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TOWN OF GRIFTON North Carolina

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

TOWN OF GRIFTON Grifton, North Carolina

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Prepared By BARROW, PARRIS & DAVENPORT, P.A. Certified Public Accountants Kinston, North Carolina

TOWN OF GRIFTON NORTH CAROLINA

MAYOR

Billy Ray Jackson

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

Raymond Oakes

William Barnes Jr.

Johnny Craft

Claude Kennedy

Angela Gay

TOWN ADMINISTRATION

INTERIM TOWN MANAGER

Mark Warren

TOWN CLERK & UTILITY BILLING SUPERVISOR

Angel Hudson

ASSISTANT TOWN CLERK & TAX COLLECTOR

Pam Ingle

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Commissioners Town of Grifton, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Grifton, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Grifton, North Carolina as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 9 and the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions on pages 42 and 43, and the Law Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance Schedules of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on pages 44 and 45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied the certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Grifton, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 12, 2021, on our consideration of Town of Grifton's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Grifton's internal control over finance.

Borrow, Paris & Dawysort, P. A

BARROW, PARRIS & DAVENPORT, P.A. Kinston, North Carolina

November 12, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis

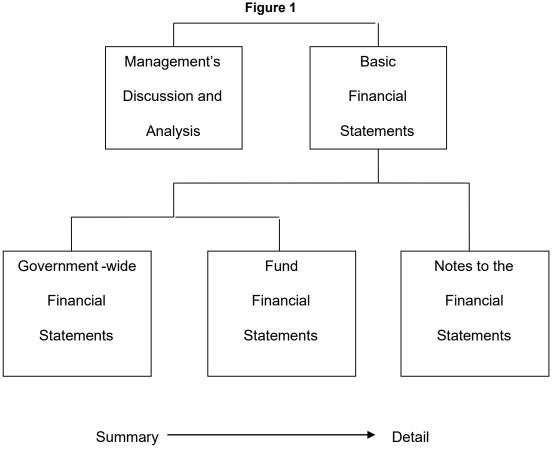
As management of the Town of Grifton, North Carolina (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$5,250,544 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$346,818.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental fund (General Fund) reported an ending fund balance of \$1,302,405 an increase of \$374,053 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 86% percent of this total amount, or \$1,119,841, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance). For additional information regarding classification of the Town's fund balance, please see Note III, D on page 40.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town.



Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, transportation & public works, and general administration. Property taxes and State and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer offered by the Town of Grifton.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Grifton, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Town of Grifton can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Grifton adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether the Town

succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund: and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – Town of Grifton has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Grifton uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity and stormwater utility activity. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 19 of this report.

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Grifton's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 42 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities: The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Condensed Statement of Net Position Figure 2							
Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total							
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Current assets	\$1,469,815	\$1,137,458	\$1,014,716	\$799,444	\$2,484,531	\$1,936,902	
Non-current assets	1,850,728	1,845,991	3,437,238	3,468,982	5,287,966	5,314,973	
Deferred outflows of resources	174,801	129,123	39,342	33,418	214,143	162,541	
Total assets and deferred	·						
outflows of resources	\$3,495,344	\$3,112,572	\$4,491,296	\$4,301,844	\$7,986,640	\$7,414,416	
Other liabilities	\$203,663	\$200,051	\$335,999	\$267,741	\$539,662	\$467,792	
Long-term liabilities	1,471,864	1,375,172	683,126	616,756	2,154,990	1,991,928	
Deferred inflows of resources	40,378	49,477	1,066	1,493	41,444	50,970	
Total liabilities and deferred							
inflows of resources	\$1,715,905	\$1,624,700	\$1,020,191	\$885,990	\$2,736,096	\$2,510,690	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	\$605,427	\$617,734	\$2,770,385	\$2,871,481	\$3,375,812	\$3,489,215	
Restricted net position	246,686	211,871			246,686	211,871	
Unrestricted net position	927,326	658,267	700,720	544,373	1,628,046	1,202,640	
Total net position	\$1,779,439	\$1,487,872	\$3,471,105	\$3,415,854	\$5,250,544	\$4,903,726	

Town of Grifton's

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$5,250,544 as of June 30, 2021. The Town's net position increased by \$346,818 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. However, the largest portion of net position (64.29%) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town's net position (4.69%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$1,628,046 is unrestricted.

Town of Grifton Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-type		
	Activities		Activities		Total	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$134,620	\$135,929	\$1,102,997	\$1,063,706	\$1,237,617	\$1,199,635
Operating grants and contributions	78,104	131,749	101,388	109,722	179,492	241,471
Capital grants and contributions		50,000				50,000
General revenues:						
Property taxes	788,587	690,721			788,587	690,721
Other taxes	697,301	548,521			697,301	548,521
Other	325,200	246,155	23,367	285	348,567	246,440
Total revenues	\$2,023,812	\$1,803,075	\$1,227,752	\$1,173,713	\$3,251,564	\$2,976,788
Expenses:						
General Government	\$602,009	\$651,461			\$602,009	\$651,461
Public Safety	643,754	616,870			643,754	616,870
Transportation & Public Works	227,170	238,900			227,170	238,900
Community Development	6,925	5,135			6,925	5,135
Environmental Protection	125,256	116,553			125,256	116,553
Cultural & Recreational	83,980	68,110			83,980	68,110
Interest on Long-Term Debt	43,151	78,818			43,151	78,818
Water and Sewer and Stormwater			\$1,172,501	\$1,250,766	1,172,501	1,250,766
Total expenses	\$1,732,245	\$1,775,847	\$1,172,501	\$1,250,766	\$2,904,746	\$3,026,613
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$291,567	\$27,228	\$55,251	(\$77,053)	\$346,818	(\$49,825)
Net position, July 1	1,487,872	1,460,644	3,415,854	3,492,907	4,903,726	4,953,551
Net position, June 30	\$1,779,439	\$1,487,872	\$3,471,105	\$3,415,854	\$5,250,544	\$4,903,726

Several aspects of the Town's financial operations influenced its government-wide net position components:

• Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 97.72% annually, with a collection rate excluding motor vehicles of 97.37% which is slightly below the statewide average.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$291,567. The increase in net position was the result of increased property tax revenue and decreased expenses.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$55,251. A key element in this increase was more charges for services in the current year as well as decreased expenses.

Ayden, Winterville, and Grifton jointly own and operate the wastewater treatment plant called the Contentnea Metropolitan Sewerage District, located in Grifton. The plant has made \$33.251 million in improvements over the last several years to address phosphorus removal mandates. The improvements were financed for 20 years through the NC Clean Water Fund program. Plant capacity is 3.5 million gallons daily with an average flow of 1.87 million gallons daily.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Grifton uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, Town of Grifton's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$1,119,841, while total fund balance reached \$1,302,405.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

During the fiscal year, the Town amended its original budget on several occasions. Several of the largest amendments were made to increase revenue sources for proceeds from issuance of debt, repairs, capital outlay and various grants.

Actual overall revenues for the General Fund were higher than the budgeted amounts. In addition, the Town's overall expenditures within the General Fund were lower than budgeted amounts.

Proprietary Funds. The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the governmentwide financial statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$700,720, whereas total net position amounted to \$3,471,105. The proprietary fund's net position increased by \$55,251.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021, totaled \$5,287,966 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment.

Major capital asset additions during the year include the following:

- A Dump Truck, a Crown Vic., 2-2020 Dodge Rams and a Backhoe
- 2 HVAC units
- Plant equipment including viper police radios, handheld radios and a laptop and docking station

Figure 5							
Governi	mental	Busines	ss-type				
Activ	ities	Activ	Activities		Total		
2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
		\$148,216	\$109,840	\$148,216	\$109,840		
\$365,783	\$365,783			365,783	365,783		
495,251	530,111			495,251	530,111		
109,282	100,477	126,905	49,442	236,187	149,919		
232,632	119,834	39,325	64,679	271,957	184,513		
647,780	729,786	3,122,792	3,245,021	3,770,572	3,974,807		
\$1,850,728	\$1,845,991	\$3,437,238	\$3,468,982	\$5,287,966	\$5,314,973		
	Activ 2021 \$365,783 495,251 109,282 232,632 647,780	Governmental Activities 2021 2020 \$365,783 \$365,783 495,251 530,111 109,282 100,477 232,632 119,834 647,780 729,786	Governmental Activities Busines Activities 2021 2020 2021 \$148,216 \$148,216 \$365,783 \$365,783 495,251 530,111 109,282 100,477 126,905 232,632 119,834 39,325 647,780 729,786 3,122,792	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities 2021 2020 2021 2020 \$148,216 \$109,840 \$148,216 \$109,840 \$365,783 \$365,783 \$365,783 \$148,216 \$109,840 \$365,783 \$365,783 \$109,840 \$109,840 \$365,783 \$365,783 \$109,840 \$109,840 \$2021 530,111 \$109,282 \$100,477 \$126,905 \$49,442 \$232,632 \$119,834 \$39,325 \$64,679 \$3,122,792 \$3,245,021	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Activities Total 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 \$148,216 \$109,840 \$148,216 \$165,783 \$365,783 \$365,783 \$365,783 365,783 365,783 \$365,783 \$495,251 530,111 495,251 49,442 236,187 109,282 100,477 126,905 49,442 236,187 232,632 119,834 39,325 64,679 271,957 647,780 729,786 3,122,792 3,245,021 3,770,572		

Town of Grifton Condensed Statement of Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) Figure 5

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found on pages 27-28 of this report.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2021, the Town had total debt outstanding of \$1,912,154 excluding compensated absences and pension liabilities. The Town's outstanding loans consist of general obligation bonds for roads and streets, utility fund improvements, and vehicle and equipment loans.

