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TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

<u>Mayor</u>

Wayne Anderson

Board Members

Kent Holmes Tracey Joyner Kenneth Ward Bobby Whitaker Bud A Whitaker

Administrative and Financial Staff

Tyree Davis, Town Administrator Patricia Whitaker, Finance Officer Rhonda Joyner, Town Clerk Barbara Braswell, Tax Collector

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Certified Public Accountants

CPA)**

America Counts on CPAs

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Curtis G. Van Horne, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Mayor and Board Members Enfield, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Enfield, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.





We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Enfield, North Carolina as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 6-14, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions, on pages 61 through 62, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability, and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on pages 63 and 64 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Enfield, North Carolina. The individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State awards as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures; including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in

accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund financial statements, the budgetary schedules, other schedules and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 10, 2021 on our consideration of the Town of Enfield's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Enfield's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP Oxford, North Carolina November 10, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Enfield, we offer readers of the Town of Enfield's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Enfield for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

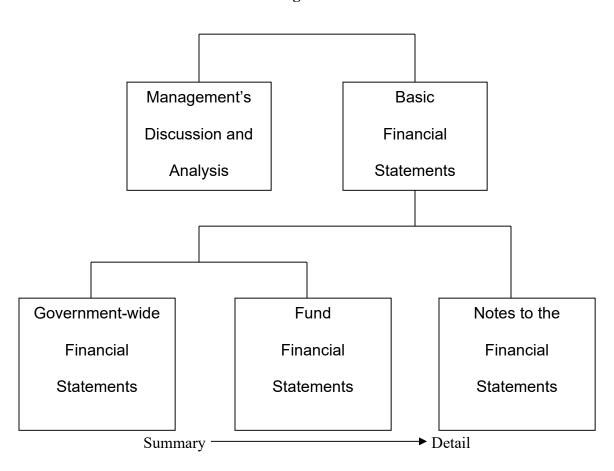
Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town of Enfield exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$19,690,032 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$829,790.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Enfield's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$703,548, an increase of \$151,857 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 16.94 percent of this total amount, or \$119,199, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$119,199.
- The Town of Enfield's total liabilities (including compensated absences and net pension liability) increased by \$315,331 (11.87%) during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Enfield's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Enfield.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the Government-wide Financial Statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are Fund Financial Statements. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the notes. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, supplemental information is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net position is one way to gage the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water, sewer and electric services offered by the Town of Enfield.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Enfield, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Town of Enfield can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds — Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Enfield adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing

the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – Town of Enfield has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Enfield uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer and electric activity operations. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 30 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Town of Enfield's Net Position Figure 2

	Governmental					Busine	Гуре				
		Activ	/itie	s		Activ	vitie	s	T	otal	
		2021		2020		2021		2020	2021		2020
Current and other assets	\$	912,225	\$	834,912	\$	8,788,968	\$	8,206,048	\$ 9,701,193	\$	9,040,960
Capital assets		5,869,598		5,351,389		6,967,285		7,062,522	12,836,883		12,413,911
Deferred outflows of resources		363,945		180,800		136,016		115,777	499,961		296,577
Total assets and deferred											
outflows of resources		7,145,768		6,367,101		15,892,269		15,384,347	23,038,037		21,751,448
Long-term liabilities outstanding		718,875		500,897		2,027,825		1,946,884	2,746,700		2,447,781
Other liabilities		120,216		153,869		452,900		258,393	573,116		412,262
Deferred inflows of resources		22,774		24,007		5,415		3,244	28,189		27,251
Total liabilities and deferred											
inflows of resources		861,865		678,773		2,486,140		2,208,521	3,348,005		2,887,294
Net position:											
Net investment in capital assets		5,742,099		5,167,223		5,087,724		5,221,780	10,829,823		10,389,003
Restricted		454,975		482,956		-		-	454,975		482,956
Unrestricted		86,829		38,149		8,318,405		7,954,046	8,405,234		7,992,195
Total net position	\$	6,283,903	\$	5,688,328	\$	13,406,129	\$	13,175,826	\$ 19,690,032	\$	18,864,154
•	_	•		-				·	•		

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Enfield exceeded liabilities by \$19,690,032 as of June 30, 2021. The Town's net position increased by \$829,790 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. However, the largest portion (55.0%) reflects the Town's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town of Enfield uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently,

these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Enfield's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Enfield's net position (2.31%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$8,405,234 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- \$50,000 received by the town from a Solar Farm
- \$62,044 received by the town from FEMA from a previous year's hurricane
- \$19,000 received by the town from the Cares Act

Town of Enfield Changes in Net Position Figure 3

		rigui			т.	. 1
		tal Activities	Business Typ	-		otal
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2020	2019
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 251,202	\$ 237,644	\$ 4,046,201	\$ 3,840,590	\$ 4,297,403	\$ 4,078,234
Grants & Contributions:	, , ,		,,,,,,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , , , , ,	,,,,,,
Operating	194,540	75,126	-	-	194,540	75,126
Capital	704,456	6,608	-	417,431	704,456	424,039
General revenues:	,			,		
Property taxes	617,063	568,090	_	_	617,063	568,090
Other taxes	470,707	432,259	-	-	470,707	432,259
Other	125,646	139,850	7,257	18,090	132,903	157,940
Total revenues	2,363,614	1,459,577	4,053,458	4,276,111	6,417,072	5,735,688
Expenses:						
General government	419,400	346,809	-	-	419,400	346,809
Public safety	876,469	918,423	-	-	876,469	918,423
Public works	441,179	501,621	-	-	441,179	501,621
Economic & Physical Development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cultural and recreation	24,260	49,837	-	-	24,260	49,837
Interest on long-term debt	6,731	9,214	-	-	6,731	9,214
Water and sewer	-	-	1,315,300	1,307,698	1,315,300	1,307,698
Electric	-	-	2,503,943	2,489,653	2,503,943	2,489,653
Total expenses	1,768,039	1,825,904	3,819,243	3,797,351	5,587,282	5,623,255
Increase in net position	595,575	(366,327)	234,215	478,760	829,790	112,433
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in Net Position	595,575	(366,327)	234,215	478,760	829,790	112,433
Net position, July 1, as previously report	5,688,328	6,054,655	13,175,826	12,697,066	18,864,154	18,751,721
Prior Period Adjustment	-	-	(3,912)	-	(3,912)	-
Net position, July 1, as restated	5,688,328	6,054,655	13,171,914	12,697,066	18,860,242	
Net position, June 30	\$ 6,283,903	\$ 5,688,328	\$ 13,406,129	\$ 13,175,826	\$ 19,690,032	\$ 18,864,154

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$595,575, thereby accounting for (71.77%) of the total growth in the net position of the Town of Enfield.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased the Town of Enfield's net position by \$234,215 accounting for 28.23% of the total growth in the government's net position.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Enfield uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Enfield's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Enfield's financing requirements. Specifically, unrestricted fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Enfield. At the end of the current fiscal year, available fund balance in the General Fund was \$448,143, while total fund balance reached \$698,519. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Available fund balance represents 29.37 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 45.77 percent of that same amount.

At June 30, 2021, the governmental funds of Town of Enfield reported a combined fund balance of \$703,548, a 27.53 percent increase over last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues were higher than the budgeted amounts by \$310,370 primarily because receipts of \$59,400 receipts from the CARES Act and \$62,044 from FEMA for a hurricane in a previous year. Expenditures were under budget by \$81,565.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Enfield's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Electric Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$7,386,421, and those for the Water and Sewer Fund amounted to \$931,984. The total change in net position for both funds was \$301,951 and (\$67,736) respectively. Factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

C ---- 1

Capital assets. The Town of Enfield's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2021, totals \$12,836,883 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major additions during the year included one vehicle and additions to capital projects. Major deletions during the year included four vehicles and three pieces of property.

