CITY OF ROXBORO

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ROXBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### CITY OF ROXBORO COUNCIL AND MANAGEMENT

City Council Members
Merilyn Newell, Mayor
Tim Chandler, Mayor Pro-Tem
Mark Phillips
Reggie Horton
Lawrence (Sandy) Stigall
Byrd Blackwell

Administrative and Financial Staff
Brooks Lockhart, City Manager
Tommy Warren, Assistant City Manager
Daniel Craig, CPA, Finance Officer
Trevie Adams, City Clerk
Nick Herman, City Attorney

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### FINANCIAL SECTION



### Independent Auditors' Report

PETWAY
MILLS &
PEARSON, PA

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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Memberships:

North Carolina Association of Certified Public Accountants

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Roxboro, North Carolina

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Roxboro, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Roxboro's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Roxboro, North Carolina as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 11 through 23, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions on pages 77 and 78, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on pages 75 and 76, the Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on page 79 and the Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on page 80, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Roxboro, North Carolina's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administration Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 31, 2022, on our consideration of the City of Roxboro, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Roxboro, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PETWAY MILLS & PEARSON, PA

Petway Mills & Peauson, PA

Certified Public Accountants Zebulon, North Carolina

August 31, 2022

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Roxboro, we offer readers of the City of Roxboro's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Roxboro for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

### Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Roxboro exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$24,504,371 (net position).
- The government's total net position decreased by \$2,702,811 with an overall decrease in net position of governmental type activities of \$1,660,622 and an decrease in business type activities of \$1,042,189. The decrease in governmental type activities resulted from increases in expenditures and capital outlay during the year. The decrease in business type activities resulted from increases in amounts spent on capital assets during the year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Roxboro's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,595,499 with a net decrease of \$431,622 in fund balance. Approximately 36.90 percent of this total amount, or \$1,326,698 is non spendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,268,801 or 21.63 percent of total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The City of Roxboro's total debt decreased by \$578,694 during the current fiscal year. Of that decrease there was an issuance of \$285,470 for vehicles and payments totaling \$864,164 were made on debt issued in previous years.
- The City of Roxboro maintained its 82 out of 100 bond rating with the North Carolina Municipal Council, Inc. for the 18th consecutive year. This is comparable to a rating of A2 by the national rating agencies.
- The City's Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund reported operating loss of \$725,920 for the current fiscal year which was decreased with other expenses to result in a net loss of \$1,042,189.

### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Roxboro's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the City through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City of Roxboro.

Figure 1 Management's Basic Discussion and Financial Analysis Statements Notes to the Fund Government-wide Financial Financial Financial Statements Statements Statements

### Required Components of Annual Financial Report

### **Basic Financial Statements**

Summary

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

▶ Detail

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 10) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the City's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the City's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the City's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the City's basic services such as public safety, transportation (streets), environmental protection (sanitation and cemetery), economic development, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the City charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the City of Roxboro. The final category is the component units. The City of Roxboro does not have any component units.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Roxboro, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of City of Roxboro can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The City of Roxboro adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as

### Management Discussion and Analysis City of Roxboro

amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

**Proprietary Funds** – The City of Roxboro has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Roxboro uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Internal Service Funds — These funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the functions of the County. The County currently has one internal service fund called the Health and Benefit Fund. Actual payments for employee health claims and employee performance pay are recorded.

**Fiduciary Funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The City of Roxboro has one fiduciary fund which is an agency fund for the pretax medical savings accounts that employees of the city voluntarily participate in.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 40 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Roxboro's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 73 of this report.

# Management Discussion and Analysis City of Roxboro

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

### City of Roxboro's Net Position

Figure 2

Governmental

Business Type

	Activ	ities	Activi	ties	To	otal
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Current and other assets	\$4,139,530	\$5,040,540	\$7,692,565	\$10,343,188	\$11,832,095	\$15,383,728
Net Pension Asset	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital assets	7,641,657	8,082,173	39,730,258	38,337,906	47,371,915	46,420,079
Deferred outflows of resources	2,164,569	<u>1,659,419</u>	220,776	499,003	<u>2,385,345</u>	2,158,422
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	13,945,756	<u>14,782,132</u>	47,643,599	49,180,097	<u>61,589,355</u>	63,962,229
Long-term liabilities outstanding	7,955,053	6,651,995	26,878,540	27,760,691	34,833,593	34,412,686
Other liabilities	791,899	1,222,595	1,219,337	726,856	2,011,236	1,949,451
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>228,045</u>	<u>276,161</u>	<u>12,109</u>	<u>16,749</u>	<u>240,154</u>	<u>292,910</u>
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	<u>8,974,997</u>	<u>8,150,751</u>	<u>28,109,986</u>	28,504,296	37,084,983	36,655,047
Net position:						/ n / n == 0.00
Net Investment in capital assets	4,648,546	5,092,690	12,951,828	11,095,146	17,600,374	16,187,836
Restricted	1,234,585	1,209,987	4,214,138	6,481,863	5,448,723	7,691,670
Unrestricted	(912,372)	<u>328,704</u>	2,367,647	2,998,972	<u>1,455,275</u>	3,327,676
Total net position	<u>\$4,970,759</u>	<u>\$6.631,381</u>	<u>\$19,533,613</u>	\$20,575,801	\$24,504,372	<u>\$27,207,182</u>

# Management Discussion and Analysis City of Roxboro

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Roxboro exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$24,504,372 as of June 30, 2021. The City's net position decreased by \$2,702,810 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. However, the largest portion (71.83%) reflects the City's net investment in capital assets (e.g.; land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The City of Roxboro uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Roxboro's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City of Roxboro's net position \$5,448,723 (22.24%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$1,455,275 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the City's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 99.03%, which is comparable to the statewide average during 2021 of 99.12%.
- Continued low cost of debt due to the City's high bond rating and lower interest rates.

Governmental activities: Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$1,660,622. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- The total property tax rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was \$0.65 per \$100 of value, a decreased rate compared to the previous year, vehicle tag fees remained the same and revenues of these two items were more than prior year amounts by \$4,261.
- Sales tax revenues exceeded prior year amounts by \$142,670, an increase of 7.6%
- Expenditures increased by a total of \$675,014(7.38%) mainly due to increased payroll and benefits expense, maintenance expense, and increased capital outlay.

**Business-type activities**: Business-type activities decreased the City of Roxboro's net position by \$1,042,189, Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- There was a net decrease in revenue of \$566,137(10.36%) due to a decrease of sales tax refunds regarding project expenses
- There was an increase in expenditures in the amount of \$525,864(8.80%) mainly due to increases in payroll and benefits expense, maintenance expense and capital outlay.

### Management Discussion and Analysis City of Roxboro

## City of Roxboro Changes in Net Position Figure 3

		ernmental Business-Type		• •		otal	
•	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 733,114	\$1,339,003	\$5,466,158	\$6,032,295	\$6,199,272	\$7,371,298	
Operating grants and contributions	1,087,451	222,109	-	-	1,087,451	222,109	
Capital grants and							
contributions	_	-	-	-	-	•	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	4,696,896	4,692,635	-	•	4,696,896	4,692,635	
Local option sales	2,021,811	1,879,141	w	-	2,021,811	1,879,141	
Other taxes	236,971	937,469	_	-	236,971	937,469	
Grants and contributions							
not restricted to							
specific programs	1,001,810	-	•	_	1,001,810	-	
Other revenues	197,369	150.940	<u>7,353</u>	664,815	204,712	715,755	
Total revenues	9,975,422	9,221,297	5,473,511	<u>6,697,110</u>	<u> 15,448,933</u>	<u>15,918,407</u>	
Expenses:					4 704 504	1,493,105	
General government	1,764,584	1,493,105	<b></b>	-	1,764,584	5,849,183	
Public safety	6,682,343	5,849,183	-	-	6,682,343	1,624,906	
Transportation	1,442,281	1,624,906	<b></b>	-	1,442,281	1,024,900	
Environmental protection	1,058,292	1,099.332	-	-	1,058,292	1,055,552	
Economic and physical					445,236	504,433	
development	445,236	504,433	-	-	445,230	-	
Cultural and recreation	-	-	-	-	- 243,308	121,276	
Long-term debt	243,308	121,276	0.545.300	r 000 026		5,989,836	
Water and sewer			6,515,700	5,989,836	6,515,700	<u>16,691,413</u>	
Total expenses	<u>11,636,044</u>	<u>10,701,577</u>	6,515,700	<u>5,989,836</u>	18,151,744	10,081,410	
ease(decrease) in net position before							
transfers	(1,660,622)	(1,480,280)	(1,042,189)	<u>707,274</u>	(773,006)	(773,006)	
Galloidio	<u> </u>	- 1					
ınsfers	**	<u> 150,000</u>	-	(150,000)			
rease(decrease) in net position	(1,660,622)	(1,330,280)	(1,042,189)	557,274	(2,702,811)	(773,006)	
position, July 1	<u>6,631,381</u>	7,961,661	20,575,801	20,018,527	27,207,182	27,980,188	
				\$20,575,80 <u>1</u>	\$24,504,371	\$27,207,18	

### Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Roxboro uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds**. The focus of the City of Roxboro's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Roxboro's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Roxboro. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance available of the General Fund was \$2,268,801, while total fund balance was \$3,448,038. The Roxboro City Council has determined that the City should maintain an available fund balance of 25% of general fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the City. The City currently has an available fund balance of 21.63 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 32.88 percent of that same amount.

At June 30, 2021, the governmental funds of City of Roxboro reported a combined fund balance of \$3,595,499 a 10.72 percent decrease from last year, with a net decrease in fund balance of \$431,622. Included in this change in fund balance are decreases in fund balance in the General Fund of \$194,930 and decreases in Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds of \$236,692.

**General Fund Budgetary Highlights**: During the fiscal year, the City revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues were more than the budgeted amounts primarily because of increases in sales tax revenue from the State of North Carolina during the year. Expenditures were held in check to comply with its budgetary requirements.

**Proprietary Funds.** The City of Roxboro's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$2,367,646. The total change in net position for the Water and Sewer Fund was a decrease of \$1,042,189. The change in net position in the Water and Sewer Fund is a result of decreases in other revenues and increases of payroll and benefits expense, maintenance expenses and capital outlay.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets.** The City of Roxboro's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2021, totals \$47,371,915 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, sidewalks, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, water and sewer lines, vehicles and construction in progress.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions:

- Purchase of police vehicles at a cost of \$93,880
- Purchase of other equipment costing \$60,252
- Purchase of a leaf collection truck at a cost of \$268,483
- Purchase of other vehicles at a cost of \$67,707
- Purchases of building improvement in the water fund at a cost of \$24,776
- Purchase of equipment for the water fund at a cost of \$228,307
- Purchas of excavator in water fund costing \$47,303
- Construction in progress at the wastewater treatment facility of \$1,959,995.

### City of Roxboro's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

Figure 4

	Governmental		Busine	ess-Type		
	Ac	tivities	Act	ivities	T.	otal
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Land and improvements	\$1,169,234	\$1,169,23 <del>4</del>	\$860,226	\$860,226	\$2,029,460	\$2,029,460
Buildings and plant	4,109,563	4,343,885	5,482,466	5,657,709	9,592,029	10,001,594
Streets and infrastructure	135,901	148,957	-	-	135,901	148,957
Distribution systems and						
pump stations	_	-	13,095,729	13,540,762	13,095,729	13,540,762
Equipment and vehicles	2,226,959	2,420,091	1,178,054	1,125,421	3,405,013	3,455,512
Construction in progress			19,113,783	<u>17,153,788</u>	19,113,783	<u>17,153.788</u>
Total	<u>\$7,641,657</u>	\$8,082,173	<u>\$39,730,258</u>	<u>\$38,337,906</u>	<u>\$47,371,915</u>	\$46,420,079

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of the Basic Financial Statements.

**Long-term Debt**. As of June 30, 2021, the City of Roxboro did not have any bonded debt outstanding. The City's total outstanding debt as of June 30, 2021 was \$29,940,276. The debt is secured by liens on the City's buildings, water and sewer lines, vehicles and equipment purchased or constructed with debt proceeds.

### City of Roxboro's Outstanding Debt Installment Purchase Agreements and Capital Leases

### Figure 5

			ernmental ctivities		ss-Type vities	Total	
		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Installment purchase ag Capital leases	reements	\$3,161,846 	\$3,098,252 59,606	\$26,778,430 	\$27,242,760 	\$29,940,276 	\$30,341,012 59,606
Tota deb	al outstanding t	<u>\$3,161,846</u>	<u>\$3,157,858</u>	\$26,778,430	<u>\$27,242,760</u>	<u>\$29,940,276</u>	\$30.400,618

### City of Roxboro's Outstanding Debt

The City of Roxboro's total debt decreased by \$460,342 during the past fiscal year. During the current year the City borrowed \$285,470 to purchase vehicles and equipment. The City also paid \$745,812 on debt issued in previous years.

As mentioned in the financial highlights section of this document, the City of Roxboro maintained, for the 16th consecutive year, its 82 out of 100 bond rating from the North Carolina Municipal Council, Inc, which is comparable to a rating of A2 by the national rating agencies. This bond rating is a clear indication of the sound financial condition of City of Roxboro. This achievement is a primary factor in keeping interest costs low on the City's outstanding debt. The City of Roxboro does not have any outstanding bonded debt. Therefore, the City has not requested a bond rating from the three major credit rating agencies: Moody's Investor Service, Standard and Poor's Corporation and Fitch Ratings.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for City of Roxboro is \$24,590,473.

Additional information regarding the City of Roxboro's long-term debt can be found in Notes 8 and 9 beginning on page 66 of this report.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The following key economic indicators will effect the growth and prosperity of the City.

 As of June, 2021 the City of Roxboro's unemployment rate of 5.7% is above the state average of 4.9%. The unemployment rate has decreased from the 2% unemployment reported in the previous year.

### Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

**Governmental Activities:** Estimated General Fund revenues for the fiscal year 2022 are \$9,607,816 compared to actual revenues of \$9,736,453 for the current year. The major decrease between the two years will be an decrease in property taxes and in local option sale taxes that have continued to be greater and have not been budgeted for increases. The City will use these revenues to finance programs currently in place.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to increase approximately 23.23% to \$12,923,217 as a result of capital outlay that will occur in 2022 that did not occur in 2021 and increases in payroll and payroll benefits expenditures.

Business – Type Activities: Total expenditures in the Enterprise Fund are expected to increase approximately 4.51% to \$5,877,855 before debt service and transfers.

