,064 Committed 46,089 - - 46,089 Assigned - - 1,166,276 1,166,276 Unassigned 4,452,146 - - 4,452,146 Total fund balances \$ 5,685,551 \$ 117,370 \$ 1,453,585 \$ 7,256,506	Unavailable revenue - prepaid taxes	\$	79,305	\$	-	\$	-	\$	79,305
FUND BALANCES FUND BAL	Unavailable revenue - ad valorem taxes receivable		206,232		-		12,300		218,532
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid items \$ - \$ 16,384 \$ 16,384 Restricted: Stabilization by State Statute 1,117,685 - 16,284 1,133,969 Other 69,631 117,370 146,577 333,578 Recreation - - 108,064 108,064 Committed 46,089 - - 46,089 Assigned - - 1,166,276 1,166,276 Unassigned 4,452,146 - - 4,452,146 Total fund balances \$ 5,685,551 \$ 117,370 \$ 1,453,585 \$ 7,256,506	Unavailable revenue - EMS receivable		403,485		-		-		403,485
Nonspendable: Prepaid items \$ - \$ \$. \$ 16,384 \$ 16,384 Restricted: \$ 1,117,685 \$. \$. \$. \$ 16,284 \$ 1,133,969 Other 69,631 \$. \$. \$. \$. \$ 108,064 \$ 1,806 Recreation 2 . \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$.	Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	689,022	\$	-	\$	12,300	\$	701,322
Nonspendable: Prepaid items \$ - \$ \$. \$ 16,384 \$ 16,384 Restricted: \$ 1,117,685 \$. \$. \$. \$ 16,284 \$ 1,133,969 Other 69,631 \$. \$. \$. \$. \$ 108,064 \$ 1,806 Recreation 2 . \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$.	FUND BALANCES								
Prepaid items \$ - \$ 16,384 \$ 16,384 Restricted: \$ 1,117,685 - 16,284 1,133,969 Other 69,631 117,370 146,577 333,578 Recreation - 2 - 108,064 108,064 Committed 46,089 - 2 1,166,276 1,166,276 Unassigned 4,452,146 - 2 1,453,585 7,256,506 Total fund balances \$ 5,685,551 \$ 117,370 \$ 1,453,585 \$ 7,256,506									
Restricted: Stabilization by State Statute 1,117,685 - 16,284 1,133,969 Other 69,631 117,370 146,577 333,578 Recreation - - - 108,064 108,064 Committed 46,089 - - - 46,089 Assigned - - - 1,166,276 1,166,276 Unassigned 4,452,146 - - 4,452,146 Total fund balances \$ 5,685,551 \$ 117,370 \$ 1,453,585 \$ 7,256,506	•	Ś	_	Ś	-	Ś	16.384	Ś	16.384
Stabilization by State Statute 1,117,685 - 16,284 1,133,969 Other 69,631 117,370 146,577 333,578 Recreation - - - 108,064 108,064 Committed 46,089 - - - 46,089 Assigned - - - 1,166,276 1,166,276 Unassigned 4,452,146 - - - 4,452,146 Total fund balances \$ 5,685,551 \$ 117,370 \$ 1,453,585 \$ 7,256,506	•	·		•		•	-,	•	-,
Other 69,631 117,370 146,577 333,578 Recreation - - 108,064 108,064 Committed 46,089 - - 46,089 Assigned - - 1,166,276 1,166,276 Unassigned 4,452,146 - - 4,452,146 Total fund balances \$ 5,685,551 \$ 117,370 \$ 1,453,585 \$ 7,256,506	Stabilization by State Statute		1,117,685		-		16,284		1,133,969
Recreation - - 108,064 108,064 Committed 46,089 - - - 46,089 Assigned - - - 1,166,276 1,166,276 Unassigned 4,452,146 - - - 4,452,146 Total fund balances \$ 5,685,551 \$ 117,370 \$ 1,453,585 \$ 7,256,506	•				117,370		•		
Committed 46,089 - - 46,089 Assigned - - 1,166,276 1,166,276 Unassigned 4,452,146 - - - 4,452,146 Total fund balances \$ 5,685,551 \$ 117,370 \$ 1,453,585 \$ 7,256,506	Recreation				-		•		
Assigned - - 1,166,276 1,166,276 Unassigned 4,452,146 - - - 4,452,146 Total fund balances \$ 5,685,551 \$ 117,370 \$ 1,453,585 \$ 7,256,506	Committed		46,089		-		-		
Unassigned 4,452,146 - - 4,452,146 Total fund balances \$ 5,685,551 \$ 117,370 \$ 1,453,585 \$ 7,256,506			-		-		1,166,276		•
Total fund balances \$ 5,685,551 \$ 117,370 \$ 1,453,585 \$ 7,256,506			4,452,146		-				
	•	\$		\$	117,370	\$	1,453,585	\$	
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances		6,829,712	\$	119,917	\$	1,542,381	\$	8,492,010

10,780,300

Alleghany County, North Carolina Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: \$ 7,256,506 Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. \$ 507,639 Land Buildings 14,058,818 3,964,885 Improvements Equipment and vehicles 1,316,806 Construction in progress 564,089 20,412,237 The net pension asset (ROD) is not an available resource and therefore, is not reported in the funds. 34,991 Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds. Unavailable revenue - ad valorem taxes \$ 218,532 Unavailable revenue - EMS 403,485 622,017 Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items \$ 1,496,645 OPEB related items 3,622,537 2,125,892 Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. \$ Note payable (4,495,390)Accrued interest payable (54,653)Net OPEB liability (11,686,075) Compensated absences (384,669)Net pension liability - LGERS (2,361,977) Total pension liability - LEOSSA (632,418)(19,615,182)Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable for current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. \$ (30,213)Pension related items OPEB related items (1,522,593)(1,552,806)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net position of governmental activities

Alleghany County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		٨	Major				
				unty Buildings		Other	
		General	Ca	pital Project	Go	vernmental	
		Fund		Fund		Funds	Total
REVENUES							
Ad valorem taxes	\$	10,710,239	\$	-	\$	727,195	\$ 11,437,434
Other taxes		3,293,376		-		283,639	3,577,015
Unrestricted intergovernmental		70,366		-		-	70,366
Restricted intergovernmental		2,360,454		-		1,667,223	4,027,677
Permits and fees		266,410		-		21,592	288,002
Sales and services		611,788		-		-	611,788
Service and fees		-		-		3,908	3,908
Investment earnings		139		8		20	167
Miscellaneous		591,094		-		279,413	870,507
Total revenues	\$	17,903,866	\$	8	\$	2,982,990	\$ 20,886,864
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government administration	\$	3,920,578	\$	-	\$	802,924	\$ 4,723,502
Public safety		3,804,123		-		1,135,740	4,939,863
Economic and physical development		458,211		-		7,669	465,880
Human services		2,823,148		-		480,278	3,303,426
Cultural and recreational		228,068		-		-	228,068
Education		2,782,756		-		-	2,782,756
Nondepartmental		3,578		-		-	3,578
Capital outlay		-		170,635		522,255	692,890
Debt service:							
Principal repayments		1,161,499		-		-	1,161,499
Interest and fees		108,281		-		-	108,281
Total expenditures	\$	15,290,242	\$	170,635	\$	2,948,866	\$ 18,409,743
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$	2,613,624	\$	(170,627)	\$	34,124	\$ 2,477,121
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$	187,350	\$	109,005	\$	895,571	\$ 1,191,926
Transfers out		(1,016,514)		-		(175,412)	(1,191,926)
Sale of capital assets		-		-		2,721	2,721
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(829,164)	\$	109,005	\$	722,880	\$ 2,721
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,784,460	\$	(61,622)	\$	757,004	\$ 2,479,842
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	•	3,901,091		178,992		696,581	4,776,664
Fund balances - ending	\$	5,685,551	\$	117,370	\$	1,453,585	\$ 7,256,506

Alleghany County, North Carolina Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 2,479,842
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period. Capital outlay	\$ 545,727	(000 (03)
Depreciation expense	 (1,446,409)	(900,682)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase (decrease) net position.		(99,266)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in unavailable revenue - ad valorem taxes Change in unavailable revenue - EMS	\$ (5,625) 353,710	348,085
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items. Principal repayments:		
Note payable		1,161,499
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in compensated absences Change in accrued interest payable Change in net pension liability and related deferred items - LGERS Change in net pension liability and related deferred items - LEOSSA Change in net pension asset and related deferred items - ROD Change in net OPEB liability and related deferred items	\$ (27,182) 19,230 (336,872) (56,649) 3,191 (385,275)	(783,557)
Change in her Ofto hability and related deferred items	 (303,273)	(703,337)
Change in net position of governmental activities	_	\$ 2,205,921

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2021

	E	nterprise Fund
	La	ndfill Fund
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	281,577
Accounts receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles		73,776
Total current assets	\$	355,353
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets: Land	\$	110,183
Improvements	¥	115,343
Buildings		342,698
Vehicles and equipment		553,907
Less accumulated depreciation		(663,250)
Total capital assets	\$	458,881
Total noncurrent assets	\$	458,881
Total assets	\$	814,234
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related items	\$	114,277
OPEB related items		81,086
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	195,363
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	93,530
Compensated absences - current portion		11,031
Notes payable - current portion		40,196
Total current liabilities	\$	144,757
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences - net of current portion	\$	3,677
Landfill closure and post-closure care costs		4,818
Net pension liability		216,250
Net OPEB liability		464,139
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	688,884
Total liabilities	_\$	833,641
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related items	\$	1,508
OPEB related items		144,779
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	146,287
NET POSITION		446 455
Net investment in capital assets	\$	418,685
Unrestricted	<u> </u>	(389,016)
Total net position	\$	29,669

Alleghany County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Enterprise Fund Landfill Fund			
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$	1,173,475		
Total operating revenues	\$	1,173,475		
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Landfill operations	\$	1,020,070		
Depreciation		55,071		
Total operating expenses	\$	1,075,141		
Operating income (loss)	\$	98,334		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment income	\$	15		
Interest expense		(2,447)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(2,432)		
Change in net position	\$	95,902		
Total net position - beginning		(66,233)		
Total net position - ending	\$	29,669		

Alleghany County, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Enterprise Fund Landfill Fund		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,145,589		
Payments to suppliers	•	(809,913)		
Payments to and for employees		(163,764)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	171,912		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of capital assets	\$	(29,638)		
Principal payments on notes payable	•	(38,991)		
Interest payments		(2,447)		
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	(71,076)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest and dividends received	\$	15		
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	15		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	100,851		
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		180,726		
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	281,577		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	98,334		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash				
provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Depreciation	\$	55,071		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(27,886)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		28,700		
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(6,839)		
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(1,996)		
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		116,039		
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities		(12,168)		
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows		47,494		
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		(124,837)		
Total adjustments	\$	73,578		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	171,912		

Alleghany County, North Carolina Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 31,783
Total assets	\$ 31,783
NET POSITION	
Restricted:	
Benefit of the inmates	\$ 2,625
Held in trust	29,158_
Total net position	\$ 31,783

Alleghany County, North Carolina Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS			
Inmate deposits	\$	37,792	
Ad valorem taxes	•	592,116	
Donations		1,940	
Investment income		2	
Total additions	\$	631,850	
DEDUCTIONS			
Canteen sales	\$	32,522	
Inmate refunds		3,641	
Payments to Town of Sparta		592,116	
Library memorial book fund		2,670	
Total deductions	\$	630,949	
Change in net position	\$	901	
Net position - beginning, as restated		30,882	
Net position - ending	\$	31,783	

Alleghany County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		D 1						riance with
		Budgeted	l An			Actual		Positive
REVENUES		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Ad valorem taxes	¢	10,268,900	ċ	10,268,900	\$	10,710,239	¢	441,339
Other taxes	J	2,571,533	ڔ	2,857,682	۲	3,293,376	ڔ	435,694
Unrestricted intergovernmental		78,775		78,775		70,366		(8,409)
Restricted intergovernmental		2,336,027		2,525,403		2,360,454		(164,949)
Permits and fees		163,910		163,910		266,410		102,500
Sales and services		918,346		918,346		611,788		(306,558)
Investment earnings		4,000		4,000		135		(3,865)
Miscellaneous		421,228		509,444		591,094		81,650
Total revenues	\$	16,762,719	\$	17,326,460	\$	17,903,862	\$	577,402
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government administration	\$	4,019,763	\$	4,232,695	\$	3,843,977	\$	388,718
Public safety		4,179,944		4,301,833		3,804,123		497,710
Economic and physical development		483,768		483,480		458,211		25,269
Human services		3,100,884		3,116,566		2,823,148		293,418
Cultural and recreational		291,319		290,859		228,068		62,791
Education		2,775,780		2,787,889		2,782,756		5,133
Nondepartmental		125,000		120,328		3,578		116,750
Debt service:								
Principal repayments		1,172,098		1,172,098		1,161,499		10,599
Interest and fees		97,905		100,305		108,281		(7,976)
Total expenditures	\$	16,246,461	\$	16,606,053	\$	15,213,641	\$	1,392,412
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	516,258	\$	720,407	\$	2,690,221	\$	1,969,814
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	176,927	\$	146,927
Transfers out		(576,614)		(780,763)		(1,016,514)		(235,751)
Appropriated fund balance		30,356		30,356		-		(30,356)
Total other financing sources and uses	\$	(516,258)	\$	(720,407)	\$	(839,587)	\$	(119,180)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,850,634	\$	1,850,634
Fund balance - beginning					,	3,719,197		
Fund balance - ending					\$	5,569,831		
Legally budgeted funds consolidated into the General F	und for re	porting purpo	ses	:				
Tax Revaluation Fund:								
Investment earnings						3		
Expenditures						(73,812)		
Fund balance, beginning						119,898		
Register of Deeds Fund:								
Investment earnings						1 12 122		
Transfer in-General Fund						10,423		
Expenditures						(2,789)		
Fund balance, beginning						61,996		
Fund balances - ending (Exhibit 5)					\$	5,685,551		

ALLEGHANY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Alleghany County, North Carolina conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Alleghany County, North Carolina ("the County"), which is by a five-member Board of Commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended Component Unit - The Alleghany Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority ("the Authority") exist to issue and service revenue bond debt of private businesses for economic development purposes. The Authority is governed by a seven-member Board of Commissioners, all of whom are appointed by the County Commissioners. The County can remove any Commissioner of the Authority with or without cause. The Authority has no financial transaction or account balances. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - The component unit column in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component unit. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County.

