Town of Tabor City, North Carolina

Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

Financial Statements and Schedules

For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Royce Harper, Mayor

Commissioners

Lamont Grate, Mayor Pro Tempore

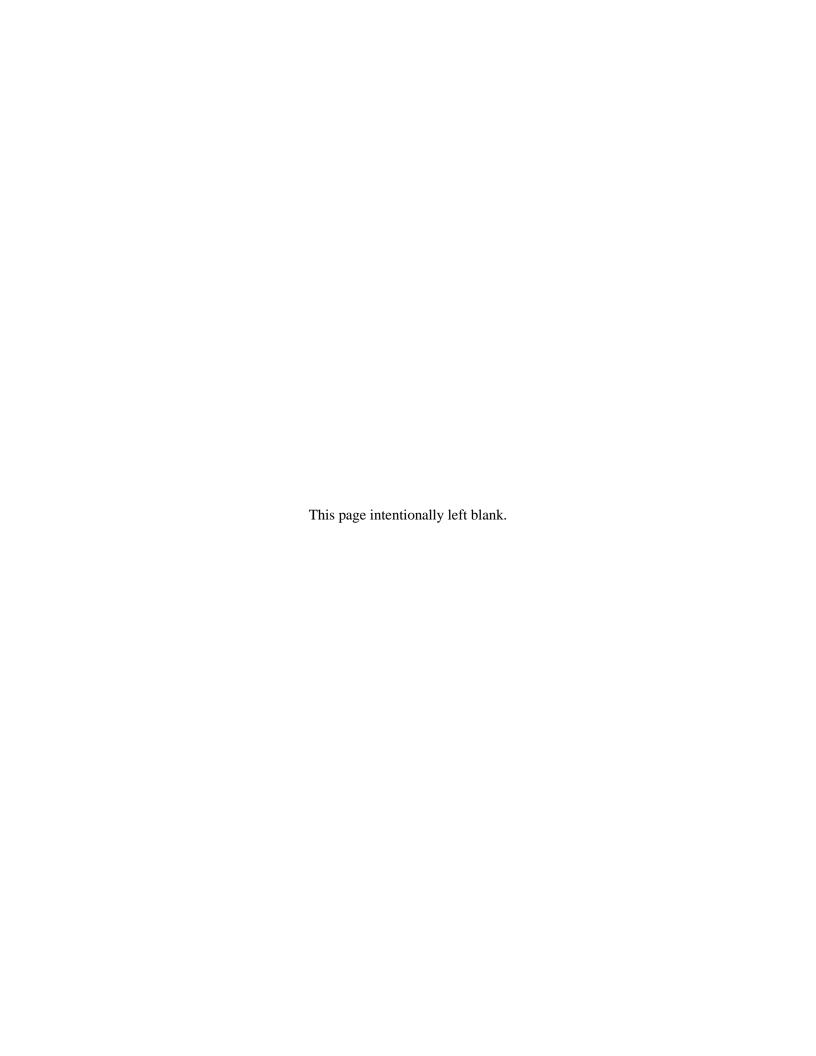
Nelson Lee

David Mincey

Sam Rogers

Al Leonard, Jr., Town Manager

Diane Ward, Finance Clerk



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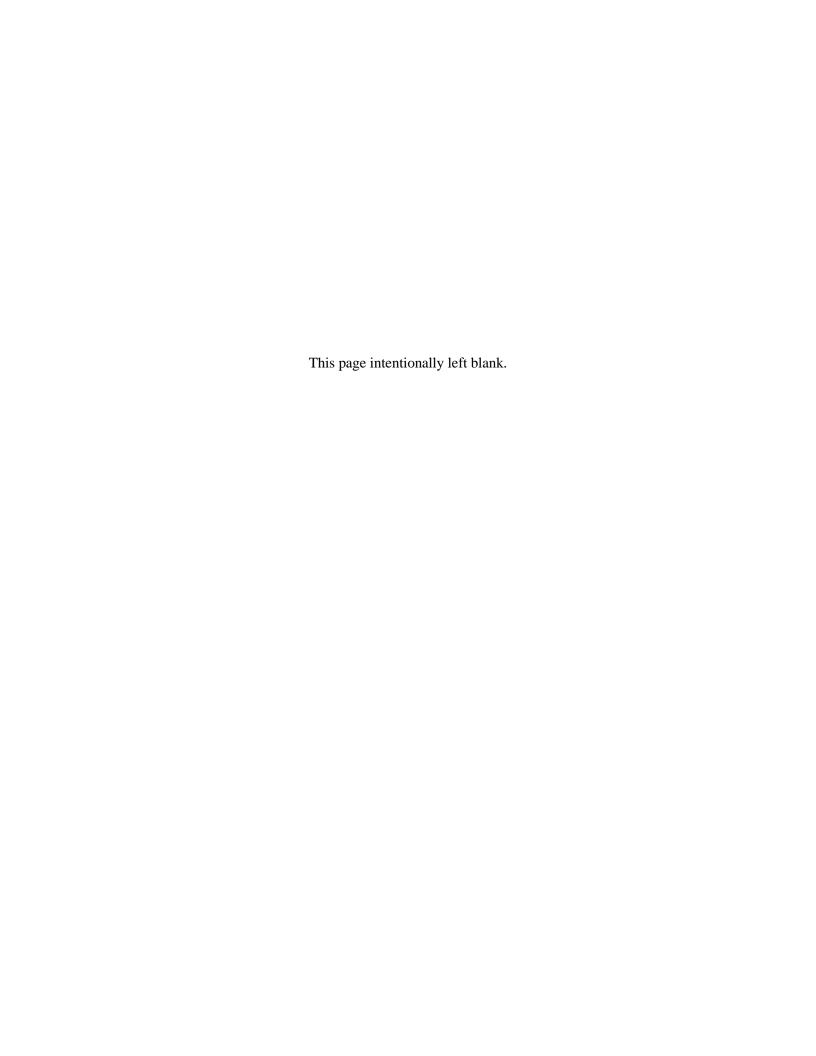
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Financial Section

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- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
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Patterson & Associates, PLLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

American Institute of CPAs NC Association of CPAs

Independent Auditor's Report

January 3, 2022

To the Honorable Mayor and the Board of Commissioners Tabor City, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Tabor City, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Tabor City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Town of Tabor City ABC Board, which represents 100 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Town of Tabor City ABC Board, is based solely on the report of another auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Town of Tabor City ABC Board were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

Independent Auditor's Report For the Year Ending June 30, 2021

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Tabor City, North Carolina as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 6 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2020, the entity adopted new accounting guidance promulgated in GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 11, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions, on page 49, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on page 50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Independent Auditor's Report For the Year Ending June 30, 2021

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Tabor City, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 3, 2022, on our consideration of Town of Tabor City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Tabor City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Patterson & Associates. PLLC

Lumberton, NC

As management of the Town of Tabor City, we offer readers of the Town of Tabor City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Tabor City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

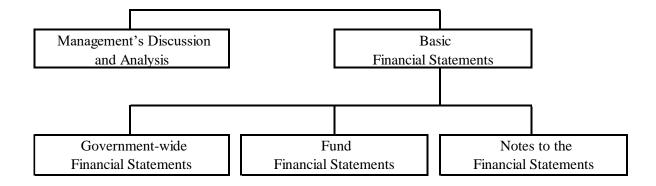
Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Tabor City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$19,982,582 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$947,261, primarily due to operating grants in the proprietary fund and local option sales tax in the governmental fund.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Tabor City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,525,750. Approximately 43.87% percent of this total amount, or \$1,546,618, is available for spending at the government's discretion, known as unreserved fund balance. This unreserved fund balance represents 51.87% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The Town of Tabor City's legal debt limit is \$11,593,660, which is 8.00% of the Town's assessed property tax valuation of \$144,920,755. The total legal indebtedness of the Town is \$159,993, which represents 0.11% of assessed property valuation.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Tabor City's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Tabor City.

Required Components of the Annual Financial Report



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the Government-wide Financial Statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements are Fund Financial Statements. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the notes. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, supplemental information is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring Net Position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as general administration, public safety, and streets and highways. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. This includes the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Tabor City.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Tabor City, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Tabor City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Tabor City adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds

The Town of Tabor City has one kind of proprietary fund. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Tabor City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity. The fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 24-52 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Tabor City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 48 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Town of Tabor City's Net Position

		Governmental Activities		ss Type vities	Total			
Assets and deferred	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
outflows of resources	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Total current assets	\$ 3,683,927	\$ 3,226,904	\$ 3,628,232	\$ 3,266,000	\$ 7,312,159	\$ 6,492,904		
Capital assets	4,358,952	4,337,710	9,968,649	10,298,472	14,327,601	14,636,182		
Other non current assets	-	-	39,014	-	39,014	-		
Deferred outflows of resources	269,997	224,556	36,223	34,704	306,220	259,260		
Total assets and deferred								
outflows of resources	8,312,876	7,789,170	13,672,118	13,599,176	21,984,994	21,388,346		
Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources								
Long term liabilities	729,154	700,765	880,969	1,019,682	1,610,123	1,720,447		
Current liabilities	130,483	65,750	230,953	175,518	361,436	241,268		
Deferred inflows of resources	30,853	92,906		298,404	30,853	391,310		
Total liabilities and deferred								
inflows of resources	890,490	859,421	1,111,922	1,493,604	2,002,412	2,353,025		
Net position								
Net investment in								
capital assets	4,223,253	4,136,261	9,944,355	9,160,745	14,167,608	13,297,006		
Restricted	1,582,401	1,126,746	-	-	1,582,401	1,126,746		
Undesignated	1,616,732	1,666,742	2,615,841	2,944,827	4,232,573	4,611,569		
Total net position	\$ 7,422,386	\$ 6,929,749	\$12,560,196	\$12,105,572	\$19,982,582	\$19,035,321		

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Tabor City exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$19,982,582 as of June 30, 2021. The Town's Net Position increased by \$947,261 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

However, the largest portion of the Town's net position (66.04%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town of Tabor City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Tabor City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion of net position, \$1,582,401, represents the Town's resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$5,203,166 may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to the citizens and creditors.

