REVIEWEDBy SLGFD at 9:46 am, Nov 02, 2021

TOWN OF WILSON'S MILLS NORTH CAROLINA

Financial Statements and Supplemental Information

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Board of Commissioners

Phillip R. Wright, Mayor JC Triplett, Mayor Pro-Tem Carolyn W. Dobbin Randy Jernigan David McGowan Tim E. Brown

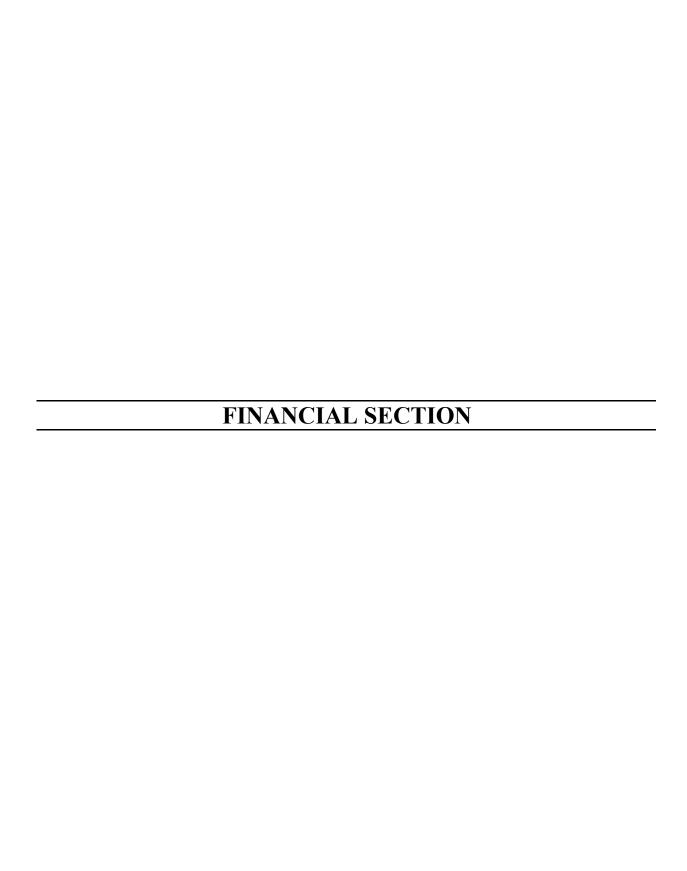
Administrative Officers

Leighanna Worley, Town Administrator Sherry Hudson, Finance Officer

Table of Contents June 30, 2021

| Exhibit | | Page |
|----------------|---|-------------|
| | Financial Section | |
| | Independent Auditors' Report | |
| | Management's Discussion and Analysis | 4 |
| | Basic Financial Statements: | |
| | Government-Wide Financial Statements: | |
| 1 | Statement of Net Position. | |
| 2 | Statement of Activities. | 13 |
| | Fund Financial Statements: | |
| 3 | Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds | 14 |
| 3 | Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the | |
| | Statement of Net Position | 15 |
| 4 | Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – | |
| | Governmental Funds | 16 |
| 4 | Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and | |
| | Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities | s17 |
| 5 | Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – | |
| | Budget and Actual – General Fund | |
| 6 | Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund | 19 |
| 7 | Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund | |
| | Net Position – Proprietary Fund | 20 |
| 8 | Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund | 21 |
| | Notes to the Financial Statements | 22 |
| Schedul | <u>e</u> | |
| | Supplementary Information: | |
| 1 | Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Pension Asset – Local Government | |
| | Employees' Retirement System | |
| 2 | Schedule of Contributions – Local Government Employees' Retirement System | 48 |
| 3 | Schedule of Changes In Total Pension Liability – Law Enforcement Officers' | |
| | Special Separation Allowance | 49 |
| 4 | Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll – Law | |
| | Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance | 50 |
| 5 | Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – | |
| | Budget and Actual – General Fund. | 51 |
| 6 | Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – | |
| | Budget and Actual – Water and Sewer Fund | 54 |
| 7 | Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and | |
| | Actual – USDA Wastewater Systems Improvements Project Fund | |
| 8 | Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable | |
| 9 | Analysis of Current Tax Levy – Town-Wide Levy | 58 |

| Compliance Section: | |
|--|----|
| Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on | |
| Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed | |
| in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards | 59 |
| Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on | |





Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Wilson's Mills Wilson's Mills, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wilson's Mills, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Raleigh, NC 27609

919-961-7496

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wilson's Mills, North Carolina as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note VII to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2020, the entity adopted new accounting guidance promulgated in GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 11, Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions on pages 48 through 49, and the Law Enforcement's Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on pages 50 through 51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Wilson's Mills, North Carolina. The combining and individual nonmajor fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are presented for additional analysis and are a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund statements, the budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

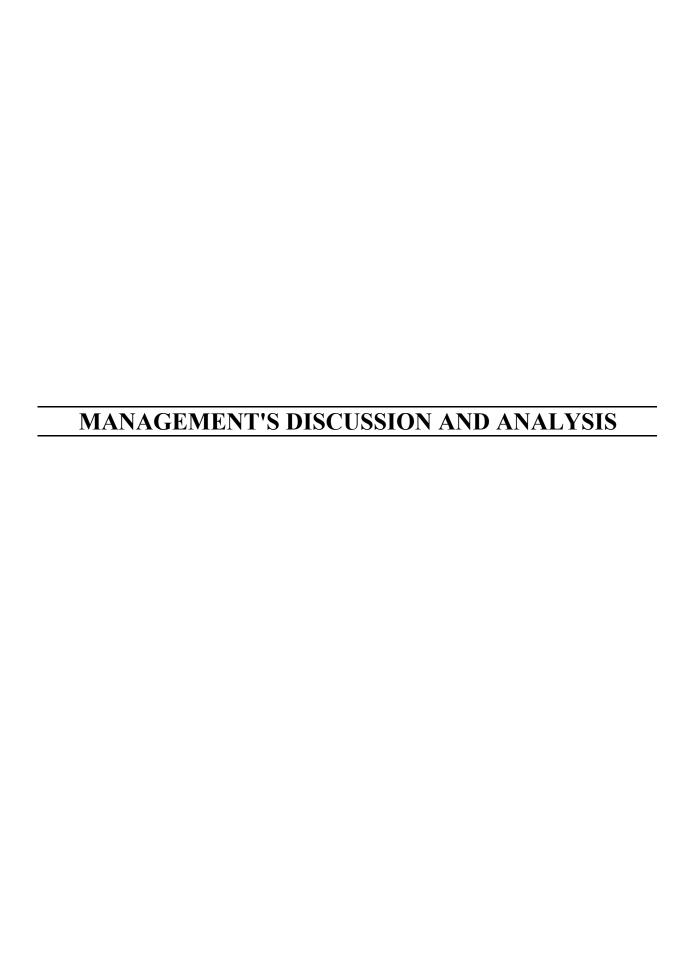
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our reports dated September 28, 2021 on our consideration of the Mills' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of those reports is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. Those reports are an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Mills' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

3

Raleigh, North Carolina

Sharpe Patel PLLC



As management of the Town of Wilson's Mills (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town of Wilson's Mills's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Wilson's Mills for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

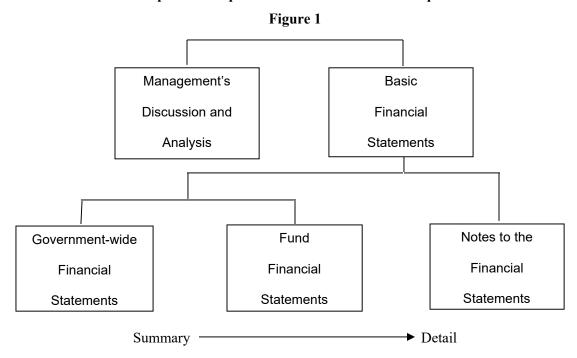
Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Wilson's Mills exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$6,001,629 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$36,348, primarily due to increases in the governmental activities as well as a change in accounting principle that contributed to an increase in net position.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Wilson's Mills's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,587,001 with a net increase of \$156,784 in fund balance. Approximately 16.81% of this total amount, or \$266,777, is non-spendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,292,904, or 91.84% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out for the fiscal year.
- The Town of Wilson's Mills maintained its AAA bond rating.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Wilson's Mills's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Wilson's Mills.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **Supplemental Information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as transportation, environmental protection, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer and electric services offered by the Town of Wilson's Mills.

