REVIEWED By SLGFD at 3:23 pm, Dec 14, 2021

TOWN OF HOBGOOD, NORTH CAROLINA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

GREGORY T. REDMAN, CPA TARBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

Financial Statements

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina

June 30, 2021

Board of Commissioners

Dannie Flanary, Mayor Ron Elkins, Mayor Pro Tem Milton Armston Doug Braddy Mary Ann Coley Sallie Smith

Administrative Staff

Renee Ellis, Finance Officer

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina Table of Contents June 30, 2021

| | <u>Page</u> |
|---|-------------|
| Financial Section | |
| Independent Auditor's Report | 1 |
| Management's Discussion and Analysis | 4 |
| Basic Financial Statements | |
| Government-wide Financial Statements: | |
| Statement of Net Position | 14 |
| Statement of Activities | 15 |
| Fund Financial Statements: | |
| Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds | 16 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds | 18 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund | 20 |
| Statement of Fund Net Position – Proprietary Fund | 21 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Fund | 22 |
| Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund | 23 |
| Notes to the Financial Statements | 24 |
| Required Supplemental Financial Data | |
| Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Local Government Employees' Retirement Systems | 44 |
| Schedule of Contributions – Local Government Employees' Retirement System | 45 |

| | <u>Page</u> |
|---|-------------|
| Individual Fund Statements and Schedules | |
| Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual – General Fund | 46 |
| Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non – GAAP) - Electric Fund | 49 |
| Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non – GAAP) - Water and Sewer Fund | 50 |
| Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non – GAAP) - Water and Sewer Capital Project Fund – 2015 CBDG – Sewer Collection Rehabilitation Grant – 15-I-3082 | 51 |
| Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non – GAAP) - Water and Sewer Capital Project Fund – 2019 CBDG – Sewer Collection Rehabilitation Grant – 19-I-3106 | 52 |
| Other Schedules | |
| Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable | 53 |
| Analysis of Current Tax Levy – Town-wide Levy | 54 |





Member North Carolina Association of Certified Public Accountants Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Hobgood, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Town of Hobgood, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, based on my audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Town of Hobgood as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

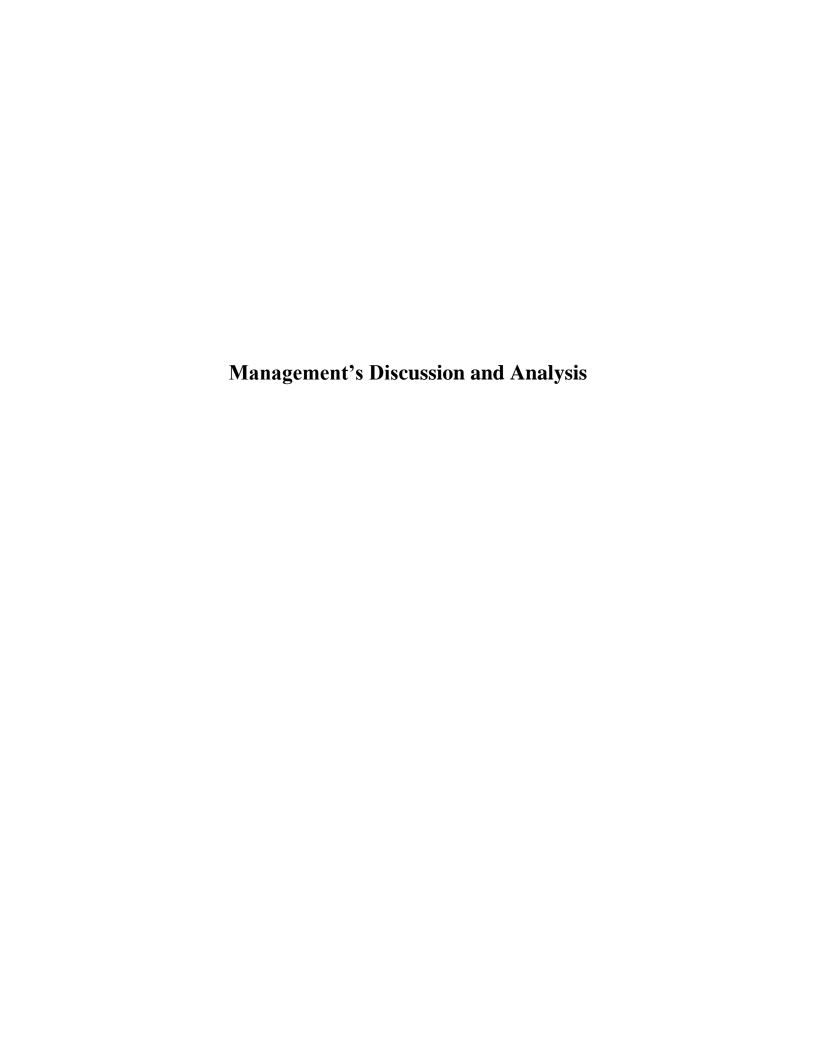
My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Hobgood, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by me. In my opinion, based on my audit, the procedures performed as described above, combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory information and the statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of basic financial statements, and accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide assurance on them.

Jugg T. Adman, CAA Gregory T. Redman, CPA Tarboro, North Carolina

November 24, 2021



As management of the Town of Hobgood, North Carolina, we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Hobgood for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

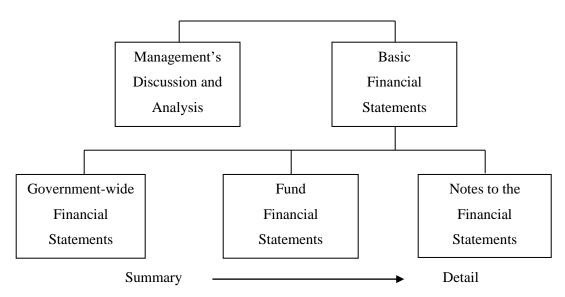
Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Hobgood exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$4,524,332 (net position).
- The government's total net position decreased by \$180,320 primarily due to decreases in the governmental activities and business-type activities operations.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Hobgood's governmental funds combined reported ending fund balances of \$332,337, with a net decrease of \$15,615 in fund balance. Approximately 73% of this total amount, or \$242,960 is unrestricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$242,960 or 146% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had Restricted Net Position of \$89,377.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Hobgood's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Hobgood.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the Government-wide Financial Statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements are Fund Financial Statements. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the Notes. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the Notes, Supplemental Information is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic service such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer and electric services offered by the Town of Hobgood.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Hobgood, like all other government entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Town of Hobgood can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Hobgood adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town's, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town compiled with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Town Council; 2) the final budget as amended by the Town Council; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds. Town of Hobgood has two proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Hobgood uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity, and electric operations. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Interdependence with Other Entities. The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the State of North Carolina and the surrounding counties. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to State and local laws and State and local appropriations.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Hobgood's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The Town of Hobgood's Net Position