The Alleghany County Tourism Development Authority ("the TDA") was established in January 2012. The County Commissioners appoint the TDA Board. The TDA is funded via a 6% occupancy tax levied pursuant to Session Law of the North Carolina General Assembly. The TDA has a June 30 year-end. The TDA does not issue separate financial statements.

Related Organizations - The County has no related organizations.

Jointly Governed Organizations -

The County, in conjunction with six other counties and 19 municipalities, established the High Country Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The County paid membership fees of \$7,851 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Joint Ventures -

The County, in conjunction with the State of North Carolina, participates in a joint venture to operate the Alleghany Campus of Wilkes Community College. Alleghany County appoints two members of the 17 member Board of Trustees of the Community College. The Community College is included as a component unit of the State. The County provides some financial support for the Community College operations. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the Community College because of the statutory responsibilities to provide funding for the Alleghany Campus of Wilkes Community College facilities. The County contributed \$176,060 to the Community College for operating purposes during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Alleghany County does not have any equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2021. Complete financial statements for the Community College may be obtained from the Community College Administrative Offices at P.O. Box 120, Wilkesboro, North Carolina 28697.

The County also participates in a joint venture with two other local governments to operate Appalachian District Health Department. The County appoints four Board members to the 15-member Board of the Health Department. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Health Department's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued funding. None of the participating governments have an equity interest in the Health Department, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2021. The County contributed \$231,559 to the Health Department during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Complete financial statements for the Health Department can be obtained from the Department's office at 126 Poplar Grove Connector, Boone, North Carolina 28607.

The County also participates in a joint venture with 16 other local governments to operate Northwest Regional Library. The County appoints one Board member to the 12-member Board of the Library. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Library's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued funding. None of the participating governments have an equity interest in the Library, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2021. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$171,635 to the Library to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Library can be obtained from the Library's offices at 111 North Bridge Street, Elkin, North Carolina 28621.

The County also participates in a local management entity with twenty-two other local governments (Alexander, Ashe, Avery, Buncombe, Caldwell, Cherokee, Clay, Graham, Haywood, Henderson, Jackson, Macon, Madison, McDowell, Mitchell, Polk, Rutherford, Swain, Transylvania, Watauga, Wilkes and Yancey counties) to operate Vaya Health. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because Vaya Health's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued funding. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in Vaya Health, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2021. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$109,709 to Vaya Health to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for Vaya Health can be obtained from the entity's office at 44 Bonnie Lane, Sylva, North Carolina 28779.

B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus - Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government net position (the County) and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating items such as investment earnings are ancillary activities. The County reports the following major governmental fund:

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund County. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The Revaluation Fund and the Registrar of Deeds Automation and Preservation Fund are legally budgeted funds under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 it is consolidated in the General Fund.

The County Buildings Capital Project Fund issued \$900,000 in fiscal year 2019 direct borrowing installment note to be used for several county capital projects, including a new senior center, a new courtroom at the previous senior center location, and a business development center. These projects are accounted for in the County Buildings Capital Project Fund.

B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus - Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special revenue funds account for specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The County maintains the following special revenue funds: Transportation Fund, Fairgrounds Fund, Drug Fund, Emergency Telephone System Fund, Soil and Water Fund, Representative Payee Fund, CARES Fund, Earthquake Fund, Deed of Trust Fund, and Fire Tax Fund.

Capital project funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). The County maintains the following capital project funds within its governmental fund types: School Capital Project Fund and Outdoor Recreation Capital Project Fund.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Landfill Fund account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or (b) where the governing body has decided that the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income are appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The County has one Enterprise Fund - the Landfill Fund.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Custodial funds account for assets held by the County on behalf of others that meet certain criteria. The County maintains the following custodial funds:

Jail Inmate Fund which holds cash deposits made to inmates as payment for work performed while incarcerated as well as collections for the benefit of inmates from their friends and families.

Town of Sparta Tax Fund which accounts for ad valorem and vehicle property taxes that are billed and collected by the County for Town of Sparta but are not revenues of the County.

Library Fund which accounts for donations to be used for the local library.

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus - Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and custodial fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Since September 1, 2013, the State of North Carolina has been responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. These property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. Motor vehicle property tax revenues are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed by the County for periods prior to September 1, 2013 or those for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

B. Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus - Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County, are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

C. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, all Special Revenue Funds, the School Capital Project Fund, and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All capital project funds except the School Capital Project Fund, adopted a project ordinance. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations all departmental level for the General Fund, special revenue funds, the Enterprise Fund, and at the object level for the capital project funds.

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Budget Officer is authorized by the budget ordinance to reallocate appropriations within a department without limit and effect transfers between departments in the same fund, not to exceed 10% of the department budget being reduced. Notation of all such transfers is made to the Board on the next succeeding financial report. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund. The governing board must approve all amendments. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year, or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers the time until the ordinance can be adopted.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposit and Investments

All deposits of the County and TDA are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County and TDA may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County and TDA may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market deposit accounts, and certificates of deposit.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

1. Deposit and Investments (Continued)

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County pools moneys from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and investments with a maturity date of 90 days or less at time of purchase to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Money in the Tax Revaluation Fund is classified as restricted cash because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153A-150. Money in the Register of Deeds Fund is classified as restricted cash because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statutes 161-10. The unexpended debt proceeds are classified as restricted assets because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the debt was originally issued.

	vernmental activities
-	
\$	46,089
	69,631
	119,917
	75,253
\$	310,890

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019. As allowed by State law, the County has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the County's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

7. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. Certain items acquired before June 30, 1982 are recorded at an estimated original cost. Minimum capitalization costs are \$5,000 for all asset types. The total of such estimates is not considered large enough that the errors would be material when capital assets are considered as a whole. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

The County holds title to certain Alleghany County Board of Education properties that have not been included in capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board of Education give the Board of Education full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the Board of Education after all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Alleghany County Board of Education.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

7. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings	40
Improvements	8-15
Equipment and vehicles	3-20

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has several items that meet this criterion - a charge on refunding, pension, and contributions made to the OPEB or pension plans in the current fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has three items that meet the criterion for this category - prepaid taxes, special assessments receivable, and other OPEB or pension related deferrals.

9. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statements of net position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the County provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the County's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned.

The sick leave policy of the County provides for an unlimited accumulated of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the County has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made. The County accepts transfer of up to 500 hours of sick leave from other jurisdictions belonging to the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System, the Law Enforcement Officers' Benefit and Retirement Fund, the North Carolinas Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System, or other affiliated North Carolina governmental retirement systems if approved by the County Manager.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position -

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances -

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance- This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund Balance This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed or imposed by law.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

11. Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Register of Deeds - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds' office.

Restricted for Public Safety - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for public safety related activities, such as police, fire, EMS, and E-911.

Restricted for Recreation - portion of fund balance that is restricted by donor stipulations to be used for County recreation projects.

Restricted for Capital Outlay - portion of fund balance relating to unspent debt proceeds which are restricted for the purpose for which the debt was issued.

Restricted fund balance is as follows:

	General	County ings Capital	Gov	Other ernmental	
Purpose	Fund	ject Fund		Funds	Total
Register of Deeds	\$ 69,631	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 69,631
Stabilization by State Statute	1,117,685	-		16,284	1,133,969
Public safety	-	-		146,577	146,577
Recreation	-	-		108,064	108,064
Capital outlay	-	117,370		-	117,370
Total	\$ 1,187,316	\$ 117,370	\$	270,925	\$ 1,575,611

- D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)</u>
 - 11. Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)
 - Committed Fund Balance This classification represents the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Alleghany County's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Commissioners). The governing body can, by adoption of ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for Tax Revaluation - portion of fund balance that can only be used for Tax Revaluation.

 Assigned Fund Balance - The portion of fund balance that the County intends to use for specific purposes. The County's governing body has the authority to assign fund balance. The Manager and Finance Officer, as granted in the officially adopted budget ordinance, have been granted in the officially adopted budget ordinance, have been granted limited authority to assign fund balance.

Subsequent year's expenditures - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the Manager and Finance Officer to make certain modifications without requiring Board approval.

Assigned for General Government Administration - portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board for general government administration activities and projects.

Assigned for Economic and Physical Development - portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board for economic development incentives and projects.

Assigned for Environmental Projection - portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board to be used to support environmental protection initiatives, such as soil and water conservations.

Assigned for Human Services - portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board for human services activities and projects.

Assigned for Capital Outlay - portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board for future capital related activities.

- D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)
 - 11. Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

Assigned fund balance is as follows:

		Other
	Go	vernmental
Purpose		Funds
General government administration	\$	210,563
Economic and physical development		5,721
Environmental protection		83
Human services		279,840
Capital outlay		657,769
Total	\$	1,153,976

 Unassigned Fund Balance - Portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The County has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond/debt proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-county funds, and county funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County or when required by grant or other contractual agreements. The County has not officially adopted a fund balance policy.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

12. Defined Benefit Pension and OPEB Plans

The County participates in two cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State: the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the stateadministered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the HCB and additions to/deductions from the HCB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the HCB. For this purpose, the HCB recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments for all plans are reported at fair value.

13. Available for Appropriation

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of fund balance in the governmental funds that is available for appropriation as of June 30, 2021:

							Em	nergency			Rep	resentative			
	General	Trai	nsportation	Fair	rgrounds		Τe	elephone	Soil	and		Payee	Ea	rthquake	Fire Tax
	Fund		Fund		Fund	Drug Fund		Fund	Wate	r Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund
Total fund balance	\$5,685,551	\$	241,135	\$	5,721	\$ 75,253	\$	103,992	\$	83	\$	38,044	\$	60,730	\$ 162,133
Less Stabilization by State Statute	(1,117,685)		-		-	-		(16,284)		-		-		-	-
Total available fund balance	\$ 4,567,866	\$	241,135	\$	5,721	\$ 75,253	\$	87,708	\$	83	\$	38,044	\$	60,730	\$ 162,133

14. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant areas where estimates are made are: allowance for doubtful accounts, depreciation lives, and pension and OPEB liabilities.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Significant Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

There were no significant violations with North Carolina General Statutes for the year ended June 30, 2021.

2. Contractual Violations

There were no significant violations with contracts for the year ended June 30, 2021.

3. Deficit Fund Balance of Individual Funds

At June 30, 2021, there were no funds with deficit fund balances.

4. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Revaluation, Deed of Trust, Earthquake, and Representative Payee funds overspent the approved appropriations.

Note 3-Deposits

All the County's and TDA's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's and TDA's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County and TDA, these deposits are held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County and TDA, or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County and TDA under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions. The County and TDA rely on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institutions. The County and TDA analyze the financial soundness of any other financial institution used by the County and TDA. The County and TDA comply with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The Board has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

Note 3-Deposits (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$7,031,092 and a bank balance of \$7,171,401. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$6,939,620 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2021, the County had \$1,908 cash on hand and \$31,783 was held in for inmates and the library within the Jail Inmate and Library Funds.

At June 30, 2021, the TDA's deposits had a carrying amount and bank balance of \$158,528. These funds are held by Alleghany County in a central depository account, and therefore, all balances are considered to be covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

The County and TDA have no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

Note 4-Property Tax-Use-Value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the general statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forestland may be taxed by the County at the present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Year			
Levied	Tax	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 1,811,978	\$ 144,958	\$ 1,956,936
2019	2,111,147	168,892	2,280,039
2020	2,118,511	169,481	2,287,992
2021	2,182,440	174,595	2,357,035
Total	\$ 8,224,076	\$ 657,926	\$ 8,882,002

Note 5-Receivables-Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2021, were as follows:

				Due from	
				Other	
	Accounts	Taxes	Go	overnments	Total
Governmental Activities					
General	\$ 2,200,455	\$ 242,201	\$	1,060,809	\$ 3,503,465
Other governmental	16,284	12,300		-	28,584
Total receivables	\$ 2,216,739	\$ 254,501	\$	1,060,809	\$ 3,532,049
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,740,094)	(35,969)		-	(1,776,063)
Total governmental activities	\$ 476,645	\$ 218,532	\$	1,060,809	\$ 1,755,986
Business-type Activities					
Solid waste	\$ 93,164	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 93,164
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(19,388)	-		-	(19,388)
Total business-type activities	\$ 73,776	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 73,776

Due from other governments consisted of the following:

Local options sales tax	\$ 480,011
Motor vehicle taxes	88,624
Sales tax refund	64,179
Other	427,995
Total	\$ 1,060,809

The Tourism Development Authority's receivables consist of occupancy taxes from local hotels of \$15,863. Management expects all accounts receivable to be collected; therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded.

Note 6-Capital Assets

Summary of Capital Assets

Capital asset activity in the for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

		Beginning					
		Balance,					Ending
	as restated		Increases		ecreases	Balance	
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	513,769	\$	-	\$ (6,130)	\$	507,639
Construction in progress		393,454		170,635	-		564,089
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	907,223	\$	170,635	\$ (6,130)	\$	1,071,728
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings	\$	23,490,442	\$	115,169	\$ (127,282)	\$	23,478,329
Improvements		7,424,061		2,530	(29,695)		7,396,896
Equipment and vehicles		5,250,128		257,393	(58,909)		5,448,612
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	36,164,631	\$	375,092	\$ (215,886)	\$	36,323,837
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings	\$	(8,838,237)	\$	(635,570)	\$ 54,296	\$	(9,419,511)
Improvements		(2,961,292)		(495,582)	24,863		(3,432,011)
Equipment and vehicles		(3,860,140)		(315,257)	43,591		(4,131,806)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(15,659,669)	\$ ((1,446,409)	\$ 122,750	\$	(16,983,328)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	20,504,962	\$ ((1,071,317)	\$ (93,136)	\$	19,340,509
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	21,412,185	\$	(900,682)	\$ (99,266)	\$	20,412,237

Note 6-Capital Assets (Continued)

Summary of Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	lı	ncreases	Dec	reases	 Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 110,183	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 110,183
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings	\$ 342,698	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 342,698
Equipment and vehicles	524,269		29,638		-	553,907
Land improvements	115,343		-		-	115,343
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 982,310	\$	29,638	\$	-	\$ 1,011,948
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings	\$ (207,073)	\$	(8,567)	\$	-	\$ (215,640)
Equipment and vehicles	(349,751)		(40,997)		-	(390,748)
Land improvements	(51,355)		(5,507)		-	(56,862)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (608,179)	\$	(55,071)	\$	-	\$ (663,250)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 374,131	\$	(25,433)	\$	-	\$ 348,698
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 484,314	\$	(25,433)	\$	-	\$ 458,881

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government administration	\$ 1,189,101
Public safety	226,863
Economic and physical development	1,208
Human services	9,019
Cultural and recreation	20,218
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 1,446,409

Construction Commitments

The County had no active construction projects or commitments with contracts as of June 30, 2021.