The government-wide financial statements are Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Wilson's Mills, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Town of Wilson's Mills can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Wilson's Mills adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds – Town of Wilson's Mills has two different kinds of proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Wilson's Mills uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 24 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Wilson's Mills's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 48 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities: The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and state laws and federal and state appropriations.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Town of Wilson's Mills's Net Position

Figure 2

| | | imental vities | Busine Activ | ss-type vities | Total | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | 6/30/21 | 6/30/20 | 6/30/21 | 6/30/20 | 6/30/21 | 6/30/20 | |
| Current and other assets Capital assets | \$ 1,597,270 1,042,019 | \$ 1,440,486 1,032,765 | \$ 51,848 6,633,441 | \$ 40,995 6,798,637 | \$ 1,649,118 7,675,460 | \$ 1,481,481 7,831,402 | |
| Deferred outflows of resources | 233,247 | 201,938 | - | - | 233,247 | 201,938 | |
| Total assets and deferred outflows | | | | | , | | |
| of resources | \$ 2,872,536 | \$ 2,675,189 | \$ 6,685,289 | \$ 6,839,632 | \$ 9,557,825 | \$ 9,514,821 | |
| Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Deferred inflows of resources Total liabilities and deferred inflows | \$ 503,487 19,914 70,134 | \$ 424,612 31,602 89,806 | \$ 2,962,000 661 | \$ 3,003,000 520 | \$ 3,465,487 20,575 70,134 | \$ 3,427,612 32,122 89,806 | |
| of resources | \$ 593,535 | \$ 546,020 | \$ 2,962,661 | \$ 3,003,520 | \$ 3,556,196 | \$ 3,549,540 | |
| Net position: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt | \$ 863,294 | \$ 827,779 | \$ 3,671,441 | \$ 3,795,637 | \$ 4,534,735 | \$ 4,623,416 | |
| Restricted | 277,356 | 235,968 | \$ 3,0/1,441 | \$ 3,193,031 | 277,356 | 235,968 | |
| Unrestricted | 1,138,351 | 1,065,422 | 51,187 | 40,475 | 1,189,538 | 1,105,897 | |
| Total net position | \$ 2,279,001 | \$ 2,129,169 | \$ 3,722,628 | \$ 3,836,112 | \$ 6,001,629 | \$ 5,965,281 | |

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Wilson's Mills exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$6,001,629 as of June 30, 2021. The Town's net position increased by \$36,348 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. However, the largest portion reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town of Wilson's Mills uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Wilson's Mills's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Wilson's Mills' net position, \$266,777, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 99.77%.
- Close monitoring of expenses in all departments.
- Grants and contributions received related to the USDA project.

Town of Wilson's Mills's Changes in Net Position Figure 3

| | Governmental Activities | | Busine Activ | | Total | | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | 6/30/21 | 6/30/20 | 6/30/21 | 6/30/20 | 6/30/21 | 6/30/20 | |
| Programs revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 71,339 | \$ 108,529 | \$ 156,940 | \$ 130,707 | \$ 228,279 | \$ 239,236 | |
| Operating grants and contributions | 173,700 | 112,265 | - | - | 173,700 | 112,265 | |
| Capital grants and contributions | - | - | - | 989,640 | - | 989,640 | |
| General Revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 847,259 | 815,672 | - | - | 847,259 | 815,672 | |
| Other taxes | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Grants and contributions not restricted | | | | | | | |
| to specific programs | 437,314 | 366,587 | - | - | 437,314 | 366,587 | |
| Other | 7,686 | 13,922 | - | 907 | 7,686 | 14,829 | |
| Total Revenues | \$ 1,537,298 | \$ 1,416,975 | \$ 156,940 | \$ 1,121,254 | \$ 1,694,238 | \$ 2,538,229 | |
| Expenses: | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 193,950 | \$ 171,440 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 193,950 | \$ 171,440 | |
| Administration | 207,542 | 275,878 | - | - | 207,542 | 275,878 | |
| Streets | 242,759 | 116,492 | - | - | 242,759 | 116,492 | |
| Planning boards | 110,514 | 163,420 | - | - | 110,514 | 163,420 | |
| Park and recreation | 68,079 | 79,658 | - | - | 68,079 | 79,658 | |
| Public safety | 582,984 | 479,104 | - | - | 582,984 | 479,104 | |
| Animal control | 2,533 | 4,052 | - | - | 2,533 | 4,052 | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 6,343 | (4,019) | - | - | 6,343 | (4,019) | |
| Water and sewer | - | - | 270,424 | 263,872 | 270,424 | 263,872 | |
| Total Expenses | \$ 1,414,704 | \$ 1,286,025 | \$ 270,424 | \$ 263,872 | \$ 1,685,128 | \$ 1,549,897 | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Net Position | | | | | | | |
| Before Transfers | \$ 122,594 | \$ 130,950 | \$ (113,484) | \$ 857,382 | \$ 9,110 | \$ 988,332 | |
| Transfers | | - | - | - | - | | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Net Position | \$ 122,594 | \$ 130,950 | \$ (113,484) | \$ 857,382 | \$ 9,110 | \$ 988,332 | |
| Net position, July 1, as previously reported | 2,129,169 | 1,998,219 | 3,836,112 | 2,978,730 | 5,965,281 | 4,976,949 | |
| Prior period adjustment | 27,238 | - | - | - | 27,238 | - | |
| Net position, July 1, as restated | 2,156,407 | 1,998,219 | 3,836,112 | 2,978,730 | 5,992,519 | 4,976,949 | |
| Net Position, June 30 | \$ 2,279,001 | \$ 2,129,169 | \$ 3,722,628 | \$ 3,836,112 | \$ 6,001,629 | \$ 5,965,281 | |

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$149,832, accounting for a majority of the total growth in the net position of the Town of Wilson's Mills. The increase in net position was the result of increased revenue generation as well as continued effort to control costs and manage expenditures. Town management continued to reduce non-essential programs to a minimum and implemented cost saving strategies across Town departments. Continued residential growth in town also contributed to the favorable net position. Though many of the Town's residents were hit hard by the recession, tax revenue remained steady. Town management acknowledges that 2021 was a successful year and plans on improving upon these approaches as a long-term strategy to realize continued fiscal health.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the Town of Wilson's Mills's net position by \$(113,484). The decrease in net position was a result of depreciation of capital assets and interest paid on bonds and installment notes related to capital assets.

Financial Analysis of the School's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Wilson's Mills uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Wilson's Mills's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Wilson's Mills's financing requirements.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Wilson's Mills. At the end of the current fiscal year, Town of Wilson's Mills's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$1,292,904, while total fund balance reached \$1,587,001. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 91.84% of general fund expenditures, and total fund balance represents 113.7% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2021, governmental funds reported a fund balance of \$1,587,001 with a net increase in fund balance of \$129,546.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues were more than the budgeted amounts primarily due to the Town failing to budget enough for Ad Valorem Taxes, Local Option Sales Taxes and Cemetery related sales. Expenditures were closely monitored to comply with its budgetary requirements.

There were several reasons the Town revised its budget throughout the year. Although expenditures were compliant with budgetary requirements, the Town did amend the budget in the General Fund in General Government to account for unexpected capital outlay expenditures.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Wilson's Mills's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position for the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$51,187. The total change in net position for the Water and Sewer was \$(113,484). The change in net position in the Water and Sewer Fund is a result of depreciation of capital assets and interest paid on bonds and installment notes related to capital assets exceeding revenues.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of Wilson's Mills's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2021, totals \$7,675,460 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, office furniture, and vehicles.

Town of Wilson's Mills's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Figure 4

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | | | | Total | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|----|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|
| | | 6/30/21 | 6/30/20 | | 6/30/21 | | 6/30/20 | (| 6/30/21 | | 6/30/20 |
| Land | \$ | 451,027 | \$ 451,027 | \$ | 357,356 | \$ | 357,356 | \$ | 808,383 | \$ | 808,383 |
| Buildings and system | | 110,283 | 114,868 | | - | | - | | 110,283 | | 114,868 |
| Machinery and equipment | | 291,363 | 344,472 | | 6,276,085 | (| 6,441,281 | 6 | 6,567,448 | (| 5,785,753 |
| Vehicles and motorized equipment | | 189,346 | 122,398 | | - | | - | | 189,346 | | 122,398 |
| Construction in progress | | - | - | | - | | = | | - | | |
| Total | \$: | 1,042,019 | \$ 1,032,765 | \$ | 6,633,441 | \$ (| 6,798,637 | \$ 7 | 7,675,460 | \$ 7 | 7,831,402 |

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2021, the Town of Wilson's Mills had no bonded debt outstanding. All of the Town's debt represents financing agreements secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds).

Outstanding Debt Figure 5

| | Governmental Activities | | | | iess-typ tivities | e | Total | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|----|---------|----------------------|-------|---------|--------------|--------------|
| | | 6/30/21 | | 6/30/20 | 6/30/21 | 6. | /30/20 | 6/30/21 | 6/30/20 |
| Installment purchase | \$ | 178,725 | \$ | 204,986 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ 178,725 | \$ 204,986 |
| Revenue bonds | | - | | - | 2,962,000 | 3, | 003,000 | 2,962,000 | 3,003,000 |
| Pension related debt (LGERS) | | 263,004 | | 201,542 | - | | - | 263,004 | 201,542 |
| Pension related debt (LEO) | | 61,758 | | 18,084 | - | | - | 61,758 | 18,084 |
| Compensated absences | | 10,242 | | 21,930 | - | | - | 10,242 | 21,930 |
| Total | \$ | 513,729 | \$ | 446,542 | \$ 2,962,000 | \$ 3, | 003,000 | \$ 3,475,729 | \$ 3,449,542 |

Town of Wilson's Mills' Outstanding Debt. The Town of Wilson's Mills's total debt increased by \$26,187 (0.76%) during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this increase were related to increases to pension related debt netted with annual payments made on the revolving loans in the amount of \$67,261.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Town of Wilson's Mills is \$14,110,605. The Town has \$0 in bonds authorized but unissued at June 30, 2021.