#### **Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Director, City of Roxboro, P. O. Box 128, Roxboro, NC 27573.

**Basic Financial Statements** 

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** 

### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

				Governmer	nt	
	Gover	rnmental	Bus	iness-type		
	Act	ivities	Α	ctivities		Total
ASSETS						
Current assets:			_	4 000 000	•	4 5 40 755
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2	,742,757	\$	1,806,998	\$	4,549,755
Restricted cash and investments		192,129		4,324,109		4,516,238
Receivables (net):						00.004
Taxes receivables		83,301		-		83,301
Accounts receivable		94,989		1,029,483		1,124,472
Due from other governmental units		905,962		531,975		1,437,937
Notes receivable		23,699		-		23,699
Due from fiduciary fund		58,266		-		58,266
Inventory		38,427		7.000.505		38,427
Total current assets		1,139,530		7,692,565		11,832,095
Non-current assets:						
Capital assets						0.000.400
Land and improvements	•	1,169,234		860,226		2,029,460
Construction in progress				19,113,783		19,113,783
Total non-depreciable assets		1,169,234		19,974,009		21,143,243
Buildings and plant		7,224,543		12,829,325		20,053,868
Streets and infrastructure		298,215		-		298,215
Distribution system and pump stations		· <u>-</u>		23,931,096		23,931,096
Egiupment and vehicles	1:	2,067,858		4,952,971		17,020,829
Total depreciable assets		9,590,616		41,713,392		61,304,008
Less accumulated depreciation	1	3,118,193		21,957,143		35,075,336
Total depreciable assets (net)		6,472,423		19,756,249		26,228,672
Total capital assets (net)		7,641,657		39,730,258		47,371,915
Total non-current assets		7,641,657		39,730,258		47,371,915
Total assets	1	1,781,187		47,422,823		59,204,010
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		566,853		77,298		644,151
Contributions to Pension plan - LGERS		151,400		, , , 200		151,400
Contributions to Pension plan - LEO		902,511		123,070		1,025,581
Pension deferrals - LGERS		394,149		-		394,149
Pension deferrals - LEO		149,656		20,408		170,064
OPEB deferrals		2,164,569		220,776		2,385,345
Total deferred outflows of resources		<u>در ده. ۲</u>				,

### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:	005 000	516,350	741,632
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	225,282	70,046	231,472
Accrued salaries	161,426	47,893	47,893
Accrued interest		109,971	137,196
Customer deposits	27,225	109,971	10,,,,,,
Current maturities of long-term debt	T 10 001	475,077	1,019,038
Installment purchase agreements payable	543,961	1,219,337	2,177,231
Total current liabilities	957,894	1,219,557	
112 - 124			0.44.000
Non-current Liabilities	492,803	148,219	641,022
Compensated absences payable	2,643,363	360,459	3,003,822
Net pension liability - LGERS	1,526,497	<u>.</u>	1,526,497
Total pension obligation - LEO	508,510	66,509	575,019
Total OPEB liability	2,528,424	26,303,353	28,831,777
Installment purchase agreements payable	7,699,597	26,878,540	34,578,137
Total non-current liabilities	8,657,491	28,097,877	36,755,368
Total liabilities			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	10,815	10,815
Pension deferrals - LGERS	171,755		171,755
Pension deferrals LEO	46,797	-	46,797
Unavailable revenue	9,493	1,294	10,787
OPEB deferrals	228,045	12,109	240,154
Total deferred inflows of resources	220,043	12,100	
NET POSITION  Net Investment in capital assets	4,569,272	12,951,828	17,521,100
Restricted for:	973,334	_	973,334
Stabilization by State Statute	113,054	_	113,054
Streets	113,004	_	_
Public safety	- 79,075	-	79,075
Economic and physical development	79,073	4,214,138	4,214,138
Capital projects	- (674 E4E)	2,367,646	1,693,131
Unrestricted	(674,515) \$ 5,060,220	\$ 19,533,612	\$24,593,832
Total net position	\$ 5,060,220	Ψ 10,000,010	
•			

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	5	Program Revenues	Si	Net (Expense) Reve	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government	Vet Position
i	10,000	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	Governmental	Business-type	
Expenses	Services	and Contributions	and Contributions	Activities	Activities	lotal
				(4 046 708)	€ <del>7</del>	(1,216,728)
\$ 1,764,584	\$ 84,809	€9	ι <del>છ</del>	(1,210,120) ¢		(6,460,797)
	5,695		Ī.	(1,237,762)	1	(1,237,762)
1,442,281	•	7	<b>s</b> 1	(409,587)	ı	(409,587)
1,058,292	642,610	c,00,5	1 1	(445,236)	ı	(445,236)
445,236	1 1	1 1	-	(243,308)		(243,308)
11,833,983	733,114	1,087,451	1	(10,013,418)		(10,013,418)
	7 00 4 00	ı	•	1	(1,049,542)	(1,049,542)
6,515,700	2,400,130				(1,049,542)	(1,049,342)
6,515,700	\$ 6,199,272	\$ 1,087,451	· ·	(10,013,418)	(1,049,542)	(1,004,000)
1						
General revenues:	es:					
Taxes:	7 7 7	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		4,696,896	r	4,696,896
Property ta	ixes, levied for (	Property taxes, levied for general purpose		2,021,811	1	2,021,611
Local optio	Local option sales taxes			236,971	1	7 200,97
Other taxes ar	s and licenses	Other taxes and ilicenses	programs	1,289,210	, c	3,900
Grants and c	Grants and commodifications increased in the second	nings		949	1.08,2	15.890
Donations an	Donations and contributions	•		787 27	4,402	78,189
Special items - s	s - sale of assets	Ş		106.743	. '	106,743
Miscellaneous	Sľ				-	
Transfers		Confidence of the confidence o		8,442,257	7,353	8,449,610
Total gener	neral revenues	al revenues and translers				(2 613 350)
Change in	in net position	_		(1,571,161) 6,631,381	20,575,801	27,207,182
Net position, beginning	beginning			\$ 5,060,220		\$ 24,593,832
Net position, ending	ending					

Economic and physical development Interest on long-term debt

Environmental protection

Functions/Programs
Primary government:
Governmental Activities:

General government Public safety Transportation Total governmental activities

Total business-type activities Total primary government

Business-type activities: Water and sewer

**Fund Financial Statements** 

### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	N	lajor Funds		Total
		ži		Governmental
		General	Total Non-major Funds	Funds
ASSETS		2,574,283	\$ 168,474	\$ 2,742,757
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	113,054	79,075	192,129
Restricted cash and investments		113,034		
Receivables, net:		83,301	-	83,301
Taxes		62,844	32,145	94,989
Accounts		906,044	(82)	905,962
Due from other governmental units		900,044	23,699	23,699
Notes receivable		58,266	-	58,266
Due from fiduciary fund		38,427	-	38,427_
Inventory		3,836,219	\$ 303,311	\$ 4,139,530
Total assets	\$	3,636,219	<del>Ψ</del>	
LIABILITIES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued	_	82,270	s 143,012	\$ 225,282
liabilities	\$	161,426		161,426
Accrued salaries		27,225		27,225
Customer deposits		27,120	-	<u>-</u>
Due to other funds		270,921	143,012	413,933
Total liabilities		210,021		***
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		83,301	-	83,301
Property taxes receivable		(602	47,39	
t Inavailable revenues		82,699	47,39	9 130,098
Total deferred inflows of resources				
FUND BALANCES				38,427
Non Spendable		38,42		30,269
Inventories		30,26	9 -	30,203
Perpetual maintenance				8 973,334
Restricted		962,92	6 10,40	•
Stabilization by State Statute		-	79,07	113,05
Economic and physical development		113,05	4 -	113,004
Streets		-	-	-
Public Safety - RD				
Assigned		-		
General government		-	23,4	
Economic and physical development		2,337,92	3 -	2,337,92
Unassigned Total fund balances		3,482,59	9 112,9	00 3,595,49
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		3,836, <u>2</u>	so s 303,3	11 \$ 4,1 <u>39,53</u>
resources and fund balances	\$	3,836,2	ισ ψ	

### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$ 3,595,499
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.  Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation (13,118,19)	7,641,657
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds  Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds  Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements.	2,014,913 149,656 83,301
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the lands installment purchase agreements  Compensated absences	(3,072,385) (492,803) (2,643,363)
Net pension liability - LGERS Total pension liability - LEO OPEB Liability	(1,526,497) (508,510) (171,755)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds  Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds  Net position of governmental activities	\$ (9,493) 5,060,220

# City of Roxboro, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Major Funds		
		Total Non-Major	Total Governmental
	General Fund		Funds
REVENUES			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 4,693,75°	1 \$ -	\$ 4,693,751
Local option sales tax	2,021,81		2,021,811
Other taxes and licenses	17,32		236,971
Unrestricted intergovernmental	1,001,810	287,400	1,289,210
Restricted intergovernmental	1,071,75	5 15,696	1,087,451
Permits and fees	8,86	5 -	8,865
Sales and services	798,03		798,036
Investment earnings	47	0 479	949
Other	122,63	3	122,633
Total revenues	9,736,45	3 523,224	10,259,677
EXPENDITURES			
Current:		200.040	1,659,389
General government	1,196,07		• •
Public safety	5,510,16		5,510,165
Transportation	1,370,06		1,370,060 968,744
Environmental protection	968,74		·
Economic and physical development	362,86	5 60,578	423,443
Debt service:		_	311,337
Principal	311,33		
Interest and other charges	243,30		243,308
Capital outlay	490,32		490,323 7 10,976,769
Total expenditures	10,452,87	2 523,897	10,976,769
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			·
expenditures	(716,41	9) (673	3) (717,092)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			070 500
Transfers from other funds	270,58		270,580
Transfers to other funds	•••	(270,580	) (270,580)
Proceeds from installment purchases and			005 470
capital lease	285,47		285,470
Total other financing sources (uses)	556,05		
Net change in fund balance	(160,36	69) (271,25	3) (431,622)
Fund balances, beginning of year, July 1	3,642,96		
Fund balances, ending of year, June 30	\$ 3,482,59	99 \$ 112,900	3,595,499

### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are diffe

nts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities for the statement of activities in the activities in the statement of activities in the statement of activities in the activities in activities in the activities in the activities in the activities	rities are	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(160,369)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period  Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized Depreciation expense for governmental assets	490,323 (930,839)	(440,516)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  New long-term debt issued  Principal payment on long-term debt  Decrease in accrued interest payable	285,470 (311,337) -	(25,867)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		566,853
Benefit payments paid and adminstrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities		(63,402)
OPEB benefit payments and administrative costs made in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		(50,080)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds		(3,145)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Compensated absences Pension Expense LEO Expense OPEB Expense		(38,110) (1,129,631) (151,400) (75,494)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ (1,571,161)

### City of Roxboro, North Carolina General Fund

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund							
		Original		Final	Acti	ual Amounts	Bud	ance with Final Iget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	4,773,036	\$	4,773,036	\$	4,693,751	\$	(79,285)
Local option sales tax		1,872,214		1,872,214		2,021,811		149,597
Other taxes and licenses		12,000		12,000		17,322		5,322
Unrestricted intergovernmental		993,205		1,036,205		1,001,810		(34,395)
Restricted intergovernmental		700,118		1,120,702		1,071,755		(48,947)
Permits and fees		5,000		5,000		8,865		3,865
Sales and services		681,720		787,120		798,036		10,916
Investment earnings		15,000		15,000		470		(14,530)
Miscellaneous		62,253		171,173		122,633		(48,540)
Total revenues		9,114,546		9,792,450		9,736,453		(55,997)
Expenditures:								
Current:		1,632,277		1,249,958		1,196,070		53,888
General government		5,655,392		5,493,367		5,510,165		(16,798)
Public safety		1,408,498		1,697,379		1,370,060		327,319
Transportation		973,925		973,926		968,744		5,182
Environmental protection		528,909		528,909		362,865		166,044
Economic and physical development		320,909		020,000		552,555		,
Debt service:		288,413		288,413		311,337		(22,924)
Principal retirement		126,759		246,760		243,308		3,452
Interest and other charges		659,274		928,264		490,323		437,941
Capital Outlay		11,273,447		11,406,976		10,452,872		954,104
Total expenditures								
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,158,901)		(1,614,526)		(716,419	)	898,107
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from installment purchases and				704 77 64		205 470		496,271
capital lease		576,105		781,741		285,470		75,000
Transfers to other funds		(75,000)		(75,000)		770 500		202,580
Transfer from other funds		1,329,011		473,160		270,580		202,000
Contingency				- 4 470 004		556,050		(623,851)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,830,116		1,179,901		550,050		(023,001)
Revenues and other sources over (under)		(000 705)		(42.4 G2E)		(160,369	ı,	274,256
expenditures and other uses		(328,785)		(434,625)	}	(160,369	*)	
Appropriated fund balance		328,785		434,625				(434,625)
Revenues, other financing sources, and appropriated fund balance over								
expenditures and other uses	\$	_	\$		=	(160,369	) <u>\$</u>	(160,369)
Fund balances, beginning of year, July 1						3,642,968		
Fund balances, end of year, June 30					\$	3,482,599	<u> </u>	
, and balances, one or jour, some or								

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Major	Internal Service Fund	
	Enterprise Fund		
	Water and	Health Benefit Fund	
	Sewer Fund	<u>runu</u>	
ASSETS			
Current assets:	\$ 1,806,998	\$ -	
Cash and cash equivalents	4,324,109	· -	
Restricted cash and investments	-,-		
Receivables (net):	1,029,483	· -	
Accounts receivable  Due from other governmental units	531,975	*	
Total current assets	7,692,565		
1000 3311011 33333			
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets	860,226	-	
Land and improvements	19,113,783	-	
Construction in progress  Total non-depreciable assets	19,974,009	*	
1 Otal (1011-depredable assets			
Buildings and plant	12,829,325	-	
Distribution system and pump stations	23,931,096	-	
Equipment and vehicles	4,952,971		
Total depreciable assets	41,713,392		
	21,957,143	_	
Less accumulated depreciation	19.756.249		
Total depreciable assets (net)	39,730,258	-	
Capital assets (net)			
T-4-1	39,730,258	-	
Total noncurrent assets Total assets	47,422,823	-	
Total assets			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Contributions to Pension plan - LGERS	77,298		
Pension deferrals	123,070		
OPEB deferrals	<u>20,408</u> 220,776		
Total deferred outlfows of resources	220,770	-	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:	516,350	-	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	70,046	-	
Accrued salaries Due to other funds	-	-	
Accrued interest	47,893		
Customer deposits	109,97		
Installment purchase agreements payable - current	475,07		
Total current liabilities	1,219,33		
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Other noncurrent liabilities:	440.04	•	
Compensated absences payable	148,21		
Total OPEB liability	66,50 360,45		
Net pension liability	26,303,35		
Installment purchase agreements payable	26,878,54 26,878,54		
Total noncurrent liabilities	28,097,87		
Total liabilities	20,001,01		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension deferrals - LGERS	10,81		
OPEB deferrals	1,29		
Total deferred inflows of resources	12,10	9 -	
( Digital Control of the Control of			
NET POSITION	12,951,82	8 -	
Net investment in capital assets	4,214,13		
Restricted for capital projects	2,367,64		
Unrestricted	\$ 19,533,61		
Total net position			

### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Major	Internal
	Enterprise Fun	d Service Fund
	Water and	Health Benefit
	Sewer Fund	Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 5,350,09	3 \$ -
Charges for services	76,37	
Water and sewer tapping fees	39,68	
Other operating revenues	5,466,15	
Total operating revenues		
OPERATING EXPENSES	173,02	)5 -
Billing and collection		
Pump stations	332,50 285,39	
Meter section	265,35 86,07	
Raw water supply	657,85	
Water lines	1,721,58	
Water treatment	1,439,7	
Wastewater treatment plant		
Wastewater treatment plant II Sewer line maintenance and construction Internal Service Fund expenses	163,839 464,100	
	404, 11	-
	868,029 6,192,078	20 -
Depreciation		
Total operating expenses		70
Operating income (loss)	(725,9	20) -
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
	2,9	
Investment earnings	4,4	
Sale of fixed assets	(269,5	
Pension revenue (expense) Interest expense	(54,1	07)
Total nonoperating revenue		200)
(expenses)	(316,2	269)
Income before contributions and	4 040	(00) -
transfers	(1,042,	109)
Capital Contributions		
Transfer from other funds		97,667
Transfers to other funds		_ (97,667
Total income after contributions		
and transfers	(1,042,	189) -
and the second s	(1,042,	
Change in net position	20,575,	
Total net position, beginning	\$ 19,533,	612 \$ <u>-</u>
Total net position, ending		

Total net position, ending

### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major Fund Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer Fund	Internal Service Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Cash received from customers  Cash paid for goods and services  Cash paid to employees for services	\$ 5,763,060 (2,518,990) (2,617,877)	<u>-</u>	
Net customer deposits Net cash provided by operating activities	(8,049) 618,144	-	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Increase in due from other goverments Total cash flows used by noncapital financing activities	(1,432) (1,432)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets Sale of fixed assets Principal paid on installment purchase agreements Interest paid on installment purchase agreements	(2,360,781) 4,402 (464,331) (54,107)	- )	
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	(2,874,817	) -	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends Net cash provided by investing activities	2,951 2,951		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(2,255,154	-	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year, July 1 Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year, June 30	8,386,260 \$ 6,131,106		

### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Major Fund Enterprise Fund		
	Water and	Internal Service	
	Sewer Fund	Fund	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation	\$ (725,920 <u>)</u> 868,029	\$ -	
Changes in assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources-pensions (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources-OPEB Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources-pensions Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources-OPEB Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating activities	296,902 199,820 (105,193) 492,356 11,878 (8,049) 7,348 (328,575) (3,588) (85,812 (1,052) 1,344,064 \$ 618,144	- - - ) - ) - ) - ) -	
Reconciliation of Cash and Investments Per Statement of Net Assets to Cash and Cash Equivalents Per Statement of Cash Flows:			
Unrestricted cash and investments - Exhibit 7 Restricted cash and investments - Exhibit 7	\$ 1,806,998 4,324,109		
Total cash and cash equivalents - Exhibit 9	\$ 6,131,107	<del></del>	

#### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2021

	FI	icy Fund exible ling Fund	Total	
ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	78,099 \$	78,099	
Total current assets	\$	78,099 \$	78,099	
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION  Current liabilities:  Accounts payable - employees  Due to other funds	\$	19,833 \$ 52,678	19,833 52,678	
Total liabilities		72,511	72,511	
Net position: Assets held in trust for employees Total net position		5,588 5,588 \$	5,588 5,588	

#### Note 1 - Description of the Unit

The City of Roxboro, North Carolina (the City) is a political subdivision of Person County located in the Central Piedmont region in the State of North Carolina. The City has a population of 8,181. The City was established in 1855. The City provides services which include general government, public safety, streets, sanitation, planning and zoning. The City maintains a water and sewer system which supplies services to the City and surrounding area on a user charge basis.