Governmental activities

Town of Tabor City Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			ss Type vities	Total			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Revenues:						_		
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 84,692	\$ 62,255	\$ 2,086,312	\$ 1,848,776	\$ 2,171,004	\$ 1,911,031		
Operating grants	370,407	485,196	-	-	370,407	485,196		
Capital grants	2,650	-	-	842,183	2,650	842,183		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	1,102,503	1,058,171	-	-	1,102,503	1,058,171		
Other taxes and licenses	2,023,748	1,552,452	-	-	2,023,748	1,552,452		
Investment earnings	73	-	30	-	103	-		
Other	1,012,401	164,314	233,818	32,430	1,246,219	196,744		
Total revenues	4,596,474	3,322,388	2,320,160	2,723,389	6,916,634	6,045,777		
Expenses:								
Governing body	46,152	31,525	_	_	46,152	31,525		
Administration	539,974	406,891	_	_	539,974	406,891		
Legal	5,567	4,036	_	_	5,567	4,036		
Public works	108,127	137,941	_	_	108,127	137,941		
Police department	965,612	916,925	_	_	965,612	916,925		
Fire department	293,699	285,999	-	-	293,699	285,999		
Economic & physical developn	1,146,128	327,858	-	-	1,146,128	327,858		
Street department	397,496	436,418	_	-	397,496	436,418		
Powell Bill	161,751	9,424	_	-	161,751	9,424		
Cultural and recreational	219,766	246,434	-	-	219,766	246,434		
Non departmental	121,565	193,266	-	-	121,565	193,266		
Water	_	-	507,567	467,728	507,567	467,728		
Sewer	-	-	1,159,845	1,294,041	1,159,845	1,294,041		
Sanitation	-	-	296,124	287,866	296,124	287,866		
Total expenses	d expenses 4,005,837 2,9		1,963,536 2,049,635		5,969,373 5,046,35			
Increase in net position								
before transfers	590,637	325,671	356,624	673,754	947,261	999,425		
Transfers	(98,000)	_	98,000	_	_	_		
- AMERICAN DE LA CONTRACTOR DE LA CONTRA	(20,000)		70,000					
Increase in net position	492,637	325,671	454,624 673,754		947,261	1 999,425		
Net position, July 1	6,929,749	6,604,078	12,105,572	11,431,818	19,035,321	18,035,896		
Net position, June 30	\$ 7,422,386	\$ 6,929,749	\$12,560,196	\$12,105,572	\$19,982,582	\$19,035,321		

Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$492,425. Key elements of this increase are Local Option Sales Tax and Ad Valorem taxes.

Business type activities' increased the Town's net position by \$454,624. Operating revenues decreased by -\$403,229 and operating expenses decreased by -\$86,099, respectively. Key elements of this change are a decrease in capital grant contributions revenues and a decrease in Sewer Fund expenses.

Financial Analysis of the Town of Tabor City's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Tabor City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Tabor City's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Tabor City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,546,618, while total fund balance reached \$2,184,047. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 51.87% of total General Fund expenditures.

At June 30, 2021, the governmental funds of the Town of Tabor City reported a combined fund balance of \$3,525,750, an increase of \$473,082 from last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues were less than the budgeted amounts primarily because Ad Valorem taxes were lower than expected. Expenditures increased primarily due to administration costs cuts. See page 19 for a detailed comparison of original budgeted amounts to final budgeted amounts.

Proprietary Funds

The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the governmental wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position in the Business Type Activities increased by \$454,624 from the prior fiscal year to \$3,586,434. This was due mainly to decreased operating expenses and increased miscellaneous income.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Town of Tabor City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2021, is summarized below. These assets include land, buildings, distribution systems, and construction in progress. Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

- Governmental activities addition to land of \$85,000.
- Governmental activities addition to buildings and improvements of \$168,907 (from construction in progress) and equipment of \$245,381 (Christmas decorations, radios, computers, air packs, signs).
- Business Type activities addition to land of \$10,502.

		nmental		ss Type		
	Acti	vities	Activ	vities	To	tal
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Land	\$ 698,974	\$ 613,974	\$ 43,727	\$ 33,225	\$ 742,701	\$ 647,199
Work in progress	162,151	168,907	210,596	210,596	372,747	379,503
Plant and distribution	-	-	9,691,407	10,020,037	9,691,407	10,020,037
Buildings	2,054,293	2,097,267	-	-	2,054,293	2,097,267
Equipment	1,195,705	1,147,409	-	34,614	1,195,705	1,182,023
Vehicles	127,151	183,673	22,919	-	150,070	183,673
Library	120,678	126,480			120,678	126,480
Total	\$ 4,358,952	\$ 4,337,710	\$ 9,968,649	\$10,298,472	\$14,327,601	\$14,636,182

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found starting on page 35 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt

As of June 30, 2021, the Town of Tabor City had long term debt outstanding of \$1,820,144. Of this debt, \$970,593 is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town of Tabor City.

Town of Tabor City's Outstanding Debt

			mmental			Busine	• •		TT.				
		2021	ivities 2020		Activities 2020				2021			2020	
General obligation bonds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	970,593	\$	1,094,137	\$	970.593	\$	1,094,137	
Installment purchases	·	135,699		201,449		24,294		43,590		159,993	·	245,039	
Compensated absences		224,488		188,177		6,160		2,576		230,648		190,753	
Pension related debt (LGERS)		343,446		288,575		22,334		23,569		365,780		312,144	
Pension related debt (LEO)		93,130		88,314		-				93,130	_	88,314	
Total	\$	796,763	\$	766,515	\$	1,023,381	\$	1,163,872	\$	1,820,144	\$	1,930,387	

The Town of Tabor City's total debt changed by -\$110,243 during the past fiscal year due to increases in pension related debt, compensated absences, and offset by scheduled debt payments reducing GO bonds and installment purchases.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Town of Tabor City is \$11,593,660. The Town of Tabor City does not have any authorized but unissued debt at June 30, 2021.

Additional information pertaining to the Town of Tabor City's long-term debt can be found starting on page 49 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town:

- The Town of Tabor City's property tax rate remains the same at \$.67 per \$100.
- Occupancy rates on office and retail space in the Town remain stable.
- There are no proposed adjustments for rates and fees in the 2021-2022 FY Budget.
- Unemployment rates remain constant.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to:

Al Leonard Finance Officer Town of Tabor City Post Office Drawer 655 Tabor City, North Carolina 28439

Basic Financial Statements

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Primary Government						
		Business					
	Governmental	Type					
Assets	Activities	Activities	Total				
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,972,580	\$ 3,010,197	\$ 4,982,777				
Ad Valorem taxes, net	74,161	-	74,161				
Interest receivable	21,042	-	21,042				
Accounts receivable - net	1,333	66,436	67,769				
Due from other governments	240,698	-	240,698				
Due from other funds	21,258	-	21,258				
Due from component unit	11,052	-	11,052				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,341,803	551,599	1,893,402				
Total current assets	3,683,927	3,628,232	7,312,159				
Other non current assets							
Loan costs	-	39,014	39,014				
Total other non current assets		39,014	39,014				
Capital assets							
-	941,600	254,323	1,195,923				
	•	·					
•							
Total assets	8,042,879	13,635,895	21,678,774				
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
	143 795	7 414	151 209				
	•	7,414	•				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	30,003	_	30,003				
• •	95 337	13 617	108 954				
•	,5,551 -	·	•				
	269 997						
Ad Valorem taxes, net Interest receivable Accounts receivable - net Due from other governments Due from other funds Due from component unit Restricted cash and cash equivalents Total current assets Other non current assets Loan costs Total other non current assets Capital assets Land and other non-depreciable assets Other capital assets, net of depreciation Total capital assets	74,161 21,042 1,333 240,698 21,258 11,052 1,341,803 3,683,927 	39,014 39,014 254,323 9,714,326 9,968,649	74,161 21,042 67,769 240,698 21,258 11,052 1,893,402 7,312,159 39,014 39,014 1,195,923 13,131,678 14,327,601				

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Net Position (continued) June 30, 2021

	Primary Government						
		Business					
	Governmental	Type					
<u>Liabilities</u>	Activities	Activities	Total				
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	62,874	24,142	87,016				
Due to other funds	-	21,258	21,258				
Customer deposits	-	34,069	34,069				
General obligation bonds	-	127,190	127,190				
Current portion of long-term liabilities	67,609	24,294	91,903				
Total current liabilities	130,483	230,953	361,436				
Long-term liabilities							
Compensated absences	224,488	6,160	230,648				
Net pension liability (LGERS)	343,446	31,406	374,852				
Net pension liability (LEOSSA)	93,130	-	93,130				
General obligation bonds	-	843,403	843,403				
Due in more than one year	68,090	-	68,090				
Total long term liabilities	729,154	880,969	1,610,123				
Total liabilities	859,637	1,111,922	1,971,559				
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred revenue	100	-	100				
Net pension liability (LGERS)	-	-	-				
Pension deferral (LEOSSA)	30,753	-	30,753				
Total deferred inflows of resources	30,853		30,853				
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	4,223,253	9,944,355	14,167,608				
Restricted for:	.,,	>,>,===	1 1,107,000				
Stabilization by State Statute	240,698	_	240,698				
Capital projects	1,341,703	_	1,341,703				
Unrestricted	1,616,732	2,615,841	4,232,573				
Total net position	\$ 7,422,386	\$ 12,560,196	\$ 19,982,582				

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Program Revenues Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net						Net Position				
				Operating		apital		_		_	Ta	bor City
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services		rants and ntributions		nts and ributions	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total		ABC Board
Primary government	Lipenses	Services			Come	<u> </u>	- Trettyttles		<u> </u>	10111		Douru
Governmental activities												
Governing body	\$ 46,152	\$ -	\$	_	\$	_	\$ (46,152)	\$	_	\$ (46,152)	\$	_
Administration	539,974	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	(539,974)	Ψ	_	(539,974)	Ψ	_
Legal	5,567	238		_		_	(5,329)		_	(5,329)		_
Public works	108,127	-		_		_	(108,127)		_	(108,127)		_
Police department	965,612	-		7,519		2,650	(955,443)		_	(955,443)		_
Fire department	293,699	-		4,424		-	(289,275)		_	(289,275)		_
Economic & physical development	1,146,128	84,454		92,860		_	(968,814)		_	(968,814)		-
Street department	397,496	- -		=		_	(397,496)		_	(397,496)		-
Powell Bill	161,751	_		108,585		_	(53,166)		_	(53,166)		-
Cultural and recreational	219,766	-		_		_	(219,766)		_	(219,766)		-
Non departmental	121,565	-		157,019		-	35,454		_	35,454		-
Total governmental activities	4,005,837	84,692		370,407		2,650	(3,548,088)		_	(3,548,088)		-
Description of the second of t												
Business type activities	507.567	100 061							(09 602)	(09 602)		
Water Sewer	507,567	408,964		-		-	-		(98,603) 108,067	(98,603)		-
Sanitation Sanitation	1,159,845	1,267,912		-		-	-			108,067		-
	296,124	409,436							113,312 122,776	113,312		
Total business type activities Total primary government	1,963,536 \$ 5,969,373	2,086,312 \$ 2,171,004	\$	370,407	\$	2,650	(3,548,088)	-	122,776	<u>122,776</u> (3,425,312)		-
Total primary government	\$ 3,909,373	\$ 2,171,004	Φ	370,407	φ	2,030	(3,348,088)		122,770	(3,423,312)		
Total component units												89,012
	General reven	ues and transfer	s									
	Ad Valorem tax	xes					1,102,503		_	1,102,503		-
	Other taxes and	l licenses					143,222		_	143,222		-
	Unrestricted int	ergovernmental r	even	ues			1,880,526		_	1,880,526		-
	Investment earn						73		30	103		-
	Transfers in (or	ut)					(98,000)		98,000	-		-
	Miscellaneous						1,012,401		233,818	1,246,219		
	Total ge	neral revenues a	nd tr	ransfers			4,040,725		331,848	4,372,573		-
	Change in net	position					492,637		454,624	947,261		89,012
	Net position, l	oeginning					6,929,749	12	2,105,572	19,035,321		265,036
	NI-4 *4*	1'					Ф 7 400 20 <i>с</i>	# 14	2.560.106	¢10,002,503	ф	254.040
	Net position, e	enaing					\$ 7,422,386	\$1.	2,560,196	\$19,982,582		354,048

