TOWN OF ST. JAMES St. James, North Carolina

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2021

TOWN OF ST. JAMES

TOWN COUNCIL

Jean Toner, Mayor David DeLong, Mayor Pro-Tem Dennis Barclay, Councilor Jeff Mount, Councilor Lynn Dutney, Councilor

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS

Jeff Repp, Town Manager Pauline Haran CPA, Finance Director

TOWN OF ST. JAMES NORTH CAROLINA TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2021

| Exhibit | Financial Section: | Page(s) |
|---------|--|----------|
| | Independent Auditor's Report | 1 - 3 |
| | Management's Discussion and Analysis | 4 - 9 |
| | Basic Financial Statements: | |
| | Government-wide Financial Statements: | |
| 1 | Statement of Net Position | 10 |
| 2 | Statement of Activities | 11 |
| | Fund Financial Statements: | |
| 3 | Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds | 12 |
| 3 | Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position | |
| 4 | Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund | 13 |
| 4 | Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities | 14 |
| 5 | Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Annual Budget and Actual - General Fund | 15 |
| | Notes to the Financial Statements | 16 - 27 |
| | Required Supplemental Financial Data: Schedule of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Local Government Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Contributions - Local Government Employee's Retirement System | 28 29 |
| | Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: | |
| | Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -General Fund | 30 - 33 |
| | Other Schedules Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable | 34 |
| | Analysis of Current Tax Levy - Town-Wide Levy | 35 |
| | COMPLIANCE SECTION Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements | |
| | Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards | 36-37 |
| | Schedule of Findings and Responses | 38 |

FINANCIAL SECTION



Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. 4024 Oleander Drive Suite 103 Wilmington, North Carolina 28403 Telephone (910) 791-4872 Fax (910) 395-4872

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council St. James, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of St. James, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise St. James's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of St. James, North Carolina as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 10, 2021, on our consideration of the Town of St. James's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of St. James's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA

Wilmington, North Carolina September 10, 2021 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of St. James (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town of St. James' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of St. James for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of St. James exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year by \$7,924,441 (*net position*).
- The government's total net position increased by \$923,555.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of St James' governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$4,039,264 with a net increase of \$807,651 in fund balance. Approximately 30.33% of this total amount, or \$1,225,141, is assigned or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,814,123 or 90.24% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year. Within this fund, \$367,287 has been assigned to disaster recovery and \$400,000 has been assigned to the St. James fire department future capital needs.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of St. James' basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of St. James.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 5) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are two parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements and 2) the budgetary comparison statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are of the governmental activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, environmental protection, and general administration. Property taxes, State , federal grants, and financial revenue from investments support the activities.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of St. James, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of St. James are in governmental funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in the governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of St. James adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Council; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and is, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow Exhibit 5 of this report.

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of St. James progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

Interdependence with Other Entities - The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and state laws and federal and state appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Town of St. James' Net Position Figure 2

| | Governmental Activities | | | |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| | 2021 | 2020 | | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 4,119 | | | |
| Capital assets Deferred outflows of revenue | 5,908 84 | 8,185 5,709,852 2,783 64,890 | | |
| Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | 10,112 | , , | | |
| Long-term liabilities outstanding | 1,739 | 0,021 2,017,981 | | |
| Other liabilities | 448 | 450,255 | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | | | |
| Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources | 2,187 | 2,468,236 | | |
| Net position: | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 3,935 | 5,537 3,439,984 | | |
| Restricted | 457 | 7,854 344,153 | | |
| Unrestricted | 3,531 | ,050 2,834,816 | | |
| Total net position | \$ 7,924 | ,441 \$ 6,618,953 | | |
| | | | | |

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$7,924,441 as of June 30, 2021. The Town's net position increased by \$923,555 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Of the net position, \$3,531,050 is unrestricted, however the town has assigned funds totaling \$767,287 for disaster recovery and for St. James Fire Department's future capital needs.

The largest portion, \$3,935,537 (49.66%) reflects the Town's investment in capital assets (land, buildings, infrastructure, furniture and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. A portion of the Town of St. James' fund balances \$767,2871 (9.68%) represents resources that are subject to internal designation on how they may be used.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted governmental Fund balances.

- Retaining the tax rate of six cents per \$100 and the continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 99.81%.
- Maintaining operating expenses comparable to prior years.