## **Note 2- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The accounting policies of the City of Roxboro conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Roxboro is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Other non-operating revenues, such as investment earnings, are ancillary activities.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

**General Fund.** The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, sanitation, cemeteries, economic development, and general government services.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

The Vehicle Tags Special Revenue Fund- This fund is used to account for vehicle license fees used for maintenance of City streets.

The Revolving Loan CDBG Fund- This fund is used to account for grant funds that are restricted for economic development.

**The Old Durham Road Upgrade Project Fund-** This fund is used to account for grant funds that are restricted for upgrading the Old Durham Road for transportation standards and safety.

Storm Water Fund- This fund is used to account for funds related to the Storm Water Project.

The City reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Utility Fund- This fund is used to account for the City's water and sewer operations.

The City reports the following fund types:

**Agency Funds-** Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency funds are used to account for assets the City holds on behalf of others. The City maintains the following agency fund: the Flexible Spending Fund, which accounts for funds held on behalf of the City's employees in a pretax medical savings accounts.

Internal Service Funds- Internal service funds are used to report on any activity that provides goods or services to other funds, departments or agencies of the City, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City has one internal service fund, the Health and Benefit Fund, which is used to administer payments for employee health claims and employee performance pay. Expenditures of the City staff, employed in the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund are not eliminated in the preparation of consolidating for financial statement purposes.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the City are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the

water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

#### D. Budgetary Data

The City's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (excluding grant project funds), and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Enterprise Fund Capital Projects Funds. The Enterprise Fund projects are consolidated with their respective operating funds for reporting purposes

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with the accounting system used to record transactions. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change departmental appropriations by more than \$2,500. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several immaterial amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

## E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity

## 1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the City are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The City may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The City's investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition and non-money market investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The securities of the NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, are valued at fair values, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT- Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value. Money market investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost.

## 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

## 3. Restricted Assets

The unexpended proceeds of an installment purchase agreements held in escrow account by the City's agent are classified as restricted assets for the Enterprise Funds because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the installment agreements were originally issued. Customer deposits held by the City before any services are supplied and restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

City of Roxboro - Restricted Cash

Governmental Activities General Fund Streets - Powell Bill Public Safety Customer deposits	\$ 113,054 - 27,225
Revolving Loan Fund  Economic and physical development	 51,850
Total Governmental Activities	 192,129
Business-type Activities Water and Sewer Fund Customer Deposits Escrow Account Total Business-type Activities	\$ 109,971 4,214,138 4,324,109
Total Restricted Cash	\$ 4,516,238

## 4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the City levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest and penalties do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1. Notices of tax liens for delinquent taxes may be advertised on or after March 1st.

#### 5. Assessments

Assessments for improvements are recorded as a receivable on the assessment date. In the fund financial statements, the City recognizes as revenue that portion collected during the year, and the balance is recorded as deferred revenue. Uncollected assessments are written off as bad debts after ten years. As of June 30, 2021, all outstanding assessments for street, water and sewer improvements have been paid in full.

## 6. Notes Receivable

Notes receivable from companies receiving funds from the City for the purpose of improving levels of employment and income within the City and for the renovation of buildings within the City limits of Roxboro are recorded as receivables when expanded by the City to the Company on the date of disbursement. In the Special Revenue Fund financial statements, the City recognizes as revenue the portion collected during the year, and the balance is recorded as deferred revenue.

Loans receivable are stated at the amount of unpaid principal, adjusted for unearned discounts and fees and origination costs are amortized by the interest method, generally over the remaining contractual term of the related loans, and reported as an adjustment to interest income.

# 7. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

## 8. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the City are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The City's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures as used rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

#### 9. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, \$5,000; buildings, improvements, substations, lines and other plant and distribution systems, \$15,000; infrastructure, \$20,000; furniture, computers, software and equipment, \$5,000; and vehicles and motorized equipment historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consisting of the road network, sidewalks and other assets are not capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Infrastructure	20 years
Plant and buildings	10-67 years
Distribution system and pump station	12-100 years
Heavy equipment and motor vehicles	2-25 years
Automobiles and light trucks	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5-10 years
	5 years
Software Computer equipment	5 years

# 10. Deferred outflows/Inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The City has six items that meet this criterion, contributions made to the LGERS pension plan in the 2021 fiscal year, contributions made to the LEO pension plan in the 2021 fiscal year, OPEB contributions, OPEB deferrals, LGERS pension deferrals, and LEO pension deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The City has three items for this category, OPEB deferrals, LGERS pension deferrals, and LEO pension deferrals.

## 11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the

straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance cost, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 12. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the City provide for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the City's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The City has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that accumulated vacation pay and salary-related payments that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year is not considered to be material; therefore, no current liability has been reported in the government-wide financial statements.

The City's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the City does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

## 13. Net Position/Fund Balances

#### **Net Position**

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State statute.

#### Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories - portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents the year-end fund balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Perpetual maintenance – Cemetery resources that are required to be retained in perpetuity for maintenance of the City's cemeteries.

**Restricted Fund Balance** – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute — North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation

in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Economic and Physical Development – The economic and physical development portion of fund balance that is restricted for economic development.

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Public Safety – The public safety portion of fund balance that is restricted it RD reserve for the USDA payment on the police building.

**Committed Fund Balance** – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the City of Roxboro's City Council. Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the City Council.

Assigned fund balance – portion of fund balance that the City of Roxboro intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The City Council approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the City Manager to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within funds up to \$2,500.

Assigned for general government – portion of fund balance of the Vehicle Tags Fund that is assigned for future use for this fund.

Assigned for economic and physical development – portion of fund balance of the Stormwater Fee Fund that is assigned for future use for this fund.

Unassigned fund balance – portion of total fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The City of Roxboro has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-city funds, city funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the City.

The City of Roxboro has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the City in such manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 25% of budgeted expenditures. Budgeted expenditures are defined as total amount budgeted less amounts budgeted for financed capital outlay, grant expenditures and any one time intergovernmental transfers. Any portion of the general fund balance in excess of 35% of budgeted expenditures may be appropriated for capital expenditures and may not be used for any purpose that would obligate the City in a future budget.

#### 14. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City of Roxboro's employer contributions are recognized when due and the City of Roxboro has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 15. Other Resources

The General Fund provides the basis of local resources for other governmental funds. These transactions are recorded as "transfers-out" in the General Fund and "transfers-in" in the receiving fund.

## Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

## A. Significant Violations of Finance Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

## 1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

The audit report was submitted late due to a ransom ware attack to the accounting software. This finding has been resolved through reconstruction of records and adding additional security.

## B. Deficit Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Fund

None.

## C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

None.

#### Note 4 - Detail Notes on All Funds

#### A. Assets

#### 1. Deposits

All the deposits of the City are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the City's agents in the City's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's agents in the City's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the City under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The City complies with the provision of G.S. 159-31 when designing official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2021, the City's deposits had a carrying amount of \$8,227,023 and a bank balance of \$10,767,348. The City has deposits in only banks using the Pooling Method. Of the bank balances,

\$778,442 was covered by federal depository insurance. At June 30, 2021, the City's petty cash fund totaled \$750.

#### 2. Investments

At June 30, 2021, the City's had \$1,040,639 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The City has no policy regarding credit risk.

## 3. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amount of taxes receivable presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position includes penalties levied and outstanding net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

Fund	6/30/2021
General Fund:	115,096
Taxes receivable \$	22,611
Accounts receivable	137,707
Total - General Fund	137,707
Water and Sewer Fund:	
Accounts receivable	475,132
Total - Water and Sewer Fund	475,132
Total - Water and Ocwer Fund	
Total \$	612,839

#### 4. Notes Receivable

Notes receivable at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

- 1.25% note due from Renewell LLC payable in monthly installments of \$516, including interest, beginning February 26, 2015 and succeeding through January, 2021. The note is secured by a deed of trust on real property located on Depot Street, Roxboro, North Carolina.
- 1.25% note due from Amylynn, LLC payable in monthly installments of \$378, including interest, beginning December 2, 2017 and each succeeding month through November 2, 2022. The note is secured by a deed of trust on real property located in Roxboro, North Carolina.
- 1.25% note due from Strickland and Jones Funeral Service, LLC payable in monthly installments of \$516, including interest, beginning August 31, 2016 and each succeeding month through September 30, 2021. The note is secured by a deed of trust on real property located in Roxboro, North Carolina. <u>1,030</u>

\$23,699 Total notes receivable

## 5. Capital Assets

## **Governmental Activities**

Capital asset activity for the City for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decrea	ses	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 1,169,234	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,169,234
Construction in Progress		-		-	*
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,169,234	<u> </u>		-	1,169,234
Capital assets being depreciated					_
Buildings	7,224,543	-		-	7,224,543
Streets and infrastructure	298,215	-		-	298,215
Equipment, vehicles and motorized equipment	11,577,535	490,323			12,067,858
Total capital assets being depreciated	19,100,293	490,323		-	19,590,616
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Buildings	2,880,658	182,528		-	3,063,186
Streets and infrastructure	149,258	13,056		-	162,314
Equipment, vehicles and motorized equipment	9,157,438	735,255		-	9,892,693
Accumulated depreciation	12,187,354	\$ 930,839	\$	-	13,118,193
Total capital assets, depreciated, net	6,912,939				6,472,423
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 8,082,173				\$ 7,641,657

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 34,128
Public safety	542,599
Transportation	203,251
Environmental protection	150,861
Total depreciation expense	\$ 930,839

	Beginning Balances		Increases	Decreases		Ending Balances
Business-type activities:	 					
Capital assets not being depreciated					•	000 000
Land	\$ 860,226	\$	-	\$ -	\$	860,226
Construction in progress	17,153,788		1,959,995	 -		19,113,783
Total capital assets not being depreciated	18,014,014		1,959,995	-		19,974,009
Capital assets being depreciated						
Buildings and plant	12,804,549		24,776	-		12,829,325
Distribution system	23,931,096		-	-		23,931,096
Equipment	3,323,217		236,595	-		3,559,812
Vehicles	1,354,144		39,015	-		1,393,159
Total capital assets being depreciated	 41,413,006		300,386	_		41,713,392
Less accumulated depreciation for:						7 246 950
Buildings and plant	7,146,840		200,019	-		7,346,859
Distribution system	10,390,334		445,035	-		10,835,369
Equipment	2,633,555		121,467	-		2,755,022
Vehicles	918,385		101,508	-		1,019,893
Accumulated Depreciation	 21,089,114	\$	868,029	\$ -		21,957,143
Capital assets, depreciated, net	 20,323,892	-				19,756,249
Business-type activities capital asset	\$ 38,337,906	<u>-</u>		=	\$	39,730,258

#### **B.** Liabilities

- 1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations
- a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The City of Roxboro is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local government entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consist of 13 members — nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serves as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. City of Roxboro employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The City of Roxboro's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 9.70% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 8.95% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the City of Roxboro were \$644,151 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Refunds of Contributions – City employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By State law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$3,003,822 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the City's proportion was 0.09011%, which was a decrease of 0.00103% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$981,214. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ed Outflows of esources	ed Inflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 379,330	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	223,543	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	422,708	<u>-</u>
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	90,129
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 644,151	
Total	\$ 1,669,732	\$ 90,129

\$644,151 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2022	\$ 251,483
2023	355,411
2024	203,457
2025	125,100
2020	\$ 935,451

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2018 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net

position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
City's Proportionate share of the net	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
pension liability (asset)	\$ 6,094,427	\$ 3,003,822	\$ 435,311

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

## b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

#### 1. Plan Description.

The City of Roxboro administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained age 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full time law enforcement officers of the City are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2020, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Inactive members currently receiving benefits	4
Active plan members	30
Total	34

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting. The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

#### 3. Actuarial Assumptions.

The entry age actuarial cost method used in the December 31, 2019 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 1.93 percent

Salary increases 3.25 - 7.75 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Discount rate 2.50 percent

The discount rate is based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2019.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

#### 4. Contributions.

The City is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The City paid \$63,402 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a total pension liability of \$1,526,497. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020 based on a December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2021 the City recognized pension expense of \$151,015.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	199,862	\$	145,949	
Changes of assumptions		194,287		25,806	
City benefit payments and plan administrative expense made subsequent to the measurement date		151,400		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	545,549	\$	171,755	

\$151,400 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Future amortization:

Year Ended June 30:	
2022	\$ 65,609
2023	67,336
2024	75,629
2025	85,726
2026	64,731
Thereafter	14,763
	\$ 373,794

Sensitivity of the City's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.93 percent, as well as what the City's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.93 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.93 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount		1%
	Decrease	Rate	!	Increase
City's proportionate share of the total	(0.93%)	(1.93%)		(2.93%)
pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,665,039	\$ 1,526,497	\$	1,401,115

# Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

2021
\$1,136,990
47,874
36,032
-
13,595
355,408
(63,402)
\$1,526,497

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

## Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
Pension Expense	\$ 981,214	\$ 151,015	\$1,132,229
Pension Liability	3,003,822	1,526,497	4,530,319
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.08842%	n/a	
Deferred of Outflows of Resources Differences between expected and actual			
experience	379,330	199,862	579,192
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and	223,543	194,287	417,830
actual earnings on plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate	422,708	-	422,708
share of contributions  Benefit payments and administrative costs	-	-	-
paid subsequent to the measurement date	644,151	151,400	795,551
Deferred of Inflows of Resources Differences between expected and actual			
experience	-	145,949	145,949
Changes of assumptions  Net difference between projected and	-	25,806	25,806
actual earnings on plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate	-	-	-
share of contributions	90,129	-	90,129

## c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the City. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. The report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers and other employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$277,596, which consisted of \$176,115 from the City and \$97,481 from the law enforcement officers.

## d. Firefighter's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund

Plan Description. The State of North Carolina contributes, on behalf of the City of Roxboro, to the Firefighter's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (Fund), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation administered by the State of North Carolina. The fund provides pension benefits for eligible fire and rescue squad workers that have elected to become members of the Fund. Article 86 of G.S. chapter 58 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State house of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Firefighter's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Firefighter's and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Benefits Provided. FRSWPF provides retirement and survivor benefits. The present retirement benefit is \$170 per month. Plan members are eligible to receive the monthly benefit at age 55 with 20 years of creditable service as a firefighter or rescue squad worker, and have terminated duties as a firefighter or rescue squad worker. Eligible beneficiaries of members who die before beginning to receive the benefit will receive the amount paid by the member who die after beginning to receive benefits will be paid the amount the member contributed minus the benefits collected.

