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TOWN OF SWANSBORO NORTH CAROLINA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

GREGORY T. REDMAN, CPA TARBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

Financial Statements Town of Swansboro Swansboro, North Carolina

Board of Commissioners

John Davis, Mayor Frank Tursi, Mayor Pro Tem Laurent Meilleur Larry Philpott Harry Pugliese Patricia Turner

Administrative Staff

Sonia Johnson, Finance Director

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Financial Section



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners Swansboro, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Swansboro, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of Swansboro Tourism Development Authority were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions

Opinions

In my opinion, based on my audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Swansboro, North Carolina as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Other Postemployment Benefits' Schedules of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, and the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Swansboro, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are presented for purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by me. In my opinion, based on my audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated November 15, 2021 on my consideration of Town of Swansboro, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Swansboro, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Theyong T. Andorran, CAA

Tarboro, North Carolina November 15, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Swansboro, we offer readers of the Town of Swansboro's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Swansboro for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

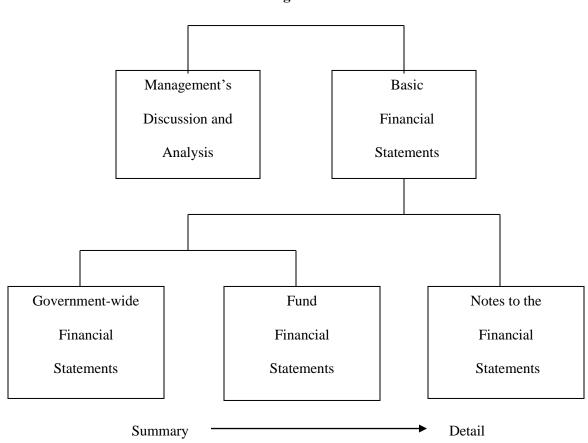
Financial Highlights

Highlights of the Town's fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 include:

- The assets of the Town of Swansboro exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$8,173,200(*net position*)
- The government's total net position increased by \$379,371.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Swansboro's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,850,899 an increase of \$551,827 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 64 percent of this total amount, or \$2,432,008 is unassigned and available for spending at the government's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,432,008, or 52 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- Property and sales taxes are the two largest sources of revenues within the Town's governmental fund.
- The Town has achieved the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the 25th consecutive year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Swansboro's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Swansboro.



Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 5-A) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, supplemental information is provided about the Net Pension Liability, Law Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance, and the Town's Health Care Plan. A section follows to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Management Discussion and Analysis Town of Swansboro

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes, other taxes, and intergovernmental revenues principally support these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include stormwater and solid waste services offered by the Town of Swansboro. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the Town, the Swansboro Tourism Development Authority is important to the Town. The Town exercises control over the Authority by appointing its members and the Town is responsible for the collection and accounting of all funds remitted to or disbursed by the Authority.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Swansboro like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Town of Swansboro can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Swansboro adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. Because the Town's budgetary basis of accounting does not differ from the modified accrual basis used in the funds statements, reconciliation is not necessary at the end of the statement.

Proprietary Funds –The Town of Swansboro has one proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Swansboro uses enterprise funds to account for its stormwater and solid waste activity operations. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 27-59 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Swansboro's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 60-64 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities – The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Town of Swansboro's Net Position Figure 2

	Governmental Activities			ess-type vities	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Current and other assets	\$ 4,666,799	\$ 3,891,926	\$ 163,641	\$ 104,981	\$ 4,830,440	\$ 3,996,907	
Capital and other noncurrent assets	7,053,832	7,182,468	-	239,822	7,053,832	7,422,290	
Total assets	\$11,720,631	\$11,074,394	\$ 163,641	\$ 344,803	\$11,884,272	\$11,419,197	
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 710,088	\$ 377,898	\$ 24,842	\$ 18,412	\$ 734,930	\$ 396,310	
Long-term liabilities	\$ 2,898,586	\$ 2,527,941	\$ 85,184	\$ 56,843	\$ 2,983,770	\$ 2,584,784	
Other liabilities	1,065,007	829,019	33,974	37,448	1,098,981	866,467	
Total liabilities	\$ 3,963,593	\$ 3,356,960	\$ 119,158	\$ 94,291	\$ 4,082,751	\$ 3,451,251	
Deferred inflows of resources Net position:	\$ 293,926	\$ 301,503	\$ 132	\$ 15,049	\$ 294,058	\$ 316,552	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 5,599,105	\$ 5,569,892	\$ 227,836	\$ 239,822	\$ 5,826,941	\$ 5,809,714	
Restricted	1,169,631	691,177	-	-	1,169,631	691,177	
Unrestricted	1,404,464	1,532,760	69,193	14,053	1,473,657	1,546,813	
Total net position	\$ 8,173,200	\$ 7,793,829	\$ 297,029	\$ 253,875	\$ 8,470,229	\$ 8,047,704	

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Town of Swansboro's government-wide activities exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$8,470,229 as of June 30, 2021.

The Town's net position increased by \$422,525 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The Town of Swansboro uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Swansboro's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Swansboro's net position, \$1,169,631, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$1,473,657 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

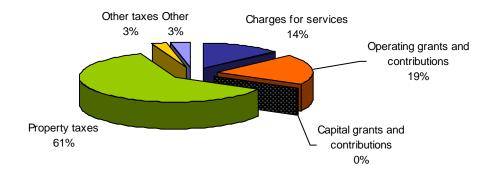
- Continued diligence by Onslow County in the collection of property taxes, achieving a tax collection rate of 99.34%.
- Continued success with the combined method of sales tax distribution, ad valorem and per capita which enhances our sales tax revenue.
- Due diligence in operational spending.

Changes in net position- The following table presents the Town's changes in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

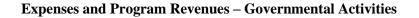
		Figure 5						
		nmental vities	Busines Activ	• •	Total			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Revenues:	2021		2021		2021			
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 493,238	\$ 410,080	\$-	\$ 436,631	\$ 493,238	\$ 846,711		
Operating grants and contributions	584,617	417,820	-	-	584,617	417,820		
Capital grants and contributions	9,474	50,508	-	-	9,474	50,508		
General revenues:	,	,			,	,		
Property taxes	1,827,866	1,745,281	-	-	1,827,866	1,745,281		
Other taxes	78,930	71,088	-	-	78,930	71,088		
Grants and contributions not restricted								
to specific programs	1,473,942	1,268,190	-	-	1,473,942	1,268,190		
Other	98,952	407,162	-	-	98,952	407,162		
Total revenues	\$ 4,567,019	\$ 4,370,129	\$ -	\$ 436,631	\$ 4,567,019	\$ 4,806,760		
Expenses:								
General government	\$ 700,524	\$ 939,050	\$-	\$-	\$ 700,524	\$ 939,050		
Public safety	2,266,322	1,989,854	÷ -	÷ -	2,266,322	1,989,854		
Transportation	449,106	276,500	-	-	449,106	276,500		
Economic development	143,597	145,233	-	-	143,597	145,233		
Environmental protection		- ,	-	-		- ,		
Cultural and recreation	369,351	342,413	-	-	369,351	342,413		
Other	221,532	187,429	-	-	221,532	187,429		
Interest on long-term debt	9,706	41,269	-	-	9,706	41,269		
Stormwater	-	-	117,630	123,764	117,630	123,764		
Solid Waste	-	-	405,335	335,165	405,335	335,165		
Total expenses	\$ 4,160,138	\$ 3,921,748	\$ 522,965	\$ 458,929	\$ 4,683,103	\$ 4,380,677		
Increase in net position before transfers								
and special items	\$ 406,881	\$ 448,381	\$ 15,643	\$ (22,298)	\$ 422,524	\$ 426,083		
Transfers and special items	(27,510)	(163,802)	27,511	163,802	1	-		
Increase in net position	\$ 379,371	\$ 284,579	\$ 43,154	\$ 141,504	\$ 422,525	\$ 426,083		
Net position, July 1	7,793,829	⁽⁴⁾ 7,509,250	253,875	^{111,304} 112,371	\$ 8,047,704	⁽⁴⁾ 7,621,621		
Net position-beginning, restated	1,195,029	1,309,230	233,013	112,371	0,047,704	7,021,021		
Net position, June 30	\$ 8,173,200	\$ 7,793,829	\$ 297,029	\$ 253,875	\$ 8,470,229	\$ 8,047,704		
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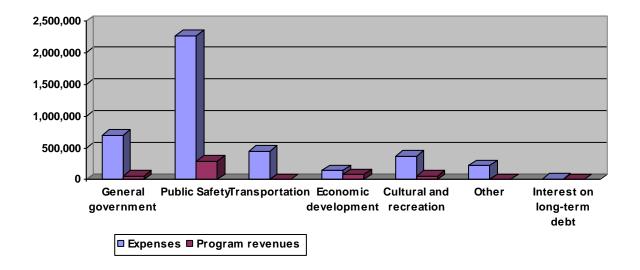
Town of Swansboro Changes in Net Position Figure 3

Governmental Activities



Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities



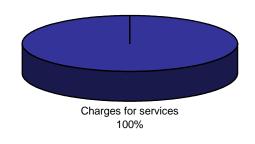


Total government-wide revenues were primarily derived from property taxes, other taxes, and grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs.

The total expenses of all programs cover a range of services, primarily public safety and general government.

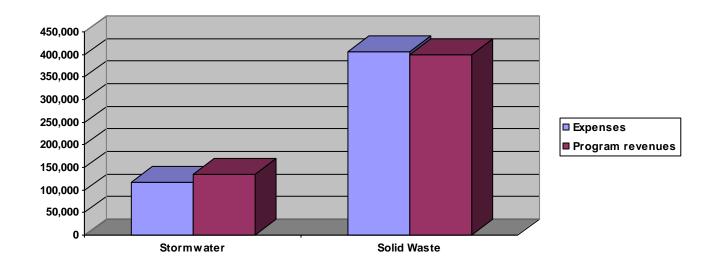
Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$379,371.

Business – type Activities



Revenues by Source – Business-type Activities

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities



Revenues from the business-type activities were derived from charges for services.

Expenses were mainly due to general operational costs for stormwater and solid waste.

Business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$43,154.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Swansboro uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the Town of Swansboro's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Swansboro, North Carolina's financing requirements.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Swansboro. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Swansboro's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$2,432,008, while the total fund balance reached \$3,850,899. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, fund balance was calculated in accordance with North Carolina General Statute 159-8(a). The Town currently has an available fund balance of 60% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 80% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2021, the governmental funds of Town of Swansboro reported a combined fund balance of \$3,850,899, a 17% increase from last year. This increase is associated with additional property tax revenue and a reduction in departmental expenditures.

Proprietary Funds: The Town's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Stormwater and Solid Waste Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$69,193.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. Key differences between original and the final budget are as follows:

Appropriation from Fund Balance:

- Public Buildings \$15,411 for building maintenance
- Police Department \$8,790 for Bulletproof Vests.
- Finance Department \$2,000 for additional costs for comprehensive operational software
- Fire Department \$126,621 for personnel, re-appropriated for Air Cleaning Special Diesel Exhaust System, extrication equipment, set aside for future capital purchases, and boat repairs.
- Parks & Recreation \$80,000, Ward Shore Permeable Parking Lot, Comprehensive Master Plan Update Project, and additional cost to purchase a Parks & Recreation interface function for the new comprehensive operational software.
- Emergency Management \$65,000 for COVID-19 supplies, hurricane repairs, and upgraded computer hardware to improve telework capabilities
- Legal Department \$5,000 for legal fees.
- Admin Services \$6,315 for re-appropriated for ADA Plan
- Public Works Streets \$170,305 for sidewalk construction, installation of Wayfinding signs, set aside for future capital purchases and to purchase a vehicle.
- Church Street Dock \$6,122 for dock repairs due to Hurricane Isaias
- Admin Services \$2,500 for Bogue Inlet Dredging
- Non-Departmental \$19,000 for additional costs for IT Services.
- Personnel adjustments \$58,385

Transfer to Capital Reserve:

• Non-Departmental - \$248,791 for future capital purchases

Transfer to Stormwater Enterprise Fund:

• \$13,774 for the purchase of new equipment

Transfer to Solid Waste Enterprise Fund:

• \$13,737 for the purchase of new equipment

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of Swansboro's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021, totals \$7,281,668 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, improvements other than buildings, land, machinery and equipment, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions:

- HVAC Unit for Records Vault \$5,200
- Public Works Vehicle \$24,130
- Police Department Vehicle \$19,505
- Fire Department Vehicle/Equipment \$36,424
- Fire Resistant File Cabinet \$5,399
- Air Cleaning Special Diesel Exhaust System \$25,909
- Public Works Equipment \$17,400

Town of Swansboro's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

	Governmental Activities			ss-type vities	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Land	\$ 999,498	\$ 999,498	\$-	\$-	\$ 999,498	\$ 999,498	
Buildings and systems	2,869,755	2,941,145	-	-	2,869,755	2,941,145	
Improvements other than buildings	646,815	646,815	-	-	646,815	646,815	
Machinery and equipment	251,682	215,750	227,836	239,822	479,518	455,572	
Software	-	851	-	-	-	851	
Vehicles and motorized equipment	680,360	735,800	-	-	680,360	735,800	
Monuments	67,198	67,198	-	-	67,198	67,198	
Infrastructure	818,196	905,742	-	-	818,196	905,742	
Construction in progress	720,328	669,669	-	-	720,328	669,669	
Total	\$7,053,832	\$7,182,468	\$227,836	\$239,822	\$7,281,668	\$7,422,290	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in note III.A.4. of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2021, the Town of Swansboro had total debt outstanding of \$1,454,727.