Note 7-Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Accrued								
	•	Vendors		Payroll	Total				
Governmental activities									
General	\$	146,969	\$	308,170	\$	455,139			
County Buildings Capital Project Fund		2,547		-		2,547			
Other governmental		35,638		-		35,638			
Total governmental activities	\$	185,154	\$	308,170	\$	493,324			
Business-type activities									
Landfill	\$	93,530	\$	-	\$	93,530			

As of June 30, 2021, the Tourism Development Authority's payables consisted of vendor payables.

Note 8-Pension Plan Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Benefits Provided

LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions

Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 10.84% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 10.21% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$482,183 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Refunds of Contributions

County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions, or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$2,578,227 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020 (measurement date), the County's proportion was 0.07215% which was a decrease of 0.00124% from its proportion as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$877,860. At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		ln	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	325,585	\$	-
Change in assumptions		191,871		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		362,816		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		17,977
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		482,183		-
Total	\$	1,362,455	\$	17,977

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

\$482,183 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended			
June 30	Total		
2022	\$	241,616	
2023		324,105	
2024		189,200	
2025		107,374	
2026		-	
Thereafter		-	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increase	3.50 percent
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan
	investment expense, including inflation

The plan actuary currently uses mortality rates based on the *RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table* that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e., general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	19	% Increase
		(6.00%)	(7.00%)		(8.00%)	
County's proportionate share of						
the net pension liability (asset)	\$	5,230,941	\$	2,578,227	\$	373,635

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description

Alleghany County administers a public employee retirement system (the *Separation Allowance*), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At the December 31, 2019 valuation date, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

2
24
26

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting

The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2019 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Salary increase 3.25-7.75 percent per annum Inflation 2.50 percent per annum

Discount rate 1.93 percent per annum, compounded annually

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of June 30, 2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ending December 31, 2014.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

Mortality Rate

Deaths After Retirement (Healthy): Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table. The RP-2014 annuitant tables have no rates prior to age 50. The RP-2014 Total Data Set Employee Mortality Table is used for ages less than 50.

Deaths After Retirement (Disabled): Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Disabled Annuitants Mortality Table. Rates for male members are multiplied by 103% for all ages. Rates for female members are multiplied by 99% for all ages.

Deaths Before Retirement: Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set Employee Mortality Table.

Mortality Projection: All mortality rates are projected from 2014 using generational improvement with Scale MP-2015.

Contributions

The County is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The County paid \$16,490 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the County reported a total pension liability of \$632,418. The total pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 based on a December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$83,185.

Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
Resources		Resources	
\$	61,211	\$	-
	168,243		8,838
	16,490		-
\$	245,944	\$	8,838
	Ou	Outflows of Resources \$ 61,211	Outflows of Resources Resources \$ 61,211 \$ 168,243

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

The County paid \$16,490 in benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions which will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended			
June 30	Total		
2022	\$	43,320	
2023		44,416	
2024		38,583	
2025		38,512	
2026		35,797	
Thereafter		19,988	

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.93 percent, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.93 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.93 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Discount Rate		1%	6 Increase
	((0.93%)	(1.93%)		(2.93%)	
Total pension liability	\$	696,123	\$	632,418	\$	574,717

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Beginning balance	393,460
Service cost	26,065
Interest on the total pension liability	12,510
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	39,674
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	180,156
Benefit payments	(19,447)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	632,418

ALLEGHANY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 8-Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.26 percent at June 30, 2019 (measurement date) to 1.93 percent at June 30, 2020 (measurement date).

Changes in Benefit Terms. Reported compensation adjusted to reflect the assumed rate of pay as of the valuation date.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description

The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy

Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The County contributed \$20,000 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description

Alleghany County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a noncontributory, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Resisters of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided

An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions

Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,861 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the County reported an asset of \$34,991 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2020, the County's proportion was 0.15268%, which was a decrease of 0.00948% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$(1,191). At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Out	ferred flows of sources	Inf	eferred lows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	713
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		2,994
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		662		1,199
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		1,861		-
Total	\$	2,523	\$	4,906

\$1,861 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended			
June 30	Total		
2022	\$	(788)	
2023		(1,350)	
2024		(1,351)	
2025		(755)	
2026		-	
Thereafter		-	

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.50 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 3.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e., general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2021 is 1.4%.

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2021 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (Continued)

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.75 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.75%)		Di	Discount Rate		% Increase
			(3.75%)			(4.75%)
County's proportionate share of						
the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(29,721)	\$	(34,991)	\$	(39,451)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability (asset) for LGERS and ROD was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of June 30, 2020, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2019.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	ROD	Total
Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$2,578,227	n/a	\$ (34,991)	\$ 2,543,236
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.07215%	n/a	0.15268%	n/a
Total pension liability	n/a	\$ 632,418	n/a	\$ 632,418
Pension expense	\$ 877,860	\$ 83,185	\$ (1,191)	\$ 959,854

At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources	LGERS	LEOSSA		ROD	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 325,585	\$ 61,211	\$	-	\$ 386,796
Change in assumptions	191,871	168,243		-	360,114
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments	362,816	-		-	362,816
Changes in proportion and differences between employer					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	-		662	662
Employer contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date	482,183	 16,490		1,861	 500,534
Total	\$ 1,362,455	\$ 245,944	\$	2,523	\$ 1,610,922
Deferred Inflows of Resources	LGERS	LEOSSA		ROD	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -	\$	713	\$ 713
Change in assumptions	-	8,838		-	8,838
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments	-	-		2,994	2,994
Changes in proportion and differences between employer					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	17,977	-		1,199	19,176
Total	\$ 17,977	\$ 8,838	\$	4,906	\$ 31,721
	 	 	_		

Note 9-Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan description

Under the terms of a County resolution, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). This plan provides post-employment healthcare benefits to retirees of the County, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System). A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Benefits

The County pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits for retirees who began working for the County on or before October 16, 2006. The cost of coverage is prorated for full cost of coverage for these benefits. Also, retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the County's group rates until the retiree reaches age sixty-five and then Medicare assumes coverage. All full-time employees whose effective state date is on or after July 1, 2015 that qualify for retiree health insurance in accordance with adopted policies will not receive County insurance benefits after becoming eligible for Medicare. The Board of Commissioners may amend the benefit provisions.

Effective January 1, 2016, all retirees upon reaching Medicare age or the age of 65 that were employed prior to October 16, 2006, shall have their insurance transferred to a Medicare gap plan that is substantially similar to the health insurance coverage offered at that time by the County.

County Contributions Based on Years of Creditable Service

	Date Hired					
	On or Before After					
Years of Creditable Service	October 16, 2006	October 16, 2006				
Less than 5	Not eligible	Not eligible				
Less than 10	100.00%	Not eligible				
Between 10 and 14	100.00%	75.00%				
Between 15 and 19	100.00%	93.75%				
20 years or more	100.00%	100.00%				

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2019, the date of the latest actuarial valuation.

Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	44
Active employees	116
Total	160

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$12,150,214, was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate	2.21 percent
Inflation	2.50 percent
Real wage growth	1.00 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases	General employees - 3.50%-7.75%
	Fire fighters - 3.50%-7.75%
	Law enforcement officers - 3.50%-7.35%
Healthcare cost trends	Pre-Medicare Medical and Prescription Drug - 7.00% for
	2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2026;
	Medicare Medical and Prescription Drug - 5.00% for 2019
	decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2021

The discount rate is based on the Municipal Bond Index Rate equal to the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Bond Index published at the last Thursday of June by The Bond Buyer, and the Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 to December 31, 2014, adopted by the LGERS.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability					
Total OPEB liability as of July 1, 2019	\$	9,526,134			
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		379,842			
Interest		341,551			
Difference between expected and actual experience		(6,832)			
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		2,206,831			
Benefit payments and implicit subsidy credit		(297, 312)			
Net changes	\$	2,624,080			

12,150,214

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

Balances at June 30, 2020

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.21 percent) or on percentage point higher (3.21 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1	% Decrease (1.21%)	Discount Rate (2.21%)		 1% Increase (2.21%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	10,064,619	\$	12,150,214	\$ 14,885,369	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
	(Pre-Medicare 6%; Medicare 4%)		(Pre-Medicare 7%; Medicare 5%)		, ,		
Total OPEB liability	\$	14,401,621	\$	12,150,214	\$	10,383,671	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$644,600. At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		_	Deferred Inflows of	
	Resources		R	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions	\$	2,886 1,892,468	\$	837,539 745,527	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Employer contributions subsequent to the		84,306		84,306	
measurement date Total	\$	227,318 2,206,978	\$	1,667,372	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

\$227,318 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments and administrative expense incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	Total
2022	\$ (76,793)
2023	(76,793)
2024	(62,778)
2025	71,139
2026	141,291
Thereafter	316,222

Note 10-Other Employment Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multipleemployer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

Note 11-Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

Carrea	Wid	vernment- e Statement		
Source	of Net Position			
Contributions to pension plans in the current fiscal year	\$	484,044		
Benefit payments/administration costs paid for LEOSSA subsequent to the measurement date		16,490		
Benefit payments/administration costs paid for OPEB				
subsequent to the measurement date		227,318		
Differences between expected and actual experience		389,682		
Changes of assumptions		2,252,582		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		447,122		
Change in proportion and difference between County				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		662		
Total	\$	3,817,900		

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

			Government-		
	Gove	ernmental	Wide Statement		
Source		Funds	of Net Position		
Prepaid taxes not yet earned (General)	\$	79,305	\$	79,305	
EMS receivable, net (General)		403,485		-	
Ad valorem taxes receivable, net (General)		218,532		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		838,252	
Changes of assumptions		-		754,365	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments		-		2,994	
Change in proportion and difference between County					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		103,482	
Total	\$	701,322	\$	1,778,398	

ALLEGHANY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 12-Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in two self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners Joint Risk Management Agency.

Through these pools, the County obtains property coverage equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to total insured values, with sub-limits on coverage for specified perils; general, auto, professional, employment practices, and law enforcement liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence (some members purchase higher limits), auto physical damage coverage for owned autos at actual cash value, crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence, and workers' compensation coverage up to the North Carolina statutory limits.

All property coverage and some liability coverage are subject to per occurrence deductibles, as selected by the County. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the County upon request.

Both of the pools are reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrence losses in excess of a \$500,000 retention up to a \$2 million limit for liability coverage, and single occurrence losses in excess of \$750,000 for workers' compensation.

Through the captive, the Liability and Property Pool is reinsured for \$2,000,000 of annual aggregate losses in excess of \$500,000 per occurrence for property, auto physical damage and crime coverage, with additional limits of \$998 million purchased through a group of commercial carriers through the multi-state public entity captive.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, County employees who have access to \$100 or more of the County's funds at any given time are performance bonded through a commercial crime coverage with a \$250,000 occurrence limit. Individuals holding positions requiring statutory bonds are covered elsewhere.

The County carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 13-Operating Leases

The County pays \$4,100 per month for rent of the Department of Social Services building. The lease expires June 30, 2029. The County leases communications equipment for \$5,079 per month for sixty months, expiring in June 2022. The County leases a Doosan loader for \$3,179 per month for 60 months, expiring in September 2024.

Lease expense for these leases for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$148,296.

Future minimum rent payments are as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30	Amount			
2022	\$ 148,296			
2023	87,348			
2024	87,348			
2025	58,737			
2026	49,200			
2027-2031	196,800			
Total	\$ 627,729			

Note 14-Long-term Obligations

Primary Government-Governmental Activities Obligations

The following is a summary of long-term obligations transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	_	Beginning Balance	 Increases/ Issuances		Decreases/ Retirements	Ending Balance
Direct borrowings and direct placements	\$	5,656,889	\$ -	\$	(1,161,499) \$	4,495,390
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)		393,460	258,405		(19,447)	632,418
Net pension liability (LGERS)		1,904,013	894,083		(436,119)	2,361,977
Compensated absences		357,487	295,297		(268,115)	384,669
Total OPEB liability	_	9,049,827	 2,900,672	_	(264,424)	11,686,075
Total	\$	17,361,676	\$ 4,348,457	\$	(2,149,604) \$	19,560,529

Note 14-Long-term Obligations (Continued)

Primary Government-Governmental Activities Obligations (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	 nterest
2022	\$ 1,082,462	\$ 83,184
2023	814,515	61,366
2024	621,286	41,958
2025	583,488	29,315
2026	268,797	17,713
2027-2031	941,510	31,174
2032-2033	183,332	-
Totals	\$ 4,495,390	\$ 264,710

Details of long-term obligations:

			Final	Amount of				
	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Original		Total	Α	mount Due
	Rates	Date	Date	Issue	Amount		Within One Year	
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:								
QZAB School Improvements	0.00%	4/15/2008	2022	\$ 2,000,000	\$	142,859	\$	142,859
Blue Ridge Library	0.00%	10/20/2016	2027	306,525		163,478		30,652
Sparta Elem. School	2.19%	10/20/2017	2022	458,909		114,727		114,727
School Construction	1.97%	12/22/2009	2025	3,339,585		890,556		222,639
School Construction	5.29%	12/16/2010	2025	418,230		119,495		29,874
Safety Training/Glade Creek	2.51%	4/10/2013	2029	847,176		395,348		56,478
Ambulance/Police Equipment	2.19%	1/24/2017	2022	193,098		19,308		19,308
Ambulance/EMS Vehicle	3.63%	6/7/2019	2024	183,943		113,556		36,501
Building Improvements	3.07%	6/20/2019	2030	900,000		810,000		90,000
Equipment and Vehicles	2.34%	12/12/2019	2025	297,000		240,315		58,011
Vehicles and Equipment	2.29%	9/28/2017	2023	579,647		239,761		118,523
QZAB School Improvements	0.00%	10/20/2017	2033	1,375,000		1,100,001		91,667
Dispatch Equipment	4.97%	8/4/2018	2023	340,053		145,986		71,223
Total direct borrowings and direct placements					\$	4,495,390	\$	1,082,462
Other Obligations:								
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)					\$	632,418	\$	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)						2,361,977		-
Compensated absences						384,669		288,502
Total OPEB liability						11,686,075		-
Total other obligations					\$	15,065,139	\$	288,502
Total long-term obligations					\$	19,560,529	\$	1,370,964

Note 14-Long-term Obligations (Continued)

Primary Government-Governmental Activities Obligations (Continued)

Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated in the General Fund. Compensated absences are accounted for on a FIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

All of the County's direct borrowing installment purchases are secured by pledges of collateral for the properly acquired by the financing.