Additional information regarding the Town of Wilson's Mills's long-term debt can be found in Note III.b.5 beginning on page 44 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town.

- Stable tax base. The budget calls for maintaining 42 cents per \$100 valuation tax rate.
- Stable tax collection percentage. The Count of Johnston's tax collection rate is at or above 99.77%
- Enormous residential growth. With 3200+ rooftops in motion for construction, both Planning & Zoning fees have increased, as well as the overall tax base of the town.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities: Property taxes (benefiting from the economic growth) and revenues from permits and fees are expected to lead the increase in budgeted revenue by more than 25%. The Town will use these increases in revenues to finance programs currently in place and work towards employee retention with a focus on salary grade and job description studies. Management has seen some improvement in areas that were affected by the recession and anticipates more growth in coming years.

The total budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to be consistent to the prior year.

The Town will most likely appropriate fund balance in the fiscal year 2022 budget. These appropriations would be to start Capital Improvement projects noted in our upcoming Strategic and Capital Improvements Plan, likely for a new Administrative Town Hall building. Management believes that increased revenues and continued restrictions on spending will maintain the Town's financial position. Though management believes current growth will generate enough revenue to support Town operations, use of the Town's fund balance for Capital Projects may be necessary.

Business–type Activities: Water and Sewer Fund. The water and sewer fund budget is expected to be consistent to the prior year.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Director of Finance, Town of Wilson's Mills, P.O. Box 448, Wilson's Mills, North Carolina 27593. One can also call (919) 938-3885, visit our website at www.wilsonsmillsnc.org.



TOWN OF WILSON'S MILLS, NORTH CAROLINA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

| | Primary Government | | | |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|--|
| | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total | |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,319,327 | \$ 46,488 | \$ 1,365,815 | |
| Taxes receivable (net) | 587 | - | 587 | |
| Accounts receivable | 14,351 | 5,360 | 19,711 | |
| Due from other governments | 78,004 | - | 78,004 | |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | 185,001 | | 185,001 | |
| Total current assets | 1,597,270 | 51,848 | 1,649,118 | |
| Non-current assets: | | | | |
| Capital assets (Note III.A.3): | | | | |
| Land, non-depreciable improvements and | | | | |
| construction in progress | 451,027 | 357,356 | 808,383 | |
| Other capital assets, net of depreciation | 590,992 | 6,276,085 | 6,867,077 | |
| Total capital assets | 1,042,019 | 6,633,441 | 7,675,460 | |
| Total assets | 2,639,289 | 6,685,289 | 9,324,578 | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | |
| Pension deferrals | 233,247 | | 233,247 | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 233,247 | | 233,247 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 9,672 | 661 | 10,333 | |
| Compensated absences | 10,242 | - | 10,242 | |
| Current portion of long-term liabilities | 27,293 | 42,000 | 69,293 | |
| Total current liabilities | 47,207 | 42,661 | 89,868 | |
| Long-term liabilities: | | | | |
| Net pension liability | 263,004 | - | 263,004 | |
| Total pension liability | 61,758 | - | 61,758 | |
| Due in more than one year | 151,432 | 2,920,000 | 3,071,432 | |
| Total long-term liabilities | 476,194 | 2,920,000 | 3,396,194 | |
| Total liabilities | 523,401 | 2,962,661 | 3,486,062 | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | |
| Deferred revenue | 10 | - | 10 | |
| Pension deferrals | 70,124 | | 70,124 | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 70,134 | | 70,134 | |
| NET POSITION | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 863,294 | 3,671,441 | 4,534,735 | |
| Restricted for: | | | | |
| Public safety | 1,285 | - | 1,285 | |
| Transportation - Powell Bill | 183,716 | - | 183,716 | |
| Stabilization by state statute | 92,355 | - | 92,355 | |
| Unrestricted | 1,138,351 | 51,187 | 1,189,538 | |
| Total net position | \$ 2,279,001 | \$ 3,722,628 | \$ 6,001,629 | |

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | | Prog | ram Revenu | ies | | Net (Expense) Revenue and Ch Assets | | | hanges in Net | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------|------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|--|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | Primary Government | | | | |
| Functions/Programs | Expenses | Charges for Services | Gr | perating ants and tributions | • | ital Grants and ntributions | | vernmental Activities | Business- type Activities | Total | | |
| Primary government: | | | | | | | | | _ | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governing body | \$ 193,950 | \$ - | \$ | 89,469 | \$ | - | \$ | (104,481) | \$ - | \$ (104,481) | | |
| Administration | 207,542 | - | | - | | - | | (207,542) | - | (207,542) | | |
| Streets | 242,759 | - | | 65,849 | | - | | (176,910) | - | (176,910) | | |
| Planning boards | 110,514 | 69,974 | | - | | - | | (40,540) | - | (40,540) | | |
| Parks and recreation | 68,079 | - | | 545 | | - | | (67,534) | - | (67,534) | | |
| Public safety | 582,984 | 1,365 | | 17,837 | | - | | (563,782) | - | (563,782) | | |
| Animal control | 2,533 | - | | - | | - | | (2,533) | - | (2,533) | | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 6,343 | | | - | | - | | (6,343) | | (6,343) | | |
| Total governmental activities | 1,414,704 | 71,339 | | 173,700 | | - | | (1,169,665) | | (1,169,665) | | |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water and sewer fund | 270,424 | 156,940 | | | | - | | | (113,484) | (113,484) | | |
| Total primary government | \$1,685,128 | \$ 228,279 | \$ | 173,700 | \$ | - | | (1,169,665) | (113,484) | (1,283,149) | | |
| General revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes, levied | | • | | | | | | 847,259 | - | 847,259 | | |
| Grants and contribution | | d to specific prog | rams | | | | | 437,314 | - | 437,314 | | |
| Investment earnings, u | nrestricted | | | | | | | 1,793 | - | 1,793 | | |
| Miscellaneous | | | | | | | | 4,115 | - | 4,115 | | |
| Insurance proceeds | | | | | | | | 1,778 | | 1,778 | | |
| Total general revenu | es and transfers | | | | | | | 1,292,259 | | 1,292,259 | | |
| Changes in net position | n | | | | | | | 122,594 | (113,484) | 9,110 | | |
| Net position, beginning | g, as previously | reported | | | | | | 2,129,169 | 3,836,112 | 5,965,281 | | |
| Prior period restatem | ent - change in | accounting prine | ciple | | | | | 27,238 | | 27,238 | | |
| Net position, beginning | g as restated | | | | | | | 2,156,407 | 3,836,112 | 5,992,519 | | |
| Net position, ending | | | | | | | \$ | 2,279,001 | \$ 3,722,628 | \$6,001,629 | | |

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

| | Major Fund | |
|--|--------------|--------------------------------|
| | General | Total Governmental Funds |
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,319,327 | \$ 1,319,327 |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | 185,001 | 185,001 |
| Taxes receivable - net | 587 | 587 |
| Accounts receivable | 14,351 | 14,351 |
| Due from other governments | 78,004 | 78,004 |
| Total assets | 1,597,270 | 1,597,270 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Accounts payable | 9,672 | 9,672 |
| Total liabilities | 9,672 | 9,672 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | |
| Property taxes receivable | 587 | 587 |
| Prepaid taxes | 10 | 10 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 597 | 597 |
| FUND BALANCES | | |
| Restricted: | | |
| Public safety | 1,285 | 1,285 |
| Streets - Powell Bill | 183,716 | 183,716 |
| Stabilization by state statute | 92,355 | 92,355 |
| Assigned: | | |
| Endowment | 27,320 | 27,320 |
| Unassigned | 1,282,325 | 1,282,325 |
| Total fund balances | 1,587,001 | 1,587,001 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources | | |
| and fund balances | \$ 1,597,270 | \$ 1,597,270 |

Exhibit 3

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

| Total Fund Balance, Government Funds | | \$ 1,587,001 |
|---|-----------|-----------------|
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial | | |
| resources and therefore are not reported in the funds | | |
| Gross capital assets at historical cost | 1,590,638 | |
| Accumulated depreciation | (548,619) | 1,042,019 |
| Liabilities for earned but unavailable revenues considered deferred | | |
| inflows of resources in fund statements | | 587 |
| Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are | | |
| deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position | | 70,407 |
| Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial | | |
| uses and therefore are not reported in the funds | | (178,725) |
| Compensated absences | | (10,242) |
| Pension plan deferrals | | 92,716 |
| Net pension liability | | (263,004) |
| Total pension liability | | (61,758) |
| Net position of governmental activities | | \$ 2,279,001 |