Contributions. Plan members are required to contribute \$10 per month to the Fund. The State, a non-employer contributor, funds the plan through appropriations. The City has elected to contribute the required \$10 per month to the Fund on behalf of each plan member. Total contributions from the City for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$1,980. Contribution provisions are established by General Statue 58-86 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly.

Refunds of Contributions. Plan members who are no longer eligible or choose not to participate in the plan may file an application for a refund of their contributions. Refunds include the member's contributions and contributions paid by others on the member's behalf. No interest will be paid on the amount of the refund. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by FRSWPF.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reported no liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, as the State provides 100% pension support to the City through its appropriations to the FRSWPF. The total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City and supported by the State was \$10,228. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing updated procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The City's proportion of the net pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers. As the City is not projected to make any future contributions to the plan, its proportionate share at June 30, 2019 and at June 30, 2018 was 0%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,909 and revenue of \$2,909 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2021, the City reported no deferred outflows of resources and no deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation Salary increases Investment of return 3.0%
Not applicable
7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

For more information regarding actuarial assumptions, including mortality tables, the actuarial experience study, the consideration of future ad hoc COLA amounts, the development of the projected long-term investment returns, and the asset allocation policy, refer to the discussion of actuarial assumptions for the LGERS plan in Section a. of this note.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

## e. Other Post-Employment Benefits

#### **Healthcare Benefits**

Plan Description. Under the terms of a City resolution, the City administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB plan). As of March 11, 1980, this plan provides post-employment health care benefits to retirees of the City, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least ten years of creditable service with the City. The City pays the full cost coverage for these benefits through private insurers for a maximum of 3 years or until the retired employee reaches age 65. The City's retirees may not purchase coverage for their dependents at the City's group rates. The City council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

	General Employees:	Law Enforcement Officers:
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	3	-
Active plan members	90	31
Total	93	31

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

The City's total OPEB liability of \$475,019 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.75 percent, including wage inflation

Discount rate 2.21 percent

Pre Medicare-7.00% for 2019 decresing to an ultimate

Healthcare cost trend rates rate of 4.50% by 2026

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of the measurement date.

## **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

	Total Ol	PEB Liability
Balance at July 1, 2019	\$	544,005
Changes for the year		
Service cost		25,933
Interest		19,079
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(4,426)
Changes of assumptions		40,508
Benefit payments		(50,080)
Net changes		31,014
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	575,019

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.21% to 3.50%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 2010 through December 2014.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.21 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.21 percent) than the current discount rate:

Total OPEB liability \$ 528,849 \$ 575,019 \$ 627,441

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Total OPEB liability \$ 609,061 \$ 575,019 \$ 543,298

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$75,493. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	red Inflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 124,163	\$ 3,894
Benefit payments and administrative costs made subsequent to the measurement date	45,901	6,893
Total	\$ 170,064	\$ 10,787

\$45,901 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year ended June 30:

	700000	
	\$	159,277
Thereafter		36,340
2026		25,013
2025		24,481
2024		24,481
2023		24,481
2022	\$	24,481
<b> </b>		

## 2. Other Employment Benefits

The City has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest month's salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000.

All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The City has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll, based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. Because the benefit payments are made by the Death Benefit Plan and not by the City, the City does not determine the number of eligible participants. For the

fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City did not make contributions to the State for death benefits as determined by the State.

The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The City considers these contributions to be immaterial.

The City provides \$15,000 of group term life insurance to all full time employees. The City also provides \$2,500 of life insurance for dependents of City employees. The monthly premium for life insurance is \$4.53 for employees and \$.88 for dependents. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City paid \$6.881 in life insurance premiums for City employees and their dependents.

#### 3. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, which is available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The City has complied with the changes in the laws which govern the City's Deferred Compensation Plan, requiring all assets of the plan to be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. Formerly, the undistributed amounts which had been deferred by the plan participants were required to be reported as assets of the City. Effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998, and in accordance with GASB Statement 32, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans," the City's Deferred Compensation Plan is no longer reported within the City's Agency Funds.

#### 4. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

The City has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

ŀ	Amount
\$	644,151
	151,400
	-
	1,025,581
	394,149
	170,064
\$	2,385,345
	\$

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

General Fund:	Amount	
Property taxes receivable	\$ 83,301	
Unavailable revenues	46,797	
	\$ 130,098	
m	Amaunt	
Government-wide Activities:	Amount	
Pension deferrals - LGERS	\$ 10,815	
Pension deferrals - LGERS	\$ 10,815	
Pension deferrals - LGERS Pension deferrals - LEO	\$ 10,815 171,155	
Pension deferrals - LGERS Pension deferrals - LEO Unavailable revenue	\$ 10,815 171,155 46,797	

#### 5. Commitments

## A. Fire Protection Services-Person County

The City of Roxboro has approved a contract to provide fire protection and inspection services for a term of five years beginning September 1, 1999 and ending August 31, 2004 to residents of Person County. Under the terms of this agreement, Person County will pay the City \$366,621 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. Annual increases will be based on the Consumer Price Index. If the annual budget or actual expenditures incurred by the City's fire department decreases by more than 7% in any one fiscal year or more than 15% over the life of this contract, Person County will receive a refund from the City. This refund would be in proportion to the percentage decrease in the City's expenditures for the fire department. The agreement will automatically renew at the end of the five-year term unless a written notice of intent not to renew the agreement is adopted by either the City or County. The county may cancel the fire inspection services section of the contract and reduce the annual payment to the City by 38% of the City's budget for the Fire Inspections department. The County has exercised its right to cancel fire inspection service and reduce its payment for the fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2004. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 the City received \$396,853 from Person County for fire protection services.

#### **B.** Building Leases

On November 11, 2003, the City of Roxboro entered into an agreement with the Food Pantry of Roxboro and Person County, a North Carolina charitable organization. Under the terms of this agreement the City will lease its old Public Works building located at 704 Franklin Street in Roxboro, to the Food Pantry for a term of one year ending on November 30, 2004. The lease will continue on a month-to-month basis after November 30, 2004. The Food Pantry will use the building as a storage and distribution center for food to assist low income families. The Food Pantry has agreed to pay for all utilities during the term of the lease. The rent for the one-year term of this lease is \$1.

#### C. Major Capital Projects

The City has entered into a direct borrowing agreement with SunTrust Institutional Finance in the amount of \$5,300,000 to finance the construction of a necessary water quality process. The property is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. This financing also refinanced an existing loan for the triple tier water lines. The direct borrowing agreement requires 9 annual payments of \$470,824 and 6 annual payments of \$352,437, including interest at 2.52% per year until October 2028. Debt service expenditures will be budgeted annually in the Enterprise Fund.

The City has entered into a direct borrowing agreement with United States Department of Agriculture in the amount of \$23,785,000 to finance the wastewater treatment plant upgrade project. The plant is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The direct borrowing agreement requires annual interest payments at 3.30% per year and a lump sum repayment of principal of \$23,785,000 in the year ending June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2021, the City had \$4,214,138 available funds to complete the remaining construction.

## D. Emergency 911 Communications

On October 1, 1999, the City of Roxboro entered into an agreement with Person County whereby the County will provide Emergency 911 communications services to the City of Roxboro. The County will be responsible for funding all 911 equipment purchases and for providing insurance coverage on this equipment. The City will furnish its existing building located at 301 Hill Street in Roxboro for use as the new E-911 Center. the City will also provide insurance coverage for the building.

Operating costs for the E-911 center will be allocated between the City and County based on the same formula for the allocation of sales tax distributions received from the State of North Carolina. Currently, the City of Roxboro and Person County receive 125.9% and 87.1%, respectively, of sales tax distributions from the State. The County will pay all operating expenses for the E-911 Center. The City will reimburse the County on a quarterly basis for its share of operating expenses. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City paid \$101,839 to Person County for the City's share of operating costs. The City's estimated

share of operating expenses for the E-911 Center for the year ending June 30, 2021, is \$115,000. The term of this agreement is a ten-year period ending September 30, 2009. The agreement was renewed by consent of the City and County for an additional ten years.

## E. Inter-Local Regional Water Agreement

On March 25, 2003, the City of Roxboro, Person County and the City of Yanceyville entered into an interlocal Agreement to establish a Public Enterprise for a Water Supply and Distribution System. The purpose of this agreement is to establish a regional water system to supply water vital to the public health, welfare and economic growth of Roxboro, Person County, Yanceyville and Caswell County. The parties agree to construct, operate, maintain and repair a raw water intake and treatment facility located on the Dan River in Caswell County and water lines from the Dan River to the Town of Yanceyville, City of Roxboro and Town of Milton. The total estimated cost of this regional water system is \$26,000,000 which may be financed by installment purchase agreements, revenue bonds, general obligation bonds, State and Federal grants, water revenues, and any other available resources. Construction of the project will begin whenever it is economically feasible and after the parties have obtained the necessary financing for this project. The cost of construction and the water revenues will be divided among the parties as outlined in the Inter-Local Agreement. All parties agree to work together to obtain the necessary funds, permits, easements and real property necessary for this project to be completed. The term of this agreement if forty years beginning March 25, 2003 and ending March 25, 2043.

Under the terms of the Inter-Local Agreement, the City of Yanceyville will acquire the real property and easements necessary for the project in Caswell County. The City of Roxboro and Person County will acquire the necessary property and easements in Person County.

Roxboro will construct and operate the raw water intake, treatment facility and water line from the Dan River to Roxboro. Roxboro will also apply for a water withdrawal permit from the State of North Carolina to withdraw up to 10 million gallons per day from the Dan River. Yanceyville will construct and operate the water lines to Yanceyville and Milton including a small water treatment facility for the City of Milton. Roxboro and Person County further agree to pay for all costs associated with legal representation to defend this Inter-Local Agreement in the event of any legal challenge brought by a third party alleging any invalidity of the Agreement or in the event it is necessary to bring a legal action against a third party to protect this Agreement.

## F. Tower Lease Agreement

On July 1, 1999, the City of Roxboro entered into a lease agreement with Piedmont Communications Company, Inc. The term of the lease is a nine-year period beginning July 1, 1999, and ending June 30, 2008, with an option to renew for an additional ten-year period. Piedmont Communications Company, Inc. will construct a communications tower on land owned by the City of Roxboro. Each party may locate up to three antennas on this tower at no charge. Piedmont Communications Company, Inc. shall pay all expenses for construction and operation of the tower except those expenses directly related to the land owned by the City. Piedmont shall also bill and collect all third party antenna user fees during the term of the lease. Piedmont shall retain all user fees collected for the first year of this agreement or until Piedmont recovers its cost of construction. Beginning with the second year of this agreement, Piedmont shall pay the following percentages of third party revenue collected to the City of Roxboro:

2 <sup>nd</sup> year	20%
3 <sup>rd</sup> year	30%
4 <sup>th</sup> year	40%
5th year and each subsequent year	50%

As of June 30, 2021, Piedmont Communications has not yet recovered its initial construction costs. Upon termination of this lease, Piedmont will retain ownership of the communications tower and all related equipment. Piedmont agrees to remove the tower and equipment from the City's property within three months of termination. On November 13, 2015 the City executed an agreement to purchase this tower and equipment for \$45,000.

## G. Main Street Pavilion at Merritt Commons

On December 12, 2006, Person County Recreation Arts and Parks Department donated the Main Street Pavilion at Merritt Commons to the City of Roxboro. The Pavilion is located in Historic UpCity Roxboro. Roxboro UpCity Development Corporation constructed the facility, which was paid for from proceeds of a recreation grant from the State of North Carolina and by the contributions from the citizens and businesses of Person County. The facility will be used for parades, concerts, Christmas celebrations, weddings and many other civic, recreational and social activities. Roxboro Development Group will manage the facility. The City of Roxboro owns the Pavilion and is therefore responsible for its maintenance including repairs, insurance, landscaping and utilities.

## H. Water Tower Maintenance Agreement

On May 12, 2000, the City entered into a direct borrowing contract to finance the renovation of a water storage tank owned by the City. The financing contract required a down payment of \$67,915 and three annual installments of \$67,915 beginning on September 1, 2000. This agreement is unsecured and does not include any provision for interest. The cost of the renovation was \$252,069. The last payment includes a maintenance agreement in the amount of \$19,588. The City was not obligated beyond the first four payments. However, the contract also includes an optional maintenance agreement beginning in the fifth year at \$21,742 per year. The maintenance agreement will be adjusted for inflation every three years with increases limited to no more than 5% annually. The annual payment for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 was \$34,196. The maintenance agreement expired on September 1, 2011.

#### I. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets: errors and omissions: injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in two self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the City obtains general liability coverage of \$2 million and auto liability coverage of \$3 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to a \$2 million lifetime limit. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability, auto liability and property in excess of \$500,000 and \$300,000 up to statutory limits for workers' compensation. The property liability pool has an aggregate limit for the total property losses in a single year, with the reinsurance limit based upon a percentage of the total insurance values.

Effective July 1, 2013, the City changed its previous, traditional premium payment of only health insurance coverage for employees and their families to a fully-insured, high deductible healthcare plan (HDHP) with participation in the City's medical expense reimbursement plan (MERP), administered by MedCost Benefit Services. The HDHP provides for each participant to have a deductible of \$7,500 on their health insurance coverage. The MERP provides that participant is subject to \$3,300 of that deductible and the City pays the remaining \$4,200 of the deductible. Payments of premiums for the HDHP are treated as expenditures in the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund, according to the function of the employees and retirees. Payments of the deductible per the MERP, up to the annual limit, are accounted for in the Internal Service Fund – Health and Benefit Fund, and are then reimbursed by the funds and reported as expenditures in the funds. The City's expenditures for the MERP totaled \$0 in the General Fund and \$111,393 in the enterprise Fund during the year ended June 30, 2019.

The City of Roxboro's property insurance through the North Carolina League of Municipalities includes flood insurance on buildings located in Flood Zones B, C or X with a \$25,000 deductible. Property not located within Flood Zones B, C and X property located on or over a body of water, open structures, bridges, walks, piers and docks are not covered. The City of Roxboro does not carry any additional flood insurance. Except for sewage pump stations located along some small creeks in Flood Zone AE, all City of Roxboro buildings and facilities are located within Flood Zone X. Also, there are no major rivers located within the City limits which are subject to flooding during periods of heavy rain.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the City's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the City's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Director and Tax Collector are each individually bonded for \$250,000 each. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$500,000.

The City carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### 6. Lease Obligations

#### A. Operating Leases

The City leases copiers and fax machines for the Administration, Finance, Police, Fire, Public Works, Water and Wastewater Treatment Departments under a five-year operating lease beginning August 8, 2018 and expiring August 7, 2023

The lease requires monthly rental payments of \$1,036 plus \$0.031 and \$0.004 per copy for color and black and white copiers, respectively, after a certain amount of copies. Rental expense under these obligations was \$18,005 for the year ended June 30, 2021 including insurance and maintenance fees.

The City leases a postage meter for the Finance Department under a sixty month operating lease beginning November 20, 2013 and expiring November 20, 2018. The lease requires quarterly rental payments of \$573. Rental expense under this lease obligation was \$2,188 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The City leases two ice machines for the Garage and Waste Water Treatment Departments under month-to-month operating leases. The leases require monthly rental payments of \$75 and \$90, respectively. Rental expenses under these lease obligations were \$1,140 and \$1,080, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The City leases a mobile office building for the Water Treatment Plant under a one-year operating lease beginning November 1, 2008 and expiring October 31, 2009. The lease requires monthly rental payments of \$356 with an option to renew the lease on a month-to-month basis upon expiration. Rental expense under this lease obligation was \$5,007 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### B. Capital Leases

The City has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

An agreement was executed on August 4, 2016 to lease police software equipment and required four annual payments of \$61,305. This lease was paid off in 2021.

