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TOWN OF STAR, NORTH CAROLINA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

Mary O'Brien - Mayor

Alice Clemens

Eddie Bernard

Jennifer Fountain

Aaron Russell

Mark Maynard - Mayor Pro-Tem

OFFICIALS

Robin L. Hussey

Town Clerk

Max Garner

Town Attorney

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners Town of Star Star, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Star (the "Town"), North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the

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To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners Town of Star Page Two

circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, based on my audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Star, North Carolina as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 12, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions, on pages 48 and 49, respectively, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on pages 50 and 51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners Town of Star Page Three

Supplementary and Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Star, North Carolina. The individual fund statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by me. In my opinion, based on my audit and the procedures performed as described above, the individual fund statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Willa R Hungett, CPA, PLIC

William R. Huneycutt, CPA, PLLC Asheboro, North Carolina

November 12, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Star (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town of Star's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Star for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

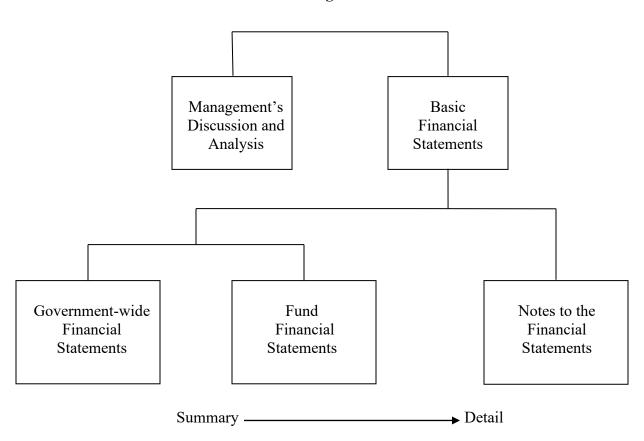
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Star exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$3,269,125 (net position).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$738,889, or 113.91 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Star's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Star.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. These are three parts of the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Star.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Star, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Town of Star can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at yearend that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Star adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which

services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – Town of Star has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Star uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 22 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Star's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 47 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities: The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and state laws and federal and state appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

	Governmental Activities				Busir Ac	ness- tiviti	21	Total			
	2021		2020		2021		2020	2021		2020	
Current and other assets	\$ 1,194,375	\$	1,054,206	\$	88,503	\$	54,303	\$ 1,282,878	\$	1,108,509	
Capital assets	1,178,622		1,194,742		969,072		988,444	2,147,694		2,183,186	
Deferred outflows of resources	64,144		48,685		16,859		15,211	81,003		63,896	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	2,437,141		2,297,633		1,074,434		1,057,958	3,511,575		3,355,591	
Long-term liabilities outstanding	164,229		142,263		20,629		17,723	184,858		159,986	
Other liabilities	35,560		30,197		9,775		13,966	45,335		44,163	
Deferred inflows of resources	12,257		15,871		-		-	12,257		15,871	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	212,046		188,331		30,404		31,689	242,450		220,020	
Net position:											
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	1,108,035 273,254		1,118,384 250,306		969,072		988,444 -	2,077,107 273,254		2,106,828 250,306	
Unrestricted	843,806		740,612		74,958		37,825	918,764		778,437	
Total net position	\$ 2,225,095	\$	2,109,302	\$	1,044,030	\$	1,026,269	\$ 3,269,125	\$	3,135,571	

Town of Star's Net Position Figure 2

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Star exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$3,269,125 as of June 30, 2021. The Town's net position increased by \$133,554 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. However, the largest portion reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The Town of Star uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Star's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Star's net position, \$273,254, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 96.55%.
- Receiving of approximately \$210,492 of local option sales tax.

The Town of Star Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Governme	ental	Activities		Business-T	Activities Total				
	2021		2020		2021		2020	2021		2020
Revenues:										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services Operating grants and	\$ 37,340	\$	36,975	\$	277,352	\$	268,606 \$	314,692	\$	305,581
contributions General revenues:	91,125		66,088		17,500		-	108,625		66,088
Property taxes Capital grants and	311,945		295,169		-		-	311,945		295,169
contributions	11,592		-		-		-	11,592		-
Grants and contributions not										
restricted to specific programs	329,201		295,998		-		-	329,201		295,998
Other	8,271	-	24,244	-	22,293		15,688	30,564		39,932
Total revenues	789,474	_	718,474	-	317,145		284,294	1,106,619		1,002,768
Expenses:										
General government	149,114		148,883		-		-	149,114		148,883
Public safety	276,341		267,492		-		-	276,341		267,492
Transportation Economic and physical development	166,436		152,801		-		-	166,436		152,801
Sanitation	59,326		57,510		_		_	59,326		57,510
Cultural and recreational	19,879		16,146		_		_	19,879		16,146
Interest on long-term debt	2,585		2,793		_		_	2,585		2,793
Water and sewer	-		2,795		299,384		324,301	299,384		324,301
Total expenses	673,681	-	645,625	-	299,384	•	324,301	973,065		969,926
i otar expenses	075,081	-	045,025	-	299,304	•	524,501	975,005		909,920
Increase (decrease) in net position	115,793	-	72,849	-	17,761		(40,007)	133,554		32,842
Net position, July 1 as previously Reported	2,109,302		2,080,593		1,026,269		1,066,276	3,135,571		3,146,869
Restatement		-	(44,140)	_	-					(44,140)
Net position, July 1 as restated	2,109,302	-	2,036,453	-	1,026,269		1,066,276	3,135,571		3,102,729
Net position, June 30	\$ 2,225,095	\$	2,109,302	\$ _	1,044,030	\$	1,026,269 \$	3,269,125	\$	3,135,571