Town of Swansboro's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

	Govern	imental		Busine	ss-type	•		
	Activ	vities	Act		Activities		Тс	otal
	2021	2020	20)21	2020		2021	2020
Installment notes	\$ 1,454,727	\$ 1,612,576	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,454,727	\$ 1,612,576

The Town of Swansboro's total debt decreased by \$157,849 during the past fiscal year.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in note III.B.6. of the Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town:

- Increase in property tax base due to increase in residential and business construction.
- Increased Stormwater Utility Fee rates for residential properties.
- Slight increase in funding received from Onslow County for Fire protection services.
- Increase in sales and use tax revenue.
- Current service levels maintained with the appropriation of fund balance.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town of Swansboro's budget for the 2021-2022 fiscal year.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities: Property taxes, sales taxes, other tax revenues are expected to lead the increase in budgeted revenues. The Town will use these revenues to finance programs currently in place.

The Town has maintained current service levels with the appropriation of General Fund Balance.

The budget includes a stormwater and solid waste enterprise fund. This will eliminate further deterioration of the general fund and fund reserves to carry out these respective programs and services.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to decrease. The largest increments are in employee compensation, including funding compensation and benefits adjustments.

Business-type Activities: Fees will be reviewed and updated on an ongoing basis to ensure that they keep pace with the changes in service delivery costs as well as changes in methods or levels of service delivery.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide an overview of the Town of Swansboro's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Town of Swansboro, Finance Director, 601 W. Corbett Avenue, Swansboro, NC 28584 or sjohnson@ci.swansboro.nc.us.

Basic Financial Statements

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Primary Government							ponent Unit vansboro
		vernmental Activities		siness-type Activities		Total	ן Dev	vansooro Fourism velopment uthority
Assets								
Current Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,061,658	\$	102,698	\$	4,164,356	\$	131,589
Restricted cash		39,235		-		39,235		-
Account interest receivable on taxes		12,505		-		12,505		-
Taxes receivable (net)		26,394		-		26,394		-
Deposits		-		-		-		50
Internal balances		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable (net)		527,007		60,943		587,950		11,991
Grants receivable		-		-		-		-
Total Current Assets	\$	4,666,799	\$	163,641	\$	4,830,440	\$	143,630
Non-current Assets:								
Capital Assets:								
Land and non-depreciable assets		1,787,024		-		1,787,024		-
Depreciable assets, net		5,266,808		227,836		5,494,644		
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$</u> \$	7,053,832	\$	227,836	\$	7,281,668	<u>\$</u> \$	-
Total Assets	2	11,720,631	\$	391,477	\$	12,112,108	\$	143,630
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Pension and OPEB deferrals	\$	710,088	\$	24,842	\$	734,930	\$	-
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	738,503	\$	33,372	\$	771,875	\$	754
Accrued interest payable		11,991		-		11,991		-
Other liabilities		-		-		-		-
Current portion long-term liabilities		314,513		602		315,115		-
Total Current Liabilities	\$	1,065,007	\$	33,974	\$	1,098,981	\$	754
Long-term liabilities:								
Due in more than one year		2,898,586	<u> </u>	85,184	. <u> </u>	2,983,770		-
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	2,898,586	\$	85,184	\$	2,983,770	\$	-
Total Liabilities	\$	3,963,593	\$	119,158	\$	4,082,751	\$	754
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Pension and OPEB deferrals	\$	267,419	\$	132	\$	267,551	\$	-
Accrued interest payable		26,507		-		26,507		
Total Current Liabilities	\$	293,926	\$	132	\$	294,058	\$	
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	5,599,105	\$	227,836	\$	5,826,941	\$	-
Restricted for:								
Stabilization by State Statute		527,007		-		527,007		11,991
Streets		24,325		-		24,325		-
Capital improvements		618,299		-		618,299		-
Unrestricted		1,404,464		69,193		1,473,657	+	130,885
Total Net Position	\$	8,173,200	\$	297,029	\$	8,470,229	\$	142,876

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Program Revenues				Net (Ex	(pense)	Revenue a	nd Changes in I	Net Posi	tion
						Pri	mary G	overnmen	t	Com	ponent Unit
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	G	overnmental Activities		ess-type ivities	Total	T Dev	vansboro Courism Velopment uthority
Primary Government:	•										Ū
Governmental Activities:											
General government	\$ 700,524	\$ 57,994	\$ 331,097	\$ -	\$	(311,433)	\$	-	\$ (311,433)		
Public safety	2,266,322	295,995	170,995	-		(1,799,332)		-	(1,799,332)		
Transportation	449,106	-	80,205	-		(368,901)		-	(368,901)		
Economic development	143,597	79,096	-	9,474		(55,027)		-	(55,027)		
Environmental protection	-	-	2,320	-		2,320		-	2,320		
Cultural and recreation	369,351	60,153	-	-		(309,198)		-	(309,198)		
Other	221,532	-	-	-		(221,532)		-	(221,532)		
Interest on long-term debt	9,706	-	-	-		(9,706)		-	(9,706)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 4,160,138	\$ 493,238	\$ 584,617	\$ 9,474	\$	(3,072,809)	\$	-	\$ (3,072,809)		
Business-type Activities:											
Stormwater	\$ 117,630	\$ 133,961	\$ -	\$-	\$	-	\$	16,331	\$ 16,331		
Solid waste	405,335	399,232	+ -	÷ -	Ψ	-	Ŷ	(6,103)	(6,103)		
Total business-type activities	\$ 522,965	\$ 533,193	\$-	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$ 10,228		
Total Primary Government	\$ 4,683,103	\$ 1,026,431	\$ 584,617	\$ 9,474	\$	(3,072,809)	\$	10,228	\$ (3,062,581)		
-									· · · · · ·		
Component Unit: Swansboro Tourism Development Authority	\$ 38,941	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -						\$	38,941
	General Reve	nues:									
	Taxes:										
	Property t	axes			\$	1,827,867	\$	-	\$ 1,827,867	\$	-
	Other taxe	es				78,930		-	78,930		80,429
	Grants and	d contributions	not restricted to a	specific programs		1,473,942		-	1,473,942		-
	Unrestricted	l investment ea	rnings			1,080		-	1,080		-
	Miscellaneo	ous				97,872		5,415	103,287		1,336
	Total G	eneral Revenue	s Not Including	Fransfers	\$	3,479,691	\$	5,415	\$ 3,485,106	\$	81,765
	Transfers					(27,511)		27,511	-		-
	Total G	eneral Revenue	s and Transfers		\$	3,452,180	\$	32,926	\$ 3,485,106	\$	81,765
	Change	In Net Position	1			379,371		43,154	422,525		42,824
	Net position, l					7,793,829		253,875	8,047,704		100,052
	Net position, o	ending			\$	8,173,200	\$	297,029	\$ 8,470,229	\$	142,876

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	Major	Funds	Non-	Major Funds			
		Capital		Other	Total Governmental Funds		
	General	Reserve	Gov	vernmental			
	Fund	Fund		Funds			
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,442,222	\$ 475,157	\$	144,279	\$	4,061,658	
Restricted cash	39,235	-		-		39,235	
Receivables, net:							
Taxes	26,394	-		-		26,394	
Accounts	527,007	-		-		527,007	
Grants	-	-		-		-	
Due from other funds	-	-		-		-	
Total Assets	\$ 4,034,858	\$ 475,157	\$	144,279	\$	4,654,294	
Liabilities							
Due to other governments	\$ 11,991	\$-	\$	-	\$	11,991	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	737,366	-		1,137		738,503	
Other liabilities	-	-		-		-	
Total Liabilities	\$ 749,357	\$-	\$	1,137	\$	750,494	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Property taxes receivable	\$ 26,394	\$ -	\$	-	\$	26,394	
Prepaid taxes	26,507			-		26,507	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 52,901	\$-	\$	-	\$	52,901	
Fund Balances							
Restricted:							
Stabilization by State Statute	\$ 527,007	\$ -	\$	-	\$	527,007	
Streets	24,325	-		-		24,325	
Capital improvements	-	475,157		143,142		618,299	
Assigned:							
Subsequent year's expenditures	249,260	-		-		249,260	
Unassigned	2,432,008	-		-		2,432,008	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 3,232,600	\$ 475,157	\$	143,142	\$	3,850,899	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources, And Fund Balances	\$ 4,034,858	\$ 475,157	\$	144,279	\$	4,654,294	

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2021	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of the Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:	
Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds	\$ 3,850,899
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Gross capital assets at historical cost10,804,204Accumulated depreciation(3,750,372)	\$ 7,053,832
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds	710,088
Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds.	12,505
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(3,213,099)
Earned revenue considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements	26,394
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds	(267,419)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 8,173,200

Exhibit 3

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Ma	ior	Non-Major Fund	5			
		Capital	Other	_	Total Governmental Funds		
	General	Reserve	Governmental	G			
	Fund	Fund	Funds				
Revenues				_			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,838,055	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,838,055		
Other taxes and licenses	78,930	-	-		78,930		
Unrestricted intergovernmental	1,473,942	-	-		1,473,942		
Restricted intergovernmental	584,617	-	87,100		671,717		
Permits and fees	414,142	-	-		414,142		
Sales and services	1,470	-	-		1,470		
Investment earnings	1,080	-	-		1,080		
Miscellaneous	96,142	-	-		96,142		
Contributions	1,730				1,730		
Total Revenues	\$ 4,490,108	\$-	\$ 87,100	\$	4,577,208		
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	\$ 880,797	\$ -	\$ -	\$	880,797		
Public safety	1,934,646	-	-		1,934,646		
Transportation	363,173	-	-		363,173		
Economic development	92,936	-	50,659		143,595		
Cultural and recreational	286,572	-	-		286,572		
Non-departmental	221,532	-	-		221,532		
Debt service:							
Principal	268,549	-	-		268,549		
Interest and other charges	9,706		-		9,706		
Total Expenditures	\$ 4,057,911	\$-	\$ 50,659	\$	4,108,570		
Excess (Deficiency) Of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	\$ 432,197	\$ -	\$ 36,441	\$	468,638		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Loan issuance	\$ 110,700	\$ -	\$ -	\$	110,700		
Transfers in:							
Capital projects	123,634	-	-		123,634		
General fund	-	248,791	-		248,791		
Transfers out:							
Capital projects	(372,425)	-	-		(372,425)		
Stormwater enterprise fund	-	-			-		
Solid waste fund	(27,511)	-	-		(27,511)		
Total Other Financing Sources And Uses	\$ (165,602)	\$ 248,791	\$ -	\$	83,189		
Net Change In Fund Balance	\$ 266,595	\$ 248,791	\$ 36,441	\$	551,827		
Fund balances, beginning	2,966,005	226,366	106,701		3,299,072		
Fund balances, ending	\$ 3,232,600	\$ 475,157	\$ 143,142	\$	3,850,899		

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021							
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of the Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:							
Net change in fund balances - governmental funds			\$	551,827			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.							
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized Depreciation expense for governmental assets	\$	172,561 (301,197)	\$	(128,636)			
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities				173,652			
Benefit payments paid for LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities				17,725			
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, wheras these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.							
New long-term debt issued Principal payments on long-term debt	\$	(110,700) 268,549	\$	157,849			
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:							
Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues				(10,189)			
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:							
Compensated absences		(56,216)					
Pension expense		(273,856)		(200.057)			
Other postemployment benefits		(52,785)		(382,857)			
Total Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$	379,371			

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund and Annually Budgeted Major Capital Project Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		General Fund							
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Revenues	¢ 1700064	¢ 1 700 064	¢ 1.020.055	¢ 40.001					
Ad valorem taxes Other taxes and licenses	\$ 1,788,964	\$ 1,788,964 78 201	\$ 1,838,055 78,030	\$ 49,091 729					
	1,031,000	78,201 1,045,600	78,930 1,473,942	428,342					
Unrestricted intergovernmental Restricted intergovernmental	253,337	1,043,000 547,991	584,617	428,542 36,626					
Permits and fees	215,450	334,878	414,142	79,264					
Sales and services	215,450	500	1,470	9,204 970					
Investment earnings	25,000	25,000	1,470	(23,920)					
Miscellaneous	216,879	23,000 55,959	96,142	40,183					
Contributions	210,079	3,650	1,730	(1,920)					
	- -								
Total Revenues	\$ 3,530,630	\$ 3,880,743	\$ 4,490,108	\$ 609,365					
Expenditures Current:									
General government	\$ 1,096,111	\$ 946,278	\$ 880,797	\$ 65,481					
Public safety	1,751,161	2,319,631	1,934,646	384,985					
Transportation	268,822	397,931	363,173	34,758					
Economic development	97,559	180,832	92,936	87,896					
Cultural and recreational	285,363	341,304	286,572	54,732					
Non-departmental	283,520	228,820	221,532	7,288					
Debt Service:	203,520	220,020	221,332	7,200					
Principal	282,766	272,766	268,549	4,217					
Interest and other charges		10,000	9,706	294					
Total Expenditures	\$ 4,065,302	\$ 4,697,562	\$ 4,057,911	\$ 639,651					
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (534,672)	\$ (816,819)	\$ 432,197	\$ 1,249,016					
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Loan issuance	\$ 149,200	\$ 149,200	\$ 110,700	\$ (38,500)					
Sale of capital assets Transfers-In	- 7,000	- 123,634	- 123,634	-					
Transfers-Out	-	(399,936)	(399,936)	_					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 156,200	\$ (127,102)	\$ (165,602)	\$ (38,500)					
Fund balance appropriated									
	\$ 378,472	\$ 943,921	\$ -	\$ (943,921)					
Net Change In Fund Balance	\$ -	\$-	\$ 266,595	\$ 266,595					
Fund balance, beginning			2,966,005						
Fund Balance, ending			\$ 3,232,600						