Town of St. James' Changes in Net Position Figure 3

| Z021 Z020 Revenues: Program Revenues Charges for services \$ 100,343 \$ 147,907 Operating grants 220,935 60,711 General revenues: - - Property taxes 1,253,341 1,167,801 Other taxes 2,350,834 1,950,602 Investment earnings 1,958 27,262 Total revenues 3,927,411 3,354,283 Expenses: General government 1,244,585 1,536,527 Public Safety 1,022,716 849,448 Transportation 16,193 17,404 Environmental protection 662,666 514,507 Interease in net position 57,696 66,2267 Total expenses 3,003,856 2,984,153 Increase in net position 923,555 370,130 Net position - beginning as previously reported 6,618,953 6,248,823 Restatement - prior period adjustment 381,933 - Net position - beginning, restated 7,000,886 6,248,823 <tr< th=""><th></th><th colspan="3">Governmental Activities</th></tr<> | | Governmental Activities | | |
|---|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Program Revenues \$ 100,343 \$ 147,907 Operating grants 220,935 60,711 General revenues: - Property taxes 1,253,341 1,167,801 Other taxes 2,350,834 1,950,602 Investment earnings 1,958 27,262 Total revenues 3,927,411 3,354,283 Expenses: 3,927,411 3,354,283 General government 1,244,585 1,536,527 Public Safety 1,022,716 849,448 Transportation 16,193 17,404 Environmental protection 662,666 514,507 Interest on long-term debt 57,696 66,267 Total expenses 3,003,856 2,984,153 Increase in net position 923,555 370,130 Net position - beginning as previously reported 6,618,953 6,248,823 Restatement - prior period adjustment 381,933 - Net position - beginning, restated 7,000,886 6,248,823 | | 2021 | 2020 | |
| Charges for services \$ 100,343 \$ 147,907 Operating grants 220,935 60,711 General revenues: - Property taxes 1,253,341 1,167,801 Other taxes 2,350,834 1,950,602 Investment earnings 1,958 27,262 Total revenues 3,927,411 3,354,283 Expenses: 3,927,411 3,354,283 General government 1,244,585 1,536,527 Public Safety 1,022,716 849,448 Transportation 16,193 17,404 Environmental protection 662,666 514,507 Interest on long-term debt 57,696 66,267 Total expenses 3,003,856 2,984,153 Increase in net position 923,555 370,130 Net position - beginning as previously reported 6,618,953 6,248,823 Restatement - prior period adjustment 381,933 - Net position - beginning, restated 7,000,886 6,248,823 | | | | |
| Operating grants 220,935 60,711 General revenues: - - Property taxes 1,253,341 1,167,801 Other taxes 2,350,834 1,950,602 Investment earnings 1,958 27,262 Total revenues 3,927,411 3,354,283 Expenses: - - General government 1,244,585 1,536,527 Public Safety 1,022,716 849,448 Transportation 16,193 17,404 Environmental protection 662,666 514,507 Interest on long-term debt 57,696 66,267 Total expenses 3,003,856 2,984,153 Increase in net position 923,555 370,130 Net position - beginning as previously reported 6,618,953 6,248,823 Restatement - prior period adjustment 381,933 - Net position - beginning, restated 7,000,886 6,248,823 | 5 | † 400.040 | + (1-0------------- | |
| General revenues: - - Property taxes 1,253,341 1,167,801 Other taxes 2,350,834 1,950,602 Investment earnings 1,958 27,262 Total revenues 3,927,411 3,354,283 Expenses: 3,927,411 3,354,283 Expenses: 1,244,585 1,536,527 Public Safety 1,022,716 849,448 Transportation 16,193 17,404 Environmental protection 662,666 514,507 Interest on long-term debt 57,696 66,267 Total expenses 3,003,856 2,984,153 Increase in net position 923,555 370,130 Net position - beginning as previously reported 6,618,953 6,248,823 Restatement - prior period adjustment 381,933 - Net position - beginning, restated 7,000,886 6,248,823 | - | | , | |
| Property taxes 1,253,341 1,167,801 Other taxes 2,350,834 1,950,602 Investment earnings 1,958 27,262 Total revenues 3,927,411 3,354,283 Expenses: 3,927,411 3,354,283 General government 1,244,585 1,536,527 Public Safety 1,022,716 849,448 Transportation 16,193 17,404 Environmental protection 662,666 514,507 Interest on long-term debt 57,696 66,267 Total expenses 3,003,856 2,984,153 Increase in net position 923,555 370,130 Net position - beginning as previously reported 6,618,953 6,248,823 Restatement - prior period adjustment 381,933 - Net position - beginning, restated 7,000,886 6,248,823 | | 220,935 | 60,711 | |
| Other taxes 2,350,834 1,950,602 Investment earnings 1,958 27,262 Total revenues 3,927,411 3,354,283 Expenses: 3,927,411 3,354,283 General government 1,244,585 1,536,527 Public Safety 1,022,716 849,448 Transportation 16,193 17,404 Environmental protection 662,666 514,507 Interest on long-term debt 57,696 66,267 Total expenses 3,003,856 2,984,153 Increase in net position 923,555 370,130 Net position - beginning as previously reported 6,618,953 6,248,823 Restatement - prior period adjustment 381,933 - Net position - beginning, restated 7,000,886 6,248,823 | | - | - | |
| Investment earnings 1,958 27,262 Total revenues 3,927,411 3,354,283 Expenses: 1,244,585 1,536,527 General government 1,022,716 849,448 Transportation 16,193 17,404 Environmental protection 662,666 514,507 Interest on long-term debt 57,696 66,267 Total expenses 3,003,856 2,984,153 Increase in net position 923,555 370,130 Net position - beginning as previously reported 6,618,953 6,248,823 Restatement - prior period adjustment 381,933 - Net position - beginning, restated 7,000,886 6,248,823 | | | | |
| Total revenues 3,927,411 3,354,283 Expenses: 6eneral government 1,244,585 1,536,527 Public Safety 1,022,716 849,448 Transportation 16,193 17,404 Environmental protection 662,666 514,507 Interest on long-term debt 57,696 66,267 Total expenses 3,003,856 2,984,153 Increase in net position 923,555 370,130 Net position - beginning as previously reported 6,618,953 6,248,823 Restatement - prior period adjustment 381,933 - Net position - beginning, restated 7,000,886 6,248,823 | | | | |
| Expenses: 1,244,585 1,536,527 Public Safety 1,022,716 849,448 Transportation 16,193 17,404 Environmental protection 662,666 514,507 Interest on long-term debt 57,696 66,267 Total expenses 3,003,856 2,984,153 Increase in net position 923,555 370,130 Net position - beginning as previously reported 6,618,953 6,248,823 Restatement - prior period adjustment 381,933 - Net position - beginning, restated 7,000,886 6,248,823 | - | | | |
| General government 1,244,585 1,536,527 Public Safety 1,022,716 849,448 Transportation 16,193 17,404 Environmental protection 662,666 514,507 Interest on long-term debt 57,696 66,267 Total expenses 3,003,856 2,984,153 Increase in net position 923,555 370,130 Net position - beginning as previously reported 6,618,953 6,248,823 Restatement - prior period adjustment 381,933 - Net position - beginning, restated 7,000,886 6,248,823 | Total revenues | 3,927,411 | 3,354,283 | |
| Public Safety 1,022,716 849,448 Transportation 16,193 17,404 Environmental protection 662,666 514,507 Interest on long-term debt 57,696 66,267 Total expenses 3,003,856 2,984,153 Increase in net position 923,555 370,130 Net position - beginning as previously reported 6,618,953 6,248,823 Restatement - prior period adjustment 381,933 - Net position - beginning, restated 7,000,886 6,248,823 | Expenses: | | | |
| Transportation 16,193 17,404 Environmental protection 662,666 514,507 Interest on long-term debt 57,696 66,267 Total expenses 3,003,856 2,984,153 Increase in net position 923,555 370,130 Net position - beginning as previously reported 6,618,953 6,248,823 Restatement - prior period adjustment 381,933 - Net position - beginning, restated 7,000,886 6,248,823 | General government | 1,244,585 | 1,536,527 | |
| Environmental protection662,666514,507Interest on long-term debt57,69666,267Total expenses3,003,8562,984,153Increase in net position923,555370,130Net position - beginning as previously reported6,618,9536,248,823Restatement - prior period adjustment381,933-Net position - beginning, restated7,000,8866,248,823 | Public Safety | 1,022,716 | 849,448 | |
| Interest on long-term debt57,69666,267Total expenses3,003,8562,984,153Increase in net position923,555370,130Net position - beginning as previously reported6,618,9536,248,823Restatement - prior period adjustment381,933-Net position - beginning, restated7,000,8866,248,823 | Transportation | 16,193 | 17,404 | |
| Total expenses3,003,8562,984,153Increase in net position923,555370,130Net position - beginning as previously reported6,618,9536,248,823Restatement - prior period adjustment381,933-Net position - beginning, restated7,000,8866,248,823 | Environmental protection | 662,666 | 514,507 | |
| Increase in net position923,555370,130Net position - beginning as previously reported6,618,9536,248,823Restatement - prior period adjustment381,933-Net position - beginning, restated7,000,8866,248,823 | Interest on long-term debt | 57,696 | 66,267 | |
| Net position - beginning as previously reported6,618,9536,248,823Restatement - prior period adjustment381,933-Net position - beginning, restated7,000,8866,248,823 | Total expenses | 3,003,856 | 2,984,153 | |
| Net position - beginning as previously reported6,618,9536,248,823Restatement - prior period adjustment381,933-Net position - beginning, restated7,000,8866,248,823 | | | | |
| Restatement - prior period adjustment381,933Net position - beginning, restated7,000,8866,248,823 | Increase in net position | 923,555 | 370,130 | |
| Net position - beginning, restated7,000,8866,248,823 | Net position - beginning as previously reported | 6,618,953 | 6,248,823 | |
| | Restatement - prior period adjustment | 381,933 | - | |
| Net position - ending \$ 7,924,441 \$ 6,618,953 | Net position - beginning, restated | 7,000,886 | 6,248,823 | |
| | Net position - ending | \$ 7,924,441 | \$ 6,618,953 | |

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$923,555. Key elements of the increase are as follows.

- Prior period adjustment for Government Wide Statements of Net Position adding purchase of land purchased in January 2020.
- Increase in operating grants.
- Higher sales tax collections

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of St. James uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the Town of St. James' governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of St. James' financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of St. James. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,581,410 while total fund balance reached \$4,039,264. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 114.85% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 129.53% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2021, the governmental fund of the Town of St. James reported a combined fund balance of \$4,039,264, an increase of \$807,651 from last year.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets - The Town of St. James' investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2021, totals \$5,908,185 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, infrastructure, equipment, furniture and fixtures.

Town of St. James' Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

| | Governmental Activities | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|----|----------------------|--|--|
| | 2021 20 | | | | |
| Land and other nondepreciable assets Buildings | \$ 876,586 3,887,067 | \$ | 876,586 4,009,296 | | |
| Infrastructure | 1,120,258 | | 1,139,143 | | |
| Furniture and Fixtures Equipment | - 24,274 | | 18,886 47,874 | | |
| Total | \$ 5,908,185 | \$ | 6,091,785 | | |

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in note III, A, 3 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt - As of June 30, 2021, the Town of St. James had total long-term debt outstanding of \$1,972,648. This amount is a Promissory Note with BB&T secured by the Town Hall and Community Center. Installment payment in the amount of \$362,819 is due annually and includes interest at 2.89%.

Town of St. James Outstanding Debt Figure 5

| | Governmental Activities | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|--|
| | 2021 | 2020 | |
| Note payable | \$ 1,972,648 | \$ 2,269,868 | |
| Net pension obligation (LGERS) | 72,183 | 45,333 | |
| Compensated absences | 14,409 | 14,446 | |
| Total | \$ 2,059,240 | \$ 2,329,647 | |

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of St. James is \$164,886,819.

