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TOWN OF JEFFERSON NORTH CAROLINA AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, <u>2021</u>

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TOWN OF JEFFERSON NORTH CAROLINA

TOWN COUNCIL MEMBERS

Bluferd Eldreth, Mayor Charles Caudill Cathy Ballou Mark Johnston Wes Williams Max Yates

ADMINSTRATIVE & FINANCIAL STAFF

Charity Shatley, Town Manager (as of 8/16/21) Dan McMillan, InterimTown Manager & Tax Collector (4/26/21 to 8/16/21) Cathy Howell, Town Manager & Tax Collector (through 4/26/21) Kayla Jones, Finance Officer (as of 4/26/21) Anna Brooks, Finance Officer (through 4/26/21) Carol Winebarger, Deputy Tax Collector (as of 4/26/21)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Town of Jefferson, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Jefferson, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Jefferson's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on the financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards, issued by the* Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based upon our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Jefferson as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance, and the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset and Pension Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consists of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Jefferson's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules, as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures; including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit and the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2021, on our consideration of the Town of Jefferson's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Jefferson's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Priscilla L. Norris, CP. Jefferson, NC November 30, 2021

As management of the Town of Jefferson, we offer readers of the Town of Jefferson's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Jefferson for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

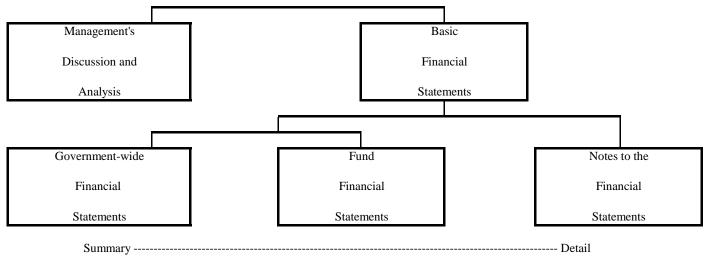
Financial Highlights

- * The assets (and deferred outflows of resources) of The Town of Jefferson exceeded its liabilities (and deferred inflows of resources) at the close of the fiscal year by \$14,782,686 (net position).
- * The government's total net position increased by \$258,244, which was due to increase in the governmental activities net position of \$98,176 plus an increase in business type activities (water & sewer) of \$160,068.
- * As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Jefferson's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,857,899, an increase of \$81,446 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 76.29% of this total amount, or \$2,180,493, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- * At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,180,493 or 167.32% of total General Fund expenditures (\$1,303,178 excluding transfers out) for the fiscal year.
- * The Town had no debt this fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Jefferson's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Jefferson.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements.** These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements.

There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar to the financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets (and deferred outflows of resources) and total liabilities (and deferred inflows of resources). Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, transportation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Jefferson.

The government-wide financial statements are Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Jefferson, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Jefferson can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Jefferson adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds - The Town of Jefferson has one proprietary fund, an enterprise fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Jefferson uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity. This fund is the same as the functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are found in Exhibit 9 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities - The Town of Jefferson depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to State laws and State appropriations.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Town of Jefferson Net Position Figure 2

		Goverr Act					ss-type ties	Total				
		2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020
Current and other assets	\$	3,028,679	\$	2,888,058	\$	6,568,333	\$	6,153,782	\$	9,597,012	\$	9,041,840
Capital assets		680,155		687,306		4,979,673		5,205,360		5,659,828		5,892,666
Deferred outflows of resources		206,495		171,706		83,440		78,789		289,935		250,495
Total assets and deferred												
outflows of resources	\$	3,915,329	\$	3,747,070	\$	11,631,446	\$	11,437,931	\$	15,546,775	\$	15,185,001
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Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$	429,327	\$,	\$	127,825	\$	108,527	\$	557,152	\$	509,513
Other liabilities		41,323		32,089		110,901		97,782		152,224		129,871
Deferred inflows of resources		53,683		21,175		1,030				54,713		21,175
Total liabilities and deferred												
inflows of resources	\$	524,333	\$	454,250	\$	239,756	\$	206,309	\$	764,089	\$	660,559
Net position:												
Net investment in capital assets	\$	680,155	\$	687,306	\$	4,979,673	\$	5,205,360	\$	5,659,828	\$	5,892,666
Restricted		239,485		202,679						239,485		202,679
Unrestricted		2,471,356		2,402,835		6,412,017		6,026,262		8,883,373		8,429,097
Total net position	\$	3,390,996	\$	3,292,820	\$	11,391,690	\$	11,231,622	\$	14,782,686	\$	14,524,442

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets (and deferred outflows of resources) of the Town of Jefferson exceeded liabilities (and deferred inflows of resources) by \$14,782,686, as of June 30, 2021. The Town's net position increased by \$258,244 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The largest portion (\$5,659,828 or 38.29%) of net position at June 30, 2021, reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land,buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town of Jefferson uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Jefferson's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Jefferson's net position, \$239,485 (1.62%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$8,883,373 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- * The governemental activities had an increase in net position of \$98,176.
- * No debt.
- * Increase in property tax revenue due to one cent rate increase.

* The business type activities had an increase in net position of \$160,068, mostly due to a transfer-in from the General Fund.

Town of Jefferson Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Governmental Activities					Busine Acti		Total			
		2021		2020		2021	2020		2021		2020
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	1,280	\$	2,162	\$	869,208	\$ 877,993	\$	870,488	\$	880,155
Operating grants & contributions		172,521		57,405					172,521		57,405
Capital grants and contributions											
General revenues:											
Property taxes		667,160		621,112					667,160		621,112
Unrestricted intergovernmental		766,587		683,206					766,587		683,206
Grants and contributions not											
restricted to specific programs											
Other		25,814		45,921		20,154	63,271		45,968		109,192
Total revenues	\$	1,633,362	\$	1,409,806	\$	889,362	\$ 941,264	\$	2,522,724	\$	2,351,070
Expenses:											
General government	\$	352,505	\$	296,323	\$	-	\$ -	\$	352,505	\$	296,323
Public safety		531,457		494,799					531,457		494,799
Highways/streets		307,168		281,383					307,168		281,383
Sanitation		121,017		115,988					121,017		115,988
Cultural and recreation		6,372		2,735					6,372		2,735
Education		16,667							16,667		
Water and sewer						929,294	884,575		929,294		884,575
Total expenses	\$	1,335,186	\$	1,191,228	\$	929,294	\$ 884,575	\$	2,264,480	\$	2,075,803
Increase in net position before transfers		298,176		218,578		(39,932)	56,689		258,244		275,267
Transfers		(200,000)		(263,060)		200,000	263,060				-
Increase in net position	\$	98,176	\$	(44,482)	\$	160,068	\$ 319,749	\$	258,244	\$	275,267
Net position, July 1		3,292,820		3,337,302		11,231,622	10,911,873		14,524,442		14,249,175
Net position, June 30	\$	3,390,996	\$	3,292,820	\$	11,391,690	\$ 11,231,622	\$	14,782,686	\$	14,524,442

Governmental activities: Governmental activities increase the Town's net position by \$98,176. This increase is compared to a decrease of \$44,482 in the previous year. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

* Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues increased by \$83,381, and property tax revenues increased by \$46,048. The property tax rate increased by one cent.

* Operating grants increased by \$115,116, which includes a Cares Act Grant of \$122,056.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased the Town of Jefferson's net position by \$160,068. This increase is compared to the prior year increase of \$319,749. There is a decrease in net postion before transfers.

* Revenues decreased by \$51,902, as expenses increased \$44,719.