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Capital Reserve Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund and Annually Budgeted Major Capital Project Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Capital Project Fund - Capital Reserve							
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Fin]	iance With al Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues								
Reserve for Capital	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Fund balance appropriated	((414,059)	(4	414,059)		-		414,059
Transfer (to) from other funds		414,059		414,059		248,791		(165,268)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$		\$	-	\$	248,791	\$	248,791
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$		\$	-	\$	248,791	\$	248,791
Fund Balances								
Beginning of year						226,366		
End of year					\$	475,157		

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Major Enterprise Funds					
	Stormwater Fund			lid Waste	Totals	
				Fund		
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	41,313	\$	61,385	\$	102,698
Accounts receivable (net)		60,943		-		60,943
Due from other funds		-		-		-
Total Current Assets	\$	102,256	\$	61,385	\$	163,641
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Land and other non-depreciable assets		-		-		-
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		64,240		163,596		227,836
Capital assets (net)	\$	64,240	\$	163,596	\$	227,836
Total Assets	\$	166,496	\$	224,981	\$	391,477
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension deferrals	\$	12,421	\$	12,421	\$	24,842
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable - trade	\$	6,184	\$	27,188	\$	33,372
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Customer deposits		-		-		-
Compensated absences - current		301		301		602
Total Current Liabilities	\$	6,485	\$	27,489	\$	33,974
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences	\$	2,712	\$	2,712	\$	5,424
Net pension liability		21,378		21,378		42,756
Total OPEB liability		18,502		18,502		37,004
Total non-current liabilities	\$	42,592	\$	42,592	\$	85,184
Total Liabilities	\$	49,077	\$	70,081	\$	119,158
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Pension deferrals	\$	66	\$	66	\$	132
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	64,240	\$	163,596	\$	227,836
Restricted net position		-		-		-
Unrestricted net position		65,534	<i>.</i>	3,659		69,193
Total Net Position	\$	129,774	\$	167,255	\$	297,029

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, And Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Major Enterprise Funds						
	Stormwater Fund		Solid Waste				
				Fund	Totals		
Operating Revenues							
Charges for services	\$	133,961	\$	399,232	\$	533,193	
Other operating revenues				-		-	
Total Operating Revenues	\$	133,961	\$	399,232	\$	533,193	
Operating Expenses							
Administration	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Stormwater operations		115,854		-		115,854	
Solid waste operations		-		383,060		383,060	
Depreciation	,	1,776		22,275		24,051	
Total Operating Expenses	\$	117,630	\$	405,335	\$	522,965	
Operating income (loss)	\$	16,331	\$	(6,103)	\$	10,228	
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)							
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Miscellaneous revenue		5,415		-		5,415	
Total Non-operating Revenues (expenses)	\$	5,415	\$	-	\$	5,415	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	\$	21,746	\$	(6,103)	\$	15,643	
Capital contributions		-		-		-	
Transfers from other funds		13,774		13,737		27,511	
Transfers to other funds		-		-		-	
Change in net position	\$	35,520	\$	7,634	\$	43,154	
Net position, beginning		94,254		159,621		253,875	
Net position, ending	\$	129,774	\$	167,255	\$	297,029	

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Major Enterprise Funds					
	Stormwater Fund		Solid Waste Fund			Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities						
Cash received from customers	\$	98,508	\$	399,232	\$	497,740
Cash paid for goods and services		(52,226)		(327,490)		(379,716)
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services		(62,755)		(52,922)		(115,677)
Other operating revenues		-		(0=,>==)		-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(16,473)	\$	18,820	\$	2,347
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities		i i				
Other revenue	\$	5,415	\$		\$	5,415
Transfers from other funds	φ		Φ	- רכד 12	Ф	
		13,774		13,737		27,511
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	\$	-	\$	-	¢	-
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	\$	19,189	\$	13,737	\$	32,926
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing						
Acquisition of capital assets	\$	(6,033)	\$	(6,033)	\$	(12,066)
Capital contributions		-		-		
Net cash provided (used) by capital						
and related financing activities	\$	(6,033)	\$	(6,033)	\$	(12,066)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities						
Interest and dividends	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(3,317)	\$	26,524	\$	23,207
Balances - Beginning of year		44,630		34,861		79,491
Balances - End of year	\$	41,313	\$	61,385	\$	102,698
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by						
operating activities: Operating income (loss)	¢	16,331	¢	(6 102)	¢	10 228
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	\$	10,331	\$	(6,103)	\$	10,228
provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation	\$	1,776	\$	22,275	\$	24,051
Changes in assets and liabilities:	Ŧ	-,	Ŧ	,	-	,
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(35,453)		-		(35,453)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		(3,215)		(3,214)		(6,429)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(1,658)		115		(1,543)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		6,549		6,549		13,098
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability		6,656		6,656		13,312
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows		(7,459)		(7,458)		(14,917)
Total adjustments	\$	(32,804)	\$	24,923	\$	(7,881)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(16,473)	\$	18,820	\$	2,347

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Swansboro, North Carolina and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Town of Swansboro, North Carolina (the Town) is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member board. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the Town is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the Town's financial statement in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Town.

Swansboro Tourism Development Authority (TDA)

The members of the Swansboro TDA governing board are appointed by the Town. In addition, the Town shall be responsible for the collection and accounting of all funds remitted to or disbursed by the Swansboro TDA. The Swansboro TDA, which has a June 30 year end, is presented as if it were a governmental fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the Swansboro TDA may be obtained from the Town's administrative offices at Swansboro Town Hall, 601 W Corbett Avenue, Swansboro, NC 28584.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government and its component unit. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. All transactions from interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - "governmental and proprietary" - are presented. The Town has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, general government, environmental protection, street maintenance and construction, and recreation.

Capital Reserve Fund. This Fund is used to account for monies set aside for future capital expenditures or projects.

The Town reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Capital Project Funds. Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). The Town has four non-major Capital Project Funds: Park and Recreation Reserve Fund, Waterfront Plan Implementation Fund, Municipal Park Improvement Fund, and Information Technology Project Fund, within its governmental fund types.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Stormwater Fund – This fund is used to account for the Town's stormwater operations.

Solid Waste Fund – This fund is used to account for the Town's solid waste operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities

are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the town because the tax is levied by Onslow County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Capital Projects Funds. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the capital project funds. The finance officer may transfer amounts between objects of expenditures within a department without limitations and without an official report being requested. Any other transfer or revisions that later the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several material amendments to the original budget were necessary mainly due to funding capital project funds. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town and Swansboro TDA are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law (G.S. 159-31). The Town and Swansboro TDA may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town and Swansboro TDA may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town and Swansboro TDA to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States or obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The Town's investments are reported at fair value. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool is measured at fair value. The NCCMT-Term Portfolio is bond fund, has no rating, and is measured at fair value. As of June 30, 2021, the Term portfolio has a duration of .15 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools moneys from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. All cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Money in the Drug Seizure fund is classified as restricted cash because its use is restricted for drug seizure purposes within the Town. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

Town of Swansboro Restricted Cash	
Streets	\$ 24,325
Public safety	 14,910
Total Restricted Cash	\$ 39,235

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization cost for all types of capital assets is \$5,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost.

General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	50
Infrastructure	30
Improvements	25
Heavy equipment	10
Software	8
Vehicles	5
Furniture and equipment	5
Computer equipment	3

Property, plant, and equipment of the Swansboro Tourism Development Authority are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

Asset Class	Estimated
	Useful Life
Buildings	20
Equipment and furniture	10
Vehicles	3-5
Computers	3

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has two items that meets this criterion – pension deferrals and OPEB deferrals for the 2021 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has several items that meet the criterion for this category – property taxes receivable, OPEB deferrals, and pension deferrals.

8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they occurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide fund, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first in, first out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

10. Net Position/Fund Balances

a. Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or b) imposed by law through state statute.

b. Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of two classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds.

The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". *Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget.* Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by the law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation". RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill Funds.

Restricted for Capital Improvements – portion of fund balance that is restricted for future capital improvements.

Restricted for Festivals and Events – portion of fund balance that is restricted by an external source for future Town festivals and events.

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that the Town of Swansboro intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance - portion of total fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

11. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Swansboro, North Carolina's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of Swansboro, North Carolina has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

There were no violations of noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes reported for the year ended June 30, 2021.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town and the Swansboro TDA are either insured or collateralized by using one method. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town and Swansboro Tourism Development Authority, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's and Swansboro Tourism Development Authority agent in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town and Swansboro Tourism Development Authority, or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town and Swansboro Tourism Development Authority and the state Treasure is provided for the Town and Swansboro Tourism Development for collateral pledged for the Town and Swansboro Tourism Development Authority of the potential exists for undercollateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository

that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial risk for deposits but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provision of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

The Swansboro TDA has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2021, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$3,775,877 and a bank balance of \$3,789,754. Of the bank balance, \$264,910 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2021, the Town had \$150 cash on hand.

The carrying amount of deposits for the Swansboro TDA was \$131,589 and the bank balance was \$135,062. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2021, the investments of the Town were as follows:

Investment by Type	Valuation Measurement Method	Book /alue at /30/2021	Maturity	Rating
NC Capital Management Trust -	Fair Value			
Government Portfolio	Level 1	\$ 427,564	N/A	AAAm
Total		\$ 427,564		

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk. The Town has no formal investment policy regarding interest rate risk.

Credit Risk. The Town has no formal policy regarding credit risk but has internal management procedures that limits the Town's investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. The Town's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's and AAAm-mf by Moody's Investors Service as of June 30, 2021.

Custodial Credit Risk. The Town has no formal policy on custodial credit risk, but management procedures are that the Town shall utilize a third-party custodial agent for book entry transactions, all of which shall be held in the Town's name.

3. <u>Receivables – Allowance for Doubtful Accounts</u>

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2021 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

Fund	June	2021
General Fund - Taxes receivable	\$	7,281

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 999,498	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 999,498
Monuments	67,198	-	-	67,198
Construction in progress	669,669	50,659		720,328
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ 1,736,365	\$ 50,659	\$-	\$ 1,787,024
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 3,558,854	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,558,854
Software	24,606	-	-	24,606
Infrastructure	1,477,385	-	-	1,477,385
Equipment	786,249	63,408	-	849,657
Vehicles	2,094,943	58,494	-	2,153,437
Park improvements	953,241	-	-	953,241
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$ 8,895,278	\$ 121,902	\$ -	\$ 9,017,180
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings	\$ 617,709	\$ 71,390	\$-	\$ 689,099
Software	23,755	851	-	24,606
Infrastructure	571,643	87,546	-	659,189
Equipment	570,499	27,476	-	597,975
Vehicles	1,359,143	113,934	-	1,473,077
Park improvements	306,426	-	-	306,426
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 3,449,175	\$ 301,197	\$ -	\$ 3,750,372
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, net	\$ 5,446,103	·		\$ 5,266,808
Governmental Activity Capital Assets, net	\$ 7,182,468			\$ 7,053,832

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 33,328
Public safety	99,157
Transportation	85,933
Cultural and recreation	82,779
Total	\$ 301,197

	Ũ	nning Inces	In	creases	Decr	eases		Ending Balances
Business-type Activities: Stormwater Fund								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	¢		٩		¢		¢	
Land	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Construction in progress	<u>_</u>	-		-	<u>ф</u>		¢	
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets Being Depreciated:	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-
Stormwater system	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Buildings	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	ψ	_
Equipment	86	5,474		6,033		_		92,507
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		5 ,474	\$	6,033	\$	-	\$	92,507
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:	<u> </u>	,,,,,		0,055	Ψ		Ψ	12,501
Stormwater system	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Buildings		-		-		-		-
Equipment	26	5,491		1,776		-		28,267
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 26	5,491	\$	1,776	\$	-	\$	28,267
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, net	-	,983		•			-	64,240
Stormwater Fund Capital Assets, net		,983	-					64,240
-			=				_	
	Begini	ning						Ending
	Balan	ces	Inc	reases	Decre	eases	В	alances
Business-type Activities: Solid Waste Fund								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	¢		¢		¢		¢	
Land	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Construction in progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	¢	-	¢	-		-	¢	-
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Buildings	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Equipment	⁺ 199,	846	Ψ	6,032	Ψ	-	Ψ	205,878
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$ 199,		\$	6,032	\$	·	\$	205,878
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:	ψ 177,		Ψ	0,052	Ψ		Ψ	205,070
Buildings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Equipment	20,	007		22,275	_	-		42,282
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 20,	007	\$	22,275	\$		\$	42,282
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, net	\$ 179,	839	_				\$	163,596
Solid Waste Capital Assets, net	\$ 179,	839				:	\$	163,596

B. Liabilities

1. <u>Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations</u>

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Swansboro, North Carolina is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981- 5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years

of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of Swansboro, North Carolina employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Swansboro, North Carolina's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 10.5% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 10.43% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Swansboro, North Carolina were \$173,652 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a liability of \$855,121 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the Town's proportion was 0.02393%, which was an increase of 0.00221% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$398,433. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 107,987	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	63,638	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	120,336	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Town		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	31,242	2,666
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date	173,652	
Total	\$ 496,855	\$ 2,666

\$173,652 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2022	:	\$ 93,524
2023		118,488
2024		72,910
2025		35,613
2026		-
Thereafter		-
		\$ 320,535

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2020 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Town's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,734,947	\$ 855,121	\$ 123,923

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

1) Plan Description

The Town of Swansboro administers a public employee retirement system (the *Separation Allowance*), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2019, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	1
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active plan members	13
	14

2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statements 73.

3) Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2019 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumption, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	1.93 percent
Salary increases	3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Discount rate	2.50 percent

The discount rate is the weekly average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Year Municipal Bond Index at the end of each month. Maturity rates are based on the RP-014 Mortality tables.

4) <u>Contributions</u>

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget.

There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$11,956 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$108,015. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020 based on a December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$17,209.

Deferred		Deferred	
Outflows of		Inflows of	
Re	esources	Re	sources
\$	6,072	\$	7,557
	25,375		1,173
_	17,725		-
\$	49,172	\$	8,730
	Ou Re	Outflows of <u>Resources</u> \$ 6,072 25,375 <u>17,725</u>	$\begin{array}{c c} \text{Outflows of} & \text{Inf}\\ \hline \text{Resources} & \text{Re}\\ \hline \$ & 6,072 & \$\\ \hline 25,375 & \\ \hline 17,725 & \\ \hline \end{array}$

\$17,725 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Defer	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		nt Recognized
Year ended June 30	of	of Resources		of Resources		sion Expense
2022	\$	8,077	\$	6,845	\$	1,232
2023		7,295		1,794		5,504
2024		7,207		94		7,113
2025		5,030		-		5,030
2026		3,838		-		3,838
Thereafter	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	\$	31,447	\$	8,733	\$	22,717
Therearter	\$	31,447	\$	8,733		22,71

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.93 percent, as well as what the total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (.93 percent) or one percentage point higher (2.93 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%	
	Decrease	Rate	Increase	
	(.93%)	(.93%) (1.93%)		
Town's proportionate share of the				
total pension liability	\$ 122,319	\$ 108,015	\$ 95,565	

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	 2020
Beginning balance	\$ 75,611
Service cost	13,322
Interest	2,270
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the	
measurement of the total pension liability	945
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	27,823
Benefit payments	(11,956)
Other changes	 -
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 108,015

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current morality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future morality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
Pension Expense	\$298,433	\$ 17,209	\$315,642
Pension Liability	855,121	108,015	963,136
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.02393%	n/a	0.02393%
Deferred of Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	107,987	6,072	114,059
Changes of assumptions	63,638	25,375	89,013
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	120,336	-	120,336
Changes in proportion and differences between			
contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions	31,242	-	31,242
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid			
subsequent to the measurement date	173,652	17,725	191,377
Deferred of Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	-	7,557	7,557
Changes of assumptions	-	1,173	1,173
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	-	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between			
contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions	2,666	-	2,666

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

1) Plan Description

The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

2) Funding Policy

Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$34,995 which consisted of \$26,446 from the Town and \$8,549 from the law enforcement officers. No amounts were forfeited.

The Town has also elected to contribute to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for general employees. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$26,269 which consisted of \$9,569 from the Town and \$16,700 from the employees. No amounts were forfeited.

d. Other Postemployment Benefits

Health Care Benefits

1) Plan Description

The Town of Swansboro, North Carolina administers a health care plan, a single employer defined benefit pension plan that provides a stipend for health insurance to retirees who have completed a specified number of years of service to the town and in service to local government. Employees who retire under the provisions of the North Carolina Local Government Employees' Retirement System (NCLGERS) and have at least 10 (ten) years of consecutive service with the Town and at least 25 years of service with the NCLGERS are eligible to participate in the Town's health care plan.

The Town provides a portion of the total cost for individual coverage for retirees based on years of service at retirement. The amount paid by the Town is based on the current value of the monthly premium being paid by the town for group health insurance to current employees.

Years of Service	Years of Service	
with the Town	with the NCLGERS	Town
at Retirement	at Retirement	Contribution
10-14	25	25%
15-19	25	50%
20 or more	25	75%

All full-time employees of the Town are covered by the Health Care Plan. At June 30, 2021, the Plan's membership consisted of:

Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	1
Active plan members	27
	28

Total OPEB Liability

The District's Total OPEB Liability (TOL) of \$740,094 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

<u>Paragraph 166</u>: Listed below is the information to be disclosed regarding the actuarial assumptions and other inputs used to measure the TOL. The complete set of actuarial assumptions and other inputs utilized in developing the TOL are outlined in Schedule C. The TOL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	1.00%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary Increases, including wage inflation:	
General employees	3.50% - 7.75%
Firefighters	3.50% - 7.75%
Law Enforcement	3.50% - 7.35%
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Prior measurement date	3.50%
Measurement date	2.21%
Health Care Cost Trends:	
Pre-Medicare	7.00% for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2026
Medicare	5.00% for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2021

The discount rate used to measure the TOL was based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 – December 31, 2014, adopted by the LGERS.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

<u>Paragraph 167(a)</u>: This paragraph requires disclosure of the sensitivity of the TOL to changes in the health care cost trend rates. The following exhibit presents the TOL of the Plan, calculated using the health care cost trend rates, as well as what the Plan's TOL would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

Health Care Cost Trend Rate Sensitivity

	1%			1%			
	Γ	Decrease	(Current		Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	541,042	\$	740,094	\$	1,034,163	

<u>Paragraph 167(b)</u>: This paragraph requires disclosure of the sensitivity of the TOL to changes in the discount rate. The following exhibit presents the TOL of the Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 3.89%, as well as what the Plan's TOL would be if it were calculated using a Discount Rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

	1% Decrease (1.21%)		Dis	Current count Rate (2.21%)		1% Increase (3.21%)
		(1.21/0)		(2.2170)		(3.2170)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	975,231	\$	740,094	\$	571,035

<u>Paragraph 168(a)-(c)</u>: This paragraph requires a schedule of changes in the TOL. The needed information is shown in the following table:

Changes in the TOL

Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2020	\$ 473,843
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost at the end of the year*	44,160
Interest on TOL and Cash Flows	18,037
Change in benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	592
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	208,822
Benefit payments and implicit subsidy credit	(5,360)
Other	
Net Changes	266,251
Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2021	\$ 740,094

* The service cost includes interest for the year.

<u>Paragraph 168(d)</u>: The employer does not have a special funding situation.

<u>Paragraph 169(a)</u>: The TOL is based upon an actuarial valuation performed as of the Valuation Date, June 30, 2019. An expected TOL is determined as of June 30, 2018, the Prior Measurement Date, using standard roll back techniques. The roll back calculation begins with the TOL, as of the Measurement Date, June 30, 2019, adds the expected benefit payments for the year, deducts interest at the Discount Rate for the year, and then subtracts the annual Normal Cost (also called the Service Cost).

CMC has assumed no significant changes, other than the change in the Municipal Bond Index Rate, have occurred between the Valuation Date and the Measurement Date. If a significant change, other than the change in the Municipal Bond Index Rate, has occurred between the Valuation Date and the Measurement Date, an updated valuation may need to be performed.

<u>Paragraph 169(b)</u>: Our understanding is that the employer does not have a special funding situation.

<u>Paragraph 169(c)</u>: Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.50% to 2.21% due to a change in the Municipal Bond Rate.

<u>Paragraph 169(d)</u>: There are no changes in benefit terms since the Prior Measurement Date.

<u>Paragraph 169(e)</u>: No benefit payments are attributable to the purchase of allocated insurance contracts.

Paragraph 169(f): CMC was not expected to supply this information.

<u>Paragraph 169(g)</u>: Please see Section IV for the development of the OPEB Expense (OE).

<u>Paragraph 169(h)(1)-(2)</u>: Since certain expense items are recognized over closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts will increase OPEB Expense, they are labeled Deferred Outflows of Resources. If they serve to reduce OPEB Expense, they are labeled Deferred Inflows of Resources. The recognition of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs, if any, are recognized over the average expected remaining service life of the active and inactive Plan members at the beginning of the measurement period.

The following table provides a summary of the Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources as of June 30, 2021:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 534	\$ 151,317
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	188,369	104,838
Total	\$ 188,903	\$ 256,155
č 1 1	,	

<u>Paragraph 169(h)(3)</u>: Our understanding is that the employer does not have a special funding situation.

Paragraph 169(h)(4): CMC was not expected to supply this information.

<u>Paragraph 169(i)(1)-(2)</u>: Amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB benefits will be recognized in OPEB Expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ended June 30:	
2022	\$ (13,077)
2023	(13,077)
2024	(13,077)
2025	(13,077)
2026	(13,077)
Thereafter	(1,867)

<u>Paragraph(i)(3)</u>: Our understanding is that the employer does not have a special funding situation.

<u>Paragraph(j)</u>: CMC was not expected to supply this information.

2. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payment to beneficiaries is equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

3. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	\$ 173,652
Benefit payments made and administrative expenses	
for LEOSSA subsequent to measurement date	17,725
Differences between expected and actual experience	114,593
Changes of assumptions	277,382
Net difference between projected and actual	
earnings on plan investments	120,336
Changes in proportion and differences between	
employer contributions and proportionate share	
of contributions	 31,242
	\$ 734,930

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

	Statement of		General Fund		
	Net Position		Bala	nce Sheet	
Taxes receivable, less penalties (General Fund)	\$	-	\$	26,394	
Prepaid taxes (General Fund)		26,507		26,507	
Changes in assumptions	1	106,011			
Differences between expected and actual experience	158,874			-	
Changes in proportion and differences between Town					
Contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,666		-	
Total	\$ 2	294,058	\$	52,901	
			_		

4. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$3 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, and workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limit of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town did not carry flood insurance during the year ended June 30, 2021. The Town has received all certifications for eligible properties but has not purchased flood insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is individually bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$50,000.

5. Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2021, the Town was a defendant to a lawsuit. In the opinion of the Town's management and the Town attorney, the ultimate effect of this legal matter will not have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position.

6. Long-term Obligations

a. <u>Notes from Direct Placements</u>

In March 2013, the Town entered into a note agreement to re-finance the installment purchase contracts for the town hall annex and tanker truck in the amount of \$1,034,486. The note agreement requires principal payments beginning in 2014, with an interest rate of 2.69%.

In December 2014, the Town entered into a note agreement to finance the construction of a public safety building in the amount of \$400,000. The note agreement requires principal payments beginning in 2015, with an interest rate of 2.58%.

In November 2016, the Town entered into a financing agreement to finance the purchase of a fire truck in the amount of \$425,000. The note will be paid in annual installments of \$47,512 at an interest rate of 2.08% for 10 years.

In November 2016, the Town entered into a financing agreement to finance the purchase of various equipment and vehicles in the amount of \$245,000. The note will be paid in annual installments of \$51,783 at an interest rate of 1.87% for 5 years.

In December 2016, the Town entered into a financing agreement to finance the renovation of the former town hall for the Sleeping Quarters capital project in the amount of \$250,000. The note will be paid in annual installments at an interest rate of 2.43% for 10 years.

In June 2020, the Town entered into a financing agreement to finance the purchase of a grapple truck and a generator in the amount of \$227,700. The note will be paid in annual installments of \$47,916 at an interest rate of 1.72% for 5 years.

In June 2021, the Town entered into a financing agreement to finance vehicles and equipment in the amount of \$110, 700. The note will be paid in annual installments of \$22,970 at an interest rate of 1.84% for 5 years.

The future minimum payments of the installment purchase as of June 30, 2021, including \$114,787 of interest, are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Principal	Interest	Interest
2022	\$ 294,278	\$ 33,415	\$ 327,693
2023	247,374	26,889	274,263
2024	251,392	21,224	272,616
2025	255,502	15,467	270,969
2026	171,789	9,617	181,406
2027-2031	234,392	8,175	242,567
Total	\$ 1,454,727	\$ 114,787	\$1,569,514

At June 30, 2021, the Town of Swansboro, North Carolina had a legal debt margin of \$40,400,061.

b. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Compensated absences, pension liabilities and OPEB liabilities for governmental activities have typically been liquidated in the General fund.

					Current
	Beginning			Ending	Portion of
Governmental Activities:	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	Balance
Notes from direct placements	\$ 1,612,576	\$ 110,700	\$ 268,549	\$ 1,454,727	\$ 294,278
Total pension liability (LEO)	75,611	32,404	-	108,015	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)	563,498	248,867	-	812,365	-
Total OPEB liability	450,151	252,939	-	703,090	-
Compensated absences	111,358	79,760	56,216	134,902	20,235
Total	\$ 2,813,194	\$ 724,670	\$ 324,765	\$ 3,213,099	\$ 314,513

									Cu	rrent
	Be	eginning					I	Ending	Port	tion of
Business-type Activities:	B	Balance	In	creases	De	creases	E	Balance	Ba	lance
Net pension liability (LGERS)	\$	29,658	\$	13,098	\$	-	\$	42,756	\$	-
Total OPEB liability		23,692		13,312		-		37,004		-
Compensated absences		4,109		3,927		2,010		6,026		602
Total	\$	57,459	\$	30,337	\$	2,010	\$	85,786	\$	602

Notes from direct placements are collateralized by capital assets with a carrying value of \$1,481,815.

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$150,000 (Sleeping Quarters) is secured with collateral of the building and property. The note contains provision that an event of default would result in: (1) declare the unpaid principal components of the Installment Payments immediately due and payable, (2) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the Town's performance of the applicable covenants of this Agreement or to recover for the breach thereof, (3) as provided in the Project Fund Agreement, pay over any balance remaining in the Project Fund to be applied against outstanding Required Payments in any manner BB&T may reasonably deem appropriate, and (4) avail itself of all available remedies under the Agreement, including execution and foreclosure and recovery of attorney's fees and other expenses.