| Governmental | | | Business-Type | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Activities | | | Activities | | | Total | | | | | |
| | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2021 | | 2020 |
| \$ | 361,030 | \$ | 370,143 | \$ | 792,259 | \$ | 727,334 | \$ | 1,153,289 | \$ | 1,097,477 |
| | 1,210,985 | | 1,268,188 | | 2,344,391 | | 2,446,567 | | 3,555,376 | | 3,714,755 |
| | 12,362 | | 42,734 | | 24,722 | | 22,485 | | 37,084 | | 65,219 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 1,584,377 | \$ | 1,681,065 | \$ | 3,161,372 | \$ | 3,196,386 | \$ | 4,745,749 | \$ | 4,877,451 |
| \$ | 10,948 | \$ | 7,517 | \$ | 121,809 | \$ | 124,398 | \$ | 132,757 | \$ | 131,915 |
| | 45,726 | | 15,069 | | 42,405 | | 33,541 | | 88,131 | | 48,610 |
| | 176 | | 535 | | 353 | | 1,190 | | 529 | | 1,725 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 56,850 | \$ | 23,121 | \$ | 164,567 | \$ | 159,129 | \$ | 221,417 | \$ | 182,250 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 1,184,438 | \$ | 1,239,698 | \$ | 2,334,391 | \$ | 2,482,567 | \$ | 3,518,829 | \$ | 3,722,265 |
| | 89,377 | | 78,525 | | - | | - | | 89,377 | | 78,525 |
| | 253,712 | | 313,172 | | 662,414 | | 590,690 | | 916,126 | | 903,862 |
| \$ | 1,527,527 | \$ | 1,631,395 | \$ | 2,996,805 | \$ | 3,073,257 | \$ | 4,524,332 | \$ | 4,704,652 |
| | \$ \$ | Active 2021 \$ 361,030 1,210,985 12,362 \$ 1,584,377 \$ 10,948 45,726 176 \$ 56,850 \$ 1,184,438 89,377 | Activities 2021 \$ 361,030 \$ 1,210,985 | Activities 2021 2020 \$ 361,030 \$ 370,143 1,210,985 1,268,188 12,362 42,734 \$ 1,584,377 \$ 1,681,065 \$ 10,948 7,517 45,726 15,069 176 535 \$ 56,850 \$ 23,121 \$ 1,184,438 \$ 1,239,698 89,377 78,525 253,712 313,172 | Activities 2021 2020 \$ 361,030 \$ 370,143 \$ 1,210,985 \$ 1,268,188 12,362 42,734 \$ 1,584,377 \$ 1,681,065 \$ 10,948 7,517 \$ 10,948 \$ 7,517 \$ 45,726 15,069 \$ 176 535 \$ 56,850 \$ 23,121 \$ 1,184,438 \$ 89,377 78,525 253,712 313,172 | Activities Activities 2021 2020 \$ 361,030 \$ 370,143 \$ 792,259 1,210,985 1,268,188 2,344,391 12,362 42,734 24,722 \$ 1,584,377 \$ 1,681,065 \$ 3,161,372 \$ 10,948 7,517 \$ 121,809 45,726 15,069 42,405 176 535 353 \$ 56,850 \$ 23,121 \$ 164,567 \$ 1,184,438 \$ 1,239,698 \$ 2,334,391 89,377 78,525 - 253,712 313,172 662,414 | Activities Activities 2021 2020 \$ 361,030 \$ 370,143 \$ 792,259 \$ 1,210,985 \$ 1,268,188 2,344,391 24,722 \$ 1,584,377 \$ 1,681,065 \$ 3,161,372 \$ \$ 10,948 \$ 7,517 \$ 121,809 \$ 45,726 \$ 15,069 42,405 \$ 353 \$ 353 \$ \$ 56,850 \$ 23,121 \$ 164,567 \$ \$ 89,377 \$ 78,525 \$ 662,414 \$ 2,334,391 \$ 253,712 \$ 313,172 \$ 662,414 \$ 313,172 \$ 662,414 \$ 312,225 \$ 313,172 | Activities Activities 2021 2020 2021 2020 \$ 361,030 \$ 370,143 \$ 792,259 \$ 727,334 1,210,985 1,268,188 2,344,391 2,446,567 12,362 42,734 24,722 22,485 \$ 1,584,377 \$ 1,681,065 \$ 3,161,372 \$ 3,196,386 \$ 10,948 \$ 7,517 \$ 121,809 \$ 124,398 45,726 15,069 42,405 33,541 176 535 353 1,190 \$ 56,850 \$ 23,121 \$ 164,567 \$ 159,129 \$ 1,184,438 \$ 1,239,698 \$ 2,334,391 \$ 2,482,567 89,377 78,525 - - 253,712 313,172 662,414 590,690 | Activities Activities 2021 2020 2021 2020 \$ 361,030 \$ 370,143 \$ 792,259 \$ 727,334 \$ 1,210,985 1,268,188 2,344,391 2,446,567 12,362 42,734 24,722 22,485 \$ 1,584,377 \$ 1,681,065 \$ 3,161,372 \$ 3,196,386 \$ \$ 10,948 \$ 7,517 \$ 121,809 \$ 124,398 \$ 45,726 \$ 15,069 42,405 33,541 \$ 176 535 353 \$ 1,190 \$ 56,850 \$ 23,121 \$ 164,567 \$ 159,129 \$ \$ 1,184,438 \$ 1,239,698 \$ 2,334,391 \$ 2,482,567 \$ 89,377 78,525 - <td>Activities Activities To 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 \$ 361,030 \$ 370,143 \$ 792,259 \$ 727,334 \$ 1,153,289 1,210,985 1,268,188 2,344,391 2,446,567 3,555,376 12,362 42,734 24,722 22,485 37,084 \$ 1,584,377 \$ 1,681,065 \$ 3,161,372 \$ 3,196,386 \$ 4,745,749 \$ 10,948 \$ 7,517 \$ 121,809 \$ 124,398 \$ 132,757 45,726 15,069 42,405 33,541 88,131 176 535 353 1,190 529 \$ 56,850 \$ 23,121 \$ 164,567 \$ 159,129 \$ 221,417 \$ 1,184,438 \$ 1,239,698 \$ 2,334,391 \$ 2,482,567 \$ 3,518,829 89,377 78,525 - - 89,377 253,712 313,172 662,414 590,690 916,126</td> <td>Activities Activities Total 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 \$ 361,030 \$ 370,143 \$ 792,259 \$ 727,334 \$ 1,153,289 \$ 1,210,985 1,268,188 2,344,391 2,446,567 3,555,376 3,555,376 12,362 42,734 24,722 22,485 37,084 \$ 1,584,377 \$ 1,681,065 \$ 3,161,372 \$ 3,196,386 \$ 4,745,749 \$ 10,948 \$ 7,517 \$ 121,809 \$ 124,398 \$ 132,757 \$ 45,726 15,069 42,405 33,541 88,131 88,131 176 535 353 1,190 529 \$ 56,850 \$ 23,121 \$ 164,567 \$ 159,129 \$ 221,417 \$ 8 \$ 1,184,438 \$ 1,239,698 \$ 2,334,391 \$ 2,482,567 \$ 3,518,829 \$ 89,377 253,712 313,172 662,414 590,690 916,126</td> | Activities Activities To 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 \$ 361,030 \$ 370,143 \$ 792,259 \$ 727,334 \$ 1,153,289 1,210,985 1,268,188 2,344,391 2,446,567 3,555,376 12,362 42,734 24,722 22,485 37,084 \$ 1,584,377 \$ 1,681,065 \$ 3,161,372 \$ 3,196,386 \$ 4,745,749 \$ 10,948 \$ 7,517 \$ 121,809 \$ 124,398 \$ 132,757 45,726 15,069 42,405 33,541 88,131 176 535 353 1,190 529 \$ 56,850 \$ 23,121 \$ 164,567 \$ 159,129 \$ 221,417 \$ 1,184,438 \$ 1,239,698 \$ 2,334,391 \$ 2,482,567 \$ 3,518,829 89,377 78,525 - - 89,377 253,712 313,172 662,414 590,690 916,126 | Activities Activities Total 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 \$ 361,030 \$ 370,143 \$ 792,259 \$ 727,334 \$ 1,153,289 \$ 1,210,985 1,268,188 2,344,391 2,446,567 3,555,376 3,555,376 12,362 42,734 24,722 22,485 37,084 \$ 1,584,377 \$ 1,681,065 \$ 3,161,372 \$ 3,196,386 \$ 4,745,749 \$ 10,948 \$ 7,517 \$ 121,809 \$ 124,398 \$ 132,757 \$ 45,726 15,069 42,405 33,541 88,131 88,131 176 535 353 1,190 529 \$ 56,850 \$ 23,121 \$ 164,567 \$ 159,129 \$ 221,417 \$ 8 \$ 1,184,438 \$ 1,239,698 \$ 2,334,391 \$ 2,482,567 \$ 3,518,829 \$ 89,377 253,712 313,172 662,414 590,690 916,126 |

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Hobgood exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$4,524,332 as of June 30, 2021. The Town's net position decreased by \$180,320 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. However, the largest portion \$3,518,829 or 78% reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The Town of Hobgood uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Hobgood's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Hobgood's net position \$89,377 (2%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$916,126 (20%) is unrestricted.

The decrease in net position is due to a prior period adjustment for governmental activities as well as depreciation expense for business type activities.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

• Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 94.91%. The Town of Hobgood contracts with Halifax County to collect their taxes. The Town's collection rate is below the statewide average of 99% and may stem from the fact that Hobgood is one of the most economically distressed locations in Halifax County and there are many absentee property owners.

Town of Hobgood Changes in Net Position

| | Governmental | | | | Business-Type | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|-------|-----------------|---------------|------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|--|
| | | Activ | vitie | | | Activities | | | | Total | | | |
| | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2021 | | 2020 | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Program revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ | 48,480 | \$ | 35,515 | \$ | 653,682 | \$ | 585,739 | \$ | 702,162 | \$ | 621,254 | |
| Operating grants and contributions | | 27,848 | | 14,215 | | - | | - | | 27,848 | | 14,215 | |
| Capital grants and contributions | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| General revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | 70,549 | | 62,941 | | - | | - | | 70,549 | | 62,941 | |
| Other taxes | | - | | 43,065 | | - | | - | | - | | 43,065 | |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental | | 45,650 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment earnings | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Other | | 13,540 | | 17,635 | | 10,000 | | 24,764 | | 23,540 | | 42,399 | |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 206,067 | \$ | 173,371 | \$ | 663,682 | \$ | 610,503 | \$ | 824,099 | \$ | 783,874 | |
| Expenses: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 172,222 | \$ | 147,123 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 172,222 | \$ | 147,123 | |
| Public safety | | 13,112 | | 14,895 | | - | | - | | 13,112 | | 14,895 | |
| Transportation | | 5,763 | | 15,628 | | - | | - | | 5,763 | | 15,628 | |
| Economic and physical development | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Environmental protection | | 24,811 | | 20,819 | | - | | - | | 24,811 | | 20,819 | |
| Culture and recreation | | 9,765 | | - | | - | | - | | 9,765 | | - | |
| Interest on long-term debt | | 1,205 | | 1,286 | | - | | - | | 1,205 | | 1,286 | |
| Water and sewer | | - | | - | | 301,337 | | 309,800 | | 301,337 | | 309,800 | |
| Electric | | - | | - | | 442,534 | | 459,437 | | 442,534 | | 459,437 | |
| Total Expenses | \$ | 226,878 | \$ | 199,751 | \$ | 743,871 | \$ | 769,237 | \$ | 970,749 | \$ | 968,988 | |
| Increase(decrease) in net position | | | | | | • | | | | | | | |
| before transfers | \$ | (20,811) | \$ | (26,380) | \$ | (80,189) | \$ | (158,734) | \$ | (101,000) | \$ | (185,114) | |
| Transfers | | 7,000 | | - | | (7,000) | | - | | - | | - | |
| Increase(decrease) in net position | \$ | (13,811) | \$ | (26,380) | \$ | (87,189) | \$ | (158,734) | \$ | (101,000) | \$ | (185,114) | |
| Net position, July 1 | | 1,631,395 | | 1,657,775 | | 3,073,257 | | 3,231,991 | | 4,704,652 | | 4,889,766 | |
| Prior period adjustments | | (90,057) | | - | | 10,737 | | - | | (79,320) | | - | |
| Net position, June 30 | \$ | 1,527,527 | \$ | 1,631,395 | \$ | 2,996,805 | \$ | 3,073,257 | \$ | 4,524,332 | \$ | 4,704,652 | |
| r | _ | , , | | , , , , , , , , | _ | , , | _ | - , ,== | _ | , ·, | _ | ,, | |