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	Major Fund	Total	Total
Assets	General Fund	Non-Major Funds	Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,972,580	\$ -	\$ 1,972,580
Taxes receivable, net	74,161	-	74,161
Accounts receivable, other	1,333	-	1,333
Due from other governments	240,698	-	240,698
Due from other funds	21,258	-	21,258
Due from component unit	11,052	-	11,052
Cash - restricted	-	1,341,803	1,341,803
Total assets	\$ 2,321,082	\$ 1,341,803	\$ 3,662,885
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Liabilities	¢ 62.074	ф	¢ 62.974
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 62,874	\$ -	\$ 62,874
Total habilities	62,874	-	62,874
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property taxes receivable	74,161	-	74,161
Deferred grants		100	100
Total deferred inflows of resources	74,161	100	74,261
Fund Balances			
Restricted - Stabilization by State Statute	240,698	-	240,698
Assigned, subsequent year's expenditures	396,731	1,341,703	1,738,434
Unassigned	1,546,618		1,546,618
Total fund balances	2,184,047	1,341,703	3,525,750
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			
resources and fund balances	\$ 2,321,082	\$ 1,341,803	\$ 3,662,885

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds		\$ 3,525,750
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation	8,377,427 (4,018,475) 4,358,952	4,358,952
Deferred outflows of resources that are not reported in the funds:		
Pension deferral (LGERS) Pension deferral (LEOSSA) Contributions to OPEB plan in current fiscal year	143,795 30,865 95,337 269,997	269,997
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are therefore deferred:		
Accrued interest, taxes	21,042	21,042
Deferred inflows of resources that are not reported in the funds:		
Ad valorem taxes Pension deferrals	74,161 (30,753) 43,408	43,408
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Compensated absences Long term debt	(224,488) (135,699) (360,187)	(360,187)
Net pension liability (LGERS) Net pension liability (LEOSSA)	(343,446) (93,130) (436,576)	(436,576)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 7,422,386

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance **Governmental Funds**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Major Fund	Non-Major Governmental	Total Governmental
Revenues	General	Funds	Funds
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,094,021	\$ -	\$ 1,094,021
Other taxes and licenses	143,222	<u>-</u>	143,222
Unrestricted intergovernmental	1,452,304	_	1,452,304
Restricted intergovernmental	372,845	428,222	801,067
Permits and fees	84,692	-	84,692
Investment earnings	2	71	73
Miscellaneous	101,116	911,497	1,012,613
Total revenues	3,248,202	1,339,790	4,587,992
Expenditures			
Governing body	46,152	-	46,152
Administration	423,305	-	423,305
Legal	5,567	-	5,567
Public works	105,113	-	105,113
Police department	871,184	-	871,184
Fire department	240,664	-	240,664
Economic & physical development	99,221	988,443	1,087,664
Street department	370,613	-	370,613
Powell Bill	161,751	-	161,751
Cultural and recreational	136,412	-	136,412
Non departmental	121,565	-	121,565
Debt service:			
Principal	65,750	-	65,750
Interest and other charges	3,917	-	3,917
Capital outlay	330,381	46,872	377,253
Total expenditures	2,981,595	1,035,315	4,016,910
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	266,607	304,475	571,082
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers from (to) non-major governmental fund	, , ,	762,000	-
Transfers from (to) Waste Water Treatment	(288,000)	-	(288,000)
Transfers from (to) Gore Street Sewer Fund		190,000	190,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,050,000)	952,000	(98,000)
Net change in fund balances	(783,393)	1,256,475	473,082
Fund balances, beginning	2,967,440	85,228	3,052,668
Fund balances, ending	\$ 2,184,047	\$ 1,341,703	\$ 3,525,750

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 473,082
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:		
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized Depreciation expense for governmental assets	330,381 (309,139) 21,242	21,242
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues	8,482 8,482	8,482
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources		
funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.		
Principal payments on long-term debt	65,750 65,750	65,750
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences Pension deferrals	(36,311) (39,608) (75,919)	(75,919)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ 492,637

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund					
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Revenues	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 974,344	\$ 1,142,735	\$ 1,094,021	\$ (48,714)		
Other taxes and licenses	128,980	124,910	143,222	18,312		
	1,236,555	1,442,494	1,452,304	9,810		
Unrestricted intergovernmental Restricted intergovernmental	437,471	422,989	372,845			
Permits and fees	40,825	73,160	84,692	(50,144) 11,532		
		73,100 6	2			
Investment earnings Miscellaneous	24 106			(4)		
	34,106	90,025	101,116	11,091		
Total revenues	2,852,282	3,296,319	3,248,202	(48,117)		
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government						
Governing body	48,611	40,871	46,152	(5,281)		
Administration	482,709	416,341	423,305	(6,964)		
Legal	8,038	8,538	5,567	2,971		
Public works	149,099	130,632	105,113	25,519		
Police department	840,213	911,745	871,184	40,561		
Fire department	273,299	287,475	240,664	46,811		
Economic & physical development	126,881	132,781	99,221	33,560		
Street department	403,131	426,660	370,613	56,047		
Powell Bill	106,830	11,000	161,751	(150,751)		
Cultural and recreational	162,400	167,600	136,412	31,188		
Non departmental	377,841	559,500	121,565	437,935		
Debt service	71,580	73,580	69,667	3,913		
Capital outlay	144,400	449,200	330,381	118,819		
Total general government	3,195,032	3,615,923	2,981,595	634,328		
Revenues Over (Under)	(342,750)	(319,604)	266,607	586,211		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers to other funds	(800,000)	(800,000)	(1,050,000)	(250,000)		
Total other financing		_				
sources (uses)	(800,000)	(800,000)	(1,050,000)	(250,000)		
Revenue and other financing						
sources over (under) expenditures	(1,142,750)	(1,119,604)	(783,393)	336,211		
Fund balance appropriated	1,142,750	1,119,604		(1,119,604)		
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	(783,393)	\$ (783,393)		
Fund balances, beginning			2,967,440			
Fund balances, ending			\$ 2,184,047			

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Water	Water Sewer		
Assets	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,887,815	\$ 363,238	\$ 759,144	\$ 3,010,197
Accounts receivable - net	13,117	41,282	12,037	66,436
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	37,449	514,150		551,599
Total current assets	1,938,381	918,670	771,181	3,628,232
Noncurrent assets				
Loan costs		39,014		39,014
Capital assets				
Non depreciable assets	31,225	221,098	2,000	254,323
Other capital assets, net of depr	2,158,740	7,555,586	-	9,714,326
Total capital assets	2,189,965	7,776,684	2,000	9,968,649
Total non-current assets	2,189,965	7,815,698	2,000	10,007,663
Total assets	4,128,346	8,734,368	773,181	13,635,895
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pension deferrals	216	1,433	5,765	7,414
Contributions to pension plan	8,046	4,539	1,032	13,617
Deferred bond issuance costs		15,192	_	15,192
Total deferred outflows of reso	8,262	21,164	6,797	36,223
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable & accr liabilities	4,617	19,525	-	24,142
Due to other funds	21,258	-	-	21,258
Customer deposits	34,069	-	-	34,069
General obligation bonds	65,757	61,433	-	127,190
Current portion - long-term liabilities	24,294			24,294
Total current liabilities	149,995	80,958		230,953
Non-current liabilities				
Compensated absences	4,321	1,839	-	6,160
Net pension liability	12,957	9,072	9,377	31,406
General obligation bonds	417,438	425,965	-	843,403
Total non-current liabilities	434,716	436,876	9,377	880,969
Total liabilities	584,711	517,834	9,377	1,111,922
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	2,165,671	7,776,684	2,000	9,944,355
Unrestricted	1,386,226	461,014	768,601	2,615,841
Total net position	\$ 3,551,897	\$ 8,237,698	\$ 770,601	\$12,560,196

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Sanitaiton Fund	Total	
Operating revenues	Tunu	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> 10tai</u>	
Charges for services	\$ 408,964	\$ 1,267,912	\$ 409,436	\$ 2,086,312	
Other operating revenue	63,170	2,350	-	65,520	
Total operating revenues	472,134	1,270,262	409,436	2,151,832	
Operating expenses					
Salaries and benefits	118,185	75,449	13,134	206,768	
Professional fees	118,355	-	-	118,355	
Utilities	51,072	496,965	-	548,037	
Maintenance and repairs	39,777	74,746	-	114,523	
Department supplies	28,635	9,473	13,201	51,309	
Contracted services	-	189,934	260,897	450,831	
Insurance	21,147	15,386	1,013	37,546	
Other operating expenditures	28,766	24,574	7,879	61,219	
Depreciation and amortization	83,806	258,500	-	342,306	
Total operating expenses	489,743	1,145,027	296,124	1,930,894	
Operating income (loss)	(17,609)	125,235	113,312	220,938	
Non-operating revenues (expenses)					
Investment earnings	7	23	-	30	
Other non-operating	25,748	142,550	-	168,298	
Interest expense	(17,824)	(14,818)	-	(32,642)	
Total non-operating					
revenues (expenses)	7,931	127,755		135,686	
Income (loss) before					
contributions and transfers	(9,678)	252,990	113,312	356,624	
	(,,,,,,	- ,-	, -	
Contributions and transfers		•00000		•00.000	
General Fund	-	288,000	-	288,000	
General Fund - Wall Street CDBG		(190,000)		(190,000)	
Total contributions and transfers		98,000		98,000	
Change in net position	(9,678)	350,990	113,312	454,624	
Total net position, beginning	3,561,575	7,886,708	657,289	12,105,572	
Total net position, ending	\$ 3,551,897	\$ 8,237,698	\$ 770,601	\$12,560,196	