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$316,250 (Fire Truck, Vehicles & Equipment) is secured with collateral of the personal property purchased. The note contains provision that an event of default would result in: (1) declare the unpaid principal components of the Installment Payments immediately due and payable, (2) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the Town's performance of the applicable covenants of this Agreement or to recover for the breach thereof, (3) as provided in the Project Fund Agreement, pay over any balance remaining in the Project Fund to be applied against outstanding Required Payments in any manner BB&T may reasonably deem appropriate, and (4) avail itself of all available remedies under the Agreement, including execution and foreclosure and recovery of attorney's fees and other expenses.

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$160,000 (Public Safety Building) is secured with collateral of the building and property improved. The note contains provision that an event of default would result in: (1) declare the unpaid principal components of the Installment Payments immediately due and payable, (2) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the Town's performance of the applicable covenants of this Agreement or to recover for the breach thereof, (3) as provided in the Project Fund Agreement, pay over any balance remaining in the Project Fund to be applied against outstanding Required Payments in any manner BB&T may reasonably deem appropriate, and (4) avail itself of all available remedies under the Agreement, including execution and foreclosure and recovery of attorney's fees and other expenses.

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$534,076 (Town Hall Annex and Tanker) is secured with collateral of the building and property improved. The note contains provision that an event of default would result in: (1) declare the unpaid principal components of the Installment Payments immediately due and payable, (2) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the Town's performance of the applicable covenants of this Agreement or to recover for the breach thereof, (3) as provided in the Project Fund Agreement, pay over any balance remaining in the Project Fund to be applied against outstanding Required Payments in any manner BB&T may reasonably deem appropriate, and (4) avail itself of all available remedies under the Agreement, including execution and foreclosure and recovery of attorney's fees and other expenses.

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$183,700 (Grapple Truck-\$154,400 and Town Hall Generator-\$73,300) is secured with collateral of the personal property purchased. The note contains provision that an event of default would result in: (1) declare the unpaid principal components of the Installment Payments immediately due and payable, (2) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the Town's performance of the applicable covenants of this Agreement, pay over any balance remaining in the Project Fund to be applied against outstanding Required Payments in any manner BB&T may reasonably deem appropriate, and (4) avail itself of all available remedies under the Agreement, including execution and foreclosure and recovery of attorney's fees and other expenses.

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$110,700 (vehicles and equipment) is secured with collateral of the personal property purchased. The note contains provision that an event of default would result in: (1) declare the unpaid principal components of the Installment Payments immediately due and payable, (2) proceed by appropriate court action to enforce the Town's performance of the applicable covenants of this Agreement or to recover for the breach thereof, (3) as provided in the Project Fund Agreement, pay over any balance remaining in the Project Fund to be applied against outstanding Required Payments in any manner BB&T may reasonably deem appropriate, and (4) avail itself of all available remedies under the Agreement, including execution and foreclosure and recovery of attorney's fees and other expenses.

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

From the General Fund to the Reserve Fund to fund future capital purchases.	\$ 248,791
From the General Fund to the Stormwater Fund to assist with	
operations of new fund.	13,774
From the General Fund to the Solid Waste Fund to assist with	
the purchase of new equipment.	13,737
	\$ 276,302

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided matching funds for various grant programs.

D. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	Go	Governmental		siness-type
Capital assets	\$	7,053,832	\$	227,836
Less: long-term debt		1,454,727		-
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	5,599,105	\$	227,836

E. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 3,232,600
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	527,007
Streets-Powell Bill	24,325
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2020 budget	249,260
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 2,432,008

IV. Jointly Governed Organization

The Town, in conjunction with 9 counties and 46 municipalities, established the East Carolina Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The Town considers the membership fees paid to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 to be immaterial. The Town has no equity interest nor does the town materially contribute to the continued existence of the Council. The Town's interests are other than financial.

V. <u>Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies</u>

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

VI. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

As of November 15, 2021, the date of completion of the financial statements, there were no material subsequent events that were required to be reported.

Required Supplemental Financial Data

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability for Local Government Employees' Retirement Schedule
- Schedule of Contributions to Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
- Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Town of Swansboro's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Eight Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Town of Swansboro's proportion of the								·
net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.02393%	0.02172%	0.02179%	0.02138%	0.01978%	0.02512%	0.0230%	0.0220%
Town of Swansboro's proportion of the								
net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 855,121	\$ 593,156	\$ 516,933	\$ 326,627	\$ 419,798	\$ 112,737	\$ (135,936)	\$ 247,104
Town of Swansboro's covered payroll	\$ 1,618,540	\$ 1,395,261	\$ 1,359,899	\$ 1,294,306	\$ 1,098,158	\$ 1,197,066	\$ 1,205,459	\$ 1,206,100
Town of Swansboro's proportionate share								
of the net pension liability (asset) as a								
percentage of its covered payroll	52.83%	42.51%	38.01%	25.24%	38.23%	9.42%	-11.28%	20.49%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage								
of the total pension liability	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	99.07%	102.64%	94.35%	96.45%

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Town of Swansboro's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Eight Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 173,652	\$ 149,972	\$ 112,470	\$ 105,976	\$ 97,659	\$ 78,302	\$ 86,146	\$ 86,148
Contributions in relation to the contractually								
required contributions	 173,652	 149,972	 112,470	 105,976	 97,659	 78,302	 86,146	 86,148
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -							
Town of Swansboro's covered payroll	\$ 1,664,582	\$ 1,618,540	\$ 1,395,261	\$ 1,359,899	\$ 1,294,306	\$ 1,098,158	\$ 1,197,066	\$ 1,205,459
Contributions as a percentage of covered								
payroll	10.43%	9.27%	8.06%	7.79%	7.55%	7.13%	7.20%	7.15%

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 75,611	\$63,708	\$70,646	\$95,469	\$97,664
Service cost	13,322	10,609	8,953	6,719	8,244
Interest	2,270	2,101	2,044	3,454	3,273
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	945	8,795	(3,986)	(27,478)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	27,823	2,354	(1,993)	4,438	(1,756)
Benefit payments	(11,956)	(11,956)	(11,956)	(11,956)	(11,956)
Other changes					
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$108,015	\$75,611	\$63,708	\$70,646	\$95,469

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$108,015	\$75,611	\$63,708	\$70,646	\$95,469
Covered payroll	587,045	474,898	437,602	401,145	429,917
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	18.40%	15.92%	14.56%	17.61%	22.21%

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Swansboro has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2021

Total OPEB Liability		2021	 2020	 2019	2018	
Service Cost	\$	44,160	\$ 66,334	\$ 71,196	\$	82,197
Interest		18,037	26,975	23,521		19,727
Change in benefit terms		-	(113,072)	-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		592	(183,249)	(3,447)		(2,439)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		208,822	(14,186)	(53,792)		(89,242)
Benefit payments and implicit subsidy credit		(5,360)	 (4,779)	 (4,703)		(5,124)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		266,251	 (221,977)	 32,775		5,119
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	_	473,843	 695,820	 663,045		657,926
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$	740,094	\$ 473,843	\$ 695,820	\$	663,045
			 i	 		
Covered Payroll	\$ 1	,106,396	\$ 1,106,396	\$ 1,231,757	\$	1,231,757
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		66.89%	42.83%	56.49%		53.83%

Notes to Schedule

Changes of Assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount

Fiscal Year	<u>Rate</u>
2021	2.21%
2020	3.50%
2019	3.89%
2018	3.56%

Information on this schedule will report 10 years' information once the 10th year of implementation occurs.

Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

	Final Budget			Actual 2021	Variance Positive (Negative)			Actual 2020
Revenues								
Ad Valorem Taxes: Current year			\$	1,817,713			\$	1,726,445
Prior year			φ	13,588			φ	6,867
Penalties and interest				6,754				3,971
Total	\$	1,788,964	\$	1,838,055	\$	49,091	\$	1,737,283
Other Taxes and Licenses:								
Occupancy tax			\$	78,930			\$	71,088
Animal taxes				-				-
Total	\$	78,201	\$	78,930	\$	729	\$	71,088
Unrestricted Intergovernmental:								
Utility franchise tax			\$	230,090			\$	238,640
Local option sales tax				1,147,380				951,258
Beer and wine tax Court costs				13,898 3,762				14,018 5,518
ABC profit distribution				62,126				45,657
Tax refunds				10,216				8,999
Administrative fees				6,470				4,100
Total	\$	1,045,600	\$	1,473,942	\$	428,342	\$	1,268,190
Restricted Intergovernmental:								
Powell Bill allocation			\$	80,205			\$	82,342
Various grants				331,097				157,726
County - fire department				170,995				175,445
Solid waste disposal tax				2,320				2,307
Total	\$	547,991	\$	584,617	\$	36,626	\$	417,820
Permits and Fees:								
Building permits and inspection fees			\$	291,172			\$	237,358
Planning and zoning fees				4,823				31,866
Recreation contract fees				52,823				21,221
Festivals and events				7,330				46,910
Rental fees - building		224.070	<i>•</i>	57,994		70.044		72,725
Total	\$	334,878	\$	414,142	\$	79,264	\$	410,080
Sales and Services: Homeowners recovery fund		500		1,470		970		830
•								
Investment Earnings		25,000		1,080		(23,920)		41,710

						Variance				
		Final		Actual	Positive			Actual		
		Budget		2021	()	Negative)	2020			
Miscellaneous income			\$	52,016			\$	144,106		
Insurance proceeds				9,126				180,646		
ONWASA reimbursements				35,000				35,000		
Total	\$	55,959	\$	96,142	\$	40,183	\$	359,752		
Contributions:										
Donations - Memorial Trees			\$	-			\$	-		
Donations - Park				-				-		
Donations - Police				1,505				4,320		
Donations - Fire Department				225				550		
Total	\$	3,650	\$	1,730	\$	(1,920)	\$	4,870		
Total Revenues	\$	3,880,743	\$	4,490,108	\$	609,365	\$	4,311,623		
Expenditures										
Governing Body:										
Salaries - elected officials			\$	8,968			\$	8,819		
FICA				686				674		
Insurance				-				-		
Miscellaneous				1,402				684		
Supplies				195				2,206		
Election expense				-				5,241		
Travel				52				2,750		
Contributions				2,100				8,100		
Total	\$	14,098	\$	13,403	\$	695	\$	28,474		
Administration:										
Salaries and wages			\$	273,664			\$	252,890		
FICA				20,599				18,464		
Group insurance				37,953				27,230		
Retirement				30,875				23,686		
Employee allowances				5,850				392		
Department supplies				832				1,062		
Dues & subscriptions				8,354				9,801		
Miscellaneous				3,228				1,897		
Professional services				31,732				27,683		
Travel				1,890				5,521		
Capital outlay				-				-		
Capital outlay (non-capitalized)	<u>_</u>	400 055	<i>•</i>	5,399	•	0.070	-	-		
Total	\$	429,255	\$	420,376	\$	8,879	\$	368,626		

	T.' 1		A / 1	A 1			
	Final		Actual	Positive			Actual
	 Budget		2021	1)	legative)		2020
Public Buildings:		۴	11.212			¢	11 (50
Salaries and wages		\$	44,343			\$	41,653
FICA			3,450				3,252
Group insurance			123				101
Retirement			4,299				3,552
Employee allowances			775				750
Maintenance and renovations			48,352				33,523
Vehicle maintenance			3,571				1,267
Professional services			2,750				5,700
Supplies			1,864				8,432
Utilities			50,614				56,517
Miscellaneous			2,473				277
Capital outlay			11,232				163,335
Capital outlay (non-capitalized)	 		3,052				
Total	\$ 220,100	\$	176,898	\$	43,202	\$	318,359
Legal:							
Professional services	\$ 42,000	\$	32,665	\$	9,335	\$	36,705
Finance:							
Salaries and wages		\$	136,830			\$	135,072
FICA			9,726				9,620
Group Insurance			12,223				12,930
Retirement			15,073				12,840
Employee allowances			600				-
Insurance			175				175
Office supplies			2,691				2,882
Department supplies			1,368				1,262
Dues & subscriptions			320				260
Fees			3,305				1,477
Professional service			28,001				30,572
Tax collection			22,123				21,090
Travel			5,020				515
Capital outlay			-				-
Capital outlay (non-capitalized)	 		-				-
Total	\$ 240,825	\$	237,455	\$	3,370	\$	228,695
Total General Government	\$ 946,278	\$	880,797	\$	65,481	\$	980,859

					v	Variance			
		Final		Actual]	Positive	Actual		
		Budget		2021		Negative)		2020	
Police and Fire:		8				8			
Salaries and wages			\$	973,625			\$	943,173	
FICA				75,129				71,974	
Fees				98				-	
Group insurance				128,931				101,733	
Retirement				130,738				100,509	
Employee allowances				3,175				26,085	
Automotive supplies				7,348				32,152	
Department supplies				6,710				8,640	
Dues & subscriptions				2,414				1,677	
Fire prevention				1,690				962	
Maintenance - building				-				161	
Maintenance - equipment				7,438				12,495	
Maintenance - vehicle				53,403				22,703	
Miscellaneous				2,000				1,400	
Professional services				10,293				8,294	
Telephone				6,702				9,895	
Travel				204				2,741	
Uniforms				4,189				3,505	
Utilities				-				-	
Volunteer retention				10,234				2,623	
Capital outlay				81,838				59,095	
Capital outlay (non-capitalized)				73,904				28,706	
Total	\$	1,779,702	\$	1,580,063	\$	199,639	\$	1,438,523	
Planning:									
Salaries and wages			\$	148,560			\$	119,068	
FICA			Ŷ	10,650			Ŷ	8,560	
Group insurance				27,044				19,068	
Retirement				16,913				11,549	
Employee allowances				1,881				1,451	
Maintenance - equipment				-					
Department supplies				82				214	
Professional services				90				3,237	
Miscellaneous				2,081				2,295	
Travel				1,162				1,243	
Dues and subscriptions				-,				358	
Capital outlay (non-capitalized)				-				-	
Total	\$	223,915	\$	208,463	\$	15,452	\$	167,043	
	*		*	200,100	*	10,102	¥	207,010	

