# TOWN OF MOMEYER MOMEYER, NORTH CAROLINA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

Town Council Members
Kenneth Lee Parker, Mayor
George Alma Edwards
Edward Jackson
Martha Lucas
Richard Matthews

Administrative and Financial Staff
Karen Hendricks, Town Clerk

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# Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans, & Company, LLP

**Certified Public Accountants** 

CPA SM America Counts on CPAs

Gary L. Williams, CPA Carleen P. Evans, CPA Jennifer T. Reese, CPA Tara H. Roberson, CPA

Curtis G. Van Horne, CPA

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Commissioners Town of Momeyer Momeyer, North Carolina

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the Town of Momeyer, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used the reasonableness of significant accounting estimated made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.





We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the Town of Momeyer as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3-8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Momeyer, North Carolina. The individual fund statement, budgetary schedule, and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund statement, budgetary schedule, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit, the individual fund statement, budgetary schedule, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Winston, Williams, Creech, Evans and Co., LLP

Oxford, North Carolina October 29, 2021

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

As management of the Town of Momeyer, we offer readers of the Town of Momeyer's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Momeyer for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

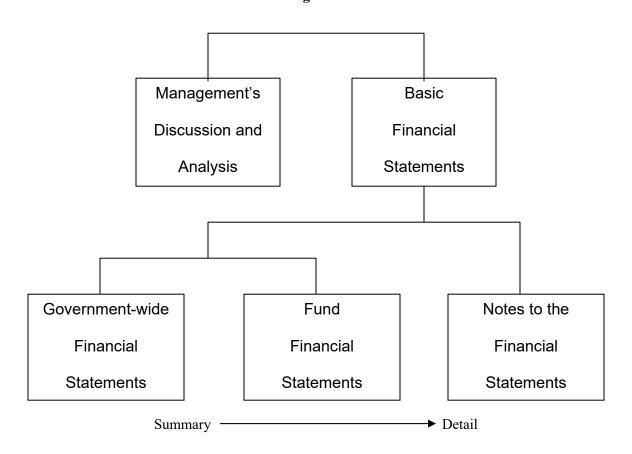
#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the Town of Momeyer exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$478,185 (*Net Position*).
- The government's total Net Position increased by \$6,560.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Momeyer's only governmental fund, the General Fund, reported an ending fund balance of \$319,265, an increase of \$14,131 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 92.36 percent of this total amount, or \$294,877, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- The unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$294,877, or 294.37% percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Momeyer's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Momeyer.

#### Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1



#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 5) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are two parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; and 2) the budgetary comparison statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's Net Position and how they have changed. Net Position are the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring Net Position is one way to gage the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements have one category: 1) governmental activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Momeyer, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Town of Momeyer are part of the governmental funds category.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Momeyer adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns:1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in

the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 18 of this report.

#### **Town of Momeyer's Net Position**

Figure 2

Corresponded

	Governmental				
	Activities				
		2021		2020	
Current and other assets	\$	322,865	\$	309,744	
Capital assets		157,331		163,235	
Total assets		480,196		472,979	
Long-term liabilities outstanding		- 2011		- 1 254	
Other liabilities		2,011		1,354	
Total liabilities		2,011		1,354	
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of					
related debt		157,331		163,235	
Restricted		13,537		11,083	
Unrestricted		307,317		297,307	
Total net assets	\$	478,185	\$	471,625	

As noted earlier, Net Position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Town of Momeyer exceeded liabilities by \$478,185 as of June 30, 2021. The Town's Net Position increased by \$6,560 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

### Town of Momeyer Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Governmental Activities				
		2021		2020	
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	590	\$	340	
Capital grants		22,858		-	
General revenues:					
Property taxes		16,887		16,345	
Other taxes		59,820		51,825	
Grants and contributions not restricted					
to specific programs		9,437		9,892	
Other		3,306		5,156	
Total revenues		112,898		83,558	
Expenses:					
General government		101,842		65,570	
Economic development		4,496		-	
Total expenses	-	106,338		65,570	
Increase in net assets		6,560		17,988	
Net assets, July 1		471,625		453,637	
Net assets, June 30	\$	478,185	\$	471,625	

• **Governmental activities**. Governmental activities increased the Town's Net Position by \$6,560, thereby accounting for the total increase in the Net Position of the Town of Momeyer. Revenues and expenses were up in comparison to the prior fiscal year.

#### Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Momeyer uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds**. The focus of the Town of Momeyer's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Momeyer's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Momeyer. At the end of the current fiscal year, Town of Momeyer's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$305,728, while total fund balance reached \$319,265. The Governing Body of the Town of Momeyer has determined that the Town should maintain a reasonable fund balance in the general fund in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the Town. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 305.2% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 318.72% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2021, the governmental fund (General Fund) of the Town of Momeyer reported a fund balance of \$319,265, a 4.63 percent increase over last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

#### **Capital Assets**

**Capital assets.** The Town of Momeyer has capital assets of \$157,331, consisting of equipment and a building. Only the equipment is fully depreciated.

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note III.A.3 of the Basic Financial Statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The following key economic indicators reflect the economic factors impacting the Town.

• Revenues expected to remain flat or slightly increase based on expectations of the current economic conditions.

#### Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

**Governmental Activities:** The total budget for governmental activities is expected to increase for the upcoming fiscal year due to American Rescue funding in the amount of \$27,735.

#### **Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Town Clerk, Town of Momeyer, 4811 Momeyer Way, Nashville, NC 27856.





#### Town of Momeyer, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT			
ASSETS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			ΓΟΤΑL
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and Investments Taxes Receivable Accounts Receivable Accrued interest receivable	\$	306,966 579 13,537 1,783	\$	306,966 579 13,537 1,783
Total Current Assets		322,865		322,865
CAPITAL ASSETS				
Fixed Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		157,331		157,331
Total Capital Assets		157,331		157,331
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	480,196	\$	480,196
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Payroll taxes and accrued liabilities Compensated absences	\$	1,238 773	\$	1,238 773
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,011		2,011
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		157,331		157,331
Stabilization by State Statute Unrestricted		13,537 307,317		13,537 307,317
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	478,185	\$	478,185

#### Town of Momeyer, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Program Revenue	es		Net (Exp	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		ges for vices	Operating Grants and Contributions		apital Grants l Contributions		vernmental Activities		Total
Primary government: Governmental Activities: General government Economic and physical development Total governmental activities	\$ 101,842 4,496 106,338	\$	590 590	\$ - - -	\$	22,858	\$	(78,984) (3,906) (82,890)	\$	(78,984) (3,906) (82,890)
Total primary government	\$ 106,338	\$	590	\$ -	\$	22,858		(82,890)		(82,890)
	General revenu Taxes:	es:								
	Property tax	kes, levie	ed for gene	eral purpose				16,887		16,887
	Other taxes							59,820		59,820
	Grants and co	ntributio	ns not res	tricted to specific progr	ams			9,437		9,437
	Unrestricted i		nt earning	S				3,141		3,141
	Miscellaneou	_						165		165
				ial items, transfers				89,450		89,450
	Change in							6,560		6,560
	Net position - b		5				•	471,625 478,185	•	471,625
	Net position - e	numg					Þ	4/8,183	Þ	478,185



#### Town of Momeyer, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

		MAJOR FUND GENERAL		TOTAL RNMENTAL
	G	ENERAL		FUNDS
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments Taxes Receivable Accounts Receivable	\$	306,966 579 13,537	\$	306,966 579 13,537
Total Assets	\$	321,082	\$	321,082
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable Payroll Taxes Payable Total Liabilities	\$	1,238 1,238	\$	1,238 1,238
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes receivable		579		579
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,817		1,817
FUND BALANCES: Restricted Stabilization by State Statute		13,537		13,537
Assigned Subsequent Year's Expenditures Unassigned		10,851 294,877		10,851 294,877
Total Fund Balances		319,265		319,265
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	321,082	\$	321,082
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statemen (Exhibit 1) are different because:	t of Net	Position		
Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from t available to pay for current-period expenditures and there resources in the funds				1,783
Liabilites for earned revenues but considered deferred infin fund statements	lows of 1	resources		579
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not final and therefore are not reported in the funds.	ncial res	ources		157,331
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, accrued interes abscences, are not due, and payable in the current period a are not reported in the governmental funds				(773)
Net position of governmental activities			\$	478,185