Exhibit 4

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | Major Fund | Total |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| | | Governmental |
| | General Fund | Funds |
| REVENUES | | |
| Ad valorem taxes | \$ 847,259 | \$ 847,259 |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental | 455,149 | 455,149 |
| Restricted intergovernmental | 155,318 | 155,318 |
| Permits and fees | 71,339 | 71,339 |
| Investment earnings | 1,793 | 1,793 |
| Miscellaneous | 4,660 | 4,660 |
| Total revenues | 1,535,518 | 1,535,518 |
| EXPENDITURES | | |
| Current: | | |
| General government | 75,838 | 75,838 |
| Administration | 277,949 | 277,949 |
| Streets | 266,039 | 266,039 |
| Planning board | 110,514 | 110,514 |
| Parks and recreation | 18,231 | 18,231 |
| Public safety | 624,042 | 624,042 |
| Animal control | 2,533 | 2,533 |
| Debt service: | | |
| Principal | 26,261 | 26,261 |
| Interest and other charges | 6,343 | 6,343 |
| Total expenditures | 1,407,750 | 1,407,750 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | 127,768 | 127,768 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | |
| Insurance proceeds | 1,778 | 1,778 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 1,778 | 1,778 |
| Net change in fund balance | 129,546 | 129,546 |
| Fund balances, beginning, as previously reported | 1,430,217 | 1,430,217 |
| Prior period restatement - change in accounting principle | 27,238 | 27,238 |
| Fund balances, beginning, as restated | 1,457,455 | 1,457,455 |
| Fund balances, ending | \$ 1,587,001 | \$ 1,587,001 |

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Exhibit 4

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

| Net changes in fund balances - total government funds | | \$ 129,546 |
|---|-----------|------------|
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. | | |
| Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized | 110,588 | |
| Depreciation expense for governmental assets | (101,334) | 9,254 |
| Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities | | 70,407 |
| The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items | | 26,261 |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. | | |
| Compensated absences | | 11,688 |
| Pension expense | | (124,562) |
| Total changes in net position of governmental activities | | \$ 122,594 |

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | General Fund | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|--|
| | Buo Original | dget Final | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Ad valorem taxes | \$ 799,606 | \$ 833,434 | \$ 847,259 | \$ 13,825 |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental | 347,647 | 420,681 | 455,149 | 34,468 |
| Restricted intergovernmental | 67,600 | 65,848 | 155,318 | 89,470 |
| Permits and fees | 92,000 | 70,098 | 71,339 | 1,241 |
| Investment earnings | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,793 | 793 |
| Miscellaneous | 2,500 | 2,500 | 4,660 | 2,160 |
| Total revenues | 1,313,853 | 1,393,561 | 1,535,518 | 141,957 |
| Expenditures: Current: | | | | |
| General government | 108,149 | 87,434 | 75,838 | 11,596 |
| Administration | 273,503 | 284,741 | 277,949 | 6,792 |
| Streets | 131,303 | 194,159 | 266,039 | (71,880) |
| Planning board | 171,288 | 125,439 | 110,514 | 14,925 |
| Parks and recreation | 41,725 | 32,962 | 18,231 | 14,731 |
| Public safety | 546,030 | 630,786 | 624,042 | 6,744 |
| Animal control | 4,370 | 3,470 | 2,533 | 937 |
| Debt service: | , | , | , | |
| Principal | 26,261 | 26,261 | 26,261 | - |
| Interest and other charges | 8,271 | 8,309 | 6,343 | 1,966 |
| Total expenditures | 1,310,900 | 1,393,561 | 1,407,750 | (14,189) |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | 2,953 | - | 127,768 | 127,768 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | |
| Transfer from (to) other funds | 2,953 | _ | _ | _ |
| Insurance proceeds | 2,755 | _ | 1,778 | 1,778 |
| Appropriated fund balance | _ | _ | - | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 2,953 | | 1,778 | 1,778 |
| | , | | | |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ - | \$ - | 129,546 | \$ 129,546 |
| Fund balances, beginning | | | 1,457,455 | |
| Fund balances, ending | | | \$ 1,587,001 | |

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2021

| ASSETS Current assets: \$ 46,488 Accounts receivable 5,360 Total current assets 51,848 Noncurrent assets: \$ 15,848 Capital assets: \$ 357,356 Cher capital assets, net of depreciation 6,276,085 Capital assets (net) 6,633,441 Total noncurrent assets 5,633,441 Total assets \$ 6,685,289 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: \$ 661 Long-term debt, current portion 42,000 Total current liabilities \$ 42,661 Non-current liabilities Long-term debt, non-current portion 2,920,000 Total non-current liabilities 2,920,000 Total iabilities 2,920,000 Total non-current liabilities 2,920,000 Total liabilities 3,671,441 Urnestricted 51,187 Total net position \$ 3,722,628 | | Wate | Water and Sewer Fund | |
|--|---|--------|-------------------------|--|
| Cash and cash equivalents \$ 46,488 Accounts receivable 5,360 Total current assets 51,848 Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: 357,356 Capital assets, net of depreciation 6,276,085 Capital assets (net) 6,633,441 Total noncurrent assets 6,633,441 Total assets \$ 6,685,289 LIABILITIES * 661 Current liabilities: * 661 Long-term debt, current portion 42,000 Total current liabilities: * 42,661 Non-current liabilities: 2,920,000 Total non-current portion 2,920,000 Total non-current portion 2,920,000 Total liabilities 2,920,000 Total liabilities 3,671,441 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt 3,671,441 Unrestricted 51,187 | ASSETS | | | |
| Accounts receivable 5,360 Total current assets 51,848 Noncurrent assets: | Current assets: | | | |
| Total current assets Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Land and other nondepreciable assets 357,356 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 6,276,085 Capital assets (net) 6,633,441 Total noncurrent assets 6,633,441 Total assets \$ 6,685,289 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: \$ 661 Long-term debt, current portion 42,000 Total current liabilities: \$ 42,661 Non-current liabilities: \$ 2,920,000 Total non-current portion 2,920,000 Total inon-current liabilities 2,920,000 Total liabilities 2,920,000 Total liabilities 3,671,441 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt 3,671,441 Unrestricted 51,187 | Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 46,488 | |
| Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Land and other nondepreciable assets 357,356 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 6,276,085 Capital assets (net) 6,633,441 Total noncurrent assets 6,633,441 Total assets \$ 6,685,289 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Sometiment liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Sometiment liabilities Long-term debt, current portion Total current liabilities: Long-term debt, non-current portion Total non-current liabilities 2,920,000 Total non-current liabilities 2,920,000 Total liabilities 2,920,000 Total liabilities 3,671,441 Unrestricted 51,187 | Accounts receivable | | 5,360 | |
| Capital assets: 357,356 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 6,276,085 Capital assets (net) 6,633,441 Total noncurrent assets 6,633,441 Total assets \$ 6,685,289 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: S Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 661 Long-term debt, current portion 42,000 Total current liabilities: 42,661 Non-current liabilities: 2,920,000 Total non-current portion 2,920,000 Total non-current liabilities 2,920,000 Total liabilities 2,920,000 Total liabilities 3,671,441 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt 3,671,441 Unrestricted 51,187 | Total current assets | 51,848 | | |
| Land and other nondepreciable assets 357,356 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 6,276,085 Capital assets (net) 6,633,441 Total noncurrent assets 6,633,441 Total assets \$ 6,685,289 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: \$ 661 Long-term debt, current portion 42,000 Total current liabilities: 42,661 Non-current liabilities: 2,920,000 Total non-current portion 2,920,000 Total non-current liabilities 2,920,000 Total liabilities 2,920,000 NET POSITION 3,671,441 Unrestricted 51,187 | Noncurrent assets: | | | |
| Other capital assets, net of depreciation 6,276,085 Capital assets (net) 6,633,441 Total noncurrent assets 6,633,441 Total assets \$ 6,685,289 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 661 Long-term debt, current portion 42,000 Total current liabilities: 42,661 Non-current liabilities: 2,920,000 Total non-current portion 2,920,000 Total liabilities 2,920,000 Total liabilities 3,671,441 Unrestricted 51,187 | Capital assets: | | | |
| Capital assets (net) 6,633,441 Total noncurrent assets 6,633,441 Total assets \$ 6,685,289 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 661 Long-term debt, current portion 42,000 Total current liabilities: 42,661 Non-current liabilities: 2,920,000 Total non-current liabilities 2,920,000 Total liabilities 2,920,000 NET POSITION 3,671,441 Unrestricted 51,187 | Land and other nondepreciable assets | | 357,356 | |
| Total noncurrent assets 6,633,441 Total assets \$ 6,685,289 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: \$ 661 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 661 Long-term debt, current portion 42,000 Total current liabilities: \$ 42,661 Non-current liabilities: \$ 2,920,000 Total non-current liabilities 2,920,000 Total liabilities 2,920,000 NET POSITION \$ 3,671,441 Unrestricted 51,187 | Other capital assets, net of depreciation | | 6,276,085 | |
| Total assets \$ 6,685,289 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: \$ 661 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 661 Long-term debt, current portion 42,000 Total current liabilities: \$ 42,661 Non-current liabilities: \$ 2,920,000 Total non-current portion 2,920,000 Total liabilities 2,920,000 Total liabilities 2,962,661 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt 3,671,441 Unrestricted 51,187 | Capital assets (net) | | 6,633,441 | |
| LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 661 Long-term debt, current portion 42,000 Total current liabilities \$ 42,661 Non-current liabilities: Long-term debt, non-current portion 2,920,000 Total non-current liabilities 2,920,000 Total non-current liabilities 2,920,000 Total liabilities 2,962,661 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt 3,671,441 Unrestricted 51,187 | Total noncurrent assets | | 6,633,441 | |
| Current liabilities: \$ 661 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 661 Long-term debt, current portion 42,000 Total current liabilities: \$ 42,661 Non-current debt, non-current portion 2,920,000 Total non-current liabilities 2,920,000 Total liabilities 2,920,000 NET POSITION \$ 3,671,441 Unrestricted 51,187 | Total assets | \$ | 6,685,289 | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 661 Long-term debt, current portion 42,000 Total current liabilities 42,661 Non-current liabilities: Long-term debt, non-current portion 2,920,000 Total non-current liabilities 2,920,000 Total liabilities 2,962,661 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt 3,671,441 Unrestricted 51,187 | LIABILITIES | | | |
| Long-term debt, current portion42,000Total current liabilities42,661Non-current liabilities: | Current liabilities: | | | |
| Total current liabilities 42,661 Non-current liabilities: Long-term debt, non-current portion 2,920,000 Total non-current liabilities 2,920,000 Total liabilities 2,962,661 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt 3,671,441 Unrestricted 51,187 | Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ | 661 | |
| Non-current liabilities: Long-term debt, non-current portion Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities 2,920,000 Total liabilities 2,962,661 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted 3,671,441 Unrestricted | Long-term debt, current portion | | 42,000 | |
| Long-term debt, non-current portion2,920,000Total non-current liabilities2,920,000Total liabilities2,962,661NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets, net of related debt3,671,441Unrestricted51,187 | Total current liabilities | | 42,661 | |
| Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities 2,920,000 2,962,661 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted 3,671,441 Unrestricted | Non-current liabilities: | | | |
| Total liabilities 2,962,661 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted 3,671,441 Unrestricted 51,187 | Long-term debt, non-current portion | | 2,920,000 | |
| NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted 3,671,441 51,187 | Total non-current liabilities | | 2,920,000 | |
| Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted 3,671,441 51,187 | Total liabilities | | 2,962,661 | |
| Unrestricted <u>51,187</u> | NET POSITION | | | |
| Unrestricted <u>51,187</u> | Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt | | 3,671,441 | |
| Total net position \$ 3,722,628 | | | | |
| | Total net position | \$ | 3,722,628 | |