Governmental activities - Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$115,793, thereby accounting for 86.70% of the total growth in the net position of the Town of Star. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Operating grants and contributions increased \$25,037.
- Capital grants and contributions increased \$11,592.
- Property taxes increased \$16,776.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased the Town of Star's net position by \$17,761 accounting for 13.30 % of the total growth in the government's net position. A key element of this increase is as follows:

- Water and sewer revenues increased \$32,851.
- Water and sewer expenses decreased \$24,917.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Star uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Star's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Star's financing requirements.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Star. At the end of the current fiscal year, Town of Star's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$738,889, while total fund balance reached \$1,139,846. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 113.91% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 175.72% of the same amount.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on one occasion. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

There were several reasons the Town revised its budget throughout the year. The Town purchased a lawn mower and there was an increase in insurance expense, both for the Street department. The Water and Sewer fund had to cover the cost of two major water leaks.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Star's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to an available balance of \$74,958.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of Star's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021, totals \$2,147,694 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

- Resurfacing of Various Streets (Street Department) for \$8,000.
- Security System (General-Building) for \$13,400.
- Valve Insertion (Water Department) for \$12,850

Town of Star's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Figure	4
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		Governme	ental	Activities	Business-T	ype /	Activities	Total						
		2021		2020	2021		2020		2021		2020			
Land	\$	234,255	\$	234,255	\$ 66,250	\$	66,250	\$	300,505	\$	300,505			
Buildings and systems		540,873		567,091	860,750		894,404		1,401,623		1,461,495			
Infrastructure		308,796		308,661	-		-		308,796		308,661			
Machinery & equipment		80,010		61,813	40,272		24,790		120,282		86,603			
Vehicles and motorized equipment	-	14,688		22,922	1,800		3,000		16,488		25,922			
Total	\$	1,178,622	\$	1,194,742	\$ 969,072	\$	988,444	\$	2,147,694	\$	2,183,186			

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in note III of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2021, the Town of Star had \$70,587 of debt outstanding relating to the purchase of a police car and roof repair on the Town Hall.

Town of Star's Outstanding Debt

Figure 5

		vernme ctiviti			siness-t Activitie		Total				
	 2021		2020	2021		2020	2021		2020		
Installment debt	\$ 70,587	\$	76,358	\$	· \$	-	\$ 70,587	\$	76,358		
Total	\$ 70,587	\$	76,358	\$	• \$	-	\$ 70,587	\$	76,358		

Town of Star's Outstanding Debt

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Town of Star is \$4,064,969.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town.

Governmental Activities: Property tax collections and Local Option Sales Tax resulted in a strong General Fund balance. Neither of these areas seemed to be affected by Covid 19. There was not an increase in the property tax rate.

Business-Type Activities: The water and sewer departments experienced a small decline in collection due to Covid 19. Collections are projected to increase for FY 2021-2022. Water rates will increase next year to cover operating costs, primarily due to equipment maintenance.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities: Property tax and sales and use tax are the major budget revenues in General Fund. Major budgeted expenses are a new police car and a new truck for the Street Department.

Business-Type Activities: Water rates were increased by \$2.00 per billing to cover the increased cost of operations and maintenance.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Town Clerk, Town of Star, P.O. Box 97, Star, NC 27356. One can also call (910) 428-4623 or send an email to townofstar@gmail.com for more information.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

		Primary Government						
		Governmental						
		Activities	-	Activities	Total			
Assets:								
Current Assets:	ድ		¢	01.040	070 000			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	798,557	\$	81,342 \$	879,899			
Taxes receivable (net) Accounts receivable (net)		27,836		-	27,836			
Due from other governments		14,303 96,196		112,405	126,708 96,196			
Internal balances		107,119		(107,119)	90,190			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		150,364		1,875	152,239			
Total Current Assets		1,194,375	-	88,503	1,282,878			
Non-Current Assets:			-		, ,			
Capital assets (Note 1):								
Land, non-depreciable improvements,								
and construction in progress		234,255		66,250	300,505			
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		944,367		902,822	1,847,189			
Total Capital Assets		1,178,622	-	969,072	2,147,694			
Total Assets		2,372,997	_	1,057,575	3,430,572			
Deferred Outflows of Resources:								
Pension deferrals		64,144	-	16,859	81,003			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		64,144	-	16,859	81,003			
Liabilities:								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		9,000		7,900	16,900			
Accrued interest payable		2,239		-	2,239			
Compensated absences payable		14,949		-	14,949			
Payable from restricted assets		3,390		1,875	5,265			
Current portion of long-term liabilities		5,982	-	-	5,982			
Total Current Liabilities		35,560	-	9,775	45,335			
Long-term Liabilities:								
Net pension liability		57,986		20,629	78,615			
Total pension liabililty		41,638		-	41,638			
Due in more than one year		64,605	-	-	64,605			
Total Long-term Liabilities		164,229	-	20,629	184,858			
Total Liabilities		199,789	-	30,404	230,193			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Pension deferrals		12,257	-		12,257			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		12,257	-		12,257			
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets		1,108,035		969,072	2,077,107			
Restricted for:								
Stabilization by state statute		203,316		-	203,316			
Streets		69,938			69,938			
Unrestricted		843,806	-	74,958	918,764			
Total Net Position	\$	2,225,095	\$	1,044,030 \$	3,269,125			