Additional information regarding the Town of St. James long-term debt can be found in note III, B, 5 of this report.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights - Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories:

1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available;

2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and

3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities - Property taxes for FY22 will remain the same from fiscal year ending 06/30/2021. The property tax rate for FY21 is .06 cents per \$100 valuation.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Pauline F. Haran, Finance Director, Town of St. James, 4140A Southport-Supply Road, St. James, NC 28461.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Town of St. James, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

| | Primary Government | | | |
|---|---------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| | Governmental | | | |
| | Activities | Total | | |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Current Assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 3,587,105 | \$ 3,587,105 | | |
| Taxes Receivable (net) | 3,452 | 3,452 | | |
| Accounts Receivable (net) | 977 | 977 | | |
| Due from Other Governmental Agencies | 456,877 | 456,877 | | |
| Prepaid expenses | 70,570 | 70,570 | | |
| Accrued Interest Receivable on Taxes | 445 | 445 | | |
| Total current assets | 4,119,426 | 4,119,426 | | |
| Non-current assets: | | | | |
| Capital Assets | | | | |
| Land and improvements | 876,586 | 876,586 | | |
| Other capital assets, net of depreciation | 5,031,599 | 5,031,599 | | |
| Total capital assets | 5,908,185 | 5,908,185 | | |
| Total assets | \$ 10,027,611 | \$ 10,027,611 | | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | |
| Pension deferrals | 84,783 | 84,783 | | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 84,783 | 84,783 | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ 76,265 | \$ 76,265 | | |
| Accrued interest payable | 52,448 | 52,448 | | |
| Compensated absences | 14,409 | 14,409 | | |
| Current portion of long-term liabilities | 305,810 | 305,810 | | |
| Total current liabilites | 448,932 | 448,932 | | |
| Long-term liabilities: | | | | |
| Net pension liability | 72,183 | 72,183 | | |
| Due in more than one year | 1,666,838 | 1,666,838 | | |
| Total liabilites | 2,187,953 | 2,187,953 | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | |
| Pension deferrals | - | - | | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | - | | |
| NET POSITION | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 3,935,537 | 3,935,537 | | |
| Restricted for: | 0,200,001 | 2,200,001 | | |
| Stabilization by state statute | 457,854 | 457,854 | | |
| Unrestricted | 3,531,050 | 3,531,050 | | |
| Total net position | \$ 7,924,441 | \$ 7,924,441 | | |
| * | | | | |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Town of St. James, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | | Program Revenues | | | | a | Net (Expense) nd Changes in Primary Gov | Net Position | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---------|------------------------|-----|----------|---|------|---|--------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| Functions/Programs | Expenses | | narges for Services | | Gr | perating ants and itribution s | Grai | pital its and ibution s | | vernmental Activities | Total |
| Primary government: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities: | + . | | - 0.00 i | | | 000.005 | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 1,244,585 | \$ | 70,881 | \$ | \$ | 220,935 | \$ | - | \$ | (952,769) | \$ (952,769) |
| Public safety | 1,022,716 | | 29,462 | | | - | | - | | (993,254) | (993,254) |
| Transportation | 16,193 | | - | | | - | | - | | (16,193) | (16,193) |
| Environmental protection | 662,666 | | - | | | - | | - | | (662,666) | (662,666) |
| Interest on long-term debt | 57,696 | | - | | <i>ф</i> | - | | - | | (57,696) | (57,696) |
| Total governmental activities | \$ 3,003,856 | \$ | 100,343 | - | \$ | 220,935 | \$ | | | (2,682,578) | (2,682,578) |
| | General revenu Taxes: | es: | | | | | | | | | |
| | Property ta | ixes, l | evied for gen | era | al p | urpose | | | | 1,253,341 | 1,253,341 |
| | Other taxes | 5 | _ | | _ | - | | | | 2,350,834 | 2,350,834 |
| | Unrestricted | inves | tment earnin | gs | | | | | | 1,958 | 1,958 |
| | Total ger | leral r | evenues | | | | | | | 3,606,133 | 3,606,133 |
| | Change | in ne | t position | | | | | | | 923,555 | 923,555 |
| | Net position-be | ginni | ng as previou | sly | y re | ported | | | | 6,618,953 | 6,618,953 |
| | Restatement | | | | | | | | | 381,933 | 381,933 |
| | Net position-be | ginni | ng restated | | | | | | | 7,000,886 | 7,000,886 |
| | Net position-en | ding | | | | | | | \$ | 7,924,441 | \$ 7,924,441 |

Town of St. James, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Fund June 30, 2021