Town of Enfield's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Figure 4

		Govern	ment	tal	Busine	ss-ty	/pe			
		Activ	ities		Acti	vities	S	To	tal	
	2021			2020	2021		2020	2021		2020
Land	\$	275,543	\$	284,473	\$ 30,030	\$	30,030	\$ 305,573	\$	314,503
Construction in progress		736,105		-	589,352		426,309	1,325,457		426,309
Buildings and system		688,064		717,554	6,201,404		6,477,587	6,889,468		7,195,141
Improvements other than buildings		4,113,784		4,241,141	-		-	4,113,784		4,241,141
Machinery and equipment		20,125		51,456	114,232		120,871	134,357		172,327
Vehicles and motorized equipment		35,977		56,765	32,267		7,725	68,244		64,490
Total	\$	5,869,598	\$	5,351,389	\$ 6,967,285	\$	7,062,522	\$ 12,836,883	\$	12,413,911

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in note III.A.4 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2021, the Town of Enfield had total bonded debt outstanding of \$1,616,000. This is debt backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

Town of Enfield's Outstanding Debt **Figure 3**

	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government			
		2021 2020		2020	2021		2020		2021			2020	
Compensated absences	\$	43,777	\$	42,596	\$	28,299	\$	26,619	\$	72,076	\$	69,215	
General obligation bonds		_		_		1,616,000		1,692,000		1,616,000		1,692,000	
Pension related debt (LGERS)		278,513		229,765		245,351		189,705		523,864		419,470	
Pension related debt (LEO)		369,530		139,694		-		-		369,530		139,694	
Installment Purchases		127,499		184,166		263,561		152,654		391,060		336,820	
Total	\$	819,319	\$	596,221	\$	2,153,211	\$	2,060,978	\$	2,972,530	\$	2,657,199	

The Town of Enfield's total debt (including compensated absences) increased by \$315,331 (11.87%) during the past fiscal year.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Town of Enfield is \$3,421,471.

Additional information regarding the Town of Enfield's long-term debt can be found in note III.B.6 beginning on page 56 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town.

- Enfield is a municipality of Halifax County. Halifax County has experienced an unemployment rate of 7.1% at June 30, 2021, which is much higher than the state average of 4.9%
- Enfield continues to hold diligent collecting on funds for utilities that were delinquent due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities: Total budgeted general fund revenue and expenses are expected to increase by \$155,512 over the current budget. Budgeted property tax rate will remain the same. The revenues from the solar farm are revenues that the Town of Enfield will continue to receive in decreasing amounts, over a period of time, as part of an agreement between the town and Dominion Power. Currently it is the direction of the Commissioners to direct the revenue from the solar farm to the Town's fund balance.

Business – **type Activities:** Water fund and sewer fund revenues are expected to increase \$7,578 while electric fund revenues are expected to decrease \$90,068 over the current fiscal budget. The Town of Enfield will focus on load management. The expected outcome for this initiative is to better capture the energy we purchase such that we sale more of what we purchase. The town expects that it is experiencing some kilowatt loss after purchasing from a third party. If the Town of Enfield is able to decrease this loss, this decrease will increase the electric budget.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Patricia Whitaker, Finance Officer, Town of Enfield, P O Box 765, Enfield, NC 27522.





TOWN OF ENFIELD STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	GOVERNMI ACTIVIT			NESS-TYPE CTIVITIES		TOTAL
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	304,850	\$	7,316,506	\$	7,621,356
Taxes receivable (net)		137,103		-		137,103
Accrued interest receivable on taxes		52,023		-		52,023
Accounts receivable (net)		165,494		1,348,999		1,514,493
Inventory		-		49,783		49,783
Internal Balances		53,185		(53,185)		-
Restricted Assets:		100.550		126.065		226.425
Cash and cash equivalents		199,570	-	126,865		326,435
Total current assets		912,225	-	8,788,968	-	9,701,193
NON-CURRENT ASSETS						
CAPITAL ASSETS						
Land, non-depreciable improvements	1	011 (40		(10.292		1 (21 020
and construction in progress Other capital assets, net of depreciation		,011,648		619,382 6,347,903		1,631,030
Total capital assets, net of depreciation		,857,950 ,869,598	-	6,967,285	-	11,205,853 12,836,883
Total assets		,781,823		15,756,253		22,538,076
Total assets		,701,023		13,730,233		22,330,070
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension deferrals		363,945		136,016		499,961
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		17,626		200,649		218,275
Accrued interest payable		221		-		221
Current portion of bonds payable		-		79,000		79,000
Current portion of installment purchases		56,667		18,087		74,754
Compensated absences		43,777		28,299		72,076
Customer Deposits		1,925		126,865		128,790
Total Current Liabilities LONG TERM LIABILITIES		120,216		452,900		573,116
Compensated absences		_		-		_
Net pension liability-LGERS		278,513		245,351		523,864
Total pension liability-LEO		369,530		-		369,530
Bonds payable		-		1,537,000		1,537,000
Installment purchase payable		70,832		245,474		316,306
Total liabilities		839,091		2,480,725		3,319,816
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension deferrals		22,774		5,415		28,189
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	5,	,742,099		5,087,724		10,829,823
Restricted for:						
Streets		199,570		-		199,570
Infrastructure		5,029		-		5,029
Stabilization by State Statute		250,376		-		250,376
Unrestricted	<u> </u>	86,829	Φ.	8,318,405	_	8,405,234
Total net position	\$ 6	,283,903	\$	13,406,129	\$	19,690,032

TOWN OF ENFIELD STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Progr	am Revenue	es		Net		nue and Changes in nary Government	Net Position	
Functions/Programs	I	Expenses		rges for rvices	Opera		Caj	pital Grants and Contributions		vernmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Primary government:												
Governmental Activities:												
General government	\$	419,400	\$		\$	62,044	\$	-	\$	(357,356)	\$ - 5	(, ,
Public Safety		876,469		53,833		59,400		-		(763,236)	-	(763,236)
Public Works		441,179		197,369		73,096		-		(170,714)	-	(170,714)
Cultural and recreation		24,260		-		-		-		(24,260)	-	(24,260)
Economic & physical development		-		-		-		704,456		704,456	-	704,456
Interest on long-term debt		6,731		-		-				(6,731)	-	(6,731)
Total governmental activities		1,768,039		251,202		194,540		704,456		(617,841)	-	(617,841)
Business-type activities:												
Water and sewer		1,315,300		1,247,564		-		-		_	(67,736)	(67,736)
Electric		2,503,943		2,798,637		-		_		_	294,694	294,694
Total business-type activities		3,819,243		4,046,201		-		-		-	226,958	226,958
Total primary government	\$	5,587,282	\$	4,297,403	\$	194,540	\$	704,456		(617,841)	226,958	(390,883)
		ral revenues:										
		xes:										
		roperty taxes	, levied f	or general p	urpose					617,063	-	617,063
	P			or general p	ourpose					617,063 1,750	-	617,063 1,750
		rivilege licentales taxes		or general p	ourpose					,	- -	,
	S	rivilege licen		or general p	ourpose					1,750	- - - -	1,750
	S T	rivilege licen ales tax ax refunds	ses	or general p	ourpose					1,750 308,141	- - - -	1,750 308,141
	S T U	rivilege licen ales tax	ses se tax	or general p	ourpose					1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601	- - - - -	1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601
	S T U B	rivilege licen ales tax ax refunds Itility franchi Beer and wine	se tax		•					1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751	- - - - -	1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751
	S T U B T	rivilege licen ales tax ax refunds Itility franchi Beer and wine elecommunic	se tax tax cation and	l excise tax	•					1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751 21,104	- - - - - -	1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751 21,104
	S T U B T V	rivilege licentales tax Tax refunds Utility franchitation Geer and wine Telecommunication Tideo program	se tax tax cation and	l excise tax	•					1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751 21,104 11,744	- - - - - - -	1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751 21,104 11,744
	S T U B T V	rivilege licentales tax Tax refunds Utility franchitation Geer and wine Telecommunication Tideo program Other taxes	se tax tax cation and	l excise tax	•					1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751 21,104 11,744 6,689	- - - -	1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751 21,104 11,744 6,689
	S T U B T V C	rivilege licentales tax Tax refunds Utility franchial Ger and wine Telecommunic Tideo program Other taxes restricted inv	se tax tax cation and	l excise tax	•					1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751 21,104 11,744 6,689 10,208	7,257	1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751 21,104 11,744 6,689 17,465
	S T U B T V C Un:	rivilege licen ales tax fax refunds Jtility franchi deer and wine felecommunion fideo program Other taxes restricted inv scellaneous	se tax tax cation and nming tax estment of	d excise tax		nsfers				1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751 21,104 11,744 6,689 10,208 115,438	- - - - - 7,257	1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751 21,104 11,744 6,689 17,465 115,438
	S T U B T V C Un Mis	rivilege licen ales tax fax refunds Utility franchi deer and wine felecommunion fideo program Other taxes restricted inv scellaneous Total genera	se tax tax cation and nming tax estment of	d excise tax carnings s, not inclu		nsfers				1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751 21,104 11,744 6,689 10,208 115,438 1,213,416	7,257	1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751 21,104 11,744 6,689 17,465 115,438
	S T U B T V C Un:	rivilege licenales tax ax refunds dility franchi deer and wine felecommunic fideo program other taxes restricted inv scellaneous Total genera Change in n	see tax e tax cation and nming tax estment of	d excise tax carnings s, not inclu	ding tra					1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751 21,104 11,744 6,689 10,208 115,438 1,213,416 595,575	7,257 -7,257 234,215	1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751 21,104 11,744 6,689 17,465 115,438 1,220,673
	S T U B T V C Un Mis	rivilege licenales tax Tax refunds Utility franchi Geer and wine Telecommunic Tideo program Other taxes restricted inviscellaneous Total genera Change in n Dosition - beg	see tax etax cation and nming tax estment c I revenue et positio inning - a	d excise tax carnings s, not inclu	ding tra					1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751 21,104 11,744 6,689 10,208 115,438 1,213,416	7,257 	1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751 21,104 11,744 6,689 17,465 115,438 1,220,673 829,790 18,864,154
	S T U B T V C Un Mis	rivilege licenales tax ax refunds dility franchi deer and wine felecommunic fideo program other taxes restricted inv scellaneous Total genera Change in n	see tax e tax cation and nming tax estment e I revenue et positio inning - a stment	d excise tax arnings s, not inclu n s previousl	ding tra					1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751 21,104 11,744 6,689 10,208 115,438 1,213,416 595,575	7,257 -7,257 234,215	1,750 308,141 18,927 91,601 10,751 21,104 11,744 6,689 17,465 115,438 1,220,673



TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		MAJ	OR FUND)	NO:	N-MAJOR		
						NFIELD		TOTAL
		ENIEDAI		CDBG		MUNITY		ERNMENTAL
	G	ENERAL	INFRAS	TRUCTURE		PARK	-	FUNDS
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	268,124	\$	_	\$	36,726	\$	304,850
Restricted Cash		199,570		_		_		199,570
Taxes receivable		137,103		_		-		137,103
Accounts receivable (net)		165,494		-		-		165,494
Due from other funds		84,882		_		-		84,882
Total Assets		855,173		-		36,726		891,899
Liabilities								
Due to other funds		_		31,697		_		31,697
Deposits		1,925		-		-		1,925
Accounts payable								
and accrued liabilities		17,626		_		_		17,626
Total Liabilities		19,551		31,697		_		51,248
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Property taxes receivable		137,103		_		-		137,103
Total Deferred Inflows								
of Resources		137,103		-				137,103
Fund Balances								
Restricted								
Stabilization by State Statute		250,376		-		-		250,376
Streets		199,570		_		-		199,570
Infrastructure		-		(31,697)		36,726		5,029
Assigned		129,374		-		-		129,374
Unassigned		119,199		<u>-</u> _		-		119,199
Total Fund Balances		698,519		(31,697)		36,726		703,548
Total Liabilities,								
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
and Fund Balances	\$	855,173	\$		\$	36,726	\$	891,899

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

(Exhibit 1) are different because:		
Total equity and other credits (Exhibit 3)		\$ 703,548
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial rersources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.	0.272.262	
Gross capital assets at historical cost	9,273,263	
Accumulated depreciation	(3,403,665)	5,869,598
Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not		3,007,370
available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred.		52,023
available to pay for earrein period expenditures and therefore are deferred.		32,023
Deferred outfows of resources related to pensions		
are not reported in the funds		363,945
1		/
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not		
financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds		
Total pension liability	(369,530)	
Net pension liability	(278,513)	
Other long term liabilities	(171,497)	
-		(819,540)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		
are not reported in the funds		(22,774)
Liabilities for earned but deferred revenues in fund statements.		 137,103
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 6,283,903

TOWN OF ENFIELD STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		MAJO	R FUND		_	N-MAJOR		
	C	GENERAL FUND		CDBG STRUCTURE	COM	NFIELD IMUNITY PARK	GOVE	TOTAL RNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	652,932	\$	-	\$	-	\$	652,932
Other taxes and licenses		1,750		-		-		1,750
Intergovernmental								
Unrestricted		470,868		-		=		470,868
Restricted		192,629		704,456		-		897,085
Permits and fees		6,900		-		-		6,900
Sales and services		197,369		-		-		197,369
Investment Earnings		10,208		-		-		10,208
Miscellaneous		162,733		-		-		162,733
Total revenues		1,695,389	\$	704,456		-		2,399,845
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government		261,032		-		-		261,032
Public safety		773,612		-		-		773,612
Public works		403,698		-		-		403,698
Cultural and Recreational		24,260		-		-		24,260
Economic and Physical development		-		736,105		-		736,105
Debt service:								
Principal		56,667		-		-		56,667
Interest and fees		6,829		=_		=_		6,829
Total expenditures		1,526,098		736,105		-		2,262,203
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		169,291		(31,649)		-		137,642
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of Capital Assets		14,215		-		-		14,215
Total other financing sources		14,215		-		-		14,215
Net Change in fund balance		183,506		(31,649)		-		151,857
Fund balance, Beginning of year - July 1		515,013		(48)		36,726		551,691
Fund balance, End of year - June 30	\$	698,519	\$	(31,697)	\$	36,726	\$	703,548

TOWN OF ENFIELD STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)	\$ 151,857
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in	
the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This	
is the amount by which capital outlay's exceeded depreciation in the current period.	532,786
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets	
(i.e. sales, trade-ins) is to decrease net assets	(14,577)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current	(25.960)
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds	(35,869)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	56,772
Benefit payments paid and administratvie expense for	,
the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities	(57,414)
Pension (expense) income	(93,564)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to	
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.	
Neither transaction has any effect on net assets. This amount is the	
net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	56,667
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the	
use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as	
expenditures in governmental funds.	 (1,083)
Total changes in net position of governmental acitivities	\$ 595,575

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	ORIGINAL FINAL		ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES				(=:=======)	
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 534,800	\$ 561,200	\$ 652,932	\$ 91,732	
Other taxes and licenses	1,400	1,400	1,750	350	
Unrestricted intergovernmental					
revenues	358,200	358,200	470,868	112,668	
Restricted intergovernmental					
revenues	75,126	94,126	192,629	98,503	
Sales and services	189,176	196,276	197,369	1,093	
Permits and fees	4,500	4,500	6,900	2,400	
Investment earnings	10,000	10,000	10,208	208	
Miscellaneous	117,650	159,317	162,733	3,416	
Total revenues	1,290,852	1,385,019	1,695,389	310,370	
EXPENDITURES					
General government	282,178	280,662	261,032	19,630	
Public safety	798,819	820,756	773,612	47,144	
Public Works	319,853	417,391	403,698	13,693	
Cultural and recreation	68,346	25,324	24,260	1,064	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	56,670	56,670	56,667	3	
Interest	6,860	6,860	6,829	31	
Total expenditures	1,532,726	1,607,663	1,526,098	81,565	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(241,874)	(222,644)	169,291	391,935	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of Capital Assets		5,300	14,215	8,915	
Total Oher Financing Sources (Uses)	-	5,300	14,215	8,915	
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	241,874	217,344		(217,344)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	183,506	\$ 183,506	
Fund balance, Beginning of year - July 1			515,013		
Fund balance, End of year - June 30			\$ 698,519		