* The Town transferred \$200,000, as budgeted, which is a \$63,060 decrease from the prior year.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Jefferson uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Jefferson's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Jefferson's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Jefferson. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,180,493, while total fund balance was \$2,664,512. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures, which are \$1,303,178. Unassigned fund balance represents 167.32 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 204.46 percent of that same amount.

At June 30, 2021, the governmental funds of the Town of Jefferson reported a combined fund balance of \$2,857,899, a 2.93 percent increase compared to last year. The fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$77,110, while non-major funds increased \$4,336 in total.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues were more than budgeted because the Town received more intergovernmental revenues than expected. Expenditures held steady to comply with its budgetary requirements.

Proprietary Fund: The Town of Jefferson's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the governmentwide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$6,412,017. The total change in net position was \$160,068. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Jefferson's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The Town of Jefferson's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021, totals \$5,659,828 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads, land, machinery and equipment, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions and deletions:

- * Additional construction in the new Police Department building
- * New Snow Plow for Street Department
- * New Tow behind Track Loader for the Street Department
- * No Disposals

Town of Jefferson Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

	Goverr Activ		Business-type Activities					Total			
	 2021	2019		2021	2019			2021		2019	
Land	\$ 170,200	\$ 170,200	\$	215,245	\$	215,245	\$	385,445	\$	385,445	
Buildings and system	390,162	389,262		4,728,261		4,939,760		5,118,423		5,329,022	
Improvements other than buildings	26,427	28,912						26,427		28,912	
Machinery and equipment	36,529	11,958		30,334		38,694		66,863		50,652	
Infrastructure											
Vehicles and motorized equipment	56,837	86,974		5,831		11,660		62,668		98,634	
Construction in progress											
Total	\$ 680,155	\$ 687,306	\$	4,979,671	\$	5,205,359	\$	5,659,826	\$	5,892,665	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in note III.A.3 and 6 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt: As of June 30, 2021, the Town of Jefferson had no outstanding debt.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of Jefferson is approximately \$12,000,000.

Additional information regarding the Town of Jefferson's long-term debt can be found in note III.B.5 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following are some of the components that have reflected the economic condition of the Town of Jefferson and prospects for the future.

- * The County's unemployment rate of 4.1% is slightly lower than the State average of 4.2% as of June 2021.
 - * Childcare and virtual learning have taken a toll on employment rates in the County due to COVID-19.
- * COVID-19 did not affect Local Options Sales tax as anticipated.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities:

- * Fund balance will off-set the expenditures this year with a small tax increase of \$.01 resulting in anticipated total revenue of \$540,000. The Town will use these increases in revenues to finance programs currently in place.
- * Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to increase this fiscal year. The largest increments are in salaries, new vehicles, equpment and contracted services. Also, garbage collection had another increase.

Business-type Activities:

* The water and sewer rates in the Town will not increase this year. The water and sewer departments also have some equipment maintenance and upgrades that will be highly recommended or required.

Notable Budget Items

- * Purchase of 2 new Police Vehicles
- * Purchase of 1 new truck for Maintenance
- * Purchase of 1 new truck for Water Department
- * New computer equipment and networking for Administration
- * Capital improvements to Town Hall
- * Water Treatment Plant filtration measures
- * Contracted services for Interim Town Manager pror to Town Manager appointment

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Town Manager, Town of Jefferson, PO Box 67, Jefferson, NC 28640.