Emergency Management:		Final Budget		Actual 2021	I	Variance Positive Negative)		Actual 2020
Salaries and wages			\$	1,119			\$	15,709
Maintenance - equipment Maintenance-buildings				31,453				1,211 300,455
Department supplies				5,498				3,664
Professional services				9,963				12,004
Miscellaneous				-				1,300
Capital outlay (non-capitalized)				98,087				-,
Total	\$	316,014	\$	146,120	\$	169,894	\$	334,342
Total Public Safety	\$	2,319,631	\$	1,934,646	\$	384,985	\$	1,939,908
Transportation:								
Streets and Highways:								
Salaries and wages			\$	57,711			\$	57,621
FICA				4,432				4,352
Group insurance								9,589
Retirement				6,043				5,696
Employee allowances				11,751				813
Automotive supplies				2,981				3,812
Department supplies				1,055				2,006
Fees				-				-
Maintenance - building				-				66
Maintenance - equipment				1,125				2,115
Maintenance - traffic signs				8,178				2,385
Maintenance - storm drains				-				-
Maintenance - streets				-				-
Maintenance - vehicles				3,310				1,905
Sidewalk repairs				116,634				7,279
Street lights				46,866				44,703
Miscellaneous				722				40
Professional services				72				-
Travel				-				108
Telephone				-				-
Uniforms Utilities				307				334
Capital outlay				23,432				-
Capital outlay (non-capitalized)				23,432				- 5,461
	¢	200.072	¢	-	¢	25.254	¢	
Total	\$	309,973	\$	284,619	\$	25,354	\$	148,285
State Street - Aid:								
Maintenance - streets	\$	87,958	\$	78,554	\$	9,404	\$	87,796
Total Transportation	\$	397,931	\$	363,173	\$	34,758	\$	236,081

	 Final Budget		Actual 2021]	Variance Positive Negative)		Actual 2020
Economic Development: Tourism Development Authority Festivals Old Town Hall		\$	80,430 5,297			\$	66,818 73,841
Church Street Dock			7,209				4,574
Total Economic Development	\$ 180,832	\$	92,936	\$	87,896	\$	145,233
Cultural and Recreation:							
Parks and Recreation:		¢	152 000			¢	140 152
Salaries and wages FICA		\$	153,889 11,813			\$	149,153 11,446
Group insurance			8,699				7,103
Retirement			13,438				10,466
Employee allowances			2,650				2,275
Automotive supplies			670				1,246
Department supplies			3,873				10,337
Insurance Miscellaneous			- 11,410				- 5,473
Maintenance - building			7,739				29,944
Maintenance - vehicles			112				546
Maintenance - equipment			9,455				2,192
Professional services			56,931				11,158
Travel			823				2,888
Utilities Capital outlay			-				-
Capital outlay (non-capitalized)			5,070				7,317
Total Cultural and Recreation	\$ 341,304	\$	286,572	\$	54,732	\$	251,544
Non-departmental:							
Miscellaneous		\$	12,045			\$	5,135
Supplies			96				2,166
Insurance			133,374				124,359
Fees Telephone			844 2,659				2,809
Maintenance - equipment			65,983				46,181
Utilities			6,531				6,779
Total Non-departmental	\$ 228,820	\$	221,532	\$	7,288	\$	187,429
Debt Service:							
Principal retirement	272,766	\$	268,549	\$	-	\$	221,000
Interest and other charges	 1,000		9,706		-		41,269
Total Debt Service	\$ 282,766	\$	278,255	\$	4,511	\$	262,269
Total Expenditures	\$ 4,697,562	\$	4,057,911	\$	639,651	\$	4,003,323

					Variance			
		Final		Actual	Positive		Actual	
		Budget		2021	(Negative)		2020	
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ (816,819)		\$	432,197	\$	1,249,016	\$	308,300
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Loan issuance	\$	149,200	\$	110,700	\$	(38,500)	\$	227,700
Sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-
Transfers in:						-		
Capital Reserve and Capital Projects		123,634		123,634		-		31,458
Transfers out:						-		
Waterfront Plan Implementation				-		-		-
Capital Reserve		(372,425)		(372,425)		-		(83,927)
Stormwater Fund				-		-		(9,336)
Other		(27,511)		(27,511)		-		(50,000)
Solid Waste Enterprise Fund				-		-		(154,465)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(127,102)	\$	(165,602)	\$	(38,500)	\$	(38,570)
Fund balance appropriated	\$	943,921	\$	-	\$	(943,921)	\$	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	_	\$	266,595	\$	266,595	\$	269,730
Fund Balance, beginning				2,966,005				2,696,275
Fund Balance, ending			\$	3,232,600			\$	2,966,005

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Capital Project Funds Capital Reserve Fund From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

						Variance					
		Project	Pr		Current			al to	Favorable		
	Aut	thorization	Ye	ars	Y	ear	Da	ate	(Unfavorable)		
Revenues:											
Reserve for capital	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		
Total Revenues	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers out:											
Waterfront Project	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
General Fund		-		-		-		-		-	
Transfers in:										-	
General Fund		414,059	220	5,366	2	48,791	47:	5,157		61,098	
Fund balance appropriated		(414,059)				-		-		414,059	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$		\$ 220	5,366	\$ 2	48,791	\$ 47:	5,157	\$	475,157	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$		\$ 220	6,366	\$ 2	48,791	\$ 47:	5,157	\$	475,157	
Fund Balance:											
Beginning of year, July 1					2	26,366					
End of year, June 30					\$ 4	75,157					

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

	Park & Recreation Reserve]	ınicipal Park ovements]	terfront Plan mentation		ormation hnology		Total mbining
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 122,020	\$	13,879	\$	2,902	\$	5,478	\$	144,279
Grants receivable			-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$ 122,020	\$	13,879	\$	2,902	\$	5,478	\$	144,279
Liabilities and Fund Balances Current Liabilities: Due to other funds Accounts payable Total Liabilities	\$ - - \$ -	\$ \$	1,137 1,137	\$	- - -	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	1,137 1,137
Fund Balances:									
Restricted:									
Capital improvements	\$ 122,020	\$	12,742	\$	2,902	\$	5,478	\$	143,142
Total Fund Balances	\$ 122,020	\$	12,742	\$	2,902	\$	5,478	\$	143,142
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 122,020	\$	13,879	\$	2,902	\$	5,478	\$	144,279

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Charges in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Park & Recreation Reserve		Municipal Park Improvements		Waterfront Plan Implementation		Information Technology		Total mbining
Revenues									
Total Revenues	\$	77,626	\$	-	\$	9,474	\$		\$ 87,100
Expenditures									
Total Expenditures	\$	-	\$	38,720	\$	11,939	\$		\$ 50,659
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	77,626	\$	(38,720)	\$	(2,465)	\$		\$ 36,441
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in:									
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Capital Reserve Fund		-		-		-		-	-
Transfers out:									
General Fund Other funds		-		-		-		-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$		\$		\$
Total Other Thianening Sources (0505)	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	77,626	\$	(38,720)	\$	(2,465)	\$	-	\$ 36,441
Fund Balance, beginning		44,394		51,462		5,367		5,478	106,701
Fund Balance, ending	\$	122,020	\$	12,742	\$	2,902	\$	5,478	\$ 143,142

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Capital Project Funds Parks & Recreation Reserve Fund From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Actual					Variance		
]	Project	Pr	ior	С	urrent	Tot	tal to	Fa	avorable
	Aut	horization	Ye	ars		Year	D	ate	(Un	favorable)
Revenues:										
Restricted intergovernmental										
Parks & recreation development fee	\$	103,180	\$ 14	7,574	\$	77,626	\$ 22	25,200	\$	122,020
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers out:										
Waterfront Plan Implementation Project	\$	46,600	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	46,600
Municipal Park Improvements		49,080		-		-		-		49,080
General Fund		7,500		-		-		_		7,500
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	103,180	\$ 10	3,180	\$	-	\$	-	\$	103,180
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	103,180	\$ 14	7,574	\$	77,626	\$ 22	25,200	\$	122,020
Fund Balance:										
Beginning of year, July 1						44,394				
End of year, June 30					\$	122,020				

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Capital Project Funds Waterfront Plan Implementation Project Fund From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Project		Actual Prior Current				Fotal to	Variance Favorable		
P	Au	thorization		Years		Year		Date	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues:										
Restricted Intergovernmental		2 0 10 2	.		<i>•</i>	< 0.00	<i>•</i>	22.102	<i></i>	2 000
Local grants	\$	29,182	\$	25,183	\$	6,999	\$	32,182	\$	3,000
State grants		338,035		252,584		2,475		255,059		(82,976)
Total Revenues	\$	367,217	\$	277,767	\$	9,474	\$	287,241	\$	(79,976)
Expenditures:										
Surveying	\$	4,200	\$	4,200	\$	-	\$	4,200	\$	-
Planning services		50,311		47,088		-		47,088		3,223
Engineering		30,012		26,452		-		26,452		3,560
Construction		439,294		351,260		11,939		363,199		76,095
Total Expenditures	\$	523,817	\$	429,000	\$	11,939	\$	440,939	\$	82,878
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(156,600)	\$ ((151,233)	\$	(2,465)	\$	(153,698)	\$	2,902
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers-in:										
General fund	\$	141,000	\$	141,000	\$	-	\$	141,000	\$	-
Parks and Recreation Reserve Fund		46,600		46,600		-		46,600		-
Capital reserve fund		10,000		10,000		-		10,000		-
Transfers-out:										
Port of Swannsborough		(41,000)		(41,000)				(41,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	156,600	\$	156,600	\$		\$	156,600	\$	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	5,367	\$	(2,465)	\$	2,902	\$	
Fund Balance: Beginning of year, July 1						5,367				
End of year, June 30					\$	2,902				

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Capital Project Funds Information Technology Project Fund From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Actual				Variance		
		Project	Prior		rrent	Total to		avorable	
Revenues:	Aut	horization	Years		ear	Date	(Un	favorable)	
Restricted intergovernmental									
Time Warner contribution	\$	55,300	\$ 55,300	\$	_	\$ 55,300	\$	-	
						1			
Total Revenues	\$	55,300	\$ 55,300	\$	-	\$ 55,300	\$		
Expenditures:									
Construction	\$	82,500	\$ 101,486	\$	-	\$ 101,486	\$	(18,986)	
Supplies		22,800	1,273		-	1,273		21,527	
Capital Outlay		15,000	14,302		-	14,302		698	
Miscellaneous		5,000	2,761		-	2,761		2,239	
Total Expenditures	\$	125,300	\$ 119,822	\$	-	\$ 119,822	\$	5,478	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(70,000)	\$ (64,522)	\$	-	\$ (64,522)	\$	5,478	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers-in:									
General Fund	\$	45,000	\$ 45,000	\$	-	\$ 45,000	\$	-	
Town Hall Offices Project		25,000	25,000		-	25,000		-	
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	70,000	\$ 70,000	\$		\$ 70,000	\$	-	
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$		\$ 5,478	\$	-	\$ 5,478	\$	5,478	
Fund Balance:					5 170				
Beginning of year, July 1					5,478				
End of year, June 30				\$	5,478				

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Capital Project Funds Municipal Park Improvement Project Fund From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Actual					Variance	
		Project	Prior		Current		Total to		Favorable	
	Au	thorization		Years		Year		Date	(Un	favorable)
Revenues:										
Restricted intergovernmental:										
PARTF grant	\$	500,000	\$	477,642	\$	-	\$	477,642	\$	(22,358)
NC Dept of Natural & Cultural Resources		196,324		195,187		-		195,187		(1,137)
Donations		100,000		100,000				100,000		-
Total Revenues	\$	796,324	\$	772,829	\$		\$	772,829	\$	(23,495)
Expenditures:										
Design and engineering	\$	30,000	\$	28,297	\$	-	\$	28,297	\$	1,703
Construction-recreation center		708,000		694,661		-		694,661		13,339
Construction-concession stand		75,000		69,402		-		69,402		5,598
Construction-SMP enhancement		295,404		244,181		38,720		282,901		12,503
Exercise trail		26,900		26,836		-		26,836		64
Skateboard area		58,500		58,192		-		58,192		308
Playground structure		81,500		81,434		-		81,434		66
Equipment		9,800		9,800		-		9,800		-
Contingency		40,000		37,344		-		37,344	1	2,656
Total Expenditures	\$	1,325,104	\$	1,250,147	\$	38,720	\$	1,288,867	\$	36,237
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers-in:										
General Fund	\$	160,000	\$	160,000	\$	-	\$	160,000	\$	-
Parks & Recreation Reserve Fund		368,780		368,780				368,780		
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	528,780	\$	528,780	\$		\$	528,780	\$	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$		\$	51,462	\$	(38,720)	\$	12,742	\$	12,742
Fund Balance: Beginning of year, July 1						51,462				
End of year, June 30					\$	12,742				

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Stormwater Fund Schedule of Revenues And Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