#### C. <u>Direct Borrowing Agreements</u>

On March 5, 2008, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement with the United States Department of Agriculture for the construction of a Police Station. The building is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The mortgage contract requires 30 annual payments of \$192,935 including principal and interest at 4.375% beginning March 5, 2009 through March 5, 2038. On August 10,2020, the loan with United States Department of Agriculture was refinanced with a local financial institution. The form of the refinance agreement calls for 17 annual payments in the amount of \$171,469, including principal and interest at 2.68%, beginning June 1, 2021, and ending June 1, 2037. The mortgage loan is secured by a deed of trust on the new Police Station located at the corner of Reams Avenue and Lamar Street in Roxboro.

\$2,224,371

On June 19, 2017, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement to purchase a fire truck in the amount of \$360,000 with Piedmont Electric Membership Corporation. The vehicle is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The loan agreement requires 10 annual payments of \$36,000 beginning September 1, 2017 including interest at 0% until September 1, 2027.

\$216,000

On September 18, 2018, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement to purchase an air truck in the amount of \$100,000 with Piedmont Electric Membership Corporation. The vehicle is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The loan agreement requires 5 annual payments of \$20,800 beginning January 31, 2019 including interest at 0% until January 31, 2023.

\$40,000

On June 26, 2020, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement to finance the purchase of police vehicles and a garbage truck in the amount of \$454,680 with a local financial institution. The General Fund is obligated for \$336,327 and the Water and Sewer Fund is obligated for \$118,353. The vehicles are pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. This loan agreement requires 4 annual payments of \$118,576 beginning June 1, 2021, including interest of 1.76% until June 1, 2024.

\$253,797

On June 26, 2021, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement to finance the purchase of police vehicles in the amount of \$285,470 with a local financial institution. The vehicles are pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. This loan agreement requires 4 annual payments of \$74,776 including interest of 1.76% until June 1, 2022.

\$285,470

On June 25, 2019, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement to purchase police vehicles in the amount of \$102,946 with Roxboro Savings Bank. The vehicles are pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The loan agreement requires 4 annual payments of \$27,438 beginning June 1, 2020 including interest at 2.68% until June 1, 2023.

\$52,747

Total governmental activities direct borrowings \$3,072,385

On May 20, 2010, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement to finance the Brooks Pump Station project in the amount of \$173,255 with the State of North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources Division of Water Quality. The station is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The loan agreement requires 20 annual principal payments of \$8,663 beginning May 1, 2011 including interest at 0% until May 1, 2030.

\$77,965

On June 26, 2020, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement to finance the purchase of police vehicles and a garbage truck in the amount of \$454,680 with a local financial institution. The General Fund is obligated for \$336,327 and the Water and Sewer Fund is obligated for \$118,353. The vehicles are pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. This loan agreement requires 4 annual payments of \$118,576 beginning June 1, 2021, including interest of 1.76% until June 1, 2024.

\$89,461

On October 17, 2013, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement to refinance the loan balance of \$943,835 for the loan referenced above as the triple tier water lines. Additional loan proceeds of \$4,356,165 were advanced for construction of the water plant MIEX processing equipment. The property is pledged for collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The MIEX Loan of \$5,300,000 was financed by STI Institutional and Government Inc. and requires 9 annual payments of \$470,824 beginning October 17, 2014 and 6 annual payments of \$352,437 beginning October 17, 2023, all including interest of 2.52% until October 17, 2028. This agreement is secured by approximately 25 acres of real property owned by the City in Person County, North Carolina.

\$ 2,752,823

On June 25, 2019, the City entered into a direct borrowing agreement to purchase a backhoe in the amount of \$142,827 with Roxboro Savings Bank. The backhoe is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The loan agreement requires 4 annual payments of \$38,068 beginning June 1, 2020 including interest at 2.68% until June 1, 2023.

\$73,181

\$2,993,430

#### D. <u>Direct Placement Agreement</u>

On July 24, 2018, the City entered into a direct placement agreement to finance the Wastewater Treatment Plant project in the amount of \$23,785,000 with the United States Department of Agriculture. The property is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. The loan agreement requires 2 annual interest payments of \$790,322 in fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 at an interest rate of 3.30% and a lump sum repayment during the year ending June 30, 2022.

\$23,785,000

Total business-type activities agreements \$ 26,778,430

#### 7. Long-Term Debt

#### a. General Obligation Indebtedness

At June 30, 2021, the City of Roxboro had a legal debt margin of \$24,590,473. On November 3, 2006, the City of Roxboro received a bond rating of 82 from the North Carolina Municipal Council.

#### b. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the City's Governmental Activities for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Balance			Balance	Current
Governmental Activities:	7/1/2020	Increases	Decreases	6/30/2021	Portion
Direct Borrowing Installment purchases					
Police vehicles/truck	\$ 336,327	\$ -	\$ 82,530	\$ 253,797	\$ 83,271
Police station	2,347,065	-	122,694	2,224,371	93,203
Police vehicles	24,767	_	24,767		-
Fire truck	252,000	-	36,000	216,000	36,000
Air truck	60,000	-	20,000	40,000	20,000
Police vehicles	· <u>-</u>	285,470	-	285,470	285,470
Police vehicles	78,093	-	25,346	52,747	26,017
Total	3,098,252	285,470	311,337	3,072,385	543,961
	. ,				
Capital Leases:					
Police software	59,606	-	59,606	-	-
Total	59,606	-	59,606	-	 •••
Net pension liability (LGERS)	1,771,800	871,563	-	2,643,363	
Total pension liability (LEO)	1,136,990	389,507	-	1,526,497	-
Total OPEB liability	391,684	116,827	-	508,511	-
Compensated absences	530,913	· <u>-</u>	38,110	492,803	_
<b>,</b>					
	\$ 6,989,245	\$ 1,663,367	\$ 409,053	\$ 8,243,559	\$ 543,961
•					
Business-Type Activities:					
Direct Borrowing Installment purchases					
Brooks pump station	\$ 86,627	\$ -	\$ 8,662	\$ 77,965	\$ 8,663
Miex project	3,144,434	-	391,611	2,752,823	401,449
Backhoe	108,346	_	35,165	73,181	35,707
Garbage truck	118,353	-	28,892	89,461	29,258
Direct Placement Installment Purchase					
Wastewater Treatment Plant	23,785,000	_	_	23,785,000	
Total	27,242,760	-	464,330	26,778,430	475,077
Net pension liability (LGERS)	689,034	-	328,575	360,459	-
Total OPEB liability	152,321	-	85,813	66,508	_
Compensated absences		7,348		148,219	-
·			-		
	\$ 28,224,986	\$ 7,348	\$ 878,718	\$ 27,353,616	\$ 475,077
				*	

#### c. Debt-Service Requirements

The following table summarizes the annual debt service requirements to maturity for all long-term debt outstanding (excluding compensated absences and claims and judgements):

#### **Direct Borrowing Agreements**

	Direct Borrowing Agreements			ts			
Governmental Activities:		Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	662,537	\$	106,425	\$	768,962	
2023		264,747		100,184		364,931	
2024		223,624		92,920		316,544	
2025		141,978		86,957		228,935	
2026		132,740		71,995		204,735	
2027-2031		497,554		289,050		786,604	
2032-2036		718,569		216,926		935,495	
2037-2039		430,636		46,988		477,624	
Total governmental activities	\$	3,072,385	\$	1,011,445	\$	4,083,830	

	Direct Borrowing and Placement Agreements			reements		
Business-Type Activities	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	24,260,471	\$	468,075	\$	24,728,546
2023		487,087		61,316		548,403
2024		342,644		49,422		392,066
2025		319,862		41,238		361,100
2026		335,744		25,266		361,010
2027-2030		1,032,622		59,162		1,091,784
Total business-type activities	\$	26,778,430	\$	704,479	\$	27,482,909

## 8. Interfund Balances and Activity

Balances due to/from other funds as of June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

#### Balances Due to/from Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Agency Fund: Flexible Spending Fund	\$52,678

This interfund receivable and payable of the Agency Fund represents the minimum balance in the Medical Flexible Spending checking accounts necessary to avoid bank service charges and overdrafts due to payments for medical expenses on behalf of employees through the City's pretax medical flex plan which may become due prior to the transfer of payroll deductions to these accounts from the General and Enterprise Funds.

#### 9. Interfund Transfers

Transfers to/from other funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

Transfers to/from Other Funds	Amour	nt
From the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund	\$	-
From the General Fund to the LEO Separation Fund		-
From the Stormwater Project Fund to the General Fund	13	37,000
From the Vehicle Tags Fund to the General Fund		33,580
Total transfers from other funds - Exhibit 4	27	70,580
To the General Fund from the Stormwater Fund	(13	37,000)
To the Capital Projects Fund from the General Fund		-
To the General Fund from the Vehicle Tags Fund	(13	33,580)
To the LEO Separation Fund from the General Fund		_
Total transfers to other funds - Exhibit 4	(27	70,580)
Net transfers - Exhibit 2	\$	_

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues from various funds to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts providing matching funds for various grant programs.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City transferred \$137,000 to the General Fund from the Stormwater Fund to pay for related expenses. The City transferred \$133,580 from the Vehicle Tags Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund to pay for maintenance of City streets.

## 10. On-Behalf Payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City of Roxboro has recognized on-behalf payments for pension contributions made by the State as a revenue and an expenditure of \$0 for the 16 volunteer firemen and the 21 employed firemen who perform firefighting duties for the City's fire department. The volunteers and employees elected to be members of the Firemen and Rescue Workers' Pension Fund, a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system established and administered by the State of North Carolina. The Plan is funded by a \$10 monthly contribution paid by the City of Roxboro for each member, investment income, and a state appropriation.

#### A. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	Governmental	Business-type
Capital Assets	\$ 7,641,657	\$ 39,730,258
Less: long term debt	3,241,120	26,778,430
Add: debt reserve requirements	168,735	-
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,569,272	\$ 12,951,828

#### **B. Fund Balance**

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total Fund Balance - General Fund	\$ 3,482,599
Less:	
Inventories	38,427
Perpetual maintenance	30,269
Stabilization by State Statute	962,926
Streets - Powell Bill	113,054
Public safety	-
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 2,337,923

The City has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the City in such a manner that available fund balance is at least to or greater than 25% of budgeted expenditures. Budgeted expenditures for this policy is total expenditures not including capital amounts that are financed, grant expenditures and other intergovernmental amounts.

## 11. Jointly Governed Organizations

## A. Kerr-Tar Regional Council of Governments

The City, in conjunction with five counties and fourteen other municipalities established the Kerr-Tar Regional Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The City paid membership fees of \$5,352 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

## B. Person Tourism Development Authority

The City, in conjunction with Person County, established the Person Tourism Development Authority (Authority). The Authority was created to expend the net proceeds of a 5% room occupancy tax levied, tourism, and conventions, sponsor tourist-related events and activities, and finance tourist-related capital projects in Person County. The City and County each appoint three members to the Authority's governing board. Person County also serves as fiscal agent for the Authority.

#### 12. Joint Ventures

#### A. Firemen's Relief Fund

The City and the members of the City's fire department each appoint two members to the five-member local board of trustees for the Firemen's Relief Fund. The State Insurance Commissioner appoints one additional member to the local board of trustees. The Firemen's Relief Fund is funded by a portion of the fire and lightning insurance premiums which insurers remit to the State. The State passes these moneys to the local board of the Firemen's Relief Fund. The funds are used to assist fire fighters in various ways.

The City obtains an ongoing financial benefit from the Fund for the on-behalf of payments for salaries and fringe benefits made to members of the City's fire department by the board of trustees. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2021. The Firemen's Relief Fund does not issue separate audited financial statements. Instead, the local board of trustees files an annual financial report with the State Firemen's Association. This report can be obtained from the Association at 323 West Jones Street, Suite 401, Raleigh, North Carolina 27603.

## 13. Related Organization

The five-member board of the City of Roxboro Housing Authority is appointed by the mayor of the City of Roxboro. The City is accountable for the Housing Authority because it appoints the governing board; however, the City is not financially accountable for the Housing Authority. The City of Roxboro is also disclosed as a related organization in the notes to the financial statements for the City of Roxboro Housing Authority. Complete financial statements for the Housing Authority can be obtained from the Authority's offices at 500 Mt. Bethel Church Street, Roxboro, NC 27573.

## 14. Related Party Transactions

The City appropriated \$14,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 to the Uptown Roxboro Group, a nonprofit organization dedicated to economic development in the Historic Uptown Roxboro business district. The City has supported the Uptown Roxboro Group, formerly the Roxboro Development Group, and each year since its inception and presently in addition to the annual appropriation amounts, the executive director of the organization is an employee of the City. The City also provides office space for the director.

# 15. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

## A. Federal and State Assisted Programs

The City has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any requires refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

## B. Unemployment Taxes

The City elected to pay the direct cost of employment security benefits in lieu of unemployment payroll taxes. A liability for benefit payments could accrue in the year following discharge of an employee.

## 18. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated events from the date of the balance sheet through the date the report is available to be issued which is the date of the independent auditors' report. The City has not evaluated subsequent events after that date. There were no subsequent events during this period that required disclosure.

## 16. Special Item - Sale of Fixed Assets

In 2021, the City sold fixed assets that were fully depreciated. The revenue from the sales were \$73,787 for the General Fund and \$4,402 for the Water and Sewer Fund.

## 17. Claims and Judgments

At June 30, 2021, the City was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the City's management and the City attorney, the ultimate outcome of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles. Presentation conforms to requirements of Local Government Commission in North Carolina.

- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability for Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Contributions to Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability for Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Plan
- Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

#### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Last Five Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 1,136,990	\$ 962,373	\$ 774,959	\$1,033,521	\$1,020,555
Service cost	47,874	47,155	41,884	39,061	42,793
Interest on the total pension liability	36,032	34,038	23,550	39,071	35,735
Changes of benefit terms	~	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement					
of the total pension liability	13,595	112,955	219,778	(350,077)	•
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	355,408	34,996	(38,374)	56,040	(26,385)
Benefit payments	(63,402)	(54,527)	(59,424)	(42,657)	(39,177)
Other changes		 -	 		<u> </u>
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 1,526,497	\$ 1,136,990	\$ 962,373	\$ 774,959	\$1,033,521

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

#### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Last Five Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$1,526,497	\$1,136,990	\$ 962,373	\$ 774,959	\$1,033,521
Covered payroll	1,502,275	1,657,257	1,366,874	1,458,030	1,527,771
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	101.61%	68.61%	70.41%	53.15%	67.65%

Notes to the schedules:

The City of Roxboro has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 73 to pay related benefits.