TOWN OF JEFFERSON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Governmental ASSETS Business-type Activities Total ASSETS			nt				
ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalent \$ 2,643,731 \$ 6,437,103 \$ 9,080,834 Restricted Cash and Investments $83,920$ $73,150$ $157,070$ Taxes Receivables (net) 114,986 114,986 114,986 Accrued Interest Receivable on Taxes 29,036 220,336 Accrued Interest Receivable (net) 51,750 51,750 Due from Other Governments 1152,610 10,126 162,736 Internal Balances $3,796$ $(3,796)$ - Total Current Assets $30,28,679$ $6,568,333$ $9,597,012$ Capital Assets: Internal Balances $170,200$ $215,245$ $385,445$ Other Capital Assets $509,955$ $4,764,428$ $5,274,383$ $509,2828$ Total Castruction in Progress $170,200$ $215,245$ $385,445$ Other Capital Assets $5,3708,834$ $51,526,840$ $529,925$ Pension Deferrals $8,206,495$ $8,3,440$ $2289,935$ Total Deferred Outflows of Resources $5,206,495$ $83,440$		Go					
$\begin{array}{l c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			Activities		Activities		Total
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Customer Deposits73,15073,150Compensated Absences16,33814,39630,734Long-term Liabilities:16,33814,39630,734Net Pension Liability (LGERS)201,636127,825329,461Total Pension Liability (LEO)227,691227,691Total Liabilities $\$$ 470,650 $\$$ 238,726 $\$$ 709,376DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESPension Deferrals $52,510$ 1,030 $53,540$ Prepaid Taxes $1,173$ $1,173$ $1,173$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $\$$ 53,683 $\$$ 1,030 $\$$ 54,713NET POSITIONNet Investment in Capital Assets680,1554,979,6735,659,828Restricted for: $12,554$ 12,55412,554Transportation12,55412,55412,554Cultural and Recreation70,46670,46670,466Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute156,465156,465156,465Unrestricted2,471,3566,412,0178,883,373	Accounts Payable		24,985		23,355		48,340
Compensated Absences $16,338$ $14,396$ $30,734$ Long-term Liabilities: Net Pension Liability (LGERS) $201,636$ $127,825$ $329,461$ Total Pension Liability (LEO) $227,691$ $227,691$ Total Liabilities\$ 470,650\$ $238,726$ \$ $709,376$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension DeferralsPension Deferrals $52,510$ $1,030$ $53,540$ Prepaid Taxes $1,173$ $1,173$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources\$ $53,683$ \$ $1,030$ \$ $54,713$ NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets $680,155$ $4,979,673$ $5,659,828$ Restricted for: Transportation $12,554$ $12,554$ $12,554$ Cultural and Recreation Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute $156,465$ $156,465$ $156,465$ Unrestricted $2,471,356$ $6,412,017$ $8,883,373$					73,150		73,150
Long-term Liabilities: Net Pension Liability (LGERS) $201,636$ $127,825$ $329,461$ Total Pension Liability (LEO) $227,691$ $227,691$ $227,691$ Total Liabilities\$ $470,650$ \$ $238,726$ \$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Deferrals $52,510$ $1,030$ $53,540$ Prepaid Taxes $1,173$ $1,173$ $1,173$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources\$ $53,683$ \$ $1,030$ \$ NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets $680,155$ $4,979,673$ $5,659,828$ Restricted for: $12,554$ $12,554$ $12,554$ Cultural and Recreation $70,466$ $70,466$ $70,466$ Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute $156,465$ $156,465$ $156,465$ Unrestricted $2,471,356$ $6,412,017$ $8,883,373$	-		16,338				
Net Pension Liability (LGERS) $201,636$ $127,825$ $329,461$ Total Pension Liability (LEO) $227,691$ $227,691$ $227,691$ Total Liabilities \$ 470,650 \$ 238,726 \$ 709,376 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Deferrals $52,510$ $1,030$ $53,540$ Prepaid Taxes $1,173$ $1,173$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 53,683 \$ 1,030 \$ 54,713 NET POSITION $888,155$ $4,979,673$ $5,659,828$ Restricted for: $12,554$ $12,554$ $12,554$ Cultural and Recreation $70,466$ $70,466$ $70,466$ Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute $156,465$ $156,465$ $156,465$ Unrestricted $2,471,356$ $6,412,017$ $8,883,373$	-						
Total Pension Liability (LEO) $227,691$ $227,691$ Total Liabilities\$ 470,650 \$ 238,726 \$ 709,376 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Deferrals $52,510$ $1,030$ $53,540$ Prepaid Taxes $1,173$ $1,173$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources\$ 53,683 \$ 1,030 \$ 54,713 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital AssetsRestricted for: $12,554$ $12,554$ Transportation $12,554$ $12,554$ Cultural and Recreation $70,466$ $70,466$ Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute $156,465$ $156,465$ Unrestricted $2,471,356$ $6,412,017$ $8,883,373$	•		201,636		127,825		329,461
Total Liabilities\$ $470,650$ \$ $238,726$ \$ $709,376$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESPension Deferrals $52,510$ $1,030$ $53,540$ Prepaid Taxes $1,173$ $1,173$ $1,173$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources\$ $53,683$ \$ $1,030$ \$ $54,713$ NET POSITIONNet Investment in Capital AssetsRestricted for: $12,554$ $12,554$ $12,554$ Cultural and Recreation $70,466$ $70,466$ $70,466$ Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute $156,465$ $156,465$ $156,465$ Unrestricted $2,471,356$ $6,412,017$ $8,883,373$							
Pension Deferrals $52,510$ $1,030$ $53,540$ Prepaid Taxes $1,173$ $1,173$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources\$ $53,683$ \$ $1,030$ \$ $54,713$ NET POSITION 8 $680,155$ $4,979,673$ $5,659,828$ Restricted for: $12,554$ $12,554$ $12,554$ Cultural and Recreation $70,466$ $70,466$ $70,466$ Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute $156,465$ $156,465$ Unrestricted $2,471,356$ $6,412,017$ $8,883,373$	• • • •	\$		\$	238,726	\$	
Pension Deferrals $52,510$ $1,030$ $53,540$ Prepaid Taxes $1,173$ $1,173$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources\$ $53,683$ \$ $1,030$ \$ $54,713$ NET POSITION 8 $680,155$ $4,979,673$ $5,659,828$ Restricted for: $12,554$ $12,554$ $12,554$ Cultural and Recreation $70,466$ $70,466$ $70,466$ Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute $156,465$ $156,465$ Unrestricted $2,471,356$ $6,412,017$ $8,883,373$	DEFENDED INFLOWS OF DESCUDOES						
Prepaid Taxes $1,173$ $1,173$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources\$ 53,683 \$ 1,030 \$ 54,713 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets $680,155$ $4,979,673$ Restricted for:Transportation $12,554$ $12,554$ Cultural and Recreation $70,466$ $70,466$ Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute $156,465$ $156,465$ Unrestricted $2,471,356$ $6,412,017$ $8,883,373$			52 510		1.020		52 540
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 53,683 \$ 1,030 \$ 54,713 NET POSITION 680,155 4,979,673 5,659,828 Net Investment in Capital Assets 680,155 4,979,673 5,659,828 Restricted for: 12,554 12,554 12,554 Cultural and Recreation 70,466 70,466 70,466 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 156,465 156,465 156,465 Unrestricted 2,471,356 6,412,017 8,883,373					1,050		
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 680,155 4,979,673 5,659,828 Restricted for: 12,554 12,554 Transportation 12,554 12,554 Cultural and Recreation 70,466 70,466 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 156,465 156,465 Unrestricted 2,471,356 6,412,017 8,883,373	-	<u>ф</u>		¢	1.020	¢	
Net Investment in Capital Assets 680,155 4,979,673 5,659,828 Restricted for: 12,554 12,554 Transportation 12,554 12,554 Cultural and Recreation 70,466 70,466 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 156,465 156,465 Unrestricted 2,471,356 6,412,017 8,883,373	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	53,083	\$	1,030	\$	54,713
Restricted for: 12,554 Transportation 12,554 Cultural and Recreation 70,466 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 156,465 Unrestricted 2,471,356 6,412,017	NET POSITION						
Transportation 12,554 12,554 Cultural and Recreation 70,466 70,466 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 156,465 156,465 Unrestricted 2,471,356 6,412,017 8,883,373	Net Investment in Capital Assets		680,155		4,979,673		5,659,828
Cultural and Recreation 70,466 70,466 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 156,465 156,465 Unrestricted 2,471,356 6,412,017 8,883,373	Restricted for:						
Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 156,465 156,465 Unrestricted 2,471,356 6,412,017 8,883,373	Transportation		12,554				12,554
Unrestricted 2,471,356 6,412,017 8,883,373	Cultural and Recreation		70,466				70,466
	Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute		156,465				156,465
Total Net Position \$ 3.390.996 \$ 11.391.690 \$ 14.782.686	Unrestricted		2,471,356		6,412,017		8,883,373
	Total Net Position	\$	3,390,996	\$	11,391,690	\$	14,782,686

EXHIBIT 2

TOWN OF JEFFERSON STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

						GRAM REVEN		NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION						
Functions/Programs		Expenses		arges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions			IARY GOVER Business- Type Activities	NMI	ENT Total		
Primary Government:														
Governmental Activities:														
General Government	\$	352,505	\$	540	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(351,965)	\$ -	\$	(351,965)		
Public Safety		531,457		240		122,056			(409,161)			(409,161)		
Transportation		307,168				48,320			(258,848)			(258,848)		
Environmental Protection		121,017				1,167			(119,850)			(119,850)		
Cultural and Recreation		6,372		500		978			(4,894)			(4,894)		
Education		16,667	-						(16,667)			(16,667)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,335,186	\$	1,280	\$	172,521	\$ -	\$	(1,161,385)	\$ -	\$	(1,161,385)		
Business-Type Activities: Water and Sewer		929,294		869,208						(60,086)		(60,086)		
Total Business-Type Activities		929,294		869,208						(60,086)		(60,086)		
Totals	\$	2,264,480	\$	870,488	\$	172,521	\$ -	\$	(1,161,385)	\$ (60,086)	\$	(1,221,471)		
	Ta F U Ga		s, lev nterg tribu	government tions not re	tal estrio	purpose cted to specific p	rograms		667,160 766,587			667,160 766,587		
		nrestricted inv	vesti	nent earnir	ngs				8,153	20,154		28,307		
		iscellaneous							17,661			17,661		
	Tr	ansfers							(200,000)	200,000		-		
		Total genera	l rev	venues and	tran	sfers			1,259,561	220,154		1,479,715		
		Change in N	et P	osition					98,176	160,068		258,244		
		Net Position	- B	eginning R	estat	ed			3,292,820	11,231,622		14,524,442		
			_					_		* * * * * * * * *	.			