| GovernmentalASSETSConvernmentalCash and cash equivalents\$ 3,587,105\$ 3,587,105Taxes receivables, net\$ 3,567,105\$ 3,567,705Receivable from other governments\$ 456,87770,570Prepaids70,57070,570Other receivables\$ 7,6265\$ 7,6265Total assets\$ 7,6265\$ 7,6265DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES7,6265\$ 7,6265Property taxes receivable\$ 3,45223,4522Total faibilities\$ 3,4522\$ 3,4522Stabilization by State Statute\$ 4,118,981\$ 4,118,981Assigned\$ 4,57,854457,854Property taxes receivable\$ 4,57,854457,854Assigned\$ 4,00,000400,000Disaster recovery\$ 2,814,123\$ 4,118,981Total fund balances\$ 4,00,000400,000Disaster recovery\$ 2,814,123\$ 4,118,981Total fund balance, governmental funds\$ 4,118,981\$ 4,118,981Accumulated depreciation\$ 4,118,981\$ 4,118,981Total fund balance, governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.\$ 4,039,264Aroun ulated depreciation\$ 2,914,123\$ 4,318,281Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, in en tuare inforws of resources in fund shances\$ 4,452Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, in en tuare inforws of resources in fund shances\$ 4,452Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payab | | Major Funds | | Total | | |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|-------|-------------|--|
| Cash and cash equivalents\$ 3,587,105\$ 3,587,105Taxes receivables, net3,452Receivable from other governments456,877Prepaids70,570Total assets\$ 4,118,981LABLITTES\$ 4,118,981Accounts payable76,265Accounts payable76,265Total liabilities76,265Property taxes receivable3,452Attas3,452Attas3,452Attas3,452Accounts payable76,265Property taxes receivable3,452Attas3,452Attas3,452Attas3,452Attas3,452Attas3,452Attas3,452Assigned400,000Disaster recovery3,67,287Total fund balances400,000Ansaigned2,81,123Total fund balance, governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:Capital assets used in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:Capital assets used in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and balancesPine depretation7,972,190Cross capital assets a thistorical costAccumulated depreciationDeferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not eported in the fundsDeferred outflows of resources and balancesAttasAttasDeferred outflows of resourc | | Ge | neral Fund | Gov | | |
| Taxes receivables, net3,4523,452Receivable from other governments456,877Prepaids70,570Other receivables977Total assetts\$ 4,118,981LIABILITTIS76,265Accounts payable76,265Total labilities76,265Total labilities76,265Total deferred inflows of resources3,452At523,452Total deferred inflows of resources3,452Statistication by State Statute457,854Statistication by State Statute457,854Statistics, Gross capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources in the funds.4,039,264Amounts reported for governmental activities are not current financial resources in therefore are not fuered in flows of resources in the funds.7,972,190Cacenatized depreciation2,041,123Some labilities, for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in the funds.4,039,264Amounts reported for governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds.4,039,264At118,9815,908,185Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.445Some labilities, for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in the funds.3,452Some labilities, for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in the funds.445At118,9815,908,185Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial stat | | | | | | |
| Receivable from other governments 456,877 456,877 9570 Other receivables 977 977 977 Total assets 978 978 977 977 Total assets 978 978 977 977 S 4,118,981 978 978 978 978 978 978 978 978 978 978 | | \$ | | \$ | | |
| Prepaids70.57070.570Other receivables977Total assets\$ 4.118.981LIABILITTES Accounts payable76,265Total labilities76,265Total labilities76,265Property taxes receivable3.452Total deferred inflows of resources3.452Stabilization by State Statute457,854Assigned457,854Fire department future capital improvements400,000Disaster recovery367,287Unassigned2,814,123Total fund balances2,814,123Total fund balances4,039,264Anomuts reported for governmental funds4,039,264Anomuts reported for governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.Anomuts reported for governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.Anomuts reported for governmental activities are not current financial resources in the funds.Attabulated depreciation7,972,190Accumutated depreciation7,972,190Accumutated depreciation445Some labilities, for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements3,452Some labilities, for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements3,452Some labilities, for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements3,452Some labilities, for earned revenues considered of the fund financial statement, but are included in the fund financial statement, but are <br< td=""><td>· ·</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></br<> | · · | | | | | |
| Other receivables 977 977 Total assets \$ 4,118,981 \$ 4,118,981 LABILITIES 76,265 \$ 76,265 Accounts payable 76,265 \$ 76,265 Total liabilities 76,265 \$ 76,265 Property taxes receivable 3,452 3,452 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,452 3,452 Stabilization by State Statute 457,854 457,854 Assigned 400,000 400,000 Pire department future capital improvements 400,000 400,000 Disaster recovery 307,287 2,67,287 Unassigned 2,814,123 4,039,264 Total fund balances 2,814,123 4,039,264 Total fund balance, governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: 4,039,264 4,039,264 Amounts reported for governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. 7,972,190 5,908,185 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources in the funds. 445 445 Liabilities for earend revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in find statements 3,452 5,908,185 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | - | | | |
| Total assets\$ 4,118,981\$ 4,118,981LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities76,265\$ 76,265Total liabilities76,265\$ 76,265DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes receivable Total deferred inflows of resources3,4523,452Property taxes receivable Stabilization by State Statute3,4523,452Assigned Fire department future capital improvements | x | | - | | - | |
| LIABILITIES Accounts payable 76,265 Total liabilities 76,265 Property taxes receivable 3,452 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,452 Stabilization by State Statute 457,854 Assigned 400,000 Fire department future capital improvements 400,000 Disaster recovery 367,287 Unassigned 2,814,123 Total fund balances 2,814,123 Total fund balances 4,039,264 Total fund balance, governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: 4,039,264 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. 7,972,190 Accumulated depreciation 2,204,4005 5,908,185 Deferred outflows of resources in the funds. 7,972,190 Accumulated depreciation 2,452 Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in fund statements 3,452 Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable), Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the fundina. 1,972,648) C | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable 76,265 \$ 76,265 Total liabilities 76,265 \$ 76,265 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 3,452 3,452 Property taxes receivable 3,452 3,452 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,452 3,452 Stabilization by State Statute 457,854 457,854 Assigned 400,000 400,000 Pire department future capital improvements 400,000 400,000 Disaster recovery 367,287 367,287 Unassigned 2,814,123 2,814,123 Total fund balances 4,039,264 4,039,264 Total assets used in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: 4,039,264 4,039,264 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. 7,972,190 (2,064,005) 5,908,185 Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds and therefore are not included in the fund finacial statement of resources in fund statements 3,452 Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not duayable in the fund finacial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of | Total assets | \$ | 4,118,981 | \$ | 4,118,981 | |
| Total liabilities76,26576,265DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes receivable Total deferred inflows of resources3,4523,452PUND BALANCES Restricted Stabilization by State Statute457,854457,854Assigned Disaster recovery457,287457,854Unassigned Total fund balances Total fund balances2,814,1232,814,123Total fund balances Total fund balance, governmental funds4,039,2644,039,264Total fund balance, governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds4,039,264Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds. Liabilities, fuch as Notes Payable, Capital Lases Contract Payable, Long- term compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in fund statements4,072,648)Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lases Contract Payable, Long- term compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in he current period and are not included in the fund fincal statement of Net Position. Bonds payable Compensated absences (14,409) Accrued interest(1,972,648) (2,248)Net pension liability(1,272,648) | LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes receivable Total deferred inflows of resources Assigned FUND BALANCES Restricted Stabilization by State Statute Assigned Fire department future capital improvements Disaster recovery Unassigned Total fund balances Total fund balances Total fund balance, governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Cross capital assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in fund statements Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in fund statements Some liabilities, fouch as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and sen out included in the fund financial statement of Net Position. Bonds payable (14,409) Compensated absences (14,409) Accrued interest (52,448) <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td></t<> | | | | \$ | | |
| Property taxes receivable3,4523,452Total deferred inflows of resources3,4523,452Total deferred inflows of resources3,4523,452FUND BALANCESRestricted457,854457,854Restricted457,854457,854457,854Stabilization by State Statute400,000400,000Disaster recovery367,287367,287Unassigned2,814,1232,814,1232,814,123Total fund balances4,039,2644,039,264Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances4,039,264Total substates ta thistorical cost7,972,190Accumulated depreciation2,064,005)5,908,185Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.445Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements3,452Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable), Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable (1,972,648)3,452Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable), Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.(1,972,648)Demonsated Absences(1,4409)Accurued interest(5,2,448)Compensated absences(1,409)(7,2,183)Accurue interest(5,2,448)(5,2,448)Compensated absences(1,409) | Total liabilities | | 76,265 | | 76,265 | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources 3,452 3,452 FUND BALANCES Stabilization by State Statute 457,854 457,854 Assigned 457,854 457,854 457,854 Assigned 400,000 400,000 400,000 Disaster recovery 367,287 367,287 Unassigned 2,814,123 2,814,123 4,039,264 Total fund balances 4,039,264 4,039,264 4,039,264 Total fund balance, governmental funds 4,039,264 4,039,264 4,039,264 Total fund balance, governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. 7,972,190 4,039,264 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. 7,972,190 4,039,264 Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds. 445 Liabilities (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. 3,452 Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payabl | DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES Restricted Stabilization by State Statute 457,854 Assigned 400,000 Disaster recovery 367,287 Unassigned 2,814,123 Total fund balances 4,039,264 Total fund balance, governmental funds 4,039,264 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: 4,039,264 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. 4,039,264 Accumulated depreciation 5 4,118,981 Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds. 7,972,190 Accumulated depreciation (2,064,005) 5,908,185 Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds. 445 Liabilities (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term compeasted Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. 3,452 Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the gover | Property taxes receivable | | 3,452 | | 3,452 | |
| Restricted Stabilization by State Statute457,854457,854Assigned Fire department future capital improvements400,000400,000Disaster recovery367,287367,287Unassigned Total fund balances2,814,1122,814,112Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances4,039,2644,039,264Total fund balance, governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation7,972,190 (2,064,005)4,039,264Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds84,78384,783Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds. Liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable(1,972,648) (1,972,648)Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated absences (L14,409) Accrued interest(1,972,648) (1,4409) (52,448)Compensated absences (L14,409) Accrued interest(1,972,648) (12,4183)Compensated absences (L14,409) Accrued interest(1,272,848)Net pension liability(52, | Total deferred inflows of resources | | 3,452 | | 3,452 | |
| Stabilization by State Statute457,854457,854Assigned400,000400,000Disaster recovery367,287367,287Unassigned2,814,1232,814,1232,814,123Total fund balances4039,264\$4,039,264\$4,039,264Total labilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances\$4,118,981\$4,039,264Total fund balance, governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:4,039,264\$4,039,264Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost7,972,190\$908,185Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds\$4,783\$4,783Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds. Labilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in the funds.\$445Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable), Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.(1,972,648)Bonds payable(1,972,648)(1,4709)Accrued interest(52,448)(52,448)Net pension liability(72,183) | FUND BALANCES | | | | | |
| Assigned 400,000 400,000 Fire department future capital improvements 400,000 400,000 Disaster recovery 367,287 367,287 Unassigned 2,814,123 2,814,123 2,814,123 Total fund balances 4,039,264 4,039,264 4,039,264 Total fund balance, governmental funds 4,039,264 4,039,264 4,039,264 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: 4,039,264 4,039,264 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. 7,972,190 5,908,185 Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds 84,783 84,783 Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in fund statements 3,452 Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. 1,972,648) Bonds payable (1,4709) (2,248) 1,445 Liabilities, Nue sand basences <td>Restricted</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | Restricted | | | | | |
| AssignedFire department future capital improvements400,000400,000Disaster recovery367,287367,287Unassigned2,814,1232,814,123Total fund balances4,039,2644,039,264Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances4,039,2644,039,264Total fund balance, governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost7,972,190Accumulated depreciation(2,064,005)5,908,185Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds84,783Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds.445Liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable(1,972,648)Compensated absences Accured interest(14,409) Accured interest(12,248)Net pension liability(72,183) | Stabilization by State Statute | | 457,854 | | 457,854 | |
| Disaster recovery367,287367,287Unassigned2,814,1232,814,123Total fund balances4,039,264Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances4,039,264Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:4,039,264Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.7,972,190Accumulated depreciation7,972,190Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.84,783Uhastatements3,452Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.3,452Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.(1,972,648)Bonds payable(1,47409)Accured interest(14,409)Accured interest(2,2448)Net pension liability(72,183) | | | | | | |
| Unassigned2,814,1232,814,123Total fund balances4,039,2644,039,264Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances\$4,118,981\$4,039,264Total fund balance, governmental funds\$4,039,264\$4,039,264Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation7,972,190 (2,064,005)\$5,908,185Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds84,78384,783Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds.445Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable(1,972,648) (2,2448) (2,2448) Net pension liabilityMet pension liability(7,2,183) | Fire department future capital improvements | | 400,000 | | 400,000 | |
| Total fund balances4,039,2644,039,264Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances\$4,118,981\$4,118,981Total fund balance, governmental funds4,039,264Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation7,972,190 (2,064,005)Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds84,783Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds.445Liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable(1,972,648) (2,248)Compensated absences Accrued interest Net pension liability(1,272,648) (2,248) | Disaster recovery | | 367,287 | | 367,287 | |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances\$ 4,118,981\$ 4,118,981Total fund balance, governmental funds4,039,264Amounts reported for governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation7,972,190 (2,064,005)4,039,264Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds7,972,190 (2,064,005)5,908,185Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds84,78384,783Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds. Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements445Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable Compensated absences Accrued interest Net pension liability(1,972,648) (12,248) | | | | | | |
| Total fund balance, governmental funds4,039,264Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost7,972,190 (2,064,005)Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds84,783Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds. Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements445Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable Compensated absences Accrued interest (1972,648) Ket pension liability(1,972,648) (2,248) | | | | | | |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds. Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable (1,972,648) Compensated absences Accrued interest Net pension liability (72,183) | Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances | \$ | 4,118,981 | \$ | 4,118,981 | |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds. Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable (1,972,648) Compensated absences Accrued interest Net pension liability (72,183) | | | | | | |
| are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds. Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable (1,972,648) (1,972,648) Net pension liability (72,183) | | | | | 4,039,264 | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost7,972,190 (2,064,005)Accumulated depreciation(2,064,005)5,908,185Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds84,783Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds.445Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements3,452Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable(1,972,648) (1,4409) (2,248) (14,409) Accrued interestMet pension liability(72,183) | | | | | | |
| resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds. Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable Compensated absences Accrued interest Accrued interest Net pension liability (72,183) | | | | | | |
| Gross capital assets at historical cost7,972,190Accumulated depreciation(2,064,005)Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds84,783Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds.84,783Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements445Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.(1,972,648) (1,972,648) (14,409) Accrued interest (12,2448) Net pension liability | | | | | | |
| Accumulated depreciation(2,064,005)5,908,185Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds84,783Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds.84,783Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements445Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable(1,972,648) (1,972,648) (14,409) Accrued interest (52,448) Net pension liability | 1 | | 7 072 100 | | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds84,783Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds.445Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements445Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable Compensated absences(1,972,648) (14,409) (52,448) (52,448) (72,183) | • | | | | | |
| funds84,783Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds.445Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements3,452Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.(1,972,648) (1,972,648) (14,409) Accrued interest (52,448) Net pension liability | | | [2,064,005] | | 5,908,185 | |
| Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds. 445 Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements 3,452 Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. (1,972,648) Bonds payable (14,409) Accrued interest (52,448) Net pension liability (72,183) | | | | | 84 783 | |
| available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds. 445 Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements 3,452 Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable (1,972,648) Compensated absences (14,409) Accrued interest (52,448) Net pension liability (72,183) | | | | | 04,705 | |
| resources in the funds. 445 Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements 3,452 Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable (1,972,648) Compensated absences (14,409) Accrued interest (52,448) Net pension liability (72,183) | | | | | | |
| Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements 3,452 Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable (1,972,648) Compensated absences (14,409) Accrued interest (52,448) Net pension liability (72,183) | | | | | 445 | |
| fund statements3,452Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.(1,972,648) (1,972,648) (14,409) (52,448) Net pension liability | Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in | | | | | |
| term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable (1,972,648) Compensated absences (14,409) Accrued interest (52,448) Net pension liability (72,183) | | | | | 3,452 | |
| term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable (1,972,648) Compensated absences (14,409) Accrued interest (52,448) Net pension liability (72,183) | Some liabilities (such as Notes Pavable Capital Lease Contract Pavable Long- | | | | | |
| the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable (1,972,648) Compensated absences (14,409) Accrued interest (52,448) Net pension liability (72,183) | | | | | | |
| included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable (1,972,648) Compensated absences (14,409) Accrued interest (52,448) Net pension liability (72,183) | | | | | | |
| Bonds payable(1,972,648)Compensated absences(14,409)Accrued interest(52,448)Net pension liability(72,183) | | | | | | |
| Compensated absences(14,409)Accrued interest(52,448)Net pension liability(72,183) | 8 | | | | (1.972.648) | |
| Accrued interest (52,448) Net pension liability (72,183) | | | | | | |
| Net pension liability (72,183) | • | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | \$ | | |