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	ELECTRIC FUND		WATER AND SEWER FUND		TOTAL	
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (net) Inventory Due from other governments	\$	7,036,812 857,874 49,783 44,632	\$	279,694 446,493	\$	7,316,506 1,304,367 49,783 44,632
Due from other funds RESTRICTED ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Total current assets		89,945 8,079,046		259,463 36,920 1,022,570		259,463 126,865 9,101,616
NONCURRENT ASSETS: CAPITAL ASSETS Land and other non-depreciable assets Other capital assets, net of depreciation Capital assets (net) Total assets		8,800 195,098 203,898 8,282,944		610,582 6,152,805 6,763,387 7,785,957		619,382 6,347,903 6,967,285 16,068,901
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Contributions to pension plan Total deferred outflows of resources	<u> </u>	105,706		30,310 30,310		136,016 136,016
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Compensated absences General obligation bonds payable - current Installment purchases payable - current Due to other funds Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Customer deposits Total current liabilities		180,374 20,480 - 312,648 89,945 603,447		20,275 7,819 79,000 18,087 - 36,920 162,101		200,649 28,299 79,000 18,087 312,648 126,865 765,548
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Compensated absences Net pension liability General obligation bonds payable - noncurrent maturities Installment purchases payable - noncurrent maturities		190,676		54,675 1,537,000 245,474		245,351 1,537,000 245,474
Total liabilities		794,123		1,999,250		2,793,373
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals		4,208		1,207		5,415
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		203,898 7,386,421		4,883,826 931,984		5,087,724 8,318,405
Total net position	\$	7,590,319	\$	5,815,810	\$	13,406,129

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	ELECTRIC FUND	WATER AND SEWER FUND	TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 2,798,637	\$ 1,247,564	\$ 4,046,201
Total operating revenues	2,798,637	1,247,564	4,046,201
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Administration and operations	986,768	951,696	1,938,464
Electrical power purchases	1,486,315	-	1,486,315
Depreciation	30,860	279,004	309,864
Total operating expenses	2,503,943	1,230,700	3,734,643
Operating income (loss)	294,694	16,864	311,558
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest on long-term debt	_	(84,600)	(84,600)
Interest earnings	7,257	-	7,257
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	7,257	(84,600)	(77,343)
Change in net position	301,951	(67,736)	234,215
Total net position - beginning - as previously reported	7,288,368	5,887,458	13,175,826
Prior Period Adjustment		(3,912)	(3,912)
Total net position - beginning - as restated	7,288,368	5,883,546	13,171,914
Total net position - ending - June 30	\$ 7,590,319	\$ 5,815,810	\$ 13,406,129

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS		
	ELECTRIC	WATER AND SEWER	
	FUND	FUND	TOTAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,676,278	\$ 1,182,489	\$ 3,858,767
Cash paid for goods and services	(1,734,385)	(840,321)	(2,574,706)
Cash paid to employees for services	(506,434)	(95,507)	(601,941)
Customer deposits received (returned)	6,475	3,225	9,700
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	441,934	249,886	691,820
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACITIVITIES			
Principal paid on long-term debt	_	(94,087)	(94,087)
Interest paid on long-term debt	_	(84,600)	(84,600)
Proceeds from debt	_	128,994	128,994
Acquisition of capital assets	(51,584)	(163,043)	(214,627)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related	(61,66.)	(100,0.0)	(211,027)
Financing Activities	(51,584)	(212,736)	(264,320)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest on investment	7,257	_	7,257
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	7,257	-	7,257
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	397,607	37,150	434,757
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year	6,729,150	279,464	7,008,614
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of the Year	\$ 7,126,757	\$ 316,614	\$ 7,443,371

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS		
	ELECTRIC	ELECTRIC WATER AND	
		SEWER	
	FUND	FUND	TOTAL
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash			
Provided By Operating Activities:			
Operating Income	\$ 294,694	\$ 16,864	\$ 311,558
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash			
Provided By Operating Activities:			
Depreciation	30,860	279,004	309,864
Change in assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in			
Accounts receivable	(122,359)	(65,075)	(187,434)
Inventories	59,188	7,711	66,899
Due from other governments	(44,632)	-	(44,632)
Prepaid items	17,004	-	17,004
Deferred outlfows of resources for pensions	(18,305)	(1,934)	(20,239)
Increase (decrease) in			
Accounts payable	165,654	3,949	169,603
Net pension liability	47,466	8,180	55,646
Deferred inflows of resources for pensions	1,759	412	2,171
Customer deposits	6,475	3,225	9,700
Compensated absences	4,130	(2,450)	1,680
Total Adjustments	147,240	233,022	380,262
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$ 441,934	\$ 249,886	\$ 691,820



I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Enfield conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Enfield (the "Town") is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member board of commissioners. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town a legally-separate entity for which the Town is financially accountable. The Town as of June 30, 2021 had no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business*-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The Town has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

CDBG - Infrastructure Project Fund - This fund is used to account for grant funds that are restricted for infrastructure improvements.

The Town reports the following non-major governmental fund:

Enfield Community Park Project Fund - This fund is used to account for grant funds restricted for use of park facilities improvement project.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Electric Fund - This fund is used to account for the Town's electric fund operations.

Water and Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and

donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on all registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal

year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Enfield because the tax is levied by Halifax County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Grant Projects Special Revenue Funds and the Water and Sewer Capital Project Funds, which are consolidated with the operating funds for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law (G.S. 159-31). The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law (G.S. 159-30(c)) authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT-Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at fair value. The NCCMT-Term Portfolio is a bond fund, has no rating and is measured at fair value. As of June 30, 2021, the term portfolio has a duration of .15 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

In accordance with State law, the Town has invested in securities which are callable and which provide for periodic interest rate increases in specific increments until maturity. These investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets consist of funds restricted for use in capital projects. Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, construction, reconstructing, or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

Governmental Activities		
General Fund	Streets	\$ 199,570
Total Governmental Activities		199,570
Business-type Activities		
Electric Fund	Customer Deposits	89,945
Water & Sewer Fund	Customer Deposits	36,920
Total Business-Type Activities	-	126,865
• •		
Total Restricted Cash		\$ 326,435

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivables

In accordance with State law (G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)), the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Inventory

The inventories of the Town are valued at cost (first-in, first-out) which approximates market. The Town's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when used.

The inventories of the Town's enterprise fund consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The costs of these inventories are expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are \$5,000 for all asset types. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimate Useful Lives
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	40
Improvements	40
Vehicles	5-10
Furniture and equipment	5-10

8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meet this criterion, contributions made to the pension plan in the 2021 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows or resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has two items that meet the criterion for this category – property taxes receivable and pension deferrals.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a last-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of two classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance-This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute-North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The

calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets-Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill Funds.

Restricted for Infrastructure-portion of fund balance that is restricted for use for CDBG Infrastructure Project.

Assigned Fund Balance-portion of fund balance that the Board has appropriated for subsequent years expenditures.

Unassigned Fund Balance-the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Enfield has no formal revenue spending policy for programs with multiple revenue sources. The finance officer has authority to make revenue hierarchy spending decisions that are in the best interest of the Town.

The Town has not adopted a minimum fund balance policy.

12. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance-total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$5,580,355 consists of several elements as follows:

<u>Description</u>		<u>Amount</u>
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental activities column) Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	\$9,273,263 (3,403,665)	5,869,598
Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds Deferred inflows - LGERS Deferred inflows - LEOSSA Deferred outflows - LGERS Deferred outflows - LEOSSA	(6,146) (16,628) 154,400 209,545	
Accrued interest receivable less the amount claimed as unearned revenue in the government-wide statements as these funds are not available and therefore		341,171
deferred in the fund statements		52,023
Liabilities for revenue deferred but earned and therefore recorded in the fund statements but not the government-wide		137,103
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements:		
Bonds, leases and installment financing Compensated absences Total pension liability Pension liability - LGERS Accrued interest payable	(127,499) (43,777) (369,530) (278,513) (221)	
Liability adjustment		(819,540)
Total adjustment		<u>\$5,580,355</u>

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balance-total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of \$443,718 as follows:

<u>Description</u>	Amount
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the statement of activities	\$ 746,105
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements	(213,319)
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins) is to decrease net assets	(14,577)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	56,772
Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities	(57,414)
The issuance of long-term debt provided current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources. This is the net effect of those differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Repayment of principal	56,667

Expenses reported in the statement of activities

Difference in interest exp statements (modified accru wide statements (full-accrua	al) and government-	98
Compensated absences a government-wide statement statements because they resources	s but not in the fund	(1,181)
Pension (expense) income-I	LGERS	(93,564)
Revenues reported in the state that do not provide current recorded as revenues in the Reversal of deferred tax recorded.	nt resources are not fund statements	(164,360)
Recording of tax receipts statements as of 6-30-21		137,103
Increase in accrued taxes re ended 6-30-21	ceivable for the year	(8,612)
Total adjustment		<u>\$ 443,718</u>

13. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Enfield employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of Enfield has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 there were no expenditures greater than the budgeted amount.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization. The risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2021, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$6,981,157 and a bank balance of \$7,083,587. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$6,583,587 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2021, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$750.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2021, the Town of Enfield had \$965,884 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no policy recording credit risk for investments.