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the Town's net position by \$13,811. In addition, there was a prior period adjustment of (\$90,057).

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities decreased the Town of Hobgood's net position by \$87,189, accounting for 86% of the total decrease in the government's net position. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- The Water and Sewer fund and the Electric fund collectively had a \$80,189 decrease in net position. However, the Water and Sewer Fund showed a decrease in net position of \$110,927 while the Electric Fund showed a increase in net position of \$23,738. A key component of the Water and Sewer Fund decrease is depreciation expense in the amount of \$136,559.
- The Water and Sewer Fund showed an operating loss of \$120,927 before contributions and transfers. The sewer rates for the Town of Hobgood ranks in the highest ten percent of all sewer utility rates in NC. The water rates for the town ranks in the middle fifty percent of all water utility rates in NC. The rates in Hobgood which is a Tier 1 County are already extremely high and cannot reflect the revenue needed to offset the depreciation of grants received. The Town of Hobgood is in a precarious situation in that it needs grants to improve its water/sewer infrastructure, yet the depreciation generated shows a deficiency in our rate structure.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Hobgood uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Hobgood's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Hobgood's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Hobgood. At the end of the current fiscal year, Town of Hobgood's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$242,960, while total fund balance reached \$332,337. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and the total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 146% of total General Fund expenditures.

At June 30, 2021, the governmental fund of Town of Hobgood reported a combined fund balance of \$332,337 with a net increase in fund balance of \$44,426 over last year. Included in this change in fund balance are an increase in Ad Valorem taxes and Restricted Intergovernmental Revenue.

Proprietary Funds: The Town of Hobgood's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$295,151 and those for the Electric Fund amounted to \$367,263. The decrease in net position for the Water and Sewer Fund was \$100,190 and the increase in net position for the Electric Fund was \$23,738. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that became necessary to maintain/increase services.

Small adjustments were made to the budget to account for more exact information being available after the original budget was adopted.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: The Town of Hobgood's investments in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021 total \$3,555,376 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, machinery, wastewater treatment, equipment, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include no significant demolitions or disposals.

Town of Hobgood's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

| | Governmental | | | | Business-type | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|-----------|-------|-----------|---------------|------------|------|-------------|------|-----------|----|-------------|--|
| | | Activ | vitie | es | | Activities | | | | Total | | | |
| | | 2021 | 2020 | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2021 | | | 2020 | |
| Land | \$ | 42,500 | \$ | 42,500 | \$ | 50,050 | \$ | 40,050 | \$ | 92,550 | \$ | 82,550 | |
| Buildings and improvements | | 1,964,942 | | 1,964,942 | | - | | - | 1 | ,964,942 | | 1,964,942 | |
| Distribution system | | - | | - | | 3,917,426 | | 3,917,426 | 3 | ,917,426 | | 3,917,426 | |
| Waste water treatment | | - | | - | | 1,065,081 | | 1,065,081 | 1 | ,065,081 | | 1,065,081 | |
| Equipment and vehicles | | 148,898 | | 148,898 | | 402,671 | | 402,671 | | 551,569 | | 551,569 | |
| Subtotal | | 2,156,340 | | 2,156,340 | | 5,435,228 | | 5,425,228 | 7 | ,591,568 | | 7,581,568 | |
| Accumulated depreciation | | (945,355) | | (888,151) | (| 3,090,837) | | (2,942,662) | (4 | ,036,192) | | (3,830,813) | |
| Capital Assets, Net | \$ | 1,210,985 | \$ | 1,268,189 | \$: | 2,344,391 | \$ | 2,482,566 | \$ 3 | ,555,376 | \$ | 3,750,755 | |

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note III(A)(4) of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt: As of June 30, 2021 the Town of Hobgood had \$26,547 debt outstanding.

| | Gove | rnme | ental | | Busin | ess- | type | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------|------------|--------|------|------------|------|--------|------|---------|------|--------|--|
| | Ac | Activities | | | Activities | | | | Total | | | |
| | 2021 | | 2020 | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2021 | | 2020 | | |
| Direct placement note | \$ 26,547 | \$ | 28,490 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 26,547 | \$ | 28,490 | |
| Net pension liability | 21,202 | | 15,069 | | 42,405 | | 33,541 | | 63,607 | | 48,610 | |
| Compensated absences | 3,684 | | 1,086 | | 7,383 | | 2,576 | | 11,067 | | 3,662 | |
| Total | 51,433 | | 44,645 | | 49,788 | | 36,117 | | 101,221 | | 80,762 | |

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the general condition of the Town. The economic crisis of prior years continues to contribute to the factors below:

• High unemployment, an aged population, no industrial development, and very little retail business help to create a situation where the Town's customer base is eroded. The resulting ratio of expense versus revenue creates a difficult situation in keeping rates and fees low while maintaining an adequate level of service. In addition, most residents are on fixed income.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Tax revenues along with other general fund revenues are expected to remain constant and no property tax rate increase is being considered at this time. Electric revenues and expenditures are expected to remain constant so no increase or decrease in rate is being considered at this time.

Governmental Activities: Property taxes will remain constant in revenues and permits and fees are expected to be very modest. The Town will use these revenues to cover costs of expenses in material, supplies, and labor. These revenues will also be used to finance programs currently in place.

Budgeted revenues in the General Fund are expected to decrease by 1% to \$176,900 This decrease is due to a varying increase and decrease in sanitation charges, county sales tax refund, and miscellaneous revenue. Budgeted expenditures are expected to decrease 5% from prior year spending.

Sanitation fees will remain constant at \$16.00 per month per household.

Business-Type Activities: The Electric Fund budget will increase to \$507,500.

The Water/Sewer Fund budget will increase to \$226,000. The monthly in town base charge will increase from the previous year.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to:

Town Administrator Town of Hobgood Post Office 217 Hobgood, North Carolina 27843

13





Town of Hobgood, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

| | | ıt | | | | |
|--|----|------------|----|----------------------------|----|----------------|
| | Go | vernmental | | y Governmen siness-Type | | |
| | I | Activities | | Activities | | Total |
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 248,201 | \$ | 651,188 | \$ | 899,389 |
| Taxes receivables (net) | | 18,046 | | - | | 18,046 |
| Accounts receivable (net) | | 14,786 | | 71,541 | | 86,327 |
| Accrued interest receivable | | 5,406 | | - | | 5,406 |
| Due from other governments | | 2,808 | | - | | 2,808 |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | | 71,783 | | 69,530 | | 141,313 |
| Total Current Assets | \$ | 361,030 | \$ | 792,259 | \$ | 1,153,289 |
| Non-current Assets: | | | | | | |
| Capital assets: | | | | | | |
| Land, non-depreciable improvements and | | | | | | |
| construction in progress | \$ | 42,500 | \$ | _ | \$ | 42,500 |
| Other capital assets, net of depreciation | | 1,168,485 | | 2,344,391 | | 3,512,876 |
| Total Capital Assets | \$ | 1,210,985 | \$ | 2,344,391 | \$ | 3,555,376 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 1,572,015 | \$ | 3,136,650 | \$ | 4,708,665 |
| | | | | | | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | Φ. | | | 2- 00.4 |
| Pension deferrals | \$ | 12,362 | \$ | 24,722 | \$ | 37,084 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ | 3,528 | \$ | 38,699 | \$ | 42,227 |
| Compensated absences | Ψ | 3,684 | Ψ | 7,385 | Ψ | 11,069 |
| Accrued salaries and employees payroll taxes | | 1,713 | | 6,195 | | 7,908 |
| Customer deposits | | - | | 69,530 | | 69,530 |
| Current portion of long-term liabilities | | 2,023 | | - | | 2,023 |
| Total Current Liabilities | \$ | 10,948 | \$ | 121,809 | \$ | 132,757 |
| Total Current Elabinities | Ψ | 10,540 | Ψ | 121,007 | Ψ | 132,737 |
| Long-term liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Long-term debt | \$ | 24,524 | \$ | - | \$ | 24,524 |
| Net pension liability | | 21,202 | | 42,405 | | 63,607 |
| Total Long-term liabilities | \$ | 45,726 | \$ | 42,405 | \$ | 88,131 |
| m - 17 1 190 | Φ. | | | 164014 | | 220,000 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ | 56,674 | \$ | 164,214 | \$ | 220,888 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | |
| Pension deferrals | \$ | 176 | \$ | 353 | \$ | 529 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | \$ | 176 | \$ | 353 | \$ | 529 |
| | | | | | | |
| Net Position | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 1,184,438 | \$ | 2,334,391 | \$ | 3,518,829 |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | |
| Stabilization by State Statute | | 17,594 | | - | | 17,594 |
| Streets | | 71,783 | | - | | 71,783 |
| Unrestricted | | 253,712 | | 662,414 | | 916,126 |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 1,527,527 | \$ | 2,996,805 | \$ | 4,524,332 |