#### Town of Momeyer, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		MAJOR FUND		
	GENERAL FUND		TOTAL GOVERNMENTA FUNDS	
REVENUES		_		
Ad Valorem Taxes Other Taxes & Licenses Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues Permits and Fees Miscellaneous Investment Earnings	\$	17,086 59,820 9,437 22,858 590 165 4,347	\$	17,086 59,820 9,437 22,858 590 165 4,347
-				
Total Revenues  EXPENDITURES		114,303		114,303
General Government Economic Development		95,676 4,496		95,676 4,496
Total Expenditures		100,172		100,172
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		14,131		14,131
Net change in fund balance		14,131		14,131
FUND BALANCE:				
Beginning of Year - July 1		305,134		305,134
End of Year - June 30	\$	319,265	\$	319,265

# Town of Momeyer, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### 101 1110 1 12011 1 1011 21110 1 0 1110 0 0, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 14,131
Governmental funds report capital outlays as	
expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities	
the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated	
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This	
is the amount of depreciation expense for the year.	(5,904)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current	
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds	
Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues	(199)
Change in accrued interest receivable on investments	(1,206)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the	
use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as	
expenditures in governmental funds.	
Compensated Absences	 (262)
Total changes in net assets of governmental acitivities	\$ 6,560

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	GENERAL FUND							
	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE WIT FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES								
Ad Valorem Taxes Other Taxes & Licenses Unrestricted Intergovernmental	\$	16,050 38,000	\$	16,650 54,000	\$	17,086 59,820	\$	436 5,820
Revenues		8,110		8,110		9,437		1,327
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues Permits and Fees		-		22,858 430		22,858 590		160
Sales and Services		-		165		165		-
Investment Earnings						4,347		4,347
Total Revenues		62,160		102,213		114,303		12,090
EXPENDITURES								
General Government Economic Development		67,245		99,858 5,740		95,676 4,496		4,182 1,244
Total Expenditures		67,245		105,598		100,172		5,426
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(5,085)		(3,385)		14,131		17,516
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Appropriated Fund Balance		5,085		3,385		_		(3,385)
REVENUES & OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES FUND BALANCE:	\$		\$			14,131	\$	14,131
Beginning of Year - July 1						305,134		
End of Year - June 30					\$	319,265		



#### NOTE I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Momeyer conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Momeyer is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a four-member council. For financial reporting purposes the Town of Momeyer includes all funds, account groups, agencies, board, commissions, and authorities that are controlled by or financially dependent upon the town.

No organizations were included in or excluded from the financial statements based upon the above criteria.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. The Town of Momeyer has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. The Town has no fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds. The Town had no non-major funds for fiscal year June 30, 2021.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are

local option sales taxes and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for economic development and general government.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide Fund Statements. The government-wide fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current fiscal year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as

revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town because the tax is levied by Nash County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical grants, and then by general revenues.

#### D. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The Town's budget is adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the governing board. During the year, amendments were made to the original budget as deemed necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts, such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposits.

State Law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States, or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high-quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The Town's investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition and non-money market investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The securities of the NCCMT Cash Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a7) money market mutual fund, are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value. Money market investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. Non-participating interest earnings and investment contracts are reported at cost.

In accordance with State law, the Town has invested in securities which are callable and which provide for periodic interest rate increases in specific increments until maturity. These investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

#### 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essential demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

#### 3. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State Law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

#### 4. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

#### 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: furniture and equipment, \$2,500. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimate Useful Lives
Building and Improvements	40 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 10 years
Computer equipment	5 years

#### 6. <u>Deferred outflows/inflows of resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town does not have any items that meet this criterion. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows or resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of* 

Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has one item that meets the criterion for this category – property taxes receivable.

#### 7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

The Town had no long-term debt obligations on June 30, 2021.

#### 8. Compensated Absences

The vacation and sick policy of the Town provide for the accumulation of up to fifteen days sick leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

#### 9. Net Position/Fund Balances

#### **Net Position**

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net invested in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

#### **Fund Balances**

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purpose externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS) is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as non-spendable. Outstanding encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Assigned fund balance – portion of fund balance that the Town of Momeyer governing board has budgeted or fund balance set aside for specific purposes by the governing board or finance officer.