Town of Grifton's Capital Assets Condensed Statement of Long-Term Debt Figure 6						
	Govern	imental	Busine	ss-type		
	Activities	Activities	Activities	Activities	Total	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Compensated absences	\$41,749	\$34,096	\$6,181	\$5,108	\$47,930	\$39,204
Net pension liability - LGERS	265,863	192,442	66,466	51,156	332,329	243,598
Total pension liability - LEOSSA	57,750	33,526			57,750	33,526
General obligation bonds	1,078,000	1,155,000	516,000	525,000	1,594,000	1,680,000
Installment purchases	167,301	73,257	150,853	72,501	318,154	145,758
Total	\$1,610,663	\$1,488,321	\$739,500	\$653,765	\$2,350,163	\$2,142,086

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town.

- The Town of Grifton unemployment rate of 6.4% is below the State average of 6.5%.
- The Town's occupancy rate is 13.3% for the year, which is higher than the State average of 6.6%.
- The Town of Grifton's median household income is approximately \$36,412 compared with approximately \$57,341 for the State.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities: Property taxes will remain at \$.63 cents, while local option sales tax revenue is expected to increase slightly. Overall, the budgeted revenues are decreased approximately 8% from 2021 amended budget.

Business – type Activities: The sewer rates in the Town are expected to remain stable as the NRWASA and CMSD rates are unchanged. General operating expenses are expected to remain consistent with fiscal year 2022. Storm water rates are expected to remain unchanged.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Mark Warren, Interim Town Manager, Town of Grifton, PO Box 579, Grifton, North Carolina 28530.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2021	
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	F	Primary Government	
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,245,033	\$712,110	\$1,957,143
Prepaid Expenses	32,361		32,361
Taxes Receivables (Net)	32,172		32,172
Accrued Interest Receivable	6,754		6,754
Accounts Receivable		95,266	95,266
Accounts Receivable - Due from Other Governments	150,205	6,338	156,543
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,290	201,002	204,292
Total Current Assets	\$1,469,815	\$1,014,716	\$2,484,531
Non-current Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Land and Construction in Progress	\$365,783	\$148,216	\$513,999
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	1,484,945	3,289,022	4,773,967
Total Capital Assets	\$1,850,728	\$3,437,238	\$5,287,966
Total Assets	\$3,320,543	\$4,451,954	\$7,772,497
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Deferrals	¢474.004	¢00.040	©
	\$174,801	\$39,342	\$214,143
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$174,801	\$39,342	\$214,143
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$32,000	\$153,802	\$185,802
Accrued Interest Payable	32,864		32,864
Customer Deposits		125,823	125,823
Compensated Absences	41,749	6,181	47,930
Net Pension Liability	265,863	66,466	332,329
Total Pension Liability	57,750		57,750
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	115,799	52,374	168,173
Due in more than one year	1,129,502	614,479	1,743,981
Total Liabilities	\$1,675,527	\$1,019,125	\$2,694,652
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension Deferrals	\$40,378	\$1,066	\$41,444
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$40,378	\$1,066	\$41,444
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$605,427	\$2,770,385	\$3,375,812
Restricted For:		,	· · · ·
Stabilization by State Statute	150,203		150,203
Cultural & Recreational	50,011		50,011
Construction & Maintenance	7,835		7,835
Trust Funds	38,637		38,637
Unrestricted	927,326	700,720	1,628,046
Total Net Position	\$1,779,439	\$3,471,105	\$5,250,544

EXHIBIT 2

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	_		Program Revenues		Net (Expense)	Revenue and Changes in N	let Position
	-					Primary Government	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$602,009	\$9,285			(\$592,724)		(\$592,724)
Public Safety	643,754		\$2,313		(641,441)		(641,441
Transportation & Public Works	227,170		70,640		(156,530)		(156,530
Environmental Protection	125,256	125,235	2,027		2,006		2,006
Community Development	6,925	.20,200	1,615		(5,310)		(5,310)
Cultural and Recreational	83,980	100	1,509		(82,371)		(82,371)
Interest on long-term debt	43,151	100	1,000		(43,151)		(43,151)
Total Governmental Activities	\$1,732,245	\$134,620	\$78,104	\$0	(\$1,519,521)	\$0	(\$1,519,521)
Business-type Activities:							
Water and Sewer	\$1,106,891	\$1,034,001	\$101,388			\$28,498	\$28,498
Stormwater Utility	65,610	68,996	. ,			3,386	3,386
Total Business-type Activities	\$1,172,501	\$1,102,997	\$101,388	\$0	\$0	\$31,884	\$31,884
Total Primary Government	\$2,904,746	\$1,237,617	\$179,492	\$0	(\$1,519,521)	\$31,884	(\$1,487,637)
	General Revenues: Taxes:						
		evied for General F	Purpose		\$788,587		\$788,587
	Local Option Sale	es Tax			697,301		697,301
	Grants and contrib	utions not restricted	to specific purposes		136,677		136,677
	Restricted Intergov	vernmental			135,262		135,262
	Investment earning	gs, unrestricted			307	\$214	521
	Miscellaneous, uni	estricted			52,954	18,616	71,570
	Gain (loss) on disp	osal of assets				4,537	4,537
	Total general r				\$1,811,088	\$23,367	\$1,834,455
	Change in Net				\$291,567	\$55,251	\$346,818
	Net Position, Begini				1,487,872	3,415,854	4,903,726
	NET POSITION, En				\$1,779,439	\$3,471,105	\$5,250,544

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2021

Major Funds	Non-Major	
	Other	Total
• •		Governmental
General	Funds	Funds
	\$96,483	\$1,245,033
32,361		32,361
· ·		32,172
		161,395
		3,290
\$1,377,768	\$96,483	\$1,474,251
\$32,000		\$32,000
	\$0	\$32,000
<i>401,000</i>		+02,000
\$32,172		\$32,172
11,191		11,191
\$43,363	\$0	\$43,363
\$32,361		\$32,361
150,203		150,203
	\$50,011	50,011
	7,835	7,835
	38,637	38,637
1,119,841		1,119,841
\$1,302,405	\$96,483	\$1,398,888
\$1,377,768	\$96,483	
	General \$1,148,550 32,361 32,172 161,395 3,290 \$1,377,768 \$32,000 \$	Other Governmental Funds \$1,148,550 32,361 \$96,483 \$1,148,550 32,361 \$96,483 32,172 161,395 3,290 \$96,483 \$32,000 \$96,483 \$32,000 \$0 \$32,172 11,191 \$96,483 \$32,000 \$0 \$32,172 11,191 \$0 \$32,361 \$0 \$32,361 \$0 \$32,361 \$0 \$32,361 \$0 \$32,361 \$0 \$32,361 \$0 \$32,361 \$0 \$32,361 \$0 \$32,361 \$0 \$32,361 \$0 \$32,361 \$0 \$32,361 \$0 \$32,361 \$0 \$32,361 \$0 \$32,361 \$0 \$32,361 \$0 \$1,119,841 \$1,302,405 \$96,483 \$0

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of	
Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because: Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds	\$1,398,888
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	φ1,390,000
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	1,850,728
Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available	1,030,720
5	
to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds.	6 754
	6,754
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.	174,801
Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements.	32,172
Long-term liabilites used in governmental activities are not financial uses	
and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Compensated Absences	(41,749)
General Obligation Bonds	(1,078,000)
Installment Purchases	(167,300)
Net Pension Liability	(265,863)
Total Pension Liability	(57,750)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.	(40,378)
Other long-term liabilities (accrued interest) are not due and payable in the	· · ·
current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(32,864)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$1,779,439
The ecomponying notes are an integral part of the financial state	monto

