REVIEWEDBy SLGFD at 5:01 pm, Dec 01, 2021

TOWN OF SNOW HILL SNOW HILL, NORTH CAROLINA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR END JUNE 30, 2021

Town of Snow Hill

Financial Statements
Snow Hill, North Carolina
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Board of Commissioners

Dennis K. Liles, Mayor Bobby Taylor, Pro-Tempore Dianne Jones Andrews, Commissioner Geraldine Shackleford, Commissioner Lorrine Washington, Commissioner Rosa Wilkes, Commissioner

Administrative Officers

Tod Whaley, Town Manager Oma Lockamy, Deputy Finance Officer Gordon Hobbs, Chief of Police

Town of Snow Hill Table of Contents June 30, 2021

		Page(s)
	Financial Section:	
	Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 3
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	4 - 9
5.10 1.	Basic Financial Statements:	
<u>Exhibit</u>	Government-wide Financial Statements:	
1	Statement of Net Position	10
2	Statement of Activities	11
	Fund Financial Statements:	
3	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	12
4	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Fund	13
4	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	14
5	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Annual Budget and Actual - General Fund	15
6	Statement of Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	16
7	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	17
8	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	18
	Notes to the Financial Statements	19 - 38
	Required Supplemental Financial Data:	
	Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Local Government Employees' Retirement System	39
	Schedule of Contributions – Local Government Employees' Retirement System	40
	Schedule of Changes in the Total Pension Liability - Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance	41
	Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll - Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance	42

Town of Snow Hill Table of Contents June 30, 2021

		Page(s)
<u>Statement</u>	Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
1	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	43 - 46
2	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Water and Sewer Fund	47 - 48
3	Waste Water Pump Station 6 Relocation Capital Project Fund	49
4	Water Line Relocation Capital Project Fund	50
5	Waste System AIA Capital Project Fund	51
6	Water Main Relocation Capital Project Fund	52
	Other Schedules:	
	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	53
	Analysis of Current Year Tax Levy - Town-wide Levy	54
	Compliance Section:	
	Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	55 - 56
	Schedule of Findings and Responses	57 - 58
	Corrective Action Plan	59
	Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	60



Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. 4024 Oleander Drive Suite 3 Wilmington, North Carolina 28403 Telephone (910) 791-4872 Fax (910) 395-4872

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Snow Hill, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2021 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, and the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina. The individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepared the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the individual fund financial statements, budgetary

schedule, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 4, 2021. on our consideration of the Town of Snow Hill's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Snow Hill's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA

Wilmington, North Carolina *November 4, 2021*



Management's Discussion and Analysis

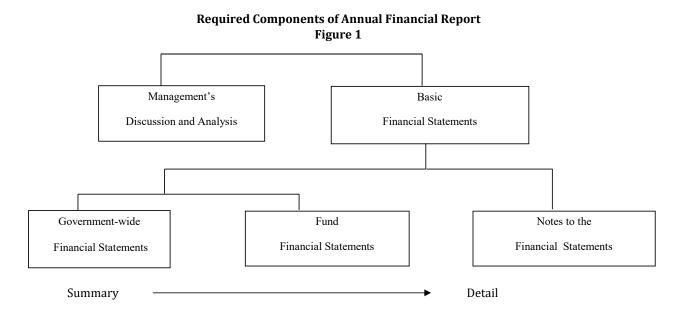
As management of the Town of Snow Hill (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town of Snow Hill's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Snow Hill for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Snow Hill exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$8,894,176 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$146,851, due entirely to an increase in the government-type activities net position.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Snow Hill's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$1,517,141 with a net increase of \$241,464 in fund balance. Approximately, 16% of this total amount, or \$236,624, is non-spendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,280,517 or 99% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The Town of Snow Hill's total debt decreased by \$123,789 during the current fiscal year due to regularly scheduled principal payments.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Snow Hill's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Snow Hill.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show additional details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes can also be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and State and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include water and sewer services offered by the Town of Snow Hill.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Snow Hill, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Snow Hill can be divided into two categories: governmental fund and proprietary fund.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Snow Hill adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Fund - Town of Snow Hill has one kind of proprietary fund. Enterprise Fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Snow Hill uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer fund activity. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow Exhibit 8 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Snow Hill's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found after the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Interdependence with Other Entities – The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Town of Snow Hill's Net Position Figure 2

	Governn Activi		Busine Acti			Tot	al
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021		2020
Current and other assets Capital assets Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,611,782 1,498,059 169,280	\$ 1,368,221 1,559,402 99,660	\$ 1,261,544 5,749,192 101,891	\$ 1,101,308 5,685,803 70,017	\$	2,873,326 7,247,251 271,171	\$ 2,469,529 7,245,205 169,677
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	3,279,121	3,027,283	7,112,627	6,857,128		10,391,748	9,884,411
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities Deferred inflows of resources	306,035 78,485 1,392	184,759 105,139 1,906	976,697 134,963 -	622,482 222,800		1,282,732 213,448 1,392	807,241 327,939 1,906
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	385,912	291,804	1,111,660	845,282		1,497,572	1,137,086
Net position: Net investment in							
capital assets Restricted	1,498,059 206,576	1,559,402 191,477	4,875,664	5,041,906		6,373,723 206,576	6,601,308 191,477
Unrestricted	1,188,574	984,600	1,125,303	969,940		2,313,877	1,954,540
Total net position	\$ 2,893,209	\$ 2,735,479	\$ 6,000,967	\$ 6,011,846	\$	8,894,176	\$ 8,747,325

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Snow Hill exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$8,894,176 as of June 30, 2021. The Town's net position increased by \$146,851 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. However, the Town's largest portion, \$6,373,723 (72%), reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment). The Town of Snow Hill uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Snow Hill's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Snow Hill's net position of \$206,576 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$2,313,877 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Slight increase in tax revenues.
- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 96.94%.

