REVIEWED

By SLGFD at 8:30 am, Dec 29, 2021

TOWN OF HIGHLANDS NORTH CAROLINA

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Mayor: Patrick Taylor

Town Commissioners: Donnie Calloway

John M. Dotson

Amy E. Patterson

Marc Hehn

Brian Stiehler

Finance Director: Rebecca Shuler



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Town Commissioners Town of Highlands Highlands, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Highlands, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Highlands' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Town of Highlands ABC Board. Those financial statements were audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Town of Highlands ABC Board, is based solely on the report of the other auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Town of Highlands ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Highlands, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Fire Department Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in note 6 to the financial statements, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Town of Highlands adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Contributions, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consist of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Highlands' basic financial statements. The individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2021 on our consideration of the Town of Highlands' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Highlands' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town of Highlands' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

Martin Starnes & associated, CPas, P.a.

Hickory, North Carolina

November 30, 2021



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Highlands, we offer readers of the Town of Highlands' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Highlands for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this parrative.

Financial Highlights

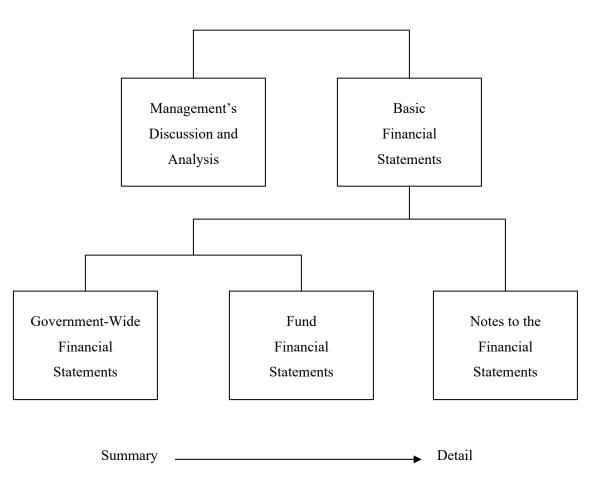
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Highlands exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$55,320,055 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$3,094,440.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Highlands' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,697,898, an increase of \$5,946,148, in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 71 percent of this total amount, or \$9,662,680, is restricted or non-spendable.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, available fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,983,240, or 70 percent, of total General Fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Highlands' basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Highlands.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits A and B) in the basic financial statements are the **government-wide financial statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits C through L) are **fund financial statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the fund financial statements: 1) the governmental funds statements, 2) the budgetary comparison statements, 3) the proprietary fund statements, and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services, such as public safety, transportation, culture and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and federal and state grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide services. These include the water and sewer, electric, and sanitation services offered by the Town of Highlands.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits A and B of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Highlands, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Highlands can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*. This method also has a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed, short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Highlands adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Highlands has one kind of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Highlands uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations, its electric operations, and its sanitation services.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The Town of Highlands has two types of fiduciary funds, Private Purpose Trust Fund and Custodial Fund types. The Scholarship Fund and the Cemetery Fund are Private Purpose Trust Funds and the Fireman's Relief Fund is a Custodial Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow Exhibit L of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Highlands' progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and other post-employment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on Schedule A-1 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities. The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and state laws and federal and state appropriations.

Town of Highlands' Net Position

Figure 2

		Governmental Business-Type										
	_	Activ	vitie	s		Activ	itie	s		T	otal	
	_	2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020
Assets:												
Current and other assets	\$	14,224,866	\$	8,041,731	\$	10,510,115	\$	7,213,471	\$	24,734,981	\$	15,255,202
Capital assets, net		19,839,740		17,327,498		27,873,724		28,296,814		47,713,464		45,624,312
Deferred outflows of resources		797,874	_	607,512	_	398,923		323,261	_	1,196,797	_	930,773
Total assets and deferred												
outflows of resources	_	34,862,480	_	25,976,741		38,782,762	_	35,833,546	_	73,645,242		61,810,287
Liabilities:												
Liabilities		14,874,932		6,024,401		3,424,407		3,524,073		18,299,339		9,548,474
Deferred inflows of resources		17,864		25,773		7,984		10,425		25,848		36,198
Total liabilities and deferred												
inflows of resources	_	14,892,796	_	6,050,174		3,432,391	_	3,534,498	_	18,325,187		9,584,672
Net Position:												
Net investment in capital assets		14,167,232		14,755,208		26,893,777		27,223,517		41,061,009		41,978,725
Restricted		2,823,365		2,036,093		-		-		2,823,365		2,036,093
Unrestricted		2,979,087		3,135,266		8,456,594		5,075,531		11,435,681		8,210,797
Total net position	\$	19,969,684	\$	19,926,567	\$	35,350,371	\$	32,299,048	\$	55,320,055	\$	52,225,615

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Highlands exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$55,320,055 as of June 30, 2021. The Town's net position increased by \$3,094,440 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The largest portion of net position (74%) reflects the Town's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town of Highlands uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. An additional portion of the Town of Highlands' net position 17% represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$11,435,681 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes
- Diligence in collecting utility charges
- Reduction in spending

Town of Highlands' Changes in Net Position

			Fig	ure	2 3					
	Govern Activ		ntal		Busine Activ			To	otal	
	2021		2020		2021		2020	2021		2020
Revenues:										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 513,445	\$	468,145	\$	11,431,551	\$	9,386,054	\$ 11,944,996	\$	9,854,199
Operating grants and										
contributions	2,484,767		1,517,993		-		-	2,484,767		1,517,993
Capital grants and contributions	35,270		784,628		8,774		150,000	44,044		934,628
General revenues:										
Property taxes	2,932,178		2,891,062		-		-	2,932,178		2,891,062
Other taxes	1,342,024		1,202,231		-		-	1,342,024		1,202,231
Unrestricted intergovernmental	287,879		302,900		-		-	287,879		302,900
Gain on sale of assets	-		-		-		-	-		-
Investment earnings, unrestricted	 1,814		67,542		906		74,472	2,720		142,014
Total revenues	7,597,377		7,234,501	_	11,441,231	_	9,610,526	19,038,608	_	16,845,027
Expenses:										
General government	1,975,536		1,978,022		-		-	1,975,536		1,978,022
Public safety	3,358,327		1,912,828		-		-	3,358,327		1,912,828
Transportation	937,738		914,942		-		-	937,738		914,942
Economic development	-		-		-		-	-		-
Culture and recreation	1,004,732		947,097		-		-	1,004,732		947,097
Interest expense	262,229		167,667		-		-	262,229		167,667
Electric	-		-		4,650,201		4,567,112	4,650,201		4,567,112
Sanitation	-		-		763,151		876,916	763,151		876,916
Water and sewer	 		_		2,992,254		2,844,316	2,992,254		2,844,316
Total expenses	 7,538,562	_	5,920,556	_	8,405,606	_	8,288,344	 15,944,168	_	14,208,900
Change in net position										
before transfers	58,815		1,313,945		3,035,625		1,322,182	3,094,440		2,636,127
Trans fers in (out)	 (15,698)	_	1,484,302	_	15,698	_	(1,484,302)	<u>-</u>	_	<u> </u>
Change in net position	43,117		2,798,247		3,051,323		(162,120)	3,094,440		2,636,127
Net Position:										
Beginning of year - July 1	 19,926,567		17,128,320		32,299,048		32,461,168	 52,225,615	_	49,589,488
End of year - June 30	\$ 19,969,684	\$	19,926,567	\$	35,350,371	\$	32,299,048	\$ 55,320,055	\$	52,225,615

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$43,117. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Decreases in non-recurring costs relating to general government functions
- Increase in Citizen remodeling and construction

Business-Type Activities. Business-type activities decreased the Town's net position by \$3,051,323. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Continued completion of capital projects
- Additions of newly added capital projects

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Highlands uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Highlands' governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Highlands' financing requirements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Highlands. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Highland's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$3,983,240, while total fund balance reached \$4,403,836. The Town currently has available fund balance of 70% of General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 77% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2021, the governmental funds of the Town of Highlands reported a combined fund balance of \$13,697,898 with a net increase in fund balance of \$5,946,148. The key elements for this increase are primarily due to the completion of capital projects.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget at the end of the fiscal year. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. Total amendments to the General Fund increased expenditures by approximately \$617,000 (10%). Amendments were necessary due to conservatism used in compiling the original budget.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Highlands' proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year totaled \$2,298,744. The total decrease in net position for the Water and Sewer Fund was \$403,483. This decrease is due to an increase in capital projects completion. Unrestricted net position of the Electric Fund at the end of the fiscal year totaled \$5,861,075. The total increase in net position for the Electric Fund was \$3,232,336. The increase was due to a decrease in transfers for capital projects. Unrestricted net position of the Sanitation Fund at the end of the fiscal year totaled \$296,775. The total increase in net position for the Sanitation Fund was \$222,470. This increase was due to a decrease in expenditures versus revenues.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Town of Highlands' capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2021 totals \$47,713,464 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, improvements, equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, plants and distribution systems, and construction in progress.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include:

- Waterline Improvements
- Water and Wastewater Treatment Plant upgrades to equipment and SCADA
- Paving improvements to multiple Streets in Town
- Community building upgrades continued
- Several new vehicle and equipment purchases throughout various departments
- Development of a Comprehensive Plan

Town of Highlands' Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

Figure 4

		Govern Activ				Busines Activ		• •		To	tal	nl	
	_	2021	_	2020		2021		2020		2021		2020	
Land	\$	1,535,281	\$	1,535,281	\$	399,040	\$	399,040	\$	1,934,321	\$	1,934,321	
Buildings and													
improvements		8,495,105		8,124,680		=		=		8,495,105		8,124,680	
Equipment and vehicles		6,375,096		6,226,523		4,003,424		3,671,783		10,378,520		9,898,306	
Recreation facilities		5,819,047		5,819,047		-		_		5,819,047		5,819,047	
Infrastructure		4,263,211		3,420,503		-		_		4,263,211		3,420,503	
Plant and distribution													
systems		-		_		40,304,899		38,191,970		40,304,899		38,191,970	
Construction in progress		4,960,594		2,992,501				1,793,816		4,960,594		4,786,317	
Subtotal		31,448,334		28,118,535		44,707,363		44,056,609		76,155,697		72,175,144	
Accumulated depreciation		(11,608,594)	_	(10,791,037)		(16,833,639)		(15,759,795)	_	(28,442,233)		(26,550,832)	
Capital assets, net	\$	19,839,740	\$	17,327,498	\$	27,873,724	\$	28,296,814	\$	47,713,464	\$	45,624,312	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Debt. As of June 30, 2021, the Town had no bonded debt outstanding. The Town did have installment debt as follows:

Town of Highlands' Long-Term Debt Figure 5

		nmental ivities		ess-Type vities	Total				
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020			
Installment debt	\$ 12,486,666	\$ 4,722,164	\$ 979,947	\$ 1,166,647	\$ 13,466,613	\$ 5,888,811			
Total debt	\$ 12,486,666	\$ 4,722,164	\$ 979,947	\$ 1,166,647	\$ 13,466,613	\$ 5,888,811			

The Town of Highlands' total debt increased by \$7,577,802 (129%) during the past fiscal year, primarily due to debt issued for the fire department project during the fiscal year.