# City of Roxboro, North Carolina City of Roxboro's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Eight Fiscal Years\*

## Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2021	2020	Ñ	019	2018	2017	2016	2015 2014	2014
Roxboro's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%,	٦	0.0901	1% 0.0	)8842%	0.09180%	0.09500%	0.10311%	0.09011% 0.08842% 0.09180% 0.09500% 0.10311% 0.09940% 0.10580%	0.10580%
Roxboro's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$3,003,822 \$		334 \$2,0	97,625	\$1,402,450	\$2,016,220	\$ 462,751	2,460,834 \$2,097,625 \$1,402,450 \$2,016,220 \$ 462,751 \$ (586,208) \$1,275,296	\$1,275,296
Roxboro's covered-employee payroll	\$6,109,352 \$		311 \$5,7	90,091	\$5,503,674	\$ 5,440,961	\$5,412,549	5,797,811 \$5,790,091 \$5,503,674 \$5,440,961 \$5,412,549 \$5,369,553 \$5,158,642	\$5,158,642
Roxboro's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its coveredemployee payroll	49.17%	42.4	42.44%	36.23%	25.48%	37.06%	8.55%	(10.92%)	24.72%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	- 90.11%	89.(	%80.68	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	102.64%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

City of Roxboro, North Carolina City of Roxboro's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Eight Fiscal Years

## Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2021		2020	2019	N	018	2017		2016	20	15	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 644,151	€ <del>9</del>	546,787	546,787 \$ 463,964 \$ 433,894 \$ 415,783 \$ 373,886 \$ 391,552 \$	83	133,894	\$ 415,783	69	373,886	\$ 39	1,552 \$	382,632
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	644,151	_	546,787	463,964	7	433,894	415,783		373,886	33	391,552	382,632
Contribution deficency (excess)	\$	ь	1	\$	မာ		8	မှာ	1	æ	ı	
Roxboro's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,189,30	4 &	6,109,352	\$ 6,189,304 \$ 6,109,352 \$ 5,797,811 \$ 5,790,091 \$ 5,503,674 \$ 5,440,961 \$ 5,412,549 \$ 5,369,553	\$ 5,7	790,091	\$ 5,503,674	€9	5,440,961	\$ 5,41	2,549 \$	5,369,553
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.40%	%	8.95%	8.00%		7.49%	7.55%		6.87%		7.23%	7.13%

City of Roxboro, North Carolina
City of Roxboro's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Required Supplementary Information
Last Seven Years\*

Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Roxboro's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.00000%	%000000	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	%000000	0.00000%
Roxboro's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	<del>О</del>	ı ₩	. ↔	· <del>65</del>	1 € <del>9</del>	<b>.</b> ↔	· ·
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City of Roxboro	42,955 \$ 42,955	35,132 \$ 35,132	48,582 \$ 48,582	43,432	32,265 \$ 32,265	\$ 27,819	24,013 \$ 24,013
Roxboro's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,086,926	\$ 1,067,251	\$ 1,006,228	\$ 988,815	\$ 968,794	\$ 986,817	\$ 939,491
Roxboro's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its coveredemployee payroll	3.95%	3.29%	4.83%	4.39%	3.33%	2.82%	2.56%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension	90.11%	89.35%	89.69%	89.35%	84.94%	91.40%	93.42%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented are for the prior fiscal year.

#### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability Required Supplementary Information

Total OPEB Liability	2021	2020	2019	2018
Service cost	\$ 25,933 \$ 19,079	22,369	\$ 21,775	\$ 22,578
Interest		14,795	13,059	12,248
Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	(4,426)	140,206	27,057	-
	40,508	12,005	1,749	(12,833)
	(50,080)	(50,904)	(49,428)	(74,588)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	31,014	138,471	14,212	(52,595)
	544,005	405,534	391,322	443,917
	\$ 575,019 \$	544,005	\$ 405,534	\$ 391,322
Covered payroll  Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	5,392,059	5,392,059	4,586,074	4,586,074
	10.66%	10.09%	8.84%	8.53%

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal year	Rate
2021	2.21%
2020	3.50%
2019	3.89%
2018	3,56%

## INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

This section contains additional information on the Governmental and Proprietary Funds (budget to actual comparison).

				Variance
				Positive
		Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:	<b></b>			
Ad valorem taxes:			4 0 4 4 7 7 4	
Taxes - current year's levy	\$	4,703,036 \$	4,611,771 \$	
Taxes - prior year's levy		55,000	59,076	
Penalties and interest		15,000	22,904	(79,285)
Total	_	4,773,036	4,693,751	(19,200)
Local Option Sales Tax:				
Article 39: 1 percent		606,018	671,810	
Article 40: .5 percent		418,461	450,607	
Article 42: .5 percent		298,193	330,313	
		96,540	96,612	
Article 44: .5 percent		453,002	472,469	
Hold Harmless - Person County	-	1,872,214	2,021,811	149,597
Total	-			
Other taxes and licenses:		11,000	16,302	
Gross receipts tax rental vehicles		1,000	1,020	
Beer and wine licenses		12,000	17,322	5,322
Total		12,000	17,022	
Unrestricted intergovernmental:		0.000	2,439	
Payments in lieu of taxes		2,000	71,326	
Telecommunications sales tax		86,104		
Utility sales tax		602,375	567,618 43,380	
Piped natural gas tax		23,201		
Video franchise fee		61,925	57,610	
Beer and wine tax		39,500	34,014	
Person County ABC Board		90,600	100,834	
Sales tax refund		130,500	124,589	(34,395)
Total		1,036,205	1,001,810	(34,300)
Restricted intergovernmental:			004 540	
Powell Bill allocation		214,000	204,519	
NC League of Municipalities Grant		-	250	
Solid waste disposal tax		6,500	6,095	
Fire inspection fees		2,000	1,585	
Person County - fire contract		373,968	396,853	
Controlled substance tax		3,000	10,830	
Court awards forfeited property		-	126	
Court facilities		6,500	4,396	
Urgent Repair Program Grant		-	32,367	
NC Rural Economic Development Center		100,000		
COVID grant		414,734_	414,734	(40.047)
Total		1,120,702	1,071,755	(48,947)
Permits and fees:				
Zoning and other permits		5,000	8,865	3,865
Total		5,000	8,865	ა,000
Sales and services:				
Sales and services: Refuse collection		634,200 6,000	641,300 5,695	

			Variance
			Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Sale of fixed assets	80,000	73,787	
Rental income	65,000	75,944	
Proceeds from capital lease		-	
Cemetery - sale of lots	1,920	1,310	40.046
Total	787,120	798,036	10,916
nvestment earnings	15,000	470	(14,530)
/liscellaneous			
Donations	17,000	15,890	
Insurance proceeds	118,170	99,797	
Miscellaneous revenues	36,003	6,946	
Total	171,173	122,633	(48,540
Total revenues	9,792,450	9,736,453	(55,997
Expenditures:			
General Government			
Soverning Body		00.044	
Salaries and employee benefits	89,101	89,614	
Operating expenditures	155,000	141,697	
Contracted services	55,500	60,534	
Enterprise fund - reimbursement	(131,563)	(124,266)	4 199
Total	168,038	167,579	459
Administration		reo 440	
Salaries and employee benefits	558,070	553,440	
Operating expenditures	86,470	81,254	
Contracted services	100,600	105,605	
Enterprise fund - reimbursement	(335,198)	(331,099)	
Total	409,942	409,200	74
Finance	407 700	455 000	
Salaries and employee benefits	165,793	155,222	
Operating expenditures	18,529	16,348	
Contracted services	205,000	175,901	
Sales tax	131,100	127,627	
Enterprise fund - reimbursement	(146,169)	(129,405)	20 50
Total	374,253	345,693	28,56
Tax Collection	22.222	es 400	
Contracted services	66,000	65,122	87
Total	66,000	65,122	01
Building and Grounds	44E 4E7	127 765	
Salaries and employee benefits	115,157	137,765	
Operating expenditures	157,600	111,207	
Contracted services	27,000	22,009	
Enterprise fund - reimbursement	(108,905)	(95,246)	AEAA
Total	190,852	175,735	15,11

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Annual Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Communication and Tower			
Operating expenditures	20,000	-	
Contracted services	15,000	27,700 27,700	7,300
Total	35,000	27,700	7,000
Safety and Purchasing	40 4CE	9,892	
Operating expenditures	10,165	(4,851)	
Enterprise fund - reimbursement	<u>(4,292)</u> 5,873	5,041	832
Total			
Total general government	1,249,958	1,196,070	53,888
Public safety:			
Police Department	2,131,791	2,137,332	
Salaries and employee benefits	75,000	95,796	
Vehicle maintenance	26,000 26,000	25,916	
Repairs and maintenance	262,457	324,892	
Operating expenditures	42,200	29,767	
Contracted services	289,364	162,500	
Capital outlay Total	2,826,812	2,776,203	50,609
Criminal Investigation Division			
Salaries and employee benefits	370,744	389,085	
Vehicle maintenance	4,500	1,425	
Operating expenditures	23,415	10,638	
Contracted services	14,500	12,000	11
Total	413,159	413,148	
Narcotics Division	209,253	211,710	
Salaries and employee benefits	5,100	7,898	
Vehicle maintenance	18,929	12,925	
Operating expenditures	15,000	13,352	
Contracted services Total	248,282	245,885	2,39
Animal Control Salaries and employee benefits	60,772	45,570	
Vehicle maintenance	2,000	883	
Operating expenditures	9,820	5,947	
Contracted services	1,000		
Total	73,592	52,400	21,19
		3,487,636	74,20

Fire Department

			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Salaries and employee benefits	1,549,247	1,566,076	
Vehicle maintenance	53,000	51,867	
Repairs and maintenance	41,000	64,043	
Operating expenditures	188,940	143,190	
Contracted services	4,000	7,917	
Capital outlay	57,000	20,061	
Total	1,893,187	1,853,154	40,033
Fire Inspections			
Salaries and employee benefits	223,096	233,043	
Vehicle maintenance	3,000	1,254	
Operating expenditures	23,321_	15,082	
Total	249,417	249,379	38
Total fire department	2,142,604	2,102,533	40,071
Emergency Communications			
Contracted services	115,800	101,839	
Operating expenditures		708	
Total	115,800	102,547	13,253
Total public safety	5,820,249	5,692,716	127,533
ransportation:			
ransportation: Public Works Administration			
	392,465	382,218	
Public Works Administration	2,110	3,092	
Public Works Administration Salaries and employee benefits	2,110 1,500	3,092 3,439	
Public Works Administration Salaries and employee benefits Vehicle maintenance	2,110 1,500 32,120	3,092 3,439 29,686	
Public Works Administration Salaries and employee benefits Vehicle maintenance Repairs and maintenance	2,110 1,500	3,092 3,439	
Public Works Administration Salaries and employee benefits Vehicle maintenance Repairs and maintenance Operating expenditures Contracted services Capital outlay	2,110 1,500 32,120 42,000	3,092 3,439 29,686 2,122	
Public Works Administration Salaries and employee benefits Vehicle maintenance Repairs and maintenance Operating expenditures Contracted services	2,110 1,500 32,120 42,000 - (227,295)	3,092 3,439 29,686 2,122 - (179,020)	
Public Works Administration Salaries and employee benefits Vehicle maintenance Repairs and maintenance Operating expenditures Contracted services Capital outlay	2,110 1,500 32,120 42,000	3,092 3,439 29,686 2,122	1,363
Public Works Administration Salaries and employee benefits Vehicle maintenance Repairs and maintenance Operating expenditures Contracted services Capital outlay Enterprise fund - reimbursement Total  Public Works Building	2,110 1,500 32,120 42,000 - (227,295) 242,900	3,092 3,439 29,686 2,122 (179,020) 241,537	1,363
Public Works Administration Salaries and employee benefits Vehicle maintenance Repairs and maintenance Operating expenditures Contracted services Capital outlay Enterprise fund - reimbursement Total  Public Works Building Operating expenditures	2,110 1,500 32,120 42,000 - (227,295) 242,900	3,092 3,439 29,686 2,122 (179,020) 241,537	1,363
Public Works Administration Salaries and employee benefits Vehicle maintenance Repairs and maintenance Operating expenditures Contracted services Capital outlay Enterprise fund - reimbursement Total  Public Works Building Operating expenditures Repairs and maintenance	2,110 1,500 32,120 42,000 - (227,295) 242,900 31,500 9,000	3,092 3,439 29,686 2,122 (179,020) 241,537 45,512 9,151	1,363
Public Works Administration Salaries and employee benefits Vehicle maintenance Repairs and maintenance Operating expenditures Contracted services Capital outlay Enterprise fund - reimbursement Total  Public Works Building Operating expenditures Repairs and maintenance Contracted services	2,110 1,500 32,120 42,000 - (227,295) 242,900 31,500 9,000 1,500	3,092 3,439 29,686 2,122 (179,020) 241,537 45,512 9,151 1,452	1,363
Public Works Administration Salaries and employee benefits Vehicle maintenance Repairs and maintenance Operating expenditures Contracted services Capital outlay Enterprise fund - reimbursement Total  Public Works Building Operating expenditures Repairs and maintenance Contracted services Capital outlay	2,110 1,500 32,120 42,000 - (227,295) 242,900 31,500 9,000 1,500 25,000	3,092 3,439 29,686 2,122 (179,020) 241,537 45,512 9,151 1,452 10,057	1,363
Public Works Administration Salaries and employee benefits Vehicle maintenance Repairs and maintenance Operating expenditures Contracted services Capital outlay Enterprise fund - reimbursement Total  Public Works Building Operating expenditures Repairs and maintenance Contracted services	2,110 1,500 32,120 42,000 - (227,295) 242,900 31,500 9,000 1,500	3,092 3,439 29,686 2,122 (179,020) 241,537 45,512 9,151 1,452	
Public Works Administration Salaries and employee benefits Vehicle maintenance Repairs and maintenance Operating expenditures Contracted services Capital outlay Enterprise fund - reimbursement Total  Public Works Building Operating expenditures Repairs and maintenance Contracted services Capital outlay Enterprise fund - reimbursement Total	2,110 1,500 32,120 42,000 - (227,295) 242,900 31,500 9,000 1,500 25,000 (11,393)	3,092 3,439 29,686 2,122 (179,020) 241,537 45,512 9,151 1,452 10,057 (12,276)	
Public Works Administration Salaries and employee benefits Vehicle maintenance Repairs and maintenance Operating expenditures Contracted services Capital outlay Enterprise fund - reimbursement Total  Public Works Building Operating expenditures Repairs and maintenance Contracted services Capital outlay Enterprise fund - reimbursement Total  Garage	2,110 1,500 32,120 42,000 - (227,295) 242,900 31,500 9,000 1,500 25,000 (11,393) 55,607	3,092 3,439 29,686 2,122 (179,020) 241,537 45,512 9,151 1,452 10,057 (12,276) 53,896	
Public Works Administration Salaries and employee benefits Vehicle maintenance Repairs and maintenance Operating expenditures Contracted services Capital outlay Enterprise fund - reimbursement Total  Public Works Building Operating expenditures Repairs and maintenance Contracted services Capital outlay Enterprise fund - reimbursement Total  Garage Salaries and employee benefits	2,110 1,500 32,120 42,000 - (227,295) 242,900 31,500 9,000 1,500 25,000 (11,393) 55,607	3,092 3,439 29,686 2,122 (179,020) 241,537 45,512 9,151 1,452 10,057 (12,276) 53,896	
Public Works Administration Salaries and employee benefits Vehicle maintenance Repairs and maintenance Operating expenditures Contracted services Capital outlay Enterprise fund - reimbursement Total  Public Works Building Operating expenditures Repairs and maintenance Contracted services Capital outlay Enterprise fund - reimbursement Total  Garage	2,110 1,500 32,120 42,000 - (227,295) 242,900 31,500 9,000 1,500 25,000 (11,393) 55,607	3,092 3,439 29,686 2,122 (179,020) 241,537 45,512 9,151 1,452 10,057 (12,276) 53,896	1,363