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Sanitaiton Fund	Total
Operating Activities				
Cash received from customers	\$ 476,745	\$ 1,276,764	\$ 430,550	\$ 2,184,059
Cash paid to employees	(111,031)	(72,488)	(12,805)	(196,324)
Cash paid to suppliers	(284,549)	(792,662)	(282,990)	(1,360,201)
Increase in customer deposits	2,741	-	-	2,741
Miscellaneous income	25,748	142,550		168,298
Net cash provided (used) by				
operating activities	109,654	554,164	134,755	798,573
Noncapital Financing Activities				
Due to (from) other funds	21,258	-	-	21,258
Transfers to other funds		(591,404)		(591,404)
Net cash provided (used) by				
noncapital financing activities	21,258	(591,404)		(570,146)
Capital and Related				
Financing Activities				
Principal paid on capital debt	(83,168)	(59,671)	-	(142,839)
Interest paid on capital debt	(17,824)	(14,818)	-	(32,642)
Loan costs	-	(39,014)	-	(39,014)
Capital grants	-	-	-	-
Acquisition of capital assets		(10,502)		(10,502)
Net cash provided (used) by				
capital and related				
financing activities	(100,992)	(124,005)		(224,997)
Investing Activities				
Interest earnings	7	23	_	30
Net cash provided (used) by	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
investing activities	7	23		30
Net increase (decrease) in		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
cash and cash equivalents	29,927	(161,222)	134,755	3,460
Cash and cash equivalents				
Beginning of period	1,895,337	1,038,610	624,389	3,558,336
End of period	\$ 1,925,264	\$ 877,388	\$ 759,144	\$ 3,561,796

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows (continued) Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Water Sewer		Sanitaiton		m		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		Fund	Fund		Fund		Total
Operating income	\$	(17,609)	\$ 125,235	\$	113,312	\$	220,938
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
Depreciation		83,806	256,518		-		340,324
Amortization		-	1,982		-		1,982
Miscellaneous income (expense)		25,748	142,550		-		168,298
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease							
Accounts receivable		4,611	6,502		21,114		32,227
Deferred outflows of							
resources for pensions		(2,069)	(1,167)		(265)		(3,501)
Increase (decrease) in							
Accounts payable and							
accrued liabilities		3,203	18,416		-		21,619
Customer deposits		2,741	-		-		2,741
Accrued vacation payable		3,179	405		-		3,584
Accrued worker's compensation		1,413	1,111		-		2,524
Deferred inflows of							
resources for pensions		4,631	 2,612		594		7,837
Total adjustments		127,263	 428,929		21,443		577,635
Net cash provided (used)							
by operating activities	\$	109,654	\$ 554,164	\$	134,755	\$	798,573

Notes to the Financial Statements

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2021

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Tabor City, North Carolina (the Town) and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town's financial condition and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the Town is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the Town's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Town.

Town of Tabor City ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the Town. In addition, the ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the Town. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at Tabor City ABC Board, 701 Bypass, Post Office Box 496, Tabor City, NC 28463.

B. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

Government-wide Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2021

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The Town has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for administration, police, and streets.

The Town reports the following non-major enterprise funds:

Capital Project Funds – These funds are used to account for the grant funds in the particular projects. These are the Community Building Grant Project, CDBG NR Grant Project, Lake Tabor Dam Project, American Rescue Grant Project, Fair Bluff Road CDBG Project, Wall Street CDBG Project, EDA Incubator Project, and the Ritz Center Fund.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Fund – This fund is used to account for the Town's water operations.

Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the Town's sewer operations.

Sanitation Fund – This fund is used to account for the Town's solid waste operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2021

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax and the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered shared revenue for the Town because the tax is levied by Columbus County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Capital Projects Funds, which are consolidated with the operating funds for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change departmental appropriations. The governing board must approve all amendments.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity</u>

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town and ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town and ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town and ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (continued)</u>

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town and ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning investment contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT-Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at fair value. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

In accordance with State law, the Town has invested in securities which are callable and which provide for periodic interest rate increases in specific increments until maturity. These investments are reported at fair values as determined by quoted market prices.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing, or widening of local streets per GS 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service which the deposit was collected. Grant funds are restricted for project expenditures.

	Business					
	Go	vernmental	Type			
		Activities	Activities			Total
Community Building Grant Project	\$	538,999	\$	-	\$	538,999
CDBG NR Grant Project		292		-		292
Lake Tabor Dam Project		271,894		-		271,894
Wall Street CDBG Project		174,800		-		174,800
EDA Incubator Project		339,828		-		339,828
Ritz Center Fund		15,990		-		15,990
Water Fund		-		37,449		37,449
Sewer Fund				514,150		514,150
	\$	1,341,803	\$	551,599	\$	1,893,402

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (continued)

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State laws [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020.

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the Town and the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market value. The Town's General Fund consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

The inventory of the Town's enterprise funds as those of the ABC Board consists of materials and supplies held for consumption or resale. The cost of the inventory carried in the Town's enterprise funds and that of the ABC Board is recorded as an expense as it is consumed or sold.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Due to very limited capital asset acquisitions, minimum capitalization costs are \$500 for all items. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015, are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. There were no general infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's lives are not capitalized.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (continued)</u>

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated Useful Lives		
		Tabor City	
Asset Class	Tabor City	ABC Board	
Infrastructure	25 years		
Buildings	50 years	10-40 years	
Improvements	25 years		
Vehicles and equipment	5 years	7-10 years	
Furniture and fixtures	10 years		
Computer equipment	3 years		

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meets this criterion, contributions made to the pension plan in the 2021 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has several items that meet the criterion for this category - prepaid taxes, property taxes receivable, and pension deferrals.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (continued)

Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned leave for employees and unlimited for the Town Manager, while ABC Board employees may accumulate up to one week earned vacation, with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The current portion of the accumulated vacation pay for the ABC Board is not considered to be material and, therefore, has not been included in the financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for the unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town and ABC Board do not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (continued)

Net Position/Fund Balances (continued)

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill Funds.

Committed Fund Balance – This portion of fund balance can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by a quorum of the Town's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned fund balance – This portion of fund balance represents the amount the Town intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – This portion of fund balance is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Unassigned fund balance – This portion of fund balance has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (continued)

Net Position/Fund Balances (continued)

The Town has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-Town funds, Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

The Town has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 10% of budgeted expenditures. Any portion of the general fund balance in excess of 10% of budgeted expenditures may be appropriated for one-time expenditures and may not be used for any purpose that would obligate the Town in a future budget.

Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in this period in which the contributions are due. The Town's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the expenditures made in the Town's General Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the governing board for Administration by \$162,996. This is not compliant with NC General Statutes. The Town continues to closely monitor budget variances to ensure compliance in future years.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in their names.

The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of state statute G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2021, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$6,876,179 and a bank balance of \$6,882,578. Of the bank balance, \$750,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2021, the Town had petty cash on hand totaling \$300.

At June 30, 2021, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$147,146 and a bank balance of \$196,247. Of the bank balance, \$196,247 was covered by federal depository insurance.

Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2021, are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

	Business					
	Gov	ernmental		Type		
Allowance for uncollectible accounts for:	Activities		Activities			Total
Property taxes	\$	74,161	\$	-	\$	74,161
Interest receivable		21,042		-		21,042
Accounts receivable		1,333		66,436		67,769
Total	\$	96,536	\$	66,436	\$	162,972

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets (continued)

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning		Decreases/	Ending	
Governmental activities	Balances	Increases	Transfers	Balances	
Capital assets not being depreciated		·	·		
Land	\$ 687,693	\$ 85,000	\$ -	\$ 772,693	
Construction in progress	168,907		(168,907)		
Total capital assets					
not being depreciated	856,600	85,000	(168,907)	772,693	
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	3,453,755	168,907	-	3,622,662	
Equipment	2,676,435	245,381	-	2,921,816	
Vehicles	1,060,256			1,060,256	
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	7,190,446	414,288		7,604,734	
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	(1,350,899)	(74,769)	-	(1,425,668)	
Equipment	(1,481,854)	(177,849)	-	(1,659,703)	
Vehicles	(876,583)	(56,521)		(933,104)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,709,336)	(309,139)		(4,018,475)	
Total capital assets					
being depreciated, net	3,481,110	105,149		3,586,259	
Governmental activity					
capital assets, net	\$ 4,337,710	\$ 190,149	\$ (168,907)	\$ 4,358,952	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Depreciation	expense
lministration	

Administration	\$ 58,166
Public works	2,031
Police department	80,243
Fire department	48,222
Economic & physical development	11,592
Street department	25,531
Powell Bill	-
Cultural and recreational	83,354
Total depreciation expense	\$ 309,139

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets (continued)

Capital Assets (continued)

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

Water Fund	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Capital assets				
not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 31,225	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,225
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	31,225			31,225
Capital assets being depreciated				
Plant and distribution system	4,085,212	-	-	4,085,212
Equipment	91,111	-	-	91,111
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	4,176,323			4,176,323
Less accumulated depreciation				
Plant and distribution system	(1,877,280)	(72,111)	-	(1,949,391)
Equipment	(56,497)	(11,695)	-	(68,192)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,933,777)	(83,806)		(2,017,583)
Water Fund capital assets, net	\$ 2,273,771	\$ (83,806)	\$ -	\$ 2,189,965

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets (continued)

Capital Assets (continued)

Sewer Fund	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Capital assets				
not being depreciated				
Land	\$ -	\$ 10,502	\$ -	\$ 10,502
Work in progress	210,596			210,596
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	210,596	10,502		221,098
Capital assets being depreciated				
Plant and distribution system	11,345,394	_	_	11,345,394
Equipment	23,083	_	_	23,083
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	11,368,477	_	_	11,368,477
Less accumulated depreciation				
Plant and distribution system	(3,533,289)	(256,519)	-	(3,789,808)
Equipment	(23,083)			(23,083)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,556,372)	(256,519)		(3,812,891)
Sewer Fund capital assets, net	\$ 8,022,701	\$ (246,017)	\$ -	\$ 7,776,684
Sanitation Fund	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets				
not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,000
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	2,000			2,000
Comital assets hains demonstrated				
Capital assets being depreciated	61 516			61 516
Equipment	61,546			61,546
Total capital assets	(1.54)			(1.54)
being depreciated	61,546			61,546
Less accumulated depreciation				
Equipment	(61,546)	-	-	(61,546)
Total accumulated depreciation	(61,546)			(61,546)
Sanitation Fund capital assets, net	\$ 2,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,000
_				

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets (continued)

Capital Assets (continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2021, is as follows:

Tabor City ABC Board	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Capital assets				
not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 23,018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,018
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	23,018			23,018
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	90,674	-	-	90,674
Equipment	102,561	-	-	102,561
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	193,235			193,235
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(89,256)	(1,418)	-	(90,674)
Equipment	(80,532)	(4,633)	-	(85,165)
Total accumulated depreciation	(169,788)	(6,051)		(175,839)
Sanitation Fund capital assets, net	\$ 46,465	\$ (6,051)	\$ -	\$ 40,414

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

B. Liabilities

Pension Plan Obligations

<u>Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System</u>

Plan Description. The Town is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

A. Liabilities

Pension Plan Obligations (continued)

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (continued)

LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable services or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (continued)

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (continued)

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 9.70% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 8.95% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$108,954 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees, who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a liability of \$374,852 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the Town's proportion was 0.01049% which was an decrease of 0.00094% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$143,647. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (continued)

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (continued)

	Ι	Deferred	De	ferred
	Οι	utflows of	Inflows of	
	R	esources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	47,337	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		27,896		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on plan investments		52,751		-
Change in proportion and differences between				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		23,225		-
Employer contributions subsequent to				
the measurement date		108,954		-
	\$	260,163	\$	-

\$108,954 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	
2022	\$	45,521
2023		56,376
2024		33,701
2025		15,611
2026		-
Thereafter		-
	\$	151,209

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (continued)

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (continued)

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore no included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%_	4.0%
Total	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (continued)

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1%	Increase
	((6.00%)	((7.00%)	(3	8.00%)
Town's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability (asset)	\$	760,535	\$	374,852	\$	54,323

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. The Town administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (continued)

Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance (continued)

All full-time Town law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2019, the valuation date, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	0
Terminated plan members entitled to	0
but not yet receiving benefits	
Active plan members	9
Total	9

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2019, valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Discount rate	2.98 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2019.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (continued)

Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance (continued)

Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$0 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a total pension liability of . The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, based on a December 31, 2019, actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$9,598.