Assigned for Subsequent year's expenditures-portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Momeyer has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-Town funds, Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

#### NOTE II. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

#### A. Assets

#### 1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for noninterest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2021, the Town's deposits, which include petty cash, had a carrying amount of \$306,866 and a bank balance of \$307,954. Of the bank balance, \$289,291 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$18,663 in interest bearing deposits was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2021, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$100.

#### 2. Receivables – Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Statement of Net position is net of allowances for doubtful accounts as follows:

<u>FUND</u>	JUNE 30, 2021
General Fund	
Taxes Receivable	\$ 579
Accrued Interest Receivable	1,783
Local Option Sales Tax Receivable	10,947
Franchise Tax Receivable	2,155
Ad valorem and DMV Tax Receivable	435
Total	\$ 15,899

#### 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Governmental activities	Beginning Balances	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balances
Capital Assets not being				
depreciated:				
Construction in Progress	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Capital Assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	229,973	-	-	229,973
Equipment	14,849	<u>-</u>	<u>=</u>	14,849
Total Capital Assets being				
depreciated:	244,822	-	-	244,822
Less accumulated depreciation				
for:				
Buildings	66,738	5,904	-	72,642
Equipment	14,849			14,849
Total accumulated				
Depreciation	81,587	5,904		<u>87,491</u>
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	163,235	5,904	<del>_</del>	<u>157,331</u>
Government activity capital				
assets, net	<u>\$ 163,235</u>			<u>\$ 157,331</u>

All depreciation expense is for the General Government function.

#### B. <u>Liabilities</u>

#### 1. Pension Plan Obligations

The Town provides to a Section 457B plan for participation. The Town contributes 2% of the town clerk's salary into the plan. The expense recognized for the current fiscal year is \$428.

#### 2. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources at year end is comprised of the following:

	<u>Unavailable</u>	Unearned
	<u>Revenue</u>	Revenue
Taxes Receivable	<u>\$ 579</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

#### 3. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

It is the policy of the Town to purchase commercial insurance for the risks of losses to which the Town is exposed. Through commercial insurance the Town has general liability coverage of \$5,000,000 per occurrence and property coverage up to \$10,000. The Town has chosen not to obtain flood insurance since they are not located in a flood plane.

There were no claims resulting from these risks in the current year or any past year.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, The Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance officer is individually bonded for \$50,000.

#### 4. Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2021, the Town was not a defendant to any lawsuits.

#### 5. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

There were no long-term obligations as of June 30, 2021.

#### C. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	Governmental
Capital Assets	\$ 157,331
Less: long-term debt	<del>_</del> _
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 157,331

#### D. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance – General Fund	\$ 319,265
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	13,537
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 305,728

#### NOTE III. <u>EVENTS OCCURING AFTER REP</u>ORTING DATE

The Town has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between June 30, 2021 and October 29, 2021, which is the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. The Town received American Relief Fund grant monies in August 2021 in the amount of \$27,735. There were no other events that occurred during this time that were deemed to be significant enough to be disclosed.

The Covid-19 pandemic, which began in the prior fiscal year, continues at the date of these financial statements. The overall impact of the pandemic on the change in net position of the Authority is not determinable at this time.



### **General Fund**

The General Fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		2021		2020		
REVENUES	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	ACTUAL		
Ad valorem taxes						
Current Year		\$ 17,218	\$	\$ 16,630		
Prior Years		158		26		
Collection Cost		(382)		(433)		
Penalties and interest		92		84		
Total	16,650	17,086	436	16,307		
Other taxes and licenses						
Local option sales tax	54,000	59,820	5,820	51,825		
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues						
Franchise tax	7,200	8,518	1,318	8,959		
Beer & wine tax	910	919	9	933		
Total	8,110	9,437	1,327	9,892		
Restricted intergovernmental revenues						
CRF funds	22,858	22,858				
Permits and fees						
Building and zoning	430	590	160	340		
Miscellaneous						
Miscellaneous	165	165		100		
Investment Earnings		4,347	4,347	4,317		
Total Revenues	102,213	114,303	12,090	82,781		