			Variance
			Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Contracted services	16,050	4,049	
Capital outlay	-	(404 690)	
Enterprise fund - reimbursement	(105,196)	(104,680) 141,235	1,888
Total	143,123	141,233	1,000
Street Maintenance	467,102	451,190	
Salaries and employee benefits	20,000	10,974	
Vehicle maintenance	58,500	35,245	
Repairs and maintenance	52,450	34,832	
Operating expenditures	148,000	1,001	
Contracted services	40,370	268,894	
Capital outlay Total	786,422	802,136	(15,714
Powell Bill Vehicle maintenance	9,500	-	
Repairs and maintenance	183,000	135,286	
Operating expenditures	33,500	2,438	00.07
Total	226,000	137,724	88,27
no de Obrasila a			
Street Cleaning Salaries and employee benefits	55,978	54,577	
Vehicle maintenance	23,500	8,326	
Repairs and maintenance	3,500	11,947	
Operating expenditures	12,919	4,149	
Capital outlay	<u> </u>		
Total	95,897	78,999	16,89
Street Lighting	040 700	193,484	
Utilities - street and traffic lights	212,730	193,484	19,24
Total	212,730		
Total transportation	1,762,679	1,649,011	113,66
Environmental Protection			
Residential Garbage Collection	155,366	225,595	
Salaries and employee benefits	65,000	40,510	
Vehicle maintenance	196,500	· •	
Capital outlay	127,410	13,721	
Operating expenditures	1,500	118,989	
Tipping fees Total	545,776	398,815	146,9
Commercial Garbage Collection		400 500	
Salaries and employee benefits	136,875	190,509	
Vehicle maintenance	55,000	35,738	
Tipping fees	245,000	227,292	
Operating expenditures	41,330	13,665	11,0
Total	478,205	467,204	11,0

			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Total solid waste disposal	1,023,981	866,019	157,962
Total solid waste disposal	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Cemetery		00 500	
Salaries and employee benefits	110,874	86,522	
Vehicle maintenance	19,000	4,466	
Repairs and maintenance	11,000	9,271	
Capital outlay	32,700	28,811	
Operating expenditures	5,571	2,466	
Contracted Services _		404 500	47,609
Total _	179,145	131,536	47,009
Total environmental protection	1,203,126	997,555	205,571
The state of the s			
Economic and Physical Development Planning and Zoning			
Salaries and employee benefits	167,988	156,773	
Vehicle maintenance	850	348	
Operating expenditures	73,071	9,866	
Contracted services	79,000	115,262	
Grant expenses	208,000	80,616	400.044
Total	528,909	362,865	166,044
Total economic and physical development	528,909	362,865	166,044
Debt service			
Police department	332,417	327,858	
Fire department	117,304	56,400	
Police vehicles and truck	25,245	26,555	
Commerical garbage	52,250	-	
Police vehicles and utility truck	27,439	143,842	
Total debt service	554,655	554,655	
Total expenditures	11,119,576_	10,452,872	666,704
•	(1,327,126)	(716,419)	610,707
Revenues over (under) expenditures  Other financing sources (uses):	(1,327,126)	(716,419)	610,7
Transfers - in	450 000	133,580	
Vehicle Tags Fund	159,000		
Stormwater Project Fund	237,000	137,000	
Internal Service Fund	77,060	-	
Transfers - out	/== 000\	_	
Internal Service Fund	(75,000)	-	
Capital Project Fund	(287,500)	00E 470	
Proceeds from installment purchases and capital leas	e 781,841	285,470	
		<u> </u>	
Contingency	892,401	556,050	(336,35

#### City of Roxboro, North Carolina General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Annual Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses  Appropriated Fund Balance	(434,725) 434,725	(160,369) 	274,356 (434,725)
Revenues, other financing sources, and appropriated fund balance over expenditures and other uses	\$ -	(160,369)	\$ (160,36 <u>9)</u>
Fund balance, beginning of year, July 1 Fund balance, end of year, June 30		3,642,968 \$ 3,482,599	

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#### **Special Revenue Funds**

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

**Vehicle Tags Fund:** This fund is used to account for proceeds from the sale of license tags for vehicles in the City of Roxboro.

Revolving Loan Community Development Block Grant Fund: This fund is used to account for the Community Development Block Grant proceeds being used for economic development.

**Stormwater Fee Fund:** This fund is used to account for fees charged with proceeds to be used for stormwater project of the City.

**CDBG Fund:** This fund is used to accounts for programs and activities for the development of stronger and more resilient communities.

#### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

-	Vehicle Tags Fund	Revolving Loan Fund	Stormwater Fee Fund	Capital Project	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$ 2,045 - -	\$ - 79,075 23,700	\$ 114,779 - 8,445	\$ 51,650 - - -	79,075 32,145 -
Due from other governmental units Notes receivable	(82)	- 23,699	-	-	(82) 
Total assets	\$ 1,963	\$ 126,474	\$ 123,224	\$ 51,650	\$ 303,311
Liabilities and Fund Balances  Current Liabilities  Accounts payable  Due to other funds  Unavailable revenues	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 1,662	\$ 141,350 - -	\$ 143,012 - -
Total liabilities			1,662	141,350	143,012
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenues	-	47,399	-		47,399
Fund balances Restricted Stabilization by State Statute Economic development Assigned	1,963	79,075	- 8,445 5 - 113,117		- 10,408 - 79,075 0) 23,417
Total fund balances	1,963	3 79,075	5 121,562	2 (89,700	) 112,900
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resouces, and fund balances	\$ 1,963	3 \$ 126,474	4 \$ 123,224	<b>\$</b> 51,650	303,311

#### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Vehic Tags Fund	3	ing Loan und		rmwater e Fund	Capital	Project	Gove	Nonmajor ernmental Funds
Revenues: Other taxes and licenses Unresticted intergovernmental revenues Restricted intergovernmental revenues Investment earnings Total revenues		34,081 - - 27  34,108	\$ 15,696 423 16,119	\$	85,568 - - 29 85,597	\$	287,400 - - 287,400	\$	219,649 287,400 15,696 479 523,224
Expenditures Current: General Government Economic and physical development Capital Outlay: Economic and physical development		8 - - 8	 34,561 - - 34,561		22,441 		428,750 38,137 466,887		463,319 60,578 - - 523,897
Total expenditures  Revenues over (under) expenses		134,100	 (18,442)		63,156		(179,487)		(673)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (in) Transfers (out) Total other financing sources (uses)		- 133,580) 133,580)	 -		(137,000) (137,000)				(270,580) (270,580)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures		520	(18,442)		(73,844)		(179,487)		(271,253)
Fund balance, beginning of year, July 1		1,443	 97,517	<u></u>	195,406		89,787		384,153
Fund balance, ending of year, June 30	\$	1,963	\$ 79,075	\$	121,562	\$	(89,700)	\$	112,900

## City of Roxboro, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - Vehicles Tags Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budget		Actual	F	ariance Positive egative)
Revenues:						
Other taxes and licenses:	\$	160,048	\$	134,081	\$	(25,967)
Vehicle tags	Ф	500	φ	134,001	Ψ	(500)
Penalties and interest		300				(000)
Total		160,548		134,081		(26,467)
Investment earnings		50		27		(23)
Total revenues		160,598		134,108	····	(26,490)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government:		4 500		0		4 500
Tax collection		1,598		<u>8</u>		1,590 1,590
Total expenditures		1,598				1,000
Revenues over						
(under) expenditures		159,000		134,100		(24,900)
Other financing (uses): Transfers out						
To General Fund		159,000		133,580		(25,420)
Total other financing sources (uses)		159,000		133,580		(25,420)
Revenues and other						
financing sources over				500	ሱ	E00
(under) expenditures			=	520	<u> </u>	520
Fund balance, beginning of year, July 1				1,443	-	
Fund balance, ending of year, June 30			\$	1,963	=	

## City of Roxboro, North Carolina Community Development Block Grant Revolving Loan Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	E	Budget	Ac	tual	F	ariance Positive legative)
Revenues:						
Restricted intergovernmental revenues: Principal payment on loans	\$	32,000	\$	15,696	\$	(16,304)
Interest payment on loans	•	2,000		413		(1,587)
Total		34,000		16,109		(17,891)
Investment earnings		100		10		(90)
Total revenues	***	34,100		16,119		(17,981)
Expenditures: Current:						
Economic and physical development:		30,000		34,561		(4,561)
Community development Legal fees		2,000				2,000
Contingency		2,100		-		2,100
Total expenditures	***	34,100		34,561		(461)
Appropriated Fund Balance		_				-
Revenues over					_	(10 (10)
(under) expenditures	\$	-	:	(18,442)	<u>\$</u>	(18,442)
Fund balance, beginning of year, July 1			***	97,517	<del>*</del>	
Fund balance, ending of year, June 30			\$	79,075	<b>=</b>	

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - Stormwater Fee Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Pr	Project Authorization	uo		Actual		
	June 30, 2020	Amendment	June 30, 2021	Prior Years	Current Year	Total Project To Date	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Other taxes and licenses: Stormwater fees Investment earnings	\$ 804,060	ι 1 <del>(</del> 9	\$ 804,060	\$ 756,071 3,830	\$ 85,568 1,585	\$ 841,639 5,415	\$ 37,579 5,415
Total revenues	804,060	-	804,060	759,901	87,153	847,054	42,994
Expenditures: Current: Economic and physical development: Contracted services Repairs and maintenance	400,000	1 1	400,000 114,660	206,895	22,441	229,336	170,664
Total expenditures	514,660	,	514,660	206,895	22,441	229,336	285,324
Revenues over (under) expenditures	289,400	r	289,400	553,006	64,712	617,718	328,318
Other Financing Sources: Transfers-out: To General Fund	(289,400)		(289,400)	(357,600)	(138,556)	(496,156)	(206,756)
Total other financing sources	(289,400)		(289,400)	(357,600)	(138,556)	(496,156)	(206,756)
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	φ.	٠	φ.	\$ 195,406	(73,844) \$	\$ 121,562	\$ 121,562
Fund balance, beginning of year, July 1					195,406		
Fund balance, ending of year, June 30					**************************************		

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Capital Project Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Pr	Project Authorization	ion		Actual		
	June 30, 2020	Amendment	June 30, 2021	Prior Years	Current Year	Total Project To Date	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Revenues Contributions	\$ 850,000	<del>У</del>	\$ 850,000	<del>ω</del>	287,400	\$ 287,400	\$ (562,600)
Total revenues	850,000	1	850,000	E	287,400	287,400	(562,600)
Expenditures: Current: Economic and physical development: Architectural Fees Construction	150,000	1 1	150,000 850,000	60,213	466,887	527,100	(377,100) 850,000
Total expenditures	1,000,000	l	1,000,000	60,213	466,887	527,100	472,900
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(150,000)	,	(150,000)	(60,213)	(179,487)	(239,700)	(89,700)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers-in: From General Fund	150,000	\$	150,000	150,000	ı	150,000	(
Total other financiing sources	150,000	ı	150,000	150,000	t	150,000	ı
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	φ.	\$	φ	\$ 89,787	(179,487) \$	\$ (89,700)	\$ (89,700)
Fund balance, beginning of year, July 1				İ	89,787		
Fund balance, ending of year, June 30					\$ (89,700)		

#### **Enterprise Funds**

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Water and Sewer Utility Fund: This fund is used to account for the City's water and sewer operations. The following Capital Project Funds have been consolidated with the Water Sewer Utility Fund for financial reporting purposes.

- WWTP Project Fund

Variance

	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Charges for services:		4 0 740 450	\$ (541,763)
Water sales	\$ 3,258,219	\$ 2,716,456	\$ (541,763) 508
Water service fees	11,700	12,208	
Sewer use charges	2,014,008	1,782,798	(231,210)
Water capital fees		440,044	440,044
Sewer capital fees	-	248,306	248,306
Septic tank permits and fees	64,600	98,099	33,499
Penalties	41,400	52,182	10,782
Total	5,389,927	5,350,093	(39,834)
Water and sewer tapping fees	20,000	76,378	56,378
Other operating revenues:			
Fishing licenses	1,500	1,796	296
Permit fees - Lake Roxboro	28,975	36,950	7,975
Miscellaneous billing	-	-	-
Miscellaneous income	5,000	66	(4,934)
Sales tax refund	-	-	-
Insurance proceeds	<b></b>	875	<u>875</u>
Total	35,475	39,687	4,212
Total operating revenues	5,445,402	5,466,158	20,756
Nonoperating revenues:			
Donations and contributions	<b>-</b>		-
Interest earnings	500	155	(345)
Total nonoperating revenues	500	155	(345)
Total revenues	5,445,902	5,466,313	20,411

Variance

			Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures:			
Billing and Collection:			
Salaries and employee benefits	67,865	68,619	
Other operating expenditures	73,000	71,165	
General fund - reimbursement	36,263	33,241	4 400
Total	177,128	173,025	4,103
Pump Stations:			
Salaries and employee benefits	121,889	134,670	
Contracted services	5,000	993	
Repairs and maintenance	66,000	54,643	
Other operating expenditures	41,420	10,030	
Utilities	50,000	56,556	
Capital outlay	37,500	37,368	
General fund - reimbursement	82,484	75,610	
Total	404,293	369,870	34,423
Meter Reading:			
Salaries and employee benefits	108,689	98,650	
Contracted services	2,500	-	
Repairs and maintenance	146,200	117,981	
Other operating expenditures	34,015	15,789	
General fund - reimbursement	53,788	52,973	
Total	345,192	285,393	59,799
Raw Water Supply:			
Salaries and employee benefits	58,239	59,214	
Contracted services	1,000	842	
Repairs and maintenance	13,200	6,846	
Other operating expenditures	2,870	3,567	
Capital outlay	44,631	44,542	
General fund - reimbursement	17,024	15,605	
Total	136,964	130,616	6,348
Water Lines:			
Salaries and employee benefits	417,052	414,709	
Contracted services	18,000	5,068	
Repairs and maintenance	30,500	29,129	
Other operating expenditures	99,080	91,092	
Capital outlay	54,967	47,393	
General fund - reimbursement	128,567	117,853	
Total	748,166	705,244	42,922

For the Fiscal	Year Ended June 30, 202	<b>(1</b>	Madana
			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Water Treatment:			
Salaries and employee benefits	653,805	777,369	
Contracted services	92,000	102,488	
Repairs and maintenance	97,500	363,249	
Other operating expenditures	589,010	170,429	
Capital outlay	79,797	123,143	
General fund - reimbursement	336,018	308,017	
Total	1,848,130	1,844,695	3,435
Wastewater Treatment Plant:			
Salaries and employee benefits	770,675	808,549	
Contracted services	21,000	13,536	
Chemicals	61,700	43,965	
Utilities	106,000	133,369	
Repairs and maintenance	66,000	90,955	
Other operating expenditures	155,992	86,970	
Capital outlay	46,000	25,754	
General fund - reimbursement	290,220	262,369	
Total	1,517,587	1,465,467	52,120
Wastewater Treatment Plant II:			
Salaries and employee benefits	78,564	83,965	
Contracted services	11,000	11,829	
Repairs and maintenance	17,800	13,626	
Other operating expenditures	48,650	25,054	
General fund - reimbursement	32,035	29,365	
Total	188,049	163,839	24,210
Sewer Lines:			
Salaries and employee benefits	270,750	265,140	
Contracted services	10,000	31,839	
Repairs and maintenance	24,100	15,698	
Other operating expenditures	87,617	65,612	
Capital outlay	46,000	22,186	
General fund - reimbursement	93,612	85,811	
Total	532,079	486,286	45,793

Variance

	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Debt service:			
Installment purchase agreements		<b>5</b> 4 4 6 <b>7</b>	
Interest - MIEX water plant project	-	54,107	
Principal - Brooks Pump Station	8,663	8,663	
Principal - MIEX water plant project	511,074	455,668	1,299
Total debt service	519,737	518,438	1,233
Total expenditures	6,417,325	6,142,873	274,452
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(971,423)	(676,560)	294,863
Other financing sources (uses):		4.400	
Sale of fixed assets	5,000	4,402	
Transfers in	17,420	-	
From Internal Service Fund From Water Fund	17,420		
From Capital Reserve Fund	971,003	971,000	
From Capital Project	-	, -	
Transfers out			
To Internal Service Fund	(30,000)	-	
To Water Fund	-	<del></del>	
To Capital Project Fund	_	(971,000)	
Proceeds from capital lease	-	-	
Total other financing sources	222 422	4.400	(050 021)
(uses)	963,423	4,402	(959,021)
Revnues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses	(8,000)	(672,158)	(664,158)
Appropriated fund balance	8,000	_	(8,000)
Revenues and other sources over (under)	•	¢ (670.159\	\$ (672,158)
expenditures and other uses	3 -	\$ (672,158)	Ψ (0,2,100)

#### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Enterprise Fund - Water and Sewer Utility Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures and Actual (Non - GAAP Modified Accrual Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Variance Positive

	Budget		Actual	(Negative)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:				
Revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses				
·		\$	(672,158)	
Reconciling items:				
Debt retirement - installment purchases			8,663	
Brooks Pump Station			455,668	
MIEX water plant project			464,331	
Total debt retirement			404,551	
Carribal authors buildings			24,776	
Capital outlay - buildings			236,595	
Capital outlay - equipment			39,015	
Capital outlay - vehicles Total capital outlay			300,386	
Total capital outlay			•	
Capital project funds				
Sales tax refund			531,975	
Interest income			2,796	
Depreciation			(868,029)	
Pension expense			(126,478)	
Increase in compensated absences			(7,348)	
Decrease in accrued interest payable			14,486	
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pension	ıs		(199,820)	
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB			(78,407)	
Decrease in net pension liability			(328,575)	
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions	<b>;</b>		9,412	
Decrease in OPEB liability			(85,812)	
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB			1,052	
Total reconciling items			(370,031)	
···· <b>·</b>				
Change in net position		_\$	(1,042,189)	
·		_		

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City of Roxboro, North Carolina
Enterprise Fund - Waste Water Treatment Plant Project Fund
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual
(Non-GAAP Modified Accrual Basis)
From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Pro	Project Authorization	uo		Actual		
	June 30, 2020	Amendment	June 30, 2021	Prior Years	Current Year	Total Project To Date	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Other operating revenues: Sales tax refund Interest on debt proceeds	ι ι ι	ı ı ı	· · · ·	\$ 534,245 \$ 70,369 371,885	\$ 1,314 1,482	\$ 534,245 71,683 373,367	\$ 534,245 71,683 373,367
Total revenues	3	-	ŝ	976,499	2,796	979,295	979,295
Expenditures: Professional fees - engineering Professional fees - construction	1,989,359 22,035,000	ā I	1,989,359	2,421,525	158,505 2,323,635	2,580,030	(590,671) 5,501,247
Total expenditures	24,024,359	i	24,024,359	16,631,643	2,482,140	19,113,783	4,910,576
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(24,024,359)	1	(24,024,359)	(15,655,144)	(2,479,344)	(18,134,488)	5,889,871
Other Financing Sources (Uses):     Transfers in (out):     To Water and Sewer Utility Fund     From Water and Sewer Utility Fund     To Capital Reserve Fund     Proceeds from capital lease     Proceeds from revenue bond anticipation note     Fund balance appropriation	1,630,541 (1,750,000) 335,007 23,785,000 23,811		1,630,541 (1,750,000) 335,007 23,785,000 23,811	(292,997) 1,640,000 (1,769,676) 	1 1 1 1 1	(292,997) 1,640,000 (1,769,676) 	(292,997) 9,459 (19,676) (335,007) -
Total other financing sources	24,024,359	t	24,024,359	23,362,327	1	23,362,327	(662,032)
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	မှာ	<b>ω</b>	\$	\$ 7,707,183	\$ (2,479,344)	\$ 5,227,839	\$ 5,227,839

#### **Internal Service Fund**

Internal Service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or other departments of the City.

**Insurance Fund:** This fund is used to account for the City's insurance transactions.

## City of Roxboro, North Carolina Internal Service Fund - Health Benefits Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contribution from General Fund Contribution from Water and Sewer Fund		97,667	97,667
Total revenues		97,667	97,667
Expenditures: Tranfers to General Fund		97,667	(97,667)
Total expenditures		97,667	(97,667)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	-	\$ -
Fund Balance: Beginning of year, July 1			
End of year, June 30		\$ -	
Total revenues Total expenditures		\$ 97,667 97,667	
Change in net position		<u> </u>	

#### **Agency Fund**

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.

Flexible Spending Fund: This fund accounts for assets held by the City for its employees' payroll deductions from employees under the City's pretax Medical Flex Plan to be used for payment of employees' medical expenses.

#### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Agency Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		alance y 1, 2020	Ad	ldtitions_	Dedu	ıctions		alance e 30, 2020
Flexible Spending Fund						•		
Assets:	¢	65,009	\$	13,090	\$	-	\$	78,099
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	<u>-Ψ</u>	65,009	\$	13,090	\$	-	\$	78,099
Total assets							···············	
Liabilities:	•	50.070	ф		\$	_	\$	52,678
Due to other funds	\$	52,678	\$	-	Ф	-	Ψ	•
Accounts payable - employees		12,331		7,502				19,833
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-		5,588		_		5,588
Total liabilities	\$	65,009	\$	13,090	\$	-	\$	78,099

#### **OTHER SCHEDULES**

This section contains additional information required on property taxes.

Schedule of Cash and Investment Balances

Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Schedule of Transfers

Schedule of Bonded Debt and Other Long-term Debt

#### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Schedule of Cash and Investment Balances June 30, 2021

		Carrying Value	Cost Value		Market Value	
Cash and Investments in the Form of:						
Cash:					•	750
On hand	\$	750	\$	750	\$	750
In demand deposits		8,102,703		8,102,703		8,102,703
In escrow deposits		-		-		_
In time deposits		-		-		-
Certificates of deposit		-		-		
Total cash		8,103,453		8,103,453		8,103,453
Other investments:						4 0 4 0 0 0 0
North Carolina Capital Management Trust		1,040,639		1,040,639		1,040,639
Total other investments		1,040,639		1,040,639		1,040,639
Total cash and other investments	\$	9,144,092	\$	9,144,092	\$	9,144,092
	U	nrestricted	F	Restricted		Total
Distribution by Funds:						
General Fund	\$	2,650,803	\$	143,323	\$	2,794,126
Special Revenue Funds:		0.045				2.045
Vehicle Tags Fund		2,045		-		2,045
Ridge Road Project Fund		444.770		-		114,779
Stormwater Fee Fund		114,779		<del>-</del>		114,110
Community Development Block Grant Funds		_		113,636		113,636
Revolving Loan Fund Old Durham Road Upgrade Project Fund				-		<u> </u>
Total special revenue Funds		116,824		113,636		230,460
Capital Projects Fund		(89,700)				(89,700)
Enterprise Fund		1,916,969		4,214,138		6,131,107
Agency Funds						
Flexible Spending Fund		78,099				78,099
Total agency funds		78,099		_		78,099
Total cash and investments- all funds	\$	4,672,995	\$	4,471,097	\$	9,144,092

4,273,124

## City of Roxboro, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2021

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Uncollected				Releases	Ţ	Incollected
Fiscal	Balance				and		Balance
Year	June 30, 2020	Additions		Collections	Credits	Ju	ne 30, 2021
2020-2021	\$ -	\$ 4,249,188	\$	(4,192,756)	\$ (10,708)		45,724
2019-2020	60,892	-		(39,417)	(741)		20,734
2018-2019	29,297	-		(15,095)	(20)		14,182
017-2018	19,252	-		(9,750)	(20)		9,482
2016-2017	13,217	-		(4,201)	(1)		9,015
015-2016	10,993	-		(3,123)	(2)		7,868
014-2015	9,323	-		(2,360)	(19)		6,944
2013-2014	10,588	-		(1,381)	-		9,207
2012-2013	10,673	<u></u>		(1,273)	-		9,400
2011-2012	9,835	<u></u>		(1,656)	-		8,179
2010-2011	9,762	<u></u>		(2,112)	-		7,650
2009-2010	7,074			-	(7,074)		-
	\$ 190,906	\$ 4,249,188	\$	(4,273,124)	\$ (18,585)	\$	148,385
		General Fund  Ad valorem taxes	recei	vable-net		\$	(65,084) 83,301
		Reconcilement wit	h rev	venues:			
		Ad valorem taxes		eral Fund		\$	4,693,751
		Reconciling items					(30,945)
		Interest collecte Refunds	u				8,041
		Collection fee page	aid fo	vr vehicle tav			(65,122)
		Revenue - DMV					(393,520)
		Adjustments	INVE				79,504
		Releases					(18,585)
		Subtotal					(420,627)
		- Capitolai				_	4 272 424

Total collections

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy City-Wide Levy For the Fiscal Vear Ended June 30, 2020

				Public	Senior			City-Wide	- Pi		J	Property Excluding Registered	Registered
	Reas	Personal	Motor	Utility	Citizens	Property	9408	Property	Late Listing Penalty	Vehicle Tags	Total Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles
	Property	Property	Vehicles	Companies	Exemption	Valuation	Nate of the second	<b>S</b>		0			
Original Levy: Property taxed at current year's rate Public utilities	\$ 463,322,736 \$150,842,647	\$150,842,647	. ·	\$ 16,204,371	\$ (7,288,555)	\$ 606,876,828 16,204,371	0.670 0.670	\$ 4,111,577 108,569	\$ 2,883	69	\$ 4,114,460 108,569	\$ 4,114,460	· ·
Motor vehicles: Taxed at DMV	•	•	55,816,856	-		55,816,856	0.670	372,525	•	133,580	506,105	,	506,105
Total original levy	463,322,736	150,842,647	55,816,856	16,204,371	(7,288,555)	678,898,055		4,592,671	2,883	133,580	4,729,134	4,223,029	506,105
Discoveries: Property taxed at current year's rate	, ,	4,334,401	, ,	1 1	, ,	4,334,401	0.670	29,040	374		29,414	29,414	
Property taxed at prior year's rate Total discoveries		4,334,401		,		4,334,401	'	29,040	374	,	29,414	29,414	1
Abatements: Property taxed at current year's rate		1,598,094		1 1	<b>)</b> 1	1,598,094	0.670	10,707	192	* 1	10,899	10,899	1 5
Property taxes at prior years lare Total abatements		1,598,094	4			1,598,094	·	10,707	192	-	10,899	10,899	•
Total property valuation	\$ 463,322,736	\$153,578,954	\$55,816,856	\$ 16,204,371	\$ (7,288,555)	\$ 681,634,362							
Net Levy								4,611,004	3,065	133,580	4,747,649	4,241,544	506,105
Less uncollected taxes at June 30, 2021								45,724	336	-	46,060	46,060	•
Current year's taxes collected								\$ 4,565,280	\$ 2,729	\$ 133,580	\$ 4,701,589	\$ 4,195,484	\$ 506,105
Current levy collection percentage											99.03%	98,91%	100.00%

# City of Roxboro, North Carolina Schedule of Transfers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Trai	nsfers	
	From		То
Transfers From/To Other Funds:			
General Fund	\$ -	\$	270,580
Special Revenue Funds			
Vehicle Tags Fund	133,580		-
Stormwater Fund	137,000		-
Total transfers- other funds	\$ 270,580	\$	270,580

City of Roxboro, North Carolina Schedule of Bonded Debt and Other Long-Term Debt For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Ĭ.	r the Fiscal Y	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021	), 2021				
			Motority	Amount Outstanding	Changes During Year	rìng Year	Amount Outstanding June 30,	Debt S Requiremen	Debt Service Requirements 2021-2022
	Date or Issuance	Rate	Date	2020	Issued	Retired	2021	Principal	Interest
Governmental Activities:									
Capital Leases Police software	26-Aug-16	2.85%	26-Aug-20	59,606	1	59,606	į	1	\$
Total Capital Lease debt				29,606	9	59,606			Ĺ
Direct Borrowing Agreements: Police vehicles/truck	29-Jun-20 12-Sep-06	1.76%	1-Jun-24 1-Jun-37	454,680 2,347,065	1 3	111,422 122,694	343,258 2,224,371	112,529	6,047
Police vehicles & utility truck	26-Jun-21	1.95%	1-Jun-25	1 00	285,470	- 787. 80	285,470	69,621	5,155
Police vehicles Fire truck	26-Jun-17 19-Jun-17	1.98% 0.00%	1-Jun-21 1-Sep-26	252,000	1 \$	36,000	216,000	36,000	- 800
Air truck Police vehicles	18-Sep-18 25-Jun-19	0.00% 2.68%	31-Jan-23 1-Jun-23	78,092		25,345	52,747	25,736	1,414
Total direct borrowing debt				3,216,604	285,470	340,228	3,161,846	377,966	
Total Governmental Debt				\$ 3,276,210	\$ 285,470	\$ 399,834	\$ 3,161,846	\$ 377,966	\$ 70,805
Business Type Activities:									
Direct Borrowing Agreements: MIEX Water Plant Project Brooks Pump Station Backhoe Truck	17-Oct-13 30-Jun-10 25-Jun-19 29-Jun-20	2.52% 0.00% 2.68% 1.76%	30-Oct-20 30-Jun-30 1-Jun-23 1-Jun-24	\$ 3,144,434 86,627 108,346 118,353	ı ; ı ; ₩	\$ 391,611 8,663 35,164 28,892	\$ 2,752,823 77,964 73,182 89,461	\$ 401,449 8,663 35,707 29,258	\$ 69,375 - 1,961 1,572
Direct Placement Agreements: Wastewater Treatment Plant	24-Jul-18	3.30%	30-Jun-22	23,785,000	I Service	- 000 797	23,785,000	475 077	790,322
Total Business type debt				27,242,760		404,330	20,10,10		1
Total long-term debt				\$ 30,518,970	\$ 285,470	\$ 864,164	\$ 29,940,276	\$ 853,043	\$ 934,035

# COMPLIANCE SECTION



# PETWAY MILLS & PEARSON, PA

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American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

# Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Roxboro, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Roxboro, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Roxboro's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2022.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Roxboro's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Roxboro's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Roxboro's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matter that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Retnay Mills & Peauson, PA
PETWAY MILLS & PEARSON, PA

Certified Public Accountants

Zebulon, North Carolina

August 31, 2022



# PETWAY MILLS & PEARSON, PA

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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# Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Roxboro, North Carolina

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Roxboro's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Uniform Guidance Compliance Supplement and the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on the City of Roxboro's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021. The City of Roxboro's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City of Roxboro's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing* Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Roxboro's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Roxboro's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Roxboro complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

# Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Roxboro is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Roxboro's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements

that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

PETWAY MILLS & PEARSON, PA Certified Public Accountants

Petway Mills & Peauson, PA

Zebulon, North Carolina

August 31, 2022

# City of Roxboro, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

# SECTION I. - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements			
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	Х	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes	Х	none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	yes	Х	no
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major federal program:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be		.,	
material weaknesses?	yes	X	no
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal program:	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance?	yes	X	no
Identification of major federal program:			
Program Name Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	Assistance Listing # 10.760		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs	\$ 750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes	Х	no

#### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **SECTION II. - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

None reported

### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported

## City of Roxboro, North Carolina Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

# **SECTION II. - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

None required

### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None required

### City of Roxboro, North Carolina Summary Schedule of Prior Years' Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **SECTION II. - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

Finding 2020-001

The finding addressed material weakness over cybersecurity in the operations of the provider of accounting data processing that resulted in the loss of data. The provider has implemented additional procedures to improve cybersecurity. This matter is resolved.

#### CITY OF ROXBORO, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Grantor/Pass-through/ Grantor-Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	State/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS			
U.S. Department of Agrictulture Direct Program Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	10.760		\$ 2,482,140
U.S. Department of Treasury  Passed through the Office of State Budget and Management NC Pandemic Recovery Office  Passed Through Person County Coronavirus Releif Fund	21.09		414,734
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS	21.00		2,896,874
STATE AWARDS			
NC Department of Transportation Direct Program Powell Bill		DOT-4	137,724
TOTAL STATE AWARDS			137,724
TOTAL FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS			\$ 3,034,598

# Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards

#### Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards includes the federal and State grant activity of the City of Roxboro under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and of the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Roxboro, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows for the City of Roxboro.

#### Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the Schedule of Federal and State Awards are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

The City of Roxboro has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### Loans

The City of Roxboro has the following loans without continuing compliance requirements:

Assistance Listing #

10.760

Balance 23,785,000

U.S. Department of Agriculture