	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	3,858 27,007	\$	29,269 1,484	
	\$	30,865	\$	30,753	

paid as benefits came due subsequent to the measurement date has been reported as deferred outflows of resources. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	
2022	\$	479
2023		1,029
2024		(407)
2025		(678)
2026		(311)
Thereafter		-
	\$	112

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (continued)

Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance (continued)

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.93 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (.93 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.93 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (0.93%)		Discount Rate (1.93%)		1% Increase (2.93%)	
Total Pension Liability	\$	102,815	\$	93,130	\$	84,288

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	 2021
Beginning balance	\$ 88,314
Service Cost	5,990
Interest on the total pension liability	2,873
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	
in the measurement of the total pension liability	(33,961)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	30,260
Benefit payments	(346)
Other changes	 -
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 93,130

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010, through December 31, 2014.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (continued)

Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance (continued)

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
Pension expense	\$ 143,544	9,598	\$ 153,142
Pension liability	374,852	93,130	467,982
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.01143%	n/a	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 47,337	3,858	51,195
Changes of assumptions	27,896	27,007	54,903
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on plan investments	52,751	-	52,751
Change in proportion and differences between			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	23,225	-	23,225
Employer contributions subsequent to			
the measurement date	108,954	-	108,954
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	29,269	29,269
Changes of assumptions	-	1,484	1,484

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers (continued)

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The law enforcement officers may also make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The Town made contributions of \$7,723 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description. Under the terms of a Town resolution, the Town's policy provides that retirees may participate in the Town's healthcare plan. However, the retirees will 100% of the cost of their insurance. The Town has chosen not to have an actuarial study performed because the liability is considered to be immaterial.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources at year end is comprised of the following:

Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 51,195
Changes of assumptions	54,903
Net difference between projected and actual	
earnings on plan investments	52,751
Change in proportion and differences between	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	23,225
Employer contributions subsequent to	
the measurement date	108,954
	\$ 291,028

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	Statement of		General Fund	
	Net Position		Balance Sheet	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	29,269	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		1,484		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		-
Deferred revenue		100		74,161
	\$	30,853	\$	74,261
·				

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Through various commercial coverage policies, the Town has obtained general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to \$1 million per employee/incident, and \$5 million policy limits, and employee health coverage up to a \$1 million lifetime limit. Claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years..

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior fiscal year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Town does not have flood insurance.

In accordance with state statute G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Water Bill Clerk, Town Manager, and Finance Officer are bonded for \$5,000, \$80,000, and \$80,000, respectively.

Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2021, the Town did not have any litigation pending.

Long-Term Obligations

In September 2017, the Town entered into an installment purchase contract with First Bank. The loan amount of \$150,000 was secured to purchase a fire truck within the fire department. The financing contract requires monthly payments which include principal plus interest at a rate of 2.11 %. Principal balance at June 30, 2021 was \$38,908.

In October 2018, the Town entered into an installment purchase contract with First Bank. The loan amount of \$177,285 was secured to purchase four vehicles within the police department. The financing contract requires monthly payments which include principal plus interest at a rate of 3.33%. Principal balance at June 30, 2021 was \$96,791.

Serviced by the Water Fund:

In June 2003, the Town entered into an installment purchase contract with the Rural Development Division of the United States Department of Agriculture. A loan package of \$276,500, in addition to a \$200,000 grant from USDA Rural Development, was secured to finance a public works facility for the Town and has been fully utilized. The financing contract requires principal payments which began in June 2004, with an interest rate of 4.50%. Principal balance at June 30, 2021 was \$24,294.

Annual debt service payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2021, including \$4,970 of interest, are as follows:

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

Long-Term Obligations (continued)

	Government	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2022	\$ 67,609	\$ 3,229	\$ 24,294	\$ 1,092
2023	45,492	1,485	-	-
2024	22,598	256		
Total	\$ 135,699	\$ 4,970	\$ 24,294	\$ 1,092

General Obligation Indebtedness

The Town's general obligation bonds issued to finance the construction of facilities utilized in the operations of the water and sewer system and which are being retired by its resources are reported as long-term debt in the Water and Sewer funds. All general obligation bonds are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the Town. Principal and interest requirements are appropriated when due.

Bonds payable at June 30, 2021 are comprised of the following individual issues:

General Obligation Bonds - Serviced by the Water and Sewer Funds

\$1,813,726, 2014 Refunding Water and Sewer, Series 2014 Bonds due in varying installments from June 1, 2014 to September 1, 2028; interest at 2.92%

\$ 970,594

Annual debt service payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Principal Interest	
2022	\$ 127,190	\$ 27,033	\$ 154,223
2023	130,945	23,278	154,223
2024	134,811	19,412	154,223
2025	138,791	15,432	154,223
2026	142,888	11,335	154,223
2027	147,106	7,117	154,223
2028	148,863	2,773	151,636
	\$ 970,594	\$ 106,380	\$1,076,974

Total

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Beginning			Ending	Current	
Governmental Activities	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	Portion	
General Fund						
Installment purchase	\$ 201,449	\$ -	\$ (65,750)	\$ 135,699	\$ 67,609	
Compensated absences	188,177	36,311	-	224,488	-	
Net pension liability (LGERS)	288,575	54,871	-	343,446	-	
Net pension liability (LEO)	88,314	4,816		93,130		
Total	\$ 766,515	\$ 95,998	\$ (65,750)	\$ 796,763	\$ 67,609	
Business Type Activities	Beginning			Ending	Current	
Water and Sewer Fund	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	Portion	
Installment purchase	\$ 43,590	\$ -	\$ (19,296)	\$ 24,294	\$ 24,294	
General obligation bonds	1,094,137	-	(123,544)	970,593	127,190	
Accrued vacation	2,576	3,584	-	6,160	-	
OPEB accrued liability	-	-	-	-	-	
Net pension liability (LGERS)	23,569	7,837		31,406		
Total	\$1,163,872	\$ 11,421	\$ (142,840)	\$1,032,453	\$ 151,484	

C. Net Investment in Capital Assets

The calculation for Net Investment in Capital Assets is shown as follows:

		Business	
<u>Assets</u>	Governmental	Type	
Capital assets	Activities	Activities	Total
Land and non-depreciable assets	\$ 941,600	\$ 254,323	\$ 1,195,923
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	3,417,352	9,714,326	13,131,678
Total capital assets	4,358,952	9,968,649	14,327,601
Liabilities and Adjustments			
Related liabilities	(135,699)	(24,294)	(159,993)
Total liabilities and adjustments	(135,699)	(24,294)	(159,993)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,223,253	\$ 9,944,355	\$14,167,608

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

D. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

			Total
	Major Fund	Non-Major	Governmental
	General	Funds	Funds
Restricted - Stabilization by State Statute	\$ 240,698	\$ -	\$ 240,698
Assigned, subsequent year's expenditures	396,731	1,341,703	1,738,434
Unassigned	1,546,618		1,546,618_
Total fund balances	\$ 2,184,047	\$ 1,341,703	\$ 3,525,750

Note 4 – Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Note 5 – Subsequent Events

In preparing these statements, the Town has evaluated events and transactions for potential disclosure through January 3, 2022, the date the financial statements were issued.

Note 6 - Change in Accounting Principle

The Town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities effective July 1, 2020. The statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments and provides guidance on how to report fiduciary activities within the financial statements. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The statement also describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported if criteria outlined in the statement are met: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. The use of agency funds was eliminated. The statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources.

As part of implementing the statement, the Town performed a comprehensive review of its fiduciary relationships and applied the criteria within the guidance. As a result, the Town determined no material modifications to the enclosed financial statements were necessary.

Required Supplementary Financial Data

- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) for Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Contributions to Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Required Supplemental Financial Data Local Government Employees' Retirement System June 30, 2021

of covered-employee payroll

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Tabor City's proportion of the Net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.01049%	0.01143%	0.01265%	0.01307%	0.01456%	0.01132%	0.01172%	0.01190%
Net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 374,852	\$ 312,144	\$ 300,101	\$ 199,673	\$ 309,012	\$ 50,803	\$ (69,118)	\$ 143,441
Tabor City's covered-employee payroll	\$1,028,043	\$1,063,320	\$1,031,947	\$1,041,221	\$ 989,841	\$ 882,482	\$ 839,301	\$ 803,627
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	36.46%	29.36%	29.08%	19.18%	31.22%	5.76%	-8.24%	17.85%
Plan fiduciary net positon as a percentage of the total pension liability	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	99.07%	102.64%	94.35%	96.45%
The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of								
the prior fiscal year ending June 30.								
the prior fiscal year ending June 30. Schedule of Employer Contributions	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
. , ,	2021 \$ 108,954	2020 \$ 94,994	2019 \$ 85,657	2018 \$ 80,501	2017 \$ 78,628	2016 \$ 67,939	2015 \$ 63,690	2014 \$ 60,065
Schedule of Employer Contributions								
Schedule of Employer Contributions Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 108,954	\$ 94,994	\$ 85,657	\$ 80,501	\$ 78,628	\$ 67,939	\$ 63,690	\$ 60,065
Schedule of Employer Contributions Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 108,954 108,954	\$ 94,994 94,994	\$ 85,657 85,657	\$ 80,501 80,501	\$ 78,628 78,628	\$ 67,939 67,939	\$ 63,690 63,690	\$ 60,065 60,065