Exhibit 2

TOWN OF STAR, NORTH CAROLINA

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Program Revenues						Net (Expense) Revenue and					
					Operating or Grants and			Capital	-	Changes in Net Position Primary Government					
				Charges for				Grants and	•	Governmental	Business-type				
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities	Activities	Total			
Primary Government:					-										
Governmental Activities:															
General government	\$	149,114	\$	-	\$	24,358	\$	-	\$	(124,756) \$	- \$	(124,756)			
Public safety		276,341		-		37,482		11,592		(227,267)	-	(227,267)			
Transportation		166,436		-		28,635		-		(137,801)	-	(137,801)			
Environmental protection		59,326		37,340		650		-		(21,336)	-	(21,336)			
Cultural and recreational		19,879		-		-		-		(19,879)	-	(19,879)			
Interest on long-term debt	_	2,585	_	-	_			-		(2,585)		(2,585)			
Total Governmental Activities (See Note 1)	_	673,681		37,340	-	91,125		11,592		(533,624)		(533,624)			
Business-Type Activities:															
Water and sewer		299,384		277,352		17,500		-		-	(4,532)	(4,532)			
Total Business-Type Activities	_	299,384		277,352	-	17,500		-	• •	-	(4,532)	(4,532)			
Total Primary Government	\$	973,065	\$	314,692	\$	108,625	\$	11,592		(533,624)	(4,532)	(538,156)			
		neral Reven	ues	:											
		Property t	axes	s, levied for g	gene	eral purpose				311,945	-	311,945			
	(tricted to specifi	c pi	rograms		329,201	-	329,201			
	τ	Unrestricted	inv	estment earn	ing	s	•	0		2,211	44	2,255			
	l	Miscellaneou	us		č					6,060	22,249	28,309			
	Total General Revenues									649,417	22,293	671,710			
		Change in Net Position							-	115,793	17,761	133,554			
	Net	Position-B	egir	nning					-	2,109,302	1,026,269	3,135,571			
	Net	Position-E	ndi	ng					\$	2,225,095 \$	1,044,030 \$	3,269,125			

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2021

	_	Major Fund		Total
		General Fund	_	Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Receivables, net:	\$	798,557 150,364	\$	798,557 150,364
Taxes Garbage Due from other funds Due from other governments		27,836 14,303 107,119 96,196		27,836 14,303 107,119 96,196
Total Assets	\$	1,194,375	\$	1,194,375
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	9,000	\$	9,000
Other payable Total Liabilities	_	<u>3,390</u> 12,390	-	<u>3,390</u> 12,390
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Property taxes receivable Sanitation receivable	_	27,836	-	27,836
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	14,303 42,139	-	<u>14,303</u> 42,139
Fund Balances:		, ,,	-	· · · · · ·
Restricted Stabilization by state statute Streets Assigned		203,316 69,938		203,316 69,938
Assigned Subsequent year's expenditures Unassigned Total Fund Balances	_	127,703 738,889 1,139,846	_	127,703 738,889 1,139,846
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	1,194,375	-	1,137,010
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Por (Exhibit 1) are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	sition			
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation	\$	2,617,812 (1,439,190)		1,178,622
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds				64,144
Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements.				42,139
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and, therefore, are not reported in the funds				
Gross long-term debt beginning Long-term debt included as net position below (includes the		(85,322)		(95 526)
addition of long-term debt and principal payments during the year.) Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported	_	(214)		(85,536)
in the funds Net pension liability				(12,257)
Total pension liability				(57,986) (41,638)
Other long-term liabilities (accrued interest) are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.			_	(2,239)
Net position of governmental activities			\$ _	2,225,095

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

D	-	Major Fund General		Total Governmental Fund
Revenues:	¢	212 204	¢	212 204
Ad valorem taxes	\$)	\$	313,384
Unrestricted intergovernmental Restricted intergovernmental		329,201		329,201
Permits and fees		102,717 90		102,717
Sales and services				90 27 742
Investment earnings		37,742		37,742
Miscellaneous		2,211 5,970		2,211 5,970
1411506110110005	-	5,970		5,970
Total Revenues	-	791,315		791,315
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government		129,939		129,939
Public safety		281,791		281,791
Transportation		156,489		156,489
Environmental protection		59,326		59,326
Cultural and recreational		12,571		12,571
Debt Service:				
Principal		5,773		5,773
Interest and other charges	-	2,768		2,768
Total Expenditures	-	648,657		648,657
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	142,658		142,658
Fund Balances, Beginning	_	997,188		997,188
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ _	1,139,846	\$	1,139,846

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 142,658
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized Depreciation expense for governmental assets	\$	57,303 (73,423)	(16,120)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	_		22,921
Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statemetn of Activities			330
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues Change in unavailable revenue for sanitation revenues	_	(1,439) (402)	(1,841)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Principal payments on long-term debt Decrease in accrued interest payable		5,771 183	5,954
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Compensated absences Pension expense		(5,985) (32,124)	 (38,109)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities			\$ 115,793