North Carolina General Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within the government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of Highlands is \$134,245,000.

Additional information regarding the Town of Highlands' long-term debt can be found in Note 2.B of this report.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities. The Town Manager's recommended operating budget for fiscal year 2022 was adopted by the Town Board on June 17, 2021. The fiscal year 2022 budget includes an ad valorem tax rate of \$.1565 per \$100. This will enable the Town of Highlands to maintain a revenue neutral tax rate, but does include a .015 earmarked for street paving projects. The fiscal year 2020 budget also includes a Highlands Volunteer Fire Department tax rate of \$.03 per \$100. There was a 3% COLA adjustment for all full-time employees is included in the fiscal year 2022 budget. The Town will use any increases in revenues to finance programs currently in place and to cover any unanticipated increases in expenditures.

During fiscal year 2020/21 municipalities were hit once again with COVID-19 that restricted a lot of activities and income, as people were hit hard financially and quarantined. Due to this epidemic, budgeting of capital projects, COLA adjustments, and any major increases were held to a minimum.

Business-Type Activities. The rates in the sanitation, electric, and water and sewer funds rates all remained the same.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Director, Town of Highlands, P.O. Box 460, 210 North Fourth Street, Highlands, North Carolina 28741. You can also call (828) 526-2118, visit our website www.highlandsnc.org or send an email to rebecca.shuler@highlandsnc.org for more information.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

		D. G		Component Unit
		Primary Governmen	<u>it </u>	Town of
	Governmenta <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type Activities	Total	Highlands ABC Board
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 6,835,32	20 \$ 8,644,654	\$ 15,479,974	\$ 797,865
Restricted cash and investments	6,937,14	55,959	6,993,099	-
Taxes receivable, net	21,49	-	21,493	-
Accounts receivable, net	405,7	1,242,692	1,648,448	-
Prepaid items			=	11,186
Inventories	25,1	57 566,810	591,967	498,216
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress	6,495,8		6,894,915	-
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	13,343,80		40,818,549	148,181
Total capital assets	19,839,74	27,873,724	47,713,464	148,181
Total assets	34,064,6	38,383,839	72,448,445	1,455,448
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Pension deferrals	797,8	398,923	1,196,797	32,934
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	505,4	75 223,500	728,975	175,876
Accrued interest payable	154,3	-	154,365	-
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:				
Customer deposits		- 55,959	55,959	=
Non-current liabilities:				
Net pension liability (LGERS)	994,5	19 666,766	1,661,285	49,670
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	588,8	71 -	588,871	-
Due in less than one year	876,7	3 405,466	1,282,169	-
Due in more than one year	11,754,99	2,072,716	13,827,715	
Total liabilities	14,874,9	3,424,407	18,299,339	225,546
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Pension deferrals	17,8	54 7,984	25,848	
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	14,167,23	32 26,893,777	41,061,009	148,181
Restricted for:				
Stabilization by state statute	405,7		405,756	-
Streets	122,9		122,982	-
Fire protection	2,294,6	-	2,294,627	-
Capital improvements			-	536,853
Working capital			-	89,746
Unrestricted	2,979,0	8,456,594	11,435,681	488,056
Total net position	\$ 19,969,6	<u>\$ 35,350,371</u>	\$ 55,320,055	\$ 1,262,836

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Program Revenues									
		Expenses	C	harges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Gı	Capital rants and atributions					
Functions/Programs:													
Primary Government:													
Governmental Activities:													
General government	\$	1,975,536	\$	364,572	\$	419,415	\$	-					
Public safety		3,358,327		34,011		1,466,037		-					
Transportation		937,738		-		49,315		-					
Culture and recreation		1,004,732		114,862		550,000		35,270					
Interest on long-term debt		262,229		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>					
Total governmental activities		7,538,562	_	513,445		2,484,767		35,270					
Business-Type Activities:													
Water and Sewer Fund		2,992,254		2,440,085		-		8,774					
Sanitation Fund		763,151		755,471		-		-					
Electric Fund		4,650,201		8,235,995		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>					
Total business-type activities	_	8,405,606	_	11,431,551				8,774					
Total primary government	\$	15,944,168	\$	11,944,996	\$	2,484,767	\$	44,044					
Component Unit:													
Town of Highlands ABC Board	\$	2,773,817	\$	3,069,500	\$		\$						

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	N	let Revenue (Expen	Net Position	Component		
				Government		Unit
		Governmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities	Total	Town of Highlands ABC Board
Functions/Programs:						
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities:						
General government	\$	(1,191,549)	\$	-	\$ (1,191,549)	
Public safety		(1,858,279)		-	(1,858,279)	
Transportation		(888,423)		-	(888,423)	
Culture and recreation		(304,600)		-	(304,600)	
Interest on long-term debt		(262,229)		<u> </u>	(262,229)	
Total governmental activities	_	(4,505,080)		<u>-</u>	(4,505,080)	
Business-Type Activities:						
Water and Sewer Fund		-		(543,395)	(543,395)	
Sanitation Fund		-		(7,680)	(7,680)	
Electric Fund		-		3,585,794	3,585,794	
Total business-type activities	_			3,034,719	3,034,719	
Total primary government		(4,505,080)		3,034,719	(1,470,361)	
Component Unit:						
Town of Highlands ABC Board						\$ 295,683
General Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes		2,932,178		-	2,932,178	_
Local option sales tax		1,342,024		-	1,342,024	_
Unrestricted intergovernmental		287,879		-	287,879	_
Investment earnings, unrestricted		1,814		906	2,720	110
Total general revenues, excluding transfers		4,563,895		906	4,564,801	110
Transfers		(15,698)		15,698	-	-
Total general revenues and transfers		4,548,197		16,604	4,564,801	110
Change in net position		43,117		3,051,323	3,094,440	295,793
Net Position:						
Beginning of year - July 1		19,926,567		32,299,048	52,225,615	967,043
End of year - June 30	\$	19,969,684	\$	35,350,371	\$ 55,320,055	\$ 1,262,836

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		Major						Total
		General Fund	Cap	oital Projects Fund	Fir	e Department Fund	Go	
Assets: Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Inventory	\$	4,053,472 122,982 25,157	\$	477,110 6,814,158	\$	2,304,738	\$	6,835,320 6,937,140 25,157
Taxes receivable, net Accounts receivable, net		21,493 395,439		- -		10,317		21,493 405,756
Total assets	\$	4,618,543	\$	7,291,268	\$	2,315,055	\$	14,224,866
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:		102 214	e.	202 150	Ф	10.111	¢.	505 475
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	193,214	\$	302,150	\$	10,111	\$	505,475
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Property taxes receivable		21,493				<u>-</u>		21,493
Fund Balances: Non-spendable: Inventory		25,157		-		-		25,157
Restricted: Stabilization by state statute		395,439		_		10,317		405,756
Restricted for general government		-		583,348		-		583,348
Restricted for streets		122,982		-		-		122,982
Restricted for fire protection		-		6,230,810		2,294,627		8,525,437
Committed for general government		2.060.250		174,960		-		174,960
Unassigned Total fund balances		3,860,258 4,403,836		6,989,118		2,304,944		3,860,258 13,697,898
Total fund balances	_	1,105,050		0,707,110	-	2,301,311		13,077,070
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	4,618,543	\$	7,291,268	\$	2,315,055		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Y (Exhibit A) are different due to the following items:	Net Po	osition						
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in government are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in								19,839,740
Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds are used treceivable not expected to be available within 90 days of year-end receivables are a component of net position in the Statement of Ne	The	ese						21,493
•	t 1 OS	ition.						
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)								(588,871)
Net pension liability (LGERS)								(994,519)
Long-term liabilities, accrued interest, and compensated absences and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the								(12,786,067)
Pension related deferrals							_	780,010
Net position of governmental activities, per Exhibit A							\$	19,969,684

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Major						
		General	Capi	tal Projects Fund	Fire	Department Fund		Total
Revenues:								_
Ad valorem taxes	\$	2,934,410	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,934,410
Other taxes and licenses		1,342,024		-		-		1,342,024
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues		287,879		-		-		287,879
Restricted intergovernmental revenues		870,030		-		1,166,351		2,036,381
Permits and fees		116,589		-		-		116,589
Sales and services		362,845		-		-		362,845
Investment earnings		939		505		370		1,814
Contributions		37,750		-		25,721		63,471
Miscellaneous		420,185		-		34,011		454,196
Total revenues	_	6,372,651		505		1,226,453		7,599,609
Expenditures:								
Current:		1 011 200		1 100 002				2 110 102
General government		1,911,200		1,198,903		516.206		3,110,103
Public safety		1,359,538		2,269,190		516,286		4,145,014
Transportation		1,264,497		-		-		1,264,497
Culture and recreation		1,094,848		-		-		1,094,848
Debt service:				265 540				265.540
Principal		-		367,749		-		367,749
Interest	_	62,489		93,063		-		155,552
Total expenditures		5,692,572	-	3,928,905		516,286		10,137,763
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_	680,079		(3,928,400)		710,167		(2,538,154)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in (out)		(476,510)		460,812		-		(15,698)
Long-term debt issued				8,500,000				8,500,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(476,510)		8,960,812				8,484,302
Net change in fund balances		203,569		5,032,412		710,167		5,946,148
Fund Balances:								
Beginning of year - July 1		4,200,267		1,956,706		1,594,777		7,751,750
End of year - June 30	\$	4,403,836	\$	6,989,118	\$	2,304,944	\$	13,697,898

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) are different due to the following items:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit D)	\$ 5,946,148
Property tax revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds statement.	(2,232)
Compensated absences expense reported in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds statement.	(602)
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds statement.	(106,677)
Change in deferred outflow - pension	190,362
Change in deferred inflows - pension	7,909
Change in net pension liability	(371,782)
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement. However, in the Statement of Activities, capital outlay is not an expense, rather it is an increase in capital assets.	3,368,385
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has an effect on net position.	(8,132,251)
Gain/(loss) on disposal of capital assets are reported in the Statement of Activities, however, proceeds from the sale of assets are not affected by gain/(loss) in the governmental funds statements.	(19,615)
Depreciation expense allocates the costs of capital assets over their useful lives. It is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds statement.	 (836,528)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)	\$ 43,117