\$ 3,390,996

\$ 11,391,690 \$

14,782,686

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net Position - Ending

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	N	lajor Fund General Fund	No	Total on - Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	2,520,810	\$	122,921	\$	2,643,731	
Restricted Cash & Investments		12,554		71,366		83,920	
Receivables, Net: Taxes		114.096				114.096	
Accounts		114,986				114,986	
Due from Other Governments		152,610				152,610	
Due from Other Funds		3,855				3,855	
Total Assets	\$	2,804,815	\$	194,287	\$	2,999,102	
LIABILITIES							
Due to Other Funds	\$	59	\$	-	\$	59	
Accounts Payable & Accrued Liabilities		24,085		900		24,985	
Total Liabilities	\$	24,144	\$	900	\$	25,044	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Property Taxes Receivable	\$	114,986	\$	-	\$	114,986	
Prepaid Taxes		1,173				1,173	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	116,159	\$	-	\$	116,159	
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted							
Stabilization by State Statute	\$	156,465	\$	-	\$	156,465	
Streets - Powell Bill		12,554				12,554	
Cemetery Maintenance				70,466		70,466	
Assigned Capital Projects				122,921		122,921	
Subsequent Year's Expenditures		315,000		122,921		315,000	
Unassigned		2,180,493				2,180,493	
Total Fund Balance	\$	2,664,512	\$	193,387		2,857,899	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resource							
& Fund Balances	\$	2,804,815	\$	194,287			

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are	
different because:	
Total Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	\$ 2,857,899
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore	
are not reported in the funds (net).	680,155
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.	206,495
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.	(52,510)
Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay	
for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred.	29,636
Liabilities for earned but deferred revenues in fund statements are recognized as revenue	
in the statements of net assets.	114,986
Some liabilities, such as compensated absences, are not due and payable	
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(16,338)
Long-term liabilities, such as net pension liability, used in governmental activities	
are not financial uses, and therefore are not reported in the funds.	 (429,327)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,390,996
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.	

<u>TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA</u>
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Major Fund General Fund			Total n - Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues							
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	620,972	\$	-	\$	620,972	
Unrestricted Intergovernmental		766,587				766,587	
Restricted Intergovernmental		171,543				171,543	
Permits & Fees		780				780	
Sales & Services				500		500	
Investment Earnings		7,745		1,386		9,131	
Miscellaneous		17,661				17,661	
Total Revenues	\$	1,585,288	\$	1,886	\$	1,587,174	
Expenditures							
Current:							
General Governmental	\$	351,868	\$	-	\$	351,868	
Public Safety		499,186				499,186	
Transportation		310,618				310,618	
Environmental Protection		121,017				121,017	
Cultural & Recreational		3,822		2,550		6,372	
Education		16,667				16,667	
Capital Outlay							
Total Expenditures	\$	1,303,178	\$	2,550	\$	1,305,728	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over Expenditures	\$	282,110	\$	(664)	\$	281,446	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers from Other Funds				5,000		5,000	
Transfer to Other Funds		(205,000)				(205,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(205,000)	\$	5,000	\$	(200,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	77,110	\$	4,336	\$	81,446	
Fund Balances:							
Beginning of Year, July 1	\$	2,587,402	\$	189,051	\$	2,776,453	
End of Year, June 30	\$	2,664,512	\$	193,387	\$	2,857,899	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

EXHIBIT 4

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	81,446
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized \$	40,101	
	(47,252)	(7,151)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not		
included on the Statement of Activities		64,820
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Increase(Decrease) in unavailable revenue for tax revenues		33,279
Increase(Decrease) in accrued interest receivable on taxes		12,910
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to		
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt		
consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither		
transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of		
these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		-
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use		
of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures		
in governmental funds.		
Decrease(Increase) in compensated absences		4,994
Pension Expense		(92,122)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	98,176

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Original		Final			Fi F	riance With nal Budget Favorable
		Budget		Budget		Actual	(U	nfavorable)
Revenues:								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	521,800	\$	521,800	\$	620,972	\$	99,172
Unrestricted intergovernmental		435,000		435,000		766,587		331,587
Restricted intergovernmental		48,000		48,000		171,543		123,543
Permits and fees						780		780
Investment earnings		8,000		8,000		7,745		(255)
Miscellaneous						17,661		17,661
Total Revenues	\$	1,012,800	\$	1,012,800	\$	1,585,288	\$	572,488
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government	\$	392,476	\$	392,476	\$	351,868	\$	40,608
Public safety		539,452		539,452		499,186		40,266
Transportation		390,422		390,422		310,618		79,804
Environmental protection		120,000		120,000		121,017		(1,017)
Cultural and recreational		10,500		10,500		3,822		6,678
Education		16,667		16,667		16,667		-
Contingency								
Total Expenditures		1,469,517		1,469,517		1,303,178		166,339
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(456,717)	\$	(456,717)	\$	282,110	\$	738,827
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfer to other funds	\$	(205,000)	\$	(205,000)	\$	(205,000)	\$	_
Appropriated fund balance	Ψ	661,717	Ψ	661,717	Ψ	(205,000)	Ψ	(661,717)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	456,717	\$	456,717	\$	(205,000)	\$	(661,717)
Revenues and other financing sources over	Ψ	100,717	Ψ	100,717	Ψ	(200,000)	Ψ	(001,717)
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	77,110	\$	77,110
Fund balances:								
Beginning of year July 1						2,587,402		
End of year June 30					\$	2,664,512		
The notes to the financial statements are an inte	gral j	part of this st	aten	nent.				

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TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS

Current Assets:		
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	6,437,103
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		73,150
Accounts Receivable - Net		51,750
Due from Other Governments		10,126
Due from Other Funds		59
Total Current Assets	\$	6,572,188
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital Assets - Net	\$	4,979,673
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	4,979,673
Total Assets	\$	11,551,861
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Deferrals	\$	83,440
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	م لا	83,440
Total Defended Outflows of Resources	ψ	05,440
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	23,355
Customer Deposits		73,150
Compensated Absences Payable		14,396
Due to Other Funds		3,855
Total Current Liabilities	\$	114,756
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Net Pension Liabilities		127,825
Toal Noncurrent Liabilities		127,825
Total Liabilities	\$	242,581
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Deferrals	\$	1,030
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	4,979,673
Unrestricted		6,412,017
Total Net Position	\$	11,391,690

EXHIBIT 7

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Enterprise
Operating Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$	800,606
Other Operating Revenues		68,602
Total Operating Revenues	\$	869,208
Operating Expenses:		
Water Department	\$	361,412
Sewer Department		342,194
Depreciation		225,688
Total Operating Expenses	\$	929,294
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(60,086)
Non Operating Revenues (Expenses):		
Interest Income	\$	20,154
Interest & Fees Expense		-
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	20,154
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and Contributions	\$	(39,932)
Capital Contributions	\$	-
Transfers from Other Funds		200,000
Change in Net Position	\$	160,068
Net Position, Beginning	\$	11,231,622
Net Position, Ending	\$	11,391,690

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	E	Enterprise
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Received from Customers	\$	824,816
Cash Paid for Goods and Services		(312,829)
Cash Paid to and on behalf of Employees		(367,357)
Customer Deposits Received		2,585
Customer Deposits Returned		(1,900)
Other Operating Revenues		68,602
Sales Tax Refund Received		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	213,917
Cash Flow from Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Transfer in from General Fund	\$	200,000
Decrease in Amount Due from General Fund		4,627
Increase in Amount due to General fund		3,855
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	\$	208,482
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Acquisition of Capital Assets	\$	-
Capital Contributions		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Interest on Investments	\$	20,154
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalent	\$	442,553
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		6,067,700
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	6,510,253
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(60,086)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation	\$	225,688
Pension Expense		47,214
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		24,210
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Governments		(4,690)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable (operating only)		13,950
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		685
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Payable		(1,516)
Current Year Contributions to Pension		(31,538)
Total Adjustments	\$	274,003
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	213,917
Noncash investing capital and financing	¢	
Noncash investing, capital and financing:	Φ	-

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Jefferson conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Jefferson is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activity of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category-- *governmental and proprietary* -- are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for administration, public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

The Town reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Cemetery Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to account for the care of the municipal cemetery.