Town of St. James, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | м | ajor Fund | | |
|---|----|------------|----|---------------------|
| | | | Go | Total vernmental |
| | Ge | neral Fund | | Funds |
| REVENUES | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ | 1,252,040 | \$ | 1,252,040 |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues | | 2,346,585 | | 2,346,585 |
| Restricted intergovernmental revenues | | 152,539 | | 152,539 |
| Licenses and permits | | 33,450 | | 33,450 |
| Investment earnings | | 1,958 | | 1,958 |
| Other revenue | | 139,538 | | 139,538 |
| Total revenues | | 3,926,110 | | 3,926,110 |
| | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| General government | | 1,064,536 | | 1,064,536 |
| Public safety | | 1,012,452 | | 1,012,452 |
| Transportation | | 15,986 | | 15,986 |
| Environmental protection | | 662,666 | | 662,666 |
| Debt Service: | | | | |
| Principal | | 297,220 | | 297,220 |
| Interest and other charges | | 65,599 | | 65,599 |
| Total expenditures | | 3,118,459 | | 3,118,459 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | | 807,651 | | 807,651 |
| Net change in fund balance | | 807,651 | | 807,651 |
| Fund balances-beginning | | 3,231,613 | | 3,231,613 |
| Fund balances-ending | \$ | 4,039,264 | \$ | 4,039,264 |

Town of St. James, North Carolina Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds | \$ 807,651 |
|--|-------------------------|
| Amounts reported to Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. | 12,211 |
| Capital Outlay Depreciation | (195,811) |
| Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities | 30,330 |
| Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned. | |
| Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues Change in accrued interest receivable on taxes | 1,229 72 |
| The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. | |
| Principal payments | 297,220 |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: | |
| Accrued interest not reflected on Governmental fund Pension expense Compensated absences | 7,903 (37,287) 37 |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | \$ 923,555 |