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Major	Non-Major Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Funds	Funds
REVENUES: Ad Valorem Taxes	\$806,906		\$806,906
Local Option Sales Tax	697,301		697,301
Unrestricted Intergovernmental	136,677		136,677
Restricted Intergovernmental	210,242	\$3,124	213,366
Permits and Fees	14,823		14,823
Sales and Services	127,728	9,285	137,013
Investment Earnings	284	23	307
Miscellaneous	17,737		17,737
TOTAL REVENUES	\$2,011,698	\$12,432	\$2,024,130
EXPENDITURES:			
General Government	\$562,899	\$10,972	\$573,871
Public Safety	648,597	φ10,07 <i>2</i>	648,597
Transportation & Public Works	222,718		222,718
Environmental Protection	125,256		125,256
Cultural & Recreational	63,442	2,500	65,942
Community Development	5,945	980	6,925
Debt Service:			
Principal	94,272		94,272
Interest	43,833		43,833
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$1,766,962	\$14,452	\$1,781,414
Net change in fund balance	\$244,736	(\$2,020)	\$242,716
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Proceeds from Issuance of Debt	\$111,316		\$111,316
Sale of Fixed Assets	18,001		18,001
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$129,317	\$0	\$129,317
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)			
expenditures and other financing uses	\$374,053	(\$2,020)	\$372,033
Fund Balance, Beginning of year	928,352	98,503	1,026,855
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$1,302,405	\$96,483	\$1,398,888

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA

STATEMENT REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are
different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$372,033
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay expenditures that were capitalized Depreciation expense for governmental assets	202,223 (197,486)	4,737
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		55,835
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current fir resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues	nancial	(18,319)
The Issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items New long-term debt issued Principal payments on long-term debt Decrease in Accrued Interest Payable	(111,316) 94,272 680	(16,364)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds Compensated absences Pension expense	(7,653) (98,702)	(106,355)
Total Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$291,567

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Genera	ll Fund	
_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
<i>Revenues:</i> Ad Valorem Taxes	\$714,500	\$714,500	\$806,906	\$92,406
Local Option Sales Tax	521,541	603,676	697,301	93,625
Unrestricted Intergovernmental	120,492	118,692	136,677	17,985
Restricted Intergovernmental	139,000	177,300	210,242	32,942
Permits and Fees	12,850	12,850	14,823	1,973
Sales and Services	115,250	115,250	127,728	12,478
Investment Earnings	300	300	284	(16)
Miscellaneous	23,300	20,142	17,737	(2,405)
Total Revenues	\$1,647,233	\$1,762,710	\$2,011,698	\$248,988
Expenditures:				
General Government	\$564,536	\$667,536	\$562,899	\$104,637
Public Safety	586,610	664,411	648,597	15,814
Transportation & Public Works	173,100	243,985	222,718	21,267
Environmental Protection	117,000	137,000	125,256	11,744
Cultural & Recreational	74,700	76,350	63,442	12,908
Community Development	10,000	10,000	5,945	4,055
Debt Service:				
Principal	121,287	94,275	94,272	3
Interest		49,410	43,833	5,577
Total Expenditures	\$1,647,233	\$1,942,967	\$1,766,962	\$176,005
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$0	(\$180,257)	\$244,736	\$424,993
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from Issuance of Debt		\$111,317	\$111,316	(1)
Sale of Fixed Assets		18,001	18,001	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$0	\$129,318	\$129,317	(\$1)
Appropriated Fund Balance		\$50,939		50,939
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$0	\$0	\$374,053	\$374,053
Fund Balances: Beginning of Year, July 1			928,352	
End of Year, June 30			\$1,302,405	

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2021

	Majo	or Enterprise Fund	S
	Water & Sewer	Stormwater	
<u>Assets</u>	Fund	Utility Fund	Total
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$643,502	\$68,608	\$712,110
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	201,002	5 054	201,002
Accounts Receivable (Net) Total Current Assets	95,753 \$940,257	5,851 \$74,459	101,604 \$1,014,716
Total Current Assets	\$940,2 37	\$74,455	\$1,014,710
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Construction in Progress	\$148,216		\$148,216
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	3,289,022		3,289,022
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$3,437,238	\$0	\$3,437,238
Total Assets	\$4,377,495	\$74,459	\$4,451,954
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension Deferrals	\$33,441	\$5,901	\$39,342
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$33,441	\$5,901	\$39,342
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable & Accrued Liabilities	\$152,892	\$910	\$153,802
Customer Deposits	125,823		125,823
Compensated Absences - Current	4,000		4,000
Installment Purchases - Current	43,374		43,374
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Current	9,000		9,000
Total Current Liabilities	\$335,089	\$910	\$335,999
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Compensated Absences	\$1,492	\$689	\$2,181
Net Pension Liability	56,496	9,970	66,466
Installment Purchases - Noncurrent	107,479		107,479
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Noncurrent	507,000		507,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$672,467	\$10,659	\$683,126
Total Liabilities	\$1,007,556	\$11,569	\$1,019,125
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension Deferrals	\$906	\$160	\$1,066
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$906	\$160	\$1,066
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$2,770,385		\$2,770,385
Unrestricted	632,089	\$68,631	700,720
Total Net Position	\$3,402,474	\$68,631	\$3,471,105

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Major Enterprise Funds		
	Water & Sewer	Stormwater	
	Fund	Utility Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Charges for Services	\$992,349	\$68,996	\$1,061,345
Other Operating Revenues	41,652		41,652
Total Operating Revenues	\$1,034,001	\$68,996	\$1,102,997
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
General Operations	\$111,667		\$111,667
Water Operations	330,539		330,539
Sewer Operations	482,017		482,017
Stormwater Operations		\$65,610	65,610
Depreciation	164,020		164,020
Total Operating Expenses	\$1,088,243	\$65,610	\$1,153,853
Operating Income (Loss)	(\$54,242)	\$3,386	(\$50,856)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):			
Investment Earnings	\$195	\$19	\$214
Grants and Donations	101,388		101,388
Miscellaneous	18,616		18,616
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	4,537		4,537
Interest and Other Charges	(18,648)		(18,648)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$106,088	\$19	\$106,107
Change in Net Position	\$51,846	\$3,405	\$55,251
Total Net Position, Beginning	3,350,628	65,226	3,415,854
Total Net Position, Ending	\$3,402,474	\$68,631	\$3,471,105

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Мај	or Enterprise Fund	S
	Water and Sewer Fund	Stormwater Utility Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash Received From Customers	\$995,029	\$70,056	\$1,065,085
Cash Paid for Goods and Services	(689,791)	(24,273)	(714,064)
Cash Paid to or on Behalf of Employees for Services	(188,289)	(39,097)	(227,386)
Customer Deposits Received	32,000		32,000
Customer Deposits Returned	(21,457)		(21,457)
Other Operating Revenues	41,652		41,652
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$169,144	\$6,686	\$175,830
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Capital Contributions	\$101,388		\$101,388
Proceeds of Long-Term Debt	100,238		100,238
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Asset	4,537		4,537
Proceeds from Sale of Asset Not on Books	18,616		18,616
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(132,276)		(132,276)
Principal Paid on Debt	(30,887)		(30,887)
Interest Paid on Debt	(18,648)		(18,648)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by			
Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$42,968	\$0	\$42,968
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest on Investments	\$195	\$19	\$214
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$212,307	\$6,705	\$219,012
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	632,197	61,903	694,100
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$844,504	\$68,608	\$913,112
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities			
Operating Income (Loss)	(\$54,242)	\$3,386	(\$50,856)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation	\$164,020		\$164,020
Changes in Assets, Deferred Inflows and Outflows and Liabilities:			
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	2,680	\$1,060	3,740
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources for Pensions	(4,797)	(1,127)	(5,924)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	39,362	361	39,723
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits	8,424	397	8,821
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability	12,648	2,662	15,310
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources for Pension	373	(53)	320
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	676		676
Total Adjustments	\$223,386	\$3,300	\$226,686
Net Cash Provided by (Used by) Operating Activities	\$169,144	\$6,686	\$175,830

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Grifton conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Town of Grifton is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and all of its operations.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a specific function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a specific program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category-*governmental and proprietary*-are presented. The Town has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, transportation and public works, and sanitation services.

The Town reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Depot Fund. This fund accounts for the operations of the Depot building.

Duke Energy Emergency Grant Fund. This fund accounts for the Duke Energy Grant and related expenses.

Library Trust Fund. This fund accounts for the library trust.

Cemetery Trust Fund. This fund accounts for the cemetery trust.

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Civic Center Trust Fund. This fund accounts for the Civic Center.

Police State Revenue Trust Fund. This fund accounts for the Police State Revenues.

Parks Trust Fund. This fund accounts for the Park.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the water and sewer operations of the Town.

Stormwater Utility Fund. This fund is used to account for the stormwater operations of the Town.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Grifton because the tax is levied by Pitt & Lenoir Counties and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, the Depot Fund, the Duke Energy Emergency Grant, the Enterprise Funds, and all of the governmental permanent trust funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Sewer System Project Fund, and the Well #2 Rehab Project Fund. The enterprise fund projects are consolidated with their respective operating fund for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds. The Budget officer is authorized to transfer appropriations within a fund in amounts not to exceed 10% of the appropriated monies for the Department whose allocation is reduced; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. Total budget amendments to the General fund increased revenues and expenses by \$295,734.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high-quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at fair value. The NCCMT Term Portfolio is a bond fund, has no rating and is measured at fair value. As of June 30, 2021, the Term Portfolio has a duration of .15 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months. The Town had no such investments at June 30, 2021.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income and considers all cash and investments to be cash and cash equivalents. The Town considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

The restricted cash in the General Fund is required by the USDA loan agreement for the Town Hall renovations. In the Water and Sewer fund for the Sewer Rehab Project, restricted cash represents unexpended loan funds. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for purposes of maintaining, repairing, construction, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. The following table outlines the Town's restricted cash at June 30, 2021.