Capital Projects Fund - This fund accounts for the accumulation of funds to finance future capital projects.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Fund - This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Funds Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. No exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property

taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013, and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue because the tax is levied by Ashe County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by combination of specific cost - reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost - reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Fund and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Capital Projects Fund and the Enterprise Fund Capital Projects Funds, which are consolidated with the operating funds for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than 10% of appropriated monies for the function being reduced. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and Super NOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain nonguaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The Town's investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. Currently the Town's only investments are money markets and certificates of deposits, which are all time deposits.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town has several cash accounts from which it makes disbursement and to diversify investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

Town of Jefferson Restricted Cash

\$ 12,554
 71,366
\$ 83,920
\$ 73,150
\$ 73,150
\$ 157,070
\$

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes which are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Inventories

The inventories of the Town's General Fund consist of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures when purchased. Inventories in the enterprise fund are considered immaterial and, therefore, are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are \$5,000 for furniture, computer software, equipment, vehicles, buildings, improvements, and infrastructure. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated	
Asset Class	Useful Lives	
Infrastructure	20	_
Buildings	50	
Improvements	20	
Vehicles	5	
Furniture and equipment	10	
Computer equipment	3	
Computer software	5	
Water & sewer systems	25	

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meets this criterion, contributions made to the pension plan in the 2021 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has three items that meet the criterion for this category - prepaid taxes, property taxes receivable, and deferrals of pension expense that result from the implementation of GASB Statements 68 and 73.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town is to assign vacation days at the beginning of the calendar year, which must be fully used by the end of that calendar year. Any vacation balance remaining at the end of the calendar year is paid out to the employee. The Town's liability for accumulated earned vacation as of the end of the fiscal year is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements on a FIFO basis, and is considered to be current.

The Town's sick leave policy provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified net investment in capital assets, restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Town's nonspendable fund balance is zero at year end.

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaid as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Cemetery Maintenance - portion of fund balance restricted by donors for cemetery maintenance.

Committed Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation. The Town's committed fund balance is zero at year end.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that Town of Jefferson intends to use for specific purposes.

Assigned for Capital Projects - portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the governing body for future capital projects.

Subsequent year's expenditures - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Unassigned Fund Balance - the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Jefferson has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-city funds, city funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance.

12. Defined Benefit Cost - Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Jefferson's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of Jefferson has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the expenditures made in the Town's General Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the governing board for Environmental Protection by \$1,017. This over-expenditure occurred because of a minor increase in the garbage collection contract. The interim manager did not discover this error in time to make a budget amendment for it. The new Town manager is aware, and will more closely review budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

- A. Assets
 - 1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated

Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the units' name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in its name.

The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collaterization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2021, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$9,237,704 and a bank balance of \$9,247,350. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2021 the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$200.

2. Receivables - Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts receivable presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position are presented net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

Fund	<u>6/</u>	30/2021
Enterprise Fund	\$	4,480
General Fund - Taxes Receivable		27,600
Total	\$	32,080

3. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balances	Inc	reases	Decreases		Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 170,200	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 170,200
Construction in progress						
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 170,200	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 170,200
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Building	\$ 603,274	\$	12,000	\$	-	\$ 615,274
Other improvements	49,705					49,705
Equipment	365,298		28,101			393,399
Vehicles and motorized equipment	474,960				-	474,960
Infrastructure						
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 1,493,237	\$	40,101	\$	_	\$ 1,533,338

Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Building	\$	214,012	\$	11,100	\$		-	\$	225,112
Other improvements		20,793		2,485					23,278
Equipment		353,340		3,530					356,870
Vehicles and motorized equipment		387,986		30,137					418,123
Infrastructure									
Total accumulated depreciation		976,131		47,252			-		1,023,383
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		517,106							509,955
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	687,306					-	\$	680,155
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of	the j	primary gover	nme	ent as follo	ws:		-		
General government	\$	1,825							
Public safety		25,628							
Transportation		19,799							
Cultural and recreational									
Total depreciation expense	\$	47,252							
Business-type activities:		Beginning							Ending
Business-type activities: <i>Water and Sewer Fund</i>		Beginning Balances	Iı	ncreases		Decreases			Ending Balances
			Iı	ncreases		Decreases			U
Water and Sewer Fund	\$		Iı \$	ncreases -	\$	Decreases	-	\$	U
Water and Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated:		Balances		ncreases -		Decreases	-		Balances
Water and Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated: Land		Balances		ncreases - -		Decreases	-		Balances
Water and Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	Balances 215,245	\$	ncreases - -	\$	Decreases	-	\$	Balances 215,245
Water and Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	Balances 215,245	\$	ncreases - - -	\$	Decreases	-	\$	Balances 215,245
Water and Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated:	\$	Balances 215,245 215,245	\$ \$	ncreases - - -	\$ \$ \$	Decreases	-	\$ \$	Balances 215,245 215,245
Water and Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Plant and distribution systems	\$ \$ \$	Balances 215,245 215,245 10,450,708	\$ \$	ncreases - - - -	\$ \$		-	\$ \$	Balances 215,245 215,245 10,450,708 345,551
Water and Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Plant and distribution systems Vehicles and equipment	\$ \$ \$	Balances 215,245 215,245 10,450,708 345,551	\$ \$ \$	-	\$ \$ \$		-	\$ \$	Balances 215,245 215,245 10,450,708 345,551
Water and Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Plant and distribution systems Vehicles and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ \$ \$	Balances 215,245 215,245 10,450,708 345,551	\$ \$ \$	211,499	\$ \$ \$		-	\$ \$	Balances 215,245 215,245 10,450,708 345,551
Water and Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Plant and distribution systems Vehicles and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Plant and distribution systems Vehicles and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Plant and distribution systems Vehicles and equipment	\$ \$ \$	Balances 215,245 215,245 10,450,708 345,551 10,796,259	\$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$		-	\$ \$	Balances 215,245 215,245 10,450,708 345,551 10,796,259 5,722,447 309,386
Water and Sewer FundCapital assets not being depreciated:LandConstruction in progressTotal capital assets not being depreciatedCapital assets being depreciated:Plant and distribution systemsVehicles and equipmentTotal capital assets being depreciatedLess accumulated depreciation for:Plant and distribution systemsVehicles and equipmentTotal capital assets being depreciatedLess accumulated depreciation for:Plant and distribution systemsVehicles and equipmentTotal accumulated depreciation	\$ \$ \$	Balances 215,245 215,245 10,450,708 345,551 10,796,259 5,510,948 295,197 5,806,145	\$ \$ \$	211,499	\$ \$ \$		-	\$ \$	Balances 215,245 215,245 10,450,708 345,551 10,796,259 5,722,447 309,386 6,031,833
Water and Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Plant and distribution systems Vehicles and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Plant and distribution systems Vehicles and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Plant and distribution systems Vehicles and equipment	\$ \$ \$	Balances 215,245 215,245 10,450,708 345,551 10,796,259 5,510,948 295,197	\$ \$ \$	- - - 211,499 14,189	\$ \$ \$		-	\$ \$ \$	Balances 215,245 215,245 10,450,708 345,551 10,796,259 5,722,447 309,386

Construction commitments

The government has no active construction projects as of June 30, 2021.