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net (Expense)

| | | | | | Revenue and Changes in | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| | | Progr | am Revenues | | Net Position | | |
| | | Charges for | Operating Grants and | Capital Grants and | Governmental | Business-type | |
| Functions/Programs | Expenses | Services | Contributions | Contributions | Activities | Activities | Total |
| Primary Government | Expenses | Bervices | Contributions | Contributions | Activities | Activities | Total |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 172,222 | \$ 7,662 | \$ 14,474 | \$ - | \$ (150,086) | \$ - | \$ (150,086) |
| Public safety | 13,112 | 10,202 | | - | (2,910) | - | (2,910) |
| Transportation | 5,763 | - | 13,133 | - | 7,370 | - | 7,370 |
| Environmental protection | 24,811 | 30,616 | 241 | _ | 6,046 | _ | 6,046 |
| Cultural and recreation | 9,765 | - | - | - | (9,765) | - | (9,765) |
| Interest and other charges | 1,205 | - | - | - | (1,205) | - | (1,205) |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ 226,878 | \$ 48,480 | \$ 27,848 | \$ - | \$ (150,550) | \$ - | \$ (150,550) |
| | | | | | | | |
| Business-type activities: | 112.521 | 452.252 | | | | 20.720 | 20.720 |
| Electric | 442,534 | 473,272 | - | 10.000 | - | 30,738 | 30,738 |
| Water and Sewer | 301,337 | 180,410 | <u>-</u> | 10,000 | <u>-</u> | (110,927) | (110,927) |
| Total business-type activities | \$ 743,871 | \$ 653,682 | \$ - | \$ 10,000 | \$ - | \$ (80,189) | \$ (80,189) |
| Total Primary Government | \$ 970,749 | \$ 702,162 | \$ 27,848 | \$ 10,000 | \$ (150,550) | \$ (80,189) | \$ (230,739) |
| | General Reve | nues | | | | | |
| | Revenues: | | | | | | |
| | Ad valorem | taxes | | | \$ 70,549 | \$ - | \$ 70,549 |
| | Unrestricted | l intergovernme | ental | | 45,650 | - | 45,650 |
| | Miscellaneo | ous income | | | 13,540 | - | 13,540 |
| | Total General | Revenues, not | including transfer | rs | \$ 129,739 | \$ - | \$ 129,739 |
| | Transfers | | | | 7,000 | (7,000) | |
| | Change in | Net Position | | | \$ (13,811) | \$ (87,189) | \$ (101,000) |
| | Net Position | n, beginning | | | 1,631,395 | 3,073,257 | 4,704,652 |
| | Unrestricted | lintergovernme | ental | | (90,057) | 10,737 | (79,320) |
| | Net Position | n, ending | | | \$ 1,527,527 | \$ 2,996,805 | \$ 4,524,332 |

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

| | | jor Funds |
|---|----|-----------|
| Assets | | General |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 248,201 |
| Restricted cash | Ψ | 71,783 |
| Receivables, net: | | 71,703 |
| Taxes | | 18,046 |
| Accounts | | 14,786 |
| Due from other governments | | 2,808 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 355,624 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ | 3,528 |
| Accrued salaries and employees payroll taxes | | 1,713 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ | 5,241 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
| Property taxes receivable | \$ | 18,046 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | \$ | 18,046 |
| Fund Balances | | |
| Restricted | | |
| Stabilization by State Statute | | 17,594 |
| Streets | | 71,783 |
| Unassigned | | 242,960 |
| Total Fund Balance | \$ | 332,337 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances | \$ | 355,624 |

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

| Ending Fund Balance - Governmental Funds | \$ 332,337 |
|---|-----------------|
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | 1,210,985 |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds. | 12,362 |
| Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures. | 5,406 |
| Liabilities for earned but deferred revenues in fund statements. | 18,046 |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds. | (176) |
| Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | |
| Net pension liability | (21,202) |
| Long-term debt | (26,547) |
| Compensated absences | (3,684) |
| Net Position of Governmental Activities | \$ 1,527,527 |

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | Ma | jor Funds |
|------------------------------------|----|-----------|
| | | General |
| Revenues: | | _ |
| Ad valorem taxes | \$ | 67,825 |
| Other taxes and licenses | | 175 |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental | | 45,475 |
| Restricted intergovernmental | | 27,848 |
| Sales and services | | 40,818 |
| Miscellaneous | | 21,202 |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 203,343 |
| Expenditures: | | |
| Current: | | |
| General government | \$ | 109,318 |
| Public safety | | 13,112 |
| Transportation | | 5,763 |
| Environmental protection | | 24,811 |
| Cultural and Recreation | | 9,765 |
| Principal | | 3,148 |
| Interest and other charges | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$ | 165,917 |
| Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | \$ | 37,426 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | |
| Transfers from Other Funds | | 7,000 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | \$ | 44,426 |
| Fund Balances | | |
| Beginning of year | | 347,952 |
| Prior period adjustments | | (60,041) |
| End of year | \$ | 332,337 |

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

| Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds | \$ 44,426 |
|--|----------------|
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimate useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. | |
| Depreciation expense | (57,204) |
| Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the | |
| Statement of Activities. | 4,290 |
| Change in unvailable revenue for tax revenues. | 2,724 |
| The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effected of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. | |
| Principal payments on long-term debt | 1,943 |
| Some expenses reported in the statements of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. | |
| Pension expense | (7,392) |
| Compensated absences | (2,598) |
| Total Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities | \$ (13,811) |

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | General Fund | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|----|----------------|----|-------------------|----|---|--|
| | Original | | | Final | | Actual Amounts | | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) | |
| Revenues: | Φ. | 45. 400 | Φ. | 45. 400 | Φ. | 45.00 5 | Φ. | 40.7 | |
| Ad valorem taxes | \$ | 67,400 | \$ | 67,400 | \$ | 67,825 | \$ | 425 | |
| Other taxes and licenses | | 10 700 | | 50 | \$ | 175 | | 125 | |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental | | 43,500 | | 43,500 | | 45,475 | | 1,975 | |
| Restricted intergovernmental | | 14,745 | | 68,995 | | 27,848 | | (41,147) | |
| Sales and services | | 33,950 | | 33,950 | | 40,818 | | 6,868 | |
| Miscellaneous | | 19,900 | _ | 28,650 | _ | 21,202 | _ | (7,448) | |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 179,495 | \$ | 242,545 | \$ | 203,343 | \$ | (39,202) | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 102,400 | \$ | 179,450 | \$ | 109,318 | \$ | 70,132 | |
| Public safety | | 21,425 | | 21,425 | | 13,112 | | 8,313 | |
| Transportation | | 17,545 | | 17,545 | | 5,763 | | 11,782 | |
| Environmental protection | | 30,575 | | 30,575 | | 24,811 | | 5,764 | |
| Cultural and recreation | | 11,400 | | 11,400 | | 9,765 | | 1,635 | |
| Principal | | 3,150 | | 3,150 | | 3,148 | | 2 | |
| Interest and other charges | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Total Expenditures | \$ | 186,495 | \$ | 263,545 | \$ | 165,917 | \$ | 97,628 | |
| Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | \$ | (7,000) | \$ | (21,000) | \$ | 37,426 | \$ | 58,426 | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | | | | | | |
| Loan issuance | \$ | _ | \$ | 14,000 | \$ | _ | \$ | (14,000) | |
| Transfers from other funds | | 7,000 | | 7,000 | | 7,000 | | - | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | \$ | 7,000 | \$ | 21,000 | \$ | 7,000 | \$ | (14,000) | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | \$ | | \$ | | | 44,426 | \$ | 44,426 | |
| Fund Balances | | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | | | | | | 347,952 | | | |
| Prior period adjustment | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Φ | (60,041) | | | |
| End of year | | | | | \$ | 332,337 | | | |