Town of Grifton Restricted Cash	
Governmental Activities:	
General Fund - USDA	\$3,290
Total Governmental Activities	\$3,290
Business-type Activities:	
Customer Deposits	\$125,823
Sewer Rehab Fund	75,179
Total Business-type Activities	\$201,002
Total Restricted Cash	\$204,292

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Enterprise fund supplies are not inventoried at year-end because the amounts are considered immaterial.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The Town capitalizes all assets over \$1,000. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Building and Improvements	20 - 40 years
Water and Sewer System	20 - 40 years
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 10 years
Automobiles and Light Trucks	5 years

8. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meets this criterion, pension deferrals for the 2021 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has several items that meet the criterion for this category - property taxes receivable, other receivable for garbage services, and pension deferrals.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

10. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to twenty-three (23) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State Statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Prepaid Expenses – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the costs applicable to a future accounting period, which is not a spendable resource.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Trust funds - portion of fund balance that is held in trusts for specific purposes.

Restricted for Construction and Maintenance - portion of fund balance set aside by the Council for repairs and maintenance of the Town's streets and the Train Depot.

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town of Grifton's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance – This classification includes portion of fund balance that the Town of Grifton intends to use for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Grifton has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-town funds, town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance.

12. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Significant Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

None Noted.

B. Deficit in Fund Balance of Individual Funds not appropriated in subsequent year's budget ordinance

None Noted.

C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

None Noted.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. <u>Assets</u>

1. Deposits

All of the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits over the federal depository insurance coverage are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that

A. Assets (Continued)

collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are property secured.

At June 30, 2021, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$2,161,135 and a bank balance of \$2,028,282. Of the bank balance \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and the remainder covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2021, the Town's petty cash totaled \$300.

2. <u>Receivables - Allowance for Doubtful Accounts</u>

Receivables at the Government-wide level at June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Taxes & Related			Due from Other	
	Interest	Other	Accounts	Governments	Totals
Governmental Activities:					
General	\$38,070	\$6,754		\$150,205	\$195,029
Total Receivables	\$38,070	\$6,754	\$0	\$150,205	\$195,029
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	5,898				5,898
Total Governmental Activities	\$32,172	\$6,754	\$0	\$150,205	\$189,131
Business Type Activities:					
Water and Sewer Fund			\$89,415	\$6,338	\$95,753
Stormwater Utility Fund			5,851		5,851
Total Receivables Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	\$0	\$0	\$95,266	\$6,338	\$101,604
Total Business Type Activities	\$0	\$0	\$95,266	\$6,338	\$101,604

The due from other governments that is owed to the Town consists of the following:

Utility Franchise	\$22,440
Local Government Sales Tax	115,432
Solid Waste Disposal Tax	503
Sales Tax	881
Pitt County Property Tax	10,949
Total Due	\$150,205

A. Assets (Continued)

3. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:	Dalances	moreases	Decreases	Balances
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$365,783			\$365,783
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$365,783	\$0	\$0	\$365,783
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	\$1,206,698			\$1,206,698
Improvements	243,846	\$16,714		260,560
Equipment	265,804	27,305		293,109
Vehicles	697,971	158,204	\$49,200	806,975
Infrastructure	6,124,864			6,124,864
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$8,539,183	\$202,223	\$49,200	\$8,692,206
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	\$789,752	\$44,591		\$834,343
Improvements	130,681	6,983		137,664
Equipment	165,327	18,500		183,827
Vehicles	578,137	45,406	\$49,200	574,343
Infrastructure	5,395,078	82,006		5,477,084
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$7,058,975	\$197,486	\$49,200	\$7,207,261
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$1,480,208			\$1,484,945
Governmental Activity Capital Assets, Net	\$1,845,991			\$1,850,728

Depreciation expense was charged to functions or program of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$38,743
Public Safety	50,369
Transportation	90,336
Cultural and Recreational	18,038
Total Depreciation Expense	\$197,486

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A. Assets (Continued)

Enterprise Fund

Capital asset activity for the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-type Activity:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Construction in Progress	\$109,840	\$38,376		\$148,216
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$109,840	\$38,376	\$0	\$148,216
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Plant and Distribution Systems	\$6,759,698			\$6,759,698
Equipment	132,054	\$93,900		225,954
Vehicles	178,529		\$24,028	154,501
Total Assets Being Depreciated	\$7,070,281	\$93,900	\$24,028	\$7,140,153
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Plant and Distribution Systems	\$3,514,677	\$122,229		\$3,636,906
Equipment	82,612	16,437		99,049
Vehicles	113,850	25,354	\$24,028	115,176
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$3,711,139	\$164,020	\$24,028	\$3,851,131
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$3,359,142			\$3,289,022
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$3,468,982			\$3,437,238

Construction Commitments

The government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2021. At year end, the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	Spent-to-Date	Remaining Commitment
Governmental Project:		
Duke Energy Emergency Grant		\$50,000
Water and Sewer Projects:		
Well #2 Rehab Project	\$19,600	58,827
Sewer System Project	128,616	1,436,784
Total	\$148,216	\$1,545,611

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B. Liabilities

1. Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Vendors	Accrued Liabilities	Accrued Interest Payable	Total
Governmental Activities:				
General:	\$13,754	\$18,246	\$32,864	\$64,864
Total Governmental Activities	\$13,754	\$18,246	\$32,864	\$64,864
Business Type Activities:				
Water and Sewer Fund	\$235	\$152,657		\$152,892
Stormwater Utility Fund		910		910
Total Business Type Activities	\$235	\$153,567	\$0	\$153,802

2. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Government Employee's Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919)981-5454, or at <u>www.osc.nc.gov</u>.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters).Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 10.84% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 10.26% for general employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$69,794 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Refund of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By State law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions, or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a liability of \$332,329 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020 (measurement date), the Town's proportion was 0.00930%, which was an increase of 0.00038% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$119,174. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$41,967	
Changes of assumptions	24,732	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	46,766	
Change in proportion and differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	13,452	\$5,330
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date	69,794	
Total	\$196,711	\$5,330

\$69,794 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2022	\$36,533
2023	46,007
2024	25,207
2025	13,840
2026	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$121,587

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including
	inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

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The projected long-term investment returns, and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target class allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-precentage point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Town's proportionate share of the net pension			
liability (asset)	\$674,259	\$332,329	\$48,161

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description

The Town of Grifton administers a public employee retirement system (the *Separation Allowance*), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time Town law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2019, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Inactive Member Currently Receiving Benefits	0
Active Members	7
Total	7

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2019 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary Increases	3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflations and productivity factor
Discount Rate	1.93 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2019.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

4. Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a pension liability of \$57,750. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020 based on a December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2021 the Town recognized pension expense of \$2,448.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		\$34,772
Change of Assumptions	\$17,432	1,342
Benefit Payments and Administrative Expenses		
Subsequent to the Measurment Date		
Total	\$17,432	\$36,114

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town did not incur any amounts related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date that would be reported as deferred outflows of resources. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2022	(\$6,618)
2023	(6,294)
2024	(6,266)
2025	(2,967)
2026	1,407
Thereafter	2,056
Total	(\$18,682)

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.93 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.93%) or 1-percentage point higher (2.93%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	(0.93%)	(1.93%)	(2.93%)	
Total Pension Liability	\$66,127	\$57,750	\$50,385	

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance 2021 Total Pension Liability as of December 31, 2019 \$33,526 Changes for the year: Service Cost at end of year 8.067 1,093 Interest Change in benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience (2,753)Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs 17,817 **Benefit Payments** Other Net Changes \$24,224 Total Pension Liability as of December 31, 2020 \$57,750

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019, valuation were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
Pension Expense	\$119,174	\$2,448	\$121,622
Pension Liability	\$332,329	\$57,750	\$390,079
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	0.00930%	n/a	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$41,967		\$41,967
Changes of Assumptions	24,732	\$17,432	42,164
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Contributions and	46,766		46,766
Proportionate Share of Contributions	13,452		13,452
Benefit Payments and Administrative Costs Paid Subsequent to the			
Measurement Date	69,794		69,794
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$196,711	\$17,432	\$214,143
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		\$34,772	\$34,772
Changes of Assumptions		1,342	1,342
Net Differences Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments			,
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Contributions and			
Proportionate Share of Contributions	\$5,330		5,330
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$5,330	\$36,114	\$41,444

c. <u>Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers</u>

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The Town made contributions of \$26,628 for the reporting year. These contributions consisted of \$17,816 from the Town and \$8,812 from the law enforcement officers. No amounts were forfeited.

d. <u>Deferred Compensation Plan</u>

The Town offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Town has implemented Government Auditing Standards Board Statement No. 32 relating to the reporting of this information.

3. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, Stateadministered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payrolls based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

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4. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources reported on the Statement of Net Position is comprised of the following:

Source	Amount
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	\$69,794
Differences between expected and actual experience	41,967
Changes of Assumptions	42,164
Net difference between projected and actual	46,766
Changes in proportion and differences between employer	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	13,452
	\$214,143

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

Source	Statement of Net Position	General Fund Balance Sheet
Taxes Receivables, less penalties (General Fund)		\$32,172
Changes in Assumptions	\$1,342	
Differences between expected and actual experience	34,772	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	5,330	
Total	\$41,444	\$32,172

5. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town has worker's compensation coverage up to \$1,000,000 through a commercial company.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage in the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

The Town carries flood insurance through the National Flood Insurance Plan (NFIP). Because the Town is in an area of the State that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the Town is eligible to purchase coverage of \$500,000 per structure through the NFIP. The Town has purchased coverage on two structures under this plan.

In accordance with G.S.159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Town Manager and Tax Collector are each individually bonded for \$10,000 each and the Finance Director is individually bonded for \$50,000.

6. Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2021, the Town was not a defendant to any lawsuits.

7. Long-Term Obligations

a. Installment Purchases

In December 2002, the Town entered into an installment agreement to finance town hall renovations totaling \$57,200. The agreement requires annual payments of \$3,284, including interest computed at 4.625% per annum through 2032. The balance at June 30, 2021 was \$29,680.

In November 2018, the Town entered into an installment agreement to finance the purchase of Vac Con Sewer Truck totaling \$82,500. The agreement requires annual payments of \$14,750, at no interest through 2023. The balance at June 30, 2021 was \$29,500.

In September 2019, the Town entered into an installment agreement to finance the purchase of 2 police cars and 1 Ram Sewer Truck totaling \$70,000. The agreement requires annual payments of \$24,885, including interest computed at 3.29% per annum through 2022. The balance at June 30, 2021 was \$47,424.

In August 2020, the Town entered into an installment agreement to finance the purchase of a Dump Truck and a Backhoe totaling \$177,550. The agreement requires annual payments of \$37,800, including interest computed at 2.12% per annum through 2025. The balance at June 30, 2021 was \$177,550.

In January 2021, the Town entered into an installment agreement to finance the purchase of a Ram truck totaling \$34,000. The agreement requires annual payments of \$9,103, including interest computed at 2.80% per annum through 2025. The balance at June 30, 2021 was \$34,000.

Annual debt service payments of all installment purchases as of June 30, 2021, including interest of \$7,376 on the water and sewer obligations and \$18,565 on the obligations of governmental activities are as follows:

	Governmenta	I Activities	Business	з-Туре
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2022	\$38,799	\$4,902	\$43,374	\$2,747
2023	40,366	3,815	45,765	2,029
2024	26,323	2,696	19,877	1,291
2025	26,992	2,027	20,298	870
2026	17,770	1,340	21,539	439
2027-2031	13,135	3,285		
2032-2033	3,916	500		
Total	\$167,301	\$18,565	\$150,853	\$7,376

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b. General Obligation Indebtedness

The Town's general obligation bonds serviced by the governmental funds were issued for repaving and resurfacing of Town streets. The general obligation bonds issued to finance the sewer rehabilitation are reported as long-term debt in the Water and Sewer Fund. All general obligation bonds are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the Town. Principal and interest requirements are appropriated when due.

Bonds payable at June 30, 2021 are comprised of the following individual issues:

General Obligation Bonds

Serviced by the General Fund:

\$1,540,000, 2014 Southern Bank and Trust Company - General Infrastructure series bonds due in annual installments of \$77,000 plus interest from September 23, 2015 through September 23, 2034; interest is at 3.55%. The balance at June 30, 2021 was \$1,078,000.

Serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund:

\$573,000, 2013 USDA - Water and Sewer series bonds due in annual installments of up to \$25,000 plus interest from June 1, 2015 through June 1, 2053; interest is at 3.375%. The balance at June 30, 2021 was \$516,000.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business	s-Туре
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2022	\$77,000	\$38,269	\$9,000	\$17,415
2023	77,000	35,536	10,000	17,111
2024	77,000	32,802	10,000	16,774
2025	77,000	30,069	10,000	16,436
2026	77,000	27,335	11,000	16,098
2027-2031	385,000	95,673	58,000	74,824
2032-2036	308,000	27,335	69,000	64,361
2037-2041			81,000	51,908
2042-2046			96,000	37,226
2047-2051			113,000	19,946
2052-2054			49,000	2,498
Total	\$1,078,000	\$287,019	\$516,000	\$334,597

At June 30, 2021, the Town of Grifton had a legal debt margin of \$8,652,820.

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c. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

e. <u>Onanges in Long-renn Liabinte.</u>	Balance June 30, 2020	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2021	Current Portion of Balance
Governmental Activities:					
Installment Purchases	\$73,257	\$111,316	\$17,272	\$167,301	\$38,799
General Obligation Bonds	1,155,000		77,000	1,078,000	77,000
Compensated Absences	34,096	23,096	15,443	41,749	23,000
Net Pension Liability (LGERS)	192,442	73,421		265,863	
Total Pension Liability (LEOSSA)	33,526	\$24,224		57,750	
Governmental Activity Long-Term Liabilities	\$1,488,321	\$232,057	\$109,715	\$1,610,663	\$138,799
	Balance June 30, 2020	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2021	Current Portion of Balance
Business-type Activities:					
Water & Sewer Fund:					
Installment Purchases	\$72,501	\$100,238	\$21,886	\$150,853	\$43,374
General Obligation Bonds	525,000		9,000	516,000	9,000
Compensated Absences	4,816	4,051	3,375	5,492	4,000
Net Pension Liability (LGERS)	43,848	12,648		56,496	
Total Water & Sewer Fund	\$646,165	\$116,937	\$34,261	\$728,841	\$56,374
Stormwater Utility Fund:					
Compensated Absences	\$292	\$1,795	\$1,398	\$689	
Net Pension Liability (LGERS)	7,308	2,662		9,970	
Total Stormwater Utility Fund	\$7,600	\$4,457	\$1,398	\$10,659	\$0
Business-Type Activity Long-Term Liabilities	\$653,765	\$121,394	\$35,659	\$739,500	\$56,374

C. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Capital Assets	\$1,850,728	\$3,437,238
Less: Long-Term Debt	(1,245,301)	(666,853)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$605,427	\$2,770,385

D. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total Fund Balance - General Fund	\$1,302,405
Less:	
Prepaids	32,361
Stabilization by State Statute	150,203
Remaining Fund Balance	1,119,841

IV. JOINT VENTURES

The Town, in conjunction with the Town of Ayden and the Town of Winterville, participates in the Contentnea Metropolitan Sewer District. Each Town appoints two members to the seven-member board with one at-large member. The District is a joint venture established to provide sewage treatment services to the local governments. The participating governments are bound by purchase of service contracts with the District, and the District has the responsibility to determine and levy sewer use charges on the municipalities to apportion all operation and maintenance costs associated with treatment operations. This District has a bonded indebtedness of \$14,711,000 and the three towns are assessed with their pro-rata share of the operating expenses and debt service requirements. Grifton's assessed share of operation expenses for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$372,516, or 15.62% of total operation expenses of the District.

V. SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

VI. SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 12, 2021, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. As a result of the continued spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Town's operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, impact on the customers, employees and vendors all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. At this point, the extent to which COVID-19 may impact the Town's financial condition is uncertain.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability for Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Contributions – Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability – Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll – Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.0093%	0.0089%	0.01035%	0.00856%	0.00852%	0.00877%	0.00888%	0.00920%
Town's portion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$332,329	\$243,598	\$245,538	\$130,775	\$180,823	\$39,359	(\$52,369)	\$110,895
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$640,182	\$665,351	\$662,820	\$638,798	\$607,684	\$587,797	\$593,649	\$523,429
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	51.91%	36.61%	37.04%	20.47%	29.76%	6.70%	(8.82%)	21.19%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	99.07%	102.64%	94.35%	96.45%

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

**This will be the same percentage for all participant employees in the LGERS plan.

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$69,794	\$59,611	\$53,931	\$44,546	\$38,446	\$39,037	\$36,842	\$39,190
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	69,794	59,611	53,931	44,546	38,446	39,037	36,842	39,190
Contribution deficiency (excess)								
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$665,621	\$640,182	\$665,351	\$662,820	\$638,798	\$607,684	\$587,797	\$593,649
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.49%	9.31%	8.11%	6.72%	6.02%	6.42%	6.27%	6.60%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY – LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017				
Beginning Balance	\$33,526	\$34,717	\$69,697	\$65,877	\$66,916				
Service Cost	8,067	6,790	8,659	7,034	5,451				
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	1,093	1,264	2,202	2,457	2,253				
Change in Benefit Terms of the Total Pension Liability									
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(2,753)	(10,828)	(43,563)	(6,249)					
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs	17,817	1,583	(2,278)	5,016	(1,136)				
Benefit Payments				(4,438)	(7,607)				
Other Changes									
Ending Balance of the Total Pension Liability	\$57,750	\$33,526	\$34,717	\$69,697	\$65,877				

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

STATEMENT 4

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total Pension Liability	\$57,750	\$33,526	\$34,717	\$69,697	\$65,877
Covered Payroll	303,996	243,999	266,303	276,223	253,596
Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	19.00%	13.74%	13.04%	25.23%	25.98%

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Grifton has no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the

criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants and various other taxes and licenses that are expended for services deemed not susceptible to a user charge financing method.