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Jefferson is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent,

who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Services Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of credible service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town of Jefferson employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Jefferson's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 10.84% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 10.15% for general employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Jefferson were \$81,273 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Refunds of Contributions. Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a liability of \$329,470 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The

Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the Town's proportion was 0.00922% which was a decrease of 0.000890% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$122,692. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Γ	Deferred		Deferred
	Ou	tflows of		Inflows of
	Resources			Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	41,606	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		24,519		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		46,364		
Changes in proportion and differences between Town				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		21,291		2,656
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		81,287		
Total	\$	215,067	\$	2,656

The \$81,287 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2022	\$ 39,34	3
2023	48,77	'4
2024	29,28	35
2025	13,72	21
2026		
Thereafter		
	\$ 131,12	23

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation Salary increases	3.0 percent3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial

experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2018 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

		Discount					
	1%	1% Decrease		Rate		1% Increase	
	(6.00%)	((7.00%)		(8.00%)	
Town's proportionate share of the net							
pension liability (asset)	\$	668,458	\$	329,470	\$	47,747	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description.

The Town of Jefferson administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2019, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	1
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	5
Total	6

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statements 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2019 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent
	3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Discount rate	1.93 percent

The Discount rate is based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 year High Grade Rate Index.

Mortality rates are based on Pub -2010 amount-weighted tables, projected forward generationally with scale MP-2019.

4. Contributions.

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. Benefits paid for the reporting period were \$15,070.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021 the Town reported a total liability of \$227,691. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020 based on a December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$16,597.

	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	In	Deferred Iflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	\$ 25,515 41,823		47,420 3,465
Benefits payments and plan administrative expense made subsequent to the measurement date		7,535		-
Total	\$	74,873	\$	50,885

The amount of \$7,535 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Deferred	
	Outflows of Inflows of	•
Year ended June 30:	Resources Resources	
2022	\$ 16,017 \$ 13,2	81
2023	15,172 12,3	86
2024	14,214 9,9	51
2025	14,214 7,55	22
2026	7,518 7,51	22
Thereafter	203 2	23
Total	\$ 67,338 \$ 50,8	85

Sensitivity of the towns total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Towns total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.93 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.93 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.93 percent) than the current rate:

	Discount					
	1% Decrease Rate		1% Increase			
	(0.93%)	(1.93%)	(2.93%)			
Total pension liability	\$ 247,120	\$ 227,691	\$ 210,155			

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	 2021
Beginning balance	\$ 233,420
Service cost	6,497
Interest on the total pension liability	7,364
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the	
measurement of total pension liability	(45,355)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	40,835
Benefit payments	(15,070)
Other changes	
Ending balance of total pension liability	\$ 227,691

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The health mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Government Employee's Retirement System for the five year period ending December 31, 2019.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

139,289 557,161
557,161
67,121
66,342
46,364
21,291
88,822
289,940
47,420
3,465
2,656
53,541

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan, a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401 (k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$16,927, which consisted of \$12,143 from the Town and \$4,784 from the law enforcement officers. General employees may make voluntary contributions to this plan also. Those voluntary contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$8,770.

d. Other Postemployment Benefits

Health Care Benefits

Plan Description. Under the terms of a Town resolution, effective December 1, 2018 the Town administers a single - employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). The Town Board has authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided. The Town pays the full cost of coverage for employees' benefits through private insures for those employees who retire with a minimum of 20 years of creditable service and have reached age 60. For those employees who retire with at least 15 years of creditable service and have reached age 60 the Town will pay half of the cost of health benefits. Coverage will continue until the retiree is eligible for Medicare. The Town Board may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan, as the board has not finalized the plan as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, no amounts are reported for June 30, 2021.

e. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the system, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

2. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The Town has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

	Stat	tement of			
	Net	Position			
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year (LGERS)	\$	81,287			
Benefit payments made for LEOSSA subsequent to measurement date		7,535			
Differences between expected and actual experience		67,121			
Changes of assumptions		66,342			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension					
plan investments		46,364			
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions		21,291			
Total	\$	289,940			
Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:					
	Stat	tement of	Gen	eral Fund	
	Net	Position	Bala	ance Sheet	į
Prepaid taxes (General Fund)	\$	1,173	\$	1,173	3
Taxes receivable, less penalties (General Fund)				114,986	5
Changes in assumptions (LEO)					
Differences between expected and actual experience (LGERS)					
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions (LEO)		53,541			
Total	\$	54,714	\$	116,159)

3. Commitments

The Town gives credit to Mountain View School for one-half of its water and sewer charges to repay the Ashe County Board of Education for its help in constructing water and sewer lines to the school. The credit allowed for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was \$3,305, which is lower than the prior year, mainly because of lower consumption at the school due to COVID-19. The total balance remaining is \$211,375.

4. <u>Risk Management</u>

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal

years. The Town does not currently carry flood insurance due to lack of feasibility.

In accordance with G. S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Town's finance officer is bonded for \$50,000 and Town manager (tax collector) is bonded for \$25,000.

5. Long Term Debt Obligations

a. General Obligation Indebtedness

The Town currently has no general obligation bonds.

b. Installments Purchases

The Town currently has no installment purchases outstanding.

c. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

]	Balance]	Balance		Current
	Jul	y 1, 2020	Increases		Decreases		June 30, 2021		Amount	
Governmental activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	21,282	\$	16,079	\$	21,023	\$	16,338	\$	16,338
Net pension liability (LGERS)		167,566		34,070		-		201,636		-
Total pension liability (LEO)		233,420				5,729		227,691		-
Gov. activities long-term liabilities	\$	422,268	\$	50,149	\$	26,752	\$	445,665	\$	16,338
Business-type activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	15,913	\$	15,586	\$	17,103	\$	14,396	\$	14,396
Net pension liability (LGERS)		108,527		19,298		-		127,825		-
Bus-type activity long-term liabilities	\$	124,440	\$	34,884	\$	17,103	\$	142,221	\$	14,396

Compensated absences typically have been liquidated.

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

Balances Due to/from Other Funds:

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

From the General Fund to the Water and Sewer Fund for expenditure reimbursement		59
From the Water and Sewer Fund to the General Fund for payroll tax reimbursement		3,855
	\$	3,914
Transfers to/from Other Funds:		
Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2021, consist of the following:		
From the General Fund to the Water and Sewer Fund for operations	\$	200,000
From the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund for future use		5,000
Total	\$	205,000

D. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total Fund Balance - General Fund	\$ 2,664,512
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	156,465
Streets - Powell Bill	12,554
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2022 budget	315,000
Remaining Fund Balance	2,180,493

IV. SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several Federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

V. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date these financial statements were available to be issued - November 30, 2021

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA TOWN OF JEFFERSON'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS*

LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Jefferson's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.00922%	0.01011%	0.00825%	0.00870%	0.00955%	0.00907%	0.00942%	0.00950%
Jefferson's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 329,470	\$ 276,096	\$ 195,718	\$ 132,912	\$ 202,683	\$ 40,706	\$ (51,991)	\$ 114,511
Jefferson's covered-employee payroll	\$ 760,789	\$ 762,434	\$ 714,100	\$ 707,485	\$ 676,541	\$ 650,957	\$ 691,927	\$ 657,562
Jefferson's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	43.31%	36.21%	27.41%	18.79%	29.96%	6.25%	(8.03%)	17.41%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	88.61%	90.86%	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

** This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA TOWN OF JEFFERSON'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 81,273	\$ 69,943	\$ 60,870	\$ 54,998	\$ 52,744	\$ 45,940	\$ 46,530	\$ 48,732
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	81,273	69,943	60,870	54,998	52,744	45,940	46,530	48,732
required contribution	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Jefferson's covered-employee payroll	\$ 783,323	\$ 760,789	\$ 762,434	\$ 714,100	\$ 707,485	\$ 676,541	\$ 650,957	\$ 691,927
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.38%	9.19%	7.98%	7.70%	7.46%	6.79%	7.15%	7.04%