Exhibit 7

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | Water and Sewer Fund |
|--|-------------------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES | |
| Water and sewer taps | \$ 156,940 |
| Total operating revenues | 156,940 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | |
| Administrative | 9,495 |
| Depreciation | 165,196 |
| Total operating expenses | 174,691 |
| Operating income (loss) | (17,751) |
| NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | |
| Interest and other charges | (95,733) |
| Total non-operating revenues (expenses) | (95,733) |
| Income (loss) before contributions and transfers | (113,484) |
| Change in net position | (113,484) |
| Total net position, beginning | 3,836,112 |
| Total net position, ending | \$ 3,722,628 |

Exhibit 8

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | Wate | r and Sewer Fund |
|--|------|---------------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Cash received from customers | \$ | 154,190 |
| Cash paid for goods and services | | (9,354) |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | | 144,836 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Principal paid on bonds and installment notes | | (41,000) |
| Interest paid on bonds and installment notes | | (95,733) |
| Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities | | (136,733) |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | 8,103 |
| Balances, beginning | | 38,385 |
| Balances, ending | \$ | 46,488 |
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | (17,751) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by | | |
| operating activities: | | 165 106 |
| Depreciation Classification of the Classific | | 165,196 |
| Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities: | | (2.750) |
| (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable | | (2,750) |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses | • | 141 |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | \$ | 144,836 |



Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Wilson's Mills ("the Town") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Wilson's Mills is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and all of its operations.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenue include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The Town has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, state grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for general government, public safety, street maintenance and construction, and parks and recreation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Private-Purpose Trust Fund. This fund is used to account for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefits individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The Town maintains one private-purpose trust fund which was created for the purpose of planting trees in the Town.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's sewer operations.

USDA Wastewater Systems Improvements Project Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's Wastewater Systems Improvements project revenues and expenditures.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenues the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013 State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts in the County, including the Town of Wilson's Mills.

Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Wilson's Mills because the tax is levied by Johnston County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for Capital Projects Fund. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Appropriations are made at the department level and are amended as necessary by the governing board. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. Because the NCCMT Government has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes outlined in G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

Governmental activities:

General Fund
Public safety \$ 1,285
Transportation - Powell Bill 183,716
Total governmental activities 185,001

Total restricted cash \$ 185,001

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. <u>Inventory and Prepaid Items</u>

The Town does not maintain any inventories. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These payments are expensed as items are used.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land \$1,000; buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$5,000; infrastructure, \$2,000; equipment and furniture, \$500; vehicles and motorized equipment, \$1,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003 have not been recorded as permitted by GASB Statement 34. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| | Estimated | |
|-------------------------|--------------|--|
| Asset Class | Useful Lives | |
| Infrastructure | 50 years | |
| Buildings | 30 years | |
| Other improvements | 25 years | |
| Vehicles | 5-6 years | |
| Furniture and equipment | 7-10 years | |
| Computer equipment | 3 years | |

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town of Wilson's Mills has one item that meets this criterion, pension deferrals in the 2021 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has several items that meet the criterion for this category – prepaid taxes, property taxes receivable and pension deferrals.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In fund financial statement, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing resources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary fund, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary -related payments are recorded as the leave is earned.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State Statute.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

11. Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted finds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(A) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriations is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, TSS is consider a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as non-spendable Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Police – portion of fund balance that is available for appropriation but legally segregated for police department expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended drug seizure funds.

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that Town of Wilson's Mills intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent Year's Expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

11. Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

The Town of Wilson's Mills has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-town funds, Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Town Administrator has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

12. Deferred Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Wilson's Mill's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms on LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the accompanying general purpose financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that directly affect the results of reported assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the expenditures in the Town's General Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the governing board by \$14,189. No Sewer Fund expenses exceeded authorized appropriations made by the governing board. Management and the Board will continue to review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in its name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2021, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$1,523,346 and a bank balance of \$1,544,258. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$1,256,923 was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2021, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$150.

2. Receivables – Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The amount presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2021 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General Fund:

Allowance for uncollectible property taxes receivable

\$ 1,741

\$ 1,741

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

| | Beginning | | | Ending |
|---|-------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| | Balances | Increases | Decreases | Balances |
| Governmental activities | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 451,027 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 451,027 |
| Construction in progress | | | | |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | 451,027 | | | 451,027 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings | 169,845 | - | - | 169,845 |
| Equipment | 568,735 | - | - | 568,735 |
| Vehicles | 290,443 | 110,588 | | 401,031 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | 1,029,023 | 110,588 | - | 1,139,611 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Buildings | 54,977 | 4,585 | - | 59,562 |
| Equipment | 224,263 | 53,109 | - | 277,372 |
| Vehicles | 168,045 | 43,640 | | 211,685 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | 447,285 | 101,334 | | 548,619 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | 581,738 | | | 590,992 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$1,032,765 | | | \$1,042,019 |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

| General government | \$ 5,236 |
|---------------------------|---------------|
| Public safety | 33,663 |
| Transportation | 12,587 |
| Cultural and recreational | 49,848 |
| | \$ 101,334 |

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3. Capital Assets (Continued)

Water and Sewer Fund

Capital asset activity for the Water and Sewer Fund for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

| | Beginning | | | | | Ending |
|--|-------------|-----------|--------|-----------|---|-------------|
| | Balances | Increases | | Decreases | | Balances |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | | | |
| Land and other non-depreciable assets | \$ 357,356 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ 357,356 |
| Construction in progress | | | | | | |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | 357,356 | | - | | - | 357,356 |
| Capital assets being depreciated | | | | | | |
| Plant and distribution systems | 6,683,482 | | | | | 6,683,482 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | 6,683,482 | | _ | | - | 6,683,482 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | | |
| Plant and distribution systems | 242,201 | 1 | 55,196 | | | 407,397 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | 242,201 | 10 | 65,196 | | _ | 407,397 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | 6,441,281 | | | | | 6,276,085 |
| Business-type activities capital assets, net | \$6,798,637 | | | | | \$6,633,441 |

B. Liabilities

- 1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations
- a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House or Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of *creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of Wilson's Mills employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 10.84% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 10.21% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Wilson's Mills were \$70,407 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a liability of \$263,004 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the Town's proportion was 0.00736%, which was an decrease of 0.00002% from its proportion as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$114,126. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|---|--------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|---|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 33,213 | \$ | - |
| Changes of assumptions | | 19,573 | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on | | | | |
| pension plan investments | | 37,011 | | - |
| Changes in proportion and differences between Town | | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 28,475 | | - |
| Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 70,407 | | _ |
| Total | \$ | 188,679 | \$ | _ |

\$70,407 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

| 2022 | \$ 35,968 |
|------------|--------------|
| 2023 | 43,041 |
| 2024 | 28,309 |
| 2025 | 10,953 |
| 2026 | - |
| Thereafter | _ |

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return |
|----------------------|-------------------|--|
| Fixed Income | 29.0% | 1.4% |
| Global Equity | 42.0% | 5.3% |
| Real Estate | 8.0% | 4.3% |
| Alternatives | 8.0% | 8.9% |
| Credit | 7.0% | 6.0% |
| Inflation Protection | 6.0% | 4.0% |
| Total | 100% | |