Town of St. James, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | General Fund | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|------------------|-------------------|--|-------|--|--|
| | Budget A Original | Amounts Final | Actual Amounts | Variance With Final Bu Positive (Negative | ıdget | | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Ad valorem taxes | \$ 1,214,662 | \$ 1,214,662 | \$ 1,252,040 | \$ 37, | 378 | | |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues | 1,592,000 | 1,842,000 | 2,346,585 | 504, | 585 | | |
| Restricted intergovernmental revenues | 3,000 | 3,000 | 152,539 | 149, | 539 | | |
| Licenses and permits | 16,000 | 16,000 | 33,450 | 17, | 450 | | |
| Investment earnings | 30,000 | 30,000 | 1,958 | (28, | 042) | | |
| Other revenue | 76,338 | 105,800 | 139,538 | 33, | 738 | | |
| Total revenues | 2,932,000 | 3,211,462 | 3,926,110 | 714, | 648 | | |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | |
| General government | 994,680 | 1,099,491 | 1,064,536 | 34, | 955 | | |
| Public safety | 1,025,000 | 1,035,000 | 1,012,452 | 22, | 548 | | |
| Transportation | 19,000 | 19,000 | 15,986 | 3, | 014 | | |
| Environmental protection | 530,500 | 695,151 | 662,666 | 32,4 | 485 | | |
| Debt Service | | | | | | | |
| Principal | 298,000 | 297,221 | 297,220 | | 1 | | |
| Interest | 64,820 | 65,599 | 65,599 | | - | | |
| Total expenditures | 2,932,000 | 3,211,462 | 3,118,459 | 93, | 003 | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | - | - | 807,651 | 807, | 651 | | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | |
| Fund balance appropriated | - | - | - | | - | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | - | - | - | | - | | |
| Net change in fund balance | \$- | \$- | 807,651 | \$ 807, | 651 | | |
| Fund balance - beginning | | | 3,231,613 | | | | |
| Fund balance - ending | | | \$ 4,039,264 | | | | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Town of St. James, North Carolina Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting policies of the Town of St. James, North Carolina conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Town of St. James is a municipal corporation that is governed by a five-member council. The mayor is elected by the council from among its membership.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The Town only has one type of activity, its governmental activity. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. A statement for the one fund category - governmental - is presented. The Town has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental fund, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

The Town reports one major governmental fund:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety and administrative services.

The Town has no non-major governmental funds.

C. <u>Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting</u>

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of St. James because the tax is levied by Brunswick County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. The budget officer recommends budget amendments. All such amendments are approved by the Town Council. All contingency transfers require the approval of the governing Council. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity.

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in Council-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and Super-NOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

All cash and certificates of deposits are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

None.

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020.

5. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, \$10,000; buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$15,000; infrastructure, \$20,000; furniture and equipment, \$5,000; and vehicles, \$6,000. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| | Estimated |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| <u>Asset Class</u> | Useful Lives |
| Infrastructure | 30 |
| Buildings | 50 |
| Improvements | 25 |
| Vehicles | 6 |
| Furniture and Equipment | 10 |
| Computer equipment | 3 |

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meets this criterion, pension deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has two items that meets the criterion for this category - property taxes receivable and pension deferrals.

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide financial statements, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time.

The Town's sick leave policies provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

10. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide financial statements is classified as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of four classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is knows as "restricted by State statute". *Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget.* Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net Position and Restricted Fund Balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that the Town of St. James intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed.

Assigned Fund Balances - The town has committed a total of \$767,287 to future needs. \$367,287 has been committed to disaster recovery and \$400,000 has been committed to the St. James Fire Department future capital needs.

Unassigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

11. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of St. James employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of St. James has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

None.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. <u>Assets</u>

1. <u>Deposits</u>

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in its name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each deposity that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2021, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$1,468,848 and a bank balance of \$1,506,012. Of the bank balance, \$291,491 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2021, the Town's investment balances were as follows:

As of June 30, 2021, the Town's investments consisted of \$2,118,257 in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk. The Town has no formal investment policy regarding interest rate risk.

Credit Risk. The Town has no formal policy regarding credit risk but has internal management procedures that limits the Town's investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. The investment in the Federal Home Loan Bank is rated AAA by Standard and Poor's and AAA by Moody's Investors Service. The Town's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAA by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2019.

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Town for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

| Governmental activities: | Beginning Balances | | Current Additions | | Current Deletions | | | Ending Balances | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------|----------------------|---------|----------------------|--|---|--------------------|---|
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 876,586 | \$ | - | \$ | | - | \$ 876,586 | |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | | 876,586 | | - | | | - | 876,586 | _ |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 4,934,495 | | - | | | - | 4,934,495 | |
| Furniture | | 323,852 | | - | | | - | 323,852 | |
| Equipment | | 552,286 | | 12,211 | | | - | 564,497 | |
| Infrastructure | | 1,272,760 | | - | | | - | 1,272,760 | |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | | 7,083,393 | | 12,211 | | | - | 7,095,604 | _ |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 925,199 | | 122,229 | | | - | 1,047,428 | |
| Furniture | | 304,966 | | 18,886 | | | - | 323,852 | |
| Equipment | | 504,412 | | 35,811 | | | - | 540,223 | |
| Infrastructure | | 133,617 | | 18,885 | | | - | 152,502 | _ |
| Total accumulated depreciation | | 1,868,194 | \$ | 195,811 | \$ | | - | 2,064,005 | _ |
| Net capital assets being depreciated | | 5,215,199 | | | | | | 5,031,599 | _ |
| Governmental activity capital assets, net | \$ | 6,091,785 | | | | | | \$ 5,908,185 | _ |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

| General Government | \$ 192,297 |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| Public Safety | 3,514 |
| Total Depreciation Expense | \$ 195,811 |

B. <u>Liabilities</u>

1. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of St. James is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local government entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and the State School Superintendent, who serves as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454 or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with 180 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reache

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of St. James employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of St. James' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 10.15% of compensation for general employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town had no qualifying law enforcement officers. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of St. James were \$0.00 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Refunds of Contributions. Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a liability of \$72,183 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the Town's proportion was 0.00202%, which was an increase of 0.00036% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$37,287. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | | Deferred | D | Deferred |
|---|----|-------------|----|-----------|
| | (| Outflows of | Ir | nflows of |
| | | Resources | R | esources |
| Differences between actual and expected experience | \$ | 9,115 | \$ | - |
| Changes of assumptions | | 5,372 | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on | | | | |
| pension plan investments | | 10,158 | | - |
| Changes in proportion and differences between Town | | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 29,808 | | - |
| Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 30,330 | | - |
| Total | \$ | 84,783 | \$ | - |

\$30,330 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30: | |
|---------------------|--------------|
| 2022 | \$ 18,538 |
| 2023 | 19,356 |
| 2024 | 13,553 |
| 2025 | 3,006 |
| 2026 | - |
| Thereafter | |
| Total | \$ 54,453 |

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Inflation | 3.0 percent |
|---------------------------|---|
| Salary increases | 3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and |
| | productivity factor |
| Investment rate of return | 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment |
| | expense, including inflation |

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target | Long-Term |
|----------------------|------------|----------------------|
| | Allocation | Expected Real |
| | | Rate of Return |
| | 22.000/ | 4 4004 |
| Fixed Income | 29.00% | 1.40% |
| Global Equity | 42.00% | 5.30% |
| Real Estate | 8.00% | 4.30% |
| Alternatives | 8.00% | 8.90% |
| Credit | 7.00% | 6.00% |
| Inflation Protection | 6.00% | 4.00% |
| Total | 100.00% | |

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease (6.00%) | | - | count Rate 7.00%) | 1 | % Increase (8.00%) |
|---|------------------------|---------|----|----------------------|----|-----------------------|
| Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$ | 146,452 | \$ | 72,183 | \$ | 10,461 |

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Council of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to employees of the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each employee's salary engaged in law enforcement. The town has elected to contribute 5% of salary for other employees. All amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$30,835 which consisted of \$13,700 from the Town and \$17,135 from the employees.

2. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The Town has several deferred outflows and inflows of resources. Deferred at year-end is comprised of the following:

| Source | Α | mount | _ | |
|--|------|----------|------|-----------|
| Deferred outflows of resources: | | | | |
| Contribution to pension plan in current fiscal year | \$ | 30,330 | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 9,115 | | |
| Changes of assumptions | | 5,372 | | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings | | 10,158 | | |
| Changes in proportion and differences between | | | | |
| employer contributions and proportionate share of | | | | |
| contributions | | 29,808 | | |
| Total: | \$ | 84,783 | _ | |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | |
| | Stat | ement of | Gene | eral Fund |
| | Net | Position | B | alance |
| | | | 9 | Sheet |
| Taxes receivable, less penalties (General Fund) | \$ | _ | \$ | 3,452 |
| Total: | \$ | - | \$ | 3,452 |

3. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability of \$2,000,000 per occurrence and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance and excess policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town does not own real property in a flood zone and has elected not to purchase flood coverage.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's finance officer is individually bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond of \$50,000.