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 Budgeted Amounts				Variance		
	Original		Final	 Actual	O	ver/Under	
Revenues:			_			_	
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,819,000	\$	2,819,000	\$ 2,934,410	\$	115,410	
Other taxes and licenses	970,000		1,023,486	1,342,024		318,538	
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	270,000		270,000	287,879		17,879	
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	652,700		867,483	870,030		2,547	
Permits and fees	52,000		52,000	116,589		64,589	
Sales and services	129,250		201,450	362,845		161,395	
Investment earnings	20,002		20,002	939		(19,063)	
Contributions	3,500		34,500	37,750		3,250	
Miscellaneous	 146,768		405,907	 420,185		14,278	
Total revenues	 5,063,220		5,693,828	 6,372,651		678,823	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	2,020,960		2,151,260	1,911,200		240,060	
Public safety	1,495,850		1,576,850	1,359,538		217,312	
Transportation	1,256,500		1,491,500	1,264,497		227,003	
Culture and recreation	1,217,828		1,388,828	1,094,848		293,980	
Debt service:							
Interest	62,000		62,000	62,489		(489)	
Total expenditures	 6,053,138		6,670,438	5,692,572		977,866	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (989,918)		(976,610)	 680,079		1,656,689	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in (out)	(479,698)		(725,265)	(476,510)		248,755	
Appropriated fund balance	1,469,616		1,701,875	-		(1,701,875)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	989,918		976,610	(476,510)		(1,453,120)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>	203,569	\$	203,569	
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year - July 1				 4,200,267			
End of year - June 30				\$ 4,403,836			

FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND - ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance
		Original		Final	Actual		Over/Under	
Revenues:			'					_
Macon County Fire District	\$	1,055,180	\$	1,055,180	\$	1,089,351	\$	34,171
Jackson County Fire District		50,000		50,000		77,000		27,000
Miscellaneous revenue		-		-		34,011		34,011
Charitable contributions		10,000		10,000		25,721		15,721
Investment earnings	_		_		_	370	_	370
Total revenues	-	1,115,180	_	1,115,180	_	1,226,453	_	111,273
Expenditures:								
Public safety:								
Salaries and benefits		221,500		221,500		174,406		47,094
Operating expenditures		234,000		234,000		153,414		80,586
Capital outlay		659,680		2,159,680		188,466		1,971,214
Total public safety	_	1,115,180		2,615,180		516,286		2,098,894
Total expenditures		1,115,180		2,615,180		516,286		2,098,894
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-		(1,500,000)		710,167		2,210,167
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (out)		<u>-</u>		1,500,000		<u>-</u>		(1,500,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	\$	_		710,167	\$	710,167
Fund Balance: Beginning of year, July 1						1,594,777		
End of year, June 30					\$	2,304,944		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities						
	Enterprise Funds						
	Water and Sewer Fund	Electric Fund	Sanitation Fund	Total			
Assets:							
Current assets:							
Cash and investments	\$ 1,998,909	\$ 6,340,850	\$ 304,895	\$ 8,644,654			
Restricted cash and investments	4,969	50,990	-	55,959			
Inventory	167,551	399,259	-	566,810			
Accounts receivable, net	402,447	736,017	104,228	1,242,692			
Total current assets	2,573,876	7,527,116	409,123	10,510,115			
Non-current assets:							
Net pension asset							
Capital assets:							
Land and construction in progress	399,040	-	-	399,040			
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	25,919,562	1,225,431	329,691	27,474,684			
Capital assets, net	26,318,602	1,225,431	329,691	27,873,724			
Total assets	28,892,478	8,752,547	738,814	38,383,839			
Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
Pension deferrals	170,824	150,932	77,167	398,923			
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	97,336	85,815	40,349	223,500			
Accrued vacation	54,889	70,667	16,560	142,116			
Current portion of long-term debt	93,350	170,000	-	263,350			
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:							
Customer deposits	4,969	50,990		55,959			
Total current liabilities	250,544	377,472	56,909	684,925			
Non-current liabilities:							
Net pension liability	284,672	262,038	120,056	666,766			
Long-term debt	886,597	1,186,119	-	2,072,716			
Total non-current liabilities	1,171,269	1,448,157	120,056	2,739,482			
Total liabilities	1,421,813	1,825,629	176,965	3,424,407			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Pension deferrals	4,090	(8,656)	12,550	7,984			
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	25,338,655	1,225,431	329,691	26,893,777			
Unrestricted	2,298,744	5,861,075	296,775	8,456,594			
Total net position	\$ 27,637,399	\$ 7,086,506	\$ 626,466	\$ 35,350,371			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Business-Typ	e A	ctivities			
	Enterprise Funds								
		Water and ewer Fund		Electric Fund		Sanitation Fund		Total	
Operating Revenues:								_	
Charges for services	\$	2,426,948	\$	6,010,178	\$	755,471	\$	9,192,597	
Other operating revenues		13,137		2,225,817		_		2,238,954	
Total operating revenues		2,440,085		8,235,995		755,471		11,431,551	
Operating Expenses:									
Operations		2,070,773		4,514,378		713,429		7,298,580	
Depreciation		921,481		135,823		49,722		1,107,026	
Total operating expenses	_	2,992,254		4,650,201		763,151		8,405,606	
Operating income (loss)		(552,169)		3,585,794		(7,680)		3,025,945	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Investment earnings		142		764		<u>-</u>		906	
Income (loss) before transfers									
and capital contributions		(552,027)		3,586,558		(7,680)		3,026,851	
Capital contributions	_	8,774						8,774	
Transfers:									
Transfer to/from General Fund		15,698		-		-		15,698	
Transfers from Electric Fund		124,072		-		230,150		354,222	
Transfer to sanitation		-		(230,150)		-		(230,150)	
Transfers to Water and Sewer Fund				(124,072)				(124,072)	
Total transfers		139,770		(354,222)		230,150	_	15,698	
Change in net position		(403,483)		3,232,336		222,470		3,051,323	
Net Position:									
Beginning of year - July 1		28,040,882		3,854,170		403,996		32,299,048	
End of year - June 30	\$	27,637,399	\$	7,086,506	\$	626,466	\$	35,350,371	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Part		Business-Type Activities							
Sewer Fund Sew				Ent	erprise Funds				
Cash provided (used) by operating activities: Cash Provided (used) by oper									Total
Cash provided (used) by operating activities 139,770 303,730,141 307,422 32,046,466 342,991 3,654,559 3,771 3,066,998 3,678,141 3,078,141	Cash Flows from Operating Activities:								
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities 3,35,00,141 2,00,000 3,		\$				\$		\$	11,325,452
National Provided (used) by operating activities 342,91 3,634,539 58,771 4,056,321			(931,914)				(397,422)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities 342,991 3,654,559 58,771 4,056,321			-				-		
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Transfers in (out) 139,770 (354,222) 230,150 15,698	Cash paid for goods and services		(1,120,929)		(3,750,141)		(295,928)		(5,166,998)
Transfers in (out) 139,770 (354,222) 230,150 15,698 Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities 139,770 (354,222) 230,150 15,698 Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities 139,770 (354,222) 230,150 15,698 Net cash provided (used) by non-capital and Related Financing Activities:	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		342,991	_	3,654,559	_	58,771	_	4,056,321
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities 139,770 (354,222) 230,150 15,698	Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:								
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	Transfers in (out)		139,770		(354,222)		230,150		15,698
Primatering Activities:	Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		139,770		(354,222)		230,150	_	15,698
Acquisition and construction of capital assets									
Debt principal (93,350) (83,357) (176,707) Federal and state grants (87,74) (87,74	9		(275 266)		(124 664)		(174,006)		(692 026)
Record Security					. , ,		(1/4,000)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities					(65,557)		_		
Keconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net cash Provided (Used) by Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Interest one concile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ \$21,481 \$ \$3,285 \$ \$4,795 \$ \$3,025,945 \$ \$3,025,945 \$ \$1,107,026			0,771					_	0,771
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			(459 842)		(218 021)		(174 006)		(851 869)
Interest on investments 142 764 — 906 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 23,061 3,083,080 114,915 3,221,056 Cash and Cash Equivalents: Seginning of year - July 1 1,980,817 3,308,760 189,980 5,479,557 End of year - June 30 \$ 2,003,878 6,391,840 \$ 304,895 \$ 8,700,613 Reconcilitation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (552,169) \$ 3,585,794 \$ (7,680) \$ 3,025,945 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ 291,481 135,823 49,722 1,107,026 Changes in assets and liabilities: \$ 291,481 135,823 49,722 1,107,026 Changes in assets and liabilities: \$ 70,021 61,783 32,951 164,755 (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for pensions (32,157) (28,373) (15,132) (75,662) Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions (10,37) (915) (488) (2,440) C	iniancing activities		(+37,0+2)		(210,021)		(174,000)		(031,007)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 23,061 3,083,080 114,915 3,221,056 Cash and Cash Equivalents: Beginning of year - July 1 1,980,817 3,308,760 189,980 5,479,557 End of year - June 30 \$ 2,003,878 \$ 6,391,840 \$ 304,895 \$ 8,700,613 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	Cash Flows from Investing Activities:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents: Beginning of year - July 1 1,980,817 3,308,760 189,980 5,479,557 End of year - June 30 \$ 2,003,878 \$ 6,391,840 \$ 304,895 \$ 8,700,613 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (552,169) \$ 3,585,794 \$ (7,680) \$ 3,025,945 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: 921,481 135,823 49,722 1,107,026 Changes in assets and liabilities: 921,481 135,823 49,722 1,107,026 (Increase) decrease) in net pension liability 70,021 61,783 32,951 164,755 (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for pensions (32,157) (28,373) (15,132) (75,662) Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions (1,037) (915) (488) (2,440) Changes in assets and liabilities: (1,037) (915) (488) (2,440) (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (44,251) (58,498) (3,350)	Interest on investments		142		764	_			906
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) to Net cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) to Net cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		23,061		3,083,080		114,915		3,221,056
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in inventory (Increase) decrease in inventory (Increase) decrease in inventory (Increase) decrease in inventory (Increase) decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Increase) decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Increase) decrease) in customer deposits S	Cash and Cash Equivalents:								
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (552,169) \$ 3,585,794 \$ (7,680) \$ 3,025,945 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: 8 21,481 135,823 49,722 1,107,026 Changes in assets and liabilities: 921,481 135,823 49,722 1,107,026 Changes in assets and liabilities: 10,7021 61,783 32,951 164,755 (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for pensions (32,157) (28,373) (15,132) (75,662) Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions (1,037) (915) (488) (2,440) Changes in assets and liabilities: (10,37) (915) (488) (2,440) Charges in accounts receivable (44,251) (58,498) (3,350) (106,099) (Increase) decrease in inventory 6,150 24,358 - 30,508 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (25,047) (67,746) 2,748 (90,045) <t< td=""><td>Beginning of year - July 1</td><td></td><td>1,980,817</td><td></td><td>3,308,760</td><td></td><td>189,980</td><td>_</td><td>5,479,557</td></t<>	Beginning of year - July 1		1,980,817		3,308,760		189,980	_	5,479,557
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: \$ (552,169) \$ 3,585,794 \$ (7,680) \$ 3,025,945 Operating income (loss) \$ (552,169) \$ 3,585,794 \$ (7,680) \$ 3,025,945 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation 921,481 135,823 49,722 1,107,026 Changes in assets and liabilities: 1107,026 Increase (decrease) in net pension liability 70,021 61,783 32,951 164,755 (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for pensions (32,157) (28,373) (15,132) (75,662) Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions (1,037) (915) (488) (2,440) Changes in assets and liabilities: (1,037) (915) (488) (3,350) (106,099) (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (44,251) (58,498) (3,350) (106,099) (Increase) decrease in inventory 6,150 24,358 - 30,508 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (25,047) (67,746) 2,748 (90,045) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits - 2,333 - 2,333	End of year - June 30	\$	2,003,878	\$	6,391,840	\$	304,895	\$	8,700,613
Operating income (loss) \$ (552,169) \$ 3,585,794 \$ (7,680) \$ 3,025,945 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: 921,481 135,823 49,722 1,107,026 Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase (decrease) in net pension liability 70,021 61,783 32,951 164,755 (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for pensions (32,157) (28,373) (15,132) (75,662) Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions (1,037) (915) (488) (2,440) Changes in assets and liabilities: (1,037) (58,498) (3,350) (106,099) (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (44,251) (58,498) (3,350) (106,099) (Increase) decrease in accounts payable 6,150 24,358 - 30,508 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (25,047) (67,746) 2,748 (90,045) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits - 2,333 - 2,333	• 9 \								
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation 921,481 135,823 49,722 1,107,026 Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase (decrease) in net pension liability 70,021 61,783 32,951 164,755 (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for pensions (32,157) (28,373) (15,132) (75,662) Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions (1,037) (915) (488) (2,440) Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (44,251) (58,498) (3,350) (106,099) (Increase) decrease in inventory 6,150 24,358 - 30,508 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (25,047) (67,746) 2,748 (90,045) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits - 2,333 - 2,333		¢.	(552.1(0))	d.	2 505 704	¢.	(7.690)	¢.	2 025 045
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation 921,481 135,823 49,722 1,107,026 Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase (decrease) in net pension liability 70,021 61,783 32,951 164,755 (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for pensions (32,157) (28,373) (15,132) (75,662) Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions (1,037) (915) (488) (2,440) Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (44,251) (58,498) (3,350) (106,099) (Increase) decrease in inventory 6,150 24,358 - 30,508 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (25,047) (67,746) 2,748 (90,045) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits - 2,333 - 2,333		Þ	(552,169)	Э	3,383,794	Э	(7,080)	Þ	3,025,945
Depreciation 921,481 135,823 49,722 1,107,026 Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase (decrease) in net pension liability 70,021 61,783 32,951 164,755 (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for pensions (32,157) (28,373) (15,132) (75,662) Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions (1,037) (915) (488) (2,440) Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (44,251) (58,498) (3,350) (106,099) (Increase) decrease in inventory 6,150 24,358 - 30,508 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (25,047) (67,746) 2,748 (90,045) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits - 2,333 - 2,333	1 9 , , ,								
Changes in assets and liabilities: 70,021 61,783 32,951 164,755 (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for pensions (32,157) (28,373) (15,132) (75,662) Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions (1,037) (915) (488) (2,440) Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (44,251) (58,498) (3,350) (106,099) (Increase) decrease in inventory 6,150 24,358 - 30,508 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (25,047) (67,746) 2,748 (90,045) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits - 2,333 - 2,333			921 481		135 823		49 722		1 107 026
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability 70,021 61,783 32,951 164,755 (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for pensions (32,157) (28,373) (15,132) (75,662) Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions (1,037) (915) (488) (2,440) Changes in assets and liabilities: (10,037) (58,498) (3,350) (106,099) (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (44,251) (58,498) (3,350) (106,099) (Increase) decrease in inventory (6,150) (24,358) - (30,508) Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (25,047) (67,746) (27,48) (90,045) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits - (2,333) - (2,333) (28,373) (15,132) (75,662) (75,662) (488) (2,440) (106,099) (106,099) (106,099) (106,099) (107,746) (27,48) (27,48) (27,48) (27,48)			<i>72</i> 1, 7 61		133,623		79,722		1,107,020
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for pensions (32,157) (28,373) (15,132) (75,662) Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions (1,037) (915) (488) (2,440) Changes in assets and liabilities: (1,037) (58,498) (3,350) (106,099) (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (44,251) (58,498) (3,350) (106,099) (Increase) decrease in inventory 6,150 24,358 - 30,508 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (25,047) (67,746) 2,748 (90,045) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits - 2,333 - 2,333			70.021		61 783		32 951		164 755
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions (1,037) (915) (488) (2,440) Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) (44,251) (58,498) (3,350) (106,099) (Increase) decrease in inventory 6,150 24,358 - 30,508 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (25,047) (67,746) 2,748 (90,045) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits - 2,333 - 2,333									
Changes in assets and liabilities: (44,251) (58,498) (3,350) (106,099) (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 6,150 24,358 - 30,508 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (25,047) (67,746) 2,748 (90,045) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits - 2,333 - 2,333									
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (44,251) (58,498) (3,350) (106,099) (Increase) decrease in inventory 6,150 24,358 - 30,508 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (25,047) (67,746) 2,748 (90,045) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits - 2,333 - 2,333			(-,/)		(==0)		()		(=, · · •)
(Increase) decrease in inventory 6,150 24,358 - 30,508 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (25,047) (67,746) 2,748 (90,045) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits - 2,333 - 2,333	-		(44,251)		(58,498)		(3,350)		(106,099)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (25,047) (67,746) 2,748 (90,045) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits - 2,333 - 2,333									
and accrued liabilities (25,047) (67,746) 2,748 (90,045) Increase (decrease) in customer deposits - 2,333 - 2,333			-,		,				- /
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits			(25,047)		(67,746)		2,748		(90,045)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				_		_		_	
	•	\$	342,991	\$		\$	58,771	\$	