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease (6.00%) | | Discount Rate (7.00%) | | 1% Increase (8.00%) | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|----|-----------------------|----|---------------------|--|
| Town's proportionate share of the net | | | | | | |
| pension liability (asset) | \$ 533,607 | \$ | 263,004 | \$ | 38,114 | |

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

b. <u>Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance</u>

1. Plan Description.

The Town of Wilson's Mills administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2020, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

| Retirees receiving benefits | 0 |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Active plan members | 6 |
| Total | 6 |

A separate report was not issued for the plan.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2019 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Inflation | 2.5 percent |
|------------------|---|
| Salary increases | 3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor |
| Discount rate | 1.93 percent |

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index determined at the end of each month.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2019 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

4. Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town paid \$0 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$61,758. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 based on a December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$10,437.

| | Deferred Outflows | | Deferred Inflows | | |
|--|-------------------|--------|------------------|--------|--|
| | of Resources | | of Resources | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 26,807 | \$ | 69,313 | |
| Changes of assumptions and other inputs | | 17,761 | | 811 | |
| Benefit payments and administrative expenses | | | | | |
| subsequent to the measurement date | | | - | - | |
| Total | \$ | 44,568 | \$ | 70,124 | |

\$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

| 2022 | \$ 1,172 |
|------------|-------------|
| 2023 | (10,565) |
| 2024 | (10,565) |
| 2025 | (10,565) |
| 2026 | 4,967 |
| Thereafter | _ |

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.93 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.93 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.93 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% | 1% Decrease | | Discount Rate | | Increase |
|---------------------------------------|----|-------------|---------|----------------------|---------|----------|
| (0.93%) | | 0.93%) | (1.93%) | | (2.93%) | |
| Town's proportionate share of the net | | | | | | |
| pension liability (asset) | \$ | 70,703 | \$ | 61,758 | \$ | 53,805 |

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

| Beginning balance | \$ 18,084 |
|---|--------------|
| Service Cost | 5,384 |
| Interest on the total pension liability | 590 |
| Changes of benefit terms | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience in the | |
| measurement of the total pension liability | 17,900 |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | 19,800 |
| Benefit payments | - |
| Other changes | - |
| Total | \$ 61,758 |

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five year period ending December 31, 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

| | LGERS | LEOSSA | Total |
|--|------------|-----------|------------|
| Pension Expense | \$ 114,126 | \$ 10,437 | \$ 124,563 |
| Pension Liability | 263,004 | 61,758 | 324,762 |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability | 0.00736% | n/a | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | 33,213 | 26,807 | 60,020 |
| Changes of assumptions | 19,573 | 17,761 | 37,334 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings | | | |
| on plan investments | 37,011 | - | 37,011 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between Town | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | 28,475 | - | 28,475 |
| Town benefit payments and plan administrative expense | | | |
| made subsequent to the measurement date | 70,407 | - | 70,407 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | - | 69,313 | 69,313 |
| Changes of assumptions | - | 811 | 811 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings | | | |
| on plan investments | - | - | - |
| Changes in proportion and differences between Town | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | - | - | - |

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the Plan. The Town made contributions of \$20,304 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

d. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to 1.5 times annual earnings, rounded to the next highest \$1,000, with a maximum of \$200,000. The amount described above, multiplied by the appropriate age percentage. The insurance is provided by Provident Life Insurance issued to Municipal Insurance Trust of North Carolina. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

2. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The Town has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

| Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year | \$ 70,407 |
|---|---------------|
| Benefit payments made and administrative expenses for LEOSSA | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | 60,020 |
| Changes of assumptions | 37,334 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension | |
| plan investments | 37,011 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between employer | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | 28,475 |
| Total | \$ 233,247 |

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

| | Stat | ement of | Gene | ral Fund |
|---|------|----------|-------|----------|
| | Net | Position | Balan | ce Sheet |
| Prepaid taxes (General Fund) | \$ | 10 | \$ | 10 |
| Taxes Receivable, less penalties (General Fund) | | - | | 587 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 811 | | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 69,313 | | - |
| Changes in proportion and differences between employer | | | | |
| contributions and propportionate share of contributions | | - | | |
| Total | \$ | 70,134 | \$ | 597 |
| | | | | |

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town maintains commercial insurance with two private sector insurance agencies. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to a \$2 million lifetime limit.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town does not currently carry flood insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. All employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond of \$75,000.

The finance officer is bonded individually for \$75,000, and the tax collector is bonded for \$75,000 as required by G.S. 159-29.

4. Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

The Town is contingently liable in respect to other claims in the normal course of its operations. Should the Town become liable in these matters, such liability would be satisfied by budgetary appropriation in excess of insurance coverage in a subsequent year.

5. Long-Term Obligations

Notes payable included in the accompanying financial statements include the purchase of various equipment and construction of water lines. The Town's notes payable at June 30, 2021 comprised of the following individual notes.

Governmental Activities:

On August 31, 2016, the Town entered into a direct loan agreement to purchase land for a park. The contract requires monthly payments of \$1,104 beginning October 5, 2016 and matures September 5, 2030. The interest rate is 2.95%. The balance of this loan is \$107,212 at June 30, 2021.

On March 18, 2020, the Town entered into a direct installment purchase contract to finance a police car. The contract requires payments of \$19,309 per year including interest at 3.15% beginning April 15, 2021 and matures April 15, 2025. The balance of this loan is \$71,513 at June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

a. Installment Purchase

The future maturities of installment debt for governmental activities are as follows:

| Year ended June 30: | P | rincipal | I1 | nterest | Total |
|---------------------|----|----------|----|---------|---------------|
| 2022 | \$ | 27,293 | \$ | 5,268 | \$ 32,561 |
| 2023 | | 28,136 | | 4,425 | 32,561 |
| 2024 | | 28,994 | | 3,566 | 32,560 |
| 2025 | | 29,899 | | 2,662 | 32,561 |
| 2026 | | 11,513 | | 1,739 | 13,252 |
| 2027-2031 | | 49,584 | | 3,425 | 53,009 |
| 2032-2036 | | 3,306 | | 16 | 3,322 |
| | \$ | 178,725 | \$ | 21,101 | \$ 199,826 |

Business-type Activities:

\$373,000 USDA Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2019B, issued for Water and Sewer system improvements. Principal and interest installments are due annually on June 1 at an annual interest rate of 2.75%. The balance of this loan is \$367,000 at June 30, 2021.

\$2,630,000 USDA Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2019A, issued for Water and Sewer system improvements. Principal and interest installments are due annually on June 1 at an annual interest rate of 3.25%. The balance of this loan is \$2,595,000 at June 30, 2021.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for business-type activities are as follows:

| Year ended June 30: | Principal | Interest | Total |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 2022 | \$ 42,000 | \$ 94,430 | \$ 136,430 |
| 2023 | 43,000 | 93,095 | 136,095 |
| 2024 | 44,000 | 91,728 | 135,728 |
| 2025 | 45,000 | 90,328 | 135,328 |
| 2026 | 46,000 | 88,895 | 134,895 |
| 2027-2031 | 203,000 | 340,295 | 543,295 |
| 2032-2036 | 291,000 | 386,938 | 677,938 |
| 2037-2041 | 340,000 | 337,465 | 677,465 |
| 2042-2046 | 397,000 | 279,813 | 676,813 |
| 2047-2051 | 466,000 | 212,213 | 678,213 |
| 2052-2056 | 545,000 | 133,048 | 678,048 |
| 2057-2060 | 500,000 | 40,355 | 540,355 |
| | \$ 2,962,000 | \$ 2,188,603 | \$ 5,150,603 |

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

b. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in the Town's long-term obligations as of June 30, 2021:

| | В | Beginning | | | | | | Ending | Curre | ent Portion |
|---|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|-------|-------------|
| Governmental activities: |] | Balance | | Increases | | Decreases | | Balance | of i | Balance |
| Net pension liability (LGERS) | \$ | 201,542 | \$ | 61,462 | \$ | - | \$ | 263,004 | \$ | - |
| Total pension liability (LEO) | | 18,084 | | 43,674 | | - | | 61,758 | | - |
| Installment purchase | | 204,986 | | - | | 26,261 | | 178,725 | | 27,293 |
| Compensated absences | | 21,930 | | | | 11,688 | | 10,242 | | 10,242 |
| Governmental activity long-term liabilities | \$ | 446,542 | \$ | 105,136 | \$ | 37,949 | \$ | 513,729 | \$ | 37,535 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| USDA Revenue bonds | \$ | 3,003,000 | \$ | | \$ | 41,000 | \$ | 2,962,000 | \$ | 42,000 |
| Business activity long-term liabilities | \$ | 3,003,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 41,000 | \$ | 2,962,000 | \$ | 42,000 |

The Town has a legal debt margin of \$14,110,605.

c. Interfund Balances and Activity

There were no transfers between funds during the year ended June 30, 2021.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

d. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of the General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

| Total fund balance - General Fund | \$ 1,587,001 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Less: | |
| Public safety | 1,285 |
| Streets - Powell Bill | 183,716 |
| Stabilization by state statute | 92,355 |
| Assigned - Endowment | 27,320 |
| Remaining fund balance | \$ 1,282,325 |

IV. Net Investment in Capital Assets

| | Gov | e rnme ntal | Bu | siness-type |
|----------------------------------|-----|-------------|----|-------------|
| Capital Assets | \$ | 1,042,019 | \$ | 6,633,441 |
| Less: | | | | |
| Long-term debt | | (178,725) | | (2,962,000) |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 863,294 | \$ | 3,671,441 |

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

V. Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

VI. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through September 28, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued and believed the following is subject to disclosure:

As of the date of issuance of the Town's review, there is a pandemic situation regarding the COVID-19 virus. The Town is monitoring the effect of this pandemic on its financial operations. At this time, management has evaluated the situation and has concluded no additional disclosures are warranted.