<u>GENERAL FUND</u> <u>STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND</u> <u>CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL</u> For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues:	-	Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Ad valorem taxes	\$	283,000	\$	283,000	\$	313,384	\$	30,384
Unrestricted intergovernmental	ψ	273,700	ψ	285,000	ψ	329,201	ψ	41,268
Restricted intergovernmental		97,268		97,268		102,717		5,449
Permits and fees		100		90		90		-
Sales and services		36,000		36,000		37,742		1,742
Investment earnings		2,600		220		2,211		1,991
Miscellaneous	-	6,200	_	5,700		5,970		270
Total Revenues	-	698,868	_	710,211		791,315		81,104
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		157,946		147,946		129,939		18,007
Public safety		332,346		332,346		281,791		50,555
Transportation - streets		194,843		216,186		156,489		59,697
Environmental protection Cultural and recreational		63,000		63,000		59,326		3,674
Debt Service:		16,990		16,990		12,571		4,419
Principal retirement		8,541		8,541		5,773		2,768
Interest and other charges	-	-	_	-		2,768		(2,768)
Total Expenditures	-	773,666	_	785,009		648,657		136,352
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(74,798)		(74,798)		142,658		217,456
Fund Balance Appropriated	-	74,798	_	74,798				(74,798)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$_	_		142,658	\$	142,658
Fund Balance, Beginning						997,188		
Fund Balance, Ending					\$	1,139,846		

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION <u>PROPRIETARY FUND</u> June 30, 2021

Major Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer Fund Total Assets: Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 81.342 \$ 81.342 Accounts receivable (net)-billed 84,090 84,090 Accounts receivable (net)-unbilled 28,315 28,315 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 1,875 1,875 Total Current Assets 195.622 195.622 Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets: Land and other non-depreciable assets 66,250 66,250 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 902,822 902,822 Capital assets (net) 969,072 969,072 **Total Noncurrent Assets** 969,072 969,072 **Total Assets** 1,164,694 \$ 1.164.694 **Deferred Outflows of Resources:** Pension deferrals 16,859 16.859 **Total Deferred Outflows of Resources** 16.859 16.859 Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 7,900 \$ 7,900 Due to other funds 107,119 107,119 Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Employee savings 1,875 1,875 Total Current Liabilities 116,894 116,894 Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability 20.629 20.629 **Total Noncurrent Liabilities** 20.629 20.629 **Total Liabilities** 137,523 137,523 **Net Position:** Net investment in capital assets 969.072 969.072 Unrestricted 74,958 74,958 **Total Net Position** 1,044,030 \$ 1,044,030 \$

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	_	Major Enterprise Fund				
	-	Water and				
	-	Sewer Fund	-	Total		
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	270,482	\$	270,482		
Other operating revenues	-	6,870	· -	6,870		
Total Operating Revenues	-	277,352	· -	277,352		
Operating Expenses:						
Water treatment and distribution		177,834		177,834		
Wastewater collection and treatment		79,455		79,455		
Depreciation	-	42,095	-	42,095		
Total Operating Expenses	-	299,384	· -	299,384		
Operating Income (Loss)	-	(22,032)	· <u> </u>	(22,032)		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):						
Investment earnings		44		44		
Miscellaneous		2,211		2,211		
USDA search grant		17,500		17,500		
Insurance recovery		3,905		3,905		
Land rent	-	16,133		16,133		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	_	39,793	· -	39,793		
Change in Net Position		17,761		17,761		
Total Net Position, Beginning	-	1,026,269	· <u> </u>	1,026,269		
Total Net Position, Ending	\$ _	1,044,030	\$	1,044,030		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	_		Enterprise Fund			
	_	Water and Sewer Fund		Total		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash received from customers Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services Other operating revenues	\$		\$	277,684 (195,679) (64,543) 6,870		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	_	24,332		24,332		
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities: (Decrease) in due to other funds	-	(5,084)		(5,084)		
Total Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	-	(5,084)		(5,084)		
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets	-	(22,723)		(22,723)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	-	(22,723)		(22,723)		
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Land rent Miscellaneous USDA search grant Insurance recovery Interest and dividends		16,133 2,211 17,500 3,905 44		16,133 2,211 17,500 3,905 44		
Total Cash Flows From Investing Activities	_	39,793		39,793		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	36,318		36,318		
Balance - Beginning	_	46,899		46,899		
Balance - Ending	\$	83,217	\$	83,217		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(22,032)	\$	(22,032)		
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation		42,095		42,095		
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase in deferred outflows of resources-pensions Increase in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in employee savings	-	7,202 (1,647) 2,906 (522) (3,595) (75)		7,202 (1,647) 2,906 (522) (3,595) (75)		
Total Adjustments	-	46,364		46,364		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	24,332	\$	24,332		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Star conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The Town of Star (the "Town") is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a fivemember council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the Town includes all funds and account groups that are controlled by the Town.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a specific function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a specific program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - *governmental and proprietary* - are presented. The Town has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Concluded)

fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes and State-shared revenues. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, economic and physical development, sanitation services and cultural activities.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and grants. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Concluded)

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Star because the tax is levied by Montgomery County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal yearend. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$2,500. All amendments must be approved by the governing board and the Board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

Deposits and Investments (Concluded)

State law [G.S. 159-30 (c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are generally reported at fair value. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income and considers all cash and investments to be cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes outlined in G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

Town of Star Restricted Cash

Governmental Activities General Fund

~	.	(2.2.5)
Streets	\$	69,938
Fire Department		70,036
USDA loan		7,000
Employee savings		3,390
	\$	150,364
Employee savings	\$	1,875
	\$	1,875
	\$	152,239
	USDA loan	Fire Department USDA loan Employee savings \$ Employee savings \$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13 (a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the collectability of individual accounts.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Town's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

The inventories of the Town's enterprise fund consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of these inventories is expensed when purchased.