Town of Snow Hill's Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Governmental Activities			ss-Type vities	Tot	tol.
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues:						
Program Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 273,031	\$ 358,453	\$ 1,133,411	\$ 1,220,909	\$ 1,406,442	\$ 1,579,362
Operating grants and contributions	43,918	46,525	-	-	43,918	46,525
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	91,918	293,883	91,918	293,883
General revenues:						
Property taxes	409,359	398,635	-	-	409,359	398,635
Other taxes	451,146	437,597	-	-	451,146	437,597
Grants and contributions not						
restricted to specific programs	404,790	-	-	-	404,790	-
Other	150,143	19,615	168	4,515	150,311	24,130
Total revenues	1,732,387	1,260,825	1,225,497	1,519,307	2,957,884	2,780,132
Expenses:						
General government	376,192	253,081	-	-	376,192	253,081
Public safety	435,406	538,830	-	-	435,406	538,830
Transportation	188,654	192,328	-	-	188,654	192,328
Environmental protections	141,977	146,995	-	-	141,977	146,995
Community Development	144,859	178,892	-	-	144,859	178,892
Miscellaneous	287,569	-	-	-	287,569	-
Water and sewer		-	1,236,376	1,428,409	1,236,376	1,428,409
Total expenses	1,574,657	1,310,126	1,236,376	1,428,409	2,811,033	2,738,535
Increase (decrease) in net position before						
transfers	157,730	(49,301)	(10,879)	90,898	146,851	41,597
Increase (decrease) in net position	157,730	(49,301)	(10,879)	90,898	146,851	41,597
Net position-beginning	2,735,479	2,784,780	6,011,846	5,920,948	8,747,325	8,705,728
Net position-ending	\$ 2,893,209	\$ 2,735,479	\$ 6,000,967	\$ 6,011,846	\$ 8,894,176	\$ 8,747,325

Management Discussion and Analysis Town of Snow Hill

Governmental-type activities: Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$157,730. Key element of this increase are as follows:

• Increase in revenues.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities decreased the Town's net position by \$10,879. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

• Decrease in revenues.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Snow Hill uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Snow Hill's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Snow Hill's financing requirements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Snow Hill. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,280,517 while total fund balance reached \$1,517,141. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 99% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 117% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2021, the governmental funds of the Town of Snow Hill reported a combined fund balance of \$1,517,141, with a net increase in fund balance of \$241.464.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Proprietary Fund. The Town's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$1,125,303. The total decrease in net position was \$10,879. The change in net position in the Water and Sewer Fund is a result of decreased water revenues.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Town of Snow Hill's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2021, totals \$7,247,251 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following addition:

- Construction in Progress
- Vehicles

Town of Snow Hill's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total				
		2021		2020	2021 2020			2021			2020	
Land	\$	287,044	\$	287,044	\$ 31,794	\$	31,794	\$	318,838	\$	318,838	
Construction in progress		-		-	905,940		523,349		905,940		523,349	
Buildings and other systems		541,481		567,333	105,568		113,293		647,049		680,626	
Equipment		15,530		22,916	37,040		50,304		52,570		73,220	
Infrastructure		605,123		633,186	16,365		17,811		621,488		650,997	
Vehicles		48,881		48,923	34,136		53,893		83,017		102,816	
Furnitures		-		-	-		-		-		-	
Water/Sewer system		-		-	4,618,349		4,895,359		4,618,349		4,895,359	
Total	\$	1,498,059	\$	1,559,402	\$ 5,749,192	\$	5,685,803	\$	7,247,251	\$	7,245,205	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in the notes of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2021 the Town of Snow Hill had total debt outstanding of \$873,528. The legal debt margin of the Town is \$9,184,753.

Additional information regarding the Town of Snow Hill's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Request for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Question concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Officer, Town of Snow Hill, P.O. Box 247, Snow Hill, North Carolina 28580. You can call (252) 747-3414 extension 206, or visit our website at http://snowhill.com.



Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business-type			
	Activities	Activities	Total		
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,503,830	\$ 670,297	\$ 2,174,127		
Taxes recievable (net)	36,328	-	36,328		
Accounts receivable (net)	40,110	275,380	315,490		
Internal balances	(165,000)	165,000	-		
Due from other governments	79,692	-	79,692		
Inventories	-	32,046	32,046		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	116,822	118,821	235,643		
Total current assets	1,611,782	1,261,544	2,873,326		
Non-Current Assets:					
Capital assets:					
Land, improvements, and construction in progress	287,044	937,734	1,224,778		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	1,211,015	4,811,458	6,022,473		
Total capital assets	1,498,059	5,749,192	7,247,251		
Total assets	3,109,841	7,010,736	10,120,577		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension deferrals - LGERS	124,533	101,891	226,424		
Pension deferrals - LEO	44,747		44,747		
Total deferred outflows of resources	169,280	101,891	271,171		
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	28,265	7,071	35,336		
Customer deposits	30,048	56,074	86,122		
÷	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9,198	29,370		
Compensated absences	20,172	62,620	62,620		
Current portion of long-term liabilities Long-term liabilities:	=	02,020	02,020		
Net pension liability	202,631	165 790	368,420		
Total pension liability	103,404	165,789	103,404		
Due in more than one year	103,404	810,908	810,908		
Total liabilities	384,520	1,111,660	1,496,180		
Total habilities	364,320	1,111,000	1,490,100		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension deferrals - LEO	1,392	-	1,392		
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,392		1,392		
NET PACIFIAN	_	_	_		
NET POSITION	1 400 050	4.055.664	(252 522		
Net investment in capital assets	1,498,059	4,875,664	6,373,723		
Restricted for:	06.55		06.55		
Transportation-Powell Bill	86,774	-	86,774		
Stabilization by State statute	119,802	-	119,802		
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,188,574	1,125,303	2,313,877		
Total net position	\$ 2,893,209	\$ 6,000,967	\$ 8,894,176		

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Statement of Activities June 30, 2021