4. <u>Claims and Judgments</u>

During the year ended June 30, 2021, management knew of no pending legal actions that would have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position.

5. Long Term Obligations

a. <u>Notes Payable</u>

On March 12, 2015, the Town signed a direct placement note with Branch Banking and Trust Company to refinance their note with Rural Housing Service, an agency of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) and executed a promissory note in the amount of \$3,700,000. The note is secured by the Town Hall and Community Center property. Installment payments are due in the amount of \$362,819 including interest at 2.89% beginning July 28, 2015 and each year thereafter until the final payment on July 28, 2026.

Annual debt service payments of the installment contract as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

| | | vernmental Activities | |
|----------------------------|----|--------------------------|-----------------|
| <u>Year Ending June 30</u> | 1 | Principal | <u>Interest</u> |
| 2022 | \$ | 305,810 | \$ 57,009 |
| 2023 | | 314,648 | 48,171 |
| 2024 | | 323.741 | 39.078 |
| 2025 | | 333,097 | 29,722 |
| 2026 | | 342,724 | 20,096 |
| 2027-2029 | | 352.628 | 10.191 |
| Totals | \$ | 1,972,648 | \$ 204,267 |

At June 30, 2021, the Town of St. James had a legal debt margin of \$164,886,819.

b. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

| | E | Beginning | | | | Ending | Current |
|---|----|----------------|------------------|----|------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Governmental activities: | | <u>Balance</u> | <u>Increases</u> | Ī | <u>Decreases</u> | <u>Balance</u> | <u>Portion</u> |
| Direct placement note payable | \$ | 2,269,868 | \$ - | \$ | 297,220 | \$ 1,972,648 | \$ 305,810 |
| Net pension obligation (LGERS) | | 45,333 | 26,850 | | - | 72,183 | - |
| Compensated absences | | 14,446 | 7,024 | | 7,061 | 14,409 | 14,409 |
| Governmental activities long-term debt | \$ | 2,329,647 | \$ 33,874 | \$ | 304,281 | \$ 2,059,240 | \$ 320,219 |

C. <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u>

| | Gov | vernmental |
|---------------------------------|-----|-------------|
| Capital assets | \$ | 5,908,185 |
| less: long term debt | | (1,972,648) |
| Net investment in capital asset | \$ | 3,935,537 |

D. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund Balance that is available for appropriation:

| Total fund balance - General Fund | \$ 4,039,264 |
|---|-----------------|
| Less: | |
| Stabilization by State Statute | 457,854 |
| Fire department future capital improvements | 400,000 |
| Disaster recover | 367,287 |
| Remaining Fund Balance | \$ 2,814,123 |

IV. Jointly Governed Organization

Cape Fear Council of Governments

The Town, in conjunction with four counties and thirty-two other municipalities, established the Cape Fear Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from Federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing Council. The Town paid membership fees of \$1,264 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

V. <u>Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies</u>

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

VI. Prior Period Adjustment/Restatement

A prior period adjustment has been made to the Government-Wide Financial Statements. This restatement resulted from a land purchase in fiscal year 2020 in the amount of \$381,933 which was not properly recorded as a capital asset in the Government-Wide Financial Statements which undervalued assets and net position by this amount. More information regarding this restatement can be found in the Schedule of Findings and Responses section of these Financial Statements.

VII. Subsequent Events

Events occurring after June 30, 2021 were evaluated by management on September 10, 2021 to ensure that any subsequent events that met the criteria for recognition and/or disclosure to these financial statements have been included. There were no subsequent events requiring disclosure.

REQUIRED

SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principals.

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset – Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Contributions – Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Town of St. James, North Carolina Town of St. James' Proportionate Share of Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Eight Fiscal Years*

Local Government Employee's Retirement System

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2019 | | 20 | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|-----------|-----------|---------------|------|----------|-----|--------|----|----------|----|------------|----------|
| Town of St. James' proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%) | 0.00202% | 0.00166% | 0.00164% | | 0.00180% | 0.0 | 0186% | | 0.21200% | | 0.00120% | 0.00120% |
| Town of St. James' proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$) | \$ 72,183 | \$ 45,333 | \$ 38,906 | \$ | 27,499 | \$ | 39,474 | \$ | 9,514 | \$ | (7,077) \$ | 10,797 |
| Town of St. James' covered-employee payroll | \$328,583 | \$263,302 | \$ 238,681 | \$ | 223,312 | \$2 | 13,282 | \$ | 167,555 | \$ | 152,719 \$ | 135,518 |
| Town of St. James' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | 21.97% | 17.22% | 16.30% | | 12.31% | 1 | 8.51% | | 5.68% | | (4.63%) | 7.97% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability ** | 88.61% | 90.86% | 91.63% | | 94.18% | ç | 1.47% | | 98.09% | | 102.64% | 94.35% |

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

** This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.
Town of St. James, North Carolina Town of St. James' Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Eight Fiscal Years

Local Government Employee's Retirement System

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|------------|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Contractually required Contribution | \$ 30,330 | \$ 29,408 | \$ 20,406 | \$ 17,901 | \$ 16,190 | \$ 14,226 | \$ 13,924 | \$ 12,691 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | 30,330 | 29,408 | 20,406 | 17,901 | 16,190 | 14,226 | 13,924 | 12,691 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | \$- | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Town of St. James' covered-employee payroll | \$ 298,819 | \$ 328,583 | \$ 263,302 | \$ 238,681 | \$ 223,312 | \$ 213,282 | \$ 167,555 | \$ 152,719 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 10.15% | 8.95% | 7.75% | 7.50% | 7.25% | 6.67% | 8.31% | 8.31% |

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

- Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund

| | 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | Variance | | | | | |
| | Budget | Actual | Favorable (Unfavorable) | | | | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Ad valorem taxes | | | | | | | |
| Taxes Penalties and interest | | \$ 1,251,088 | | | | | |
| Total | \$ 1,214,662 | 952 1,252,040 | \$ 37,378 | | | | |
| Iotai | \$ 1,214,002 | 1,232,040 | φ 37,370 | | | | |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues | | | | | | | |
| Local option sales taxes | | 1,927,173 | | | | | |
| Franchise tax | | 245,607 | | | | | |
| Telecommunication tax | | 30,510 | | | | | |
| Video programming tax | | 119,585 | | | | | |
| Beer and wine tax | | 23,710 | | | | | |
| Total | 1,842,000 | 2,346,585 | 504,585 | | | | |
| Restricted intergovernmental revenue | | | | | | | |
| Grants | | 148,290 | | | | | |
| Solid waste disposal tax | | 4,249 | | | | | |
| Total | 3,000 | 152,539 | 149,539 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Licenses and permits | | | | | | | |
| Zoning permits | | 33,450 | | | | | |
| Total | 16,000 | 33,450 | 17,450 | | | | |
| Investment earnings | | | | | | | |
| Investment earnings | | 1,958 | | | | | |
| Total | 30,000 | 1,958 | (28,042) | | | | |
| | <u>_</u> | | | | | | |
| Other | | | | | | | |
| POA Rentals - Town Hall | | 28,011 | | | | | |
| Community Center fees | | 9,410 | | | | | |
| Other income | 105 000 | 102,117 | 22 720 | | | | |
| Total | 105,800 | 139,538 | 33,738 | | | | |
| Total Revenues | 3,211,462 | 3,926,110 | 714,648 | | | | |