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE JUNE 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Beginning Balance	\$233,420	\$188,240	\$204,344	\$190,157	\$ 180,338
Service Cost	6,497	8,274	7,092	6,847	7,237
Interest On The Total Pension Liability	7,364	6,578	6,466	7,340	6,438
Changes of Benefit Terms			-	-	-
Differences Between Expected And Actual Experience					
In The Measurement Of The Total Pension Liability	(45,355)	37,961	(18,799)	-	-
Changes Of Assumptions Or Other Inputs	40,835	7,437	(720)	-	(3,856)
Benefit Payments	(15,070)	(15,070)	(10,143)	-	-
Other Changes					
Ending Balance Of The Total Pension Liability	\$227,691	\$233,420	\$188,240	\$204,344	\$ 190,157

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE JUNE 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total Pension Liability	\$227,691	\$233,420	\$188,240	\$204,344	\$190,157
Covered Payroll	224,245	270,716	201,169	194,936	200,919
Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	101.54%	86.22%	93.57%	104.83%	94.64%

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Jefferson has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

EXHIBIT B-1

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA <u>GENERAL FUND</u> <u>STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND</u> <u>CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL</u> <u>FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021</u>

	Pudgat			Astucl		Variance Favorable	
Revenues:		Budget	Actual		(Ur	nfavorable)	
Ad Valorem Taxes:							
Current Year	\$	521,000	\$	595,905	\$	74,905	
Prior Years	Ψ	300	Ψ	20,502	Ψ	20,202	
Penalties and Interest		500		4,565		4,065	
Total	\$	521,800	\$	620,972	\$	99,172	
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues:							
Local Option Sales Tax	\$	350,000	\$	606,106	\$	256,106	
Telecommunications Tax	Ŧ	,	+	3,285	Ŧ	3,285	
Utility Franchise Tax		85,000		136,883		51,883	
Piped Natural Gas Tax				5,724		5,724	
Video Franchise Fee				8,038		8,038	
Beer & Wine Excise Tax				6,551		6,551	
Total	\$	435,000	\$	766,587	\$	331,587	
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues:							
Federal Grant	\$	-	\$	122,056	\$	122,056	
Solid Waste Disposal Tax				1,167		1,167	
Powell Bill Allocation		48,000		48,320		320	
Total	\$	48,000	\$	171,543	\$	123,543	
Permits and Fees:							
Street Assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Permits				540		540	
Police Officers Fees				240		240	
Total	\$		\$	780	\$	780	
Investment Earnings	\$	8,000	\$	7,745	\$	(255)	
Miscellaneous	\$		\$	17,661	\$	17,661	
Total Revenues	\$	1,012,800	\$	1,585,288	\$	572,488	
Expenditures:							
General Government							
Administration							
Salaries & Benefits	\$	-	\$	251,078	\$	-	
Operating Expenses				100,790			
Capital Outlay							
Total General Government	\$	392,476	\$	351,868	\$	40,608	

EXHIBIT B-1

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA <u>GENERAL FUND</u> STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Dudget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Public Safety		Budget			(01	llavolable)	
Police							
Salaries & Benefits Operating Expenses Capital Outlay	\$	-	\$	412,434 64,752 12,000	\$	-	
Total	\$	529,452	\$	489,186	\$	40,266	
Fire							
Contributions to Jefferson							
Volunteer Fire Department	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	-	
Total Public Safety	\$	539,452	\$	499,186	\$	40,266	
Transmartations							
Transportation: Street Repairs & Construction							
Salaries & Benefits	\$	_	\$	83,939	\$	_	
Repairs & Maintenance	φ	-	φ	77,197	φ	-	
Utilities				54,766			
Other Operating Expenses				23,808			
Capital Outlay				28,119			
Total	\$	314,372	\$	267,829	\$	46,543	
Powell Bill Expenditures							
Salaries & Benefits	\$	-	\$	37,480	\$	-	
Operating Expenses				5,309			
Capital Outlay				-			
Total	\$	76,050	\$	42,789	\$	33,261	
Total Transportation	\$	390,422	\$	310,618	\$	79,804	
Environmental Protection							
Sanitation							
Recycle	\$	-	\$	38,422	\$	-	
Garbage Collection Contract Property Condemnation				82,595			
Total Environmental Protection	\$	120,000	\$	121,017	\$	(1,017)	
Cultural & Recreational							
Contribution to Arts Council	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Town Beautification				3,822			
Total Cultural & Recreational	\$	10,500	\$	3,822	\$	6,678	
Education							
Contribution to WCC Building	\$	16,667	\$	16,667	\$	-	
Total Education	\$	16,667	\$	16,667	\$	-	
tal Expenditures	\$	1,469,517	\$	1,303,178	\$	166,339	
evenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(456,717)	\$	282,110	\$	738,827	

EXHIBIT B-1

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA <u>GENERAL FUND</u> STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget		 Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Contribution to Water & Sewer Fund Contribution to Capital Projects Fund	\$	(200,000) (5,000)	\$ (200,000) (5,000)	\$	-
Fund Balance Appropriated Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	661,717 456,717	\$ (205,000)	\$	(661,717) (661,717)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	\$		\$ 77,110	\$	77,110
Fund Balance Beginning of Year, July 1 End of Year, June 30			\$ 2,587,402 2,664,512		

EXHIBIT C-1

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Cemetery Fund			Capital Project Fund		al Non-Major overnmental Funds
Assets		Tullu	III	Jeet Pullu		Tunus
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	122,921		122,921
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		71,366				71,366
Total Assets	\$	71,366	\$	122,921	\$	194,287
Liabilities and Fund Balance						
Accounts Payable	\$	900	\$	-	\$	900
Fund Balances: Restricted:						
Cemetery Maintenance Assigned:		70,466				70,466
Capital Projects				122,921		122,921
Total Fund Balance	\$	70,466	\$	122,921	\$	193,387
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	71,366	\$	122,921	\$	194,287

<u>TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA</u> <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND</u> <u>CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES</u> <u>NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u> <u>FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021</u>

	Cemetery Fund		Pro	pital ojects und	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
Revenues: Sale of Plots Investment Earnings Contributions	\$	500 978 -	\$	408	\$	500 1,386 -	
Total	\$	1,478	\$	408	\$	1,886	
Expenditures: General Government:							
Administration	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Cultural & Recreational:							
Grounds Maintenance Other	\$	2,550	\$	-	\$	2,550	
Total Cultural & Recreational	\$	2,550	\$	-	\$	2,550	
Total Expenditures	\$	2,550			\$	2,550	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(1,072)	\$	408	\$	(664)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer In				5,000		5,000	
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(1,072)		5,408	\$	4,336	
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1		71,538	11	7,513		189,051	
End of Year, June 30	\$	70,466		2,921	\$	193,387	

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA SPECIAL REVENUE - CEMETERY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget A		Actual	Variance Favorable (<u>Unfavorable</u>)	
Revenues:					
Sale of Plots	\$	- 5	\$	500	500
Investment Earnings Contributions		5		978	973
Total	\$	5	\$	1,478	\$ 1,473
Expenditures:					
Cultural & Recreational:					
Grounds Maintenance Other	\$	-	\$	2,550	\$ -
Total	\$	4,500	\$	2,550	\$ 1,950
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(4,495)	\$	(1,072)	\$ 3,423
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Appropriated Fund Balance		4,495			(4,495)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources		.,			(1,120)
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	-	\$	(1,072)	\$ (1,072)
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of Year, July 1				71,538	
End of Year, June 30			\$	70,466	