The Town does not have any prepaid items in either the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs for land, buildings, furniture and equipment, improvements, and vehicles has been set at \$1,000. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

Capital Assets (Concluded)

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	20-40
Furniture and office equipment	5-10
Improvements	15-25
Vehicles	5-15

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meets this criterion, pension deferrals for the 2021 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has several items that meet the criterion for this category – sanitation receivable, property taxes receivable, and pension deferrals.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to twenty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

Compensated Absences (Concluded)

using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are externally imposed either by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of three classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute." Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Concluded)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Concluded)

Fund Balances (Concluded)

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that the Town intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the budget officer to transfer amounts between line item expenditures within a department without limitation and without a report being required.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Finance Officer has been given the authority to spend resources in the order deemed in the best interest of the Town. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are spent from restricted fund balance first, followed by assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Star's employer contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and the Town of Star has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Significant Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

The Town paid an obligation incurred without sufficient evidence that the pre-audit process was adhered to in violation of G.S. 159-25(a)(2). The Town will document the account code on the pre-audit certificate in the future. The Town paid an obligation incurred without the invoice having the disbursement stamp to document the Town was in compliance with G.S. 159-28(b). The Town will use the disbursement stamp on the required documents in the future. The Town was missing two receipts for purchases. It is not possible to verify the Town's pre-audit process was in compliance with G.S. 159(a)(2) for these missing receipts. The Town will use the pre-audit certificate on the required documents in the future.

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds

Assets

Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in its name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in its name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for noninterest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2021, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$1,032,088 and a bank balance of \$1,036,821. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2021, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$50.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Assets (Continued)

Investments

At June 30, 2021, the Town of Star had \$305,700 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk.

Receivables - Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2021 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General Fund: Taxes receivable	\$ 39,828
Enterprise Fund: Accounts receivable	 107,812
Total	\$ 147,640

Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balances	_	Increases	_	Decreases		Ending Balances
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	234,255	\$	-	\$	-	\$	234,255
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	234,255	-	-		-		234,255
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		1,355,918		13,400		-		1,369,318
Infrastructure		353,758		12,626		-		366,384
Equipment		356,171		31,277		2,079		385,369
Vehicles and motorized equipment	_	262,486	_	-		-		262,486
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	2,328,333	-	57,303		2,079	· _	2,383,557
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		788,827		39,618		-		828,445
Infrastructure		45,097		12,491		-		57,588
Equipment		294,358		13,080		2,079		305,359
Vehicles and motorized equipment		239,564		8,234		-		247,798
Total accumulated depreciation	_	1,367,846	\$	73,423	\$	2,079	_	1,439,190
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	-	960,487					_	944,367
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$_	1,194,742					\$_	1,178,622

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Assets (Concluded)

Capital Assets (Concluded)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions or programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 33,710
Public safety	13,043
Transportation	19,362
Cultural and recreational	7,308
Total depreciation expense	\$ 73,423

		Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases		Ending Balances
Business-type activities: Water and Sewer Fund	-				_	
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	64,042	\$ -	\$ -	\$	64,042
Easements	_	2,208	 -	-		2,208
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	66,250	 -	-	-	66,250
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Plant and distribution systems		4,646,326	-	-		4,646,326
Furniture and maintenance equipment		190,477	22,723	-		213,200
Vehicles		39,750	-	-		39,750
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	4,876,553	22,723	-	_	4,899,276
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Plant and distribution system		3,751,922	33,654	-		3,785,576
Furniture and maintenance equipment		165,687	7,241	-		172,928
Vehicles		36,750	1,200	-		37,950
Total accumulated depreciation	-	3,954,359	\$ 42,095	\$ -	_	3,996,454
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	-	922,194			_	902,822
Business-type activities						
capital assets, net	\$	988,444			\$	969,072

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Liabilities

Pension Plan Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Star is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local government entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable agency service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of credit service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Liabilities (Continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statue 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of Star employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Star's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 10.84% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 10.15% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Star were \$31,075 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a liability of \$78,615 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future as 30, 2020 (measurement date), the Town's proportion was .00220%, which was a decrease of 0.00020% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Liabilities (Continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$36,150. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	9,928	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		5,851		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Town		11,063		-
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		6,335		-
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date	م -	31,075	<u>ф</u>	-
Total	\$_	64,252	\$	-

\$31,075 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2022	\$ 10,169
2023	12,496
2024	7,235
2025	3,274

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,
	including inflation

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Liabilities (Continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Liabilities (Continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Concluded)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

		1%	Discount	1%
		Decrease	Rate	Increase
		(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Town's proportionate share of the	-			
net pension liability (asset)	\$	159,502	\$ 78,615	\$ 11,393

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description

The Town of Star administers a public employee retirement system (the *Separation Allowance*), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Liabilities (Continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

Plan Description (Concluded)

All full-time Town law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance.

At December 31, 2019, the valuation date, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	-
Terminated plan members entitled to but	
not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	4
Total	4

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2019 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Discount rate	1.93 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2019.

Mortality rates use Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Liabilities (Continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid no benefits for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$41,638. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020 based on a December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$5,387.