			Program Revenues					ie and Changes		t Position				
											Prima	ry Government		
Functions/Programs]	Expenses	C	harges for Services	Gr	perating rants and atributions	•	tal Grants and tributions		vernmental Activities		ısiness-type Activities		Total
Primary government:														
Governmental activities: General government	\$	376,192	\$	3,300	\$		\$		\$	(372,892)	\$		\$	(372,892)
Public safety	Ф	435,406	Þ	3,300	Φ	-	Ф	-	Þ		Ф	-	Ф	
•		188,654		-		43,918		-		(435,406)		-		(435,406)
Transportation Environmental protection		141,977		151,313		43,918		-		(144,736) 9,336		-		(144,736) 9,336
Community development		144,859		118,418		_		_		(26,441)		_		(26,441)
Miscellaneous		287,569		110,410		-		-		(287,569)		-		(20,441)
Total governmental activities		1,574,657		273,031		43,918		<u>-</u>		(1,257,708)				(1,257,708)
Total governmental activities		1,374,037		273,031		43,710				(1,237,700)				(1,237,700)
Business-type activities:														
Water and sewer		1,236,376		1,133,411				91,918				(11,047)		(11,047)
Total business-type activities		1,236,376		1,133,411		-		91,918		-		(11,047)		(11,047)
Total Government	\$	2,811,033	\$	1,406,442	\$	43,918	\$	91,918		(1,257,708)		(11,047)		(1,268,755)
		eral revenues:												
		Property taxes			urpose					409,359				409,359
		Local Option S								263,646		-		263,646
		Other taxes an			_	. ~				187,500		-		187,500
		rants and contr			d to spec	cific programs				404,790		1.00		404,790
		vestment earni ther	ngs, u	nrestricted						383 149,760		168		551 149,760
	Oi		1 reve	nues and transf	ers					1,415,438		168		1,415,606
		Change in n								157,730		(10,879)		146,851
	Net 1	position-begini	ning							2,735,479		6,011,846		8,747,325
		position-ending							\$	2,893,209	\$	6,000,967	\$	8,894,176

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Fund June 30, 2021

	M	ajor Fund				
ACCETC	Ge	neral Fund		Non-Major Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,368,280	\$	135,550	\$	1,503,830
Restricted cash	Φ	116,822	Ф	155,550	Ф	1,303,830
Receivables, net:		110,822		-		110,622
Taxes		36,328		_		36,328
Accounts		40,110		_		40,110
Due from other governments		79,692		_		79,692
Total assets		1,641,232		135,550		1,776,782
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		28,265		-		28,265
Customer deposits		30,048		-		30,048
Due to other funds		29,450		135,550		165,000
Total liabilities		87,763		135,550		223,313
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property taxes receivable		36,328		-		36,328
Total deferred inflows of resources		36,328		-		36,328
FUND BALANCES Restricted						
Stabilization by state statute		119,802		_		119,802
Streets - Powell Bill		86,774		_		86,774
Customer deposits		30,048		_		30,048
Unassigned		1,280,517		-		1,280,517
Total fund balances		1,517,141		-		1,517,141
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	1,641,232	\$	135,550		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resour						
reported in the funds.						1,498,059
Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resourc Contributions to the pension plan in the current fisccal year are deferr in the Statement of Net Position						36,328
Pension deferrals - LGERS Pension deferrals - LEO						124,533 44,747
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in t Pension deferrals - LEO	he funds					(1,392)
Net pension liability.						(202,631)
Total pension liability.						(103,404)
Compensated absences						(20,172)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	2,893,209
1 5					Ψ	2,073,207

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	M	ajor Fund				
	Ge	neral Fund	Total N Major F		Gov	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES						
Ad valorem taxes	\$	397,608	\$	-	\$	397,608
Other taxes and licenses		8,845		-		8,845
Unrestricted intergovernmental		454,042		-		454,042
Restricted intergovernmental		269,331	17	79,377		448,708
Sales and services		273,031		-		273,031
Investment earnings		383		-		383
Other		138,019				138,019
Total revenues		1,541,259	17	79,377		1,720,636
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		350,160		-		350,160
Public safety		407,556		-		407,556
Transportation		165,049		-		165,049
Environmental protection		123,979		-		123,979
Community development		144,859		_		144,859
Miscellaneous		108,192	13	79,377		287,569
Total expenditures		1,299,795		79,377		1,479,172
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		241,464				241,464
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Insurance recovery		-		-		_
Total other financing sources and uses		-		-		=
Net change in fund balance		241,464		-		241,464
Fund balances-beginning		1,275,677		_		1,275,677
Fund balances-ending	\$	1,517,141	\$	-	\$	1,517,141

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 241,464
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	19,500	
Depreciation expense for governmental assets	(80,843)	
· · · ·		(61,343)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the		
Statement of Activities		38,343
Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included		
on the Statement of Activities		4,684
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial		
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:		
Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues		11,751
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of		
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences		17,000
Pension expense - LGERS		(76,900)
Pension expense - LEO	-	(17,269)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ 157,730

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Gene	eral Fund	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 368,200	\$ 368,200	\$ 397,608	\$ 29,408
Other taxes and licenses	5,500	5,500	8,845	3,345
Unrestricted intergovernmental	422,092	422,092	454,042	31,950
Restricted intergovernmental	575,830	575,830	269,331	(306,499)
Sales and services	224,505	224,505	273,031	48,526
Investment earnings	1,800	1,800	383	(1,417)
Miscellaneous	28,300	28,300	138,019	109,719
Total revenues	1,626,227	1,626,227	1,541,259	(84,968)
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	280,330	370,610	350,160	20,450
Public safety	493,610	410,285	407,556	2,729
Transportation	169,165	201,459	165,049	36,410
Environmental protection	150,725	150,725	123,979	26,746
Community development	109,200	161,452	144,859	16,593
Miscellaneous	110,000	110,000	108,192	1,808
Total expenditures	1,313,030	1,404,531	1,299,795	104,736
Revenues over (under) expenditures	313,197	221,696	241,464	19,768
Other financing sources (uses):				
Fund balance appropriated	(313,197)	(221,696)	_	221,696
Total other financing sources (uses)	(313,197)	(221,696)		221,696
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	241,464	\$ 241,464
Fund balances:				
Beginning of year, July 1			1,275,677	
End of year, June 30			\$ 1,517,141	

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2021

	Major Enterprise Fund
	Water & Sewer
	Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 670,297
Accounts receivable (net)	275,380
Inventory	32,046
Due from other funds	165,000
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	118,821
Total current assets	1,261,544
Non-current Assets	
Capital Assets:	
Land and other nondepreciable assets	937,734
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	4,811,458
Capital assets	5,749,192
Total noncurrent assets	5,749,192
Total assets	7,010,736
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	101,891
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	7,071
Customer deposits	56,074
Current portion of compensated absences	9,198
Long-term debt, current portion	62,620
Total current liabilities	134,963
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Net pension liability	165,789
Long-term debt, noncurrent portion	810,908
Total noncurrent liabilities	976,697
Total liabilities	1,111,660
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension deferrals	
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u></u>
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt	4,875,664
Unrestricted	1,125,303
Total net position	\$ 6,000,967