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

| | Major Enterprise Funds | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|---------|------------|-----------|--------|-----------|--|
| | | | | Water and | | | |
| | Electric Fund | | Sewer Fund | | Totals | | |
| Assets | | | | | | · | |
| Current assets: | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 368,572 | \$ | 282,616 | \$ | 651,188 | |
| Accounts receivable (net) | | 53,442 | | 18,099 | | 71,541 | |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | | 52,875 | | 16,655 | | 69,530 | |
| Total Current Assets | \$ | 474,889 | \$ | 317,370 | \$ | 792,259 | |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | | | | | |
| Capital assets: | | | | | | | |
| Land and other non-depreciable assets | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | |
| Other capital assets, net of depreciation | | 59,378 | | 2,285,013 | | 2,344,391 | |
| Capital assets | \$ | 59,378 | \$ | 2,285,013 | \$ | 2,344,391 | |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | \$ \$ | 59,378 | \$ | 2,285,013 | \$ | 2,344,391 | |
| Total Assets | \$ | 534,267 | \$ | 2,602,383 | \$ | 3,136,650 | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | | | | | |
| Pension deferrals | \$ | 12,361 | \$ | 12,361 | \$ | 24,722 | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ | 36,044 | \$ | 2,655 | \$ | 38,699 | |
| Compensated absences | | 5,998 | | 1,387 | | 7,385 | |
| Accrued salaries and employee payroll taxes | | 3,690 | \$ | 2,505 | | 6,195 | |
| Customer deposits | | 52,875 | | 16,655 | | 69,530 | |
| Total Current Liabilities | \$ | 98,607 | \$ | 23,202 | \$ | 121,809 | |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Net pension liability | \$ | 21,203 | \$ | 21,202 | \$ | 42,405 | |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | \$ | 21,203 | \$ | 21,202 | \$ | 42,405 | |
| Total Liabilities | \$ \$ | 119,810 | \$ | 44,404 | \$ | 164,214 | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | | |
| Pension deferrals | \$ | 177 | \$ | 176 | \$ | 353 | |
| Net Position | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 59,378 | \$ | 2,275,013 | \$ | 2,334,391 | |
| Unrestricted | • | 367,263 | | 295,151 | • | 662,414 | |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 426,641 | \$ | 2,570,164 | \$ | 2,996,805 | |

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, And Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | Major Enterprise Funds | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|---------|----|-----------|---------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | • | Vater and | | | | | | | | |
| | Electric Fund | | Se | ewer Fund | Totals | | | | | | | |
| Operating Revenues | | | | _ | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for sales & services | \$ | 468,272 | \$ | 180,410 | \$ | 648,682 | | | | | | |
| Miscellaneous | | 5,000 | | _ | | 5,000 | | | | | | |
| Total Operating Revenues | \$ | 473,272 | \$ | 180,410 | \$ | 653,682 | | | | | | |
| Operating Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water administration | \$ | - | \$ | 92,799 | \$ | 92,799 | | | | | | |
| Waste collection and treatment | | - | | 71,979 | | 71,979 | | | | | | |
| Electric administration | | 132,151 | | - | | 132,151 | | | | | | |
| Electrical power purchases | | 298,766 | | - | | 298,766 | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 11,617 | | 136,559 | | 148,176 | | | | | | |
| Total Operating Expenses | \$ | 442,534 | \$ | 301,337 | \$ | 743,871 | | | | | | |
| Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers | \$ | 30,738 | \$ | (120,927) | \$ | (90,189) | | | | | | |
| Non-operating revenues (expenses) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital contributions | \$ | - | \$ | 10,000 | \$ | 10,000 | | | | | | |
| Transfers to other funds | | (7,000) | | | | (7,000) | | | | | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | \$ | (7,000) | \$ | 10,000 | \$ | 3,000 | | | | | | |
| Change in Net Position | \$ | 23,738 | \$ | (110,927) | \$ | (87,189) | | | | | | |
| Net Position, beginning | | 402,903 | | 2,670,354 | | 3,073,257 | | | | | | |
| Prior period adjustment | | | | 10,737 | | 10,737 | | | | | | |
| Net Position, ending | \$ | 426,641 | \$ | 2,570,164 | \$ | 2,996,805 | | | | | | |

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | Major Enterprise Funds | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| | | | Water and | | | |
| Cook Flores From Operating Activities | Ele | ctric Fund | Se | wer Fund | | Totals |
| Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash received from customers | \$ | 431,202 | \$ | 194,530 | \$ | 625,732 |
| Cash paid for goods and services | φ | (313,088) | φ | (119,325) | Φ | (432,413) |
| Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services | | (89,998) | | (56,783) | | (146,781) |
| Other operating revenues | | 5,000 | | (30,783) | | 5,000 |
| Net Cash Provided (used) by Operating Activities | \$ | 33,116 | \$ | 18,422 | \$ | 51,538 |
| Net Cash Flovided (used) by Operating Activities | Φ | 33,110 | Ф | 10,422 | . | 31,336 |
| Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities: | | | | | | |
| Transfers to other funds | \$ | (7,000) | \$ | - | \$ | (7,000) |
| Capital contributions | | - | | 10,000 | | 10,000 |
| Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities | \$ | (7,000) | \$ | 10,000 | \$ | 3,000 |
| Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: | | | | | | |
| Acquisition and construction of capital assets | \$ | _ | \$ | (10,000) | \$ | (10,000) |
| Net Cash Provided (used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities | \$ \$ | | \$ | (10,000) | \$ | (10,000) |
| Cash Flows From Investing Activities: | | | | | | |
| Investment income received | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ |
| | | | 4 | | <u> </u> | |
| Net Increase (decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 26,116 | \$ | 18,422 | \$ | 44,538 |
| Balances - Beginning of year | | 395,331 | | 280,849 | | 676,180 |
| Balances - End of year | \$ | 421,447 | \$ | 299,271 | \$ | 720,718 |
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating | | | | | | |
| activities: | | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | 30,738 | \$ | (120,927) | \$ | (90,189) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by | | | | | | |
| operating activities: | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | \$ | 11,617 | \$ | 136,559 | \$ | 148,176 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | | | | | |
| (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable | | (24,468) | | 14,858 | | (9,610) |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources | | 1,805 | | (4,042) | | (2,237) |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities | | 830 | | (18,653) | | (17,823) |
| Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay | | 4,710 | | 99 | | 4,809 |
| Increase (decrease) in customer deposits | | 8,385 | | 2,000 | | 10,385 |
| Increase (decrease) in net pension liabilities | | 72 | | 8,792 | | 8,864 |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources | | (573) | | (264) | | (837) |
| Total adjustments | \$ | 2,378 | \$ | 139,349 | \$ | 141,727 |
| Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities | \$ | 33,116 | \$ | 18,422 | \$ | 51,538 |

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Town of Hobgood conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Hobgood is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town of Hobgood, North Carolina.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary - are presented. The Town has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. There are no remaining governmental and enterprise funds reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for general government, public safety, street maintenance, and sanitation services.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Electric Fund - This fund is used to account for the Town's electric operations.

<u>Water and Sewer Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Hobgood because the tax is levied by Greene County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Capital Project Fund, which are consolidated with the operating funds for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year fund. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that

change functional appropriations by more than \$2500. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several immaterial amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted. The Town Manager has the authority to amend appropriations within departments. All other amendments must be approved by the governing board.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 15-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, and bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and Super NOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high-quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The securities of the NCCMT-Cash Portfolio, a SEC registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at amortized cost, money market mutual fund is valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT-Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The Board considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of twelve months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing, or widening local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. Customer deposits are classified as restricted cash because they must be returned to the customer at the conclusion of service.

| Governmental Activities | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| General Fund | |
| Streets | \$ 71,783 |
| Total Government Activities | \$ 71,783 |
| Business-type Activities | |
| Electric Fund | |
| Customer deposits | \$ 52,875 |
| Water and Sewer Fund | |
| Customer deposits | 16,655 |
| Total Business-type Activities | \$ 69,530 |
| Total Restricted Cash | \$ 141,313 |

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. <u>Inventory & Prepaid Items</u>

The inventories of the Town are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The inventories of the Town's enterprise funds consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of these inventories is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or

estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| | Estimated |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| Asset Class | Useful Lives |
| Infrastructure | 20 years |
| Buildings | 50 years |
| Improvements | 25 years |
| Furniture and equipment | 10 years |
| Computer equipment | 3 years |

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of* Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meet this criterion, contributions made to the pension plan in the 2021 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has two items that meet the criterion for this category – property taxes receivables, and deferrals of pension expense that result from the implementation of GASB Statement 68.

9. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Accrued compensation is paid to an employee at time of termination. Any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position. Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances. In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Town has no nonspendable fund balance.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS) is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds.

The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by the law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation". RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Town of Hobgood's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation. Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body.

<u>Committed for Capital Projects</u> – portion of fund balance assigned by the Board for capital asset acquisition.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – portion of fund balance that Town of Hobgood intends to use for specific purposes. The Town has not assigned fund balance.

Subsequent Year's Expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Hobgood has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-Town funds, Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

The Town of Hobgood has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 20% of budgeted expenditures. Any portion of the General Fund balance in excess of 20% of budgeted expenditures may be appropriated for one-time expenditures and may not be used for any purpose that would obligate the Town in a future budget.

12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Hobgood employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of Hobgood has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Material Violations of Finance-related Legal and Contractual Provisions

There were no violations of N.C. General Statutes reported for the year ended June 30, 2021.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes

public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2021, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$1,040,002 and a bank balance of \$1,062,820. Of the bank balance, \$429,379 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. Petty cash of the Town totaled \$700.