3. Receivables- Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2021 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General Fund: Garbage Receivable Total General Fund	\$ 1,219 1,219
Enterprise Funds: Electric Fund Water and Sewer Fund Total Enterprise Funds	\$ 30,505
Total	\$ 49,682

4. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	<u>Balances</u>	<u>Increases</u>	Decreases	<u>Balances</u>
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 284,473	\$ -	\$ 8,930	\$ 275,543
Construction in Progress	<u>-</u>	736,105		736,105
Total capital assets not being				
Depreciated	284,473	736,105	8,930	1,011,648
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	1,975,871	-	-	1,975,871
Other Improvements	4,899,373	-	-	4,899,373
Equipment	409,665	-	-	409,665
Vehicles	1,070,179	10,000	103,473	976,706
Total capital assets being				
Depreciated	8,355,088	10,000	103,473	8,261,615
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,258,317	29,490	-	1,287,807
Other Improvements	658,232	127,357	-	785,589
Equipment	358,209	31,331	-	389,540
Vehicles	1,013,414	25,141	97,826	940,729
Total accumulated depreciation	3,288,172	<u>\$ 213,319</u>	<u>\$ 97,826</u>	3,403,665
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	5,066,916			4,857,950
Governmental activity capital assets,				
net	<u>\$ 5,351,389</u>			<u>\$5,869,598</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 152,713
Public Safety	26,694
Public Works	33,912
Total depreciation expense	\$ 213,319

Business-type activities:	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Electric Fund				
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 8,800	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,800
	\$ 8,800	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 8,800
Capital assets being depreciated:	1.062.200			1.062.200
Substations, Lines & Related Equip.	1,863,309	-	-	1,863,309
Buildings	116,620	-	-	116,620
Furniture and Maintenance Equip.	336,283	19,584	-	355,867
Vehicles	603,908	32,000	<u> </u>	635,908
Total capital assets being				
Depreciated	2,920,120	51,584		<u>2,971,704</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Substations, Lines & Related Equip.	1,804,775	8,534	_	1,813,309
Buildings	58,725	3,772	_	62,497
Furniture and Maintenance Equip.	286,063	11,096	_	297,159
Vehicles	596,183	7,458	_	603,641
Total accumulated depreciation	2,745,746	\$ 30,860	\$ -	2,776,606
Total capital assets being	2,743,740	<u>s 50,000</u>	<u>v -</u>	2,770,000
depreciated, net	174 274			195,098
1	174,374			
Electric Fund capital assets, net	<u>\$ 183,174</u>			<u>\$203,898</u>
Water and Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 21,230	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,230
Construction in progress	426,309	163,043	Ψ	589,352
Total capital assets not being	420,307	105,045		307,332
Depreciated	447.520	163,043		610 592
	447,539	103,043		610,582
Capital assets being depreciated:	12 021 202			12.021.202
Plant and distribution systems	13,021,392	_	-	13,021,392
Buildings	8,560	=	=	8,560
Furniture and Maintenance Equip.	369,546	-	-	369,546
Vehicles	63,717	-	-	63,717
Total capital assets being				
Depreciated	<u>13,463,215</u>			13,463,215
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Plant and distribution systems	6,659,958	266,733	-	6,926,691
Buildings	5,980	-	-	5,980
Furniture and Maintenance Equip.	301,751	12,271	-	314,022
Vehicles	63,717	_	=	63,717
Total accumulated depreciation	7,031,406	\$ 279,004	\$ -	7,310,410
Total capital assets being		4 = 1 2 3 2 2 2		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
depreciated, net	6,431,809			6,152,805
Water and Sewer fund capital assets, net	\$ 6,879,348			\$ 6,967,285
rater and sewer rand capital assets, liet	<u>Ψ 0,077,570</u>			<u>Ψ 0,707,203</u>
Business-type activities capital assets,				
**	¢ 7.062.522			¢ 6 027 295
net	<u>\$ 7,062,522</u>			<u>\$ 6,927,285</u>

B. Liabilities

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

The Town of Enfield is a participating employer in the Plan Description. statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS, a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454 or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members

who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 10.84% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 10.36% for general employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$106,785 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Refunds of Contributions – The Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a liability of \$523,864 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the Town's proportion was .01466%, which was a decrease of 0.0007% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$181,156. At June 30, 2021, The Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>		Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	66,155	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		38,986		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension				
plan investments		73,720		-
Changes in proportion and differences between the Town				
contributions and proportionate		4,770		11,561
share of contributions				
Town contributions subsequent to				
the measurement date		106,785		-
Total	\$	290,416	\$	11,561
	-	<u> </u>		

\$106,785 reported as deferred outflows or resources related to pensions resulting from The Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2022	49,944
2023	64,728
2024	35,579
2025	21,819

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.5 to 8.10 percent

Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that

cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies; return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term
Target	Expected Real
<u>Allocation</u>	Rate of Return
29.0%	1.4%
42.0%	5.3%
8.0%	4.3%
8.0%	8.9%
7.0%	6.0%
6.0%	4.0%
<u> 100%</u>	
	Allocation 29.0% 42.0% 8.0% 8.0% 7.0% 6.0%

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed

that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	Discount	
1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
<u>(6.00%)</u>	<u>(7.00%)</u>	<u>(8.00%)</u>
\$1,062,863	\$523,864	\$75,918
	<u>(6.00%)</u>	1% Decrease Rate (6.00%) (7.00%)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description

The Town of Enfield administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2019, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	0
Terminated plan members entitled	
to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active Plan members	_10
Total	10

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statements 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2019 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.25 to 7.75 percent, including
	inflation and productivity factor
Discount rate	1.93 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2019.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

4. Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees.

The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$0 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$369,530. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020 based on a December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$57,414.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	139,822	\$	11,737
Changes of assumptions		69,723		4,891
Town benefit payments and plan				
administrative expense made subsequent				
to the measurement date		-		-
Total	\$	209,545	\$	16,628

\$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2022	\$ 36,129
2023	36,186
2024	36,246
2025	32,457
2026	29,772
Thereafter	22,127

\$0 paid as benefits came due and \$0 of administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the

discount rate of 1.93 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (.93 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.93 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	<u>(.93%)</u>	<u>(1.93%)</u>	<u>(2.93%)</u>
Total pension liability	\$408,885	\$369,530	\$334,430

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2021
Beginning balance	\$ 139,694
Service Cost	16,731
Interest on the total pension liability	4,554
Differences between expected and actual experience in	
the measurement of the total pension liability	137,867
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	70,684
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 369,530

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

Pension Expense Pension Liability	<u>LGERS</u> \$ 181,156 523,864	<u>LEOSSA</u> \$ 57,414 369,530	Total \$ 238,570 893,394
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	.01466%	n/a	-
<u>Deferred of Outflows of Resources</u> Differences between expected and			
actual experience	66,155	139,822	205,977
Changes of assumptions	38,986	69,723	108,709
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan	36,960	09,723	100,709
investments	73,720	_	73,720
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of	, 5,, 20		,,,,,
contributions	4,770	_	4,770
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequent to the measurement	4,770	_	4,770
date	106,785	_	106,785
Deferred of Inflows of Resources Differences between expected and	100,700		100,702
actual experience	-	11,737	11,737
Changes of assumptions	-	4,891	4,891
Change in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of		·	
contributions	11,561	-	11,561
			*

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by

writing to the Office of State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$33,888, which consisted of \$15,341 from the Town and \$18,547 from the law enforcement officers.

c. Other Post-employment Benefits

The Town offers no benefits to employees after separation or retirement.

2. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, costsharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest month's salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

3. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	\$ 106,785
Benefit payments made and administrative expenses for	
LEOSSA	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	205,977
Changes of assumptions	108,709
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	
pension plan investments	73,720

Changes in proportion and differences between the Town contributions and proportionate share of contributions Total

4,770 \$ 499,961

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

		General Fund
	Statement of	Balance
	Net Position	Sheet
Taxes receivable, net (General Fund)	\$ -	\$ 137,103
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	11,737	-
Changes of assumptions	4,891	-
Changes in proportion and differences		
between the Town contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions	11,561	
Total	<u>\$ 28,189</u>	<u>\$ 137,103</u>

4. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, workers compensation coverage up to the statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to a \$2 million lifetime limit. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability, auto liability, and property in excess of \$500,000 and \$300,000 up to statutory limits for worker's compensation. The pools are reinsured for annual employee health claims in excess of \$150,000. The property liability pool has an aggregate limit for the total property losses in a single year, with the reinsurance limit based upon a percentage of the total insurance values.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks except for flood insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year. The Board is currently considering obtaining flood coverage for future losses. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the pat three fiscal years.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Officer and Finance Commissioner are each individually bonded for \$50,000. The Remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket surety bond.

5. Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2021, the Town had no pending lawsuits.

6. Long-Term Obligation

a. <u>Installment Purchases</u>

In 2008 the Town entered into a \$850,000 direct placement contract for a municipal complex. The contract requires quarterly payments of \$14,167 plus interest at 4.21%. The complex is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The balance at June 30, 2021 is \$127,499.

In 2013 the Town entered into a \$228,834 direct placement contract to fund a water project. The contract requires annual payments of \$11,442 with no interest. The balance at June 30, 2021 is \$137,300.

In 2020 the Town entered into a \$132,906 direct placement contract to fund a water project. The contract requires twenty annual payments \$6,645.30 with no interest, maturing in May 2040. The balance at June 30, 2021 is \$126,261.

Annual debt service payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2021 including \$6,712 of interest are as follows:

	Governmental			Business				
	Type Acti	Type Activities			Type Activities			
	Principal Principal	<u>Inte</u>	<u>rest</u>	<u>Pri</u>	ncipal	<u>Interest</u>		
2022	\$ 56,667	\$	4,474	\$	18,087	\$	-	
2023	56,667		2,088		18,087		-	
2024	14,165		150		18,087		-	
2025	-		-		18,087		-	
2026	-		-		18,087		-	
2027-2031	-		-		90,435		-	
2032-2036	-		-		56,110		-	
2037-2041	_		_		26,581			
Total	<u>\$ 127,499</u>	\$	6,712	\$	263,561	\$	_	

b. General Obligation Indebtedness

The Town's general obligation bonds serviced by the water and sewer fund were issued to finance capital projects. Those general obligation bonds issued to finance the construction of infrastructure utilized in the operations of the water and sewer system and which are being retired by its resources are reported as long-term debt in the Water and Sewer Fund. All general obligation bonds are

collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the Town. Principal and interest requirements are appropriated when due.

General Obligation Bonds: Serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund

\$2,688,000 originally-1997 Sewer Capital Project Bond due in annual installments with interest at 5%.

\$1,616,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2022	\$ 79,000	\$ 80,800
2023	83,500	76,850
2024	87,000	72,675
2025	91,500	68,325
2026	96,000	63,750
2027-2031	531,000	242,400
2032-2036	540,000	108,000
2037-2041	108,000	5,400
Total	\$1,616,000	\$ 718,200

c. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Balance July 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2021	Current Portion
Governmental Activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 42,596	\$ 48,796	\$ 47,615	\$ 43,777	\$ 43,777
Installment purchases	184,166	-	56,667	127,499	56,667
Net pension liability					
(LGERS)	229,765	48,748	-	278,513	-
Total pension obligation					
(LEO)	139,694	229,836	<u>-</u>	369,530	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 596,221</u>	<u>\$ 327,380</u>	<u>\$ 104,282</u>	<u>\$ 819,319</u>	<u>\$ 100,444</u>
Business-type Activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 26,619	\$ 31,233	\$29,553	\$ 28,299	\$ 28,299
Net pension liability					
(LGERS)	189,705	55,646	-	245,351	-
Installment purchases	152,654	128,994	18,087	263,561	18,087
General obligation bonds	1,692,000	<u>-</u> _	76,000	1,616,000	79,000
Total	<u>\$2,060,978</u>	<u>\$ 215,873</u>	<u>\$ 123,640</u>	<u>\$2,153,211</u>	<u>\$ 125,386</u>

d. Interfund Balances and Activity

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2021, consists of the following:

	Due To	Due From			
General Fund: Electric Fund	\$ -	\$ 53,185			
CDBG Infrastructure		31,697			
CDBG Infrastructure General	31,697				
Electric Fund:					
Water & Sewer Fund	259,463	-			
General Fund	53,185	-			
Water & Sewer Fund: Electric Fund		259,463			
Total	\$ 344,345	\$ 344,345			

These balances are advances for payments made by the receivable fund prior to reimbursement by payable fund. All balances are considered current.

d. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	<u>Governmental</u>	Business-Type
Capital assets	\$5,869,598	\$ 6,967,285
Less: Current portion of Debt	56,667	97,087
Less: Long term Debt	70,832	1,782,474
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 5,742,099	\$ 5,087,724

f. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total Fund Balance – General Fund	\$ 698,519
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	250,376
Streets - Powell Bill	199,570
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2022 budget	129,374
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 119,199

The Town of Enfield has adopted no formal fund balance policy.

IV. SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several Federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

V. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Town determined the prior year debt balances were incorrect. Therefore, a prior period adjustment was made to record additional beginning loan balances of \$3,912 in the Water and Sewer Capital Project Fund, which also resulted in restating Water and Sewer fund balance at June 30, 2021 from \$13,175,826 to \$13,171,914.

VI. SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Town has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between June 30, 2021 and November 10, 2021, which is the date that the financials were available to be issued, for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. There were no events that occurred during this time that were deemed to be significant enough to be disclosed.

As of the date of issuance of the Town's audit, there is a pandemic situation regarding the COVID-19 virus. The Town is monitoring the effect of this pandemic on its financial operations. At this time, management has evaluated the situation and has concluded no additional disclosures are warranted.



TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA TOWN OF ENFIELD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS *

Local Government Employees' Retirement System								
Local Government Employees Rediction System	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Enfield's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.01466%	0.01536%	0.01615%	0.01366%	0.01240%	0.01217%	-0.02%	0.02%
Enfield's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	523,864	419,470	383,133	208,687	263,170	54,618	(89,407)	229,023
Enfield's covered-employee payroll	1,044,909	1,014,616	861,563	821,830	736,764	745,826	869,619	902,718
Enfield's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	50.13%	41.34%	44.47%	25.39%	35.72%	7.3232%	-10.2812%	25.3704%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability **	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	99.07%	102.64%	94.35%	96.45%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA TOWN OF ENFIELD'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Local Government Employees' Retirement System	m <u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 106,785	\$ 97,401	\$ 82,624	\$ 68,263	\$ 63,059	\$ 51,447	\$ 54,532	\$ 63,251
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	106,785	97,401	82,624	68,263	63,059	51,447	54,532	63,251
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Enfield's covered-employee payroll	1,016,428	1,044,909	1,014,616	861,563	821,830	736,764	745,826	869,619
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	10.51%	9.32%	8.14%	7.92%	7.67%	6.98%	7.31%	7.27%

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE June 30, 2021

	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Beginning balance	\$ 139,694	\$ 132,167	\$ 107,335	\$ 54,535	\$ 45,880
Service Cost	16,731	12,319	14,397	9,964	7,779
Interest on the total pension liability	4,554	4,811	3,392	2,105	1,638
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement					
of the total pension liability	137,867	(16,099)	15,213	30,133	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	70,684	6,496	(8,170)	10,598	(762)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 369,530	\$ 139,694	\$ 132,167	\$ 107,335	\$ 54,535