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Major Enterprise Fund
	Water & Sewer
	Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:	ф. 1.021.200
Charges for services	\$ 1,031,309
Other operating revenues	91,902
Total operating revenues	1,123,211
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Water	449,718
Sewer	465,093
Depreciation	319,202
Total operating expenses	1,234,013
Operating income (loss)	(110,802)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	
Investment earnings	168
Miscellaneous revenue	10,200
Interest and other charges	(2,363)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	8,005
Income before contributions and transfers	(102,797)
Capital contributions	91,918
Change in net position	(10,879)
Net position, beginning	6,011,846
Net position, ending	\$ 6,000,967

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Major Enterprise Fund Water & Sewer Fund
CACH ELOWCEDOM OBEDATING ACTIVITIES	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers	\$ 1,029,769
Cash paid for goods and services	(568,328)
Cash paid to employees for services	(345,175)
Customer deposits	3,565
Net cash provided by operating activities	119,831
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING	
ACTIVITIES:	
(Increase) Decrease in due from other funds	(11,747)
Miscellanous revenues	10,200
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing	
activities	(1,547)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(382,591)
Grant proceeds	91,918
Principal paid on bond maturities and revolving loan	(123,789)
Debt proceeds	353,420
Interest paid on bond maturities and revolving loan	(2,363)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related	
financing activities	(63,405)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Interest and dividends	168
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	55,047
Cash and cash equivalents:	
Beginning of year, July 1	734,071
End of year, June 30	\$ 789,118
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
by operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (110,802)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	
cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	319,202
Changes in assets and liabilities:	(07,022)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in inventory	(87,033) (6,409)
(Increase) decrease in inventory (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pensions	(31,874)
(Decrease) increase in net pension liability	63,420
(Decrease) increase in deferred inflows of resources - pensions	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(11,903)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	3,565
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	(18,335)
Total adjustments	230,633
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 119,831



Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Snow Hill conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Snow Hill (the "Town") is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member board. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental and proprietary* – are presented. The Tonw has no fiduciar funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water & Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations. A Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund has been consolidated into the Water and Sewer Fund for financial reporting purposes. The budgetary comparison for the Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund has been included in the supplemental information.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments when applicable. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Snow Hill because the tax is levied by Greene County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Enterprise Capital Projects Fund. The enterprise fund projects are consolidated with their respective operating fund for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. Any revisions that alter expenditures of any fund must be approved by the governing board. During the year several amendments to the original budget were necessary.

E. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity</u>

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are generally reported at fair value. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. The NCCMT-Term Portfolio is bond fund, has no rating and is measured at fair value. As of June 30, 2021, the Term Portfolio has a duration of .15 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

In accordance with State law, the Town has invested in securities which are callable and which provide for periodic interest rate increases in specific increments until maturity. These investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing, or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. Cash held in the Capital Projects Funds are classified as restricted assets for the enterprise fund because their use is restricted to the purpose for which the revenues were received and for customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected.

Town of Snow Hill Restricted Cash

Governmental Activities
General Fund

General Fund		
	Streets	\$ 86,774
	Customer deposits	30,048
Total Governmental Activities	·	116,822
Business-type Activities		
Water and Sewer Fund	Customer deposits	56,074
	Water projects	62,747
Total Business-type Activities		118,821
Total Restricted Cash		\$ 235,643

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1^{st} , the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1^{st} (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6^{th} . These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes which are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. <u>Allowances for Doubtful Accounts</u>

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Inventory

The inventories of the Town's enterprise fund consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of these inventories is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Capitalization cost for the Town's assets is \$5,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or contracted capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciable using the straight-line method at the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Infrastructure	40
Buildings	39
Improvements	15-20
Vehicles	5-7
Furniture and Equipment	7-20
Computer Equipment	3-5

8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meets this criterion, pension deferral plan in the 2021 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has two items that meet the criterion for this category - property taxes receivable and pension deferrals for the 2021 fiscal year.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether withheld from the actual debt proceeds received or not, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement, may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is knows as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net Position and Restricted Fund Balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Committed Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town of Snow Hill's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that the Town of Snow Hill intends to use for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

12. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Significant Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

None reported.

2. Contractual Violations

None reported.

B. <u>Deficit in Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds</u>

None reported.

C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

None reported.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2021, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$965,791 and a bank balance of \$1,081,743. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2021, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$930.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2021, the Town of Snow Hill had \$1,443,049 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which earned a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk.

3. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2021 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General Fund: Solid Waste	\$ 1,027
Water and Sewer Fund:	
Accounts Receivable	 20,367
Total	\$ 21,394

3. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances		Increases	1	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:	 Datatices		mereases		Decreases	Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 287,044	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 287,044
Total capital assets not being depreciated	287,044		-		-	287,044
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings	864,339		-		-	864,339
Equipment	313,161		-		-	313,161
Vehicles and motorized equipment	212,019		19,500		10,181	221,338
Infrastructure	1,011,288		-		-	1,011,288
Furniture	1,762		-		-	1,762
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,402,569		19,500		10,181	2,411,888
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	297,006		25,852		-	322,858
Equipment	290,245		7,386		-	297,631
Vehicles and motorized equipment	163,096		19,542		10,181	172,457
Infrastructure	378,102		28,063		-	406,165
Furniture	1,762		-		-	1,762
Total accumulated depreciation	1,130,211	\$	80,843	\$	10,181	 1,200,873
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,272,358	1				1,211,015
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 1,559,402					\$ 1,498,059

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$ 8,890
Public Safety	17,850
Transportation	36,105
Environmental protection	 17,998
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 80,843

Business-Type activities:		Beginning Balances		Increases	Dogra	eases	Ending Balances
Water and Sewer Fund:		Dalalices		Hicieases	Decre	eases	Dalalices
Capital assets not being depreciated:	φ.	24 504	ф		φ.	φ.	24 504
Land	\$	31,794	\$		\$	- \$	31,794
Construction in progress		523,349		382,591		-	905,940
Total capital assets not being depreciated		555,143		382,591		-	937,734
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings		250,062		-		-	250,062
Equipment		292,304		-		-	292,304
Vehicles and motorized equipment		242,141		-		-	242,141
Water & sewer system		11,397,760		-		-	11,397,760
Infrastructure		26,691		-		-	26,691
Total capital assets being depreciated		12,208,958		-		-	12,208,958
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		136,769		7,725		-	144,494
Equipment		242,000		13,264		-	255,264
Vehicles and motorized equipment		188,248		19,757		-	208,005
Water & sewer system		6,502,401		277,010		-	6,779,411
Infrastructure		8,880		1,446		-	10,326
Total accumulated depreciation		7,078,298	\$	319,202	\$	-	7,397,500
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		5,130,660					4,811,458
Water Fund capital assets, net	\$	5,685,803	=			\$	5,749,192