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		2021		2020
			VARIANCE POSITIVE	
EXPENDITURES	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	ACTUAL
EM ENDITORES				
General Government				
Governing Body				
Elected Officials	10,553	10,089	464	9,831
Professional Services				
Accounting Fees	3,785	3,785		3,075
Total	3,785	3,785		3,075
Total	14,338	13,874	464	12,906
Administration				
Salaries and Employee Benefits	24,159	24,156	3	20,685
Operating Expenses				
Professional Dues/Publications/				
Education	1,500	1,357	143	1,854
Attorney Fees	1,500	-	1,500	1,080
Advertising	500	454	46	424
Social Security & Medicare	2,717	2,346	371	2,34
457B Contribution	417	412	5	414
Unemployment Tax	25	15	10	1:
Employee Benefits	8,415	8,412	3	6,809
Office Supplies	2,550	2,410	140	402
Cleaning Services	1,020	935	85	93:
Election Expense	1,020	755	-	1,33
Travel	430	424	6	34
Telephone	2,525	2,395	130	2,34
Postage	300	2,393	12	17
Building Utilities	975	833	142	74
Lawn Maintenance	1,400	1,225	175	1,01
Insurance/Bond	4,435	4,417	173	4,64
Bank Charges	33	33	10	4,04
	700		67	
Propane Deilling Maintenance		633		430
Building Maintenance	2,450	1,632	818	7,52
Miscellaneous	964	920	44	40
Beautification	750	750	2.715	22.00
Total	33,606	29,891	3,715	32,980
Capital outlay	27,755	27,755		
Total	85,520	81,802	3,718	53,671
Total General Government	99,858	95,676	4,182	66,577

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		2020		
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	ACTUAL
Economic Development				
Planning and Zoning	3,600	3,525	75	-
Code Violation	2,140	971	1,169	
Total	5,740	4,496	1,244	
Total Expenditures	105,598	100,172	5,426	66,577
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(3,385)	14,131	17,516	16,204
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Appropriated Fund Balance	3,385		(3,385)	
Total other financing sources (Uses)	3,385		(3,385)	
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ -	14,131	\$ 14,131	16,204
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year, July 1		305,134		288,930
End of year, June 30		\$ 319,265		\$ 305,134



This section contains additional information required on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

#### Town of Momeyer, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2021

	UNCOLLECTED					ABATEMENTS	UNC	COLLECTED	
FISCAL	BALANCE					AND		BALANCE	
YEAR	JUNE 30, 2020	AΓ	ADDITIONS		LECTIONS	ADJUSTMENTS	JUNE 30, 2021		
2020-2021		\$	17,340	\$	17,218	\$ -	\$	122	
2019-2020	89		-		43	-		46	
2018-2019	91		-		26	-		65	
2017-2018	41		-		26	-		15	
2016-2017	43		-		9	-		34	
2015-2016	80		-		10	-		70	
2014-2015	36		-		10	-		26	
2013-2014	65		-		9	-		56	
2012-2013	96		-		10	-		86	
2011-2012	68		-		9	-		59	
2010-2011	93				6	(87)			
	\$ 702	\$	17,340	\$	17,376	\$ (87)	\$	579	

#### **Reconcilement with Revenues:**

Ad Valorem Tax - General Fund	\$ 17,086
Collection Fee (2%)	382
Tax Penalties and Interest	 (92)
Total Collections & Credits	\$ 17,376

#### Town of Momeyer, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

						Tota	l Levy	Levy		
Momeyer Township	 Town - Wide Excludir Property Rate Total Motor		Total		Rate Total		Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles			
Original Levy:										
Real Property	\$ 10,769,231	0.13	\$	14,000	\$	14,000	\$	-		
Registered Motor Vehicles @ Current Rate	 2,569,231	0.13		3,340				3,340		
Total Levy	13,338,462			17,340		14,000		3,340		
Total Property Valuation	\$ 13,338,462			17,340		14,000		3,340		
Less: Uncollected Tax at June 30, 2021				(122)		(122)				
Current Year Taxes Collected			\$	17,218	\$	13,878	\$	3,340		
Current Levy Collection %				99.30%		99.13%		100.00%		