	Deferred Outflows		D	Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources			of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,500	\$	11,827	
Changes of assumptions		13,251		430	
Total	\$	16,751	\$	12,257	

There are no deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date to be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2022	\$ 1,373
2023	218
2024	(700)
2025	2,208
2026	1,395

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Liabilities (Continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.93 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (.93 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.93 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (.93%)	Discount Rate (1.93%)		 1% Increase (2.93%)
Total pension liability	\$ 44,204	\$	41,638	\$ 39,162

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2021
Beginning balance	\$ 23,859
Service Cost	2,906
Interest on the total pension liability	778
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the	
measurement of the total pension liability	(541)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	14,636
Benefit payments	-
Other changes	 -
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 41,638

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Liabilities (Continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance (Concluded)

Contributions (Concluded)

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ending December 31, 2019.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
Pension Expense	\$ 36,150	\$ 5,387	\$ 41,537
Pension Liability	78,615	41,638	120,253
Proportionate share of the net pension			
liability	.00220%	n/a	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	9,928	3,500	13,428
Changes of assumptions	5,851	13,251	19,102
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on plan investments	11,063	-	11,063
Changes in proportion and differences			
between contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions	6,335	-	6,335
Benefit payments and administrative cost			
paid subsequent to the measurement date	31,075	-	31,075
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	-	11,827	11,827
Changes of assumptions	-	430	430
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on plan investments	-	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences			
between contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions	-	-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Liabilities (Continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (Concluded)

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annal Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The law enforcement officers may also make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The Town made contributions of \$11,919 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources reported on the Statement of Net Position is comprised of the following:

Source	Amount
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 13,428
Changes of assumptions	19,102
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	11,063
Changes in proportion and differences between Town	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	6,335
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 31,075
Total	\$ 81,003

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Liabilities (Continued)

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (Concluded)

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

-			General Fund
	Net Position		Balance Sheet
\$	-	\$	14,303
	-		27,836
	11,827		-
	430		-
	-		-
\$	12,257	\$	42,139
	-	430	Net Position \$ - \$ 11,827 430

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$5 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Excess insurance coverage is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large workers' compensation claims that exceed certain dollar costs levels. Medical stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar costs levels. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town is not required to carry flood insurance because the Town is not in an area of the State that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is individually bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$10,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Liabilities (Continued)

Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2021, there was no material pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments involving the Town of Star.

Long-Term Obligations

Installment Purchase

In August 2015, the Town entered into a \$97,500 direct placement contract to finance the purchase of a vehicle and building repair. The financing contract requires annual principal payments beginning in the fiscal year 2017 with an interest rate of 3.625 percent.

Annual debt service payments of the installment purchase as of June 30, 2021, including \$14,821 of interest, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities									
Pr	incipal]	Interest								
<i>•</i>		¢	• • • •								
\$	5,982	\$	2,559								
	6,199		2,342								
	6,424		2,117								
	6,657		1,884								
	6,898		1,643								
	38,427		4,276								
\$	70,587	\$	14,821								
	Pr \$ \$	6,199 6,424 6,657 6,898 38,427	\$ 5,982 \$ 6,199 6,424 6,657 6,898 38,427								

General Obligations Indebtedness

At June 30, 2021, the Town of Star had no bonds authorized but unissued and a legal debt margin of \$4,064,969.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Concluded)

Liabilities (Concluded)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Compensated absences for governmental activities have typically been liquidated in the Genera Fund.

	J	Balance uly 1, 2020	Increases Decrease			Decreases	Balance ecreases June 30, 2021		Current Portion of Balance
Governmental Activities:									
Installment Purchase	\$	76,358	\$	-	\$	5,771	\$	70,587	\$ 5,982
Compensated Absences		8,964		9,612		3,627		14,949	14,949
Net pension liability (LGERS)		47,819		10,167		-		57,986	-
Total pension liability (LEO)		23,859		17,779		-		41,638	-
Governmental Activity									
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	157,000	\$	37,558	\$	9,398	\$	185,160	\$ 20,931
Business-Type Activities:									
Compensated Absences	\$	3,595	\$	-	\$	3,595	\$	-	\$ -
Net pension liability (LGERS)		17,723		2,906		-		20,629	-
Business-Type Activity									
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	21,318	\$	2,906	\$	3,595	\$	20,629	\$ -

Note 4 - Interfund Balances and Activity

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

Due to the General Fund from the:	
Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 107,119
	\$ 107,119

The interfund balances resulted from the General Fund paying expenditures on behalf of the Water and Sewer Fund in previous years. The Town has been able to reduce the interfund balances each fiscal year since 2016.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONCLUDED)

Note 5 - Net Investment in Capital Assets

	Governmental	Business-type
Capital assets	\$ 1,178,622	\$ 969,072
Less: Long-term debt	(70,587)	-
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,108,035	\$ 969,072

Note 6 - Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 1,139,846
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	203,316
Streets - Powell Bill	69,938
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2021 Budget	127,703
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 738,889

Note 7 - Joint Venture

The Town participates in a joint venture with Montgomery County and the four other towns in the county in the operating of the Montgomery Municipal Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control. The Board is composed of one board member appointed by each of the five towns in the county. The county does not appoint a board member. Both the Town and the County receive profit distributions from the Board as required by State Statute. The total amount received by the Town for the year ending June 30, 2021 was \$3,307.