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE June 30, 2021

	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	
Total pension liability	\$	369,530	\$	139,694	\$	132,167	\$	107,335	\$	54,535
Covered payroll		478,706		404,177		476,402		356,276		368,321
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		77.19%		34.56%		27.74%		30.13%		14.81%

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Enfield has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

	B	UDGET	A(CTUAL	PC	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES								
Ad valorem taxes					_			
Current year	\$	512,500	\$	602,604	\$	90,104		
Prior years		48,300		31,717		(16,583)		
Penalties and interest	<u></u>	561 200		18,611		18,211		
Total Ad valorem taxes		561,200		652,932		91,732		
Other taxes and licenses								
Privilege licenses		1,400		1,750		350		
Motor vehicle licenses						-		
Total other taxes and licenses		1,400		1,750		350		
Unrestricted intergovernmental								
Local option sales tax		203,000		308,141		105,141		
Utility franchise tax		82,000		91,601		9,601		
Beer and wine tax		10,000		10,751		751		
Tax refunds		28,500		18,927		(9,573)		
Telecommunications & excise tax		20,000		21,104		1,104		
ABC profit distribution		2,200		6,689		4,489		
Video programming tax		12,500		11,744		(756)		
Solid waste disposal		250 200		1,911		1,911		
Total Unrestricted Intergovernmental		358,200		470,868		112,668		
Restricted intergovernmental		10.000		50 400		40,400		
Cares Act FEMA		19,000		59,400		40,400		
Powell bill allocation		- 75 126		62,044		62,044		
Total Restricted Intergovernmental		75,126 94,126		71,185		(3,941) 98,503		
<u>-</u>		y 1,120		1,02,02		70,303		
Permits and fees Building permits and inspection		4,500		6,900		2,400		
Sales and services								
Garbage collection fee		160,176		175,169		14,993		
Cemetery revenue		32,100		22,000		(10,100)		
Other		4,000		200		(3,800)		
Total Sales and Services		196,276		197,369		1,093		
Investment earnings		10,000		10,208		208		
Miscellaneous		4		4 - 0				
Police revenues and citations		45,587		46,933		1,346		
Solar Farm		50,000		50,000		2.070		
Other		63,730		65,800		2,070		
Total miscellaneous	•	159,317	•	162,733	•	3,416		
Total revenues	\$	1,385,019	\$	1,695,389	\$	310,370		

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

	B	UDGET	A(CTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
EXPENDITURES							
General government							
Governing body							
Salaries and benefits	\$	23,066	\$	22,607	\$	459	
Operating expenditures		10,372		10,404		(32)	
Capital outlay				_		_	
Total governing body		33,438		33,011		427	
Legal department							
Professional services		33,000		32,774		226	
Total Legal Department		33,000		32,774		226	
Administration							
Salaries and benefits		118,647		107,362		11,285	
Other operating expenditures		42,880		39,209		3,671	
Capital outlay		-		-		_	
Total administration		161,527		146,571		14,956	
Planning and Zoning							
Salaries and benefits		38,667		38,463		204	
Other operating expenditures		14,030		10,213		3,817	
Capital outlay		_		_		_	
Total planning and zoning		52,697		48,676		4,021	
Total General Government	\$	280,662	\$	261,032	\$	19,630	

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

	BUDGET	-	A(CTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
Public Safety							
Police							
Salaries and benefits		,001	\$	500,882	\$	30,119	
Other operating expenditures		,755		184,730		17,025	
Capital outlay		0,000		10,000			
Total police	742	2,756		695,612		47,144	
Fire department							
Other operating expenditures	78	3,000		78,000		-	
Capital outlay						-	
Total Fire Department	78	3,000		78,000		-	
Total Public Safety	820),756		773,612		47,144	
Public Works							
Transportation and Sanitation							
Salaries and benefits		,367		102,373		8,994	
Other operating expenditures	300	5,024		301,325		4,699	
Capital outlay		-				-	
Total Public Works	417	7,391		403,698		13,693	
Cultural and Recreational							
Recreational Department							
Salaries and benefits		33		-		33	
Other operating expenditures Capital outlay	1′	7,191		17,508		(317)	
Total Recrational Department	1	7,224		17,508		(284)	
Library							
Other operating expenditures	8	3,100		6,752		1,348	
Total Library		3,100		6,752		1,348	
Total Cultural and Recreational	2:	5,324		24,260		1,064	
Debt Service							
Principal retirement		5,670		56,667		3	
Interest and fees		5,860		6,829		31	
Total Debt Service	63	3,530		63,496		34	
Total expenditures	\$ 1,60	7,663	\$	1,526,098	\$	81,565	

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, A

	E	BUDGET	A	CTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(222,644)	\$	169,291	\$	391,935	
Other Financing Sources (uses) Sale of capital assets Total Other Financing Sources (uses)		5,300 5,300		14,215 14,215		8,915 8,915	
FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED		217,344				(217,344)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES, APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE, AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	\$			183,506	\$	183,506	
FUND BALANCES							
Beginning of year				515,013			
End of year			\$	698,519			

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA CDBG - INFRASTRUCTURE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		OJECT		PRIOR CURRENT TOTAL YEARS YEAR TO DATE						ARIANCE OSITIVE
	AUTHO	ORIZATION	YEARS		YEAR		TO DATE		(NI	EGATIVE)
REVENUES										
CDBG-Water System	\$	890,000	\$	-	\$	704,456	\$	704,456	\$	(185,544)
Total Revenues		890,000		-		704,456		704,456		(185,544)
EXPENDITURES CDBG-Water System Total Expenditures		890,000 890,000		48 48		736,105 736,105		736,153 736,153		153,847 153,847
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	-	\$	(48)		(31,649)	\$	(31,697)	\$	(31,697)
Fund Balance - beginning of year - July 1 Fund Balance - end of year - June 30					\$	(48)				

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA ENFIELD COMMUNITY PARK

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			ACTUAL		
	PROJECT AUTHORIZATIO	PRIOR N YEARS	CURRENT YEAR	TOTAL TO DATE	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES					
NC PARTF Grant	\$ -	\$ 413,841	\$ -	\$ 413,841	\$ -
Town Contributions	-	58,751	-	58,751	-
Kate B Reynolds Trust		130,310		130,310	
	918,630	602,902	-	602,902	(315,728)
EXPENDITURES					
Recreation Center renovation	-	86,455	-	86,455	
Playground equipment	-	94,694	-	94,694	
Multi-purpose Athletic field	-	64,750	-	64,750	
Site improvement	-	235,919	-	235,919	
Walking trail	-	92,677	-	92,677	
Myer Oakview building renovation	-	146,470	-	146,470	
Planning	-	11,665	-	11,665	
Playground		2,875	<u> </u>	2,875	
Total Expenditures	912,980	735,505	-	735,505	177,475
Revenues over (under) expenditures	5,650	(132,603)	-	(132,603)	(493,203)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfer from General Fund	(5,650)	169,329		169,329	174,979
Revenues and other sources					
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ 36,726	-	\$ 36,726	\$ 36,726
Fund Balance - beginning of year - July 1			36,726		
Fund Balance - end of year - June 30			\$ 36,726		