]	Budget	 Actual	P	ariance Positive egative)
Revenues					
Charges for services	\$	109,686	\$ 133,961	\$	24,275
Other operating revenues		7,638	 5,415		(2,223)
Total Operating Revenues	\$	117,324	\$ 139,376	\$	22,052
Expenditures					
Stormwater:					
Salaries and employee benefits			\$ 65,903		
Supplies			2,726		
Maintenance			27,233		
Tipping fees			650		
Other operating expenditures			 21,873		
Total	\$	132,552	\$ 118,385	\$	14,167
Capital outlay		6,033	6,033		-
Total Expenditures	\$	138,585	\$ 124,418	\$	14,167
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(21,261)	\$ 14,958	\$	36,219
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers from (to) other funds	\$	13,774	\$ 13,774	\$	-
Fund balance appropriated		7,487	 -		(7,487)
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	21,261	\$ 13,774	\$	(7,487)
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under)					
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$		\$ 28,732	\$	28,732
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified					
accrual) to full accrual:					
Revenues and Other Sources Over					
Expenditures and Other Uses			\$ 28,732		
Reconciling items:					
Capital outlay			6,033		
Increase in deferred outflows of resources-pensions			(3,215)		
Increase in net pension liability			6,549		
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources-pensions			(7,459)		
Depreciation			(1,776)		
Increase in OPEB liability			 6,656		
Total reconciling items			\$ 6,788		
Change in Net Position			\$ 35,520		

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Solid Waste Fund Schedule of Revenues And Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

RevenuesS399,232Other operating revenues\$378,720\$399,232Total operating revenues:\$378,720\$399,232\$Interest earnings $ -$ Total Revenues\$378,720\$399,232\$20,512Expenditures\$378,720\$399,232\$20,512Expenditures\$ $378,720$ \$ $399,232$ \$20,512Expenditures\$ $378,720$ \$ $399,232$ \$ $20,512$ Expenditures\$ $378,720$ \$ $399,232$ \$ $20,512$ Subries and employee benefits\$ $3,098$ $76,102$ Other operating expenditures\$ $5,386,425$ \$ 834 Total\$ $386,425$ \$ $386,425$ \$ 834 Capital Outlay\$ $6,032$ \$ $6,032$ \$ $-$ Total Expenditures\$ $392,457$ \$ $391,623$ \$ 834 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures\$ $13,737$ \$ $ -$ Transfers from (to) other funds\$ $13,737$ \$ $13,737$ \$ $-$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)\$ $13,737$ \$ $13,737$ \$ $-$ Transfers from (to) other funds\$ $13,737$ \$ $13,737$ \$ $-$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)\$ $13,737$ \$ $13,737$ \$ $-$ Reve		Budget			Actual	P	ariance Positive Tegative)
Other operating revenues Total operating revenues $$$ $378,720$ $$$ $399,232$ $$$ $20,512$ Non-operating revenues: Interest earnings Sewer $$$ $378,720$ $$$ $$$ $399,232$ $$$ $20,512$ Expenditures $$$ $$$ $378,720$ $$$ $$$ $399,232$ $$$ $20,512$ Expenditures $$$ $$$ $$378,720$ $$$ $$$ $$399,232$ $$$ $$$ $20,512$ Expenditures $$$ $$$ $$378,720$ $$$ $$$ $$399,232$ $$$ $$$ $$20,512$ Salaries and employee benefits Supplies $$$ $$$ $$399,232$ $$$ $$$ $$20,512$ Supplies $$$ $$399,232$ $$$ $$$ $$20,512$ $$$ Other operating expenditures $$$ $$$ $$399,232$ $$$ $$$ $$20,512$ Supplies $$$ $$399,232$ $$$ $$$ $$20,512$ $$$ Other operating expenditures $$$ $$20,512$ $$$ $$20,512$ $$$ Total Outlay $$$ $$6,032$ $$$ $$$ $$20,512$ $$$ Total Expenditures $$$ $$392,457$ $$$ $$391,623$ $$$ $$834$ Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $$$ $$13,737$ $$$ $$$ $$-$ Total Cher Financing Sources (Uses) $$$ $$13,737$ $$$ $$13,737$ $$$ $$-$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $$$ $$13,737$ $$$ $$13,737$ $$$ $$-$ <th>Revenues</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Revenues						
Total operating revenues\$ 378,720\$ 399,232\$ 20,512Non-operating revenues:Interest earningsTotal Revenues\$ 378,720\$ 399,232\$ 20,512Expenditures\$ 378,720\$ 399,232\$ 20,512Expenditures\$ 378,720\$ 399,232\$ 20,512Sewer\$ 3178,720\$ 399,232\$ 20,512Salaries and employee benefits\$ 378,720\$ 399,232\$ 20,512Supplies\$ 378,720\$ 399,232\$ 20,512Total control of the operating expenditures\$ 5,6,045\$ 399,232\$ 20,512Total\$ 56,045\$ 309,87\$ 76,102Other operating expenditures\$ 76,102 $250,346$ \$ 386,425\$ 385,591\$ 834Capital Outlay\$ 6,032\$ 6,032\$ -\$ 6,032\$ -Total Expenditures\$ 392,457\$ 391,623\$ 834Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures\$ (13,737)\$ 7,609\$ 21,346Other Financing Sources (Uses)\$ 13,737\$ 13,737\$ -Fund balance increase $ $	Charges for services			\$	399,232		
Non-operating revenues: Interest earnings $ -$ Total Revenues\$ 378,720\$ 399,232\$ 20,512Expenditures\$ 378,720\$ 399,232\$ 20,512SewerSalaries and employee benefits\$ 3,098 $-$ Supplies3,098 $ -$ Other operating expenditures $250,346$ $ -$ Total\$ 386,425\$ 385,591\$ 834Capital Outlay\$ 6,032\$ 6,032\$ -Total Expenditures\$ 392,457\$ 391,623\$ 834Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures\$ (13,737)\$ 7,609\$ 21,346Other Financing Sources (Uses)\$ 13,737\$ 13,737\$ -Fund balance increase $ -$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)\$ 13,737\$ 13,737\$ -Fund balance increase $ -$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)\$ 13,737\$ 13,737\$ -Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) $ -$ Expenditures and Other Uses\$ 21,346\$ 21,346Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual: Revenues and Other Sources Over $ -$ Depreciation $(22,275)$ $(22,775)$ Capital outlay $6,032$ Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions $(3,215)$ Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions $(2,459)$ Increase in OPEB liability $6,549$ Increase in OPEB liability $6,549$ In	Other operating revenues				-		
Interest earningsTotal Revenues\$ 378,720\$ 399,232\$ 20,512Expenditures\$\$ 378,720\$ 399,232\$ 20,512SewerSalaries and employee benefits\$ 3,098\$ 3,098Supplies3,09876,102Other operating expenditures $250,346$ Total\$ 386,425\$ 385,591\$ 834Capital Outlay\$ 6,032\$ 6,032\$ -Total Expenditures\$ 392,457\$ 391,623\$ 834Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures\$ (13,737)\$ 7,609\$ 21,346Other Financing Sources (Uses)\$ 13,737\$ 13,737\$ -Transfers from (to) other funds\$ 13,737\$ 13,737\$ -Fund balance increase\$ 13,737\$ 13,737\$ -Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)\$ 13,737\$ 13,737\$ -Transfers from (to) other funds\$ 13,737\$ 13,737\$ -Fund balance increase\$ 13,737\$ 13,737\$ -Total Other Sources Over (Under)\$ -\$ 21,346\$ 21,346Revenues and Other Sources Over\$ 21,346\$ 21,346Revenues and Other Uses\$ 21,346\$ 21,346Reconciling items: $0,032$ $0,032$ Depreciation $(22,275)$ $(3,215)$ Capital outlay $6,032$ Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions $(3,215)$ Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions $(7,459)$ Increase in OPEB liability $6,656$ Total Reconciling items: <td>Total operating revenues</td> <td>\$</td> <td>378,720</td> <td>\$</td> <td>399,232</td> <td>\$</td> <td>20,512</td>	Total operating revenues	\$	378,720	\$	399,232	\$	20,512
Total Revenues\$ 378,720\$ 399,232\$ 20,512ExpendituresSewerSalaries and employee benefitsSuppliesTipping feesTotalTotalCapital Outlay\$ 6,032\$ 6,032\$ 6,032\$ 6,032\$ 6,032\$ 6,032\$ 13,737 <td< td=""><td>Non-operating revenues:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Non-operating revenues:						
Expenditures SewerSalaries and employee benefits SuppliesS $56,045$ $3,098$ Supplies Tipping fees $3,098$ Tipping fees Total $76,102$ Other operating expenditures Total $\frac{250,346}{\$}$ Salaries and employee benefits $\frac{5}{386,425}$ Supplies Total $\frac{5}{386,425}$ Salaries Total $\frac{5}{392,457}$ Sources (Uarce) $\frac{5}{(13,737)}$ Sources (Uses) $\frac{5}{(13,737)}$ Transfers from (to) other funds Fund balance increase Total Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other UsesRevenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other UsesReconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual: Reconciling items: DepreciationDepreciation Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions Increase in net pension liability Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pensions Increase in OPEB liabilityCapital Coulding ItemsSources (Capital Coulding Items)Sources (Capital Coulding Items)Capital Coulding ItemsSources (Capital Coulding Items)Sources (Capital Coulding Items) </td <td>Interest earnings</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Interest earnings		-		-		-
SewerSalaries and employee benefits\$ 56,045Supplies3,098Tipping fees76,102Other operating expenditures $250,346$ Total\$ 386,425Total\$ 386,425Capital Outlay\$ 6,032\$ 0,032\$ 6,032Sevenues Over (Under) Expenditures\$ 392,457Sevenues Over (Under) Expenditures\$ (13,737)Sevenues Over (Under) Expenditures\$ (13,737)Sevenues Over (Under) Expenditures\$ (13,737)Sevenues Over (Under) Expenditures\$ (13,737)Sevenues and Other funds\$ (13,737)Fund balance increase $-$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)\$ (13,737)Sevenues and Other Sources Over (Under)Expenditures and Other UsesSeconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:Revenues and Other Sources OverExpenditures and Other UsesSeconciling items:DepreciationDepreciationC22,275)Capital outlayAccrual to full accrual:Revenues and Other Sources OverExpenditures and Other UsesSeconciling items:DepreciationDepreciationC22,275)Capital outlayAccrual to full accrual:Revenues in deferred outflows or resources-pensionsIncrease in deferred inflows of resour	Total Revenues	\$	378,720	\$	399,232	\$	20,512
Salaries and employee benefits\$ 56,045Supplies3,098Tipping fees76,102Other operating expenditures $250,346$ Total\$ 386,425\$ 385,591Capital Outlay\$ 6,032\$ 6,032 $$ 0,032$ \$ 6,032\$ 6,032Total Expenditures\$ 392,457\$ 391,623 $$ 0,032$ \$ 13,737\$ 7,609Total Expenditures\$ (13,737)\$ 7,609 $$ 0,032$ \$ 13,737\$ 13,737 $$ 0,032$ \$ 13,737\$ 13,737 $$ 0,032$ \$ 13,737\$ 13,737 $$ 0,032$ \$ 13,737\$ 13,737 $$ 0,032$ \$ 13,737\$ 13,737 $$ 0,032$ \$ 13,737\$ 13,737 $$ 0,032$ \$ 13,737\$ 13,737 $$ 0,032$ \$ 13,737\$ 13,737 $$ 0,032$ \$ 13,737\$ 13,737 $$ 0,032$ \$ 13,737\$ 13,737 $$ 0,032$ \$ 13,737\$ 13,737 $$ 0,032$ \$ 21,346 $$ 0,032$ \$ 21,346 $$ 0,032$ \$ 21,346 $$ 0,032$ \$ 21,346 $$ 0,032$ \$ 21,346 $$ 0,032$ \$ 21,346 $$ 0,032$ \$ 21,346 $$ 0,032$ \$ 21,346 $$ 0,032$ \$ 6,032 $$ 0,032$ \$ 6,032 $$ 0,032$ \$ 6,549 $$ 0,032$ \$ 6,549 $$ 0,032$ \$ 6,549 $$ 0,032$ \$ 6,549 $$ 0,032$ \$ 6,549 $$ 0,032$ \$ 6,549 $$ 0,032$ \$ 6,549 $$ 0,032$ \$	Expenditures						
Supplies $3,098$ Tipping fees $76,102$ Other operating expenditures $250,346$ Total\$ $386,425$ \$ $385,591$ Total\$ $386,425$ \$ $385,591$ Capital Outlay\$ $6,032$ \$ $6,032$ Total Expenditures\$ $392,457$ \$ $391,623$ Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures\$ $(13,737)$ \$ $7,609$ Transfers from (to) other funds\$ $13,737$ \$ $13,737$ Fund balance increase\$ $13,737$ \$ $13,737$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)\$ $13,737$ \$ $13,737$ Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under)\$ $13,737$ \$ $13,737$ Expenditures and Other Uses\$ $21,346$ \$ $21,346$ Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:\$ $21,346$ Revenues and Other Sources Over\$ $21,346$ Expenditures and Other Uses\$ $21,346$ Reconciling items: 00 (22,275)Depreciation(22,275)Capital outlay $6,032$ Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions $(3,215)$ Increase in deferred outflows of resources-pensions $(7,459)$ Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pensions $(7,459)$ Increase in OPEB liability $6,656$ Total Reconciling Items\$ $(13,712)$	Sewer						
Supplies 3.098 Tipping fees $76,102$ Other operating expenditures $250,346$ Total\$ $386,425$ Total\$ $386,425$ S $385,591$ S 834 Capital Outlay\$ 6.032 Total Expenditures\$ $392,457$ Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures\$ $(13,737)$ Transfers from (to) other fundsTransfers from (to) other fundsTransfers from (to) other fundsTotal Other Financing Sources (Uses)Transfers from (to) other fundsS $13,737$ Fund balance increaseTotal Other Sources Over (Under)Expenditures and Other UsesS-Revenues and Other Sources OverExpenditures and Other UsesS-S $21,346$ Reconciling items:DepreciationDepreciationCapital outlay6,032Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensionsIncrease in deferred outflows of resources-pensionsIncrease in deferred inflows of resources-pensionsIncrease in deferred inflows of resources-pensionsIncrease in OPEB liabilityCapital Reconciling ItemsSCapital outlayCapital outlay <td>Salaries and employee benefits</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td>56,045</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Salaries and employee benefits			\$	56,045		
Tipping fees76,102Other operating expenditures $250,346$ Total $$386,425$ $$385,591$ Capital Outlay $$6,032$ $$6,032$ Total Expenditures $$392,457$ $$391,623$ Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $$(13,737)$ $$7,609$ S $$13,737$ $$7,609$ $$21,346$ Other Financing Sources (Uses) $$13,737$ $$13,737$ Transfers from (to) other funds $$13,737$ $$13,737$ Fund balance increase $$13,737$ $$13,737$ Total Other Sources Over (Under) $$$13,737$ $$$13,737$ Expenditures and Other Sources (Uses) $$$13,737$ $$$13,737$ Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) $$$$21,346$ $$$21,346$ Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual: $$$$21,346$ $$$21,346$ Reconciling items: $$$$$21,346$ $$$21,346$ Depreciation $$$$22,275$$$$$21,346Reconciling items:$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$					3,098		
Other operating expendituresTotal $$ 386,425$ $$ 385,591$ $$ 834$ Capital Outlay $$ 6,032$ $$ 6,032$ $$$ Total Expenditures $$ 392,457$ $$ 391,623$ $$ 834$ Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $$ (13,737)$ $$ 7,609$ $$ 21,346$ Other Financing Sources (Uses) $$ 13,737$ $$ 13,737$ $$$					76,102		
Total $$ 386,425$ $$ 385,591$ $$ 834$ Capital Outlay $$ 6,032$ $$ 6,032$ $$ -$ Total Expenditures $$ 392,457$ $$ 391,623$ $$ 834$ Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $$ (13,737)$ $$ 7,609$ $$ 21,346$ Other Financing Sources (Uses) $$ 13,737$ $$ 13,737$ $$ -$ Transfers from (to) other funds $$ 13,737$ $$ 13,737$ $$ -$ Fund balance increase $ -$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $$ 13,737$ $$ 13,737$ $$ -$ Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) $$ 21,346$ $$ 21,346$ $$ 21,346$ Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual: Revenues and Other Sources Over $$ 21,346$ $$ 21,346$ Reconciling items: Depreciation $$ 21,346$ $$ 21,346$ $$ 21,346$ Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions $(3,215)$ Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pensions Increase in OPEB liability $6,656$ Total Reconciling Items $$ (13,712)$					250,346		
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Total Expenditures\$ $392,457$ \$ $391,623$ \$ 834 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures\$ $(13,737)$ \$ $7,609$ \$ $21,346$ Other Financing Sources (Uses)\$ $13,737$ \$ $13,737$ \$ $-$ Transfers from (to) other funds\$ $13,737$ \$ $13,737$ \$ $-$ Fund balance increase $ -$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)\$ $13,737$ \$ $13,737$ \$ $-$ Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under)\$ $-$ \$ $21,346$ \$ $21,346$ Expenditures and Other Uses\$ $-$ \$ $21,346$ \$ $21,346$ Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:\$ $21,346$ \$ $21,346$ Reconciling items: $-$ \$ $21,346$ \$ $21,346$ Depreciation $(22,275)$ $(3,215)$ Capital outlay $6,032$ Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions $(7,459)$ Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pensions $(7,459)$ Increase in OPEB liability $6,656$ Total Reconciling Items\$ $(13,712)$							
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures\$ (13,737)\$ 7,609\$ 21,346Other Financing Sources (Uses)\$ 13,737\$ 13,737\$ -Fund balance increase $ -$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)\$ 13,737\$ 13,737\$ -Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) $$ 13,737$ \$ 13,737\$ 21,346Expenditures and Other Uses $$ -$ \$ 21,346\$ 21,346Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual: $$ -$ \$ 21,346Revenues and Other Sources Over $$ 21,346$ $$ 21,346$ Expenditures and Other Uses $$ 21,346$ $$ 21,346$ Reconciling items:Depreciation $(22,275)$ Capital outlay $6,032$ Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions $(3,215)$ Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pensions $(7,459)$ Increase in OPEB liability $6,656$ Total Reconciling Items $$ (13,712)$	Capital Outlay	\$	6,032	\$	6,032	\$	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers from (to) other funds Fund balance increase Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)\$ 13,737 \$ 13,737\$ - \$ 13,737Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses\$ - \$ 21,346\$ 21,346Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual: Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses\$ 21,346Reconciling items: Depreciation Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pensions Increase in OPEB liability Total Reconciling Items\$ (13,712)	Total Expenditures	\$	392,457	\$	391,623	\$	834
Transfers from (to) other funds\$ 13,737\$ 13,737\$ -Fund balance increase $\overline{$}$ $\overline{13,737}$ \$ $\overline{$}$ $\overline{$}$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $\overline{$}$ $\overline{$}$ $\overline{$}$ $\overline{$}$ $\overline{$}$ Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) $\underline{$}$ $\underline{$}$ $\overline{$}$ $\overline{$}$ $\overline{$}$ $\overline{$}$ Expenditures and Other Uses $\underline{$}$ $\underline{$}$ $21,346$ $\underline{$}$ $21,346$ Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual: $\underline{$}$ $21,346$ $\underline{$}$ $21,346$ Revenues and Other Sources Over $\underline{$}$ $21,346$ $\underline{$}$ $21,346$ Reconciling items: $\underline{$}$ $21,346$ $\underline{$}$ $21,346$ Depreciation $(22,275)$ $(22,275)$ $(22,275)$ Capital outlay $6,032$ $(3,215)$ $(3,215)$ Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions $(7,459)$ $(7,459)$ Increase in OPEB liability $\underline{$},656$ $\underline{$}$ $(13,712)$	Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(13,737)	\$	7,609	\$	21,346
Transfers from (to) other funds\$ 13,737\$ 13,737\$ -Fund balance increase $\overline{$}$ $\overline{13,737}$ \$ $\overline{$}$ $\overline{$}$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $\overline{$}$ $\overline{$}$ $\overline{$}$ $\overline{$}$ $\overline{$}$ Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) $\underline{$}$ $\underline{$}$ $\overline{$}$ $\overline{$}$ $\overline{$}$ $\overline{$}$ Expenditures and Other Uses $\underline{$}$ $\underline{$}$ $21,346$ $\underline{$}$ $21,346$ Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual: $\underline{$}$ $21,346$ $\underline{$}$ $21,346$ Revenues and Other Sources Over $\underline{$}$ $21,346$ $\underline{$}$ $21,346$ Reconciling items: $\underline{$}$ $21,346$ $\underline{$}$ $21,346$ Depreciation $(22,275)$ $(22,275)$ $(22,275)$ Capital outlay $6,032$ $(3,215)$ $(3,215)$ Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions $(7,459)$ $(7,459)$ Increase in OPEB liability $\underline{$},656$ $\underline{$}$ $(13,712)$	Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Fund balance increase Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $ -$ Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses $\$$ $ \$$ $21,346$ $\$$ $21,346$ Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual: Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses $\$$ $ \$$ $21,346$ $\$$ $21,346$ Reconciling items: Depreciation $$$ $21,346$ $$$ $21,346$ $$$ $21,346$ Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions Increase in net pension liability $(22,275)$ $(3,215)$ $(3,215)$ Increase in OPEB liability Total Reconciling Items $(7,459)$ $(7,459)$ $(7,459)$ Increase in OPEB liability Total Reconciling Items $\$$ $\$$ $(13,712)$	-	\$	13.737	\$	13.737	\$	_
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses \$ - \$ 21,346 \$ 21,346 Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual: Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses Reconciling items: Depreciation Capital outlay Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pensions Increase in OPEB liability Increase in OPEB liability Total Reconciling Items			-		-	·	-
Expenditures and Other Uses\$-\$21,346\$21,346Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual: Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses\$21,346Reconciling items: Depreciation\$21,346Depreciation\$21,346Capital outlay6,032Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions\$(3,215)Increase in net pension liability6,549Increase in OPEB liability6,656Total Reconciling Items\$(13,712)	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	13,737	\$	13,737	\$	-
Expenditures and Other Uses\$-\$21,346\$21,346Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual: Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses\$21,346Reconciling items: Depreciation\$21,346Depreciation\$21,346Capital outlay6,032Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions\$(3,215)Increase in net pension liability6,549Increase in OPEB liability6,656Total Reconciling Items\$(13,712)	Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under)						
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:Revenues and Other Sources OverExpenditures and Other Uses\$ 21,346Reconciling items:Depreciation(22,275)Capital outlay6,032Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions(3,215)Increase in net pension liability6,549Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pensions(7,459)Increase in OPEB liability6,656Total Reconciling Items\$ (13,712)		\$	-	\$	21,346	\$	21,346
accrual) to full accrual:Revenues and Other Sources OverExpenditures and Other Uses\$ 21,346Reconciling items:(22,275)Depreciation(22,275)Capital outlay6,032Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions(3,215)Increase in net pension liability6,549Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pensions(7,459)Increase in OPEB liability6,656Total Reconciling Items\$ (13,712)	-						
Revenues and Other Sources OverExpenditures and Other Uses\$ 21,346Reconciling items:(22,275)Depreciation(22,275)Capital outlay6,032Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions(3,215)Increase in net pension liability6,549Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pensions(7,459)Increase in OPEB liability6,656Total Reconciling Items\$ (13,712)	Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified						
Expenditures and Other Uses\$ 21,346Reconciling items:(22,275)Depreciation(22,275)Capital outlay6,032Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions(3,215)Increase in net pension liability6,549Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pensions(7,459)Increase in OPEB liability6,656Total Reconciling Items\$ (13,712)	accrual) to full accrual:						
Reconciling items:(22,275)Depreciation(22,275)Capital outlay6,032Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions(3,215)Increase in net pension liability6,549Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pensions(7,459)Increase in OPEB liability6,656Total Reconciling Items\$ (13,712)	Revenues and Other Sources Over						
Depreciation(22,275)Capital outlay6,032Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions(3,215)Increase in net pension liability6,549Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pensions(7,459)Increase in OPEB liability6,656Total Reconciling Items\$ (13,712)	Expenditures and Other Uses			\$	21,346		
Capital outlay6,032Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions(3,215)Increase in net pension liability6,549Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pensions(7,459)Increase in OPEB liability6,656Total Reconciling Items\$ (13,712)	Reconciling items:						
Capital outlay6,032Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions(3,215)Increase in net pension liability6,549Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pensions(7,459)Increase in OPEB liability6,656Total Reconciling Items\$ (13,712)	Depreciation				(22,275)		
Increase in net pension liability6,549Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pensions(7,459)Increase in OPEB liability6,656Total Reconciling Items\$ (13,712)	Capital outlay				6,032		
Increase in net pension liability6,549Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pensions(7,459)Increase in OPEB liability6,656Total Reconciling Items\$ (13,712)	Increase in deferred outflows or resources-pensions				(3,215)		
Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pensions(7,459)Increase in OPEB liability6,656Total Reconciling Items\$ (13,712)					6,549		
Increase in OPEB liability6,656Total Reconciling Items\$ (13,712)					(7,459)		
Total Reconciling Items\$ (13,712)							
-	-			\$			
	-			\$			