Note 8 - Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

The Town has evaluated all subsequent events through November 12, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) for Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Contributions to Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Funding Progress for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Employer Contributions for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

TOWN OF STAR'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Last Eight Fiscal Years*

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Star's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)		.00220%	.00240%	.00281%	.00262%	.0031%	.0027%	(.0025%)	.0046%
Star's proportion of the net penions liabity (asset) (\$) Star's covered-employee payroll	\$ \$	78,615 \$ 231,539 \$	65,542 \$ 226,556 \$	66,663 \$ 223,734 \$	40,026 \$ 219,650 \$	65,156 \$ 205,034 \$	12,297 \$ 181,015 \$	(14,567) \$ 180,127 \$	55,448 250,704
Star's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		33.95%	28.93%	29.8%	18.22%	31.78%	6.79%	(8.09%)	22.12%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**		88.61%	90.86%	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

** This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

TOWN OF STAR'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Last Eight Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	 2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 25,160 \$	21,729 \$	18,543 \$	17,740 \$	16,878 \$	14,241 \$	13,117 \$	12,934
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 25,160	21,729	18,329	17,740	16,852	14,258	13,117	12,934
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$	\$	214 \$	\$	26 \$	(17) \$	\$	-
Star's covered-employee payroll	\$ 238,383 \$	231,539 \$	226,556 \$	223,734 \$	219,650 \$	205,034 \$	181,015 \$	180,127
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.55%	9.38%	8.19%	7.93%	7.67%	6.95%	7.25%	7.18%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE June 30, 2021

	2021	-	2020	2019	2018	-	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 23,859	\$	24,147	38,312	\$ 19,241	\$	16,266
Service cost	2,906		2,715	3,169	2,738		2,711
Interest on the total pension liability	778		879	1,211	743		581
Changes of benefit terms	-		-	-	-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience in							
the measurement of the total pension liability	(541)		(4,414)	(17,811)	12,360		-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	14,636		532	(734)	3,230		(317)
Benefit payments	-		-	-	-		-
Other changes	-		-		-	-	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 41,638	\$	23,859	24,147	\$ 38,312	\$	19,241

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE

June 30, 2021

	2021	2020	-	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 41,638	\$ 23,859	\$	24,147	\$ 38,312	\$ 19,241
Covered payroll	140,777	135,490		151,634	141,951	143,114
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	29.58%	17.61%		15.92%	26.99%	13.44%

Note to the schedules:

The Town of Star has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Variance

TOWN OF STAR, NORTH CAROLINA

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	_					
Ad Valorem Taxes:						
Taxes	\$		\$	304,939	\$	
Penalties and interest				1,837		
Prior years taxes				6,608		
Total	_	283,000	_	313,384	_	30,384
Unrestricted Intergovernmental:						
Local option sales tax				210,492		
Payment in lieu of taxes				5,080		
Telecommunications sales tax				4,027		
Utilities sales tax				29,941		
Video franchise tax				2,582		
Sales tax refund				4,525		
Gas tax refund				2,481		
Beer and wine excise tax				3,663		
ABC profit distribution				3,307		
Sales and use tax				63,103		
Total	_	287,933	_	329,201		41,268
Restricted Intergovernmental:						
Powell bill allocation				28,635		
Fire department allocation				35,000		
Solid waste disposal tax				650		
CARES Act revenue				26,840		
Fire department grant				11,592		
Total	_	97,268	_	102,717	_	5,449
Permits and Fees:						
Fines and permits	_		_	90	_	
Total	_	90		90		-
Sales and Services:						
Sanitation fees	_		_	37,742	_	
Total	-	36,000	_	37,742	_	1,742
Investment earnings	_	220		2,211		1,991
Miscellaneous						
Other income	_			5,970	_	
Total	-	5,700	_	5,970	_	270
Total Revenues	\$	710,211	\$	791,315	\$	81,104

Variance

TOWN OF STAR, NORTH CAROLINA

<u>GENERAL FUND</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND</u> <u>CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL</u> For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

					Variance Positive
	_	Budget	 Actual		(Negative)
Expenditures:					
General Government:					
Administration:					
Salaries and employee benefits	\$		\$ 24,367	\$	
Professional services			19,756		
Telephone and postage			3,469		
Departmental supplies			4,889		
Insurance and bonds			27,794		
Tax collection fees			1,771		
CARES Act expenses			6,058		
Other operating expenditures			11,397		
Total	_	105,606	 99,501		6,105
Public Buildings:					
Maintenance and repairs			215		
Utilities			10,540		
CARES Act expenses			18,300		
Other operating expenditures			1,383		
Total	-	42,340	 30,438	• -	11,902
		12,510	 50,150	• -	11,702
Total General Government	_	147,946	 129,939	· -	18,007
Public Safety:					
Police Department:					
Salaries and employee benefits			174,691		
Maintenance and repairs			4,621		
Departmental supplies			6,117		
Vehicle expense			6,072		
Insurance			40,783		
Other operating expenditures			 4,439		
Total	_	249,022	 236,723		12,299
Fire Department:					
Salaries and employee benefits			1,056		
Maintenance and repairs			7,391		
Other operating expenditures			3,731		
Capital outlay			23,184		
CARES Act expenses			2,482		
Departmental supplies			7,224		
Total	-	83,324	 45,068	· -	38,256
				· _	
Total Public Safety	\$	332,346	\$ 281,791	\$	50,555