 ${\it The\ accompanying\ notes\ are\ an\ integral\ part\ of\ the\ financial\ statements}.$

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Priv <u>T</u> r	Custodial Fund		
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,172,290	\$	283,491
Accounts receivable		215		
Total assets		1,172,505		283,491
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		3,196		<u>-</u>
Net Position:				
Restricted for:				
Individuals, organizations and other governments		-		283,491
Held in trust for other purposes		1,169,309		
Total fiduciary net position	\$	1,169,309	\$	283,491

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Priv Tı	Custodial Fund		
Additions:				
Investment earnings	\$	204	\$	-
Contributions		67,880		39,290
ABC profit distribution		18,787		-
Miscellaneous		17,795		
Total additions		104,666		39,290
Deductions:				
Cemetery		41,754		-
Scholarship		54,000		-
Relief expenditures		_		33,027
Total deductions		95,754		33,027
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		8,912		6,263
Net Position:				
Net position - beginning, as previously reported		1,160,397		-
Prior period adjustment - change in accounting principle				277,228
Net position - beginning, as restated		1,160,397		277,228
End of year - June 30	\$	1,169,309	\$	283,491



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Highlands (the "Town") and its discretely presented component unit conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town is a municipal corporation, which is governed by an elected Mayor and a five-member Board of Commissioners. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the Town is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the Town's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Town.

Component Unit - Town of Highlands ABC Board

The Town of Highlands' Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (the "ABC Board") is governed by a Board appointed by the Town's Board of Commissioners. In addition, the ABC Board is required by state statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the Town. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at Town of Highlands ABC Board, PO Box 1345, 81 Highlands Plaza, Highlands, North Carolina 28741.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed, in whole or in part, by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include: (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes and state-shared revenues. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and general governmental services.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and general government asset improvements (other than those financed by the proprietary funds).

Fire Department Fund

The Fire Department Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the provision of fire protection services.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The Town reports all its enterprise funds as major.

Enterprise Funds

The enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that (a) are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or (b) where the governing body has decided that the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The Town has three enterprise funds: the Water and Sewer Fund, the Electric Fund, and the Sanitation Fund. The water and sewer capital projects are consolidated with the Water and Sewer Fund for financial reporting purposes.

The Town has one water and sewer capital project: the Consolidated Water and Sewer Capital project.

The Town reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Private-Purpose Trust Funds

Private-purpose trust funds are used to account for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefits individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The Town maintains two private-purpose trust funds: the Scholarship Fund and the Cemetery Fund. Under the terms of the trust, the scholarship committee, with the approval of the Town's Board, may expend annually the investment income and possibly all or a portion of the principal of the Scholarship Fund to graduates of Highlands High School who are furthering their education in colleges, universities, or vocational training schools. The Cemetery Fund allows the Town to collect perpetual fees, lot and marker fees, and other contributions for the maintenance of the Highlands Cemetery.

Custodial Fund

Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. Custodial funds are used to account for assets the Town holds on behalf of others that meet certain criteria. The Town maintains one custodial fund for Fireman's Relief.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, state law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes collected and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town because the tax is levied by Macon County and then remitted to and distributed by the state. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

measurable until received in cash. All sales taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, the Fire Department Fund, and the enterprise funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. A project ordinance is adopted for the Capital Projects Fund and the Water and Sewer Capital Project Fund. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for multi-year funds. The Town Manager is authorized to transfer any amount within a department without amendment. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a department or fund require approval of the Town Commissioners. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were material. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year, or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in Board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by state law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30 (c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust ("NCCMT").

The Town's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, an SEC-registered (2a-7) government money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools monies from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing, or widening of local streets per G.S 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. Fiber build-out funds are classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purpose of which the unspent debt proceeds were intended for in the project. Unspent debt proceeds for the fire loan are restricted as they are for the project for which the debt was issued. Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected.

Governmental Activities:

General Fund:	
Powell Bill	\$ 122,982
Capital Project Fund:	
Fire loan (unspent debt proceeds)	6,230,810
Fiber build-out (unspent debt proceeds)	583,348
Total governmental activities	6,937,140
Business-Type Activities:	
Water and Sewer Fund:	
Customer deposits	4,969
Electric Fund:	
Customer deposits	 50,990
Total business-type activities	 55,959
Total restricted cash	\$ 6,993,099

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with state law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the Town are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The Town's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures as used rather than when purchased.

The inventories of the Town's enterprise funds consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of these inventories is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

Capital Assets

The Town has adopted a minimum capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Capital assets are recorded at original cost. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and stormwater system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Es timate d
Asset	Useful Lives
Buildings and other improvements	15-50 years
Equipment and vehicles	3-10 years
Plant and distributions systems	35-50 years
Recreation facilities	35-50 years
Infrastructure	50 years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meets this criterion for this category pension deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has two items that meet the criteria for this category – property taxes receivable and pension deferrals.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town allows for the accumulation of vacation leave, up to 240 hours per employee as well as the accumulation of comp time, up to 80 hours per employee. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary related payments are recorded as the leave is earned on a first-in, first-out basis. The portion of time estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through state statutes.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Stabilization by State Statute – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource for appropriation in accordance with state law [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for General Government – represents the unspent proceeds of installment financing, restricted to the purpose for which the debt was issued.