The Fund is accounted for on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

		2021		2020
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Revenues:				
Ad Valorem Taxes:	A700 500	A700 440	0 07 0 40	\$ 000 555
Taxes	\$708,500	\$796,446	\$87,946	\$666,555
Penalties and Interest	6,000	10,460	4,460	4,551
Total	\$714,500	\$806,906	\$92,406	\$671,106
Local Option Sales Taxes:				
Local Option Sales Taxes	\$593,676	\$688,125	\$94,449	\$537,857
Sales Tax Refunds	10,000	9,176	(824)	10,664
Total	\$603,676	\$697,301	\$93,625	\$548,521
Unrestricted Intergovernmental:				
Franchise Taxes	\$100,692	\$107,569	\$6,877	\$106,289
Beer and Wine Taxes	11,500	11,314	(186)	11,505
Payment in Lieu of Tax	500	2,886	2,386	2,341
Other Reimbursements	6,000	14,908	8,908	6,673
Total	\$118,692	\$136,677	\$17,985	\$126,808
Restricted Intergovernmental:				
Powell Bill Allocation	\$74,000	\$70,640	(\$3,360)	\$73,957
Federal and State Grants	φ74,000	\$70,040	(\$3,300)	49,750
Solid Waste Disposal Tax	1,800	2,027	227	2,521
School Resource Officer Grant	65,000	65,786	786	65,786
CARES Act Funds	36,500	36,553	53	00,700
Other Grants	00,000	35,236	35,236	20,000
Total	\$177,300	\$210,242	\$32,942	\$212,014
Permits and Fees:				
Auto Tags	\$9,000	\$9,760	\$760	\$9,935
Officer Fees	950	1,844	894	1,339
Planning Fees	400	715	315	465
Park Rentals	2,500	2,504	4	8,420
Total	\$12,850	\$14,823	\$1,973	\$20,159
Sales and Services:				
E-911 Fees	\$4,300	\$2,313	(\$1,987)	\$3,440
Garbage Fees	110,000	پور 125,235	(\$1,987) 15,235	\$3,440 119,679
Grave Digging	700	120,233	(600)	1,300
Cutting Lots	250	80	(170)	285
Total	\$115,250	\$127,728	\$12,478	\$124,704
Investment Earnings	\$300	\$284	(\$16)	\$332
Miscellaneous	\$20,142	\$17,737	(\$2,405)	\$12,773

GENERAL FUND

		2021				
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual		
Expenditures:						
General Government: Governing Body:						
Salaries and Employee Benefits	\$13,560	\$12,918	\$642	\$13,564		
Other Operating Expenditures	1,300	. ,	1,300	. ,		
Total	\$14,860	\$12,918	\$1,942	\$13,564		
Administration:						
Salaries and Employee Benefits	\$193,268	\$189,800	\$3,468	\$179,716		
Other Operating Expenditures	183,700	126,776	56,924	150,266		
Insurance and Bonding	82,000	81,502	498	40,077		
Capital Outlay		1,157	(1,157)	13,735		
Total	\$458,968	\$399,235	\$59,733	\$383,794		
Tax Listings:						
Contracted Services	\$7,800	\$7,118	\$682	\$6,565		
Buildings and Grounds:						
Salaries and Employee Benefits	\$86,743	\$84,924	\$1,819	\$81,160		
Other Operating Expenditures	99,165	41,990	57,175	91,483		
Capital Outlay		16,714	(16,714)	30,124		
Total	\$185,908	\$143,628	\$42,280	\$202,767		
Total General Government	\$667,536	\$562,899	\$104,637	\$606,690		
<i>Public Safety:</i> Police:						
Salaries and Benefits	\$443,296	\$439,044	\$4,252	\$411,882		
Other Operating Expenditures	73,600	45,085	28,515	50,278		
Capital Outlay	72,320	98,468	(26,148)	45,928		
Total	\$589,216	\$582,597	\$6,619	\$508,088		
Fire:						
Other Operating Expenditures	\$75,195	\$66,000	\$9,195	\$66,000		
Total Public Safety	\$664,411	\$648,597	\$15,814	\$574,088		

GENERAL FUND

		2020		
			Variance	
	Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Expenditures:	<u> </u>			
Transportation and Public Works:				
Street Maintenance:				
Other Operating Expenditures	\$149,285	\$141,233	\$8,052	\$64,591
Total	\$149,285	\$141,233	\$8,052	\$64,591
Workshop:				
Other Operating Expenditures	\$94,700	\$81,485	\$13,215	\$85,549
Total	\$94,700	\$81,485	\$13,215	\$85,549
Total Transportation and Public Works	\$243,985	\$222,718	\$21,267	\$150,140
Environmental Protection:				
Sanitation:				
Contracted Services	\$137,000	\$125,256	\$11,744	\$116,553
Cultural and Recreational:				
Arts and Crafts	\$19,950	\$16,687	\$3,263	\$15,299
Recreation	14,400	7,251	7,149	8,792
Library:				
Salaries and Benefits	28,800	28,443	357	27,101
Other Operating Expenses	13,200	11,061	2,139	10,554
Total Cultural and Recreational	\$76,350	\$63,442	\$12,908	\$61,746
Community Development:				
Other Operating Expenditures	\$10,000	\$5,945	\$4,055	\$5,135
Debt Service:				
Principal	\$94,275	\$94,272	\$3	\$78,746
Interest and Fees	49,410	43,833	5,577	45,274
Total Debt Service	\$143,685	\$138,105	\$5,580	\$124,020
Total Expenditures	\$1,942,967	\$1,766,962	\$176,005	\$1,638,372

GENERAL FUND

		2020		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(\$180,257)	\$244,736	\$424,993	\$78,045
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers From (To) Other Funds				\$19,657
Proceeds from Issuance of Debt	\$111,317	\$111,316	(\$1)	41,750
Sale of Fixed Assets	18,001	18,001		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$129,318	\$129,317	(\$1)	\$61,407
Fund Balance Appropriated	\$50,939	\$0	(\$50,939)	\$0
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures	\$0	\$374,053	\$374,053	\$139,452
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of Year, July 1		928,352		788,900
End of Year, June 30		\$1,302,405	I	\$928,352

Other Governmental Funds

The following comprise the Town's Other Governmental Funds:

NON-MAJOR FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds:

Depot Fund – This fund is used to account for the Depot.

Duke Energy Emergency Grant Fund – This fund is used to account for Duke Energy Grant funds.

Permanent Funds:

Library Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for the Library Trust.

Cemetery Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for the Cemetery Trust.

Civic Center Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for the Civic Center Trust.

Police State Revenue Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for Police State Revenues.

Parks Trust Funds – This fund is used to account for the Parks Trust.

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2021 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2020)

	Duke Energy		Totals		
	Depot Fund	Emergency Grant Fund	Permanent Funds	2021	2020
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$7,835	\$50,011	\$38,637	\$96,483	\$98,503
Total Assets	\$7,835	\$50,011	\$38,637	\$96,483	\$98,503
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Fund Balance:					
Restricted for Maintenance	\$7,835			\$7,835	\$9,520
Restricted for Cultural & Recreational		\$50,011		50,011	\$50,000
Restricted for Trust Funds			\$38,637	38,637	38,983
Total Fund Balance	\$7,835	\$50,011	\$38,637	\$96,483	\$98,503
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$7,835	\$50,011	\$38,637	\$96,483	\$98,503

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020)

		Duke Energy		Tota	ls
	Depot Fund	Emergency Grant Fund	Permanent Funds	2021	2020
Revenues:					
Grants			\$159	\$159	\$51,406
Rental Fees	\$9,285			9,285	14,950
Donations			2,965	2,965	675
Investment Earnings	2	\$11	10	23	12
Total Revenues	\$9,287	\$11	\$3,134	\$12,432	\$67,043
Expenditures:					
General Government	\$10,972			\$10,972	\$17,217
Community Development			\$980	980	
Cultural and Recreational			2,500	2,500	2,500
Total Expenditures	\$10,972	\$0	\$3,480	\$14,452	\$19,717
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(\$1,685)	\$11	(\$346)	(\$2,020)	\$47,326
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	\$9,520	\$50,000	\$38,983	\$98,503	\$51,177
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$7,835	\$50,011	\$38,637	\$96,483	\$98,503