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Snow Hill is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Snow Hill's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 8.95% for general employees and 9.70% for law enforcement employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$69,714 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a liability of \$368,420 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020 (measurement date), the Town's proportion was 0.01031%, which was an increase of 0.00198% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$139,819. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 46,525	\$	-
Change of assumptions	27,418		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	51,845		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Town's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	30,922		-
Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	69,714		_
Total	\$ 226,424	\$	-

\$69,714 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	
2022	\$	47,732
2023		56,618
2024		37,017
2025		15,344
Thereafter		-
	\$	156,711

Actuarial Assumptions . The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary Increases 3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.0%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1 % Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)	
Town's proportionate share of the				
net pension liability (asset)	\$747,484	\$368,420	\$53,391	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description

The Town of Snow Hill administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2020 the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	1
Active plan members	7
Total	8

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting – The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2019 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Discount rate 2.98 precent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2019.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

4. Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town paid \$4,684 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$103,404. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020 based on a December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$17,269.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 10,000	\$ -
Changes of assumptions and other inputs Town benefit payments and plan administrative expense made subsequent to the measurement date	34,747	1,392
Total	\$ 44,747	\$ 1,392

\$0.00 paid as benefits came due subsequent to the measurement date have been reported as deferred outflows of resources. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June	
30,	
2022	\$ 8,775
2023	8,775
2024	8,413
2025	8,029
2026	6,118
Thereafter	3,245
	\$ 43,355

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.93 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.93 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.93 percent) than the current rate:

	 1 % Decrease Di (0.93%)		Discount Rate (1.93%)		% Increase (2.93%)
Town's proportionate share of the					
net pension liability (asset)	\$ 114,753	\$	103,404	\$	93,010

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	 2021
Beginning balance	\$ 59,642
Service Cost	6,625
Interest on the total pension liability	1,868
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	2.620
in the measurement of the total pension liability	2,628
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	37,325
Benefit payments	(4,684)
Other changes	 <u>-</u>
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 103,404

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
Pension Expense	\$ 139,819	\$ 17,268	\$ 157,087
Pension Liability	368,420	103,404	471,824
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.01031%	N/A	
Deferred of Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	46,525	10,000	56,525
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earning	27,418	34,747	62,165
on plan investments	51,845	-	51,845
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	30,922	-	30,922
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequent to the measurement date	69,714	-	69,714
Deferred of Inflows of Resources Differences between expected and actual experience	LGERS -	LEOSSA	Total
Changes of assumptions	-	1,392	1,392
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	-	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	-	-

c. <u>Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers</u>

Plan Description. The Town contributed to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers and other employees employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The law enforcement officers and other employees may also make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The Town made contributions of \$23,295 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

1. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefits may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and their benefit amount. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

2. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

The Town has one deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

Source	F	Amount
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	\$	69,714
Differences between expected and actual experience		56,525
Changes of assumptions		62,165
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		51,845
Changes in proportion and differences between Town's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		30,922
Total	\$	271,171

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	State	ement of	Gen	eral Fund
	Net l	Position	Bala	nce Sheet
Pension deferrals	\$	1,392	\$	-
Taxes Receivable, less penalties (General Fund)		-		36,328
	\$	1,392	\$	36,328

3. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town maintains commercial insurance with two private sector insurance agencies. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, worker's compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to a \$2 million lifetime limit.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town does no carry any flood insurance. The Town is not located in a flood plain.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer and tax collector are each individually bonded for \$50,000 each. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$50,000.

4. Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2021, there were no lawsuits against the Town that materiality impact its financial statements.

5. <u>Long Term Obligations</u>

a. Construction Notes

The Town has signed a fifteen year note with the Drinking Water Management Trust Fund for \$144,638 to finance the purchase and installation of automatic meter readers. The note was executed November 2013 with payments beginning May 2015. Through June 30, 2021, \$144,638 of the available loan has been received and used by the Town for the purchase and installation of automatic meter readers.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the full amount of the note of \$77,134, including no interest, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Pr	incipal	Interest		t Total		
2022	\$	9,643	\$	_	\$	9,643	
2023		9,643		-		9,643	
2024		9,643		-		9,643	
2025		9,643		-		9,643	
2026		9,643		-		9,643	
2027-2030		28,919		-		28,919	
	\$	77,134	\$	-	\$	77,134	

The Town has signed a fifteen year note with the Drinking Water Management Trust Fund for \$632,825 to finance the replacement of water lines. The note was executed November 2013 with payments beginning May 2015. Through June 30, 2021, \$632,825 of the available loan has been received and used by the Town for replacement of water lines.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the full amount of the note of \$442,974, including no interest, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	J	Principal Interest			Total
2022	\$	31,641	\$ -	\$	31,641
2023	Ψ	31,641	Ψ -	Ψ	31,641
2024		31,641	-		31,641
2025		31,641	-		31,641
2026		31,641	-		31,641
2027-2031		158,205	-		158,205
2032-2035		126,564	-		126,564
	\$	442,974	\$ -	\$	442,974

The Town has signed a twenty year note with the Department of Environmental Quality for \$752,426 to finance the replacement of water lines. The note was executed June 2021 with payments beginning May 2022. The principal forgiveness of \$325,710 has been applied immediately. Through June 30, 2021, \$353,420 of the available loan has been received and used by the Town for replacement of water lines.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the full amount of the note of \$353,420, including no interest, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30		Principal	Interest		Total			
2022	\$	21,336	¢	\$	21,336			
2022	Ф	21,336	> -	Ф	21,336			
2024		21,336	-		21,336			
2025		21,336	-		21,336			
2026		21,336	-		21,336			
2027-2031		106,680	-		106,680			
2032-2036		106,680	-		106,680			
2037-2041		33,380	-		33,380			
	\$	353,420	\$ -	\$	353,420			

b. Changes in General Long-Term Liabilities

Compensated absences for governmental activities have typically been liquidated in the General Fund.