2. Receivables – Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2021 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

Enterprise Fund:
Electric fund \$ 28,540

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

| | Beginning | | | | | I | Ending | |
|---|-----------|----------|-------|---------------------|----|-------|----------|----------|
| | В | alances | Incre | Increases Decreases | | eases | Balances | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | _ |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 42,500 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 42,500 |
| Construction in progress | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Total capital assets not being | | • | | | | | | |
| depreciated | \$ | 42,500 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 42,500 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | • | | | | | | |
| Buildings and other improvements | \$1 | ,964,942 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$1 | ,964,942 |
| Equipment and vehicles | | 148,898 | | - | | - | | 148,898 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | \$2 | ,113,840 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$2 | ,113,840 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings and other improvements | \$ | 784,886 | \$ 49 | ,094 | \$ | - | \$ | 833,980 |
| Equipment and vehicles | | 103,265 | 8 | ,110 | | - | | 111,375 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | \$ | 888,151 | \$ 57 | ,204 | \$ | - | \$ | 945,355 |
| Total capital assets being | | | | | | | | |
| depreciated, net | \$1 | ,225,689 | | | | | \$1 | ,168,485 |
| Governmental activity capital assets, net | \$1 | ,268,189 | | | | | \$1 | ,210,985 |
| | | | | | | | | |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government

\$ 57,204

Capital asset activity for the Town's Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

| | Beginning Balances | Increases | Decreases | Ending Balances |
|--|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| Business-type Activities: | | | | |
| Electric Fund | | | | |
| Capital Assets Being Depreciated: | | | | |
| Distribution systems | \$ 207,471 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 207,471 |
| Equipment | 209,488 | - | - | 209,488 |
| Vehicles | 49,692 | | | 49,692 |
| TotalCcapital Assets Being Depreciated | \$ 466,651 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 466,651 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation For: | | | | |
| Distribution systems | \$ 207,471 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 207,471 |
| Equipment | 163,693 | 7,517 | - | 171,210 |
| Vehicles | 24,492 | 4,100 | | 28,592 |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | \$ 395,656 | \$ 11,617 | \$ - | \$ 407,273 |
| Electric Business-type Activities | | | | |
| Capital Assets, Net | \$ 70,995 | | | \$ 59,378 |
| Water and Sewer Fund | | | | |
| Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: | | | | |
| Construction in progress | \$ - | \$ 10,000 | \$ - | \$ 10,000 |
| Land | 40,050 | - | - | 40,050 |
| Total Capital Assets Not Being | | | | |
| Depreciated | \$ 40,050 | \$ 10,000 | \$ - | \$ 50,050 |
| Capital Assets Being Depreciated: | | | | |
| Distribution system | \$3,709,955 | \$ - | \$ - | \$3,709,955 |
| Equipment | 143,491 | - | - | 143,491 |
| Water system | 1,065,081 | - | - | 1,065,081 |
| Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated | \$4,918,527 | \$ - | \$ - | \$4,918,527 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Distribution system | \$1,789,850 | \$123,666 | \$ - | \$1,913,516 |
| Equipment | 143,209 | 282 | - | 143,491 |
| Water system | 613,946 | 12,611 | _ | 626,557 |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | \$2,547,005 | \$136,559 | \$ - | \$2,683,564 |
| Water and Sewer Business-type | | | | |
| Activities Capital Assets, Net | \$2,411,572 | | | \$2,285,013 |

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Hobgood is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consist of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are

available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town of Hobgood employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Hobgood's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 10.24% of compensation for employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Hobgood were \$12,872 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees, who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a liability of \$63,607 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the Town's proportion was 0.00178%, which was the same as its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$22,175. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred | | Det | ferred |
|--|-------------|----------|------------------|--------|
| | Outflows of | | ows of Inflows o | |
| | Re | esources | Res | ources |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 8,032 | \$ | _ |
| Changes of assumptions | | 4,734 | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings | | | | |
| on pension plan investments | | 8,951 | | - |
| Changes in proportion and differences between Town | | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 2,495 | | 529 |
| Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 12,872 | | |
| Total | \$ | 37,084 | \$ | 529 |

\$12,872 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30 | | |
|--------------------|--------|--------|
| 2022 | \$ | 7,244 |
| 2023 | | 8,445 |
| 2024 | | 5,345 |
| 2025 | | 2,649 |
| 2026 | | - |
| Thereafter | | |
| | \$ | 23,683 |
| | | |

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Inflation | 3.0 percent |
|---------------------------|---|
| Salary increases | 3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and |
| | productivity factor |
| Investment rate of return | 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment |
| | expense, including inflation |

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

| | | Long-Term Expected |
|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Real Rate of Return |
| Fixed Income | 29.0% | 1.4% |
| Global Equity | 42.0% | 5.3% |
| Real Estate | 8.0% | 4.3% |
| Alternatives | 8.0% | 8.9% |
| Credit | 7.0% | 6.0% |
| Inflation Protection | 6.0% | 4.0% |
| Total | 100% | |

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% | Discount | 1% |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| | Decrease | Rate | Increase |
| | (6.00%) | (7.00%) | (8.00%) |
| Town's proportionate share of the net | | | |
| pension liability (asset) | \$129,052 | \$ 63,607 | \$ 9,218 |

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

2. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources at year-end are composed of the following elements:

| Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year | \$ 12,872 |
|--|--------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | 8,032 |
| Changes of assumptions | 4,734 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings | 8,951 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between employer | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | 2,495 |
| Total | \$ 37,084 |

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following elements:

| | Statement of | | General Fund | | |
|--|--------------|-----|---------------|--------|--|
| | Net Position | | Balance Sheet | | |
| Taxes receivables, less penalties (General Fund) | \$ | - | \$ | 18,046 | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | - | | - | |
| Changes in proportion and differences between employer | | | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 529 | | - | |
| | \$ | 529 | \$ | 18,046 | |
| | | | | - | |

3. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; natural disasters. The Town has property, general liability and auto liability through Argonaut Great Central Insurance Co. They carry workmen's compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to a \$1 million lifetime limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Town has elected not to carry additional flood insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The town officials that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$25,000. The finance officer is individually bonded for \$50,000.

4. Long-term Obligations

a. <u>Installment Obligations</u>

During the June 30, 2008 fiscal year, the Town entered into a direct placement note with the USDA in the amount of \$27,000 to pay for roof repairs on the Town hall. Principal and interest payments are made annually. The interest rate on this note is 4.375%. The final payment is due June 23, 2033. The balance of this loan is \$16,522 at June 30, 2021.

During the June 30, 2015 fiscal year, the Town received a USDA grant for \$41,000 and direct placement note for \$15,000 for the purchase of a backhoe. Principal and interest payments are due annually. The interest rate on this note is 4.00%. The final payment is due October 2029. The balance of this loan is \$10,025 at June 30, 2021.

The note contains provision that an event of default would result in: (1) declare the unpaid principal components of the Installment Payments immediately due and payable, (2) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the Town's performance of the applicable covenants of this Agreement or to recover for the breach thereof, (3) as provided in the Project Fund Agreement, pay over any balance remaining in the Project Fund to be applied against outstanding Required Payments in any manner DEQ may reasonably deem appropriate, and (4) avail itself of all available remedies under the Agreement, including execution and foreclosure and recovery of attorney's fees and other expenses.

b. Installment Obligations

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the long-term debt are as follows:

| Year Ending June 30, | Principal | Interest | Total |
|----------------------|-----------|----------|----------|
| 2022 | \$ 2,023 | \$ 1,125 | \$ 3,148 |
| 2023 | 2,108 | 1,040 | 3,148 |
| 2024 | 2,198 | 950 | 3,148 |
| 2025 | 2,289 | 859 | 3,148 |
| 2026 | 2,386 | 762 | 3,148 |
| 2027-2031 | 10,650 | 5,090 | 15,740 |
| 2032-2036 | 4,893 | 811 | 5,704 |
| | \$ 26,547 | \$10,637 | \$37,184 |
| | | | |

c. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of charges in the Town's business-type activities in long-term debt:

| | Balance | | | Balance | Current |
|-----------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------|----------|------------|
| | 07/01/20 | Additions | Retirements | 06/30/21 | Maturities |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | |
| Direct placement note | \$28,490 | \$ - | \$ 1,943 | \$26,547 | \$ 2,023 |
| Net pension liability | 15,069 | 6,133 | - | 21,202 | - |
| Compensated absences | 1,086 | 2,598 | - | 3,684 | 3,684 |
| Total Long-term Liabilities | \$44,645 | \$ 8,731 | \$ 1,943 | \$51,433 | \$ 5,707 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | |
| Net pension liability | \$33,541 | \$ 8,864 | \$ - | \$42,405 | \$ - |
| Compensated absences | 2,576 | 4,807 | - | 7,383 | 7,385 |
| Total Long-term Liabilities | 36,117 | 13,671 | | 49,788 | 7,385 |

5. Claims, Judgements, and Contingent Liabilities

No claims or judgements existed at June 30, 2021.