DEPOT FUND

		2020		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Revenues:				
Rental Fees	\$18,500	\$9,285	(\$9,215)	\$14,950
Investment Earnings		2	2	6
Total Revenues	\$18,500	\$9,287	(\$9,213)	\$14,956
Expenditures: General Government:				
Operating Expenditures	\$18,500	\$10,972	\$7,528	\$17,217
Total Expenditures	\$18,500	\$10,972	\$7,528	\$17,217
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$0	(\$1,685)	(\$1,685)	(\$2,261)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	-	9,520	-	11,781
Fund Balance, End of Year	1	\$7,835	<u> </u>	\$9,520

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA DUKE ENERGY EMERGENCY GRANT FUND

		2021				
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual		
Revenues: Duke Energy Grant		\$11	¢11	\$50,000		
Investment Earnings Total Revenues	\$0	\$11 \$11	\$11 \$11	\$50,000		
Expenditures: Cultural & Recreational:						
Planting/Ramp Total Expenditures	\$50,000 \$50,000	\$0	\$50,000 \$50,000	\$0		
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(\$50,000)	\$11	\$50,011	\$50,000		
Appropriated Fund Balance	\$50,000		(\$50,000)			
Revenues and Appropriated Fund Balance Over (Under) Expenditures	\$0	\$11	\$11	\$50,000		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	-	50,000				
Fund Balance, End of Year	<u> </u>	\$50,011		\$50,000		

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA PERMANENT FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020)

	Library Trust	Cemetery Trust	Civic Center Trust	Police State Revenue Trust	Parks Trust	Tota	als
ASSETS	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	2021	2020
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$15,436	\$17,871	\$1,354	\$1,265	\$2,711	\$38,637	\$38,983
Total Assets	\$15,436	\$17,871	\$1,354	\$1,265	\$2,711	\$38,637	\$38,983
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Fund Balance:							
Restricted for Trust Operations	\$15,436	\$17,871	\$1,354	\$1,265	\$2,711	\$38,637	\$38,983
Total Fund Balance	\$15,436	\$17,871	\$1,354	\$1,265	\$2,711	\$38,637	\$38,983
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$15,436	\$17,871	\$1,354	\$1,265	\$2,711	\$38,637	\$38,983

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA PERMANENT FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020)

Devenue	Library Trust	Cemetery Trust	Civic Center Trust	Police State Revenue Trust	Parks Trust	Tota	
Revenues:	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	2021	2020
Grants				\$159		\$159	\$1,406
Investment Earnings	\$4	\$4	\$1		\$1	10	6
Donations	1,615				1,350	2,965	675
Total Revenues	\$1,619	\$4	\$1	\$159	\$1,351	\$3,134	\$2,087
Expenditures:							
Cultural and Recreational:							
Operating Expenditures		\$2,500				\$2,500	
Community Development:		+_,				+_,	
Operating Expenditures	\$980					980	\$2,500
Total Expenditures	\$980	\$2,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,480	\$2,500
		+_,			֥	<i>vvvvvvvvvvvvv</i>	+_,
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$639	(\$2,496)	\$1	\$159	\$1,351	(\$346)	(\$413)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers From (To) Other Funds							
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over							
(Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$639	(\$2,496)	\$1	\$159	\$1,351	(\$346)	(\$413)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year Fund Balance, End of Year	\$14,797 \$15,436	\$20,367 \$17,871	\$1,353 \$1,354	\$1,106 \$1,265	\$1,360 \$2,711	\$38,983 \$38,637	\$39,396 \$38,983

LIBRARY TRUST FUND

		2020		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Revenues:				
Investment Earnings		\$4	\$4	\$3
Donations	\$1,000	1,615	615	\$675
Total Revenues	\$1,000	\$1,619	\$619	\$678
Expenditures: Community Development:				
Operating Expenditures	\$1,000	\$980	\$20	
Total Expenditures	\$1,000	\$980 \$980	\$20	\$0
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$0	\$639	\$639	\$678
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	14,797		14,119
Fund Balance, End of Year	1	\$15,436	ļ	\$14,797

CEMETERY TRUST FUND

		2020		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Revenues:	Daaget	, 1010101	(emarenasio)	7101041
Investment Earnings		\$4	\$4	\$3
Total Revenues	\$0	\$4	\$4	\$3
Expenditures: Cultural & Recreational:				
Operating Expenditures	\$2,500	\$2,500		\$2,500
Total Expenditures	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$0	\$2,500
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(\$2,500)	(\$2,496)	\$4	(\$2,497)
Appropriated Fund Balance	\$2,500		(\$2,500)	
Revenues and Appropriated Fund Balance Over (Under) Expenditures	\$0	(\$2,496)	(\$2,496)	(\$2,497)
	ψ0	(\$2,450)	(\\$2,430)	(\\$2,437)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	-	20,367		22,864
Fund Balance, End of Year	<u> </u>	\$17,871		\$20,367

CIVIC CENTER TRUST FUND

		2021				
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual		
Revenues: Investment Earnings		\$1	\$1			
Total Revenues	\$0	\$1	\$1	\$0		
Expenditures:						
Total Expenditures	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0		
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$0	\$1	\$1	\$0		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,353		1,353		
Tunu balance, beginning of Tear		1,000		1,000		
Fund Balance, End of Year		\$1,354		\$1,353		

	2021			2020
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Revenues:		.		
Grants		\$159	\$159	\$521
Total Revenues	\$0	\$159	\$159	\$521
Expenditures: Total Expenditures	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$0	\$159	\$159	\$521
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,106		585
Fund Balance, End of Year		\$1,265		\$1,106

PARKS TRUST FUND

	2021			2020
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Revenues: Grants Investment Earnings		\$1,350 1	\$1,350 1	\$885
Total Revenues	\$0	\$1,351	\$1,351	\$885
Expenditures:				
Total Expenditures	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$0	\$1,351	\$1,351	\$885
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,360	-	475
Fund Balance, End of Year		\$2,711	l	\$1,360

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA PROPRIETARY FUNDS - COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020)

	Water and	Stormwater	Sewer System	Well #2 Rehab	Tota	als
ASSETS	Sewer Fund	Utility Fund	Project Fund	Project Fund	2021	2020
Current Assets:						
Cash and Investments	\$643,502	\$68,608			\$712,110	\$501,522
Restricted Cash	201,002				201,002	192,578
Accounts Receivable (Net)	95,753	5,851			101,604	105,344
Total Current Assets	\$940,257	\$74,459	\$0	\$0	\$1,014,716	\$799,444
Non-Current Assets:						
Capital Assets:						
Construction in Progress	\$148,216				\$148,216	\$109,840
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	3,289,022				3,289,022	3,359,142
Total Non-Current Assets	\$3,437,238	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,437,238	\$3,468,982
Total Assets	\$4,377,495	\$74,459	\$0	\$0	\$4,451,954	\$4,268,426
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension Deferrals	\$33,441	\$5,901	\$0	\$0	\$39,342	\$33,418
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$4.676	\$910	\$128.616	\$19.600	\$153.802	\$113.333
Compensated Absences - Current	4,070	\$910	φ120,010	\$19,000	\$155,802 4,000	φ113,333
Customer Deposits	125,823				125,823	117,399
Installment Purchases - Current	43,374				43,374	24,009
General Obligation Bonds - Current	9,000				9,000	9,000
Total Current Liabilities	\$186,873	\$910	\$128,616	\$19,600	\$335,999	\$263,741
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Compensated Absences	\$1,492	\$689			\$2.181	\$5.108
Net Pension Liability	56,496	9.970			66,466	51,156
Installment Purchases - Noncurrent	107,479	-,			107,479	48,492
General Obligation Bonds - Noncurrent	507,000				507,000	516,000
Total Nonurrent Liabilities	\$672,467	\$10,659	\$0	\$0	\$683,126	\$620,756
Total Liabilities	\$859,340	\$11,569	\$128,616	\$19,600	\$1,019,125	\$884,497
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension Deferrals	\$906	\$160	\$0	\$0	\$1,066	\$1,493
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$2,770,385				\$2,770,385	\$2,871,481
Unrestricted	780,305	\$68,631	(\$128,616)	(\$19,600)	700,720	544,373
Total Net Position	\$3,550,690	\$68,631	(\$128,616)	(\$19,600)	\$3,471,105	\$3,415,854

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises -- where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

The following comprise the Town's Enterprise funds:

Water and Sewer Fund - This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

Stormwater Utility Fund – This fund is used to account for the Town's stormwater operations.