VII. Restatements

Change in Accounting Principle

The Town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, effective July 1, 2020. The statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments and provides guidance on how to report fiduciary activities within the financial statements. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The statement also describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported if criteria outlined in the statement are met: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. The use of agency funds was eliminated. The statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources.

As part of implementing the statement, the Town performed a comprehensive review of its fiduciary relationships and applied the criteria within the guidance. As a result, fund balance and net position were restated as of the beginning of the fiscal year as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

VII. Restatements (Continued)

Governmental Activities
Net Position - Increase
(Decrease)

\$ 27,238 Cash held in an endowment was reclassified out of the Fiduciary Fund into the General Fund.

\$ 27,238



Town of Wilson's Mills Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information

Last Eight Fiscal Years*

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

| | 2021 | 20 | 020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2 |)17 | | 2016 | | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|------------|------|---------|---------------|---------------|------|--------|----|----------|----|----------|---------------|
| Wilson's Mills proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%) | 0.00736% | 0.0 | 00738% | 0.00426% | 0.00540% | 0.0 | 00540% | (| 0.00791% | ı | 0.00636% | 0.00500% |
| Wilson's Mills proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$) | \$ 263,004 | \$ 2 | 201,542 | \$ 101,062 | \$ 82,497 | \$ 1 | 14,606 | \$ | 35,500 | \$ | (37,509) | \$ 60,269 |
| Wilson's Mills covered-employee payroll | \$ 517,229 | \$ 4 | 125,458 | \$ 329,520 | \$ 300,343 | \$ 3 | 13,167 | \$ | 320,179 | \$ | 267,165 | \$ 224,144 |
| Wilson's Mills proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | 50.85% | | 47.37% | 23.75% | 25.04% | | 38.16% | | 11.09% | | -14.04% | 26.89% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability ** | 91.63% | | 94.18% | 91.47% | 98.09% | | 99.07% | | 102.64% | | 94.35% | 96.45% |

^{*} The amount presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

Town of Wilson's Mills Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Eight Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | | 2018 201 | | 2017 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|------|---------|----------|---------|-----------|---------|------|---------|---------------|
| Contractually required contribution | \$ 70,407 | \$ 62,812 | \$ 46,615 | \$ | 35,399 | \$ | 31,592 | \$ | 30,628 | \$ | 32,632 | \$ 19,338 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | 70,407 | 62,812 | 46,615 | | 35,399 | | 31,592 | | 30,628 | | 32,632 | 19,338 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ _ |
| Wilson's Mills covered-employee payroll | \$ 528,367 | \$ 517,229 | \$ 425,458 | \$ | 329,520 | \$ | 300,343 | \$ | 313,167 | \$ | 320,179 | \$ 267,165 |
| Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 13.33% | 12.14% | 10.96% | | 10.74% | | 10.52% | | 9.78% | | 10.19% | 7.24% |

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2021

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| Beginning balance | \$ 18,084 | \$ 113,172 | \$ 89,651 | \$ 39,425 | \$ 38,887 |
| Service Cost | 5,384 | 4,578 | 3,911 | 3,249 | 2,717 |
| Interest on the total pension liability | 590 | 4,097 | 2,791 | 1,470 | 1,341 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience in the | | | | | |
| measurement of the total pension liability | 17,900 | (103,627) | 22,526 | 44,069 | - |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | 19,800 | 1,093 | (3,044) | 4,101 | (857) |
| Benefit payments | - | (1,229) | (2,663) | (2,663) | (2,663) |
| Ending balance of the total pension liability | \$ 61,758 | \$ 18,084 | \$ 113,172 | \$ 89,651 | \$ 39,425 |

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officer's Special Allowance June 30, 2021

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| Total pension liability | \$ 61,758 | \$ 18,084 | \$ 113,172 | \$ 89,651 | \$ 39,425 |
| Covered payroll | 248,742 | 249,080 | 197,980 | 186,988 | 191,344 |
| Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll | 24.83% | 7.26% | 57.16% | 47.94% | 20.60% |

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Wilson's Mills has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

TOWN OF WILSON'S MILLS, NORTH CAROLINA

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------------------|
| REVENUES | Baager | 1100001 | (reguire) |
| Ad valorem taxes: | | | |
| Taxes | 831,947 | 845,715 | 13,768 |
| Penalties and interest | 1,487 | 1,544 | 57 |
| Total | 833,434 | 847,259 | 13,825 |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental: | | | |
| Utility franchise tax | 57,107 | 63,908 | 6,801 |
| Sales tax refund | - | 9,354 | 9,354 |
| Beer and wine tax | 11,694 | 11,694 | - |
| Local option sales tax | 325,789 | 342,786 | 16,997 |
| ABC profit distribution | 17,743 | 17,837 | 94 |
| Piped natural gas tax | 336 | 561 | 225 |
| Video programming tax | 7,338 | 8,175 | 837 |
| Telecommunications sales tax | 672 | 834 | 162 |
| Total | 420,681 | 455,149 | 34,468 |
| Restricted intergovernmental: | | | |
| Cares Act funding | - | 89,469 | 89,469 |
| Powell Bill allocation | 65,848 | 65,849 | 1 |
| Total | 65,848 | 155,318 | (89,470) |
| Permits and fees: | | | |
| Zoning permits and other fees | 70,098 | 71,339 | 1,241 |
| Total | 70,098 | 71,339 | (1,241) |
| Investment earnings | 1,000 | 1,793 | 793 |
| Miscellaneous | 2,500 | 4,660 | 2,160 |
| Total revenues | 1,393,561 | 1,535,518 | 141,957 |

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------------------|
| EXPENDITURES | | | |
| Governing Body: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 7,751 | 7,643 | 108 |
| Professional services | 35,791 | 28,974 | 6,817 |
| Tax collection fee | 15,000 | 14,828 | 172 |
| Other operating expenditures | 23,252 | 24,393 | (1,141) |
| Total Governing Body | \$ 87,434 | \$ 75,838 | 11,596 |
| Administration: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 227,512 | 226,150 | 1,362 |
| Insurance and bonding | 2,084 | 2,083 | 1 |
| Building and ground maintenance | 2,500 | 2,295 | 205 |
| Travel | 3,500 | 2,495 | 1,005 |
| Office supplies | 5,000 | 2,163 | 2,837 |
| Other operating expenditures | 44,145 | 42,763 | 1,382 |
| Total Administration | 284,741 | 277,949 | 6,792 |
| Streets: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 70,361 | 69,746 | 615 |
| Powell Bill | 67,600 | 142,678 | (75,078) |
| Other operating expenditures | 20,328 | 17,748 | 2,580 |
| Total Streets | 194,159 | 266,039 | (71,880) |
| Planning Board: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 73,255 | 59,873 | 13,382 |
| Office supplies | 5,250 | 5,192 | 58 |
| Other operating expenditures | 46,934 | 45,449 | 1,485 |
| Total Planning Board | 125,439 | 110,514 | 14,925 |
| Parks and Recreation: | | | |
| Senior program | 109 | 108 | 1 |
| Wilson's Mills Athletic Park | 14,293 | 14,036 | 257 |
| Festivals and other events | 14,000 | 1,012 | 12,988 |
| Other operating expenditures | 4,560 | 3,075 | 1,485 |
| Total Parks and Recreation | 32,962 | 18,231 | 14,731 |

TOWN OF WILSON'S MILLS, NORTH CAROLINA

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | | Variance Positive |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Dall's Calary | Budget | Actual | (Negative) |
| Public Safety: | 479 200 | 471 204 | 7.016 |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 478,300 15,000 | 471,284 | 7,016 384 |
| Insurance and bonding | 26,500 | 14,616 25,073 | |
| Automotive supplies and repairs Telecommunications | · · | | 1,427 2 |
| | 6,949 | 6,947 | |
| Other operating expenditures | 29,316 | 31,402 | (2,086) |
| Capital outlay | 74,722 | 74,721 624,042 | (711 |
| Total Public Safety | 630,786 | 024,042 | 6,744 |
| Animal Control: | | | |
| Other operating expenditures | 3,470 | 2,533 | 937 |
| Total Animal Control | 3,470 | 2,533 | 937 |
| | | | |
| Debt Service: | | | |
| Principal retirement | 6,343 | 6,343 | - |
| Interest and other charges | 28,227 | 26,261 | 1,966 |
| Total Debt Service | 34,570 | 32,604 | 1,966 |
| Total expenditures | \$1,393,561 | \$ 1,407,750 | \$ (14,189) |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | - | 127,768 | 127,768 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | |
| Insurance proceeds | - | 1,778 | 1,778 |
| Appropriated fund balance | - | - | - |
| Total other financing sources | - | 1,778 | 1,778 |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ - | 129,546 | \$ 129,546 |
| Fund balances, beginning | | 1,457,455 | |
| Fund balances, ending | | \$ 1,587,001 | |