6. Interfund Balances and Activities

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

From Electric Fund to General Fund to assist with administrative and Town Hall expenses

\$ 7,000

The interfund balances have resulted from various transactions from previous years and the current year activity. The main activity in the current year to these accounts involved a transfer to assist with administrative and Town Hall expenses.

7. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

| Total fund balance - General Fund | \$ 332,337 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Less: | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Stabilization by State Statute | 17,594 |
| Streets-Powell Bill | 71,783 |
| Working Capital/Fund Balance Policy | _ |
| Remaining Fund Balance | 242,960 |

The Town of Hobgood has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 20% of budgeted expenditures.

8. Prior Period Adjustments

The beginning net position of the Water and Sewer Fund, and the General Fund had to be adjusted due to the prior year accounting errors.

| Water and Fund - adjustment due to prior year error in posting accruals | \$ 10,737 |
|--|------------|
| General Fund - adjustment due to prior year error in posting accruals | \$(60,041) |
| Governmental Activities - adjustment due to prior year error in posting accruals | \$(90,057) |

9. Commitments

The Town entered into a contract with NC Eastern Municipal Power Agency to purchase electricity which runs indefinitely. Under the contract, the Town is committed to purchase power at variable rates each year.

IV. Related Party Transaction

The Town has participated in no related party transactions for the year ended June 30, 2021.

V. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

VI. Subsequent Events

As of November 24, 2021, the date of the completion of the financial statements, there were no material subsequent events that were required to be reported.

Required Supplementary Financial Data

| This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles. |
|--|
| |

- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability for Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Contribution to Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Town of Hobgood's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Eight Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| Town of Hobgood's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%) | 0.00178% | 0.00178% | 0.00159% | 0.00195% | 0.00140% | 0.00237% | 0.00314% | 0.00310% |
| Town of Hobgood's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$) | \$ 63,607 | \$ 48,610 | \$ 37,720 | \$ 29,791 | \$ 29,713 | \$ 10,636 | \$ (18,519) | \$ 37,367 |
| Town of Hobgood's covered-employee | | , | | | | . , | | , |
| payroll Town of Hobgood's proportionate share of | \$ 132,175 | \$ 122,272 | \$ 129,197 | \$ 118,098 | \$ 106,691 | \$ 117,300 | \$ 143,350 | \$ 141,486 |
| the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | 48.12% | 39.76% | 29.20% | 25.23% | 27.85% | 9.07% | -12.92% | 26.41% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of | | | | | | | | |
| the total pension liability | 91.63% | 94.18% | 91.47% | 98.09% | 99.07% | 102.64% | 94.35% | 96.45% |

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina Town of Hobgood's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Eight Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Contractually required contribution | \$ 12,872 | \$ 11,845 | \$ 9,562 | \$ 9,794 | \$ 7,948 | \$ 6,866 | \$ 8,415 | \$ 10,135 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually | | | | | | | | |
| required contributions | 12,872 | 11,845 | 9,562 | 9,794 | 7,948 | 6,866 | 8,415 | 10,135 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Town of Hobgood's covered-employee | | | | | | | | |
| payroll | \$ 125,704 | \$ 132,175 | \$ 122,272 | \$ 129,197 | \$ 118,098 | \$106,691 | \$117,300 | \$ 143,350 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered- | | | | | | | | |
| employee payroll | 10.24% | 8.96% | 7.82% | 7.58% | 6.73% | 6.44% | 7.17% | 7.07% |



Town of Hobgood, North Carolina General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | | | Variance Positive | | |
|---------------------------------|----|---------|----|----------------------|----|----------|
| |] | Budget | | Actual | (N | egative) |
| Revenues | | | | | | |
| Ad valorem taxes: | Φ. | | Φ. | 65 41 A | ф | |
| Taxes | \$ | - | \$ | 67,414 | \$ | - |
| Interest | Φ. | | Φ. | 411 | Φ. | 405 |
| Total | \$ | 67,400 | \$ | 67,825 | \$ | 425 |
| Other taxes and licenses: | | | | | | |
| Motor vehicle licenses | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Zoning permits | | 50 | | 175 | | |
| Total | \$ | 50 | \$ | 175 | \$ | 125 |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental: | | | | | | |
| Local option sales taxes | \$ | 24,000 | \$ | 28,617 | \$ | _ |
| Tax refunds | | 2,000 | | , | | _ |
| Utilities franchise tax | | 16,000 | | 15,505 | | - |
| Beer and wine tax | | 1,500 | | 1,353 | | |
| Total | \$ | 43,500 | \$ | 45,475 | \$ | 1,975 |
| Restricted intergovernmental: | | | | | | |
| Solid waste disposal tax | \$ | 200 | \$ | 241 | \$ | _ |
| Various grants | | 54,250 | | 14,474 | | |
| Powell Bill allocation | | 14,545 | | 13,133 | | |
| Total | \$ | 68,995 | \$ | 27,848 | \$ | (41,147) |
| Sales and services: | | | | | | |
| Police fees | \$ | 4,200 | \$ | 10,202 | \$ | _ |
| Cemetery fees | | 1,500 | | 2,100 | | - |
| Garbage services | | 28,250 | | 28,516 | | - |
| Permits and fees | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 33,950 | \$ | 40,818 | \$ | 6,868 |
| Investment earnings | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | |
| Miscellaneous: | | | | | | |
| Tower rent | \$ | 7,200 | \$ | 7,662 | \$ | - |
| Other miscellaneous | | 21,450 | | 13,540 | | |
| Total | \$ | 28,650 | \$ | 21,202 | \$ | (7,448) |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 242,545 | \$ | 203,343 | \$ | (39,202) |

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

| | | | | | Variance Positive | | |
|----------------------------------|----|---------|----|---------|----------------------|----------|--|
| E | | Budget | | Actual | <u>(N</u> | egative) | |
| Expenditures General Government: | | | | | | | |
| Governing Body: | | | | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | \$ | _ | \$ | 1,950 | \$ | _ | |
| Professional services | Ψ | _ | Ψ | 6,817 | Ψ | _ | |
| Other operating expenditures | | _ | | - | | _ | |
| Total | \$ | 9,450 | \$ | 8,767 | \$ | 683 | |
| Administration: | | | | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | \$ | - | \$ | 40,474 | \$ | - | |
| Other operating expenditures | | - | | 45,077 | | - | |
| Capital outlay | | _ | | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 155,000 | \$ | 85,551 | \$ | 69,449 | |
| Elections: | | | | | | | |
| Other operating expenditures | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | | |
| Total | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | |
| Zoning: | | | | | | | |
| Other operating expenditures | | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | - | |
| Total | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | 15,000 | \$ | | |
| Total General Government | \$ | 179,450 | \$ | 109,318 | \$ | 70,132 | |
| Public Safety: | | | | | | | |
| Police: | | | | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | \$ | - | \$ | 9,524 | \$ | - | |
| Other operating expenditures | | - | | 588 | | - | |
| Capital outlay | Φ. | 10.425 | Φ. | 10.112 | Φ. | 0.212 | |
| Total | \$ | 18,425 | \$ | 10,112 | \$ | 8,313 | |
| Fire: | | | | | | | |
| Operating expenditures | \$ | 3,000 | \$ | 3,000 | \$ | _ | |
| Total Public Safety | \$ | 21,425 | \$ | 13,112 | \$ | 8,313 | |
| Transportation: | | | | | | | |
| Streets and Highways: | | | | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | \$ | - | \$ | 4,355 | \$ | - | |
| Powell Bill street expenditures | | - | | 1,408 | | - | |
| Other operating expenditures | | - | | - | | - | |
| Capital outlay | | | | | | | |
| Total Transportation | \$ | 17,545 | \$ | 5,763 | \$ | 11,782 | |

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

| | , | D. J 4 | | A storal | Variance Positive (Negative) | | |
|--|----------|----------|-----------------|----------|------------------------------------|----------|--|
| Environmental Protection: | | Budget | | Actual | (1) | egative) | |
| Solid Waste: | | | | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | \$ | - | \$ | 13,798 | \$ | - | |
| Other operating expenditures | | - | | 11,013 | | - | |
| Capital outlay Total Environmental Protection | \$ | 30,575 | \$ | 24,811 | \$ | 5,764 | |
| Total Environmental Protection | <u> </u> | 30,373 | <u> </u> | 24,811 | <u> </u> | 3,704 | |
| Cultural and Recreational: | | | | | | | |
| Operating expenditures | \$ | 11 400 | <u>\$</u> \$ | 9,765 | \$ | 9,765 | |
| Total Cultural and Recreational | _\$ | 11,400 | \$ | 9,765 | \$ | 1,635 | |
| Debt Service: | | | | | | | |
| Principal Interest | | | \$ | 3,148 | | | |
| Total Debt Service | | 3,150 | \$ | 3,148 | \$ | 2 | |
| Total Debt Service | <u> </u> | 3,130 | φ | 3,140 | Ψ | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$ | 263,545 | \$ | 165,917 | \$ | 97,628 | |
| Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | | (21,000) | \$ | 37,426 | \$ | 58,426 | |
| Other Financing Sources (uses): | | | | | | | |
| Loan issuance | \$ | 14,000 | | | \$ | (14,000) | |
| Transfers from other funds Electric Fund | ¢ | 7.000 | Ф | 7,000 | Ф | | |
| | \$ | 7,000 | \$ | 7,000 | \$ | | |
| Total | | 21,000 | \$ | 7,000 | \$ | (14,000) | |
| Fund balance appropriated | | | \$ | | \$ | | |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ | | \$ | 44,426 | \$ | 58,426 | |
| Fund Balances | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | | | | 347,952 | | | |
| Prior period adjustment | | | Φ. | (60,041) | | | |
| End of year | | | \$ | 332,337 | | | |