Page 1 of 2

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020)

		2021		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Revenues:			· · · ·	
Charges for Services:				
Water Charges	\$496,452	\$494,941	(\$1,511)	\$481,775
Sewer Charges	470,133	494,768	24,635	471,331
Connection Fees	2,600	2,640	40	8,700
Total Charges for Services	\$969,185	\$992,349	\$23,164	\$961,806
Other Operating Revenues	\$46,000	\$41,652	(\$4,348)	\$37,146
Total Operating Revenues	\$1,015,185	\$1,034,001	\$18,816	\$998,952
Nonoperating Revenues:				
Miscellaneous	\$123,000	\$18,616	(\$104,384)	
Grants and Donations	101,315	101,388	73	\$103,256
Gain on Sale of Fixed Asset		4,537	4,537	
Investment Earnings	250	195	(55)	261
Total Nonoperating Revenues	\$224,565	\$124,736	(\$99,829)	\$103,517
Total Revenues	\$1,239,750	\$1,158,737	(\$81,013)	\$1,102,469
Expenditures:				
General Operations:				
Salaries and Benefits	\$79,668	\$76,819	\$2,849	\$73,910
Operating Expenses	174,614	30,405	144,209	27,259
Total	\$254,282	\$107,224	\$147,058	\$101,169
Water Operations:				
Salaries and Benefits	\$64,705	\$62,003	\$2,702	\$61,175
Operating Expenses	273,911	264,729	9,182	273,832
Total	\$338,616	\$326,732	\$11,884	\$335,007
Sewer Operations:				
Salaries and Benefits	\$52,971	\$49,467	\$3,504	\$47,223
Operating Expenses	66,300	57,668	8,632	55,930
Capital Outlay	8,636		8,636	683
CMSD Charges	375,045	372,516	2,529	447,166
Total	\$502,952	\$479,651	\$23,301	\$551,002
Debt Service:				
Note Principal	\$31,000	\$30,887	\$113	\$23,750
Interest and Fees	19,000	18,648	352	18,023
Total	\$50,000	\$49,535	\$465	\$41,773

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020)

		2020		
			Variance	
	Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Capital Outlay	\$93,900	\$93,900	(Onlavorable)	\$35,839
Odpital Outray	φ00,000	φ30,000		φ00,000
Total Expenditures	\$1,239,750	\$1,057,042	\$182,708	\$1,064,790
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$0	\$101,695	\$101,695	\$37,679
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from the Issuance of Debt		\$100,238	\$100,238	\$28,251
Transfer from (to) Other Fund		+ ,	···;	75,179
Total Other Financing Uses	\$0	\$100,238	\$100,238	\$103,430
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$0	\$201,933	\$201,933	\$141,109
		<i>4</i> 1111111111111	420 1,000	<i>••••</i> ,•••
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified A	ccrual) to Full Ac	crual:		
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources,				
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Us	es	\$201,933		\$141,109
Reconciling Items:				
Capital Outlay		93,900		35,839
Proceeds from the Issuance of Debt		(100,238)		(28,251)
Transfer from Sewer Rehab Fund				(75,179)
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows of Resou	rces - Pensions	4,796		(12,095)
(Increase) Decrease in Net Pension Liability		(12,648)		4,259
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows of Resourc	es - Pensions	373		(1,030)
(Increase) Decrease in Accrued Vacation Payable		(976)		1,382
(Increase) Decrease in Accrued Salaries & Taxes		(2,161)		556
Payment of Debt Principal		30,887		23,750
Depreciation	_	(164,020)		(166,226)
Total	_	(\$150,087)		(\$216,995)
Change in Net Position	Ī	\$51,846		(\$75,886)

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA

WELL #2 REHAB PROJECT FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION-BUDGET AND ACTUAL From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Actual			
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:					
DWSRF	\$78,427				(\$78,427)
Total Revenues	\$78,427	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$78,427)
Expenditures:					
Construction	\$44,427				\$44,427
Engineering	6,000	\$8,075	\$1,525	\$9,600	(3,600)
Construction Observation	16,500				16,500
ER Preparation	7,500	7,500		7,500	
Environmental Doc. Prep	2,500	2,500		2,500	
Legal	1,500				1,500
Total Expenditures	\$78,427	\$18,075	\$1,525	\$19,600	\$58,827
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$0	(\$18,075)	(\$1,525)	(\$19,600)	(\$19,600)
Net Position, Beginning of Year			(18,075)		
Net Position, End of Year			(\$19,600)		

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA

STORMWATER UTILITY FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION-BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020)

		2021		2020
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Revenues:				
Charges for Services:				
Stormwater Charges - Residents	\$34,000	\$36,018	\$2,018	\$36,229
Stormwater Charges - Non Residents	30,000	32,978	2,978	28,525
Total Charges for Services	\$64,000	\$68,996	\$4,996	\$64,754
Nonoperating Revenues:				
Federal Grants				\$6,466
Investment Earnings		\$19	\$19	24
Total Nonoperating Revenues	\$0	\$19	\$19	\$6,490
Total Revenues	\$64,000	\$69,015	\$5,015	\$71,244
Expenditures:				
Salaries and Benefits	\$39,781	\$39,097	\$684	\$35,233
Operating Expenses	1,303	1,303		3,189
Contracted Services	12,214	12,214		10,295
Maintenance and Repair	10,702	10,701	1	22,064
Total Expenditures	\$64,000	\$63,315	\$685	\$70,781
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$0	\$5,700	\$5,700	\$463
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Ac	crual) to Full Acc	rual:		
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources, O	•			
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	()	\$5,700		\$463
Reconciling Items:				
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows of Resource	ces - Pensions	1,127		(3,272)
(Increase) Decrease in Accrued Vacation Payable		(397)		108
(Increase) Decrease in Accrued Salaries & Taxes		(416)		(495)
(Increase) Decrease in Net Pension Liability		(2,662)		2,193
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows of Resource	s - Pensions	53		(164)
Total Change in Net Resition		(\$2,295)		(\$1,630)
Change in Net Position		\$3,405	-	(\$1,167)

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA

SEWER SYSTEM PROJECT FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020)

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:					
Restricted Intergovernmental:					
Federal Grants	\$441,000				(\$441,000)
Total Revenues	\$441,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$441,000)
Expenditures:					
Administration	\$29,000	\$480	\$17,956	\$18,436	\$10,564
Construction	1,344,400	2,100	. ,	2,100	1,342,300
Engineering	192,000	89,185	18,895	108,080	83,920
Debt Service:					
Interest	17,600				17,600
Contingencies	134,000				134,000
Total Expenditures	\$1,717,000	\$91,765	\$36,851	\$128,616	\$1,588,384
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(\$1,276,000)	(\$91,765)	(\$36,851)	(\$128,616)	\$1,147,384
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from Debt Issuance	\$1,276,000				\$1,276,000
Total Other Financing Sources	\$1,276,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,276,000
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$0	(\$91,765)	(\$36,851)	(\$128,616)	(\$128,616)
Net Position, Beginning of Year			(91,765)		
Net Position, End of Year			(\$128,616)		

OTHER SCHEDULES

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE

June 30, 2021

	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2020	Additions	Collections and Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2021
2020-21	i	\$779,477	\$761,710	\$17,767
2019-20	\$23,665		21,238	2,427
2018-19	14,341		9,210	5,131
2017-18	5,096		1,892	3,204
2016-17	3,771		970	2,801
2015-16	1,909		449	1,460
2014-15	1,832		562	1,270
2013-14	1,670		83	1,587
2012-13	1,577		136	1,441
2011-12	1,179		197	982
	\$55,040	\$779,477	\$796,447	\$38,070
Less Allowance for Uncollectable	e Ad Valorem Taxes	Receivable		(\$5,898)
Ad Valorem Taxes Receivab	le - Net			\$32,172
Reconciliation With Revenues Taxes - Ad Valorem - Genera				\$806,906
Reconciling Items: Interest Collected Total Collections and Cree	dits			(10,459) \$796,447

TOWN OF GRIFTON, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Total Levy		
	Т	own-Wid	le	Property Excluding		
	Property Valuation	Rate	Amount of Levy	Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles	
Original Levy:						
Property Taxed at Current Year's Rate Total	\$123,727,937 \$123,727,937	0.63	\$779,486 \$779,486	\$676,153 \$676,153	\$103,333 \$103,333	
Discoveries: Current Year Taxes at Current Year's Rate						
Total	\$0	0.63	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Abatements: Current Year Taxes at Current Year's Rate	(\$1,429)		(\$9)	(\$9)	* •	
Total	(\$1,429)		(\$9)	(\$9)	\$0	
Total Property Valuation	\$123,726,508					
Net Levy			\$779,477	\$676,144	\$103,333	
Uncollected Taxes at June 30, 2021			17,767	17,767		
Current Year's Taxes Collected			\$761,710	\$658,377	\$103,333	
Current Levy Collection Percentage			97.72%	97.37%	100.00%	

COMPLIANCE SECTION



POST OFFICE BOX 6069 KINSTON, NC 28501-0069

BARROW, PARRIS & DAVENPORT, P.A. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 662 SUSSEX STREET KINSTON, NORTH CAROLINA 28504-8319

<u>MEMBERS</u> NORTH CAROLINA ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS TELEPHONE: (252) 522-5200 FAX: (252) 523-6366

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Commissioners Town of Grifton, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Grifton, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Town of Grifton's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 12, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Grifton's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Grifton's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town of Grifton's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amount. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town of Grifton

Purpose of this Report

This purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Borrow, Paris & Dawycort, 1. A

BARROW, PARRIS & DAVENPORT, P.A. Kinston, North Carolina

November 12, 2021