		Balance 7/01/20		Increases		Decreases		Balance 06/30/21		Current Portion
Governmental activities:										
Net pension liability (LGERS)	\$	125,117	\$	77,514	\$	-	\$	202,631	\$	-
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)		59,642		43,762		-		103,404		-
Compensated absences		37,172		37,473		(54,473)		20,172		20,172
Governmental activity										
long-term liabilities	\$	221,931	\$	158,749	\$	(54,473)	\$	326,207	\$	20,172
Business-type activities: Direct placement installment Revolving loan	\$	643.897	\$	353.420	\$	(123,789)	\$	873.528	\$	62,620
Net pension liability (LGERS)	·	102,369	·	63,420	Ċ	-	Ċ	165,789	·	-
Compensated absences		27,533		11,480		(29,815)		9,198		9,198
Business-type activity long-term liabilities	\$	773,799	\$	428,320	\$	(153,604)	\$	1,048,515	\$	71,818

At June 30, 2021, the Town of Snow Hill had a legal debt margin of \$9,184,753.

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

Receivable Fund	<u>Payable Fund</u>	Amount
General Fund	Water/Sewer Fund	\$ 165,000

The interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

D. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	_	Gove	rnmentai	Вu	isiness-type
Capital assets	\$		1,498,059		5,749,192
Less: long term debt			-		(873,528)
Net investment in capital asset	_	\$	1,498,059	\$	4,875,664
	_				

E. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 1,517,141
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	119,802
Streets - Powell Bill	86,774
Customer Deposits	30,048
Remaining Fund Balance	1,280,517

IV. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

V. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

There are no subsequent events that would have a material affect on the financial statements. Subsequent events have been analyzed through November 4, 2021 the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED

SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principals.

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Contributions – Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability - Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll - Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Town of Snow Hill's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Eight Fiscal Years*

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.01031%	0.00833%	0.00888%	0.00934%	0.00817%	0.00769%	0.00681%	0.00670%
Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 368,420	\$ 227,486	\$ 210,664	\$ 142,689	\$ 173,393	\$ 34,512	43,641	79,555
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 681,012	\$ 692,138	\$ 625,552	\$ 637,098	\$ 516,215	\$ 499,739	466,306	466,306
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	54.10%	32.87%	33.68%	22.40%	33.59%	6.91%	9.36%	17.06%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	88.61%	90.86%	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Town of Snow Hill's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Eight Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 69,714	\$ 62,978	\$ 55,504	\$ 48,424	\$ 47,690	\$ 35,153	\$ 35,813	\$ 36,203
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	69,714	62,978	55,504	48,424	47,690	35,153	35,813	36,203
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -							
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 662,053	\$ 681,012	\$ 692,138	\$ 625,552	\$ 637,098	\$ 516,215	\$ 499,739	\$ 466,306
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	10.53%	9.25%	8.02%	7.74%	7.49%	6.81%	7.17%	7.76%

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2021

	 2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 59,642 \$	43,252 \$	40,443	\$ 30,578	\$ 27,652
Service Cost	6,625	5,461	4,761	4,131	2,879
Interest on the total pension liability	1,868	1,535	1,244	1,139	987
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of					
the total pension liability	2,628	9,347	1,216	2,462	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	37,325	2,209	(2,250)	4,295	(940)
Benefit payments	(4,684)	(2,162)	(2,162)	(2,162)	-
Other changes	 =	=	=	=	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 103,404 \$	59,642 \$	43,252	\$ 40,443	\$ 30,578

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 103,404	\$ 59,642	\$ 43,252	\$ 40,443	\$ 30,578
Covered payroll	287,002	239,971	189,915	242,545	161,977
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	36.03%	24.85%	22.77%	16.67%	18.88%

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Snow Hill has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2021									
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)							
Revenues:										
Ad valorem taxes:										
Current year		\$ 397,608								
Total	\$ 368,200	397,608	\$ 29,408							
Other taxes and licenses:										
Automobile licenses tags		8,845								
Total	5,500	8,845	3,345							
Unrestricted intergovernmental:										
Local option sales taxes		263,646								
Utility franchise tax		71,656								
Piped natural gas sales tax		5,381								
Telecommunication sales tax		14,813								
Supplement PEG channel support		80,152								
Beer and wine tax		6,653								
ABC Revenue		8,326								
Video franchise fee	-	3,415								
Total	422,092	454,042	31,950							
Restricted intergovernmental:										
Powell Bill allocation		43,918								
Grants	-	225,413								
Total	575,830	269,331	(306,499)							
Sales and services:										
Waste collection fees		151,313								
Cemetery lot sales and dept fees		118,418								
Zoning		3,300								
Total	224,505	273,031	48,526							
Investment earnings	1,800	383	(1,417)							
Miscellaneous:										
Other revenues		113,346								
Rent		22,711								
Gasoline tax refund		1,962								
Total	28,300	138,019	109,719							
Total Revenues	1,626,227	1,541,259	(84,968)							

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		2021	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:			
General government:			
Governing body:			
Salaries & benefits		37,194	
Operating expense		8,567	
Total	46,040	45,761	279
Administration:			
Salaries & benefits		113,922	
Operating expense		116,964	
Total	250,790	230,886	19,904
Cemetary Department:			
Salaries & benefits		62,068	
Operating expense		11,445	
Total	73,780	73,513	267
Total general government	370,610	350,160	20,450
Public safety:			
Police Department:			
Salaries & benefits		305,299	
Operating expense		51,257	
Capital Outlay		7,000	
Total	366,285	363,556	2,729
Fire Department:			
Contributions		44,000	
Total	44,000	44,000	-
Total public safety	410,285	407,556	2,729
Transportation:			
Streets:			
Salaries & benefits		39,750	
Operating expense		55,097	
Capital Outlay		12,500	
Total	123,965	107,347	16,618

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		2021	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Powell Bill:			
Salaries & benefits Operating expense		18,208 39,494	
Total	77,494	57,702	19,792
Total transportation	201,459	165,049	36,410
Environmental protection: Salaries & benefits Operating expense		18,370 105,609	
Total	150,725	123,979	26,746
Community Development Operating expense Total	161,452	144,859 144,859	16,593
Miscellaneous:			
Operating		108,192	
Total	110,000	108,192	1,808
Total Expenditures	1,404,531	1,299,795	104,736
Revenues over (under) expenditures	221,696	241,464	19,768
Other financing sources (uses): Fund Balance Appropriated	(221,696)		221,696
Total	(221,696)	<u> </u>	221,696
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	241,464	\$ 241,464
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1 End of year, June 30	.	1,275,677 \$ 1,517,141	