<u>GENERAL FUND</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND</u> <u>CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL</u> For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	_	Budget		Actual	_	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (continued): Transportation - Streets:						
Streets - Powell Bill:						
Street improvements	\$		\$	8,000	\$	
Maintenance and repairs	Φ		φ	8,000 1,784	φ	
Street light				1,784		
Supplies				377		
Total	-	47,300	• •	11,262	-	36,038
Total	-	47,300	• •	11,202	-	30,038
Transportation - Streets:						
Streets - Municipality:						
Salaries and employee benefits				75,286		
Maintenance and repairs				5,502		
Utilities				25,230		
Other operating expenditures				2,431		
Insurance				26,560		
Departmental supplies				3,780		
Capital outlay				6,438		
Total	-	168,886	-	145,227	-	23,659
	-	,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	
Total Transportation - Streets	-	216,186		156,489	_	59,697
Environmental Protection:						
Sanitation:						
Contracted services	_			59,326	_	
Total Environmental Protection	-	63,000	· -	59,326	_	3,674
Cultural and Recreational:						
Library:						
Departmental supplies	_			5,800	_	
Total	_	5,800		5,800	_	-
Parks and Recreation:						
				2 1 9 4		
Utilities Meintenenee and remain				2,184		
Maintenance and repairs				2,600		
Supplies Other operating expenditures				1,894		
Total	_	11 100	• •	93	-	4 410
10(a)	-	11,190	• -	6,771	-	4,419
Total Cultural and Recreational	\$ _	16,990	\$	12,571	\$	4,419

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Expenditures (concluded): Debt Service:	-	Budget	Actual	_	Variance Positive (Negative)
Principal retirement			5,773		
Interest and other charges	-	0.541	2,768	-	
Total	-	8,541	8,541	-	
Total Expenditures	_	785,009	648,657	-	136,352
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(74,798)	\$ 142,658	\$	217,456
Fund Balance Appropriated	-	74,798		_	(74,798)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		142,658	\$	142,658
Fund Balance, Beginning			997,188	_	
Fund Balance, Ending		\$	\$ 1,139,846	=	

<u>WATER AND SEWER FUND</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -</u> <u>BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)</u> For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	_	Budget		Actual	_	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Operating Revenues:	¢		¢		¢	
Water and sewer	\$		\$	277,683	\$	
Taps and connection fees	_			6,870	-	
Total Operating Revenues	_	269,425	-	284,553	-	15,128
Nonoperating Revenues:						
Land rent				16,133		
USDA search grant				17,500		
Interest earned on investments				44		
Miscellaneous				2,211		
Insurance recovery				3,905		
Total Nonoperating Revenues	_	32,285		39,793	-	7,508
Total Revenues	_	301,710	. <u> </u>	324,346	-	22,636
Expenditures:						
Water:						
Salaries and employee benefits				64,543		
Departmental supplies				16,178		
Postage				2,571		
Water purchase				81,065		
USDA search grant				17,500		
Maintenance and supplies				10,469		
Contracted services				10,085		
Other operating expenditures				482	_	
Total	_	241,767	. <u> </u>	202,893	-	38,874
Sewer:						
Maintenance and supplies				13,068		
Chemicals				2,933		
Utilities				33,685		
Departmental supplies				12,522		
Other operating expenditures				17,247		
Total	_	87,210	_	79,455	-	7,755
Total Expenditures	\$	328,977	\$	282,348	\$	46,629

<u>WATER AND SEWER FUND</u> <u>SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -</u> <u>BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)</u> For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	_	Budget	Actual	 Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(27,267) \$	41,998	\$ 69,265
Fund Balance Appropriated	_	27,267		 (27,267)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ _		41,998	\$ 41,998
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:				
Reconciling Items: Capital outlay Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable recogning Increase in deferred outflows of resources-pension Decrease in accrued vacation pay Increase in net pension liability Depreciation Total Reconciling Items Change in Net Position		\$	22,723 (7,201) 1,647 3,595 (2,906) (42,095) (24,237) 17,761	

SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE June 30, 2021

		J	une .	50, 2021			
<u>Fiscal Year</u>		Uncollected Balance une 30, 2020		Additions	Collections and Credits		Uncollected Balance June 30, 2021
2020-2021 2019-2020	\$	- 3	\$	315,691	\$ 304,807 4,693	\$	10,884 8,993
2019-2020		8,756		_	796		7,960
2017-2018		6,834		_	151		6,683
2016-2017		6,707		_	528		6,179
2015-2016		6,071		-			6,071
2014-2015		5,508		-	469		5,039
2013-2014		5,859		-	-		5,859
2012-2013		5,955		-	-		5,955
2011-2012		4,041		-	-		4,041
2010-2011		3,788		-	 3,788		
	\$	67,205	\$	315,691	\$ 315,232	:	67,664
Less: Allowance for uno Ad valorem taxes rec		le acounts:					39,828
Ad valorem taxes receive	able - ne	t				\$	27,836
Reconcilement with Rev Ad valorem taxes col							
General fund						\$	313,384
Reconciling items: Interest collected Taxes written off Adjustments							(1,837) 4,036 (351)
Total Collection	ons and (Credits				\$	315,232

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY <u>TOWN-WIDE LEVY</u> For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

						Total Levy			
		Tow	Property excluding Registered	Registered					
		Property Valuation	Rate		Total Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles		
Original Levy: Property taxed at current	¢		0.64						
year's rate Registered motor vehicles	\$	51,716,557 \$	0.61	\$	315,471 \$	279,056	\$ 36,415		
taxed at prior year's rate Penalties		-	0.61	-	355	355	-		
Total Original Levy		51,716,557		_	315,826	279,411	36,415		
Discoveries: Current year taxes Prior year taxes Penalties		- - -	0.61 0.61	_	- - -	- -	- - -		
Total Discoveries				_	-				
Abatements		(22,131)	0.61	_	(135)	(135)			
Total Property Valuation	\$	51,694,426							
Net levy					315,691	279,276	36,415		
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2021				_	10,884	10,884			
Current year's taxes collected				\$ _	304,807 \$	268,392	\$ 36,415		
Current levy collection percentage				=	96.55%	96.10%	100.00%		