Restricted for Fire Protection – portion of fund balance that is restricted for fire department operations in the Town.

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted net position on Exhibit A varies from restricted fund balance on Exhibit C by the amount of unspent debt proceeds of \$6,814,158, as of June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Committed Fund Balance

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action of the Town's highest level of decision-making authority. The Town Council can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for General Government – portion of fund balance that is committed for a Townwide fiber network construction.

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that the Town intends to use for specific purposes. The Town's governing body has the authority to assign fund balance. The Manager and Finance Officer, as granted in the officially adopted budget ordinance, have been granted limited authority to assign fund balance.

Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance represents the portion of fund balance that has not been assigned to another fund or is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following order: bond/debt proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-Town funds, and Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and, lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town or when required by grant or other contractual agreements.

The Town has not officially adopted a fund balance policy.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 4,403,836
Less:	
Inventory	25,157
Stabilization by state statute	 395,439
Total available fund balance	\$ 3,983,240

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employee's Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

F. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant areas where estimates are made are allowance for doubtful accounts and depreciation lives.

2. Detail Notes On All Funds

A. Assets

Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in the unit's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in its name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

At June 30, 2021, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$11,142,289 and a bank balance of \$11,423,202 Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$10,923,202 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. The Town also has cash on hand of \$300 at June 30, 2021.

Investments

At June 30, 2021 the Town of Highlands had \$12,786,265 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio, which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's and AAA-mf by Moody's Investors Service. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk.

Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The receivables shown in Exhibit A at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

			Due From Other					
	Accounts		Taxes G		Governments		Total	
Governmental Activities:								
General Fund	\$	12,270	\$	30,493	\$	384,301	\$	427,064
Special revenue funds		-		-		10,317		10,317
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(1,132)		(9,000)				(10,132)
Total governmental activities	\$	11,138	\$	21,493	\$	394,618	\$	427,249
Business-Type Activities:								
Water and Sewer Fund	\$	362,293	\$	-	\$	57,939	\$	420,232
Electric Fund		749,167		-		29,796		778,963
Sanitation Fund		97,901		_		11,665		109,566
Total receivables		1,209,361		-		99,400		1,308,761
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(66,069)						(66,069)
Total business-type activities	\$	1,143,292	\$	_	\$	99,400	\$	1,242,692

Due from other governments consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities:

Local option sales tax	\$ 238,939
Franchise tax	66,245
Sales tax reimbursement	88,839
Other taxes	595
Total	394,618
Business-Type Activities:	
Sales tax reimbursement	 99,400
Total	\$ 494,018

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Governmental Capital Assets

A summary of changes in the Town's governmental capital assets follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2021
By Asset Type:				
Non-Depreciable Assets:				
Land	\$ 1,535,281	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,535,281
Construction in progress	2,992,501	1,968,093		4,960,594
Total non-depreciable assets	4,527,782	1,968,093		6,495,875
Depreciable Assets:				
Building and improvements	8,124,680	370,425	-	8,495,105
Equipment and vehicles	6,226,523	187,159	(38,586)	6,375,096
Recreation facilities	5,819,047	-	-	5,819,047
Infrastructure	3,420,503	842,708		4,263,211
Total depreciable assets	23,590,753	1,400,292	(38,586)	24,952,459
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	3,065,230	177,860	-	3,243,090
Equipment and vehicles	3,347,646	330,398	(18,971)	3,659,073
Recreation facilities	3,473,745	134,391	-	3,608,136
Infrastructure	904,416	193,879		1,098,295
Total accumulated depreciation	10,791,037	\$ 836,528	\$ (18,971)	11,608,594
Total depreciable assets, net	12,799,716			13,343,865
Capital assets, net	\$17,327,498			\$ 19,839,740

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 146,865
Public safety	157,459
Transportation	260,787
Culture and recreation	271,417
Total	\$ 836,528
Business-Type Activities:	
Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 921,481
Electric Fund	135,823
Sanitation Fund	49,722
Total	\$ 1,107,026

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Proprietary Capital Assets

The capital assets of the proprietary funds of the Town at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	July 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	June 30, 2021
Business-Type Activities:					
Water and Sewer Fund:					
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Land	\$ 399,040	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 399,040
Construction in progress	1,793,816	73,481		(1,867,297)	
Total non-depreciable capital assets	2,192,856	73,481		(1,867,297)	399,040
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Plant and distribution systems	35,976,834	245,632	-	1,867,297	38,089,763
Equipment and vehicles	1,491,555	56,153			1,547,708
Total depreciable capital assets	37,468,389	301,785		1,867,297	39,637,471
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Plant and distribution systems	11,811,133	838,991	-	-	12,650,124
Equipment and vehicles	985,295	82,490			1,067,785
Total accumulated depreciation	12,796,428	\$ 921,481	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	13,717,909
Total depreciable capital assets, net	24,671,961				25,919,562
Water and sewer capital assets, net	26,864,817				26,318,602
Electric Fund:					
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Plant and distribution systems	2,215,136	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	2,215,136
Equipment and vehicles	1,657,377	134,664	(33,182)		1,758,859
Total depreciable capital assets	3,872,513	134,664	(33,182)		3,973,995
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Plant and distribution systems	1,314,412	57,836	-	-	1,372,248
Equipment and vehicles	1,331,511	77,987	(33,182)		1,376,316
Total accumulated depreciation	2,645,923	\$ 135,823	\$ (33,182)	<u>\$</u>	2,748,564
Electric capital assets, net	1,226,590				1,225,431

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	July 1, 2020	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	June 30, 2021
Sanitation Fund:				
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Equipment and vehicles	522,851	<u>\$ 174,006</u>	\$ -	696,857
Total depreciable capital assets	522,851	174,006		696,857
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Equipment and vehicles	317,444	49,722		367,166
Total accumulated depreciation	317,444	\$ 49,722	\$ -	367,166
Sanitation capital assets, net	205,407			329,691
Business-type activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 28,296,814			\$ 27,873,724

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The total net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2021 is composed of the following elements:

	vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
Capital assets	\$ 19,839,740	\$	27,873,724	
Long-term debt	(12,486,666)		(979,947)	
Add: unspent debt proceeds	 6,814,158			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 14,167,232	\$	26,893,777	

Construction Commitments

A summary of the remaining commitments on the Town's open construction projects is as follows:

<u>Project</u>	Remaining Commitment
Fiber Build Out	\$735,589
New Fire Department Construction	\$6,532,959
Moorewood Waterline Project	\$670,000
High Service Pump Replacement	\$600,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

B. Liabilities

Payables

Payables at Exhibit A at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Salaries and					
_	Vendors		Benefits			Total
Governmental Activities:						
General Fund	\$	88,430	\$	104,784	\$	193,214
Special revenue funds		4,344		5,767		10,111
Capital project funds		302,150				302,150
Total governmental activities	\$	394,924	\$	110,551	\$	505,475
Business-Type Activities:						
Water and Sewer Fund	\$	19,986	\$	77,350	\$	97,336
Electric Fund		45,776		40,039		85,815
Sanitation Fund		21,132		19,217		40,349
Total business-type activities	\$	86,894	\$	136,606	\$	223,500

Pension Plan and Post-Employment Obligations

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Highlands is a participating employer in the state-wide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employee's Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached the age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 10.9% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 10.15% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$370,483 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Refunds of Contributions. The Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions, or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a liability of \$1,661,285 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020 (measurement date), the Town's proportion was 0.046%, which is an increase of 0.00074% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$587,115. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		eferred itflows of			
		esources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	209,791	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions		123,632		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments		233,782		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between Town					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		54,082		16,928	
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		370,483			
Total	\$	991,770	\$	16,928	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The \$370,483 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Total
2022	\$ 175,576
2023	229,045
2024	130,549
2025	69,189
2026	-
Thereafter	 <u> </u>
Total	\$ 604,359

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation, with the exception of the discount rate, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are, therefore, not included in the measurement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	29.0%	1.4%
Global equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation protection	<u>6.0%</u>	4.0%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2020 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decreas (6.00%)		Increase (8.00%)
Town's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,370,5	<u>\$ 1,661,285</u>	\$ 240,752

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description

The Town of Highlands administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of credible service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2019, membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	3
Active plan members	13
Total	16

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria, which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2019 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and

real wage growth

Discount rate 1.93 percent

The discount rate used to measure the TPL is the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ending December 31, 2019.

Mortality Assumption: All mortality rates use Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables.

Mortality Projection: All mortality rates are projected from 2010 using generational improvement with Scale MP-2019.

Deaths After Retirement (Healthy): Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Retirees. Rates for all members are multiplied by 97% and Set Forward by 1 year.

Deaths After Retirement (Disabled Members at Retirement): Mortality rates are based on the Non-Safety Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees. Rates are Set Back 3 years for all ages.

Deaths After Retirement (Survivors of Deceased Members): Mortality rates are based on the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Contingent Survivors. Rates for male members are Set Forward 3 years. Rates for female members are Set Forward 1 year. Because the contingent survivor tables have no rates prior to age 45, the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Employees is used for ages less than 45.

Deaths Prior to Retirement: Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$37,024 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$588,871. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020 based on a December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$80,946.