EXHIBIT D-2

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues: Interest	\$	_	\$	408	\$	408
Interest	Ψ		Ψ	+00	Ψ	+00
Total Revenue	\$		\$	408	\$	408
Expenditures: General Government Administration:	\$	5,000	\$		\$	5,000
Building Improvements	¢	3,000	\$		\$	3,000
Total Expenditures	\$		\$		\$	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures:	\$	-	\$	408	\$	408
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer from General Fund	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	
Excess of Revenues & Other Sources Over Expenditures & Other Uses	\$	5,000		5,408	\$	408
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1 End of Year, June 30			\$	117,513 122,921		

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE - WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON GAAP) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget		Actual		F	Variance avorable nfavorable)
Revenues:						<u> </u>
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for Service						
Water Charges	\$	410,000	\$	496,008	\$	86,008
Sewer Charges		220,000		294,022		74,022
Water & Sewer Taps		1,000		9,126		8,126
Availability Fees		-		1,450		1,450
Total Charges for Service	\$	631,000	\$	800,606	\$	169,606
Other Operating Revenues:						
Sales of Equipment	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Miscellaneous		28,000		68,602		40,602
Total Other Operating Revenues	\$	28,000	\$	68,602	\$	40,602
Total Operating Revenues	\$	659,000	\$	869,208	\$	210,208
Non Operating Revenue: Interest on Investments		38,400		20,154		(18,246)
Total Revenues	\$	697,400	\$	889,362	\$	191,962
Expenditures:						
Water Department:						
Salaries & Benefits	\$	-	\$	190,989	\$	-
Utilities				40,959		
Repair & Maintenance				35,586		
Other Operating Expenses				86,732		
Capital Outlay				-		
Total	\$	439,450	\$	354,266	\$	85,184
Sewer Department:						
Salaries & Benefits	\$	_	\$	176,368	\$	_
Utilities	Ψ		Ψ	64,617	Ψ	
Repair & Maintenance				22,517		
Other Operating Expenses				71,677		
Capital Outlay				-		
Total	\$	469,600	\$	335,179	\$	134,421

EXHIBIT D-3

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA <u>ENTERPRISE - WATER AND SEWER FUND</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON GAAP)</u> <u>FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021</u>

		Budget	 Actual		/ariance avorable ifavorable)
Contingency	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Total	\$		\$ 	\$	
Total Expenditures	\$	909,050	\$ 689,445	\$	219,605
Revenues Over/Under Expenditures		(211,650)	 199,917		411,567
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Capital Contributions		200,000	200,000		-
Fund Balance Appropriated Total Other Fin. Sources. (Uses)	\$	11,650 211,650	\$ 200,000	\$	(11,650) (11,650)
Rev. & Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	(423,300)	\$ 399,917	\$	823,217
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual Reconciling Items:					
(Increase) Decrease in Compensated Al Increase(Decrease) in Deferred Outflow Pensions			\$ 1,516 4651		
(Increase)Decrease in Net Pension Liab	•		(19,298)		
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows Pensions	s of R	esourses -	(1,030)		
Capital Outlay (not Including Capital Pa	s)	-			
Depreciation Total Reconciling Items			\$ (225,688) (239,849)		
Change in Net Position			\$ 160,068		

EXHIBIT E-1

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE JUNE 30, 2021

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance cal Year June 30, 2020		Additions			ollections ad Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2021		
2020-21 2019-20	\$	-	\$	646,245	\$	603,384	\$	42,861	
2019-20 2018-19		37,768 21,316				15,461 2,956		22,307 18,360	
2018-19		14,110				2,930		12,907	
2017-18		10,838				1,203		9,562	
2010-17		7,340				527		6,813	
2013-10		10,495				235		10,260	
2014-15		11,455				50		11,405	
2013-14		4,481				52		4,429	
2012-13		3,732				50		3,682	
2010-11		2,973				2,973		5,002	
	\$	124,508	\$	646,245	\$	628,167	\$	142,586	
Less allowance for uncollectible ad valorem taxes receivable								(27,600)	
Ad Valorem taxes receivable - net							\$	114,986	
Reconciliation with R	Revenues:								
Taxes - Ad Valorer	n - Gener	al Fund			\$	620,972			
Discount Allowed						4,624			
Tax Collection Fees					3,273				
Adjustments						933			
Interest Collected						(4,565)			
Amounts written off for tax year									
per statute of limit	tations					2,930			
Total Collections and	Credits				\$	628,167			

EXHIBIT E-2

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY TOWN - WIDE LEVY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

					Total Levy				
	Town - Wide				Property excluding Registered		R	egistered	
	Property Total				Motor		Motor		
	Valuation	Rate Levy			Vehicles		Vehicles		
Original Levy:									
Property taxed at current year's rate	\$ 159,176,309	0.40	\$	636,697	\$	596,664	\$	40,033	
Property taxed at prior year's rate	3,671,828	0.39		14,320				14,320	
Total	\$ 162,848,137		\$	651,017	\$	596,664	\$	54,353	
Discoveries:									
Current year taxes	\$ 195,020	0.40	\$	757	\$	757	\$	-	
Abatements	(1,382,261)	0.40		(5,529)		(5,529)			
Total property valuation	\$ 161,660,896								
Net levy			\$	646,245	\$	591,892	\$	54,353	
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2021				(42,861)		(42,861)		-	
Current year's taxes collected			\$	603,384	\$	549,031	\$	54,353	
Current levy collection percentage				93.37%		92.76%		100.00%	

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Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and other Matters Based On An Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Town of Jefferson, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Jefferson, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Jefferson's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Jefferson's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Jefferson's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited the purpose described above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2021-1 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Jefferson's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town of Jefferson's Response to Findings

The Town of Jefferson's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

uscilla & Nous

Priscilla L. Norris, CPA Jefferson, NC November 30, 2021

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Section 1. Summary of Auditor's Results

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

•	Material weakness(es) identified?			X	no
•	Significant deficiency(s) identified that are				
	not considered to be material weakness?	X	yes		no
•	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes	X	no

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

<u>2021-1</u> Inadequate design of internal control over the preparation of financial statements:

The Town of Jefferson has had a lot of change in administration during the last few months of FY 20/21. The Town Manager retired, the Finance Officer resigned due to medical reasons, and new software was put in place for general ledger and utility billing. An interim manager was in place at June 30, 2021. Given these changes, neither management nor finance staff had the knowledge or experience to prepare the Town's financial statements as of June 30, 2021, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, specifically with full accrual basis statements required by GASB 34.

The Town's governing board feels that there are limited financial resources at this time for training the finance department staff in GAAP and it is not cost beneficial to obtain additional assistance in this area. However, as new employees, both the Town Manager and the Finance Officer are currently taking continuing education classes for their positions. The Town's governing board will review the draft financial statements for material errors and reasonableness in amounts.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

None Reported.

TOWN OF JEFFERSON, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Numbers</u>	State <u>Numbers</u>	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>		State Expenditures	
N.C. Department of Transportation Powell Bill		DOT- Y	\$	-	\$	42,667
<u>US Department of Treasury</u> Passed-through the Office of State Budget and Manager NC Pandemic Recovery Office Passed-through Ashe County: Coronavirus Relief Fund			122,056			
Total Assistance			\$	122,056	\$	42,667

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

1. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards includes the federal and State grant activity of the Town of Jefferson and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.