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund

Schedule of Revenues And Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | 1 | Budget | | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) | | |
|--|---------|----------|----|---|------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| Revenues | | buuget | | Actual | (1) | (egative) | |
| Operating Revenues: Water sales Penalties Miscellaneous revenues | | | \$ | 180,410 | | | |
| Total Operating Revenues | \$ | 198,500 | \$ | 180,410 | \$ | (18,090) | |
| Nonoperating Revenues: Interest earnings | _\$_ | | \$ | | \$ | | |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 198,500 | \$ | 180,410 | \$ | (18,090) | |
| Expenditures Electrical Operations: Salaries and employee benefits Sewage treatment fee Other operating expenditures Contracted services Total | | 188,500 | \$ | 51,269 48,429 29,464 40,102 169,264 | \$ | 19,236 | |
| Debt Service: | - | | - | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | <u> </u> | |
| Interest and other charges Principal retirement | \$ | - - | \$ | - - | \$ | - - | |
| Total Debt Service | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | | |
| Capital Outlay: Equipment | \$ | 10,000 | \$ | 10,000 | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$ | 198,500 | \$ | 179,264 | \$ | 19,236 | |
| Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | \$ | | \$ | 1,146 | \$ | 1,146 | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) Fund balance appropriated Transfers | \$ | - - | \$ | - - | \$ | - - | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | |
| Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses | \$ | _ | \$ | 1,146 | \$ | 1,146 | |
| Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) | to full | accrual: | | | | | |
| Reconciling items: Depreciation Capital contributions Capital outlay Increase in net pension liability and related deferra | | | \$ | (136,559) 10,000 10,000 4,486 (112,073) | | | |
| Change in Net Position | | | \$ | (110,927) | | | |

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina Electric Fund

Schedule of Revenues And Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | - | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) | | |
|--|------|----------|--|------------------------------------|---------|--|
| Revenues: | | buuget | retuur | (11) | egative | |
| Electric charges | \$ | 460,000 | \$ 462,842 | \$ | 2,842 | |
| Penalties | | 6,700 | 5,430 | | (1,270) | |
| Total | \$ | 466,700 | \$ 468,272 | \$ | 1,572 | |
| Water and sewer taps | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | |
| Other operating revenues | | 6,500 | 5,000 | | (1,500) | |
| Total operating revenues | \$ | 473,200 | \$ 473,272 | \$ | 72 | |
| Nonoperating revenues: | | | | | | |
| Other revenue | | | _ | | | |
| Total revenues | \$ | 473,200 | \$ 473,272 | \$ | 72 | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | | | \$ 91,302 | | | |
| Electricity purchases | | | 298,766 | | | |
| Contract services | | | 2,067 | | | |
| Equipment repairs | | | 3,600 | | | |
| Other operating expenditures | | | 36,486 | | | |
| Contingency reserve | | | <u>-</u> | | | |
| Total | \$ | 473,200 | \$ 432,221 | \$ | 40,979 | |
| Capital outlay: | | | | | | |
| Miscellaneous water | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | |
| Miscellaneous sewer | | | | | | |
| Total capital outlay | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | |
| Total expenditures | \$ | 473,200 | \$ 432,221 | \$ | 40,979 | |
| Revenues over expenditures | \$ | - | \$ 41,051 | \$ | 41,051 | |
| Fund balance appropriation | | | | | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | \$ | | \$ | \$ | | |
| Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses | \$ | <u>-</u> | \$ 41,051 | \$ | 41,051 | |
| Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to | full | accrual: | | | | |
| Revenues and other sources over expenditures and other u | ises | | \$ 41,051 | | | |
| Reconciling items: Capital outlay Depreciation Increase in net pension liability and related deferrals Transfers Total | S | | \$ (11,617) 1,304 (7,000) (17,313) | | | |
| Change in net position | | | \$ 23,738 | | | |

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina

Water and Sewer Capital Project Fund - 2015 CDBG

Sewer Collection Rehabilitation Grant 15-I-3082

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | | | | | | Variance | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|------------|----|---------------|----|----------|----------|-----------|----|---------------|--|
| | Project | | Pr | Prior Current | | Total to | | Favorable | | | |
| | Aut | horization | Ye | Years | | Year | | Date | | (Unfavorable) | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted intergovernmental revenues | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CDBG | \$ | 258,147 | \$ | - | \$ | 5,000 | \$ | 5,000 | \$ | (253,147) | |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 258,147 | \$ | | \$ | 5,000 | \$ | 5,000 | \$ | (253,147) | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Construction | \$ | 170,676 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 170,676 | |
| Administration | | 15,170 | | - | | 5,000 | | 5,000 | | 10,170 | |
| Engineering | | 72,301 | | - | | - | | - | | 72,301 | |
| Total Expenditures | | 258,147 | | | | 5,000 | | 5,000 | | 253,147 | |
| Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Under) Expenditures | \$ | _ | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | |

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina

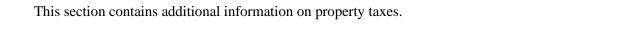
Water and Sewer Capital Project Fund - 2019 CDBG

Sewer Collection Rehabilitation Grant 19-I-3106

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | | | | 1 | Actual | | | Variance | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|-----|-------|---------|--------|----------|-------|-----------|---------------|--|
| | Project _ | | Pri | or | Current | | Total to | | Favorable | | |
| | Aut | Authorization | | Years | | Year | | Date | | (Unfavorable) | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted intergovernmental revenues | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CDBG | \$ | 224,274 | \$ | | \$ | 5,000 | \$ | 5,000 | \$ | (219,274) | |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 224,274 | \$ | - | \$ | 5,000 | \$ | 5,000 | \$ | (219,274) | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Construction | \$ | 145,700 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 145,700 | |
| Administration | | 15,706 | | - | | 5,000 | | 5,000 | | 10,706 | |
| Engineering | | 62,868 | | - | | - | | - | | 62,868 | |
| Total Expenditures | | 224,274 | | | | 5,000 | | 5,000 | | 219,274 | |
| Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Under) Expenditures | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | _ | \$ | | \$ | | |

Other Schedules



- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | Uncollected Balance | | | Collections | | Uncollected Balance | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|--------|-----------|-------------|--------|------------------------|--------|
| Fiscal Year | June 30, 2020 | | Additions | and Credits | | June 30, 2021 | |
| 2020-2021 | \$ | - | \$ 69,108 | \$ | 65,593 | \$ | 3,515 |
| 2019-2020 | | 3,983 | - | | 1,474 | | 2,509 |
| 2018-2019 | | 5,051 | - | | 2,948 | | 2,103 |
| 2017-2018 | | 2,044 | - | | 569 | | 1,475 |
| 2016-2017 | | 1,534 | - | | 114 | | 1,420 |
| 2015-2016 | | 1,486 | - | | 43 | | 1,443 |
| 2014-2015 | | 1,822 | - | | 308 | | 1,514 |
| 2013-2014 | | 1,378 | - | | 174 | | 1,204 |
| 2012-2013 | | 1,254 | - | | 233 | | 1,021 |
| 2011-2012 | | 992 | - | | 43 | | 949 |
| 2010-2011 | | 893 | - | | - | | 893 |
| 2009-2010 | | 748 | | | 748 | | - |
| Total | \$ | 21,185 | \$ 69,108 | \$ | 72,247 | \$ | 18,046 |
| Reconciliation with revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Ad valorem taxes - General Fund | | | | | | \$ | 67,825 |
| Reconciling items: | | | | | | | (411) |
| Interest collected | 4 | 4 | | | | | (411) |
| Discounts, write-offs and adju | ıstmen | ts | | | | Φ. | 4,833 |
| Total collections and credits | | | | | | \$ | 72,247 |

Town of Hobgood, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy Town - Wide Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | Total Levy | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------|----------------|--------|-----------|
| | Tov | Property excluding | | Registered | | |
| | Property | | Total | Registered | | Motor |
| | Valuation | Rate | Levy | Motor Vehicles | | Vehicles |
| Original levy: | | | | | | |
| Property taxed at current rate | \$ 11,309,444 | 0.72 | \$ 81,428 | \$ | 67,636 | \$ 13,792 |
| Discoveries: | | 0.72 | | | | |
| Current year taxes | - | 0.72 | - | | - | - |
| Releases | 1,711,111 | 0.72 | 12,320 | | 12,320 | |
| Total Property Valuation | \$ 9,598,333 | | | | | |
| Net levy | | | \$ 69,108 | \$ | 55,316 | \$ 13,792 |
| Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2021 | | | 3,515 | | 3,462 | 53 |
| Current year's taxes collected | | | \$ 65,593 | \$ | 51,854 | \$ 13,739 |
| Current levy collection percentage | | | 94.91% | | 93.74% | 99.62% |