	D O of R	eferred Inflows Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	71,919	\$	1,330
Changes of assumptions		114,596		7,590
Town town benefit payments and plan administrative				
expense made subsequent to the measurement date		18,512		
Total	\$	205,027	\$	8,920

\$18,512 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30	A	mount
2022	\$	47,775
2023		48,416
2024		41,966
2025		28,152
2026		11,286
Thereafter		-
Total	\$	177,595

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Sensitivity of the Town's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.93 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.93 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.93 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Discount		1%
	Decrease		Rate		Increase
		(0.93%)		(1.93%)	 (2.93%)
Total pension liability	\$	632,637	\$	588,871	\$ 548,915

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2021	
Beginning balance	\$	464,222
Service cost		18,252
Interest on the total pension liability		14,530
Differences between expected and actual		
experience		4,870
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		124,021
Benefit payments		(37,024)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	588,871

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ended December 31, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	<u>LGERS</u>	LEOSSA	<u> </u>
Pension expense	\$ 587,115	\$ 80,946	\$ 668,061
Pension liability	1,661,285	588,871	2,250,156
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.046%	NA	-

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>I</u>	LGERS	<u>L</u>	EOSSA	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	209,791	\$	71,919	\$ 281,710
Changes of assumptions		123,632		114,596	238,228
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments		233,782		-	233,782
Changes in proportion and differences between					
Town contributions and proportionate					
share of contributions		54,082		-	54,082
Town contributions (LGERS) and benefit					
payments and administration costs (LEOSSA)					
subsequent to the measurement date		370,483		18,512	 388,995
	\$	991,770	\$	205,027	\$ 1,196,797
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	-	\$	1,330	\$ 1,330
Changes of assumptions		-		7,590	7,590
Changes in proportion and differences between					
Town contributions and proportionate share of					
contributions		16,928		_	16,928
	\$	16,928	\$	8,920	\$ 25,848

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (the "Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Plan is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The law enforcement officers may also make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The Town made contributions of \$37,024 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees engaged in law enforcement through the Death Benefit Plan for Members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, state-administered costsharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump-sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the state. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The Town has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources are comprised of the following:

Source	 Amount
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year (LGERS)	
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year (LGERS)	\$ 370,483
Benefit payments made and administration expenses for	
LEOSSA made subsequent to the measurement date	18,512
Differences between expected and actual experience (LGERS)	209,791
Differences between expected and actual experience (LEOSSA)	71,919
Changes of assumptions (LGERS)	123,632
Changes of assumptions (LEOSSA)	114,596
Net difference between projected and actual experience (LGERS)	233,782
Changes in proportion and differences between employer	
contributions and proportionate share (LGERS)	 54,082
	\$ 1,196,797

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

Taxes receivable, net (General Fund)	\$ 21,493
Changes in assumptions (LEOSSA)	7,590
Differences between expected and actual experience (LEOSSA)	1,330
Changes in proportion and differences between employer	
contributions and proportionate share (LGERS)	 16,928
	\$ 47,341

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town obtains general liability coverage of \$2 million and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy through Wayah Insurance Agency. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims. The Town's Workman's Comp is handled by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of reinsurance, excess stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The Town's medical insurance is through MedCost. The entities are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town does not carry flood insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Officer is individually bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$50,000.

Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2021, the Town was a defendant to various lawsuits. Management believes that the ultimate outcome of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Town.

Long-Term Obligations

Governmental Activities:

Installment purchase contracts at June 30, 2021 are comprised of the following:

Installment purchase contract for the fiber build-out of the Town of Highlands. The note is payable in annual payments beginning on March 13, 2020 with a fixed principal of \$306,667. Interest rate of 3.66%. Final payment is due March 13, 2034.

Installment purchase contract for the construction of a fire department. The note is payable in annual payments beginning on January 8, 2022 with a fixed principal of \$425,000. Interest rate of 2.75%. Final payment is due January 8, 2041.

is due January 8, 2041. 8,500,000

Total long-term obligations - governmental activities \$ 12,486,666

\$

3,986,666

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The Town's outstanding notes from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$3,986,666 are secured with the equipment. The Town's outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to governmental activities of \$3,986,666 contain provisions that an event of default would result in (1) the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts become immediately due; (2) enforce the Town's performance of the applicable covenants of the agreement or recover for the breach thereof; (3) pay over any balance remaining in the Project Fund to be applied against outstanding required payments in any manner the bank may reasonably deem appropriate; and (3) avail itself of all available remedies under the agreement, including execution on personal property and recovery of attorneys' fees and other expenses.

The Town's outstanding notes from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$8,500,000 are secured with the building. The Town's outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to governmental activities of \$8,500,000 contain provisions that an event of default would result in (1) the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts become immediately due; (2) enforce the Town's performance of the applicable covenants of the agreement or recover for the breach thereof; (3) pay over any balance remaining in the Project Fund to be applied against outstanding required payments in any manner the bank may reasonably deem appropriate; and (3) avail itself of all available remedies under the agreement, including execution on personal property and recovery of attorneys' fees and other expenses.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities			
June 30	_ <u>I</u>	Principal		Interest
2022	\$	731,667	\$	379,662
2023		731,667		356,750
2024		731,667		333,839
2025		731,667		310,928
2026		731,667		288,016
2027-2031		3,658,335		1,096,407
2032-2036		3,044,996		534,844
2037-2041		2,125,000		701,213
Total	\$	12,486,666	\$	4,001,659

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Business-Type Activities:

Water and Sewer Fund:

Federal revolving loan for the construction of Mirror Lake sewer improvements. The loan has a maximum amount of \$1,395,072. The loan is payable in 20 annual installments beginning at the time the project is completed. The loan is interest free.	\$ 512,703
Federal revolving loan for the construction of Pine Street	
stormwater improvements. The loan has a maximum amount	
of \$746,517. The loan is payable in 20 annual installments	
beginning at the time the project is completed. The loan is	
interest free.	156,978
Federal revolving loan for the construction of Lake Sequoyah intake improvements. The loan has a maximum amount of \$413,690. The loan is payable in 20 annual installments beginning at the time	
the project is completed. The loan is interest free.	310,266
1 0 1	
Total installment debt - Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 979,947

The Town's outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to the Water and Sewer Fund of \$979,947 contain a provision that in an event of default, may require the unit to prepay the note in full or may result in the state withholding any other monies due to the unit of local government. Notes are secured and payable solely from system revenues or other available funds and not secured by a pledge of full faith and credit.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	Business-Type Activities				
June 30	Pı	rincipal	Int	erest	
2022	\$	93,350	\$	-	
2023		93,350		-	
2024		93,350		-	
2025		93,350		-	
2026		93,350		-	
2027-2031		409,777		-	
2032-2036		103,420			
Total	\$	979,947	\$		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Electric Fund:

Long-term liability with Duke Energy in relation to Coal Ash Settlement. The amount is payable in monthly payments ranging from \$13,505 - \$25,942 beginning in fiscal year 2018 and ending fiscal year 2028. No interest.

1,356,119

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	Business-Type Activities				
June 30	Principal			Interest	
2022	\$	170,000	\$	-	
2023		170,000		_	
2024		170,000		_	
2025		170,000		-	
2026		170,000		-	
2027-2028		506,119		_	
Total	\$	1,356,119	\$	-	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Changes in General Long-Term Obligations

	July 1, 2020	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2021	Due in Less than One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Notes from direct placements	\$ 4,354,415	\$ 8,500,000	\$ 367,749	\$ 12,486,666	\$ 731,667
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	464,222	124,649	-	588,871	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)	747,386	247,133	-	994,519	-
Accrued vacation	144,434	72,217	71,615	145,036	145,036
Total governmental activities	\$ 5,710,457	\$ 8,943,999	\$ 439,364	\$ 14,215,092	\$ 876,703
Business-Type Activities:					
Water and Sewer Fund:					
Notes from direct placements and					
direct borrowings	\$ 1,073,297	\$ -	\$ 93,350	\$ 979,947	\$ 93,350
Net pension liability (LGERS)	214,651	70,021	-	284,672	-
Accrued vacation	54,757	27,378	27,246	54,889	54,889
Total Water and Sewer Fund	1,342,705	97,399	120,596	1,319,508	148,239
Electric Fund:					
Coal Ash settlement	1,439,476	-	83,357	1,356,119	170,000
Net pension liability (LGERS)	200,255	61,783	-	262,038	-
Accrued vacation	64,343	32,172	25,848	70,667	70,667
Total Electric Fund	1,704,074	93,955	109,205	1,688,824	240,667
Sanitation Fund:					
Net pension liability (LGERS)	87,105	32,951	-	120,056	-
Accrued vacation	19,986	9,993	13,419	16,560	16,560
Total Sanitation Fund	107,091	42,944	13,419	136,616	16,560
Total business-type activities	\$ 3,153,870	\$ 234,298	\$ 243,220	\$ 3,144,948	\$ 405,466

Compensated absences will be liquidated in the General Fund and are accounted for on an FIFO basis. Net pension liability has been liquidated in the General Fund.

At June 30, 2021, the Town of Highlands had a legal debt margin of approximately \$134,245,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers To/From Other Funds

Transfers to/from other funds for the year ended June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Fund		To	 From	Purpos e
Governmental Activities:				
General Fund:				
Capital Project Fund	\$	460,812	\$ -	To record debt payment
Water & Sewer Capital Project Fund		15,698	-	To record General Fund debt payments
Capital Project Fund:				
General Fund		-	460,812	To record debt payment
Water & Sewer Fund:				
Water & Sewer and Capital Project Fund		77,652	-	Capital expenditures
Water & Sewer and Capital Project Fund	:			
Water & Sewer Fund		-	77,652	Capital expenditures
General Fund		-	15,698	To record General Fund debt payments
Electric Fund		-	124,072	Capital expenditures
Sanitation Fund:				
Electric Fund		-	230,150	Capital expenditure and operating expenditures
Electric Fund:				
Sanitation Fund		230,150	-	Capital expenditure and operating expenditures
Water & Sewer Capital Project Fund		124,072	-	Capital expenditures
Total	\$	908,384	\$ 908,384	-

Transfers were to finance capital activities, debt service payments, and for annual operating expenditures.

3. Other Matters

Related Party Transactions

The Town and its discretely presented component unit engaged in the following transactions during the year ended June 30, 2021:

Town of Highlands ABC Board:

Payments to the Town for profit distributions	\$ 41,975
Payments to the Town for scholarship funds	18,787
Payments to the Town for law enforcement	 5,932
Total	\$ 66,694

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

4. Summary Disclosures of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State-Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreement. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

During the fiscal year 2020, the World Health Organization declared the spread of Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) a worldwide pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic has had significant effects on global markets, supply chains, businesses, and communities. Specific to the Town, COVID-19 is expected to impact various parts of its fiscal year 2021-22 operations and financial results. Management believes the Town is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. However, the full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as events associated with the pandemic continue to develop.

5. Subsequent Event

The Town of Highlands was awarded \$312,960 from the Federal American Rescue Plan (ARP). After year end, the Town received \$156,480. The remaining amount of \$156,480 is expected to be received within the next 12 months.

6. Change in Accounting Principle

The Town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, effective July 1, 2020. The statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments and provides guidance on how to report fiduciary activities within the financial statements. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The statement also describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported if criteria outlined in the statement are met: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. The use of agency funds was eliminated. The statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

As part of implementing the statement, the Town performed a comprehensive review of its fiduciary relationships and applied the criteria within the guidance. As a result, fund balance and net position were restated as follows:

Fiduciary Net	
Position - Custodial	
Fund - Increase	
(Decrease)	
	Cash related to the fireman's relief funding which
	the Town collects on behalf of the fire department's
	beneficiaries in need were reclassifed out of the
	Agency Fund into a newly created Fireman's Relief
	Custodial Fund. The portion of liabilities and
	receivables at the beginning of the year were restated
\$ 277,228	as custodial net position.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Earl Emoteoment Officers Special Separation fine value												
	2021			2020		2019		2018		2017		
Beginning balance	\$	464,222	\$	409,918	\$	332,528	\$	317,506	\$	311,162		
Service cost		18,252		16,374		17,787		15,332		15,703		
Interest on the total pension liability		14,530		14,405		10,087		11,742		10,868		
Differences between expected and actual experience												
in the measurement of the total pension liability		4,870		40,379		89,762		(4,234)		-		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		124,021		11,492		(13,635)		18,793		(6,755)		
Benefit payments		(37,024)		(28,346)	_	(26,611)		(26,611)		(13,472)		
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	588,871	\$	464,222	\$	409,918	\$	332,528	\$	317,506		

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.



SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED-EMPLOYEE PAYROLL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 588,871	\$ 464,222	\$ 409,918	\$ 332,528	\$ 317,506
Covered-employee payroll	617,723	592,325	587,715	605,264	586,380
Total pension liability as a					
percentage of covered-employee payroll	95.33%	78.37%	69.75%	54.94%	54.15%

Notes to the Schedules:

The Town of Highlands has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS*

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	 2021	2020	2019	2018
Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.04649%	0.04575%	0.04902%	0.04536%
Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 1,661,285	\$ 1,249,397	\$ 1,162,922	\$ 692,975
Town's covered payroll*	\$ 3,570,416	\$ 3,453,004	\$ 3,441,810	\$ 3,127,471
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	46.53%	36.18%	33.79%	22.16%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage percentage of the total pension liability **	88.61%	90.86%	91.63%	94.18%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS*

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.04802%	0.05021%	0.05159%	0.05050%
Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 1,019,145	\$ 225,339	\$ (304,251)	\$ 608,719
Town's covered payroll*	\$ 3,157,944	\$ 2,983,108	\$ 2,905,876	\$ 2,870,974
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	32.27%	7.55%	-10.47%	21.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage percentage of the total pension liability **	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

TOWN OF HIGHLANDS' CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	 2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 370,483	\$ 322,802	\$ 271,116	\$ 261,215
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 370,483	 322,802	 271,116	 261,215
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Town's covered payroll	\$ 3,620,870	\$ 3,570,416	\$ 3,453,004	\$ 3,441,810
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.23%	9.04%	7.85%	7.59%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

TOWN OF HIGHLANDS' CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	 2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 228,634	\$ 212,946	\$ 212,403	\$ 206,741
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 228,634	 212,946	 212,403	 206,741
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Town's covered payroll	\$ 3,127,471	\$ 3,157,944	\$ 2,983,108	\$ 2,905,876
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.31%	6.74%	7.12%	7.11%

GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	<u> </u>		2020		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual	
Revenues:					
Ad Valorem Taxes:					
Taxes	\$ 2,819,000	\$ 2,934,410	\$ 115,410	\$ 2,883,028	
Total ad valorem taxes	2,819,000	2,934,410	115,410	2,883,028	
Other Taxes and Licenses:					
Privilege licenses	-	1,190	1,190	850	
Local option sales tax	1,023,486	1,340,834	317,348	1,201,381	
Total other taxes and licenses	1,023,486	1,342,024	318,538	1,202,231	
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues:					
Franchise tax	250,000	245,904	(4,096)	259,980	
ABC profit distribution	20,000	41,975	21,975	42,920	
Total unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	270,000	287,879	17,879	302,900	
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues:					
Macon County recreation	550,000	550,000	-	550,000	
Macon County Police SRO	50,000	50,000	-	50,000	
Powell Bill allocation	50,200	49,315	(885)	54,861	
Other grants	214,783	214,783	-	-	
ABC profits for law enforcement	2,500	5,932	3,432	5,870	
Total restricted intergovernmental revenues	867,483	870,030	2,547	660,731	
Permits and Fees:					
Zoning permits	27,000	86,891	59,891	30,874	
Antenna fees	25,000	29,698	4,698	35,998	
Total permits and fees	52,000	116,589	64,589	66,872	
Sales and Services:					
Recreation department fees	89,250	114,862	25,612	117,002	
Fiber charges	112,200	247,780	135,580	263,856	
Court costs and fees		203	203	233	
Total sales and services	201,450	362,845	161,395	381,091	
Investment Earnings	20,002	939	(19,063)	63,889	
Contributions	34,500	37,750	3,250	240,803	

GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			2020	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual
Miscellaneous:				
Administrative costs allocated	133,268	133,268	-	133,268
Hospital insurance reimbursement	-	4,468	4,468	4,218
Other	272,639	282,449	9,810	150,193
Total miscellaneous	405,907	420,185	14,278	287,679
Total revenues	5,693,828	6,372,651	678,823	6,089,224
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Governing Body and Administration:	505.210	605.001	10.050	(52.550
Salaries and employee benefits	705,210	685,931	19,279	673,578
Capital outlay	10,000 329,750	9,500 279,273	500 50,477	8,810 287,086
Operating expenses	1,044,960	974,704	70,256	969,474
Total governing body		9/4,/04	70,230	909,474
Planning and Zoning Department:				
Salaries and employee benefits	64,150	61,197	2,953	58,803
Capital outlay	100,000	89,377	10,623	-
Operating expenses	10,800	4,607	6,193	3,229
Total planning and zoning	174,950	155,181	19,769	62,032
Public Buildings:				
Salaries and employee benefits	31,200	27,034	4,166	23,091
Capital outlay	-	32,814	(32,814)	91,586
Operating expenses	89,700	50,739	38,961	59,721
Total public buildings	120,900	110,587	10,313	174,398
MIS/GIS:				
Salaries and employee benefits	481,000	458,513	22,487	408,759
Capital outlay	38,000	35,087	2,913	58,234
Operating expenses	291,450	177,128	114,322	197,630
Total MIS/GIS	810,450	670,728	139,722	664,623
Total general government	2,151,260	1,911,200	240,060	1,870,527
Public Safety: Police:				
Salaries and employee benefits	1,162,650	1,022,448	140,202	1,030,188
Capital outlay	78,000	74,465	3,535	45,086
Operating expenses	336,200	262,625	73,575	300,905
Total police	1,576,850	1,359,538	217,312	1,376,179
Total public safety	1,576,850	1,359,538	217,312	1,376,179

GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			2020	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual
Transportation:				
Streets and Highways:				
Salaries and employee benefits	376,650	351,414	25,236	318,798
Capital outlay	703,500	602,751	100,749	663,646
Operating expenses	411,350	310,332	101,018	343,314
Total transportation	1,491,500	1,264,497	227,003	1,325,758
Culture and Recreation:				
Recreation and Civic Center:				
Salaries and employee benefits	599,500	439,989	159,511	423,592
Capital outlay	371,128	367,833	3,295	136,911
Operating expenses	418,200	287,026	131,174	329,665
Total culture and recreation	1,388,828	1,094,848	293,980	890,168
Debt Service:				
Principal	-	-	-	61,082
Interest	62,000	62,489	(489)	3,282
Total debt service	62,000	62,489	(489)	64,364
Total expenditures	6,670,438	5,692,572	977,866	5,526,996
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(976,610)	680,079	1,656,689	562,228
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfer to Water and Sewer Capital Project Fund	(15,698)	(15,698)	-	(15,698)
Transfer to Capital Project Fund	(709,567)	(460,812)	248,755	(475,027)
Appropriated fund balance	1,701,875		(1,701,875)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	976,610	(476,510)	(1,453,120)	(490,725)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	203,569	\$ 203,569	71,503
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year - July 1	-	4,200,267		4,128,764
End of year - June 30	:	\$ 4,403,836		\$ 4,200,267

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - MAJOR SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Over/Under		
Revenues:							
Investment earnings	\$ 150	\$ 507	\$ 505	\$ 1,012	\$ 862		
Expenditures:							
General government:							
Fiber build out	6,540,227	2,842,501	1,198,903	4,041,404	2,498,823		
Public safety:							
Fire department	8,500,000	-	2,269,190	2,269,190	6,230,810		
Debt Service:							
Principal	679,244	306,667	367,749	674,416	4,828		
Interest	261,423	168,360	93,063	261,423			
Total debt service	940,667	475,027	460,812	935,839	4,828		
Total expenditures	15,980,894	3,317,528	3,928,905	7,246,433	8,734,461		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(15,980,744)	(3,317,021)	(3,928,400)	(7,245,421)	8,735,323		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in	1,184,594	673,727	460,812	1,134,539	(50,055)		
Long-term debt issued	14,796,150	4,600,000	8,500,000	13,100,000	(1,696,150)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	15,980,744	5,273,727	8,960,812	14,234,539	(1,746,205)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 1,956,706	5,032,412	\$ 6,989,118	\$ 6,989,118		
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year - July 1			1,956,706				
End of year - June 30			\$ 6,989,118				

ELECTRIC FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

					2020			
		Budget		Actual		Variance ver/Under		Actual
Revenues:								
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	5,525,000	\$	5,806,616	\$	281,616	\$	5,483,927
Coal Ash recovery fees		200,000		203,562		3,562		201,695
Other operating revenues	_	1,974,600		2,225,817		251,217	_	490,751
Total operating revenues	_	7,699,600	_	8,235,995		536,395		6,176,373
Non-operating revenues:								
Investment earnings	_	25,000		764		(24,236)		65,223
Total revenues		7,724,600		8,236,759		512,159		6,241,596
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Purchased power		3,500,000		2,740,125		759,875		2,840,875
Operating		1,877,778		1,800,424		77,354		1,649,562
Capital outlay		166,000		134,664		31,336	_	310,678
Total	_	5,543,778	_	4,675,213		868,565		4,801,115
Debt Service:								
Principal		313,000	_	83,357		229,643		160,524
Total expenditures		5,856,778		4,758,570		1,098,208	_	4,961,639
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_	1,867,822		3,478,189		1,610,367		1,279,957
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfer to Sanitation Fund		(243,750)		(230,150)		13,600		(166,150)
Transfer to Fire Fund		-		-		-		(1,500,000)
Transfer to Water and Sewer Fund		(1,500,000)		-		1,500,000		(388,592)
Transfer to Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund		(124,072)		(124,072)				(1,279,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,867,822)		(354,222)		1,513,600		(3,333,742)
Revenues and other financing sources over								
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$		\$	3,123,967	\$	3,123,967	\$	(2,053,785)

ELECTRIC FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u> </u>			2020		
	Budget		Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis					
(Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:					
Revenues and other financing sources					
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses		\$	3,123,967		
Change in accrued vacation			(6,324)		
Principal payments			83,357		
Change in deferred outflows - pension			(28,373)		
Change in net pension liability			61,783		
Change in deferred inflows - pension			(915)		
Capital outlay capitalized			134,664		
Depreciation		_	(135,823)		
Change in net position - GAAP basis		\$	3,232,336		