TOWN OF WILSON'S MILLS, NORTH CAROLINA

Sewer Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | Final Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|--|-----------------|------------|------------------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Operating revenues: | | | |
| Water sales: | | | |
| Tapping fees | \$ 147,420 | \$ 156,940 | \$ 9,520 |
| Total | 147,420 | 156,940 | 9,520 |
| Total operating revenues | 147,420 | 156,940 | 9,520 |
| Total revenues | 147,420 | 156,940 | 9,520 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Administration: | | | |
| Utilities | 5,400 | 5,400 | - |
| Contracted services | 3,787 | 2,874 | 913 |
| Other administration expenses | 1,500 | 1,221 | 279 |
| Total | 10,687 | 9,495 | 1,192 |
| Debt service: | | | |
| Principal retirement | 41,000 | 41,000 | - |
| Interest and other charges | 136,733 | 95,733 | 41,000 |
| Total | 136,733 | 136,733 | |
| Total expenditures | 147,420 | 146,228 | 1,192 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | | 10,712 | 10,712 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | | |
| Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures | \$ - | \$ 10,712 | \$ 10,712 |

TOWN OF WILSON'S MILLS, NORTH CAROLINA

Sewer Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:

| Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures | \$ 10,712 |
|--|-----------------|
| Reconciling items: | |
| Depreciation | (165,196) |
| Principal retirement | 41,000 |
| Total reconciling items | (124,196) |
| Change in net position | \$ (113,484) |

USDA Wastewater Systems Improvements Project Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | | Actual | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| | Original Project Authorization | Final Project Authorization | Prior Years | Current Year | Total to Date | Variance Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Restricted intergovernmental: | | | | | | |
| USDA loans | \$ 3,003,000 | \$ 3,003,000 | \$ 3,003,000 | \$ - | \$ 3,003,000 | \$ - |
| USDA grants | 1,679,000 | 2,243,000 | 2,169,109 | <u>-</u> | 2,169,109 | (73,891) |
| Total revenues | 4,682,000 | 5,246,000 | 5,172,109 | | 5,172,109 | (73,891) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Wastewater Systems Improvements Project: | | | | | | |
| Construction | 3,073,000 | 3,637,000 | 3,714,722 | - | 3,714,722 | (77,722) |
| Engineering | 425,256 | 425,256 | 510,844 | - | 510,844 | (85,588) |
| Land/Right-of-way | 25,000 | 25,000 | 105,923 | - | 105,923 | (80,923) |
| Legal | 25,000 | 25,000 | 77,684 | - | 77,684 | (52,684) |
| County fees | 463,454 | 463,454 | - | - | - | 463,454 |
| Purchase existing county sewer line | 228,700 | 228,700 | 601,128 | - | 601,128 | (372,428) |
| Contingency, permit fees, etc. | 330,800 | 330,800 | 20,339 | - | 20,339 | 310,461 |
| Capitalized interest | 150,000 | 150,000 | 94,072 | | 94,072 | 55,928 |
| Total expenditures | 4,721,210 | 5,285,210 | 5,124,712 | | 5,124,712 | 160,498 |
| Other financing sources: | | | | | | |
| Local funds | 39,210 | 39,210 | 44,517 | | 44,517 | 5,307 |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 91,914 | - | \$ 91,914 | \$ 91,914 |
| Fund balance, beginning | | | | 91,914 | | |
| Fund balance, ending | | | | \$ 91,914 | - = | |

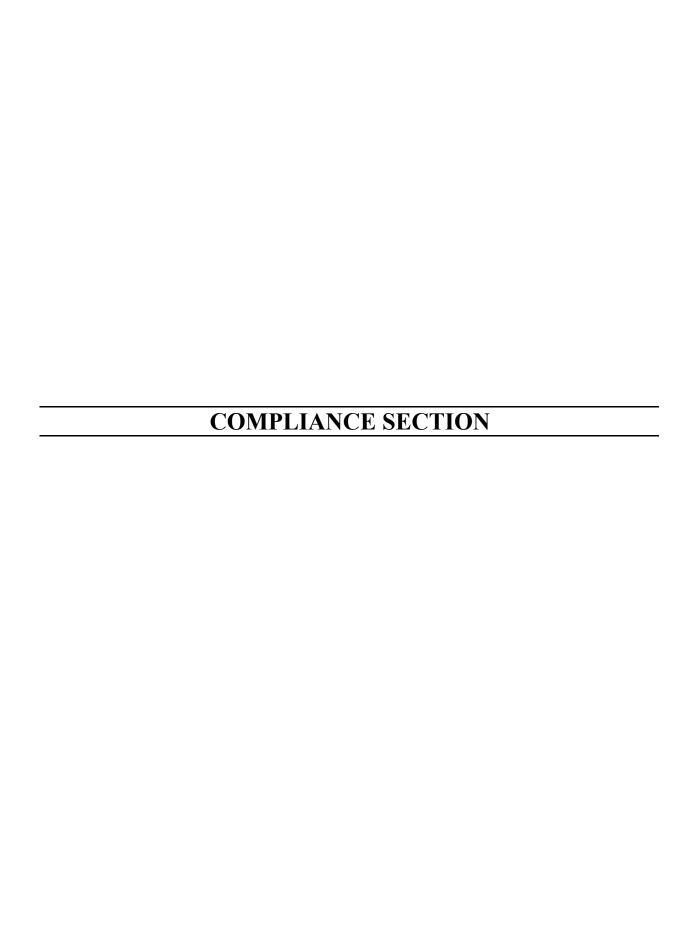
TOWN OF WILSON'S MILLS, NORTH CAROLINA Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2021

| Fiscal Year | В | collected alance 30, 2020 | A | dditions | ollections ad Credits | E | collected Balance e 30, 2021 |
|---|----|---------------------------|----|----------|--------------------------|----|------------------------------------|
| 2020-2021 | \$ | _ | \$ | 847,259 | \$ 845,323 | \$ | 1,936 |
| 2019-2020 | | 2,841 | | 2,667 | 5,332 | | 176 |
| 2018-2019 | | 118 | | 18 | 36 | | 100 |
| 2017-2018 | | 37 | | - | - | | 37 |
| 2016-2017 | | 18 | | - | - | | 18 |
| 2015-2016 | | 25 | | - | - | | 25 |
| 2014-2015 | | 23 | | - | - | | 23 |
| 2013-2014 | | 13 | | - | - | | 13 |
| Prior years | | - | | - | - | | - |
| Less: allowance for uncollectible | | 3,075 | \$ | 849,944 | \$ 850,691 | | 2,328 |
| ad valorem taxes receivable Ad valorem taxes receivable - net | \$ | (2,488) 587 | | | | \$ | (1,741) 587 |
| Reconciliation with revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Ad valorem taxes - General Fund | | | | | | | 847,259 |
| Reconciling items: Interest and penalties collected Releases and Other Adjustments Subtotal | | | | | | | (1,544) 4,976 3,432 |
| Total collections and credits | | | | | | \$ | 850,691 |

Analysis of Current Tax Levy Town - Wide Levy

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

| | | | | Total | Levy |
|------------------------------------|----------------|---|---------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| | To | wn - Wide | | Property Excluding Registered | Registered |
| | Property | *************************************** | Total | Motor | Motor |
| | Valuation | Rate | Levy | Vehicles | Vehicles |
| Original levy: | | | | | |
| Property taxed at current rate | \$ 174,332,207 | 0.42 | \$ 840,870 | \$ 735,468 | \$ 105,402 |
| Discoveries | 3,017,594 | 0.42 | 12,674 | 12,054 | 620 |
| Releases | (1,500,000) | 0.42 | (6,285) | (6,285) | |
| Total property valuation | \$ 175,849,801 | | | | |
| Net levy | | | \$ 847,259 | \$ 741,237 | \$ 106,022 |
| Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2021 | | | 1,936 | 1,936 | |
| Current year's taxes collected | | | \$ 845,323 | \$ 739,301 | \$ 106,022 |
| Current levy collection percentage | | | 99.77% | 99.74% | 100.00% |





Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor
And Members of the Town Council
Town of Wilson's Mills
Wilson's Mills, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wilson's Mills (the "Town") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 28, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal controls. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Mills' internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Raleigh, North Carolina September 28, 2021

Sharpe Patel PLLC

TOWN OF WILSON'S MILLS, NORTH CAROLINA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2021

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

| Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financia accordance with GAAP: Unmodified | ıl statements a | udited wer | re prepared in | |
|--|-----------------|------------|----------------|---------------|
| Internal control over financial reporting: | | | | |
| Material weaknesses identified? | | Yes | X | No |
| Significant deficiencies identified that are | | | | |
| not considered to be material weaknesses? | | Yes | X | No |
| Noncompliance material to financial statements noted | | Yes | X | None reported |
| State Awards | | | | |
| No State major programs were identified | | Yes | X | No |
| Federal Awards | | | | |
| | | | | |

No State major programs were identified Yes X No

TOWN OF WILSON'S MILLS, NORTH CAROLINA Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2021

| Finding: | 2020-001 | Prior Year Adjustments |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Noncompliance Material | to the Financial Statements | |
| Status: | Corrected. | |