As authorized by State law (G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1), the County financed a construction project for Alleghany county Board of Education during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1996 by installment purchase. The installment purchase was issued pursuant to a deed of trust which requires that legal title remain with the County as long as the debt is outstanding because the property is pledged as collateral for the debt. The County has entered into a lease with Alleghany County Board of Education which transfers the rights and responsibilities for maintenance and insurance of the property to the Board of Education.

Primary Government-Business-type Activities Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligations transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	_	Beginning Balance		Increases/ Issuances	 Decreases/ Retirements	Ending Balance
Direct borrowings and direct placements	\$	79,187	\$	-	\$ (38,991) \$	40,196
Net pension liability (LGERS)		100,211		155,980	(39,941)	216,250
Compensated absences		16,704		10,532	(12,528)	14,708
Accrued landfill closure and post-closure care costs		4,818		-	-	4,818
Total OPEB liability		476,307		83,756	 (95,924)	464,139
Total	\$_	677,227	\$_	250,268	\$ (187,384) \$	740,111

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Р	rincipal	In	iterest
2022	\$	\$ 40,196		1,242
Totals	\$	40,196	\$	1,242

Note 14-Long-term Obligations (Continued)

Primary Government-Business-type Activities Indebtedness (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue		Total Amount		Amount Due Within One Year	
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:									
Transfer station scales note payable	3.09%	9/4/2018	2022	\$	117,000	\$	40,196	\$	40,196
Total direct borrowings and direct placem	Total direct borrowings and direct placements							\$	40,196
Other Obligations:									
Net pension liability (LGERS)						\$	216,250	\$	-
Compensated absences							14,708		11,031
Accrued landfill closure and post-closure care	costs						4,818		-
Total OPEB liability							464,139		-
Total other obligations						\$	699,915	\$	11,031
Total long-term obligations						\$	740,111	\$	51,227

Note 15-Post-Closure Care Costs-Landfill Facility

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill facility when it stopped accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The \$4,818 reported as landfill postclosure care liability at June 30, 2021 represents an estimate of present value of the costs to monitor and maintain the closed facility for the next 30 years. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County expects to fund post-closure care costs as they are incurred from the operations of the Landfill Fund. However, if operating results are inadequate or additional post-closure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations), these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or by future tax revenues.

The County has met the requirements of a local government financial test that is one option under State and federal laws and regulations that help determine if a unit is financially able to meet closure and postclosure care requirements.

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Note 16-Interfund Activity

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2021 as noted below:

Fund	Fund Transf			ansfers Out
Primary Government:				_
General Fund	\$	187,350	\$	1,016,514
County Building Capital Projects Fund		109,005		-
Transportation Fund		40,000		-
Deed of Trust Fund		-		175,412
School Capital Project Fund		855,571		-
Total	\$ 1	,191,926	\$	1,191,926

Note 17-Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19)

During the fiscal year 2020, the World Health Organization declared the spread of Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) a worldwide pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic has had significant effects on global markets, supply chains, businesses, and communities. Specific to the County, COVID-19 is expected to impact various parts of its fiscal year 2021-22 operations and financial results. Management believes the County is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. However, the full impact of COVID- 19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as events associated with the pandemic continue to develop.

Note 18-Adoption of Accounting Principle

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments for accounting and financial reporting purpose and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Note 19-Restatement of Beginning Balances

			Fund	d Balance			
				Special Rever	nue l	Funds	-
					Er	nergency	-
			Rep	oresentative	T	elephone	
	G	eneral Fund	P	ayee Fund	Sys	tem Fund	
Beginning balance, as previously stated	\$	3,595,354	\$	-	\$	66,022	-
Record as a special revenue fund		-		40,710		-	
Correction of receivables		255,031		-		16,222	
Record jail inmate fund as fiduciary fund		(996)		-		-	
Correction of accrued payroll		51,702		-		-	
Beginning balance, as restated	\$	3,901,091	\$	40,710	\$	82,244	- •
				Net Position			
				Custodial Fund		Compone	nt Unit
		Governmental		Jail Inmate	7	ourism Dev	elopment
		Activities		Fund	_	Autho	
Beginning balance, as previously stated	\$	8,422,6	05	\$ -		\$	51,361
Fund balance restatements, as noted above		362,6	69	-			-
Record jail inmate fund as fiduciary fund		-		996			-
Correction of deferred EMS billings		(51,7	'38)	-			-
Correction of deferred ad valorem taxes receivable		(10,7	(86)	-			-

(148, 371)

8,574,379

996

16,263

67,624

Note 20-Subsequent Events

Correction of capital assets (net)

Beginning balance, as previously restated

Correction of receivables

On March 11, 2021, the American Rescue Plan (ARPA) Act of 2021 was passed by the federal government. A primary component of the ARPA was the establishment of the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (CSLFRF). Local governments are to receive funds in two tranches, with 50% provided beginning in May 2021 and the balance delivered approximately 12 months later.

On July 16, 2021, the County received \$1,081,616 in its first half of the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding. The County is evaluating the best use of these funds.

Note 21-Upcoming Pronouncements

Statement No. 87, Leases, requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, provides guidance for reporting capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and simplifies accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics such as leases, assets related to pension and postemployment benefits, and reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature. The effective dates differ by topic, ranging from January 2020 to periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The requirements of this Statement, except for removal of London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) as an appropriate benchmark interest rate and the requirements related to lease modifications, are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. All requirements related to lease modifications in this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability of Payment Arrangements*, addresses issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

ALLEGHANY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 21-Upcoming Pronouncements (Continued)

Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement. No 32, (1) increases consistency and comparability related to reporting of fiduciary component units in certain circumstances; (2) mitigates costs associated with the reporting of certain plans as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhances the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The effective dates differ based on the requirements of the Statement, ranging from June 2020 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System Last Eight Fiscal Years*

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (6)
Primary G	overnment				
2021	0.07215% \$	2,578,227 \$	5,306,689	48.58%	91.63%
2020	0.07339%	2,004,224	4,835,063	41.45%	94.18%
2019	0.07064%	1,675,822	4,048,445	41.39%	91.47%
2018	0.06704%	1,024,185	3,821,214	26.80%	98.09%
2017	0.06400%	1,358,294	3,632,539	37.39%	99.07%
2016	0.06249%	280,451	3,552,484	7.89%	102.64%
2015	0.06033%	(355,794)	3,455,839	-10.30%	94.35%
2014	0.06280%	756,981	3,362,242	22.51%	96.45%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2014 is not available for the County. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Employer Contributions Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System Last Eight Fiscal Years

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	_	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	-	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)) 	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2021	\$ 482,183	\$	482,183	\$	-	\$	4,716,708	10.22%
2020	458,083		458,083		-		5,306,689	8.63%
2019	362,087		362,087		-		4,835,063	7.49%
2018	309,545		309,545		-		4,048,445	7.65%
2017	279,302		279,302		-		3,821,214	7.31%
2016	243,604		243,604		-		3,632,539	6.71%
2015	243,788		243,788		-		3,552,484	6.86%
2014	241,905		241,905		-		3,455,839	7.00%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2014 is not available for the County. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Last Five Fiscal Years*

	 2021	 2020	_	2019	_	2018	_	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 393,460	\$ 345,997	\$	343,028	\$	308,408	\$	317,365
Changes for the year:								
Service Cost	26,065	20,307		19,805		15,191		15,532
Interest on the total pension liability	12,510	12,253		10,401		11,369		10,834
Differences between expected and actual experience in the								
measurement of the total pension liability	39,674	20,874		15,101		16,063		-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	180,156	12,756		(14,570)		19,765		(7,555)
Benefit payments	(19,447)	(18,727)		(27,768)		(27,768)		(27,768)
Net changes	 238,958	47,463	_	2,969		34,620	_	(8,957)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 632,418	\$ 393,460	\$	345,997	\$	343,028	\$	308,408
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 990,047	\$ 793,286	\$	701,478	\$	599,223	\$	587,782
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	63.88%	49.60%		49.32%		57.25%		52.47%

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Last Eight Fiscal Years*

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (3)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (6)
2021	0.15268% \$	(34,991)	5 173.62%
2020	0.14320%	(28,271)	162.50%
2019	0.15004%	(24,851)	153.31%
2018	0.14677%	(25,052)	153.77%
2017	0.14815%	(27,698)	160.17%
2016	0.15224%	(35,280)	197.29%
2015	0.15192%	(34,434)	193.88%
2014	0.14630%	(31,250)	190.50%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Employer Contributions Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Last Eight Fiscal Years

Date	F	Contributions in Relation to Intractually Required Intribution (1) Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)
2021	\$	1,861 \$	1,861	\$ -
2020		1,461	1,461	-
2019		1,481	1,481	-
2018		1,276	1,276	-
2017		1,163	1,163	-
2016		1,210	1,210	-
2015		1,218	1,218	-
2014		1,240	1,240	-

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2014 is not available for the County. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance

Last Four Fiscal Years*

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability		 		
Service cost	\$ 379,842	\$ 422,831	\$ 443,280	\$ 492,027
Interest	341,551	392,293	361,631	320,613
Differences between expected and actual experience	(6,832)	(1,163,028)	4,860	326
Changes in assumptions and other inputs	2,206,831	(45,102)	(542,706)	(967,256)
Benefit payments and implicit subsidy credit	(297,312)	(327,881)	(353,368)	(325,585)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ 2,624,080	\$ (720,887)	\$ (86,303)	\$ (479,875)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	9,526,134	10,247,021	10,333,324	10,813,199
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 12,150,214	\$ 9,526,134	\$ 10,247,021	\$ 10,333,324
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,169,340	\$ 4,169,340	\$ 3,685,961	\$ 3,685,961
Total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	291.42%	228.48%	278.00%	280.34%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Schedule

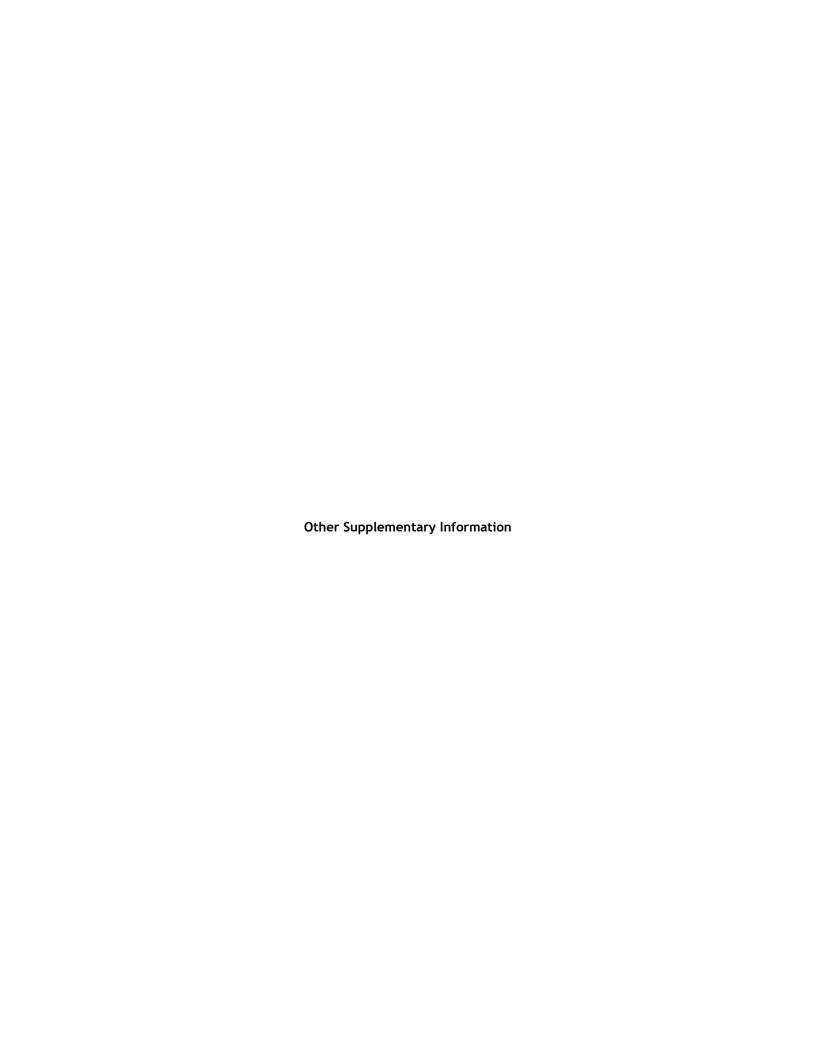
 Valuation Date:
 6/30/2019

 Measurement Date:
 6/30/2020

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

${\it Methods \ and \ assumptions \ used \ to \ determine \ OPEB \ liability:}$

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of salary
Discount Rate	2.21%
Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	1.00%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	General employees - 3.50%-7.75%
	Fire fighters - 3.50%-7.75%
	Law enforcement officers - 3.50%-7.35%
Healthcare Trend Rate	Pre-Medicare Medical and Prescription Drug - 7.00% for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2026
	Medicare Medical and Prescription Drug - 5.00% for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2021
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.



Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Consolidated For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 General Fund	Re	valuation Fund	Dee	Register of ds Automation I Preservation Fund		Total eneral Fund onsolidated
REVENUES							
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 10,710,239	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,710,239
Other taxes	3,293,376		-		-		3,293,376
Unrestricted intergovernmental	70,366		-		-		70,366
Restricted intergovernmental	2,360,454		-		-		2,360,454
Permits and fees	266,410		-		-		266,410
Sales and services	611,788		-		-		611,788
Investment earnings	135		3		1		139
Miscellaneous	 591,094		-		=		591,094
Total revenues	\$ 17,903,862	\$	3	\$	1	\$	17,903,866
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government administration	\$ 3,843,977	\$	73,812	\$	2,789	\$	3,920,578
Public safety	3,804,123		-		-		3,804,123
Economic and physical development	458,211		-		-		458,211
Environmental protection	-		-		-		-
Human services	2,823,148		-		-		2,823,148
Cultural and recreational	228,068		-		-		228,068
Education	2,782,756		-		-		2,782,756
Nondepartmental	3,578		-		-		3,578
Debt service							
Principal retirement	1,161,499		-		-		1,161,499
Interest and fees	108,281		-		-		108,281
Total debt service	\$ 1,269,780	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,269,780
Total expenditures	\$ 15,213,641	\$	73,812	\$	2,789	\$	15,290,242
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$ 2,690,221	\$	(73,809)	\$	(2,788)	\$	2,613,624
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$ 176,927	\$	-	\$	10,423	\$	187,350
Transfers out	(1,016,514)				-		(1,016,514)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (839,587)	\$	-	\$	10,423	\$	(829,164)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,850,634	\$	(73,809)	\$	7,635	\$	1,784,460
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	3,719,197		119,898		61,996		3,901,091
	 	_		_		_	

5,569,831

Fund balances - ending

46,089 \$

69,631 \$

5,685,551

Schedule B-2

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

								ariance with Final Budget
		Budgeted	l Am					Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES								
Ad valorem taxes:				10.011.100		40 40= 200		400.000
Taxes	\$	10,214,100	\$	10,214,100	\$	10,637,392	\$	423,292
Penalties and interest		54,800	<u>,</u>	54,800		72,847	,	18,047
Total	\$	10,268,900	\$	10,268,900	\$	10,710,239	\$	441,339
Other taxes:								
Local option sales taxes	\$	2,507,533	\$	2,711,682	\$	3,201,534	\$	489,852
Deed stamp excise tax		52,000		52,000		-		(52,000)
Cable franchise		12,000		12,000		11,690		(310)
PEG revenue		-		82,000		80,152		(1,848)
Total	\$	2,571,533	\$	2,857,682	\$	3,293,376	\$	435,694
Unrestricted intergovernmental:								
Beer and wine taxes	\$	41,000	\$	41,000	\$	40,492	\$	(508)
Contribution from Alleghany Board of Education		37,775		37,775		29,874		(7,901)
Total	\$	78,775	\$	78,775	\$	70,366	\$	(8,409)
Restricted intergovernmental:								
Federal and state grants	\$	2,336,027	\$	2,525,403	\$	2,360,454	\$	(164,949)
Total	\$	2,336,027	\$	2,525,403	\$	2,360,454		(164,949)
Permits and fees:								
Register and Deed's fees	\$	70,000	\$	70,000	Ś	91,023	\$	21,023
Beer and wine permits	•	1,000	•	1,000	•	1,650	•	650
Building and inspector fees		73,000		73,000		150,350		77,350
Fire inspector fees		6,520		6,520		865		(5,655)
Pistol permits		10,555		10,555		19,197		8,642
Other permits and fees		2,835		2,835		3,325		490
Total	\$	163,910	\$	163,910	\$	266,410	\$	102,500
Sales and services:								
Boarding of prisoners	\$	337,625	ς	337,625	\$	81,636	\$	(255,989)
Facility fees	7	11,900	7	11,900	7	8,890	7	(3,010)
Officer fees		21,440		21,440		20,996		(444)
Jail fees		44,000		44,000		39,323		(4,677)
Rents and concessions		57,966		57,966		53,825		(4,141)
Tag office revenues		43,000		43,000		49,165		6,165
Recreation fees		10,415		10,415		2,175		(8,240)
Ambulance fees		392,000		392,000		355,778		(36,222)
Total	\$	918,346	\$		\$	611,788	\$	(306,558)
iotat	<u> </u>	710,340	ڔ	710,340	ڔ	011,700	۲	(300,336)
Investment earnings:	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	135		(3,865)
Total	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	135	\$	(3,865)

Schedule B-2

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

							Fi	riance with nal Budget
		Budgeted	l Am		-	A 1		Positive
DEVENUES (Continued)		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES (Continued) Miscellaneous:								
ABC Store profit-regular	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	ς	51,664	ς	31,664
Reimbursements	Y	363,678	Ţ	363,678	Ţ	320,377	Ţ	(43,301)
Contributions		303,070		6,188		17,559		11,371
Miscellaneous		21,550		103,578		184,742		81,164
Payments in lieu of tax		16,000		16,000		16,752		752
Total	\$	421,228	\$	509,444	\$	591,094	\$	81,650
Tabel variances			ć	17 224 440	ć	17 002 9/2	<u></u>	F77 402
Total revenues	\$	16,762,719	\$	17,326,460	\$	17,903,862	\$	577,402
EXPENDITURES								
General government administration:								
Governing body	\$	93,094	\$	96,818	\$	88,916	\$	7,902
Administration		262,313		274,197		271,250		2,947
Finance		282,686		268,188		205,011		63,177
Elections		69,750		77,520		75,543		1,977
Planning/Economic development		135,650		210,192		200,274		9,918
Tax administration		420,077		420,006		405,720		14,286
Mapping		135,753		135,753		132,559		3,194
Court facilities		4,000		4,000		2,926		1,074
Register of deeds		220,876		220,876		213,521		7,355
Public buildings		464,361		513,094		491,268		21,826
Transportation		132,332		131,335		122,542		8,793
Tag office		43,026		43,026		42,938		88
Insurance		1,693,884		1,694,229		1,452,918		241,311
Other general government		61,961		143,461		138,591		4,870
Total general government administration	\$	4,019,763	\$	4,232,695	\$	3,843,977	\$	388,718
Public safety:								
Sheriff	\$	1,574,515	\$	1,635,859	\$	1,300,907	\$	334,952
Roaring Gap deputies		108,860		108,860		108,483		377
Jail		955,850		921,165		812,553		108,612
Dispatchers		313,962		313,962		305,014		8,948
Animal control		85,258		85,258		47,944		37,314
Fire and rescue		102,335		102,378		100,934		1,444
Emergency management		63,849		159,427		155,702		3,725
Ambulance service		852,169		852,169		855,783		(3,614)
Inspections		123,146		122,755		116,803		5,952
Total public safety	\$	4,179,944	\$	4,301,833	\$	3,804,123	\$	497,710
Economic and physical development:								
Agricultural extension	\$	168,124	ς	168,750	ς	161,735	ς	7,015
Soil and water conservation	4	93,896	Ÿ	93,575	Ÿ	80,319	7	13,256
Special appropriations		142,664		142,664		142,664		-
Economic development		79,084		78,491		73,493		4,998
Total economic and physical development	\$	483,768	\$	483,480	ς	458,211	\$	25,269
rotat economic and physical development	٠,	703,700	٠	703,400	٠	730,411	٠	23,207

Schedule B-2

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

		D. Indian						riance with
		Budgeted	1 Am	ounts Final		Actual		Positive
EXPENDITURES (Continued)		Original		FIIIdi		Actual	((Negative)
Human services:								
Health	\$	247,759	Ś	247,759	Ś	245,684	Ś	2,075
Mental health	*	253,917	~	253,917	*	253,917	*	-,0.0
Social services administration		1,536,471		1,551,394		1,396,164		155,230
Other social services		1,005,846		1,005,846		883,790		122,056
Veterans administration		42,641		42,900		28,843		14,057
Contributions to other agencies		14,250		14,750		14,750		-
Total human services	\$	3,100,884	\$	3,116,566	\$	2,823,148	\$	293,418
Cultural and recreational:								
Recreation		107,684		107,224		47,433	ς	59,791
Libraries		171,635		171,635		171,635	7	-
Other cultural and recreational		12,000		12,000		9,000		3,000
Total cultural and recreational	\$	291,319	\$	290,859	Ś	228,068	\$	62,791
		271,017		270,007	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	02,
Education:								
Public schools-current expense	\$	2,521,101	\$	2,521,101	\$	2,521,101	\$	-
Community-based alternatives		78,619		90,728		85,595		5,133
Wilkes Community College		176,060		176,060		176,060		-
Total education	\$	2,775,780	\$	2,787,889	\$	2,782,756	\$	5,133
Nondepartmental:								
Contingencies	\$	125,000	\$	120,328	\$	3,578	\$	116,750
Total nondepartmental	\$	125,000	\$	120,328	\$	3,578	\$	116,750
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	1,172,098	\$	1,172,098	\$	1,161,499	\$	10,599
Interest and fees		97,905	•	100,305	•	108,281	•	(7,976)
Total debt service	\$	1,270,003	\$	1,272,403	\$	1,269,780	\$	2,623
Total expenditures	\$	16,246,461	\$	16,606,053	\$	15,213,641	\$	1,392,412
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	516,258	\$	720,407	\$	2,690,221	\$	1,969,814
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	176,927	\$	146,927
Transfers out		(576,614)		(780,763)		(1,016,514)		(235,751)
Appropriated fund balance		30,356		30,356		-		(30,356)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(516,258)	\$	(720,407)	\$	(839,587)	\$	(119,180)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,850,634	\$	1,850,634
Fund balance - beginning, as restated					•	3,719,197		
Fund balance - ending					\$	5,569,831	•	
ŭ					<u> </u>	, ,,===	=	

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Revaluation Fund

	 Budgeted	Am	ounts			riance with inal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual	((Negative)
REVENUES						
Investment earnings	\$ 600	\$	600	\$ 3	\$	(597)
Total revenues	\$ 600	\$	600	\$ 3	\$	(597)
EXPENDITURES						
General government administration	\$ 59,550	\$	59,550	\$ 73,812	\$	(14,262)
Total expenditures	\$ 59,550	\$	59,550	\$ 73,812	\$	(14,262)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	\$ (58,950)	\$	(58,950)	\$ (73,809)	\$	(14,859)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 58,950	\$	58,950	\$ -	\$	(58,950)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 58,950	\$	58,950	\$ -	\$	(58,950)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (73,809)	\$	(73,809)
Fund balance - beginning				119,898		
Fund balance - ending			•	\$ 46,089		

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Register of Deeds Automation and Preservation Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budgeted	Am	ounts	<u>.</u>		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	(Original		Final		Actual	(1	legative)
REVENUES								
Investment earnings	\$	300	\$	300	\$	1	\$	(299)
Total revenues	\$	300	\$	300	\$	1	\$	(299)
EXPENDITURES								
General government administration	\$	10,960	\$	10,960	\$	2,789	\$	8,171
Total expenditures	\$	10,960	\$	10,960	\$	2,789	\$	8,171
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	(10,660)	\$	(10,660)	\$	(2,788)	\$	7,872
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	8,900	\$	8,900	\$	10,423	\$	1,523
Appropriated fund balance		1,760		1,760		-		(1,760)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	10,660	\$	10,660	\$	10,423	\$	(237)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,635	\$	7,635
Fund balance - beginning						61,996		
Fund balance - ending					\$	69,631	:	

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Major - County Buildings Capital Project Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Project :horization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	ı	Project to Date	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES							
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 18	\$ 8	\$	26	\$	26
Total revenues	\$ -	\$ 18	\$ 8	\$	26	\$	26
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay							
New senior center	\$ 375,130	\$ 352,321	\$ 14,772	\$	367,093	\$	8,037
85 East Whitehead Street	162,363	6,500	155,863		162,363		-
Business development center	292,493	292,493	-		292,493		-
90 South Main Street renovation	25,200	25,200	-		25,200		-
Professional fees	26,132	26,132	-		26,132		-
Contingency	18,682	18,380	-		18,380		302
Total capital outlay	\$ 900,000	\$ 721,026	\$ 170,635	\$	891,661	\$	8,339
Total expenditures	\$ 900,000	\$ 721,026	\$ 170,635	\$	891,661	\$	8,339
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$ (900,000)	\$ (721,008)	\$ (170,627)	\$	(891,635)	\$	8,365
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 109,005	\$	109,005	\$	109,005
Installment obligations issued	900,000	900,000	-		900,000		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 900,000	\$ 900,000	\$ 109,005	\$	1,009,005	\$	109,005
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 178,992	\$ (61,622)	\$	117,370	\$	117,370

Alleghany County, North Carolina Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	 Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 656,327	\$ 765,833	\$ 1,422,160
Prepaid items	16,384	-	16,384
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):			
Taxes receivable	12,300	-	12,300
Accounts receivable	16,284	-	16,284
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	 75,253	-	75,253
Total assets	\$ 776,548	\$ 765,833	\$ 1,542,381
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 35,638	\$ -	\$ 35,638
Due to other funds	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	40,858	-	40,858
Total liabilities	\$ 76,496	\$ -	\$ 76,496
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue - ad valorem taxes receivable	\$ 12,300	\$ -	\$ 12,300
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid items	\$ 16,384	\$ -	\$ 16,384
Restricted:			
Stabilization by State Statute	16,284	-	16,284
Other	146,577	-	146,577
Recreation	-	108,064	108,064
Assigned	 508,507	657,769	1,166,276
Total fund balances	\$ 687,752	\$ 765,833	\$ 1,453,585
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resrouces, and fund balances	\$ 776,548	\$ 765,833	\$ 1,542,381