WATER AND SEWER FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	2021					2020	
		Budget		Actual	C	Variance Over/Under	Actual
Revenues:						_	
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	2,448,100	\$	2,426,948	\$	(21,152)	\$ 2,350,787
Restricted intergovernmental		-		8,774		8,774	150,000
Other operating revenues		14,900		13,137		(1,763)	 109,571
Total operating revenues		2,463,000		2,448,859		(14,141)	 2,610,358
Non-operating revenues:							
Investment earnings		2,025		142		(1,883)	 9,249
Total non-operating revenues		2,025		142		(1,883)	 9,249
Total revenues		2,465,025		2,449,001		(16,024)	 2,619,607
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Water purchases and operations		675,350		597,600		77,750	523,875
Sewer treatment and operations		865,295		685,120		180,175	542,102
Water Treatment Plant purchases and operations		947,595		751,094		196,501	879,346
Capital outlay		451,500		301,785		149,715	 533,988
Total expenditures		2,939,740		2,335,599		604,141	 2,479,311
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_	(474,715)		113,402	_	588,117	 140,296
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers from Electric Fund		-		-		-	388,592
Transfers to capital projects fund - intrafund		(77,652)		(77,652)		-	(77,652)
Appropriated fund balance		552,367				(552,367)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	474,715		(77,652)		(552,367)	 310,940
Revenues and other financing sources over							
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$	_	\$	35,750	\$	35,750	\$ 451,236

WATER AND SEWER FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

_		2020		
_	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis				
(Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:				
Revenues and other financing sources over				
(under) expenditures and other financing uses		\$ 35,750		
Change in accrued vacation		(132)		
Capital outlay capitalized		301,785		
Change in deferred outflows - pension		32,157		
Change in net pension liability		(70,021)		
Change in deferred inflows - pension		1,037		
Depreciation		(921,481)		
Enterprise Fund Capital Projects:				
Transfers to other funds		139,770		
Intrafund transfers to (from) Capital Projects Fund		 77,652		
Change in net position - GAAP basis		\$ (403,483)		

CONSOLIDATED WATER AND SEWER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total
Expenditures:				
Buckhorn Tank Rebuild Project	\$ 3,573,923	\$ 1,793,816	\$ 73,481	\$ 1,867,297
Sagee Waterline	916,000	589,561		589,561
Total project expenditures	4,489,923	2,383,377	73,481	2,456,858
Debt Service:				
Principal	1,492,340	1,274,537	93,350	1,367,887
Interest	20,230	18,597	<u>-</u> _	18,597
Total debt service	1,512,570	1,293,134	93,350	1,386,484
Total expenditures	6,002,493	3,676,511	166,831	3,843,342
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,002,493)	(3,676,511)	(166,831)	(3,843,342)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers (to) from other funds:				
Water and Sewer Fund	1,036,476	588,551	77,652	666,203
Electric Fund	3,566,388	3,358,463	124,072	3,482,535
General Fund	1,399,629	638,466	15,698	654,164
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,002,493	4,585,480	217,422	4,802,902
Revenues and other financing sources over				
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	\$ 908,969	\$ 50,591	\$ 959,560

SANITATION FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	2021					2020		
		Budget		Actual		ariance er/Under		Actual
Revenues:								
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	724,500	\$	755,471	\$	30,971	\$	748,397
Other operating revenues				_		_		927
Total operating revenues		724,500		755,471		30,971		749,324
Total revenues		724,500		755,471		30,971	_	749,324
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Sanitation purchases and operations		794,150		699,524		94,626		821,120
Capital outlay		174,100		174,006		94		
Total expenditures		968,250		873,530		94,720		821,120
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(243,750)		(118,059)		125,691		(71,796)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers from Electric Fund		243,750		230,150		(13,600)		166,150
Revenues and other financing sources over								
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$		\$	112,091	\$	112,091	\$	94,354
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:								
Revenues and other financing sources over			Φ	112 001				
(under) expenditures and other financing uses			\$	112,091				
Change in accrued vacation				3,426				
Capital outlay capitalized				174,006				
Change in deferred outflows - pension				15,132				
Change in net pension liability				(32,951)				
Change in deferred inflows - pension				488				
Depreciation				(49,722)				
Change in net position - GAAP basis			\$	222,470				

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Sci	Scholarship Fund		Cemetery Fund		Total
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Total assets	\$	891,800 179 891,979	\$	280,490 36 280,526	\$	1,172,290 215 1,172,505
Liabilities and Net Position: Liabilities: Accounts payable		<u>-</u>		3,196		3,196
Net Position: Restricted for: Held in trust for other purposes	\$	891,979	\$	277,330	\$	1,169,309

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Scholarship Fund	Cemetery Fund	Total
Additions:			
Investment earnings	\$ 159	\$ 45	\$ 204
Contributions	8,280	59,600	67,880
ABC profit distributions	18,787	-	18,787
Miscellaneous	4,695	13,100	17,795
Total revenues	31,921	72,745	104,666
Deductions:			
Current:			
Cemetery Fund	-	41,754	41,754
Scholarship Fund	54,000		54,000
Total expenditures	54,000	41,754	95,754
Change in net position	(22,079)	30,991	8,912
Net Position:			
Beginning of year - July 1	914,058	246,339	1,160,397
End of year - June 30	\$ 891,979	\$ 277,330	\$ 1,169,309

SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE JUNE 30, 2021

Year Ended June 30	В	Uncollected Balance July 1, 2020		Additions		Collections nd Credits		ncollected Balance ne 30, 2021
2021	\$		\$	2,925,421	\$	2,907,331	\$	18,090
2020		19,836		-		15,878		3,958
2019		4,801		-		1,740		3,061
2018		3,327		-		1,866		1,461
2017		589		-		-		589
2016		569		-		-		569
2015		708		-		-		708
2014		684		-		-		684
2013		771		-		-		771
2012		602		-		-		602
2011		838		<u> </u>		838		
Total	\$	32,725	\$	2,925,421	\$	2,927,653		30,493
Less: Allowance for Ad valorem taxes rec	ceivable, n	et					\$	(9,000) 21,493
Reconciliation of Co	ollections	and Credits v	with Ro	evenues:				
Ad valorem taxes:	. 15	1					ф	2.024.410
Ad valorem taxes - C	ieneral Fu	nd					\$	2,934,410
Reconciling items:								(7.505)
Miscellaneous adjust	ments							(7,595)
Taxes written off								838
Total collections and	credits						\$	2,927,653

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT YEAR LEVY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Total Levy				
	Property Valuation	Rate	Total Levy]	Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	I	gistered Motor ehicles
Original Levy:							
Property taxed at current year's rate	\$1,861,122,293	\$ 0.157	\$ 2,921,962	\$	2,893,503	\$	28,459
Penalties	2,203,185		 3,459		3,389		70
Total	1,863,325,478		 2,925,421		2,896,892		28,529
Total property valuation	\$1,863,325,478						
Net Levy			2,925,421		2,896,892		28,529
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2021			 (18,090)		(18,090)		<u>-</u>
Current Year's Taxes Collected			\$ 2,907,331	\$	2,878,802	\$	28,529
Current Levy Collection Percentag	e		99.38%		<u>99.38%</u>		100.00%





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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Town Commissioners Town of Highlands Highlands, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable of the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Highlands, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2021. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Town of Highlands ABC Board, as described in our report on the Town of Highlands' financial statements. The financial statements of the Town of Highlands ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with the Town of Highlands ABC Board.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Highlands' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Highlands' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exits when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as Findings 2021-001 and 2021-002 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Highlands' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town of Highlands' Responses to Findings

The Town of Highlands' responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The Town's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

Martin Starnes & associates, CPas, P.a.

Hickory, North Carolina

November 30, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements were prepared in accordance to GAAP:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
• Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	X	No
• Significant deficiencies identified?	X Yes		None reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X	No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

2. Findings Related to the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements

Significant Deficiency

Finding 2021-001

Criteria: Management should have a system in place to reduce the likelihood of errors in financial reporting.

Condition: Due to the limited number of personnel in the Town office, there are inherent limitations to the segregation of duties among Town personnel relating to cash receipts and access to the general ledger. The same employee that collects cash also performs the duties of posting and reconciling the receipts and preparing the receipts for deposit. Furthermore, the employee that performs the bank statement reconciliation occasionally performs the cash collection and deposit preparation duties. Due to this limitation, access to the general ledger is not ideally restricted. Cash reconciliations were being completed but were not always balanced to the general ledger monthly during the year. There are also inherent limitations regarding journal entries. The preparation, posting, and approval for journal entries for the majority of the year under audit were being completed by the same individual, without a timely review of the entries being conducted.

Effect: Errors in financial reporting could occur and not be detected.

Cause: There are a limited number of personnel for certain functions.

Identification of a Repeat Finding: This is a repeat finding from the immediate previous audit 2020-001.

Recommendation: Access to the books and records of the Town should be separated from access to the assets of the Town as much as possible. Alternative controls should be used to compensate for any lack of segregation of duties. The Town Commissioners should provide some of these controls. Require cash reconciliations balance to the general ledger accounts on a monthly basis and have review completed by other management.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: Management is aware of the weakness, but due to the cost benefit analysis, hiring additional personnel does not appear feasible. Management is implementing timely monthly review of journal entries and cash reconciliations going forward.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

2. Findings Related to the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Significant Deficiency

Finding 2021-002

Criteria: Management should have a system in place to reduce the likelihood of errors in financial reporting.

Condition: During the inventory observation testing of the Town, several discrepancies were noted in the counts. The discrepancies were subsequently followed up with to ensure corrections to the general ledger had been made. The corrections had not been made in the general ledger.

Effect: Errors in financial reporting could occur.

Cause: The Town does not have a process in place to ensure proper physical tracking and updates of inventory balances.

Identification of a Repeat Finding: This is a repeat finding from the immediate previous audit 2020-002.

Recommendation: Management should consider increasing the number of physical counts that occur during the year to improve the accuracy in inventory reporting. Management should consider formally documenting policies and control procedures over inventory physical counts and reporting information to the finance department.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: Management is aware of the weakness and is reviewing the procedures in place for counting and reconciling inventory.



Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Significant Deficiency

Finding 2021-001

Name of Contact Person: Rebecca Shuler

Corrective Action: Management is aware of the weakness, but due to the cost benefit analysis, hiring additional personnel does not appear feasible. Management does its best with segregation of duties with the small staff on hand.

Proposed Completion Date: Immediately

Significant Deficiency

Finding 2021-002

Name of Contact Person: Rebecca Shuler

Corrective Action: Management is aware of the weakness and is considering increasing the number of physical counts that occur during the year. Management is considering documenting policies and control procedures over inventory physical counts and reporting information to the finance department or allowing a member of finance to be included in the process.

Proposed Completion Date: Immediately

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Significant Deficiency

Finding 2020-001

Status: Repeated as Finding 2021-001

Significant Deficiency

Finding 2020-002

Status: Repeated as Finding 2021-002

Material Weakness/Non-Compliance

Finding 2020-003

Status: Corrected