8.06%

7.80%

7.55%

6.86%

7.22%

7.16%

9.24%

10.42%

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Required Supplemental Financial Data Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability June 30, 2021

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance of the					
total pension liability	\$ 88,314	\$ 69,604	\$ 68,240	\$ 57,305	\$ 48,950
Service cost	5,990	5,954	5,848	5,399	8,358
Interest on the total pension liability	2,873	2,534	2,156	2,212	1,748
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement					
of the total pension liability	(33,961)	7,448	(3,684)	(2,843)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	30,260	2,774	(2,956)	6,167	(1,751)
Beenfit payments	(346)	-	-	-	-
Other changes					
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 93,130	\$ 88,314	\$ 69,604	\$ 68,240	\$ 57,305
Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	2021	2020	2010	2010	2017
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 93,130	\$ 88,314	\$ 69,604	\$ 68,240	\$ 57,305
Covered payroll	371,396	439,225	414,270	416,956	373,302
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	25.08%	20.11%	16.80%	16.37%	15.35%

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Tabor City has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Detailed Financial Statements and Schedules

• Major Governmental Funds – General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund

• Non Major Governmental Funds – Special Revenue Funds

- Combining Balance Sheet Non Major Governmental Funds Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Non Major Governmental Funds
- Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual From Inception Non Major Governmental Funds

• Enterprise Funds – Water and Sewer Fund

- Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position Budget and Actual Water Fund
- Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Utility Capital Reserve Fund
- Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position Budget and Actual Sewer Fund
- Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual From Inception Waste Water Treatment Project
- Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Utility Impact Fund
- Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Gore Street Sewer Fund
- Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position Budget and Actual Sanitation Fund

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues Budget Actual (Negative Ad Valorem Taxes	e)
Ad Valorem Taxes	
Taxes \$ 1,091,712 \$	
Interest	
Total 1,142,735 1,094,021 (48,7)	14)
Other taxes and licenses	
Fire district taxes 143,084	
Privilege license and fees 138	
Total 124,910 143,222 18,3	12
Unrestricted intergovernmental	
Local option sales tax 1,210,702	
Utility franchise tax 150,644	
Fire department allocations 30,543	
Telecommunications and video tax 21,527	
Beer, wine, and video tax 17,826	
ABC Board profit distribution 21,062	
Total 1,442,494 1,452,304 9,5	10
Restricted intergovernmental	
Powell bill 108,585	
COVID - 19 153,629	
Visitor's Center 92,860	
Other miscellaneous restricted 17,771	
Total 422,989 372,845 (50,1)	44)
Permits and fees	
Building and inspection fees 83,169	
Other miscellaneous revenue 1,523	
Total 73,160 84,692 11,5	32
Investment earnings	
General fund 2	
Total 6 2	(4)
Miscellaneous revenue	
Prison fire protection 20,791	
Sales and use tax refunds 13,798	
NC rural fire department grant 17,433	
Other 49,094	
Total miscellaneous revenues 90,025 101,116 11,6	91
Total revenues 3,296,319 3,248,202 (48,1)	13)

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the	Fiscal	Year	Ended	June	30,	2021

Expenditures	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Governing body	Duaget		(Treguerve)
Salaries and benefits		28,635	
Operating expenditures		17,517	
Total governing body	40,871	46,152	(5,281)
Administration			
Salaries and benefits		243,499	
COVID - 19 expenses		28,186	
Operating expenditures		151,620	
Total administration	416,341	423,305	(6,964)
Legal			
Salaries and benefits		-	
Operating expenditures	_	5,567	
Total administration	8,538	5,567	2,971
Public works			
Salaries and benefits		100,555	
Operating expenditures		4,558	
Total public works	130,632	105,113	25,519
Police department			
Salaries and benefits		665,380	
Operating expenditures		205,804	
Total police department	911,745	871,184	40,561
Fire department			
Salaries and benefits		97,442	
Operating expenditures		143,222	
Total fire department	287,475	240,664	46,811
Economic & physical development			
Salaries and benefits		78,282	
Operating expenditures		20,939	
Total economic & physical development	132,781	99,221	33,560
Street department			
Salaries and benefits		209,053	
Operating expenditures		161,560	
Total street department	426,660	370,613	56,047

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	.		Variance Positive
	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
Powell Bill			
Operating expenditures		161,751	
Total Powell Bill	11,000	161,751	(150,751)
Cultural and Recreational			
Salaries and benefits		9,954	
Operating expenditures		126,458	
Total cultural and recreational	167,600	136,412	31,188
Non departmental			
Operating expenditures		121,565	
Total non departmental	559,500	121,565	437,935
Debt service			
Police department		35,262	
Fire department		30,488	
Fire department interest		3,917	
Total debt service	73,580	69,667	3,913
20002 0000 5017700			
Capital outlay			
Administration		125,643	
Police department		20,422	
Fire department		46,857	
Cultural and Recreational		52,459	
Non departmental		85,000	
Total capital outlay	449,200	330,381	118,819
Total expenditures	3,615,923	2,981,595	634,328
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(319,604)	266,607	(682,441)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Lake Tabor Dam Project		(362,000)	
EDA Incubator Project		(400,000)	
Waste Water Treatment		(288,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(800,000)	(1,050,000)	(250,000)
Fund balance appropriated	1,119,604	-	(1,119,604)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	(783,393)	\$ (2,052,045)
Fund balances, beginning		2,967,440	
Fund balance, ending		\$ 2,184,047	

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - Ritz Center Fund (Combined with General Fund) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues	Dudget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Miscellaneous income	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
	Ф	Φ 7.622	ф
Rental fees	\$	\$ 5,633	\$
Total	7,550	5 622	(1.017)
Total	7,330	5,633	(1,917)
Expenditures			
Economic and physical development			
Salaries and benefits		-	
Operating expenditures		7,706	
Total expenditures	11,400	7,706	3,694
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,850)	(2,073)	(5,611)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers (to) from other funds		_	
Total other financing sources (uses)			
Total other maneing sources (uses)			
Fund balance appropriated	3,850	_	(3,850)
	<u> </u>	·	
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	(2,073)	\$ (9,461)
Fund balances, beginning		18,063	
Fund halanga andina		¢ 15,000	
Fund balance, ending		\$ 15,990	

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	Community		Lake	American	Fair Bluff	Wall			
	Building	CDBG NR	Tabor	Rescue	Road	Street	EDA	Ritz	
	Grant	Grant	Dam	Grant	CDBG	CDBG	Incubator	Center	
<u>Assets</u>	Project	Project	Project	Project	Project	Project	Project	Fund	Total
Restricted cash & cash equivalents	\$ 538,999	\$ 292	\$ 271,894	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 174,800	\$ 339,828	\$ 15,990	\$1,341,803
Total assets	\$ 538,999	\$ 292	\$ 271,894	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 174,800	\$ 339,828	\$ 15,990	\$1,341,803
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities									
Deferred revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100
Total liabilities		_				100			100
Fund Balances									
Designated for subsequent years'									
expenditures	538,999	292	271,894	-	-	174,700	339,828	15,990	1,341,703
Undesignated									
Total fund balances	538,999	292	271,894			174,700	339,828	15,990	1,341,703
Total liabilities and									
fund balances	\$ 538,999	\$ 292	\$ 271,894	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 174,800	\$ 339,828	\$ 15,990	\$1,341,803

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Community Building Grant Project	CDBG NR Grant Project	Lake Tabor Dam Project	American Rescue Grant Project	Fair Bluff Road CDBG Project	Wall Street CDBG Project	EDA Incubator Project	Ritz Center Fund	Total
Revenue									
Restricted intergovernmental									
Federal, state & local grants	\$ -	\$ 319,784	\$ 73,135	\$ 303	\$ 35,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 428,222
Investment earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	71	-	71
Miscellaneous revenue	600,000		305,450		202	212		5,633	911,497
Total revenue	600,000	319,784	378,585	303	35,202	212	71	5,633	1,339,790
E on J:4									
Expenditures									
Economic & physical development							46,872		46,872
Capital outlay	110.024	220.450	409 227	202	- 25 202	15 510	40,872	7.706	*
Other expenditures	110,934	320,459	498,327	303	35,202	15,512	46.072	7,706	988,443
Total expenditures	110,934	320,459	498,327	303	35,202	15,512	46,872	7,706	1,035,315
Revenue over (under)									
expenditures	489,066	(675)	(119,742)	_	_	(15,300)	(46,801)	(2,073)	304,475
emperiures .	107,000	(075)	(11),(12)			(12,200)	(10,001)	(2,075)	201,172
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers (to) from other funds:									
General Fund	-	-	362,000	-	-	-	400,000	-	762,000
Sewer Fund	-	_	_	-	-	190,000	-	-	190,000
Total other financing									_
sources (uses)			362,000			190,000	400,000		952,000
Net change in fund balances	489,066	(675)	242,258			174,700	353,199	(2,073)	1 256 475
Net change in fund balances	409,000	(0/3)	242,238	-	-	1 /4, /00	333,199	(2,073)	1,256,475
Fund balance, beginning	49,933	967	29,636				(13,371)	18,063	85,228
Fund balance, ending	\$ 538,999	\$ 292	\$ 271,894	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 174,700	\$ 339,828	\$ 15,990	\$1,341,703
, ,									

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception - Community Building Grant Project Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Totals to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Restricted intergovernmental						
Federal, state & local grants	\$ 500,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (500,000)	
Investment earnings	-	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous revenue	600,000		600,000	600,000		
Total revenue	1,100,000		600,000	600,000	(500,000)	
Expenditures						
Economic and physical developme	ent					
Capital outlay	1,400,000	-	-	-	1,400,000	
Other expenditures		67	110,934	111,001	(111,001)	
Total expenditures	1,400,000	67	110,934	111,001	1,288,999	
Revenues over (under)						
expenditures	(300,000)	(67)	489,066	488,999	788,999	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in						
Water and Sewer Fund						
General Fund	300,000	50,000	_	50,000	(250,000)	
Transfers out	300,000	30,000	-	30,000	(230,000)	
Water and Sewer Fund	_	_	_	_	_	
General Fund	_	_	_	_	_	
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	300,000	50,000		50,000	(250,000)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ 49,933	489,066	\$ 538,999	\$ 538,999	
Fund balances, beginning			49,933			
Fund balances, ending			\$ 538,999			