Alleghany County, North Carolina Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Special Revenue Funds	Capital Project Funds	Total
REVENUES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$	727,195	\$ -	\$ 727,195
Other taxes		283,639	-	283,639
Restricted intergovernmental		1,667,223	-	1,667,223
Permits and fees		21,592	-	21,592
Service and fees		3,908	-	3,908
Investment earnings		3	17	20
Miscellaneous		279,413	-	279,413
Total revenues	\$	2,982,973	\$ 17	\$ 2,982,990
EXPENDITURES				
General government administration	\$	802,924	\$ -	\$ 802,924
Public safety		1,135,740	-	1,135,740
Economic and physical development		7,669	-	7,669
Human services		480,278	-	480,278
Capital outlay		-	522,255	522,255
Total expenditures	\$	2,426,611	\$ 522,255	\$ 2,948,866
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	\$	556,362	\$ (522,238)	\$ 34,124
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	\$	40,000	\$ 855,571	\$ 895,571
Transfers out	·	(175,412)	-	(175,412)
Sale of capital assets		2,721	-	2,721
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(132,691)	\$ 855,571	\$ 722,880
Net change in fund balances	\$	423,671	\$ 333,333	\$ 757,004
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		264,081	432,500	696,581
Fund balances - ending	\$	687,752	\$ 765,833	\$ 1,453,585

Alleghany County, North Carolina Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2021

					Emergency Telephone	Soil and	Representative	ative			Deed of	Fire	
	Transporta	tation F	Transportation Fairgrounds Fund Fund	Drug Fund	System	Water	Payee		CARES	Earthquake Fund	Trust	Tax Fund	Total
ASSETS													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27	245,135 \$	5,754 \$		\$ 71,324	\$ 83	s	38,044 \$,	108,588	\$ 15,246 \$	172,153 \$	656,327
Prepaid items					16,384								16,384
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):													
Taxes receivable								,				12,300	12,300
Accounts receivable					16,284			,					16,284
Restricted assets:													
Cash and cash equivalents				75,253				,				•	75,253
Total assets	\$ 5	245,135 \$	5,754 \$	75,253	\$ 103,992	\$ 83	\$	38,044 \$		\$ 108,588 \$	\$ 15,246 \$	184,453 \$	776,548
I IABII ITIES													
Accounts payable	\$	3,339 \$	33 \$			· s	s	\$,	2,000 \$	\$ 15,246 \$	10,020 \$	35,638
Unearned revenue										40,858			40,858
Total liabilities	\$	3,339 \$	33 \$. \$. \$	\$	\$ -		\$ 47,858 \$	\$ 15,246 \$	10,020 \$	76,496
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Unavailable revenue - ad valorem taxes receivable	s		\$. \$	\$	\$	\$		\$ - \$	12,300 \$	12,300
FUND BALANCES													
Nonspendable:													
Prepaid items	s		\$		\$ 16,384	•	s	\$,		\$ - \$		16,384
Restricted:													
Stabilization by State Statute					16,284								16,284
Other				75,253	71,324								146,577
Assigned	77	241,796	5,721			83		38,044		60,730		162,133	508,507
Total fund balances	\$ 27	241,796 \$	5,721 \$	75,253	\$ 103,992	\$ 83	s	38,044 \$		\$ 60,730 \$	\$ - \$	162,133 \$	687,752
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 24	245,135 \$	5,754 \$	75,253	\$ 103,992	\$ 83	\$	38,044 \$,	108,588	\$ 15,246 \$	184,453 \$	776,548

Alleghany County, North Carolina
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

					Emergency	λ.							
	Tran	Transportation Fairgrounds	Fairgrounds	Drug	Telephone System			Representative Payee		Earthquake	Deed of Trust	Fire Tax	- - -
SELVENIES		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	2	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	otal
NEV ENGES		•											
Ad valorem taxes	s		· ~	· s	· ·	٠ -	·	٠,	,	·	٠.	727,195 \$	727,195
Other taxes											283,639		283,639
Restricted intergovernmental		386,565		62,786	195,405	405		127,246	392,015	503, 206			1,667,223
Permits and fees											21,592		21,592
Service and fees			3,908	•									3,908
Investment earnings		,	-	_	·		-		,		•		3
Miscellaneous		48,784	•	٠					•	230,629			279,413
Total revenues	s	435,349 \$	3,909	\$ 62,787	\$ 195,405	405 \$	1 \$	127,246 \$	392,015 \$	733,835 \$	305,231 \$	727,195 \$	2,982,973
EXPENDITURES													
General government administration	s	'		•	٠ \$	\$	٠,	٠,	٠,	673,105 \$	129,819 \$		802,924
Public safety				5,006	173,657	657			392,015			565,062	1,135,740
Economic and physical development			7,669	٠	•								2,669
Human services		350,366		•	•			129,912					480,278
Total expenditures	s	350,366 \$	\$ 7,669	\$ 5,006	\$ 173,657	\$ 25	\$ -	129,912 \$	392,015 \$	673,105 \$	129,819 \$	565,062 \$	2,426,611
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	s	84,983 \$	\$ (3,760) \$	\$ 57,781	\$ 21,748	748 \$	- -	(2,666) \$,	\$ 06,730 \$	175,412 \$	162,133 \$	556,362
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		40,000											40,000
Transfers out			•	,	•						(175,412)		(175,412)
Sale of capital assets		2,721		•									2,721
Total other financing sources (uses)	s	42,721 \$. \$	\$	\$ -	s .	\$	\$.	\$.	(175,412) \$	\$	(132,691)
Net change in fund balances	s	127,704 \$	\$ (3,760) \$	\$ 57,781	۰s	748 \$	1	(2,666) \$	·	\$ 00,730 \$	\$	162,133 \$	423,671
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		114,092	9,481	17,472	82,244	244	82	40,710	i	•			264,081
Fund balances - ending	\$	241,796 \$	5,721	\$ 75,253	\$ 103,992	992 \$	83 \$	38,044 \$	\$ -	\$ 00,730 \$	\$ -	162,133 \$	687,752

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Transportation Fund

		Budgeted Original	l Am	ounts Final		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES		-						
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	374,537	\$	486,002	\$	386,565	\$	(99,437)
Miscellaneous	·	84,000		99,251	•	48,784	•	(50,467)
Total revenues	\$	458,537	\$	585,253	\$	435,349	\$	(149,904)
EXPENDITURES								
Human services	\$	542,832	\$	698,391	\$	350,366	\$	348,025
Total expenditures	\$	542,832	\$	698,391	\$	350,366	\$	348,025
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	(84,295)	\$	(113,138)	\$	84,983	\$	198,121
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	40,000	\$	(10,000)
Sale of capital assets		3,000		3,000		2,721		(279)
Appropriated fund balance		31,295		60,138		-		(60,138)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	84,295	\$	113,138	\$	42,721	\$	(70,417)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	-	\$	127,704	\$	127,704
Fund balance - beginning						114,092		
Fund balance - ending					\$	241,796	=	

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fairgrounds Fund

		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
		riginal		Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES						`	
Service and fees	\$	11,000	\$	11,000	\$ 3,908	\$	(7,092)
Investment earnings		80		80	1		(79)
Total revenues	\$	11,080	\$	11,080	\$ 3,909	\$	(7,171)
EXPENDITURES							
Economic and physical development	\$	17,580	\$	17,580	\$ 7,669	\$	9,911
Total expenditures	\$	17,580	\$	17,580	\$ 7,669	\$	9,911
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$	(6,500)	\$	(6,500)	\$ (3,760)	\$	2,740
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Appropriated fund balance	\$	6,500	\$	6,500	\$ -	\$	(6,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	6,500	\$	6,500	\$ -	\$	(6,500)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (3,760)	\$	(3,760)
Fund balance - beginning	\ <u></u>				9,481		
Fund balance - ending					\$ 5,721		

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Drug Fund

		Budgeted	Δm	ounts			Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original	AIII	Final		Actual		Negative)
BEVENUEC		Originat		ГПац		Actual	(1	Negative)
REVENUES	_				_			
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	62,786	\$	60,786
Investment earnings		100		100		1		(99)
Total revenues	\$	2,100	\$	2,100	\$	62,787	\$	60,687
EXPENDITURES								
Public safety	\$	19,100	\$	19,100	\$	5,006	\$	14,094
Total expenditures	\$	19,100	\$	19,100	\$	5,006	\$	14,094
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	(17,000)	\$	(17,000)	\$	57,781	\$	74,781
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Appropriated fund balance	\$	17,000	\$	17,000	\$	-	\$	(17,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	17,000	\$	17,000	\$	-	\$	(17,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	57,781	\$	57,781
Fund balance - beginning	·					17,472		
Fund balance - ending				;	Ś	75,253	-	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				:	•	-,		

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Emergency Telephone System Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Budgeted	Am	ounts		Fir	iance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual	1)	legative)
REVENUES						
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 195,405	\$	195,405	\$ 195,405	\$	-
Total revenues	\$ 195,405	\$	195,405	\$ 195,405	\$	-
EXPENDITURES						
Public safety						
Implemental functions	\$ 30,000	\$	30,000	\$ 2,010	\$	27,990
Telephone	53,000		53,000	22,502		30,498
Software and software maintenance	144,443		144,443	149,145		(4,702)
Total public safety	\$ 227,443	\$	227,443	\$ 173,657	\$	53,786
Total expenditures	\$ 227,443	\$	227,443	\$ 173,657	\$	53,786
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	\$ (32,038)	\$	(32,038)	\$ 21,748	\$	53,786
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 32,038	\$	32,038	\$ -	\$	(32,038)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 32,038	\$	32,038	\$ -	\$	(32,038)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 21,748	\$	21,748
Fund balance - beginning, as restated	 -			82,244		
Fund balance - ending				\$ 103,992	•	

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Soil and Water Fund

		Budgete	d Amo	ounts		Fin	ance with al Budget Positive
	Or	iginal		Final	Actual	(N	egative)
REVENUES							
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1	\$	1
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1	\$	1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1	\$	1
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1	\$	1
Fund balance - beginning		-		-	82		82
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 83	\$	83

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Representative Payee Fund

		Budgete	d Am	ounts	_		Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Or	iginal		Final		Actual	(1	Negative)
REVENUES								_
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	127,246	\$	127,246
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	127,246	\$	127,246
EXPENDITURES								
Human services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	129,912	\$	(129,912)
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	129,912	\$	(129,912)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,666)	\$	(2,666)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,666)	\$	(2,666)
Fund balance - beginning, as restated		-		-		40,710		40,710
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	38,044	\$	38,044

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual CARES Fund

	-	Budgete iginal	d Amo	ounts Final	_	Actual	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	392,219	\$	392,015	\$	(204)
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	392,219	\$	392,015	\$	(204)
EXPENDITURES								
Public safety	\$	-	\$	392,219	\$	392,015	\$	204
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	392,219	\$	392,015	\$	204
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund balance - beginning		-		-		-		-
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Earthquake Fund

		Budgete	d Am	ounts				riance with nal Budget Positive
	Or	riginal		Final	-	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES								
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	246,595	\$	503,206	\$	256,611
Miscellaneous		-		230,631		230,629		(2)
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	477,226	\$	733,835	\$	256,609
EXPENDITURES								
General government administration	\$	-	\$	477,226	\$	673,105	\$	(195,879)
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	477,226	\$	673,105	\$	(195,879)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	60,730	\$	60,730
Net change in fund balance Fund balance - beginning	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	60,730	\$	60,730
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	60,730	\$	60,730

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Deed of Trust Fund

		Budgete	d Am	ounts				riance with nal Budget Positive
	Or	iginal		Final	_	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES								
Other taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	283,639	\$	283,639
Permits and fees		-		-		21,592		21,592
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	305,231	\$	305,231
EXPENDITURES								
General government administration	\$	-	\$	-	\$	129,819	\$	(129,819)
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	129,819	\$	(129,819)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	175,412	\$	175,412
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(175,412)	\$	(175,412)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(175,412)	\$	(175,412)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund balance - beginning	Ċ	-	Ś	-	\$	-	\$	
Fund balance - ending			ş	<u> </u>	ş	-	Ą	-

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fire Tax Fund

	Pudgatad		ounts.		Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	 Budgeted	AIII				
	 Original		Final	Actual	(1	Negative)
REVENUES						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 645,804	\$	645,804	\$ 727,195		81,391
Total revenues	\$ 645,804	\$	645,804	\$ 727,195	\$	81,391
EXPENDITURES						
Public safety	\$ 711,540	\$	711,540	\$ 565,062	\$	146,478
Total expenditures	\$ 711,540	\$	711,540	\$ 565,062	\$	146,478
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	\$ (65,736)	\$	(65,736)	\$ 162,133	\$	227,869
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 65,736	\$	65,736	\$ -	\$	(65,736)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 65,736	\$	65,736	\$ -	\$	(65,736)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 162,133	\$	162,133
Fund balance - beginning	-		-	-		-
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 162,133	\$	162,133

Alleghany County, North Carolina Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2021

	School Capital Project Fund	R	Outdoor ecreation Capital oject Fund	Total
ASSETS				_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 657,769	\$	108,064	\$ 765,833
Total assets	\$ 657,769	\$	108,064	\$ 765,833
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted:				
Recreation	\$ -	\$	108,064	\$ 108,064
Assigned	657,769		-	657,769
Total fund balances	\$ 657,769	\$	108,064	\$ 765,833

Alleghany County, North Carolina Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Project Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	School Capital Project Fund	Outdoor Recreation pital Project Fund	Total
REVENUES			
Investment earnings	\$ 17	\$ -	\$ 17
Total revenues	\$ 17	\$ -	\$ 17
EXPENDITURES			
Capital outlay	\$ 522,255	\$ -	\$ 522,255
Total expenditures	\$ 522,255	\$ -	\$ 522,255
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	\$ (522,238)	\$ -	\$ (522,238)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	\$ 855,571	\$ -	\$ 855,571
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 855,571	\$ -	\$ 855,571
Net change in fund balances	\$ 333,333	\$ -	\$ 333,333
Fund balances - beginning	324,436	108,064	432,500
Fund balances - ending	\$ 657,769	\$ 108,064	\$ 765,833