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - ARP Grants Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget	2021 Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			(&)
Recovery relief funds Total Revenues	\$ 179,379	\$ 179,377 179,377	\$ (2)
Expenditures:			
Payroll		133,607	
Customer utility relief		1,827	
Small business grant		42,000	
Personal, property, and equipment Total expenditures	179,379	1,943 179,377	2
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	-	\$ -
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1 End of year, June 30		-	

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Water & Sewer Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		2021	
	_		Variance
			Positive
_	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Operating Revenues:		e 1.011.200	
Charges for services	\$ 1,049,194	\$ 1,011,209 1,011,209	\$ (37,985)
Total Charges for Services	5 1,049,194	1,011,209	\$ (37,983)
Water & sewer taps	23,600	20,100	(3,500)
Operating revenues:			
Alternative water	92,000	91,902	(98)
Total Other Operating Revenues	92,000	91,902	(98)
Total Operating Revenus	1,164,794	1,123,211	(41,583)
Nonoperating revenues:			
Interest earned on investments		168	
Rent		10,200	
Total Non-Operating Revenues	11,200	10,368	(832)
Total Revenues	1,175,994	1,133,579	(42,415)
Expenditures:			
Water:			
Salaries and benefits		127,275	
Operating expenses		309,232	
Total Water	488,304	436,507	51,797
Sewer:			
Salaries and benefits		231,111	
Operating expenses		233,982	
Total Sewer	531,090	465,093	65,997
Debt service:			
Interest and fees		2,363	
Principal retirement	<u> </u>	123,789	
Total Debt Service	156,600	126,152	30,448
Capital Outlay		-	
Total Capital Outlay	<u> </u>	-	
Total Expenditures	1,175,994	1,027,752	148,242
Revenues Over (Under) Expenses	<u> </u>	105,827	105,827

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Water & Sewer Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	_	2021			
	Bud	get	Actual]	Variance Positive Negative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Contingency			-		
Total other financing sources (uses):					_
Revenues and Other Sources Over					
(Under) Expenditures	\$		105,827	\$	105,827
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures			105,827		
Reconciling items:					
Capital outlay			-		
Depreciation			(319,202)		
Capital contribution			91,918		
Principal retirement			123,789		
(Increase) decrease in accrued vacation pay			18,335		
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resour	rces - pensions		31,874		
(Increase) decrease in pension liability (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resource	og pongiong		(63,420)		
Total reconciling items	es - hensions	_	(116,706)		
		_	(,. 00)		
Change in net position			\$ (10,879)		

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Waste Water Pump Station 6 Relocation Capital Project Fund From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

						Actual			
		roject orization	Pr	ior Years	(Current Year	Total to Date		Variance Positive Vegative)
Revenues:	-								8
Restricted intergovernmental:									
FEMA Grant	\$	89,000	\$	89,000	\$	-	\$ 89,000	\$	-
NC Commerce Grant		244,310		152,392		91,918	 244,310		
Total Revenues		333,310		241,392		91,918	333,310		
Expenditures:									
Construction		186,100		80,187		153,985	234,172		(48,072)
Technical		68,400		48,829		24,292	73,121		(4,721)
Land/Easement Purchase		14,500		14,000		-	14,000		500
Legal		3,000		1,556		-	1,556		1,444
Contingency		61,310		-		-	-		61,310
Total Expenditures		333,310	_	144,572		178,277	322,849	_	10,461
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	-	\$	96,820		(86,359)	\$ 10,461	\$	10,461
Fund Balance, beginning						96,820			
Fund Balance, ending					\$	10,461			

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Water Line Replacement Capital Project Fund From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Actual		
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental:					
DEQA Grant	\$ 325,710	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (325,710)
Total Revenues	325,710				(325,710)
Expenditures:					
Construction	384,010	-	155,716	155,716	228,294
Construction contingency	55,850	-	-	-	55,850
Power Generator	85,000	4,739	-	4,739	80,261
Engineering Design	59,000	58,611	-	58,611	389
Permits	1,600	1,600	-	1,600	-
Loan Administration	10,000	4,140	5,000	9,140	860
Construction Observation & Administration	55,960	20,780	32,952	53,732	2,228
Total Expenditures	651,420	89,870	193,668	283,538	367,882
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
DEQ loan proceeds	325,710	-	353,420	353,420	27,710
Total other financing sources (uses):	325,710	-	353,420	353,420	27,710
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ (89,870)	159,752	\$ 69,882	\$ 69,882
Fund Balance, beginning			(89,870)		
Fund Balance, ending			\$ 69,882		

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Water System AIA Capital Project Fund From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Actual		
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental:					
DEQA Grant	\$ 150,000	\$ 144,465	\$ -	\$ 144,465	\$ (5,535)
Total Revenues	150,000	144,465		144,465	(5,535)
Expenditures:					
Engineering Design	162,000	162,000	-	162,000	-
Loan Administration	750	750	-	750	-
Total Expenditures	162,750	162,750		162,750	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(12,750)	(18,285)	-	(18,285)	(5,535)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers	12,750	12,750		12,750	
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ (5,535)	-	\$ (5,535)	\$ (5,535)
Fund Balance, beginning			(5,535)		
Fund Balance, ending			\$ (5,535)		

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Water Main Relocation Capital Project Fund From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Actual	_	
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental:					
DEQA Grant	\$ 150,000	\$ 132,851	\$ -	\$ 132,851	\$ (17,149)
Total Revenues	150,000	132,851		132,851	(17,149)
Expenditures:					
Engineering Design	160,250	123,657	10,646	134,303	25,947
Loan Administration	2,500	2,500	· -	2,500	-
Total Expenditures	162,750	126,157	10,646	136,803	25,947
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(12,750)	6,694	(10,646)	(3,952)	8,798
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers	12,750				(12,750)
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ 6,694	(10,646)	\$ (3,952)	\$ (3,952)
Fund Balance, beginning			6,694		
Fund Balance, ending			\$ (3,952)		

OTHER SCHEDULES

This section includes additional information on property taxes, transfers, and cash and investments.