This section contains additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2021

	Uncollected			Uncollected		
	Balance		Collections	Balance		
Fiscal Year	June 30, 2020	Additions	And Credits	June 30, 2021		
2020-2021	\$ -	\$ 1,831,147	\$ 1,818,976	\$ 12,171		
2019-2020	15,905	-	13,067	2,838		
2018-2019	3,634	-	1,835	1,799		
2017-2018	2,022	-	205	1,817		
2016-2017	2,459	-	1,050	1,409		
2015-2016	1,836	-	302	1,534		
2014-2015	1,970	-	405	1,565		
2013-2014	3,503	-	110	3,393		
2012-2013	5,256	-	13	5,243		
2011-2012	1,922	-	16	1,906		
2010-2011	1,996	-	1,996	-		
2009-2010	2,431		2,431			
	\$ 42,934		1,840,406	\$ 33,675		
	Less: allowance for u	incollectible accounts		7,281		
	Ad valorem taxes receivable - net					
	Reconciliation with R	evenues:				
	Ad valorem taxes - G	eneral Fund		\$ 1,838,055		
	Reconciling items:					
	Releases and adju	stments		4,678		
	Taxes written off			4,427		
	Interest collected			(6,754)		
	Total reconcil	ing items		\$ 2,351		
	Total collections and	credits		\$ 1,840,406		

Town of Swansboro, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy Town-wide Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Total	Levy
		wn-wide		Property excluding Registered	Registered
	Property Valuation	Rate	Amount of Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles
Original levy: Property taxed at current year's rate Registered motor vehicles taxed at current rate Total property valuation	\$ 480,945,714 42,239,143 \$ 523,184,857	0.35 0.35	\$ 1,683,310 147,837	\$ 1,683,310	\$ - 147,837
Net levy			\$ 1,831,147	\$ 1,683,310	\$ 147,837
Unpaid (by taxpayer) at June 30, 2021			(12,171)	(12,171)	
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 1,818,976	\$ 1,671,139	\$ 147,837
Current levy collection percentage			99.34%	99.28%	100.00%



Member North Carolina Association of Certified Public Accountants Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Town Council Town of Swansboro, North Carolina

I have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Swansboro, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprises the Town of Swansboro, North Carolina's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated November 15, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered Town of Swansboro, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Swansboro, North Carolina's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected, and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. My consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Swansboro, North Carolina's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Tregay T. Nedman, CAA

Tarboro, North Carolina November 15, 2021