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual School Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budgeted Original	l An	nounts Final	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES							
Investment earnings	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$ 17	\$	(983)
Total revenues	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$ 17	\$	(983)
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay							
Education	\$	807,445	\$	1,011,594	\$ 522,255	\$	489,339
Total expenditures	\$	807,445	\$	1,011,594	\$ 522,255	\$	489,339
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$	(806,445)	\$	(1,010,594)	\$ (522,238)	\$	488,356
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$	517,714	\$	721,863	\$ 855,571	\$	133,708
Appropriated fund balance		288,731		288,731	-		(288,731)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	806,445	\$	1,010,594	\$ 855,571	\$	(155,023)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 333,333	\$	333,333
Fund balance - beginning					324,436		
Fund balance - ending					\$ 657,769	• •	
						•	

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Outdoor Recreation Capital Project Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Project horization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	P	Project to Date	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
EXPENDITURES							
Cultural and recreational	\$ 143,903	\$ 35,839	\$ -	\$	35,839	\$	108,064
Total expenditures	\$ 143,903	\$ 35,839	\$ -	\$	35,839	\$	108,064
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$ (143,903)	\$ (35,839)	\$ -	\$	(35,839)	\$	108,064
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 143,903	\$ 143,903	\$ -	\$	143,903	\$	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 143,903	\$ 143,903	\$ -	\$	143,903	\$	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 108,064	\$ -	\$	108,064	\$	108,064

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Landfill Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		P. douted						ariance with
		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final	-	Actual		Positive (Negative)
		Original		rillat		Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES								
Operating revenues								
Charges for services:								
Solid waste charges	\$	1,059,740	Ś	1,050,500	Ś	1,173,475	\$	122,975
Total operating revenues	\$	1,059,740		1,050,500		1,173,475	\$	122,975
Nonoperating revenues								
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	4,000	\$	2,000	\$	-	\$	(2,000)
Investment earnings		750		3,500		15		(3,485)
Total nonoperating revenues	\$	4,750	\$	5,500	\$	15	\$	(5,485)
Total revenues	\$	1,064,490	\$	1,056,000	\$	1,173,490	\$	117,490
EXPENDITURES								
Landfill operations								
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	319,033	\$	191,721	\$	156,925	\$	34,796
Disposal costs		599,836		649,412		704,136		(54,724)
Maintenance services		20,938		25,430		23,806		1,624
Capital outlay		107,244		111,503		103,814		7,689
Debt service		164,706		36,495		6,857		29,638
Principal		37,813		38,992		-		38,992
Interest		3,626		2,447		2,447		-
Total expenditures	\$	1,253,196	\$	1,056,000	\$	997,985	\$	58,015
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	(188,706)	\$	-	\$	175,505	\$	175,505
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Installment obligations issued	\$	188,706	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	188,706	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources								
(uses) over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	175,505	\$	175,505
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual to Ful	l Accru	ual):						
Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures Reconciling items:					\$	175,505		
Depreciation						(55,071)		
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences						1,996		
Pension expense						(61,724)		
OPEB expense						35,196	-	
Change in net position					\$	95,902	=	

Alleghany County, North Carolina Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

				Custodia	al F	unds		
		Jail	To	own of	L	.ibrary		
	li	nmate	Sp	arta Tax		Trust		
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,625	\$	-	\$	29,158	Ś	31,783
Total assets	\$	2,625	\$	-	\$	29,158	\$	31,783
NET POSITION Restricted:								
Benefit of the inmates	\$	2,625	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,625
Held in trust		-		-		29,158		29,158
Total net position	\$	2,625	\$	-	\$	29,158	\$	31,783

Alleghany County, North Carolina Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Custodia	l Fu	nds	
	Jail	7	Town of		Library	
	Inmate	Sp	oarta Tax		Trust	
	 Fund		Fund		Fund	Total
ADDITIONS						
Inmate deposits	\$ 37,792	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 37,792
Ad valorem taxes	-		592,116		-	592,116
Donations	-		-		1,940	1,940
Investment income	-		-		2	2
Total additions	\$ 37,792	\$	592,116	\$	1,942	\$ 631,850
DEDUCTIONS						
Canteen sales	\$ 32,522	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 32,522
Inmate refunds	3,641		-		-	3,641
Payments to Town of Sparta	-		592,116		-	592,116
Library memorial book fund	-		-		2,670	2,670
Total deductions	\$ 36,163	\$	592,116	\$	2,670	\$ 630,949
Change in net position	\$ 1,629	\$	-	\$	(728)	\$ 901
Net position - beginning, as restated	996		-		29,886	30,882
Net position - ending	\$ 2,625	\$	-	\$	29,158	\$ 31,783

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	_	Balance			Collections	Balance
Fiscal Year		e 30, 2020		Additions	 and Credits	ne 30, 2021
2020-2021	\$	-	\$	10,563,123	\$ 10,409,126	\$ 153,997
2019-2020		197,496		-	154,924	42,572
2018-2019		57,184		-	40,582	16,602
2017-2018		26,094		-	17,102	8,992
2016-2017		9,190		-	5,798	3,392
2015-2016		3,420		-	1,455	1,965
2014-2015		3,594		-	1,930	1,664
2013-2014		3,785		-	1,520	2,265
2012-2013		11,699		-	2,281	9,418
2011-2012		2,673		-	1,339	1,334
2010-2011		3,022		-	3,022	-
Total	\$	318,157	\$	10,563,123	\$ 10,639,079	\$ 242,201
Less: Allowance	for Unc	collectible Acc	ounts-	General Fund		(35,969)
Ad valorem taxe	es recei\	/able, net-Gei	neral F	und		\$ 206,232
Reconciliation v	vith Rev	enues:				
Ad valorem taxe	es-Gene	ral Fund				\$ 10,710,239
Reconciling iter	ns:					
Interest and p	enalitie	s collected				(72,847)
Other adjustm	nents					1,497
Taxes written						3,022
Collection of	taxes wr	itten off				(2,832)
Total reconcilin						\$ (71,160)
Total collection	•	edits				\$ 10,639,079
						 -,,

Alleghany County, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Total I	_evy	
	 Co Property Valuation	unty Wide Rate	Total Levy	Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles		egistered Motor /ehicles
Original Levy						
Property taxed at current year's rate	\$ 1,746,778,727	0.5970	\$ 10,428,269	\$ 9,540,205	\$	888,064
Discoveries						
Current year taxes	\$ 45,335,846	0.5970	\$ 270,655	\$ 270,655	\$	-
Abatements	 (22,747,236)	0.5970	 (135,801)	 (135,801)		-
Total property valuation	\$ 1,769,367,337					
Net Levy			\$ 10,563,123	\$ 9,675,059	\$	888,064
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2021			 153,997	 153,997		-

\$ 10,409,126

98.54%

9,521,062

98.41%

888,064

100.00%

Current Year's Taxes Collected

Current Levy Collection Percentage

Alleghany County, North Carolina Balance Sheet

Tourism Development Authority

(A Component Unit of Alleghany County, North Carolina) June 30, 2021

	Dev	ourism elopment uthority
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	158,528
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		
Accounts receivable		15,863
Total assets	\$	174,391
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	500
Total liabilities	\$	500
FUND BALANCE		
Unassigned	\$	173,891
Total fund balance	\$	173,891

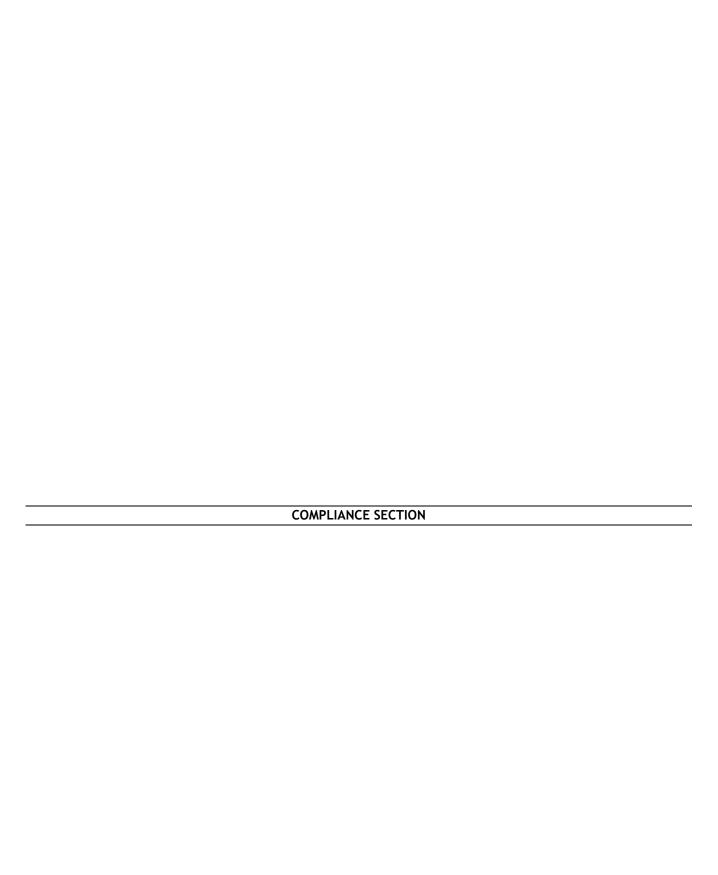
The Tourism Development Authority's fund balance and net position are the same.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Tourism Development Authority (A Component Unit of Alleghany County, North Carolina)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts			Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final	-	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	-	-						
Occupancy tax	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	\$	155,609	\$	75,609
Investment earnings		150		150		1		(149)
Total revenues	\$	80,150	\$	80,150	\$	155,610	\$	75,460
EXPENDITURES								
Economic and physical development								
Tourism development	\$	98,150	\$	98,150	\$	49,343	\$	48,807
Total economic and physical development	\$	98,150	\$	98,150	\$	49,343	\$	48,807
Total expenditures	\$	98,150	\$	98,150	\$	49,343	\$	48,807
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	\$	(18,000)	\$	(18,000)	\$	106,267	\$	124,267
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Appropriated fund balance	\$	18,000	\$	18,000	Ś	_	\$	(18,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	18,000	\$	18,000	\$	-	\$	(18,000)
Not shown to Cood holosoo	<u> </u>		ċ		ċ	40/ 2/7	ċ	404.247
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	Ş	•	\$	106,267	\$	106,267

The Tourism Development Authority's fund balance and net position are the same.





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Board of Commissioners Alleghany County Sparta, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Alleghany County, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Alleghany County, North Carolina's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 23, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-001, 2021-002, and 2021-003 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Alleghany County, North Carolina's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Alleghany County, North Carolina's Response to Findings

Alleghany County, North Carolina's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned. Alleghany County, North Carolina's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 23, 2021

Robinson, James, Cox associates



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and State Single Audit Implementation Act

The Board of Commissioners Alleghany County Sparta, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Alleghany County, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Alleghany County, North Carolina's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Alleghany County, North Carolina's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Alleghany County, North Carolina's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the state Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Alleghany County, North Carolina's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Alleghany County, North Carolina's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Alleghany County, North Carolina complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Alleghany County, North Carolina is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 23, 2021

Robinson, Famer, Cox associates



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and State Single Audit Implementation Act

The Board of Commissioners Alleghany County Sparta, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited Alleghany County, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Alleghany County, North Carolina's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Alleghany County, North Carolina's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with state and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state awards applicable to its state programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Alleghany County, North Carolina's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the *State Single Audit Implementation Act*. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Alleghany County, North Carolina's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Alleghany County, North Carolina's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, Alleghany County, North Carolina complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Alleghany County, North Carolina is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Alleghany County, North Carolina's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 23, 2021