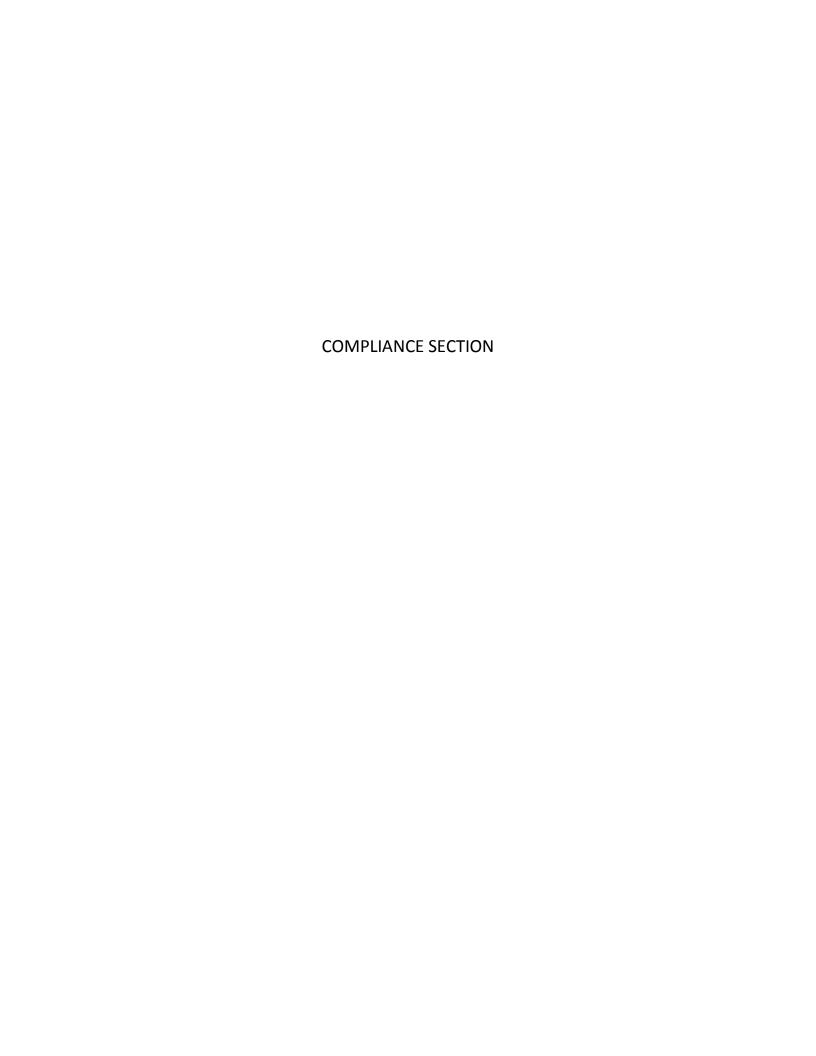
- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2021

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2020	Additions	Collections And Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2021
2020-2021	\$ -	\$ 399,744	\$ 387,808	\$ 11,936
2019-2020	9,276	-	2,791	6,485
2018-2019	6,297	-	1,488	4,809
2017-2018	6,302	-	1,607	4,695
2016-2017	3,887	-	750	3,137
2015-2016	2,534	-	777	1,757
2014-2015	1,275	-	38	1,237
2013-2014	828	-	38	790
2012-2013	826	-	38	788
2011-2012	734	-	40	694
2010-2011	810	<u> </u>	810	
	\$ 32,769	\$ 399,744	\$ 396,185	36,328
Ad valorem taxes receivable - net				\$ 36,328
Reconcilement with revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes - General Fund Reconciling items:				\$ 397,607
Interest and penalties collected				(2,972)
Releases and other adjustments				1,550
Total collections and credits				\$ 396,185

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy Town - Wide Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Total	Levy
		Town - Wide		Property excluding Registered	Registered
	Property		Total	Motor	Motor
	Valuation	Rate	Levy	Vehicles	Vehicles
Original levy: Property taxed at current rate: General tax Total	\$ 117,571,765 117,571,765	0.34	\$ 399,744 399,744	\$ 335,954 335,954	\$ 63,790 63,790
Net levy			399,744	335,954	63,790
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2021			11,936	11,936	
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 387,808	\$ 324,018	\$ 63,790
Current levy collection percentage			97.01%	96.45%	100.00%





Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. 4024 Oleander Drive Suite 3 Wilmington, North Carolina 28403 Telephone (910) 791-4872 Fax (910) 395-4872

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Snow Hill, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprises the Town of Snow Hill's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 4, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Snow Hill's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Snow Hill's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be a significant deficiency, listed as 2021-001.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Snow Hill's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town of Snow Hill's Response to Findings

The Town of Snow Hill's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA

Wilmington, North Carolina November 4, 2021

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Summary of Auditor's Results Section I.

<u>Financial Statements</u>
Type of report auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in
accordance to GAAP: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:	
• Material weakness (es) identified?	yesX_no
• Significant Deficiency(s) identified?	<u>X</u> yesno
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

Finding: 2021-001 Segregation of Duties

Criteria: Duties should be segregated to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are

handled appropriately.

Condition: There is a lack of segregation of duties among Town personnel.

Effect: Transactions could be mishandled.

Cause: There are a limited number of personnel for certain functions.

Identification of a repeat finding: This is a repeat finding from the immediate previous audit, 2020-001.

Recommendation: The duties should be separated as much as possible, and alternative controls should be used to compensate for lack of separation. The governing board should provide some of these controls.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The Town agrees with this finding and will adhere to the corrective action plan to follow.



Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Corrective Action Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

Finding: 2021 – 001 Segregation of Duties

Name of contact person: Todd Whaley, Town Manager

Corrective Action: The duties will be separated as much as possible and alternative

controls will be used to compensate for lack of separation. The governing board will become more involved in providing some

of these controls.

Proposed Completion Date: The Town will implement the above immediately.

Town of Snow Hill, North Carolina Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Finding: 2020 - 001

Status: Duties are being separated as much as possible and alternative controls are being

implemented to compensate for lack of separation. The governing board is becoming

more involved in providing some of these controls.

Finding: 2020 - 002 Status: Corrected.

Finding: 2020 - 003 Status: Corrected.

Finding: 2020 - 004 Status: Corrected.