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception - CDBG NR Grant Project For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Totals to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Restricted intergovernmental					
Federal grants	\$ 750,000	\$ 117,723	\$ 319,784	\$ 437,507	\$ (312,493)
State grants	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous revenue					
Total revenue	750,000	117,723	319,784	437,507	(312,493)
Expenditures					
Salaries and employee benefits	_	_	_	_	_
Sewer rehabilitation	_	_	_	_	_
Other expenditures	750,000	117,756	320,459	438,215	(311,785)
Total expenditures	750,000	117,756	320,459	438,215	(311,785)
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(33)	(675)	(708)	(708)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in					
Water and Sewer Fund	-	-	-	-	-
General Fund	-	1,000	-	1,000	1,000
Transfers out					
Water and Sewer Fund	-	-	-	-	-
General Fund					
Total other financing					
sources (uses)		1,000		1,000	1,000
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ 967	(675)	\$ 292	\$ 292
Fund balances, beginning			967		
Fund balances, ending			\$ 292		

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception - Lake Tabor Dam Project For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Project Authorizat		Prior Years	Current Year	Totals to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Restricted intergovernmental						
Federal, state & local grants	\$ 786,72	27 \$	88,572	\$ 73,135	\$ 161,707	\$ (625,020)
Investment earnings	-		-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous revenue	10	00	40,204	305,450	345,654	345,554
Total revenue	786,82	.7	128,776	378,585	507,361	(279,466)
Expenditures						
Economic and physical developme	ent					
Capital outlay	-		-	-	-	-
Other expenditures	786,82	27	125,006	498,327	623,333	163,494
Total expenditures	786,82	27	125,006	498,327	623,333	163,494
Revenues over (under) expenditures			3,770	(119,742)	(115,972)	(115,972)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in						
Water and Sewer Fund	-		-	-	-	-
General Fund	-		25,866	362,000	387,866	387,866
Transfers out						
Water and Sewer Fund	-		-	-	-	-
General Fund						
Total other financing sources (uses)			25,866	362,000	387,866	387,866
Net change in fund balances	\$ -		29,636	242,258	\$ 271,894	\$ 271,894
Fund balances, beginning				29,636		
Fund balances, ending				\$ 271,894		

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception - American Rescue Grant Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		oject orization	rior ears		ırrent Zear	otals Date	Po	riance sitive gative)
Revenues								<u> </u>
Restricted intergovernmental								
Federal, state & local grants	\$	-	\$ -	\$	303	\$ 303	\$	303
Investment earnings		-	-		-	-		-
Miscellaneous revenue		-	-		-	-		-
Total revenue		-	-		303	303		303
Expenditures								
Economic and physical developme	ent							
Capital outlay		-	-		-	-		-
Other expenditures		-	-		303	303		(303)
Total expenditures		-	-	_	303	303		(303)
Revenues over (under)								
expenditures			_		-	 		
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in								
Water and Sewer Fund		-	-		-	-		-
General Fund		-	-		-	-		-
Transfers out								
Water and Sewer Fund		-	-		-	-		-
General Fund		-	-		-	-		-
Total other financing								
sources (uses)			-		-	 		
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$ -	=	-	\$ 	\$	
Fund balances, beginning					-			
Fund balances, ending				\$	-			

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception - Fair Bluff Road CDBG For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		oject orization	Prior Years	C	Current Year		Totals o Date	P	ariance ositive egative)
Revenues								•	<u> </u>
Restricted intergovernmental									
Federal, state & local grants	\$	-	\$ -	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	35,000
Investment earnings		-	-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous revenue		-	-		202		202		202
Total revenue			-		35,202		35,202		35,202
Expenditures									
Economic and physical developme	ent								
Capital outlay		-	-		-		-		-
Other expenditures		-	-		35,202		35,202		(35,202)
Total expenditures			-		35,202		35,202		(35,202)
Revenues over (under)									
expenditures			-						
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in									
Water and Sewer Fund		-	-		-		-		-
General Fund		-	-		-		-		-
Transfers out									
Water and Sewer Fund		-	-		-		-		-
General Fund			-		-		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)									
sources (uses)		-		-		-			
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$ -		-	\$		\$	
Fund balances, beginning									
Fund balances, ending				\$	-				

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception - Wall Street CDBG For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		roject orization	Prior Years		rrent 'ear		otals Date	P	ariance Positive (egative)
Revenues	-			-					
Restricted intergovernmental									
Federal, state & local grants	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Investment earnings		-	-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous revenue			-		212		212		212
Total revenue		-	-		212		212		212
Expenditures									
Economic and physical developme	ent								
Capital outlay		-	-		-		-		-
Other expenditures		-	-		15,512		15,512		(15,512)
Total expenditures			-	<u> </u>	15,512		15,512		(15,512)
Revenues over (under) expenditures			 -	(15,300)		(15,300)		(15,300)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in									
Water and Sewer Fund		-	-		-		-		-
General Fund		-	-	19	90,000]	190,000		190,000
Transfers out									
Water and Sewer Fund		-	-		-		-		-
General Fund			-						
Total other financing sources (uses)			 -	1	90,000	1	190,000		190,000
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$ -	_ 1′	74,700	\$ 1	174,700	\$	174,700
Fund balances, beginning									
Fund balances, ending				\$ 1	74,700				

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception - EDA Incubator Capital Fund Project For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		roject orization	Prior Years		rent ear	Totals o Date	I	Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues								<u> </u>
Restricted intergovernmental								
Federal, state & local grants	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Investment earnings		-	12		71	83		83
Miscellaneous revenue		-						-
Total revenue			12		71	83		83
Expenditures								
Economic and physical developme	ent							
Capital outlay		-	13,383	4	6,872	60,255		(60,255)
Other expenditures			-		-			-
Total expenditures			13,383	4	6,872	 60,255		(60,255)
Revenues over (under)								
expenditures			(13,371)	(4	6,801)	 (60,172)		(60,172)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in								
Water and Sewer Fund		-	-		-	-		-
General Fund		-	-	40	00,000	400,000		400,000
Transfers out								
Water and Sewer Fund		-	-		-	-		-
General Fund						 		-
Total other financing								
sources (uses)				40	00,000	400,000		400,000
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$ (13,371)	35	3,199	\$ 339,828	\$	339,828
Fund balances, beginning				(1	3,371)			
Fund balances, ending				\$ 33	9,828			

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Water Fund** For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Dovomas	Dudget	Actual	Variance Positive
Revenues Operating revenue	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
Charges for services	\$	\$ 408,964	\$
Reconnection fees	Ψ	26,108	Ψ
Penalties and interest		37,062	
Total operating revenues	359,095	472,134	113,039
Other revenues			
Miscellaneous		25,748	
Total other revenues	311,586	25,748	
Total revenues	670,681	497,882	113,039
Operating expenditures			
Salaries and benefits		112,444	
Professional fees		118,355	
Utilities		51,072	
Maintenance and repairs		39,777	
Department supplies		28,635	
Insurance		21,147	
Other operating expenditures		28,766	
Total operating expenditures	484,281	400,196	84,085
Debt service			
Principal retirement		63,872	
Interest		17,824	
Total debt service	85,400	81,696	3,704
Capital outlay	182,000		182,000
Total expenditures	751,681	481,892	269,789
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(81,000)	15,990	96,990

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Water Fund

	For the Fiscal	Year	Ended	June	30.	2021
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]	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(81,000)	\$ 15,990	\$	96,990	
Appropriated fund balance		81,000	 <u>-</u>		(81,000)	
Net change in fund balance	\$		 15,990	\$	15,990	
Reconciliation from budgetary basis to full a	ccrual					
Reconciling items						
Principal retirement			\$ 63,872			
(Increase) decrease in accrued vacation			(3,179)			
Pension expense			(4,631)			
Deferred outflows of resources for contributio	ns mac	de				
to OPEB plan in current fiscal year			2,069			
Depreciation			(83,806)			
Investment earnings from Utility Capital Reser	ve Fu	nd	 7			
Total reconciling items			(25,668)			
Change in net position			\$ (9,678)			

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Utility Capital Reserve Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Pos	ance itive
Revenues	Budget	A	ctual	(Neg	ative)
Other revenues					
Investment earnings		\$	7		
Total other revenues			7		
Operating expenditures					
Other operating expenditures			_	-	
Total operating expenditures					
Total expenditures					
Revenues over (under) expenditures			7		7_
Appropriated fund balance					
Net change in fund balance	\$ -		7	\$	7
Reconciliation from budgetary basis to full a	ccrual				
Reconciling items					
Capital outlay			-		
Principal retirement		\$	-		
Audit accrual adjustment			-		
Total reconciling items					
Change in net position		\$	7_		

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Sewer Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Darrannag	Dudget	Actual	Variance Positive
Revenues Operating revenue	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
Charges for services	\$	\$ 1,267,912	\$
Tape fees	Ψ	2,350	Ψ
Penalties and interest		2,330	
Other operating revenue		_	
Total operating revenues	1,158,576	1,270,262	111,686
Other revenues			
Investment earnings		-	
Miscellaneous			
Total other revenues	45,482		
Total revenues	1,204,058	1,270,262	111,686
Operating expenditures			
Salaries and benefits		73,599	
Utilities		496,965	
Maintenance and repairs		74,746	
Department supplies		9,473	
Contracted services		189,934	
Insurance		15,386	
Other operating expenditures		-	
Sewer charges		-	
Other operating expenditures		24,574	
Total operating expenditures	1,138,770	884,677	254,093
Debt service			
Principal retirement		59,671	
Interest		14,818	
Total debt service	112,457	74,489	37,968
Capital outlay	37,000	10,502	26,498
Contingency			
Total expenditures	1,288,227	969,668	318,559
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(84,169)	300,594	384,763

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Sewer Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budget	Actual]	Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (84,169)		\$	300,594	\$	384,763
Other financing sources (uses)						
General Fund				288,000		
General Fund - Wall Street CDBG Project				(190,000)		
Gore Street Sewer Fund				(118,200)		
Loan proceeds				-		
To Capital Reserve Fund				-		
To Sanitation Fund				-		
Garage expense				-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(20,200)		(20,200)
Revenue and other financing						
sources over (under) expenditures		(84,169)		280,394		364,563
Appropriated fund balance		84,169				(84,169)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		280,394	\$	280,394

Reconciliation from budgetary basis to full accrual

Reconciling items

Capital outlay	\$ 10,502
Principal retirement	59,671
(Increase) decrease in accrued vacation	(405)
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources	(1,406)
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources	(2,612)
Pension contributions	2,573
Depreciation expense	(256,518)
Amortization expense	(1,982)
Waste Water Treatment	226,150
Income from Gore Street Sewer Fund	34,200
Income from Utility Impact Fund	400
Investment earnings from Utility Impact Fund	 23
Total reconciling items	 70,596
Change in net position	\$ 350,990