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA ELECTRIC FUND

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES			
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services			
Sale of electricity	\$ 2,528,000	\$ 2,734,897	\$ 206,897
Miscellaneous	71,640	63,740	(7,900)
Total Operating Revenues	2,599,640	2,798,637	198,997
Non-operating Revenues			
Interest Income	16,000	7,257	(8,743)
Total Non-operating Revenues	16,000	7,257	(8,743)
Total Revenues	2,615,640	2,805,894	190,254
EXPENDITURES			
Electrical Operations			
Salaries and employee benefits	528,463	506,434	22,029
Suplies	52,754	110,494	(57,740)
Maintenance and repairs	117,792	67,302	50,490
Cost of electricity	1,385,315	1,486,315	(101,000)
Utilities	10,000	7,756	2,244
Other operating expenditures	390,546	204,185	186,361
Contracted services	65,760	59,677	6,083
Total Electrical Operations	2,550,630	2,442,163	108,467
Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Debt Service			
Interest and fees			
Total Expenditures	2,550,630	2,442,163	108,467
Revenues over (under) expenditures	65,010	363,731	298,721
Fund Balance Appropriated	(65,010)	_	65,010
Talia Balance Appropriated	(03,010)		03,010
Revenues and Other Financing Sources			_
(Uses) over (under) Expenditures	\$ -	363,731	\$ 363,731
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis:			
Capital outlay	10.205		
Increase in deferred outflows of resour	18,305		
Increase in net pension liability	(47,466)		
Increase in deferred inflows of resourc	es-pensions	(1,759) (30,860)	
Depreciation Change in Net Position Exhibit 7			
Change in Net Position - Exhibit 7		\$ 301,951	

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

]	BUDGET		ACTUAL		ARIANCE OSITIVE EGATIVE)
REVENUES						
Operating Revenues						
Charges for Services						
Water service	\$	500,000	\$	636,002	\$	136,002
Sewer service		584,000		611,582		27,582
Taps and connections		-		(20)		(20)
Total Operating Revenues		1,084,000		1,247,564		163,564
EXPENDITURES						
Water Operations						
Salaries and employee benefits		136,238		126,573		9,665
Utiilties		47,498		47,365		133
Maintenance and repairs		11,930		10,858		1,072
Chemicals and supplies		11,496		18,286		(6,790)
Other operating expenditures		15,747		15,175		572
Contracted services		267,828		267,986		(158)
Total Water Operations		490,737		486,243		4,494
Sewer Operations		22.214		21.066		1.240
Salaries and employee benefits		32,314		31,066		1,248
Utilities		117,234		117,234		- 1
Maintenance and repairs		14,058		14,057 1,488		1
Chemicals and supplies Other operating expenditures		633 17,756		1,488		(855)
Contracted services						26.062
Total Sewer Operations	-	313,256 495,251		277,194 458,795		36,062 36,456
- Capital Outlay		179		-		179
Debt Service						
Principal retirement		94,273		76,000		18,273
Interest and fees		85,600		84,600		1,000
Total Debt Service		179,873		160,600		19,273
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(82,040)		141,926		223,966
Other financing sources (uses)		, ,		,		,
Loan proceeds				128,994		128,994
Fund Balance appropriated		82,040		120,994		(82,040)
Total Other financing sources (uses)	-	82,040		128,994		46,954
Revenues and other sources over						
expenditures and other uses	\$			270,920	\$	270,920
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis: Capital contributions						
•	nonciona			1,934		
Increase in pet pension liability	pensions					
Increase in net pension liability	ongions			(8,180)		
Increase in deferred inflows of resources-p	CHSIONS			(412) (128,994)		
Loan proceeds Depreciation				(128,994) (279,004)		
Principal retirement				76,004)		
Change in Net Position - Exhibit 7			\$	(67,736)		
Change in 100 Footion Damoit /			Ψ	(01,130)		

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER CAPITAL PROJECT FUND-DISASTER RECOVERY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			ACTUAL							
	PROJECT AUTHORIZATION		PRIOR YEAR		CURRENT YEAR		TOTAL TO DATE		P	ARIANCE OSITIVE EGATIVE)
REVENUES N C Department of Environmental Quality	\$	546,425	\$	417,431	\$	-	\$	417,431	\$	(128,994)
EXPENDITURES Administration Engineering Improvements Total Expenditures		679,331		24,750 64,275 337,550 426,575		20,828 23,210 119,005 163,043		45,578 87,485 456,555 589,618		89,713
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers from water fund Loan proceeds		132,906 132,906		3,912 3,912		36,000 128,994 164,994		36,000 132,906 168,906		36,000
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	S 		\$	(5,232)		1,951	\$	(3,281)	\$	(182,707)
Fund Balance - beginning of year - Jul	y 1					(5,232)				
Fund Balance - end of year - June 30					\$	(3,281)				



TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE June 30, 2021

FISCAL YEAR	BA	UNCOLLECTED BALANCE JUNE 30, 2020		ADDITIONS		COLLECTIONS AND CREDITS		OLLECTED ALANCE E 30, 2021
2020-2021	\$	_	\$	629,031	\$	602,604	\$	26,427
2019-2020		33,272		-		14,401		18,871
2018-2019		25,527		-		7,882		17,645
2017-2018		17,942		-		5,072		12,870
2016-2017		14,834		-		3,987		10,847
2015-2016		12,634		-		3,075		9,559
2014-2015		12,476		-		2,916		9,560
2013-2014		13,774		-		2,673		11,101
2012-2013		13,189		-		2,605		10,584
2011-2012		11,494		-		1,855		9,639
2010-2011		9,218		-		9,218		-
	\$	164,360	\$	629,031	\$	656,288	\$	137,103

Reconcilement with revenues:

Ad valorem taxes - General Fund	\$ 652,932
Reconciling items:	
Interest collected	(18,611)
Amounts written off	9,218
Discounts allowed	12,749
Total collections and credits	\$ 656,288

TOWN OF ENFIELD, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

					Total Levy			
						Property		
		Property Valuation	Rate	Total Levy	R	xcluding egistered Motor Vehicles		egistered Motor Vehicles
Original Levy:				-				,
Real and personal property	\$	58,944,876	0.927	\$ 546,419	\$	546,419	\$	-
Motor vehicles		8,911,758	0.927	82,612				82,612
Total Property Valuation	\$	67,856,634						
Net Levy				\$ 629,031	\$	546,419	\$	82,612
Less uncollected taxes at June 30, 2	2021			 26,427		25,931		496
Current Year Taxes Collected				\$ 602,604	\$	520,488	\$	82,116
Current Levy Collection %				 95.80%		95.25%		99.40%



Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans, & Company, LLP

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CPASM
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Curtis G. Van Horne, CPA

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And on Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Mayor and Board Members Town of Enfield, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Enfield, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Enfield's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 10, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Enfield's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Enfield's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any





deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As a part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Enfield's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Co., LLP

Oxford, North Carolina November 10, 2021

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Report On Compliance For Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; In Accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance; and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Mayor and Board Members Town of Enfield, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Town of Enfield, North Carolina compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Enfield's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Town of Enfield's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state awards applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town of Enfield's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of Title 2 US *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the *State Single Audit Implementation Act*. Those standards, Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining,





on a test basis, evidence about the Town of Enfield's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Enfield's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Town of Enfield complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Town of Enfield is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town of Enfield's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Enfield's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans & Company, LLP Oxford, North Carolina November 10, 2021

TOWN OF ENFIELD SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results

None reported

<u>Financial Statements</u>		
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial stateme audited were prepared in accordance to GAAP: Unmodified	ents	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency(s)	Yes	X None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
State Awards		
Internal Control over Major State Programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency(s) identified?	Yes	X None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major state program:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act	Yes	<u>X</u> No
Identification of major State programs:		
Connect NC Bond		
Section II. <u>Financial Statement Findings</u>		
None reported		
Section III. State Award Findings		

TOWN OF ENFIELD CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

Section III - State Award Findings

None reported.

TOWN OF ENFIELD SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FOR THE FISCAL TEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Prior Year Audit Findings:

Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

State Award Findings

None reported.

TOWN OF ENFIELD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	State Pass-through Grantor Number	Federal (Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures		State Expenditures	
Federal Awards U S Dept. of Housing and Urban Development Office of Community Planning and Development Community Development Block Grant	14.228		\$	23,500	\$	-
U S Department of Homeland Security Passed through the NC Dept of Public Safety Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738			23,522		-
State Awards N C Department of Environmental Quality Division of Waste Management Connect NC Bond						
Cleanwater Connect Drinking Water Connect		4W02 4W03		-		163,043 736,105 899,148
NC Department of Transportation Powell Bill		DOT-4		-		116,279
Total Assistance			\$	47,022	\$	1,015,427

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards(SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of the Town of Enfield under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town of Enfield, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the Town of Enfield.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherin certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3 - Indirect Cost Rate

The Town of Enfield has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.