Robinson, Famer, Cox associates

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal AL/CFDA Number	State/Pass-through Grantor's Number	1)	Federal Direct & Pass-through Expenditures)		State enditures	Federal Funds Provided to Subrecipients
Donate and Hooks and House Condition							,	
Department Health and Human Services: Pass Through Payments:								
North Carolina Division of Social Services:								
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	Not available		\$ 12,415		\$	-	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families								
Administration	93.558	2101NCTANF	\$ 35,664					
Work First Service	93.558	2101NCTANF	85,075	120,739				
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	2104NC4005		103,614			90	
Refugee and Entrant Assistance State/Replacement Designee Administered Programs	93.566	Not available		413				
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	75.500	not available		413				
Administration	93.568	G21B1NCLIEA	\$ 77,967					
COVID-19 Administration	93.568	G21B1NCLIEA	38,275					
Crisis Intervention Program	93.568	G21B1NCLIEA	 51,359	167,601			-	
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster:								
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and								
Development Fund	93.596	G2001NCCCDF		80,225				
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	2101NCPERMP		6,165			-	
Foster Care - Title IV-E								
Administration	93.658	21021NCFOST	\$ 112,367				5,839	
Direct Benefit Payments	93.658	21021NCFOST	 151,333	263,700			38,575	
Adoption Assistance	93.659	2101NCADPT		4,549				
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	G2101NCSOSR		96,316				
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.674	Not available		2,074			86	
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	Not available		13,209			(108)	
Medicaid Cluster:								
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	XIX-MAP20		383,007			-	
tel December of Health and House Condess				ć 4.254.027		ć	44 400	
otal Department of Health and Human Services				\$ 1,254,027		\$	44,482	
anautoment of Assistations								
epartment of Agriculture:								
ass Through Payments: North Carolina Division of Social Services:								
SNAP Cluster:								
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition								
Assistance Program	10.561	215NC406S2514		\$ 154,640		5		
Assistance Program	10.501	213110-10032314		3 134,040		-		
otal Department of Agriculture				\$ 154,640		\$		
						<u> </u>		
epartment of Justice:								
Pass Through Payments:								
North Carolina Department of Public Safety - Gov. Crime Commission:								
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	2020-WF-AX-0013		\$ 93,742		\$		
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2020-V2-GX-0057		131,320				
COVID-19 Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16.034	2020-VD-BX-0059		12,998				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2019-DJ-BX-0067		36,938				
otal Department of Justice				\$ 274,998		\$		
epartment of Transportation:								
Pass Through Payments:								
North Carolina Department of Transportation:								
Famoula County for Donal Associated Talkel Towards Donaman								
Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program								
Administration	20.509	36233.1.21.1	\$ 98,430		\$ 6,146			
Administration Capital	20.509	36233.1.21.1	\$ -		\$ 6,146 12,326		18,472	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration	20.509 20.509	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2	\$ 218,404				18,472 -	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital	20.509 20.509 20.509	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2	\$ -	\$ 415,443			-	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration	20.509 20.509	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2	\$ 218,404	\$ 415,443 7,000			18,472 - - -	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	20.509 20.509 20.509	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2	\$ 218,404	7,000			-	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	20.509 20.509 20.509	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2	\$ 218,404			\$	-	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities otal Department of Transportation	20.509 20.509 20.509	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2	\$ 218,404	7,000		\$	-	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities stal Department of Transportation epartment of Homeland Security:	20.509 20.509 20.509	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2	\$ 218,404	7,000		\$	-	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities stal Department of Transportation epartment of Homeland Security: lass Through Payments:	20.509 20.509 20.509	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2	\$ 218,404	7,000		\$	-	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities otal Department of Transportation epartment of Homeland Security: ass Through Payments: North Carolina Department of Public Safety:	20.509 20.509 20.509 20.513	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2 51001.13.9.2	\$ 218,404	\$ 422,443		-	-	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities stal Department of Transportation epartment of Homeland Security: 28as Through Payments: North Carolina Department of Public Safety: Emergency Management Performance Grants	20.509 20.509 20.509 20.513	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2 51001.13.9.2	\$ 218,404	\$ 422,443 \$ 39,378		\$	-	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities stal Department of Transportation expartment of Homeland Security: lass Through Payments: North Carolina Department of Public Safety:	20.509 20.509 20.509 20.513	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2 51001.13.9.2	\$ 218,404	\$ 422,443		-	-	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities tal Department of Transportation epartment of Homeland Security: lass Through Payments: North Carolina Department of Public Safety: Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program	20.509 20.509 20.509 20.513	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2 51001.13.9.2	\$ 218,404	\$ 422,443 \$ 39,378 96,000		\$	18,472	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities stal Department of Transportation epartment of Homeland Security: Pass Through Payments: North Carolina Department of Public Safety: Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program	20.509 20.509 20.509 20.513	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2 51001.13.9.2	\$ 218,404	\$ 422,443 \$ 39,378		-	18,472	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities otal Department of Transportation epartment of Homeland Security: Pass Through Payments: North Carolina Department of Public Safety: Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program otal Department of Homeland Security	20.509 20.509 20.509 20.513	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2 51001.13.9.2	\$ 218,404	\$ 422,443 \$ 39,378 96,000		\$	18,472	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities stal Department of Transportation epartment of Homeland Security: lass Through Payments: North Carolina Department of Public Safety: Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program stal Department of Homeland Security epartment of Treasury:	20.509 20.509 20.509 20.513	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2 51001.13.9.2	\$ 218,404	\$ 422,443 \$ 39,378 96,000		\$	18,472	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities stal Department of Transportation epartment of Homeland Security: lass Through Payments: North Carolina Department of Public Safety: Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program stal Department of Homeland Security epartment of Treasury: lass Through Payments:	20.509 20.509 20.509 20.513	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2 51001.13.9.2	\$ 218,404	\$ 422,443 \$ 39,378 96,000		\$	18,472	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities stal Department of Transportation epartment of Homeland Security: lass Through Payments: North Carolina Department of Public Safety: Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program stal Department of Homeland Security epartment of Treasury: lass Through Payments:	20.509 20.509 20.509 20.513	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2 51001.13.9.2	\$ 218,404	\$ 422,443 \$ 39,378 96,000		\$	18,472	\$ 161,837
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities tal Department of Transportation partment of Homeland Security: ass Through Payments: North Carolina Department of Public Safety: Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program tal Department of Homeland Security partment of Treasury: ass Through Payments: North Carolina Office of State Budget and Management:	20.509 20.509 20.509 20.513 97.042 97.067	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2 51001.13.9.2	\$ 218,404	\$ 422,443 \$ 39,378 96,000 \$ 135,378		\$	18,472	\$ 161,837
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities tal Department of Transportation partment of Homeland Security: ass Through Payments: North Carolina Department of Public Safety: Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program tal Department of Homeland Security partment of Treasury: ass Through Payments: North Carolina Office of State Budget and Management: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	20.509 20.509 20.509 20.513 97.042 97.067	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2 51001.13.9.2	\$ 218,404	\$ 422,443 \$ 39,378 96,000 \$ 135,378		\$	18,472	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities tal Department of Transportation epartment of Homeland Security: ass Through Payments: North Carolina Department of Public Safety: Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program tal Department of Homeland Security epartment of Treasury: ass Through Payments: North Carolina Office of State Budget and Management: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	20.509 20.509 20.509 20.513 97.042 97.067	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2 51001.13.9.2	\$ 218,404	\$ 422,443 \$ 39,378 96,000 \$ 135,378		\$ \$	18,472	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities tall Department of Transportation spartment of Homeland Security: ass Through Payments: North Carolina Department of Public Safety: Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program tall Department of Homeland Security spartment of Treasury: ass Through Payments: North Carolina Office of State Budget and Management: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	20.509 20.509 20.509 20.513 97.042 97.067	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2 51001.13.9.2	\$ 218,404	\$ 422,443 \$ 39,378 96,000 \$ 135,378		\$ \$	18,472	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities tal Department of Transportation epartment of Homeland Security: ass Through Payments: North Carolina Department of Public Safety: Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program tal Department of Homeland Security epartment of Treasury: ass Through Payments: North Carolina Office of State Budget and Management: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund etal Department of Treasury ection Assistance Commission	20.509 20.509 20.509 20.513 97.042 97.067	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2 51001.13.9.2	\$ 218,404	\$ 422,443 \$ 39,378 96,000 \$ 135,378		\$ \$	18,472	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities stal Department of Transportation epartment of Homeland Security: lass Through Payments: North Carolina Department of Public Safety: Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program stal Department of Homeland Security epartment of Treasury: lass Through Payments: North Carolina Office of State Budget and Management: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund lotal Department of Treasury ection Assistance Commission lass Through Payments:	20.509 20.509 20.509 20.513 97.042 97.067	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2 51001.13.9.2	\$ 218,404	\$ 422,443 \$ 39,378 96,000 \$ 135,378		\$ \$	18,472	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities otal Department of Transportation epartment of Homeland Security: lass Through Payments: North Carolina Department of Public Safety: Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program otal Department of Homeland Security epartment of Treasury: lass Through Payments: North Carolina Office of State Budget and Management: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund otal Department of Treasury election Assistance Commission lass Through Payments:	20.509 20.509 20.509 20.513 97.042 97.067	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2 51001.13.9.2	\$ 218,404	\$ 422,443 \$ 39,378 96,000 \$ 135,378		\$ \$	18,472	
Administration Capital COVID-19 Administration COVID-19 Capital Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities otal Department of Transportation epartment of Homeland Security: Pass Through Payments: North Carolina Department of Public Safety: Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program otal Department of Homeland Security epartment of Treasury: Pass Through Payments: North Carolina Office of State Budget and Management: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund otal Department of Treasury lection Assistance Commission Pass Through Payments: North Carolina Board of Elections:	20.509 20.509 20.509 20.513 97.042 97.067	36233.1.21.1 49233.3.1.2 49233.3.1.2 51001.13.9.2 EMA-2020-EP-00009 EMW-2020-SS-00023	\$ 218,404	\$ 422,443 \$ 39,378 96,000 \$ 135,378 \$ 418,021 \$ 418,021		\$ \$	18,472	

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal AL/CFDA Number	State/Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal Direct & Pass-through Expenditures	State Expenditures	Federal Funds Provided to Subrecipients
N.C. Department of Health and Human Services					
Administration					
Child Welfare/CPS/CS			\$ -	\$ 74,046	
Direct Benefit Payments					
State Foster Home			<u> </u>	99,570	
Total N.C. Department of Health and Human Services			\$ -	\$ 173,616	
N.C. Department of Environmental Quality					
Division of Water Resources					
S&W Conservation - Wetland Cost Share			<u>\$</u> -	\$ 25,433	
Total N.C. Department of Environmental Quality			\$ -	\$ 25,433	
N.C. Department of Public Safety					
Juvenile Crime Prevention Programs			\$ -	\$ 69,774	
Total N.C. Department of Public Safety			\$ -	\$ 69,774	
N.C. Office of State Budget and Management					
N.C. Earthquake Recovery			<u>\$</u> -	\$ 503,206	
Total N.C. Office of State Budget and Management			\$ -	\$ 503,206	
N.C. Department of Public Instruction					
Public School Building Capital Fund - Lottery Proceeds			\$ -	\$ 55,264	
. 22.12 22.1000 building duplicate and 2000013 1.1000003				y 33,204	
Total N.C. Department of Public Instruction			\$ -	\$ 55,264	
Total Federal and State Awards			\$ 2,716,273	\$ 890,247	\$ 161,837

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards (the Schedule) includes the federal and state grant activity of Alleghany County under programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Alleghany County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Alleghany County.

Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule (SEFSA) are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- $\ensuremath{\text{(2)}}\ Pass-through\ entity\ identifying\ numbers\ are\ presented\ where\ available.}$
- (3) The County did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate because they only request direct costs for reimbursement.
- (4) The County did not have any loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the year.

Note 3 -- Cluster of Program

Subsidized Child Care and Foster Care Adoption are clustered by the NC Department of Health and Human Services and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes.

Note 4 -- COVID-19 PPE

Alleghany County did not receive any donated personal protective equipment (PPE) during the fiscal year.

Note 5 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements:

 $Federal\ expenditures,\ revenues\ and\ capital\ contributions\ are\ reported\ in\ the\ County's\ basic\ financial\ statements\ as\ follows:$

Intergovernmental federal and state revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:		
General Fund		
Federal Funding	\$ 1,991,885	
State Funding		\$ 368,569
Transportation Fund		
Federal Funding	332,373	
State Funding		18,472
CARES Fund		
Federal Funding	392,015	-
Earthquake Fund		
State Funding	•	503,206
Total primary government	\$ 2,716,273	\$ 890,247

No

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial	Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Name of Endoral Drogram or Cluster

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

CEDA #

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
93.778	Medicaid Cluster	
20.509	Formula Grants for Rural Areas annd Tribal Transit Progran	n
21.019	COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish	ı between Type A	
and Type B programs		\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk audite	ee?	No
State Awards		
Internal control over major program		
Material weakness(es) identified	?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identi	fied?	None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on c	compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that ar	re required to be	
reported in accordance with the	State Single Audit Implementation Act?	No
Identification of major programs:		
_	Program Name	

N.C. Earthquake Recovery Fund

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

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Criteria: Per auditing

Per auditing standards, an auditee should have sufficient expertise in the selection and application of accounting principles used in the preparation of the annual financial report. In addition, the auditee should have sufficient internal controls over the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Furthermore, reliance on the auditors to propose audit adjustments may not be a

component of the auditee's internal controls.

Condition: The financial statements, as presented for audit, did not contain all necessary adjustments

to comply with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). As such, the auditor

proposed adjustments that were material to the financial statements.

Cause: The County has had numerous changes in the financial reporting processes including

staffing, funding, and accounting principles. These items resulted in the auditors proposing

material adjustments.

Effect: There is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements

will not be prevented or detected and corrected by the entity's internal controls over

financial reporting.

Recommendation: The County should continue to improve monthly reconciliations and work to ensure

financials as provided for audit are materially correct.

Management's Response: The County will continue to improve on the understanding and review of the financial

information prior to providing same to the auditors for next year.

2021-002

Criteria: A key concept of internal controls is segregation of duties. No one employee should have

access to both accounting records and related assets.

Condition: The County does not have proper segregation of duties regarding cash management.

Cause: The County Finance Officer has access to and enters the majority of transactions into the

accounting system. Further, the Finance Officer receives the bank statement and

reconciles same without review.

Alleghany County, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

2021-002 (Continued)	
Effect:	There is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal controls over financial reporting.
Recommendation:	The County should implement a review process over the original bank statement and subsequent bank reconciliation.
Management's Response:	Management will implement the recommended actions as soon as possible.
2021-003	
Criteria:	The County should have sufficient monitoring procedures to mitigate certain internal control risks. These procedures include providing accurate and timely monthly reports to the Board of Commissioners. A completed and reviewed bank reconciliation is a vital piece of ensuring the overall accuracy of information provided to the Board.
Condition:	The Finance Office was not reconciling the bank statement in a timely manner which resulted in an unknown variance.
Cause:	The Finance Office experienced turnover during a pandemic and got behind on reconciling the monthly bank statements. There was limited, if any, review of the bank reconciliations.
Effect:	There is reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal controls over financial reporting.
Recommendation:	We recommend the County Manager receive directly and review the bank statement prior to the Finance Officer reconciling same. After timely reconciliation, we recommend the County Manager review the reconciliation as well.
Management's Response:	Management will implement the recommended actions as soon as possible.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no state award findings and questioned costs to report.

ALLEGHANY COUNTY FINANCE/HR OFFICE

April Hamm, Finance Officer
Human Resource Officer

Robin Hamilton, Assistant Finance Officer



Post Office Box 366 348 South Main Street, LL50 & LL60 Sparta, NC 28675 (336) 372-2826 or (336)372-2946

(336) 372-2972-fax

Corrective Action Plan

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Contact Name: April Hamm, Finance Officer

Finding 2021-001

Material Audit Adjustments

Corrective Action: Staff will continue to improve on reconciling financial statements, plus understanding and review of all financial information.

Finding 2021-002

Segregation of Duties

Corrective Action: Segregated reviews from multiple staff members of bank statements, plus entering of transactions into the accounting system, will be added to internal controls.

Finding 2021-0003

Review of Bank Statements

Corrective Action: County Manager will receive and review bank statements before Finance Office begins reconciliation. County Manager will review after completion of bank reconciliation by Finance staff.

Completion Date: As soon as possible

ALLEGHANY COUNTY FINANCE/HR OFFICE

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Human Resource Officer

Robin Hamilton, Assistant Finance Officer



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(336) 372-2972-fax

Summary Schedule of Prior Year's Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Finding 2020-001

Condition: Material Audit Adjustments

Current Status: This finding has been repeated as a material weakness as current

year finding 2021-001.