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception - Waste Water Treatment Project For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Project Authorization	Prior Current Years Year		Totals to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Restricted intergovernmental					
Federal, state & local grants	\$1,010,000	\$ 210,596	\$1,788,335	\$1,998,931	\$ 988,931
Investment earnings	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous revenue		615		615	615
Total revenue	1,010,000	211,211	1,788,335	1,999,546	989,546
Expenditures					
Economic and physical developme	ent				
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Other expenditures	1,010,000	210,596	1,562,800	1,773,396	(763,396)
Total expenditures	1,010,000	210,596	1,562,800	1,773,396	(763,396)
Revenues over (under) expenditures		615	225,535	226,150	226,150
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in					
Water and Sewer Fund	_	-	-	_	_
General Fund	-	-	400,000	400,000	400,000
Transfers out					
Water and Sewer Fund	-	-	-	-	-
General Fund		_	(112,000)	(112,000)	(112,000)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)		-	288,000	288,000	288,000
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ 615	513,535	\$ 514,150	\$ 514,150
Fund balances, beginning			615		
Fund balances, ending			\$ 514,150		

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Utility Impact Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

D.	D 1 4			Po	riance sitive
Revenues	Budget	A	ctual	(Negative)	
Operating revenue	rh.	¢.	400	¢.	
Impact fees			400	\$	400
Total operating revenues			400		400
Other revenues					
Investment earnings		\$	23		
Total other revenues			23		
Total revenues			423		400
Operating expenditures					
Total operating expenditures			-		
Revenues over (under) expenditures			423		423
Appropriated fund balance					
Net change in fund balance	\$ -		423	\$	423
Reconciliation from budgetary basis to full a	ccrual				
Reconciling items Total reconciling items					
Change in net position		\$	423		

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Gore Street Sewer Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues	Budget	Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)
Total revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$	
Operating expenditures Maintenance and repairs		84,000		
Total operating expenditures	84,000	-		-
Total expenditures	84,000	84,000		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(84,000)	(84,000)		
Other financing sources (uses) Sewer Fund Total other financing sources (uses)	118,200	118,200 118,200		<u>-</u>
Revenue and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	34,200	34,200		-
Appropriated fund balance	(34,200)			34,200
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	34,200	\$	34,200
Reconciliation from budgetary basis to full ac	ccrual			
Reconciling items Total reconciling items				
Change in net position		\$ 34,200		

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Sanitation Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Operating revenue			(1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1
Charges for services	\$	\$ 409,436	\$
Total operating revenues	278,013	409,436	131,423
Other revenues			
Total other revenues	157,614		(157,614)
Total revenues	435,627	409,436	(26,191)
Operating expenditures			
Salaries and benefits		12,805	
Contracted services		260,897	
Landfill and disposal fees		13,201	
Insurance expense		1,013	
Other operating expenditures		7,879	
Total operating expenditures	435,627	295,795	139,832
Total expenditures	435,627	295,795	139,832
Revenues over (under) expenditures		113,641	113,641
Appropriated fund balance			
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	113,641	\$ 113,641
Reconciliation from budgetary basis to full a	ccrual		
Reconciling items Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of reso (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of reso Total reconciling items	\$ 265 (594) (329)		

\$ 113,312

Change in net position

Other Schedules

- Schedule of Current Tax Levy
- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Schedule of Current Tax Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Valuation	Rate per	Amount of Levy	Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles
Original levy					
Property taxed at					
current year's rate	\$ 144,920,755	\$ 0.67	\$ 970,969	\$ 970,969	\$ -
Penalties		0.67			
Total original levy	144,920,755		970,969	970,969	
Discoveries					
Current year's taxes	15,354,776	0.67	102,877	-	102,877
Penalties		0.67			
Total	15,354,776		102,877		102,877
Releases and errors Current year's rate		0.67			
Total property valuation	\$ 160,275,531				
Net levy			1,073,846	970,969	102,877
Uncollected tax at 3	June 30, 2021		29,932	29,932	
Current year taxes,	collections and cre	edits	\$ 1,043,914	\$ 941,037	\$ 102,877
Percent current yea	r collected		97.21%	96.92%	100.00%

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

First Year of Levy	F	collected Balance y 1, 2020	Additions		C	Collections and Credits	В	collected salance e 30, 2021
2021	\$	-	\$	1,073,846	\$	1,043,913	\$	29,933
2020		17,984		-		2,584		15,400
2019		27,403		11,752		33,433		5,722
2018		4,150		14,955		2,189		16,916
2017		10,208		561		255		10,514
2016		2,201		9,539		456		11,284
2015		2,846		7,450		133		10,163
2014		7,427		2,583		266		9,744
2013		12,209				3,953		8,256
2012		10,200		-		4,530		5,670
2011		15,051				15,051		
	\$	109,679	\$	1,120,686	\$	1,106,763		123,602
Less allowance fo	r uncolled	ctible						
ad valorem taxe	s receival	ole						49,441
Ad valoren	n taxes, r	net					\$	74,161

Reconciliation of collections and credits with ad valorem tax revenues

Revenue, ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,094,021
Discounts allowed, net	-
Penalties and interest	(2,309)
Releases and refunds	-
Barred by State statute	 15,051
Total collections and credits	\$ 1,106,763

Compliance Section



Patterson & Associates, PLLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

American Institute of CPAs NC Association of CPAs

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and the Board of Commissioners Tabor City, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Tabor City, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Town of Tabor City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 3, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Tabor City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Tabor City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Tabor City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

To the Honorable Mayor and the Board of Commissioners Tabor City, North Carolina

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Tabor City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters which is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-001.

Town of Tabor City's Response to Findings

The Town of Tabor City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Patterson & Associates, PLLC

Lumberton, North Carolina January 3, 2022



Patterson & Associates, PLLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

American Institute of CPAs NC Association of CPAs

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and the Board of Commissioners Tabor City, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Tabor City, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Tabor City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Town of Tabor City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with Federal and State statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town of Tabor City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of Tabor City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

To the Honorable Mayor and the Board of Commissioners Tabor City, North Carolina

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Tabor City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Town of Tabor City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Town of Tabor City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town of Tabor City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Patterson & Associates, PLLC

Lumberton, North Carolina January 3, 2022



Patterson & Associates, PLLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

American Institute of CPAs NC Association of CPAs

Report On Compliance For Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; In accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance; and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and the Board of Commissioners Tabor City, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Town of Tabor City, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Tabor City's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Town of Tabor City's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state awards applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town of Tabor City's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), as described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of Tabor City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

To the Honorable Mayor and the Board of Commissioners Tabor City, North Carolina

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Tabor City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Town of Tabor City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Town of Tabor City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town of Tabor City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Patterson & Associates, PLLC

Lumberton, North Carolina January 3, 2022

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2021

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Type A and Type B Programs

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Financial Statements Unmodified Type of auditor's report issued: Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? yes x no Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? x none reported yes Noncompliance material to financial statements noted X yes no **Federal Awards** Internal control over major federal programs: Material weakness(es) identified? yes x no Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? x none reported ___ yes Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? yes x no Identification of major federal programs: Names of Federal Program or Cluster CFDA No. 66.458 Clean Water State Revolving Fund Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

750,000

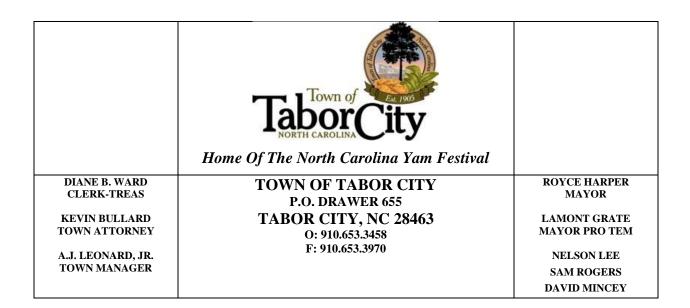
yes

x no

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2021

State Awards

The major state programs for the Town of Tabor City are Golde	n Leaf and P	owell Bill.			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X	_ no		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes	X	_ none reported		
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major State pr	rograms: Un	modified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act	yes	X	_ no		
Section II – Financial Statement Findings					
Finding 2021-001:					
Statement of Condition – The expenditures made in the Tow appropriations made in the annual budget.	n's General	Fund exceed	ed the authorized		
Criteria – FS 159-28(a) states that no obligation may be incurred in a function accounted for in a fund included in the budget ordinance unless the budget ordinance includes an appropriation authorizing the obligation and an unencumbered balance remains in the appropriation sufficient to pay in the current fiscal year the sums obligated by the transaction for the current fiscal year.					
Effect – This violation resulted in an overspending.					
Cause – The Town did not follow proper budgeting procedur	res.				
Recommendation – The Town should review budget versus a basis and should amend the budget as spending needs arise.	actual expend	litures on a n	nonthly		
Views of Responsible Officials – We agree with this findin plan on page 88 in this audit report.	g and will a	dhere to the	correction action		
Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs					
None reported.					
Section IV – State Award Findings and Questioned Costs					
None reported.					



Corrective Action Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2021-001

Name of Contact Person: Al Leonard

Corrective Action: The Town will attempt to make sure that budget amendments are made

before year-end to account for any adjustments and/or accruals that will

be recorded after year-end.

Proposed Completion Date: June 30, 2022

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings June 30, 2021

There were no audit findings noted for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards June 30, 2021

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State/Pass- through Grantor Number		Federal penditures	State Expenditures		Local Expenditures	
US Department of Housing and	Urban Devel	<u>opment</u>						
Passed through the NC Departmen	nt of Environme	ental Quality						
Community Development Block Gr	an 14.228		\$	35,000	\$	-	\$ _	
Passed through the NC Departmer Community Development Block	at of Commerce	e						
Grant - Neighborhood	14.228			319,784			 	
Total				354,784			 	
US Department of Homeland Sec Passed through the NC Department Division of Emergency Manageme Hazard Mitigation Grant	nt of Public Saf	ety		391,337		130,446		
Total	21.032			391,337		130,446	 	
Environmental Protection Ager Passed through the NC Departmen Clean Water State Revolving Fund		ental Quality		862,274		_	_	
Total	99.10			862,274		_	 	
US Department of the Treasury Passed through the State Agency of and Budget, NC Pandemic Reconstruction Coronovirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act Total State Awards:	of State Office		ounty	153,629 153,629		<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	
NC Department of Transportation Powell Bill Visitors Center Grant Total	<u>on</u>			- - -		108,585 92,860 201,445	 - - -	
NC Department of Environment Water Asset Inventory & Assess Total				<u>-</u>		145,000 145,000	 <u>-</u> -	
Golden Leaf Foundation Flood & Drainage Improvement Waste Water Treatment Plant In Total				- - -		59,535 184,804 244,339	- - -	
Grand Totals			\$	1,762,024	\$	721,230	\$ 	

Town of Tabor City, North Carolina Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards June 30, 2021

Note A – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the organization under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the organization, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the organization.

Note B – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note C – Indirect Cost Rate

The Organization has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note D – Loans Outstanding

As discussed in the Long Term Debt note on page 45, the Town received a loan \$23,320 from the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality. This amount was paid back in full in July 2021.