| | | 2021 | |
|---|---------|------------------|---------------|
| | | | Variance |
| | | A . 1 | Favorable |
| Free and iteration | Budget | Actual | (Unfavorable) |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| General government Administration | | | |
| | | 988 | |
| Board member expenses Professional services - legal | | 69,078 | |
| Professional services - legal Professional services - accounting | | 23,000 | |
| - | | 23,000 98,469 | |
| Professional services - consulting GIS Services | | | |
| | | 4,760 | |
| Training and education | | 3,305 | |
| Community relations | | 4,454 | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | | 333,605 | |
| Collection fees | | 17,592 | |
| Bank fees | | 111 | |
| Processing fees | | 2,843 | |
| Office supplies | | 7,607 | |
| Material and supplies | | 3,635 | |
| Computers and maintenance | | 28,534 | |
| Miscellaneous | | 681 | |
| Travel and transportation | | 406 | |
| Telephone | | 14,406 | |
| Cable | | 2,033 | |
| Postage | | 577 | |
| Brunswick County fire fees | | 50 | |
| IT Support | | 15,557 | |
| Legal advertising | | 1,790 | |
| Equipment lease | | 8,717 | |
| Insurance - general | | 905 | |
| Dues and subscriptions | | 11,520 | |
| Total | 656,841 | 654,623 | 2,218 |

| | | 2021 | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|---------------|
| | | | Variance |
| | | | Favorable |
| | Budget | Actual | (Unfavorable) |
| Community Center Operations | | 02.210 | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | | 82,218 7,356 | |
| Materials and supplies | | | |
| Telephone Music licenses | | 1,357 1,582 | |
| Credit card fees | | 679 | |
| Electricity and lighting | | 15,053 | |
| Water, sewer and waste collection | | 1,120 | |
| Equipment maintenance | | 8,099 | |
| Cleaning services | | 29,605 | |
| Art changes | | 150 | |
| Copy machine lease payments | | 2,524 | |
| Insurance | | 246 | |
| Marketing | | 773 | |
| Total | 176,450 | 150,762 | 25,688 |
| Facility Maintenance and Repair | | | |
| Pest control | | 1,550 | |
| Security | | 2,118 | |
| Building and pond maintenance | | 65,250 | |
| Equipment maintenance | | 91,675 | |
| Fire system/extinguisher maintenance | | 6,244 | |
| Audio/IT consulting | | 3,967 | |
| Facility insurance | | 15,357 | |
| Capital outlay | | 12,211 | |
| Total | 204,200 | 198,372 | 5,828 |
| Town Hall Operations | | | |
| Custodial services | | 19,957 | |
| Electric service | | 36,319 | |
| Water and sewer | | 902 | |
| Waste collection | | 3,601 | |
| Total | 62,000 | 60,779 | 1,221 |
| Total general government | 1,099,491 | 1,064,536 | 34,955 |

| | | 2021 | |
|--|-----------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | Variance Favorable |
| | Budget | Actual | (Unfavorable) |
| Public Safety | | (00 710 | |
| Fire protection service contract Emergency management | | 609,718 12,849 | |
| Street lighting | | 378,292 | |
| Animal control | | 11,593 | |
| Total public safety | 1,035,000 | 1,012,452 | 22,548 |
| Transportation | | | |
| Landscaping Maxwell Drive | | 14,952 | |
| Irrigation | | 1,034 | |
| Total transportation | 19,000 | 15,986 | 3,014 |
| Environmental Protection | | | |
| Stormwater costs and Storm debris pickup | | 178,476 | |
| Recycling | | 284,365 | |
| Yard waste pickup | | 179,500 | |
| St. James CARES | | 331 | |
| UNCW Coop program | | 19,994 | |
| Total environmental protection | 695,151 | 662,666 | 32,485 |
| Debt Service | | | |
| Principal | | 297,220 | |
| Interest | | 65,599 | |
| Total debt service | 362,820 | 362,819 | 1 |
| Total Expenditures | 3,211,462 | 3,118,459 | 93,003 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | 807,651 | 807,651 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | |
| Transfers from other funds | - | - | - |
| Fund balance appropriated | | | - |
| Total | | - | |
| Revenues and other financing sources over (under) | | | |
| expenditures and other uses | \$- | 807,651 | \$ 807,651 |
| Fund Balance, beginning of year | | 3,231,613 | |
| Fund Balance, end of year | | \$ 4,039,264 | |

OTHER SCHEDULES

This section includes additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

| | Uncollected Balance | | Collections | Uncollected Balance |
|-------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Fiscal Year | June 30, 2020 | Additions | And Credits | June 30, 2021 |
| 2020-2021 | | 1,249,489 | 1,247,092 | 2,397 |
| 2019-2020 | 1445 | - | 813 | 632 |
| 2018-2019 | 190 | - | 102 | 88 |
| 2017-2018 | 108 | - | 79 | 29 |
| 2016-2017 | 103 | - | 97 | 6 |
| 2015-2016 | 195 | - | 23 | 172 |
| 2014-2015 | 36 | - | 15 | 21 |
| 2013-2014 | 26 | - | 1 | 25 |
| 2012-2013 | 83 | - | 8 | 75 |
| 2011-2012 | 25 | - | 18 | 7 |
| | 2,211 | 1,249,489 | 1,248,248 | 3,452 |
| Recond | ciliation to revenues: | | | |
| | Ad valorem taxes - Gen | eral Fund | | 1,251,088 |
| | Reconciling items: | | | |
| | Penalties and interes | st received | | (952) |
| | Releases | | | (1,888) |
| | Tota | al collections and credi | ts | \$ 1,248,248 |

Town of St. James, North Carolina Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2021

-34-

Town of St. James, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | | Town | - Wide | | | | T | otal | Levy |
|--|----|------------------------|------|--------|--------------|---|----|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| Original levy: | - | Property Valuation |] | Rate | | Amount of Levy | | Property Excluding Motor Vehicles | _ | Registered Motor Vehicles |
| Property taxed at current year's rate | \$ | 2,082,481,667 | \$ | 0.06 | \$ | 1,249,489 | \$ | 1,171,463 | \$ | 78,026 |
| Discoveries: Current year taxes Total Discoveries | - | 3,261,668 3,261,668 | \$ | 0.06 | - | 1,957 1,957 | _ | 1,957 1,957 | _ | - |
| Total Property Valuation | \$ | 2,085,743,334 | | | | | | | | |
| Net levy Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2021 Current year's taxes collected Current levy collection percentage | | | | | \$ = = | 1,251,446 2,397 1,249,049 99.81% | \$ | 1,173,420 2,397 1,171,023 99.80% | \$ <mark>-</mark> | 78,026 |

COMPLIANCE SECTION



Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. 4024 Oleander Drive Suite 3 Wilmington, North Carolina 28403 Telephone (910) 791-4872 Fax (910) 395-4872

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council St. James, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of St. James, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Town of St. James's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 10, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of St. James's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of St. James's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of St. James's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2021 - 001 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of St. James's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town of St. James's Response to Findings

The Town of St. James's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA

Wilmington, North Carolina September 10, 2021 Town of St. James, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of report auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance to GAAP: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

| • | Material weakness(es) identified? | yes | <u>X_</u> no |
|---|--|--------------|--------------|
| • | Significant Deficiency(s) identified? | <u>X</u> yes | no |
| | ncompliance material to financial atements noted? | yes | <u>X</u> no |

Town of St. James, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Significant Deficiency Finding: 2021 - 001 Prior Period Adjustment

Criteria: The June 30, 2021, beginning Net Position was restated for a material Fixed Asset purchase that was not properly recorded in prior year audit.

Condition: Land purchased in prior period was expensed rather than included as a Capital asset in Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Context: Capital Assets did not show the full amount of Capital Outlay purchases in the 2020 Financial Statements.

Effect: 2020 Financial Statement Total net position and total assets were undervalued by \$381,933.

Identification of a repeat finding: This is not a repeat finding.

Cause: Financial statements was not properly reviewed in prior period.

Recommendation: The audit firm and Town management will better review the Financial Statements.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The Town agrees with this finding and has already taken action.

TOWN OF ST. JAMES

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2021 - 001 Prior Period Adjustment

Name of Contact Person: Pauline Hara, Finance Officer

Corrective Action: The Town will implement a more rigorous review process for the Audited Financial Statements.

Proposed Completion Date: Immediately.